BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

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In the Matter of the Review of the Power :

Purchase Agreement Rider : Case No. 18-1004-EL-RDR

of Ohio Power Company for : 2018.

- - -

In the Matter of the : Review of the Power :

Purchase Agreement Rider : Case No. 18-1759-EL-RDR

of Ohio Power Company for : 2019.

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PROCEEDINGS

before Ms. Greta See and Ms. Sarah Parrot, Attorney Examiners, at the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, via Webex, called at 9:01 a.m. on Thursday, January 13, 2022.

VOLUME II

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Thursday Morning Session,

January 13, 2022.

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EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Let's go ahead and go on the record.

Good morning, everyone. This is day two of the hearing in Case No. 18-1004-EL-RDR, et al. My name is Sarah Parrot. With me today is Greta See. We are the Attorney Examiners assigned by the Commission to hear these cases.

Are there any -- well, before we do that, let's take brief appearances of the parties. Just give me your name so I know who is here today and on whose behalf you are appearing, and we will start with AEP Ohio.

MR. NOURSE: Thank you, your Honor. Good morning. On behalf of AEP Ohio, Steven T. Nourse, Michael J. Schuler. And then outside counsel, Eric Gallon, with Porter, Wright; and Matthew McKenzie. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you.

On behalf of the Commission Staff.

MS. KERN: Thank you, your Honor. On behalf of the Commission Staff, Kyle Kern and Thomas Lindgren.

1 EXAMINER PARROT: Ohio Consumers'

2 | Counsel.

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3 MR. FINNIGAN: Good morning, your Honor.

John Finnigan, Angela O'Brien, and Brian Zets on

5 behalf of OCC.

6 EXAMINER PARROT: IEU-Ohio.

MR. McKENNEY: Good morning, your Honor.

8 | Bryce McKenney on behalf of IEU-Ohio.

EXAMINER PARROT: Ohio Energy Group.

MS. COHN: Good morning, your Honor. On

11 | behalf Ohio Energy Group, Jody Cohn and Michael

12 Kurtz.

EXAMINER PARROT: OMAEG.

MS. BOJKO: Good morning, your Honors.

15 On behalf of OMAEG, Kimberly W. Bojko and Thomas

Donadio.

17 EXAMINER PARROT: Kroger.

18 MS. WHITFIELD: Good morning, your

19 Honors. On behalf of The Kroger Company, Angela Paul

Whitfield. Thank you.

21 EXAMINER PARROT: OPAE.

MR. DOVE: Good morning, your Honor. On

23 behalf of OPAE, Robert Dove. I am also representing

24 | Natural Resources Defense Council, along with my

25 | co-counsel, Kristin Henry, Megan Wachspress, and Tony

Mendoza.

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2 EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you, everyone.

Before we get started, are there any

4 | preliminary matters we need to discuss on the record?

MR. NOURSE: Your Honor, could I just

6 | make a request?

EXAMINER PARROT: Sure.

MR. NOURSE: I think yesterday there are some counsel that are representing multiple parties and I know during cross-examination there were times when multiple attorneys for one party were jumping in. And I think the general ground rule that you always use is to have one attorney representing one party at any given time; is that correct?

EXAMINER PARROT: That's the general practice, that's right.

MR. FINNIGAN: Your Honor, this is John Finnigan. I would say what's good for the goose is good for the gander. We would ask that the same practice apply on behalf of AEP Ohio and that we hear from either Mr. Nourse or Mr. Schuler but not both.

MR. NOURSE: Well, during -- obviously what I am saying, your Honor, and this is the practice, when we start a witness, it's one attorney. That didn't happen yesterday. It certainly wasn't

violated by AEP Ohio.

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EXAMINER PARROT: Again, that's the general practice. Let's do our best to adhere -- we should adhere to it. But I am going to ask that you help me a little bit. With the Webex format it's a lot harder for me to quickly identify who is speaking. People are kind of jumping in there. So it would be helpful if we can, you know, note it when it happens, so. But, yes, you are right, Mr. Nourse. General practice is to have one attorney handling one witness.

MR. NOURSE: Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Anything else?

All right. With that, Dr. Fagan, I would just note you are still under oath, and I think counsel for NRDC is next.

MS. WACHSPRESS: Yes, your Honor. This is Megan Wachspress for NRDC. And I'll be conducting cross-examination of Dr. Fagan this morning.

MARIE FAGAN

being previously duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was examined and testified further as follows:

CROSS-EXAMINATION

25 By Ms. Wachspress:

- Q. Good morning, Dr. Fagan.
- A. Good morning.

2.1

Q. Okay. I'm just -- if you will give me a moment. I am trying to find you so I can look at you. Oh, there you are. Okay.

So, yesterday, you testified that you did not identify any imprudency on the part of AEP Ohio, but you did identify room for improvement; is that correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And you and LEI made recommendations to address what you describe as areas of improvement; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. So I would like to start with one of those recommendations. So if you could refer to page 53 of the audit. And so, the audit states, "LEI recommends that OVEC carefully consider when and whether the must-run offer strategy is optimal, as it appears that in some months, it may result in negative energy earnings for the plants." Is that a correct reading of what's in the audit?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Okay.
- 25 A. That's correct.

- Q. What is OVEC's must-run offer strategy?
- A. Let me find you the page where we describe it.
 - Q. Okay.

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- A. I think actually -- so as we describe it on page 9.
 - O. Uh-huh.
 - A. "'Must-run' offer strategy," in parens it has as an explanation, "offering energy irrespective of the day ahead market price." In a nutshell that's what it is. And we discuss it in more detail again in section 5.
- Q. So it's correct to say OVEC offers all of its units, with the exception of Clifty Creek 6, as must-run every day without respect to the PJM market price; is that a correct characterization of the must-run strategy?
 - A. In the audit period, 2018-2019?
 - Q. In the audit period --
- A. Yes.
- Q. Yes, okay. Thank you.
- And what do you mean by "negative energy earnings"?
- A. So back at page 53?
- 25 Q. Yes.

- A. In Figure 26 which is confidential.
- Q. Yes.

2.1

- A. I'm not sure how much detail to go into but in some of the months that we selected if you look at the energy charge per megawatt-hour which for the OVEC plants is the fuel charge, it's greater than the monthly average PJM energy price that we chose as a benchmark. So it's -- it's indicative. We didn't do an hour-by-hour comparison, but on a monthly average basis, the energy component of the OVEC cost was less in several of the months we chose than the PJM energy price.
- Q. And that means for AEP Ohio, it would have been -- it would have cost less to buy that same amount of electricity off the PJM market than pay the energy charge to OVEC for that electricity during that month; is that correct?

MR. SCHULER: Objection, assumes facts in evidence -- not in evidence.

MS. WACHSPRESS: I'll try to lay a foundation.

- Q. So AEP Ohio pays the energy charge associated with OVEC generation, correct?
 - A. They pay their proportional share.
 - Q. Okay. Of the -- and that's true of the

energy charge.

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- A. Yes.
- Q. Okay.
- A. Yes.
- Q. And when that energy charge exceeds the market price for electricity on the PJM market, that means that AEP Ohio is paying more per megawatt-hour for electricity to purchase it from OVEC than it would to purchase it off the PJM market.
- A. Generally, yes. There might be -- there might be other payments from PJM that the plants are earning that aren't necessarily considered energy. There's some ancillary services that the plants provide even though they are not in the market for ancillary services because some ancillary services aren't market based. So there's -- broadly that's a benchmark. There's probably a few other bits and pieces there.
- Q. Do the ancillary service payments ever cover the margin, so to speak, between the energy charge and the PJM market prices for energy? Are they so large that they would overcome the negative energy margin that you identified in Figure 26?
 - A. We did not examine that.
 - Q. Okay. Typically how do ancillary market

charges compare to energy charges in the PJM market?

A. Generally?

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- Q. I mean, are they of the same order of magnitude?
- A. It's kind of a broad question. It depends. In some energy markets, they -- energy -- so you have to understand ancillary services are payments that are perhaps paid to like a spinning resource, like a plant is on line but maybe it's not running at its max so it's in reserve, and that's considered an ancillary service and that's valuable to a power system because maybe a plant goes down or load goes up and you want people to be able to ramp. You want to be able to use those reserves.

So in many markets the price of an ancillary service and the price of energy are what they call co-optimized. So on a megawatt-hour basis they can be very comparable, not necessarily one more valuable on a megawatt-hour basis than another. So it's just -- I'm just -- to give you a broad understanding. It's tricky to answer that specifically.

Q. During the months that you identified OVEC as having energy -- excuse me.

During the months you identified OVEC as

having negative energy margins, did the ancillary earnings associated with OVEC exceed the total amount of negative energy earnings?

- A. I don't know. We didn't look at it from that perspective.
- Q. Okay. Are the energy charges to sponsor companies reduced proportionally by the ancillary energy charges -- I'm sorry -- the ancillary earnings in the market?
- A. "Proportionally" meaning if your share is 19 percent, then you get 19 percent?
- Q. No. You know what, scratch that. I am just going to move on.
 - So -- so you offered -- so you identify certain months where the OVEC plants had negative energy earnings, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

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- Q. And so if the plant had shut off on the first day of that month and restarted at the end of that month, the energy charge to OVEC sponsors would have been lower, correct?
 - A. Lower than the PJM price?
- Q. No. Lower than what was actually charged during the audit period.
 - A. If you don't run a plant, you're not

burning energy so, by definition, the -- and the way the ICPA works, as I understand it, is all the charges are -- they are billed each month, et cetera. So if you didn't run, you would still -- OVEC would still be billing demand charges but they wouldn't be billing fuel charges which are the energy charges.

2.1

Q. Okay. And so the sponsors could have purchased an equivalent amount of electricity off the PJM market during that month for less money than they were actually charged by the energy charge during those months you identify?

MR. SCHULER: Objection. Assumes facts not in evidence and mischaracterizes the entire proceeding actually.

MS. WACHSPRESS: Your Honor, I am trying to figure out what the implications of a net energy -- negative energy earning is here. And I am keeping very close to what is in the audit and just trying to spell out what the implications are for AEP Ohio specifically of the discrepancy between the PJM market price and -- and the energy charge during those periods.

A. We put together this analysis on a monthly average basis. Different hours have different value in energy markets. High demand

1 hours, summertime, you know, sometimes the dead of 2 winter would pay more. So to know exactly the impact 3 on OVEC earnings as they flowed through to AEP Ohio, you would want to -- you would want to do an 4 5 hour-by-hour analysis. There's costs if you didn't run the plant. It's just -- it's -- this is 6 7 indicative -- our purpose was to identify broadly, you know, what is the operation, the choice of must 8 9 run, what does it mean broadly, does it flag anything that could be improved. That was the purpose of 10 11 this, but we didn't go at the level of detail to say, 12 you know, this or that shouldn't have happened this 13 month or that month.

Q. When you say that there are costs associated with the plants when they don't run, none of those costs are billed through the energy charge, correct?

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- A. My understanding is the energy charge is just fuel.
- Q. So the energy charge -- I'm sorry. Go ahead.
- A. I was going to say, if you are not burning fuel, you just have demand charge and other transmission, whatever else there might be.
 - Q. So sponsors, such as AEP Ohio, are only

- billed on the energy charge when fuel is actually burned, correct?
- A. I think when the plant is operating and I think that's how it's defined but that's when you are burning fuel.
 - Q. Okay.

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- A. I suppose you could just be operating to maybe test the plant or something like that. But you would still be paying that fuel charge if you're a sponsor.
- Q. Okay. So let's -- let's go back to page 53. And if I understand the statement that I started off by reading, you are saying that the negative energy earnings you identify for those months in Figure 26 are the result of OVEC's must-run strategy; is that correct?
- A. Ultimately they are the results of a lot of things, right? You have demand and supply issues, moving energy prices in PJM, but in the context of the must-run strategy, that's the outcome of comparing those PJM benchmark prices to the fuel cost of the plant.
- Q. So when you say the must-run strategy may result in negative energy earnings for the plants, is that not an accurate statement of -- is that -- your

statement in the audit, the must-run offer strategy, quote, may result in negative energy earnings for the plants, is that an accurate characterization of your findings in the audit?

A. Yes.

2.1

- Q. So the must-run offer strategy is a cause of negative energy earnings; is that correct?
 - A. It's a contributing factor.
- Q. Okay. What are the other contributing factors?
- A. There could be unexpected glitches in the market. Anything that would impact supply and demand, let's say, in a surprising manner, you can't predict energy prices directly -- you know, perfectly.
- Q. But when we began, you said the must-run strategy means that OVEC is committing its units in the day-ahead market without regard to any of those prices or surprises or changes that you had just identified, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Okay. So the amount that OVEC may incur in negative energy margins may depend on all of those other factors, but the fact that it's setting itself up to incur negative energy margins as a result of

that is a product of the must-run strategy, correct?

A. I would say the must-run strategy contributes to those outcomes.

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- Q. Okay. What is the impact of negative energy earnings on AEP Ohio ratepayers?
- A. Well, as we said in the front of the report, it's -- well, the plants cost more than they earn so that's the bottom line of that impact.
- Q. So the PPA Rider is higher than it would otherwise be as a result of these negative -- negative energy earnings.
- A. So you're saying if energy earnings were always positive, would the net impact of the rider be cheaper for customers?
- Q. No. I am saying if the negative earnings were less, right, so they don't have to go away completely but if they were less, the PPA Rider would be less expensive for AEP Ohio ratepayers.
 - A. That makes sense.
- Q. Okay. So if OVEC were able to reduce or eliminate negative energy earnings, it would result in lower costs for AEP Ohio ratepayers.
- A. We didn't examine that in detail.

 Mathematically it makes sense. I think it would depend how you did it. But, yeah, okay.

Q. Okay. So is it fair to say the decision of OVEC to operate as must run during periods of negative energy earnings, during the months you identified, led to an increased PPA Rider amount for AEP Ohio ratepayers?

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- A. Based on these monthly average numbers, it looks like -- that's why we said "appears." We didn't do an hour-by-hour analysis. But using these benchmark numbers, it -- in some of those months the plants were well in the money, in some of the months they were somewhat out of the money. If you could maybe predict ahead of time, then you wouldn't have run, maybe. But did I answer your question?
- Q. Not -- not really. I'm asking if it's fair to say that the decision of OVEC to operate at must run during the periods of negative energy earnings you have identified as an actual matter during the audit period, led to an increased PPA Rider.
 - A. Increased compared to?
- Q. Increased compared to not operating as must run during the months you identified as having net negative energy margins.
- MR. SCHULER: Objection. This is an incomplete hypothetical. This is only focusing on

the energy market. She also mentioned she didn't do an hour-by-hour comparison.

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MS. WACHSPRESS: Your Honor, I think it's a fair question. I've laid the groundwork right up to it. And if the witness wants to bring up those issues, I ask that she do it and not be coached by her counsel.

EXAMINER PARROT: The objection is overruled.

Dr. Fagan, if you need clarification, of course ask for it, but please answer the question.

THE WITNESS: Just -- I'm sorry. What was the question again?

- Q. (By Ms. Wachspress) Is it fair to say that the decision of OVEC to operate as must run during those periods of negative energy earnings, those four months you identified, lead to an increased PPA Rider amount?
 - A. Compared to not running at all or --
- Q. Yes. Compared to not running during those months, during those periods of negative energy earnings.
- A. Without an hourly analysis, I can't make that determination which is why we wrote the report the way we did saying it's indicative. It's

something that we think the management of AEP Ohio, in its role as part of the management of OVEC, should carefully examine.

- Q. Okay. So you can't conclude on the basis of the analysis that you did that OVEC minimized electricity costs for ratepayers during those four months you identified.
- A. When we didn't -- we didn't do that kind of analysis.
- Q. You didn't assess whether OVEC's bidding strategy minimized ratepayer costs.
 - A. We did not do that.

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- MS. KERN: Objection, your Honor. Asked and answered.
- Q. Okay. All right. I would like to direct your attention to the next recommendation. "LEI recommends that OVEC OC meetings should be held more frequently to deal with updates on each plant's operating performance, cost of serve or profit/loss statements for market-based revenues derived from the PJM markets in a timelier manner. This may help prevent plants running when energy prices are too low to cover variable costs." Is that an accurate reading of what's on page 53 of the audit?
 - A. Oh, we do have a typo of cost -- it

should be "cost of service," yes.

- Q. Okay. So "serve" should be "service."
- A. "Service," right.
- Q. I had assumed, but thank you for your confirmation.
 - A. Yeah.

2.1

- Q. What is a profit/loss statement?
- A. You have -- you would -- it's forward looking -- well, in this context it's forward looking and you project costs, you know, all the costs of making your decision and the revenues that you expect. If you're -- perhaps you use more than one scenario because -- costs are sometimes a lot easier to know than revenues. So if you are going to do a profit/loss, you might want to do more than one potential scenario of revenues. And this is just generally. But if -- you usually have a pretty good idea of the costs. It's sometimes the revenues that are tricky but you want to look at cost and revenues.
- Q. Okay. And a profit/loss statement can be done, say, for the subsequent week of PJM day-ahead market prices; is that correct?
- A. Yeah, you could do it for a week, yeah.

 It -- there's no -- I don't think there is any

 particular limit. It's just whatever level of

analysis is chosen by whoever is doing the analysis. The further out you go in the future, sometimes the harder it is to know what might happen. But you can choose whatever period you want.

- Q. And you would say that if these kinds of profit/loss statements are put together on a weekly basis for the subsequent week, that it's -- that the day-ahead market prices for PJM are reasonably foreseeable at that granularity in timing.
 - A. We didn't look at that.

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- Q. So as -- as a matter of your experience and expertise in energy markets, that kind of weekly, forward-looking, energy-market-prices forecast reasonably predicts the day-ahead market prices within the RTO; is that correct?
- A. I can't agree or disagree. I would want to study that.
- Q. So you have not studied or looked at profit and loss statements compiled by other utilities in your -- in your experience and time working in this field?
 - A. Weekly?
- Q. I'm just asking about what your -- what your experience and expertise is with respect to profit and loss statements created by other

utilities.

2.1

- A. I haven't looked at any in particular.
- Q. So your recommendation with respect to profit and loss statements is based on general knowledge. What is it based on?
- A. Well, commonsense, right? If you want to decide how to bid -- excuse me, offer a plant, then you want some idea going forward of what your cost you would incur and what you might earn. I haven't specifically seen a weekly profit and loss statement by a utility, but it -- I mean, it doesn't obviate the fact that, you know, it can be done.
- Q. So it's commonsense to use these weekly P&L statements to try and anticipate energy market prices.
- A. It depends.
- Q. Well, I'm just repeating your testimony back at you. You said it was commonsense that using these weekly profit and loss statements would be helpful and so I'm -- I'm confirming that that is -- that is the case.
- A. In some cases, sure. In other cases, you, let's say, you've got, I don't know, a gas plant. You just offer into the market at your variable cost meaning you might want to do P&Ls going

forward but, you know, you might not do that on a weekly basis, so I don't want to leave the impression that everybody does this.

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- Q. How about for coal plants specifically?
- A. I would say it depends on the plant, where it is, its circumstances, the other plants that are on the grid, what the supply curve looks like.

 There's many factors.
- Q. But your recommendation for the PJM -- excuse me. Your recommendation for the OVEC coal plants specifically is that it would be commonsense to use these kinds of profit and loss statements to anticipate energy margins.
- A. It was our recommendation that they do this.
- Q. Okay. Give me just one moment.

 And you referred to -- to the considerations with gas plants may be different from the considerations with coal plants, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And that's because the cycling time for coal plants is considerably greater, correct?
 - A. That would be part of it.
- Q. And the use of these types of profit and loss statements allow operators to choose when to

cycle the plants strategically based on energy market prices; is that correct?

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A. So with coal plants you don't ramp them up, ramp them down fast, turn them off, turn them on quickly, so you do want to get a sense of how often you would have to do that because that puts -- the plants aren't designed to do that. It puts, at a minimum, you know, cost and risk of damage to equipment.

So that would be part of this like frequency -- I think you are talking about kind of frequency of cycling, do we turn it on this week, if not this week, do we turn it on next week.

You know, on the average for the month that we showed, you know, some monthly prices were low, but, you know, maybe there was low prices one week and higher another, so you have to try to figure out if you are going to catch that within the period of turning the plant on, ramping it up, et cetera.

So it's -- when you are saying a decision about cycling, those are -- those are all the factors. Price -- I should say expected price is one of them. There's the other costs and then also sort of a technical risk by doing that with a coal plant.

Q. But if you have, based on the P&L

statement, an estimate of that net margin associated with sales, you can compare that to the cycling costs and the risks and make a reasonable judgment as to what's in the best interest of ratepayers based on that information, correct?

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- A. You can make a judgment about whether or not to run the plant.
- Q. Correct. You can make a judgment about whether or not to run the plant. And what ultimate metric would you use in making that decision about whether to operate it or not?
- A. It would be -- well, again, costs are known, revenues aren't known, but it would be whether you expect to make money in that time period above and beyond your cost and risk.
- Q. Okay. And so to sum up or attempt to sum up our discussion this far, is it correct to say that a profit/loss statement can help a reasonable utility determine when to use an economic commitment status to avoid incurring negative energy earnings by operating the plant?
- A. Yes, that's what's implied by our recommendation, yes.
- Q. Okay. So if AEP Ohio looked at this recommendation but in the future failed to adopt it

and did not incorporate profit and loss statements in their commitment decision-making, would that be evidence of imprudence going forward now that they have this recommendation?

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MR. SCHULER: Objection to the references to AEP Ohio. The audit report here is speaking about OVEC. The question also asks about future actions that are, by definition, outside the scope of this audit in 2018 and 2019.

MS. KERN: Staff would object to the extent that the question calls for a legal conclusion. She's not to weigh the evidence and make the ultimate conclusion.

MS. WACHSPRESS: Your Honor, the witness has already testified as to prudency or imprudency so I think it's fair to ask follow-up questions about prudency and imprudency. And I'm trying to drill down on what the weight and significance of these recommendations are as those are the normative assessment coming out of this audit report.

MS. KERN: Quickly, I -- Dr. Fagan is not giving the weight to her report. That would be the role of the Commission. So that was the basis for my objection.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, may I be heard?

EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead.

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MS. BOJKO: Two issues, briefly.

One is, this auditor is an independent auditor that does actually have the role of determining prudency when they conduct an audit.

This is her recommendation.

As to Mr. Schuler's objection about out of time. The auditor's report makes recommendations about what to do going forward. Those are fair game. We are not asking about costs out of time. It's about the recommendations in the audit report and that's the distinction I believe that was in your Honor's entry last week that had -- or two weeks ago that had to do with discovery. This is completely different. This is a recommendation by the auditor.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, just to clarify in case my objection was misinterpreted. The question was would that be evidence of imprudence going forward. So that is asking a question about prudence that would be presumably the context of a future audit.

EXAMINER PARROT: Dr. Fagan, to the extent you are able to answer the question, go ahead.

A. We didn't look at future impacts or model those.

Q. My question -- excuse me.

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- A. So -- that was outside the scope of what we looked at.
- Q. My question isn't about future results.

 My question is about if AEP Ohio declines to adopt
 your recommendations as to profit and loss
 statements, would you consider that to be evidence of
 imprudence on their part?
- MR. SCHULER: I will renew my objection that the question mischaracterizes AEP Ohio. Again, this paragraph that Ms. Wachspress is asking about refers to OVEC.
- MS. WACHSPRESS: I will just point out -14 go ahead.
 - EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled. She can note that if she wishes.
 - A. I think to determine whether something is prudent or imprudent, it's -- it's another audit, right? It's a second audit. The Company, AEP Ohio, may or may not direct -- or, they can't direct OVEC, but in their role of management, you know, perhaps suggest this, perhaps not, but I can't determine sitting here whether that's imprudent. We didn't find imprudence in this audit. We found things that we think should be improved. So I am going to leave

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So I understand that, that you say you Q. did not find imprudence. You found things that needed to be improved. But if you were brought back to conduct an audit two years from now and you were to find that neither AEP Ohio nor Ohio -- excuse me, neither AEP Ohio, nor OVEC, were utilizing profit and loss statements despite this recommendation, would you consider that to be evidence of imprudence? MR. SCHULER: Objection. The question calls for the witness to opine about a future audit

that does not currently exist, let alone the terms around that audit.

MS. WACHSPRESS: I think it's a hypothetical, your Honor.

MS. KERN: Objection from Staff to the extent the question was asked and answered.

EXAMINER PARROT: To the extent you are able to offer an opinion, Dr. Fagan, go ahead.

I am actually not comfortable offering an opinion because London Economics has a following audit underway that isn't, you know, in this process. It's just -- I am not a lawyer. That just -- it doesn't seem like something I should be discussing here.

Q. (By Ms. Wachspress) So it's correct to say you don't feel comfortable discussing certain contents of this audit because of your continuing role as auditor of AEP Ohio; is that correct?

A. No.

- Q. How is that -- how is that not a fair statement of -- of what you just stated?
- A. Happy to discuss the contents of this audit but not your specific question about what does it mean for future, et cetera.
- Q. So you're not willing to discuss the strength of your recommendations because of your continuing role as -- of auditor -- continuing role as auditor of AEP Ohio; is that correct?

A. No.

- Q. No. But you're not willing to answer whether or not you feel a failure to follow your recommendations would be evidence of imprudence because of your continuing role as auditor of AEP Ohio.
- A. I feel like there's two questions there.

 MS. KERN: Can we have the court reporter repeat the question, please.

(Record read.)

MS. KERN: Objection on two grounds, your

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Honor. First, the question has been asked and answered. Second, it's argumentative. I think

Dr. Fagan has explained that there is an ongoing

4 audit and the question pertains to future actions.

So to the extent that the -- her answer could affect a future proceeding that we're not looking at today, she has responded to the best of her ability.

EXAMINER PARROT: And I agree she's answered the question. The objection is sustained on that -- on that basis.

MS. WACHSPRESS: Okay. I'll move on.

- Q. (By Ms. Wachspress) Dr. Fagan, during the audit period, did OVEC prepare profit and loss statements?
 - A. We didn't ask for those.
- Q. Did you ask for any forecasts conducted by OVEC of energy market prices?
 - A. We did not.

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- Q. Okay. Did the Operating Committee prepare profit and loss statements?
- 21 A. Let me check my notes. Description of 22 the --
- MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I can't hear anything the witness is saying.
- THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. I just said I

am checking the report.

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MS. BOJKO: Thank you.

A. In our report, in Section 5.3.3, starting on page 44, we talk about generation offers and the activities of the Operating Committee. We don't specifically talk about forecasts but, of course, they do offer that Clifty Creek Unit 6 under economic commitment. So they may do, you know, P&L or revenue forecasts to know how they want to offer, you know, when to do that for Unit 6.

And on page 45, they talk about procedures for power and energy accounting.

I am trying to think of anything else that might -- it doesn't mean just because we didn't ask that specific thing that they are not doing it and it's -- the point I want to make is it could come under some of these categories that we mentioned in the 5.3.4, "AEP Ohio's engagement in OVEC Operating Committee."

- Q. You requested all the notes from the Operating Committee meetings, correct?
- A. We requested -- I would have to look at that. We requested an agenda which we have. I don't know that we requested all the notes from all the meetings. I am not saying we didn't. I would have

to refresh my memory on our Data Requests.

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- Q. But in all the documents you reviewed, everything you received from OVEC and AEP Ohio in the course of your audits, you did not affirmatively determine that they are using energy market forecasts as part of any of their commitment decision-making process.
- A. Neither affirmed nor -- nor non-affirmed; neither way.
- Q. But you did not see any documentation to suggest that they did have market forecasts.
- A. We didn't ask specifically. And I find, you know, generally in an audit you don't get information you don't ask for. The Company -- the Company doesn't try to second guess. So if we didn't ask for something and we didn't get it, I wouldn't say that it means they don't have it. It's just it's not a conclusion I can draw.
- Q. Okay. So according to your audit, during the audit period, day-to-day commitment decisions of the OVEC units are made by OVEC's Energy Scheduling department; is that correct?
- A. That's correct. Let me -- you're on page 43, are you?
 - Q. I don't -- I don't have a page -- page

reference.

- A. Okay. Well, I would say on page 42, we understand -- "LEI understands that OVEC's Scheduling Department has an internal daily call," et cetera, et cetera, "to review unit status and availability," et cetera. And they use the information to formulate the unit offer in the market.
- Q. And so you did speak to the OVEC -- the OVEC Energy Scheduling department about those daily meetings, correct?
- A. We obtained information in a Data

 Request. I don't -- I don't recall if we spoke to
 any of the managers in the department particularly,
 you know, verbally. I would say this was all
 provided in written form.
 - Q. Okay. And as part of that Data Request, you sought out information about what was discussed in those daily meetings, correct?
 - A. Let me -- I can read the DR to you.
- 21 Q. Okay.
- A. What we have in the report is the scheduling -- this is confidential, the scheduling timeline.
- Q. Yeah, I know, and I don't want to go

there if we can avoid it.

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- A. Okay.
- Q. But I am looking at the paragraph at the bottom of page 42 and there you identify certain things that are discussed in this internal daily call, which include applicable unit derates, potential unit liabilities, outage status, and expected return-to-service dates; is that correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Expected energy margin is not among the topics that you listed as being discussed on this daily call, correct?
- A. We didn't list it in the report. I could go back and check if the Company provided it in the Data Request and we just inadvertently didn't include it.
- Q. Okay. But's there no evidence of it in the report itself, in the audit report.
- A. I am just looking through some more of the material. We don't mention it specifically in the report.
- Q. Okay. So I'm going to switch gears a bit and talk a little more generally now. When a unit is committed as must run, there's no upper limit on the negative energy earnings that that plant can accrue

while operating on must run, correct?

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- A. You can't lose more than your cost, so probably the cost -- I mean, theoretically, the cost would have to be the upper limit.
- Q. But hypothetically if a plant costs \$200 per megawatt-hour to run, you could lose hundreds of dollars per megawatt-hour operating on a must-run basis.
- A. That's very hypothetical because a \$200-a-megawatt-hour plant like a peaker, they don't -- they don't run a must run. They are not baseload.
- Q. Okay. So when -- when those -- returning to the OVEC units. When that plant operates on -- on must run, sponsors are responsible for those negative energy margins, correct?
- A. That's correct. Sponsors are billed the cost of the plant, and they are netted out the revenues that are earned so the difference goes back to all the sponsors, yes.
- Q. Okay. And then on to ratepayers, correct?
- A. In this case that we've audited, in this rider, yes. I don't know about all -- some of the sponsors are in different states. I don't know how

it works in different states.

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- Fair. For AEP Ohio ratepayers. Q.
- Α. Correct.
- Correct? Okay. And so I'm going to go Ο. back to Figure 26. You found that during certain months the PJM energy price on average fell below the price per megawatt-hour for the energy charge, correct?
 - That's correct. Α.
- Okay. But you only investigated seven Q. months selected at random; is that correct?
- That's partly correct. We investigated seven months. It wasn't totally random. We wanted to make sure we had some shoulder months. We wanted to make sure we had some summer months. So we picked a few months off of two years. So I wouldn't call that random. You know, it was a strategy. We wanted to see, you know, over the course what it would look like.
- Right. But not the full two-year period Q. of the audit.
 - Α. No.
- Okay. And of those seven months, in four Q. of those months the OVEC plants were out of the 25 money, correct?

A. So this table is confidential. I just don't know if we are now wading in --

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Q. Yeah. I didn't want to get into dollar amounts. I apologize for that. I am not going into any more detail than that. So if -- if it's fair to ask that question without a confidential session, I am going to move on from that table. I don't know if AEP Ohio has a --

MS. BOJKO: She already testified to it this morning. We talked about it before.

MR. SCHULER: Yeah. I think we have had -- sorry. Yeah, I do agree with Ms. Bojko. I think at least yesterday I think we also had a line of questioning that was, you know, in the money, out of the money. We are comfortable with that being on the public record, just not any specific dollar.

MS. WACHSPRESS: Okay. And I am not going into the dollar amount or any more detail, so.

- Q. (By Ms. Wachspress) Okay. So of those seven months, in four of those months the OVEC units were out of the money, correct?
- A. In four of the months they were a little out of the money, and then three of the months they were a lot in the money, so it was not -- our conclusion wasn't unequivocal, right? It's some

months they were well in the money. Other months they were a little out of the money. So, hence, our recommendation to, you know, we didn't come down and say you must offer the plants in a different manner because the results of our analysis were, you know, they weren't unequivocal so, hence, our recommendation is, you know, to take a careful look.

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- Q. And by taking that careful look, a utility company could continue to be in the money in those months in which it's in the money but avoid the losses associated with those months where it's out of the money, correct?
- A. In theory, right? That's -- I don't know what would happen but, sure, in theory that would be the -- that would be the goal, right?
- Q. That's your recommendation. That's how you recommend that they approach commitment in the future.
- A. Correct. Have a careful look at when you are offering must run versus economic commitment.
- Q. So in the course of your audit, did you request records regarding PJM market -- scratch that.
- Okay. I am actually just going to move on.
- Okay. So I would like to refer you to

page 9 of the audit.

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- A. I'm there.
- Q. Okay. And the paragraph with the heading "Disposition of energy and capacity." It's near the bottom of the page.
 - A. Got it.
- Q. Okay. And the audit states that "LEI's analysis showed that some of the time, the PJM energy price did not cover fuel and variable cost." Is that a correct reading of the audit?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And when you say the PJM energy price did not cover fuel and variable cost, this means that PJM's sponsors earned less in revenue for their entitlement to OVEC energy than the marginal cost to generate that energy; is that correct?
- A. I would -- it's not a marginal cost analysis so, no, I would not put it that way.
- Q. Okay. So you -- so when you say the PJM energy price did not cover fuel and variable cost, is it correct to say that during those times it cost the plants more to generate electricity than they were earning from the PJM market for energy sales?
- A. Based on our monthly averages, what we showed in Figure 26, that's correct.

- Q. Okay. And I believe you've already testified that it's the sponsors who are ultimately responsible for that difference.
- A. You mean did they create the difference or do they --
- Q. Responsible as in they pay the difference. That the difference -- that the economic payment associated with that difference eventually flows to the sponsors.
 - A. It does, yes, it flows to the sponsors.
- Q. And what did you mean by "some of the time" here?
- A. In the analysis that we showed in Figure 26, it was some of the time.
 - Q. Okay. So on that monthly-average basis.
- 16 A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. What did LEI include as a variable cost when you -- when you performed this analysis?
- A. We only looked at fuel cost, but if you are not covering fuel cost, then by definition you are not covering fuel and variable cost.
- Q. Okay. So you found that the units were not covering their fuel costs and presumptively that meant that they were also not covering any additional variable cost associated with operation.

A. Right. You use the word "presumptively."

I would say it's just a logical -- it's just logical.

The way OVEC bills its costs, it's -- you can't -
some -- some of what are variable costs are actually

included in the demand charge because the energy

charge only covers fuel, but it doesn't matter to

this conclusion. If you are not covering a subset of

costs, then if you make that subset bigger, you are

still not covering it.

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- Q. Got it. So let me -- you stated that some of the variable costs are actually part of the demand charge, correct?
- A. Every power plant is going to have variable costs, and in the case of the OVEC bill, the bills that they send the Company, the way it's split out is there is an energy charge, there is a demand charge. The only thing in the energy charge is fuel. So, again, it's just logical, whatever other variable costs there might be, they are not in -- they are not just fuel, right? So they are in that other category.
- Q. Okay. So then is it fair to say that the energy charge does not reflect the full marginal cost of energy generation at the OVEC units if these variable costs are billed as part of the demand

charge?

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- A. We didn't do a marginal cost analysis.

 These are all average costs. So I can't -- I can't answer one way or the other. We did not do a marginal cost analysis.
- Q. But by "variable costs" you mean costs that vary with the amount of generation, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And those are billed as part of the demand charge, correct?
 - A. Correct.

MS. WACHSPRESS: Okay. Okay. I actually have some questions that go into a confidential document and I know -- I am happy to continue with the -- I don't know if we should go off the record but I am happy to continue with the non-confidential line of questioning and we can discuss confidential questioning at a later time. Your Honor, I don't know what your preference is.

EXAMINER PARROT: So are you saying you definitely need to go into a confidential session or you are not real sure? You're looking for guidance?

MS. WACHSPRESS: I am saying I'd like to go into a confidential session. I can do it now because it's in this line of questions, or I can

postpone it and deal with it at a later point in time.

EXAMINER PARROT: We cannot go quickly into a confidential session. That takes quite a bit of work on our part which is why we were encouraging you all yesterday to do your best, if you can avoid it, that would be our preference, but we recognize it may be necessary. So, if so, we are going to have to table all that and figure out when that will occur and --

MS. WACHSPRESS: Okay.

EXAMINER PARROT: So continue with your public questions.

MS. WACHSPRESS: I will continue with my public questions and perhaps reach out to AEP Ohio and see if we can get this publicly.

EXAMINER PARROT: Okay.

- Q. (By Ms. Wachspress) Okay. So I would like to direct you back to page 9 of the audit.
 - A. Okay.
- Q. And on page 9 you state, this is still the same paragraph we were looking at before, "LEI's analysis did not fully evaluate a re-dispatching of the OVEC units." Is that correct?
- A. Correct.

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- Q. And when you say "re-dispatching," you mean the decision to commit as must run, economic, or some other commitment status; is that correct?
- A. What we meant is looking at an hour-by-hour dispatch model and in retrospect, right, because once dispatch happens, you see energy prices, and then looking at, as you say, here is what you earned must run, here is what you earned every hour, here's economic dispatch, what you would have earned every hour. So we are qualifying, saying, you know, given the analysis we did, looking at those monthly averages, you know, you didn't cover costs. We didn't say, all right, let's look at an hour-by-hour analysis of each of the units, et cetera, to come to that conclusion. So we wanted to qualify that.
- Q. Okay. You mentioned economic dispatch, and I just want to make sure we understand each other. Commitment refers to whether or not --
 - A. Commitment.

2.1

- Q. Yeah. Commitment refers to whether or not to operate the plant at its economic minimum or to defer that decision to the grid operator, correct?
- A. So if we just step back. Dispatch is what's done when the plant is run in a given hour. Commitment is how you offer the plant into the

market. And I probably misspoke and said dispatch when I meant commitment, economic commitment, versus must-run commitment. Okay.

- Q. So -- so you did not -- LEI did not go back and look at what the market results would have been if the OVEC units were committed as something other than must run during some periods of the audit period; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.

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- Q. Okay. And if you were to run that analysis, would you include fuel as a cost to determine whether the unit was incurring negative energy margins during the period?
 - A. We would include fuel, yep.
 - Q. Would you include variable O&M?
- A. You would -- yes, you would include variable O&M, yes.
 - Q. Would you include SCR scrubber catalysts?
 - A. Is that a capital cost or?
 - Q. So SCR scrubber --
 - A. I think I know what you mean. You have to put catalysts in your SVR to make it work so you are using it up hour by hour. If it's a variable cost, you would probably include it. That's a level of detail I honestly have not thought through.

- Q. And the same is true for waste handling, that's a variable cost.
- A. I don't -- I don't know. Maybe part of it's fixed, part of it's variable. I don't know. I can't answer.
- Q. What about water usage, is that a variable cost?

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- A. Again, maybe some of it is. Maybe some of it isn't. I just don't know.
- Q. Okay. So I would like to ask you some -some questions just to follow up from some of your
 testimony yesterday. So, yesterday, Mr. Finnigan
 asked you a number of questions about a statement
 that was included as part of the draft -- of a draft
 version of the audit but was cut from the final
 version; is that a correct recounting of yesterday's
 testimony?
 - A. Correct but limited.
- Q. Partial, partial, partial summary. And this statement was that running the OVEC units was not in the best interest of ratepayers, correct? That's the statement you were discussing with Mr. Finnigan.
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And yesterday you stated that you

removed the sentence about the best interest of ratepayers because it was too broad; is that correct?

A. That's correct.

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- Q. What other information would you need to reach this broader conclusion?
- A. I think that would be outside the audit which is why ultimately it's too broad. We wanted a statement that stuck with what we found in the audit which was that the plants cost consumers more than the cost of energy and capacity that could be bought on the PJM markets.
- Q. So I'm not asking about the audit specifically. I am asking about you as an expert, what additional information you would need to be able to reach this conclusion.

MS. KERN: Objection, your Honor. The witness has testified that the conclusion that was in a draft audit, not in the final audit, was outside the scope of this proceeding, so it's -- I object on grounds of relevancy of what she would need to draw a conclusion that's outside the scope of this proceeding.

MS. WACHSPRESS: What's in the best interest of AEP Ohio ratepayers is the subject of this proceeding, your Honor. It's not outside the

scope.

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MS. KERN: If I may respond. The purpose, stated purpose, is whether the Company's actions were in the best interest of -- of ratepayers during this audit period.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, OMAEG would like to note for the record that we completely disagree with Staff counsel's interpretation of one portion of the RFP. And I think I would request that the auditor be able to answer the question and the Commission can then decide whether it is or is not in the scope of the audit.

MS. KERN: Briefly, your Honor. The Intervenors have their witnesses. They filed prefiled testimony. They obviously can argue -- we can all argue these arguments on brief, but consistent with some of the rulings yesterday, I'm making a similar objection as I did about the relevancy of this line of questioning.

MS. WACHSPRESS: Your Honor, just to clarify, I am not asking her opinion at this moment. I am asking her what information she would need to inform that opinion. And I think it would be quite useful to the Commission to hear what an expert thinks would be necessary information to gather to

assess what is in the best interest of AEP Ohio ratepayers with respect to the OVEC units.

EXAMINER PARROT: I understand that, but I think she's answered your question. She just testified she believes that's beyond the scope of the audit. And I agree we will have the opportunity on briefs to talk about what the scope of the audit is, but she's already provided her response.

MS. WACHSPRESS: Okay. Thank you, your Honor.

- Q. (By Ms. Wachspress) All right. So if we go to page 10, paragraph 3 of the audit, which is the paragraph from which this statement was deleted, correct?
 - A. Page 9?

- 16 Q. I'm sorry. I -- it was -- I apologize.

 17 Yes. In the e-mail referred to in testimony

 18 yesterday it was referred to as page 10, but it is in

 19 page 9 of the audit, you are correct. You identify

 20 in this paragraph other consider -- other

 21 considerations that "outweigh the impact on

 22 ratepayers." Correct?
 - A. Well, we have to read the whole sentence because that's just a piece.
- 25 Q. Yeah.

A. So we are talking about -- and we, I think, talked about it yesterday. We wanted to provide context. It's not up to us. It's outside the scope to decide the values of -- you know, that's the Commission's role.

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So we pointed out, yes, the plants cost more than they earn in energy and capacity in PJM.

There's perhaps other considerations that the legislature, Commission, whatever, takes into consideration when they make their broader decisions. And that's all that is, is context. We are not saying the other considerations are examples. It's not exhaustive. It's just context.

- Q. But I want to focus on the phrase "outweigh the impact on ratepayers." So is it a fair inference from that statement that the other considerations such as providing employment at the plants or the plants' contributions to fuel diversity in the State, weigh in favor of operating the OVEC units?
 - A. They are just other considerations.
- Q. But specifically you say that those considerations may "outweigh the impact on ratepayers"; and the ordinary meaning of "outweigh" is that those fall on the other side of the scale, so

to speak.

- A. In the State's view, that's perhaps true. That's why we wanted to put that context in. It's not -- you know, this is not an analysis we have done.
- Q. Okay. But if those considerations outweigh the impact on ratepayers, the logical implication of that is that the impact on ratepayers weighs on the other side; is that just a fair literal meaning of the sentence?
 - A. Logically, yeah.
- Q. Okay. So is it, therefore, fair to say that the impact on ratepayers weighs against considering to operate the OVEC plants?
- A. It weighs against them operating in the way they have been which is why we have recommendations.
- MS. WACHSPRESS: Okay. Your Honor, I may actually be finished here. If I may have just a very short recess to confer with co-counsel?
- 21 EXAMINER PARROT: You may.
- MS. WACHSPRESS: Okay. Thank you. I am going to stop video and put myself on mute. I will be right back.
- MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, may we take a

343 1 5-minute break to go use the restroom and come back? 2 EXAMINER PARROT: We can take a 5-minute 3 break. We are off the record. 4 (Recess taken.) 5 EXAMINER PARROT: Let's go back on the 6 record. 7 Ms. Wachspress. 8 MS. WACHSPRESS: Thank you, your Honor. 9 So I think NRDC is -- is done. And I think everyone 10 will be pleased and relieved to hear we don't need to go into a confidential session at some later date. 11 12 So we are -- we thank the witness for her time and 13 are prepared to cede to the next party. 14 EXAMINER PARROT: Okay. Thank you. Counsel for OPAE. 15 MR. DOVE: Good morning, your Honor. 16 17 OPAE has no questions for this witness. 18 EXAMINER PARROT: Okay. Counsel for 19 Kroger. 20 MS. WHITFIELD: Good morning, your Honor. 2.1 Just a few follow-up questions for Dr. Fagan. 2.2 23 CROSS-EXAMINATION 24 By Ms. Whitfield:

Q. Good morning, Dr. Fagan. As you may have

heard, my name is Angie Paul Whitfield. I represent
The Kroger Company in this matter. I just have a few
questions for you.

During the audit period, did OVEC incur capital costs to comply with any environmental, EPA, or state environmental regulations?

- A. Let me look at our capital cost analysis.

 A lot of capital costs do have to do with that but I

 want to see if I can be more specific. When in

 doubt, go to the table of contents, right?
 - Q. Yeah.

2.1

- A. So the budgeted and actual capital costs for 2018 and 2019 that -- I want to tell you where they are. They are marked confidential. They are on page 92 and 93.
- Q. Yes. And then you also have -- also confidential, so I don't want to get into the details of those, but you also have in Figure 53, on 94 and 95, the selected capital projects for OVEC, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And I am not getting into the specific details. What I am just foundationally wanting to get is that OVEC would have incurred, during the audit period, some capital costs to comply with environmental rules and regulations.

A. What we saw in this two-year period were generally -- I want -- I don't want to get into too much specifics -- generally repairs. I just want to check if I can determine by reading the project if it was environmentally specific. Some were controls for the flue-gas desulfurization unit. I would say generally in the two-year period they were not particularly for environmental; some were. And from a technical perspective, I think when you are operating a plant better, you probably have a better environmental footprint. But they were I would say not -- it's hard to talk about it in detail because it's confidential but I would say more general for the plant operations in this two-year period.

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- Q. But you would agree that some of those projects in -- in those tables, the confidential tables, would have improved the operations and the emissions and the environmental impact of the plants which would then be complying -- making sure that the OVEC was complying with the rule regulations from an environmental standpoint.
- A. I can't make that determination from what we have here.
- Q. Okay. If you look at your findings and conclusions in Section 7.3.1. I'm sorry. Let's look

at 7.3.3. You indicate that -- "7.3.3.1 OVEC's compliance with air, water, and solids regulations." You indicate, "During the audit period, with the adoption of EPA's CSAPR Update Rule, in both 2018 and 2019, OVEC managed its operations to comply with the more stringent NOx constraints effective during the 2017 ozone season." Do you see that?

- A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And did I read that correctly?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. And would you agree with me that at least with the reference to "OVEC managed its operations" that some of the capital expenditures defined or explained on paragraphs -- or pages 92 to 95 would impact or relate to OVEC's management to comply with that updated rule?
- A. I don't think you can draw that -- we didn't draw that conclusion. You can comply with more stringent NOx constraints using equipment you already have. It doesn't necessary -- I wouldn't -- I don't say -- I don't think you can say from this whether it required more capital spending in order to do that.
- Q. Okay. Well, let me ask this, are you aware that AEP Ohio had to seek prior approval from

the PUCO before OVEC could make any capital cost investments?

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- 3 Α. My understanding is that -- I could be wrong. I don't think that that is the case, and we 4 5 have something in CAPEX section -- right, okay. 6 if you look at Section 8.3.2 on page 92. So as we 7 understand it, the review and approval of the Commission is not needed for OVEC to engage in 8 9 capital expenditure projects. That's our 10 understanding. I think it's the opposite of what you 11 said.
 - Q. Okay. And if I could have you turn to OCC Cross-Exam Exhibit 15. Can you find that?
 - A. Okay. I'm here.
 - Q. Okay. And before you turn to that specifically, I want to clarify my last question. I think I perhaps misspoke. The -- are you aware that AEP has to seek pre-approval for those capital expenditures before it can recover for them, not before OVEC can spend them but before AEP can recover them?
 - A. I haven't looked at any of that, so I can't comment.
- Q. Okay. Let me have you then turn to Exhibit 15. And if you could --

MS. WHITFIELD: For the record, I'll identify it as the initial brief in support of the Joint Stipulation and Recommendation on behalf of the Ohio Power Company in Case No. 14-1693-EL-RDR.

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- Q. And if you could turn to -- this was filed on February 1, 2016. If you could turn to page 2 in this brief submitted by AEP Ohio. At the top of the page do you see the first full sentence that says "The generating units included within the Affiliate PPA and the OVEC PPA may be collectively referred to as the 'PPA Units'"? Do you see that on page 2?
- A. I see it, yes. I haven't seen this before, but I see the sentence that you are pointing out.
 - Q. And I expected that you hadn't seen it.

 I am just doing it a little bit for foundation so
 just bear with me for a minute. And if you could
 turn to page 65 in the AEP Ohio brief. I am going by
 65 at the bottom of the page.
 - A. Okay. Let me get there. Okay. So now I am on page 65.
- Q. Okay. It says, "Critically, moreover,
 AEP Ohio," it is at the last paragraph of the page,
 "has committed that we'll" -- "that it will obtain

prudence 'pre-approval' from the Commission for substantial capital expenditures at a PPA Unit." And the sentence goes on. Do you see that?

A. I see that.

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Q. So does that change your conclusion that you have in your audit report at Section 8.3.2 that there's no ceiling on capital spending -- spending?

MR. SCHULER: Objection. This is a document that Dr. Fagan just said she has not seen. This also pertains to the PPA Rider as it existed under the original Opinion and Order, not as it exists under the Second Entry on Rehearing which is what was audited in this matter. And it is not applicable to OVEC.

MS. WHITFIELD: Well, I recognize she has not seen this document, your Honor, but I -- she has seen now where AEP has committed in the record, albeit another case, that it would seek prudence pre-approval from the Commission for expenditures, capital expenditures for the PPA unit at OVEC, and I am just wondering if that changes her comments at all in any way.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, that's why I believe this is a relevance objection that this would be prejudicial in this case because it is asking the

auditor to apply legal principles and factual principles under facts and legal analysis that do not exist in this case.

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MS. WHITFIELD: Well, with all due respect, I am not asking for a legal analysis. She is an expert auditor, and I am asking if she was aware that AEP Ohio had to seek pre-approval for cap -- before it could recover capital expenditures. She said she wasn't aware of that, so I showed her where they communicated that they, in fact, did make that commitment. And I am wondering if that changes her conclusion at all. It is not a legal conclusion. It's her auditor conclusion.

EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

To the extent you are able to provide a response, Dr. Fagan, go ahead.

"substantial." I actually think this came up yesterday too. There's no -- it's not -- it's not a dollar amount. It's not a quantity. So it may be someplace else in this document that I am just now seeing, "substantial" is equated to maybe a percent of the value of the plant or maybe there is a dollar cutoff, but I don't know that. Maybe it's defined a certain way. Capital expenditures in the OVEC plants

are actually -- I mean, capital expenditures here could be defined as something that goes into rate base, right, or return? I don't know. The CAPEX at OVEC isn't, so I just can't answer.

- Q. Okay. So based on your experience as an auditor in the electric utility industry, if a utility has an obligation to seek pre-approval before incurring costs, I'll say substantial costs for your benefit, and it failed to do so, would it be reasonable that those costs incurred prior to that approval is obtained are disallowed?
- A. I can't answer it. It's hypothetical, and as I mentioned before, I don't know the definitions of the terms. I don't know if there is a cutoff. I mean, are OVEC's CAPEXes included? I am -- not answerable, I'm sorry.
- Q. So as an auditor, if you are auditing a utility and they have an obligation, the utility has an obligation to seek pre-approval of capital expenditures and that utility failed to do so, would you as the auditor consider that those incurred costs incurred prior to the approval would be disallowed? That's what I am asking.
 - A. I --

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MS. KERN: Objection, your Honor.

Dr. Fagan --

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EXAMINER PARROT: Dr. Fagan, hold on a second.

MS. KERN: Objection to the extent this question was asked and answered. I think she said she would need more information. It was not something she looked at.

MS. WHITFIELD: I am asking not so much, your Honor, in the context of AEP but just in general as she is an expert in the energy utility, if she is auditing a utility company, I am not speaking specifically to AEP but just in general, if she is auditing the utility company and they had an obligation to seek pre-approval before -- before incurring costs or requesting recovery of those costs from -- from the Commission and they failed to do so, would you as the auditor in the audit report flag those costs as disallowed.

EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead and respond, Dr. Fagan.

- A. Well, the audit is about prudency, so

 I'm -- I don't want to come to conclusions about

 allowance and disallowance. That's like a broader,

 different category of decision-making.
 - Q. Okay. Would you consider if a utility

had an obligation to seek pre-approval before incurring certain costs and seeking recovery of those costs and they failed to do so, that those costs -- incurring those costs was prudent?

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MR. SCHULER: I'll renew my objection.

There is no foundation for the basis of this question.

EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

- A. Could I hear the question again?
- Q. I can restate it, if you want, or repeat it, I quess.

EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead.

- Q. If a utility has an obligation to seek pre-approval before incurring certain capital costs and seeking recovery of those capital costs and they failed to do so, wouldn't you, as the auditor, deem that to be imprudent?
- A. You would need more information to make a decision. It's just -- it's just too broad.
- Q. So are you -- well, what other information would you need? If a utility company has an obligation to seek pre-approval and they failed to do so, how would that activity be a prudent action by the Company?
- A. I'm sorry. It's just too broad a

question.

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MS. KERN: Objection to the last question as a compound question. I think if you could, you know, I think you had two questions. If we could take the first one first.

MS. WHITFIELD: Sure.

- Q. (By Ms. Whitfield) Dr. Fagan, you -throughout your experience you determine prudency
 almost on a daily basis, I would say, correct?
 - A. Not a daily basis but, you know --
 - Q. Regularly.
 - A. From time to time as part of our work.
- Q. Okay. And just in general, in general, if a company that you are auditing has an obligation to seek pre-approval for certain costs and they don't do that, that would not be prudent; is that fair to say?

MR. SCHULER: Objection, asked and answered. She said she didn't know. It's too broad.

EXAMINER PARROT: Ms. Whitfield, I think we've answered that already. I thought we were focused on what additional information she might need. Maybe get back to that, Ms. Whitfield.

MS. WHITFIELD: Sure.

Q. (By Ms. Whitfield) If you are in a

situation where a company has not obtained the pre-approval and you -- in order to determine whether that is a prudent action or those incurred costs were prudent, what additional information would you need, Dr. Fagan?

A. You would need a lot of information about -- about the context and -- it's a whole project, right? It's not something I can say -- you know, it's not something you can answer theoretically. It's what you would look at on a case-by-case basis.

Q. Okay. One second. My other laptop just decided to -- hold on one second.

Okay. If I could have you turn to what's been marked as OCC Cross-Exam Exhibit 10.

A. Okay. I'm there.

MS. O'BRIEN: I'm sorry to interject here. Are we marking that now? Because I don't have it in my list of items that has actually been marked.

MS. WHITFIELD: I can mark it. I wasn't necessarily because I suspect I am going to hear from this witness she hasn't seen it before.

MS. O'BRIEN: Okay.

MS. WHITFIELD: I was just using it.

MS. O'BRIEN: I apologize. I was just

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- unclear whether it has been marked or not. That's fine, whatever you want to do.
- MS. WHITFIELD: Okay. And for the record I identify it as OCC Cross-Exam Exhibit 10 which is the Joint Stipulation and Recommendation in Case No. 14-1693-EL-RDR.
 - Q. Are you there, Dr. Fagan?
 - A. I am.
 - Q. And have you seen this document before?
- 10 A. No.

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- Q. Well, if I could just have you turn to
 page 5 specifically, where it says paragraph 3,
 "Additional PPA Rider Credit Commitment of AEP Ohio."

 Do you see that?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. If you could take a moment to read that, at least the introductory paragraph there.
 - A. I've read it.
 - Q. Okay. And do you see where it says, I don't want to focus so much on the amounts that are listed there in the planning years because I will note for the record that those amounts subsequently changed, but I am more focused on timing issues. And the timing in this paragraph of these rate credits, additional PPA Rider credits, is reflected in two

ways. If you look three lines down, it says, "If, in any of the last four years of the PPA Rider...." Do you see that language?

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- Q. Okay. So it's talking about the timing in the context of any of the last four years of the PPA Rider. Do you see that?
- A. Right. We audited -- we didn't audit these particular years.
 - Q. Correct. I am not asking --
- 11 A. Okay. All right.
- Q. I am talking about the last four years of the PPA Rider just in general. Last four years of the PPA Rider. Do you see that language?
 - A. Okay. Yes.
- 16 Q. Okay.
- 17 A. Yes, yes, I'm sorry.
- Q. And you are -- are you aware that the
 Rider PPA was originally contemplated to run through
 20 2023-2024?
 - A. I think we do mention that in the report.

 I usually just pull this up electronically and do

 word searches but somehow, looking through paper, is

 just -- it's my default. We do mention, I think it

 was May -- is it May 2024? I can look that up. We

could probably go on without me finding that exact reference, but I could if you give me a moment.

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- Q. Yeah. I mean, you would at least agree the originally -- the PPA Rider was originally supposed to extend beyond.
- A. I don't know about "originally" because I know there is a long history of this. But I think it was sort of the next -- the next marker in time. Let me -- let me find my file because I have got it in there. It's just going to be easier to search electronically.
- Q. I did not see, just for reference, where you referenced this time period in your audit report.

 Maybe I can short circuit this and say --
- A. I am trying to search for 2024 in my electronic version and it's giving me 2010, 2019, 2018. It's somehow only seeing the first two digits. I am trying to -- okay. Let me try one more time.

MR. SCHULER: Page 26.

THE WITNESS: Yeah. Yes.

MR. SCHULER: Keep this moving.

- A. Okay. Exactly. So -- so in section 4.1.2 and that is -- I think it is page 26 or 27.
- Q. It says that the PPA Rider was to be extended through May 31 -- or, the ESP that contained

- the PPA Rider was extended through May 31, 2024. Do you see that?
 - A. Yes. That was what I was recalling. So amended application that it goes through May 2024.

 And it's -- the Commission Opinion and Order, generally authorized to continue through May 31, 2024. That's it. I'm sorry it took so long.
 - Q. Okay. No problem.

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And are you aware that under House Bill 6 that the Rider PPA ended earlier than May 31, 2024 and was replaced by the latest generation rider beginning in 2020.

- A. Yes, I am aware.
- Q. And so could we agree that the last two years of the PPA Rider would have been this audit period, 2018 and 2019?
- MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I am not sure if
 I am the only one. I think Ms. Whitfield froze and I
 didn't hear the whole question.
- 20 MS. WHITFIELD: Sorry. I will repeat it.
 21 Can people hear me now?
- MS. BOJKO: Yes.
- 23 | A. I can hear you.
- Q. So would we -- with the PPA Rider ending
 December 31 of 2019, would you agree with me that the

last two years of the PPA Rider were 2018 and 2019, which is this audit period?

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- A. It sounds like you are comparing it to this other document we looked at where they are talking about the last four years. That document was from a number of years ago so I don't know if they mean in the last four years or they mean -- I -- I can't determine. It's maybe a legal thing. They've got planning years, you know, 2020, 2021, to 2024, those are four years, but the PPA is like superseded by the LGR. I don't know how this is going to be defined. I do not know.
- Q. Okay. So back to your referencing the Joint Stipulation that was marked as OCC Cross-Exam Exhibit 10, does reference that "in any of the last four years the PPA Rider" and then it goes on to calculate how certain credits would be -- would be calculated. And again, I am not focused on the amounts. And it contemplates through 2024 just like the PPA Rider was supposed to run through 2024, correct?

MR. SCHULER: Objection. The question asks the witness to opine on a document she said she has not seen before. It also is another document that predates the entries on rehearing which

materially changed the PPA Rider. Thus, this is not relevant, and a prejudicial line of questioning.

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MS. WHITFIELD: Well, I can turn to the Entry on Rehearing, your Honor, if you would prefer.

Q. (By Ms. Whitfield) If you want to turn to OCC Cross-Exam Exhibit 7, Dr. Fagan. And turn to page 23.

MS. WHITFIELD: And for the record I will identify OCC Cross-Exam Exhibit 7 as the Second Entry on Rehearing dated November 3, 2016, in Case No. 14-1693-EL-RDR.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you.

- A. I'm on page 23, yes.
- Q. And if you look towards the bottom of the page about eight lines up from the bottom, there is a sentence that starts "because." And it talks about "Because the affiliate PPA will no longer be included in the PPA rider, AEP Ohio requests that the \$100 million credit commitment be reduced," and then it goes on to set forth what those specific credit requirements are, those amounts. Do you see that?

 A. I see it. This is not a document I'm
- familiar with so this is -- I have no context for this. I am just reading words.
 - Q. Okay. Sure. So let me just -- maybe

I'll just cut to the chase here.

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So in your analysis in the audit report,
LEI's analysis in the audit report, LEI or you did
not look to see whether or not AEP Ohio was obligated
to or did, in fact, comply with this additional
credit obligations set forth in both OCC 12 and OCC
Exhibit 7 in the Entry on Rehearing.

MR. SCHULER: Objection. Lack of foundation and the question assumes facts not in evidence.

MS. WHITFIELD: Your Honor, I just asked her during LEI's analysis and during the audit if they considered or looked at whether AEP Ohio had complied with the additional credit commitment set forth in the Stipulation and amended in the Entry on Rehearing that's marked as OCC Exhibit 7. If they didn't look at it, she can say no, we didn't look at it.

MR. SCHULER: Objection, your Honor. I'm sorry. Yeah, and that's -- that's the point.

Assuming there is some sort of commitment and there is an obligation which has not been established by this witness, she said she was not familiar with OCC Exhibit 7 or Exhibit 10.

EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead and rephrase,

Ms. Whitfield.

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- Q. (By Ms. Whitfield) Dr. Fagan, did you or LEI or your team look at any docket or any entries that imposed obligations on AEP Ohio to make certain credits to the PPA Rider?
- A. That was out of scope so, no, we did not.

 MS. WHITFIELD: Thank you. That's all
 the questions I have, your Honor.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you.

OEG.

MS. COHN: No questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER PARROT: IEU-Ohio.

MR. McKENNEY: Thank you, your Honor.

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15 CROSS-EXAMINATION

16 By Mr. McKenney:

- Q. Good morning, Dr. Fagan. My name is

 Bryce McKenney. If you can see me, I am in this box

 here.
- A. I can see you. Good morning,

 Mr. McKenney.
- Q. I'm going to do my best to just cover
 areas that have not already been discussed so we do
 not retread past lines of discussion. But I will
 have to ask you to bear with me a little bit as it's

possible that may happen.

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I want to begin on page 9 of the audit report. I believe both Mr. Finnigan and Ms. Wachspress have asked you questions on this particular page. I'll give you just a second to get there.

- A. I'm there.
- Q. All right. And it states there on that page the language we've discussed that "LEI's analysis showed that some of the time, the PJM energy price did not cover fuel and variable cost, though LEI's analysis did not fully evaluate a re-dispatching of the OVEC units," correct?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. Okay. What would you do to fully evaluate a re-dispatching of the OVEC units?
- A. That -- that was out of scope. I can answer theoretically, what is a dispatch, what do you do.
- Q. That is my question. What would you do to evaluate re-dispatching the OVEC units?
- A. We would use an hourly dispatch model that's -- these are extensive projects. It's a whole scope of work and it's work that LEI does. You would need, you know, all the costs of the plant. You

would need PJM -- again, backward-looking analysis, right? So you would be able to get data so you would have data on energy prices in PJM on an hourly basis, plant costs. Because these are coal plants, you would want to have good information about startup costs, minimum -- actually you use this in any dispatch model. You have got a whole supply curve full of power plants and their variable costs, fuel costs, assumptions for costs of fuel, minimum run times, startup times, et cetera. And you would run that model and you can look at the hours in which it is economic for that plant to be dispatched.

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And so based on an analysis I suppose a company would say, well, we need a certain amount of hours of, you know, economic earnings to dispatch -- or actually the RTO can do that. The RTO can take the cost of a plant and, you know, ask it to -- I mean, this is information that a plant operator gives to the RTO for, you know, economic dispatch. So it's completely doable. It's a big project.

- Q. To your knowledge, OVEC has not conducted an evaluation of re-dispatching the units; is that correct?
- A. We didn't ask in the -- in the audit period. I don't -- you know, they may have. We

didn't ask them for that.

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- Q. Similarly, to your knowledge then, AEP Ohio has also not conducted an evaluation of re-dispatching the OVEC units, correct?
 - A. I don't know.
- Q. Okay. You state here that you did not fully evaluate re-dispatching the OVEC units. So my question is, would it be your recommendation that a full evaluation of re-dispatching the OVEC units be conducted?
- A. So we recommended that they reconsider the must-run offer strategy and, you know, we were specific. Things that are involved in those decision-makings, right, looking at demand forecast, price forecast, et cetera. And then, of course, all the other information that the Company knows about its plant, namely its costs and its physical, technical risk. So all those pieces, they could contribute to a dispatch model or they could contribute to sort of a forward profit loss. It's -- it's the gathering of the information together that's important to look at which is -- which is what we recommended.
 - Q. Thank you.
- So the answer to my question about

whether you would recommend an evaluation be conducted of re-dispatching the OVEC units, would you agree is "Yes"?

- A. I don't think you would have to do a re-dispatch to reconsider -- what we've recommended, reconsider the must-run offer strategy. You could do the, you know, brief going-forward analyses that we talked about as well. So you wouldn't have to do a big look-back on dispatch. You know, it might inform opinions but I don't think you would have to do that.
- Q. Okay. So you could re-evaluate the must-run strategy without conducting a full evaluation of re-dispatching the OVEC units; is that fair?
- A. You mean the Company or you mean London Economics?
 - Q. Either.

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A. So for our purposes we wanted to understand -- the scope of the audit is understanding the disposition of energy and capacity. So to understand the disposition of energy, we looked at the must-run offer strategy. We looked at monthly data which is indicative. So you don't need a dispatch model to do that. So, for that purpose, even though you don't need it -- now I have lost

track of your question, I'm sorry.

- Q. I can move on to the next one actually so that's no problem.
 - A. Okay.

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- Q. Based upon your answer, the Company or London Economics could determine that the must-run strategy is not optimal even without conducting a full evaluation of re-dispatching the OVEC units; is that right?
- MR. SCHULER: Objection,
- 11 mischaracterization.
- MR. McKENNEY: I don't think there is
 much of a characterization there, your Honor. It's a
 reasonable follow-up question to my previous one.
- I'm sorry, your Honor. I think you may
 have been on mute.
- 17 EXAMINER PARROT: Sorry, Mr. McKenney.
- 18 Overruled.
- MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
- A. So do you mean retrospectively or going forward?
- 22 Q. Start with retrospectively first.
- A. So retrospectively, we didn't need a
 dispatch model to indicate that the must-run offer
 strategy might not be optimal and it would be a good

idea to look at it. We didn't conclusively look at every hour or as we said, you know, try alternate dispatch -- or offer strategies; so, hence, the recommendation to reconsider.

Q. On what -- sorry.

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- A. And then on a going-forward basis, that that wouldn't be LEI's role but a company could use a dispatch model or not, right, they could use sort of, you know, their own costs, their own startup times, their own minimum run times and compare it -- all the costs and risks and compare it what -- with what their projected benefits would be, a week out, a month out, whatever, and I do believe we said that. A week to a month, let's say, and again you might want scenarios of prices because, you know, prices aren't that predictable. You wouldn't need a dispatch model to do it. It probably wouldn't hurt but I don't think you would absolutely have to have it.
- Q. Okay. So looking back at page 9 then, we've talked about this language in the second paragraph of Section 1.3 talking about -- I will just read the sentence: "There may be other considerations, such as providing employment at the plants, or the plants' contribution to fuel diversity

in the State, that outweigh the impact on ratepayers, which the Ohio legislature takes into consideration."

And I want to focus on that impact on ratepayers. As that term is used there, it could be understood as the economic impact to ratepayers? Would that be fair?

- A. That's what we meant. The impact of the first sentence which is that the plants cost more than the cost of energy and capacity that could be bought on the wholesale markets and that's what we meant. That's the impact on ratepayers in our sentence.
- Q. Okay. So I want to look down then on the same page, and it states, "During some periods of time, a must-run strategy can be optimal, but at other times it may not." This is the last sentence on the page. Do you see that there?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. When you use the term "optimal" there, you mean on an economic basis; is that correct?
- A. On -- yes, counting all the potential costs and earnings, et cetera, that might be the most cost effective way to go.
- Q. And you would agree then that running the plants on the optimal economic basis would otherwise

reduce charges to ratepayers to operate the plants, correct?

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- A. I am -- I don't understand. I'm sorry.
- Q. Running the plants in the most optimal economic basis would otherwise reduce the charges to ratepayers.
- A. I would agree with that sentence except the word "otherwise" is throwing me off.
- Q. Okay. If I rephrase without "otherwise," which I will endeavor to do now, you would agree that running the plants on the optimal economic basis would reduce the charges to ratepayers for the plants; is that correct?
- A. Probably. We don't know the future but our suggestion was to reconsider must offer. So in the report we describe that must offer is -- in that two-year period has been sort of the standing way that plants are offered. We're not saying don't do that. But what we are saying is the flexibility to look into, you know, to reconsider what you are doing on must offer, more flexibility gives you more opportunity to, you know, react to circumstances, et cetera. And in -- in that way, you could reduce costs. So that's why our recommendation is to reconsider.

Q. Thank you.

2.1

I think part of -- the beginning of your answer was that maybe my question was too broad, so I will try once more.

You would agree that, during the audit period, running the plants on a must-run strategy increased the charges to ratepayers of the plants; is that correct?

- A. Relative to other -- relative to -"increased" is a relative term. So relative to
 running on a unit commitment -- excuse me, on an
 economic commitment sometimes?
 - Q. That's right.
- A. Possibly sometimes. That's what our numbers in Figure 26 show. They are indicative. Again, we didn't do an hour by hour, but it's indicative that a more flexible approach might have improved the bottom line.
- Q. All right. I think I have exhausted that question. I will move on.

We are going to move to page 21 now.

This is a clarifying line of questioning. I will give you a minute to get there.

- A. Okay. I'm there.
- Q. Look at the last sentence of the first

paragraph in Section 3.3. It reads: "To be clear, the OVEC units are not offered as 'reliability must-run' units; simply as must-run units"; is that correct?

A. That's correct.

2.1

- Q. Reliability must-run is actually a PJM designation that a plant may contractually run for reliability; is that right?
- A. That's correct. I think we mentioned it yesterday but we wanted to clarify these two terms for the reader.
- Q. Right. So a unit with a reliability must-run contract with PJM is contractually obligated to run in order to maintain reliability, correct?
- A. I think the way I would say it is PJM has identified that it needs a plant for reliability.

 And the plant might not -- it might not stay on the system.

So say you need the plant for reliability certain times of the year, okay? There might be congestion, high demand, whatever, right? But the other times of the year the system -- the plant doesn't earn enough energy market revenues or combined with capacity revenues to keep it operating. So in that case, for the reliability of the grid, PJM

offers it sort of it's you call it maybe an out-of-market contract so that it can be there for reliability but not for economics, right? It's not necessarily economic most of the time.

2.1

- Q. And that's my point. A plant that has executed a contract or a reliability must-run contract is obligated to run.
- A. That -- that's my understanding. Maybe in particular times under particular circumstances but I'm not sure about those details. I mean, that might be part of what PJM requires like if the system is XYZ percent, you know, congested in that area. There might be specific times that they expect it to run. It may not be all the time.
 - Q. Okay. So because the OVEC units were not reliability must-run units, they were not contractually obligated to maintain a must-run strategy during the audit period; is that correct?
 - A. That is correct.

MR. SCHULER: Objection.

MR. McKENNEY: I think the witness answered the question.

MR. SCHULER: Assumes facts not in evidence, specifically the contract for must run.

EXAMINER PARROT: She's already answered

and the objection is overruled.

2.1

- Q. (By Mr. McKenney) The must-run strategy by the OVEC units is also considered a self-commitment strategy, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And that is because nobody other than OVEC itself made the commitment to run the plants regardless of energy prices, correct?
- A. I'm not sure that's really how it's described in the markets. Self-commitment is self -- self-scheduling. So you are telling PJM, you know, here is -- here is our minimum, our minimum operations and we are going to -- you know, our plant is on line. It's running. It's going to run tomorrow. It's, you know, day-ahead, it's going to run tomorrow and here's the minimum we are going to run.

I think the fact that they are scheduling that, you know, rather than PJM, that's the term — that's the term "self" but, you know, it's a level of operations that they are saying, you know, we are going to run, you know, regardless of the price of energy and, you know. That's maybe a more accurate way to say it.

Q. Okay. So whether to operate the plants

on an economic must run for emergency basis was at the sole discretion of OVEC; is that right?

- A. That -- that is my understanding that OVEC -- you know, the plant operator chooses the commitment status.
 - Q. Thank you.

2.1

Now, I want to go back to some of the questioning that you had with Mr. Finnigan. I know it was a long time ago but I believe -- I'm not trying to paraphrase your answer, so please correct me if I am mistaken. You testified along the lines that the plants were in the money in 2018 more than they were out of the money, and out of the money in 2019 more than they were in the money; is that correct?

A. Let's look at Figure -- it's -- excuse me, confidential Figure 26. And we didn't look at every single month. We chose seven months, I think. We chose seven months. And in the seven months -- again, chosen I wouldn't say at random. We wanted a sampling across the year, but in the seven months, on a monthly average basis, not hourly, et cetera, compared with, you know, PJM round-the-clock average monthly prices, the plants were somewhat out of the money in four months and more in the money in three

months and that was -- I don't want to go into too much detail. That was weighted more -- it was a cold winter and cold January, et cetera. So -- so the in-the-money months, again not 24 months but the ones we looked at, that was weighted towards 2018, and then the 2019 were more of the out-of-the-money months.

2.1

- Q. So when the plants are in the money, is it your understanding this would result in a charge to customers under the PPA Rider; is that correct?
- A. So "in the money" is just our sort of Wall Street, you know, I don't want to say slang but what it means is they are being paid in the -- the energy market earnings are greater than their energy charge. So that's in the money. They are operating. You have to pay for your fuel but you are earning money in PJM.

But going to the charges that are billed to the rider, those charges aren't just the energy charges, right? So those charges include demand charges, other categories. So I think your question kind of connected this energy market to the PPA Rider but there is something important in between which is demand charges.

Q. Let's turn to page 31 of the audit

report. It is just under Figure 12. The figure is confidential. I am going to ask you about the sentence just below that figure.

A. Okay.

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- Q. Your analysis confirmed that the ICPA costs AEP Ohio more than the value of the OVEC plants' energy and capacity in the PJM market; is that right?
 - A. That's right.
- Q. And this conclusion is consistent with the net impact on AEP Ohio's PPA Rider, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And that PPA Rider was a charge to customers in every quarter during the audit period; is that correct?
- A. Let me check the chart. There might have been one where it was a credit.
 - Q. Figure 16 on page 35, I believe.
 - A. Thank you.
 - Looking at 2018 and 2019. So there were -- so this is not confidential. Okay. So January 2018 was a credit and then the other 23 months there were charges.
- Q. So even when the plants are in the money, the PPA Rider is still a charge to customers -- let

1 | me rephrase. Sorry. I will strike that.

2.1

Even when the plants are in the money, the PPA Rider is still a charge to ratepayers, correct?

- A. That's correct. Because the PPA includes demand charges.
- Q. So the PPA Rider is not a very big financial hedge mechanism, is it?
 - A. We didn't examine hedging.
- Q. Okay. I am going to move on to a new line of questioning here on the levelized cost of new entry on pages 23 and 24.
 - A. Yes. I'm there.
- Q. Disregarding the figures here on the page just for a moment. Generally speaking, when the price of energy and capacity in PJM are lower than the levelized cost of energy, it is an indicator that market prices do not support investment in a new power plant. Would you agree with that characterization?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. So in the alternative, if market prices
 are higher than the levelized cost of energy of a new
 plant, then it could be a signal to investors that
 the market -- I'm sorry. I'll strike that. I

restated the same question.

2.1

The levelized cost of energy is not only a useful signal to determine whether a new plant would be economic and should be built, but can also be a signal on whether an existing plant is uneconomic and may be time to retire; is that correct?

- A. I am trying to see where we said that.
- Q. I am asking for an opinion from you, but I think the very last sentence of page 23 would point you in the right direction. It states "If expected market prices are lower than the levelized cost of energy, it is a signal not to build a plant." So I'll rephrase my question here.

You would agree with that last sentence,
"If expected market prices are lower than the
levelized cost of entry, it is a signal not to build
a plant," correct?

- A. Correct.
- Q. And the levelized cost of energy can also be a useful signal for existing plants on whether they are economic and should continue operating, correct?
- A. It's a piece of the market that you would look at. You probably wouldn't look at one year of

energy prices. You probably want to look out three to five years. And if you're a plant which is already operating, then there's pieces of the levelized cost like level of investment or whatever. It would be a piece of your decision-making but it's not like you look out two or three years and say no, it doesn't look good and -- you know, a retirement decision is a little more complex. But it's a piece of what people might look at, sure.

2.1

- Q. So in a competitive context, you could use a levelized cost of entry to determine whether a plant would be viable on a going-forward basis; is that correct?
 - A. That's what people use it for, yes.
- Q. So on page 24, that last sentence of the first paragraph reads: "It also implies that in a competitive context, the OVEC plants would not be viable on a going-forward basis," correct?
- A. That's correct given how the costs are in the demand charge and -- yes. Given the demand charge, yeah.
- Q. So you conducted this levelized-cost-of-entry analysis and determined that the OVEC plants would not be viable on a going-forward basis, correct?

A. So the OVEC cost, which was, I think, 57.04 per megawatt-hour, it was over 50, that is not a levelized cost that we developed. That is from --from their annual report which we cite I think a little earlier so that's -- that's from the OVEC annual report so that puts a pin in that number.

And then the cost of generic new entry

PJM for CCGT, that's a standard calculation that one
in economics does for our analysis of the PJM market.

We didn't do it specifically for this project but it
gives you a benchmark cost. So that's how the
analysis for these two pieces came together.

Q. Okay.

2.1

- A. But we didn't do a levelized cost of the OVEC plants. We just looked at their -- you know, the bottom line per the OVEC company.
- Q. Dr. Fagan, I am going to try to rephrase the question. As you sit here today, you agree with that last sentence in the first paragraph on page 24 that the levelized-cost-of-entry analysis in the audit report implies that, in a competitive context, the OVEC plants would not be viable on a going-forward basis, correct?
- A. That's part of their decision but that's what the market price is at the time of us doing the

audit, and given the assumptions that we made in the LCOE analysis, it looks like it's cheaper to build a new CCGT to meet demand in PJM than to have the OVEC plants going forward.

- Q. Okay. So you do not, today, disagree with the conclusion in the audit report there.
 - A. No.

2.1

Q. Thank you.

All right. I am going to move on now to page 26, Section 4.2. I am actually on page 27.

- A. Okay.
- Q. And that fourth bullet point reads that you conducted analysis on whether AEP Ohio's PPA Rider true-up process was in the best interest of ratepayers, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. For purposes of your analysis, how did you interpret "best interest of ratepayers" there?
- A. Was the true-up process the -- you say the least costly. Was it -- yeah, was it the least costly way to handle the true-ups.
- Q. So it's your testimony that the best interest of ratepayers is the least costly outcome?
- A. In this context which is pretty narrow, it's, you know, given you've got this rider in place,

given there is costs in there, how were the true-ups performed in this -- defined in this context which is it's sort of a detailed accounting process, then, yes, it's accounting. You're just taking costs that, you know, were deferred, ratepayers didn't pay them, and then you are truing up, you would want to do that in the least-cost manner, yes.

2.1

Q. And there are other matters where the best interests of ratepayers would also require the least-cost outcome; is that correct?

MS. KERN: Objection. The question is vague. I think she just specified she is talking about true-ups in this context.

MR. McKENNEY: Your Honor, I am asking about other contexts that this language may be applied to. I think it's a reasonable question.

MS. KERN: You can ask her that question.

I mean, if there is a different context.

MR. McKENNEY: I'll rephrase.

Q. (By Mr. McKenney) This term "best interest of ratepayers" as it is used in other contexts, the least -- I am going to strike. I am going to try this again here one more time.

The best interests of ratepayers as it applies in other contexts may require the least

1 | costly outcome; is that correct?

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- A. I would say it should consider the least costly outcome.
- Q. And would you say it should be a primary consideration?
 - A. It depends.

MR. SCHULER: Objection.

MR. McKENNEY: I --

MR. SCHULER: It's vague. What context, by what entity, under what circumstances.

MR. McKENNEY: I can move on, your Honor.

The question was answered, but I don't have further questions on that subject.

EXAMINER PARROT: I'm not sure -- the witness had started to answer, I think.

I am sorry, Mr. Schuler. Can you give me your objection again. You were all kind of talking over each other there, so.

MR. SCHULER: Yeah. I objected that the question is vague, that it does not define context or entity or circumstances under which this analysis would be conducted.

EXAMINER PARROT: Okay. I am going to overrule that objection.

Dr. Fagan, had you finished your answer

though? You had said it depends and --

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THE WITNESS: It depends. Ratepayers are served by many things and, for example, reliability. So if you are looking at a hypothetical, other -- I guess we are talking very broadly here, other decision-making processes about cost, cost is a consideration. But other things, depending on the context, are -- you know, the reliability is important too. So it's -- it's -- I can't -- I can't say anything more specific than that.

MR. McKENNEY: Thank you, Dr. Fagan.
Thank you, your Honor.

- Q. (By Mr. McKenney) I am going to move on now to a discussion regarding the capacity factor analysis you conducted. If we can move to page 107 of the audit report.
 - A. I'm there.
- Q. Okay. Thank you. Capacity factor is defined there in that second bullet point as a measurement of the ratio of actual energy output to the maximum possible energy output over a given period of time, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Capacity factor then does not at all take into consideration market pricing; is that correct?

A. The definition does not. It's just a physical generation. Leave that -- yeah, so that's the answer, yeah.

2.1

Q. Market pricing may affect capacity factor, but the capacity factor itself does not -- strike the question. I'll move on.

Each of the OVEC units minus one were -because each of the units minus one were operated
with a so-called must-run strategy, they had higher
capacity factors; is that correct?

- A. Higher than if they were offered as economic?
- Q. I think that's your conclusion. I am trying to get at it in the audit report here. So because -- I can rephrase the question.

Because each of the units minus one were operated with a must-run strategy, they had higher capacity factors than if they had been operated on an economic strategy; is that correct?

- A. That sounds right. I am looking for it.
- Oh, yes. As compared to other coal plants of similar sizes, et cetera, et cetera. Yes, operating at higher than average. So our comparison was other coal plants of similar sizes. That's correct.

- Q. And to your knowledge were these other coal units in PJM operated with a must-run strategy or based upon market prices?
- A. Oh, I don't know unit by unit, but many of the plants -- it's PJM overall and many of them, you know, they have to compete in the market based on cost, so some might have been must run, some not.
- Q. So if other coal plants had to compete in the PJM market on cost, it's your understanding that many of those plants, if not the majority of those plants, were operated on an economic basis, correct?
- A. I don't know how many or how many megawatts but, by definition, if you are competing on cost, you are implying that you're operating -- you are offering based on economic commitment.
- Q. And so then your testimony would be consistent with the fact the OVEC units were not operated on a cost basis, correct?
 - A. Right.

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Q. I don't know if there is more to the answer. I think I heard "Right."

I will go to my next question then.

Similarly-sized coal plants in PJM, many of them have either announced or are planning for deactivation because they are either uneconomic or

outdated; would you agree with that?

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- A. Yeah. Where -- we have that -- where are you looking?
- Q. Just asking your understanding, Dr. Fagan.
 - A. Well, yes, there have been -- I can't talk about plants off the top of my head individually but there have been widespread announcements of retirements of coal plants, not just in PJM, but, yes.
 - Q. And some of that is because plants with lower operating costs typically have higher capacity factors; would you agree with that?
 - A. I don't think it follows from the other thing we just said.
 - Q. A plant with lower operating costs would generally run more often if it was dispatched on an economic basis; would you agree with this?
 - A. Run more often than a plant with higher operating costs, do you mean?
 - O. Yes.
- A. Sure. I mean, if you have a plant with
 lower variable costs, lower operating costs, and you
 are offering it for economic commitment, you are
 usually going -- you're going to get, you know, the

market, PJM, will accept your offer probably more frequently than a plant with higher costs because presumably it's bidding higher, and PJM is going to take the lowest-cost plants first in the dispatch stack so, yeah. I mean, unless there is some kind -- maybe there is a reliability issue or something, but, broadly.

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- Q. So the high capacity factors for the OVEC units was not a result of market prices signaling them to run but, instead, as a result of the decision by OVEC to operate the plants regardless of market prices, correct?
- A. Well, that's right because they didn't use economic signals, correct.
- Q. Thank you. That's all I have on that subject.

I do want to look at a related subject which is the EAF on page 107. EAF is the equivalent availability factor which is the proportion of the period where a unit is available without any outages or equipment deratings. Do you agree with that?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. Would it be fair to say the capacity factor and equivalent availability factor are similar, where capacity factor is the output of the

unit, the equivalent availability factor is the availability of the unit?

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- A. So we measured two different things. So you could have a plant with really high availability. The EAF could be high. But maybe it's an expensive -- like you can have the EAF of like a peaker. It can be available. But it's going to have a low capacity factor. Peakers just don't run that often. You only need them a certain number of hours a year. So they are measuring two different things. I wouldn't -- you know, I wouldn't conflate those, I think that's the right word.
- Q. Okay. But a plant without a higher capacity factor for a period wouldn't necessarily also have a higher equivalent availability factor because the plant must be available to operate if it is, in fact, operating. Would you agree with that?
- A. You know, I would say maybe. I mean, you could have a plant with an EAF, let's say it's really only available 70 percent of the time. This is totally hypothetical. Because, whatever, there is issues or in a given year it was out for maintenance for a month or two, let's say, and had a long maintenance but if its EAF is 70 percent and it ran the whole time, it would have a high capacity factor.

So again, I don't think you can -- what you are trying to connect, I don't think it connects.

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- Q. I will try and short circuit this a little bit. On page 112, the audit report says in terms of the equivalent availability factor, units at both plants performed better in 2019 than the previous two years. This means they were generally available to operate without any outages or equipment deratings, correct?
- A. They were available. They were more available in 2019 than 2018.
- Q. Okay. So like capacity factor -- actually strike that. I won't compare the two.

The performance of the plants in regard to this sentence on page 112 is not related to their economic performance, correct?

- A. Right. EAF is not about economics. It's about availability.
 - Q. Thank you.

You mentioned a few questions ago, answers ago, that peaking plants don't run as baseload. Peaking plants do not run as baseload.

- 23 That's a correct statement, correct?
- A. By definition.
- Q. Right. Peaking plants can be coal fired,

correct?

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- A. I -- I'm not sure about that. That sounds unusual. Usually peakers have low -- they have low capital cost to variable cost ratios, so peakers, yeah, sometimes they are steam units. Sometimes they run on oil. I'm not saying you couldn't have a coal peaking unit, but I can't say there isn't one. It just sounds very unusual.
- Q. The distinction between a peaking plant and a baseload plant is its marginal cost of operations. Would you agree with that?
- A. In the market, yes. But as a technical matter, it's just -- it's a different kind of technology. Peakers, you can start them up really quick. You can ramp them up really quick. They do have a high marginal cost of operation, especially if you are running oil which is expensive. But it's not -- but it's not just marginal cost. It's you can -- the technology of the plant do what the system is calling on a peaker to do.
- Q. So peakers dispatch on an economic basis because they would cost their owners a tremendous amount of money if they were to run all the time; is that correct?
- 25 A. I -- that's a given. That's a given.

That's why they are peakers. They, you know, they don't run all the time. They would be out of the money as we say.

- Q. Okay. You testified I think to

 Mr. Finnigan and Ms. Wachspress that the audit report

 does not make any findings of imprudence, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

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- Q. There were ways to make improvements, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. So the audit report does not say that the cost of activities that generated revenues were prudently incurred either, does it?
 - A. We don't say that in the exec summary. I think we use the term in the report. I don't think it made it to page 9.
 - Q. Likewise, the audit report does not say the Company's bidding strategy in the PJM capacity markets was prudent, correct?
- A. Let me read that. I'm not sure you are correct.

Yeah, we say -- yeah, on page 50, in the middle of the second paragraph, we're talking -- this is confidential so I am not going to mention the offer price, but our sentence is "LEI feels this

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offer price was prudent."
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- Q. Okay. So I want to go back to our peaking plant analysis.
- MS. BOJKO: I'm sorry, Bryce. Can I interrupt for a second? I have that language as confidential. Is it not confidential? Are we allowed to discuss that?
- 8 THE WITNESS: You are right. I'm sorry.
 9 It's not just the chart. I'm sorry. My mistake.
- MR. SCHULER: I couldn't get to the page 11 fast enough.
- 12 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry.
- MR. McKENNEY: So I won't ask any more questions on that. It was not the intention of my question to ask a question that would go into the confidential record.
 - So my -- I can withdraw it if it helps.

 I don't think there is any harm in your answer. I actually would be happy if the whole question and answer were struck from the record.
- MR. SCHULER: Sorry. We are reviewing it really quickly. I think we might be able to agree that particular sentence that was just read by
 Dr. Fagan is -- can be public. And just to confirm,
 I believe she read the sentence, the second sentence

- 1 of the first full paragraph on page 50, correct, 2 beginning with "LEI feels"?
- 3 MR. McKENNEY: Just "LEI" -- yeah, those seven words there. 4
- 5 EXAMINER PARROT: I am not seeing how that could be confidential. 6
- 7 MR. SCHULER: Yeah, we're okay with 8 leaving that as part of the public record, your 9 Honor.
- 10 MR. McKENNEY: Thank you, your Honor. 11 Thanks, Mike -- Mr. Schuler.
- 12 Ο. (By Mr. McKenney) A minute ago we were --13 Dr. Fagan, a minute ago we were discussing a peaking 14 plant versus a baseload plant. Is it your 15 understanding that a baseload plant could become a 16 peaking plant if its marginal cost of operation 17 increased over time?

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- Just generally -- are you saying -- would Α. you -- if your marginal cost increased over time, would you stay in the market and try to operate as a peaker?
- That's my question. If the marginal cost Q. 23 of operation increased for a given plant, would it --24 could it continue to operate as a peaking plant 25 instead of a baseload plant?

A. It would depend on the whole cost structure of the plant, I would say.

2.1

- Q. Would you say it would be unreasonable to operate a peaking plant under a must-run strategy?
- A. It's not something I ever considered.

 And I guess you would have to have a really bad congestion pocket on the grid where only the peaker plant could -- could provide the reliability or whatever. I don't know. Not even congestion. It's hard to imagine a situation like that. I haven't actually thought about that.
- Q. So you would agree it would have been reasonable then for a peaking plant to offer -- operate under a must-run strategy.
- A. It would be -- a peaking plant that doesn't offer based on economics would be very strange. I don't know that there aren't -- it's highly unusual, I would say.
- Q. It's because it would be uneconomic to the plant owner. Would you agree with that?
- A. It would be likely to be uneconomic.

 If -- power markets are all different, maybe there is a plant out there doing this kind of thing and making money. You can't -- you can't eliminate that possibility but it would be highly unusual.

Q. So it's your testimony then that generally plants should be operated on an economic strategy and not a must-run strategy?

2.1

- A. So we were just talking about peakers. I think now we are talking about just plants generally.
- Q. You answered my question. It is your testimony that -- I'll rephrase.

On an economic basis, a plant that has a marginal cost of operation that is higher than what it makes in energy markets, it would be uneconomic to run on a must-run basis; is that correct?

MR. SCHULER: Objection. Vague and incomplete hypothetical.

MR. McKENNEY: Your Honor, I think we've laid the foundation for the question. I think we've gone over how plants should operate, what an economic basis is. I don't think it's vague. I think I am asking for the auditor's opinion as opposed to a hypothetical. So I think the auditor -- or Dr. Fagan should be allowed to answer if she has an answer.

EXAMINER PARROT: Dr. Fagan, if you followed the question, go ahead and answer. If you need clarification, you can ask for it, of course.

THE WITNESS: Maybe not clarification, thank you, your Honor, but please just to repeat it.

- Q. (By Mr. McKenney) A plant that has a higher marginal cost of operation than what it makes in energy markets would generally lose money if it is not operated on an economic basis; is that correct?
- A. Yes, I guess so. I wouldn't -- it's a hypothetical situation that I've just never seen, you know, in an energy market. You wouldn't -- well, I suppose if you had a contract, but if you were just getting paid, you know, out of the energy markets, you would lose money.
- MR. McKENNEY: Your Honor, that's all the questions I have.
- 13 EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Thank you.
- MS. WHITFIELD: Your Honor.

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- 15 EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead.
- MS. WHITFIELD: I'm sorry. Would it be possible to take a quick personal health break? I'm sorry.
- 19 EXAMINER PARROT: Just a moment.
 - Ms. Bojko, OMA is next. I was going to get a sense, are you going to need a while? And I am asking because it might make sense to just take a lunch break rather than just a short break.
- MS. WHITFIELD: Sure.
- MS. BOJKO: Yes, your Honor. I probably

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     have an hour or so, I would think.
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                 EXAMINER PARROT: Okay. Let's come back
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     around 12:30 and this should be considered your lunch
     recess so we are off the record.
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                 (Thereupon, at 11:58 a.m., a lunch recess
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     was taken.)
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401 1 Thursday Afternoon Session, 2 January 13, 2022. 3 4 EXAMINER PARROT: Let's go back on the 5 record. 6 OMAEG. 7 MS. BOJKO: Thank you, your Honor. 8 9 CROSS-EXAMINATION 10 By Ms. Bojko: Q. Good afternoon, Dr. Fagan. I lost you 11 12 again. People keep moving. Do you see me? 13 Α. If I speak I think I'll show up on your 14 screen. That happens to my screen when someone 15 speaks, I can all of a sudden see them. 16 I see you now. Thank you. You were Ο. 17 right beside me and now you moved. 18 Dr. Fagan, my name is Kim Bojko. I am 19 representing OMAEG in this case, and I have some 20 additional questions for you and some clarifying 2.1 questions based on your prior testimony. 22 First, I want to ask you what you have in 23 front of you and what you've been referencing 24 throughout the cross-examination the last two days. 25 A. So I have paper copies of -- in a binder

- of both the RFP, LEI's proposal, my prefiled
- 2 | testimony, the final audit report, the errata, the
- 3 set of e-mails from September 8. And electronically,
- 4 | if I go in my folders -- oh, my connection has been
- 5 lost. I need to reconnect to our server somehow.
- 6 Take one second. I go on lunch and I take my eye off
- 7 | this thing for a second and it -- all right. Go back
- 8 to the folders.
- 9 Q. I mean, are the folders just the
- 10 exhibits, the cross exhibits?
- 11 A. Yeah, exactly. That's what they are.
- 12 Q. You referenced -- I thought you said, and
- 13 | this is why I am asking, I thought you said in your
- 14 cross earlier today you were looking at your notes.
- 15 Do you have notes in front of you?
- 16 A. I'm not sure. I have -- I guess I have
- 17 | markings on some of our reports.
- 18 | O. Okay. And --
- 19 A. Oh, I know. I think -- was it when I
- 20 | highlighted and noted when things were confidential?
- 21 Q. I'm not sure. I thought you said notes
- 22 and that's what I was just asking what you were
- 23 referring to.
- 24 After last night, did you do a debrief to
- 25 discuss your testimony, either last night or this

- morning, with anyone other than your -- anyone other
 than Staff counsel?
- A. Just the Staff counsel. Well -- yeah, yeah.
 - Q. Did you speak to any Staff members?
 - A. Oh, right. Okay. So, yeah, we had a call. So it was Staff -- it was Staff counsel and Rodney Windle was on the call, yes.
 - Q. And you didn't speak with any other party. You didn't speak with AEP, did you?
- 11 A. No.

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- Q. Were you in attendance or did you listen into, I forget if it was virtual, I think it was, were you in attendance or did you listen to AEP

 Witness Stegall's deposition?
- 16 A. No.
- Q. Did you read Mr. Stegall's transcript of his deposition?
- A. I think I read parts of that briefly.

 Are they one of the exhibits?
- Q. It was not one of our exhibits. I think

 OCC sent it around in case they needed it for

 purposes. It shouldn't have been forwarded to you as

 an exhibit.
- 25 A. It's just --

- Q. I was asking if you reviewed it.
- A. The name is familiar. I didn't read all the exhibits and things that were sent around in their entirety. But I opened all the files and read what they were -- what they were. It just rings a bell, but.
- Q. So you may have read the transcript that was sent around to the parties?
 - A. Or parts of it.

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- Q. Did you discuss -- did you have any discussions with AEP after the filing of the Staff Report on September 16?
 - A. Not that I recall.
- Q. On page 3 of your testimony, you stated that you conducted the audit of AEP's PPA Rider for 2018 and '19 and that you used the word there "I." Did you alone conduct the audit?
- A. I had two LEI staff members, junior folks, working with me.
 - Q. And then you also say you were responsible for drafting the audit report. Did you actually draft the audit report or did the team draft the audit report?
- A. I drafted some sections. And my staff drafted other sections. But I am responsible for

- reviewing their sections. So they are my responsibility.
 - Q. So you would have reviewed the audit report and you would have approved, so to speak, the audit report; is that fair?
 - A. Correct. Absolutely, yes.
 - Q. And is it fair to say that you and LEI, as a company, stand behind the audit report as written?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And that would include the findings and conclusions contained therein, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Can we take a look at the errata sheet
 that was marked as OCC Exhibit 2 yesterday? Do you
 have that in front of you?
- 17 A. I do.

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- Q. Just for the record, the errata modifies the audit report that was marked as Staff Exhibit 1 and 1A, correct?
- 21 A. That's correct.
- Q. And when were the changes made? When was this errata created?
- A. In the end of December. So it's dated
 December 28. I was rereading the audit report and

- I -- I didn't like -- I explained before the page 20 and 23. And I had also been reading other materials and realized that we didn't calculate the coal burns correctly.
- Q. So we will get into the individual changes, but first I wondered who drafted the errata. Did you draft it alone?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Did Staff suggest any of these changes?
- A. They did not.
 - Q. Did AEP suggest any of these changes?
- 12 A. They did not.
 - Q. Isn't it true that the errata report makes substan -- substantive changes to the audit report by removing whole paragraphs and sentences?
 - MS. KERN: Objection to the extent that the witness testified yesterday that it did not change the substance of the audit report.
 - MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, sorry, you moved on me too. Your Honor, I think the witness can answer the question as proposed without being coached about her prior testimony.
- EXAMINER PARROT: I am going to overrule the objection.
- 25 A. It does not materially change the audit.

Q. Doesn't it substantively remove paragraphs and sentences from the audit report?

A. Yes.

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MR. SCHULER: Objection to the word substantive. Substantive is vague.

O. And --

EXAMINER PARROT: Hold on. I'm just noting -- she's answered. Objection is overruled.

MS. BOJKO: Thank you, your Honor.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) You talked with Mr. Finnigan yesterday about the first two changes that were made, but I have a question regarding the third bullet point. If you could turn to that. And can you hear me okay, Ms. -- Dr. Fagan?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. Our fan just kicked on. I just wanted to make sure.

In the third bullet point, what is the errata to the audit report for this third change?

A. So the errata is on pages 73 to 74 of the audit, Exhibits 1 and 1A, that we incorrectly calculated the monthly average days of coal inventory for Clifty Creek and Kyger Creek. We based -- "LEI based its calculations (incorrectly) on average burn in each month. The inventory on hand should have

been calculated based on full load, instead of average coal burn. LEI does not have the full load data to calculate a new set of monthly averages. In any case, there is no material impact on LEI's audit results."

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Q. Okay. Thanks for the explanation of why. But I'm asking what changed. An errata changes the words in an audit -- in a testimony or in the audit report. What is physically changed by this third bullet? What are you trying to change?

MR. SCHULER: I would caution the witness that I believe it changes confidential information.

- A. It changes confidential information, yes.
- Q. Well, did you file a confidential errata?
- A. We just filed this errata. Oh --
- Q. What change -- I guess I don't -- an errata is a change to prefiled testimony, deposition testimony, here in this case it's an audit report.

 What is changing in the audit report per this bullet?

MR. SCHULER: Again, I would caution the witness if Ms. Bojko is asking her to read the actual words that are supposed to be removed from the audit report as a result of the errata, those are confidential words that would need to be done on the confidential record.

MS. BOJKO: Well, I mean, I would ask your Honor how does he know that words are removed if none of us have seen the change, how would AEP know that that's the change? That's what I am trying to ask. What is being changed? Is there a deletion? Is a number being changed? She doesn't have to say the numbers, but she can tell me what the change is.

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- A. The change -- well, we couldn't make a complete change. We had the wrong way to calculate average burns like we say in the errata. But like we say in the errata, we don't -- we didn't have the full load data to calculate the new set of monthly averages, so we couldn't change something we didn't have the new information to do it. But we wanted to flag that, you know, upon reflection, we don't think the numbers there were quite accurate.
- Q. Okay. Well, when you thought numbers were not accurate on page 20, you deleted the entire paragraph. So are you suggesting that this whole analysis on page -- pages 73 and 74 should be deleted in their entirety?
 - A. No, we are not suggesting that.
- Q. So again I ask, what are you suggesting changes by an errata?
 - A. We didn't suggest the language. I think

more specific language, maybe it would have made sense if I just caveated that we used average burns instead of full load burns. And that might have been much more clear.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, may we go off the record for a minute?

EXAMINER PARROT: Yes.

(Discussion off the record.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Let's go back on the record. Let's go off.

11 (Discussion off the record.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Let's go back on the record.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Ms. Fagan -- or Doctor, excuse me. Are you saying here today that you cannot, based on the errata sheet, bullet No. 3, you cannot tell the record the changes that you are proposing to make to LEI's analysis, specific changes to the audit report?
- A. We can't. We don't have the data to do
 - Q. And so it's your testimony today that on pages 73 and 74 and the calculations made are incorrect and no longer valid; is that correct?
- 25 A. They are not as precise as they ought to

be, and if they have to be precise, maybe they are invalid. I think they are still indicative. And in any case, it doesn't change materially the results of the audit.

Q. But it does change the printed words in the audit report, correct?

A. If --

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MS. KERN: Objection, objection, what printed words, as to vagueness, I mean, I think we are talking about specific pages and specific calculations here.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I asked her what specific changes, and she said she couldn't answer me, so I'm not being vague. I am using her own words.

MS. KERN: Well, not in that question, though, Kim. You didn't specify the page; so, I mean, if we can have the question read back and you can specify what pages you are talking about again or whatever your Honors prefer.

MS. BOJKO: I would be happy to rephrase.

EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead.

Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Dr. Fagan, I am talking about pages 73 and 74. Isn't that how you indicated on your errata sheet that there was an inaccurate

calculation; is that right?

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- A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. You didn't give a section number. You just stated pages 73 and 74; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And on that -- on those two pages, there are one, two, three, four figures, tables; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And it's my understanding from your change that those calculations that are inputted on those figures would have to be recalculated, and the numbers and the graphs would change based on those new calculations; is that correct?
- A. The calculations for Figure 41 and 42 would be impacted.
- Q. Okay. When you say "impacted," it would mean those charts are currently incorrect, and you would have to redo the graphs with the new calculations, correct?
- A. We would have to do a portion of the graphs.
- Q. Right. Because of the new numbers needed for the total calculation and the graph inputs, correct?

A. That's correct.

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- Q. And these figures would then produce different numbers and conclusions, correct?
- A. They would produce different numbers of -- not possible to say -- I don't think the conclusions would change much, but you would get different numbers.
- Q. You don't know because you don't have the data, right?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And those are the only three changes that you have made to your audit report on this errata sheet; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. So but for these three changes, you stand by all the other findings and conclusions in the audit report, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. And who -- who brought the incorrect -- or who -- who brought it to your attention that there was incorrect data used in Figures 41 and 42?
 - A. I was reviewing materials, and it might have even been related to a different audit but at the same plant. I don't recall. I was reviewing materials that had to do with one or the other of

these audits, and when I reviewed that, it wasn't someone else bringing it to my attention, but I went back and looked at what we did and said, oh, that's not precisely accurate.

- Q. I'm sorry. So you were looking at an audit of a different utility in a different case, and you realized your error in this case; is that what you said?
- A. I think so. But it was -- it was our audit, and it still has to do with the OVEC plants, so I realized if that was in error there, it must have been in error here. So I took it upon myself to say this -- I don't want to mislead, you know, and I couldn't correct it, but I didn't want it to stand without -- I guess this is more of a caveat.
- Q. Okay. And so you are the auditor in the Duke OVEC case; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And was that the audit you reviewed that you realized this error?
- A. A filing -- possibly. It was either that one or this one because it's, of course, about OVEC.
- Q. I don't understand "that one or this
 one." You don't have the data in this case, right?
 So it had to be the Duke OVEC case, correct?

A. I'm not sure we had --

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MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I'll object.

This is seeking to divulge information of ongoing audits. Specifically I cite, your Honor, 4901-1-16. It requires confidentiality of ongoing transactions and audits at the Commission. And I understand the question to be about pending audits in other cases that are currently ongoing.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I don't know what Mr. Schuler is referring to. I was asking the witness a follow-up question to something she stated. She said she realized there was incorrect data, and she pulled it from a different source. I was asking her that source and whether that source was the Duke audit which she is the auditor. And I am going to object. This has been said before, the Duke audit is not ongoing. There is an audit report that has been filed. So the investigation is not ongoing.

EXAMINER PARROT: Dr. Fagan, you may answer the question.

A. So some of the materials I read pointed out -- and I don't remember if it was this one or the other one that the full load wasn't used and we used average burns. There wasn't different data that I could then use to update this. It pointed out the

- inaccuracy in our work. So I couldn't correct it and put in new numbers. But like I said, I wanted to flag it so there's no -- we don't want to mislead anybody.
- Q. And just to clarify on the record,

 Ms. Fagan, you stated you were the auditor in the

 Duke proceeding, Duke OVEC proceeding. That relates

 to the exact same OVEC units that we are talking

 about in this audit, correct?
 - A. That is correct.

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- Q. And that audit report, you've completed your investigation and you have filed that audit report at the Commission's docketing in the Duke case; is that correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. So there's no ongoing investigation that you are performing in the Duke audit case of the OVEC units, correct?
- A. That's correct. Our report -- our final has been filed.
 - Q. Thank you.
- I believe yesterday you stated that you got the scope of work for the audit from the RFP; is that correct?
- 25 A. That's correct.

- Q. I'm sorry. I just didn't hear your answer. You broke up.
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Thank you.

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I think you said you had it in front of you, the RFP.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I don't believe that we have officially marked this RFP yesterday. So at this time I would like to mark as OMAEG Exhibit 5, the PUCO request for proposal. It's the entry that was issued in this proceeding on January 15, 2020, and it has attached to it the actual request for proposal.

EXAMINER PARROT: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Dr. Fagan, do you have in front of you what's been marked as OMAEG Exhibit 5?
 - A. That's the RFP?
- O. Yes.
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. Given all the questions yesterday and this morning, is it fair to assume you are familiar with this entry and the attached RFP?
- A. We read the entry. We focused very much on the RFP and the scope of work.

- Q. Can you turn to page 4 of the attached RFP, Section II.
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. This section is titled "Purpose," correct?
- A. That's correct.
 - Q. And under the purpose is a Section A, a provision A, which is titled "Prudency and Performance Audit," correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Then under -- under that section in the second paragraph, so the second paragraph of II.A, you would agree with me that the RFP states that the purpose of the annual prudency audit of rider PPA is to establish the prudency of all costs and sales flowing through rider PPA and to demonstrate that the Company's actions were in the best interest of ratepayers.
 - A. Yes.
- 20 MR. SCHULER: Objection. I believe that 21 mischaracterizes the words in that paragraph.
- MS. BOJKO: Well, I was asking her understanding. I was not reading from the RFP.
- 24 EXAMINER PARROT: With that
- 25 clarification, overruled.

A. We understand that that was the purpose -- is the purpose.

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- Q. Isn't it true that the draft audit report, and that was OCC Exhibit 17 that we discussed yesterday, did in fact respond to this directive in the RFP in its findings? It talks about what was in the customers' best interests, or the ratepayers, excuse me.
- MS. KERN: Objection as to vague. I'm not sure what portions you are referring to.

 Objection as to relevance of a draft report to this proceeding which has a final audit report filed in the docket.
- MR. SCHULER: AEP Ohio joins the objection.
- MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I think she can give her opinion. She is the auditor that wrote it or approved it, the audit report, whether that provision in the audit report, I think the witness is very well aware of the sentence I am referring to but if I need to read it, I think she is well aware of it. She can answer the question if she can.
- MS. KERN: I would object then on the grounds, your Honor, that the question was asked and answered yesterday. The witness testified it was

outside the scope in her opinion and that was one of the reasons it was removed per her final discretion of what she filed as the final audit report.

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MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, counsel testified. She did not say that yesterday. I think both -- there are a lot of counsel that testified yesterday as to what they believe the scope is. And I pointed to a scope in the RFP and asked her if that sentence fell within this provision. If the answer is no, then the witness can testify to that.

EXAMINER PARROT: The objections are overruled.

Dr. Fagan, if you need Ms. Bojko to point you to the specific sentence she is referring to, you may ask her to do that, but to the extent you can answer the question, go ahead.

- A. Oh, I think the sentence -- of course I know the sentence that she is referring to. And as I mentioned yesterday, we -- we felt that it was too broad. It's -- the purpose of the RFP includes it, but the scope of our investigation, the scope that's contemplated, that's asked for in the RFP, doesn't say that, which is why we took it out.
- Q. Okay. So it's your testimony today that under the section of purpose to the prudency and

performance audit, that that does not apply to what the performance and prudency audit was supposed to look at, that you do not believe that you were supposed to look at the prudency of all costs and sales flowing through the PPA Rider and to demonstrate that the Company's actions were in the best interest of retail ratepayers.

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MS. KERN: Objection, mischaracterizes the witness's testimony.

EXAMINER PARROT: Rephrase, Ms. Bojko.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Do you recall that part of the scope of your audit was to establish the prudency of all costs and sales flowing through the PPA Rider and to demonstrate that the Company's actions were in the best interests of retail ratepayers?
- A. That was the purpose, I think that the Commission would use it for. But for the scope of the investigation, it -- it's more specific and it doesn't say best interest, per se. It talks about prudence.
- Q. So the answer to my question is no, it's your understanding that your audit was to not establish the prudency of all costs and sales flowing through the PPA Rider and to demonstrate the Company's actions were in the best interest of

1 ratepayers.

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2 MR. SCHULER: Objection, asked and 3 answered.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, she didn't answer the question.

EXAMINER PARROT: I think she did. She didn't give you a yes or no.

If you are able to do that, Dr. Fagan, go ahead, but if you feel it's more nuanced than that, you may say that.

- A. I feel it is more nuanced than that.
- Q. Okay. Let's look at some other scope provisions then to see what your understanding is of the scope of the audit if you do not believe that is a piece of the audit.

Let's look at -- let's look at page 6 of the audit, Section 2 -- or, I'm sorry, not of the audit. Page 6 of the RFP, Section 2. We are still looking at the scope of your audit.

- A. I'm there.
- Q. Is it your understanding that Section 2 of the RFP requires the auditor to ensure that all OVEC fuel and variable operations and maintenance costs, related expenses, were prudently incurred and properly allocated by AEP?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Also in Section 2, is it your understanding that Section 2 specifically requires the auditor to compare and cured -- incurred fuel costs and market prices to evaluate the reasonableness of fuel expenses during the audit period?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. Now let's look at Section 3 of the RFP. Is it your understanding that the auditor was expected to ensure that only prudently incurred costs are included for recovery through the Rider PPA?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And this section, it does not use the term "fairly prudent," does it?
- 16 A. Barely?
- Q. Fairly prudent.
- 18 A. No.
- Q. And it does not use the terms "mostly adequate," does it?
- 21 A. No.
- Q. And it does not condition the prudency on the ICPA, does it?
- MR. SCHULER: Objection. Calls for a legal conclusion. And mischaracterizes the remainder

of that paragraph Ms. Bojko just cited to.

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MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I asked for the auditor's understanding of this section. I think she can answer to what her understanding is. She is the one that did the audit.

EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead and answer,

7 Dr. Fagan.

- A. Well, the ICPA is, I guess, the broad vehicle that -- that -- how do I explain it? It's what's in place and the audit is an audit of the company's activities, decisions, et cetera, within that framework. That's my understanding.
- Q. But the ICPA isn't mentioned here with regard to prudency, is it?
 - A. In this paragraph?

MS. KERN: Objection, objection. The document speaks for itself.

18 EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

- A. So is the ICPA mentioned in the paragraph or --
- 21 O. Correct.
- 22 A. It is not.
- Q. And doesn't, in fact, the last sentence of this say that the prudency is supposed to be in accordance with the Commission's March 31, 2016,

Opinion and Order in Case No. 14-1693-EL-RDR?

A. That's what it says.

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- Q. And did you read the Commission's March 31, 2016, Opinion and Order before or while conducting your audit?
- A. I didn't read it all the way through.

 Maybe here and there but not all the way through, I

 don't think.
- Q. This requirement in Section 3, it does not condition the prudency determination on other factors or considerations, does it, beyond what we just talked about, the Commission's order?
 - A. I guess not.
- Q. Look at Section 5. Is it your understanding that Section 5 requires the auditor to review and report on OVEC's plant performance, including the impact on ratepayers?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Section 5 also specifically requires the auditor to state whether additional review is necessary or to make a determination of reasonableness of OVEC's and/or AEP's actions, correct?
- A. Correct.
- Q. So you have to do one of two things: You

either have to say additional review is necessary; or, you have to determine whether OVEC and/or AEP's actions were reasonable, correct?

A. Correct.

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- Q. Now, let's turn back to page 4 of the RFP. Let's go back to the purpose of the prudency and performance audit section. In that section -- second paragraph under the purpose and prudency -- excuse me, under the purpose of the prudency and performance audit, it explains here again that the Commission established a prudency audit pursuant to 14-1693-EL-RDR, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And then if you look at the last sentence of that paragraph, it specifically states that the RFP encompasses an independent audit of the PPA Rider for the 2018-'19 period, and states as contemplated by, and in compliance with, PUCO orders, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And it specifically uses the word "orders," plural. It references multiple Commission orders, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. But you didn't review the Commission orders in Case No. 14-1696 that established the

annual prudency audit to determine if your audit was as contemplated by, and in compliance with, those orders, did you?

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- A. We might have reviewed some of them but we really focused our efforts on the scope of investigation rather than the framework around it.
- Q. So again, I am going to ask you, after you completed your audit and you drafted your audit report, did you review the Commission orders in 14-1696 to determine if your audit was as contemplated by, and in compliance with, those orders?

MS. KERN: Objection, asked and answered.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, she didn't answer

the question. She didn't tell me if she did that review.

EXAMINER PARROT: She did. She answered the question.

MS. BOJKO: I thought I rephrased to say after the investigation was completed because her answer was during the investigation, they might have looked at some orders. I said after the investigation was completed and the audit report was filed -- drafted, filed.

EXAMINER PARROT: She gave you a broad

answer. She didn't limit it to a specific time frame.

MS. BOJKO: Okay. May I ask a clarifying question then, your Honor?

EXAMINER PARROT: You may.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Dr. Fagan, after you completed your audit, did you do a final review to determine if your audit was in compliance with the Commission's orders in 14-1693? 1693, yes.
 - A. No.

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- Q. Okay. Let's turn to the audit report itself. Do you have that in front of you?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. You are an economist; is that correct?
- 15 A. That is correct.
- Q. On page -- let's go to page 7 of the report.
- 18 A. I'm there.
- Q. Section 1.1.1, No. 1. Here it states
 that the scope of LEI's work includes a review of the
 current dynamics of the PJM wholesale market in which
 OVEC operates, and the impacts that changing market
 dynamics have on OVEC's operations and practices; is
 that correct?
- 25 A. That is correct.

Q. PJM is the regional transmission organization for 13 states which includes states that have deregulated electricity markets; is that correct?

A. That is correct.

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- Q. And deregulation means that the generation component of electricity can be shopped for and priced at market; is that correct?
- A. There's a wholesale market. Shopping refers to the retail market which I think most of the states in PJM have -- there are many states. I am not sure if some of them don't have a fully open retail market which is shopping but generally, yes.
- Q. So absent government subsidies, it's fair to say that it would not be economically rational for a generator to continuously operate at a loss in a deregulated market.

MR. SCHULER: Objection to the characterization of "government subsidies." Vague.

EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

- A. I'm sorry. Would you repeat the question?
- 23 Q. Sure.

So absent government subsidies, is it fair to say that it would not be economically

rational for a generator to continuously operate at a loss in a deregulated market?

- A. Well, subsidy or not, you wouldn't generally operate at a loss for a long period of time. You might take temporary losses depending on your forecasts so, you know, I think it depends on, you know, the time scale that you are looking at.
 - Q. Fair enough.

 Let's turn to page 52 of the audit.
 - A. I'm there.

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- Q. Okay. I am looking at 5.3.8. Here you discuss how the OVEC plants operated in the PJM day-ahead energy market using a must-run commitment status even for periods of time when their variable operating costs exceeded the value of electricity; is that correct?
- A. They're offered -- during the audit period they were offered as must run and there were times when the price doesn't necessarily cover the fuel -- the variable costs of the plant.
- Q. Based on your understanding of the PJM markets and the industry as you've explained it yesterday, today, and throughout your audit report, if merchant generators operating in PJM use must-run commitment status for long periods of time when their

variable operating costs exceeded the value of the energy they produced, the merchant generators wouldn't recover these costs, would they?

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- A. They wouldn't recover the energy or variable costs. They might have other -- they might have other revenue streams from PJM but that piece they wouldn't.
- Q. And I think you, in response to

 Mr. McKenney, I think you would agree with me that

 merchant generators in PJM, isolated to the PJM

 market, they would not operate their plants in this

 manner. I think for long periods of time when the

 variable operating costs exceeded the value of the

 energy they produce.

MR. SCHULER: Objection, mischaracterizes testimony.

MS. BOJKO: I wasn't characterizing any testimony. I asked a question.

MR. SCHULER: Well, the preamble to the question was referencing her prior testimony. Just maybe ask the question.

MS. BOJKO: Thank you. I can rephrase, your Honor.

EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead.

Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Do you know whether

merchant generators in PJM operate their plants in this manner, meaning do they use must-run commitment status for long periods of time when their variable operating costs exceed the value of the energy that they produce?

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- A. I don't know specifically. There may be other revenue streams that they are getting from PJM that you get even when you are not operating.

 Ancillary services, you know, capacity payments, so I can't answer specifically.
- Q. In the month -- you talked about ancillary services earlier today. In the months -- in the -- okay. In the months customers were charged for costs through the PPA Rider, isn't it fair to say that any revenue associated with ancillary services was not greater than the total bill received by AEP?
 - A. That's fair, yes.
- Q. Look at page 53 of the audit. I have a couple of follow-up questions from a discussion you had earlier this morning. To be clear, in Figure 26 that you discussed this morning, when you referred to the four months of negative earnings, that was four months out of the sample seven that you used, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

Q. And seven months compares to the total audit period which would be 24 months, so you looked at seven months out of 24, correct?

A. Correct.

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- Q. And so four out of seven months results in -- resulted in negative earnings, that equals 57 percent of the time they resulted in negative earnings, correct?
- A. We used monthly average data, so if you used hourly data you might get a different percent and -- so I am going to try to be careful because this is marked confidential. The months -- so there were three months in the money, four months out of the money on a monthly average basis. The three months that were in the money were -- were more, the increment over -- the increment of the energy price over the energy charge was a larger dollar amount in those three months than the shortfall in the other four months. And so maybe percentage-wise weighted by the difference of cost might be a better analysis but you probably want to do the percentages and I think this is where you try to go. You would want to do it hourly, I would say.
 - O. I am --
 - A. This is indicative, yeah.

Q. I want to use the methodology you did and you did it on a seven-month sampling basis. So on that seven-month sampling basis, four out of the seven months, 57 percent, resulted in negative earnings, correct?

MR. SCHULER: Objection, asked and answered.

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MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, she didn't answer the question as posed. She created a new question and answered it.

EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

- A. This basis is intended to be indicative. We didn't contemplate figuring out percentages. I mean, you can do the math and figure out the percentages. That wasn't our intent with this.
- Q. You're not objecting to my 57 percent as that I didn't do the math correct, are you?
- A. I am not doing the math in my head but okay.
- Q. So it's fair to say, though, Dr. Fagan, that during the 24 months, if you are to look at 24 months of the audit period, there likely were additional months that resulted in negative earnings; is that correct? Based on your methodology, your monthly sample methodology.

A. That --

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MR. SCHULER: That calls for speculation. The witness has already testified she only looked at these seven months.

EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

To the extent you can offer an opinion, Dr. Fagan, go ahead.

- A. I was going to say you just can't tell.
- Q. So you think that if you would have looked at all 12 months, we would have had 90 percent in the money, as you call it, versus 57 percent out of the money?
 - A. I can't tell.
- Q. But you only did a sampling of seven months out of 24; and of those seven, four resulted in negative earnings, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And I'm a little confused about your testimony earlier. How could you determine whether must run was prudent if you didn't ask whether they used profit and loss forecasts?
- A. You generally wouldn't use profit and loss forecasts if you are doing must run.
- Q. Well, isn't prudency based on a decision that they made based on data that they had at the

time that they made the decision?

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- A. We know they used -- so in -- they have a daily -- which I believe is confidential but they have a daily meeting where they look at plant data, et cetera. But not, I don't think, forecasting energy prices because of the must-run strategy.
- Q. So am I hearing you say you don't know?

 You don't know what they looked at and you don't know or did not analyze the appropriateness or the prudence of the decisions based on the data they had at the time?
- MS. KERN: Objection, mischaracterizes testimony.
- EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead and answer,

 Dr. Fagan.
 - A. So you are asking -- would you repeat?

 I'm sorry.
 - Q. I am asking if -- did you look at the data and the forecasts or whatever data AEP had and determine if their decision at the time was prudent?
 - A. We looked at their operating procedures.

 I don't think that included specific forecasts of PJM prices.
- Q. I think your answer to me right now was with regard to OVEC; is that correct? I did --

- A. Oh, I'm sorry, yes, OVEC.
- Q. Now can you answer the same question based on OVEC -- or, I mean, AEP. Did you review the data that AEP had to determine if AEP's decisions at the time or actions taken at the time were prudent?
 - A. We didn't ask AEP that.
- Q. Can we turn to page 9 of the audit, please. I am looking at Section 1.3, the section that begins "Overall, LEI found that the processes, procedures, and oversight were mostly adequate." Do you see that?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Here you are referring to AEP's practices, procedures, and oversight; so AEP's actions, correct?
- A. Some of that refers to what OVEC does because some of the processes like for capital spending, for example, some of those processes are the processes of AEP. So some of the processes, procedures, and oversight are OVEC.
- Q. So I'm trying to understand your finding then. Your finding was that the -- OVEC and AEP's processes, procedures, and oversight were mostly adequate and consistent with good utility practice, that applies to both OVEC and AEP?

A. Yes.

- Q. And you qualified the end of that sentence with mostly adequate and mostly consistent. You qualified that by recognizing the ICPA impacts the OVEC operations, correct?
- A. If the ICPA is in place, then customers will be charged for the cost of the plants until, you know, our understanding, until May 2024.
- Q. Okay. So you answered my second one. There is two conditions of that determination, one was the condition of recognizing that the ICPA exists, and the second condition in that statement is that customers will be charged for the costs; is that right?
 - A. That's our understanding, yes.
- Q. Okay. So if either of those conditions or qualifications did not exist, your conclusion may be different, correct?
- A. That's -- that's possible, yes.

 Different context.
- Q. You -- you further clarify -- oh, excuse me.
- You further clarify your statement by
 using the word "mostly" in front of "adequate" and
 "consistent"; is that correct?

A. That's correct.

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- Q. And you would agree with me that there were areas where AEP's practices were not adequate and consistent with good utility practice, correct?
- A. So the reason we use the term "mostly" is because we had these recommendations below.
- Q. So you would agree with me there were areas where the practices, procedures, and oversight were not adequate and consistent with good utility practice, correct?
 - A. We felt they could be improved.
- Q. And then right below that on page 9 of the report, it states, starting with "However," that "LEI's analysis shows at this time that the OVEC plants cost customers more than the cost of energy and capacity that could be bought on the PJM wholesale markets." Do you see that?
 - A. Yeah.
- Q. I think yesterday you defined "at this time" was not when you drafted the audit report but rather the 2018-'19 period; is that correct?
- A. That's correct. It should -- it should speak to the audit period.
- Q. Okay. So from this sentence you seem to be -- you seem to be saying here that from a pure

economic standpoint it is not in customers' best economic interest to keep the plants running at a loss. Is that a fair reading?

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- A. No. I think "best interest" is a little broad for our unit. But, you know, the period that we audited, it would be cheaper. I don't know if we can go into best interest because there is a lot of interests, but cheaper to buy energy and capacity on the wholesale markets.
- Q. Okay. I didn't use the word "best interest." So if -- it might be helpful if I repeat my question.

So you seem to be saying here that from a pure economic standpoint, it is not in customers' best economic interest to keep the plants running at a loss. Is that a fair reading?

- A. I don't -- we didn't do a full cost/benefit of reliability and other factors, so I am much more comfortable just saying the plants cost customers more than the cost of energy and capacity that can be bought on the PJM wholesale markets.
- Q. Okay. I was asking you from a pure economic standpoint. Reliability isn't an economic standpoint, is it?
 - A. It's not for dispatch. But reliability

is sometimes defined based on economics like the value of lost load so it has an economic component.

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- Q. Okay. Let's talk a little bit about that. We established earlier today that OVEC is not run for reliability purposes, correct?
 - A. It is not as far as I know.
- Q. All right. And you do know that the OVEC output does not directly serve Ohio customers, correct?
- A. Most power plant output goes -- you can't really trace electrons usually, so, you know, load gets bid into the grid, generation gets offered to the grid. In certain circumstances people do know exactly where the power is coming from, but in PJM I would say it's -- it goes into and comes out of the grid. You can't trace an electron.
- Q. All right. And so it doesn't directly serve or support any particular amount of customers, correct?
 - A. I don't know. I don't think so, but.
- Q. Okay. Well, you do know there is a plant in Indiana. Is it fair to assume that the Indiana plant isn't directly serving Ohio customers?
- A. It's -- it would be hard to say that any particular plant in Ohio is serving Ohio customers to

- one degree or another. Maybe some of it is. Maybe some of it isn't. You can't tell. It all gets, you know, all the electrons get put into a pot.
 - Q. Right. And OVEC hasn't been determined that it is needed for reliability, correct?
- A. Not as far as I know.

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- 7 Q. And OVEC is not green power either, is 8 it?
- 9 A. Is -- is there -- is there an Ohio 10 definition? Is there --
- Q. OVEC isn't renewable power, is it? To your knowledge?
 - A. It's a fossil fuel plant.
- Q. A coal plant, a 60-year-old coal plant;
 is that renewable power?
- A. No, I wouldn't say so.
- Q. Okay. And customers are not choosing to be served by OVEC, are they?
- 19 A. Not as far as I know.
- Q. Let's turn back to page 9. After the
 sentence I read, there is another "However" sentence
 that says there may be other considerations. Do you
 see that?
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. I want to talk a bit about those other

considerations that you believe outweigh the impact on ratepayers or could outweigh the impact on ratepayers as you testified earlier; is that right?

- A. That is not quite right. The weigh or outweigh would be a consideration for the State, not for LEI.
- Q. Okay. But you pointed out that these particular considerations may outweigh the impact on ratepayers, correct?
- A. From the State's point of view, that's possible. They are examples.
- Q. Okay. Well, I want to talk about the examples that you came up with and listed that may outweigh the impact on ratepayers. The first one there is -- the first one there is employment at the plants. Do you see that?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. In stating these considerations, did you assume that customers would continue to pay for the cost of OVEC as noted in the prior sentence?
- A. We didn't give this an analysis, so the short answer to your question is no. They were examples of policy considerations, you know, societal goals, to provide context to the findings.
 - Q. Are they societal goals or did you come

up -- who gave you these as societal goals?

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- A. They're examples of -- I am not sure how to put it, things of value to people in a -- they are just other values. It's just context.
- Q. Which people? Which people hold these items as societal goals?

MS. KERN: Objection, your Honor. I believe this is asked and answered. She provided -- she said the statement is providing context and the statement talks about State interests and Ohio legislature, and I think she testified she was just trying to qualify what she meant by the -- the items she listed in that sentence. I think this has been asked and answered.

MS. BOJKO: Well, your Honor, she just mentioned "people" so I did a follow-up question so it couldn't have been asked or answered. The first time I used the word "people" was after she used the word "people." Nowhere in the statement that Ms. Kern is testifying to does it state "State interests." If the witness wants to say what Ms. Kern just said, then she can say that to my question, but she shouldn't be coaching or testifying.

MS. KERN: Counsel, I do not appreciate

the insinuation you consistently have been saying I am testifying and coaching. There was a lot of that going on yesterday. I was -- I was looking where "State" was referenced in the sentence that you are asking the witness about.

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MS. BOJKO: "State" is not referenced. I did not ask anything about the "State."

EXAMINER PARROT: The witness has used the term before, Ms. Bojko.

But anyway, as to the question that's pending, Dr. Fagan, if you are able to add anything, go ahead, as to what you mean by which people. I took it to mean generally speaking, but go ahead.

- A. People who live in Ohio.
- Q. Who told you to think about or consider these other considerations?
- A. I think that came from a conversation with Staff.
 - Q. So this statement is based on Staff's consideration of what might be societal goals; is that your testimony?
- MS. KERN: Objection. Misrepresents the testimony. The testimony and the sentence speaks for itself.
- MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, she is the author

1 of the sentence. We are trying to understand --

2 EXAMINER PARROT: Rephrase, Ms. Bojko.

3 Rephrase.

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- MS. BOJKO: I didn't mischaracterize her testimony.
- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) I said, is it your testimony that Staff provided you with a list of considerations that they deemed to be societal concerns or considerations.
- A. I don't know about that they personally deemed it, just here's other things that are considered by the State and they're -- they provide context.
- Q. Okay. So let's talk about these considerations. The first one is employment. Isn't it true that the ICPA requires the plants to remain open and operating until June 30, 2040, regardless of whether customers are paying for the cost of OVEC?
- A. I know that the ICPA contemplates to 2040. But the second piece of your sentence, I -- I don't have that particular knowledge in my head.
- Q. Okay. So do you think the ICPA says that it's only valid if Ohio customers are paying for the costs to run OVEC?
- A. I don't know.

Q. So if the plants are required to remain open and operating to June 30, 2040, per the ICPA, you would agree with that part of the sentence; is that right?

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- A. I'm sure -- the ICPA is a -- ICPA is a long document so I would want to see the context, but I know broadly that's the timing of the ICPA.
- Q. Okay. So if the plants are required to remain open and operating until June 30, 2040, the plants would remain open regardless of whether customers are paying for the costs, correct?

MR. SCHULER: Objection. This is speculation and it's also not relevant to the time period that is at issue in this audit.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, my response to that, this is an auditor recommendation. She asked us to consider to take other things into consideration that may outweigh the impact on ratepayers, and I am now fleshing out what analysis they did to make that determination and asking her that if her statement might change if -- if she realizes that that can't be a consideration because the plants have to remain open so there would be no job loss.

EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

If you are able to answer, Dr. Fagan, go ahead.

- A. Oh. As I mentioned before, this sentence is about context. It's not about analysis that LEI performed.
- Q. But you used an analysis by saying it may outweigh. So by using the word "outweigh," that was an analysis you had to perform to get to that conclusion, didn't you?
- 10 A. No.
- MS. KERN: Objection, your Honor.
- Objection. It mischaracterizes the statement and it mischaracterizes her previous testimony that the sentence was to provide context.
- MS. BOJKO: I think she answered, your
- 16 Honor.

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- 17 EXAMINER PARROT: I am sorry, Ms. Bojko,
- 18 | what was that?
- MS. BOJKO: I said I thought she
- 20 | answered.
- 21 EXAMINER PARROT: I think she started to.
- Go ahead, Dr. Fagan.
- THE WITNESS: I said "No."
- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) So "outweigh" to you, when you wrote this, does not mean that the consideration

may outweigh or be greater than the cost to customers of the OVEC plants?

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- A. What we mean in the sentence is the word "may." There may be other considerations. In the minds of the people who make these decisions, they may outweigh, they may not. It's context.
- Q. Would you agree with me the definition of "outweigh" is be greater or more significant than?
- A. I could look it up but I would say that's probably about right.
- Q. And do you believe that -- to me this is a very board statement and you've been careful about agreeing to broad statements. Do you believe this is a broad statement about these characterization -- or considerations?
- A. It's -- it's meant to be context.

 It's -- it's not analysis.
 - Q. Okay. So do you believe that this broad statement is in the scope of the audit?
 - A. It's context.
 - Q. That didn't answer my question. Do you believe that this was in the scope of your prudency and performance audit?
 - A. I am going to look at the RFP.

 Well, I would say it's not literally in

the scope but typically in the report you do an introduction and that -- that also isn't in the scope in the general work requirements. But typically you would put something -- you put a framing around a report. You wouldn't just dive in. You know, you have got the scope of work, disposition of energy and capacity, et cetera, et cetera, those are all sections in the report. But, you know, the introduction, there is framing materials, there's results and conclusions. It's not literally written in the scope that we would do that but it's -- it's just part of putting a report together to have introduction and context and that kind of thing.

2.1

- Q. And just so I'm clear, you think that that contextual addition is more narrow or different than the -- the phrase "LEI's analysis shows that the OVEC contract overall is not in the best interest of AEP Ohio ratepayers"?
- A. It's -- it's different. It's just a framing and, like we said, context-setting piece.
- Q. So let's go back to these plants. How many jobs are at the plants?
- A. There's, I can check, I want to say a little over 200 at each.
 - Q. If you could maybe just tell us for the

record what you are looking at to find the answer.

- A. I'm looking for where we talked about -- operations, staffing. I am looking. I will let you know in a minute.
 - Q. Are you looking in the audit report?
- A. Oh, yes, yes. On page 99. Right under 9.3.2. There's 228 staff at Kyger Creek and 264 at Clifty Creek. Clifty is the one in Indiana.
 - Q. I'm sorry. Did you say page 98 or 99?
- 10 A. 99. 99.

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- Q. Okay. I'm sorry. I thought you said
 12 9.2. You said 9.3.2.
 - A. I'm sorry. 9.3.2.
 - Q. Okay. So did LEI do an analysis to determine the cost to customers for the plants to remain open and operating versus the salaries of the employees at the plants?
 - A. No.
 - Q. Let's look at another consideration that you've identified on page 9. Let's look at fuel diversity. Do you know what Ohio fuel diversity was during the audit period?
 - A. I don't know offhand.
- Q. Did you research and study it when you were writing this provision of the audit?

A. We did not.

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- Q. Did you look at the impact on customers related to fuel diversity with and without the coal units running?
 - A. That -- we did not.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, at this time I would like to mark as OMAEG Exhibit 6, it's a document that was premarked as OMAEG Exhibit 6. It's the EIA's Ohio State Energy Profile 2001 and the EIA State Electricity Profiles 2001.

11 EXAMINER PARROT: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MS. BOJKO: Thank you.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Dr. Fagan, you are familiar with the EIA, correct?
 - A. I am a former employee of the EIA, yes.
- Q. And -- well, then I hope you answer "Yes" to this: You would consider EIA to be an authoritative source, right?
- A. I consider EIA to be an authoritative source of data. EIA also does forecasts and outlooks. Yeah, some of them are good, some of them aren't, because forecasts and outlooks are tricky. But on the data side, yes.
- Q. And EIA is the U.S. Energy Information

Administration, correct?

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- Α. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. And in fact you relied yourself on EIA's data in your audit report, correct?
- Α. That is correct. I'm pausing. I lost connectivity to our server and I'm trying to get back there to your exhibit but, yes.
- Ο. Okay. Then I will wait for you because now I do want you to look at the exhibit at Table 5.
 - Okay. All right. Α.
- It's on the last page of the exhibit if Ο. that's helpful.
 - Α. I am connected to the internet and for some reason -- I was on the server all morning.
 - Ο. How it always works.
- Okay. When I broke for lunch, I saw the Α. clock on my stove was flashing so I somehow lost connectivity for a few minutes in the morning and didn't notice it but maybe it kicked me off the server. I cannot get back on. I don't want to disconnect from the hearing to try to reboot everything to get on the server. Unless you all want me to, your Honor. I can't seem to get back on.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I am happy to 25 jump to a different line of questioning but I think

PPA Rider Ohio Power

454 1 we are still going to have the problem at some point. 2 EXAMINER PARROT: Let's go off the record 3 for a moment. (Discussion off the record.) 4 5 EXAMINER PARROT: Let's go back on the record. 6 7 So that's page 15? Okay. I am on 8 page 15. That's the last page in mine. 9 Ο. Yes, Table 5. 10 Α. Okay. So Table 5, in the far -- it's on the far 11 Ο. 12 right in the first row showing utility generation. 13 Α. Okay. 14 Do you see where it shows, as of 2001, Ο. Ohio's utility-scale energy sources for electricity 15 generation were comprised of .3 percent petroleum, 16 17 .2 percent natural gas, 83.5 percent coal, 18 10.9 percent nuclear, and .4 percent hydro and other renewables? 19 20 Α. I see that. It's -- it's data that's 2.1 over 20 years old. 22 Right. Now let's -- I said that was Q. 23 2001. Now let's turn to the front of the document. 24 On the front of the document there's 2019 consumption 25 estimates. And then if you look at page 3 -- and,

I'm sorry, go back to page 1 just to lay a little bit more foundation. I got distracted with the server issue. This document states from the EIA that it was last updated July 15, 2021, correct? It's under the "Ohio Quick Facts."

A. Yes. I see that.

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- Q. Okay. So now let's go to page 3 of 14 on OMAEG Exhibit 6. And in the table at the bottom of the page labeled "Utility-Scale Net Electricity Generation (share of total)," there are percentages in the left column next to the resources. Do you see those?
- A. Yeah. I am trying. Yes, I can't tell what year it is.
- Q. If you look at the right it says

 "Period," and September '21 was when it was last

 updated.
- A. So period, it's not for that period?

 It's when it was updated?
 - Q. Well, it says Period, September '21. The document appears to be for that period.
- A. So the month of September in 2021? Or is it -- so the month -- a month of data that we are looking at?
- Q. That's what the document states. Some

periods it lists 2019, some for 2020, and for this particular table it lists September 2021.

- A. I just want to make sure I understand this. So it's data last -- I am just going through so I understand. So on page 2 it says data last update December 16, 2021. Period is the right-hand column. So some of the data is for an entire year. Some of it is for a month, okay. Now go to page 3. Okay. I just needed to orient myself to what I am looking at.
- 11 Q. Fair enough.

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If you look at the last table, it says
Ohio, "Utility-Scale Net Electricity Generation
(share of total)."

- A. Yes, I see that.
- Q. Okay. And here it lists the percentages of the diversity in Ohio as petroleum-fired is .1 percent, natural gas-fired is 37.5, coal-fired is 42.2, nuclear is 14.9, and renewables are 3.9; is that correct?
- A. Am I reading the same thing you are? It's generation for the month of September 2021.
- Q. So at this data point it appears that Ohio's generation mix for utility-scale electricity generation is more diverse today than it was in 2001;

is that fair?

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A. So --

MR. SCHULER: Objection, relevance. We are not here to determine what the generation mix is today. We are here for an audit period of 2018 and 2019.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I disagree. She told me her statement that I am talking about in -- on page 9 was a broad contextual statement. It's considerations for the state and the legislature to consider when they are looking at this audit which was drafted in 2020 and will be determined or a decision will be thereafter, and she makes prospective recommendations and this is one of those. And I do not believe, as I said yesterday, that your entry applies to recommendations in the audit report in this manner.

EXAMINER PARROT: The objection is overruled.

Dr. Fagan, if you are able to answer based on the exhibit, go ahead.

A. So just to back up a couple of things.

This is not capacity. It's generation. And it's one month. I think we have to look back in the bottom of the data that we went through. I think that might

have been capacity so that's, you know, megawatts or, you know, gigawatts or whatever. This is generation. So that's -- I don't know if comparing 20 years and it may be that it's more diverse but if we are comparing apples and oranges, which, if you don't mind, maybe I will go --

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- Q. Look at Table 5 at the top. It says "Megawatthours." That would be generation, right? Not capacity.
 - A. Is that the one at the very end?
- Q. Yes. Table 5. The 2001 data we talked about. At the very top it says "Megawatthours."
 - A. Yes. Okay. That's generation, okay.
- Q. So they are a consistent comparison, correct?
- A. Yes, you are comparing generation with generation, yes.
 - Q. Okay. So now that you have that context, isn't it true that the generation mix for utility-scale electricity generation is more diverse today than it was in 2001?
 - A. I think to -- that might be true. But I want to see -- I mean, I actually want to step back a bit because I think you mentioned that we were recommending that these other considerations be

considered. But in our sentence we were just observing that the -- you know, the decision-making bodies may take them into consideration. So I just want to correct that because I think you called it a recommendation but it's not.

2.1

Q. I mean, if that's what you are testifying here today, I can't dispute it. That's not how I read it with the word "outweigh" but okay. So based on that -- are you trying to debate that the State of Ohio has more diverse generation today than it did in 2001?

MS. KERN: Objection, your Honor. I think we've been through this. I think she's explained that that sentence was to give context. I don't think she's -- I don't think she's opining on this topic and I think this has been asked and answered.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I was trying to follow up on something she said. She seemed hesitant to make the conclusion that the State of Ohio's generation is more diverse, and I am asking her if she has some reason to dispute that statement.

EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead and answer that question, Dr. Fagan.

A. I'm having trouble with the 20-year time

frame. And whether you are more diverse or less diverse than 20 years ago, it's not something we examined for the audit. I just -- I mean, if you have 2021 annual data compared to data from 20 years ago, it might be more diverse but this isn't annual data. And it's a shoulder month, it's September, so in shoulder months you might have less gas running anyway if you took a year of data. I don't know if these percentages would be -- you know, they might be different. It's -- I am just uncomfortable with comparing a month of data with annual data from 2001.

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- Q. Do you believe as an auditor that works in the industry, sitting here today do you believe that the State of Ohio's generation mix is more diverse than in 2001?
- A. I would want to see the numbers. It's not something you want to believe. It's something you want to check.
- Q. Okay. So in your recommendation or listing of other considerations for the legislature to consider, you didn't do any analysis to determine what fuel diversity in the State either existed during the audit period or exists from a prior period or a future period.

MS. KERN: Objection, your Honor. I

think this has been asked and answered several ways now. This was a sentence providing context. She uses the word "may." She did not conduct an analysis.

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MS. BOJKO: She never testified to that, your Honor. She can testify that she answered that question and say she didn't conduct an analysis, which is the first time I have asked that question.

EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead and answer, Dr. Fagan.

- A. So I do believe that I did say that the sentence is for context. We didn't conduct an analysis and it's just that there may be other considerations. Not we say there ought to be but it's simply for context.
- Q. And you are not taking a position here today whether those considerations would or would not outweigh the cost impact on ratepayers, correct?
 - A. We don't know.
- Q. Well, you don't know. You are not taking a position one way or the other, correct?
- A. Correct. It was -- it's not a position.

 It's again just context.
 - Q. And beyond this statement on page 9, there is nothing else in the audit report that talks

about fuel diversity; is that correct?

- A. I don't think so.
- Q. I am going to go back to the bottom of page 9 of the audit report. You have testified about this here today, but for context I need to point you to the sentence. The second-to-last paragraph toward the bottom, the report states that some of the time energy prices do not cover fuel and variable costs. Do you see that?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Isn't it true that the output from OVEC must be offered in accordance with the OVEC Operating Committee's procedures?
 - A. That is our understanding.
- Q. And those procedures, the Operating Committee's procedures, establish that all but one of the units must always be offered as must run except when offline with maintenance; is that correct?
- A. If you'll bear with me, I will -- I will find the words.
 - Q. I think you might go to page 44.
 - A. 44, okay.
 - Q. If that's what you are looking for.
- A. I have some words that I have marked confidential so I am just going to quietly read and

just make sure I don't . . .

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So the part that's not confidential that I can say right here is that OVEC self-schedules, it must run, all but one of the units in accordance with the OVEC Operating Committee procedures as approved by the Operating Committee. And there is more detail after that but it's marked confidential.

- Q. And "self-schedules" means must-run strategy; is that right?
 - A. Yes, correct.
- Q. And there is obviously an exception if they are offline for maintenance, right?
- A. Yes. We say later, and it's not marked confidential, the strategy, except for Clifty
 Creek 6, is to self-schedule the resource with the sponsor-approved Operating Committee procedures to make sure the units are in service and expected to be available in the day-ahead market. The only time that's not done is when maintenance outages are planned. Yes, so the short answer, I think you've captured it.
- Q. Okay. And as an economist, would you agree as a general rule in the field of economics an option has value?
- A. If somebody is paying a positive price

for an option, then it has value, you know.

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- Q. And if OVEC had the option to use either an economic or must-run commitment strategy depending on the circumstances, this could provide value to OVEC, couldn't it?
- A. It could provide value, in fact that's why we made the recommendation to consider, you know, economic commitment. Is it value to OVEC or to the ultimate customers? I guess it could be value to either/or both or one or the other. But this option, this idea of having a choice, that's -- you know, that's the foundation of our recommendation.
- Q. And that recommendation is because that option could have optimized OVEC's participation in the PJM day-ahead market, right?
- A. "Optimization" is a pretty specific term but it could have and let's say it could have improved, you know, revenues versus costs.
- Q. So it's true that giving OVEC this option would have been in the best interest of retail ratepayers, correct? Or could be?
- A. It could be, which is, again, you know, why it -- that's why we recommended.
- Q. As part of the audit, LEI did not analyze how much OVEC lost in total over the 24-month period

as a result of the must-run strategy, did it?

- A. We didn't do the analysis but there was no sort of comparative hour-by-hour analysis, no.
- Q. And did LEI compare the daily net revenues received to the expected net revenues had OVEC utilized an economic offer strategy?
 - A. We did not.

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- Q. So LEI did not evaluate whether it would have been more or less prudent during the audit period for OVEC to have an economic offer strategy versus the must-run strategy, correct?
 - A. What was the first part again?
- Q. LEI did not evaluate whether it would have been more prudent or less prudent during the audit period for OVEC to have an economic offer strategy versus a must-run strategy, correct?
- A. We didn't evaluate it quantitatively but we nevertheless recommended it as an option.

 Something to examine.
- Q. You talked a little bit today about re-dispatching analysis. That's in your report. Do you recall that discussion?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. That re -- the re-dispatching
 analysis would use information that was available to

OVEC at the time it offered energy into PJM, correct?

- A. I would -- I would imagine it would.

 They might -- you know, I mean, do you mean a

 backward looking or forward looking or? Like what we
- 5 mentioned here with the backward-looking analysis
- 6 | that we mentioned on page 9, doing that?

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- Q. Yeah. Your re-dispatching analysis you referenced in the audit report, that would use information that was available to OVEC at the time it offered into PJM, correct?
- A. So you are saying if they looked backward
 a year or two, it would be based on information that
 they know?
 - Q. Correct. Would they have that information for you to do that analysis?
 - A. Oh, if we were going to do it. I would imagine backward looking, that, sure, they would have the information.
 - Q. Okay. And did you ask for that information?
- A. We did not contemplate doing a
 re-dispatch analysis for this project. It's -it's -- it's very elaborate and it's -- if that was
 contemplated in the scope of work, it would have
 been -- it's not trivial so it would have been

probably its own standalone piece. So we did not ask for the level of information that would be required to do that.

Q. So you didn't do a prudency analysis of that information, correct? Excuse me. Let me rephrase.

You did not do a prudency analysis based on that information, correct?

- A. That's right. A prudency analysis is based on the approach in this report but like we said, not -- not based on dispatch model.
- Q. And you -- you did conclude during some periods of time a must-run strategy can be optimal but at other times it may not be, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

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- Q. Would you say using demand and price forecast information to inform offer strategies is a best industry practice?
- A. It's a good practice. It might depend on the kind of plant that you have.
- Q. To your knowledge, did OVEC use your term "demand and price forecast" to formulate its offers during the audit period?
- A. I am turning to the section of the report where we talk about that. I believe we have a

confidential figure. Bear with me.

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Okay. Not quoting from confidential info but looking at page 42. So on a daily basis we -- our information is that what we have in that second paragraph, LEI understands that OVEC's Energy Scheduling department has an internal daily call. They review unit status and availability. Derates, liabilities, outage status, return-to-service dates, et cetera, and they use this information to formulate the day-ahead offers. So their information -- yeah, their -- it doesn't -- they didn't say whether they used demand projections from PJM or prices.

- Q. In your review it appears they did not or you would have listed that in the items they considered; is that fair?
 - A. We would have.
- Q. To your knowledge did AEP make any formal recommendations during the audit period that OVEC use demand and price forecasting to formulate OVEC's offers?
 - A. We didn't ask that particular question.
 - Q. So you don't know?
 - A. I don't know.
- Q. I have a couple of clarifying questions about an exhibit that you were asked about yesterday.

- Do you have OCC Exhibit 4 in front of you? It's the ratemaking study that was discussed yesterday.
- A. I am going to try to get back into our server.
- Q. Oh.

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- A. Because I have a big long -- oh, no. I have all those OCC exhibits in a folder. I cannot.

 8 So is that the Kansas study?
 - O. Yes.
 - A. Maybe -- I was going to say maybe --
- Q. I am not going -- I am actually going to
 ask you a couple questions about it to see if you
 know, that aren't specifically related to the wording
 in the document itself, if you want to try that route
 first.
- A. Okay. Yeah. Because it's -- I was
 thinking, oh, I will just get it off the LEI server
 but that's where I can't get to.
- MS. KERN: It was sent via e-mail. And then we can check e-mail too. It should be in your e-mail.
- MS. BOJKO: Ms. Kern, we just lost you
 and didn't hear what you said. I think you said you
 e-mailed --
- MS. KERN: Right.

1 MS. BOJKO: I think we lost you.

MS. KERN: We are going to e-mail it.

3 | Just I didn't know if you can ask some of your

4 | questions without her having the document. It should

5 | be there, you know, shortly, if you want to keep

6 going. If you want to wait, that's fine.

7 MS. BOJKO: No. I just have a few

8 | questions about the general LEI study if you want to

9 try.

10 EXAMINER PARROT: Hold on a moment. We

11 | are still having issues.

12 Ms. Kern, you're glitching in and out on

13 us.

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MS. KERN: I can hear you all fine. Am I

15 | steady now?

16 EXAMINER PARROT: You're good now but we

17 | lost you and you came back and we lost you again. So

you are going to have to watch it here.

19 MS. KERN: Okay. All right.

20 EXAMINER PARROT: You, too, Ms. Bojko,

21 because I don't want to proceed unless she's with us,

22 so. Okay. Go ahead.

MS. BOJKO: Of course, your Honor. Thank

24 you.

25 THE WITNESS: Your Honor, while we are

471 1 waiting for the e-mail to come through, may I take a 2. very brief break? 3 EXAMINER PARROT: Oh, we sure can. Yes. 4 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 5 EXAMINER PARROT: Take a 5-minute break. THE WITNESS: Thank you. 6 7 EXAMINER PARROT: Off the record. 8 (Recess taken.) 9 EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Let's go 10 back on the record. 11 MS. BOJKO: Thank you, your Honor. 12 (By Ms. Bojko) I believe that we were Ο. 13 waiting for you to receive OCC Exhibit 4, the Kansas ratemaking study. Were you able to receive that 14 15 during the break? No. Accidentally, Counsel sent OMAEG 16 Α. 17 Exhibit 4, so I sent them a quick note and now they

are looking for the one to send.

Q. Okay. I honestly do not think you need the exhibit. Can we maybe just start the questions and I just have a few clarifying, more foundational questions about the study.

EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Let's go 23 24 ahead.

25 MS. BOJKO: Thank you.

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Q. Who was the lead author of this study for LEI?

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- A. I wasn't involved in the study.

 Typically -- I don't have the document in front of

 me. Typically the authors are identified on the

 bottom right-hand side of the page.
- Q. So if the name Robert Elliott Vincent is the only name on the bottom of the page, that's who you would say would be the lead author of that document?
- A. I can't see it. I don't know the name that you are saying.
- Q. Oh, I'm sorry. That was the notice.

 That was the Commission Staff. So I apologize.

If you look at page 2, which I believe is the first page of the audit. I'm sorry. I'm looking at the filing of the notice that was filed. It says the contact is Gabriel Roumy/Ma. Cherrylin Trinidad.

- A. Yes. So Gabriel Roumy and my colleague Cherrylin Trinidad, yes. They obviously were the leads on this.
- Q. Okay. Thank you. And there could be co-leads; is that what you are saying? They both were the leads?
- 25 A. I wasn't involved in the project. They

- 1 | are both contacts so they would both be
- 2 | knowledgeable, I guess, for, you know, follow-up.
- 3 | But I don't know exactly who did what. I wasn't
- 4 involved in that one.
- Q. And would you consider both of those --
- 6 you said you are familiar with both individuals; is
- 7 | that correct?
- 8 A. Yes. They are my colleagues.
- 9 Q. Okay. And would you consider both of
- 10 those individuals to be experts within the electric
- 11 utility industry?
- 12 A. Yes, I would.
- Q. And do you know what their background is?
- 14 | Are they economists? Are they?
- A. I -- Gabriel is an engineer. I can't say
- 16 for sure.
- Q. Okay. Fair enough. Those are the only
- 18 | questions I had about -- just some foundational
- 19 questions about that study. Thank you. It sounds
- 20 | like I have exhausted your knowledge.
- Okay. So let's turn to -- whose -- who
- 22 is LEI's contact person at Staff for this project?
- A. Our contact was Mahila Christopher.
- Q. And do you believe that she was the Staff
- 25 | lead on the case?

A. I don't know that phrase. She was our -- she was my main point of contact.

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- Q. And while LEI was drafting the audit report, LEI did receive suggestions from Staff; is that fair?
- A. We provided a draft and they made suggestions. Obviously, according to the RFP, there is a date we provide a draft, they review, make suggestions, and then we created the final report.
- Q. Okay. I want to talk through that with you a little bit. When did LEI send the first draft audit report to Staff?
- MS. KERN: Objection, your Honor.

 Assumes there was more than one draft.
- 15 EXAMINER PARROT: Rephrase, Ms. Bojko.
- MS. BOJKO: Well, your Honor, that's what

 I am trying to ask. If the witness could respond.
- 18 If it was the first and only, she can say that, but
 19 when was the first draft audit report sent to Staff.
 - EXAMINER PARROT: And I think you can get there by rephrasing the question, so do that, please.
 - Q. (By Ms. Bojko) All right. How many draft audit reports were sent to Staff to review?
 - A. We sent one.
 - Q. And what was the date of that draft?

A. Let me -- if you don't mind me checking my files, I will do that. Oh, shoot. Maybe it will let me in. I can't get on our server.

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The timeline for our contract for our -- per the RFP was a draft by September 1.

- Q. Right. So I am asking did you send that draft on September 1 or was it September 2?
- A. Oh, that's -- I am trying to check. Let me just see if it's in an e-mail from a while ago.

 Let's see.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I object to

Ms. -- Dr. Fagan searching through e-mails for this.

You know, I know we are all -- it's still a fairly

new concept of doing things virtually where

everything technically could be accessible, that's

kind of been some of the foundation as we have tried

to avoid people getting onto computers, Googling

things, contacting people through other means. It's

part of the rules that we also agreed to in this

case. I suggest perhaps we find another way for this

line of questioning if Dr. Fagan does not have access

to the document she has.

MS. KERN: Quite frankly, your Honor, I agree. I know she's our witness but I don't think it's appropriate for her to be searching through her

1 computer.

2.1

MS. BOJKO: And to be clear, your Honor, I didn't ask her to do that. I asked when the first draft -- how about we go about it this way, your Honor.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) If you can look up NRDC

 Exhibit 2. There are -- there are different dates in that exhibit which is why I am asking the question.

 And if this has also become marked as OMAEG

 Exhibit 4. That might be helpful to you because I think you have the OMAEG exhibits.
- MS. KERN: Dr. Fagan, are you able to access those exhibits or are you still experiencing difficulty?
- A. I'm experiencing difficulty but that one I believe got sent to me so I -- I am opening it. What is it telling me? I think that will work.

 Okay. So that's the e-mails. That Exhibit 4 is the e-mails?
- Q. And just for the record so it's clear, it's been officially marked as NRDC Exhibit 2 but OMAEG also provided it in its prefiled exhibits which is OMAEG Exhibit 4.
 - A. And that is what I am looking at, yes.
 - Q. Okay. So in the e-mail exchange as you

pointed out, it seems to be the third e-mail down,
there is a deadline or timeline, so to speak, and it
lists September 1 as the deadline for the Staff
Report. And then if you look down in another e-mail,
it says we received the Staff Report yesterday, so

that would be September 2.

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I was asking if you -- if there was only one draft report and if that was sent to Staff on the 1st or the 2nd.

- A. I think we sent it on the 1st.
- Q. But you are confirming that you did not send one also on the 2nd. There would have only been one.
 - A. If we had -- I don't know. I can check.

 If we had a second one, it might have been upon reading it and finding like typos and things to clean up. I can -- I know it's not ideal to check e-mails but I can check.
 - Q. Okay. I don't want you to check e-mails. From your recollection, you only sent one e-mail to Staff and that would have been either on September 1 or September 2?
- A. Yes. And likely September 1, because that's when it was due but, yeah.
- Q. Okay. And when did you send the draft to

PPA Rider Ohio Power 478 1 AEP? 2. Can I check my e-mails for that or no? Α. 3 I would --Q. MR. SCHULER: We would request not. 4 5 MS. KERN: I would ask the witness not to check her e-mails. 6 7 MS. BOJKO: She can check the e-mails that are in the NRDC Exhibit 2 if that's what she is 8 9 referring to. That is a marked exhibit. 10 MS. KERN: Yes, yes, I agree with that. 11 I thought she meant check her external e-mail. 12 MR. SCHULER: AEP Ohio also agrees she 13 can check NRDC Exhibit 2, the e-mails. 14 MS. BOJKO: Mr. Schuler, I can't -- you 15 keep trailing off at the end of whatever you are 16 saying. It's hard to hear you. 17 MR. SCHULER: Apologies. My mic is very 18 directional. 19 MS. BOJKO: Is there an objection 20 pending, your Honor? I am not sure. Okay. 2.1 MS. KERN: No. I didn't raise one. 22 (By Ms. Bojko) Dr. Fagan, can you tell me

when you sent the draft to AEP?

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I would have sent it my guess is after

the draft to the Staff first. They have comments.

Then you send to the -- the process is you send it to the client -- excuse me -- the Company being audited, and my note is, okay, you know, once I have your comments, I will have a good idea of how long it will take to address them. And then I am saying I would guess we could complete it by the end of the week in any case, likely sooner. So that means we can get the draft to Ed, that's Ed Locigno, by Friday the 11th. So I might have got it to them a day or two sooner than that. But not before September 8th because on that date I wrote the e-mail and hadn't sent it yet. So sometime between, I guess, the 9th, 10th, or 11th, something like that.

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- Q. Okay. So let me understand the process. You send a draft to Staff. Staff -- Staff provides, and you did that on September 1, thereabouts. Then Staff provides suggestions, edits, observations. And then do you incorporate those changes prior to sending it to AEP, so does AEP receive a different draft than what you sent to Staff?
- A. That's correct. That's why I -- that's why my e-mail reads the way it does. I need an idea of how long it will take to address their comments. You know, my estimate, by the end of the week, then

we send to Ed Locigno. So that's right.

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Q. Okay. So there are actually two draft audit reports. One draft audit report goes to Staff and then a different draft audit report goes to AEP.

MS. KERN: Objection, your Honor. I mean, I think there are different ways that the word "draft" could be interpreted. It's -- one, I would -- I argue that there is one draft if there were edits made to the same draft. So I would ask counsel to define how she is using "draft" in her question for clarity of the witness.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I think I was pretty clear. I described the process. One draft -- I asked her if one draft goes to Staff, if they modify that draft, and a different draft goes to AEP, which means that there were two different versions of a draft audit report. Is that correct?

EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead and respond to that, Dr. Fagan.

- A. I've never thought of it as two different versions. It's a report at different stages of review in my mind.
- Q. Just so I'm clear, AEP does not see the first draft that was sent to Staff on September 1.

 They see a revised draft after you incorporate

Staff's comments; is that correct?

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- A. They see a revised draft. We incorporate Staff's comments to the extent we accept them. So I guess it is a revision and then that goes to the Company.
- Q. Okay. And then the Company reviews that version that you sent them on sometime after September 8. They review that draft and then they can offer suggestions or comments on that draft; is that right?
- A. They have -- that's true. They have really two categories of comments and one would be correcting factual mistakes and the other would be indicating what needs to be redacted for a public version.
- Q. So the draft that we looked at yesterday, OCC Exhibit 17, was dated September 9. That was the date after OCC -- after Staff provided you comments on September 8. So is the draft dated 9-9, the version that went to AEP?
- MR. SCHULER: Objection. The document that has been labeled as OCC Exhibit 17 is an incomplete version, and OCC did not establish a foundation further than the two pages that were on there.

MS. BOJKO: I mean, your Honor, we are happy to provide the whole draft audit. I don't think that is necessary and would just be cumbersome to the record if people are only talking about two pages. I think it's fair to say that often in cases we are allowed to use excerpts of documents. But for completeness purposes, if Counsel would like the full document to be used as the exhibit, I am happy to provide that.

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EXAMINER PARROT: Let's just rephrase,
Ms. Bojko, make it clear you are talking about an
excerpt.

MS. BOJKO: Oh, well, I actually wasn't talking about the excerpt, so maybe, thank you, your Honor, I'll rephrase because my question might not have been clear.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) There was an audit report dated 9-9. Is it fair to assume that's the version that went to AEP since you sent it to them after 9-8?
- A. I don't know. I might have sent one on -- I don't know. I can't -- I could check e-mails. Other than that, I can't recall which they would have seen.
- Q. Okay. Well, I am just confused about the date -- okay. Let's look at OCC Exhibit 17 so we are

- all on the same page. Do you have access to that?

 That's just the two-page excerpt from the draft audit
 report.
- A. I don't have it. I can't get on the server.
- 6 MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I have quite a 7 few questions about this and she has the e-mails.
- 8 THE WITNESS: I'll try one more time.
- 9 EXAMINER PARROT: Let's go off the
- 10 record.
- 11 (Discussion off the record.)
- 12 EXAMINER PARROT: Let's go back on the
- 13 record.
- Okay. I believe Dr. Fagan has been able to establish a connection to her server so,
- 16 Ms. Bojko, go ahead and proceed.
- MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, is it possible
- 18 | for the court reporter to maybe read back where I
- 19 | was? I think I was just asking about the exhibit,
- 20 | right? I asked her to look at Exhibit 17.
- 21 EXAMINER PARROT: Yes, you were asking
- 22 about the dates on Exhibit 17.
- MS. BOJKO: Okay.
- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) So, Dr. Fagan, thank you
- 25 for taking the time to do that. Do you now have in

front of you what's been previously marked as OCC Exhibit 17?

A. I do.

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- Q. Okay. And OCC 17, for the record, is a two-page excerpt from the audit. It's titled "Audit of the OVEC Power Purchase Agreement Rider of Ohio Power Company, Draft," and then it has the words "Contains Company Confidential Information"; is that correct?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And on the bottom of that title page, cover page, it has a date. What is the date?
 - A. September 9, 2020.
- Q. And this is just an excerpt -- excerpt but does it appear to be a draft of the audit report that was filed in this case?
- 17 A. Yes.
 - MR. SCHULER: Objection to the framing of the question. Assumes facts not in evidence.
- 20 EXAMINER PARROT: I believe she's already 21 answered the question. The objection is overruled.
- Dr. Fagan, did you follow the question?
- A. This is an excerpt from our draft of the final report of which was filed in the case. I think that's an accurate way to state it.

Q. Thank you for that clarification.

And this excerpt actually has the word
"Draft" on it; is that correct?

A. It does.

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- Q. And I think I asked you, does this exhibit appear to be a fair representation of the first two -- or two pages of the draft of the audit report that was dated 9-9-20?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. So if you were to send an audit report in draft form to the Staff on 9-1, would that title page have looked the same as OCC Exhibit 17 except having a different date on the bottom of it?
- A. Probably. Sometimes we put this sort of cover page on towards the end of the project. So sometimes we don't have this kind of nice cover page. We probably did have it. Just sometimes we don't. But if there is confidential information and if it's a draft, which it was, one way or another, even without this particular page, we would indicate that.
- Q. Okay. But it's fair to assume that you would not have sent this version with a 9-9-20 date on it on September 1, 2020, when you sent it to Staff.
- A. No, we would -- the draft for Staff would

be dated the deliverable date which would have been September 1.

- Q. Okay. So it appears to me, and correct me if I am wrong, that there were two versions of a draft, one dated 9-1-20 and one dated 9-9-20; is that correct?
 - A. Yeah.

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- Q. And when you sent the 9-9-20 version -- I am going to call that, since people are -- since I got objected to calling them two drafts, I am going to call them, if it's okay with you, the 9-1 draft and the 9-9 draft. Would you understand what I mean when I call them those?
 - A. I do.
- Q. Okay. So when you sent the 9-9 draft to AEP, would Staff have been copied on that exchange of the document?
- A. I would have to check if this is the version that was sent to AEP. I would typically copy Staff. Sometimes you send an e-mail, you forget to do the copies, and then you look at it and say oh, darn, and then you forward it saying I should have CCed you. Sometimes that happens to me.
- Q. But the typical practice is to copy Staff because the RFP requires you to inform Staff of all

communications between you and AEP; is that right?

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- A. I'm not just because it requires that.

 It's just -- it's just common practice but, yes. But not to say that sometimes I absentmindedly don't do that and then I have to go back and do it.
- Q. Fair enough. You said you are not sure this -- OCC Exhibit 17 was the exact version of the draft that went to AEP. Are you suggesting that there may have been a third version of the draft that AEP saw?
- A. I don't think so, but as we work on documents, we update the dates so we can keep track of things and there might have been edits and cleanups that we found and cleaned up but I'm fairly certain this is.
- Q. And when you do cleanups, you add a new date to reflect the updated version and would you retain the old versions in your system?
 - A. We sometimes do.
- Q. Okay. So after you sent the 9-1 draft to Staff, there was an e-mail exchange on 9-8 between you and Commission Staff members; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And those -- those e-mail exchanges between -- were between you, Mahila Christopher, and

Rodney Windle; is that correct?

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- A. You are referring to the exhibit, right?
- Q. Yes. I am referring to NRDC Exhibit 2.
- A. Let me open that now that I have access to everything. Okay. I've got it. I do have it open now.
- Q. Okay. I'm sorry. I asked you if the e-mail exchange was between yourself and Mahila Christopher and Rodney Windle.
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Okay. And your -- what I think I heard you say previously, your AEP contact was Edward Locingo. Did I say that correctly?
 - A. I think it's Locingo.
 - Q. Oh, Locingo.
 - A. There are a few AEP folks but he was the main -- I would say the main person. At least on the -- yeah, yeah, okay.
 - Q. And it looks like Andrea Moore from AEP would have also been a person that you communicated with regarding the audit report; is that correct?
- A. I think she was sort of the legal lead on that side, so communications were all CCed to her, you know, Data Requests, that kind of thing.
- Q. I'm sorry. Did you say Andrea Moore was

the lead legal person?

- A. Regulatory person maybe, I'm not sure.
- Q. Okay. So let's look at the e-mail
 between you and Staff that was dated September 8,
 2020. Do you have that in front of you?
 - A. I do.

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- Q. Top of NRDC 2.
- A. I have that.
- 9 Q. Okay. And in this e-mail Staff referred
 10 to their suggestions as editorial suggestions,
 11 correct?
- 12 A. Yes, they say editorial suggestions.
- Q. Okay. And Staff also says that Staff
 would still need final acquiescence from PUCO admin,
 correct?
- 16 A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And do you know who the PUCO admin is?
- 19 A. I do not know.
- Q. Let's look at the second bullet point
 under the main observation. Here Staff suggests that
 LEI reduce subjectivity and the level of detail in
 the audit report and then give them an example; is
 that correct?
- 25 A. "Reduced subjectivity and level of

- detail/specifics would be required such as the language on page 26, paragraph 2," and they have the language.
 - Q. So Staff gave you an example of language they would like reduced subjectivity and level of detail/specifics; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. So in this bullet, Staff is suggesting that you be more broad, correct?
 - A. I disagree.

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- Q. Well, they are telling you to reduce your level of detail/specifics, right?
 - A. Right. But they are not also saying, oh, by the way, add other statements. So I didn't draw that conclusion.
 - Q. So what does "reduce level of detail/specifics" mean? Does it mean add more detail and be more specific, or does it mean eliminate details and specifics to you?
 - A. In my reading of the e-mail, the details and specifics that I felt that it was acceptable to delete was pretty much what's shown here. I didn't then comb through the report and take other things out.
- Q. Okay. So you took "such as" to just mean

this one example that they provided you.

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- A. One example and then I think a couple of spots that I caught in the report that, you know, for editorial consistency with the other -- the tone and intensity comment. I don't remember in detail every, you know, single edit but it was heavy, extensive -- it was a handful of things.
- Q. Okay. And the Staff was -- wasn't directing you to reduce the subjectivity and detail and specifics. They were not observing that the audit had a reduced level of detail and specifics, correct?

MR. SCHULER: Objection, calls for speculation about the mental state of Staff when asked about Dr. Fagan, that's something different.

MS. BOJKO: I'll rephrase, your Honor. EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) When you read this, you believed the words "reduced subjectivity and level of detail/specifics" meant that you were to reduce that in the audit, not that the audit had a reduced level -- or reduced subjectivity and level of details, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Okay. Let's go to the first bullet under

the main observations and this bullet states that Staff suggests a milder tone and intensity of the draft language on page 10, paragraph 3 of the draft report, and then Staff puts the language it would like to be revised, correct?

A. That's correct.

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- Q. Similarly, it's true that the milder tone was not an observation in the draft but rather Staff was requesting that the audit be given a milder tone, correct?
- MS. KERN: Objection to the characterization.
- MR. SCHULER: Objection.
- MS. KERN: Oh, sorry. Can you guys hear me?
- 16 EXAMINER PARROT: Yes.
 - MS. KERN: I'm sorry. My -- every now and again my video will go off and I am not sure if you can still hear me. Please let me know if that's a problem. It sounded like Mr. Schuler and I were saying the same thing.
- MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I'll rephrase.

 EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead.
- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Your reading of this,
 Dr. Fagan, when you read it was that Staff was

requesting that the audit, at least the provision given here, be given a milder tone; is that correct?

- A. That was how I interpreted this.
- Q. And let's look at -- okay. So this references page 10, paragraph 3 of the audit -- draft audit report. Do you see that?
 - A. Let me switch back.
- Q. No, no. I am saying that the Staff e-mail references page 10, paragraph 3. Do you see that?
- 11 A. Yes.

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- 12 Q. Okay. I am just trying to make sure we 13 are all on the same page. And if you look at -- if you look at OCC Exhibit 17, do you believe the 14 15 sentence that they were asking has milder tone relates to the 9-9 draft under Section 1.3, the third 16 17 paragraph down on the page, the second paragraph in 18 1.3, the sentence that starts with "However"? 19 MR. SCHULER: Objection. Compound. 20 Vaque.
- EXAMINER PARROT: Dr. Fagan, if you follow, go ahead and answer.
- A. So it's referring to those words. But the words were also in the September 1 draft. And her e-mail is dated September 8.

Q. So there's a difference between the 9-1 draft that the e-mail is referring to and the 9-9 draft, the language has already been modified; is that correct?

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- A. Let me look again. So what I am looking at in the OCC Exhibit 17 it's -- the first page says September 9. The page that's 2 of 2 doesn't have a page number like an LEI page number. I guess it's from the 9-9 draft.
- Q. Okay. Well, let's compare to the filed version. It's also the third paragraph on the page and the second paragraph under 1.3. The "However" language is in the same place. That's the first sentence of the third paragraph on the page is the same sentence that we are talking about in the e-mail versus the 9-9 draft versus the final audit report that's filed that's been revised through the process; is that fair?
- A. So we're talking about the second paragraph under 1.3. Would you repeat the question? I'm sorry.
- Q. I am just trying to make sure that the -the section that Staff was referring to in their
 audit -- in their e-mail relates to the same
 paragraph, paragraph 2, under Section 1.3, which is

the third paragraph on page 9 of the final audit report.

A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. And just to complete the circle, it is -- relates -- it's the same language, relates to the 9-9 draft, the second paragraph under 1.3, which is also the third paragraph on page -- we're not sure, 9 or 10, right? They are all three discussing the same language.
- A. Ah. The e-mail, the draft that's in Exhibit 17, and the final report, that's what you are asking, are they talking about the same thing?
 - Q. Correct.
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Thank you. Sorry if that was inartful.

So the sentence that's in the NRDC 2 Exhibit e-mail is not anywhere in the filed audit report, correct?

MS. KERN: Objection, your Honor. We did review this yesterday. I will stipulate that that sentence -- Counsel will stipulate it's not in the final audit report.

MS. BOJKO: Okay. I am fine with that stipulation. I don't recall these specific questions and some of it is foundation. If you could bear with

me, I know it's been a long two days. It's hard to remember everything.

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MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, just for clarity -- sorry, Kim, but just for clarity of the record, you said "the sentence." There is a couple of sentences referenced in the NRDC Exhibit 2. We might want to clear that up as well.

MS. BOJKO: Fair enough. Counsel, will you stipulate to the fact that the sentence,
"Therefore, keeping the plants running does not seem to be in the best interests of the ratepayers," is not found anywhere in the final audit report filed with the Commission in this case?

MS. KERN: Yes.

MS. BOJKO: And will you similarly stipulate that the sentence in the 9-9 draft, "However, LEI's analysis shows that the OVEC contract overall is not in the best interest of AEP Ohio ratepayers," is also not found anywhere in the final audit report filed with the Commission in this case?

MS. KERN: I'm sorry. I do not -- I

didn't follow the question.

MS. BOJKO: I asked if you would stipulate to the fact -- or the witness can just answer.

MS. KERN: She can answer. I mean, I just -- I think we have established that the sentence that you were questioning her about was not in the final audit report. I raised several objections to that yesterday based on relevancy.

MS. BOJKO: Okay. And so now I am asking whether the 9-9 draft audit that contains the sentence, "However, LEI's analysis shows that the OVEC contract overall is not in the best interest of AEP Ohio ratepayers," if that sentence is anywhere in the final audit report filed with the Commission in this proceeding.

MS. KERN: The witness can answer.

- A. It is not.
- Q. So at some point after receiving the Staff e-mail dated September 8, 2020, the quoted language "Therefore, keeping the plants running does not seem to be in the best interests of the ratepayers," was removed from the draft audit report; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And that was removed by you or someone at LEI; is that correct?
 - A. By me.

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Q. And it's my understanding from this

e-mail that Staff also provided you with a redline of the 9-1 draft audit report; is that correct?

A. That's correct.

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- Q. And in that redline of the audit report was the sentence referenced in the e-mail,
 "Therefore, keeping the plants running does not seem to be in the best interests of the ratepayers," was that struck, deleted, from -- in the redline?
- A. I don't recall. That might have been a talking point just for the e-mail. That might have been a comment in the report. It might have been struck. I actually do not know.
- Q. Okay. So if I understand the events here, the 9-1 draft audit report had the language, "Therefore, keeping the plants running does not seem to be in the best interests of ratepayers" and -- and that language was requested to be modified by Staff for milder tone and intensity; is that -- is that correct?

MR. SCHULER: Objection.

21 Mischaracterizes Staff.

- Q. That was your understanding, correct?
- A. Yes, that's what it says in the e-mail, that was their request.
 - Q. And then is it fair to assume that after

receiving that on 9-8, you modified the sentence and put it in the 9-9 draft to be, "However, LEI's analysis shows that the OVEC contract overall is not in the best interest of AEP Ohio's ratepayers."

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MR. SCHULER: Objection. Counsel is asking the witness about documents and what was done over a year ago in very lengthy documents without showing any of them to her.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, she has them in front of her. I am asking -- she said she drafted the language. She modified or deleted the language. I'm asking her. She has them all in front of her, Counselor. I am asking if she took the language in the 9-1 draft that was quoted in the e-mail, revised it to be the language in the 9-9 audit report that was sent to AEP the day -- the next day.

EXAMINER PARROT: The objection is overruled. Go ahead, Mr. Schuler. Go ahead.

MR. SCHULER: I was going to say we are referencing and there is an assumption there was a draft on 9-8 now that has not been established and that it was put back into the 9-9 as Ms. Bojko has phrased it, so I think it assumes facts that are not in evidence and is asking questions about documents that are not before her, not all of them, she is

1 referring to.

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MS. BOJKO: Your Honor.

MR. SCHULER: As they exist.

MS. BOJKO: That's not what my question was. I did not say there was a 9-8 draft. Counsel is misinterpreting for his own purposes of coaching the witness. I said was the -- I will rephrase, your Honor.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) The e-mail -EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead.
- Q. -- that is in front of you, NRDC

 Exhibit 2, contains a sentence, and I will read it
 again so we are all clear what sentence I am talking
 about, "Therefore, keeping the plants running does
 not seem to be in the best interests of the
 ratepayers." Was that sentence changed after
 receiving Staff's comments on September 8, to be,
 "However, LEI's analysis shows that the OVEC contract
 overall is not in the best interest of AEP Ohio
 ratepayers," when you created the 9-9 draft audit
 report?
 - MS. KERN: Objection, your Honor.
- Q. OCC Exhibit 17.
- MS. KERN: Sorry, Kim. Objection, your
 Honor, as to relevancy. What the auditor had in a

draft report at a certain point of time is not relevant to this proceeding. What is relevant is the final audit report. I cited to precedent yesterday from the Ohio Power Siting Board. I am going to raise that objection again. The final audit report speaks for itself as to what the auditor found was necessary for that report.

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MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I think it very much goes to the case in hand, the RFP requires and the Commission's entry requires the auditor to look at certain items. It requires the auditor to be independent. And if she made changes based on people's comments or party's comments, that is very relevant to the final audit report and what it says or doesn't say.

MS. KERN: Your Honor, to the extent I can please respond. I think the auditor did testify about independence and the suggestion of independence is perplexing here. The RFP also calls that the auditor -- calls for the auditor to turn over a draft to Staff for their review. So there -- there hasn't been anything that has been shown to be out of line with what the RFP required. That's the extent of my response.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, if I may respond.

I am not suggesting -- I mean, that is the point of cross-examination, to look at a witness, ask what they did, ask how they arrived at the testimony that they provide, and also at times challenge the credibility of the witness, and then compare it to what the requirements are to see if the utility met the burden of proof. I haven't gotten to the end of my questions yet which would allow me to either make that assumption in the argument in front of the Commission or not make that assumption in the argument. If I would be allowed to finish, then maybe Counsel would be able to see what the point is and where I am going with this, but I haven't been allowed to finish.

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MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, just briefly.

AEP Ohio joins Staff's relevance objection but I also point out that the question pending right now is,

"Was this sentence changed after receiving Staff's comments on September 8, to be, 'However, LEI's analysis shows that the OVEC contract overall is not in the best interest of AEP Ohio ratepayers'?" That is the very sentence that was the subject of the e-mail on September 8, so the question, I guess, at best doesn't make sense.

MS. WACHSPRESS: Your Honor, this is

Megan Wachspress on behalf of NRDC. I don't know if you need more folks chiming in but we support overruling this objection. Staff has put the editing process of this audit into evidence by submitting the testimony of Staff Witness Windle which goes precisely to this issue and so they can't have it both ways. They can't submit evidence on this issue and then refuse to hear cross-examination on it.

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established is that there was one round of changes to the audit prompted by Staff comments and then it was sent to the subject of the audit, AEP Ohio, with a different sentence which is not then in the final audit. So we're -- the facts as established so far raises serious concerns about the credibility and independence of the audit that I think are absolutely at the heart of this issue and why we have live testimony, as Ms. Bojko said, why we have live testimony at all. So just to chime in there on behalf of NRDC.

MS. KERN: Your Honor, we did provide evidence from a Staff witness to explain Staff's role in overseeing the audit per the Commission's directives. I understand that the independence and Staff's integrity has been questioned in pleadings in

this docket, but I would still maintain my objection to this question.

EXAMINER PARROT: Anyone else?

All right. The objections as to the question that's pending are overruled.

Dr. Fagan, you may answer the question.

If you need clarification, you may ask for it.

THE WITNESS: Can I just hear the question again?

EXAMINER PARROT: Of course.

(Record read.)

A. Yes.

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Q. And after you created the 9-9 draft audit report, the sentence "However, LEI's analysis shows that the OVEC contract overall is not in the best interest of AEP Ohio ratepayers," that sentence was subsequently changed in the final audit report to say "However, LEI's analysis shows at this time that the OVEC plants cost customers more than the cost of energy and capacity that could be bought on the PJM wholesale markets," correct?

A. Not so much changed. It was crossed off, and then we used that second sentence, the plants cost more than the cost of energy and capacity, as the first sentence of the paragraph because that was

the meat of the conclusions. And rather than making the broad statement, going into this is the reason the plants cost more than the cost of energy and capacity, that's the important bottom line of the audit and, again, more specific than the broader statement.

- Q. Okay. So you are referring to the 9-9 draft that said -- the second sentence after it said, "However, LEI's analysis shows that the OVEC contract overall is not in the best interest of AEP ratepayers -- Ohio ratepayers." This is because, as detailed in the audit, the OVEC plant costs customers more than the cost of energy and capacity that could be bought on the PJM wholesale markets, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

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- Q. Okay. And so this change, the removal of the sentence in the 9-9 draft about the overall contract not being in the best interest of ratepayers, was changed or removed after AEP Ohio reviewed the draft edit -- or the draft audit report, correct?
- A. It was -- it was removed after 9-9. I don't recall the date that I got the response from AEP.
 - Q. So you don't know sitting here today

whether AEP received OCC Exhibit 17 as the draft audit report or whether they received a different version of the draft audit report, correct?

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- A. That's not what I said. So I might have been working on edits, and I mean I am assuming they got the -- the one on the 9th and we made the final edits. I suppose we did make the final edits after they sent theirs back but, again, ultimately it's my decision. The Company can make comments. Staff can make comments. That's their job. But ultimately what's in there is, you know, my own view of what ought to be in there.
- Q. You said sent it back. Does AEP also provide you with a redline of the draft audit report?
- A. I don't remember if it was a redline or if there was say a PDF markup. They indicate redactions. That's an important piece of it and then maybe there is other pieces as well. I don't recall the format offhand.
- Q. Well, I believe you said that this language was -- the first sentence in the 9-9 draft was lined out. Who would it have been lined out by? Do you mean it was redlined out as a deletion? What did you mean by that statement?
 - A. I don't know that I used the phrase

"lined out." I'm not sure what --

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Q. Okay. I might have misheard you.

Okay. So I guess I am still confused on what version of the draft audit report that AEP received. Are you saying that you don't know whether they received the 9-9 draft version or whether they received a different version of the audit report?

- A. I am very sure it's the 9-9. I would have to check my e-mails but let's say September 9. You know, that makes the most sense.
- Q. Okay. And after receiving the 9-9 draft of the audit report, AEP sent back comments, suggestions, and did they send you a comment or suggestion regarding this sentence?
- A. I think they did but we might have already worked on it, so they -- I am trying to recall if they said yes, we agree with that edit or, you know, we would like this edit. I think they did comment on it one way or the other.
- Q. So like this edit, are you suggesting that AEP saw a different version than the 9-9 version OCC Exhibit 17 that would have had edits to the language such as Staff's edits or LEI's edits?
- A. So we had edits from them on the 9-9 version and I think things might have gone around one

more time for final redactions, et cetera. So they might have seen one between 9-9 and the final. I would have to look at e-mails. But getting everything cleaned up and redacted and finalized sometimes takes an extra go around, so they might have seen another one.

- Q. And would that other document have been saved on your system as a different version of the draft audit report?
 - A. It's possible.

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Q. Okay. So as I understand it, the 9-1 draft that went to Staff and the 9-9 draft that may have gone to AEP and Staff, both of those drafts had language regarding what was in the best interest of customers; is that correct?

MS. KERN: Objection, your Honor. Asked and answered. The draft report and the versions of the draft contained language that is no longer the-best-interest-of-customers language that is not in the final report.

MS. BOJKO: It's actually not what I asked, but that's fine if Staff wants to stipulate to that fact.

Q. (By Ms. Bojko) And except for page 7 of the final audit report and 27 of the final audit

report, nowhere else in the final audit report does it speak to a determination of what's in the best interests of customers or even mention what's in the best interests of customers, correct?

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- A. I would want to do a word search on "best interests." That's probably right.
- Q. Okay. So looking at OCC Exhibit 17, the 9-9 draft of the audit report, isn't it true that as of 9-9-2020, LEI believed that the OVEC contract was not in the best interests of AEP Ohio's ratepayers?
 - A. It's too broad a statement.

MS. KERN: Objection as to relevancy of what the auditor thought at a certain point in time that is not in the final draft report. I object to the relevancy of the question.

MR. SCHULER: AEP Ohio joins the objection.

EXAMINER PARROT: And the objections are noted for the record, but as we went through with the other attorneys yesterday on these types of questions, we are going to allow the questions, take them one by one, of course, if you have other objections. But as to the relevance issue, we are going to leave that for the Commission to sort out.

So, go ahead, Dr. Fagan.

THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. What was the question?

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) The question was, isn't it true that as of 9-9-2020, LEI believed that the OVEC contract was not in the best interests of AEP Ohio ratepayers?
- A. So -- and I think I said this yesterday as well. It's too broad a statement.
- Q. Okay. Are you suggesting -- you are here to support LEI's analysis, is that correct, today?
 - A. That's correct.

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- Q. And under the 9-9 draft report, a document that was memorialized and sent to outside parties, that document showed LEI's belief at that time on September 9, 2020, that the OVEC contract overall was not in the best interest of customers, correct?
- MR. SCHULER: Objection, asked and answered yesterday.
- 20 MS. BOJKO: This question was not asked 21 and answered yesterday, your Honor.
 - MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, to the extent the question is asking about her beliefs about that language, it was actually asked and answered yesterday. You sustained objections around that

concept.

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MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, that's why I specifically yesterday, during the cross-examination, I drafted new questions because this one was not asked. I am not asking her belief.

MR. SCHULER: The question was, the document showed LEI's belief at the time on September 9. So, yes, it does ask about the belief at the time.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I will rephrase.

EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Under the 9-9 draft report, LEI's analysis showed that the OVEC contract overall was not in the best interests of the customers; is that correct?
- A. Our -- our analysis showed that the plants cost the customers more than the cost of energy and capacity that could be bought on the PJM wholesale markets. That's what the analysis showed. And that's the piece that I preserved for the final report.
- Q. Okay. You're not testifying that LEI's analysis on 9-9-20 was somehow untruthful, are you?
 - A. Of course not.
 - Q. Of course not. And LEI doesn't routinely

put statements in its reports, draft or otherwise,
that it knows to be untruthful, does it?

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MR. SCHULER: Objection. We went through this yesterday. The term "truthful" is subjective in nature. It's also asked and answered yesterday.

Same line of questioning.

EXAMINER PARROT: Ms. Bojko.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, it wasn't. I specifically drafted these questions during the cross-examination yesterday and refined my questions so they would not be the same questions.

MR. McKENNEY: Your Honor, I'll just note we support directing the witness to answer these questions. At least that this particular objection be overruled. This was not in my line of questioning if that's what the allegation is.

MS. WHITFIELD: Kroger would also support.

EXAMINER PARROT: Okay. We got pretty close to this line of questioning yesterday,

Ms. Bojko. I am going to give you a little leeway.

Dr. Fagan, go ahead and answer this one, but let's get on with it, Ms. Bojko.

Go ahead, Dr. Fagan.

A. So as I said yesterday, the statement, I

took it out, it's too broad. What we believe is the bottom line of our analysis, it's not that we -- you know, it's not an issue of truthfulness. It's an issue of a precise and accurate statement. And the plants costing more than the cost of energy and capacity that could be bought is a precise and accurate statement.

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Q. That actually wasn't my question so I will repeat it.

LEI doesn't routinely put statements in its reports, draft or otherwise, that it knows to be untruthful, does it?

MR. SCHULER: Renewed objection. It's the same question that was just asked. She gave the same or similar answer she gave yesterday. It's overbroad. That's why the objection --

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I am not even talking about the OCC Exhibit 17. I am asking -- I am allowed, as a witness has put testimony on the stand, to test the independence and the credibility of the witness as an expert. We do this in every case. So I am asking the witness if LEI routinely puts statements in reports, draft or otherwise, that it knows to be untruthful. It's a simple yes or no question.

EXAMINER PARROT: Dr. Fagan, are you able to give a yes or no?

THE WITNESS: Oh, I wasn't sure.

- A. No, of course we wouldn't do that.
- Q. You personally have never intentionally put an untrue statement about an LEI analysis in an audit report, have you?
- A. I think the answer is more nuanced because there's levels of -- I mentioned before like the breadth of a statement, how it can be interpreted, et cetera. So I'm sure lawyers do this too. You draft materials, you read them over, is that really what we wanted to say. That was the first pass at something. It's not that you are doing something untrue. It's that it doesn't suit, so you edit it.
- Q. So the answer to my question is, no, you would never personally intentionally put an untrue statement in an audit report, correct?
 - A. Well, no.

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Q. I am trying not to reask any questions.

Just for clarification, the 9-9 draft

conclusion, the, "However, LEI's analysis shows that

the OVEC contract overall is not in the best interest

of AEP Ohio ratepayers," that statement was based on

information LEI reviewed while conducting the audit since it -- it references LEI's analysis, correct?

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- The statement refers to the sentence 3 Α. afterward. The sentence afterward is "the OVEC 4 5 plants cost customers more than the cost of energy 6 and capacity that could be bought on the PJM 7 wholesale markets." So that was our specific 8 conclusion. The statement before that, the best 9 interest statement, it was sort of an overly broad 10 summary of the audit conclusion which was the 11 specifics about the cost of energy and capacity in 12 PJM.
 - Q. Okay. But the first sentence says "LEI's analysis shows," correct?
 - A. So the first sentence of the first --
 - Q. Of the 9-9 draft, OCC Exhibit 17.
 - A. Read on to the sentence after that.
 - Q. I am just asking if those words appear in the first sentence, Dr. Fagan.
 - A. They appear in the first sentence and then it's "This is because."
- Q. Did LEI do any additional analysis from
 the 9-9 version of the audit to when it was filed on
 9-16-2020?
- A. I don't think so. If we did anything, it

would have been brief because there wasn't -- it was a short period of time. I don't think we did.

- Q. And is it fair to say that LEI did not do any additional or different analysis after receiving Staff's e-mail on 9-8-2020?
- A. I don't think so. It was just, you know, editing but not new analysis. There might -- I don't recall but if there were, like I said, it would be something very brief. There just isn't that much time in that, you know, in the draft versus final filing, you know, time frame.
- Q. And this -- the change in the audit report from the version 9-1 that was referenced in the Staff e-mail, "Therefore, keeping the plants running does not seem to be in the best interests of the ratepayers," to what ended up in the final audit report of the deletion of that sentence, that was based on Staff's request from its 9-8 e-mail, correct?

A. And my --

2.1

MR. SCHULER: Objection to the characterization of Staff's e-mail.

MS. KERN: Objection, mischaracterizes.

She addressed this yesterday.

MS. BOJKO: I believe she already

answered, your Honor.

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EXAMINER PARROT: I am not sure she fully did. Go ahead and rephrase, Ms. Bojko.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) We talked about three different versions of the draft of the audit report to the final. We talked about a 9-1 version, we talked about a 9-9 version, and then the 9-16 final. And the sentence we have been talking about I asked if it was changed based on Staff's recommendation in its 9-8 e-mail.
- A. Based on Staff's recommendation and my own judgment.
- Q. And was it also based on AEP's comments provided to you on the audit report?
- A. I think I mentioned before -- I mean, AEP might have had a comment, but I can't recall if it was, oh, yes, we agree you are going to do that, or we really think you ought to do it. I don't remember which way.
- Q. Okay. If you can keep the OCC Exhibit 17 handy, I would like you to flip back to OMAEG Exhibit 5 which was the RFP that we discussed.
 - A. Okay. I have it.
- Q. Okay. Previously we were discussing the page 4 of the RFP. Let me see here where it uses the

words the prud -- "an annual prudency audit to establish the prudency of all costs and sales flowing through the PPA rider and to demonstrate that the Company's actions were in the best interest of retail ratepayers." Do you see that sentence again?

A. I do.

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Q. Okay. So isn't it true that the 9-9 draft audit report did, in fact, have a finding regarding the directive in the RFP regarding your audit of the Company's -- of whether the Company's actions were in the best interest of customers.

MR. SCHULER: Objection. The draft audit report cannot have a finding. It is by definition a draft and not a final finding.

MS. WACHSPRESS: Your Honor, if I may be heard, this is Megan Wachspress from NRDC. I don't know that that is an evidentiary objection. That to me sounds like prompting the witness. I don't know if there is anything to be done about that, but I just wanted to register my objection to the form of that objection and how it's interfering with the cross.

MR. FINNIGAN: Your Honor, this is John Finnigan. If I may join in that objection too. I noted that before when I was questioning the witness

that throughout the hearing counsel for Staff and counsel for AEP have been making coaching objections and speaking objections. That's prejudicial to our interests because if they have an objection to the form of the question, they simply need to state, "Object to form."

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Anything beyond that is interfering with our cross-examination of this witness and is highly improper. This happened throughout the hearing.

We've objected to it a few times before. I just want to raise the objection again because it's continuing.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I would take issue with these accusations, especially with respect to Mr. Finnigan. This is not a deposition. I believe he's citing deposition rules. He also proffered a lot of evidence that looked like testimony from an attorney yesterday. So all that being said, I'm objecting to the question to the extent it is assuming facts not in evidence. It is also drawing legal conclusions.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$ FINNIGAN: And my response is objection to form.

EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Thank you all. Appreciate it.

Ms. Bojko, rephrase.

MS. BOJKO: Thank you, your Honor.

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- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Isn't it true that the 9-9 draft audit report, OCC Exhibit 17, did, in fact, respond or make a draft finding to this directive contained in the RFP regarding a demonstration of whether the Company's actions were in the best interest of ratepayers?
- A. Well, as I mentioned before, the statement in the draft was overly broad. Our finding is actually the second sentence which is about the costs of -- the costs flowing through OVEC versus PJM costs, prices.
- Q. But the 9-9 draft used the words that are in the RFP requiring you to make a prudency finding of whether the Company's actions were in the best interest of retail ratepayers, correct?
- A. The "best interest of ratepayers" piece in the RFP is in the purpose. The scope of work that we did is in part 3, scope of investigation. So probably a legal question. I don't know that we were required to make the demonstration, but I am not a lawyer.
- Q. Okay. Okay. So you're suggesting that the commit -- the statement here that says, under "Prudency and Performance Audit," you are suggesting

that the words, "The Commission provided in Case No. 14-1693," that you may or may not have read some or all of the orders, "for an annual prudency audit to establish the prudency of all costs and sales flowing through the PPA rider and to demonstrate that the Company's actions were in the best interest of retail ratepayers," you are saying that that was not part of what you were supposed to do.

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- A. It's not that the prudency part in the purpose statement is in the scope of work. But the best interest part was not in the scope of work.
- Q. Okay. And so you would be surprised -first, remember the last part of this, it says, "as
 contemplated by, and in compliance with, the
 Commission's orders," you would be surprised then if
 we went to one of those orders and the Commission
 directed the audit and said the audit would do these
 two things, right? That would surprise you because
 you don't believe it's any part of this case, any
 part of the audit.
 - A. I didn't read the 14-1693-EL-RDR.
- Q. So you don't know what the Commission ordered you to do as the auditor in this case, do you?
 - A. We assumed it was the scope of work and

that's what we worked from.

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Q. Okay. We'll come back to that.

I want to get the entry for you to review, but so we don't hold up the hearing, I have a couple more questions to ask you.

Dr. Fagan, I want to ask you, would it be prudent for an auditor to review whether a company and its affiliates have conflicts of interests when the company is making certain decisions that may affect customers?

A. Would it be prudent for --

MR. SCHULER: Objection. Asks for a legal conclusion.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I didn't ask for a legal conclusion. She's a prudency auditor. I am asking her if it would be prudent for a prudency auditor to review whether a company and its affiliates have conflicts of interests when the company is making certain decisions that may affect its customers.

MR. SCHULER: Conflict of interest is a legal concept and not one she was charged with in this particular audit.

EXAMINER PARROT: And we established yesterday she is not an attorney. She is not here to

1 offer legal opinions of things.

2.1

So, in your layperson view of things as an auditor, Dr. Fagan, go ahead and answer the question.

- A. We didn't look at it in the context of this audit.
- Q. That wasn't the question. I am asking a prudency auditor would it be prudent for an auditor to review whether a company and its affiliates have conflicts of interest when the company is making certain decisions that may affect its customers?
- A. You are asking about the prudency of the auditor?
- Q. Yeah. I am asking if it would be prudent for an auditor like yourself to review whether a company and its affiliates have conflicts of interest when you are determining the prudency of a decision that that company is making that may affect its customers.
 - A. You could include something like that.

MS. O'BRIEN: I just wanted to interject. Someone might want to check on Kyle because I don't see her video, and I see the yellow triangle of death on her -- on her square.

EXAMINER PARROT: Go off the record for a

moment.

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2 (Discussion off the record.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Let's go back on the record.

MS. BOJKO: I'm sorry, your Honor. Was there a question pending?

EXAMINER PARROT: There was not.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Dr. Fagan, isn't it true if a company that has conflicts, that they could make decisions that wouldn't necessarily be in the best interests of their customers?
- A. As a general matter, companies -- whether they have conflicts or not, sometimes companies don't make decisions that are in customers' interests just accidentally or whether they have problems or they don't. It probably happens all over the business world.
- Q. Fair enough. So let's take an example. If a regulated utility that chooses profits to shareholders or more favorable treatment to its affiliates over the provision of lower cost to its customers, its actions may not necessarily be in the best interest of its customers, would they?

MR. SCHULER: Objection, relevance and an incomplete hypothetical.

EXAMINER PARROT: To the extent you follow it along there, Dr. Fagan, go ahead and answer.

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- A. I think it's -- it's broad and hypothetical and it -- I think that -- those kinds of analyses, they are usually done I would say in very particular circumstances. I wouldn't want to comment.
- Q. I'm really confused by your response because I thought you were an expert in prudency. And it's my understanding, and correct me if I am wrong, that a prudency auditor would make these decisions of what -- would make a finding as to whether a company decision is prudent and in the best interests of customers. Am I wrong? Are you not an expert in prudency? Do you not do that on a regular basis?

MR. LINDGREN: Objection. She's testified she doesn't have knowledge of this specific question, not that she's not a general expert.

MR. SCHULER: I'll also object that that is argumentative.

EXAMINER PARROT: Argumentative.

Rephrase, Ms. Bojko.

Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Let's break it up. So you

are an expert in conducting prudency audits, correct?

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- A. Yes. I've conducted a number of them.
- Q. And I believe Ms. Whitfield asked you if you do it almost on a daily basis. You said not quite on a daily basis but regularly. So you would agree with me you determine the prudency of companies' decisions on a regular basis, correct?
- A. From time to time in my line of work, yes.
- Q. And in this line of work you would make a prudency decision on whether a company acted in the customers' best interests. Have you done that in the past?
- A. Specifically we do -- I would say not necessarily is this in the customers' best interests but are costs prudently incurred? Are they billed correctly? You know, you do that in various kinds of audits, FAC audits, management performance audits, et cetera. So the results that I'm comfortable with are the sort of concrete specifics of, you know, how was this decision handled, how was that decision handled. You know, is it a better idea to do, you know, in this case a must -- you know, allow economic commitment versus must run all the time?

So the work that we do, I am trying to

make it a -- it's more granular, right? It's more granular. It's pieces of what's going on like plant operations, disposition, et cetera. It's specific suggestions looking at, you know, the cost, the outcomes, et cetera. And that's what goes on on an ongoing basis when you do these.

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- Q. Okay. And it's fair to say if you decided that something a company did was imprudent, then that would not be in the best interest of that company's ratepayers, correct?
- A. I don't know that it's the same thing.

 So -- a term you all use, "hypothetical."

 Hypothetically, a company might make -- have some kind of imprudent decision. It might turn out great for ratepayers in the near term for some reason or another. It might look fine. It might not be great later. Companies could make prudent decisions that later turn out from unexpected circumstances to be not great for customers. So I don't -- I don't think there's this like one-to-one equality. It's just -- it doesn't match up perfectly like that.
- Q. So if -- I think what you are telling me is that it's very difficult for you to determine whether a decision is prudent or not in these audits; is that fair?

MR. SCHULER: Objection, supposition. EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

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- Not so much difficult to determine prudency but difficult to determine the bigger picture, best interest. So defined narrowly and looking at specific things, it's more evidence, prudence is more evidence or not prudence or something not prudent but then sort of the bigger conclusion that's -- it's not that we can't throw out conclusions about prudence. It's that taking that extra bigger step is a more complex analysis or undertaking.
- Q. If a company did something imprudent that cost their customers a lot of money and they charged that cost to those customers, you would agree with me that that decision or that would be something not in those customers' best interests, correct?
 - Α. Correct.
- Okay. So if a regulated utility decides Ο. to provide profit to its shareholders and at the same time charged significant costs to the ratepayers, you would agree with me that that decision may not be in the best interest of ratepayers, correct?
- 24 MR. SCHULER: Objection, vaque,
- 25 incomplete.

EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

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- A. You would need more information to understand the -- you know, the circumstances and -- could you repeat it?
- Q. If a regulated utility chooses to put -give profits to its shareholders while at the same
 time charging customers a significant amount of money
 for those profits, that would be a decision that was
 not in the best interest of customers. It was in the
 best interest of the regulated utility but not its
 customers, right?
- A. So the charging significant amounts of money, do you mean over and above or that were unnecessary? I just --
- Q. You can't answer my question. You do not see that there is -- strike that.

How about I ask this one: A regulated utility that chooses favorable treatment to its affiliates over a provision that would lower cost to its customers would not be a decision that's in the best interest of ratepayers, would it?

MR. SCHULER: Objection. Failing to see the relevance of these questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

MS. BOJKO: This is relevant to the

audit, your Honor.

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EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

- A. Could you ask it again?
- Q. A regulated utility that chooses -- makes a decision to provide favorable treatment to its affiliates over a provision that would lower cost to its customers is a decision that's not in the best interest of its ratepayers.
- A. Probably not but we are just talking -- I don't know. Probably not.
- MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, if you could just give me a few minutes, I think I might be completed except for one or two questions.

Okay. Just a couple more on this language I wanted to go back to, your Honor. If you can look for OCC Exhibit 9. And get that in front of you, please. Your Honor, I don't recall if this was marked yesterday. If someone could help me.

MS. O'BRIEN: I believe it was.

MR. SCHULER: I believe it was.

EXAMINER PARROT: It was.

THE WITNESS: I have it open.

MS. BOJKO: Hold on one second.

Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Okay. If you could turn -- okay. Do you recall my questions about the

RFP, where the Commission, the purpose section, directed you to be in compliance with orders, and it used the word plural, in 14-1693-EL-RDR?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. Following up on that question, could you turn to what's been marked previously as OCC Exhibit 9. For the record, this is an Opinion and Order that was issued by the Ohio Public Utilities Commission on March 31, 2016; is that correct?
 - A. I'm looking for a date.
 - Q. Oh, it's on the last page.
 - A. Oh. Yes, I see the date.
- Q. And is this the order -- one of the orders that you did or you didn't read in this 14-1693-EL-RDR case?
- A. I didn't read this.
- Q. Well, let's turn to page 89 of the order.
 - A. I'm on page 89.
 - Q. Okay. The first full paragraph, the last sentence, here the Commission is defining the scope of the proceeding and the burden of proof. It says, "The Commission notes that, consistent with Commission precedent, AEP Ohio will bear the burden of proof in demonstrating the prudency of all costs

and sales during the review, as well as that such actions were in the best interest of retail -- retail ratepayers." Did I read that correctly?

- A. I'm on page 89 in the --
- Q. Of the order.
- A. Okay. It's 92 of the PDF, but it's 89 of the order.
 - Q. Yes, yes.

2.1

- A. Okay, okay. And I'm sorry. Would you tell me where you are?
- Q. The first full paragraph, the last sentence where the Commission is defining the scope of the proceeding. Do you see that?
 - A. I see it.
- Q. So this has a lot of the language that we were talking about in the RFP, doesn't it? It says "The Commission notes that, consistent with Commission precedent, AEP Ohio will bear the burden of proof in demonstrating the prudency of all costs and sales during the review, as well as that such actions were in the best interest of retail ratepayers." Do you see that?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. So the "such actions" are referring to the demonstration of the prudency of all costs and

sales during the review, right?

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MR. SCHULER: Objection. Ms. Bojko is asking the witness to interpret a Commission decision that she says she has not read. I will also renew objections from yesterday. This is the original Opinion and Order that is talking about a different version of the PPA that includes bilateral contracts between AEP Ohio and AEP affiliates for actual merchant generation.

MS. BOJKO: And, Mr. Schuler, if you let me get through my cross, we will get to those other orders for your pleasure.

EXAMINER PARROT: Dr. Fagan, if you are able to offer a view, go ahead.

- A. I don't think I am able to offer a view. I apologize.
- Q. Okay. Well, let's look -- do you believe this is referring to the audit? It says "the burden of proof in demonstrating the prudency of all costs and sales during the review." Is the audit the "during the review" piece?
 - A. Possibly.
- MS. KERN: Objection.
- A. I have no context.
- 25 O. Well, I'm a little confused because AEP's

counsel keeps objecting to say that this is somehow beyond the scope, and then you are saying it's beyond the scope of the audit. I want to make sure you understand the RFP made no distinction between 14-1693, an order that was issued in 2016, and a later order that was issued. Is that your understanding of the RFP?

2.1

A. We -- as I mentioned before, we didn't -there is a number of orders, et cetera. We didn't
read those over, compare them, anything like that.
We followed our scope of investigation, the topical
areas. I mean, I read this. It looks like AEP
Ohio -- it's something AEP Ohio is supposed to do. I
don't read this as something that it tells the
auditor to do but that's just a little ole minded
reading. I am not a lawyer. I don't have all the
documents -- different documents to compare, so I
can't really give you an answer.

- Q. Okay. Well, first of all, let's just make it clear the RFP told you that the audit had to be consistent with its orders in 14-1639, correct?
- A. It says the RFP encompasses an independent audit for the period as contemplated by, and in compliance with, Commission's orders.
 - Q. Right. So it said the audit had to be as

contemplated by, and in compliance with, the 14-1693 orders, correct?

- A. Yes, under the purpose, yes.
- Q. Okay. Well, let's look at your audit report on page 7. Look at 1.1. In 1.1 isn't it true that you also referred to Commission decisions, plural, in PUCO Case No. 14-1693-EL-RDR when describing your objective and purpose for the audit?
- A. So what we said is "AEP Ohio's net costs (its share of OVEC's costs less sales of energy and capacity) are passed on to AEP Ohio's ratepayers through the Power Purchase Agreement Rider, established in the Commission's decisions" in that order.
 - Q. Right.
- 16 A. So --

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- 17 Q. Oh, sorry.
 - A. You know, that's what we said about this rider. That's the information about the rider that was in the RFP. It frames the purpose of the audit, but it -- you know, we didn't look through this as if it were a checklist saying how the audit is conducted. In looking at this it says "AEP Ohio will bear the burden of proof in demonstrating prudency and such actions were in the best interest." I think

- if I had read that, I would say, okay, AEP Ohio will bear the burden of truth -- proof, excuse me. It doesn't -- but my interpretations -- I'm not a lawyer. It's probably not even relevant, just -- it's I'm just reading words.
- Q. Okay. But just to clarify, in your objective and purpose, you say the rider was established in 14-1693 by multiple decisions. That is where the annual audit review was also established; is that correct?
 - A. Where do we say the "multiple decisions"?
- Q. The first line of the -- you just read it. 1.1, the first sentence, you say the rider "established in the Commission's decisions" in PUCO Case 14-1693.
- 16 A. Yes.

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- Q. And you would agree that the OMAEG
 Exhibit 5, which is the Commission's entry issuing
 the RFP, instructed audit firms to submit a proposal
 that was consistent with and in compliance with the
 attached RFP.
- A. Something -- do you mean -- do you mean the order that the RFP was attached to?
- 24 Q. Yes.
- 25 A. Okay.

O. OMAEG Exhibit 5.

2.1

- A. Oh, we are -- that's the same paragraph, right? That second paragraph under purpose, is that?
- Q. No. I am actually talking about the entry. I am asking if the entry that issued the RFP asked for proposals that were consistent and in compliance with the attached RFP.
- A. Okay. Okay. I have the RFP. I don't have the entry.
 - O. OMAEG Exhibit 5.
- A. Okay. I have that open. OMAEG

 Exhibit 5, not the RFP. I don't see the -- I don't

 see -- I don't see the entry. It's just got the RFP.
- Q. I mean, you would have had to modify our exhibit to not have it. It was one document. So it would be at the front of the document. If you are looking at OMAEG links or documents, we did them in PDF so you wouldn't have been able to break it up.
- A. And I would not have wanted to. So OMAEG Exhibit 5, it's the RFP. Let me go back to my e-mails and see if I got a more extensive version.
- MS. KERN: Your Honor, I believe -- I believe she has the right document. If counsel could direct her to a part of the entry that she's asking her about. I don't know that she's understanding

that the entry is in the beginning.

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THE WITNESS: Okay. Let me go back.

MS. BOJKO: I don't know how to respond to that. I am asking a general question. I am not citing or quoting from anything. It's the entry entered in the journal on January 15, 2020. It's the very first page of that document. That's the entry that then issues the RFP to the public for the public to then respond to.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Do you see that now? It's page 1 of OMAEG Exhibit 5.
- A. Okay. So it says request -- what I am
 looking at, OMAEG Exhibit 5, says Request for
 Proposal No. RA20-PPA-1, Independent Audit of the
 Power Purchase Agreement Rider of Ohio Power Company,
 Issued by the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio,
 address, proposal due, February 28, 2020.
 - Q. Before that, if you are in OMAEG Exhibit 5, which is a PDF, there is a five-page Commission entry.
 - MS. BOJKO: Counsel, can you resend her OMAEG Exhibit 5 maybe? I thought you did that earlier.
- A. Let me check my e-mails again. This
 is -- there is nothing in the front of this so let me

close out.

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Q. We just opened our link, and it has it there.

MS. BOJKO: Is anyone else having a problem?

A. You know, I will go into it.

MS. WHITFIELD: My link has it.

A. Let me go from the link. I am opening an Excel file. I know the link is in there someplace.

Okay. OMAEG 5. Okay. Now, I have it.

MS. BOJKO: Is it possible to have my

12 | question read back, your Honor?

EXAMINER PARROT: Yes.

MS. BOJKO: I'll try it again, your
Honor, if it's easier.

16 EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead, Ms. Bojko.

MS. BOJKO: Okay. Thanks.

Q. (By Ms. Bojko) I said, isn't it true that the entry issued on January 15, 2020, issuing the RFP, requires the proposals received to be in compliance with the entirety of the RFP that is attached?

- A. I am just reading through to find it. So does it start in paragraph 8?
- Q. I wasn't trying -- I wasn't quoting any

particular passage. I was just referencing the entry. But, yeah, if you want to look at 8, it requires all proposals be submitted pursuant to the RFP.

A. Uh-huh.

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- Q. And that they demonstrate the ability to perform the services required in the RFP. "The proposal must show, in detail, the auditor's understanding of the project and the work required"; is that correct? Did I read that correctly?
- A. That's right. And I have -- I read this before obviously when we bid on it. I just haven't -- I just need to refresh but, yeah, so that's where I will start reading. Okay.
- Q. Okay. And it says each proposal must address, with spes -- with specificity, how the auditor will handle all of the issues in the RFP. Does it say that?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. It doesn't say that the auditor will only perform those issues or duties in half of the RFP under the scope provision, does it?
- A. It doesn't say that. But that's how I interpreted the scope of work.
- Q. So you don't believe you had to read and

follow the entirety of the RFP based on paragraph 8 in the Commission's entry issued January 2020?

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- A. There's other parts of the RFP. There's, you know, explaining to us the purpose of the RFP. The role of Staff's supervision, how -- you know, providing invoices and all those things. So it's not that we ignored half of the RFP, but for the tasks to be performed, you know, the required services, the tasks, that I took to mean the scope of the investigation.
- Q. Okay. So now let's look at paragraph 5 of that entry. Isn't it true the Commission specifically mentions that the proceeding consists of multiple orders including the Opinion and Order dated March 31, 2016, which is the one that we just discussed?
 - A. That's what it says.
- Q. And isn't it also true that it mentions the Second Entry on Rehearing dated November 3, 2016?
 - A. Yes, it says that.
- Q. As well as one more order, the Fifth Entry on Rehearing dated April 5, 2017, correct?
- A. Yes, it says that.
- Q. Okay. So let's look at -- I want to look at and just to confer -- strike that.

I want to look at the November 3, 2016, entry now that you were -- that this audit was stated to apply to. It is OCC Exhibit 7. And that was previously identified yesterday and marked as OCC Exhibit 7. And for the record, OCC Exhibit 7 is the Second Entry on Rehearing dated November 3, 2016. Do you have that in front of you?

A. I do.

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- Q. Okay. So let's turn to page 74. This time they made it easy for us. It's 74 of the PDF, and it's page 74 of the Commission's order.
 - A. Okay.
- Q. Now, let's look at paragraph 188. Are you there?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Thanks.

The second sentence says, "We also find that Dynegy's arguments are without merit, in light of the fact that the stipulation provides for an annual prudency review of the PPA rider, with AEP Ohio -- Ohio bearing the burden of proof to demonstrate that all costs and sales associated with the generating units were prudently incurred, as well as to show that the Company's actions were in the best interest of re -- retail ratepayers." Did I

read that correctly?

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- A. You read it correctly.
- O. So in --
- A. It's the same language, isn't it? It's the same language we looked at in the other one? I think it's the same -- so we looked at that other order, right?
- Q. I am sure the Commission was consistent in what it believed the scope of the audit was and what the audit was supposed to do, so I would probably surmise it's pretty close.
- A. I'm not sure that I agree that this defines the scope of an audit. This -- when I read -- and again, I am not a lawyer. I'm reading words, and I'm possibly kind of little minded. It looks to me like they are saying the Company has to prove these things, the cost of sales and best interest of retail ratepayers. It's -- it doesn't say -- even if you were to have looked at this before, you know, writing our proposal, I don't know I would have thought that it means here's what you need to do in the scope of your audit. I think I would have said, okay, this is the framework. This is what they are interested in. You know, this is what they expect the Company to be able to do in

1 order to have the terms of what it might be.

I don't know that I would have said, oh, here's their instructions to the auditor. I don't think I -- it doesn't read that way to me.

- Q. What it is doing is defining the annual prudency review of the PPA Rider, correct?
 - A. It says --

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- Q. It says provides for an annual prudency review of AEP -- of the PPA rider, with AEP Ohio bearing the burden of proof to demonstrate that all costs and sales associated with the generating units were prudently incurred, as well as to show that the actions were in the best interest of ratepayers. And the auditor was hired to do that prudency review to determine that all costs and sales associated with the generating units were prudently incurred as well as the Company's actions were in the best interest of ratepayers, correct?
 - A. It says that, yeah.
- MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I have no further questions.
 - Thank you so much for your time yesterday and today, Dr. Fagan.
- THE WITNESS: You're welcome.
- 25 EXAMINER PARROT: Let's go off the record

545 1 for a moment. (Discussion off the record.) 2 3 EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Let's go back on the record. 4 5 Mr. Schuler. 6 MR. SCHULER: Thank you, your Honor. 7 8 CROSS-EXAMINATION 9 By Mr. Schuler: 10 Good evening, Dr. Fagan. Q. 11 A. Good evening, Mr. Schuler. 12 You've seen me a lot over the last few Q. 13 days. 14 Good evening. Α. 15 Q. I'll try and keep this as brief as 16 possible in the end of the second day. 17 You are familiar with AEP Ohio's electric 18 security plan that was approved in PUCO Case No. 19 13-2385-EL-SSO, also known as ESP III, correct? 20 Α. We're familiar that -- I think there is 2.1 an echo in your room. 2.2 EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Finnigan, you are 23 on mute. I think Mr. Finnigan was trying to talk. 24 He is on mute. 25 MR. FINNIGAN: I was on mute. I was just

saying I couldn't hear Mr. Schuler, that's all.

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MR. SCHULER: Apologies. I will try to make sure I'm directly into my microphone.

- A. So we're broadly familiar that you're operating under the series of the ESPs and that's the most recent but I haven't read that in detail.
- Q. Then I understand you haven't read it, but would you agree that was the case that originally established the PPA Rider at zero dollars, correct?

MS. BOJKO: Objection. Your Honor, she just said she didn't read it, so no foundation.

MR. SCHULER: Just asking -- I asked if she was familiar with it, she said she was. I am just asking if she is familiar with the ultimate holding in the case.

EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

- A. I'm looking for the -- we might have mentioned it briefly in section 4, if you will give me a moment.
- Q. You may want to turn to page 26 of the audit report.
- A. Yeah. So we did mention it in the background of the PPA Rider and basically stating that that's what established the rider. It was modified in the rehearings but in -- the pieces of it

that we read, the terms that related to OVEC were not changed. So that was our understanding.

Q. So you understand that there was a version of the PPA Rider that was subsequently changed in the Second Entry on Rehearing; is that your testimony?

MS. BOJKO: Objection, your Honor.

Mischaracterizes the audit report and the witness's testimony.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I will rephrase.

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EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead.

- Q. (By Mr. Schuler) You are aware that the PPA Rider, as initially approved, included a number of AEP Ohio affiliate plants that would be included under that rider, correct?
- A. Yes. That piece we were aware of, there were -- I don't know if they ended up being actual plants or hypothetical plants that might be added. I don't remember that level of detail but I do recall though it was not just OVEC plants in the very beginning but -- but things change and our concern really is just the OVEC piece.

MR. FINNIGAN: Your Honor, may I ask a point of clarification? Is this examination by AEP

to be conducted as on cross-examination so that

Mr. Schuler is allowed to ask leading questions like

the last one? Or, since AEP has the burden of proof

and the Staff witness report is what they're trying

to prove, they're aligned in interest, and it should

be as on direct examination with no leading

questions?

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MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I would suggest that this is a cross-examination. As Mr. Finnigan just stated, AEP Ohio has the burden of proof in this case. There is an auditor that is auditing AEP Ohio so that would certainly qualify as adverse interests, and we should be permitted to ask cross-examination questions.

MR. FINNIGAN: Your Honor, the -
MR. SCHULER: Mr. Finnigan, please let me

finish up.

18 EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Finnigan.

Mr. Finnigan, he is not -- Mr. Finnigan, he is not finished.

Go ahead, Mr. Schuler.

MR. SCHULER: I believe my -- I believe I did finish on the record, your Honor. I am happy to restate anything if you did not catch it though.

EXAMINER PARROT: You just said let me

finish up, so I assumed that meant you weren't finished. I'm sorry if I misunderstood.

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Go ahead, Mr. Finnigan.

MR. FINNIGAN: I didn't mean to interrupt but I was just asking if you could clarify, your Honor, that this is a case where AEP's interests are aligned with the auditor's interests and the Staff's interests in the sense that the auditor testified that she had no finding of imprudence in her report, and that's the outcome that AEP obviously wants here. So with their interests aligned, there can be no cross-examination. There -- AEP's attorneys should only be allowed to ask questions as on direct examination without being able to lead the witness with these yes or no type questions as Mr. Schuler has started out doing. I just would ask that you clarify that at the outset of his examination.

EXAMINER PARROT: I think that's an overly simplistic view of things in this case,

Mr. Finnigan. So I am not going to instruct the

Company in that way, but if we do get to a question that I feel is maybe more of a friendly type of question, at that point I will interject, and you may do so as well, of course.

MR. FINNIGAN: Okay.

EXAMINER PARROT: All right, Mr. Schuler.

MR. FINNIGAN: Your Honor, if I could just have a continuing objection to leading questions by Mr. Schuler and then I won't interrupt him each time.

EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Noted for the record.

Go ahead, Mr. Schuler.

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MR. SCHULER: Thank you, your Honor.

- Q. (By Mr. Schuler) Your understanding of the purpose and scope of the audit you were to conduct is not to reconsider the ICPA to be included in the PPA Rider for the audit period of 2018 to 2019, correct?
- A. That's correct. We stated, you know, given the ICPA in place, et cetera, yes.
- Q. I will ask a hopefully very obvious question. In your audit you did not consider factual developments that took place after December 31, 2019, correct?
 - A. We did not.
- Q. You would agree we spent a lot of time talking about prudence over the last two days, and the term appears throughout -- numerous times throughout the audit report, correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. As an auditor, you would agree that prudence of a decision must be determined based upon information known to the decision-maker at the time of the decision, correct?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. You would also agree that hindsight review is not part of a prudency audit, correct?
 - A. I wouldn't state it quite like that.

So we have the benefit of hindsight, for example, looking at the actual energy prices, let's say, in -- in PJM during the audit period. So we're looking backwards. The people making the decision at the time, they didn't know how that would play out. You can still look at this and say, you know, something was prudent, maybe it could have been done better. We recommend a better way to do it, so. And that, because we do have hindsight, we can compare the decision-making to the outcomes. But you still don't judge. You know, you -- you can give advice, the recommendations based on hindsight, which is exactly what we did. We looked at the outcomes in the market.

But outcomes can be -- just stepping away from the audit, outcomes can be terrible even if

people make good decisions because there is a lot in the world you can't control. But you can look back on it and say, well, if this thing happened, you know, if this thing could happen again in the future, whatever, I will make a slightly different decision and that way I can be -- you know, I can do better no matter what the scenario is. So I think it's a little more subtle.

- Q. So what you're saying is you have the benefit of hindsight as an auditor looking at prudence, correct?
 - A. We do, and we used it in the report.
- Q. But making a determination about whether the decision-maker was prudent did not involve, and should not involve, hindsight in place of the decision made by the decision-maker, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

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- Q. You would agree it's also possible that a prudent decision will not always result in the lowest-cost option, correct?
- A. Logically that has to be true because lowest cost isn't optimization but prudence can encompass a range of behavior. We talked about yesterday a reasonable person would -- might have a different view of prudence, so you have say a

spectrum of prudent behavior that's more than one thing but an optimization problem, whether it's maximum or minimum, that -- so you have a spectrum compared to a single thing, they are not one to one.

- Q. So you would also agree then that it's possible that a decision that was prudent at the time of the decision that does not turn out to be the best possible decision that could have been made based on actual events, correct? Because there is a spectrum --
- MR. McKENNEY: Objection.
- 12 A. That could happen.

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- EXAMINER PARROT: Dr. Fagan, hold -- hold on a moment. I think --
- MR. McKENNEY: I am withdrawing my objection, sorry.
- 17 EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Go ahead.
- 18 A. That could happen.
- Q. Dr. Fagan, could I take you to page 16 of the audit report. Let me know when you are there, please.
 - A. I am there.
- Q. And you would agree that you have a discussion here about the FirstEnergy Solutions bankruptcy?

A. That's correct.

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Q. And here you state that energy -- let me start from the beginning. Strike that.

Am I reading this correctly that you state in the audit report, "The bankrupt FirstEnergy Solutions ('FES'), now Energy Harbor Corp., initially refused to pay its 4.85 percent PPR under the ICPA."

- A. Correct. That's our understanding.
- Q. Would you agree that Energy Harbor eventually took financial responsibility for all OVEC costs that were incurred during the bankruptcy proceedings?
- A. That, I believe, happened after we completed the audit report. But I understand that to be true. Subject to checking but I believe they did that.
- Q. Would you agree that, during the time of the audit report, AEP Ohio and other sponsoring companies that were entitled to FES's share of the available energy -- strike that.

Would you agree that AEP Ohio and other sponsoring companies were entitled to FES's share available -- of available energy during the pending bankruptcy?

A. That's my understanding. I don't know

about the whole period of the bankruptcy, but at some point the other companies were entitled to I think proportionate shares.

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- Q. And you agree some of that took place during the audit -- during the audit period, correct?
 - A. I believe -- 2018 or 2019, yes.
- Q. You are aware that AEP Ohio sold that energy into the PJM energy market, correct?
- A. Yes, I think we have footnotes to that effect in some of the material in chapter 4.
- Q. Would you agree that that maximized the revenues of the FirstEnergy shares during a time of uncertainty?
- A. I don't know if it maximized because that's a very specific term, but my understanding that the companies were allowed shares and I believe they weren't required to pay the demand charges, so it -- it probably was a benefit. I don't know about maximize, but it probably was a benefit.
 - Q. Fair enough.
 - A. You know, a cost savings let's call it.
- Q. So you would agree that FirstEnergy's bankruptcy did not negatively impact the PPA Rider, correct?
- MS. BOJKO: Objection, your Honor. Calls

for speculation. She just used the speculative word in her prior answer. She said she didn't know.

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EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

- A. I want to check whether I have something specific in chapter 4. So we didn't talk about it specifically in chapter 4, or we didn't talk about it specifically.
- Q. No, I understand that. I'm asking of your knowledge. Let me -- let me ask a different question.

You stated that AEP Ohio did not have to pay the demand charges for FirstEnergy Solutions and were also entitled to the energy of FirstEnergy Solutions, correct?

- A. We -- that's my understanding. I don't think we wrote anything to that effect in the report but that's my understanding of how that worked.
- Q. So if that is the case, your understanding, you would agree that the FirstEnergy bankruptcy did not negatively impact the PPA Rider during the audit period, correct?

MS. BOJKO: Objection, your Honor, calls for speculation. She said she didn't do the analysis. It's not in the audit report, and now he is asking her to draw a conclusion of how it affected

the rider. That's speculative.

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MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I asked based on her understanding that she just suggested was her understanding.

A. We used the term "impacted" -
EXAMINER PARROT: Hang on a minute,

Dr. Fagan. Just a moment.

THE WITNESS: I'm sorry.

EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled. Go ahead and answer.

A. We used the term "impacted" in the heading of section 2.5 to discuss this -- the bankruptcy and its impact, not quantitative but the fact that these things are related. So there was the FirstEnergy Solutions bankruptcy, here's how it relates to OVEC and the AEP Ohio charges so -- oh, yes, and we also -- it was sorted out in May of 2020, so after the audit period, but we were aware of it writing the report. So impacted, we didn't say negatively, not positively. What we were saying is this is how these things are related. This is how these things are connected and that was our message here.

Q. You would agree that the issues in the FirstEnergy bankruptcy case are entirely different

from the issues in this case which is an audit of the PPA Rider for AEP Ohio during this time of 2018 and 2019, correct?

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MR. FINNIGAN: Your Honors, I think the question about what the issues are in the bankruptcy case versus what the issues are in a Commission case calls for a legal conclusion.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I am just simply asking her understanding based on some of the statements she made on pages 16 and 17 of the audit report specifically discussing the bankruptcy proceeding of FirstEnergy Solutions.

EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled. To the extent you are able to answer, Dr. Fagan, go ahead.

- A. We're not -- we didn't look at the ins and outs of the bankruptcy proceeding. It's just -- but we thought we ought to mention it because FirstEnergy Solutions is one of the -- was one of the participating companies, so we didn't -- it's beyond the scope of the audit to determine were there similar issues in a bankruptcy case to this case, so we don't have a comment on that.
- Q. Do you have any understanding of the OVEC issues in the bankruptcy proceeding?
 - A. So my general understanding is what we

put here in the paragraph which is Energy

Harbor/FirstEnergy Solutions argued that, well, we shouldn't have to pay a bill because we are in bankruptcy, and FERC said -- FERC has jurisdiction, then there has to be a public interest consideration.

And we're not lawyers. We wanted to just put in a brief summary of, you know, the -- something that impacts the eventual charges in -- in the pieces of the OVEC bill that go to the other participating companies like AEP Ohio.

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- Q. So you understand one of the issues in the bankruptcy proceeding was FirstEnergy Solutions, later known as Energy Harbor, trying to abrogate their responsibilities under the ICPA?
- A. I don't know if it was abrogate under the ICPA but, yes, that's -- if that's the only contract, then that would apply. But I can't -- I am not a lawyer. You all can understand the terms much better than I do.
- Q. You are not aware of any other contracts for OVEC other than the ICPA, correct?
 - A. I'm not aware of any.
- Q. And you would agree that AEP Ohio has not tried to abrogate its responsibilities under the ICPA through a bankruptcy proceeding, correct?

A. I don't think there is anything like that. I am not aware.

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- Q. And that's not an issue in this case obviously, correct?
- A. That's correct. We didn't write this paragraph because it's an issue. We wrote the paragraph because -- because other companies, other participating companies were allowed to, you know, get a proportionate share of FirstEnergy Solutions that is -- that has a connection to the costs and revenues from OVEC so that's why this is in the report.
- Q. All right. So it was an issue in the bankruptcy proceeding; it is not an issue in this. You would agree they are two distinct proceedings and different analyses?
- A. They are -- I didn't do any analysis on the other two -- on the other proceedings. But in my mind, this analysis, you know, for the purpose of the audit is -- is distinct. It was done for this purpose. I didn't do any research or -- you know, examining these other ones in any more detail than just to say I know what's going on and why does -- why do -- why did we write about it, why is it even in this report.

- Q. Let me change topics, Dr. Fagan. You would agree that the terms self-commit and must-run commitment statuses show up routinely throughout the audit report, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

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- Q. And you would agree that they are referring to the same concepts?
- A. The same concept, that's my understanding and how I use the terms, yes.
- Q. And I believe Ms. Bojko also had you agree that self-scheduling is properly a third term for the same concept, correct?
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. Turn you to page 21 of the audit report.
 - A. I'm there.
- Q. You agree that coal plants, like OVEC, were designed as baseload units, correct?
- A. Yes. Older coal plants, in fact, maybe most coal plants, are designed to run baseload.
- Q. And I believe you talked about this a little bit earlier this afternoon, but coal units designed to be baseload require different considerations than gas plants that run intermittently or as peakers, correct?
- 25 A. I want to be more specific about

different considerations. So I think we mentioned -I mean, things that we talked about in this
proceeding, minimum run -- I mean, startup costs,
minimum run times, those kinds of considerations and
perhaps technical, the -- some plants are designed to
start up, shut down frequently, and other plants
aren't. So specifically those consider -- and costs
which you -- so those considerations you would -- you
would take into account.

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- Q. And let's unpack that a little bit. A coal plant generally has a slower startup time than a gas peaking plant, correct?
- A. I don't know the exact times but generally, yes.
 - Q. And coal plants can often have more expensive startup costs than a peaker plant like a gas peaking plant, correct?
 - A. Again, I don't know the actual numbers but -- but generally I would say yes.
 - Q. You would also agree that baseload units often operate as must-run commitment status, correct?
- A. I think it probably depends on the market, but they would maybe -- what can we say? I mean, do you have a nuclear plant? They usually run baseload. That's really hard, you know, startup. It

doesn't -- it would be surprising if those weren't committed as baseload -- excuse me, as must run. So you would have to look market by market but -- I think I would want to be able to be more specific to answer that.

Q. Fair enough.

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You would agree that baseload assets, such as coal plants, are not designed to cycle -- cycle regularly, correct?

- A. My understanding is that baseload plants are not designed for turning on and turning off and ramping up and down frequently, so cycling, yeah, that's not -- that's not the intent of their design.
- Q. And that is because of the longer startup times and more expensive costs we just discussed, correct? One of the reasons.
 - A. One of the reasons, one of the reasons.
- Q. You would agree that operating a plant under an economic commitment status will likely result in more cycling of the plants compared to a must-run commitment status, correct?
- A. It depends on, you know, prices in the market, but compared to being on all the time, even if you just cycled one time, that's more than, you know, in a must run. So I think mathematically what

you said is correct. What it looks like in reality, how much cycling depends on market conditions like prices and the cost of the plant and all the considerations.

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Q. Certainly. But a must-run -- a plant -- strike that.

A plant in a must-run commitment status will run at a least-economic minimum unless it is during an outage, correct?

- A. That's usually -- that's the definition of must run or self-commitment is you are on at a minimum level. You're available, and you are going to run at this minimum level and it could be more but there's an economic minimum, that's right.
- Q. And there is no such certainty under an economic commitment status, correct?
- A. I don't know if "certainty" is the right word. There are RTOs. Let me think about this.

 There are RTOs including PJM. If you -- if you are -- if you -- if they need to run and -- and they call on you to run, you've provided the RTO with information like minimum run times, startup times, costs, this, and that. If they need the plant, there is -- I want to say make-whole payments, so it's a little more complicated than what you are saying

but -- would you repeat it?

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- Q. Sure. And let me -- let me rephrase because I'm talking about PJM.
 - So a -- a plant in the PJM RTO that is in an economic commitment status would not be guaranteed to run as much as the plant under a must-run commitment status, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. And I believe we established this but for clarity, that would result in cycling of the plant.

 By "cycling" I mean ramping down or turning off and then ramping up and/or turning back on, correct?
 - A. Choosing economic commitment would result in some -- probably, it depends on market prices, but probably more cycling than must run.
- Q. Do you agree that increased cycling increases wear and tear on coal plants?
 - A. That is my understanding. I am not an engineer but that's my understanding.
 - Q. And based on your understanding, there would be increased wear and tear on a coal plant that is cycling, that could also increase maintenance expenses as well, correct?
- A. It could. It would be one of the factors. We recommend the careful consideration of

the must-run offer strategy in the audit report and a careful consideration, of course, includes all these costs and risks, you know, wear and tear on the plant, various levels of costs that could change. So you could end up with -- you could end up with higher O&M. It's a -- it's a possibility.

- Q. So if that's a possibility, it's also a possibility that increased wear and tear due to increased cycling could also increase outages for that plant, correct?
- 11 A. That's a little beyond my technical expertise. You mean forced outages?
 - Q. Yes.

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- A. I'm not sure. It's beyond me to be able to answer that.
 - Q. Well, you would agree as a layperson that wear and tear can eventually cause something to break, correct?
 - A. Yeah, in general, absolutely.
 - Q. And if --
- MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection, your Honor.
- 22 Never mind.
- Q. And if a coal plant like one of the two
 in OVEC broke, and was not able to operate, it could
 decrease revenues as a result, correct?

A. That could happen.

2.1

MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection, your Honor, incomplete hypothetical.

EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead and answer, Dr. Fagan.

- A. So as I was saying, it could happen. There are various factors. We -- you know, I think we talked about -- earlier about the factors that you would consider. Again, we said careful consideration to costs, risks, et cetera, for looking at having the option to do economic commitment versus must run and that would be -- that would be one of the things that -- that would be considered.
- Q. You said it could happen meaning that it could increase outages. It's increasing -- strike that.

You would agree that increased outages could increase the likelihood of OVEC incurring capacity performance penalties, correct?

A. Pretty complicated question. When companies develop strategies for bidding into the PJM capacity market because it's a capacity performance market and they know they have to perform or pay a penalty, they generally take a certain outage level or percent probability into consideration. So if

they -- again, this is just working through the logic. My guess is a company says, well, we might have more outages. We are going to bid differently into the capacity market to reduce our risk of, you know, being called upon to run when we can't. So it might -- so there is a feedback loop, right? People are thinking. So if you think you might have more outages, you might bid differently into the capacity markets to manage risk. I mean, I could imagine that that's what, you know, people would consider.

- Q. You referenced your recommendation in a couple of those answers there. Can you turn to page 53 of the audit report where I believe you discuss that.
 - A. I'm there.

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- Q. And I believe you have taken a look at this quite a bit over the last two days but right there on page 53 where it says "must-run offer strategy," do you agree you made a recommendation, LEI recommends that OVEC carefully consider when and whether the must-run offer strategy is optimal? Do you see that language?
 - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. You did not conclude that must run was an imprudent action during the audit period, correct?

A. That's correct.

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- Q. And you did not recommend that OVEC retire, correct?
- A. Retirement analysis was out of the scope of the audit, so we didn't recommend or not recommend.
- Q. And there's no analysis in the report -- strike that.

Because it was outside the scope, as you just said, there is no analysis in the report that OVEC should retire, correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. Your language here about careful consideration of when and whether the must-run offer strategy is optimal, you would agree that you are recommending careful consideration and study, not that it actually happen, correct? Strike that.

MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection. Question...

- Q. You recommend that OVEC should give careful consideration and study to the consideration of economic commitment, not that OVEC actually implement economic commitment, correct?
- A. I don't think we used the word "study,"
 but I guess that's implied in "consideration." We
 don't know what the outcome would be but we -- but as

we said, it appears in some months, the months must-run offer strategy during the audit period resulted in negative energy earnings for the plants. We want to see the flexibility of not always having to use the must-run offer strategy. We want to see the flexibility that OVEC's considering using the economic commitment strategy at times because given the results of the audit, it could save money. Now, there are considerations we talked about, right? We had what the plants are designed to do and not do, minimum run times, startup, shutdown, et cetera. That's why we use the word "carefully."

There is a lot of things to consider.

But we didn't say you -- you know, you must not use a must-run offer strategy.

- Q. For the sake of asking the obvious, as a practical matter, this recommendation of careful consideration cannot be applied retroactively to the audit period as that time has already passed, correct?
 - A. That's logically correct. Yeah, yeah.
- Q. So this is a recommendation for the future, correct?
- A. Yes. But -- yeah.
- 25 Q. Sorry.

2.1

A. I was saying by definition, yeah.

2.1

Q. In your audit you did not make any specific factual findings to conclude that during the audit period, an economic commitment of OVEC units would have saved money, correct?

MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection, mischaracterizes the evidence in the record.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I am simply asking if she knows. I am not trying to characterize anything.

EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

- A. As we said on page 9, we -- you know, under "Disposition of energy and capacity," the first paragraph in that, our "analysis showed that some of the time, the PJM energy price did not cover fuel and variable cost, though LEI's analysis did not fully evaluate a re-dispatching...." So I think that gets to your answer. We didn't go back and say, what if dispatching looks different? I think that's what you asked.
- Q. But because you did not do a re-dispatching study of the OVEC units, you cannot conclude that during the audit period running the OVEC units in an economic commitment status would have saved money, correct?

A. The results of the audit indicate that it might have based on the monthly average costs of the months we sampled because some of those averages, and I know that's confidential, some of those averages were negative, so it was an indicator that it -- I think that's the way we said it on page -- yeah, so it appears that in some months the must-run offer strategy may result in negative energy earnings for the plant.

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So given the information that we used, there was an indicator that using a different strategy in some months at some times based on careful consideration would perhaps have resulted in less negative energy margins and in this case on a monthly average basis. As I said, we didn't do an hourly analysis.

- Q. And you would need an hourly analysis to make that determination, correct?
- A. Do you mean the determination of the actual dollar amount of if you -- if they ran the plants at economic dispatch all the time versus must run all the time?
- Q. Sorry. I think my question was
 confusing. I apologize. Let me try it a different
 way.

573 1 You said that it might have saved money 2 if OVEC had operated under an economic commitment 3 status during the audit period but that is not the same as saying that it would have saved money if OVEC 4 5 had operated under an economic commitment status 6 during the audit period, correct? 7 MS. BOJKO: Objection, asked and answered 8 a couple times. 9 MR. SCHULER: She asked me a question 10 back. I was trying to clarify. 11 EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled. 12 It might have saved money, given our 13 analysis, looking at those two years, it might have 14 saved money. 15 Ο. Is it fair it might not have saved money? 16 MS. BOJKO: Objection, your Honor. 17 asked the same question, and she answered with the 18 answer she's provided. 19 MR. SCHULER: I asked if it might have. 20 I am asking now if it might not have. 2.1 MS. BOJKO: Actually your first question 22 was both, and then you broke it out. 23 EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled. 24 Go ahead, Dr. Fagan.

From a logical perspective, having the

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option to do something like commit based on economics versus must run, it's an option, meaning we would do it if it saved money so -- so requiring it might or might not save money. You know, based on the audit, maybe it would have a few months. But allowing it, considering it, seems to me like it would save money. Otherwise you would consider it and not do it, so you have the option to do something that could save money. Given --

- Q. You have not -- oh, sorry.
- A. No. I was going to say with all the careful considerations so, yeah.
 - Q. You have not quantified any savings that could have been realized had OVEC operated under an economic commitment status during the audit period, correct?
 - A. We did not.

2.1

- Q. You would agree that changing OVEC's commitment status requires a decision by the OVEC Operating Committee, correct?
 - A. That is our understanding.
- Q. And that means that is not a decision that can be made by an individual sponsor company like AEP Ohio, correct?
- A. Not individually but in the context of

committee discussions and activities, I guess I am speculating on the conversations that go on, but there must be discussions and, you know, people present various views. So ultimately the decision making is, you know, in a group, but AEP Ohio and the other participants have input into that process. So it's not -- it's not yes. It's not no. It's a more nuanced answer.

- Q. So AEP Ohio may have input but not ultimate decision-making authority. That would go to the Operating Committee, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

2.1

- Q. Do you agree that forward market revenues are uncertain?
- A. The further forward you go, the more uncertain they are. So broadly, yes.
- Q. Can you turn to page 9 of the audit report.
 - A. I'm there.
- Q. You see there where the language in the last paragraph, the last -- it rolls over, I believe, onto page 10, "Markets can change, so LEI recommends that OVEC re-consider its 'must-run' offer strategy," and then there is a parenthetical, "and utilize near-term (one week to one month) demand and price

forecasts to formulate offers." Do you see that language?

A. Yes.

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- Q. You have not concluded that running such an analysis would actually result in anything other than OVEC operating under a must-run commitment status, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Is it possible if OVEC adopted your recommendation, OVEC would continue to run in a must-run commitment status?
- MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection, incomplete hypothetical.
- MR. SCHULER: I was simply asking whether it was possible, not whether it will actually happen, your Honor.
 - MS. BOJKO: Objection, your Honor. It also calls for speculation. These are all questions that Staff counsel was objecting to when it was the Intervenors, and some of them we were not allowed to ask. They are the exact same questions. I am not sure why.
- EXAMINER PARROT: I think I allowed a lot of them so overruled.
- MS. BOJKO: Thank you, your Honor.

THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. Can I have the question? May I hear the question again?

MR. SCHULER: I'm sorry, Karen. Can you reread the question, please.

(Record read.)

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- A. It depends on energy prices and their costs and their evaluation of risk. There is a lot of factors. It's possible, I guess. I wouldn't think it was likely but, again, there is many factors.
- Q. You agree that the OVEC Operating

 Committee does not make daily decisions of dispatch,

 correct?
- A. Referring to -- we have a chart about the daily operating meeting which I know is confidential, so I won't read any of it in detail. But let me just refer to it.

Right. We talked about this. So the Energy Scheduling department has the internal calls. They look at unit status availability, et cetera.

So it doesn't appear that the Operating Committee is involved in those day-to-day decisions. It doesn't mean that the Operating Committee doesn't step back and review them, you know, from time to time.

I am looking at a sample agenda of their meeting. That's Figure 22. So this particular one there is no agenda item that says specifically that they are -- they review the -- the daily outcomes, but I think there is a daily internal report. I just want to find that part.

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Right, so on page 44, "OVEC subsequently," this is from joining PJM, "established a daily internal PJM Demand Comparison Report, which provides operating data" unit by unit. The report is made available to plant operations personnel. So I don't think the OVEC committee -- it doesn't look -- we didn't ask specifically. It doesn't look like on a daily or weekly or monthly basis they look at this, but we didn't ask that specific question.

- Q. Would you agree that's probably a decision done by the plant operators?
- A. My understanding, again this is broad, is that daily decisions require input from quite a number of people in plant operations, so the operator, perhaps a market analyst, it just -- it could be a number of people. Is that what you are asking?
- Q. I'm asking whether the plant operators would be responsible for daily decisions of dispatch?

A. That -- double-check language. That's my understanding here. So -- so I don't want to read in detail from Figure 20 because it's confidential. I can answer your question better about who is involved on a daily basis but not without reading confidential information.

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Q. That's fine. Thank you for respecting that. We will try and work around that. We have managed to do it all the last two days.

So it's fair to say based on the confidential Figure 20, you have an understanding of who handles daily operating decisions for the OVEC units, correct, without identifying any of the specific information?

- A. It gives us a general idea of -- of who is responsible for the decision-making, yes.
- Q. You don't know, as you sit here today, whether any of those persons responsible look at expected energy margins, correct?
- A. I think we talked about this before. We didn't ask that so we -- we don't have it in the report, although we did ask about energy and that -- I think we talked about it before on page 42, unit status and availability, derates, potential unit liabilities, outage status, concern -- return to

service dates. So the information we have talks more about sort of the physical technical side of things rather than from a price forecast or profit and loss or, you know, those issues we were talking about before.

- Q. So if it's not in the report and you did not ask about it, is it fair to say you don't know that information?
 - A. We don't know.

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- Q. Let me turn you to Figure 26 where I think we spent a lot of time over the last two days and I will try to make this brief.
- A. I am reminding myself it's confidential so.
- Q. Yes, it is, Dr. Fagan. Just a couple of brief questions and some of these may have been asked and answered and I apologize in advance. I think it's a little bit muddy. The analysis you conducted -- strike that.

Here you talk about an analysis where you randomly sampled seven months during the audit period, correct?

A. Correct.

MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection. Objection, mischaracterizes the witness's prior testimony.

MR. SCHULER: I was not referring to prior testimony. I'm asking what she did in this figure, your Honor.

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EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead and answer,
Dr. Fagan, but I see what Ms. Wachspress is kind of
getting at there but I will leave it to you to
clarify.

A. And I do feel I need to clarify something. So we say we "examined seven months chosen at random" but, you know, "random" is not the right word. We made sure we picked months that represented different weather conditions, different conditions. So "random" -- we use the word "random" in the report. "Random" could have ended up -- you know, technically the word "random," we could have ended up with only winter months or only summer or only spring and fall and that's not what we wanted. We wanted a selection.

So "random" isn't the right way to describe it. We used that word, but we intentionally picked months based on the fact that they have different times of the year and they represent, you know, different requirements on the system, prices, et cetera.

Q. You would agree for each one of those

seven months that you ultimately determined a net of PJM price less OVEC charge, correct?

- A. We determined a net of the monthly average around-the-clock PJM price against the OVEC energy charge.
- Q. And that analysis did not include an hour-by-hour re-dispatch as we discussed earlier, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

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- Q. You did not conduct a similar analysis of netting out PJM price less OVEC charge for all 24 months of the audit period, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. You also did not conduct an analysis for the net PJM price less OVEC charge for the 24 months combined, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. As you only looked at 7 out of 24 months, it is possible that variable revenues exceeded variable costs during the audit period, correct?
- MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection, calls for speculation.
- MS. KERN: I join that objection.
- MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I am not asking her to speculate about the future. I am asking her

to opine about the 24 months that are directly at issue in the -- this audit proceeding.

MS. WACHSPRESS: Counsel is asking her to speculate about the results of the study that he's repeatedly established she did not actually do.

EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

- A. We didn't summarize that here so I can't answer. I don't know.
- Q. Let me take you to page 63 of the audit report. I am going to warn myself and you ahead of this.
 - A. Confidential.

2.1

Q. This is all confidential. I am going to try and work around it as best we can. I will try to give warning before questions as well.

You state here -- sorry. I'm trying to make sure I am not grabbing anything confidential. Without referencing the number, at the bottom of page 63, there is a paragraph there. And you found that LEI -- excuse me. Strike that.

LEI found that for Clifty Creek plant, the coal purchase prices were higher than the spot prices from SNL. Other than the editing of a number there, you would agree that I have accurately read that statement, correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. In the confidential number that is part of that sentence, you did not account for delivery costs associated with spot market coal, correct?
- A. That's correct. The delivery costs analysis is a separate section.
- Q. And that number, that confidential number that is at the bottom of page 63 that we just referenced, does not include that separate analysis.
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Okay.

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- A. This is just the commodity.
- Q. You go on to state that that is mainly attributable to expensive coal purchased from a specific party. Do you see that without revealing what the party's name is?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Hopefully we can do this without getting into a confidential document. You would agree that the contract -- strike that.

You would agree that the expensive coal you are referencing there is resulting from a contract that you reviewed as part of this audit?

A. That's correct. The coal prices, the OVEC coal prices are the results of our looking at

the contract prices that we reviewed for the audit.

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- Q. Without revealing anything else specific or the name, would you agree -- do you recall that that contract was a long-term contract for a term of 10 years?
- MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection, leading the witness.
 - MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, it's cross-examination. I am allowed to lead the witness. I believe we established that earlier.

EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

- A. I don't remember the details of every contract, but some of them are longer-term contracts. Some are -- some are short-term contracts. There's a variety for each of the plants.
- Q. This one caught your eye, correct?

 Hence, why it is specifically mentioned here?
- MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection, assumes facts not in evidence, why -- why it would catch the witness's eye, the -- how Counsel would have a basis to assert that fact. Are they referring to private conversations? I'm not sure but.
- MS. KERN: Staff would join the objection.
- MR. FINNIGAN: Your Honor, I join that

objection too. I mean, first, we heard that this is a section with confidential material. We are not going to talk about the confidential material. And now we talk about something that's 10 years' long as part of a contract and something that might have caught your eye so. You know, this is unfair.

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MR. SCHULER: I'll rephrase.

EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Okay. Go ahead and rephrase.

Q. (By Mr. Schuler) You said you reviewed numerous contracts during your audit, correct?

Strike that.

You said you reviewed numerous coal contracts as part of your audit, correct?

- A. To be clear, in this part of the audit, my staff did the detailed reading of the contracts, and I reviewed the results and the -- the report, et cetera, so those are my responsibility, but I probably -- I don't have the detailed recollection of what's in all the contracts. But we, London Economics, as London Economics as a team reviewed the contracts.
- Q. Did you review any of those contracts during your audit?
- MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection, your Honor,

1 | vague. What contracts is he referring to?

2 MR. SCHULER: I apologize. I will

3 rephrase.

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Q. Did you review any of the coal contracts that we've been discussing, Dr. Fagan?

MS. BOJKO: Objection, asked and answered. She already said she did not.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I don't think she said she didn't. She said her team looked at them. I don't think she opined whether she had looked at them at all.

EXAMINER PARROT: I agree.

Go ahead and answer, Dr. Fagan.

- A. I didn't personally read all the coal contracts, and I actually might not have read any of them. My team read them, pulled together the analysis, and I reviewed the analysis.
- Q. Would you agree that many of those contracts were entered into before the audit period to the best of your knowledge?

MS. BOJKO: Objection, your Honor. She's never reviewed them. How could she possibly answer that question?

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, she stated her team reviewed them, and they are specifically talked

about in the audit report that she is sponsoring here.

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EXAMINER PARROT: If you are able to answer, Dr. Fagan, go ahead.

A. I am looking to see if we noted that in any of the confidential table where I won't reveal the information but just to see if we have the date they were entered into. So we don't have it in the audit report so I'm not -- I don't have it at my fingertips the date that the various contracts were entered into.

MR. McKENNEY: Your Honor, before we have any additional questions, I don't think there is counsel on for the auditor currently.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you,

Mr. McKenney, for noting that. Mr. Lindgren is

there. Mr. Lindgren, I think you may be following my

playbook and talking while on mute.

MR. LINDGREN: Can you hear me now?

EXAMINER PARROT: We can.

MR. LINDGREN: Yes, I believe we lost Ms. Kern again, but you can go ahead.

EXAMINER PARROT: Okay.

Q. (By Mr. Schuler) Dr. Fagan, do you know, either based on your own personal review of the

contract or based on the information you received from your audit team, whether any of the contracts were entered into during the audit period?

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A. I'm examining our section -- or our 6.1.3.5 to be able to answer and to also work around the confidential so bear with me for a second.

MS. WACHSPRESS: Your Honor, if I may, this is Megan Wachspress for NRDC. Counsel is asking questions about whether the witness knows, and the witness has been referring to the audit report.

Certainly Counsel can refer to specific places in the audit report to refresh the witness's recollection, but I worry that we are answering a series of questions about her personal knowledge by reference to a document that she is the lead author on but not -- doesn't uniformly speak to her personal knowledge.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, the audit report is part of, and has been incorporated as part of, Dr. Fagan's testimony, so it is Dr. Fagan referring to her own testimony effectively.

MR. FINNIGAN: Your Honor, I would just add --

MR. SCHULER: Completely permissible.

MR. FINNIGAN: Your Honor, I'm sorry. I

didn't mean to interrupt. I just want to object.

This is hearsay. We have no opportunity to cross-examine these people that supplied information about the length of the contracts.

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EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled. Go ahead, Dr. Fagan.

- A. I think the question was -- I don't think this question was about the length of the contract.

 This question was when contracts were executed, is it?
- Q. Correct. Whether you or any of your team know.
- A. So we have a sentence, part of which isn't redacted, on page 60. It's the last paragraph on the page. "OVEC executed two contracts for the year 2019." So if it's for the year 2019, I think that's probably when it was executed. I would have to look at it. I think that's as close as I can come to if contracts were executed in the audit period.
- Q. And without revealing any names, the company that is a part of the contract referenced on page 60 in your 2019 is different from the company that is referenced at the bottom of page 63, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. Dr. Fagan, I believe -- strike that.

Dr. Fagan, the capital expenditures made on OVEC during the audit period were not found to be imprudent in your audit, correct?

A. That's correct.

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- Q. And you would agree that investments made after the audit period are obviously not a part of this audit, correct?
- A. I say that's correct. I mean, the process of making the investments, we audited the process as well as the investments. I am trying to think if -- you know what? I wouldn't think so.
- Q. Well, you did not audit capital investments that were made after December 31, 2019, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Such investments would presumably be a part of a future audit if one existed, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Can I turn you to page 96 of the audit report.
 - A. I'm there.
- Q. Do you see the line at the bottom of that page that says "Most coal plants of similar size as Clifty Creek and Kyger Creek in PJM have either announced or are planning for deactivation due to

economic viability issues and aging problems"?

A. Yes.

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Q. The plant that you are referring to in that sentence -- strike that.

Are any of the plants that you are referring to in that sentence committed under the Coal Combustion Residual rule or the Effluent Limitations Guidelines rule?

9 MS. WACHSPRESS: Consistently calls
10 for -- objection, calls for speculation and facts not
11 in evidence.

MS. BOJKO: OMAEG joins.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I'm asking if that is a fact. I am not asking about the future. I am asking whether those plants are committed.

MR. McKENNEY: IEU-Ohio joins in the objection.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, he is asking about --

20 EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

- A. I don't know.
- Q. Can I take you to page 92 of the audit report.
- A. Okay. We have a confidential figure on that table. Yes, I'm there.

Q. Yes. And I will not be asking about that, but thank you.

There is a line there, do you see at the top of the page? I believe it's the second sentence "Under such circumstances, a cap or ceiling on annual expenditures would be prudent to prevent over-investment." Do you see that line?

A. Yes.

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Q. You would agree that AEP Ohio is not in control of -- strike that.

You would agree that AEP Ohio is not solely in control of capital expenditures at OVEC, correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. You would agree that capital expenditures at OVEC is part of a six-step process that is mentioned on a number of pages throughout your audit report, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. You also acknowledge in that same paragraph that OVEC is not allowed to earn a return on capital projects, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. You would agree that OVEC having no return on capital projects creates no incentive to

overinvest in OVEC, correct?

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MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection, calls for speculation, incomplete hypothetical.

EXAMINER PARROT: To the extent you are able to answer, Dr. Fagan, go ahead.

- A. I disagree with that.
- Q. Dr. Fagan, you'd agree that there are generally three ratings of coal plants, subcritical, supercritical, and ultra-supercritical, correct?
- A. I'm not an engineer. Broadly I think that's right.
- Q. Based on your knowledge, is it your understanding that the main difference between those ratings is generally pressure and temperature which ultimately results in different efficiency ratings?

MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection. The witness just testified she's not an engineer and that she thinks that's right. I don't know that we have laid a foundation for her to testify as to these kinds of engineering specifics.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, that's why I prefaced the question based on her understanding. If she doesn't know, she can tell me that.

EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead, Dr. Fagan.

A. There may be other factors and

considerations but my understanding -- and I don't know the actual numbers for pressure and temperature, but my understanding is that that's -- those are distinguishing factors between the three kinds of plants just based on my broad nonengineering understanding.

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- Q. And based on your broad nonengineering understanding, you would agree that those different ratings, because they have different temperatures and pressures, have different efficiency ratings, correct?
- A. There may be various reasons for different efficiency ratings but I think the reason that these plants -- that you have these developments of coal technology is in order to get more efficiency, but again, not an engineer but I think that's the idea of changing an evolving technology is to become more efficient.
- Q. Would you agree that a more efficient generation plant can create the same amount of energy while using less fuel?
- MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection as to relevance. I'm not sure what this has to do with the audit or the OVEC plants.
- MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, if I could have

a little bit of leeway, I'm getting there.

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EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead, Dr. Fagan.

- A. So -- so in theory that would be the idea of efficiency using less fuel to get the same output or maybe efficiency in -- fuel efficiency. There's maybe technologies that use like water cooling more efficiently. So I think the fuel piece is probably -- is one piece, but you don't want to only -- you wouldn't want to only look at that. There's -- you know, there is other pieces of an efficient operation.
- Q. In other words, there could be other pieces of O&M that could reduce as a result of increased efficiency, correct?
 - A. I would probably want to know more details. I mean -- I mean, O&M per unit of output or? I just don't know.
- Q. Okay. Take you to page 100 of the audit report.
 - A. I'm there.
- Q. You would agree here you have done a comparison of OVEC O&M costs to an industry average of O&M costs, correct?
- A. You use the term "industry average," but
 I would say it's more like an industry benchmark

because it's for -- it's from, you know, one kind of coal. It's an EIA O&M cost for ultra-supercritical coal which -- it's more -- it's a newer technology than the OVEC plants. It was just sort of a benchmark number. I don't know -- you probably wouldn't call it an industry average. There is probably a lot more, you know, subcritical coal, et cetera, out there. So "industry average," it should probably say "industry benchmark."

Q. Dr. Fagan, you reference the EIA report there in footnote 176. Could you please open up
AEP Ohio Cross Exhibit 23 if you have it.

A. AEP Ohio.

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MR. SCHULER: And, your Honor, while Dr. Fagan is finding that, I'd like to have this marked as AEP Ohio Exhibit 23. This is an EIA report from February 2020 that is cited in footnote 176 of the audit report.

EXAMINER PARROT: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- A. I might have opened the wrong one because Exhibit 23 that -- the EIA report is dated September 1, 2020. So maybe it's a different one.
- Q. Double-checking that. My apologies.

 Sorry. My 23 that I have appears to be something

different.

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A. My 22 looks like it's what you want. My 22 is a February 2020 EIA document, and I might have the numbers wrong.

5 MS. KERN: That's what counsel has as 6 well.

MR. SCHULER: My apologies. I believe I have things wrong in my files. Your Honor, could I have this document -- we'll leave the marking at AEP Ohio Exhibit 23, your Honor, and if Dr. Fagan opens what has been labeled on the PDF as AEP Ohio Cross Exhibit 22, I think we can get there by me asking a few foundational questions, if that pleases the Bench.

15 EXAMINER PARROT: Hang on a minute.

16 Let's go off the record for a second.

17 (Discussion off the record.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Let's go back on the record. I think we are going to strike -- strike that. This is Exhibit 22, not 23; is that correct, Mr. Schuler?

MR. SCHULER: Correct. I would like to have Exhibit 22, identified which is an EIA report from February 2020 that is referenced in footnote 176 of the audit report.

EXAMINER PARROT: Very good. It's marked AEP Ohio Exhibit 22.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- Q. (By Mr. Schuler) Dr. Fagan, do you recognize this EIA report as what you referenced in footnote 176 of your audit report?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And you would agree that the \$40.58 per kW year average on page 100 of the audit report comes from Table 1-2 of this exhibit? I am trying to find an actual PDF page. One second. I believe it's page 46 of the PDF. I apologize, page 47.
- A. Yeah. 40.58 is on page 47, that's correct.
- 15 | Q. 47, yes.
 - A. So that's the 40, yeah.
 - Q. You would agree that Table 1-2 in this exhibit represents estimated fixed O&M for a greenfield ultra-supercritical coal plant, correct?
 - A. Ultra-supercritical, yes, and I think -- actually I think the whole report is greenfield plants.
 - Q. Sorry.
- MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I'm sorry. Where are you referencing, Mr. Schuler? Did you say

1 Table 1.2?

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MR. SCHULER: 1-2 and it's on page 47 of 212 of the exhibit.

MS. BOJKO: Thank you.

MR. SCHULER: You're welcome.

- Q. Sorry, Dr. Fagan. Were you finished with your answer?
- A. I wanted to check. I don't think they do any brownfields, so I think it's all greenfields, so yes, it's just like -- it's exactly what they say. It's an ultra-supercritical plant. Greenfield means from the ground up, you know.
 - Q. That was going to be my next question. Greenfield refers to a new plant that has not yet been built, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
 - Q. You would agree that an estimate for a greenfield build is not necessarily the same as an industry average of O&M costs, correct?
 - A. That's correct. And I did point that out when we were first speaking that we have a phrase "industry average," but it's we can say industry benchmark.
- Q. Can I turn you to page 21 of the audit report.

- A. Okay. I'm there.
- Q. Do you see at the bottom of the page there, the last line, "but others have begun shifting away from self-committing and towards economic dispatch and seasonal commitments in response to increased regulatory scrutiny," continuing onto page 22. Do you see that line?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. You would agree it is not possible for OVEC to go back in time during the audit period and operate seasonally, correct?
 - A. It's not logically possible.
- Q. I agree. You would agree that OVEC was committed as a capacity resource for the entire audit period, correct?
- A. Yes, that's our understanding of the information that we got on capacity market bidding, yes.
- Q. You would agree that seasonal operations of a plant would not relieve a plant of performing if it is committed in the capacity market, correct?
- A. My understanding of the PJM capacity
 market is that it is -- it's a commitment for the
 l24 l2-month period. I think it is a whole year
 commitment.

Q. So if it's a whole year commitment -- strike that.

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Since it's a whole year commitment, that is not the same as seasonal, correct?

MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection, vague as to what "seasonal" means in this context.

MR. SCHULER: I'll step back, your Honor.

- Q. You -- Dr. Fagan, you understand that seasonal operation to operate during certain seasons of the year and to, I believe you previously said, mothball or shut down during other seasons of the year, correct?
- A. That's my understanding from, for example, what I've seen in ERCOT in Texas.
- Q. So a plant that shifts to seasonal operation, as you understand that meaning, would not be relieved of its obligations as a capacity resource if it is a 12-month annual obligation, correct?
- A. I don't think PJM rules allow for that. Subject to check, but my understanding of the RPM rules, I don't think that's contemplated because it's not a seasonal capacity market, so it's an annual capacity market.
- Q. Do you agree that capacity commitments are generally made three years in advance in the PJM

market, correct?

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- A. In PJM the -- so the -- the first auction for capacity three years -- it's a three-year forward market. Then there's subsequent auctions as they get closer to the delivery date where people can reconfigure offers but -- but the longest time period that you would plan for and commit is it's a three-year forward market.
- Q. You would agree that the concept of seasonal operations for coal plants is a new concept?

 MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection, vague as to "seasonal operation."

MR. SCHULER: Well, your Honor, we just had Dr. Fagan define "seasonal operation," so in these questions I would ask Dr. Fagan to apply the same definition we've been using for the last series of questions.

EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Go ahead, Dr. Fagan.

- A. I don't know if it's new or not.
- Q. Do you know of any plant -- strike that.

 Do you know of any coal plants that have shifted to seasonal operation in PJM?
 - A. I don't know offhand in PJM.
 - Q. Dr. Fagan, do you recall yesterday a

series of questions about the best interest of customers?

- Α. There were many and varied, yes.
- Yes, there were. Do you recall saying Ο. that there are a number of variables in determining what would be in the best interest of customers in this audit?
 - Α. Yes.

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- Ο. And you identified one of those variables as customers may desire green power, for instance, correct?
- I did mention green power. I don't recall if it was in the context of a -- I guess it 14 was in the context of something customers might want. So if you want something, it's a benefit so okay. All right.
 - And it could be in their best interest Ο. that they want it, correct?
 - MS. BOJKO: Objection, calls for speculation. She can't speak to what customers think. I also would object to relevance. OVEC plants do not offer green power which the witness has already testified to.
- 24 MS. WACHSPRESS: I would also object 25 there is no foundation for this question. I don't

believe green power was discussed in the audit, and the witness has not previously testified to it in this proceeding.

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MR. McKENNEY: And IEU-Ohio would join in the objection. We just are getting to potentially very close to friendly cross here.

MS. KERN: Staff would join.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I will move to another question.

EXAMINER PARROT: Okay.

- Q. (By Mr. Schuler) We were talking about variables that could be in the customers' best interests. You would agree that a contract like the ICPA could be one of those variables that would be considered?
- A. I don't know that a contract is a variable. There's -- there's elements of contracts, right? I don't know if I would characterize it -- a contract that way. You want to know what's in it.
- Q. You would agree that least-cost power is not synonymous with best interests of customers, correct?
- A. Well, they sure figured that out in

 Texas. Sorry. Not -- clearly not always but it's a

 very important factor.

Q. But you would agree it's not the only factor, correct?

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- A. It's clearly not the only factor.
- Q. Is it your understanding that AEP Ohio contracts with third parties to secure generation for nonshopping customers through competitive auctions in Ohio?
- A. I don't have enough knowledge to comment on that.
- Q. Are you aware of the Standard Service
 Offer process in Ohio?
 - MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection on relevance, your Honor. I mean, Counsel may wish to make a proffer, but I don't see where this is going with respect to the auditor of OVEC.
- MS. KERN: Staff would join the objection.
 - MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, this rider stems from an SSO for starters. There's also been an incredible amount of testimony about fuel contract clauses and how that relates to this audit and least-cost assets. I'm trying to discern Dr. Fagan's knowledge of whether that was a part of her audit that she conducted in this matter.
- 25 EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled to the

question that's pending. We will see where we go, Mr. Schuler, but go ahead, Dr. Fagan.

- A. Would you restate the question?
- O. Sure.

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Are you aware of the Standard Service Offer process in Ohio?

- A. Not in detail.
- Q. Do you know if AEP Ohio serves customer load directly or through third-party contracts in Ohio?
 - A. I do not.
- Q. You would agree that AEP Ohio does not participate in the market to serve load, correct?
- A. My understanding in Ohio is that there is a retail shopping but -- but I don't know if I could make that following conclusion. I'm not -- I can't answer one way or the other.
- Q. You would agree that the output of the ICPA is not used to serve AEP Ohio retail load, correct?
- A. As far as I know, no. It's, excuse me, offered into the PJM market as we discussed in the audit.
- Q. You are not aware of any reason for AEP
 Ohio to secure other load in the market -- strike

that.

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You are not aware of any reason for AEP Ohio to secure other generation in the market to serve load, correct?

MR. McKENNEY: Objection, your Honor. I am not sure how this is relevant to the load in the OVEC units or the generation of these particular plants or, quite frankly, at all with this case.

MS. KERN: Staff would join the objection.

MS. WACHSPRESS: NRDC joins and says it calls for speculation as to AEP's gen -- load needs.

EXAMINER PARROT: If you are able to answer, Dr. Fagan, go ahead.

A. I am not able to answer.

MR. SCHULER: I am coming to the end here, everyone, so hopefully only a couple more minutes.

- Q. (By Mr. Schuler) Yesterday we repeatedly discussed an amount of the PPA Rider for years 2018 and 2019. Do you recall that, Dr. Fagan?
- A. I do. I do recall. I can find the table. Give me a moment, the figure.
- Q. Oh, I don't need you to check that. My
 question won't go to the actual figure, but I want to

make sure you complete your answer.

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- A. Yes, I recall.
- Q. And you recall that the number that was being discussed yesterday, the 74.5 million, was subject to check, correct?
- A. Correct. I didn't -- I didn't do all the sums in my head for Figure 16, that's correct.
 - Q. Right. So you did not do that check in your head on the stand yesterday, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And you did not have an opportunity to do that during the breaks yesterday either, correct?
 - A. I did not.
- Q. And you have not done that check since then, correct?
- 16 A. That's correct.
- MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, at this time I
 would like to have a document marked as AEP Ohio
 Exhibit 29. This is a document that was just
- 20 circulated to all the parties, I believe, in an
- 21 e-mail from Steven Nourse --
- MS. WACHSPRESS: Your Honor, we --
- MR. SCHULER: -- we referenced
- 24 previously.
- MS. WACHSPRESS: Your Honor, this is

Megan Wachspress from NRDC. Unsurprisingly, we are going to object to the admission of this exhibit.

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EXAMINER PARROT: Hold on. That's getting a little ahead of ourselves. Let him finish identifying it, please.

Go ahead, Mr. Schuler.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I'm identifying as AEP Ohio Exhibit 29, an e-mail chain dated September 11, 2020, between AEP Ohio and Dr. Fagan. And I will submit that this has been previously provided in discovery, and the parties will see in the upper right-hand corner the labeling indicates where it was provided in discovery.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, this document is also identified as confidential. Is the Company now waiving that confidentiality? Selectively?

MR. SCHULER: You read my mind,

Ms. Bojko. Yes, we are for this document.

MS. BOJKO: Well, your Honor, we object

22 EXAMINER PARROT: Sorry, Ms. Bojko.

MS. BOJKO: And, your Honor, I have another question for clarification. This is an excerpt. It's not the full production of documents,

and it appears to be a supplemental response, page 154 of 1145. Could counsel clarify this -- that that's the case, A? B, when this was produced? We have the original production, and we are searching still for this additional production.

MS. WHITFIELD: Kim, this is Angie. I would just note you cut out whenever you first started to object so you might want to --

MS. BOJKO: I apologize. I didn't know if you were ready to hear objections, your Honor.

EXAMINER PARROT: I'm not.

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MS. BOJKO: I was noting it was confidential before any questions were asked, and I was trying to ask a point of clarification on the document itself. I wasn't doing my full objection yet.

EXAMINER PARROT: Okay. Mr. Schuler, as to Ms. Bojko's clarification question, do you have a response?

MR. SCHULER: Well, the Company controls what is confidential, and we are -- what we determined to be confidential in our records we have deemed this to be nonconfidential. Part of the reason why it was confidential is this is, as you can see, part of a discovery response. It was 1145

pages. It was a very large request for all communications. At the time this was discussing draft information which I think we have littered the record publicly of draft conversations between the Staff and the auditor as related to the draft audit report.

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EXAMINER PARROT: I'm sorry, Mr. Schuler. I think she was asking though when was this produced, correct, Ms. Bojko? Go back to your questions first before we get in this.

MR. SCHULER: I am happy to answer all the questions. I am not sure I got them all.

MS. BOJKO: Thank you, your Honor. The problem here is this is an excerpt of a larger production and this appears to be a supplemental production of an original Data Request, so I was trying to confirm, A, that it's just an excerpt of a larger production; B, I was trying to understand when it was produced because we believe that we have the right to review the entirety of the document that AEP is now selectively pulling out a piece that it is changing its confidential status. We actually can't rely on documents in the public record if AEP deemed them to be confidential. So now AEP is selectively undeeming something confidential, and I think it's

only fair to allow us to look at the entirety of the document to determine if we have objections to that or not.

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MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, if I can respond to those questions as you asked and provide Ms. Bojko with some further information.

This was obviously provided, as you can see in the upper right-hand corner, part of a discovery response that is much larger. The question is a very broad question that asked for all communications between the Company and the Staff. It's supplemental because, under the rules of discovery, we had an obligation to supplement this over the course of it. And as you can see from the date of the e-mail, September 11, 2020, we provided it shortly thereafter. We could not have provided it previously to that.

With respect to the confidentiality, it had been marked confidential because at the time it was still a draft audit report which has subsequently been produced to all parties as part of a public records request.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor.

MS. WACHSPRESS: Your Honor, just a clarification, the full draft has not been produced

to all parties. A selected excerpt has been moved from confidential to nonconfidential.

MR. SCHULER: It was produced in discovery. I am not referring to the exhibits that were produced in advance of this hearing.

MS. BOJKO: I think you are missing the point. It's all confidential, so it hasn't been released to all parties because it's deemed to be confidential. Only two pages have been undeemed confidential. I think that's the point I was trying to make, but I still don't have the question answered of when this was produced. There is no date on the document as to production and we are trying to locate the entirety of the document because it wasn't provided ahead of time as we were instructed to do. I think it's only fair to at least let us look at the document and try to find it.

MR. SCHULER: Yeah. This supplemental discovery response that it was a part of was produced on September 10, 2021, I believe in the iManage site that we share documents in.

MR. FINNIGAN: Your Honor, could I be --

MS. BOJKO: Can you say that date again?

MR. SCHULER: Sure, September 10, 2021.

MS. BOJKO: Oh, okay.

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1 EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead, Mr. Finnigan.

2 MR. FINNIGAN: Thank you, your Honor.

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Your Honor, as I understand it, the test for whether new exhibits can come in --

EXAMINER PARROT: Hang on. Sorry. Hold on. I am still trying to get through preliminary stuff. I don't want to hear your objections yet. Is that the end of the clarification kind of questions before we --

MS. BOJKO: I don't know. Can you just confirm, Mr. Schuler, that this is -- you've only produced an excerpt. You have not produced additional e-mail strings that go along with this excerpt?

MR. SCHULER: This is -- well, this entire discovery response of 11 -- 1145 pages was not all related to this issue, as you can see from the e-mail chain, a finite e-mail that is in there.

MS. BOJKO: Right. Your Honor, this is a string of e-mails. There are only two e-mails, and I am trying to ask if there are -- it looks -- if you look at the bottom, there is another line. It appears that there would be more of this string of e-mails and we don't have that and that's what I am trying to ascertain because I think it's only fair to

let us see the entire discussion.

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MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I understand
Ms. Bojko's question now. I'm checking on it really
quickly. One second, your Honor.

MS. BOJKO: And, your Honor, I don't know if it's possible if they can resend it because we cannot find this in the files.

MR. DOVE: It is -- I can help if you need. I just found it.

MR. SCHULER: Alternatively, your Honor,
I know it is -- it is a late hour. This is the last
line of questioning but I do understand that Staff
has indicated potential redirect, and then we also
have to handle admission of exhibits, so if the
parties would like the evening to look this over and
we can resume with this line of questioning in the
morning and attend to the other matters. AEP Ohio is
amenable to that as well.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I think that's an excellent idea. It may eliminate all of our objections. I just don't know.

MR. FINNIGAN: Your Honor, I -- you know, I don't object to that, but one thing that could save time is that this document raises questions as to related documents and maybe AEP could supply us with

those related documents this evening and we could all review them before tomorrow morning's session.

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But this goes to a point that Ms. Bojko raised in her questioning of Dr. Fagan earlier today and that is that there are -- there were multiple drafts of this audit report and there are questions as to this language of being in the best interest of retail ratepayers which drafts exactly it was in. This e-mail is a partial communication. It appears as part of the chain of communications where a draft report is sent to AEP, and then AEP responds either by e-mail or either by some draft report that might be redlined with changes to take out objectionable language.

And so just to give all the parties a fair understanding of the full scope of communications, we would ask that this evening AEP go back to their files and they produce a copy of any draft audit reports where they submitted proposed changes to the auditor, along with any communications, in addition to this one by e-mail, where AEP was asking the auditor to make any changes or sending any redline drafts of the audit report. That way we could all look at those and then be in a position to properly object tomorrow and maybe ask

for admission of these additional comments and/or, you know, how to respond at all.

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And so these -- that's all I would ask that this evening if AEP could review the documents, produce those to us, they could be under a confidential basis for anyone who has a protective order. The parties could review them this evening, and then we would all be in a position to address that tomorrow. Otherwise, it seems like there could be another delay as soon as we get together tomorrow morning.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, if I may briefly. AEP is not going to agree to additional discovery during the hearing when there is a cutoff two weeks before the hearing. What we are willing to agree to, and what I believe Ms. Bojko has indicated, we found common ground, which should be telling, is that the parties be able to review this entire discovery response in its entirety tonight, and we can resume with this line of questioning tomorrow and entertain whatever objections they may have at that time.

And it was already produced in discovery is what we are saying. You have the discovery cite. You all have this document and all of the documents

that go along with the other 1144 pages.

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MR. FINNIGAN: Your Honor, that's not very helpful because it's putting the parties of trying to look for a needle in a haystack to review a 1100 documents -- or 1100 pages of documents this evening. As a practical matter, that's just not doable. It seems like AEP is in a position that it knows where the documents are and could easily get its hands on them and then produce the ones that are related to this e-mail and that's all that we are asking that they do.

MR. McKENNEY: I would just briefly, your Honor, without raising my objection, point out the fact that if there are good objections to this document, and they were to be granted, it would moot this entire point of finding the document.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, we attempted to do that with other documents at the beginning of the hearing, and we waited until, you know, actual questions were posed on it.

You know, and with respect to this one, the purpose for it is there are issues in this case about AEP Ohio's influence on the auditor -- on the auditor and the audit. We are entitled to ask questions about that. And like we said, this has

been disclosed in discovery. This is not a needle in a haystack. It's a very specific cite where this was provided.

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MS. WACHSPRESS: Your Honor, I don't know if you want to hear people further, but I will just say one basis of NRDC's objections will be the untimeliness of production. It is highly inappropriate after the parties have agreed to a deadline to produce exhibits for which there is only an exception for good cause for the party to introduce an exhibit that is clearly responsive — clearly an attempt to introduce new evidence on a subject that was — they should have been well aware of before the proceedings began.

This topic of the discussions around these draft copies of the audit was the -- was the subject of an entire prefiled testimony by a Staff member. There is absolutely no reason why AEP was not able to circulate this document in a timely manner as agreed to. Nothing has come up in this hearing thus far that was not well anticipated by the prefiled testimony, and it's simply sandbagging of the parties to introduce an exhibit at this late date, especially one that is selectively excerpted and de-confidentialized from a longer document.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, just so you understand where the Company is coming from, this came up as a result of after 17 hours of cross-examination of the witness. This is a new issue that came up. And, you know, there are rules that we all agreed to and there is an exception to producing documents.

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Mind you, in a typical hearing we would be able to just surprise the witness with any document at any time, so we should not be trying to turn these remote hearings into prejudicial circumstances. Everybody had an opportunity to do this if something came up during the cross-examination or the testimony of the witness, and it did here, and that was when we learned of this issue and that's why we are producing this document now and we are also affording the parties the evening to look it over.

MR. McKENNEY: And Mr. Schuler is leading into the argument this is only going to be used for permissible purposes to rehabilitate the witness on cross-examination.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor --

MR. SCHULER: It was brought up, your Honor, because the auditor could not recollect

certain things. It is to refresh her recollection as well.

MS. BOJKO: Well, that's improper cross but, your Honor, I'm --

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5 EXAMINER PARROT: Hang on a minute. Hang 6 on a minute.

I'm sorry. Go ahead, Ms. Bojko.

MS. BOJKO: I am just trying to get the document. I know you don't want to hear our motions to strike.

EXAMINER PARROT: Well, you have already started. So we are going to do it and we are going to finish, so.

MS. BOJKO: Well, I am just trying to get --

16 EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead.

MS. BOJKO: The attorney for AEP, and I'm not trying to dispel this, but we have looked at e-mails from September 10. We are trying -- we are looking at the shared file. We cannot physically find this document. So all I was asking was can he send it to us again so that we all have the same document and could be on the same page.

And then I would also argue that no one is asking for additional discovery. All these things

were already asked to be produced including all drafts of the audit report. So I am not asking for additional. I am trying to get what they claim they have already provided me, and I am not saying they didn't.

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MR. SCHULER: I understand that.

MS. BOJKO: I just can't access it, and I am asking if he can help on that.

MR. SCHULER: Yeah. We are trying to help you find it, Ms. Bojko. I'm sorry, your Honor.

EXAMINER SEE: And I also believe that Mr. Dove offered to help Intervenor -- Counsel for Intervenors to find the document. He was able to find it; is that correct, Mr. Dove?

MR. DOVE: Yes, your Honor. I did a little digging. I can kind of explain the file path names to the extent that would be helpful to anyone.

EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Let's go off the record.

(Discussion off the record.)

EXAMINER PARROT: All right. I believe the Company has provided some additional information to all of the parties at this point. I had started to hear objections. And just for clarity, is the Company proposing to move forward with what's been

marked AEP Ohio Exhibit 29 already? Or the document that was just circulated and appears to be marked as AEP Ohio Exhibit 30?

MR. SCHULER: Just 29.

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EXAMINER PARROT: Okay.

MR. SCHULER: Are we on the record?

EXAMINER PARROT: We are.

MR. SCHULER: And I don't know if we got through -- I believe I asked to have OCC Exhibit 29 identified, your Honor. I don't know if you ever did.

MS. WHITFIELD: I don't mean to interrupt, Mike, did you copy me on that e-mail? I'm sorry. I didn't get what you now marked as Exhibit 30, the larger portion.

MR. SCHULER: One second. We're checking. My apologies. For cleaning up the record, your Honor, I meant AEP Exhibit 29. I believe it needs to be added.

20 EXAMINER PARROT: And the exhibit is so 21 marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MR. SCHULER: Ms. Whitfield, I believe

Steve is sending that over to you now. Make sure you have it, the subsequent document we sent for the

1 | parties to have context of the discovery response.

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MS. WHITFIELD: Got it. I don't know if that's the first one or the second one, but it looks like I was on the first one that went through. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Are there other objections from the Intervenors?

MR. McKENNEY: Your Honor, I can't recall if my objection was heard, but I will raise it at this time, if it is appropriate.

EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead.

MR. McKenney: Your Honor, this document would be -- I can see no reason why it would be offered in this case other than to improperly attempt to rehabilitate the witness on cross-examination.

Now, this is friendly cross but also improper cross if that is the purpose for which this exhibit is intended to be used by the Company. So for that reason, I would object. That's all that I have.

Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Thank you.

MS. WHITFIELD: Just for the record,

Kroger would join on IEU's objection. I think

Dr. Fagan testified in -- earlier about she couldn't exactly recall, but she ultimately was the one who

made the determination to remove that and so this document is just purely an incident of friendly cross and an attempt to redirect or rehabilitate her and some of the admissions she had made earlier and that's not proper for purposes of cross-examination. Thank you.

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MS. BOJKO: OMAEG would join in that objection about friendly cross and the purposes of the cross to rehabilitate the witness.

I would have two further objections, if I could be heard at this time.

First of all, your Honor, the Exhibit 29 is incomplete. There is a page 2 as I expected and as I noted and the Company did not include that in Exhibit 29. There are also additional e-mails in this string that were not provided in Exhibit 29.

So under the rule of completeness, it's Evidence Rule 106, the standard in Ohio courts have long recognized the rule of completeness. This rule states that if one party moves to introduce parts of a document, the opposing party can request that the entire document be immediately submitted. And it's State versus Holmes, 77 Ohio App. 3d 582. The rule allows the party against whom the statement is offered to require that the adverse party introduce

any otherwise admissible part of the statement which ought, in fairness, be considered by the jury at this time or the court. And that's State versus Barno. The purpose of the rule is to prevent adverse parties from taking statements out of context and distorting them and that's exactly what AEP is trying to do in this instance.

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So under the rule of completeness, the excerpt that AEP has provided of partial e-mail strings in a production that is -- a document that is much larger should be rejected, or, at a minimum, the rule of completeness shall allow the entire e-mail string with attachments to be admitted into the record, your Honor.

My next objection is the confidential status of this document. AEP has deemed it to be confidential and it is inherently unfair. We've been trying to keep -- only have a hearing on the public record based on public information. AEP now has done it twice during this hearing when it seems to benefit them, they waive the confidential status of a particular document and then we have no ability to then use that document in the public forum or to ask the witnesses questions on a public document that has recently been released or information that has been

released by AEP's selective releasing of the information. So we object on those three I guess causes or arguments. Thank you.

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MR. FINNIGAN: Your Honor, this is John Finnigan for OCC. We join in that objection, and also it seems like this raises a question of what is reasonable grounds to determine whether this issue should have been anticipated and could have been —this document could have been provided with the original cross-examination exhibit exchange.

For OCC, when we filed our direct testimony of Mike Haugh on December 29, his attachments included the e-mails that we've talked about, that have been marked as NRDC, that go back and forth between Ms. Fagan and the Staff and Mr. Locigno that discuss this whole issue of taking language out of the draft audit report. So that should have been a clear signal to AEP that this issue would come up in the hearing, and they had plenty of time to prepare for this from the date when that testimony was filed until the date that they exchanged these cross-examination exhibits.

So to produce new exhibits now that go to this issue of what language Staff asked to be taken out is -- violates the ground rules for what -- what

you laid out in terms of exchanging the cross-examination exhibits in advance of the hearing.

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MS. WACHSPRESS: Your Honor, this is

Ms. Wachspress from NRDC. We have already raised our

procedural objections to the admission of the

untimely admission of this exhibit and its

production. And we join in the objections on the

grounds of -- of friendly cross and completeness.

I'll -- I'll note that one -- that counsel -- one of

the counsel here for AEP is actually a recipient of

the e-mail so there is an added complication here

that he is a percipient witness to what this e-mail

is about.

And I will only -- only add that if your Honor chooses to admit this document, that in the interest of fairness the other parties be allowed a very limited recross with regard to this document and with respect to the witness.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, if I could try to respond to those as briefly as I can and I think I can.

EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead.

MR. SCHULER: For starters we have not sought to admit this document into evidence. We haven't even asked a question about it of the

witness. So really what we are talking about right now are the procedural issues which really boil down into two things. It is this concept of friendly cross which I will state that there are serious allegations in this case about AEP Ohio's influence over the auditor. The parties have been afforded hours of time to discuss these issues. And during the course of those hours of cross-examination, Dr. Fagan said she did not recollect certain conversations with AEP Ohio.

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Given the gravity of these allegations that the parties have routinely made throughout these proceedings, this is certainly something that AEP Ohio should be allowed to explore. It's something we could not have anticipated Dr. Fagan's lack of knowledge on this that we just learned about in the last few hours. That is why we are having this conversation here now.

I will also mention to the form of completeness, I understand it's late at night and people are just getting some of these -- these documents, although they have had them the whole time, but I would respectfully disagree with Dr. -- excuse me, Ms. Bojko's suggestion that this is not the entire e-mail chain. The documents that have

been produced around it are separate e-mails so those -- you know, we've been doing this a long time. The way the e-mails show up in discovery is they will -- they will -- they have a beginning and an end and sometimes when we're producing e-mails, we'll have different e-mail strings back to back with one another and that's precisely the document we produced here.

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I will concede that actually the one piece that is missing from this -- this -- excuse me, this e-mail thread is actually the boilerplate language that goes with LEI e-mails that the parties can see on page 155 of 1145, so it's nothing material. It's just part of the signature block of Dr. Fagan but that is that whole e-mail. If everyone looks at those carefully what has been provided in I believe Exhibit 30 -- 30 is the one that has it.

Finally, with respect to confidentiality, I would also respectfully disagree with Ms. Bojko on that issue. The parties received this information confidentially. If they have issues with the confidentiality, they can request the Company to take a closer look at it. They could have done that at any time over the last year and a half. In fact, they have. OCC did, and we even did that for

purposes of this hearing, so it is not only when it benefits AEP Ohio.

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May I proceed with my questions, your Honor?

the record your objections, they are noted on the record. We did have an agreement -- it's my understanding there was an agreement among the parties that, you know, parties were not to be precluded from presenting exhibits that had not been previously circulated as potential exhibits provided that the party offers a reasonable explanation as to why it was not disclosed in advance.

I think Mr. Schuler has just done that.

I agree with his point that the Commission will be entertaining quite a bit of testimony that's already been heard from Dr. Fagan on matters related to the drafting process. I allowed you to ask your questions, and I think it's fair to the Company to allow them to offer this exhibit. If we were in person, they would be able to do that.

And with that, we are going to proceed so go ahead, Mr. Schuler.

MS. WACHSPRESS: Your Honor, if I may ask, we -- there were also objections raised as to

completeness and potential recross. Are you holding those rulings for later or?

EXAMINER PARROT: We are at just a threshold question here, which was just purely whether he is allowed to proceed with his questions which he is. So go ahead, Dr. -- I'm sorry.

7 Dr. Fagan, are you ready? I should have asked that 8 first. Thank you for your patience.

All right. Go ahead, Mr. Schuler.

MR. SCHULER: Thank you, your Honor.

- Q. (By Mr. Schuler) Dr. Fagan, do you have before you what has been labeled as AEP Exhibit 29?
 - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Do you recognize that to be an e-mail chain started by you on September 11, 2020, at 2:18 p.m.?
- 17 A. Yes.

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- Q. And you are familiar with this document, correct?
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. Do you recall earlier today some
 questions about the sequencing of when you decided to
 eliminate certain sentences from your draft audit
 report?
- 25 A. Yes. I -- I don't think I was precise.

I recall I don't think I was precise as to the date.

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Q. Does this e-mail refresh your recollection that you removed certain portions of your audit report prior to any feedback from AEP Ohio?

MS. WACHSPRESS: Your Honor, the question is vague and -- objection, vague and misstates testimony. There is actually two separate sentences and two separate drafts.

MS. KERN: Staff --

MS. BOJKO: I think it is -- I would also object that it assumes facts not in evidence.

There's been nothing said that there wasn't a prior e-mail where AEP sent a redlined document. And it also is friendly cross and you haven't ruled on this specific question as to friendly cross.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I merely asked if this refreshes Dr. Fagan's recollection.

EXAMINER PARROT: All right. I think I heard another objection. Ms. Kern?

MS. KERN: Oh, I was trying to join on the grounds of vagueness, you know, when

23 Mr. Schuler -- can you hear me?

EXAMINER PARROT: Yes. And I am going to ask Mr. Schuler if you could be a little more

specific.

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MR. SCHULER: Sorry. Was that the
Attorney Examiner? I couldn't tell if that was the
Attorney Examiner or Ms. Kern.

EXAMINER PARROT: Yes. I'm saying go ahead and rephrase. Let's try to direct the witness more specifically to what you are trying to refresh here.

MR. SCHULER: Sure, your Honor.

- Q. (By Mr. Schuler) Dr. Fagan, do you now recollect that you sent a draft audit report -- strike that.
- Dr. Fagan, you testified earlier that you sent a draft audit report to AEP Ohio on September 9, correct?
- 16 A. That's right.
 - Q. Do you recall sending an e-mail that is contained in AEP Exhibit 29 that indicates additional edits to that document that you provided to AEP Ohio on September 9?
 - A. You are referring to 29 that we are looking at?
 - Q. Correct.
- A. Yes, yes. It was an additional edit that
 I hadn't put in the doc I sent them. And rather than

- send a whole new document, I flagged it just in an e-mail.
- Q. You were not prompted to send that e-mail by anyone at AEP Ohio, correct?
 - A. I don't think so.

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- Q. Does this refresh your recollection that you decided to do that edit before you received feedback from AEP Ohio?
- MS. BOJKO: Objection, mischaracterizes the e-mail and her prior testimony.
- 11 MR. SCHULER: I just asked if it
 12 refreshed her recollection, your Honor. She can
 13 speak to her recollection.
- 14 EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead, Dr. Fagan.
- 15 A. I don't recall specifically.
 - Q. Would you agree that you sent this e-mail to AEP Ohio on September 11, 2020, at 2:18 p.m., the e-mail that is labeled as AEP Ohio Exhibit 29?
 - A. Agree.
 - Q. And in that e-mail you indicate that you realize that you wanted to make an edit to the LEI audit report, draft audit report, correct?
- MR. McKENNEY: Objection, your Honor, as to form. First, it characterizes the -- the exhibit.
- 25 But, beyond that, the problem you have with asking

leading questions on friendly cross is you end up with the attorney ultimately testifying for the witness. So we would ask that either the attorney be warned on giving friendly -- or doing friendly cross or that the questions be in a form such as not to lead the witness into a friendly answer. That is not the purpose of cross-examination.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I believe we established this is not friendly cross. That's why I was allowed to proceed.

EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead, Dr. Fagan.

- A. Would you -- I'm sorry. Would you repeat the question?
 - O. Yeah.

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The question pending was, in this e-mail you indicate that you realize you wanted to make an edit to the draft LEI audit report, correct?

- A. Correct. I wrote "I just realized there was an edit I wanted to make to page 10."
- Q. Would you agree you had already missed it and previously decided to do it before sending this e-mail?
 - MS. BOJKO: Objection.
 - MR. McKENNEY: Join as to form.
- MR. SCHULER: I am simply asking her

knowledge at the time. Her present sense impression.

EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.

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- A. So the question is, did I realize it and then send the e-mail?
 - Q. Correct, yes. Did you -- did you -- yes.
- A. Yeah. I mean, logically I couldn't have sent the e-mail until I realized it so, yes, what I said there, I realized there is an edit I wanted to make, and I sent it to them in an e-mail because they had already -- I had already sent them a draft so this was going to be different. So rather than send a whole other draft, I said I am going to change this. So I made the decision and then sent the e-mail.
- Q. And you did that before receiving any feedback from AEP Ohio, correct?
- A. You know what? If I sent them the draft on the 9th, which I'm nearly positive, and I sent this on the 11th, I don't know if maybe it was back on the 10th. I am not saying there was or wasn't. I just don't know if there was feedback from them on that day or just in between sending the draft and sending this, so I don't know.
- Q. You would agree that you did not decide to delete that language at the request of AEP Ohio,

correct?

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MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection, asked and answered. The witness has already testified that she cannot recall whether she got any feedback from AEP during the intervening days between sending the draft and this e-mail.

MS. WHITFIELD: Join in the objection.

MS. BOJKO: OMAEG joins.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, she did testify I think she was talking about the logic involved that she must have done it on her own which is why she sent this e-mail, so I would disagree with the objection.

MR. FINNIGAN: Your Honor.

MS. BOJKO: The question was already asked and answered by other parties.

MR. FINNIGAN: Your Honor, I am going to object to this entire line of questioning. The premise here is that there is some memory to be refreshed. And the witness has testified that she has no memory so there's nothing to refresh with this line of questioning.

What Mr. Schuler is trying to do, he is trying to create a memory that doesn't exist. So it's obvious from her answers, too, that she looked

at the document and she says, well, this must have happened because I read the document.

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This line of questioning would only be proper if she would be -- started at the very beginning by saying, yes, I recall something, but I don't recall all the details. She didn't say that. She said I don't recall anything about it. So there is no memory to be refreshed. This entire line is improper.

EXAMINER PARROT: I am not sure that's what she said. Overruled.

Go ahead, Dr. Fagan.

- A. And the question again?
- Q. Would you agree you did not decide to delete the language at the request of AEP Ohio?
- A. I don't remember if there was a request or not, but the decision to edit or delete in the final report is mine.
- Q. Would you agree that, as indicated in this e-mail as AEP Ohio Exhibit 29, that you did not expect -- on the date of September 11, 2020, you did not expect to get the document, referring presumably to the audit report, back from AEP until next week?

MS. WACHSPRESS: Objection. I mean, to follow up on Mr. Finnigan, he's more or less reading

the exhibit into testimony by way of a purported refreshing of the witness's recollection without proper -- moving -- I mean, it's improper. He is not -- he is trying to get the document in without having to admit it, more or less, by reading it into -- into the witness's testimony.

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EXAMINER PARROT: And isn't that what we've done with other e-mail exchanges through this whole process so far? I think it is. So overruled.

THE WITNESS: I should answer?

EXAMINER PARROT: Yes.

A. So I don't recall all the details of everything, but I wrote -- I definitely wrote, because we have a record here, that I will "edit it when we get the doc back from you next week." So next week was when I expected their comments. But the reason I know that is because it is written here. But so, yeah, I will verify that, when I wrote that, that's what I was expecting.

- Q. Those are your words though, correct, Dr. Fagan?
- A. Yeah, this is -- this is my writing.

 This is my -- this is how I communicate. Yeah, I wrote that.
- Q. And you don't believe you would have said

something untruthful in this e-mail, correct?

- A. Well, I could have been wrong about getting it back on the date, but I expected -- I expected it the next week and so that's what I wrote. I am --
- 6 Q. Would you -- I'm sorry.

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- A. No. I just don't know how else to answer that.
- Q. You would -- you wouldn't have written that had you already received the document back from the Company, correct?
- MS. BOJKO: Objection. What document are
 you talking about? Are you talking about a redline
 document from AEP? Are you talking about an e-mail?
 I guess I don't think it's clear what document you
 were talking about in your question.
- MS. KERN: Staff would join that objection.
- EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead and rephrase,

 Mr. Schuler.
 - Q. (By Mr. Schuler) Dr. Fagan, would you agree the doc, the word the "doc" that you are referring to in here, would be the draft audit report that was circulated to AEP Ohio?
- A. So in substance, yes, but the document I

get back, it could be a redline, it could be a PDF with handwriting. So the "doc" doesn't refer to -- like folks were mentioning here, what kind. You know, is it a Word doc? Is it a PDF? But in my mind, the document is however they send it back, however they decide to indicate what actions or whatever it might be. I hope that's clear.

- Q. You would agree the title of this e-mail is "edit proposed to AEP Ohio OVEC audit report," correct?
- A. Yes, "edit." Singular.
 - Q. And like we talked about earlier today, audit reports are often provided to Staff and then the Company that is the subject of the audit, correct?
- 16 A. That's correct.

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Q. And that is the document that you are referring to in this e-mail that you expect to receive back from the Company, correct?

MS. BOJKO: Objection. I still don't know from the question what document you are referring to. You said that is the document. I don't think it's clear which one you are referring to.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I believe the

question was clear. It was following up on the previous two questions about a document of feedback on the audit report.

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MS. BOJKO: No, your Honor. He actually put in a new word. If you read the question back, he said Staff and said you sent it to Staff first, and then he goes and then that's the document, so it isn't clear what document.

EXAMINER PARROT: Dr. Fagan, if you followed, go ahead and answer.

- A. The document we sent to the Company as ultimately some or all of the edits that we got from Staff that we decided to include. So then that's what's going to the Company.
- Q. And this e-mail is indicating that you had another edit that you wanted to add to that document that you provided to the Company, correct, that you missed?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And that is the deletion that is the subject of this e-mail, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

MR. SCHULER: Your Honor, I have no further questions. Thank you, Dr. Fagan, for your time.

At this time, AEP Ohio would move for the admission of AEP Ohio Exhibit 22 and AEP Ohio Exhibit 29. EXAMINER PARROT: And we will table those motions until we finish with Dr. Fagan's testimony, Mr. Schuler, so table that for now. MR. SCHULER: Thank you, your Honor. EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Thank you, Dr. Fagan, for hanging in with us. We will see everyone at 9:00 a.m. (Thereupon, at 8:27 p.m., the hearing was adjourned.) 2.1

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1	CERTIFICATE
2	I do hereby certify that the foregoing is
3	a true and correct transcript of the proceedings
4	taken by me in this matter on Thursday, January 13,
5	2022, and carefully compared with my original
6	stenographic notes.
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9	Karen Sue Gibson, Registered
10	Merit Reporter.
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12	(KSG-7213)
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Case No(s). 18-1004-EL-RDR, 18-1759-EL-RDR

Summary: Transcript in the matter of the Ohio Power Company hearing held on 01/13/22 - Volume II electronically filed by Mr. Ken Spencer on behalf of Armstrong & Okey, Inc. and Gibson, Karen Sue Mrs.