

Bricker & Eckler LLP 100 South Third Street Columbus, OH 43215 Office: 614.227.2300 Fax: 614.227.2390 Sommer L. Sheely Direct Dial: 614.227.8870 ssheely@bricker.com www.bricker.com info@bricker.com

April 27, 2022

Via Electronic Filing

Ms. Tanowa Troupe Administration/Docketing Ohio Power Siting Board 180 East Broad Street, 11th Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215-3793

Re: Scioto Farms Solar Project, LLC, Case No. 21-0868-EL-BGN

Dear Ms. Troupe:

On December 13, 2021, Scioto Farms Solar Project LLC, filed an application for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need to develop, construct, an up to 110 megawatt solar-powered electric generating facility in Wayne Township, Pickaway County, Ohio. Attached for filing in the above-referenced case is a copy of the Geotechnical Report.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Sommer L. Sheely

Sommer L. Sheely

Attachment

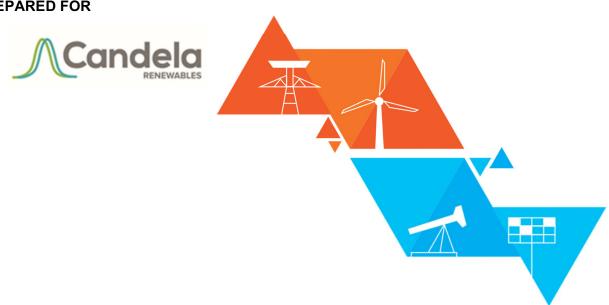
Cc: Thomas Crawford (w/Attachment)

Jonathan Pawley (w/Attachment)

Geotechnical Report

Scioto Farms Solar Project Pickaway County, Ohio

PREPARED FOR



Prepared By:



810 Hesters Crossing Road, Suite 120 Round Rock, TX 78681 512.992.2087| www.RRCcompanies.com

RRC Project No. GE2110047

experience matters

February 9, 2022

Naturgy Candela Devco LLC 500 Sansome Street, Suite 500 San Francisco, CA 94111

Attn: Mr. Alfonso Tovar

Re: Geotechnical Report
Scioto Farms Solar Project
Pickaway County, Ohio
RRC Project No. GE2110047

Dear Mr. Tovar:

RRC Power & Energy, LLC (RRC) has completed the authorized subsurface exploration and geotechnical engineering evaluation for the proposed Scioto Farms Solar Project. The purpose of the geotechnical engineering study was to explore and evaluate the subsurface conditions at various locations on the sites and develop geotechnical design and construction recommendations for the project. The attached report contains:

- A description of our exploration and findings from the field exploration, pile load testing and laboratory-testing program;
- Our engineering interpretation of the results with respect to the subsurface characteristics;
 and
- Our geotechnical site-specific development and foundation design recommendations for the planned project.

We appreciate the opportunity to be of service to Naturgy Candela Devco LLC. We are also prepared to provide construction materials testing services during the construction phase of the project. Please call us if you have any questions concerning this report or any of our services.

Respectfully submitted,

RRC Power & Energy, LLC (RRC)

Yuqing "Jeffrey" Liu Geotechnical Engineer

REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Reason for Change	Performed by	Reviewed by	Issued Date



Prepared by

Yuqing "Jeffrey" Liu Geotechnical Engineer Reviewed by

Rohit Pant, Ph.D., P.E.

Geotechnical Group Manager

FEBRUARY 9, 2022

PROJECT No. GE2110047

FIRM REGISTRATION NO. OH COA.04263

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GEOTECHNICAL REPORT

1.0 INTRODUCTION

RRC has completed the authorized subsurface exploration and geotechnical engineering evaluation for the proposed Scioto Farms Solar Project. The site is located southwest of the Town Circleville in Pickaway County, Ohio. The approximate boundaries of the site are shown on Figure 1, Site Location Map.

The purpose of this investigation and report was to:

- Explore subsurface soil, bedrock, and groundwater conditions;
- Conduct field and laboratory tests to characterize the subsurface soil and bedrock properties at selected locations across the site; and
- Provide geotechnical engineering recommendations for the design and construction of proposed foundation systems and access roadways.

The recommendations contained in this report are based upon the following:

 Our field and laboratory testing results, engineering analyses, experience with similar soil conditions, and our understanding of the proposed project; and review of published geological maps and groundwater level data obtained from published well logs.

2.0 PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION

We understand this project will include a solar photovoltaic (PV) system, an underground cable collection system, supporting structures and equipment, substation and private access roadways within the project sites. We assume that the proposed solar trackers will be supported on driven steel piles with anticipated pile embedment depths of about 8 to 10 feet below existing ground surface. We assume the minimum center-to-center spacing to be 5 feet or more between adjacent tracker piles, and typical site grading in solar array area.

3.0 SITE EXPLORATION

A subsurface exploration program was conducted by RRC at selected locations within the project site. RRC's surface exploration consisted of 20 soil borings and 11 test pits within proposed project area. Additionally, a total of 23 test piles were installed at 19 PV soil boring locations across project site and tested by RRC. The following section describes our site exploration program in detail.

RRC's subsurface exploration program consisted of:

- Drilled 19 soil borings with sampling within proposed PV Array and 1 boring within proposed Substation area;
- Excavated 11 test pits within proposed project site;
- Performed in-situ Thermal Resistivity (TR) testing at 7 selected locations; Sampled 1 bulk soil samples for laboratory thermal resistivity testing;
- Sampled 5 bulk samples for laboratory California Bearing Ratio (CBR) testing;
- 7 Electrical Resistivity (ER) surveys; and
- Installed 23 test piles, with one to two piles at each of PV soil boring location.

Figures 1 to 4 in Appendix A consist of maps for the various boreholes, sample locations, and geophysics locations. A summary of subsurface exploration is provided within Table A1 within Appendix A.

3.1 RRC Field Exploration and Testing

A total of 20 borings were drilled between November 8 and November 10, 2021, under the direction of RRC's field representative. For the 20 borings drilled, 19 borings were drilled with sampling to depth of 15.0 feet within the proposed solar array area and 1 boring was drilled to a depth of 50.5 feet within the proposed substation location. A total of 11 test pits were excavated to depth of approximate 10 feet, between November 1 and November 12, 2021, under the direction of RRC's field representative. A summary of geographic latitude and longitude coordinates, and depth of each boring and test pit location drilled/excavated as part of the subsurface exploration program is presented in Table A1 within Appendix A. The boring/test pit locations were located in the field by RRC's field representative using handheld GPS device with accuracy of approximately 15 feet. Figure 2 within Appendix A shows the boring locations on a topographic map.

The borings were advanced with a track-mounted Mobile B-50 drill rigs utilizing hollow stem auger (HSA) drilling techniques from the existing ground surface to the full depth of exploration. Soil samples were obtained using Standard Penetration Test (SPT) samplers. The test pits were excavated with backhoe from the existing ground surface to the full depth of excavation, bulk samples were collected from each test within 4 feet below ground.

Standard Penetration Test (SPT) samplers obtain disturbed soil samples. RRC documented each penetration resistance value in accordance with *ASTM D1586: Standard Test Method for Standard Penetration Test (SPT) and Split-Barrel Sampling of Soils.* This test consists of driving the sampler into the ground with a 140-pound hammer free-falling 30 inches. The number of blows required to advance the SPT sampler 18 inches is counted and recorded, with the sum of the blows to drive the last 12 inches referred to as the standard penetration resistance value (N-value). Results of the field tests are shown on the logs of boring under the "Field Data" column and are preceded by the letter "N". Each soil sample from the SPT samplers collected in the field were visually classified, placed in plastic bags to preserve moisture content, and labeled as to location and depth. All SPT samples were arranged in core boxes and transported to our laboratory facility in Round Rock, Texas for further analysis.

Relatively undisturbed samples were obtained in cohesive soils, as directed by RRC's field geologist and/or field engineer, utilizing hydraulically advanced 3-inch (OD) diameter stainless steel, thin-walled tube (Shelby) samplers in accordance with *ASTM D1587: Standard Practice for Thin-Walled Tube Sampling of Soils for Geotechnical Purposes*. Soil samples obtained using Shelby tubes were tested for consistency utilizing a pocket-sized penetrometer. The penetrometer reading is included on the log of boring preceded by the letter "P." Readings in excess of 4.5 tons per square feet (tsf), if any, indicate that the capacity of the device has been exceeded. Sufficient material from the lower end of the Shelby tube was removed for visual classification purposes. Both ends of the Shelby tube were sealed using plastic caps and secured with duct tape to prevent moisture loss in the sample. Sample location and depth was labeled on the outside surface of the tube. The Shelby tube sample was transported to our laboratory facility in Round Rock, Texas for further analysis.

RRC classifies soils in general accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS); ASTM D2488: Standard Practice for Description and Identification of Soils (Visual-Manual Procedure). The soil classification symbols appear on the logs of boring and are briefly described in Appendix A. RRC's field geologist prepared field logs for each boring. The logs of boring contain classification of the materials encountered during drilling as well as interpolation of the subsurface conditions between samples.

The project engineer/geologist reviewed all the field logs, soil samples, and lab test data to make appropriate modifications to the logs of boring as necessary. Final Logs of Boring and laboratory testing results are provided in Appendix A. The logs of boring describe the strata encountered, their approximate thickness, SPT results, soil and rock classifications, the various depths at which the samples were obtained, as well as the presence of groundwater.

3.2 Laboratory Tests

The soil samples were returned to the laboratory, examined by the project engineer/geologist, and applicable laboratory testing was assigned on selected soil samples. Laboratory testing was performed in general accordance with ASTM and locally accepted practices. The following laboratory methods of analyses were generally utilized, where sample quality allowed:

- Standard Practice for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes (Unified Soil Classification System): ASTM D2487;
- Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Determination of Water (Moisture) Content of Soil and Rock by Mass: ASTM D2216;
- Standard Test Methods for Liquid Limit, Plastic Limit, and Plasticity Index of Soils: ASTM D4318;
- Standard Test Methods for Amount of Material in Soils Finer than No. 200 (75-μm) Sieve: ASTM D1140:
- Standard Test Method for Particle-Size Analysis of Soils: ASTM D6913;
- Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort: ASTM D698;

- Standard Test Methods for Moisture-Density (Unit Weight) Relations of Soil-Cement Mixtures: ASTM D558;
- Standard Test Methods for One Dimensional Swell: ASTM D4546;
- Standard Test Methods for Unconfined Compressive Strength of Cohesive Soils: ASTM D2166;
- Standard Test Methods for CBR (California Bearing Ratio) of Laboratory-Compacted Soils: ASTM D1883;
- Standard Test Method for Measurement of Soil Resistivity using the Two-Electrode Soil Box Method: ASTM G187;
- Standard Test Method for Measuring pH of Soil for Use in Corrosion Testing: ASTM G51;
 and
- Sulfate and Chlorides Content: EPA 300/300.1 and applicable ASTM standards.

4.0 SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

4.1 Geology

Although northwestern Ohio is typified by geologically recent glacial deposits and landforms, beneath the thick till lies sedimentary rock formed hundreds of millions of years ago. The land at the time of the Paleozoic Era was occupied by a shallow sea, depositing the shale layer found within the project site boundaries (Reference 1). Earth's climate cooled and the formation of glaciers took place across the planet. Multiple episodes of long-standing cooling and brief warming took place during the Quaternary Period. The majority of Canada and parts of the northern United States were covered in thick sheets of ice. Multiple lobes of ice, leading edges of ice the size of states, advanced and receded as the climate's temperature fluctuated ever so slightly. Beneath the lobes formed the till plains. In front of the lobes, as they pushed forward, were the moraines made up of clay, silt, sand, gravel, and even cobble- to boulder-sized rocks. Once the ice began retreating, the moraines stayed put, evidence of the most recent advance of ice (Reference 2).

Since the period of glaciation, Earth's climate has warmed, and the enormous continental glaciers have disappeared. Small drainages have formed atop the glacial deposits, once again redistributing the sediments. Hummocky topography, a direct result of materials reworked by ice, defines the landscape. Loess, produced from the grinding of rocky material by ice, is picked up by the wind from local drainages and swept across the till.

The Quaternary Geologic Map of the Blue Ridge Quadrangle, scale 1:1,000,000 (Reference 3) and the Bedrock Geologic Map of Ohio, scale 1:500,000 (Reference 4) indicate surficial and bedrock deposits consist of the following geologic units of the listed geologic time periods.

Quaternary Period

Alluvium (al): Yellowish-brown, brown, reddish-brown, or gray silt, sand and gravel.
 Calcareous to noncalcareous, stratified, texture variable. Upper part is mostly silt, fine sand, and minor lenses of clay and organic matter. Lower part is mostly sand and rounded gravel, locally cobble. The clasts are chiefly sandstone and shale. Underlies flood plains,

low stream terraces, and alluvial fans. Thickness is commonly between 3 to 13 feet, no more than 32 feet.

- Loamy Till (tl): Yellowish brown, brown, dark brown or grayish brown, generally non-calcareous silt loam and sandy loam, non-sorted, compact. Layer contains sparse pebbles, and a few cobbles boulders are uncommon. Well-defined boulder belts on surface locally. Clasts are chiefly dolomite and limestone; there is also some sandstone, shale, and erratic igneous and metamorphic rocks. Mapped areas include small deposits of outwash and ice-contact sand and gravel (gg), lake clay and silt (lca), alluvium (al), and bedrock outcrops. Locally, till is overlain by alluvium, peat, or swamp deposits.
 - o **Ground moraine** (tlg): Thickness generally around 3 to 10 feet.
 - End moraine (tle): Forms broad, low ridges or complex areas of narrow, concentric ridges having a knob-and-kettle topography. Thickness generally around 26 to 100 feet.

Devonian Period

• Olentangy Shale (Do): Shale; upper portion is greenish-gray, lower portion is gray. Clayey, disseminated pyrite. Locally contains lenses and nodules of limestone. Contains, thin, brownish-black shale beds in upper portion.

4.2 Subsurface Stratigraphy

As indicated on the logs of boring, the soil stratigraphy at the site generally consisted of topsoil underlain by either clay or sand layers. Bedrock was not encountered in drilled borings as part of this study. The soil layers can generally be described as:

- Soft to hard, Lean to Fat Clay soils with varying amounts of sand and gravel.
- Loose to dense, Sand with varying amounts of silt and clay.

Detailed Logs of Boring present detailed stratum descriptions, soil classifications, types of sampling used, laboratory test data, and additional field data. Bore logs are presented in Appendix A. The lines separating strata types on the Logs of Boring do not necessarily represent distinct lines of demarcation because transitions can be gradual. The Boring Log Key, defining the terms and descriptive symbols used on each log of boring, is also presented in Appendix A.

4.3 Laboratory Test Results

RRC obtained the service of Beyond Engineering & Testing, LLC to conduct laboratory tests. Laboratory test results indicate the native soils possess in-situ moisture contents in the range from about 7 to 29% with an average of 16%.

The native soils have Plasticity Indices (PI) ranging from 6% to 41% with an average PI of 19. Clay soils with a PI less than 15 are generally considered to exhibit a low expansive potential provided their moisture contents are stable. High plasticity clay soils with a PI greater than 25 are generally considered to exhibit a high expansive potential if their moisture contents are allowed to change significantly.

The in-situ dry unit weight of the native soils at the project site range from 106 to 127 pounds per cubic foot (pcf) with an average of 120 pcf. The in-situ total unit weights range from 127 to 144 pcf with an average of 137 pcf.

We performed moisture/density relationships (proctors) to determine the maximum dry unit weight and optimum moisture content in accordance with ASTM D698 (standard method). We also conducted Atterberg Limits on these samples to assess soil type. A summary of the test results is presented below.

Table 4.3.1 Summary of Proctors and Atterberg Test Results

Sample Location	Depth (feet)	Material Type	Liquid Limit (%)	Plasticity Index (%)	Maximum Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	Optimum Moisture Content (%)
TP-02	2 to 4	CL	26	12	118.0	13.9
TP-05	2 to 4	CL	24	9	124.3	11.4
TP-08	2 to 4	CL	26	11	120.5	12.5
TP-10	2 to 4	CL	32	16	111.2	16.3
TP-11	2 to 4	CL	24	10	125.5	10.6

Notes: pcf = pounds per cubic foot; CL = Lean Clay.

Results of Unconfined Compressive Strength (UC) tests are presented in Table 4.3.2. These tests are performed in accordance with ASTM D2166 on relatively undisturbed samples.

Table 4.3.2 Summary of Unconfined Compressive Strength Test Results

Sample Location	Depth (feet)	Material Type	In-situ Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	In-situ Moisture Content (%)	Unconfined Compressive Strength, q _u (psf)
B-04	4	SC	99.2	23.8	2,520
B-05	7	CH	120.9	13.4	1,940
SUB-1	4	CL-ML	129.8	12.7	1,420
TP-5	2	СН	123.9	12.4	1,300
TP-8	2	CL	107.5	17.6	580
TP-10	2	CH	105.6	20.5	4,140

Notes: pcf = pounds per cubic foot; psf = pounds per square foot; CH = Fat Clay; CL = Lean Clay; CL-ML = Silty Clay; SC = Clayed Sand.

Results of swell/expansion tests, performed in accordance with ASTM D4546, are presented in Table 4.3.3.

Table 4.3.3 Summary of Swell/ Expansion Test Results

able 4.5.5 Sulfilliary of Swell/ Expansion rest Results							
Sample Location	Depth (feet)	Material Type	Dry Density (pcf)	Moisture Content (%)	Surcharge Load (psf)	Swell Strain (%)	Swell Pressure (psf)
B-02	4	CL	123.0	12.6	100	0.2	280
SUB-1	4	CL-ML	122.0	13.1	100	-0.1	-
TP-5	2	CL	123.9	13.7	100	0.0	-
TP-8	2	CL	114.9	16.1	100	0.1	220
TP-10	2	CL	101.4	18.2	100	1.8	1,850

Notes: pcf = pounds per cubic foot; psf = pounds per square foot; CL = Lean Clay; CL-ML = Silty Clay.

We performed five California Bearing Ratio (CBR) tests on select samples. The test specimens soaked for 96 hours prior to the CBR load test. A summary of the CBR test results is presented in Table 4.3.4. Design CBR values represent strength at 95% compaction relative to the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D698. CBR increases with increased density.

Table 4.3.4 Summary of CBR Test Results

Sample Location	Depth (feet)	Material Type	Design Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	Design CBR (%)
TP-2	1 to 3	CL	112.1	3.5
TP-5	1 to 3	CL	114.2	1.7
TP-8	1 to 3	CL	114.5	3.2
TP-10	1 to 3	CL	103.4	1.8
TP-11	1 to 3	CL	114.6	4.0

Notes: pcf = pounds per cubic foot; CL = Lean Clay.

Graphical test results of laboratory testing results along with a summary of laboratory testing are presented in Appendix B.

4.4 Groundwater Conditions

Groundwater was encountered at 10 out of 31 drilled boring or test pit locations (B-01, B-04, B-05, B-08, B-11, B-19, SUB-1, TP-01, TP-04, TP-07) at the time of drilling and 24 hours after the completion of drilling operations in the borings drilled as part of this study as summarized in Table A1, Geographic Latitude and Longitude Summary of Field Exploration Program, presented in Appendix A. Upon completion of the drilling operations, the borings were backfilled in accordance with applicable state and local regulations; therefore, subsequent groundwater measurements are not available.

Based upon review of published well logs in Pickaway County, Ohio (Reference 5), near the project site, static groundwater levels were reported to be about 8 to 65 feet below the ground surface at well locations summarized in Table A2 within Appendix A. The well locations shown in Table A2 are plotted on Figure 11 within Appendix A.

It should be noted that the majority of the water wells were installed to deep aquifers below typical foundation depths and indicate piezometric or static groundwater level within those deep aquifers only. The static water levels from the deep wells do not always provide useful groundwater information for shallow aquifers or perched water tables near foundation depths that should be considered in foundation design. Based upon the information obtained from the boring logs drilled as part of this study and review of published well log records, it is our opinion that groundwater may have an impact on design and construction of proposed foundations at 6 feet or deeper below ground at the solar project site.

It is imperative to note that the short-term groundwater level observations performed as part of this study are not an accurate evaluation of groundwater levels at the project sites and should not be interpreted as a comprehensive groundwater study. The observations made during this investigation may also not represent conditions at the time of construction and it should be understood the presence of groundwater may have an effect on certain construction activities and long-term performance of foundations and pavements. Groundwater levels are highly dependent on climatic and hydrologic conditions before and after construction, and sites development including irrigation demands, drainage and other factors. If a detailed groundwater study is desired, a groundwater hydrologist should be retained to perform these services.

4.5 Geohazard Assessment

The following items within Table 4.5.1 represent geologic or physical hazards to the project. Within each item, we address the level of risk associated with the particular hazard relative to this project.

Table 4.5.1 Geohazard Assessment

Geohazard	Site Risk	Comment	
Swelling/shrinking soils	Low to Moderate	Expansive soil was encountered at some of the proposed project areas.	
Collapsible Soils	Low	No collapsible soils (eolian, colluvial, loess, alluvium deposits) found within project site.	
Frost Penetration Depth	Moderate	About 32 inches	
Corrosive Soils (Concrete)	Low to Moderate	Surficial soils are expected to exhibit a low to moderate potential for corrosion of concrete.	
Corrosive Soils (Steel)	Moderate to High	Surficial soils are expected to exhibit a moderate to high potential for corrosion of unprotected steel.	
Earthquake (Ground Rupture)	Low	Low hazard zone in the U.S.	
Earthquake (Seismicity)	Low	Low hazard zone in the U.S.	
Flooding	Low	Proposed project area is not within the 100-year flood zones, but near it on east of proposed project area.	
Settlement	Low	Anticipated settlement for typical solar PV system and associated structures is anticipated low and within manufacturers limit.	
Slope Failure	Low		
Subsidence (Caves/Karst)	Low	The risk of finding karstic features within the project area boundaries is low.	
Pile Foundation Drivability	Low	Pile driving refusal was not encountered within 9 feet, based on test piles installed across the proposed PV Array.	

4.6 Field Electrical Resistivity and Laboratory Thermal Resistivity Measurements

Field electrical resistivity (ER) measurements were performed at 7 locations as shown in Figure 4 included in Appendix A. Table A1 presents a summary of geographic latitude and longitude coordinates where field electrical resistivity measurements were performed. In-situ thermal resistivity (TR) testing was performed at 7 selected test pit locations, and soil samples were

collected for laboratory TR testing, the locations where the soil samples were collected for thermal resistivity testing are shown in Figure 3 included in Appendix A. Table A1 presents a summary of geographic latitude and longitude coordinates where soil samples for laboratory thermal resistivity testing were collected.

The field electrical resistivity measurements were conducted by RRC utilizing MEGGER DET 2/2 Digital Ground Resistivity Tester using the Wenner 4-pin array method in accordance with the ASTM G57. The measurements were performed using 2 perpendicular array arrangements at 'a' spacing ranging from 2.5 to 200 feet at each test location within PV array. The results of the electrical resistivity measurements are presented in Appendix C.

In-situ thermal resistivity testing was performed by Beyond Engineering & Testing, LLC, at a total of 7 selected test pit locations. Bulk samples of native soil samples were at TP-10 for laboratory thermal resistivity testing in accordance with ASTM Standard. Thermal resistivity tests were performed on remolded soil samples obtained at depths ranging from 2 to 4 feet below existing site grade. The disturbed soil samples were remolded to 85% and 95% of their respective maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D698 at "as-received" moisture content prior to the thermal resistivity testing. Thermal resistivity values were then tested with samples at a series of moisture contents from "as-received" moisture content to 0% moisture content to provide a thermal resistivity dry-out curve. Results of thermal resistivity tests are presented within Appendix C.

Interpretation of the electrical resistivity and thermal resistivity testing results is beyond the scope of this study and should be performed by the design team.

5.0 STATIC PILE LOAD TESTING

5.1 Pile Information

After evaluating the available testing data and considering the potential change and variability in ground condition, RRC installed test piles at 19 selected locations and performed pile load testing at 23 selected test piles within the project area. The approximate locations of static pile testing are shown in Figure 10 included in Appendix A. The purpose of the static load testing program was to obtain site-specific performance data for design of pile foundations.

5.2 Test Pile Driving

A total of 23 test piles (at 19 selected locations) were installed by J&B on November 19, 2021, utilizing a PD-10 pile driver. The test piles consisted of wide flange sections W6X9 steel piles. RRC assumes the production piles will be installed using the same model of driving machine, or comparable pile driving machine of similar energy output. Pile driving refusal or difficult pile driving condition was not encountered. Difficult pile driving condition is defined as less than 6-inch of movement over one minute of drive time using PD-10 Pile Drive. The detailed information of test piles installed at each location is presented in the Summary Table of Test Pile Locations and Installation Records within Appendix E.

At each test location, one to two test piles were initially attempted to drive to the target embedment depth of 7 feet and 9 feet below ground surface. The test piles are spaced about 10 feet apart from each other, to reduce interference.

The time that was used to advance each pile to its final embedment depth was recorded by RRC during test pile installation. The summary of pile installation record showing individual pile drive time is presented in the Summary Table of Test Pile Locations and Installation Records within Appendix E. Following installation of the piles, RRC performed lateral and axial tension load testing of the test piles between December 1 and December 3, 2021.

5.3 Pile Load Test Procedures and Equipment

Lateral and axial loads were applied to the test piles using an excavator provided by J&B. Connections to the test piles were made using shackles with 8.5-ton load capacity and flange clamps with 5-ton load capacity designed for connection to W sections. Deflections were measured with calibrated Mitutoyo electronic displacement indicators and loads were measured with calibrated tension load cells.

For lateral load testing, an Enerpac pull cylinder and an excavator were utilized to generate the specified lateral loads. The horizontal loads for the lateral load tests were applied at approximately 4 feet above ground surface of each test pile in the strong-axis direction of the piles. Deflections were measured with two dial gauges capable of measuring deflections up to 4-inch travel. One dial gauge was placed at approximately 4 inches above the ground surface and another dial gauge placed at 4 feet above ground surface for the lateral testing for horizontal deflection measurements of piles under the specified horizontal loads.

For axial uplift testing, an Enerpac pull cylinder and an excavator were utilized to generate the specified uplift loads. Loading was applied at the top center of each pile. Axial deflections were measured using two dial gauges, attached to the two sides of the flanges at approximately 6 inches above the ground surface.

The load cells and gauges were read and the data was recorded by RRC field personnel. The magnitude and sequence of test load steps were provided by the Client. Table 5.3.1 summarized the maximum applied test load as well as the test pile information. The test equipment set up for lateral and tension tests of the piles are shown in Figure 5.3.1.

Table 5.3.1 Static pile load testing summary

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Testing Type	Axial Tension	Lateral Test			
Max. applied load (lbs)	10,000	3,000			
Height of applied load (in)		48			
Pile embedment (ft)	7 and 9	7 and 9			
Number of tested piles	23	23			





Figure 5.3.1 Pile Test Equipment Set Up for Lateral and Tension Tests

5.4 Pile Load Test Results

The results of the 23 test piles in 19 test locations were used to evaluate the vertical and lateral support for the driven piles. The recommended design parameters for pile foundation support are presented in Appendix D. The lateral, axial uplift load testing data, including graphical plots of the load testing, are presented in Appendix E. When determining the uplift and compressive pile skin friction values, RRC referred to a criterion of failure, which is defined as 0.5-inch axial deflection of the pile, to interpret the pile capacity. For lateral loading test, a calibration model using LPILE V2019.11.07 was used to simulate the lateral load test results and determine LPILE parameters for the pile lateral design.

6.0 GEOTECHNICAL RECOMMENDATIONS

The PV Array supporting system proposed to be used is single-axis tracking system. We assume tracking systems will be supported on steel driven pile foundation systems.

The extent and location of site grading is also unknown currently. RRC should be retained to review the civil drawings and cross-sections for PV Array areas and other critical areas along the proposed roadways. This will allow us to evaluate the need for additional studies such as slope stability analyses. If current site grade is changed at structure locations, we can assess whether our original recommendations apply. However, for this current study, we anticipate the proposed foundations will bear on/in native soils with finish grade at or slightly above current existing site grade with minimal slope stability impacts. RRC's geotechnical recommendations presented in this report should be verified when information on the foundation design and site grading become available.

6.1 General PV Tracking System Foundation Expectations

The proposed project sites appear suitable for the proposed solar project construction. Driven pile foundations may be used for support of solar trackers and other heavily loaded (axial or lateral) structures. Based upon the information obtained from the borings drilled as part of this study, the use of driven pipe piles and/or spread footings and/or mat foundations for support of lightly loaded structures such as equipment pads is considered acceptable.

A summary of anticipated issues that may have an impact on the design and construction of foundation systems for this project is found below.

- During this phase of site investigation, medium stiff clay soils were encountered at some borings below existing ground surface within the project site (Borings B-01, B-04, B-05, B-06 and B-09). The subgrade includes low strength soils that will exhibit low capacity behavior for the proposed foundations, which shall be considered by the foundation designer.
- For shallow spread footings bearing on native soil, it is anticipated that excavations may be advanced with conventional earth moving equipment to cover the potential scour depth and unsuitable topsoils.
- Fat clay soils were encountered predominately at boring locations within project site. High
 plasticity fat clay soils may exhibit a high expansion potential if their moisture contents are
 allowed to change significantly. Therefore, mitigation measures discussed in subsequent
 sections should be considered to reduce uplift forces in driven piles and driller pier
 foundation system.
- Our review of boring logs and published well logs information obtained as part of this study indicates that groundwater conditions may not have an effect on shallow foundation design within 6 feet below existing ground.
- We assume minimal cut and fill for the proposed solar development and anticipate the
 majority of driven piles will bear on native soils with minimal slope stability impacts. The
 final grading plan is recommended to be provided to review in the final design.
- We recommend the design engineers to take site flooding/scour into proper account during civil, structural and electrical design.

Detailed foundation design and construction recommendations are outlined in subsequent sections of this report.

6.1.1 Driven Pile Foundation for PV Tracking System

Solar panels with anticipated relatively large uplift wind force, overturning moment and lateral shear force may utilize driven or hydraulically advanced steel piles. Pile lengths will be dictated by uplift, compressive or overturning resistance. The length of the steel piles should be determined by the structural engineer to meet axial and lateral loading requirements.

Based on RRC's evaluation of the available geotechnical data, clay and sand soils are encountered within the anticipated embedment depths of the proposed pile foundations. Driving refusal is not anticipated within native soils with SPT N-values of less than 50 blows/ft, however, drivability of driven piles may be an issue in the weakly gravel/bedrock and in native soils with SPT N-values of greater than 50 blows/ft encountered within the anticipated embedment depths. Difficult pile driving condition or pile driving refusal (less than 6-inch/min penetration) was not encountered at installed test piles during test pile installation with pile embedment depth in 9 feet below existing ground. Predrilling prior to driving steel piles may be required if bedrock or hard clay is encountered to achieve design depths. Pile remediation plan or properly construction means and methods shall be considered for the project areas with difficult pile driving condition.

The axial compression and uplift capacity of driven piles were estimated based on skin friction developed along the perimeter of the pile. The perimeter of a wide flange pile was taken as twice the sum of the flange width and web depth (i.e. the "box" perimeter). The ultimate uplift and compression unit skin friction is based on the results of the axial load testing. A minimum factor of safety of 1.5 was used to calculate the H-pile allowable uplift skin friction and allowable compressive skin friction, and a minimum factor of safety of 2.0 was included in the allowable end bearing capacity value. The summary of allowable uplift skin friction, allowable compressive skin friction and allowable end bearing capacity for H-piles installed within the proposed solar array site are presented in Table D1.1 and D2.1 within Appendix D. Recommended design parameters are based on our interpretation of filed and laboratory test results and taking anticipated short-term and long term soil behavior into account during the project design life.

Based on RRC's review of the pile load test results, it is RRC's opinion that it is appropriate to include H-pile end bearing capacity for this project for partial soil plugging condition, to enhance pile axial capacity under compression. The allowable pile end bearing under compression should be applied for a maximum of 50% of the box area of the H-pile provided that the pile lengths are at least 5 feet embedded into the subsurface materials.

The frost penetration depth at project site is approximately 2 to 3 feet (New Mexico Climate Spring 2008 Vol. 6 (1)). Driven pile foundations should be designed to prevent damage resulting from adfreezing and potential for frost jacking. Therefore, uplift forces due to frost heave action shall be considered in the driven pile design. The uplift forces can be resisted by a combination of dead-load and skin friction contribution of the soils below upper 32 inches zone. We recommend using 1,600 psf for frost heave stress on steel piles/drilled piers within the upper 32 inches below ground. Placing friction reducing material can be considered as an alternate option to prevent damage resulting from adfreezing and potential for frost jacking. Means and methods to property install driven pile with placing friction reducing material is the responsibility of the contractor.

Site soil consists of fat clay which could be potentially expansive soil with swell/shrink nature. Potential Vertical Rise (PVR) is an estimate of the potential of an expansive soil to swell from its current state, if the clay is allowed to absorb additional moisture. It is RRC's opinion that the swell/shrink nature of the site expansive soil is at low to moderate risk. High plasticity clay may experience shrinkage during periods of dry weather as moisture evaporation occurs at the ground

surface and the groundwater table drops. Therefore, uniformity and preservation of the moisture contents of the near surface clays during construction and during the life of the structure is critical to reducing potential shrink-swell movement. It is imperative that proper drainage be maintained during construction and throughout the life of these structures.

In order to calculate the lateral load response of pile foundations utilizing LPILE program, input parameters were evaluated using modeled lateral response of the tested piles. LPILE analyses were performed by applying the test loads that resulted in significant deflection at ground surface for piles with different embedment depths to calibrate the LPILE input parameters to match the lateral pile load test results. For lateral pile analysis, we recommend the soil within the upper 24 inches of pile embedment, or within the anticipated sour depth, whichever is deeper, be modeled as soft clay with low strength to simulate the long-term effect during pile design life. The summary of recommended LPILE parameters for lateral analysis of driven H-piles was presented in Table D1.2 and D2.2 within Appendix D.

6.2 Shallow Foundation Systems

Lightly loaded structures, including inverter/transformer skids within solar array area, equipment pads at Substation may be supported by continuous/spread footings. Since the finished site grade of inverter/transformer skid or Substation is not available during preparation of this report, we assume the finished site grade will be at or slightly above the existing ground surface. We also assumed that the continuous and spread footings will be 24 inches or greater in width.

For structural design of the continuous footings and spread footings, the parameters outlined in Table 6.2.1 can be used, with a safety factor of 3 included in the allowable bearing pressure values. The shallow foundations should have a minimum embedment of 32 inches below finished site grade for confinement. However, at some locations, when soft to medium stiff clay soils are encountered beneath the shallow foundation bearing elevation, we recommend that the continuous or square footings should bear on a minimum of 2 feet of compacted selected fill materials. The over-excavated area should extend laterally a minimum of 1-foot beyond the perimeter of the foundation. Selected fill materials should be compacted to a minimum of 98% of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D698 and shall be moisture conditioned within 2% of optimum moisture content. Anticipated settlement of the foundations under service loads will be on the order of about 1 inch or less. Other alternatives such as thermal insulation may be used to protect against frost and the contractor or designer of thermal insulation shall be responsible for compliance with local building codes. A net allowable bearing pressure 1,500 psf can be used for reinforced concrete slabs bearing at finished graded provided the above design quidelines are followed.

It is recommended that a qualified representative of the geotechnical engineer observe shallow foundation excavations in this area to assess the need for any over-excavation and re-compaction and/or replacement.

Shallow foundations should be adequately reinforced and proportioned to resist swell/uplift forces associated with the near surface clay soils. For shallow foundation systems founded on

compacted fill material at project site, net allowable bearing pressures, which include a factor of safety of 3, outlined in Table 6.2.1 can be used.

Table 6.2.1 Native Clay Soil Parameters for Structural Design of Footings and Mat Foundations at Substation and PV area

Soil Parameters and Allowable Bearing Pressures	Design Value for Substation and PV area
Average Unit Weight, pcf	115
Modulus of Subgrade Reaction, pci	30*
Cohesion (undrained), psf	700
Friction Coefficient at Foundation Base	0.35
Net Allowable bearing pressure for Strip or Continuous Footings (psf)	1,500
Net Allowable bearing pressure for Square or Pad Footings (psf)	2,000

^{*} For a 1 ft. x 1 ft. Plate.

Other design and construction recommendations are outlined in the ACI design Manual should be followed. It is imperative that proper drainage be maintained during construction and throughout the life of structures to provide for adequate shallow foundation performance.

6.3 Substation Drilled Shaft Foundation Systems

Structure elements with heavy axial loads and/or large overturning moments may utilize drilled pier foundations. Pier lengths will likely be dictated by overturning resistance. Allowable end bearing pressures and allowable skin friction values at the substation (Table D3.2) location are presented in Appendix D.

Allowable end bearing pressures and allowable skin frictions utilize a factor of safety of 3 and 2.5, respectively. Skin friction values should be reduced by 25% when calculating pull-out resistance, where applicable. Settlement associated with drilled piers is anticipated to be on the order of about ½ to 1 inch. Piers should have a minimum diameter of 1½ feet. The length of the drilled piers should be determined by the structural engineer to satisfy axial and lateral loading.

The frost penetration depth at project site is approximately 2 to 3 feet (New Mexico Climate Spring 2008 Vol. 6 (1)). Drilled pier foundations should be designed to prevent damage resulting from adfreezing and potential for frost jacking. Therefore, uplift forces due to frost heave action shall be considered in the drilled pier design. The uplift forces can be resisted by a combination of dead-load and skin friction contribution of the soils below upper 32 inches zone. We recommend using 1,600 psf for frost heave stress on steel piles/drilled piers within the upper 32 inches below ground. Placing friction reducing material can be considered as an alternate option to prevent damage resulting from adfreezing and potential for frost jacking. Means and methods to property install driven pile with placing friction reducing material is the responsibility of the contractor.

Lateral load analysis may be performed using the LPILE computer program. LPILE uses a p-y curve finite difference technique for predicting the soil-structure interaction and response. Based on our interpretation of the subsurface strata and the results of the field and laboratory tests, the parameters outlined within Appendix D, Table D3.1 may be used to evaluate drilled piers under lateral loads at the substation.

Vertical steel reinforcement to resist tensile loads caused by uplift forces should extend the full length of the pier shaft. Additional reinforcement required by structural demands for axial compressive loads, lateral loads, or minimum reinforcement required by design codes should be satisfied.

6.4 Corrosivity of Soils

Water-soluble sulfate and chloride test results are presented in Appendix B. Test results indicate soil corrosion potential to concrete is "Negligible". Foundation concrete should be designed in accordance with ACI 318: Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete and Commentary.

Minimum Soil Box Electrical Resistivity and pH testing results are presented in Appendix B of this report. Soil Box Electrical Resistivity results indicate soils exhibit "Corrosive" to "Mildly Corrosive" electrical characteristics with regards to galvanic corrosion of steel. For chlorides, the test results indicate "non-aggressive" corrosion potentials to steel. Cathodic protection for buried metal pipe should be designed by a qualified corrosion engineer.

Table 6.4.1 Effect of Soil Box Electrical Resistivity on Corrosion

Aggressiveness	Resistivity in ohm-cm	
Very Corrosive	< 700	
Corrosive	700 – 2,000	
Moderately Corrosive	2,000 – 5,000	
Mildly Corrosive	5,000 – 10,000	
Non-Corrosive	> 10,000	

6.5 Lateral Earth Pressures

Lateral earth pressures will apply in soil strata. The proposed foundations will be designed to resist all lateral movements; therefore, the "at rest" lateral earth pressure will apply. The following "at rest" equivalent fluid pressures are recommended in Table 6.5.1. The lightweight range is more conservative and necessary for the "at rest" and "passive" condition. The heavier weights are more conservative for the "active" condition.

Table 6.5.1 Equivalent Fluid Pressures

Soil Type	Condition	Equivalent Fluid Pressure (psf/ft)
Clay Soils	At Rest, k _o = 0.65	76

Soil Type	Condition	Equivalent Fluid Pressure (psf/ft)
φ=20, γ _t =115 pcf	Active, k _a = 0.49	56
	Passive, k _p = 2.0	235
0 10 "	At Rest, k _o = 0.50	60
Sand Soils ϕ =30, γ_t =120 pcf	Active, k _a = 0.33	40
φ σο, γι 12ο μο.	Passive, k _p = 3.0	360

Passive and active earth pressure resistance will only mobilize after significant movement of the foundation. The passive case occurs where a structural element tends to move into the soil mass. The active case occurs when the element tends to move away from the soil mass. Both cases are applicable for unrestrained foundation elements.

The above earth pressure values do not include safety factors. We recommend a minimum safety factor of 2.0 be applied when using passive earth pressure for lateral load resistance. Surcharge loads should also be considered where appropriate. The values apply only to cases where the ground surface is level. We should be contacted to provide suitable values for cases where the ground surface is sloped. Similarly, if a structure is submerged below water, then the earth pressures change dramatically and require a different analysis.

6.6 Seismic Design

RRC provides seismic design using 2015 International Building Code (IBC) (Reference 9). Based on Logs of Boring data, we recommend using a Site Class C for very dense soils and bedrock conditions. The Mapped Spectral Response Acceleration for the 1 second (S_1) and short periods (S_S) were computed using the Applied Technology Council Seismic Design Maps, which is a webbased application program (Reference 8). The table below summarizes recommended seismic parameters to be used in the design:

Table 6.6.1 Recommended Seismic Parameters

Parameter	Recommended Value
S _S – Mapped Spectral Response Acceleration at Short Period (0.2-Second)	0.121 g
S ₁ – Mapped Spectral Response Acceleration at 1-Second Period	0.065 g
F _a (Site Coefficient) – Site Class D	1.6
F _v (Site Coefficient) – Site Class D	2.4

7.0 FOUNDATION CONSTRUCTION CRITERIA

7.1 Site Preparation

Prior to construction, we recommend adequate positive drainage be provided to maintain a relatively dry condition in the area of proposed construction. This will be very important if any

work is attempted during periods of prolonged rainfall or heavy snow fall followed by warmer days. Ponding of water in the areas of construction should be avoided.

Site preparation should begin by removing surface vegetation and major root systems within the foundation areas. Topsoil or organics shall not be allowed underneath proposed facilities, structures or permanent pavement. Deleterious materials should be placed in non-structural areas or removed from the sites. During excavation of the foundations, every effort should be made to avoid disturbing the subgrade materials at the planned foundation bearing elevation. When the subgrade is disturbed, the resulting surface should be re-compacted to achieve a minimum compaction of 95% of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D698 and moisture conditioned to within 3% of the optimum moisture content. In areas where densification of the subgrade materials is required, proper slopes meeting federal, and state OSHA requirements should be maintained.

7.2 General Site Grading Fill Specifications

Imported general site grading fill where required, should consist of an inorganic sand and lean clay soil, having a PI less than 20 percent. The on-site sand and clay material can be used as general site grading fill provided that they do not contain significant amounts of organics. After site clearing and grubbing, the general site grading fill should be placed in loose lifts not exceeding 9 inches in thickness and compacted to a minimum of 90% of the ASTM D698 maximum dry unit weight. If the general site grading is located below proposed pavement, foundations or equipment pads, they should be placed in accordance with structural fill specification outlined in Section 7.3 of this report.

Both cut and fill slopes shall be no steeper than 3 horizontal to 1 vertical. Fill areas shall be cleared of all vegetation and debris, recompacted to a minimum of 90% of the ASTM D698 maximum dry unit weight, proof-rolled and inspected by the grading inspector and geotechnical engineer prior to the placing of fill. The proof-rolling should be conducted with a heavy-weight (40,000 lbs or heavier), tired vehicle to assess the presence of soft areas and the need for remedial measures, if any. Proof-rolling acceptance standards include no rutting greater than 1.5 inches and no "pumping".

7.3 Structural Fill Specifications

Structural fill material should consist of a non-expansive, well-graded material with sufficient binder for compaction purposes. RRC's intent is to make Structural Fill interchangeable with flexible road base, where convenient.

Structural fill should be compacted to a minimum of 95% of ASTM D1557. The structural fill should be moisture conditioned within 2% of optimum moisture content. Typically, 9-inch lifts are a maximum, but if a contractor can complete thicker lifts and it can be verified that full densification occurs throughout the lift, then lifts to 12-inches are possible.

7.4 Native Soils as Select Fill for Foundations

RRC understands the importance of using native soils whenever feasible. The following specifications allow reasonable native soil reuse while maintaining structural requirements for end bearing capacity and settlement. Modification of unsuitable foundation soils shall consist of over-excavation and replacement with any of the following materials:

All soils that possess the following properties qualify as Select Fill that may be used under foundations: maximum plasticity index of 15 and a maximum liquid limit of 40, and classify as SC-SM, SC, Sandy CL, GC and GM.

Select Fill placement below foundations should be limited to two-feet thick. Deeper replacement must be approved by the Geotechnical Engineer in order to assess settlement potentials for that specific location. Otherwise, use Structural Fill.

When dealing with subgrade pumping, rutting, or moisture, and the remediation has a maximum thickness of 12-inches, then the excavated soils may be scarified and reused to complete the remediation. Deeper remediation requires either Select Fill or Structural Fill.

All reused and Select Fill soils used under foundations shall be compacted to a minimum of 98% of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D698 and shall be moisture conditioned within 3% of optimum moisture content.

7.5 PV Array and Substation Structures

This section provides construction recommendations and specifications related to shallow and deep foundations for the proposed structures. This section is intended to apply for all electrical substation, switchyard and transmission line structures. If future, more specific geotechnical studies for those facilities are conducted, then disregard this section and refer to the recommendations in those more specific studies.

7.5.1 Shallow Foundation Construction

The following construction criteria and general guidance should be observed during foundation construction:

- All foundation excavations should be observed by the engineer's qualified representative
 to assess proper bearing materials are present at foundation bearing elevation in
 accordance with the recommendations given herein, and to assess the need for
 densification of the subgrade materials.
- Care should be taken to protect the exposed soils from being disturbed, freezing or desiccation.
- The foundation excavation should be sloped sufficiently to create internal sumps for runoff collection and removal. Foundation excavations subject to rainfall and possible deterioration from accumulated water should be protected using a protective "mud-slab" (lean concrete). If surface runoff water or groundwater seepage accumulates at the

bottom of the foundation excavation, it should be collected and removed and not allowed to adversely affect the quality of the bearing surface.

• The foundation excavations should be checked for size and cleaned prior to the placement of reinforcing steel. Take precautions during the placement of reinforcement and concrete to prevent the loose material from falling into the excavation.

7.5.2 Drilled Shaft Foundation Construction

The following items are important for the successful completion of drilled shaft foundations:

- The engineer's representative should observe all drilled shaft excavations. This inspection is to verify proper depth, bearing stratum, cleanliness, verticality (plumbness) and to record other observations regarding the drilled shaft construction.
- If water is present within the shaft, it is imperative that the contractor use proper construction methods to account for the water. Either the water must be removed, or the contractor must use tremies or pumps to allow concrete placement under water.
- Prompt placement of concrete in the excavation as it is completed, cleaned, and inspected
 is strongly recommended. Under no circumstances should a shaft be drilled that cannot
 be filled with concrete before the end of the workday.
- The reinforcement steel cage placed in the shaft should be designed to be stable and centered during the placement of concrete.
- The use of a casing or liner may be required in areas where shaft excavations extend into
 areas of caving sand soils. The drilling contractor should be prepared to provide means
 and methods to properly construct drilled shafts. We recommend that the construction
 contract include a budget for temporary casing and/or slurry drilling in case the sloughing
 of sands or entry of water prevents the proper construction of piers.
- Varying subsurface soil conditions may be encountered at a distance from a boring location or some interval between boring locations along the transmission line alignment.
 A Geotechnical Engineer or his representative should observe subsurface conditions during installation of any intermediate poles or ancillary structures such as anchors to verify subsurface conditions match the design criteria.
- Drilled shaft construction should follow applicable industry standard. Means and methods of construction shall be determined by the contractor.

7.5.3 Driven Pile Foundation Construction

The following items are important for the successful completion of driven pile foundations:

The Project Engineer or his/her representative should observe all driven pile sections.
 Steel piles shall be of the cross section, size, and weight per foot (mass per meter) specified in the contract documents. All piles which have been improperly driven, broken,

or are otherwise defective shall be removed and replaced or otherwise corrected, as directed by the Project Engineer or his/her representative.

- Pile driving equipment furnished by the Contractor shall be approved by the Project Engineer or his/her representative. All pile driving equipment shall be sized so that the project piles can be driven with reasonable effort to the required lengths without damage.
- Upon completion of driving, inspection, and approval, the pile (if required) shall be neatly cut on a horizontal plane at the elevation specified in the contract documents.
- Consideration should be given to protect exposed sections of steel pile sections against corrosion, abrasion or other detrimental factors.
- We recommend that pile load tests be performed for production piles to verify pile
 capacities. Qualified geotechnical personnel should conduct the pile load tests and
 present the testing results to the design engineer of record for further evaluation. Load
 tests should be performed in general accordance with ASTM standards. Piles driving time
 shall be recorded for all test and production piles and submitted to the design engineer of
 record for review.
- Pile driving can affect existing structures in the vicinity, if any. Structures located close to the proposed pile foundations should be surveyed prior to construction and pre-existing conditions of such structures and their vicinity be adequately recorded.

7.6 Open Excavations

With all excavations in soils, sloped excavations and trench shields are required for excavations greater than four feet in depth. The contractor's "Competent Person" (as defined by OSHA) must inspect each trench wall to determine the type of bench or slope that is required. With all excavations, only a "Competent Person" shall determine whether sloped, benched, or trench shields can be used. OSHA and applicable state and local standards should be observed and followed. Site safety is the responsibility of the contractor. For general planning purposes, RRC offers the following:

- The surficial cohesive clay soils across this site are generally stiff. This soil type classifies
 as an OSHA Type A material that requires the excavation's sidewall be sloped at 3/4H:1V
 (or flatter).
- The sandy soils at the site possess low to zero cohesion. This soil type classifies as an OSHA Type B material that requires the excavation's sidewall be sloped at a 1H:1V slope (or flatter). The silt content may give the appearance of cohesion when first excavated, but this is not correct.
- The presence of water within any excavation automatically creates a Type C classification. All Type C class excavations require a 1.5H:1V slope or bench.

Protect construction slopes and permanent embankment slopes from surface runoff water. Design site grading to deter surface water from flowing down unprotected slopes. The contractor should avoid surcharge loads, either static or dynamic, adjacent to an excavation slope. Prevent construction equipment from traveling along or near the top of the excavation slope. The contractor's "Competent Person" must monitor temporary slopes, trenches, and dewatering during construction in order to detect early warnings of movement. Site safety is the responsibility of the contractor.

7.7 Drainage and Construction Dewatering

Proper drainage should be provided away from the foundation elements during all phases of construction and post-construction grading. Proper drainage is essential to the long-term stability of the structures. Ponding of water near the foundation elements from improper drainage should not be permitted.

Based on the available groundwater information, shallow groundwater should not be a concern for proposed foundation and electrical trench excavations. If rain causes perched water conditions, we anticipate the groundwater re-charge rate should be slow enough to conduct excavation dewatering with conventional sumps and pumps in the majority of project area. If different condition is encountered during construction, approximate dewatering means and methods shall be considered by the contractor.

8.0 ACCESS ROADWAYS

8.1 Pavement Section Thickness Recommendations Based on 1993 AASHTO

It is our understanding that private access roadways will be built for construction and maintenance purposes and these roadways will consist of compacted earth or gravel. Traffic volumes during construction are anticipated to be frequent with medium to heavy equipment utilizing the access roadways. Following the construction period, the traffic volumes will be light and vehicles accessing the roadways will generally consist of pickup trucks and occasional single and multi-unit truck traffic.

The surficial materials encountered within a majority of the testing locations indicated native soils consisting of clay soils with varying amounts of sand and silt. These materials are generally considered to be poor in terms of supporting vehicular and construction traffic as defined by AASHTO when used for support of pavement structures. The estimated aggregate base thickness is presented below based on the anticipated ESAL values of different road sections within typical solar project. Based on laboratory testing results, a CBR value of 1.5 is recommended for road section design purposes. If actual pavement design is based on wet subgrade without subgrade improvement, additional CBR tests are recommended to verity surficial materials encountered near road sections with higher required ESAL. If the actual ESAL and CBR are different from the values below, RRC should be contacted to reevaluate the aggregate base thickness. The final access roadway section thickness and required aggregate course material thickness recommendation should be provided by the Civil Engineer of Record of this project following.

Table 8.0.1 Estimated Aggregate Base Thickness for Access Roadway

Anticipated	Aggregate Base Thickness (inches) with Allowable Rut Depth of 2-inch					
Minimum ESAL for different road sections	Wet Subgrade Design CBR=1.5 (without Subgrade Improvement)	With Subgrade Improvement Using Soil-Cement/Lime Mix Assumed CBR=15*				
1,000	4.5	4.0				
10,000	10.0	4.5				

Notes: * A formal cement or lime mix design should be performed prior to construction to determine design unconfined compressive strengths, CBR values and aggregate base thicknesses.

Prior to the placement of the aggregate base materials along access roadway alignments, stripping and removal of existing vegetation and other deleterious materials from the proposed roadway alignment should be performed. Topsoil and organics should not be allowed for use along roadway alignments. The exposed subgrade should then be proof-rolled using a fully loaded 20-tons double-axle water-truck or similar heavy equipment prior to the placement of the aggregate base course materials to assess the presence of soft areas and the need for remedial measures, if any. In areas where excessive "pumping" of the subgrade is observed, partial removal of unsuitable soils in these areas and re-compaction and/or replacement with granular materials will be required. As an alternative, consideration should be given to placing geogrid (Tensar Biaxial Type 2 or equivalent) on top of geotextile (Mirafi HP 570 or equivalent) in areas where excessive "pumping" is observed. Aggregate base materials should be compacted to a minimum of 95% of ASTM D1557 and within 2% of the optimum moisture content.

Consideration could also be given to performing a cement or lime mix design to stabilize the subgrade soils supporting pavement structures as an alternative. Stabilized subgrade materials treated to a depth of 8 to 12 inches with about 4 to 6% cement or about 5 to 7% hydrated lime by dry weight can achieve higher CBR values when compacted to 95% of the maximum dry density as determined by ASTM D698 at or near optimum moisture content. Aggregate base thickness for stabilized access roadway sections could be reduced. A soil-cement testing was performed using the sample collected at the selected location, details are included within the following section.

It is imperative that proper drainage be provided in the construction of the roadways to enhance their performance. Post-construction proof rolling of the access roads should be performed prior to re-opening the roadways for traffic after periods of heavy rainfall/snow melt to assess stability of the roadway and the need for remedial measures. Areas where remedial measures are required should be re-worked and corrected prior to acceptance. It is also imperative that periodic inspection of the access roadways be performed following periods of rainfall or snowmelt to assess the condition of the roads.

9.0 LIMITATIONS

Recommendations contained in this report are based on our field observations and subsurface explorations, limited laboratory tests, and our present knowledge of the proposed construction. It

is likely soil conditions will vary between or beyond the points explored. If soil conditions are encountered during construction that differ from those described herein, we should be notified immediately in order to provide supplemental recommendations (if needed). If the scope of the proposed construction, including the proposed loads or structural locations, changes from those described in this report, our data should also be reviewed.

We have prepared this report in substantial accordance with the generally accepted geotechnical engineering practice as it exists in the site area at the time of our study. No warranty is expressed or implied. The recommendations provided in this report assume RRC will conduct an adequate program of tests and observations during the construction phase in order to evaluate compliance with our recommendations.

This report may be used only by the client and only for the purposes stated, within three years from its issuance. Land use, site conditions (both on site and off site) or other factors may change over time, and additional work may be required with the passage of time. Any party other than the client, or the client's design team members for this project, who wishes to use this report shall notify RRC of such intended use. Based on the intended use of the report, RRC may require that additional work be performed and that an updated report be issued. Non-compliance with any of these requirements by the client or anyone else will release RRC from any liability resulting from the use of this report by any unauthorized party.

Other standards or documents referenced in any given standard cited in this report, or otherwise relied upon by the authors of this report, are only mentioned in the given standard; they are not incorporated into it or "included by reference," as that latter term is used relative to contracts or other matters of law.

10.0REFERENCES

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810 Hesters Crossing Rd, Suite 120 Round Rock, TX 78681 512.992.2087

APPENDIX A



Table A1: Geographic Latitude and Longitude as well as Summary of Field Exploration Program

Testing ID	Latitude	Longitude	Electrical Resistivity Testing	Thermal Resistivity Samples	In-Situ TR Testing	CBR	PLT	Drilling/ Test Date	Auger (ft)	Total Depth (ft)	Groundwater During Drilling (ft)	Groundwater Immediately After Drilling (ft)	Remarks
B-01	39.54345	-83.02570					X	11/09/21	15.5	15.5	9	5	
B-02	39.54127	-83.02370					X	11/09/21	15.5	15.5	NE	NE	
B-03	39.53893	-83.01620					X	11/09/21	15.5	15.5	NE	NE	
B-04	39.53598	-83.01980					Х	11/09/21	15.5	15.5	12	6	
B-05	39.53743	-83.02880					Х	11/09/21	15.5	15.5	14	NE	
B-06	39.53506	-83.02550					Х	11/09/21	15.5	15.5	NE	NE	
B-07	39.53290	-83.02230					Х	11/10/21	15.5	15.5	NE	NE	
B-08	39.53193	-83.01650					Х	11/10/21	15.5	15.5	9	7	
B-09	39.52992	-83.02720					Х	11/10/21	15.0	15.0	NE	NE	
B-10	39.52840	-83.01830					Х	11/10/21	15.5	15.5	NE	NE	
B-11	39.52556	-83.02630					X	11/10/21	15.5	15.5	10	6	
B-12	39.52353	-83.02130					X	11/08/21	15.5	15.5	NE	NE	
B-13	39.51950	-83.02720					X	11/08/21	15.5	15.5	NE	NE NE	
B-14	39.52044	-83.01960					Х	11/08/21	15.5	15.5	NE	NE	
B-15	39.51555	-83.02310					X	11/08/21	15.5	15.5	NE	NE	
B-16	39.51239	-83.01600					Х	11/08/21	15.5	15.5	NE	NE	
B-17	39.51270	-83.01160					X	11/08/21	15.5	15.5	NE	NE	
B-18	39.51802	-83.01390					X	11/08/21	15.5	15.5	NE	NE	
B-19	39.52835	-83.01470					Х	11/08/21	15.5	15.5	14	NE	
SUB-1	39.54285	-83.02588						11/09/21	50.5	50.5	29	8.5	
TP-01	39.54264	-83.02530			Х			11/02/21	10.0	10.0	6.5	NA NA	
TP-02	39.53866	-83.02120			X	Х		11/01/21	10.0	10.0	NE	NE NE	
TP-03	39.53566	-83.02320						11/01/21	10.0	10.0	NE	NE	
TP-04	39.53286	-83.01910						11/12/21	9.0	9.0	9	NA	
TP-05	39.53024	-83.02340			Х	Х		11/01/21	11.0	11.0	NE	NE	
TP-06	39.52801	-83.02070						11/01/21	10.0	10.0	NE	NE	
TP-07	39.52503	-83.02350						11/12/21	10.0	10.0	9.5	NA	
TP-08	39.52231	-83.02740			Х	Х		11/02/21	10.0	10.0	NE	NE NE	
TP-09	39.52153	-83.02190			X			11/01/21	10.0	10.0	NE	NE	
TP-10	39.51391	-83.01900		Х	X	Х		11/02/21	10.0	10.0	NE	NE NE	
TP-11	39.51491	-83.01330			X	X		11/02/21	10.0	10.0	NE NE	NE NE	
R-1	39.54281	-83.02588	Х					11/11/21		. 0.0	.,_		
R-2	39.53327	-83.01770	X					11/11/21					
R-3	39.52900	-83.02600	X					10/31/21		1			
R-4	39.52461	-83.01850	X					11/12/21					
R-5	39.52126	-83.02750	X					11/09/21		1			
R-6	39.51514	-83.02000	X					11/10/21					
R-7	39.51451	-83.01300	X					11/07/21		1		†	

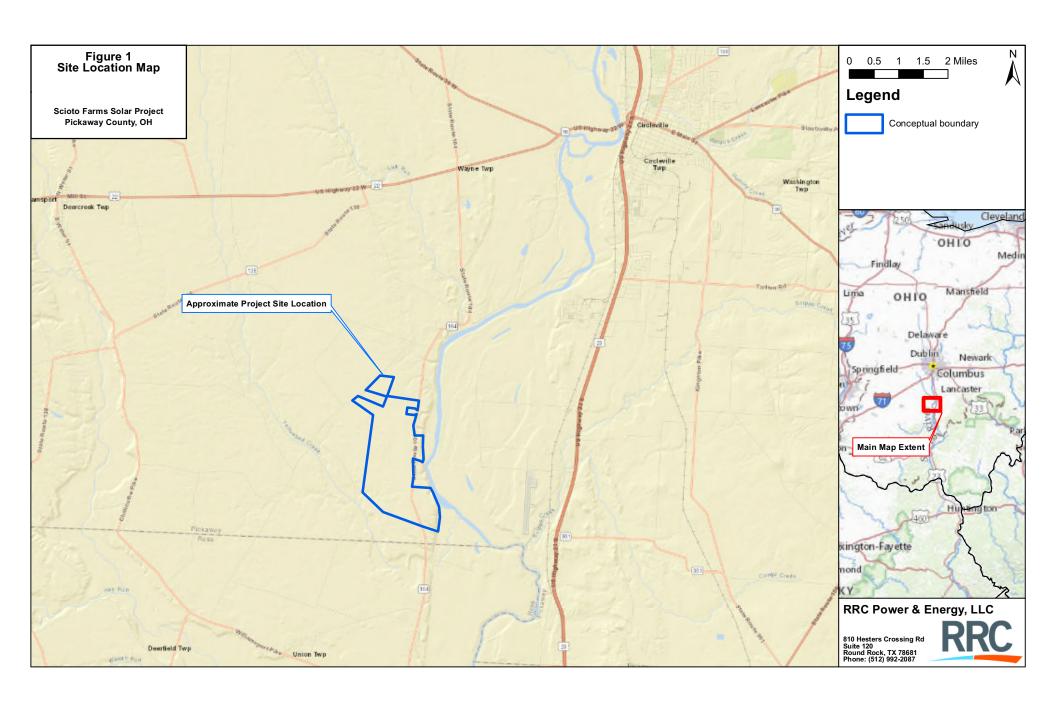
Notes: NE = Not Encountered; NA = Not Available

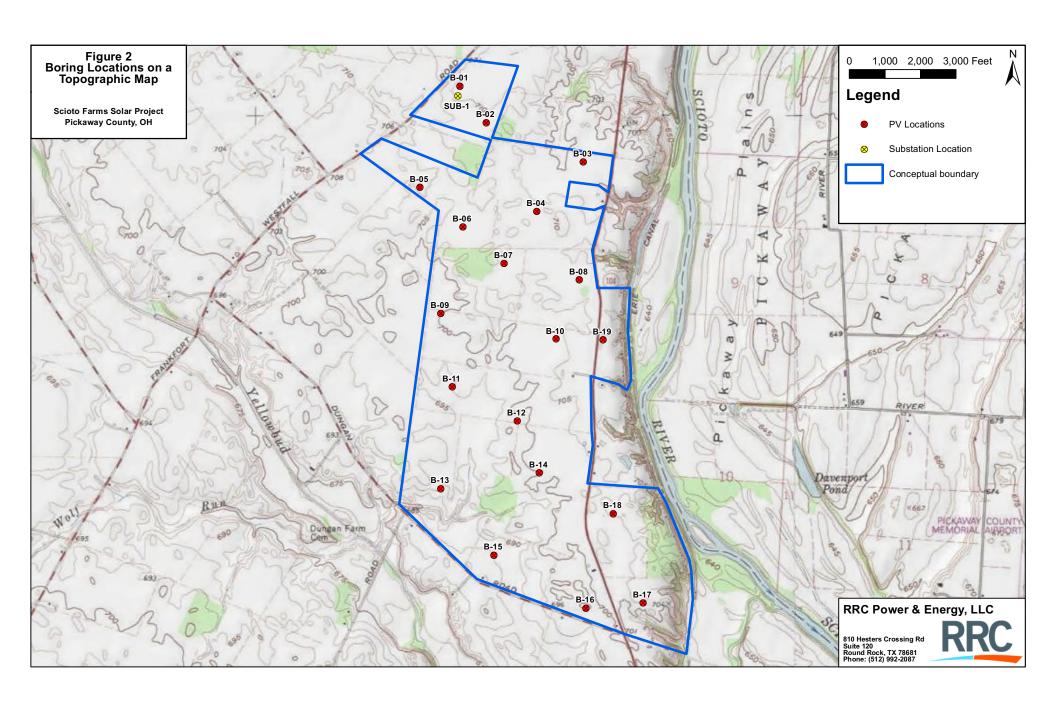
Page 1 of 1 Updated on 12/15/2021

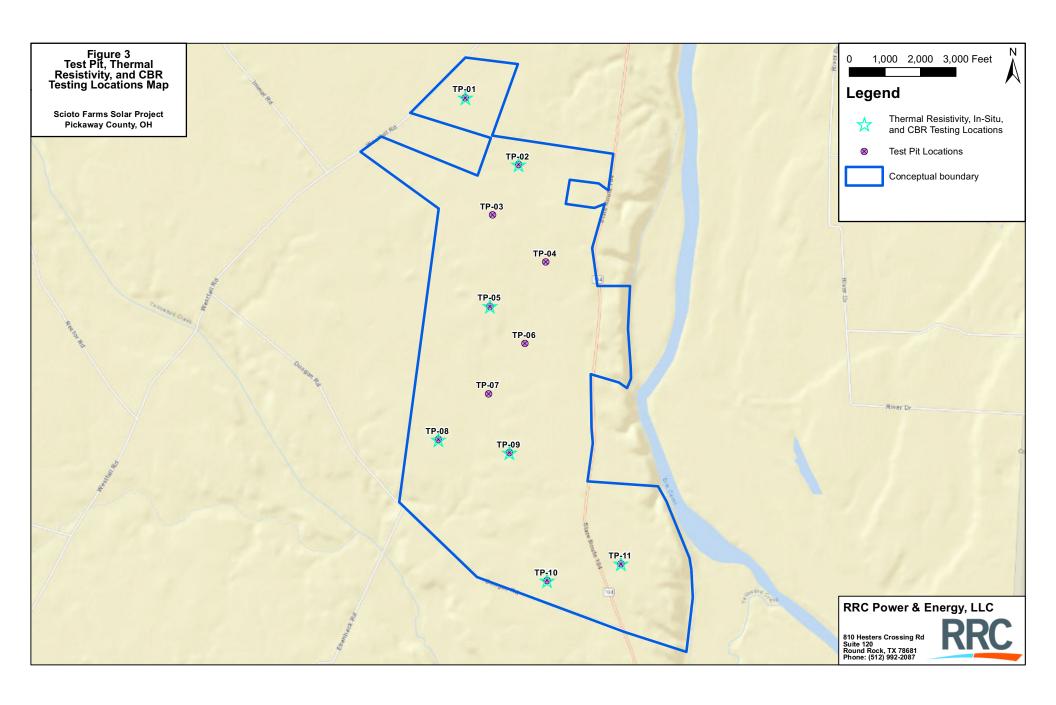


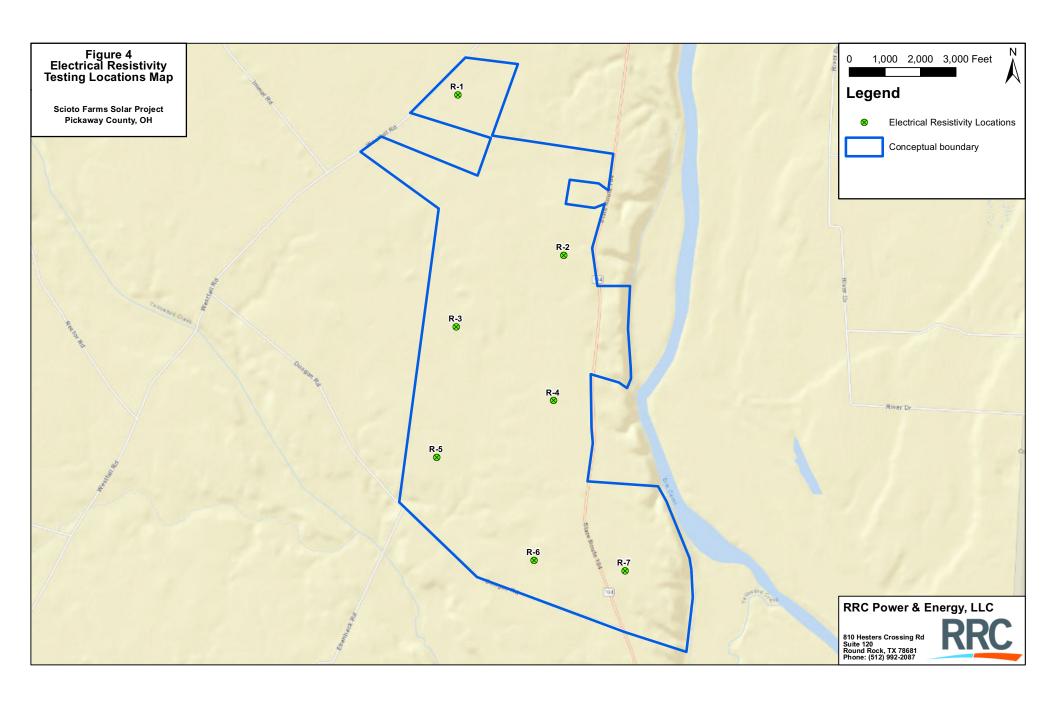
 Table A2 : Well Log Information Obtained from the Ohio Department of Natural Resources

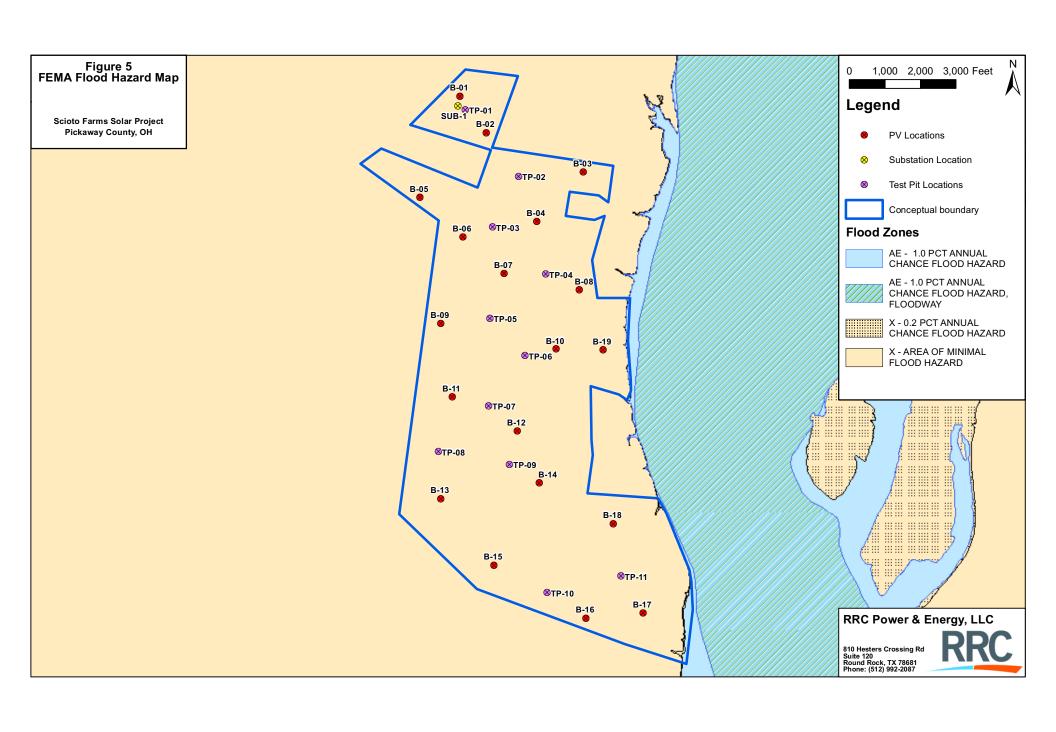
Water Well No.	Latitude (degree °)	Longitude (degree °)	Elevation (feet above sea level)	Well Depth (feet below land surface)	Static Water Level Record (feet below land surface)	Reported Drilling Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	
46721	39.526843	-83.018419	705	110.0	65.0	N/A	
2086270	39.546836	-83.022912	713.0	68.0	16.0	05/26/2021	
2073107	39.534444	-83.013889	705	74.0	30.0	4/2/2019	
738356	39.527170	-83.038690	696.0	26.0	20.0	11/12/1991	
124716	39.522246	-83.016241	705	109.0	30.0	03/27/1959	
95695	39.51325	-83.026906	671.0	32.0	15.0	01/01/1954	
990182	39.51278	-83.033890	676.0	47.0	15.0	10/28/2005	
2039795	39.53307	-83.047230	698.0	58.0	8.0	09/19/2021	
789420	39.5417	-83.029220	707.0	62.0	20.0	08/19/1994	
1009392	39.5475	-83.010000	677.0	87.0	36.0	02/29/2008	

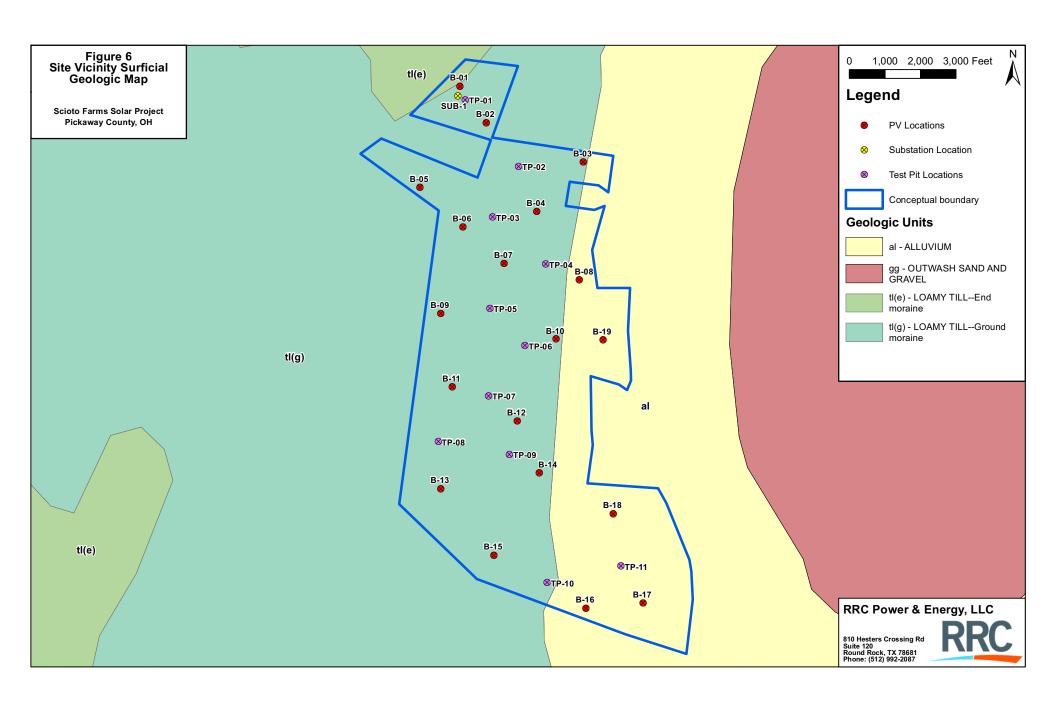


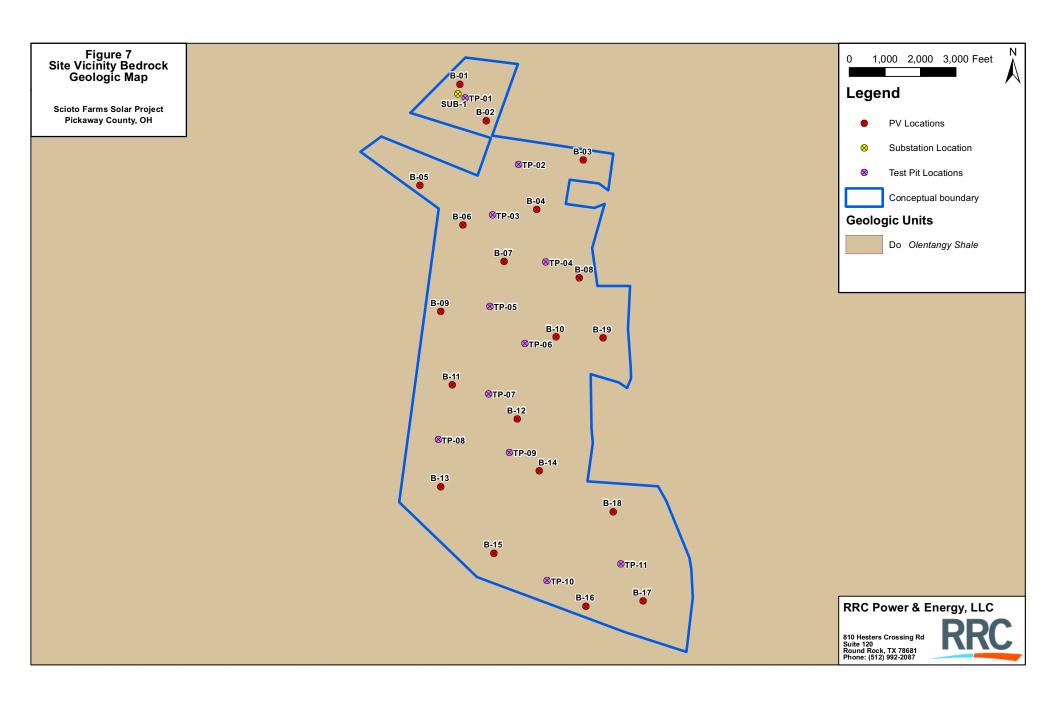


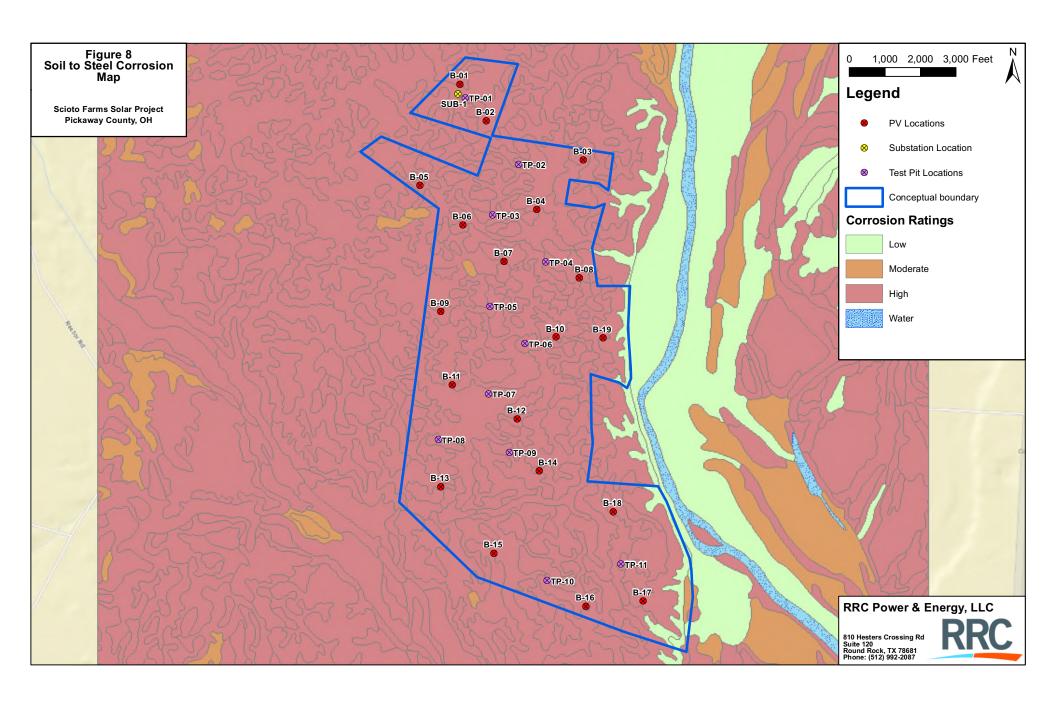


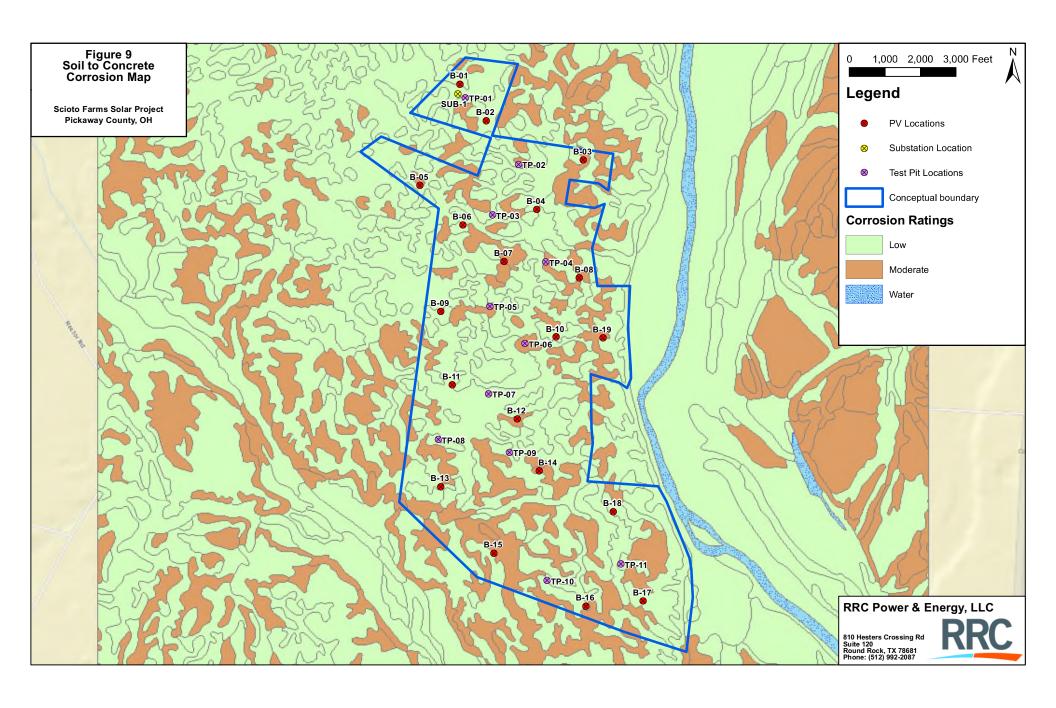


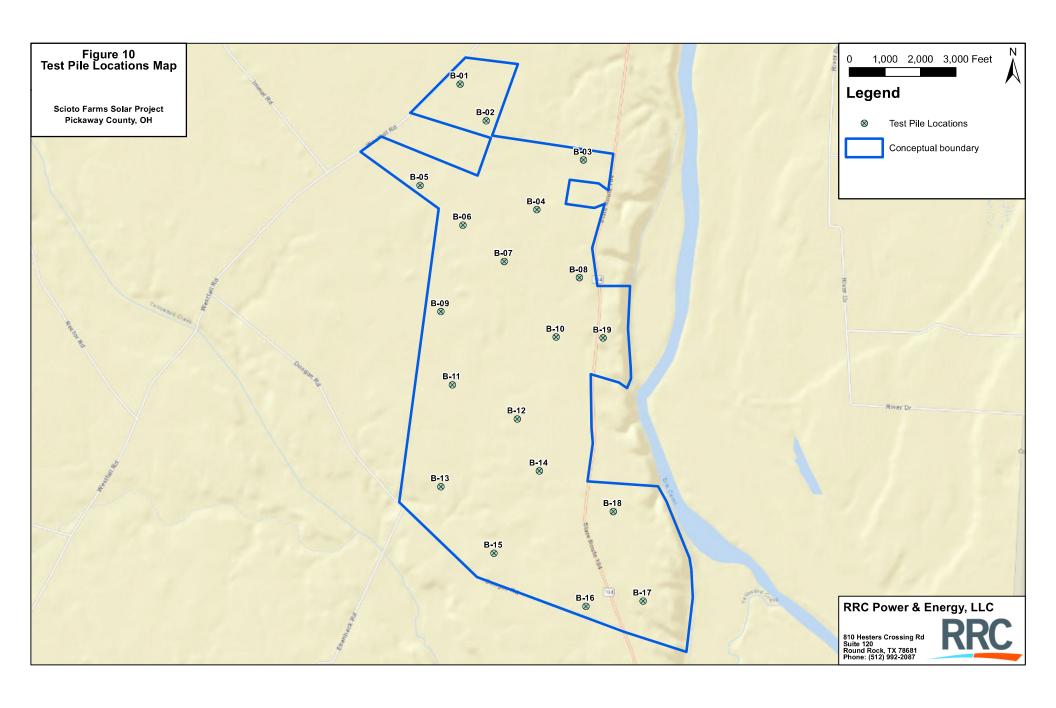


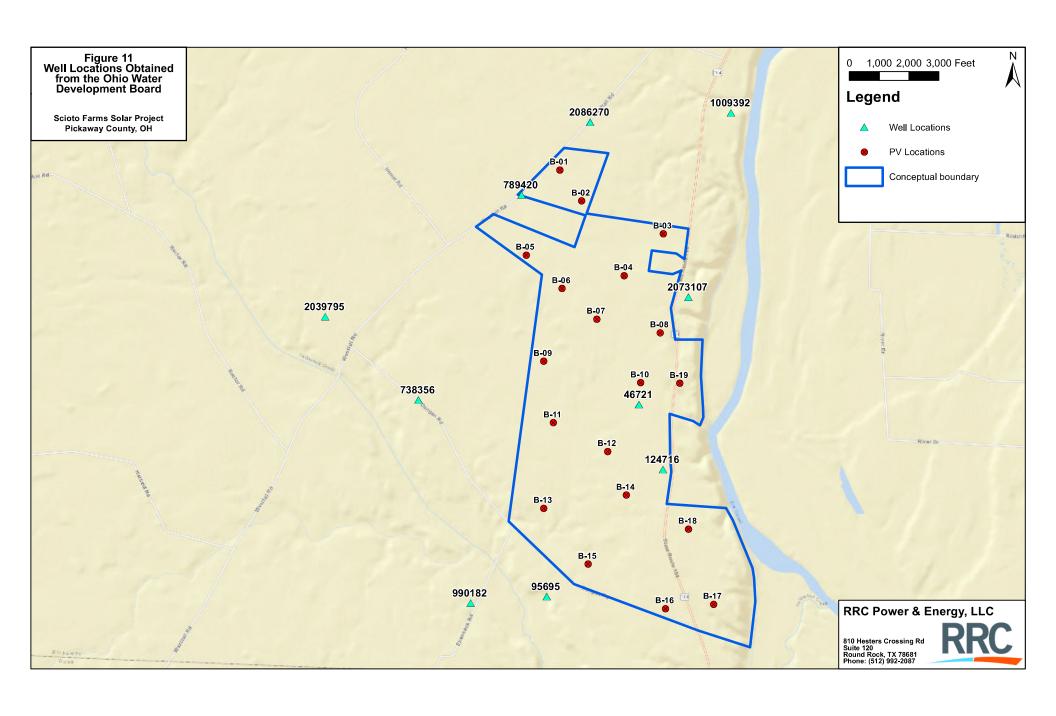








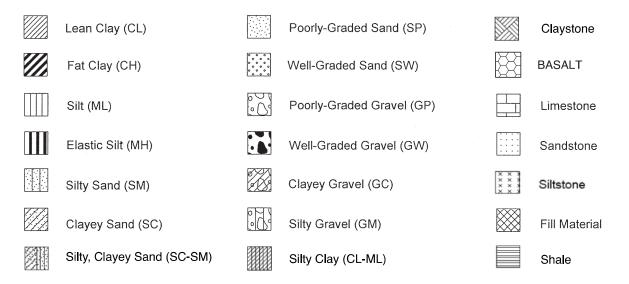




BORING LOG KEY

	FIE	LD	DATA			LΑ	BOI	RATO	RY DA	ATA			DRILLING METHOD(S):
SOIL SYMBOL	ОЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	N: BLOWS/FT P: TCNS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)		PLASTIC LIMIT THE		DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ FT)	-AILURE STRAIN (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	Continuous Flight Auger/Hollow-stem Auger/Wet Rotary/NX Core GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Subsurface water was not encountered either during or upon completion of the drilling operations. SURFACE ELEVATION: ft. DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
0,	- "	-				BE SAN			0000	ш.	00	=	DESCRIPTION OF OTTOATOM
	5 -		P = 4.5+ - SPLI N = 50 (SPT) N = 40 (Modi	T SPOO fied Co ER CU Z - INI Z - W/	ON SAI A Sam JTTINO	MPLE pler) GS DUNDWA	ter ob	SERVATIOI DF DRILLI	NG, OR AS \$	SHOWN			TESTING SYMBOLS DEFINITIONS N - STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESISTANCE P - POCKET PENETRATION TEST RESISTANCE T - TXDOT CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE R - ROCK CORE RECOVERY RQD - ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION

TYPICAL SOIL AND ROCK SYMBOLS (USCS CLASSIFICATION)



DEGREE OF WEATHERING

- 1) Unweathered: No evidence of any chemical or mechanical alteration.
- 2) Slightly weathered: Slight discoloration on surface, slight alteration along discontinuities, less than 10% of the rock volume altered.
- 3) Moderately weathered: Discoloring evident, surface pitted and altered with alteration penetrating well below rock surfaces, weathering "halos" evident, 10% to 50% of the rock volume altered.
- 4) Highly weathered: Entire mass discolored, alteration pervading nearly all of the rock with some pockets of slightly weathered rock noticeable, some minerals leached away.
- 5) Decomposed: rock reduced to a soil with relicit rock texture, generally molded and crumbled by hand.

SOIL STRUCTURE

Calcareous.......Containing calcium carbonate

Slickensided......The presence of planes of weakness having a slick and glossy appearance

Interbedded......Alternating layers of varying material



CLIENT: Candela Renewables
PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar
LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

						•		•	,					DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/9/2021
		FIE	LD	DATA			L/	AΒO	RATO	DRY DA	AΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
					(%) L	ATT L	ERBI	S			(%)	RE	E (%)	Hollow Stem Auger
047.GPJ		DЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	N. BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater encountered at 9 ft. during drilling and measured at 5 ft. immediately after drilling
GE2110047.GPJ	<u> </u>	EPT	AMP	B. 101 % G	IOIS		PL		RY I	OMF	TRA	NO NO	IINU	SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):
11004		Δ ,	\ <u>\</u> \	ZTHKK	2		PL	PI	ОР	SSE	S	0.6	2	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM 8 in. Topsoil
GE21														FAT CLAY (CH), trace Sand, brown, medium stiff, moist
:E2110047\SCIOTO-(N = 6	26	55	23	32					86	TAT CLAT (CIT), trace Sand, blown, medium still, moist
21\SCIOTO SOLAR - G		5		N = 7	7 19									Grading with Sand
IS/202														SANDY FAT CLAY (CH), brown, very stiff to hard, dry to moist
SECT		•	۱	P = 4.5	16				118				64	
G DRIVE/GINT/PRC		10		N = 37	8									Grading trace Gravel
NGEOTECHNICAL				N = 25	15									
P2\02 DESIGN		15 ·	\bigvee	N = 27										
:\OPERATIONS\OP2\C														Total Depth = 15.5 ft.
RENEWABLE LOG - LOG A GNNL01.GDT - 1/14/22 18:59 - R:\OPERATIONS\OF														
RENEWABLE LOC	P T R	- PO(- TXD - RO(CKE OT CK	DARD PENE T PENETF CONE PE CORE REC	ROME NETF COVE	ETER RATIO ERY	RES	ISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.543449, Long83.025651



CLIENT: Candela Renewables
PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar
LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047

DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/9/2021

<u> </u>													DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/9/2021
	FIE	LD	DATA			LA	ABO	RATO	DRY DA	AΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
П						ERBI							Hollow Stem Auger
SOIL SYMBOL	DЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	N. BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT P: TONS/SQ FT F: 8. R: 8. RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	F LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during or immediately after drilling SURFACE ELEVATION (FT): DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
7 <u>1 1</u> 4.		11	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_		<u> </u>	• •		00,0	- 0,		_	8 in. Topsoil
S OIL S			N = 10	25									FAT CLAY (CH), with Sand, brown, stiff, moist
	5		P = 4.5	13	22	13	9	123				57	SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), gray, medium stiff to hard, moist
			N = 6	16									
	10		N = 7	17									
			N = 29										Grading trace Gravel
	15		N = 32	10									
													Total Depth = 15.5 ft.
F 7 F	P - PO T - TXE R - RO	CKI DOT CK	DARD PENE ET PENETF CONE PEI CORE REC CK QUALIT	ROME NETF COVE	ETER RATIO	RES	ISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.541270, Long83.023684



CLIENT: Candela Renewables
PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar
LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047

DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/9/2021

L														DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/9/2021
Г		FIE	ELD	DATA			L/	ABO	RATO	RY DA	AΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
r	\top						ERBI							Hollow Stem Auger
~ I	SOIL SYMBOL	DEPTH (FT)	SAMPLES	N. BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	F LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during or immediately after drilling SURFACE ELEVATION (FT): DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
	<u>''</u>													8 in. Topsoil
)[AR - GE2110047/SCIO10-G		5		N = 7 N = 13	25	62	21	41					85	FAT CLAY (CH), trace Sand and Gravel, brown, medium stiff to hard, moist
NPROJECI S/2021/SCIOTO SO		5	7\\	P = +4.5										CLAYEY SAND (SC), trace Gravel, gray, medium dense, moist,
)TECHNICAL\G DRIVE\GIN		10		N = 23 N = 10	14									SANDY FAT CLAY (CH), trace Gravel, gray, stiff, moist
			F											POORLY GRADED SAND (SP-SC), with Clay, gray, medium
5		15	$\rfloor \rangle$	N = 27	10									dense, moist, fine grained
KENEWABLE LUG - LUG A GNNLU1.GDI - 1/14/22 18:59 - K:\OPERATIONS\OP2\\Z UES\ 		15												Total Depth = 15.5 ft.
RENEWABLE LUC	F T F	P - PO - TXI R - RO	CK DO CK	DARD PENE ET PENETF CONE PE CORE REC CK QUALIT	ROME NETF COVE	ETER RATIO	RES	ISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.538930, Long83.016281



CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

L														DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/9/2021
		FIE	LC	DATA			L/	ABO	RATO	DRY DA	AΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
E2110047.GPJ	SOIL STMBOL	DЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	N. BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)		PLASTIC LIMIT		DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater encountered at 12 ft. during drilling and measured at 6 ft. immediately after drilling SURFACE ELEVATION (FT): DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM 1 ft. Topsoil
010 010 010			M	N = 7	28									CLAYEY SAND (SC), dark brown, medium stiff to stiff, moist, fine grained
P2/02 DESIGNIGEOTECHNICALIG DRIVE/GINT/PROJECTS/2021/SCIOTO SOLAR - GE2110047/SCIOTO-GE2110047.GPJ		5		P = 1.25	24	25	14	11	99	1.27	12.1	0.0	47	J. T.
ROJECTS/202			$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	N = 4	24	28	16	12					68	SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), gray, soft, moist
AG DRIVE/GINT/PF		10		N = 10	14									FAT CLAY (CH), with Sand, brown, stiff, moist
EOTECHNICA			$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	N = 24	11									POORLY GRADED SAND (SP-SC), with Clay, gray, medium dense, moist to wet, fine grained
02 DESIGNIGE		15	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	N = 23										FAT CLAY (CH), trace Sand, gray, very stiff, moist
RENEWABLE LOG - LOG A GNNL01.GDT - 1/14/22 18:59 - R:\OPERATIONS\OP2\\														Total Depth = 15.5 ft.
RENEWABLE LOG	P T R	- PO - TXE - RO	CKI DOT CK	DARD PENI ET PENETF CONE PE CORE REC CK QUALIT	ROME NETF	ETER RATIO	RES	ISTA ESIS	NCE			I		REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.535980, Long83.019834



CLIENT: Candela Renewables
PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar
LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047

DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/9/2021

													DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/9/2021
	FIE	ELD	DATA			L/	٩ВО	RATO	DRY DA	AΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
						ERB							Hollow Stem Auger
SOIL SYMBOL	DЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	N. BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	F LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	D PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater encountered at 14 ft. during drilling and not encountered immediately after drilling SURFACE ELEVATION (FT): DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
		Н											6 in. Topsoil
	- - - - 5	1	N = 6 P = 3.5	18				121	1.94	6.8	0.0		FAT CLAY (CH), with Sand, dark brown, medium stiff to very stiff, moist
PROJECT OCIONO	-		N = 6	14									Grading gray
	- 10 - -		N = 13 N = 7	12									
	-	M	<u>`</u>	¥									POORLY GRADED SAND (SP-SC), with Clay, grayish brown,
	- 15		N = 12										medium dense, moist to wet, fine to coarse grained Total Depth = 15.5 ft.
	P - PO T - TXI R - RC	DOT DOK	DARD PENI ET PENETF CONE PE CORE REC CK QUALIT	ROME NETF	ETER RATIO	RES ON R	SISTA ESIS	NCE			1		REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.537430, Long83.028754



CLIENT: Candela Renewables Scioto Farms Solar PROJECT: Pickaway County, Ohio LOCATION:

ON: g or immediately after drilling
F STRATUM
ravel, brown, medium stiff to
, with Clay, grayish brown, coarse grained
62, Long83.025480



R - ROCK CORE RECOVERY **RQD - ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION**

RRC Power & Energy, LLC 810 Hesters Crossing Rd, Suite 120 Round Rock, TX 78681 Telephone: (512) 992-2087

CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar Pickaway County, Ohio LOCATION:

													DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/10/2021
FI	ΞL	D	DATA			L/	ΑВО	RATO	DRY DA	AΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
				(9)	ATT L	ERBI	ERG S					(6)	Hollow Stem Auger
SOIL STMBOL DEPTH (FT)		ņ	N: BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during or immediately after drilling
DEPTH (FT)	1	SAMPLES	% COWS/ONS/	ISTU		PLAS	PLA!	NDS	MPRI RENG NS/S	N N	NEIN UND	US N	SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):
	(;	∯/	8 : R : R : R : R : R : R : R : R : R :	MO	LL	PL	PI	POU	STF (TO	STF	CO (PO	Z	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
<u>14.</u>													10 in. Topsoil
	1	1	N = 6	25									FAT CLAY (CH), trace Sand, brown, medium stiff to stiff, moist
- 5		1	N = 10	13									
		1	N = 10	15									SANDY FAT CLAY (CH), trace Gravel, brown, stiff, moist
10		1	N = 18	10									CLAYEY SAND (SC), trace Gravel, grayish brown, medium dense to dense, dry to moist, fine grained
		1	N = 49										
15		1	N = 43										
													Total Depth = 15.5 ft.
P-PC	C	ΚE	ARD PENETF T PENETF CONE PE	ROME	ETER	RES	ISTA	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.532892, Long83.022294



CLIENT: Candela Renewables
PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar
LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047

DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/10/2021

													DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/10/2021
	FIE	ELD	DATA			L/	4BO	RATO	DRY DA	ATA			DRILLING METHOD(S):
		Π				ERB							Hollow Stem Auger
O-GEZTI0047.GFJ	DEPTH (FT)	SAMPLES	N: BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	T LIQUID LIMIT	TIMIT LIMIT	Ω PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater encountered at 9 ft. during drilling and measured at 7 ft. immediately after drilling SURFACE ELEVATION (FT): DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM 8 in. Topsoil FAT CLAY (CH), trace Sand and Gravel, brown, medium stiff to
SCIOLO SOLAK - GEZ MORA NOCIO	- - - - 5		N = 7 P = +4.5	13				127					hard, moist
OJEC I S/202 I	-		N = 17	14									SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), brown, very stiff, moist
G DRIVE/GINT/PR	10		N = 21	20									POORLY GRADED SAND (SP-SC), with Clay, brown, medium dense, moist to wet, fine grained
SIGN/GEOTECHNICAL	7 7 7 7 7 7 7		N = 20 N = 76/11"	10									CLAYEY SAND (SC), trace Gravel, gray, medium dense to very dense, moist, fine grained
	15	Λ	N = 76/11"										
1.001 - 1/14/22 10.39 - K.OTENATIONS/OFEN													Total Depth = 15.5 ft.
RENEWABLE LOG - LOG A GNNL01 GDT - 1/14/22 18:59 - R:\OPERATIONS\OPEVIZ\OPERATIONS\OPEVIZ\OPeviz\OPeviz\OPeviz\Opeviz\Opeviz\Opeviz\Opeviz\Opeviz\Opeviz\OPeviz\Ope	P - PO T - TXI R - RO	DO DO OCK	DARD PENI ET PENETF I CONE PE CORE REC ICK QUALIT	ROME NETI COVE	ETEF RATI ERY	R RES	SISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.531927, Long83.016545



RRC Power & Energy, LLC 810 Hesters Crossing Rd, Suite 120 Round Rock, TX 78681 Telephone: (512) 992-2087

CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar Pickaway County, Ohio LOCATION:

													DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/10/2021
	FIE	ELD	DATA			L/	ΑВО	RATO	DRY DA	ATA			DRILLING METHOD(S):
				(%)		ERB						(%)	Hollow Stem Auger
SOIL SYMBOL	(FT)	S	N. BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % ROD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during or immediately after drilling
ΓSΥ	БЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	"COW ONS, LOW COW	ISTU	ا ا	PLA	PLA	ZDE	MPRI RENG NS/S	RAIN		INS I	SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):
	DEF	SAN/	X 9 : X X	MO	LL	PL	PI	POU	STR (TO	STR	50	Z	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
\ 1 _{1/}													8 in. Topsoil
	-		N = 7	23									FAT CLAY (CH), trace Sand, brown, medium stiff to hard, moist
	- 5		N = 10	13									Grading with Sand
	- - - - 10		P = +4.5 N = 7	13				125					
	- - -		N = 12 N = 50/2"	12									
			14 - 30/2										Total Depth = 14.5 ft.
<u>!</u>	P - PO T - TXI R - RO	CKI DOT ICK	DARD PEN ET PENETF CONE PE CORE REC CK QUALIT	ROME NETI COVE	ETER RATI ERY	R RES	SISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.529920, Long83.027213



CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

L														DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/10/2021
		FIE	LC	DATA			LA	ABO	RATO	RY DA	ATA			DRILLING METHOD(S):
					(%)	ATT L	ERBI IMIT	ERG S			<u></u>		(%	Hollow Stem Auger
	SOIL SYMBOL	DЕРТН (FT)	LES	N. BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during or immediately after drilling
7.GP.	8	EPTI	SAMPLES	BLO TON BLO S%	LSIOI				RY D OUN	OMP TREP TONS	TRA	ONE NUO	SON	SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):
110047.GPJ	ν.		\ _S	/ 20.00	≥	LL	PL	PI	ΔĞ	OSE	ί	O.F.	Σ	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM 8 in. Topsoil
110047\SCIOTO-GE2				N = 6	29									FAT CLAY (CH), trace Sand, brown, medium stiff to very stiff, moist
CIOTO SOLAR - GE2		5		P = 3.0										
DJECTS/2021/S			$\frac{1}{}$	N = 10	13									Grading with Sand
DRIVE/GINT/PR(10		N = 30	12									POORLY GRADED SAND (SP-SC), with Clay, trace Gravel, medium dense, moist, fine grained
P2/02 DESIGN/GEOTECHNICAL/G DRIVE/GINT/PR				N = 20										CLAYEY SAND (SC), trace Gravel, gray, medium dense, moist, fine grained
02 DESIGNIG		15	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	N = 26	12									
9 - R:\OPERATIONS\OP2\														Total Depth = 15.5 ft.
RENEWABLE LOG - LOG A GNNL01.GDT - 1/14/22 18:59 - R:\OPERATIONS\O 														
RENEWABLE LOG - L	F T F	P - PO - TXE R - RO	CKI DOT CK	DARD PENI ET PENETF CONE PE CORE REC	ROME NETI COVE	ETER RATIO	RES	ISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.528398, Long83.018311



CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

L														DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/10/2021
Γ		FIE	LC	DATA			L/	ABO	RATC	RY DA	AΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
r	十					ATT	ERBI	ERG						Hollow Stem Auger
=2110047.GPJ ∵i≳I	SOIL SYMBOL	DEPTH (FT)	SAMPLES	N. BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	F LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT IM	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater encountered at 10 ft. during drilling and measured at 6 ft. immediately after drilling SURFACE ELEVATION (FT): DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM 8 in. Topsoil
900			\forall											FAT CLAY (CH), trace Sand, grayish brown, medium stiff to very
SCIOTO SOLAR - GE2110047\SCIOT		5		N = 8 P = 3.0	13				126					stiff, moist
OJECTS/2021/S			$\frac{1}{}$	N = 19	13									Grading with Sand
P2/02 DESIGN/GEOTECHNICAL/G DRIVE/GINT/PR		10		N = 27 <u> </u>	<u>7</u> 12									POORLY GRADED SAND (SP-SC), with Clay, trave Gravel, gray, medium dense, moist, fine grained
SEOTECHNICA			$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	N = 32	10									CLAYEY SAND (SC), trace Gravel, gray, dense to very dense, moist to wet, fine grained
102 DESIGNIC		15	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	N = 88/11"										
RENEWABLE LOG - LOG A GNNL01.GDT - 1/14/22 18:59 - R:\OPERATIONS\OP2\ 														Total Depth = 15.5 ft.
RENEWABLE LOG	F T F	P - PO - TXE R - RO	CKI DOT CK	DARD PENE ET PENETF CONE PE CORE REC	ROME NETF COVE	ETER RATIO	RES	ISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.525568, Long83.026332



CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar Pickaway County, Ohio LOCATION:

													DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/8/2021
	FIE	ELE	DATA			LA	٩ВО	RATO	RY DA	ATA			DRILLING METHOD(S):
				(%) T	ATT L	ERBI IMIT	s 			(%)	RE	E (%)	Hollow Stem Auger
047.GPJ SOIL SYMBOL	ET)	S	N. BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during or immediately after drilling
GPJ IL SY	ОЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	SLOW SLOWS/	ISTU		PLAS	PLAS	Y DEI	MPRE RENG NS/S	ZA N	NEN OND	N SNI	SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):
\circ —	DEI	/S	X Y L X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	Θ	LL	PL	PI	R G	SES	STF	88	Σ	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
SE211		H											6 in. Topsoil SANDY FAT CLAY (CH), brown, stiff to hard, moist
0047\SCIOTO-C	_		N = 15	24									CANDITAT CEAT (OTI), BIOWII, Suit to Haird, Hioist
CIOTO SOLAR - GE211	- - 5	-	P = 4.5	13				127					
OJECTS/2021/S	-		N = 9	13									
DRIVE/GINT/PR	- 10 -		N = 34	12									POORLY GRADED SAND (SP-SC), with Clay, gray, dense, moist, fine grained
EOTECHNICAL/G	- - -		N = 18										SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), trace Gravel, brown, stiff to very stiff, moist
02 DESIGNIGE	- - 15		N = 14	13									
:RATIONS\OP2\													Total Depth = 15.5 ft.
1/14/22 18:59 - R:\OPE													
OG A GNNL01.GDT -													
VEWABLE	P - PO T - TXI R - RO	CK OO CK	DARD PENE ET PENETF T CONE PE CORE RECOCK QUALIT	ROME NETF COVE	ETER RATIO	R RES	SISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.523525, Long83.021282



CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

						•		`	,					DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/8/2021
		FIE	LD	DATA			L/	ABO	RATO	DRY DA	AΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
					(%)	ATT L	ERBI IMIT	S			(%)	SE SE	(%)	Hollow Stem Auger
	SOIL SYMBOL	DЕРТН (FT)	ES	N. BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during or immediately after drilling
.GPJ	S	HE	SAMPLES	BLO TON BLO %	OIST	말			SY DI	OMPF TREN	RAII	ENC NNO	NUS	SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):
	<u>ω</u> .	<u> </u>	\ <u>\</u>	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Š	LL	PL	PI	P. P.	SEF	S	86	Σ	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
GE21	,, —													1 ft. Topsoil
GE2110047\SCIOTO-				N = 6	25									FAT CLAY (CH), with Sand, dark brown, medium stiff to hard, moist
SIOTO SOLAR-		5		P = +4.5										
21/SC				N = 13	13									
ROJECTS/20			\bigvee	N = 16										POORLY GRADED SAND (SP-SC), with Clay, gray, loose to very dense, moist, fine grained
/G DRIVE\GINT\PI		10		N = 9	11									
SEOTECHNICAL			$\frac{1}{}$	N = 32	12									
02 DESIGN(15	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	N = 73	9									
- R:\OPERATIONS\OP2\														Total Depth = 15.5 ft.
RENEWABLE LOG - LOG A GNNL01.GDT - 1/14/22 18:59 - R.\OPERATIONS\OP2\02 DESIGN\GEOTECHNICAL\G DRIVE\GINT\PROJECTS\202														
RENEWABLE LOG	F 1 F	P - PO(- TXE R - RO(CKE OOT CK	DARD PENE T PENETF CONE PE CORE REC CK QUALIT	ROME NETF COVE	ETER RATIO	RES	ISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.519511, Long83.027226



CLIENT: Candela Renewables
PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar
LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

						.ор.		. (_, -,	2 2001				DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/8/2021
		FIE	LD	DATA			L/	ABO	RATC	DRY DA	ATA			DRILLING METHOD(S):
					(%) TV	ATT L	ERBI IMIT	S			(%) =	URE	/E (%)	Hollow Stem Auger
	ABOL	(L-	S	3/FT SQ FT	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	ISITY /CU.FT	SSIVE TH Q. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during or immediately after drilling
47.GPJ	SOIL SYMBOL	ОЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	N: BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTUR	F LIQUI	PLAS	_ PLAS	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN /	CONFINI	MINUS N	SURFACE ELEVATION (FT): DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
21100	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\			/ 24-44	-		-			000	- 0,		_	8 in. Topsoil
9-6E		-	\forall											SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), brown, medium stiff to stiff, moist
GE2110047\SCIOTO-GE2110047.GPJ			-\\ -	N = 9	25									
SOLAR-		· 5	-\\ -	N = 5	16	34	16	18					68	
ROJECTS\2021		-		P = 2.0	22				108				68	Grading trace Gravel
2\(\)02 DESIGN\GEOTECHNICAL\G DRIVE\GINT\PROJECTS\\\2021\SCIOTO		· 10		N = 20	10									POORLY GRADED SAND (SP-SC), with Clay, gray, medium dense to dense, moist, fine to coarse grained
GEOTECHNIC		-	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	N = 16	10									
2/02 DESIGN		· · 15	$\sqrt{}$	N = 33										
RENEWABLE LOG - LOG A GNNL01.GDT - 1/14/22 18:59 - R:\OPERATIONS\OP														Total Depth = 15.5 ft.
G - LOG A GNNL01.GDT - 1/14														
RENEWABLE LC	F 7 F	P - PO F - TXE R - RO	CKE OOT CK	DARD PENI ET PENETF CONE PE CORE REC CK QUALIT	ROME NETI COVE	ETER RATIO ERY	RES	ISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.520432, Long83.019618



CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

													DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/8/2021
	FIE	ELD	D DATA			L/	٩ВО	RATO	DRY DA	AΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
				١ (%)		ERBI IM I T	S 			(%)	RE	(%)	Hollow Stem Auger
SOIL SYMBOL	(FT)	S	N. BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during or immediately after drilling
GPJ IL SY	ОЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	SLOW SLOW SLOW	JISTU	LE LE	PLA	PLA	Y DE	MPR RENC	ZAIN	NFN GND	INS I	SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):
SO SO	DE	\8	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	M	LL	PL	PI	R O	STI (TC	STF	88	Σ	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
GE2110047.GPJ		\vdash											6 in. Topsoil FAT CLAY (CH), with Sand, brown, stiff to hard, moist
0047/SCIO10-C	- -		N = 11	27									TAT CLAT (OTT), with Cand, brown, still to hard, moist
CIOTO SOLAR - GE211	- - 5 -		P = 3.5	12				122					
OJECTS/2021/SQ	-		N = 16	13									
DRIVEGINTAR	- - 10 -		N = 32	13									
OTECHNICALIG	-		N = 15	11									
2 DESIGNIGE	- - 15		N = 31										CLAYEY SAND (SC), gray, dense, dry to moist, fine grained
:RATIONS\OP2\0													Total Depth = 15.5 ft.
RENEWABLE LOG - LOG A GNNL01.GDT - 1/14/22 18:59 - R:\OPERATIONS\OP2\02 DESIGN\GEOTEOHN													
RENEWABLE LOG - L	P - PO T - TXI R - RO	DO DO	DARD PENE ET PENETF T CONE PE CORE RECOCK QUALIT	ROME NETF COVE	ETER RATIO	RES ON R	SISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.515554, Long83.023090



RQD - ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION

RRC Power & Energy, LLC 810 Hesters Crossing Rd, Suite 120 Round Rock, TX 78681 Telephone: (512) 992-2087 CLIENT: Candela Renewables
PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar
LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

				ıeı	epii	one	. (51	12) 99	12-2087				DATE(0) DDILLED 44/0/0004
T								D 4 T 6) DV D	\ T A			DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/8/2021 DRILLING METHOD(S):
-	ELI	D DATA			ATTI			RAIC	DRY DA	AIA			Hollow Stem Auger
DEРТН (FT)	SH SH	N: BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: %	%	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)		PLASTIC LIMIT		DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during or immediately after drillin
EPT	SAMPLES	.: BLC :: BLC :: BLC	GD:	NOIS	<u></u> LL	PL	립 PI	NNV E	COMP	TRA	ANO.	NIN US	SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):
	10.)	٠ 🗠	_		FL	П		000	0	0 =	2	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM 6 in. Topsoil
		N = 6	2	27									FAT CLAY (CH), with Sand, brown, medium stiff to hard, moist
- - 5 -		N = 20	2	21									
	_	P = 4.5											
- 10 -		N = 14											Grading trace Gravel
		N = 10											
15		N = 40	1	12									POORLY GRADED SAND (SP-SC), with Clay, gray, dense, moist, fine grained
													Total Depth = 15.5 ft.
P - PC T - TX R - RC	OCK OCK	DARD PE (ET PENE T CONE F (CORE R	TRO PENE ECO	ME ETR	TER ATIC RY	RES ON RI	ISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.512386, Long83.015924



CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

									-					DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/8/2021
		FIE	LC	DATA			L/	ΑВО	RATO	DRY DA	AΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
					(%)	ATT L	ERBI	ERG S			(9)	111	(%)	Hollow Stem Auger
	SOIL SYMBOL	DЕРТН (FT)	ES	N: BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during or immediately after drilling
GD.	SIC	PT.	SAMPLES	BLO/ TON: BLO/ DD: %	OIST				Z S S N N N N	OMPF TREN	'RAII	ENC NNO	NUS	SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):
1004	<u>X17/.:</u>	<u> </u>	\ <u>\</u>	\ <u> </u>	Š	LL	PL	PI	22	SEF	ST	86	Σ	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
GE21														1 ft. Topsoil
\SCIOTO-				N = 6	27									SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), brown, medium stiff to hard, moist
SCIOTO SOLAR - GE2110047		· 5		P = +4.5	14	25	15	10	118				56	
OJECTS/2021			$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	N = 10	12									
3 DRIVE/GINT/PF		10		N = 7	15	22	15	7					38	SILTY, CLAYEY SAND (SC-SM), trace Gravel, brown, loose to medium dense, moist, fine to coarse grained
EOTECHNICAL\(N = 9	14									
2 DESIGN/G		15		N = 20										
DERATIONS/OP2/02														Total Depth = 15.5 ft.
RENEWABLE LOG - LOG A GNNL01.GDT - 1/14/22 18:59 - R:IOPERATIONSIOP2/02 DESIGNICEOTECHNICALIG DRIVEIGINT/PROJECTS/2021/SCIOTO SOLAR - GE2110047/SCIOTO-GE2110047.GPJ														
RENEWABLE LOC	F 7 F	P - PO T - TXE R - RO	CKI DOT CK	DARD PENI ET PENETF CONE PE CORE REC	ROME NETF	ETER RATIO	RES	ISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.512701, Long83.011616



RRC Power & Energy, LLC 810 Hesters Crossing Rd, Suite 120 Round Rock, TX 78681 Telephone: (512) 992-2087

CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar Pickaway County, Ohio LOCATION:

					•		, i	,					DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/8/2021
	FIE	ELD	DATA			L/	٩ВО	RATO	DRY DA	AΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
				(%)	ATT L	ERBI IMIT	S			(%	Щ.	(%)	Hollow Stem Auger
047.GPJ SOIL SYMBOL	DЕРТН (FT)	LES	N. BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during or immediately after drilling
GE2110047.GPJ	EPT	SAMPLES	1: BLC 1: BLC 1: BLC 1: BLC 1: SCD: 0	NOIS		T PL	립 PI	NRY E	COMP	TRA	NO POUR	NIN (SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):
1100 17.7°		100	/ 20 - 66	_		PL	FI		000	o)	0 =	2	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM 8 in. Topsoil
E2110047\SCIOTO-GE2	_		N = 9	27									FAT CLAY (CH), with Sand, brown, stiff to very stiff, moist
MSCIOLO SOLAR - GI	- - 5 -		P = 4.0										
ROJECTS/202			N = 10	13									
S DRIVE/GINT/P	- 10 -		N = 11	13									
EOTECHNICALV	-		N = 10	12									Grading gray
2/02 DESIGNIG	- - 15		N = 12										
4:\OPERATIONS\OP?													Total Depth = 15.5 ft.
RENEWABLE LOG - LOG A GNNL01.GDT - 1/14/22 18:59 - R:\OPERATIONS\OP2\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\													
SLE LOG - LOG A G			DARD PEN ET PENETI						NCE				REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.518010, Long83.013908
RENEWAE	T - TX R - RC	DO.	CONE PE CORE REC CK QUALI	NETI	RATIO	N R	ESIS						



RRC Power & Energy, LLC 810 Hesters Crossing Rd, Suite 120 Round Rock, TX 78681 Telephone: (512) 992-2087

CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar Pickaway County, Ohio LOCATION:

													DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/8/2021
F	FIEL	_D	DATA			L/	٩ВО	RATO	DRY DA	AΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
				(9)		ERBI						(9)	Hollow Stem Auger
SOIL SYMBOL	DET I (T.)	SAMPLES	N. BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	F LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater encountered at 14 ft. during drilling and not encountered immediately after drilling SURFACE ELEVATION (FT): DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
1 <u>y</u> .		Ц											6 in. Topsoil
	-		N = 12	16	39	18	21					58	SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), brown, stiff to very stiff, moist
	5 - - -		P = 3.5										
	-	/\ \/	N = 9	15									
1	10 -		N = 10	11									
	-	M.	N = 14	12 7								33	CLAYEY SAND (SC), with Gravel, gray, medium dense, moist, fine to coarse grained
1	15 -	M.	N = 22										
													Total Depth = 15.5 ft.
P - I T - ⁻ R -	POC TXD ROC	OT OK	JARD PENE T PENETR CONE PEI CORE REC	ROME NETF COVE	ETER RATIO ERY	RES	ISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.528352, Long83.014660



CLIENT: Candela Renewables
PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar
LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

					•		`	,					DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/9/2021
	FIE	ELC	DATA			L/	AΒO	RATO	DRY DA	λΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
2002 DESIGNUCEOTECHNICAL G DRIVEGINTPROJECTS/2021/SCIOTO SOLAR - GEZ110047/SCIOTO-GEZ110047/GPJ	FIE (L4) HL430 5 10 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	SAMPLES	N = 4 P = 1.5 N = 31 N = 32 N = 50 N = 23	11 WOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIMIT GINOTI LL 35	ERBILIMIT 17 17 14	ERG	RATC DRY DENSITY 130	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH A A A COMPRESSIVE A A A COMPRESSIVE A A A COMPRESSIVE A A COMPRESSIVE A A COMPRESSIVE A COMPR	8. STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE O (POUNDS/SQ IN)	6 9 MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	DRILLING METHOD(S): Hollow Stem Auger GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater encountered at 29 ft. during drilling and measured at 8.5 ft. immediately after drilling SURFACE ELEVATION (FT): DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM 8 in. Topsoil SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), brown, soft, moist SANDY SILTY CLAY (CL-ML), trace Gravel, brown, stiff to hard, dry to moist
EOTECHNICAL	30	- - - -	N = 22	21									POORLY GRADED SAND (SP), trace Clay, brown, medium dense, moist to wet, fine grained
02 DESIGNIG	- 35 -		N = 26										FAT CLAY (CH), trace Sand, brown, very stiff, moist
ATIONS/OP2/	40		N = 23										
8:59 - R:\OPER	- - - 45 - -	- - - - -	N = 29										
RENEWABLE LOG - LOG A GNNL01.GDT - 1/14/22 18	- - - 50		N = 23	22									Total Depth = 50.5 ft.
RENEWABLE LOG	P - PC T - TX R - RC	DO DO DCK	DARD PEN ET PENETI T CONE PE CORE REC OCK QUALIT	ROME NETF	ETER RATIO	RES	ISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.542856, Long83.025881



CLIENT: Candela Renewables
PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar
LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

								,						DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/2/2021
ſ		FIE	LD	DATA			L/	ABO	RATC	RY DA	λΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
Ī					(%)	ATT L	ERBI IMIT:	S			(%	3E	(%)	Backhoe
PJ	SOIL SYMBOL	DЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	N. BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater encountered at 6.5 ft. during excavation SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):
2110047 GPJ	SOIL	DEP	SAM ∖SAM	R. H. B. H. C. H.	OM M	īL	PL	PI	DRY Pou	STR (TO)	STR	CON (POL	MIN	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
) SOLAR - GE2110047\SCIOTO-GE2110		5		P = 3.0										6 in. Topsoil FAT CLAY (CH), with Sand and Gravel, grayish brown, dry to moist
SINT\PROJECTS\2021\SCIOTO		10	-	Ž	7									POORLY GRADED SAND (SP), with Gravel, grayish brown, moist, fine to coarse grained
RENEWABLE LOG - LOG A GNNL01.GDT - 1/14/22 18:59 - R:\OPERATIONS\OP2\02 DESIGN\GEOTECHNICAL\G DRIVE\GINT\PROJECTS\2021\SCIO														Total Depth = 10 ft.
RENEWABLE LOC	F 1 F	P - PO(- TXE R - RO(CKE OOT CK	OARD PENE T PENETF CONE PEI CORE REC	ROME NETF COVE	ETER RATIO	RES ON R	ISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.54265, Long83.025287



T - TXDOT CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE R - ROCK CORE RECOVERY

RQD - ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION

RRC Power & Energy, LLC 810 Hesters Crossing Rd, Suite 120 Round Rock, TX 78681 Telephone: (512) 992-2087 CLIENT: Candela Renewables
PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar
LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

					порт	10110	. (0	12) 00	2 2001				DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/1/2021
	FIE	LD	DATA					RATO	DRY DA	λΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
				(%)	ATT L	ERBI IMIT	S			(%)	₹ 	(%)	Backhoe
			 -	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	TIMI	LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	<u>></u>	VE T)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during excavation
SOIL SYMBOL	DЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	N: BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	STURE (LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	LASTIC	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	AIN AT F	JEINING I	US NO. 2	SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):
SOIL	DEP	SAN	R: 91 18.7. T. 81 18.00 18.00 18.00	MO	LL	PL	PI	DRY POL	CON STR (TO)	STR	CO Pol	Z	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
17.7		_											6 in. Topsoil SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), trace Gravel, grayish brown, dry to moist
			P = N/A										moist
				16	26	14	12					52	
SOLAK-	5	-											Grading with Gravel
		-											
ZOZISIO		_											
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O		-											
	10												
CAL/G DI													Total Depth = 10 ft.
O I ECH													
SIGN/GE													
PZ/UZ DE													
OSNOIL													
C:\OPERA													
18:59 - 1													
WABLE LOG - LOG A GINILOT GDT - 1/14/22 18:59 - R: OPERATIONS/OPZ/02 DESIGN/GEOTECHNICAL/G DRIVE/GINT/PROJECT S/20/21/SGDT D S													
NL01.GD1													
JG A GNE													
) -90-1-	 N - ST.	ANE	ARD PENE	ETRA	AOITA	I TES	ST RE	SISTA	NCE				REMARKS:
ABLE	P - PO	CKE	T PENETF	ROME	ETER	RES	SISTA	NCE					GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.538661, Long83.021164



CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

								-					DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/1/2021
	FIE	LD	DATA			L/	AΒO	RATO	DRY DA	AΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
SOIL SYMBOL	DЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	N: BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT P: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	TI LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT TIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX B	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during excavation SURFACE ELEVATION (FT): DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
													1 ft. Topsoil
S TIOS 图像	- - - 5 - - - 10												FAT CLAY (CH), with Sand and Gravel, grayish brown, dry to moist Grading gray Total Depth = 10 ft.
	P - PO T - TXE R - RO	CKE OOT CK	DARD PENE ET PENETF CONE PEI CORE REC CK QUALIT	NETF OVE	ETER RATIO ERY	RES	ISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.535645, Long83.02316



CLIENT: Candela Renewables
PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar
LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

												DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/12/2021		
		FIELD DATA LABORATORY DATA									ATA			DRILLING METHOD(S):
					(%) TN	ATT L	ERBI IMIT:	S			(%)	URE	/E (%)	Backhoe
	SOIL SYMBOL	FT)	S	N: BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater encountered at 9 ft. during excavation
GP.	ΓSΥ	ОЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	LOW CONS/ COns/ Co	ISTU		PLA!	PLA!	Y DEI JND8	MPRI RENG NS/S	X N	NFIN	IUS N	SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):
\circ L		DEF	\&\	X Y : X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	MO	LL	PL	PI	DR' POL	STS TOT	STF	CO PO	MIN	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
E211	x ¹ 1/2.													6 in. Topsoil
O SOLAR - GE2110047\SCIOTO-G			- - -											FAT CLAY (CH), trace Sand and Gravel, grayish brown, dry to moist Grading with Sand
T/PROJECTS\2021\SCIOT		-	-	Ź	7									SANDY FAT CLAY (CH), grayish brown, dry to moist
RENEWABLE LOG - LOG A GNNL01.GDT - 1/14/22 18:59 - R:\OPERATIONS\OP2\02 DESIGN\GEOTECHNICAL\G DRIVE\GINTPROJ														Total Depth = 9 ft.
N - STANDARD PENETRATION TE P - POCKET PENETROMETER RE T - TXDOT CONE PENETRATION R - ROCK CORE RECOVERY RQD - ROCK QUALITY DESIGNAT								ISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.532859, Long83.019145



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CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar Pickaway County, Ohio LOCATION:

											DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/1/2021		
	FIELD DATA LABORATORY DATA									ATA		DRILLING METHOD(S):	
				(%	ATT L	ERBI	ERG S					(%)	Backhoe
SOIL SYMBOL	DEP TH (FT)	SAMPLES	N. BLOWS/FT P. TONS/SQ FT T. BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during excavation SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):
SOIL	DEP	SAM	RR: 81	ΘM	LL	PL	PI	DRY	CON STR (TO)	STR	\\ \(\text{SQ} \)	N	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
3.5	- - - 5		P = N/A	12 13	28 24	15 15	13 9	124	1.30	3.9	0.0	53 57	3 in. Topsoil SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), trace Gravel, grayish brown, dry to moist
	- - 10 -	-											Grading gray
													Total Depth = 11 ft.
	N. ST		AADD DEAV		TION		, T. D.		NCF				DEMARKO
	P - PO T - TXI R - RO	CKI DOT OCK	DARD PENE ET PENETF CONE PE CORE REC CK QUALIT	ROME NETI COVE	ETER RATIO	RES	ISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.530239, Long83.023432



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CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar Pickaway County, Ohio LOCATION:

													DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/1/2021
	FIE	ELD	DATA			L/	٩ВО	RATO	RY DA	AΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
				(9)	ATT L	ERBI	ERG S					(0	Backhoe
SOIL SYMBOL	DЕРТН (FT)	ES	N: BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during excavation
IL S	РТН	SAMPLES	SLOW SLOW SLOW D: %	JIST	ğ	PLA	PLA	Y DE	MPR REN	ZAIN	NFIN	SUN	SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):
	ЭG	\& \	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	M	LL	PL	PI	DR.	STS (TC)	STI	SP)	MIN	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
<u> </u>													6 in. Topsoil
	- - - - 5												SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), trace Gravel, brown, dry to moist Grading grayish brown
	- -	- - -											Grading with Gravel
	- - 10	-											
													Total Depth = 10 ft.
	P - PO T - TXI R - RO	CKI DOT ICK	DARD PENE ET PENETF CONE PEI CORE REC	ROME NETF COVE	ETER RATIO	RES	ISTA ESIS	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.528013, Long83.020691



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PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar
LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047

DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/12/2021

													DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/12/2021
	FIE	LD	DATA			L/	٩ВО	RATO	DRY DA	ATA			DRILLING METHOD(S):
						ERB	ERG						Backhoe
SOIL SYMBOL	DЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	N. BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT F: BLOWS R: R: RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	F LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater encountered at 9.5 ft. during excavation SURFACE ELEVATION (FT): DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
3 ,; ,;													1 ft. Topsoil
Misciol o solar - dez i iusa i solo i ca	- - - 5	-											FAT CLAY (CH), with Sand, grayish brown, dry to moist Grading trace Sand and Gravel
ElGINI ILLENOSECI OLO	10	-	<u>7</u>	Z									CLAYEY SAND (SC), trace Gravel, gray, dry to moist, fine to coarse grained
													Total Depth = 10 ft.
NEINEWARLE LO	N - STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESISTANCE P - POCKET PENETROMETER RESISTANCE T - TXDOT CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE R - ROCK CORE RECOVERY RQD - ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION											REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.525029, Long83.023482	



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CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

GE2110047 NUMBER:

													DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/2/2021
	FIE	LD	DATA			L/	۹ВО	RATO	RY DA	AΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
				(%	ATT L	ERBI IMIT	ERG S				111	(%)	Backhoe
SOIL SYMBOL	DЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	N: BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during excavation SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):
SOII	DEP	$\backslash SAN$		MO	LL	PL	PI	POL	STR (TO)	STR	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Z Z	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
<u> </u>		Ħ											6 in. Topsoil
S TIOS (S)	_ _ _		P = N/A	18 14	39 26	17 15	22 11	108	0.58	3.9	0.0	63 58	SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), trace Gravel, grayish brown, dry to moist
	- - 5	-											
	_ _ _ _	- -											
	10												Total Depth = 10 ft.
	N - ST	ANF	OARD PENE	ETRA	40IT	TES	ST RF	SISTA	NCE				REMARKS:
	N - STANDARD PENETRATION TEST RESISTANCE P - POCKET PENETROMETER RESISTANCE T - TXDOT CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE R - ROCK CORE RECOVERY RQD - ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION							NCE				GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.52234, Long83.027393	



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CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar Pickaway County, Ohio LOCATION:

													DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/1/2021
	FIE	LD	DATA			L/	٩ВО	RATO	DRY DA	AΤΑ			DRILLING METHOD(S):
				(%	ATT L	ERBI	ERG S					(%	Backhoe
SOIL SYMBOL	DЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	N. BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT	PLASTICITY INDEX	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during excavation SURFACE ELEVATION (FT):
SOIL	DEP.	SAM	R: BL RS: ROD:	MOIS		PL	PI	DRY	COM STRE	STR/	SON POL	MIN	DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
17,1									0 % 0			_	4 in. Topsoil
S TIOS L		- - - -	P = N/A										FAT CLAY (CH), with Sand and Gravel, grayish brown, dry to moist
	5												
	10	-											
													Total Depth = 10 ft.
F F	P - PO F - TXI R - RO	CKE DOT CK	DARD PENE ET PENETF CONE PE CORE REC	ROME NETF COVE	ETER RATIO	RES	ISTA ESIS	NCE				l	REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.521549, Long83.021939



T - TXDOT CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE R - ROCK CORE RECOVERY RQD - ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION

RRC Power & Energy, LLC 810 Hesters Crossing Rd, Suite 120 Round Rock, TX 78681 Telephone: (512) 992-2087

CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar Pickaway County, Ohio LOCATION:

													DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/2/2021
	FIE	LD	DATA					RATC	DRY DA	ATA			DRILLING METHOD(S): Backhoe
	DEPTH (FT)	SAMPLES	N: BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT T: BLOWS R: % RQD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	ATT LIQUID LIMIT	PLASTIC LIMIT THE	PLASTICITY INDEX OF III	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during excavation SURFACE ELEVATION (FT): DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
	5 -		P = +4.5	21 19	48 32	18 16	30 16	106	4.14	3.3	0.0	84 80	6 in. Topsoil LEAN CLAY (CL), with Sand, trace Gravel, grayish brown, hard, dry to moist
	10 -												Total Depth = 10 ft.
Р-	- PO(CKE	ARD PENE T PENETF CONE PE	ROME	ETER	RES	ISTA	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.513908, Long83.01896



T - TXDOT CONE PENETRATION RESISTANCE R - ROCK CORE RECOVERY RQD - ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION

RRC Power & Energy, LLC 810 Hesters Crossing Rd, Suite 120 Round Rock, TX 78681 Telephone: (512) 992-2087

CLIENT: Candela Renewables PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar Pickaway County, Ohio LOCATION:

													DATE(S) DRILLED: 11/2/2021
	FIE	LD	DATA					RATO	DRY DA	ATA			DRILLING METHOD(S): Backhoe
SOIL SYMBOL	DЕРТН (FT)	SAMPLES	N. BLOWS/FT P: TONS/SQ FT P: BLOWS R: % ROD: %	MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	TIMIT GINOIT	PLASTIC LIMIT INTERPLETATION	PLASTICITY INDEX OF IT	DRY DENSITY POUNDS/CU.FT	COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (TONS/SQ. FT)	STRAIN AT FAILURE (%)	CONFINING PRESSURE (POUNDS/SQ IN)	MINUS NO. 200 SIEVE (%)	GROUNDWATER INFORMATION: Groundwater not encountered during excavation SURFACE ELEVATION (FT): DESCRIPTION OF STRATUM
<u> </u>		Ħ											6 in. Topsoil
	- - - - 5 - -	-	P = 2.5	12	24	14	10					75	LEAN CLAY (CL), with Sand, trace Gravel, brown, very stiff, dry to moist Grading grayish brown
	- 10												Total Depth = 10 ft.
	P - PO	CKE	OARD PENE ET PENETF CONE PE	ROME	ETER	RES	ISTA	NCE					REMARKS: GPS COORDINATES: Lat. 39.514905, Long83.013319





810 Hesters Crossing Rd, Suite 120 Round Rock, TX 78681 512.992.2087

APPENDIX B



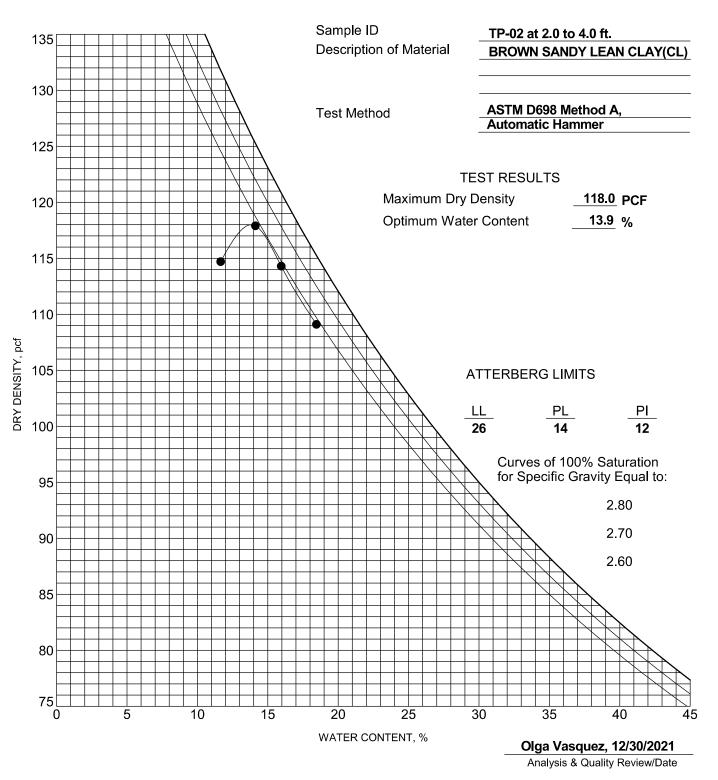
Beyond Engineering & Testing, LLC CLIENT: 3801 Doris Lane, Suite B Round Rock, TX 78664

Telephone: (512) 358-6048

RRC Power & Energy, LLC

PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047



Specimens prepared by: T.W.



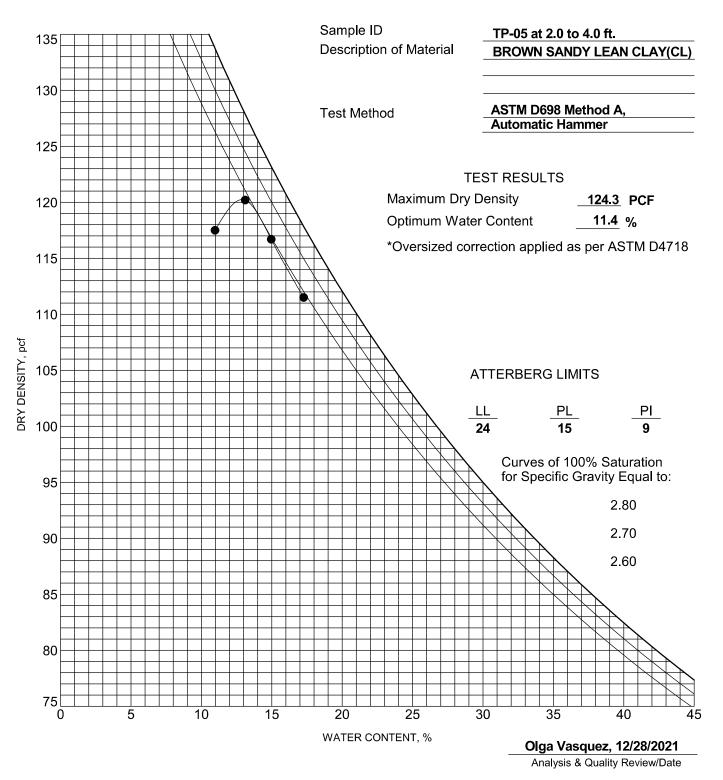
Beyond Engineering & Testing, LLC CLIENT: 3801 Doris Lane, Suite B Round Rock, TX 78664

Telephone: (512) 358-6048

RRC Power & Energy, LLC

PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047



Specimens prepared by: T.W.



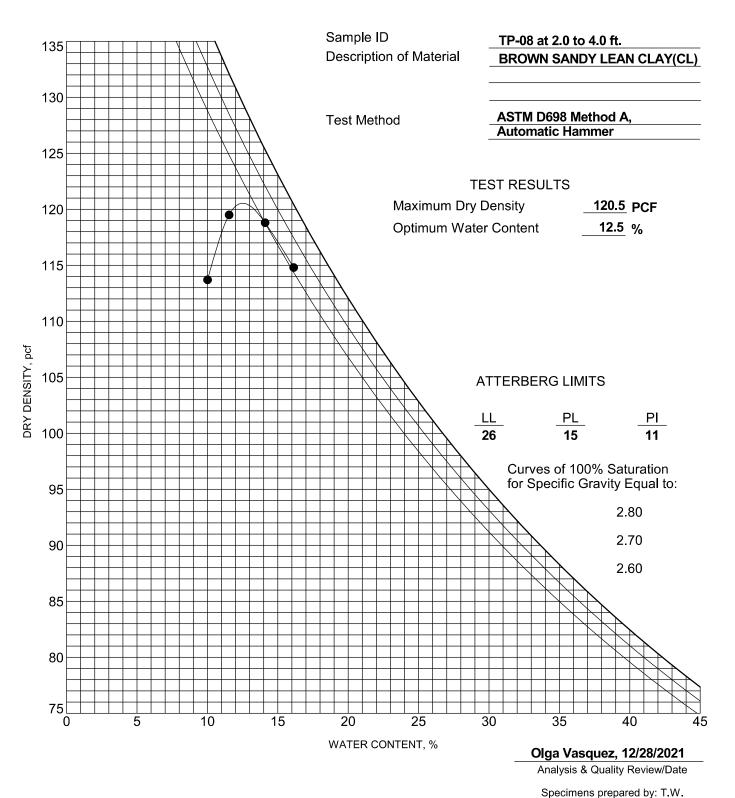
Beyond Engineering & Testing, LLC CLIENT: 3801 Doris Lane, Suite B Round Rock, TX 78664

Telephone: (512) 358-6048

RRC Power & Energy, LLC

PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047



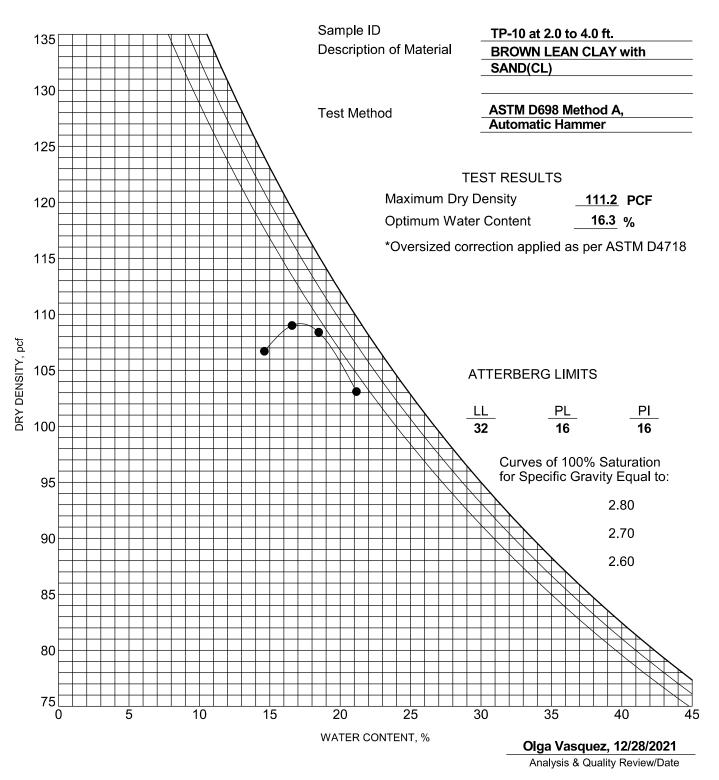


Beyond Engineering & Testing, LLC 3801 Doris Lane, Suite B CLIENT: Round Rock, TX 78664

Round Rock, TX 78664 Telephone: (512) 358-6048 RRC Power & Energy, LLC

PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047



Specimens prepared by: T.W.

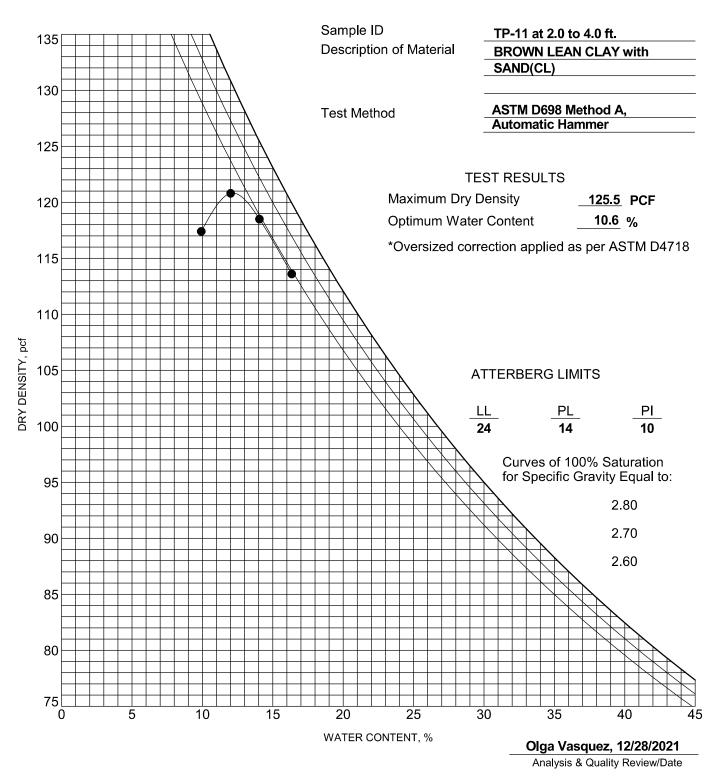


Beyond Engineering & Testing, LLC 3801 Doris Lane, Suite B CLIENT: Round Rock, TX 78664

Round Rock, TX 78664 Telephone: (512) 358-6048 RRC Power & Energy, LLC

PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047



Specimens prepared by: T.W.



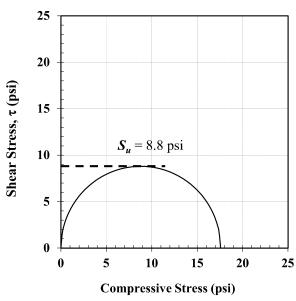
Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC Project No.: GE2110047 Type of Specimen: Shelby Tube Sample Project: Scioto Farms Solar Project Test Method: ASTM D2166 Strain Rate: 1.0 %/min

Sample I.D.: B-04 at 4 ft Test Date: 1/4/2022

	0	<u> </u>	5	10	1	.5	<u> </u> 20
			€ 50%				
Comp	5						
ressive	10						
Compressive Stress (psi)	15	-					
(psi)	20	<u>-</u> - -					
	25	-					

Initial Specimen Con	ditions	
Avg. Diameter (in)	D_{o}	2.02
Avg. Height (in)	H _o	4.36
In-situ Moisture Content (%)	Wo	23.8
Total Unit Weight (pcf)	γ_{total}	122.8
Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	$\gamma_{\rm dry}$	99.2
Saturation (%)	S_{r}	91.7
Void Ratio	e _o	0.70
Specific Gravity (Assumed)	G_s	2.70

Mohr Circles for Peak Stress at Failure



Stresses at Failure	
Unconfined Compressive Strength, q_u (psi)	17.6
Axial Strain at Failure (%)	12.1
Axial Strain at 50 % of q_u (%)	3.0
Total Stresses at Failure	
Major Principal Stress, σ ₁ (psi)	17.6
Minor Principal Stress, σ ₃ (psi)	0
Undrained Shear Strength, S_u (tsf)	0.63

Note: Failure was determined at the maximum deviator stress or deviator stress at 15 % axial strain, whenever is obtained first.

Olga Vasquez, 01/12/22

Quality Review/Date

Specimen prepared & tested by: A.P.G.



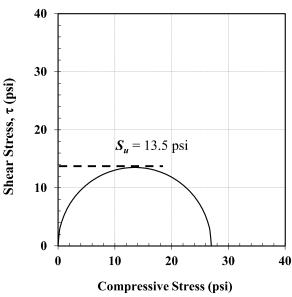
Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC Project No.: GE2110047 Type of Specimen: Shelby Tube Sample Project: Scioto Farms Solar Project Strain Rate: 1.0 Test Method: ASTM D2166 %/min

Sample I.D.: B-05 at 7 ft Test Date: 12/10/2021

40				
30		Æ	K	
20				
10		50%		
0	, <u> </u>	5	10	
		Axial S	Strain (%)	

Initial Specimen Con	ditions	
Avg. Diameter (in)	D_{o}	2.87
Avg. Height (in)	H _o	6.02
In-situ Moisture Content (%)	w _o	13.4
Total Unit Weight (pcf)	γ_{total}	137.1
Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	γ_{dry}	120.9
Saturation (%)	S_r	91.6
Void Ratio	e _o	0.39
Specific Gravity (Assumed)	G_s	2.70





Stresses at Failure	
Unconfined Compressive Strength, q_u (psi)	27.0
Axial Strain at Failure (%)	6.8
Axial Strain at 50 % of q_u (%)	2.5
Total Stresses at Failure	
Major Principal Stress, σ ₁ (psi)	27.0
Minor Principal Stress, σ ₃ (psi)	0
Undrained Shear Strength, S_u (tsf)	0.97

Note: Failure was determined at the maximum deviator stress or deviator stress at 15 % axial strain, whenever is obtained first.

Olga Vasquez, 12/15/21

Quality Review/Date Specimen prepared & tested by: B.Z.



Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC Project No.: GE2110047 Type of Specimen: Shelby Tube Sample Project: Scioto Farms Solar Project Strain Rate: 1.0 Test Method: ASTM D2166 %/min

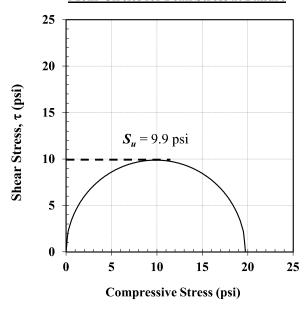
Sample I.D.: SUB-1 at 4 ft Test Date: 12/10/2021

	25	-			
(psi)	20 -	-			
Stress (15	-			
Compressive Stress (psi)	10 -	<u> </u>			
Com	5 -		l ε _{50%} 		
	0	0	5	 10	15

Initial Specimen Con	ditions	
Avg. Diameter (in)	D_{o}	2.86
Avg. Height (in)	H _o	5.86
In-situ Moisture Content (%)	w _o	12.7
Total Unit Weight (pcf)	γ_{total}	146.3
Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	$\gamma_{ m dry}$	129.8
Saturation (%)	S _r	100.0
Void Ratio	e _o	0.30
Specific Gravity (Assumed)	G_s	2.70

Mohr Circles for Peak Stress at Failure

Axial Strain (%)



Stresses at Failure			
Unconfined Compressive Strength, q_u (psi)	19.8		
Axial Strain at Failure (%)	6.8		
Axial Strain at 50 % of q_u (%)	2.9		
Total Stresses at Failure			
Major Principal Stress, σ ₁ (psi)	19.8		
Minor Principal Stress, σ ₃ (psi)	0		
Undrained Shear Strength, S_u (tsf)	0.71		

Note: Failure was determined at the maximum deviator stress or deviator stress at 15 % axial strain, whenever is obtained first.

Olga Vasquez, 12/15/21

Quality Review/Date Specimen prepared & tested by: B.Z.



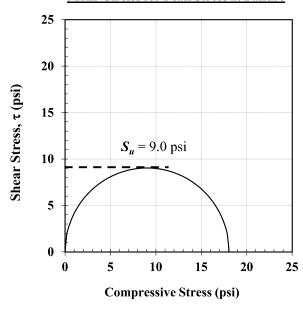
Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC Project No.: GE2110047 Type of Specimen: Shelby Tube Sample Project: Scioto Farms Solar Project Test Method: ASTM D2166 Strain Rate: 1.0 %/min

Sample I.D.: TP-5 at 2 ft Test Date: 12/10/2021

	25						
psi)	20						
Stress (15	-			\		
Compressive Stress (psi)	10	ļ.					
	5		€50%				
	0	0	2	4	6	8	10
				Axial St	rain (%)		

Initial Specimen Con	ditions	
Avg. Diameter (in)	D_{o}	2.87
Avg. Height (in)	H _o	5.97
In-situ Moisture Content (%)	w _o	12.4
Total Unit Weight (pcf)	γ_{total}	139.2
Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	$\gamma_{ m dry}$	123.9
Saturation (%)	S _r	92.5
Void Ratio	e _o	0.36
Specific Gravity (Assumed)	G_s	2.70

Mohr Circles for Peak Stress at Failure



Stresses at Failure				
Unconfined Compressive Strength, q_u (psi)	18.1			
Axial Strain at Failure (%)	3.9			
Axial Strain at 50 % of q_u (%)	1.8			
Total Stresses at Failure				
Major Principal Stress, σ ₁ (psi)	18.1			
Minor Principal Stress, σ ₃ (psi)	0			
Undrained Shear Strength, S_u (tsf)	0.65			

Note: Failure was determined at the maximum deviator stress or deviator stress at 15 % axial strain, whenever is obtained first.

Olga Vasquez, 12/15/21

Quality Review/Date Specimen prepared & tested by: B.Z.



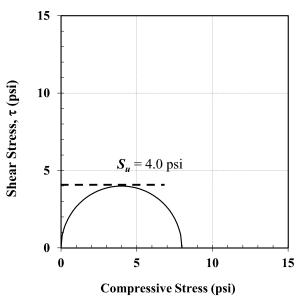
Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC Project No.: GE2110047 Type of Specimen: Shelby Tube Sample Project: Scioto Farms Solar Project Test Method: ASTM D2166 Strain Rate: 1.0 %/min

Sample I.D.: TP-8 at 2 ft Test Date: 12/10/2021

2			
10 - 10 - 5	A		

Initial Specimen Con	ditions	
Avg. Diameter (in)	D_{o}	2.85
Avg. Height (in)	H _o	5.76
In-situ Moisture Content (%)	w _o	17.6
Total Unit Weight (pcf)	γ_{total}	126.5
Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	$\gamma_{ m dry}$	107.5
Saturation (%)	S _r	83.8
Void Ratio	e _o	0.57
Specific Gravity (Assumed)	G_s	2.70

Mohr Circles for Peak Stress at Failure



Stresses at Failure				
Unconfined Compressive Strength, q_u (psi)	8.0			
Axial Strain at Failure (%)	3.9			
Axial Strain at 50 % of q_u (%)	1.3			
Total Stresses at Failure				
Major Principal Stress, σ ₁ (psi)	8.0			
Minor Principal Stress, σ ₃ (psi)	0			
Undrained Shear Strength, S_u (tsf)	0.29			

Note: Failure was determined at the maximum deviator stress or deviator stress at 15 % axial strain, whenever is obtained first.

Olga Vasquez, 12/15/21

Quality Review/Date

Specimen prepared & tested by: B.Z.



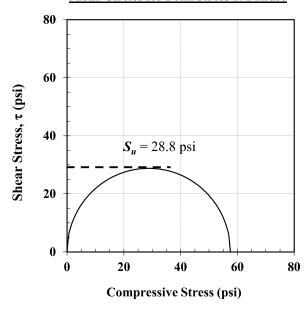
Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC Project No.: GE2110047 Type of Specimen: Shelby Tube Sample Project: Scioto Farms Solar Project Test Method: ASTM D2166 Strain Rate: 1.0 %/min

Sample I.D.: TP-10 at 2 ft Test Date: 12/8/2021

	-			
60 -		\		
40 -		\		
20 -				
0 -	J 530%	5	10	

Initial Specimen Con	ditions	
Avg. Diameter (in)	D_{o}	2.85
Avg. Height (in)	H _o	6.02
In-situ Moisture Content (%)	w _o	20.5
Total Unit Weight (pcf)	γ_{total}	127.2
Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	$\gamma_{ m dry}$	105.6
Saturation (%)	S _r	92.6
Void Ratio	e _o	0.60
Specific Gravity (Assumed)	G_s	2.70

Mohr Circles for Peak Stress at Failure



Stresses at Failure				
Unconfined Compressive Strength, q_u (psi)	57.5			
Axial Strain at Failure (%)	3.3			
Axial Strain at 50 % of q_u (%)	1.2			
Total Stresses at Failure				
Major Principal Stress, σ ₁ (psi)	57.5			
Minor Principal Stress, σ ₃ (psi)	0			
Undrained Shear Strength, S_u (tsf)	2.07			

Note: Failure was determined at the maximum deviator stress or deviator stress at 15 % axial strain, whenever is obtained first.

Olga Vasquez, 12/13/21

Quality Review/Date Specimen prepared & tested by: A.P.G.



Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project

Sample ID: B-02 at 4 ft

Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Test Method: ASTM D4546, Method C

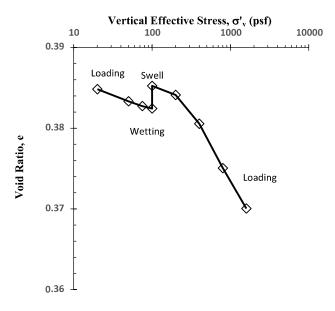
Test Date: 12/8/2021

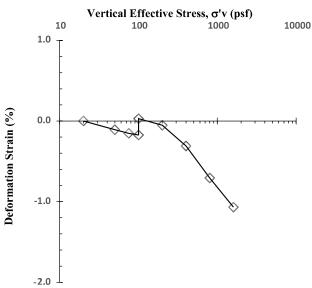
Specimen Conditions							
Avg. Water Content of Trimmings (%)	12.6						
Final Specimen Water Content (%)	12.6						
Initial Specimen Height (in)	0.797						
Final Specimen Height (in)	0.788						
Initial Dry Unit Weight, γ_o (pcf)	123.0						
Final Dry Unit Weight, γ_f (pcf)	124.3						
Initial Void Ratio, e _o	0.385						
Final Void Ratio, e _f	0.370						
Initial Degree of Saturation (%)	89.7						
Final Degree of Saturation (%)	93.2						
Swell Strain (%)	0.2						

Specimen was inundated with tap water during testing. Loading increment duration was minimum 24 hours. The calculation included the machine deflections that measured in each loading steps.

Gs assumed to be 2.73

Specimen Diameter: 2.497 inches





	Dry				Inundated				
Stage No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
σ' _v (psf)	20	50	75	100	100	200	400	800	1600
Height (inch)	0.797	0.796	0.795	0.795	0.797	0.796	0.794	0.791	0.788
Void Ratio, e	0.385	0.383	0.383	0.382	0.385	0.384	0.381	0.375	0.370
Axial Strain (%)	0.00	-0.11	-0.15	-0.17	0.03	-0.05	-0.31	-0.71	-1.07

Huamiao Cao, P.E. 12/17/21

Analysis & Quality Review/Date Specimen prepared and tested by: A.P.G.



Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC

Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project Test Me

Sample ID: B-02 at 4 ft

Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Test Method: ASTM D4546, Method C

Test Date: 12/8/2021







Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project

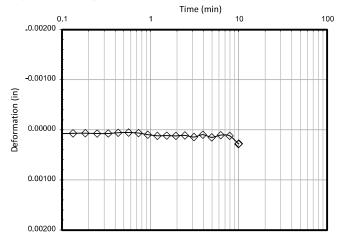
Sample ID: B-02 at 4 ft

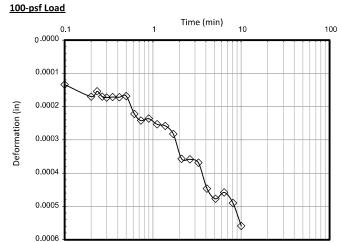
Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Test Method: ASTM D4546, Method C

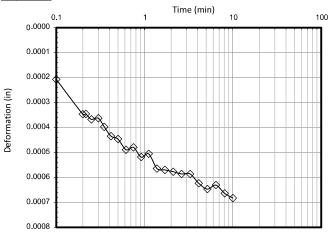
Test Date: 12/8/2021

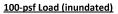


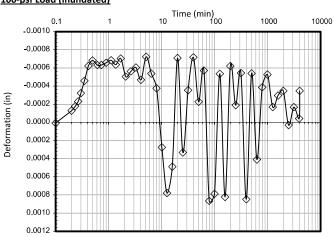




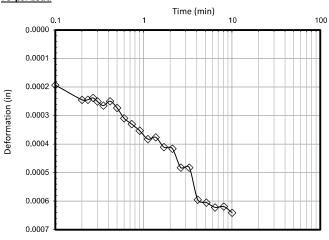
50-psf Load

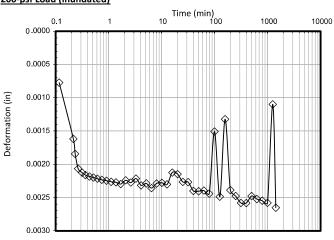






75-psf Load







Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project

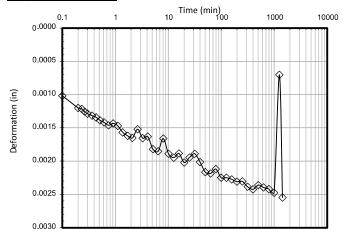
Sample ID: B-02 at 4 ft

Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

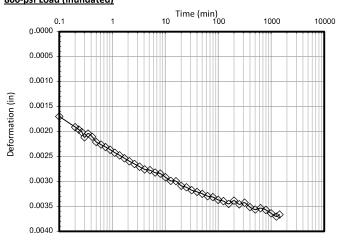
Test Method: ASTM D4546, Method C

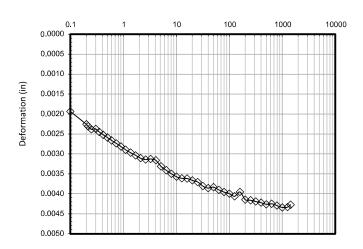
Test Date: 12/8/2021

400-psf Load (inundated)



800-psf Load (inundated)







Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC

Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project

Sample ID: SUB-1 at 4 ft

Beyond	Project No.:	GE2110047
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Test Method: ASTM D4546, Method C

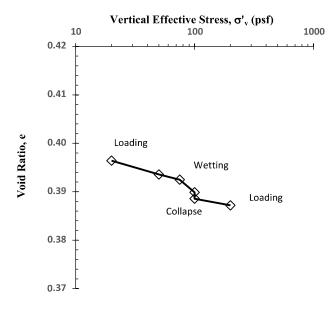
Test Date: 12/8/2021

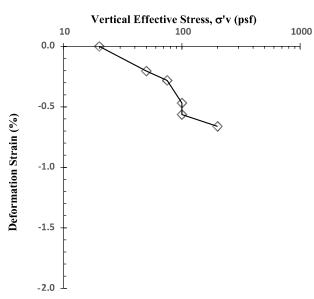
Specimen Conditions							
Avg. Water Content of Trimmings (%)	13.1						
Final Specimen Water Content (%)	13.9						
Initial Specimen Height (in)	0.797						
Final Specimen Height (in)	0.791						
Initial Dry Unit Weight, γ_o (pcf)	122.0						
Final Dry Unit Weight, γ_f (pcf)	122.8						
Initial Void Ratio, e _o	0.396						
Final Void Ratio, e _f	0.387						
Initial Degree of Saturation (%)	90.2						
Final Degree of Saturation (%)	98.3						
Collapse Strain (%)	-0.1						

Specimen was inundated with tap water during testing. Loading increment duration was minimum 24 hours. The calculation included the machine deflections that measured in each loading steps.

Gs assumed to be 2.73

Specimen Diameter: 2.494 inches





		D	Inundated			
Stage No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
σ' _v (psf)	20	50	75	100	100	200
Height (inch)	0.797	0.795	0.794	0.793	0.792	0.791
Void Ratio, e	0.396	0.394	0.392	0.390	0.389	0.387
Axial Strain (%)	0.00	-0.20	-0.28	-0.47	-0.56	-0.66

Huamiao Cao, P.E. 12/17/21

Analysis & Quality Review/Date Specimen prepared and tested by: A.P.G.



Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project **Test Method:** ASTM D4546, Method C

Sample ID: SUB-1 at 4 ft **Test Date:** 12/8/2021







Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project

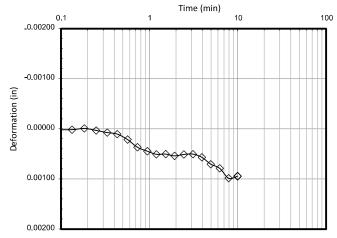
Sample ID: SUB-1 at 4 ft

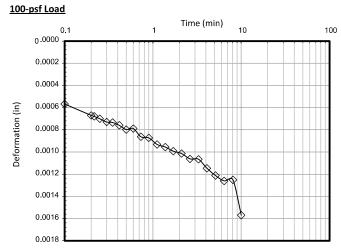
Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Test Method: ASTM D4546, Method C

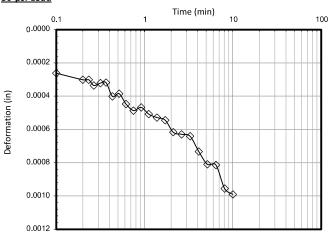
Test Date: 12/8/2021



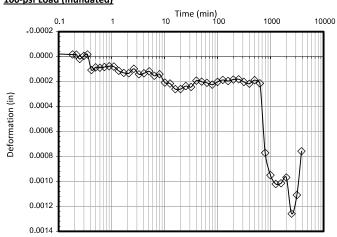




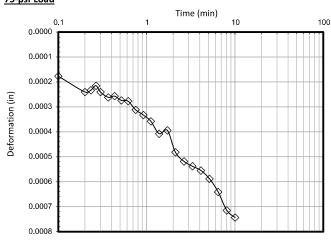
50-psf Load

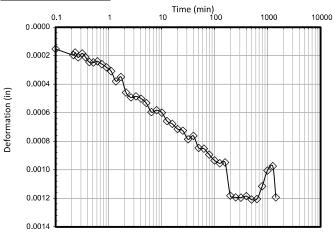


100-psf Load (inundated)



75-psf Load







Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project

Sample ID: TP-5 at 2 ft

Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Test Method: ASTM D4546, Method C

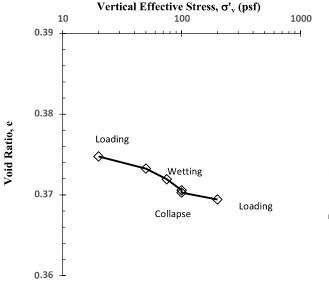
Test Date: 12/12/2021

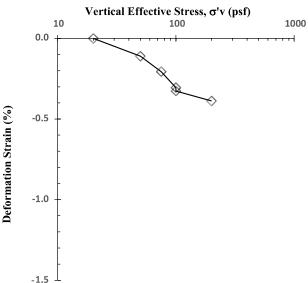
Specimen Conditions	Specimen Conditions							
Avg. Water Content of Trimmings (%)	13.7							
Final Specimen Water Content (%)	13.1							
Initial Specimen Height (in)	0.800							
Final Specimen Height (in)	0.797							
Initial Dry Unit Weight, γ_o (pcf)	123.9							
Final Dry Unit Weight, γ_f (pcf)	124.4							
Initial Void Ratio, e _o	0.375							
Final Void Ratio, e _f	0.369							
Initial Degree of Saturation (%)	99.5							
Final Degree of Saturation (%)	97.0							
Collapse Strain (%)	0.0							

Specimen was inundated with tap water during testing. Loading increment duration was minimum 24 hours. The calculation included the machine deflections that measured in each loading steps.

Gs assumed to be 2.73

Specimen Diameter: 2.500 inches





		D	Inundated			
Stage No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
σ' _v (psf)	20	50	75	100	100	200
Height (inch)	0.800	0.799	0.799	0.798	0.798	0.797
Void Ratio, e	0.375	0.373	0.372	0.371	0.370	0.369
Axial Strain (%)	0.00	-0.11	-0.21	-0.31	-0.33	-0.39

Huamiao Cao, P.E. 12/17/21

Analysis & Quality Review/Date Specimen prepared and tested by: A.P.G.



Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project **Test Method:** ASTM D4546, Method C

Sample ID: TP-5 at 2 ft **Test Date:** 12/12/2021







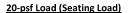
Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project

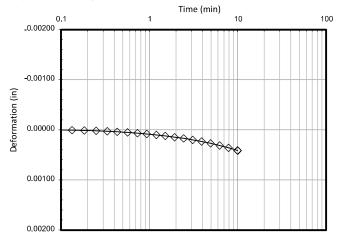
Sample ID: TP-5 at 2 ft

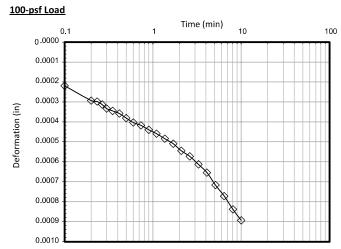
Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Test Method: ASTM D4546, Method C

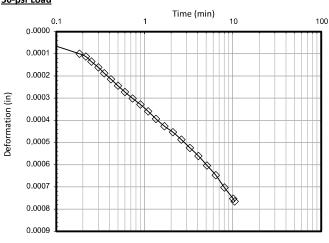
Test Date: 12/12/2021

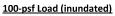


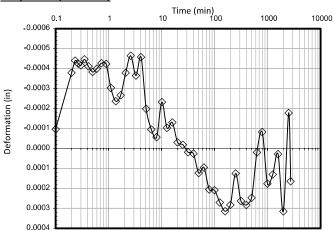




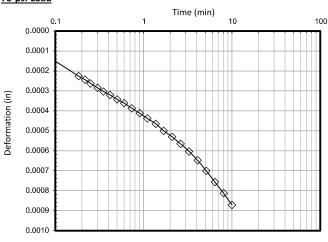
50-psf Load

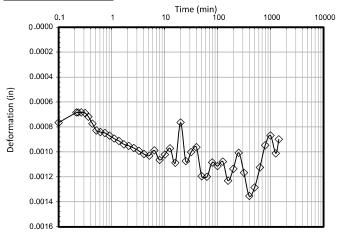






75-psf Load







Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project

Sample ID: TP-8 at 2 ft

Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Test Method: ASTM D4546, Method C

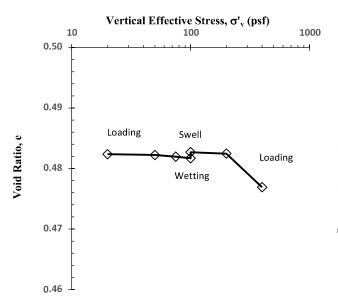
Test Date: 12/9/2021

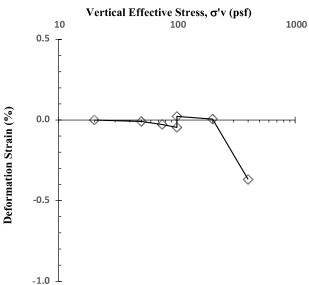
Specimen Conditions	Specimen Conditions							
Avg. Water Content of Trimmings (%)	16.1							
Final Specimen Water Content (%)	17.3							
Initial Specimen Height (in)	0.798							
Final Specimen Height (in)	0.795							
Initial Dry Unit Weight, γ_o (pcf)	114.9							
Final Dry Unit Weight, γ_f (pcf)	115.3							
Initial Void Ratio, e _o	0.482							
Final Void Ratio, e _f	0.477							
Initial Degree of Saturation (%)	90.9							
Final Degree of Saturation (%)	99.1							
Swell Strain (%)	0.1							

Specimen was inundated with tap water during testing. Loading increment duration was minimum 24 hours. The calculation included the machine deflections that measured in each loading steps.

Gs assumed to be 2.73

Specimen Diameter: 2.400 inches





		D	ry	Inundated			
Stage No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
σ' _v (psf)	20	50	75	100	100	200	400
Height (inch)	0.798	0.798	0.798	0.798	0.798	0.798	0.795
Void Ratio, e	0.482	0.482	0.482	0.482	0.483	0.482	0.477
Axial Strain (%)	0.00	-0.01	-0.03	-0.05	0.02	0.01	-0.37

Huamiao Cao, P.E. 12/17/21

Analysis & Quality Review/Date Specimen prepared and tested by: A.P.G.



Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project **Test Method:** ASTM D4546, Method C

Sample ID: TP-8 at 2 ft **Test Date:** 12/9/2021







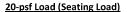
Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project

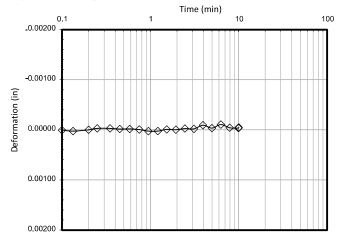
Sample ID: TP-8 at 2 ft

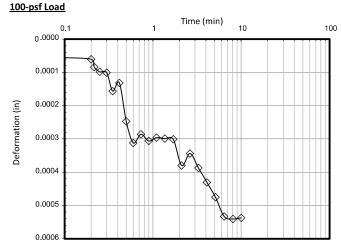
Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Test Method: ASTM D4546, Method C

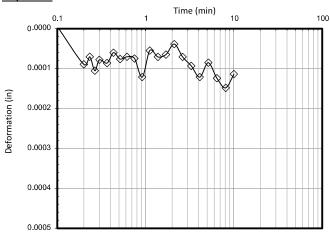
Test Date: 12/9/2021

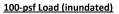


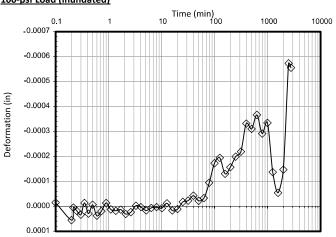




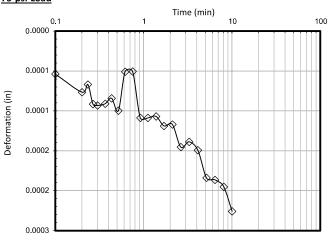
50-psf Load

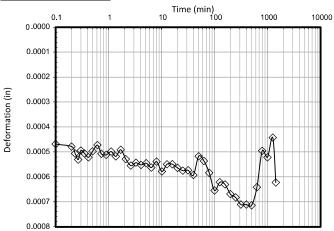






75-psf Load







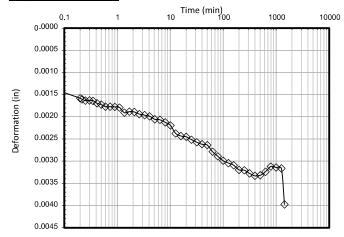
Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project

Sample ID: TP-8 at 2 ft

Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Test Method: ASTM D4546, Method C

Test Date: 12/9/2021





Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project

Sample ID: TP-10 at 2ft

Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Test Method: ASTM D4546, Method C

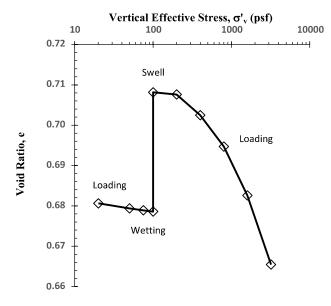
Test Date: 12/8/2021

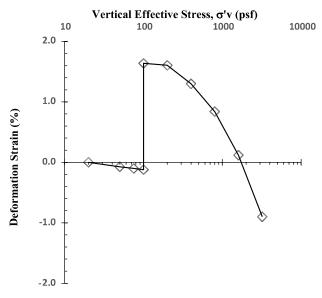
Specimen Conditions							
Avg. Water Content of Trimmings (%)	18.2						
Final Specimen Water Content (%)	23.3						
Initial Specimen Height (in)	0.803						
Final Specimen Height (in)	0.795						
Initial Dry Unit Weight, γ_o (pcf)	101.4						
Final Dry Unit Weight, γ_f (pcf)	102.3						
Initial Void Ratio, e _o	0.681						
Final Void Ratio, e _f	0.665						
Initial Degree of Saturation (%)	73.2						
Final Degree of Saturation (%)	95.6						
Swell Strain (%)	1.8						

Specimen was inundated with tap water during testing. Loading increment duration was minimum 24 hours. The calculation included the machine deflections that measured in each loading steps.

Gs assumed to be 2.73

Specimen Diameter: 2.482 inches





	Dry				Dry Inundated					
Stage No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
σ' _v (psf)	20	50	75	100	100	200	400	800	1600	3200
Height (inch)	0.803	0.802	0.802	0.802	0.816	0.816	0.813	0.809	0.804	0.795
Void Ratio, e	0.681	0.679	0.679	0.679	0.708	0.708	0.702	0.695	0.683	0.665
Axial Strain (%)	0.00	-0.07	-0.10	-0.12	1.64	1.60	1.30	0.84	0.12	-0.90

Huamiao Cao, P.E. 12/22/21

Analysis & Quality Review/Date Specimen prepared and tested by: A.P.G.



Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project **Test Method:** ASTM D4546, Method C

Sample ID: TP-10 at 2ft **Test Date:** 12/8/2021







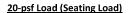
Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project

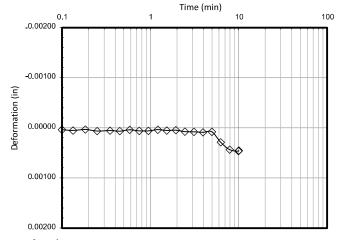
Sample ID: TP-10 at 2ft

Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Test Method: ASTM D4546, Method C

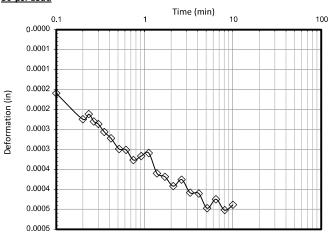
Test Date: 12/8/2021



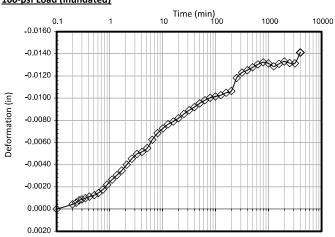




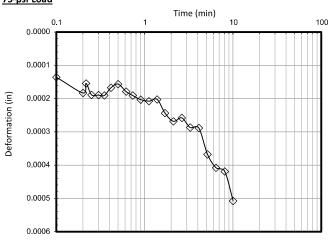
50-psf Load

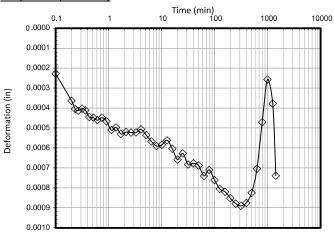


100-psf Load (inundated)



75-psf Load







Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar Project

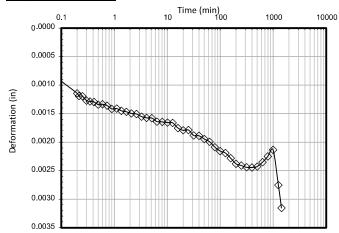
Sample ID: TP-10 at 2ft

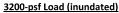
Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

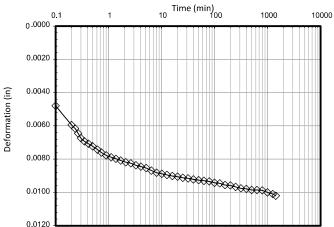
Test Method: ASTM D4546, Method C

Test Date: 12/8/2021

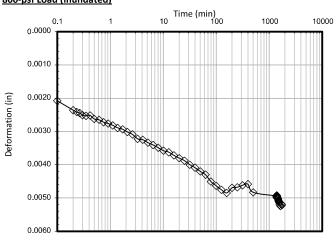
400-psf Load (inundated)

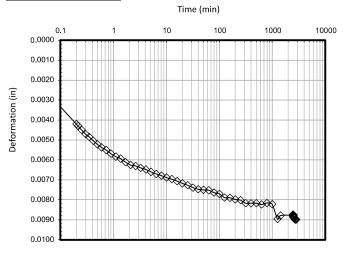






800-psf Load (inundated)





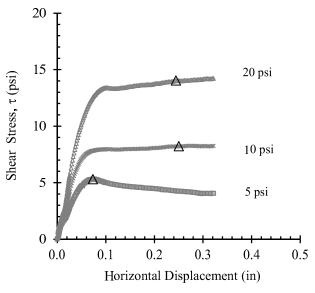


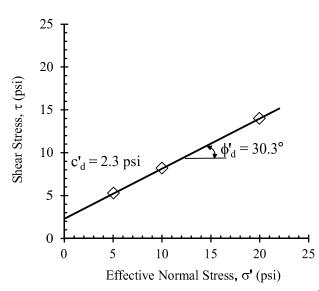
Direct Shear of Soil Under Consolidated-Drained Conditions

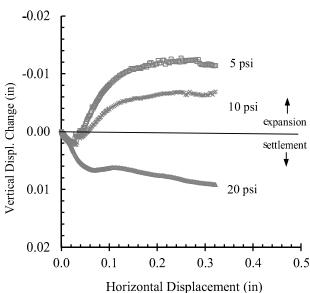
Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC Project: Scioto Farms Solar Project

Specimen: B-04 at 4.0 ft

Beyond Project No.: GE2110047 Test Method: ASTM D3080 Test Date: 01/02/22







	0 1 3 7				
	Sample N	umber	1	2	3
	Diar	neter, in	2.50	2.50	2.50
Į Į	Height, in	(before consol)	0.98	0.98	0.98
Initial Condition	Water	Content, %		13.1	
Initial onditio	Satu	ration, %	98.6	91.3	81.0
	Dry Unit	Weight, pcf	123.9	121.4	117.2
	Voi	d Ratio	0.36	0.39	0.44
sol	Height, in	(prior to shear)	0.98	0.98	0.95
Post Consol	Final Wat	er Content, %	13.4	14.5	16.3
st (Dry Unit	Weight, pcf	124.7	122.3	120.1
Po	Voi	d Ratio	0.35	0.38	0.40
Peal	k Normal St	ress, σ' (psi)	5.0	10.0	20.0
Pe	ak Shear Sti	ress, τ (psi)	5.3	8.2	14.0
Disj	placement a	t Failure (in)	0.07	0.25	0.24
Dis	placement r	rate (in/min)	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001
Sam	ple Type	Undisturbed	φ' _d , de	egrees	30.3
G_{s} (assumed)	2.70	c'd,	psi	2.3

Note: The Shelby tube sample was extruded and provided by the client.

Huamiao Cao, P.E. 1/12/22

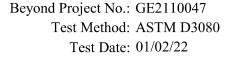
Analysis & Quality Review/Date Specimens prepared by: A.P.G.

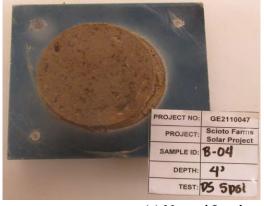


Direct Shear of Soil Appendix

Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC Project: Scioto Farms Solar Project

Specimen: B-04 at 4.0 ft





(a) Normal Load = 5 psi





(b) Normal Load = 10 psi



DEPTH: 4



SAMPLE ID: 8-04

(c) Normal Load = 20 psi



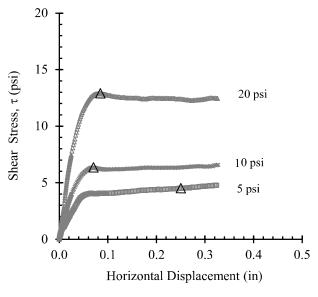
Direct Shear of Soil Under Consolidated-Drained Conditions

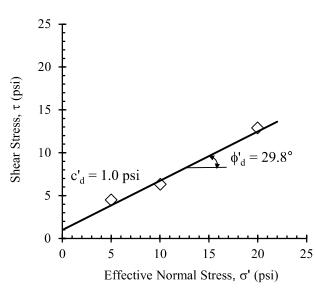
Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC Project: Scioto Farms Solar Project

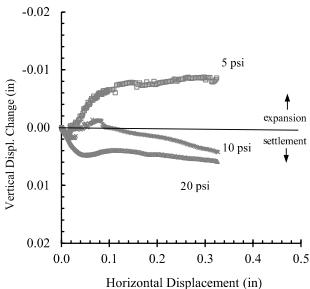
Specimen: SUB-1 at 4 ft

Beyond Project No.: GE2110047
Test Method: ASTM D3080

Test Date: 12/19/21







	Sample N	umber	1	2	3
	Diar	neter, in	2.50	2.50	2.50
Ē.	Height, in	(before consol)	0.99	0.99	0.99
Initial Condition	Water	Content, %		12.5	
Initial onditio	Satur	ration, %	95.8	93.1	94.5
S	Dry Unit	Weight, pcf	124.6	123.7	124.2
	Voi	d Ratio	0.35	0.36	0.36
sol	Height, in	(prior to shear)	0.98	0.98	0.96
Post Consol	Final Wat	er Content, %	13.9	14.0	13.2
st C	Dry Unit	Weight, pcf	125.8	124.8	127.8
Po	Voi	d Ratio	0.34	0.35	0.32
Peal	k Normal St	ress, σ' (psi)	5.0	10.0	20.0
Pe	ak Shear Sti	ress, τ (psi)	4.5	6.4	12.9
Dis	placement a	t Failure (in)	0.25	0.07	0.08
Dis	placement r	ate (in/min)	0.00008	0.00008	0.00008
Sam	ple Type	Undisturbed	φ' _d , de	egrees	29.8
G_{s} (a	assumed)	2.70	c' _d ,	psi	1.0

Note: The Shelby tube sample was extruded and provided by the client.

Huamiao Cao, P.E. 12/30/21

Analysis & Quality Review/Date Specimens prepared by: A.P.G.



Direct Shear of Soil Appendix

Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC
Project: Scioto Farms Solar Project

Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Test Method: ASTM D3080

Specimen: SUB-1 at 4 ft Test Date: 12/19/21





(a) Normal Load = 5 psi





(b) Normal Load = 10 psi





(c) Normal Load = 20 psi



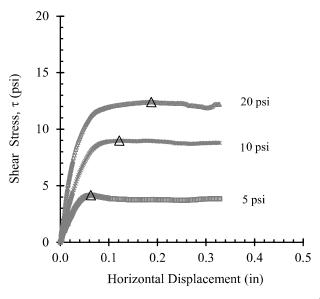
Direct Shear of Soil Under Consolidated-Drained Conditions

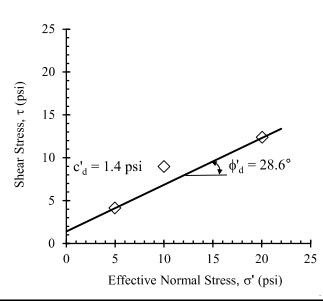
Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC Project: Scioto Farms Solar Project

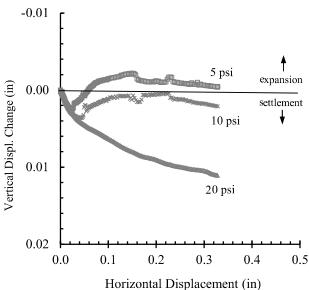
Specimen: B-14 at 7.0 ft

Beyond Project No.: GE2110047 Test Method: ASTM D3080

Test Date: 01/06/22







	Sample N	umber	1	2	3		
	Diar	neter, in	2.50	2.50	2.50		
ű	Height, in	(before consol)	0.99	0.99	0.99		
Initial onditic	Water	Content, %		21.8			
Initial Condition	Satur	ration, %	103.8	113.2	101.7		
	Dry Unit	Weight, pcf	107.7	111.0	106.9		
	Voi	d Ratio	0.57	0.52	0.58		
sol	Height, in	(prior to shear)	0.98	0.98	0.96		
ons	Final Wat	er Content, %	19.4	15.7	16.6		
Post Consol	Dry Unit	Weight, pcf	108.6	112.3	109.7		
Po	Voi	d Ratio	0.55	0.50	0.54		
Peal	k Normal St	ress, σ' (psi)	5.0	10.0	20.1		
Pe	ak Shear Stı	ress, τ (psi)	4.2	9.0	12.4		
Disp	placement a	t Failure (in)	0.06	0.12	0.19		
Dis	placement r	ate (in/min)	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001		
Sam	ple Type	Undisturbed	φ' _d , de	egrees	28.6		
G_{s} (a	assumed)	2.70	c' _d ,	psi	1.4		

Note: The Shelby tube sample was extruded and provided by the client.

Huamiao Cao, P.E. 1/12/22

Analysis & Quality Review/Date Specimens prepared by: A.P.G.



Direct Shear of Soil Appendix

Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC Project: Scioto Farms Solar Project

Specimen: B-14 at 7.0 ft

Beyond Project No.: GE2110047 Test Method: ASTM D3080 Test Date: 01/06/22





(a) Normal Load = 5 psi





(b) Normal Load = 10 psi





(c) Normal Load = 20 psi



Summary of Expansion Index of Soils (ASTM D4829) Scioto Farms Solar Project (PN: GE2110047)

			Compacte	d Specimen		Initial Height	Initial	Final		
Sample ID	Depth	Percent Passing #4 Sieve	Dry Density	Water Content	Degree of Saturation, S	of Specimen H _i	Deformation Reading, D_i	$\begin{array}{c} \textit{Tind} \\ \textit{Deformation} \\ \textit{Reading}, \textit{D}_f \end{array}$	Expansion Index, EI	Potential Expansion
	ft	%	pcf	%	%	inch	inch	inch		
TP-2	1-3	92.4	110.9	9.2	48.2	1.000	0.039	0.034	5	Very Low
TP-5	1-3	89.9	115.3	8.8	52.0	1.000	0.104	0.086	18	Very Low
TP-8	1-3	90.0	112.9	9.4	52.0	1.000	0.017	0.015	2	Very Low
TP-10	1-3	99.2	111.1	9.1	48.0	1.000	0.058	0.022	36	Low
TP-11	1-3	95.0	112.7	9.4	51.4	1.000	0.017	0.016	2	Very Low

Note: To determine the water content of the compacted specimen, Test Method ASTM D4643 was used instead of Test Method ASTM D2216.

Huamiao Cao, P.E. 01/17/22

Analysis & Quality Review/Date



RRC Power & Energy, LLC

PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047

Sample ID: B-14 at 7.0 ft. Date: 01/03/2022 Test Method: ASTM D6913 U.S. SIEVE OPENING IN INCHES 1 U.S. SIEVE NUMBERS **HYDROMETER** 1 3/4 1/23/8 3 810 14 16 20 30 40 50 60 100 140 200 100 90 80 PERCENT FINER BY WEIGHT 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0.001 0.01 **GRAIN SIZE IN MILLIMETERS GRAVEL SAND COBBLES** SILT OR CLAY coarse fine coarse medium fine Classification PL Ы Сс LL Cu %Gravel %Silt %Clay D100 D60 D30 %Sand D10 9.5 9.7 22.8 67.5

Olga Vasquez, 01/03/2022

Analysis & Quality Review/Date



CLIENT: RRC Power & Energy, LLC

PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047

San	nple l	D: _		B-1	9 at	12.	0 ft																				_	Dat	:e: _							
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	90																																			
	80																																			
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NEK BY	60																				•															
PERCENT FINER BY WEIGHT	50																						•													
<u>Д</u>	40																																			
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									CI	as	sifi	ca	tio	n												LI	L	PL		PI			Co	;	С	u
	Γ	D	100			D60)			D	30				D	10)		9/	6G	ira	ve	<u> </u>	C	%S	Sar	nd		%S	Silt				%C	lay	
	t		25			.50															8.0					9.3					32	2.7				
																												,	Mar	a Va	c (1)		_			

Olga vasquez,

Analysis & Quality Review/Date



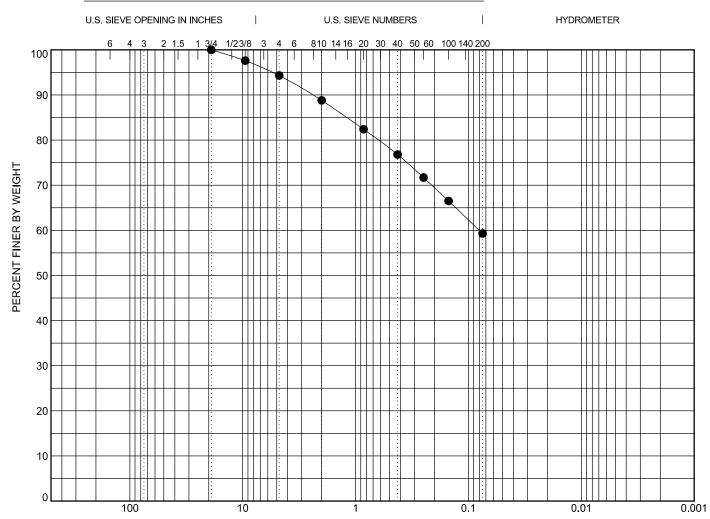
RRC Power & Energy, LLC

PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047

Sample ID: SUB-1 at 4.0 ft. Date: 12/20/2021

Test Method: _ ASTM D6913



GRAIN SIZE IN MILLIMETERS

COPPLES	GRA	VEL		SAND)	SILT OR CLAY
COBBLES	coarse	fine	coarse	medium	fine	SILT OR CLAY

Classification	LL	PL	PI	Сс	Cu
SANDY SILTY CLAY(CL-ML)	20	14	6		

D100	D60	D30	D10	%Gravel	%Sand	%Silt	%Clay
19	80.0			5.7	35.0	59).3

Olga Vasquez, 12/20/2021

Analysis & Quality Review/Date



RRC Power & Energy, LLC

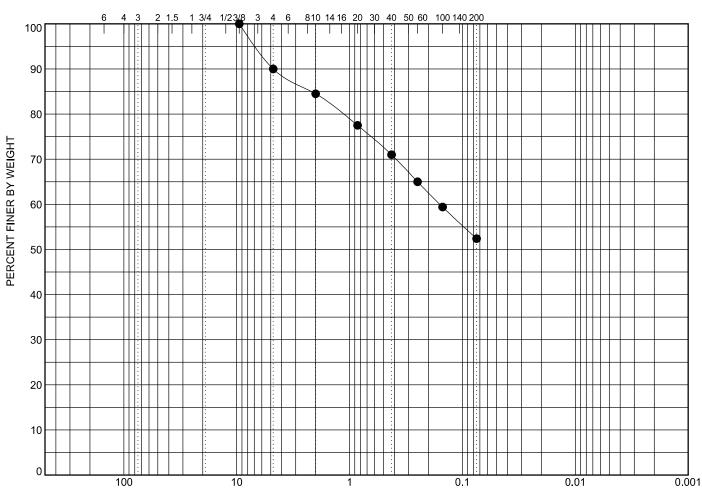
PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047

Sample ID: TP-02 at 2.0 ft. Date: 01/03/2022

Test Method: _ ASTM D6913





GRAIN SIZE IN MILLIMETERS

COBBLES	GRA	VEL		SAND)	SUTORCLAY
COBBLES	coarse	fine	coarse	medium	fine	SILT OR CLAY

Classification	LL	PL	PI	Сс	Cu
SANDY LEAN CLAY(CL)	26	14	12		

D100	D60	D30	D10	%Gravel	%Sand	%Silt	%Clay
9.5	0.158			10.0	37.6	52	2.4

Olga Vasquez, 01/03/2022

Analysis & Quality Review/Date

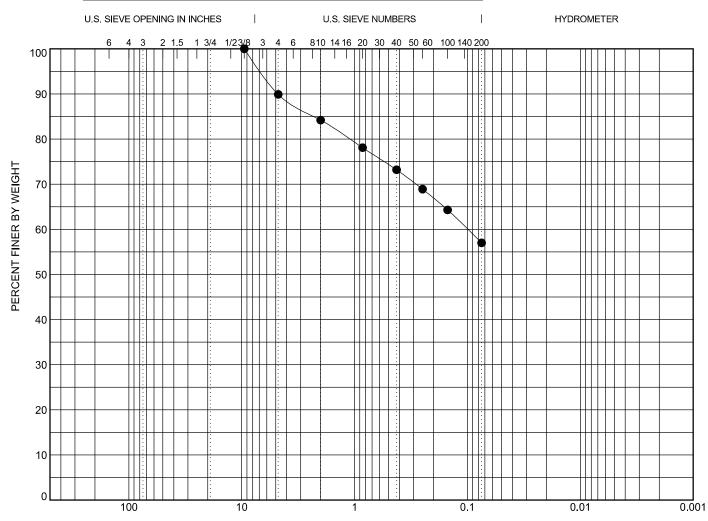


RRC Power & Energy, LLC

PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047

Sample ID: TP-05 at 2.0 ft. Date: 01/03/2022 Test Method: _ ASTM D6913



GRAIN SIZE IN MILLIMETERS

COBBLES	GRA	VEL		SAND		SILT OR CLAY
COBBLES	coarse	fine	coarse	medium	fine	SILT OR CLAY

Classification	LL	PL	PI	Сс	Cu
SANDY LEAN CLAY(CL)	24	15	9		

D100	D60	D30	D10	%Gravel	%Sand	%Silt	%Clay
9.5	0.1			10.1	32.9	57.0	

Olga Vasquez, 01/03/2022

Analysis & Quality Review/Date



10

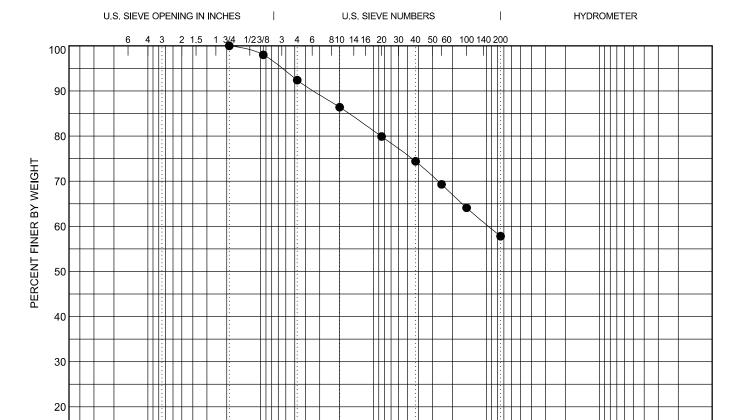
RRC Power & Energy, LLC

PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047

Sample ID: TP-08 at 2.0 ft. Date: 01/03/2022

Test Method: ASTM D6913



GRAIN SIZE IN MILLIMETERS

CORRIEC	GRA	VEL		SAND)	SUTORCLAY
COBBLES	coarse	fine	coarse	medium	fine	SILT OR CLAY

Classification	LL	PL	PI	Сс	Cu
SANDY LEAN CLAY(CL)	26	15	11		

D100	D60	D30	D10	%Gravel	%Sand	%Silt	%Clay
19	0.096			7.6	34.6	57.8	

Olga Vasquez, 01/03/2022

0.01

0.001

Analysis & Quality Review/Date



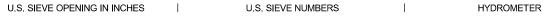
RRC Power & Energy, LLC

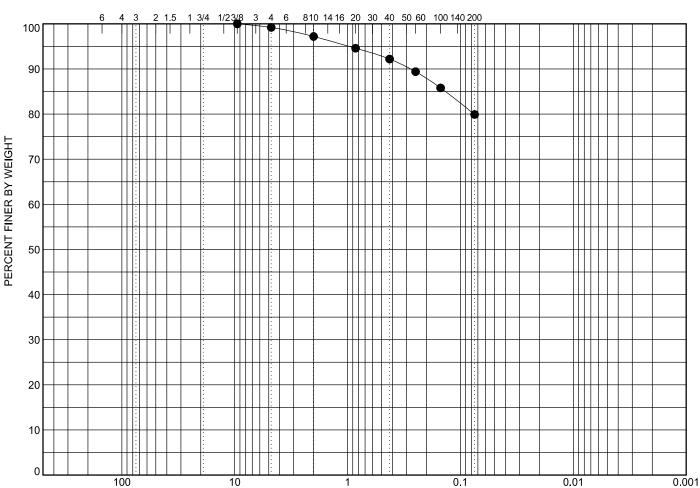
PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047



Test Method: ASTM D6913





GRAIN SIZE IN MILLIMETERS

CORRIEC	GRA	VEL		SAND)	SUTORCLAY
COBBLES	coarse	fine	coarse	medium	fine	SILT OR CLAY

Classification	LL	PL	PI	Сс	Cu
LEAN CLAY with SAND(CL)	32	16	16		

D100	D60	D30	D10	%Gravel	%Sand	%Silt	%Clay
9.5				0.8	19.3	79.9	

Olga Vasquez, 01/03/2022

Analysis & Quality Review/Date



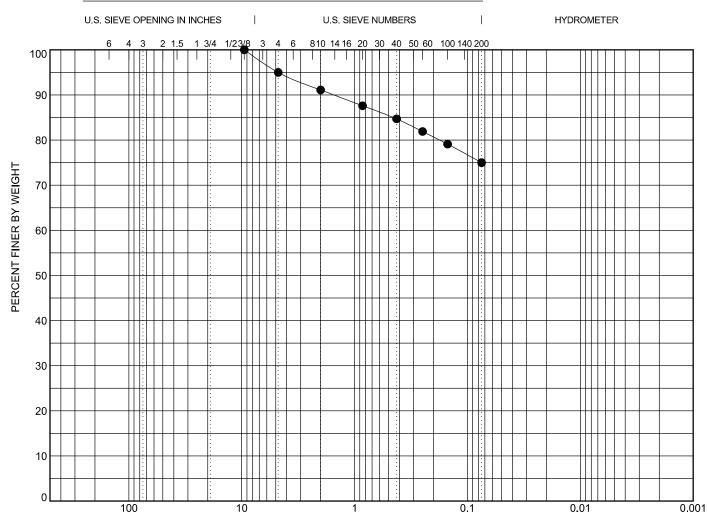
RRC Power & Energy, LLC

PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

NUMBER: GE2110047

Sample ID: TP-11 at 2.0 ft. Date: 01/03/2022

Test Method: ASTM D6913



GRAIN SIZE IN MILLIMETERS

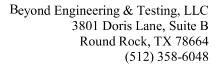
CORRIEC	GRA	VEL		SAND)	SUTORCLAY
COBBLES	coarse	fine	coarse	medium	fine	SILT OR CLAY

Classification	LL	PL	PI	Сс	Cu
LEAN CLAY with SAND(CL)	24	14	10		

D100	D60	D30	D10	%Gravel	%Sand	%Silt	%Clay
9.5				5.0	20.0	75.0	

Olga Vasquez, 01/03/2022

Analysis & Quality Review/Date





Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC

Project: Scioto Farms Solar

Sample No: TP-2 at 1-3 ft

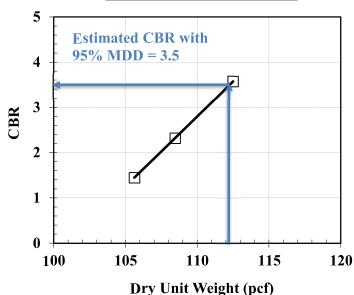
Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Test Method: ASTM D1883

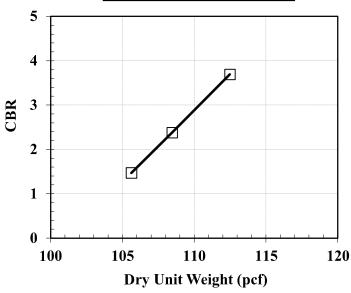
Test Date: 1/14/2022

Rate of Penetration: 0.05 in/min

CBR for 0.100-in Penetration



CBR for 0.200-in Penetration



Initial Con	ditions						
Specimen No.	1	2	3				
Blows per Layer	25	40	60				
Surcharge Weight (lbs)	10	10	10				
Water Content (%)	13.8	13.8	14.1				
Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	105.6	108.5	112.5				
Percent Compaction (%)	89.5	91.9	95.3				
Final Conditions (soaked)							
Water Content (%) at top 1-in layer after soaking	19.4	18.6	18.9				
Swell (% of initial height)	0.8	0.6	0.5				
Bearing Ratio of Sample at 0.100 in penetration	1.4	2.3	3.6				
Bearing Ratio of Sample at 0.200 in penetration	1.5	2.4	3.7				

Note: Soil specimens were molded to a range of densities using 25, 40 and 60 blows at optimum moisture content as per ASTM D 1883 to develop the CBR versus dry density curve. It was allowed the specimens to soak for 96 hrs prior bearing test. Removed the free water and allow the specimens to drain out for 15 min. The 10-lbs surcharge load was placed during bearing test.

HuaMiao Cao, P.E., 1/17/22

Analysis & Quality Review/Date Specimens prepared and tested by: T.Z.



Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC

Project: Scioto Farms Solar

Sample No: TP-5 at 1-3 ft

95

100

Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

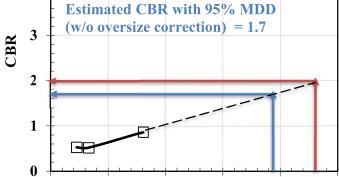
Test Method: ASTM D1883

Test Date: 1/14/2022

Rate of Penetration: 0.05 in/min

Estimated CBR with 95% MDD (w/ oversize correction) = 2.0 Estimated CBR with 95% MDD (w/o oversize correction) = 1.7

CBR for 0.100-in Penetration



105

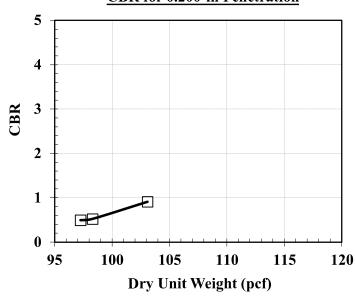
CBR for 0.200-in Penetration

Dry Unit Weight (pcf)

110

115

120



Initial Con	ditions		
Specimen No.	1	2	3
Blows per Layer	25	40	60
Surcharge Weight (lbs)	10	10	10
Water Content (%)	12.6	11.9	12.3
Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	97.3	98.3	103.1
Percent Compaction (%)	78.2	79.1	82.9
Final Condition	ns (soak	ed)	
Water Content (%) at top 1-in layer after soaking	25.2	25.6	22.2
Swell (% of initial height)	1.8	1.5	2.1
Bearing Ratio of Sample at 0.100 in penetration	0.5	0.5	0.9
Bearing Ratio of Sample at 0.200 in penetration	0.5	0.5	0.9

Note: Soil specimens were molded to a range of densities using 25, 40 and 60 blows at optimum moisture content as per ASTM D 1883 to develop the CBR versus dry density curve. It was allowed the specimens to soak for 96 hrs prior bearing test. Removed the free water and allow the specimens to drain out for 15 min. The 10-lbs surcharge load was placed during bearing test.

HuaMiao Cao, P.E., 1/18/22

Analysis & Quality Review/Date Specimens prepared and tested by: T.Z.





Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC

Project: Scioto Farms Solar

Sample No: TP-8 at 1-3 ft

100

105

Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Test Method: ASTM D1883

Test Date: 1/14/2022

Rate of Penetration: 0.05 in/min

CBR for 0.100-in Penetration

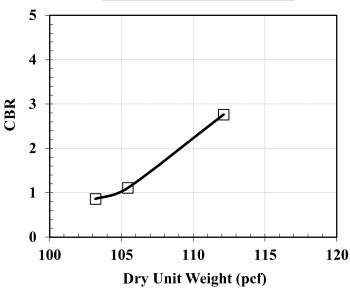
CBR for 0.200-in Penetration

Dry Unit Weight (pcf)

110

115

120



Initial Con	ditions		
Initial Con	aitions	•	
Specimen No.	1	2	3
Blows per Layer	25	35	60
Surcharge Weight (lbs)	10	10	10
Water Content (%)	15.5	15.3	15.3
Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	103.2	105.4	112.1
Percent Compaction (%)	85.6	87.5	93.0
Final Condition	ns (soak	ed)	
Water Content (%) at top 1-in layer after soaking	22.3	23.3	20.3
Swell (% of initial height)	1.1	1.1	0.6
Bearing Ratio of Sample at 0.100 in penetration	0.9	1.1	2.6
Bearing Ratio of Sample at 0.200 in penetration	0.9	1.1	2.8

Note: Soil specimens were molded to a range of densities using 25, 35 and 60 blows at optimum moisture content as per ASTM D 1883 to develop the CBR versus dry density curve. It was allowed the specimens to soak for 96 hrs prior bearing test. Removed the free water and allow the specimens to drain out for 15 min. The 10-lbs surcharge load was placed during bearing test.

HuaMiao Cao, P.E., 1/17/22

Analysis & Quality Review/Date Specimens prepared and tested by: T.Z.



Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC

Project: Scioto Farms Solar

Sample No: TP-10 at 1-3 ft

90

95

Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Test Method: ASTM D1883

Test Date: 1/12/2022

Rate of Penetration: 0.05 in/min

Estimated CBR with 95% MDD (w/ oversize correction) = 1.9 Estimated CBR with 95% MDD (w/o oversize correction) = 1.8

CBR for 0.100-in Penetration

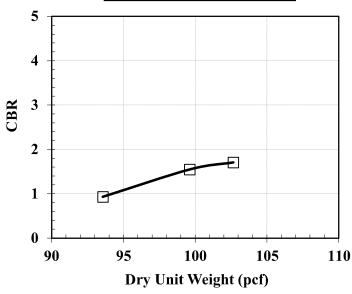
CBR for 0.200-in Penetration

100

Dry Unit Weight (pcf)

105

110



Initial Con	ditions		
Specimen No.	1	2	3
Blows per Layer	30	40	60
Surcharge Weight (lbs)	10	10	10
Water Content (%)	16.2	17.7	16.7
Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	93.6	99.6	102.7
Percent Compaction (%)	84.1	89.6	92.3
Final Condition	ns (soak	ed)	
Water Content (%) at top 1-in layer after soaking	28.2	27.5	28.0
Swell (% of initial height)	2.4	2.0	1.9
Bearing Ratio of Sample at 0.100 in penetration	0.9	1.5	1.7
Bearing Ratio of Sample at 0.200 in penetration	0.9	1.5	1.7

Note: Soil specimens were molded to a range of densities using 30, 40 and 60 blows at optimum moisture content as per ASTM D 1883 to develop the CBR versus dry density curve. It was allowed the specimens to soak for 96 hrs prior bearing test. Removed the free water and allow the specimens to drain out for 15 min. The 10-lbs surcharge load was placed during bearing test.

HuaMiao Cao, P.E., 1/18/22

Analysis & Quality Review/Date Specimens prepared and tested by: T.Z.



Client: RRC Power & Energy, LLC

Project: Scioto Farms Solar

Sample No: TP-11 at 1-3 ft

Beyond Project No.: GE2110047

Test Method: ASTM D1883

Test Date: 1/14/2022

Rate of Penetration: 0.05 in/min

CBR for 0.100-in Penetration 10 **Estimated CBR with 95% MDD** (w/oversize correction) = 5.88 **Estimated CBR with 95% MDD** (w/o oversize correction) = 4.06 4 2 0 100 105 110 115 120 125 Dry Unit Weight (pcf)

			CBR	for 0.20	0-in Pene	etration etration	
	10 -						
	8 -	-					
CBR	6 -	_					
J	4 -	_					
	2 -	_					
	0 -	00	105	110	115	120	125
					Weight (p		14

Initial Con	ditions		
Specimen No.	1	2	3
Blows per Layer	15	30	60
Surcharge Weight (lbs)	10	10	10
Water Content (%)	14.8	14.4	14.9
Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	103.0	107.5	112.0
Percent Compaction (%)	82.1	85.7	89.3
Final Condition	ns (soak	ed)	
Water Content (%) at top 1-in layer after soaking	21.8	21.2	19.3
Swell (% of initial height)	1.2	0.9	0.7
Bearing Ratio of Sample at 0.100 in penetration	0.8	1.1	2.9
Bearing Ratio of Sample at 0.200 in penetration	0.8	1.1	2.9

Note: Soil specimens were molded to a range of densities using 15, 30 and 60 blows at optimum moisture content as per ASTM D 1883 to develop the CBR versus dry density curve. It was allowed the specimens to soak for 96 hrs prior bearing test. Removed the free water and allow the specimens to drain out for 15 min. The 10-lbs surcharge load was placed during bearing test.

HuaMiao Cao, P.E., 1/18/22

Analysis & Quality Review/Date Specimens prepared and tested by: T.Z.

Soil Analysis Lab Results

Client: RRC Power & Energy LLC Job Name: Scioto Farms Solar Client Job Number: GE2110047 Project X Job Number: S211129F December 1, 2021

	Method	AST D43		ASTI D432		AST G1		ASTM D4972	ASTM G200	ASTM D4658	ASTM D4327	ASTM D6919	ASTM D6919	ASTM D6919	ASTM D6919	ASTM D6919	ASTM D6919	ASTM D4327	ASTM D4327
Bore# / Description	Depth	Sulfa		Chlor		Resist		pH	Redox	Sulfide	Nitrate	Ammonium	Lithium	Sodium	Potassium	Magnesium	Calcium	Fluoride	Phosphate
	F	SO		Cl		As Rec'd		P		S ²⁻	NO ₃	NH ₄ ⁺	Li ⁺	Na ⁺	K ⁺	Mg ²⁺	Ca ²⁺	F ₂	PO ₄ 3-
	(ft)	(mg/kg)	(wt%)	(mg/kg)	(wt%)	(Ohm-cm)	(Ohm-cm)		(mV)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
B-01 Soil	1 to 3	0.6	0.0001	1.7	0.0002	1,340	1,273	8.3	195	0.05	0.5	3.4	0.04	53.2	2.5	5.7	5.3	4.4	88.8
B-02 Soil	1 to 3	0.9	0.0001	0.8	0.0001	3,350	3,216	8.7	167	0.02	0.7	6.1	0.03	37.1	2.3	27.8	0.2	4.0	106.9
B-03 Soil	1 to 3	0.6	0.0001	14.1	0.0014	1,340	1,340	8.7	168	< 0.01	2.0	0.9	0.04	74.7	2.1	12.6	7.3	4.0	22.8
B-04 Soil	1 to 3	1.3	0.0001	5.0	0.0005	1,206	1,206	8.3	167	0.13	1.5	2.6	0.02	36.9	1.4	11.8	2.4	2.5	16.4
B-05 Soil	1 to 3	0.1	0.0000	2.2	0.0002	3,350	3,283	8.7	191	< 0.01	0.0	5.8	0.04	28.0	1.4	11.8	6.7	4.0	51.6
B-06 Soil	1 to 3	1.8	0.0002	5.9	0.0006	3,484	3,417	8.6	189	0.02	2.1	5.6	0.04	22.9	1.2	14.3	4.6	1.4	13.1
B-07 Soil	1 to 3	1.4	0.0001	6.4	0.0006	2,881	2,680	8.7	198	0.02	1.8	2.7	0.03	28.3	0.8	8.7	4.0	4.4	76.2
B-08 Soil	1 to 3	2.0	0.0002	0.8	0.0001	1,809	1,742	8.6	216	0.02	0.8	3.2	0.03	4.0	0.8	15.3	5.4	2.7	65.0
B-09 Soil	1 to 3	2.7	0.0003	5.0	0.0005	2,010	1,943	7.8	230	0.09	0.8	3.6	0.02	39.6	1.2	12.2	0.9	5.2	18.4
B-10 Soil	1 to 3	0.6	0.0001	7.2	0.0007	1,407	1,407	8.0	201	0.02	0.5	2.6	0.04	31.6	1.2	13.4	4.1	5.7	70.2
B-11 Soil	1 to 3	1.3	0.0001	2.1	0.0002	3,082	3,082	8.6	189	< 0.01	0.1	3.6	ND	28.6	0.7	16.4	1.8	5.1	23.6
B-12 Soil	1 to 3	1.1	0.0001	8.8	0.0009	9,380	6,365	8.4	200	< 0.01	1.8	1.5	0.03	19.5	1.7	36.2	7.6	5.4	63.4
B-13 Soil	1 to 3	0.4	0.0000	1.7	0.0002	2,278	2,211	8.4	182	0.02	0.3	5.0	0.02	14.3	1.0	18.5	3.3	4.4	68.2
B-14 Soil	1 to 3	2.1	0.0002	0.2	0.0000	1,541	1,474	8.3	185	< 0.01	3.6	0.1	ND	32.3	1.1	29.0	5.8	8.0	38.2
B-15 Soil	1 to 3	2.0	0.0002	0.6	0.0001	2,881	2,814	8.5	184	< 0.01	0.2	2.6	0.02	14.5	1.2	19.6	4.8	3.3	28.2
B-16 Soil	1 to 3	2.2	0.0002	1.1	0.0001	1,742	1,675	8.0	173	0.12	0.8	0.5	0.02	22.5	0.9	15.3	5.4	2.3	32.4
B-17 Soil	1 to 3	1.4	0.0001	5.0	0.0005	1,139	1,072	7.9	164	0.29	0.3	2.5	ND	42.2	1.0	14.9	3.8	5.2	58.1
B-18 Soil	1 to 3	2.4	0.0002	6.1	0.0006	3,283	3,015	8.6	180	0.03	0.3	1.5	ND	33.2	2.0	13.1	5.4	4.8	23.1
B-19 Soil	1 to 3	1.0	0.0001	1.0	0.0001	5,628	4,154	8.7	179	< 0.01	0.2	8.7	0.03	12.9	1.8	14.6	3.4	2.0	23.1
SUB-1 Soil	1 to 3	1.8	0.0002	1.2	0.0001	2,479	2,345	8.3	180	< 0.01	0.9	1.5	ND	8.7	1.0	11.7	6.5	3.3	181.3

Cations and Anions, except Sulfide and Bicarbonate, tested with Ion Chromatography $mg/kg = milligrams \ per \ kilogram \ (parts \ per \ million) \ of \ dry \ soil \ weight$ $ND = 0 = Not \ Detected \ | \ NT = Not \ Tested \ | \ Unk = Unknown$ $Chemical \ Analysis \ performed \ on \ 1:3 \ Soil-To-Water \ extract$ $PPM = mg/kg \ (soil) = mg/L \ (Liquid)$



SUMMARY OF LABORATORY RESULTS

CLIENT: Candela Renewables
PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar
LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

Borehole	Depth (ft)	USCS	Water Content (%)	Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	< No. 200 (%)	LL	PL	PI	Compressive Strength (tsf)	Strain at Failure (%)	Confining Pressure (psi)	Chlorides (%/weight)	Sulfates (%/weight)	рН	Minimum Resistivity (ohm-cm)
B-01	1.0	CH	26		86	55	23	32							
B-01	4.0		19												
B-01	7.0		16	118	64										
B-01	9.0		8												
B-01	12.0		15												
B-02	1.0		25												
B-02	4.0	CL	13	123	57	22	13	9							
B-02	7.0		16												
B-02	9.0		17												
B-02	14.0		10												
B-03	1.0	СН	25		85	62	21	41							
B-03	4.0		15												
B-03	9.0		14												
B-03	12.0		14												
B-03	14.0		10												
B-04	1.0		28												
B-04	4.0	SC	24	99	47	25	14	11	1.27	12.1	0.0				
B-04	7.0	CL	24		68	28	16	12							
B-04	9.0		14												
B-04	12.0		11												
B-05	1.0		18												
B-05	4.0		13	121					1.94	6.8	0.0				
B-05	7.0		14												
B-05	9.0		12												
B-05	12.0		13												
B-06	1.0		24												
B-06	4.0		12												
B-06	9.0		13												
B-06	12.0		11												
B-07	1.0		25												
B-07	4.0		13												



SUMMARY OF LABORATORY RESULTS

CLIENT: Candela Renewables
PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar
LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

Borehole	Depth (ft)	USCS	Water Content (%)	Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	< No. 200 (%)	LL	PL	PI	Compressive Strength (tsf)	Strain at Failure (%)	Confining Pressure (psi)	Chlorides (%/weight)	Sulfates (%/weight)	рН	Minimum Resistivity (ohm-cm)
B-07	7.0		15												
B-07	9.0		10												
B-08	1.0		27												
B-08	4.0		13	127											
B-08	7.0		14												
B-08	9.0		20												
B-08	12.0		10												
B-08	14.0		7												
B-09	1.0		23												
B-09	4.0		13												
B-09	7.0		13	125											
B-09	9.0		12												
B-09	12.0		12												
B-10	1.0		29												
B-10	7.0		13												
B-10	9.0		12												
B-10	14.0		12												
B-11	1.0		23												
B-11	4.0		13	126											
B-11	7.0		13												
B-11	9.0		12												
B-11	12.0		10												
B-12	1.0		24												
B-12	4.0		13	127											
B-12	7.0		13												
B-12	9.0		12												
B-12	14.0		13												
B-13	1.0		25												
B-13	6.0		13												
B-13	9.0		11												
B-13	12.0		12												



SUMMARY OF LABORATORY RESULTS

CLIENT: Candela Renewables
PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar
LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

Borehole	Depth (ft)	USCS	Water Content (%)	Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	< No. 200 (%)	LL	PL	PI	Compressive Strength (tsf)	Strain at Failure (%)	Confining Pressure (psi)	Chlorides (%/weight)	Sulfates (%/weight)	рН	Minimum Resistivity (ohm-cm)
B-13	14.0		9												
B-14	1.0		25												
B-14	4.0	CL	16		68	34	16	18							
B-14	7.0		22	108	68										
B-14	9.0		10												
B-14	12.0		10												
B-15	1.0		27												
B-15	4.0		12	122											
B-15	7.0		13												
B-15	9.0		13												
B-15	12.0		11												
B-16	1.0		27												
B-16	4.0		21												
B-16	14.0		12												
B-17	1.0		27												
B-17	4.0	CL	14	118	56	25	15	10							
B-17	7.0		12												
B-17	9.0	SC-SM	15		38	22	15	7							
B-17	12.0		14												
B-18	1.0		27												
B-18	7.0		13												
B-18	9.0		13												
B-18	12.0		12												
B-19	1.0	CL	16		58	39	18	21							
B-19	7.0		15												
B-19	9.0		11												
B-19	12.0		12		33										
SUB-1	1.0	CL	19		67	35	17	18							
SUB-1	4.0	CL-ML	13	130	59	20	14	6	1.43	6.8	0.0				
SUB-1	7.0		11												
SUB-1	9.0		9												



SUMMARY OF LABORATORY RESULTS

CLIENT: Candela Renewables
PROJECT: Scioto Farms Solar
LOCATION: Pickaway County, Ohio

Borehole	Depth (ft)	USCS	Water Content (%)	Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	< No. 200 (%)	LL	PL	PI	Compressive Strength (tsf)	Strain at Failure (%)	Confining Pressure (psi)	Chlorides (%/weight)	Sulfates (%/weight)	рН	Minimum Resistivity (ohm-cm)
SUB-1	14.0		11												
SUB-1	29.0		21												
SUB-1	49.0		22												
TP-02	2.0	CL	16		52	26	14	12							
TP-05	2.0	CL	12	124	53	28	15	13	1.30	3.9	0.0				
TP-05	2.0	CL	13		57	24	15	9							
TP-08	2.0	CL	18	108	63	39	17	22	0.58	3.9	0.0				
TP-08	2.0	CL	14		58	26	15	11							
TP-10	2.0	CL	21	106	84	48	18	30	4.14	3.3	0.0				
TP-10	2.0	CL	19		80	32	16	16							
TP-11	2.0	CL	12		75	24	14	10							





810 Hesters Crossing Rd, Suite 120 Round Rock, TX 78681 512.992.2087

APPENDIX C

SOIL RESISTIVITY MEASURMENT DATA SHEET

 Survey ID
 R-1

 DATE
 11/11/2021

CLIENT Candela Renewables
PROJECT Scioto Farms Solar

LOCATION: Pickaway County, OH

LATITUDE: 39.542808 **LONGITUDE**: -83.025881

WEATHER: Sunny

TOP SOIL: Fat Clay (CH), trace Sand, dark brown, dry to moist

TYPE OF TEST : Wenner 4-Pin Method

EQUIPMENT: Megger
SERIAL NO. 101289851
MODEL: DET 2/2

CALIBRATION DUE DATE: 3/12/2022 TEST PERFORMED BY: RRC Project No. GE2110047

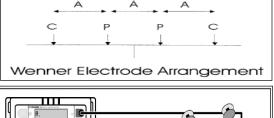
Temp. (°F) 60°F

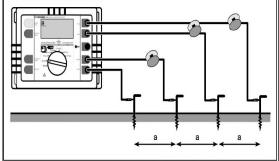
TEST SET RANGE Meter Current: 1mA - 50mA

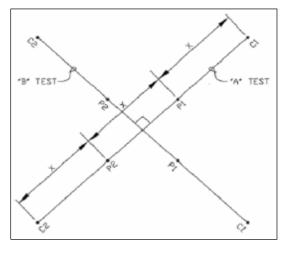
Meter Resistance: 0.010hm - 19.99k0hom

					APPARENT	ELECTRICAL	RESISTIVITY		
PROB	PROBE C DEPTH	PROBE P DEPTH	E	-w	N	-s			
Spacing (ft)	(Inches)	(Inches)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Average Soil Resistivity (Ωm)
2.5	3	2	4.920	23.54	5.070	24.26			23.90
5	4	2	3.050	29.19	3.130	29.96			29.57
10	4	2	1.960	37.52	2.000	38.28			37.90
20	12	6	1.137	43.53	1.130	43.26			43.39
40	12	6	0.624	47.78	0.596	45.63			46.71
80	12	6	0.290	44.41	0.296	45.33			44.87
150	12+	6	0.177	50.82	0.182	52.26			51.54
200	12+	6	0.145	55.51	0.149	57.04			56.28

Notes: (1) Overhead powerline running NE-SW approximately 600 ft. Northwest from the test center





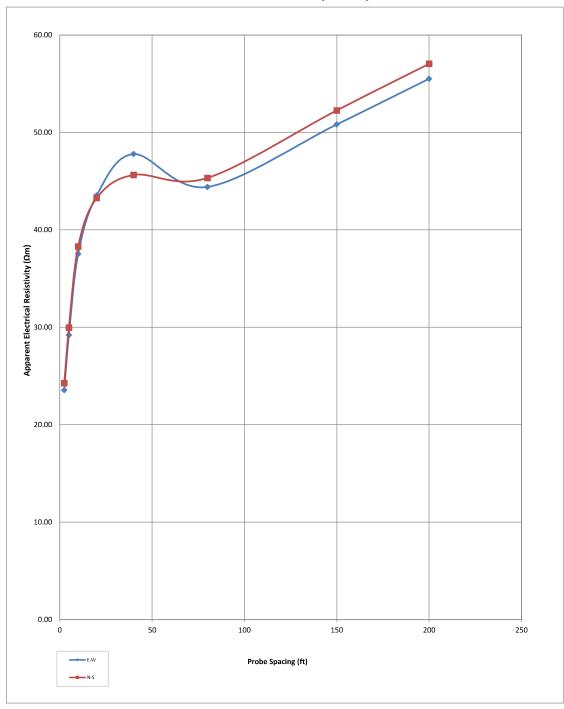


General Sketch of the test set up.

Total Array length is 3 times the probe spacing. The Apparent resistivity is calculated using the following equation: r=2*p*R*spacing*0.3048, where last item converts feet to meters. Wenner Array surveys were performed generally in accordance with IEEE std 81-2012 "IEEE Guide for Measuring Earth Resistivity, Ground Impedance and Earth Surface Potentials of a Grounding System." and ASTM G-57.



Scioto Farms Solar Electrical Resistivity Survey at R-1





SOIL RESISTIVITY MEASURMENT DATA SHEET

 Survey ID
 R-2

 DATE
 11/11/2021

CLIENT Candela Renewables
PROJECT Scioto Farms Solar

LOCATION: Pickaway County, OH

LATITUDE: 39.533271 **LONGITUDE**: -83.017793

WEATHER: Cloudy

TOP SOIL: Fat Clay (CH), dark brown, dry to moist

TYPE OF TEST : Wenner 4-Pin Method

EQUIPMENT: Megger SERIAL NO. 101289851

 MODEL:
 DET 2/2

 CALIBRATION DUE DATE:
 3/12/2022

 TEST PERFORMED BY:
 RRC

Project No. GE2110047

TEST SET RANGE

Temp. (°F)

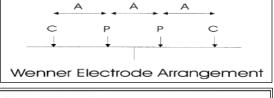
Meter Current: 1mA - 50mA

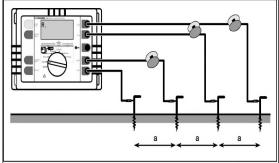
Meter Resistance: 0.010hm - 19.99k0hom

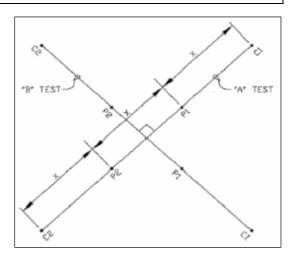
69°F

					APPARENT	ELECTRICAL	RESISTIVITY		
PROB	PROBE C DEPTH	PROBE P DEPTH	NW	/-SE	NE-	-sw			
Spacing (ft)	(Inches)	(Inches)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Average Soil Resistivity (Ωm)
2.5	3	2	8.010	38.33	8.100	38.76			38.55
5	4	2	4.950	47.38	5.130	49.10			48.24
10	4	2	2.810	53.79	2.720	52.06			52.93
20	12	6	1.390	53.21	1.461	55.93			54.57
40	12	6	0.651	49.84	0.655	50.15			50.00
80	12	6	0.318	48.70	0.320	49.00			48.85
150	12+	6	0.202	58.00	0.199	57.14			57.57
200	12+	6	0.156	59.72	0.161	61.64			60.68

Notes: (1) Overhead powerline running N-S approximately 650 ft. East from the test center





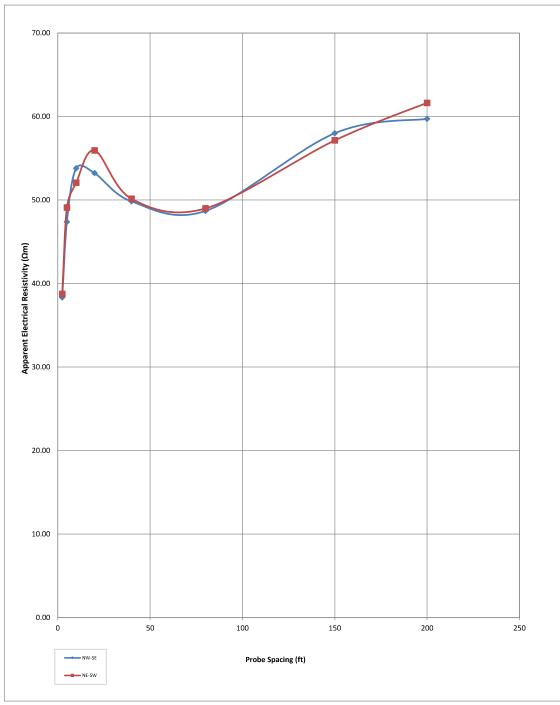


General Sketch of the test set up.

Total Array length is 3 times the probe spacing. The Apparent resistivity is calculated using the following equation: r=2*p*R*spacing*0.3048, where last item converts feet to meters. Wenner Array surveys were performed generally in accordance with IEEE std 81-2012 "IEEE Guide for Measuring Earth Resistivity, Ground Impedance and Earth Surface Potentials of a Grounding System." and ASTM G-57.



Scioto Farms Solar Electrical Resistivity Survey at R-2





SOIL RESISTIVITY MEASURMENT DATA SHEET

Survey ID R-3 **DATE** 10/31/2021

CLIENT Candela Renewables
PROJECT Scioto Farms Solar

LOCATION: Pickaway County, OH

LATITUDE: 39.528987 **LONGITUDE**: -83.026

WEATHER: Partly Cloudy

TOP SOIL: Fat Clay (CH), trace Sand, dark brown, moist

TYPE OF TEST : Wenner 4-Pin Method

EQUIPMENT: Megger SERIAL NO. 101289851

MODEL: DET 2/2
CALIBRATION DUE DATE: 3/12/2022
TEST PERFORMED BY: RRC

Project No. GE2110047

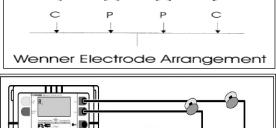
Temp. (°F) 60°F

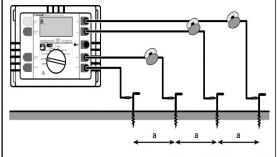
TEST SET RANGE Meter Current: 1mA - 50mA

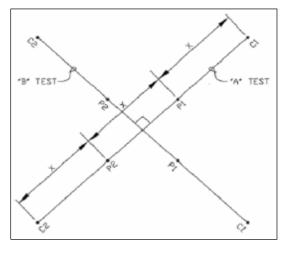
Meter Resistance: 0.010hm - 19.99kOhom

PROB Spacing (ft)	PROBE C DEPTH (Inches)	PROBE P DEPTH (Inches)	APPARENT ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY							
			E-W		N-S					
			Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Average Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	
2.5	3	2	4.710	22.54	4.550	21.77			22.16	
5	4	2	3.100	29.67	3.040	29.09			29.38	
10	4	2	2.120	40.58	2.060	39.43			40.01	
20	12	6	1.314	50.30	1.339	51.26			50.78	
40	12	6	0.824	63.09	0.810	62.02			62.55	
80	12	6	0.475	72.74	0.465	71.21			71.97	
150	12+	6	0.259	74.36	0.250	71.78			73.07	
200	12+	6	0.198	75.80	0.192	73.50			74.65	







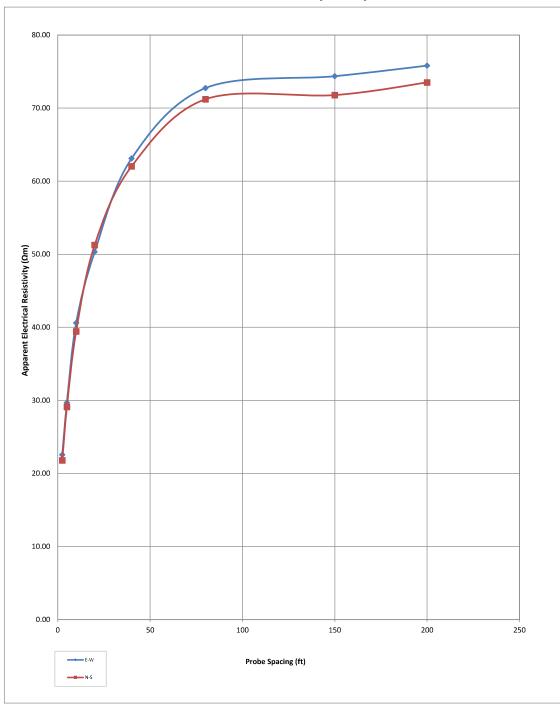


General Sketch of the test set up.

Total Array length is 3 times the probe spacing. The Apparent resistivity is calculated using the following equation: r=2*p*R*spacing*0.3048, where last item converts feet to meters. Wenner Array surveys were performed generally in accordance with IEEE std 81-2012 "IEEE Guide for Measuring Earth Resistivity, Ground Impedance and Earth Surface Potentials of a Grounding System." and ASTM G-57.



Scioto Farms Solar Electrical Resistivity Survey at R-3





SOIL RESISTIVITY MEASURMENT DATA SHEET

 Survey ID
 R-4

 DATE
 11/12/2021

CLIENT Candela Renewables
PROJECT Scioto Farms Solar

LOCATION: Pickaway County, OH

LATITUDE: 39.524597 **LONGITUDE**: -83.018501

WEATHER: Sunny

TOP SOIL: Fat Clay (CH), dark brown, dry to moist

TYPE OF TEST : Wenner 4-Pin Method

EQUIPMENT: Megger
SERIAL NO. 101289851
MODEL: DET 2/2

CALIBRATION DUE DATE: 3/12/2022 TEST PERFORMED BY: RRC Project No. GE2110047

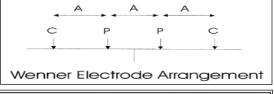
Temp. (°F) 47°F

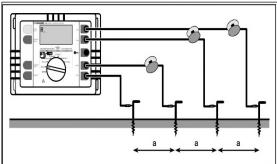
TEST SET RANGE Meter Current: 1mA - 50mA

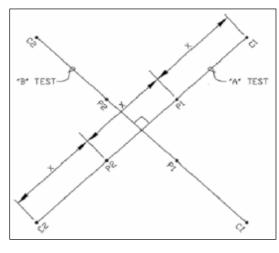
Meter Resistance: 0.010hm - 19.99kOhom

PROB Spacing (ft)	PROBE C DEPTH (Inches)	PROBE P DEPTH (Inches)	APPARENT ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY							
			NE-SW		NW-SE					
			Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Average Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	
2.5	3	2	5.860	28.04	6.150	29.43			28.74	
5	4	2	3.780	36.18	3.580	34.26			35.22	
10	4	2	2.270	43.45	2.180	41.73			42.59	
20	12	6	1.316	50.38	1.350	51.68			51.03	
40	12	6	0.644	49.31	0.635	48.62			48.96	
80	12	6	0.290	44.41	0.281	43.03			43.72	
150	12+	6	0.163	46.80	0.168	48.24			47.52	
200	12+	6	0.137	52.45	0.132	50.53			51.49	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									

Notes: (1) Overhead powerline running N-S approximately 850 ft. East from the test center





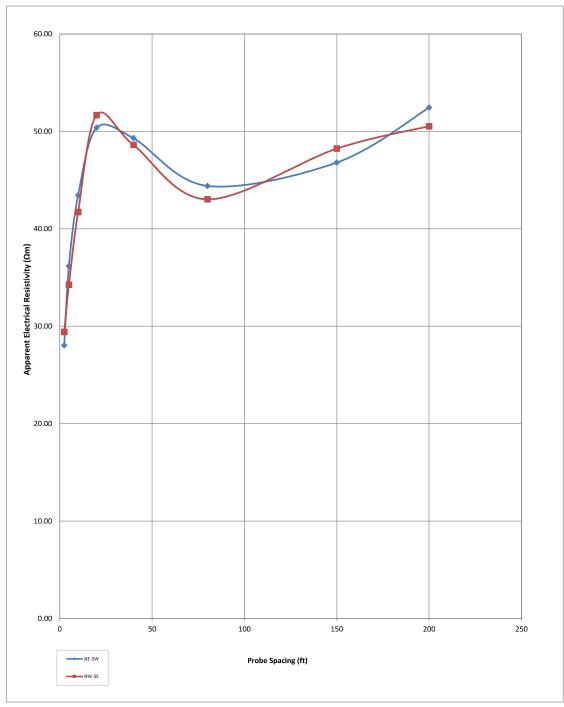


General Sketch of the test set up.

Total Array length is 3 times the probe spacing. The Apparent resistivity is calculated using the following equation: r=2*p*R*spacing*0.3048, where last item converts feet to meters. Wenner Array surveys were performed generally in accordance with IEEE std 81-2012 "IEEE Guide for Measuring Earth Resistivity, Ground Impedance and Earth Surface Potentials of a Grounding System." and ASTM G-57.



Scioto Farms Solar Electrical Resistivity Survey at R-4





SOIL RESISTIVITY MEASURMENT DATA SHEET

 Survey ID
 R-5

 DATE
 11/9/2021

CLIENT Candela Renewables
PROJECT Scioto Farms Solar

LOCATION: Pickaway County, OH

LATITUDE: 39.52127 **LONGITUDE**: -83.02755

WEATHER: Cloudy

TOP SOIL: Fat Clay (CH), with Sand, brown, dry to moist

TYPE OF TEST : Wenner 4-Pin Method

EQUIPMENT: Megger SERIAL NO. 101289851

MODEL: DET 2/2
CALIBRATION DUE DATE: 3/12/2022
TEST PERFORMED BY: RRC

Project No. GE2110047

TEST SET RANGE

Temp. (°F)

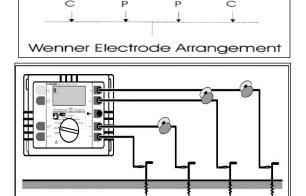
Meter Current: 1mA - 50mA

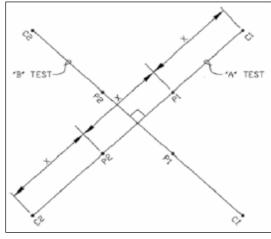
Meter Resistance: 0.010hm - 19.99k0hom

61°F

PROB Spacing (ft)	PROBE C DEPTH (Inches)	PROBE P DEPTH (Inches)	APPARENT ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY							
			E-W		N-S					
			Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Average Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	
2.5	3	2	10.790	51.63	10.330	49.43			50.53	
5	4	2	6.110	58.48	5.820	55.70			57.09	
10	4	2	2.960	56.66	2.910	55.70			56.18	
20	12	6	1.661	63.59	1.639	62.75			63.17	
40	12	6	0.969	74.19	0.967	74.04			74.12	
80	12	6	0.521	79.78	0.518	79.32			79.55	
150	12+	6	0.273	78.38	0.268	76.95			77.67	
200	12+	6	0.150	57.42	0.159	60.87			59.15	
		-								
·										

Notes:



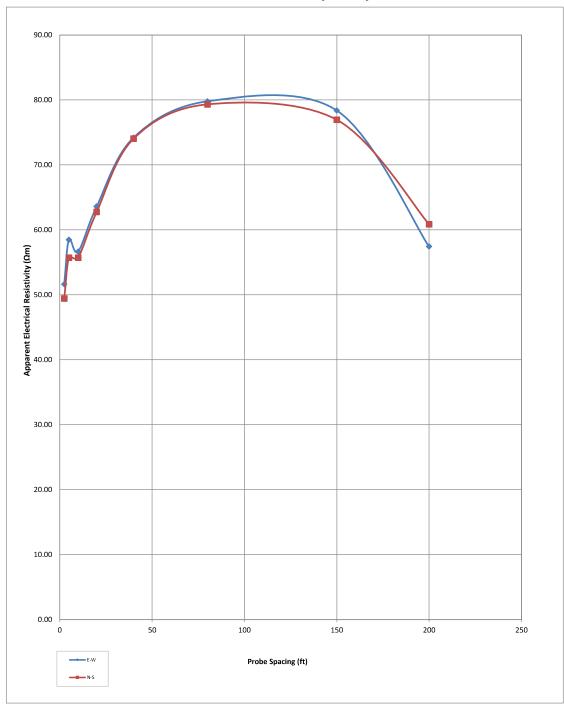


General Sketch of the test set up.

Total Array length is 3 times the probe spacing. The Apparent resistivity is calculated using the following equation: r=2*p*R*spacing*0.3048, where last item converts feet to meters. Wenner Array surveys were performed generally in accordance with IEEE std 81-2012 "IEEE Guide for Measuring Earth Resistivity, Ground Impedance and Earth Surface Potentials of a Grounding System." and ASTM G-57.



Scioto Farms Solar Electrical Resistivity Survey at R-5





SOIL RESISTIVITY MEASURMENT DATA SHEET

 Survey ID
 R-6

 DATE
 10/10/2021

CLIENT Candela Renewables
PROJECT Scioto Farms Solar

LOCATION: Pickaway County, OH

LATITUDE: 39.515002 **LONGITUDE**: -83.020006

WEATHER: Sunny

TOP SOIL: Fat Clay (CH), trace Sand, brown, dry to moist

TYPE OF TEST : Wenner 4-Pin Method

EQUIPMENT: Megger SERIAL NO. 101289851 MODEL: DET 2/2

CALIBRATION DUE DATE: 3/12/2022 TEST PERFORMED BY : RRC Project No. GE2110047

Temp. (°F) 60°F

TEST SET RANGE

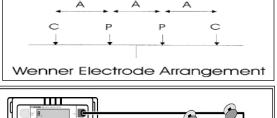
Meter Current: 1mA - 50mA

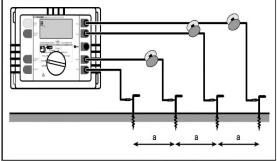
Meter Resistance: 0.010hm - 19.99k0hom

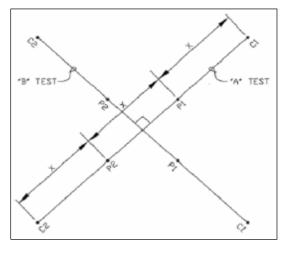
					APPARENT	ELECTRICAL I	RESISTIVITY		
PROB	PROBE C DEPTH	PROBE P DEPTH	100 E	- 280 W	10 N -	· 190 S			
Spacing (ft)	(Inches)	(Inches)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Average Soil Resistivity (Ωm)
2.5	3	2	7.440	35.60	7.170	34.31			34.96
5	4	2	4.530	43.36	4.240	40.58			41.97
10	4	2	2.750	52.64	2.650	50.72			51.68
20	12	6	1.560	59.72	1.544	59.11			59.42
40	12	6	0.925	70.82	0.922	70.59			70.71
80	12	6	0.555	84.99	0.549	84.07			84.53
150	12+	6	0.301	86.42	0.298	85.56			85.99
200	12+	6	0.232	88.82	0.218	83.46			86.14

Notes: (1) Overhead powerline running NW-SE approximately 1250 ft. northeast from the test center

(2) Metal Tower approximately 1400 ft. north from the test center





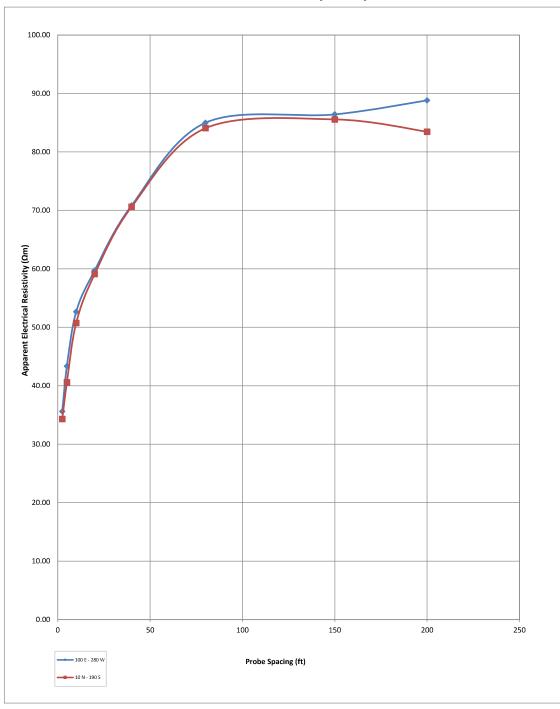


General Sketch of the test set up.

Total Array length is 3 times the probe spacing. The Apparent resistivity is calculated using the following equation: r=2*p*R*spacing*0.3048, where last item converts feet to meters. Wenner Array surveys were performed generally in accordance with IEEE std 81-2012 "IEEE Guide for Measuring Earth Resistivity, Ground Impedance and Earth Surface Potentials of a Grounding System." and ASTM G-57.



Scioto Farms Solar Electrical Resistivity Survey at R-6





SOIL RESISTIVITY MEASURMENT DATA SHEET

 Survey ID
 R-7

 DATE
 11/4/2021

CLIENT Candela Renewables
PROJECT Scioto Farms Solar

LOCATION: Pickaway County, OH

LATITUDE: 39.514494 **LONGITUDE**: -83.01299

WEATHER: Sunny

TOP SOIL: Fat Clay (CH), brown, dry to moist

TYPE OF TEST : Wenner 4-Pin Method

EQUIPMENT: Megger SERIAL NO. 101289851

MODEL: DET 2/2
CALIBRATION DUE DATE: 3/12/2022
TEST PERFORMED BY: RRC

Project No. GE2110047

TEST SET RANGE

Temp. (°F)

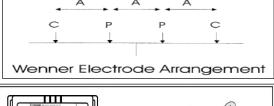
Meter Current: 1mA - 50mA

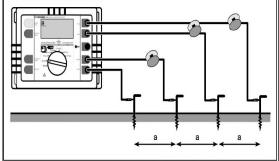
Meter Resistance: 0.010hm - 19.99k0hom

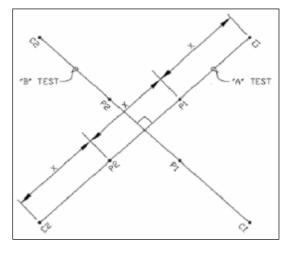
56°F

					APPARENT	ELECTRICAL	RESISTIVITY		
PROB	PROBE C DEPTH	PROBE P DEPTH	110 E	- 290 W	20 N -	200 S			
Spacing (ft)	(Inches)	(Inches)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Meter reading (Ω)	Soil Resistivity (Ωm)	Average Soil Resistivity (Ωm)
2.5	3	2	6.150	29.43	6.180	29.57			29.50
5	4	2	3.970	38.00	3.990	38.19			38.09
10	4	2	2.440	46.71	2.410	46.13			46.42
20	12	6	1.415	54.17	1.416	54.21			54.19
40	12	6	0.892	68.30	0.911	69.75			69.02
80	12	6	0.597	91.42	0.619	94.79			93.10
150	12+	6	0.339	97.33	0.344	98.77			98.05
200	12+	6	0.231	88.43	0.236	90.35			89.39







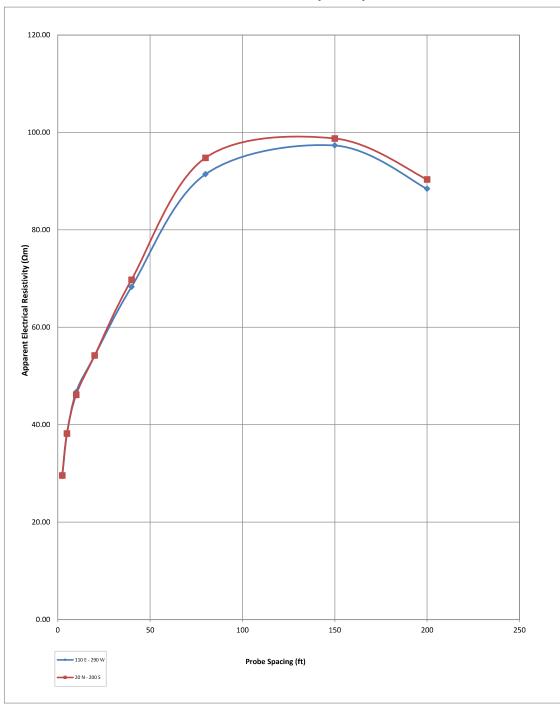


General Sketch of the test set up.

Total Array length is 3 times the probe spacing. The Apparent resistivity is calculated using the following equation: r=2*p*R*spacing*0.3048, where last item converts feet to meters. Wenner Array surveys were performed generally in accordance with IEEE std 81-2012 "IEEE Guide for Measuring Earth Resistivity, Ground Impedance and Earth Surface Potentials of a Grounding System." and ASTM G-57.



Scioto Farms Solar Electrical Resistivity Survey at R-7







Soil Thermal Resistivity Sample & Testing Summary Scioto Farms Solar Project (PN: GE2110047)

Field Thermal Resistivity Test										
Location Boring	Depth (ft)	Test Point ¹	Temperature (°C)	In-situ Thermal Resistivity (°C-cm/W)	In-Situ Water Content (%) ²					
	2.0	1	13.0	59	18.3					
	2.0	2	13.7	52	15.7					
TP-1	3.0	1	13.5	41	11.9					
117-1	3.0	2	14.1	43	13.1					
	4.0	1	13.6	44	11.0					
	7.0	2	14.0	44	12.6					
	2.0	1	13.6	50	14.5					
	2.0	2	14.4	52	14.9					
TP-2	3.0	1	14.2	49	12.8					
11 2	3.0	2	14.3	47	12.6					
	4.0	1	13.8	45	13.0					
	1.0	2	14.4	50	12.5					
	2.0	1	13.8	52	14.3					
	2.0	2	14.4	57	16.0					
TP-5	3.0	1	14.1	41	12.1					
	5.0	2	14.3	44	12.3					
	4.0	1	14.0	47	12.5					
		2	14.6	49	12.6					
	2.0	1	12.8	46	12.6					
		2	13.5	47	12.9					
TP-8	3.0	1	13.1	47	12.9					
11-0		2	13.6	41	11.3					
	4.0	1	13.4	46	11.6					
	7.0	2	13.6	50	13.3					
	2.0	1	14.0	49	12.3					
	2.0	2	14.4	52	12.3					
TP-9	3.0	1	14.6	44	12.0					
117-9	3.0	2	14.6	49	12.0					
	4.0	1	13.6	47	12.4					
	4.0	2	14.5	46	9.7					
	2.0	1	12.6	72	24.9					
	2.0	2	13.4	73	21.2					
TP-10	2.0	1	13.6	69	25.5					
117-10	3.0	2	13.6	74	18.8					
	4.0	1	13.3	57	19.3					
	4.0	2	13.2	55	11.6					



Soil Thermal Resistivity Sample & Testing Summary Scioto Farms Solar Project (PN: GE2110047)

	Field Thermal Resistivity Test (Continue)											
Location Boring	Depth (ft)	Test Point ¹	Temperature (°C)	In-situ Thermal Resistivity (°C-cm/W)	In-Situ Water Content (%) ²							
	2.0	1	13.1	58	10.5							
	2.0	2	13.2	67	10.5							
TP-11	3.0	1	13.8	50	10.9							
117-11	3.0	2	13.8	47	11.4							
	4.0	1	13.7	47	13.0							
	4.0	2	13.9	47	13.7							

Note: 1, At each test pit, two spots were selected for field thermal test.

^{2,} Soil sample closed to the field thermal probe was collected. Water Content was measured in the lab.



Soil Thermal Resistivity Sample & Testing Summary Scioto Farms Solar Project (PN: GE2110047)

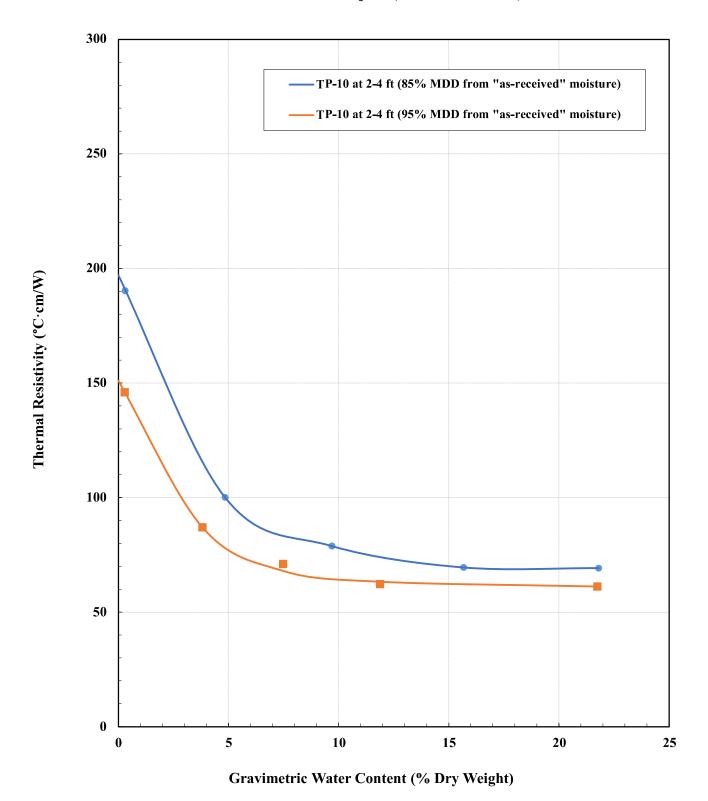
Boring	Depth	Percent Passing #200 Sieve	Maximum Dry Density (ASTM D698)	Optimum Water Content (ASTM D698)	LL	PL	PI
	ft 9		pcf	%			
TP-10	2-4	79.9	111.2	16.3	48	18	20

Boring	Depth	Soil Type (USCS)
TP-10	2-4	BROWN LEAN CLAY with SAND (CL)

	Remolded Samples											
Boring	Remold Water Content	Percent Compaction	Target Remold Dry Density	Actual Remold Dry Density	Thermal Resistivity at Wet (ASTM D5334)	Thermal Resistivity at Dry (ASTM D5334)						
	%	%	pcf	pcf	°C-cm/W	°C-cm/W						
TP-10	21.8	85	94.5	94.6	69	197						
11-10	21.7	95	105.6	105.4	61	151						



Soil Thermal Resistivity Testing Dryout Curves Scioto Farms Solar Project (PN: GE2110047)







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APPENDIX D

	Table D1.1 Soil Parameters for Driven Pile Capacity Analysis for PV Array											
Soil Layer	Depth Interval (feet)	USGS Soil & Rock Classification	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Allowable Uplift Unit Skin Friction Based on Pile Load Testing (FOS = 1.5) (psf)	Allowable Unit Skin Friction in Compression Based on Pile Load Testing (FOS = 1.5) (psf)	Allowable Bearing Pressure** (FOS = 2.0) (psf)						
1*	0 to 2.7	SOFT CLAY	100	0	0	0						
2	2.7 to 9	LEAN/FAT CLAY	115	450	550	7,000						
3***	9 to 15	LEAN/FAT CLAY	120	450	550	7,000						

Note: *Due to upper 2.7 feet zone with potential frost heave at project site, options below should be considered to prevent damage resulting from adfreezing and potential for frost jacking during driven steel pile design and construction:

Option A: Without placing friction reducing material, we recommend using 1,600 psf for frost heave stress on steel pile within the upper 2.7-ft zone. The uplift forces can be resisted by a combination of dead-load and skin friction contribution of the soils below frost depth zone.

Option B: Placing friction reducing material to prevent damage resulting from adfreezing and potential for frost jacking. Means and methods to properly install driven pile with placing friction reducing material is the responsibility of the contractor.

	Table D1.2 L-PILE Computer Program Parameters for Lateral Load Analysis for PV Array											
Soil Layer	Depth Interval (feet)	LPILE Soil Type	K (pci) Cyclic	γ (pcf)	C** (psf)	ф (deg)	850 (in/in)	E _{rm} (psi)	UCS (psi)	RQD (%)	K _{rm}
1*	0 to 2	Soft Clay	N/A	N/A	100	300	N/A	Program Default	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2	2 to 7	Stiff Clay w/o Free Water (Reese)	N/A	N/A	115	2,500	N/A	Program Default	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3	7 to 9	Stiff Clay w/o Free Water (Reese)	N/A	N/A	120	3,500	N/A	Program Default	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
4***	9 to 15	Stiff Clay w/o Free Water (Reese)	N/A	N/A	120	3,500	N/A	Program Default	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Notes: K is the modulus of subgrade reaction; γ is the effective unit weight; C is the cohesion of soil; φ is the friction angle of soil; ε₅₀ is the soil strain parameter; E_m is the rock mass modulus of the rock; UCS is average Unconfined Compressive Strength of rock; RQD is average Rock Quality Designation; K_m is the rock strain parameter.

Notes: *For upper 2 feet or scour depth, whichever is deeper, design parameters have been reduced due to seasonal moisture change and soil disturbance.



^{**} Allowable Pile End Bearing Pressure may be applied using a maximum of 50% of H-pile box-area, for calculating the axial compressive pile capacity.

^{***} Parameters provided in layer 3 are not obtained from pile load test. Recommend verifying with additional pile load testing if pile embedment depths are deeper than 9 feet below existing ground surface.

^{**} The Undrained Shear Strengths used in this table are used to calibrate the lateral deflections of the piles based on pile load testing program and may not be presentative of the actual undrained shear strength of the subsurface materials.

^{***} Parameters provided in layer 4 are not obtained from pile load test. Recommend verifying with additional pile load testing if pile embedment depths are deeper than 9 feet below existing ground surface.

	Table D2.1 Soil Parameters for Driven Pile Capacity Analysis for PV Array (Weak Zone – near Borings B-01, B-04, B-05, B-06, B-09)											
Soil Layer	Depth Interval (feet)	USGS Soil & Rock Classification	Effective Unit Weight (pcf)	Allowable Uplift Unit Skin Friction Based on Pile Load Testing (FOS = 1.5) (psf)	Allowable Unit Skin Friction in Compression Based on Pile Load Testing (FOS = 1.5) (psf)	Allowable Bearing Pressure** (FOS = 2.0) (psf)						
1*	0 to 2.7	SOFT CLAY	100	0	0	0						
2	2.7 to 9	LEAN/FAT CLAY	115	250	300	5,000						
3***	9 to 15	LEAN/FAT CLAY	120	450	550	7,000						

Note: *Due to upper 2.7 feet zone with potential frost heave at project site, options below should be considered to prevent damage resulting from adfreezing and potential for frost jacking during driven steel pile design and construction:

Option A: Without placing friction reducing material, we recommend using 1,600 psf for frost heave stress on steel pile within the upper 2.7-ft zone. The uplift forces can be resisted by a combination of dead-load and skin friction contribution of the soils below frost depth zone.

Option B: Placing friction reducing material to prevent damage resulting from adfreezing and potential for frost jacking. Means and methods to properly install driven pile with placing friction reducing material is the responsibility of the contractor.

** Allowable Pile End Bearing Pressure may be applied using a maximum of 50% of H-pile box-area, for calculating the axial compressive pile capacity.

*** Parameters provided in layer 3 are not obtained from pile load test. Recommend verifying with additional pile load testing if pile embedment depths are deeper than 9 feet below existing ground surface.

	Table D2.2 L-PILE Computer Program Parameters for Lateral Load Analysis for PV Array (Weak Zone – near Borings B-01, B-04, B-05, B-06, B-09)												
Soil Layer	Depth Interval (feet)	LPILE Soil Type	K (Cyclic	γ (pcf)	C** (psf)	φ (deg)	€50 (in/in)	E _{rm} (psi)	UCS (psi)	RQD (%)	K _{rm}	
1*	0 to 2	Soft Clay	N/A	N/A	100	200	N/A	Program Default	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
2	2 to 7	Stiff Clay w/o Free Water (Reese)	N/A	N/A	115	2,250	N/A	Program Default	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
3	7 to 9	Stiff Clay w/o Free Water (Reese)	N/A	N/A	120	3,500	N/A	Program Default	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
4***	9 to 15	Stiff Clay w/o Free Water (Reese)	N/A	N/A	120	3,500	N/A	Program Default	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	

Notes: K is the modulus of subgrade reaction; γ is the effective unit weight; C is the cohesion of soil; φ is the friction angle of soil; ε₅₀ is the soil strain parameter; E_m is the rock mass modulus of the rock; UCS is average Unconfined Compressive Strength of rock; RQD is average Rock Quality Designation; K_m is the rock strain parameter.

Notes: *For upper 2 feet or scour depth, whichever is deeper, design parameters have been reduced due to seasonal moisture change and soil disturbance.

** The Undrained Shear Strengths used in this table are used to calibrate the lateral deflections of the piles based on pile load testing program and may not be presentative of the actual undrained shear strength of the subsurface materials.

*** Parameters provided in layer 4 are not obtained from pile load test. Recommend verifying with additional pile load testing if pile embedment depths are deeper than 9 feet below existing ground surface.



Table D3.1 – LPILE Computer Program Parameters for Lateral Load Analysis for Substation

Soil Layer	Depth (feet)	LPILE Soil Type	K (pci) Cyclic	γ' (pcf)	C (pst)	φ (degree)	€ ₅₀	E _{rm} (psi)	UCS (psi)	RQD (%)	K _{rm}
1*	0 to 3	Stiff Clay w/o Free Water			115							
2	3 to 7	Stiff Clay w/o Free Water			115	650		0.010				
3	7 to 9	Stiff Clay w/o Free Water			115	1,590		0.007				
4	9 to 14	Stiff Clay w/o Free Water		-	115	3,990		0.005				
5	14 to 24	Stiff Clay w/o Free Water			115	3,990		0.005				
6	24 to 34	Sand (Reese)	60		52.6		33	-				
7	34 to 50	Stiff Clay w/o Free Water			52.6	3,320		0.005				

Notes:

*Upper 3 feet of soil should be neglected due to seasonal moisture change.

Table D3.2 – Direct Embedment/Drilled Pier Foundation Design Parameters for Substation

			γ	ф	С	C' _{Rock}		SPT N-	.	Allowable Unit Skin Friction	Allowable Bearing
Soil	Depth (fact)	USCS Soil & Rock Classification	(n.ef)	(do 2002 a)	(f)		K _n	Value (blows/ft)	Deformation Modulus (ksi)	(FS=2.5) ⁽¹⁾ (psf)	Pressure (FS=3)
Layer	(feet)	Classification	(pcf)	(degree)	(psf)	(psf)	N _p	(JIVSWOID)	wodulus (KSI)	(FS=2.5)**(psr)	(psf)
1*	0 to 3	CL	115								
2	3 to 7	CL	115		650		2.98	5	0.8	140	1,400
3	7 to 9	CL	115		1,590		2.98	12	1.4	350	4,200
4	9 to 14	CL	115		3,990		2.98	30	2.4	810	8,800
5	14 to 24	CL	115		3,990		2.98	30	2.4	810	8,800
6	24 to 34	SP	52.6	33	1		3.39	22	2.1	750	8,800
7	34 to 50	СН	52.6		3,320		2.98	25	2.2	720	9,900

Notes:

Design depth to groundwater is 24 feet



^{*}Upper 3 feet of soils should be neglected due to seasonal moisture change; Kp: Rankine Passive Earth Pressure Coefficient; γ : Effective Unit Weight ($\gamma'=\gamma_{Total}$ -62.4 pcf); ϕ : Angle of Internal Friction.

⁽¹⁾ For uplift resistance, the allowable skin friction provided in table above should be reduced by 25 percent.





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APPENDIX E

Scioto Fai	rms Solar -	Test Pile D	riving/Installi	ng Time													
								Pile Drive Time at 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 ft (sec)									
Location/ Boring ID	Latitude	Longitude	Test Pile ID	Pile Section	Embedment Depth (ft)	Stick-up Height (ft)	Pile Install Date	1'	2'	3'	4'	5'	6'	7'	8'	9'	Total Time (sec)
B-01	39.543450	-83.025700	PLT-B-01	W6X9	9.0	5.0	11/19/2021	1.0	5.7	9.5	12.4	11.9	10.2	12.0	13.3	14.0	90.0
B-02	39.541270	-83.023700	PLT-B-02A	W6X9	7.0	5.0	11/19/2021	0.6	2.5	6.2	12.2	19.0	20.7	20.1			81.3
			PLT-B-02B	W6X9	9.0	5.0	11/19/2021	0.4	0.3	5.2	10.6	16.1	41.2	16.1	22.2	24.1	136.2
B-03	39.538930	-83.016200	PLT-B-03	W6X9	7.0	5.0	11/19/2021	0.7	3.2	8.2	14.1	24.0	29.0	21.8			101.0
B-04	39.535980	-83.019800	PLT-B-04	W6X9	7.0	5.0	11/19/2021	1.3	5.4	7.3	7.7	6.4	6.1	5.4			39.6
B-05	39.537430	-83.028800	PLT-B-05	W6X9	9.0	5.0	11/19/2021	0.9	4.3	7.5	10.7	12.3	14.1	15.4	16.4	17.9	99.5
B-06	39.535060	-83.025500	PLT-B-06	W6X9	7.0	5.0	11/19/2021	0.7	3.8	6.3	9.0	6.7	8.2	9.0			43.7
B-07	39.532900	-83.022300	PLT-B-07	W6X9	9.0	5.0	11/19/2021	0.8	2.8	7.0	10.7	15.3	16.9	18.7	22.3	23.9	118.4
B-08	39.531930	-83.016500	PLT-B-08A	W6X9	7.0	5.0	11/19/2021	0.8	3.5	5.4	8.1	12.5	16.8	18.3			65.4
			PLT-B-08B	W6X9	9.0	5.0	11/19/2021	1.0	3.5	7.0	11.4	14.7	20.1	22.6	26.2	30.5	137.0
B-09	39.529920	-83.027200	PLT-B-09	W6X9	7.0	5.0	11/19/2021	0.7	5.7	8.7	12.4	14.0	14.5	12.4			68.4
B-10	39.528400	-83.018300	PLT-B-10	W6X9	9.0	5.0	11/19/2021	1.0	3.8	8.4	15.7	25.4	25.3	26.2	22.6	25.6	154.0
B-11	39.525560	-83.026300	PLT-B-11	W6X9	9.0	5.0	11/19/2021	0.5	5.5	6.4	12.5	15.6	17.7	17.5	19.6	24.7	120.0
B-12	39.523530	-83.021300	PLT-B-12	W6X9	7.0	5.0	11/19/2021	0.0	3.3	10.1	18.6	26.6	30.7	36.2			125.5
B-13	39.519500	-83.027200	PLT-B-13A	W6X9	7.0	5.0	11/19/2021	1.0	4.8	11.3	17.9	21.3	23.5	23.7			103.5
			PLT-B-13B	W6X9	9.0	5.0	11/19/2021	0.6	4.8	10.5	15.8	19.4	27.4	29.9	30.9	31.2	170.5
B-14	39.520440	-83.019600	PLT-B-14	W6X9	9.0	5.0	11/19/2021	0.6	4.4	10.6	12.9	15.0	17.2	20.5	21.2	19.9	122.3
B-15	39.515550	-83.023100	PLT-B-15	W6X9	7.0	5.0	11/19/2021	0.0	3.3	7.2	14.2	20.1	24.4	29.0			98.2
B-16	39.512390	-83.016000	PLT-B-16	W6X9	7.0	5.0	11/19/2021	0.4	3.0	5.5	8.0	9.6	13.4	15.0			54.9
B-17	39.512700	-83.011600	PLT-B-17A	W6X9	7.0	5.0	11/19/2021	0.7	3.0	6.5	11.4	13.4	16.6	21.4			73.0
			PLT-B-17B	W6X9	9.0	5.0	11/19/2021	1.6	3.3	6.2	10.4	16.5	22.3	25.0	28.7	30.9	144.9
B-18	39.518020	-83.013900	PLT-B-18	W6X9	7.0	5.0	11/19/2021	0.7	5.1	9.7	15.7	17.2	15.9	16.4	1		80.7
B-19	39.528350	-83.014700	PLT-B-19	W6X9	9.0	5.0	11/19/2021	1.6	7.2	15.2	24.4	31.5	35.0	23.9	23.5	24.9	187.2

Summary of Pile Load Testing Results

-		_									Lateral Loading		Uplift Loading									
Location/ Boring ID	Latitude	Longitude	Test Pile ID	Pile Section	Type of installation	Load Testing	Embedment Depth (ft)	Stick-up Height (ft)	Driving Time (sec)	Maximum Load (lbs)	Displacment (inches) at 4" above ground	Residual Displacement (inches)	Maximum Load (lbs)	Displacment (inches)	Failure Load (lbs; 0.5-in displacement)	Residual Displacement (inches)	Top Soil/Neglect Zone Thickness (ft)	Resistance Depth (ft) (1)	Resistance Perimeter (ft)	Pile Uplift Failure Load (lbs) ⁽³⁾	Pile Uplift Strenght (lbs/ft)	Ultimate Uplift Unit Skin Friction (lbs/ft²)
B-01	39.543450	-83.025700	PLT-B-01	W6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	9.0	5.0	90	3,500	0.878	0.222	7,000	1.060	5,400	1.069	0.67	8.3	1.64	5,274	633	386
B-02	39.541270	-83.023700	PLT-B-02A	W6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	7.0	5.0	81.3	3,500	0.902	0.162	7,000	0.107	7,000		0.67	6.3	1.64	6,892	1,088	664
			PLT-B-02B	W6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	9.0	5.0	136.2	3,000	0.823	0.262	10,000	0.129	>10000	0.055	0.67	8.3	1.64	9,874	1,185	722
B-03	39.538930	-83.016200	PLT-B-03	W6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	7.0	5.0	101	3,500	0.852	0.227	10,000	0.183	>10,000	0.160	0.67	6.3	1.64	9,892	1,562	
B-04	39.535980	-83.019800	PLT-B-04	W6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	7.0	5.0	39.6	3,000	1.105	0.590	2,000	0.775	1,650	0.729	1.00	6.0	1.64	1,542	257	
B-05	39.537430	-83.028800	PLT-B-05	W6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	9.0	5.0	99.5	3,500	0.694	0.065	10,000	0.457	>10,000	0.340	0.50	8.5	1.64	9,874	1,162	
B-06	39.535060	-83.025500	PLT-B-06	W6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	7.0	5.0	43.7	3,500	0.748	0.151	6,000	0.751	5,300	0.748	0.67	6.3	1.64	5,192	820	500
B-07	39.532900	-83.022300	PLT-B-07	W6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	9.0	5.0	118.4	3,500	0.834	0.079	10,000	0.207	>10,000	0.181	0.83	8.2	1.64	9,874	1,209	
B-08	39.531930	-83.016500	PLT-B-08A	W6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	7.0	5.0	65.4	3,500	0.771	0.112	10,000	2.401	9,000	2.678	0.67	6.3	1.64	8,892	1,404	
			PLT-B-08B	W6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	9.0	5.0	137	3,500	0.702	0.069	10,000	0.246	>10,000	0.160	0.67	8.3	1.64	9,874	1,185	
B-09	39.529920	-83.027200	PLT-B-09	W6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	7.0	5.0	68.4	3,000	0.755	0.208	5,000	1.079	4,100	1.023	0.67	6.3	1.64	3,992	630	384
B-10	39.528400	-83.018300	PLT-B-10	W6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	9.0	5.0	154	3,500	0.683	0.077	10,000	0.115	>10,000	0.044	0.67	8.3	1.64	9,874	1,185	722
B-11	39.525560	-83.026300	PLT-B-11	W6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	9.0	5.0	120	3,500	0.831	0.109	10,000	0.150	>10,000	0.142	0.67	8.3	1.64	9,874	1,185	
B-12	39.523530	-83.021300	PLT-B-12	W6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	7.0	5.0	125.5	3,500	0.609	0.063	10,000	0.081	>10,000	0.030	0.50	6.5	1.64	9,892	1,522	
B-13	39.519500	-83.027200	PLT-B-13A	W6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	7.0	5.0	103.5	3,500	0.589	0.069	10,000	0.276	>10,000	0.181	1.00	6.0	1.64	9,892	1,649	
			PLT-B-13B	W6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	9.0	5.0	170.5	3,500	0.645	0.062	10,000	0.121	>10,000	0.038	1.00	8.0	1.64	9,874	1,234	
B-14	39.520440	-83.019600	PLT-B-14	W6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	9.0	5.0	122.3	3,500	0.641	0.064	10,000	0.091	>10,000	0.077	0.67	8.3	1.64	9,874	1,185	
B-15 B-16	39.515550 39.512390	-83.023100 -83.016000	PLT-B-15	W6X9	Driven Pile Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	7.0	5.0	98.2 54.9	3,500 3,500	0.691	0.068	10,000	0.096 1.174	>10,000	0.026	0.50	6.5	1.64 1.64	9,892	1,522	928 759
B-16 B-17	39.512390	-83.016000 -83.011600	PLT-B-16 PLT-B-17A	W6X9 W6X9	Driven Pile Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift Lateral then Uplift	7.0	5.0	73	3,500	0.754	0.109	9,300	0.152	8,200 >10.000	1.155 0.128	0.50 1.00	6.0	1.64	8,092 9,892	1,245 1.649	
D-17	39.512700	-63.011600	PLT-B-17A PLT-B-17B	W6X9	Driven Pile Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift Lateral then Uplift	9.0	5.0	144.9	3,500	0.694	0.116	10,000	0.152	>10,000	0.128	1.00	8.0	1.64	9,892	1,649	
B-18	39.518020	-83.013900	PLT-B-17B	W6X9	Driven Pile Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift Lateral then Uplift	7.0	5.0	80.7	3,500	0.760	0.111	8,700	1.348	>10,000	1.285	0.67	6.3	1.64	7,892	1,234	753 760
B-18 B-19	39.518020	-83.013900 -83.014700	PLT-B-18 PLT-B-19	W6X9	Driven Pile Driven Pile		9.0	5.0	187.2	3,500	0.536	0.075	10.000	0.080	>10.000	0.052	0.50	8.5	1.64	9,874	1,246	
p-19	39.528350	-65.014/00	PLI-B-19	w6X9	Driven Pile	Lateral then Uplift	9.0	5.0	167.2	3,500	0.536	0.051	10,000	0.080	>10,000	0.052	0.50	8.5	1.04	9,874	1,162	/08

Notes: 1) Resistance depth during testing = Embedment Depth-Top Soil Thickness. Assuming negligible resistance from the top soil during testing. For long-term design, RRC recommend to neglect 2.7 feet (see Table D1.1).

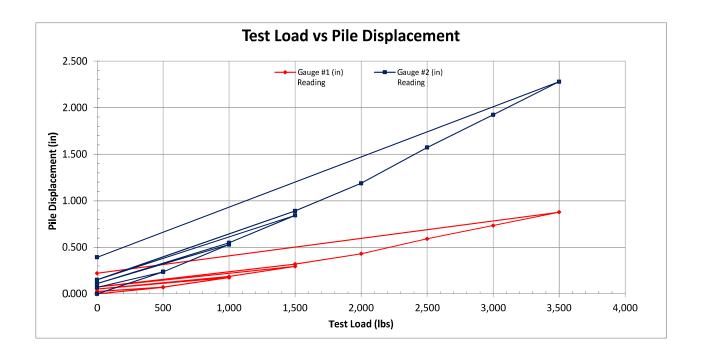
2) Box perimeter 3) Failure load minus weight of the pile. Assume 10,000 lbs maximum failure load.



Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 90.0

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/1/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Cloudy
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in):	4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in):	48

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge [Displacement	
Load (lbs)	Time	Gauge #1 (in)	Gauge #2 (in)	Gauge #1 (in)	Gauge #2 (in)	Note
	(min)	Reading	Reading	Displacement	Displacement	
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	-0.071	- 0.237	0.071	0.237	
0	0.5 min	- 0.026	- 0.070	0.026	0.070	
500	2 min	-0.073	-0.237	0.073	0.237	
1,000	2 min	- 0.176	- 0.530	0.176	0.530	
0	0.5 min	- 0.051	- 0.111	0.051	0.111	
1,000	2 min	- 0.187	- 0.549	0.187	0.549	
1,500	2 min	- 0.296	- 0.844	0.296	0.844	
0	0.5 min	- 0.073	-0.151	0.073	0.151	
1,500	2 min	- 0.320	-0.891	0.320	0.891	
2,000	2 min	- 0.432	- 1.188	0.432	1.188	
2,500	2 min	- 0.592	- 1.572	0.592	1.572	
3,000	2 min	- 0.735	- 1.924	0.735	1.924	
3,500	2 min	- 0.878	- 2.279	0.878	2.279	Pile Failed
0	0.5 min	-0.222	-0.393	0.222	0.393	_



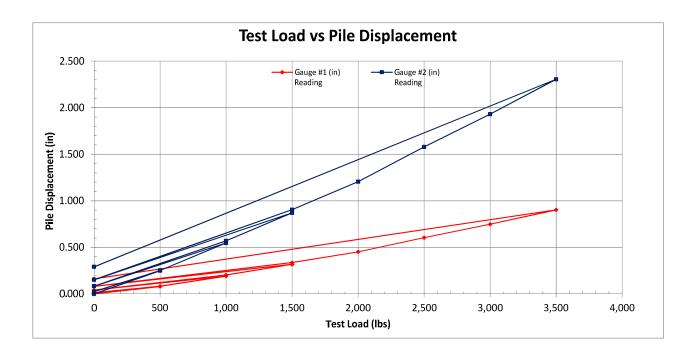
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No. PLT-B-02A-L
Pile Type: W6x9

Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0

Pile Drive Time (sec): 81.3

Pile Install Date: 11/19/2021
Pile Test Date: 12/2/2021
Tested by: Jake Alexander
Weather: Cloudy
Pile Embedment Depth (ft): 7.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in): 4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in): 48

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge [Displacement	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.080	- 0.249	0.080	0.249	
0	0.5 min	- 0.013	- 0.025	0.013	0.025	
500	2 min	-0.083	-0.253	0.083	0.253	
1,000	2 min	- 0.191	- 0.547	0.191	0.547	
0	0.5 min	- 0.042	- 0.083	0.042	0.083	
1,000	2 min	- 0.203	- 0.570	0.203	0.570	
1,500	2 min	- 0.317	- 0.871	0.317	0.871	
0	0.5 min	- 0.082	- 0.152	0.082	0.152	
1,500	2 min	- 0.336	-0.905	0.336	0.905	
2,000	2 min	- 0.452	- 1.206	0.452	1.206	
2,500	2 min	- 0.604	- 1.578	0.604	1.578	
3,000	2 min	- 0.748	- 1.931	0.748	1.931	
3,500	2 min	- 0.902	- 2.305	0.902	2.305	Pile Failed
0	0.5 min	-0.162	-0.291	0.162	0.291	

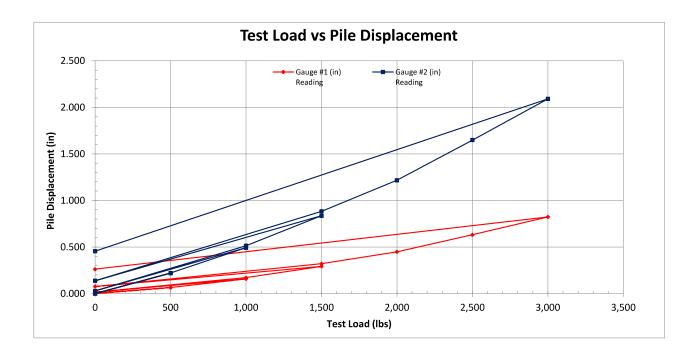




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 136.2

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/2/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Cloudy
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	9.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in):	4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in):	48

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge [Displacement	
Load (lbs)	Time	Gauge #1 (in)	Gauge #2 (in)	Gauge #1 (in)	Gauge #2 (in)	Note
	(min)	Reading	Reading	Displacement	Displacement	
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	-0.065	-0.220	0.065	0.220	
0	0.5 min	-0.002	0.000	0.002	0.000	
500	2 min	-0.066	-0.221	0.066	0.221	
1,000	2 min	-0.159	-0.492	0.159	0.492	
0	0.5 min	-0.016	-0.029	0.016	0.029	
1,000	2 min	-0.171	-0.514	0.171	0.514	
1,500	2 min	-0.293	-0.836	0.293	0.836	
0	0.5 min	-0.076	-0.137	0.076	0.137	
1,500	2 min	-0.321	-0.884	0.321	0.884	
2,000	2 min	-0.448	-1.217	0.448	1.217	
2,500	2 min	-0.632	-1.650	0.632	1.650	
3,000	2 min	-0.823	-2.091	0.823	2.091	Pile Failed
0	0.5 min	-0.262	-0.455	0.262	0.455	



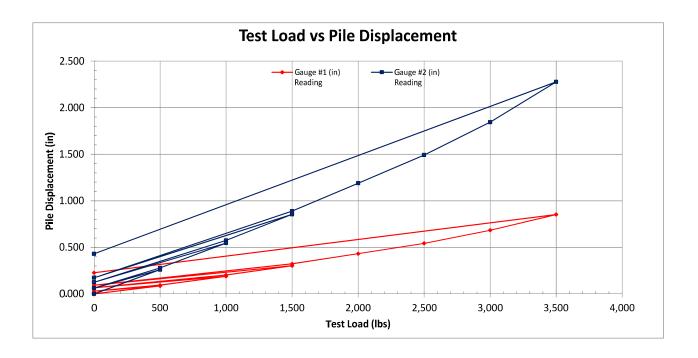
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No. PLT-B-03-L
Pile Type: W6x9

Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0

Pile Drive Time (sec): 101.0

Pile Install Date: 11/19/2021
Pile Test Date: 12/2/2021
Tested by: Jake Alexander
Weather: Cloudy
Pile Embedment Depth (ft): 7.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in): 4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in): 48

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge [Displacement	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.086	-0.261	0.086	0.261	
0	0.5 min	- 0.029	-0.063	0.029	0.063	
500	2 min	-0.094	-0.280	0.094	0.280	
1,000	2 min	- 0.190	- 0.547	0.190	0.547	
0	0.5 min	- 0.065	-0.126	0.065	0.126	
1,000	2 min	- 0.203	- 0.575	0.203	0.575	
1,500	2 min	- 0.303	- 0.855	0.303	0.855	
0	0.5 min	- 0.094	- 0.174	0.094	0.174	
1,500	2 min	- 0.322	- 0.889	0.322	0.889	
2,000	2 min	- 0.432	- 1.189	0.432	1.189	
2,500	2 min	- 0.544	- 1.491	0.544	1.491	
3,000	2 min	- 0.684	- 1.845	0.684	1.845	
3,500	2 min	- 0.852	- 2.277	0.852	2.277	Pile Failed
0	0.5 min	-0.227	-0.431	0.227	0.431	

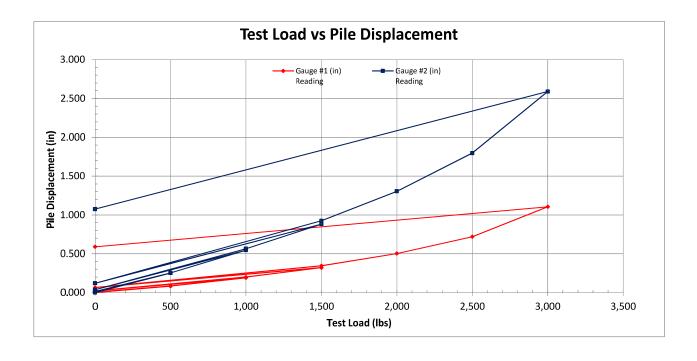


RRC

Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 39.6

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/2/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Windy
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in):	4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in):	48

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge [Displacement	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.082	-0.252	0.082	0.252	
0	0.5 min	- 0.005	-0.015	0.005	0.015	
500	2 min	-0.084	-0.254	0.084	0.254	
1,000	2 min	- 0.190	-0.546	0.190	0.546	
0	0.5 min	- 0.021	-0.037	0.021	0.037	
1,000	2 min	- 0.199	-0.565	0.199	0.565	
1,500	2 min	-0.321	-0.883	0.321	0.883	
0	0.5 min	-0.065	-0.120	0.065	0.120	
1,500	2 min	- 0.345	-0.925	0.345	0.925	
2,000	2 min	- 0.503	- 1.306	0.503	1.306	
2,500	2 min	-0.720	-1.797	0.720	1.797	
3,000	2 min	- 1.105	- 2.591	1.105	2.591	Pile Failed
0	0.5 min	- 0.590	- 1.075	0.590	1.075	



Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar

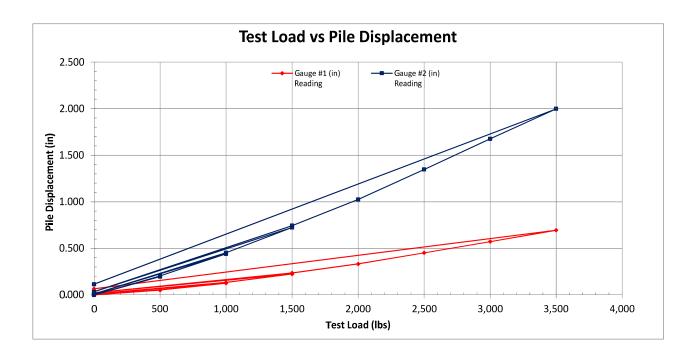
Pile Drive Time (sec): 99.5

Project No.: GE2110047 Client: Candela Pile No. PLT-B-05-L Pile Type: W6x9 Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0

Pile Install Date: 11/19/2021 Pile Test Date: 12/2/2021 Tested by: Jake Alexander Weather: Windy Pile Embedment Depth (ft): 9.0

Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in): 4 and 48 Load application above Ground (in): 48

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge [Displacement	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.052	-0.197	0.052	0.197	
0	0.5 min	- 0.003	0.000	0.003	0.000	
500	2 min	-0.053	-0.204	0.053	0.204	
1,000	2 min	- 0.126	- 0.441	0.126	0.441	
0	0.5 min	- 0.010	-0.010	0.010	0.010	
1,000	2 min	- 0.134	- 0.453	0.134	0.453	
1,500	2 min	-0.225	-0.724	0.225	0.724	
0	0.5 min	- 0.022	- 0.034	0.022	0.034	
1,500	2 min	- 0.236	- 0.744	0.236	0.744	
2,000	2 min	- 0.333	- 1.025	0.333	1.025	
2,500	2 min	-0.452	-1.347	0.452	1.347	
3,000	2 min	- 0.572	-1.676	0.572	1.676	
3,500	2 min	- 0.694	-1.998	0.694	1.998	
0	0.5 min	-0.065	-0.115	0.065	0.115	_

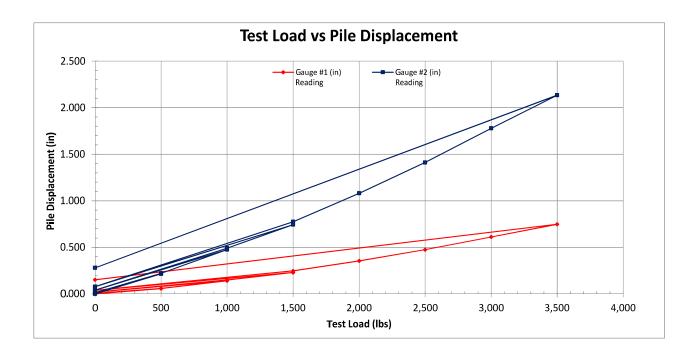




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 43.7

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/2/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in):	4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in):	48

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge [Displacement	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.057	-0.216	0.057	0.216	
0	0.5 min	- 0.006	-0.013	0.006	0.013	
500	2 min	-0.059	-0.222	0.059	0.222	
1,000	2 min	- 0.141	- 0.476	0.141	0.476	
0	0.5 min	- 0.019	- 0.040	0.019	0.040	
1,000	2 min	- 0.149	- 0.491	0.149	0.491	
1,500	2 min	- 0.230	- 0.744	0.230	0.744	
0	0.5 min	- 0.037	- 0.078	0.037	0.078	
1,500	2 min	- 0.247	- 0.775	0.247	0.775	
2,000	2 min	- 0.354	- 1.081	0.354	1.081	
2,500	2 min	- 0.475	-1.411	0.475	1.411	
3,000	2 min	- 0.612	- 1.778	0.612	1.778	
3,500	2 min	- 0.748	- 2.134	0.748	2.134	
0	0.5 min	-0.151	-0.280	0.151	0.280	



Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047

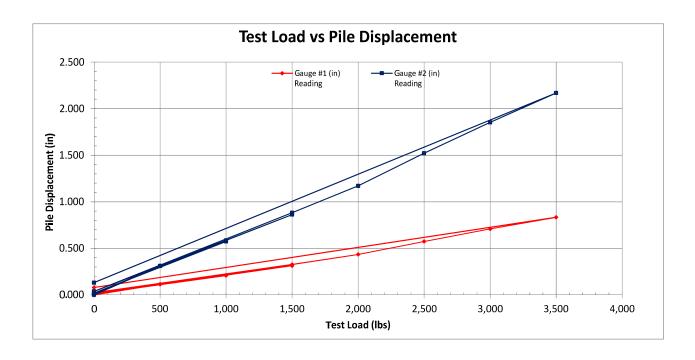
Pile Drive Time (sec): 118.4

Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0

Pile Install Date: 11/19/2021
Pile Test Date: 12/2/2021
Tested by: Jake Alexander
Weather: Windy
Pile Embedment Depth (ft): 9.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in): 4 and 48

Load application above Ground (in): 48

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge [Displacement	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.115	- 0.310	0.115	0.310	
0	0.5 min	- 0.007	-0.011	0.007	0.011	
500	2 min	-0.115	-0.312	0.115	0.312	
1,000	2 min	- 0.208	- 0.574	0.208	0.574	
0	0.5 min	- 0.012	- 0.020	0.012	0.020	
1,000	2 min	- 0.213	- 0.585	0.213	0.585	
1,500	2 min	- 0.314	-0.863	0.314	0.863	
0	0.5 min	-0.022	- 0.039	0.022	0.039	
1,500	2 min	- 0.326	- 0.882	0.326	0.882	
2,000	2 min	- 0.435	-1.171	0.435	1.171	
2,500	2 min	- 0.574	- 1.521	0.574	1.521	
3,000	2 min	- 0.709	- 1.853	0.709	1.853	
3,500	2 min	- 0.834	- 2.169	0.834	2.169	
0	0.5 min	-0.079	-0.132	0.079	0.132	



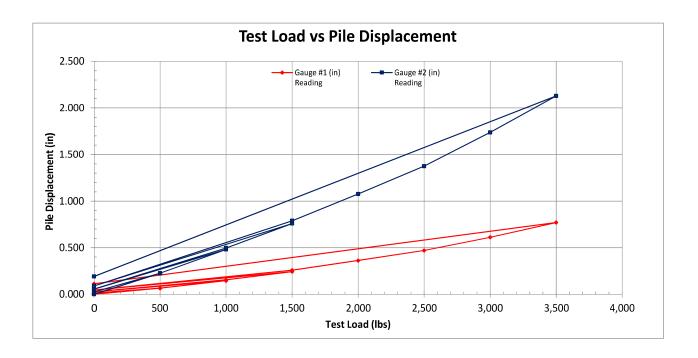
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0

Pile Install Date: 11/19/2021
Pile Test Date: 12/3/2021
Tested by: Jake Alexander
Weather: Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft): 7.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in): 4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in): 48

	Hold	Dial Gauge Reading		Dial Gauge Reading Dial Gauge Displacement			
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note	
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
500	2 min	-0.065	-0.225	0.065	0.225		
0	0.5 min	-0.012	-0.025	0.012	0.025		
500	2 min	-0.065	-0.226	0.065	0.226		
1,000	2 min	-0.146	-0.481	0.146	0.481		
0	0.5 min	-0.027	-0.055	0.027	0.055		
1,000	2 min	-0.154	-0.497	0.154	0.497		
1,500	2 min	-0.242	-0.760	0.242	0.760		
0	0.5 min	-0.045	-0.089	0.045	0.089		
1,500	2 min	-0.258	-0.789	0.258	0.789		
2,000	2 min	-0.362	-1.077	0.362	1.077		
2,500	2 min	-0.470	-1.376	0.470	1.376		
3,000	2 min	-0.612	-1.738	0.612	1.738		
3,500	2 min	-0.771	-2.130	0.771	2.130		
0	0.5 min	-0.112	-0.191	0.112	0.191		

Notes:

Pile Drive Time (sec): 65.4



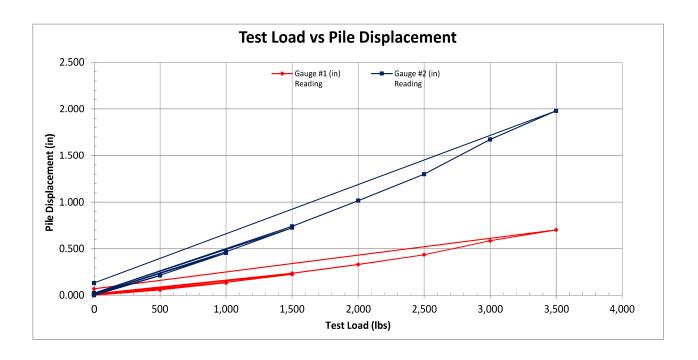
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No. PLT-B-08B-L
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0

Pile Install Date: 11/19/2021
Pile Test Date: 12/3/2021
Tested by: Jake Alexander
Weather: Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft): 9.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in): 4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in): 48

	Hold	Dial Gauge Reading		Dial Gauge Reading Dial Gauge Displacement		
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	-0.057	-0.211	0.057	0.211	
0	0.5 min	-0.003	-0.006	0.003	0.006	
500	2 min	-0.059	-0.214	0.059	0.214	
1,000	2 min	-0.134	-0.454	0.134	0.454	
0	0.5 min	-0.008	-0.014	0.008	0.014	
1,000	2 min	-0.140	-0.467	0.140	0.467	
1,500	2 min	-0.226	-0.725	0.226	0.725	
0	0.5 min	-0.014	-0.025	0.014	0.025	
1,500	2 min	-0.235	-0.740	0.235	0.740	
2,000	2 min	-0.330	-1.016	0.330	1.016	
2,500	2 min	-0.435	-1.300	0.435	1.300	·
3,000	2 min	-0.585	-1.673	0.585	1.673	
3,500	2 min	-0.702	-1.980	0.702	1.980	
0	0.5 min	-0.069	-0.132	0.069	0.132	

Notes:

Pile Drive Time (sec): 137.0

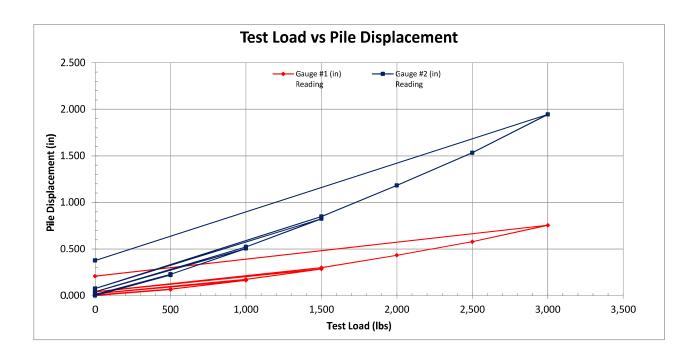




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 68.4

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/2/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Windy
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in):	4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in):	48

	Hold Dial Gauge Reading Dial Gauge Displacement		Dial Gauge Reading			
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.066	- 0.221	0.066	0.221	
0	0.5 min	- 0.005	- 0.012	0.005	0.012	
500	2 min	-0.068	-0.229	0.068	0.229	
1,000	2 min	- 0.164	- 0.506	0.164	0.506	
0	0.5 min	- 0.021	- 0.041	0.021	0.041	
1,000	2 min	- 0.174	-0.523	0.174	0.523	
1,500	2 min	-0.285	-0.825	0.285	0.825	
0	0.5 min	- 0.040	- 0.075	0.040	0.075	
1,500	2 min	- 0.300	- 0.849	0.300	0.849	
2,000	2 min	-0.433	- 1.183	0.433	1.183	
2,500	2 min	- 0.578	-1.534	0.578	1.534	
3,000	2 min	- 0.755	- 1.945	0.755	1.945	Pile Failed
0	0.5 min	- 0.208	- 0.376	0.208	0.376	

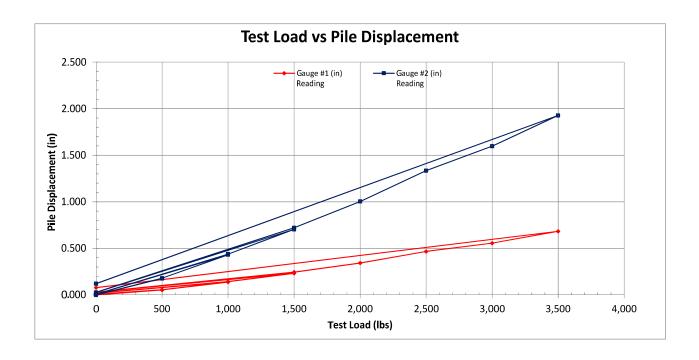


Project Name: Scioto F

	Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.:	GE2110047
Client:	Candela
	PLT-B-10-L
Pile Type:	W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft):	
Pile Drive Time (sec):	154.0

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	9.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in):	4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in):	48

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge [Displacement	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.053	-0.176	0.053	0.176	
0	0.5 min	- 0.006	0.000	0.006	0.000	
500	2 min	-0.056	-0.180	0.056	0.180	
1,000	2 min	- 0.138	- 0.431	0.138	0.431	
0	0.5 min	- 0.018	-0.007	0.018	0.007	
1,000	2 min	- 0.143	- 0.438	0.143	0.438	
1,500	2 min	- 0.233	- 0.704	0.233	0.704	
0	0.5 min	- 0.029	-0.027	0.029	0.027	
1,500	2 min	- 0.244	-0.721	0.244	0.721	
2,000	2 min	- 0.342	- 1.004	0.342	1.004	
2,500	2 min	- 0.467	- 1.334	0.467	1.334	
3,000	2 min	- 0.556	- 1.597	0.556	1.597	
3,500	2 min	- 0.683	- 1.927	0.683	1.927	
0	0.5 min	-0.077	-0.121	0.077	0.121	

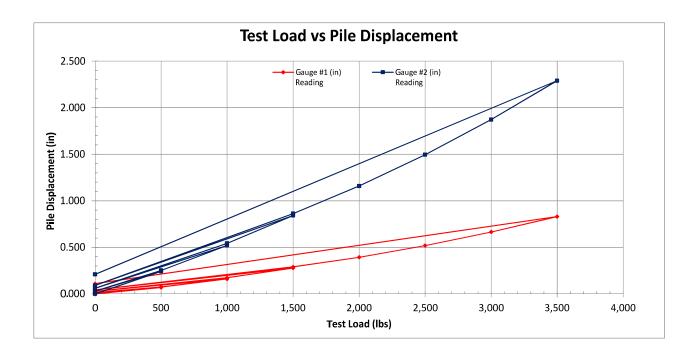


RRC Project Name: Scie

Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 120.0

Pile Install Date: 11/19/2021
Pile Test Date: 12/3/2021
Tested by: Jake Alexander
Weather: Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft): 7.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in): 4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in): 48

	Hold	Hold Dial Gauge Reading Dial Gauge Displacement				
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.069	- 0.242	0.069	0.242	
0	0.5 min	- 0.014	-0.030	0.014	0.030	
500	2 min	-0.074	-0.253	0.074	0.253	
1,000	2 min	- 0.161	- 0.521	0.161	0.521	
0	0.5 min	- 0.027	-0.060	0.027	0.060	
1,000	2 min	- 0.173	-0.543	0.173	0.543	
1,500	2 min	- 0.279	- 0.842	0.279	0.842	
0	0.5 min	- 0.044	- 0.091	0.044	0.091	
1,500	2 min	- 0.290	- 0.862	0.290	0.862	
2,000	2 min	- 0.394	- 1.159	0.394	1.159	
2,500	2 min	-0.519	-1.495	0.519	1.495	
3,000	2 min	- 0.665	- 1.872	0.665	1.872	
3,500	2 min	- 0.831	- 2.290	0.831	2.290	Pile Failed
0	0.5 min	-0.109	-0.210	0.109	0.210	

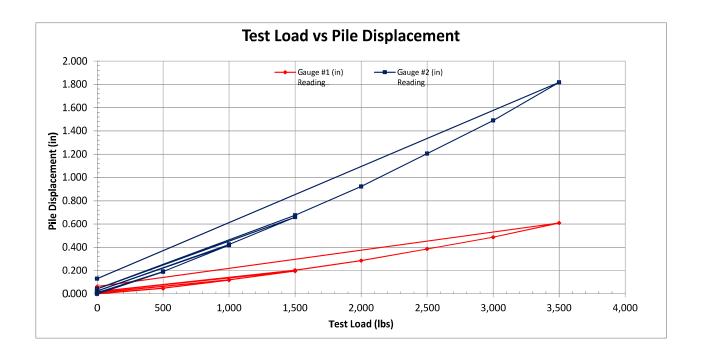




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 125.5

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in):	4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in):	48

	Hold	Dial Gauge Reading Dial Gauge Displacement				
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.048	-0.190	0.048	0.190	
0	0.5 min	- 0.005	-0.010	0.005	0.010	
500	2 min	-0.049	-0.193	0.049	0.193	
1,000	2 min	- 0.118	- 0.419	0.118	0.419	
0	0.5 min	- 0.011	- 0.024	0.011	0.024	
1,000	2 min	- 0.121	- 0.425	0.121	0.425	
1,500	2 min	- 0.196	- 0.660	0.196	0.660	
0	0.5 min	- 0.020	- 0.043	0.020	0.043	
1,500	2 min	- 0.204	-0.676	0.204	0.676	
2,000	2 min	- 0.286	- 0.923	0.286	0.923	
2,500	2 min	- 0.386	- 1.205	0.386	1.205	
3,000	2 min	- 0.488	- 1.490	0.488	1.490	
3,500	2 min	- 0.609	- 1.818	0.609	1.818	
0	0.5 min	-0.063	-0.131	0.063	0.131	_



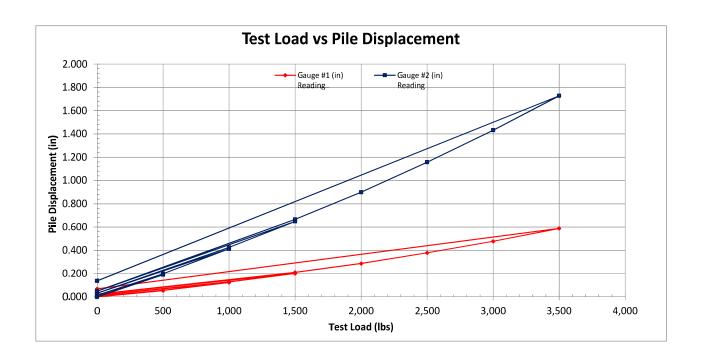




	Scioto Farms Solar
	GE2110047
	Candela
Pile No.	PLT-B-13A-L
Pile Type:	W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft):	5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec):	103.5

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in):	4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in):	48

	Hold	Dial Gauge Reading Dial Gauge Displacement				
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.054	-0.191	0.054	0.191	
0	0.5 min	- 0.006	-0.014	0.006	0.014	
500	2 min	-0.056	-0.199	0.056	0.199	
1,000	2 min	- 0.124	- 0.413	0.124	0.413	
0	0.5 min	- 0.014	-0.032	0.014	0.032	
1,000	2 min	- 0.129	- 0.426	0.129	0.426	
1,500	2 min	- 0.202	- 0.649	0.202	0.649	
0	0.5 min	- 0.023	- 0.050	0.023	0.050	
1,500	2 min	- 0.210	- 0.666	0.210	0.666	
2,000	2 min	- 0.287	- 0.900	0.287	0.900	
2,500	2 min	- 0.379	- 1.158	0.379	1.158	
3,000	2 min	- 0.478	- 1.432	0.478	1.432	
3,500	2 min	- 0.589	- 1.728	0.589	1.728	
0	0.5 min	-0.069	-0.138	0.069	0.138	

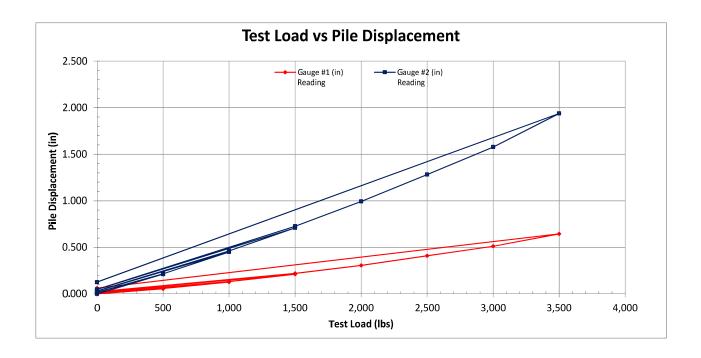




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 170.5

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	9.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in):	4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in):	48

	Hold	Dial Gauge Reading Dial Gauge Displacement				
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.056	-0.213	0.056	0.213	
0	0.5 min	- 0.008	- 0.018	0.008	0.018	
500	2 min	-0.058	-0.217	0.058	0.217	
1,000	2 min	- 0.127	- 0.450	0.127	0.450	
0	0.5 min	- 0.014	-0.032	0.014	0.032	
1,000	2 min	- 0.133	- 0.463	0.133	0.463	
1,500	2 min	- 0.212	- 0.710	0.212	0.710	
0	0.5 min	- 0.022	- 0.048	0.022	0.048	
1,500	2 min	- 0.220	- 0.727	0.220	0.727	
2,000	2 min	- 0.306	- 0.993	0.306	0.993	
2,500	2 min	- 0.409	- 1.282	0.409	1.282	
3,000	2 min	- 0.512	- 1.577	0.512	1.577	
3,500	2 min	- 0.645	- 1.938	0.645	1.938	
0	0.5 min	-0.062	-0.127	0.062	0.127	

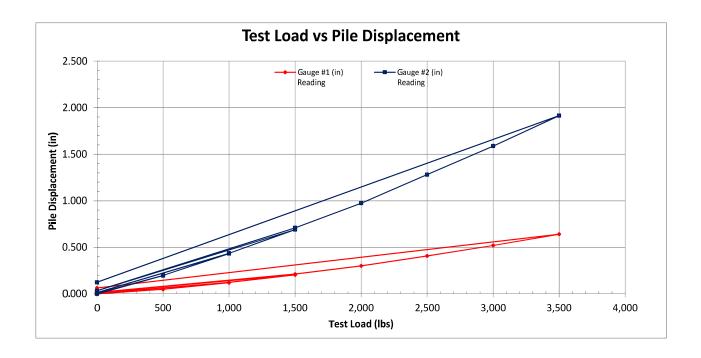




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 122.3

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	9.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in):	4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in):	48

	Hold	Dial Gaug	Dial Gauge Reading Dial Gauge Displacement			
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.050	- 0.197	0.050	0.197	
0	0.5 min	- 0.002	- 0.005	0.002	0.005	
500	2 min	-0.051	-0.199	0.051	0.199	
1,000	2 min	- 0.120	- 0.433	0.120	0.433	
0	0.5 min	- 0.007	- 0.015	0.007	0.015	
1,000	2 min	- 0.123	- 0.437	0.123	0.437	
1,500	2 min	- 0.204	- 0.691	0.204	0.691	
0	0.5 min	- 0.016	- 0.034	0.016	0.034	
1,500	2 min	- 0.213	- 0.710	0.213	0.710	
2,000	2 min	- 0.301	- 0.974	0.301	0.974	
2,500	2 min	- 0.407	- 1.281	0.407	1.281	
3,000	2 min	- 0.521	- 1.588	0.521	1.588	
3,500	2 min	- 0.641	- 1.914	0.641	1.914	
0	0.5 min	-0.064	-0.125	0.064	0.125	



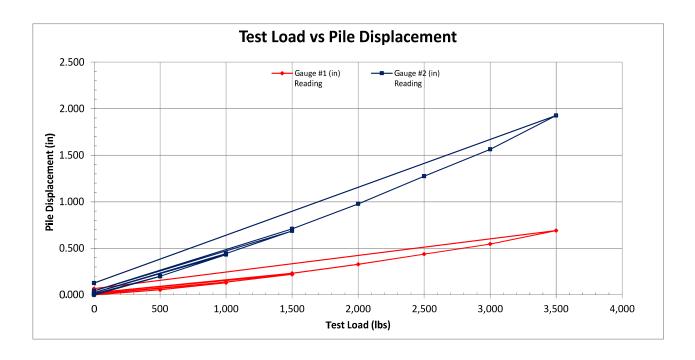
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela

Pile No.
PILT-B-15-L
Pile Type:
W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0

Pile Drive Time (sec): 98.2

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	9.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in):	4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in):	48

	Hold	Dial Gauge Reading		Dial Gauge [Displacement	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.055	- 0.200	0.055	0.200	
0	0.5 min	- 0.004	-0.010	0.004	0.010	
500	2 min	-0.056	-0.201	0.056	0.201	
1,000	2 min	- 0.131	- 0.433	0.131	0.433	
0	0.5 min	- 0.012	- 0.024	0.012	0.024	
1,000	2 min	- 0.137	- 0.446	0.137	0.446	
1,500	2 min	- 0.221	- 0.688	0.221	0.688	
0	0.5 min	-0.022	-0.043	0.022	0.043	
1,500	2 min	- 0.232	-0.710	0.232	0.710	
2,000	2 min	- 0.329	- 0.978	0.329	0.978	
2,500	2 min	- 0.439	- 1.275	0.439	1.275	
3,000	2 min	- 0.547	-1.563	0.547	1.563	
3,500	2 min	- 0.691	-1.927	0.691	1.927	
0	0.5 min	-0.068	-0.127	0.068	0.127	



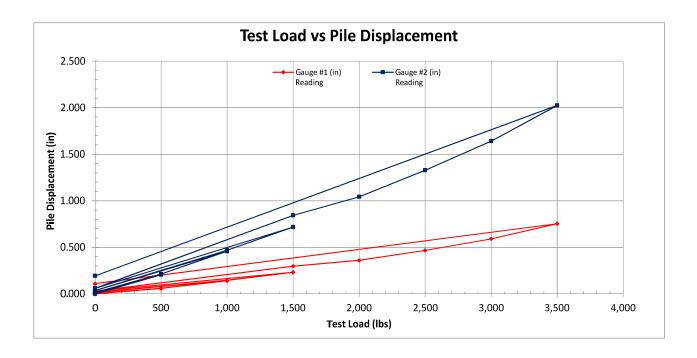
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No. PLT-B-16-L
Pile Type: W6x9

Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0

Pile Drive Time (sec): 54.9

Pile Install Date:
Pile Test Date:
12/3/2021
Tested by:
Weather:
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in):
Load application above Ground (in):
48

	Hold	Dial Gauge Reading		Dial Gauge [Dial Gauge Displacement	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.058	-0.207	0.058	0.207	
0	0.5 min	- 0.007	-0.016	0.007	0.016	
500	2 min	-0.061	-0.214	0.061	0.214	
1,000	2 min	- 0.140	- 0.458	0.140	0.458	
0	0.5 min	- 0.017	-0.036	0.017	0.036	
1,000	2 min	- 0.146	- 0.469	0.146	0.469	
1,500	2 min	- 0.232	- 0.718	0.232	0.718	
0	0.5 min	- 0.030	- 0.061	0.030	0.061	
1,500	2 min	- 0.298	- 0.844	0.298	0.844	
2,000	2 min	- 0.360	- 1.043	0.360	1.043	
2,500	2 min	- 0.468	- 1.328	0.468	1.328	
3,000	2 min	- 0.591	- 1.641	0.591	1.641	
3,500	2 min	- 0.754	- 2.024	0.754	2.024	
0	0.5 min	-0.109	-0.194	0.109	0.194	

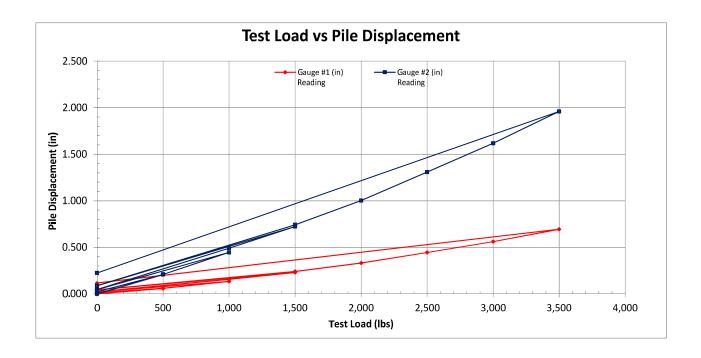




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 73.0

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in):	4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in):	48

	Hold	Dial Gauge Reading		Dial Gauge Displacement		
Load (lbs)	Time	Gauge #1 (in)	Gauge #2 (in)	Gauge #1 (in)	Gauge #2 (in)	Note
	(min)	Reading	Reading	Displacement	Displacement	
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.058	- 0.208	0.058	0.208	
0	0.5 min	- 0.010	- 0.024	0.010	0.024	
500	2 min	-0.060	-0.210	0.060	0.210	
1,000	2 min	-0.135	- 0.446	0.135	0.446	
0	0.5 min	- 0.022	- 0.047	0.022	0.047	
1,000	2 min	- 0.157	- 0.492	0.157	0.492	
1,500	2 min	-0.231	-0.723	0.231	0.723	
0	0.5 min	-0.043	- 0.088	0.043	0.088	
1,500	2 min	- 0.241	- 0.742	0.241	0.742	
2,000	2 min	- 0.332	- 1.003	0.332	1.003	
2,500	2 min	- 0.445	- 1.308	0.445	1.308	
3,000	2 min	- 0.562	- 1.617	0.562	1.617	
3,500	2 min	- 0.694	- 1.959	0.694	1.959	
0	0.5 min	-0.116	-0.225	0.116	0.225	



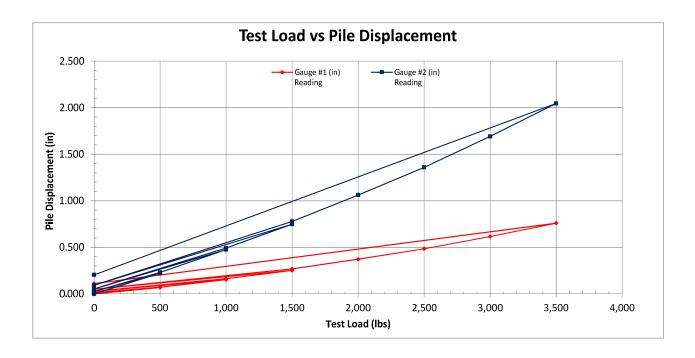
Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No. PLT-B-17B-L
Pile Type: W6x9

Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0

Pile Drive Time (sec): 144.9

Pile Install Date: 11/19/2021
Pile Test Date: 12/3/2021
Tested by: Jake Alexander
Weather: Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft): 9.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in): 4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in): 48

Load (lbs)	Hold	Dial Gauge Reading		Dial Gauge Displacement		
	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.069	- 0.224	0.069	0.224	
0	0.5 min	- 0.013	-0.026	0.013	0.026	
500	2 min	-0.072	-0.231	0.072	0.231	
1,000	2 min	- 0.154	- 0.476	0.154	0.476	
0	0.5 min	- 0.027	-0.053	0.027	0.053	
1,000	2 min	- 0.164	- 0.493	0.164	0.493	
1,500	2 min	- 0.253	- 0.749	0.253	0.749	
0	0.5 min	- 0.049	- 0.093	0.049	0.093	
1,500	2 min	- 0.269	- 0.779	0.269	0.779	
2,000	2 min	- 0.372	- 1.062	0.372	1.062	
2,500	2 min	-0.485	-1.359	0.485	1.359	
3,000	2 min	- 0.617	- 1.692	0.617	1.692	
3,500	2 min	- 0.760	- 2.046	0.760	2.046	
0	0.5 min	-0.111	-0.204	0.111	0.204	



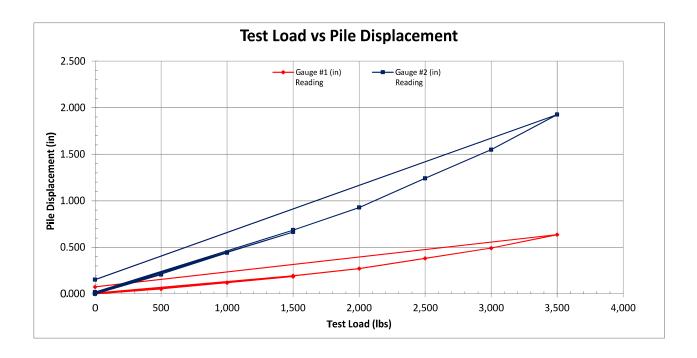
Pile Load Test - Lateral

Project Name: Sci

Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 80.7

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in):	4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in):	48

	Hold	Dial Gaug	Dial Gauge Reading		Displacement	
Load (lbs)	Time	Gauge #1 (in)	Gauge #2 (in)	Gauge #1 (in)	Gauge #2 (in)	Note
	(min)	Reading	Reading	Displacement	Displacement	
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.054	-0.209	0.054	0.209	
0	0.5 min	- 0.002	- 0.004	0.002	0.004	
500	2 min	-0.055	-0.213	0.055	0.213	
1,000	2 min	- 0.121	- 0.442	0.121	0.442	
0	0.5 min	- 0.002	- 0.010	0.002	0.010	
1,000	2 min	- 0.121	- 0.445	0.121	0.445	
1,500	2 min	- 0.187	- 0.665	0.187	0.665	
0	0.5 min	- 0.008	- 0.019	0.008	0.019	
1,500	2 min	- 0.195	-0.686	0.195	0.686	
2,000	2 min	- 0.271	- 0.928	0.271	0.928	
2,500	2 min	- 0.382	- 1.242	0.382	1.242	
3,000	2 min	- 0.492	- 1.549	0.492	1.549	
3,500	2 min	- 0.637	- 1.926	0.637	1.926	
0	0.5 min	-0.075	-0.154	0.075	0.154	



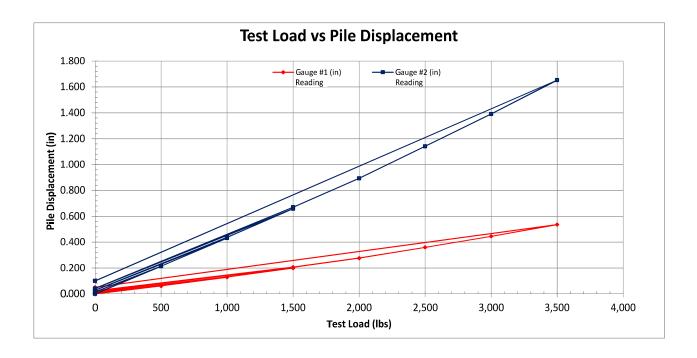
Pile Load Test - Lateral



Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 187.2

Pile Install Date: 11/19/2021
Pile Test Date: 12/3/2021
Tested by: Jake Alexander
Weather: Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft): 9.0
Gauge#1 and #2 Ht above Ground (in): 4 and 48
Load application above Ground (in): 48

	Hold	Dial Gauge Reading		Dial Gauge [Displacement	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 (in) Reading	Gauge #2 (in) Reading	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Note
0	0 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	2 min	- 0.062	- 0.214	0.062	0.214	
0	0.5 min	- 0.009	-0.015	0.009	0.015	
500	2 min	-0.063	-0.215	0.063	0.215	
1,000	2 min	- 0.129	- 0.432	0.129	0.432	
0	0.5 min	- 0.016	-0.029	0.016	0.029	
1,000	2 min	- 0.132	- 0.438	0.132	0.438	
1,500	2 min	-0.200	-0.659	0.200	0.659	
0	0.5 min	- 0.023	- 0.043	0.023	0.043	
1,500	2 min	- 0.207	- 0.671	0.207	0.671	
2,000	2 min	- 0.277	- 0.894	0.277	0.894	
2,500	2 min	-0.360	-1.141	0.360	1.141	
3,000	2 min	- 0.446	- 1.391	0.446	1.391	
3,500	2 min	- 0.536	- 1.653	0.536	1.653	
0	0.5 min	-0.051	-0.100	0.051	0.100	

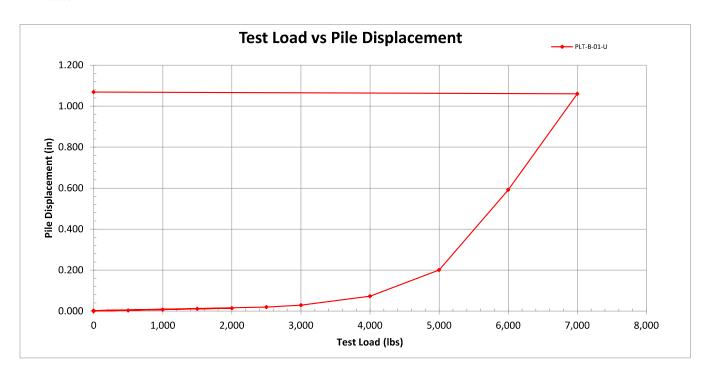




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No. PLT-B-01-U
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 90.0

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/1/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge D	Disp l acement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 Reading (in)	Gauge #2 Reading (in)	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Displacement (in)	Notes
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.004	-0.003	0.004	0.003	0.003	
1,000	1 min	-0.009	-0.006	0.009	0.006	0.007	
0	0.5 min	-0.001	-0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	
1,500	1 min	-0.013	-0.010	0.013	0.010	0.011	
2,000	1 min	-0.017	-0.013	0.017	0.013	0.015	
0	0.5 min	-0.002	-0.004	0.002	0.004	0.003	
2,500	1 min	-0.027	-0.013	0.027	0.013	0.020	
3,000	1 min	-0.038	-0.021	0.038	0.021	0.030	
4,000	1 min	-0.086	-0.060	0.086	0.060	0.073	
5,000	1 min	-0.220	-0.183	0.220	0.183	0.201	
6,000	1 min	-0.613	-0.572	0.613	0.572	0.592	
7,000	1 min	-1.071	-1.050	1.071	1.050	1.060	Pile Failed
0	0.5 min	-1.070	-1.067	1.070	1.067	1.069	



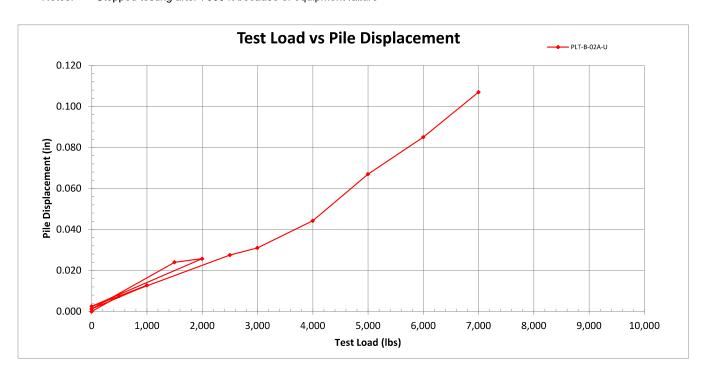


Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
PLT-B-02A-U
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 81.3

Pile Install Date:	
Pile Test Date:	12/2/2021
	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge D	Disp l acement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 Reading (in)	Gauge #2 Reading (in)	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Displacement (in)	Notes
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.007	-0.008	0.007	0.008	800.0	
1,000	1 min	-0.012	-0.014	0.012	0.014	0.013	
0	0.5 min	-0.002	-0.001	0.002	0.001	0.001	
1,500	1 min	-0.025	-0.023	0.025	0.023	0.024	
2,000	1 min	-0.026	-0.026	0.026	0.026	0.026	
0	0.5 min	-0.002	-0.003	0.002	0.003	0.003	
2,500	1 min	-0.028	-0.027	0.028	0.027	0.028	
3,000	1 min	-0.031	-0.032	0.031	0.032	0.031	
4,000	1 min	-0.043	-0.046	0.043	0.046	0.044	
5,000	1 min	-0.067	-0.067	0.067	0.067	0.067	·
6,000	1 min	-0.086	-0.084	0.086	0.084	0.085	·
7,000	1 min	-0.107	-0.107	0.107	0.107	0.107	·

Notes: Stopped testing after 7000 ft because of equipment failure

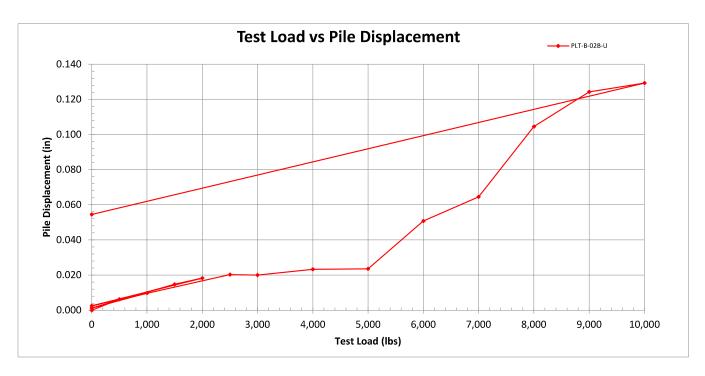




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
PILT-B-02B-U
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 136.2

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/2/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Cloudy
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	9.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge [Displacement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 Reading (in)	Gauge #2 Reading (in)	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Displacement (in)	Notes
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.006	-0.007	0.006	0.007	0.006	
1,000	1 min	-0.009	-0.011	0.009	0.011	0.010	
0	0.5 min	-0.001	-0.002	0.001	0.002	0.001	
1,500	1 min	-0.014	-0.016	0.014	0.016	0.015	
2,000	1 min	-0.017	-0.020	0.017	0.020	0.018	
0	0.5 min	-0.002	-0.004	0.002	0.004	0.003	
2,500	1 min	-0.019	-0.022	0.019	0.022	0.020	
3,000	1 min	-0.019	-0.021	0.019	0.021	0.020	
4,000	1 min	-0.022	-0.025	0.022	0.025	0.023	
5,000	1 min	-0.025	-0.022	0.025	0.022	0.024	
6,000	1 min	-0.048	-0.054	0.048	0.054	0.051	
7,000	1 min	-0.059	-0.070	0.059	0.070	0.065	
8,000	1 min	-0.092	-0.117	0.092	0.117	0.105	
9,000	1 min	-0.108	-0.141	0.108	0.141	0.124	
10,000	1 min	-0.119	-0.140	0.119	0.140	0.129	_
0	0.5 min	-0.050	-0.060	0.050	0.060	0.055	

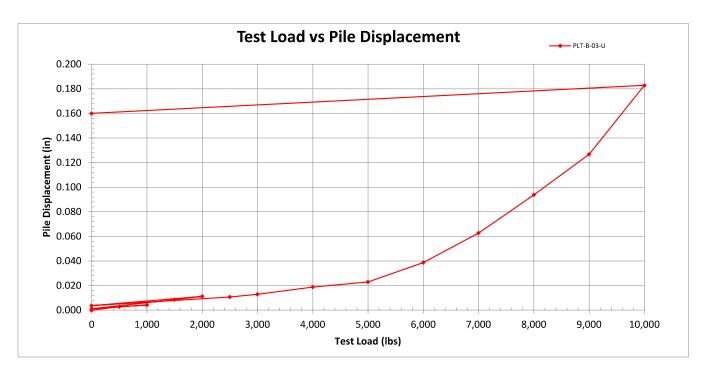




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No. PLT-B-03-U
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 101.0

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/2/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Windy
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge D	Disp l acement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time	Gauge #1	Gauge #2	Gauge #1 (in)	Gauge #2 (in)	Displacement	Notes
	(min)	Reading (in)	Reading (in)	Displacement	Displacement	(in)	
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.003	-0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	
1,000	1 min	-0.004	-0.005	0.004	0.005	0.004	
0	0.5 min	-0.002	-0.001	0.002	0.001	0.001	
1,500	1 min	-0.008	-0.010	0.008	0.010	0.009	
2,000	1 min	-0.009	-0.014	0.009	0.014	0.011	
0	0.5 min	-0.004	-0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	
2,500	1 min	-0.013	-0.009	0.013	0.009	0.011	
3,000	1 min	-0.015	-0.011	0.015	0.011	0.013	
4,000	1 min	-0.017	-0.021	0.017	0.021	0.019	
5,000	1 min	-0.029	-0.018	0.029	0.018	0.023	
6,000	1 min	-0.041	-0.037	0.041	0.037	0.039	
7,000	1 min	-0.056	-0.070	0.056	0.070	0.063	
8,000	1 min	-0.086	-0.102	0.086	0.102	0.094	
9,000	1 min	-0.132	-0.122	0.132	0.122	0.127	·
10,000	1 min	-0.203	-0.163	0.203	0.163	0.183	_
0	0.5 min	-0.153	-0.168	0.153	0.168	0.160	

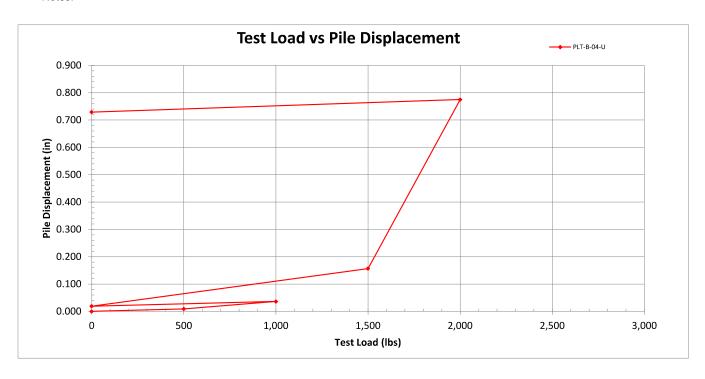




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
PILT-B-04-U
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 39.6

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/2/2021
	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Windy
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge D	Displacement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 Reading (in)	Gauge #2 Reading (in)	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Displacement (in)	Notes
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.011	-0.008	0.011	0.008	0.009	
1,000	1 min	-0.037	-0.036	0.037	0.036	0.036	
0	0.5 min	-0.017	-0.022	0.017	0.022	0.019	
1,500	1 min	-0.151	-0.163	0.151	0.163	0.157	
2,000	1 min	-0.762	-0.788	0.762	0.788	0.775	Pile Failed
0	0.5 min	-0.715	-0.743	0.715	0.743	0.729	

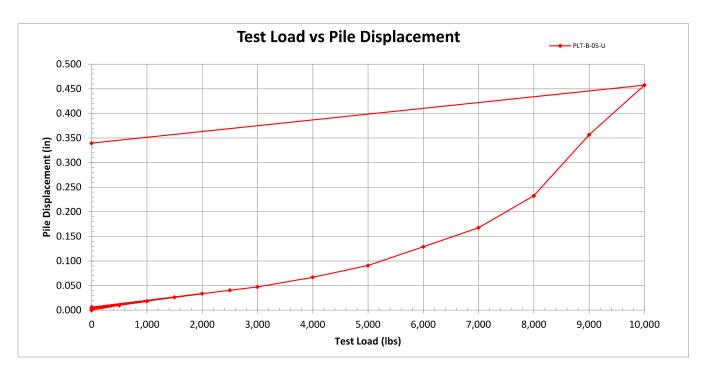




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No. PLT-B-05-U
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 99.5

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/2/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Windy
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	9.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge [Disp l acement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time	Gauge #1	Gauge #2	Gauge #1 (in)	Gauge #2 (in)	Displacement	Notes
	(min)	Reading (in)	Reading (in)	Displacement	Displacement	(in)	
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.011	-0.009	0.011	0.009	0.010	
1,000	1 min	-0.020	-0.017	0.020	0.017	0.018	
0	0.5 min	-0.004	-0.003	0.004	0.003	0.003	
1,500	1 min	-0.028	-0.025	0.028	0.025	0.026	
2,000	1 min	-0.035	-0.033	0.035	0.033	0.034	
0	0.5 min	-0.007	-0.005	0.007	0.005	0.006	
2,500	1 min	-0.041	-0.041	0.041	0.041	0.041	
3,000	1 min	-0.050	-0.045	0.050	0.045	0.047	
4,000	1 min	-0.070	-0.064	0.070	0.064	0.067	
5,000	1 min	-0.095	-0.087	0.095	0.087	0.091	
6,000	1 min	-0.133	-0.125	0.133	0.125	0.129	
7,000	1 min	-0.172	-0.164	0.172	0.164	0.168	
8,000	1 min	-0.243	-0.222	0.243	0.222	0.233	
9,000	1 min	-0.392	-0.322	0.392	0.322	0.357	
10,000	1 min	-0.450	-0.465	0.450	0.465	0.457	_
0	0.5 min	-0.341	-0.339	0.341	0.339	0.340	

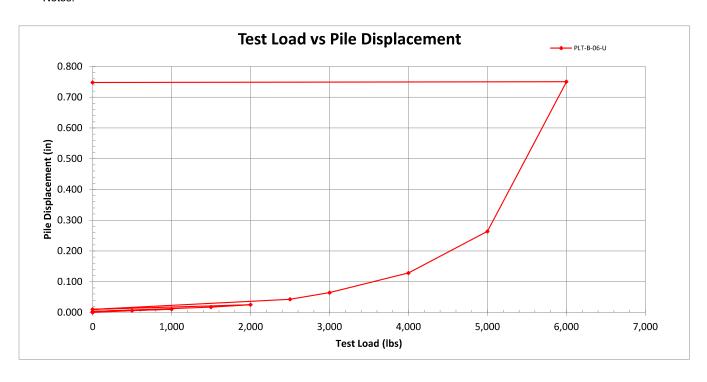




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
PILT-B-06-U
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 43.7

Pile Install Date:	
Pile Test Date:	12/2/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Windy
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge D	Disp l acement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 Reading (in)	Gauge #2 Reading (in)	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Displacement (in)	Notes
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.006	-0.007	0.006	0.007	0.006	
1,000	1 min	-0.010	-0.012	0.010	0.012	0.011	
0	0.5 min	-0.003	-0.004	0.003	0.004	0.003	
1,500	1 min	-0.017	-0.019	0.017	0.019	0.018	
2,000	1 min	-0.023	-0.028	0.023	0.028	0.025	
0	0.5 min	-0.008	-0.013	0.008	0.013	0.010	
2,500	1 min	-0.044	-0.042	0.044	0.042	0.043	
3,000	1 min	-0.066	-0.064	0.066	0.064	0.065	
4,000	1 min	-0.128	-0.129	0.128	0.129	0.129	
5,000	1 min	-0.264	-0.264	0.264	0.264	0.264	
6,000	1 min	-0.754	-0.748	0.754	0.748	0.751	Pile Failed
0	0.5 min	-0.748	-0.748	0.748	0.748	0.748	

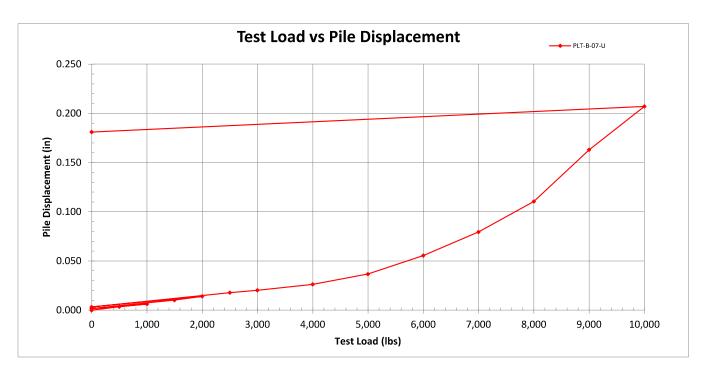




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
PLT-B-07-U
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 118.4

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/2/2021
	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Windy
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	9.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge D	Disp l acement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time	Gauge #1	Gauge #2	Gauge #1 (in)	Gauge #2 (in)	Displacement	Notes
	(min)	Reading (in)	Reading (in)	Displacement	Displacement	(in)	
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.004	-0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	
1,000	1 min	-0.007	-0.006	0.007	0.006	0.006	
0	0.5 min	-0.002	-0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	
1,500	1 min	-0.012	-0.009	0.012	0.009	0.010	
2,000	1 min	-0.016	-0.012	0.016	0.012	0.014	
0	0.5 min	-0.005	-0.002	0.005	0.002	0.003	
2,500	1 min	-0.017	-0.019	0.017	0.019	0.018	
3,000	1 min	-0.021	-0.020	0.021	0.020	0.020	
4,000	1 min	-0.028	-0.025	0.028	0.025	0.026	
5,000	1 min	-0.039	-0.035	0.039	0.035	0.037	
6,000	1 min	-0.058	-0.053	0.058	0.053	0.056	
7,000	1 min	-0.082	-0.077	0.082	0.077	0.080	
8,000	1 min	-0.114	-0.108	0.114	0.108	0.111	
9,000	1 min	-0.175	-0.152	0.175	0.152	0.163	·
10,000	1 min	-0.225	-0.189	0.225	0.189	0.207	_
0	0.5 min	-0.183	-0.179	0.183	0.179	0.181	

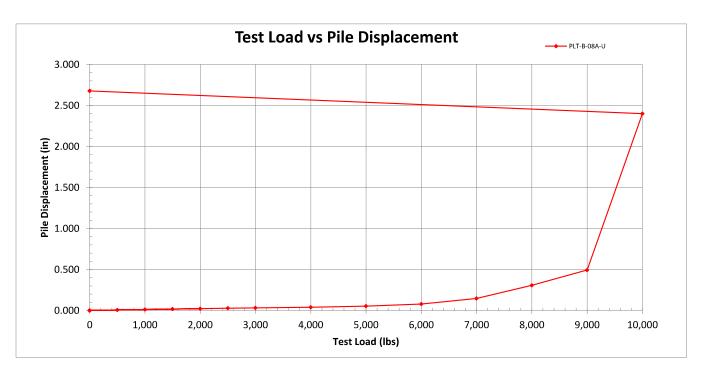




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 65.4

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge D	Displacement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 Reading (in)	Gauge #2 Reading (in)	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Displacement (in)	Notes
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.008	-0.007	0.008	0.007	0.008	
1,000	1 min	-0.014	-0.013	0.014	0.013	0.013	
0	0.5 min	-0.001	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.001	
1,500	1 min	-0.019	-0.018	0.019	0.018	0.018	
2,000	1 min	-0.024	-0.023	0.024	0.023	0.023	
0	0.5 min	-0.001	-0.002	0.001	0.002	0.001	
2,500	1 min	-0.030	-0.028	0.030	0.028	0.029	
3,000	1 min	-0.034	-0.032	0.034	0.032	0.033	
4,000	1 min	-0.041	-0.039	0.041	0.039	0.040	
5,000	1 min	-0.054	-0.053	0.054	0.053	0.053	
6,000	1 min	-0.081	-0.076	0.081	0.076	0.078	
7,000	1 min	-0.152	-0.144	0.152	0.144	0.148	
8,000	1 min	-0.328	-0.285	0.328	0.285	0.307	
9,000	1 min	-0.490	-0.498	0.490	0.498	0.494	
10,000	1 min	-2.426	-2.376	2.426	2.376	2.401	Pile Failed
0	0.5 min	-2.738	-2.619	2.738	2.619	2.678	

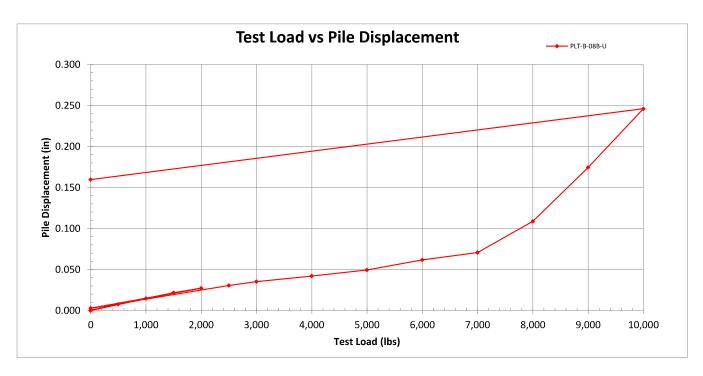




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No. PLT-B-08B-U
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 137.0

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	9.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge D	Displacement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 Reading (in)	Gauge #2 Reading (in)	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Displacement (in)	Notes
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.008	-0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	
1,000	1 min	-0.014	-0.016	0.014	0.016	0.015	
0	0.5 min	-0.001	0.000	0.001	0.000	0.000	
1,500	1 min	-0.020	-0.024	0.020	0.024	0.022	
2,000	1 min	-0.024	-0.031	0.024	0.031	0.027	
0	0.5 min	-0.002	-0.004	0.002	0.004	0.003	
2,500	1 min	-0.028	-0.033	0.028	0.033	0.031	
3,000	1 min	-0.032	-0.039	0.032	0.039	0.035	
4,000	1 min	-0.040	-0.045	0.040	0.045	0.042	
5,000	1 min	-0.047	-0.053	0.047	0.053	0.050	
6,000	1 min	-0.057	-0.067	0.057	0.067	0.062	
7,000	1 min	-0.065	-0.077	0.065	0.077	0.071	
8,000	1 min	-0.133	-0.085	0.133	0.085	0.109	
9,000	1 min	-0.202	-0.147	0.202	0.147	0.175	
10,000	1 min	-0.210	-0.282	0.210	0.282	0.246	
0	0.5 min	-0.156	-0.164	0.156	0.164	0.160	

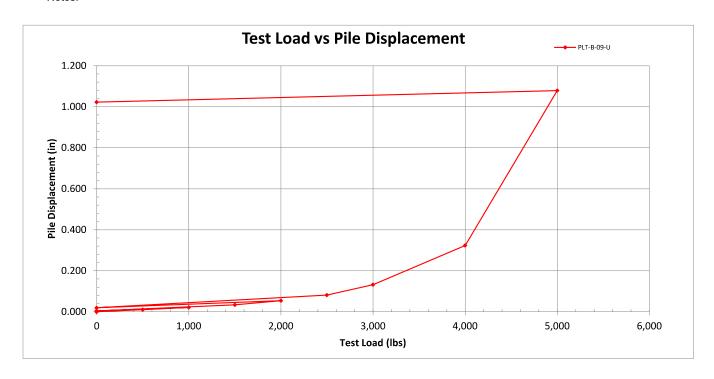




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No. PLT-B-09-U
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 68.4

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Windy
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge D	Disp l acement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 Reading (in)	Gauge #2 Reading (in)	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Displacement (in)	Notes
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.012	-0.010	0.012	0.010	0.011	
1,000	1 min	-0.023	-0.020	0.023	0.020	0.022	
0	0.5 min	-0.005	-0.004	0.005	0.004	0.004	
1,500	1 min	-0.036	-0.033	0.036	0.033	0.034	
2,000	1 min	-0.055	-0.054	0.055	0.054	0.054	
0	0.5 min	-0.020	-0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	
2,500	1 min	-0.081	-0.082	0.081	0.082	0.082	
3,000	1 min	-0.131	-0.133	0.131	0.133	0.132	
4,000	1 min	-0.317	-0.331	0.317	0.331	0.324	
5,000	1 min	-1.078	-1.080	1.078	1.080	1.079	Pile Failed
0	0.5 min	-1.022	-1.024	1.022	1.024	1.023	

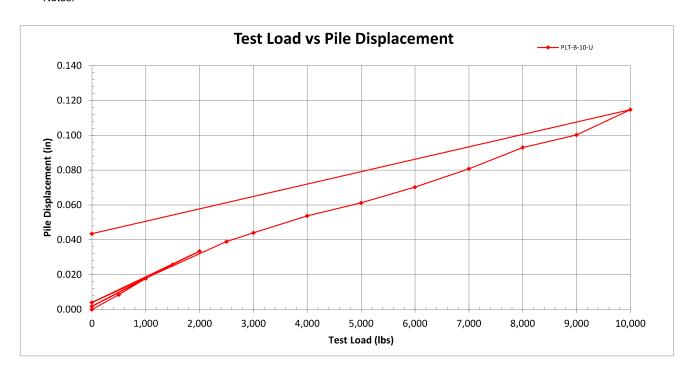




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 154.0

Pile Install Date:	
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	9.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge D	Displacement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time	Gauge #1	Gauge #2	Gauge #1 (in)	Gauge #2 (in)	Displacement	Notes
	(min)	Reading (in)	Reading (in)	Displacement	Displacement	(in)	
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.009	-0.009	0.009	0.009	0.009	
1,000	1 min	-0.018	-0.018	0.018	0.018	0.018	
0	0.5 min	-0.001	-0.003	0.001	0.003	0.002	
1,500	1 min	-0.024	-0.028	0.024	0.028	0.026	
2,000	1 min	-0.031	-0.037	0.031	0.037	0.034	
0	0.5 min	-0.002	-0.007	0.002	0.007	0.004	
2,500	1 min	-0.036	-0.042	0.036	0.042	0.039	
3,000	1 min	-0.040	-0.048	0.040	0.048	0.044	
4,000	1 min	-0.050	-0.058	0.050	0.058	0.054	
5,000	1 min	-0.057	-0.066	0.057	0.066	0.061	
6,000	1 min	-0.066	-0.075	0.066	0.075	0.070	
7,000	1 min	-0.076	-0.086	0.076	0.086	0.081	
8,000	1 min	-0.089	-0.098	0.089	0.098	0.093	
9,000	1 min	-0.110	-0.091	0.110	0.091	0.100	
10,000	1 min	-0.141	-0.089	0.141	0.089	0.115	
0	0.5 min	-0.042	-0.045	0.042	0.045	0.044	





Project Name:

Project No.:

GE2110047

Client:

Candela

Pile No.

Pile Type:

W6x9

Pile Stickup Ht (ft):

Pile Drive Time (sec):

Scioto Farms Solar

W6x9

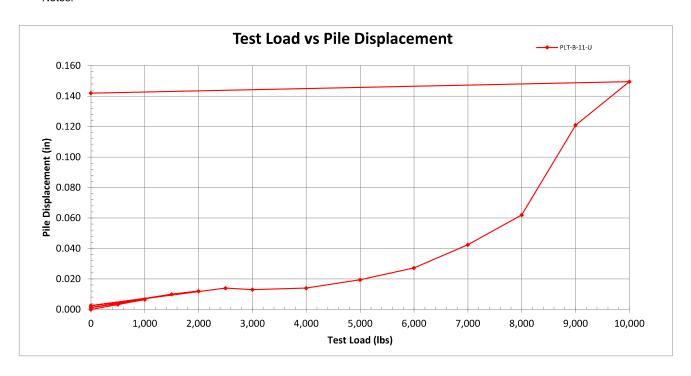
PLT-B-11-U

W6x9

120.0

Pile Install Date:	
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	9.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge [Displacement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time	Gauge #1	Gauge #2	Gauge #1 (in)	Gauge #2 (in)	Displacement	Notes
	(min)	Reading (in)	Reading (in)	Displacement	Displacement	(in)	
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.004	-0.003	0.004	0.003	0.003	
1,000	1 min	-0.008	-0.006	0.008	0.006	0.007	
0	0.5 min	-0.002	-0.001	0.002	0.001	0.001	
1,500	1 min	-0.012	-0.009	0.012	0.009	0.010	
2,000	1 min	-0.014	-0.011	0.014	0.011	0.012	
0	0.5 min	-0.004	-0.001	0.004	0.001	0.003	
2,500	1 min	-0.015	-0.013	0.015	0.013	0.014	
3,000	1 min	-0.016	-0.011	0.016	0.011	0.013	
4,000	1 min	-0.018	-0.011	0.018	0.011	0.014	
5,000	1 min	-0.025	-0.015	0.025	0.015	0.020	
6,000	1 min	-0.033	-0.022	0.033	0.022	0.027	
7,000	1 min	-0.051	-0.034	0.051	0.034	0.043	
8,000	1 min	-0.073	-0.052	0.073	0.052	0.062	
9,000	1 min	-0.138	-0.104	0.138	0.104	0.121	
10,000	1 min	-0.165	-0.135	0.165	0.135	0.150	
0	0.5 min	-0.156	-0.128	0.156	0.128	0.142	

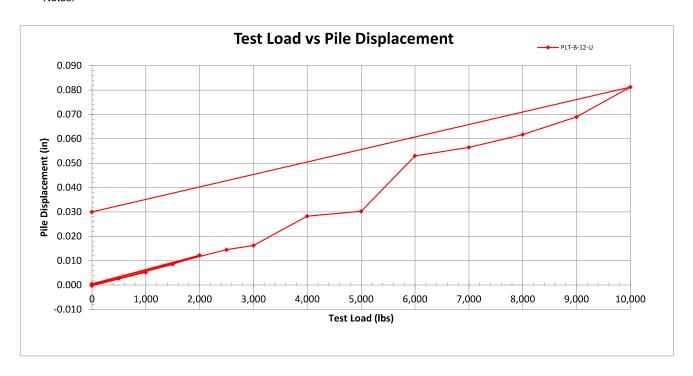




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 125.5

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge [Displacement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 Reading (in)	Gauge #2 Reading (in)	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Displacement (in)	Notes
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.004	-0.002	0.004	0.002	0.003	
1,000	1 min	-0.006	-0.005	0.006	0.005	0.005	
0	0.5 min	0.000	0.001	0.000	-0.001	0.000	
1,500	1 min	-0.009	-0.008	0.009	0.008	0.009	
2,000	1 min	-0.013	-0.012	0.013	0.012	0.012	
0	0.5 min	-0.001	-0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	
2,500	1 min	-0.014	-0.016	0.014	0.016	0.015	
3,000	1 min	-0.015	-0.018	0.015	0.018	0.016	
4,000	1 min	-0.027	-0.030	0.027	0.030	0.028	
5,000	1 min	-0.028	-0.033	0.028	0.033	0.030	
6,000	1 min	-0.050	-0.056	0.050	0.056	0.053	
7,000	1 min	-0.052	-0.062	0.052	0.062	0.057	
8,000	1 min	-0.056	-0.068	0.056	0.068	0.062	
9,000	1 min	-0.062	-0.076	0.062	0.076	0.069	
10,000	1 min	-0.077	-0.086	0.077	0.086	0.081	
0	0.5 min	-0.028	-0.033	0.028	0.033	0.030	

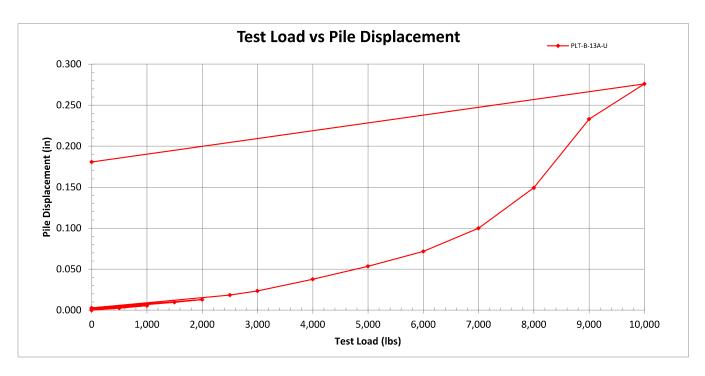




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No. PLT-B-13A-U
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 103.5

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	Dial Gauge Reading Dial Gauge Displacement		Disp l acement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 Reading (in)	Gauge #2 Reading (in)	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Displacement (in)	Notes
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.003	-0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	
1,000	1 min	-0.005	-0.006	0.005	0.006	0.006	
0	0.5 min	-0.001	-0.002	0.001	0.002	0.002	
1,500	1 min	-0.008	-0.012	0.008	0.012	0.010	
2,000	1 min	-0.010	-0.016	0.010	0.016	0.013	
0	0.5 min	-0.002	-0.004	0.002	0.004	0.003	
2,500	1 min	-0.020	-0.018	0.020	0.018	0.019	
3,000	1 min	-0.024	-0.024	0.024	0.024	0.024	
4,000	1 min	-0.039	-0.037	0.039	0.037	0.038	
5,000	1 min	-0.055	-0.052	0.055	0.052	0.054	
6,000	1 min	-0.075	-0.069	0.075	0.069	0.072	
7,000	1 min	-0.104	-0.097	0.104	0.097	0.100	
8,000	1 min	-0.156	-0.143	0.156	0.143	0.149	
9,000	1 min	-0.249	-0.217	0.249	0.217	0.233	
10,000	1 min	-0.276	-0.277	0.276	0.277	0.276	
0	0.5 min	-0.180	-0.182	0.180	0.182	0.181	

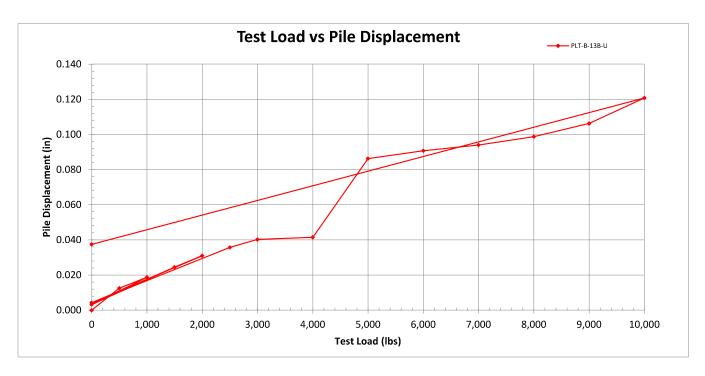




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No. PLT-B-13B-U
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 170.5

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	9.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge D	Disp l acement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 Reading (in)	Gauge #2 Reading (in)	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Displacement (in)	Notes
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.012	-0.013	0.012	0.013	0.013	
1,000	1 min	-0.017	-0.021	0.017	0.021	0.019	
0	0.5 min	-0.003	-0.004	0.003	0.004	0.003	
1,500	1 min	-0.023	-0.027	0.023	0.027	0.025	
2,000	1 min	-0.028	-0.034	0.028	0.034	0.031	
0	0.5 min	-0.004	-0.005	0.004	0.005	0.004	
2,500	1 min	-0.032	-0.040	0.032	0.040	0.036	
3,000	1 min	-0.036	-0.045	0.036	0.045	0.040	
4,000	1 min	-0.037	-0.047	0.037	0.047	0.042	
5,000	1 min	-0.086	-0.087	0.086	0.087	0.086	
6,000	1 min	-0.089	-0.093	0.089	0.093	0.091	
7,000	1 min	-0.093	-0.096	0.093	0.096	0.094	
8,000	1 min	-0.098	-0.100	0.098	0.100	0.099	
9,000	1 min	-0.107	-0.106	0.107	0.106	0.106	
10,000	1 min	-0.119	-0.123	0.119	0.123	0.121	
0	0.5 min	-0.035	-0.040	0.035	0.040	0.038	

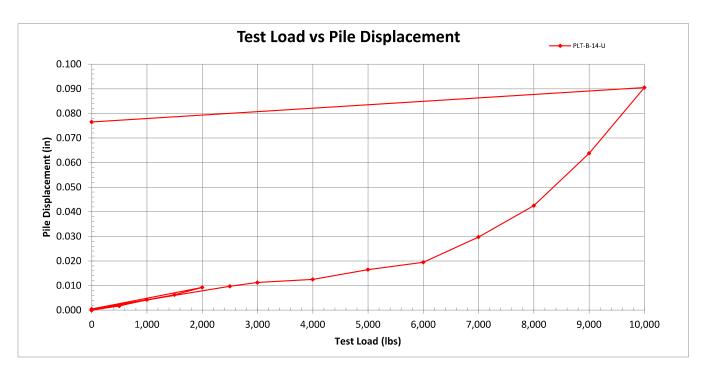




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No. PLT-B-14-U
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 122.3

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	9.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge D	Disp l acement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 Reading (in)	Gauge #2 Reading (in)	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Displacement (in)	Notes
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.003	-0.001	0.003	0.001	0.002	
1,000	1 min	-0.005	-0.004	0.005	0.004	0.004	
0	0.5 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
1,500	1 min	-0.007	-0.006	0.007	0.006	0.006	
2,000	1 min	-0.009	-0.010	0.009	0.010	0.009	
0	0.5 min	-0.001	-0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	
2,500	1 min	-0.011	-0.009	0.011	0.009	0.010	
3,000	1 min	-0.012	-0.011	0.012	0.011	0.011	
4,000	1 min	-0.014	-0.012	0.014	0.012	0.013	
5,000	1 min	-0.019	-0.015	0.019	0.015	0.017	
6,000	1 min	-0.022	-0.017	0.022	0.017	0.020	
7,000	1 min	-0.034	-0.026	0.034	0.026	0.030	
8,000	1 min	-0.048	-0.037	0.048	0.037	0.043	
9,000	1 min	-0.073	-0.055	0.073	0.055	0.064	
10,000	1 min	-0.094	-0.088	0.094	0.088	0.091	_
0	0.5 min	-0.077	-0.077	0.077	0.077	0.077	

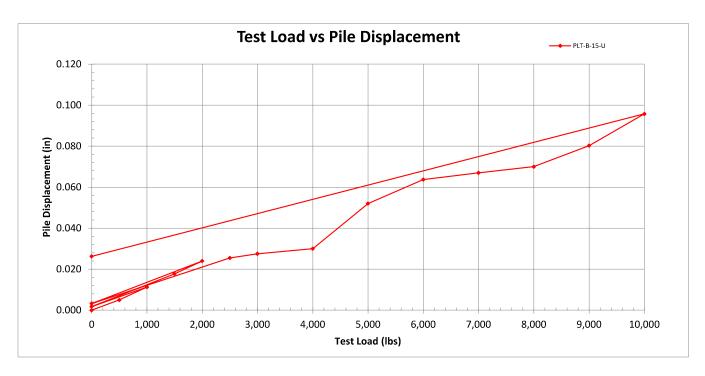




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
PIle Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 98.2

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	9.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge D	Disp l acement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 Reading (in)	Gauge #2 Reading (in)	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Displacement (in)	Notes
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.005	-0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	
1,000	1 min	-0.012	-0.011	0.012	0.011	0.011	
0	0.5 min	-0.002	-0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	
1,500	1 min	-0.019	-0.017	0.019	0.017	0.018	
2,000	1 min	-0.025	-0.023	0.025	0.023	0.024	
0	0.5 min	-0.004	-0.003	0.004	0.003	0.003	
2,500	1 min	-0.027	-0.024	0.027	0.024	0.026	
3,000	1 min	-0.029	-0.026	0.029	0.026	0.028	
4,000	1 min	-0.032	-0.028	0.032	0.028	0.030	
5,000	1 min	-0.045	-0.059	0.045	0.059	0.052	
6,000	1 min	-0.068	-0.060	0.068	0.060	0.064	
7,000	1 min	-0.072	-0.062	0.072	0.062	0.067	
8,000	1 min	-0.076	-0.065	0.076	0.065	0.070	
9,000	1 min	-0.090	-0.071	0.090	0.071	0.080	
10,000	1 min	-0.111	-0.081	0.111	0.081	0.096	
0	0.5 min	-0.027	-0.026	0.027	0.026	0.026	

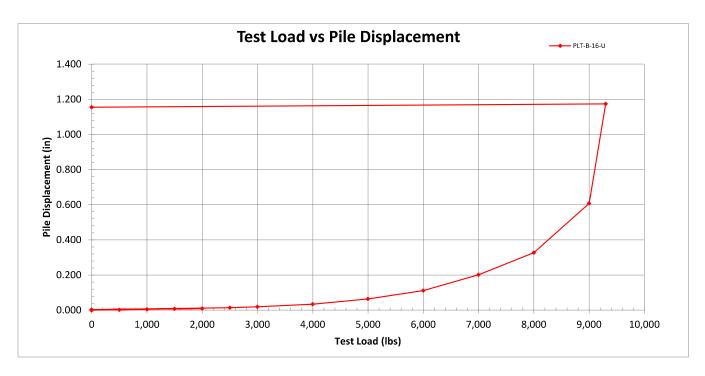




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 54.9

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge D	Disp l acement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (Ibs)	Time	Gauge #1	Gauge #2	Gauge #1 (in)	Gauge #2 (in)	Displacement	Notes
	(min)	Reading (in)	Reading (in)	Displacement	Displacement	(in)	
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.003	-0.002	0.003	0.002	0.002	
1,000	1 min	-0.005	-0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	
0	0.5 min	-0.002	-0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	
1,500	1 min	-0.007	-0.009	0.007	0.009	800.0	
2,000	1 min	-0.008	-0.011	0.008	0.011	0.010	
0	0.5 min	-0.003	-0.004	0.003	0.004	0.004	
2,500	1 min	-0.017	-0.012	0.017	0.012	0.014	
3,000	1 min	-0.023	-0.018	0.023	0.018	0.020	
4,000	1 min	-0.039	-0.030	0.039	0.030	0.034	
5,000	1 min	-0.072	-0.057	0.072	0.057	0.064	
6,000	1 min	-0.124	-0.100	0.124	0.100	0.112	
7,000	1 min	-0.219	-0.185	0.219	0.185	0.202	
8,000	1 min	-0.368	-0.287	0.368	0.287	0.327	
9,000	1 min	-0.624	-0.593	0.624	0.593	0.608	
9,300	1 min	-1.233	-1.115	1.233	1.115	1.174	Pile Failed
0	0.5 min	-1.165	-1.146	1.165	1.146	1.155	•

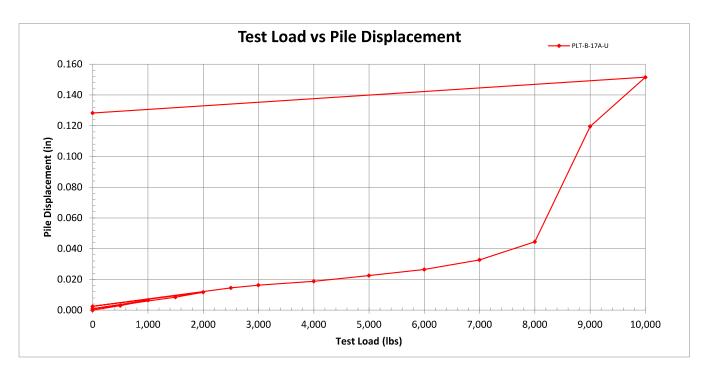




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
PILT-B-17A-U
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 73.0

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge D	Disp l acement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 Reading (in)	Gauge #2 Reading (in)	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Displacement (in)	Notes
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.004	-0.002	0.004	0.002	0.003	
1,000	1 min	-0.008	-0.006	0.008	0.006	0.007	
0	0.5 min	-0.001	-0.002	0.001	0.002	0.001	
1,500	1 min	-0.009	-0.009	0.009	0.009	0.009	
2,000	1 min	-0.010	-0.014	0.010	0.014	0.012	
0	0.5 min	-0.002	-0.004	0.002	0.004	0.003	
2,500	1 min	-0.011	-0.019	0.011	0.019	0.015	
3,000	1 min	-0.015	-0.018	0.015	0.018	0.016	
4,000	1 min	-0.018	-0.020	0.018	0.020	0.019	
5,000	1 min	-0.023	-0.022	0.023	0.022	0.023	
6,000	1 min	-0.028	-0.025	0.028	0.025	0.027	
7,000	1 min	-0.036	-0.030	0.036	0.030	0.033	
8,000	1 min	-0.048	-0.041	0.048	0.041	0.045	
9,000	1 min	-0.133	-0.107	0.133	0.107	0.120	
10,000	1 min	-0.171	-0.133	0.171	0.133	0.152	
0	0.5 min	-0.127	-0.130	0.127	0.130	0.128	

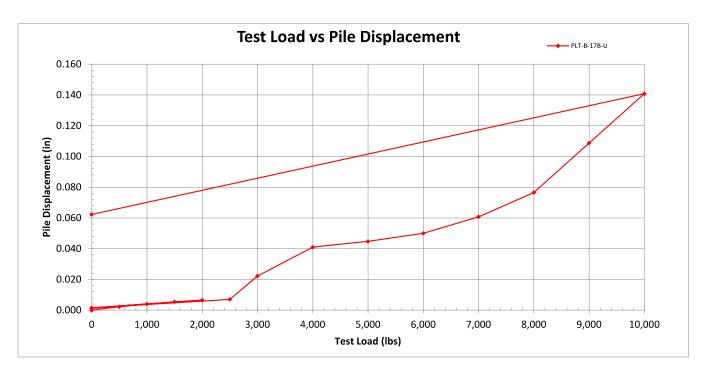




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
PIle Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 144.9

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	9.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gaug	e Reading	Dial Gauge D	Disp l acement	Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 Reading (in)	Gauge #2 Reading (in)	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Displacement (in)	Notes
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.004	-0.001	0.004	0.001	0.002	
1,000	1 min	-0.005	-0.003	0.005	0.003	0.004	
0	0.5 min	-0.002	-0.001	0.002	0.001	0.001	
1,500	1 min	-0.008	-0.004	0.008	0.004	0.006	
2,000	1 min	-0.009	-0.005	0.009	0.005	0.007	
0	0.5 min	-0.002	-0.001	0.002	0.001	0.002	
2,500	1 min	-0.010	-0.005	0.010	0.005	0.007	
3,000	1 min	-0.020	-0.025	0.020	0.025	0.022	
4,000	1 min	-0.044	-0.038	0.044	0.038	0.041	
5,000	1 min	-0.048	-0.042	0.048	0.042	0.045	
6,000	1 min	-0.054	-0.047	0.054	0.047	0.050	
7,000	1 min	-0.067	-0.055	0.067	0.055	0.061	
8,000	1 min	-0.087	-0.066	0.087	0.066	0.077	
9,000	1 min	-0.125	-0.093	0.125	0.093	0.109	
10,000	1 min	-0.145	-0.137	0.145	0.137	0.141	
0	0.5 min	-0.062	-0.063	0.062	0.063	0.062	

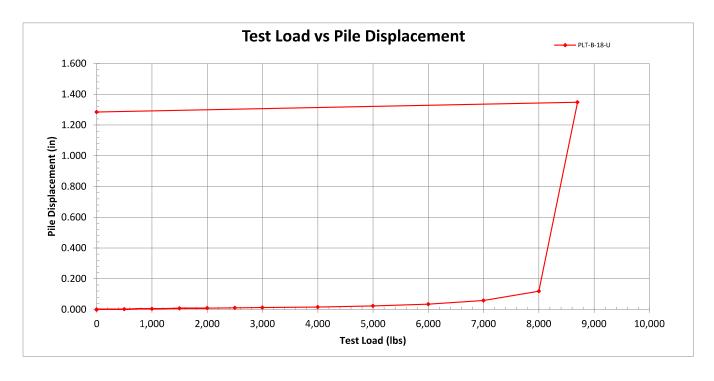




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No.
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 80.7

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	7.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

	Hold	Dial Gauge Reading		Dial Gauge Displacement		Ave. Gauge	
Load (lbs)	Time (min)	Gauge #1 Reading (in)	Gauge #2 Reading (in)	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Displacement (in)	Notes
	(111111)		J ()	•	•	` ′	
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.003	-0.002	0.003	0.002	0.002	
1,000	1 min	-0.005	-0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	
0	0.5 min	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
1,500	1 min	-0.008	-0.009	0.008	0.009	0.008	
2,000	1 min	-0.009	-0.011	0.009	0.011	0.010	
0	0.5 min	-0.001	-0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	
2,500	1 min	-0.009	-0.013	0.009	0.013	0.011	
3,000	1 min	-0.010	-0.016	0.010	0.016	0.013	
4,000	1 min	-0.014	-0.019	0.014	0.019	0.016	
5,000	1 min	-0.021	-0.026	0.021	0.026	0.023	
6,000	1 min	-0.033	-0.038	0.033	0.038	0.035	
7,000	1 min	-0.057	-0.061	0.057	0.061	0.059	
8,000	1 min	-0.118	-0.120	0.118	0.120	0.119	
8,700	1 min	-1.363	-1.334	1.363	1.334	1.348	Pile Failed
0	0.5 min	-1.285	-1.285	1.285	1.285	1.285	

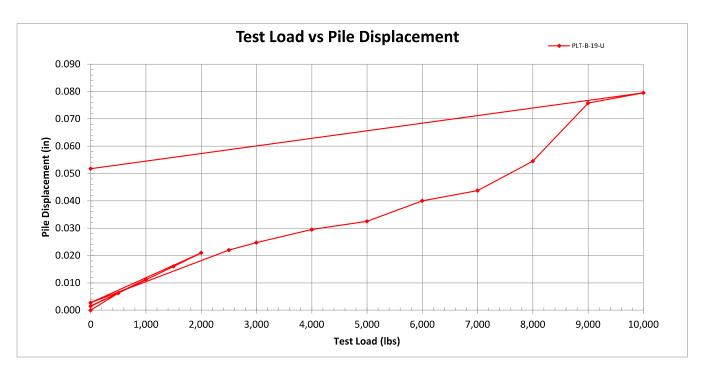




Project Name: Scioto Farms Solar
Project No.: GE2110047
Client: Candela
Pile No. PLT-B-19-U
Pile Type: W6x9
Pile Stickup Ht (ft): 5.0
Pile Drive Time (sec): 187.2

Pile Install Date:	11/19/2021
Pile Test Date:	12/3/2021
Tested by:	Jake Alexander
Weather:	Sunny
Pile Embedment Depth (ft):	9.0
Gauge#1 Ht above Ground (in):	6
Gauge#2 Ht above Ground (in):	6

Load (lbs)	Hold Time (min)	Dial Gauge Reading		Dial Gauge Displacement		Ave. Gauge	
		Gauge #1 Reading (in)	Gauge #2 Reading (in)	Gauge #1 (in) Displacement	Gauge #2 (in) Displacement	Displacement (in)	Notes
0		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
500	1 min	-0.008	-0.005	0.008	0.005	0.006	
1,000	1 min	-0.014	-0.009	0.014	0.009	0.011	
0	0.5 min	-0.001	-0.002	0.001	0.002	0.002	
1,500	1 min	-0.019	-0.013	0.019	0.013	0.016	
2,000	1 min	-0.025	-0.017	0.025	0.017	0.021	
0	0.5 min	-0.003	-0.003	0.003	0.003	0.003	
2,500	1 min	-0.026	-0.019	0.026	0.019	0.022	
3,000	1 min	-0.028	-0.022	0.028	0.022	0.025	
4,000	1 min	-0.034	-0.026	0.034	0.026	0.030	
5,000	1 min	-0.036	-0.029	0.036	0.029	0.033	
6,000	1 min	-0.043	-0.037	0.043	0.037	0.040	
7,000	1 min	-0.047	-0.041	0.047	0.041	0.044	
8,000	1 min	-0.068	-0.041	0.068	0.041	0.055	
9,000	1 min	-0.079	-0.073	0.079	0.073	0.076	_
10,000	1 min	-0.089	-0.070	0.089	0.070	0.080	
0	0.5 min	-0.050	-0.054	0.050	0.054	0.052	







810 Hesters Crossing Rd, Suite 120 Round Rock, TX 78681 512.992.2087

APPENDIX F





































































































This foregoing document was electronically filed with the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio Docketing Information System on

4/27/2022 9:12:54 AM

in

Case No(s). 21-0868-EL-BGN

Summary: Notice of Filing Geotechnical Report electronically filed by Teresa Orahood on behalf of Sommer Sheely