AMERICAN TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS, INCORPORATED A FIRSTENERGY COMPANY

LETTER OF NOTIFICATION

LONDON-TANGY 138 kV TRANSMISSION LINE TAP TO MITCHELL DELIVERY POINT SUBSTATION PROJECT

OPSB CASE NO.: 22-0007-EL-BLN

January 21, 2022

American Transmission Systems, Incorporated 76 South Main Street Akron, Ohio 44308

LETTER OF NOTIFICATION
LONDON-TANGY 138 kV TRANSMISSION LINE TAP TO

MITCHELL DELIVERY POINT SUBSTATION PROJECT

The following information is being provided in accordance with the procedures in the Ohio

Administrative Code (OAC) Chapter 4906-6 for the application and review of Accelerated

Certificate Applications. Based upon the requirements found in Appendix A to OAC Rule

4906-1-01, this Project qualifies for submittal to the Ohio Power Siting Board ("OPSB") as

a Letter of Notification application.

4906-6-05: ACCELERATED APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

4906-6-05: Name and Reference Number

Name of Project: London-Tangy 138 kV Transmission Line Tap to

Mitchell Delivery Point Substation Project ("Project")

(Line Code 3216).

4906-6-05 (B)(1): Brief Description of the Project

In this Project, American Transmission Systems, Incorporated ("ATSI"), a

FirstEnergy company, proposes to extend a tap from the existing London-Tangy 138

kV Transmission Line approximately 400 feet (0.08 mile) to a new substation for the

Union Rural Electric Cooperative ("UREC"), referred to as the Mitchell Delivery

Point Substation. The transmission line tap will require removal of one (1) existing

wood structure and installation of four (4) new, embedded single-pole wood

structures; specifically, one (1) tap structure and three (3) switch structures.

The general location of the Project is shown in Exhibit 1, a partial copy of the United

States Geologic Survey, Union County OH, Quad Map. Exhibit 2 is a partial copy of

ESRI aerial imagery. The general layout is shown in Exhibit 3. The Project is located

in Jerome Township, Union County, Ohio.

4906-6-05 (B)(1): Letter of Notification Requirement

The Project meets the requirements for a Letter of Notification application because the Project is within the types of projects defined by Item (1)(d)(ii) of the Application Requirement Matrix for Electric Power Transmission Lines, Appendix A of OAC Rule 4906-1-01. This item states:

(1) New construction, extension, or relocation of single or multiple circuit electric power transmission line(s), or upgrading existing transmission or distribution line(s) for operating at a higher transmission voltage, as follows:

> (d) Line(s) primarily needed to attract or meet the requirements of a specific customer or customers, as follows:

> > (ii) Any portion of the line is on property owned by someone other than the specific customer or applicant.

The proposed Project involves construction of an approximately 400 feet (0.08 mile) tap consisting of four (4) new structures. The new structures will be placed within existing and new right-of-way. New right-of-way will be obtained from a property owner other than the specific customer (UREC) or applicant.

4906-6-05 (B)(2): Need For the Project

The proposed Project is needed to provide 138 kV service to a new wholesale load interconnection requested by UREC – a customer that ATSI is obligated to serve. Consistent with plans for expansion of the electric grid and interconnected utility systems, this Project requires tapping the existing London-Tangy 138 kV Transmission Line and constructing two spans to UREC's new Mitchell Delivery Point Substation, located at 9910 Mitchell-Dewitt Rd, Jerome Township, OH. ATSI understands that UREC will utilize the new delivery point to serve its retail customers. Therefore, the new delivery point will serve interests of electric system economy, as well as provide capacity for future load growth. The extension of transmission service will require the installation of two transmission SCADA controlled in-line switches, a tap switch, relay settings changes at London and Tangy 138 kV substations, revenue metering equipment, and an extension of approximately 400 feet (0.08 mile) into UREC's substation. The switches will provide the means to sectionalize the transmission line in the event of a maintenance need or sustained outage. This will enable ATSI to provide reliable service to the customers connected to the London-Tangy 138 kV Line and will also provide operational flexibility for the benefit of the transmission system.

ATSI performed a detailed load study for the expected load addition and did not identify any thermal or voltage issues on the ATSI transmission system that would be caused by adding the proposed tap to UREC's Mitchell Delivery Point Substation.

The Project solution was presented at the PJM Subregional RTEP-Western Committee on August 16, 2021. The presentation slides are attached as Exhibit 4. PJM assigned the Project supplemental upgrade identification number s2648.

4906-6-05 (B)(3): Location of the Project Relative to Existing or Proposed Lines

The location of the Project relative to existing or proposed lines is shown in the ATSI Transmission Network Map, included as part of the confidential portion of the FirstEnergy Corp. 2021 Long-Term Forecast Report ("LTFR"). This map was submitted to the PUCO in Case No. 21-0504-EL-FOR under Rule 4901:5-5:04 (C)(2)(b) of the Ohio Administrative Code. The map is incorporated by reference only. This map shows ATSI's 345 kV and 138 kV transmission lines and transmission substations including the London-Tangy 138 kV Transmission Line. The general location and layout of the Project area are shown in Exhibits 1 through 3.

The Project was not included in ATSI's LTFR filed in 2021 because it had not yet been identified at the time of filing.

4906-6-05 (B)(4): Alternatives Considered

Due to the nature of the Project and the specific customer need, there are no reasonable or practical alternatives to the proposed Project.

4906-6-05 (B)(5): Public Information Program

ATSI will issue a public notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the Project area, Marysville Journal Tribune, within 7 days of filing this Letter of Notification application. The public notice will comply with OAC Rule 4906-6-08(A)((1)-(6). In addition to the public notice (and also within 7 days of filing this Letter of Notification Application), ATSI will mail letters in accordance with OAC Rule 4906-6-08(B) explaining the Project to affected landowners and tenants. The letters will also inform affected landowners and tenants of the Project's start and a proposed timeframe for construction/restoration activities.

ATSI will maintain a copy of this Letter of Notification Application, along with other Project information, on FirstEnergy's website:

https://www.firstenergycorp.com/about/transmission_projects/ohio.html .

During all phases of this Project, the public may contact ATSI with questions/comments relating to the Project through the transmission projects hotline at 1-888-311-4737 or via email at: transmissionprojects@firstenergycorp.com.

4906-6-05 (B)(6): Construction Schedule

Construction of this Project is expected to occur in April 2022 with completion by April 30, 2022.

4906-6-05 (B)(7): Area Map

Exhibit 1 depicts the general location of the Project which provides a partial copy of the United States Geological Survey, Union County OH, Quad Map. Exhibit 2 provides a partial copy of ESRI aerial imagery of the project area.

4906-6-05 (B)(8): Property List

The Project is located on existing and new right-of-way. Table 1 contains a list of properties for which ATSI has obtained necessary easement/right-of-way/land rights and for which such agreements have not yet been obtained.

Table 1: Property Owner List

Parcel Number	Easement Status
1500200100010	Previously Obtained
1500260010020	Will be Obtained

4906-6-05 (B)(9): TECHNICAL FEATURES OF THE PROJECT

4906-6-05 (B)(9)(a): Operating Characteristics

The transmission line construction will have the following characteristics:

Voltage: 138 kV

Conductors: 605 kcmil 24/7 ACSR

(re-use existing - between Structures 13727 and 13727B)

795 kcmil 26/7 ACSR (new - from Str. 13727A to Substation)

Static Wire: 7#8 Alumoweld

Insulators: Porcelain,

with polymer horizontal posts to support conductor jumpers

ROW Width: 65-100 feet

Structure Types: Exhibit 5: Single Pole Wood Switch Structure

Exhibit 6: Single Pole Wood Tap Structure

Exhibit 7: Single Pole Wood Switch Mounted Transformer

Structure

4906-6-05 (B)(9)(b): Electric and Magnetic Fields

The closest occupied residence or institution is approximately 440 feet (0.08 mile) from the proposed transmission line centerline. Therefore, no Electric and Magnetic Field ("EMF") calculations are required by this code provision.

4906-6-05 (B)(9)(c): Estimated Cost

ATSI's estimated capital cost for the proposed Project is approximately \$1,400,000.

4906-6-05 (B)(10): SOCIAL AND ECOLOGICAL IMPACTS

4906-6-05 (B)(10)(a): Land Uses

The Project is located in Jerome Township, Union County, Ohio. The main land use around the Project is agricultural. No significant changes or impacts to the current land use is anticipated.

4906-6-05 (B)(10)(b): Agricultural Land

Agricultural land exists within the Project's disturbance area. Minimal impacts are expected to the agricultural land. A list of all agricultural land and acreage, including agricultural district land, is provided in Table 2.

Table 2: Agricultural Lands within the Project's Disturbance Area

Parcel Number	Acreage	Agricultural District	Agricultural District Expiration
1500200100010	5.43	Yes	2014 (not renewed)
1500260010020	72.2	No	N/A

4906-6-05 (B)(10)(c): Archaeological or Cultural Resources

As part of the investigation, a search of the Ohio Historic Preservation Office's ("OHPO") online database was conducted to identify the existence of any significant archeological or cultural resource sites within 0.5 miles of the Project's potential disturbance area. The results of the search are shown in Exhibit 8.

The OHPO database includes all Ohio listings on the National Register of Historic Places ("NRHP"), such as districts, sites, buildings, structures, and objects that are significant in American history, architecture, archeology, engineering, and culture.

The results of the search indicate that no listed NRHP sites and no NRHP-eligible sites were identified within 0.5 miles of the Project potential disturbance area.

The OHPO database also includes listing of the Ohio Archaeological Inventory ("OAI"), the Ohio Historic Inventory ("OHI"), previous cultural resource surveys, and the Ohio Genealogical Society ("OGS") cemetery inventory. There are no OAI listed archeological resources have been previously inventoried within 0.5 miles of the Project's potential disturbance area. One (1) OHI listed structural resource is located within 0.5 miles of the Project area and is shown in Table 3. The closest OHI structure is located approximately 0.25 mile from the proposed Project's potential disturbance area. Two (2) previous cultural resource surveys were conducted within 0.5 miles of the Project area and are provided in Table 4. No OSG cemeteries are located within 0.5 miles of the Project's potential disturbance area.

Table 3. List of OHI Listed Structural Resources

OHI Number	Present Name	Historic Use	County	Municipality
UNI0051412	Long Property/ Farmhouse	Single Dwelling/ Agricultural Outbuildings	Union	Township of Jerome

Table 4. List of Previous Cultural & Historic Resource Survey

Year	Name	County	Municipality
2014	(Addendum 1) Phase I Archaeological Survey for the London-Tangy Electric Transmission Line Project, (Segments 6-14 in Canaan, Darby, Deer Creek, Jefferson, & Monroe Twps.) Madison County and (Jerome Twp.) Union County Ohio	Union	Township of Jerome
2014	Addendum 3: Phase I Archaeological Survey for the London-Tangy Electric Transmission Line Project, Union and Delaware Counties, Ohio	Union	N/A

Because the proposed Project involves installation of four (4) transmission structures next to UREC's substation, the Project is not expected to have any impacts to archaeological and cultural resources.

4906-6-05 (B)(10)(d): Local, State, and Federal Requirements

No additional government agency authorizations are expected to be needed for this

Project.

4906-6-05 (B)(10)(e): Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Species Investigation

The proposed Project's work limits are located on property currently used for

agriculture. The construction site will be accessible via an existing maintained

transmission line corridor associated with the London-Tangy 138kV Transmission

Line.

TRC Environmental Corporation ("TRC"), on behalf of ATSI, submitted a request to

the Ohio Department of Natural Resources ("ODNR") Office of Real Estate to

conduct an Environmental Review of the Project area on December 2, 2021. As part

of the Environmental Review, the ODNR Office of Real Estate will conduct a search

of the ODNR-Division of Wildlife's (DOW) Natural Heritage Database to research

the presence of any endangered, threatened, or rare species within one (1) mile of the

Project area.

The ODNR's Office of Real Estate's response, dated January 6, 2022, concludes that,

due to the current active agricultural land use and no proposed in-water work, this

Project is not likely to impact these species. A copy of ODNR's Office of Real

Estate's response is included as Exhibit 9.

TRC also submitted a request to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service ("USFWS") for

an Ecological Review within one (1) mile of the Project area on December 2, 2021.

At the time of filing, ATSI has not received USFWS' response. The response will be

forwarded to the OPSB upon receipt. In the interim, the USFWS site was reviewed

for federally listed species potentially occurring in Union County, Ohio, and those

species are provided in Table 5.

American Transmission System, Incorporated 8 A FirstEnergy company London-Tangy 138 kV Tap to Mitchell Delivery Point Substation

Project

Table 5. List of Endangered, Threatened, and Rare Species listed for Union County, Ohio¹

Common Name	Scientific Name	Federal Listing Status	Habitat Description
Indiana bat	Myotis sodalis	Endangered	Hibernacula = Caves and mines; Maternity and foraging habitat = small stream corridors with well developed riparian woods; upland forests
Northern long- eared bat	Myotis septentrionalis	Threatened	Hibernates in caves and mines - swarming in surrounding wooded areas in autumn. During late spring and summer roosts and forages in upland forests.
Scioto madtom	Noturus trautmani	Endangered	Stream riffles of moderate flow over sandy gravel bottom
Clubshell	Pleurobema clava	Endangered	Found in coarse sand and gravel areas of runs and riffles within streams and small rivers
Northern riffleshell	Epioblasma torulosa rangiana	Endangered	Large streams and small rivers in firm sand of riffle areas; also occurs in Lake Erie
Rabbitsfoot	Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica	Threatened	Little Darby Creek
Rayed bean	Villosa fabalis	Endangered	Smaller, headwater creeks, but they are sometimes found in large rivers
Snuffbox	Epioblasma triquetra	Endangered	Small to medium-sized creeks and some larger rivers, in areas with a swift current

¹https://www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/lists/ohio-cty.html

In response to the DOW's recommendation, TRC performed a desktop habitat assessment for potential hibernaculum in the project area. The assessment concluded that no caves, cliffs or mine openings occur in the project area and the project is unlikely to impact hibernating bats. Their findings were shared with DOW and DOW

concurs with the assessment. A copy of that email correspondence, dated January 10, 2022, is included as Exhibit 10.

No impacts to these species are expected due to the Project's location, the type of habitat at the Project site and within the vicinity of the Project area, and the type of work proposed. Any tree clearing will be conducted before April 1 or after October 1 to avoid and potential adverse effects to listed bat species. If for any reason this schedule cannot be achieved, such that the clearing of trees outside of this window is deemed necessary, consultation and coordinated with ODNR and USFWS will be completed prior to clearing.

4906-6-05 (B)(10)(f): Areas of Ecological Concern

As part of the Environmental Review, the ODNR Office of Real Estate researched the presence of any unique ecological sites, geological features, animal assemblages, scenic rivers, state wildlife areas, nature preserves, parks or forest, national wildlife refuges, or other protected natural areas within one (1) mile of the Project area.

The ODNR's January 6, 2022, response indicates that there are no unique ecological sites, geologic features, animal assemblages, scenic rivers, state wildlife areas, state nature preserves, state or national parks, state or national forests, national wildlife refuges, or other protected natural areas within the project area.

AllStar Ecology, LLC conducted a wetland and stream delineation of the Project area in November 2020 to support the construction of UREC's Mitchell Delivery Point Substation. The investigation focused on an approximately 7.52-acre study area encompassing the Project Area. One (1) palustrine emergent (PEM) wetland (ASE_Wetland01) was delineated within the Project Study Area. Wetland ASE_Wetland01 was scored using the Ohio Rapid Assessment for Wetlands (v. 5.0). The resulting score was 10 which corresponds to a Category 1 wetland. This feature is illustrated on Exhibit 11.

If access to this area is needed, construction matting will be used to minimize disturbance within the delineated wetland. Otherwise, this wetland will be avoided during construction.

The Project work limits do not include any in-stream activities or encroach on any regulated flood plains based on a review of online FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Mapping. From a review of the FEMA floodplain mapping, ATSI determined that the project area is not located in a mapped floodplain. As such, ATSI does not anticipate the need to contact the local floodplain coordinator.

4906-6-05(B)(10)(g): Other Information

Construction and operation of the proposed Project will be in accordance with the requirements specified in the latest revision of the National Electrical Safety Code as adopted by the PUCO and will meet all applicable safety standards established by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration. No other or unusual conditions are expected that will result in significant environmental, social, health or safety impacts.

4906-6-07: Documentation of Letter of Notification Transmittal and Availability for Public Review

This Letter of Notification application is being provided concurrently with its docketing with the Board to the following officials in Jerome Township, Union County Ohio.

Union County

Ms. Christiane Schmenk, President Union County Commissioner 233 West Sixth Street Marysville, OH 43040

Mr. Steve Robinson, Vice President Union County Commissioner 233 West Sixth Street Marysville, OH 43040 Mr. Dave Burke, Union County Commissioner 233 West Sixth Street Marysville, OH 43040

Mr. Tim Hansley, Union County Administrator 233 West Sixth Street Marysville, OH 43040 Mr. Eric Phillips, Executive Director Union County Economic Development 227 East Fifth Street Marysville, OH 43040 Mr. Jeff Stauch, P.E., P.S. Union County Engineer 233 West Sixth Street Marysville, OH 43040

Jerome Township

Mr. Joe Craft, Trustee Jerome Township 8770 Brock Road Plain City, OH 43064

Mr. CJ Lovejoy, Trustee Jerome Township 8495 SR 736 Plain City, OH 43064 Ms. Megan Sloat, Trustee Jerome Township 10251 Mitchell Dewitt Road Plain City, OH 43064

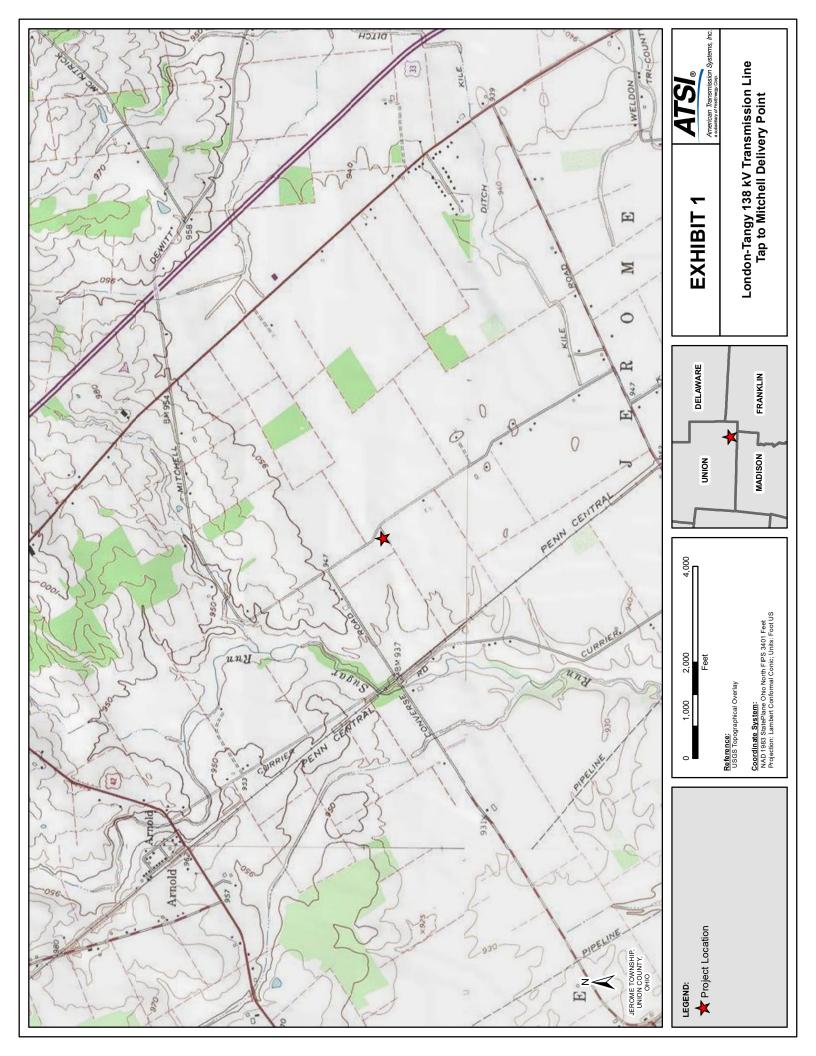
Mr. Robert Caldwell, Fiscal Officer Jerome Township 8770 Brock Road Plain City, OH 43064

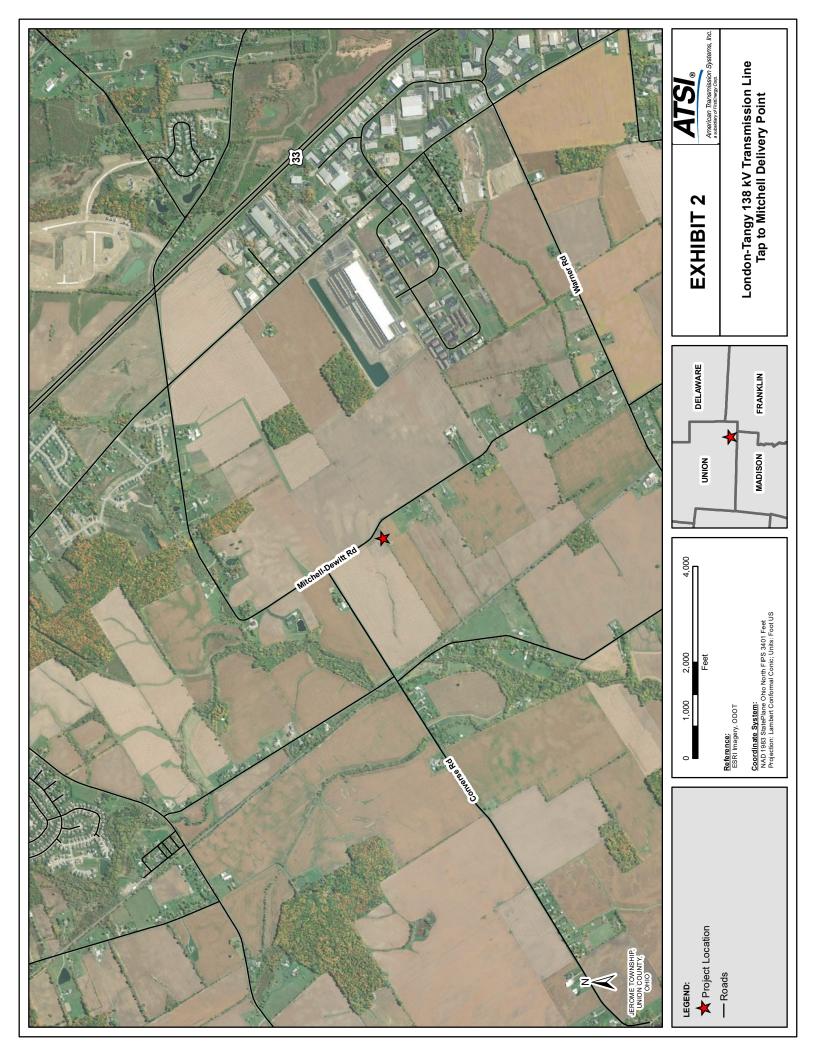
Library

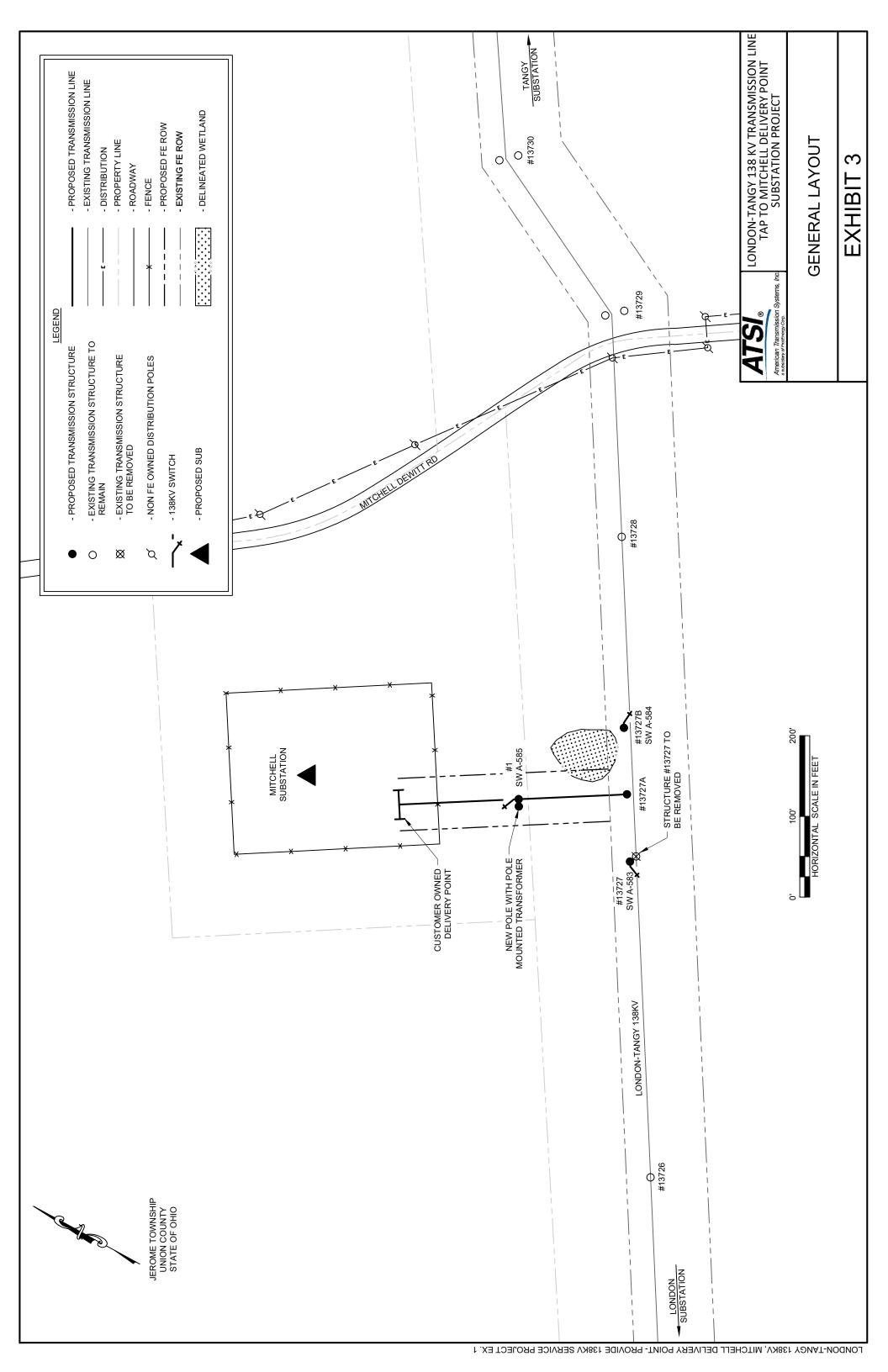
Ms. Chris Long, Library Director Plain City Public Library 305 West Main Street Plain City, Ohio 43064

Copies of the transmittal letters to these officials have been included with this application as proof of compliance pursuant to OAC Rule 4906-6-07 (B) and to provide the OPSB with proof of notice to local officials as required by OAC Rule 4906-6-07 (A)(1) and to libraries per OAC Rule 4906-6-07 (A)(2).

Information is posted at www.firstenergycorp.com/about/transmission_project/ohio.html on how to request an electronic or paper copy of this Letter of Notification application. The link to this website is being provided to meet the requirements of OAC Rule 4906-6-07 (B) and to provide the OPSB with proof of compliance with the notice requirements in OAC Rule 4906-6-07 (A)(3).









Need Number: ATSI-2021-017

Process Stage: Solution Meeting - 08/16/2021
Previously Presented: Need Meeting - 07/16/2021

Supplemental Project Driver(s):

Customer Service

Specific Assumption Reference(s)

Customer connection request evaluated per FirstEnergy's "Requirements for Transmission Connected Facilities" document and "Transmission Planning Criteria" document.

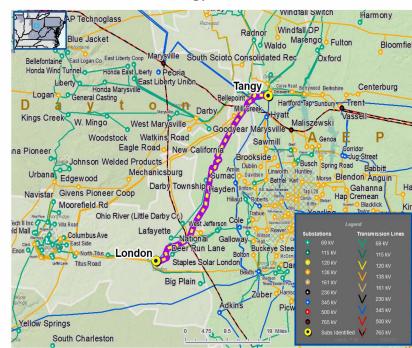
Problem Statement

New Customer Connection – A customer requested 138 kV transmission service for approximately 23 MVA of total load near the London-Tangy 138 kV Line.

Requested In-Service Date: April 30, 2022

Continued on next page...

ATSI Transmission Zone M-3 Process London-Tangy 138 kV Line - New Customer



FirstEnergy_®

Need Number: ATSI-2021-017

Process Stage: Solution Meeting - 08/16/2021
Previously Presented: Need Meeting - 07/16/2021

Proposed Solution:

Mitchell Delivery Point 138 kV Transmission Line Tap

- Construct a 138 kV tap (approximately 1-2 spans) off the London-Tangy 138 kV Line. Tap location is approximately 15 miles from the Tangy Substation.
- Add two SCADA control switches at transmission line tap location and one tap switch
- Adjust relay settings at London and Tangy substations

Alternatives Considered:

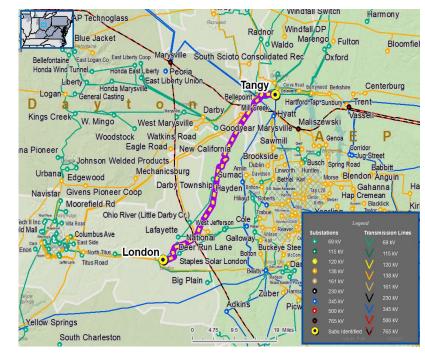
■ No alternatives considered for this project

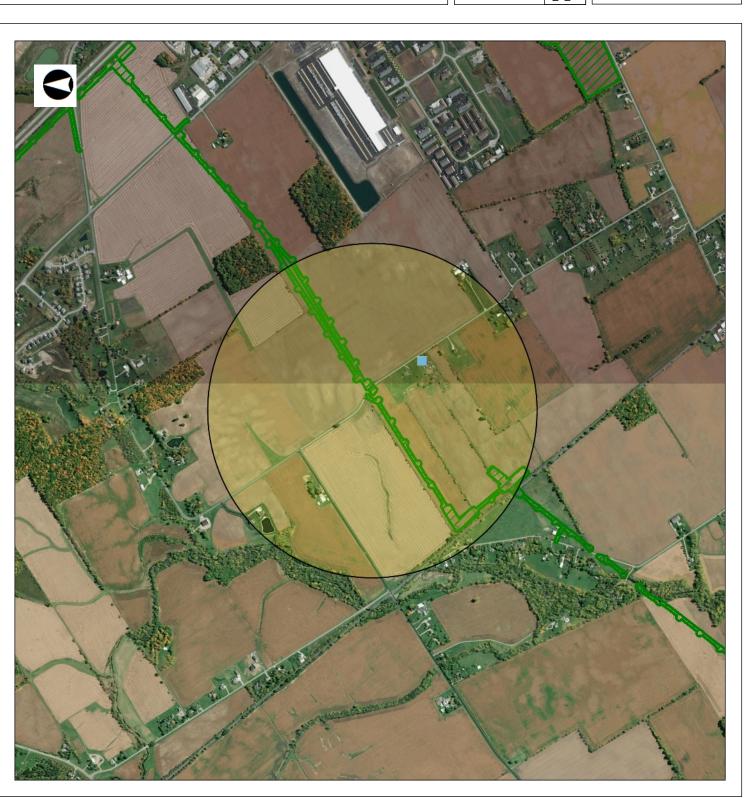
Estimated Project Cost: \$1.4 M

Projected In-Service: 4/30/2022 Status: Engineering

Model: 2020 Series 2025 Summer RTEP 50/50

ATSI Transmission Zone M-3 Process London-Tangy 138 kV Line - New Customer







<u>∞</u> State Historic Preservation Office

Legend

NR Listings

Listed

National Historic Landmark

Delisted

Determinations of Eligibility

DOE

Demolished

Historic Structures

Historic Bridges Historic Tax Credit Projects

Local Designations

OGS Cemeteries Confident

Not Confident

Historic Markers Dams

UTM Zone Split

NR Boundaries \subseteq

0.61 Miles

1:24,000

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EXHIBIT 9



Ohio Department of Natural Resources

MIKE DEWINE, GOVERNOR

MARY MERTZ, DIRECTOR

Fax: (614) 267-4764

Office of Real Estate John Kessler, Chief 2045 Morse Road – Bldg. E-2 Columbus, OH 43229 Phone: (614) 265-6621

January 6, 2022

Brad Falkinburg TRC Companies 1382 West Ninth Street, Suite 400 Cleveland, OH 44113

Re: 21-1085; Mitchell Delivery Point Project

Project: The proposed project involves tapping the London-Tangy 138kV line and constructing a new line from the tap location to the customer substation.

Location: The proposed project is located in Jerome Township, Union County, Ohio.

The Ohio Department of Natural Resources (ODNR) has completed a review of the above referenced project. These comments were generated by an inter-disciplinary review within the Department. These comments have been prepared under the authority of the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act (48 Stat. 401, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 661 et seq.), the National Environmental Policy Act, the Coastal Zone Management Act, Ohio Revised Code and other applicable laws and regulations. These comments are also based on ODNR's experience as the state natural resource management agency and do not supersede or replace the regulatory authority of any local, state or federal agency nor relieve the applicant of the obligation to comply with any local, state or federal laws or regulations.

Natural Heritage Database: The Natural Heritage Database has no records at or within a one-mile radius of the project area.

A review of the Ohio Natural Heritage Database indicates there are no other records of state endangered or threatened plants or animals within the project area. There are also no records of state potentially threatened plants, special interest or species of concern animals, or any federally listed species. In addition, we are unaware of any unique ecological sites, geologic features, animal assemblages, scenic rivers, state wildlife areas, state nature preserves, state or national parks, state or national wildlife refuges, or other protected natural areas within the project area. The review was performed on the project area you specified in your request as well as an additional one-mile radius. Records searched date from 1980.

Please note that Ohio has not been completely surveyed and we rely on receiving information from many sources. Therefore, a lack of records for any particular area is not a statement that rare species or unique features are absent from that area. Although all types of plant communities have been surveyed, we only maintain records on the highest quality areas.

Fish and Wildlife: The Division of Fish and Wildlife has the following comments.

The DOW recommends that impacts to streams, wetlands and other water resources be avoided and minimized to the fullest extent possible, and that Best Management Practices be utilized to minimize erosion and sedimentation.

The project is within the vicinity of records for the Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*), a state endangered and federally endangered species. Because presence of state endangered bat species has been established in the area, summer tree cutting is not recommended, and additional summer surveys would not constitute presence/absence in the area. However, limited summer tree cutting inside this buffer may be acceptable after further consultation with DOW (contact Erin Hazelton at Erin.hazelton@dnr.ohio.gov).

In addition, the entire state of Ohio is within the range of the Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*), a state endangered and federally endangered species, the northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*), a state endangered and federally threatened species, the little brown bat (*Myotis lucifugus*), a state endangered species, and the tricolored bat (*Perimyotis subflavus*), a state endangered species. During the spring and summer (April 1 through September 30), these bat species predominately roost in trees behind loose, exfoliating bark, in crevices and cavities, or in the leaves. However, these species are also dependent on the forest structure surrounding roost trees. The DOW recommends tree cutting only occur from October 1 through March 31, conserving trees with loose, shaggy bark and/or crevices, holes, or cavities, as well as trees with DBH ≥ 20 if possible.

The DOW also recommends that a desktop habitat assessment is conducted, followed by a field assessment if needed, to determine if a potential hibernaculum is present within the project area. Direction on how to conduct habitat assessments can be found in the current USFWS "Rangewide Indiana Bat Survey Guidelines." If a habitat assessment finds that a potential hibernaculum is present within 0.25 miles of the project area, please send this information to Erin Hazelton for project recommendations. If a potential or known hibernaculum is found, the DOW recommends a 0.25-mile tree cutting and subsurface disturbance buffer around the hibernaculum entrance, however, limited summer or winter tree cutting may be acceptable after consultation with the DOW. If no tree cutting or subsurface impacts to a hibernaculum are proposed, this project is not likely to impact these species.

The project is within the range of the following listed mussel species.

Federally Endangered

nuffbox (*Epioblasma triquetra*) clubshell (*Pleurobema clava*) Northern riffleshell (*Epioblasma torulosa rangiana*) rayed bean (*Villosa fabalis*)

Federally Threatened

rabbitsfoot (Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica)

State Endangered

elephant-ear (Elliptio crassidens crassidens)

State Threatened

pondhorn (*Uniomerus tetralasmus*)

Due to the location, and that there is no in-water work proposed in a perennial stream, this project is not likely to impact these species.

The project is within the range of the following listed fish species.

State Threatened

Tippecanoe darter (*Etheostoma Tippecanoe*)

Due to the location, and that there is no in-water work proposed in a perennial stream, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the American bittern (*Botaurus lentiginosus*), a state endangered bird. Nesting bitterns prefer large undisturbed wetlands that have scattered small pools amongst dense vegetation. They occasionally occupy bogs, large wet meadows, and dense shrubby swamps. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of May 1 through July 31. If this type of habitat will not be impacted, the project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the king rail (*Rallus elegans*), a state endangered bird. Nests for this species are deep bowls constructed out of grass and usually hidden very well in marsh vegetation. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of May 1 through July 31. If no wetland habitat will be impacted, the project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the lark sparrow (*Chondestes grammacus*), a state endangered bird. This sparrow nests in grassland habitats with scattered shrub layers, disturbed open areas, as well as patches of bare soil. In the Oak Openings area west of Toledo, lark sparrows occupy open grass and shrubby fields along sandy beach ridges. These summer residents normally migrate out of Ohio shortly after their young fledge or leave the nest. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of May 1 through July 31. If this habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the least bittern (*Ixobrychus exilis*), a state threatened bird. This secretive marsh species prefers dense emergent wetlands with thick stands of cattails, sedges, sawgrass or other semiaquatic vegetation interspersed with woody vegetation and open water. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of May 1 through July 31. If this type of habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the loggerhead shrike (*Lanius ludovicianus*), a state endangered bird. The loggerhead shrike nests in hedgerows, thickets and fencerows. They hunt over hayfields, pastures, and other grasslands. If thickets or other types of dense shrubbery habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species' nesting period of April 1 through July 31. If this habitat will not be impacted, this project is not likely to impact this species.

The project is within the range of the northern harrier (*Circus hudsonis*), a state endangered bird. This is a common migrant and winter species. Nesters are much rarer, although they occasionally breed in large marshes and grasslands. Harriers often nest in loose colonies. The female builds a nest out of sticks on the ground, often on top of a mound. Harriers hunt over grasslands. If this type of habitat will be impacted, construction should be avoided in this habitat during the species'

nesting period of April 15 through July 31. If this habitat will not be impacted, the project is not likely to impact this species.

Due to the potential of impacts to federally listed species, as well as to state listed species, we recommend that this project be coordinated with the US Fish & Wildlife Service.

Water Resources: The Division of Water Resources has the following comment.

The local floodplain administrator should be contacted concerning the possible need for any floodplain permits or approvals for this project. Your local floodplain administrator contact information can be found at the website below.

http://water.ohiodnr.gov/portals/soilwater/pdf/floodplain/Floodplain%20Manager%20Community%20Contact%20List 8 16.pdf

ODNR appreciates the opportunity to provide these comments. Please contact Mike Pettegrew at mike.pettegrew@dnr.ohio.gov if you have questions about these comments or need additional information.

Mike Pettegrew Environmental Services Administrator (Acting)

Bryksenkova, Nataliya

From: Molnar, Maggie < MMolnar@trccompanies.com>

Sent: Monday, January 10, 2022 1:09 PM

To: Ruggiero, Augustine **Cc:** Falkinburg, Brad

Subject: [EXTERNAL] FW: RE: Desktop Hibernacula Assessment: London-Tangy 138 kV Transmission Line, Tap

to Mitchell Delivery Point Substation Project

Auggie,

Please see Erin Hazelton's response below. She concurs with our assessment that no caves, cliffs, or mine openings occur in the project area and the project is not likely to impact hibernating bats.

Thanks,

Maggie Molnar, PWS

Ecologist



781 Science Boulevard, Suite 200, Gahanna, Ohio 43230 **D** 614.423-6342 **C** 614.949.2437

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Please note that our address has changed.

From: Erin.Hazelton@dnr.ohio.gov < Erin.Hazelton@dnr.ohio.gov >

Sent: Monday, January 10, 2022 1:05 PM

To: Molnar, Maggie < MMolnar@trccompanies.com > **Cc:** Falkinburg, Brad < BFalkinburg@trccompanies.com >

Subject: [EXTERNAL] RE: Desktop Hibernacula Assessment: London-Tangy 138 kV Transmission Line, Tap to Mitchell

Delivery Point Substation Project

This is an **EXTERNAL** email. Do not click links or open attachments unless you validate the sender and know the content is safe.

Hi Maggie,

Per review of the desktop survey provided for the London-Tangy Project, the Ohio Division of Wildlife concurs with your assessment that no caves, cliffs, or mine openings occur in the project area and the project is not likely to impact hibernating bats.

Should any reported conditions change before or during construction, please contact me for additional guidance.

Thank you,

Erin



Erin Hazelton (she/her/hers)

Wind Energy Administrator ODNR Division of Wildlife 2045 Morse Rd. Bldg G-3 Columbus, OH 43229 1-800-WILDLIFE

Office: 614-265-6349

Email: erin.hazelton@dnr.ohio.gov

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Please consider the environment before printing this email.

From: Molnar, Maggie < MMolnar@trccompanies.com>

Sent: Monday, January 10, 2022 11:43 AM

To: Hazelton, Erin < Erin. Hazelton@dnr.ohio.gov>

Cc: Falkinburg, Brad <BFalkinburg@trccompanies.com>

Subject: Desktop Hibernacula Assessment: London-Tangy 138 kV Transmission Line, Tap to Mitchell Delivery Point

Substation Project

Erin,

In response to the ODNR's DOW recommendations (attached), TRC Companies, Inc. (TRC) completed a desktop habitat assessment, on behalf the ATSI, a FirstEnergy Company, to determine if potential hibernaculum is present within the proposed London-Tangy 138 kV Transmission Line, Tap to Mitchell Delivery Point Substation Project (Project) Study Area (attached). The proposed Project is located in the Jerome Township, Union County, Ohio.

Please let us know if you have any questions on the provided desktop assessment.

Thanks in advance for your time.

Regards,

Maggie Molnar, PWS **Ecologist**



781 Science Boulevard, Suite 200, Gahanna, Ohio 43230 **D** 614.423-6342 **C** 614.949.2437

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WETLAND DELINEATION AND STREAM IDENTIFICATION REPORT FOR THE UNION RURAL ELECTRIC MITCHELL SUBSTATION

JEROME TOWNSHIP, UNION COUNTY, OHIO

PREPARED FOR:

POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING, INC.

SUBMITTED TO:

MS. MARTHA LAMP
PROJECT COORDINATOR & ADMINISTRATIVE ASSISTANT
POWER SYSTEM ENGINEERING, INC.
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PREPARED BY:

ALLSTAR ECOLOGY LLC 1582 MEADOWDALE ROAD FAIRMONT, WV 26554 OFFICE (304) 816-3490

NOVEMBER 5, 2020

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

On behalf of Power System Engineering, Inc., AllStar Ecology LLC developed this Wetland Delineation and Stream Identification Report for the Union Rural Electric Mitchell Substation located in Union County, Ohio. AllStar Ecology reviewed a 7.52-acre area of interest to identify potentially jurisdictional aquatic features and special aquatic sites. An environmental field survey was conducted on November 2nd, of 2020.

A total of one palustrine emergent wetland was identified within the area of interest.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

AllStar Ecology LLC (ASE) was retained by Power System Engineering, Inc. (PSE) to conduct an environmental field investigation for the proposed Union Rural Electric Mitchell Substation (Mitchell Substation) located near Plain City in Union County, Ohio (OH). The purpose of the field review was to identify potentially environmentally sensitive areas within a 7.52-acre area of interest (AOI).

The center of the site was located approximately 2.6 miles northeast of Plain City, OH, in southeastern Union County, OH. From Huntington, West Virginia (WV), take WV-527 North entering Ohio. Continue onto OH-527 North for 0.2 mile. Merge onto OH-7 South and continue 37.1 miles. Take US-23 North and continue 16.9 miles. Keep right to continue onto State Route 823 and continue 16.3 miles. Keep right and merge onto US-23 North and continue 34.2 miles. Keep right to stay on US-23 North toward Columbus and continue 37.1 miles. Merge onto Interstate (I) 270 North and continue 20.1 miles. Merge onto OH-161 West/US-33 West and continue 2.8 miles. Take exit 106 toward I-61 West and continue 0.7 mile. Make a slight right onto Industrial Parkway/Old US-33 and continue 1.1 miles. Turn left onto Warner Road and continue 1.1 miles. Turn right onto Mitchell-Dewitt Road and continue 1.1 miles to reach the AOI (40.129855°, -83.225698°). The AOI is located on the United States Geological Survey (USGS) topographical map of the Shawnee Hills 7.5-minute (') Quadrangle (Figure 1).

The stream and wetland delineation of the Mitchell Substation found one potentially jurisdictional feature, one palustrine emergent (PEM) wetland.

2.0 METHODS

Prior to the field evaluation, a desktop analysis was conducted to identify areas which may contain potential waters of the United States (WoUS) and wetland habitats. Current and historical aerial photographs, existing databases, and other public resources were reviewed including US Geological Survey 7.5' topographic maps, US Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) mapping, National Hydrology Dataset (NHD) stream data, and soil maps from the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS).

A desktop analysis was performed to establish potential presence of federal and state listed rare, threatened, and endangered species. Public resources were utilized and included Information, Planning and Consultation (IPaC) website developed by the USFWS.

Streams and wetlands were named alphabetically by field personnel in the order they were identified and were then renamed for mapping purposes. Wetland delineations were conducted by qualified personnel in accordance with the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Wetlands Delineation Manual (Environmental Laboratory, 1987) and the applicable Regional

Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual (USACE, 2012). Streams were classified in accordance with the USACE Jurisdictional Determination Form Instructional Guidebook (2007).

Streams were categorized in accordance with indices developed by the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA) in order to assess physical habitat. Headwater streams and streams with a drainage area less than 1.0 square mile were categorized using the Headwater Habitat Evaluation Index (HHEI), while wadeable streams were categorized using the Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index (QHEI). Wetlands were also categorized in accordance with the OEPA Division of Surface Water's Ohio Rapid Assessment Method (ORAM) for Wetlands v. 5.0. ORAM was used to assess the quality of wetlands under the Wetland Antidegradation Rule, OAC Rule 3745-1-54.

2.1 Date of Field Work and Personnel

Fieldwork was conducted by Justin DeVault of ASE on November 2nd, of 2020. ASE field personnel have completed a 40-hour wetland delineation training and have completed a four-year degree in a related field and/or equivalent work experience.

2.2 Scope of Work

ASE was retained by PSE to provide environmental consulting services for the Mitchell Substation, including conducting stream and wetland delineations, and providing GIS analysis and mapping.

2.3 USACE Jurisdictional Statement

Stream and wetland delineations were conducted in accordance with the 1987 delineation manual and applicable regional supplements. Findings presented in this report represent the best professional judgment and opinion of AllStar Ecology LLC. Formal jurisdictional status can only be determined by the USACE through submittal of a jurisdictional determination request by the proponent.

3.0 FINDINGS

The Mitchell Substation site drains to Sugar Run of Big Darby Creek. Big Darby Creek is a tributary of Scioto River (HUC# 05060001), a traditional navigable waterway. Jurisdictional features located within the AOI included one PEM wetland (Tables 1 & 2, Figure 2). USACE Wetland Determination Data Forms were completed to characterize wetlands and associated upland areas (Appendix A). Photos of delineated features are also included (Appendix B).

3.1 Desktop Findings

The proposed project is in southeastern Union County, OH. The project AOI is located near rural residential and agricultural properties and is adjacent to an existing road, Mitchell-Dewitt Road (Twp Hwy 9). Land use surrounding the project is largely agricultural.

According to a desktop review of available USFWS NWI digital data for the project, there are no mapped wetlands within the AOI. An examination of the USGS mapping and NHD stream data indicated no streams are present within the AOI.

USDA soil mapping indicated two soil units are within the AOI, one of which has a hydric soil rating, and one soil unit contained a minor component with a hydric soil rating. Topography within the AOI consists of predominately flat areas with elevations ranging from 940 feet to 950 feet above mean sea level.

The Mitchell Substation site drains to Sugar Run of Big Darby Creek. Big Darby Creek is a tributary of Scioto River (HUC# 05060001), a traditional navigable waterway. A review of FEMA FIRM mapping Panel 39159C0388D, with an effective date of December 16, 2008, revealed that no portion of the AOI is within the limits of a designated regulatory floodplain. The project falls within an eligible zone for blanket coverage for 401 Water Quality Certification (WQC) with the OEPA, assuming limitations and conditions of the Nationwide Permit (NWP) are met.

According to the IPaC report, Rare, Threated, or Endangered (RTE) species of concern in proximity to the AOI include the Indiana bat (*Myotis sodalis*), the northern long-eared bat (*Myotis septentrionalis*), and the Scioto madtom (*Noturus trautmani*). The AOI is outside critical habitat for the Indiana bat, and no critical habitat has been designated for the northern long-eared bat or the Scioto madtom. IPaC also notes that there are no critical habitats for RTE species within the AOI. [See Appendix C for desktop findings, including NWI map, soil report, and IPaC report for project AOI.]

3.2 Climate and Site Conditions

Union County receives an average of 35.72 inches of precipitation annually. The average growing season in Union County is from April to September. See the table below for general climate and localized weather conditions for Union County prior to and during the site visit.

<u>Site Visit</u> (MM/DD/YY)	Average Monthly Precipitation for Month of Site Visit (inches)	Site Visit Month-To- Date Precipitation (inches)	Total Precipitation During Previous 72 hours (inches)	Precipitation on Day of Site Visit	Average Daytime Temperature for Day (actual °F)
11/2/2020	2.96	0.02	0.02	0	36.5

3.3 Field Findings

The Mitchell Substation AOI was situated along an existing road (Mitchell-Dewitt Road/Twp Hwy 9) and within existing agricultural fields. The surrounding land was primarily agricultural fields and rural residences. Significant portions of the AOI were dominated by herbaceous vegetation including Japanese bristle grass (*Setaria faberi*), spiny-leaf sow-thistle (*Sonchus asper*), common dandelion (*Taraxacum officinale*), yellow bristle grass (*Setaria pumila*), eastern daisy fleabane (*Erigeron annuus*), and velvetleaf (*Abutilon theophrasti*). The AOI contained remnants of plantings of corn (*Zea mays*) and soybean (*Glycine max*). Jurisdictional feature findings are discussed in the following sections.

Potentially Jurisdictional Waters Identified in the Project AOI Table 1

Waters Name ¹	Cowardin Code²	HGM Code ²	Measurement Type	Amount Units	Units	Waters Types ²	Latitude ³	-atitude³ Longitude³	Local Waterway	OH WQ Class ⁴	PHWH Class ⁵	HHEI Score ⁵	QHEI Score ⁶	ORAM Score ⁷	ORAM CATEGORY
Wetlands															
ASE Wetland01	PEM	Depress	Area	0.092	Acre	RPWWN	40.129358	40.129358 -83.227203	Sugar Run	A/N	A/N	A/Z	A/N	10	<u></u>

NOTES:

- AllStar Ecology, LLC's naming convention.
- As determined by the USACE's Waters Upload Sheet (pers. comm.)
- North American Datum. 1983
- Scoring for OEPA Headwater Habitat Evaluation Index (HHEI) Primary Headwater Habitats (PHWH). Class II = 0 29.9 and include "normally dry channels with little or no aquatic life present"; Class II = 30 69.9 and are equivalent to "warm water habitat"; Class III = 70 100 and typically have perennial flow with cool-cold water adapted native fauna. Streams classified as Class III PHWH by a Level 1 or Level 2 Assessment are assumed Class IIIB PHWH unless disproved by Level 3 Assessment. As defined by OAC Chapter 3745-1 Water Quality Standards, Water use designations and statewide criteria (OAC 3745-1-07). http://www.epa.ohio.gov/dsw/rules/3745_1.aspx.
 - Streams with drainage areas >1 sq. mi, which have not received a water use designation under OAC 3745-1 were scored based on OEPA's Methods for Assessing Habitat in Flowing Waters: Using the Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index (QHEI), June 2006.

 http://www.epa.state.oh.us/portals/35/documents/qheimanualjune2006.pdf. Scoring: >75 = Excellent stream habitat; 60 74 = Good; 45 59 = Fair; 30 44 = Poor; <30 = Very Poor.

 Scoring for ORAM v 5.0: Category 1 = 0 29.9; Category 1 or 2 Gray Zone = 30 34.9; Category 2 = 45 59.9; Category 2 or 3 = 60 64.9; Category 3 = 65 100. ORAM v 5.0 Quantitative Score Calibration, Last Revised: August 15, 2000.
 - http://epa.ohio.gov/portals/35/401/oram50sc_s.pdf

3.3.1 Potentially Jurisdictional Wetlands

ASE identified and delineated one potentially jurisdictional PEM wetland within the AOI (Tables 1 & 2, Figure 2). Data obtained for the delineated wetland indicated that soils, vegetation, and hydrology parameters met the criteria of a jurisdictional wetland. See individual wetland narrative below. USACE Wetland Determination Data Forms for this wetland and associated upland are included in Appendix A. ORAM was completed for the wetland and is also included in Appendix A.

Potentially Jurisdictional Wetland Descriptions

Table 2

Wetland Name	Wetland Type	Wetland Hydrology Indicators	Dominant Vegetation Species	Hydric Soil Indicators	Associated Data Point	Upland Comparison Data Point	Comments	ORAM Category
ASE_Wetland01	PEM	Sediment Deposits, Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots, Stunted or Stressed Plants	Setaria pumila	Redox Dark Surface	ASE_DP02	ASE_DP01	Depressional wetland within an agricultural field adjacent to a power transmission line.	—

4.0 CLOSING

ASE was retained by PSE to conduct an environmental field review within a 7.52-acre AOI for the Union Rural Electric Mitchell Substation located in Union County, OH. One palustrine emergent wetland was identified and delineated within the AOI.

All comments or questions regarding the findings of this report should be directed to Anna Runner with AllStar Ecology LLC at (304) 816-349 (office) or (304) 627-7229 (cell).

Respectfully submitted,

Anna Runner Environmental Scientist III/Project Manager AllStar Ecology LLC

FIGURE 1

Vicinity Map

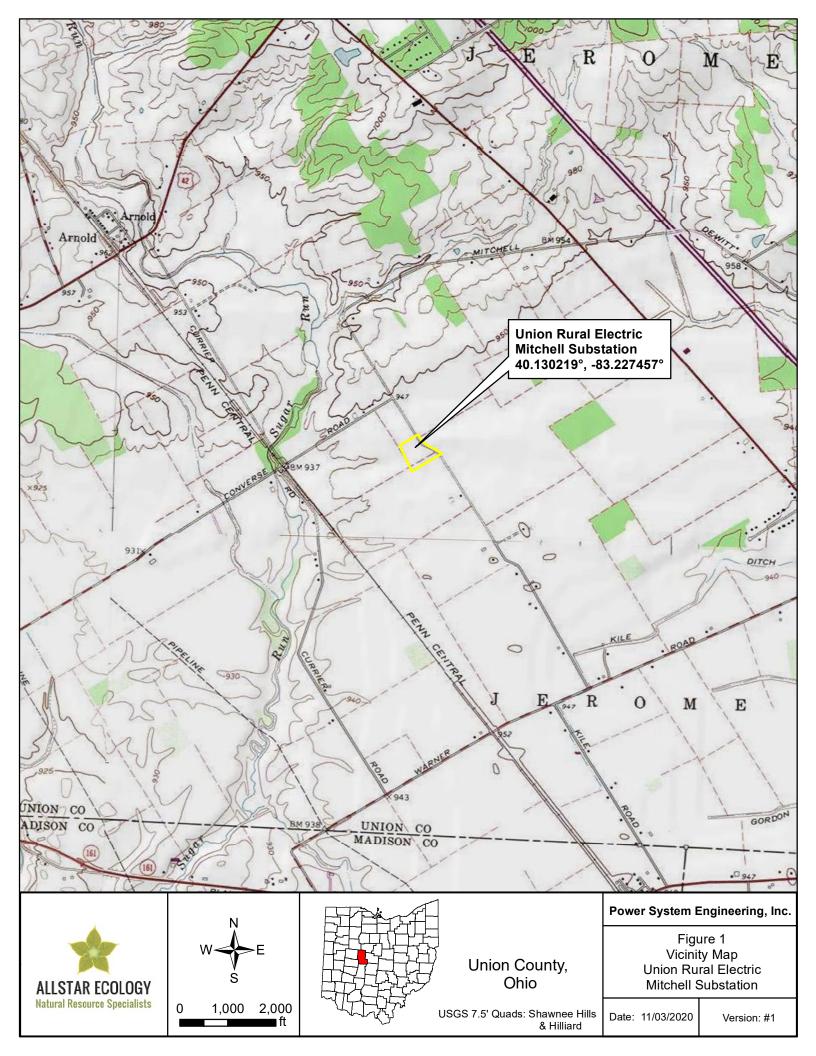
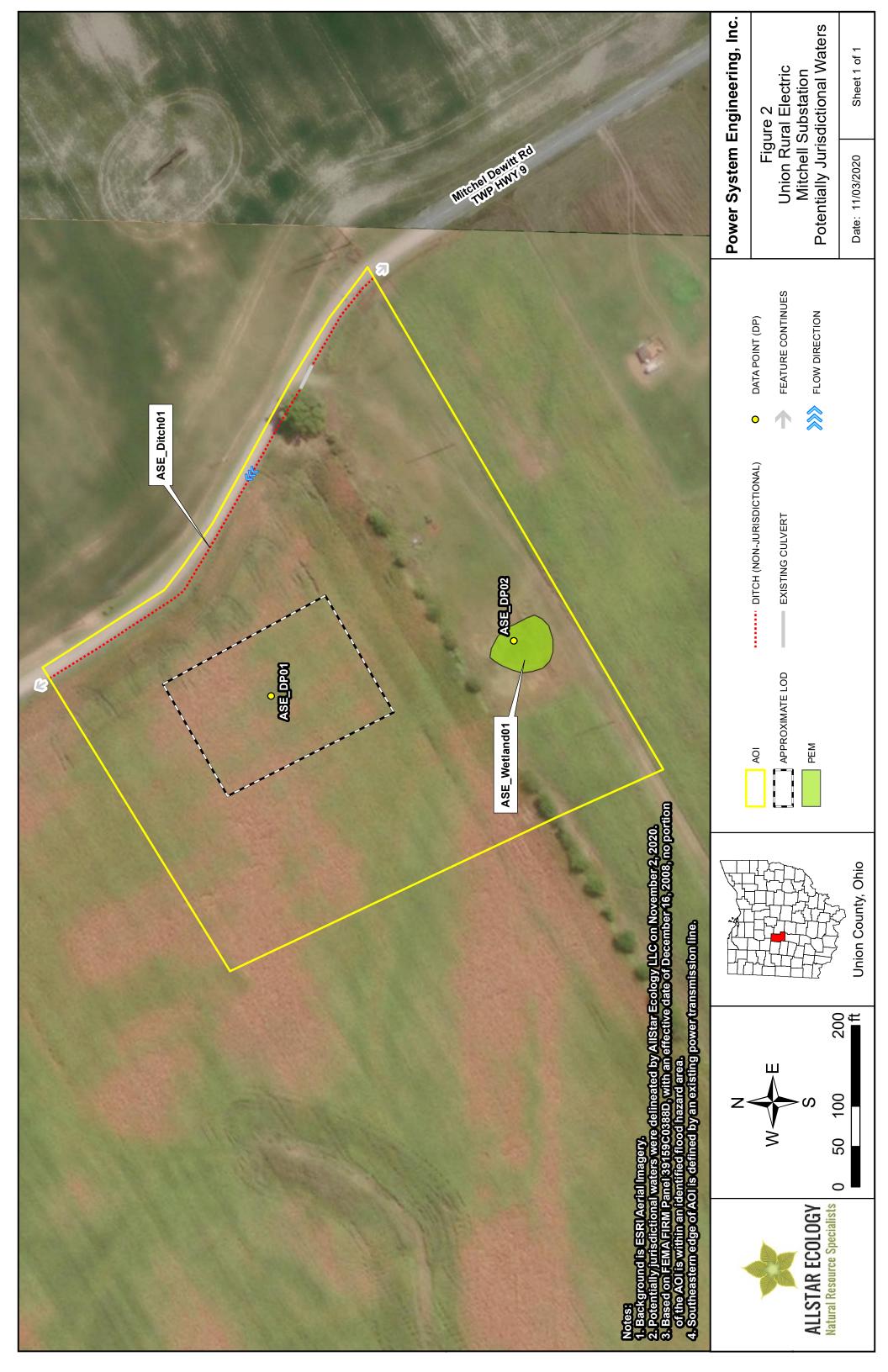


FIGURE 2

Potentially Jurisdictional Waters Map



APPENDIX A

ORAM and USACE Wetland Determination Data Forms (Electronic Attachment)

	Ohio Rapid Assessment Method for Wetlands 10 Page Form for Wetland Categorization			
Version 5.0 Background Information Scoring Boundary Worksheet Narrative Rating Field Form Quantitative Rating ORAM Summary Worksheet Wetland Categorization Worksleen				

Instructions

The investigator is *STRONGLY URGED* to read the Manual for Using the Ohio Rapid Assessment Method for Wetlands for further elaboration and discussion of the questions below prior to using the rating forms.

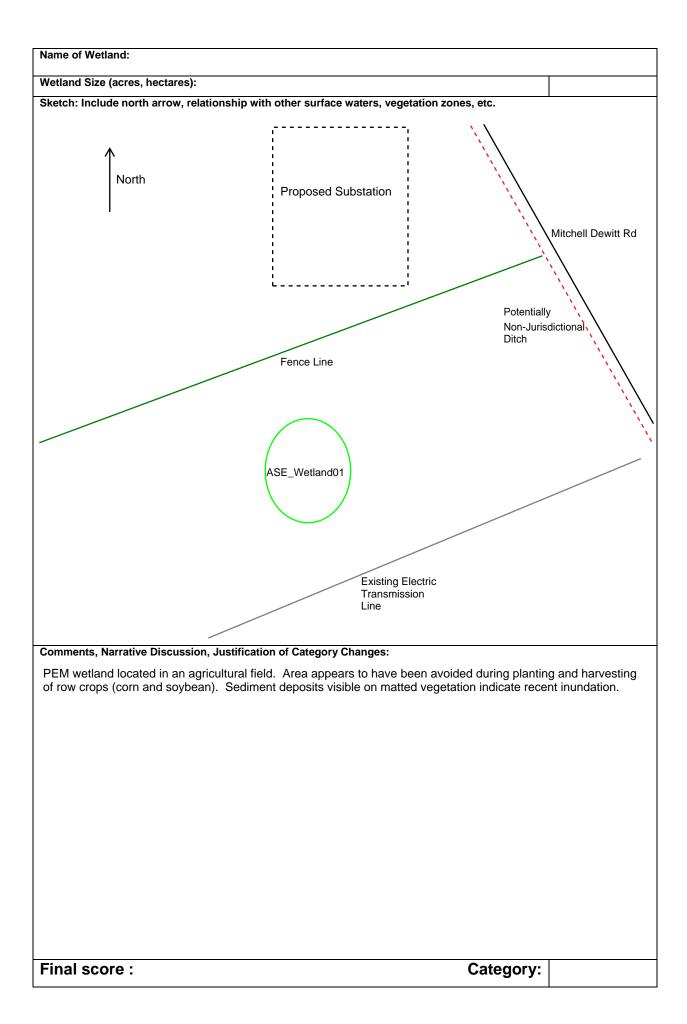
The Narrative Rating is designed to categorize a wetland or to provide alerts to the Rater based on the presence or possible presence of threatened or endangered species. The presence or proximity of such species is often an indicator of the quality and lack of disturbance of the wetland being evaluated. In addition, it is designed to categorize certain wetlands as very low quality (Category 1) or very high quality (Category 3) regardless of the wetland's score on the Quantitative Rating. In addition, the Narrative Rating also alerts the investigator that a particular wetland *may* be a Category 3 wetland, again, regardless of the wetland's score on the Quantitative Rating.

It is *VERY IMPORTANT* to properly and thoroughly answer each of the questions in the ORAM in order to properly categorize a wetland. To *properly* answer all the questions, the boundaries of the wetland being assessed must be correctly identified. Refer to Scoring Boundary worksheet and the User's Manual for a discussion of how to determine the "scoring boundaries." In some instances, the scoring boundaries may differ from the "jurisdictional boundaries."

Refer to the most recent ORAM Score Calibration Report for the scoring breakpoints between wetland categories. The most recent version of this document is posted on Ohio EPA's Division of Surface Water web page at: http://www.epa.ohio.gov/dsw/wetlands/WetlandEcologySection.aspx

Background Information

Name:	
Date:	
Affiliation:	
Address:	
Phone Number:	
e-mail address:	
Name of Wetland:	
Vegetation Communit(ies):	
HGM Class(es):	
Location of Wetland: include map, address, north arrow, landmarks, distances, roads, etc.	
See Figure 2	
Lat/Long or UTM Coordinate	
USGS Quad Name	
County	
Township	
Section and Subsection	
Hydrologic Unit Code	
Site Visit	
National Wetland Inventory Map	
Ohio Wetland Inventory Map	
Soil Survey	
Delineation report/map	



Scoring Boundary Worksheet

INSTRUCTIONS. The initial step in completing the ORAM is to identify the "scoring boundaries" of the wetland being rated. In many instances this determination will be relatively easy and the scoring boundaries will coincide with the "jurisdictional boundaries." For example, the scoring boundary of an isolated cattail marsh located in the middle of a farm field will likely be the same as that wetland's jurisdictional boundaries. In other instances, however, the scoring boundary will not be as easily determined. Wetlands that are small or isolated from other surface waters often form large contiguous areas or heterogeneous complexes of wetland and upland. In separating wetlands for scoring purposes, the hydrologic regime of the wetland is the main criterion that should be used. Boundaries between contiguous or connected wetlands should be established where the volume, flow, or velocity of water moving through the wetland changes significantly. Areas with a high degree of hydrologic interaction should be scored as a single wetland. In determining a wetland's scoring boundaries, use the guidelines in the ORAM Manual Section 5.0. In certain instances, it may be difficult to establish the scoring boundary for the wetland being rated. These problem situations include wetlands that form a patchwork on the landscape, wetlands divided by artificial boundaries like property fences, roads, or railroad embankments, wetlands that are contiguous with streams, lakes, or rivers, and estuarine or coastal wetlands. These situations are discussed below, however, it is recommended that Rater contact Ohio EPA, Division of Surface Water, 401/Wetlands Section if there are additional questions or a need for further clarification of the appropriate scoring boundaries of a particular wetland.

#	Steps in properly establishing scoring boundaries	done?	not applicable
Step 1	Identify the wetland area of interest. This may be the site of a proposed impact, a reference site, conservation site, etc.		
Step 2	Identify the locations where there is physical evidence that hydrology changes rapidly. Such evidence includes both natural and human-induced changes including, constrictions caused by berms or dikes, points where the water velocity changes rapidly at rapids or falls, points where significant inflows occur at the confluence of rivers, or other factors that may restrict hydrologic interaction between the wetlands or parts of a single wetland.		
Step 3	Delineate the boundary of the wetland to be rated such that all areas of interest that are contiguous to and within the areas where the hydrology does not change significantly, i.e. areas that have a high degree of hydrologic interaction are included within the scoring boundary.		
Step 4	Determine if artificial boundaries, such as property lines, state lines, roads, railroad embankments, etc., are present. These should not be used to establish scoring boundaries unless they coincide with areas where the hydrologic regime changes.		
Step 5	In all instances, the Rater may enlarge the minimum scoring boundaries discussed here to score together wetlands that could be scored separately.		
Step 6	Consult ORAM Manual Section 5.0 for how to establish scoring boundaries for wetlands that form a patchwork on the landscape, divided by artificial boundaries, contiguous to streams, lakes or rivers, or for dual classifications.		

End of Scoring Boundary Determination. Begin Narrative Rating on next page.

Narrative Rating

INSTRUCTIONS. Answer each of the following questions. Questions 1, 2, 3 and 4 should be answered based on information obtained from the site visit or the literature *and* by submitting a Data Services Request to the Ohio Department of Natural Resources, Division of Natural Areas and Preserves, Natural Heritage Data Services, 1889 Fountain Square Court, Building F-1, Columbus, Ohio 43224, 614-265-6453 (phone), 614-265-3096 (fax), http://www.dnr.state.oh.us/dnap. The remaining questions are designed to be answered primarily by the results of the site visit. Refer to the User's Manual for descriptions of these wetland types. Note: "Critical habitat" is legally defined in the Endangered Species Act and is the geographic area containing physical or biological features essential to the conservation of a listed species or as an area that may require special management considerations or protection. The Rater should contact the Region 3 Headquarters or the Columbus Ecological Services Office for updates as to whether critical habitat has been designated for other federally listed threatened or endangered species. "Documented" means the wetland is listed in the appropriate State of Ohio database.

#	Question	Circle one	
1	Critical Habitat. Is the wetland in a township, section, or subsection of a United States Geological Survey 7.5 minute Quadrangle that has	YES	NO
	been designated by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service as "critical habitat" for any threatened or endangered plant or animal species?	Wetland should be evaluated for possible	Go to Question 2
	Note: as of January 1, 2001, of the federally listed endangered or threatened species which can be found in Ohio, the Indiana Bat has	Category 3 status	
	had critical habitat designated (50 CFR 17.95(a)) and the piping plover has had critical habitat proposed (65 FR 41812 July 6, 2000).	Go to Question 2	
2	Threatened or Endangered Species. Is the wetland known to contain an individual of, or documented occurrences of federal or state-listed	YES	(NO)
	threatened or endangered plant or animal species?	Wetland is a Category 3 wetland.	Go to Question 3
		Go to Question 3	
3	Documented High Quality Wetland. Is the wetland on record in Natural Heritage Database as a high quality wetland?	YES	NO
		Wetland is a Category 3 wetland	Go to Question 4
		Go to Question 4	
4	Significant Breeding or Concentration Area. Does the wetland	YES	(NO)
	contain documented regionally significant breeding or nonbreeding waterfowl, neotropical songbird, or shorebird concentration areas?	Wetland is a Category 3 wetland	Go to Question 5
		Go to Question 5	
5	Category 1 Wetlands. Is the wetland less than 0.5 hectares (1 acre) in size and hydrologically isolated and either 1) comprised of	YES	(10)
	vegetation that is dominated (greater than eighty per cent areal cover) by <i>Phalaris arundinacea, Lythrum salicaria,</i> or <i>Phragmites australis</i> , or 2) an acidic pond created or excavated on mined lands that has little or	Wetland is a Category 1 wetland	Go to Question 6
	no vegetation?	Go to Question 6	
6	Bogs. Is the wetland a peat-accumulating wetland that 1) has no significant inflows or outflows, 2) supports acidophilic mosses,	YES	(NO)
	particularly <i>Sphagnum</i> spp., 3) the acidophilic mosses have >30% cover, 4) at least one species from Table 1 is present, and 5) the cover of invasive species (see Table 1) is <25%?	Wetland is a Category 3 wetland	Go to Question 7
		Go to Question 7	
<u>7</u>	Fens. Is the wetland a carbon accumulating (peat, muck) wetland that is saturated during most of the year, primarily by a discharge of free	YES	NO
	flowing, mineral rich, ground water with a circumneutral ph (5.5-9.0) and with one or more plant species listed in Table 1 and the cover of invasive species listed in Table 1 is <25%?	Wetland is a Category 3 wetland	Go to Question 8a
	·	Go to Question 8a	
8a	"Old Growth Forest." Is the wetland a forested wetland and is the forest characterized by, but not limited to, the following characteristics:	YES	NO
	overstory canopy trees of great age (exceeding at least 50% of a projected maximum attainable age for a species); little or no evidence	Wetland is a Category 3 wetland.	Go to Question 8b
	of human-caused understory disturbance during the past 80 to 100 years; an all-aged structure and multilayered canopies; aggregations of canopy trees interspersed with canopy gaps; and significant numbers of standing dead snags and downed logs?	Go to Question 8b	

			_
8b	Mature forested wetlands. Is the wetland a forested wetland with 50% or more of the cover of upper forest canopy consisting of	YES	NO
	deciduous trees with large diameters at breast height (dbh), generally diameters greater than 45cm (17.7in) dbh?	Wetland should be evaluated for possible	Go to Question 9a
	diameters greater than 450m (17.7m) don:	Category 3 status.	
		Go to Question 9a	
9a	Lake Erie coastal and tributary wetlands. Is the wetland located at	YES	NO
	an elevation less than 575 feet on the USGS map, adjacent to this elevation, or along a tributary to Lake Erie that is accessible to fish?	Go to Question 9b	Go to Question 10
9b	Does the wetland's hydrology result from measures designed to	YES	NO
	prevent erosion and the loss of aquatic plants, i.e. the wetland is partially hydrologically restricted from Lake Erie due to lakeward or	Wetland should be	Go to Question 9c
	landward dikes or other hydrological controls?	evaluated for possible	
		Category 3 status	
		Go to Question 10	NO
9с	Are Lake Erie water levels the wetland's primary hydrological influence, i.e. the wetland is hydrologically unrestricted (no lakeward or upland	YES	NO
	border alterations), or the wetland can be characterized as an	Go to Question 9d	Go to Question 10
	"estuarine" wetland with lake and river influenced hydrology. These include sandbar deposition wetlands, estuarine wetlands, river mouth		
	wetlands, or those dominated by submersed aquatic vegetation.		
9d	Does the wetland have a predominance of native species within its vegetation communities, although non-native or disturbance tolerant	YES	NO
	native species can also be present?	Wetland is a Category	Go to Question 9e
		3 wetland	
		Go to Question 10	
9e	Does the wetland have a predominance of non-native or disturbance tolerant native plant species within its vegetation communities?	YES	NO
	g-amona pama-pama-pama-pama-pama-pama-pama-pam	Wetland should be	Go to Question 10
		evaluated for possible Category 3 status	
10	Lake Plain Sand Prairies (Oak Openings) Is the wetland located in	Go to Question 10 YES	(NO)
	Lucas, Fulton, Henry, or Wood Counties and can the wetland be		
	characterized by the following description: the wetland has a sandy substrate with interspersed organic matter, a water table often within	Wetland is a Category 3 wetland.	Go to Question 11
	several inches of the surface, and often with a dominance of the		
	gramineous vegetation listed in Table 1 (woody species may also be present). The Ohio Department of Natural Resources Division of	Go to Question 11	
	Natural Areas and Preserves can provide assistance in confirming this		
11	type of wetland and its quality. Relict Wet Prairies. Is the wetland a relict wet prairie community	YES	(10)
"	dominated by some or all of the species in Table 1. Extensive prairies	1 - 2	NO
	were formerly located in the Darby Plains (Madison and Union	Wetland should be	Complete Quantitative
	Counties), Sandusky Plains (Wyandot, Crawford, and Marion Counties), northwest Ohio (e.g. Erie, Huron, Lucas, Wood Counties),	evaluated for possible Category 3 status	Rating
	and portions of western Ohio Counties (e.g. Darke, Mercer, Miami,		
	Montgomery, Van Wert etc.).	Complete Quantitative Rating	

Table 1. Characteristic plant species.

invasive/exotic spp	fen species	bog species	0ak Opening species	wet prairie species
Lythrum salicaria	Zygadenus elegans var. glaucus	Calla palustris	Carex cryptolepis	Calamagrostis canadensis
Myriophyllum spicatum	Cacalia plantaginea	Carex atlantica var. capillacea	Carex lasiocarpa	Calamogrostis stricta
Najas minor	Carex flava	Carex echinata	Carex stricta	Carex atherodes
Phalaris arundinacea	Carex sterilis	Carex oligosperma	Cladium mariscoides	Carex buxbaumii
Phragmites australis	Carex stricta	Carex trisperma	Calamagrostis stricta	Carex pellita
Potamogeton crispus	Deschampsia caespitosa	Chamaedaphne calyculata	Calamagrostis canadensis	Carex sartwellii
Ranunculus ficaria	Eleocharis rostellata	Decodon verticillatus	Quercus palustris	Gentiana andrewsii
Rhamnus frangula	Eriophorum viridicarinatum	Eriophorum virginicum		Helianthus grosseserratus
Typha angustifolia	Gentianopsis spp.	Larix laricina		Liatris spicata
Typha xglauca	Lobelia kalmii	Nemopanthus mucronatus		Lysimachia quadriflora
	Parnassia glauca	Schechzeria palustris		Lythrum alatum
	Potentilla fruticosa	Sphagnum spp.		Pycnanthemum virginianum
	Rhamnus alnifolia	Vaccinium macrocarpon		Silphium terebinthinaceum
	Rhynchospora capillacea	Vaccinium corymbosum		Sorghastrum nutans
	Salix candida	Vaccinium oxycoccos		Spartina pectinata
	Salix myricoides	Woodwardia virginica		Solidago riddellii
	Salix serissima	Xyris difformis		
	Solidago ohioensis			
	Tofieldia glutinosa			
	Triglochin maritimum			
	Triglochin palustre			

End of Narrative Rating. Begin Quantitative Rating on next page.

Site:		Rater(s):	Date:
		Metric 1. Wetland Area (size).	
max 6 pts.	subtotal	Select one size class and assign score. >50 acres (>20.2ha) (6 pts) 25 to <50 acres (10.1 to <20.2ha) (5 pts) 10 to <25 acres (4 to <10.1ha) (4 pts) 3 to <10 acres (1.2 to <4ha) (3 pts) 0.3 to <3 acres (0.12 to <1.2ha) (2pts) 0.1 to <0.3 acres (0.04 to <0.12ha) (1 pt) <0.1 acres (0.04ha) (0 pts)	
		Metric 2. Upland buffers and surroundi	ng land use.
max 14 pts.	subtotal	2a. Calculate average buffer width. Select only one and assign score. Do WIDE. Buffers average 50m (164ft) or more around wetland per MEDIUM. Buffers average 25m to <50m (82 to <164ft) around vota NARROW. Buffers average 10m to <25m (32ft to <82ft) around VERY NARROW. Buffers average <10m (<32ft) around wetland 2b. Intensity of surrounding land use. Select one or double check and average <10m (x2ft) around wetland 2b.	rimeter (7) wetland perimeter (4) d wetland perimeter (1) d perimeter (0)
		VERY LOW. 2nd growth or older forest, prairie, savannah, wildl LOW. Old field (>10 years), shrub land, young second growth for MODERATELY HIGH. Residential, fenced pasture, park, consequently HIGH. Urban, industrial, open pasture, row cropping, mining, co	orest. (5) ervation tillage, new fallow field. (3)
		Metric 3. Hydrology.	
max 30 pts.	subtotal	High pH groundwater (5) Other groundwater (3) Precipitation (1) Seasonal/Intermittent surface water (3) Perennial surface water (lake or stream) (5) 3d.	Connectivity. Score all that apply. 100 year floodplain (1) Between stream/lake and other human use (1) Part of wetland/upland (e.g. forest), complex (1) Part of riparian or upland corridor (1) Duration inundation/saturation. Score one or dbl check.
		 3c. Maximum water depth. Select only one and assign score. >0.7 (27.6in) (3) 0.4 to 0.7m (15.7 to 27.6in) (2) <0.4m (<15.7in) (1) 3e. Modifications to natural hydrologic regime. Score one or double check 	Semi- to permanently inundated/saturated (4) Regularly inundated/saturated (3) Seasonally inundated (2) Seasonally saturated in upper 30cm (12in) (1) k and average.
		None or none apparent (12) Recovered (7) Recovering (3) Recent or no recovery (1) Check all disturbances observed ditch tile dike weir stormwater input	point source (nonstormwater) filling/grading road bed/RR track dredging other
		Metric 4. Habitat Alteration and Develo	pment.
max 20 pts.	subtotal	4a. Substrate disturbance. Score one or double check and average. None or none apparent (4) Recovered (3) Recovering (2) Recent or no recovery (1)	
		4b. Habitat development. Select only one and assign score. Excellent (7) Very good (6) Good (5) Moderately good (4) Fair (3) Poor to fair (2) Poor (1)	
ſ		4c. Habitat alteration. Score one or double check and average. None or none apparent (9) Recovered (6) Recovering (3) Recent or no recovery (1) Recent or no recovery (1) Recovering (3) Recent or no recovery (1)	shrub/sapling removal herbaceous/aquatic bed removal sedimentation dredging farming
last revised	ototal this pa		nutrient enrichment

Site:	Rate	r(s):	Date:
subtotal first	Metric 5. Special Wetlar	-unrestricted hydro -restricted hydro enings) (10) reatened or enda er fowl habitat or	angered species (10) usage (10)
			erspersion, microtopography.
max 20 pts. subtot	al 6a. Wetland Vegetation Communities. Score all present using 0 to 3 scale. Aquatic bed Emergent Shrub Forest Mudflats Open water Other Other 6b. horizontal (plan view) Interspersion. Select only one. High (5) Moderately high(4) Moderate (3) Moderately low (2) Low (1) None (0) 6c. Coverage of invasive plants. Refer to Table 1 ORAM long form for list. Add or deduct points for coverage Extensive >75% cover (-5) Moderate 25-75% cover (-3)	Vegetation 0 1 2	Absent or comprises <0.1ha (0.2471 acres) contiguous area Present and either comprises small part of wetland's vegetation and is of moderate quality, or comprises a significant part but is of low quality Present and either comprises significant part of wetland's vegetation and is of moderate quality or comprises a small part and is of high quality Present and comprises significant part, or more, of wetland's vegetation and is of high quality Present and comprises significant part, or more, of wetland's vegetation and is of high quality Escription of Vegetation Quality Low spp diversity and/or predominance of nonnative or disturbance tolerant native species Native spp are dominant component of the vegetation, although nonnative and/or disturbance tolerant native spp can also be present, and species diversity moderate to moderately high, but generally w/o presence of rare threatened or endangered spp A predominance of native species, with nonnative spp and/or disturbance tolerant native spp absent or virtually absent, and high spp diversity and often, but not always,
	Sparse 5-25% cover (-1) Nearly absent <5% cover (0) Absent (1) 6d. Microtopography. Score all present using 0 to 3 scale. Vegetated hummucks/tussucks Coarse woody debris >15cm (6in) Standing dead >25cm (10in) dbh Amphibian breeding pools	0 1 2 3	the presence of rare, threatened, or endangered spp Open Water Class Quality

End of Quantitative Rating. Complete Categorization Worksheets.

ORAM Summary Worksheet

		circle answer or insert score	Result
Narrative Rating	Question 1 Critical Habitat	YES (NO)	If yes, Category 3.
	Question 2. Threatened or Endangered Species	YES NO	If yes, Category 3.
	Question 3. High Quality Natural Wetland	YES NO	If yes, Category 3.
	Question 4. Significant bird habitat	YES NO	If yes, Category 3.
	Question 5. Category 1 Wetlands	YES NO	If yes, Category 1.
	Question 6. Bogs	YES NO	If yes, Category 3.
	Question 7. Fens	YES NO	If yes, Category 3.
	Question 8a. Old Growth Forest	YES NO	If yes, Category 3.
	Question 8b. Mature Forested Wetland	YES NO	If yes, evaluate for Category 3; may also be 1 or 2.
	Question 9b. Lake Erie Wetlands - Restricted	YES NO	If yes, evaluate for Category 3; may also be 1 or 2.
	Question 9d. Lake Erie Wetlands – Unrestricted with native plants	YES NO	If yes, Category 3
	Question 9e. Lake Erie Wetlands - Unrestricted with invasive plants	YES (NO)	If yes, evaluate for Category 3; may also be 1 or 2.
	Question 10. Oak Openings	YES NO	If yes, Category 3
	Question 11. Relict Wet Prairies	YES NO	If yes, evaluate for Category 3; may also be 1 or 2.
Quantitative Rating	Metric 1. Size		
Jan G	Metric 2. Buffers and surrounding land use		
	Metric 3. Hydrology		
	Metric 4. Habitat		
	Metric 5. Special Wetland Communities		
	Metric 6. Plant communities, interspersion, microtopography		
	TOTAL SCORE		Category based on score breakpoints

Complete Wetland Categorization Worksheet.

Wetland Categorization Worksheet

Choices	Circle one		Evaluation of Categorization Result of ORAM
Did you answer "Yes" to any of the following questions: Narrative Rating Nos. 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8a, 9d, 10	YES Wetland is categorized as a Category 3 wetland	NO	Is quantitative rating score less than the Category 2 scoring threshold (excluding gray zone)? If yes, reevaluate the category of the wetland using the narrative criteria in OAC Rule 3745-1-54(C) and biological and/or functional assessments to determine if the wetland has been overcategorized by the ORAM
Did you answer "Yes" to any of the following questions: Narrative Rating Nos. 1, 8b, 9b, 9e, 11	YES Wetland should be evaluated for possible Category 3 status	NO	Evaluate the wetland using the 1) narrative criteria in OAC Rule 3745-1-54(C) and 2) the quantitative rating score. If the wetland is determined to be a Category 3 wetland using either of these, it should be categorized as a Category 3 wetland. Detailed biological and/or functional assessments may also be used to determine the wetland's category.
Did you answer "Yes" to Narrative Rating No. 5	YES Wetland is categorized as a Category 1 wetland	NO	Is quantitative rating score <i>greater</i> than the Category 2 scoring threshold <i>(including</i> any gray zone)? If yes, reevaluate the category of the wetland using the narrative criteria in OAC Rule 3745-1-54(C) and biological and/or functional assessments to determine if the wetland has been under-categorized by the ORAM
Does the quantitative score fall within the scoring range of a Category 1, 2, or 3 wetland?	Wetland is assigned to the appropriate category based on the scoring range	NO	If the score of the wetland is located within the scoring range for a particular category, the wetland should be assigned to that category. In all instances however, the narrative criteria described in OAC Rule 3745-1-54(C) can be used to clarify or change a categorization based on a quantitative score.
Does the quantitative score fall with the "gray zone" for Category 1 or 2 or Category 2 or 3 wetlands?	YES Wetland is assigned to the higher of the two categories or assigned to a category based on detailed assessments and the narrative criteria	(20)	Rater has the option of assigning the wetland to the higher of the two categories or to assign a category based on the results of a nonrapid wetland assessment method, e.g. functional assessment, biological assessment, etc, and a consideration of the narrative criteria in OAC rule 3745-1-54(C).
Does the wetland otherwise exhibit moderate OR superior hydrologic OR habitat, OR recreational functions AND the wetland was not categorized as a Category 2 wetland (in the case of moderate functions) or a Category 3 wetland (in the case of superior functions) by this method?	YES Wetland was undercategorized by this method. A written justification for recategorization should be provided on Background Information Form	Wetland is assigned to category as determined by the ORAM.	A wetland may be undercategorized using this method, but still exhibit one or more superior functions, e.g. a wetland's biotic communities may be degraded by human activities, but the wetland may still exhibit superior hydrologic functions because of its type, landscape position, size, local or regional significance, etc. In this circumstance, the narrative criteria in OAC Rule 3745-1-54(C)(2) and (3) are controlling, and the under-categorization should be corrected. A written justification with supporting reasons or information for this determination should be provided.

Final Category				
Choose one	(Category 1)	Category 2	Category 3	

End of Ohio Rapid Assessment Method for Wetlands.

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Midwest Region

Project/Site: Union Rural Electric Mitchell Substation	on	City/Coun	ıty:Unior	County Sampling Date:		11/2/2020		
Applicant/Owner: Power System Engineering, Inc.			State: OH Sa					
Investigator(s): _J. DeVault	Section, Township, Range:							
			Local relief ((concave, convex, none):	None			
				, , ,		 33		
Soil Map Unit Name: CrA - Crosby silt loam, 0 to 2 p				NWI classific				
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for the								
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	-			Normal Circumstances" p	*	No		
						110		
	Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.) SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.							
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes			3 p		,			
Hydric Soil Present? Yes		Is	the Sampled	Area				
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes	No X	wi	thin a Wetlan	id? Yes	No_X	.		
Remarks: Upland plot located in an agricultural fie proposed electric substation.		p - corn	and soybea	nn). Plot is approxima	ite center of LOI	D for		
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants	S.							
T Ctturn (Di-t -i 30 ft radius	Absolute		nt Indicator	Dominance Test work	sheet:			
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft radius) 1. None	% Cover	N/A	Status N/A	Number of Dominant Sport That Are OBL, FACW, or		(A)		
2				, ,	or 176.	(^)		
3				Total Number of Domin Species Across All Stra	6	(B)		
4						(5)		
5.				Percent of Dominant Sp That Are OBL, FACW, of		6% _(A/B)		
45.6	0	= Total C	over			(''')		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15 ft radius)	0	NI/A	NI/A	Prevalence Index wor				
1. None	0	N/A_	_ <u>N/A</u>	Total % Cover of: ORL species 0	Multiply	0 0		
2				OBE species	x 1 = x 2 =	0		
3				FACW species5	^2	15		
4				FACU species 30	^	120		
o		= Total C	over	UPL species 0		0		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 ft radius)		rotal o		Column Totals: 35		135 _(B)		
1. Sonchus asper	5	X	_ FACU		2.00			
2. Taraxacum officinale		X	_ FACU	Prevalence Index		<u> </u>		
3. Setaria pumila	5	<u>X</u>	_ FAC	Hydrophytic Vegetation				
4. Setaria faberi		<u>X</u>	_ FACU	1 - Rapid Test for H		ation		
5. Erigeron annuus	_ <u>5</u> 5	X	_ FACU	2 - Dominance Tes 3 - Prevalence Inde				
6. Abutilon theophrasti		X	_ FACU	4 - Morphological A		ide supporting		
7					s or on a separate			
8				Problematic Hydro	phytic Vegetation ¹	(Explain)		
9								
		= Total C	over	¹ Indicators of hydric soi				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft radius)		rotal o		be present, unless distu	irbed or problemat	ic.		
1. None	0	N/A	<u>N/A</u>	Hydrophytic				
2				Vegetation Present? Yes	s No_X	<u>, </u>		
		= Total C	over	. resent: Te				
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate		to #!- 4	1 in Amma: -	liv D				
No hydrophytic vegetation indicators presen	t. See pno	ι∪ #′S 1-	4 in Append	IIX B.				

SOIL Sampling Point: ASE_DP01

Profile Des	cription: (Describe	to the depth	needed to docu	ment the i	ndicator	or confirm	n the absence of	findicators.)			
Depth	Matrix		Red	ox Feature	s						
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	_Loc ²	Texture	Remarks			
0-18	10YR 5/3	100					Silt Loam_				
		- — —									
1							2,	B. B. I			
	Concentration, D=Dep Indicators:	etion, RM=Re	educed Matrix, M	IS=Masked	Sand Gra	ains.		PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix. or Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :			
'			Condu	Olavia d Ma	.t-i (C.1)			•			
Histoso	, ,			Gleyed Ma			_	airie Redox (A16)			
ı —	pipedon (A2) listic (A3)			Redox (S5 d Matrix (S			Dark Surface (S7)				
ı —	en Sulfide (A4)			Mucky Mir	,		Iron-Manganese Masses (F12)				
	ed Layers (A5)			Gleyed Ma	, ,		Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks)				
_	uck (A10)			ed Matrix (Office (E)	Apiairi ir Kernarko)			
ı —	ed Below Dark Surfac	e (A11)		Dark Surfa							
ı —	ark Surface (A12)	· (· · ·)	_	ed Dark Su			3Indicators of	f hydrophytic vegetation and			
ı —	Mucky Mineral (S1)			Depressio	, ,			nydrology must be present,			
	ucky Peat or Peat (S	3)	_	·	` ,			sturbed or problematic.			
Restrictive	Layer (if observed):	:									
Type:			_					V			
Depth (ir	nches):						Hydric Soil Pr	resent? Yes No X			
Remarks:			_								
	No hydric soil indic	ators preser	nt.								
	·	·									
LIVEROLO											
HYDROLO											
1	drology Indicators:										
Primary Ind	icators (minimum of c	ne is required	l; check all that a	pply)			<u>Secondary</u>	Indicators (minimum of two required)			
Surface	Water (A1)		Water-Sta	ained Leav	es (B9)		Surfac	e Soil Cracks (B6)			
High W	ater Table (A2)		Aquatic F	auna (B13)		Draina	age Patterns (B10)			
Saturat	ion (A3)		True Aqu	atic Plants	(B14)		Dry-Se	eason Water Table (C2)			
Water N	Marks (B1)		Hydrogen	Sulfide O	dor (C1)		Crayfis	sh Burrows (C8)			
Sedime	ent Deposits (B2)		Oxidized	Rhizosphe	res on Livi	ing Roots	(C3) Satura	ation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)			
Drift De	posits (B3)		Presence	of Reduce	ed Iron (C4	!)	Stunte	ed or Stressed Plants (D1)			
Algal M	at or Crust (B4)		Recent Ire	on Reducti	on in Tilled	d Soils (Ce	6) Geom	orphic Position (D2)			
Iron De	posits (B5)		Thin Muc	k Surface ((C7)		FAC-N	leutral Test (D5)			
Inundat	ion Visible on Aerial I	magery (B7)	Gauge or	Well Data	(D9)						
Sparse	ly Vegetated Concave	e Surface (B8)	Other (Ex	plain in Re	emarks)						
Field Obse	rvations:		-								
Surface Wa	ter Present? Y	es No	_X_ Depth (ir	nches):							
Water Table			X Depth (ir								
Saturation F			X Depth (ir				land Hydrology F	Present? Yes No X			
	pillary fringe)	es No	Deptil (ii	icries)		_ wei	ialiu nyurology r	resent? res No			
	ecorded Data (stream	gauge, monit	toring well, aerial	photos, pr	evious ins	pections),	if available:				
Remarks:											
	o wetland hydrolog	gy indicators	s present.								
	•										

US Army Corps of Engineers Midwest Region – Version 2.0

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Midwest Region

Project/Site: Union Rural Electric Mitchell Substation	c	City/Coun	ty: <u>Unior</u>	n County	Sampling Date: _	11/2/2020
Applicant/Owner: Power System Engineering, Inc.				State: OH	Sampling Point: _	ASE_DP02
Investigator(s):	8	Section, T	Γownship, Rai	nge:		
			Local relief	(concave, convex, none):		
Slope (%): 0 Lat: 40.129395	L	ong:8	33.227177		Datum: NAD8	33
Soil Map Unit Name: CrA - Crosby silt loam, 0 to 2 per	cent slope	es		NWI classific	ation: <u>Not Indi</u>	cated
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this	time of yea	r? Yes_	_X No _	(If no, explain in R	emarks.)	
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology sign	gnificantly d	listurbed'	? Are "	Normal Circumstances" p	resent? Yes X	No
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology na	turally prob	olematic?	(If ne	eded, explain any answe	rs in Remarks.)	
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map s	howing	sampli	ng point le	ocations, transects	, important fea	atures, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No						
, <i>·</i>			the Sampled			
			thin a Wetlar		No	
Remarks: PEM wetland (ASE_Wetland01) plot locat Area is avoided during planting of row cro	ed in an a ps (corn a	agricultu and soyl	ıral field adj bean).	acent to an existing el	ectric transmiss	ion line.
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.	Ab b - d -	5		I B	-14-	
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft radius)	Absolute % Cover		nt Indicator ? Status	Dominance Test work Number of Dominant Si		
1. None	0	N/A	N/A	That Are OBL, FACW, of		(A)
2				Total Number of Domin	ant	
3				Species Across All Stra	4	(B)
4				Percent of Dominant Sp	pecies	
5				That Are OBL, FACW,		0% (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15 ft radius)	=	= Total C	over	Prevalence Index work	ksheet:	
1. None	0	N/A	N/A	Total % Cover of:	Multiply	<u>by:</u>
2.				OBL species20	x 1 =2	20
3				FACW species0	x 2 =0	<u> </u>
4				FAC species70	^	210
5				FACU species0	^	
E ft rodius		= Total C	over	UPL species10	^ 0	50
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 ft radius) 1. Typha latifolia	10		OBL	Column Totals:10	00 (A)2	280(B)
2. Scirpus cyperinus	10		OBL	Prevalence Index	= B/A = 2.80	0
3. Glycine max	10		UPL	Hydrophytic Vegetation		
4. Setaria pumila	70	X	FAC	1 - Rapid Test for H		ation
5				X 2 - Dominance Tes		
6				X 3 - Prevalence Inde	ex is ≤3.0 ¹	
7.				4 - Morphological A		
8				1	s or on a separate	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
9				Problematic Hydrop	ohytic Vegetation	(Explain)
10	400			¹ Indicators of hydric soi	l and wetland hydr	ology must
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30 ft radius)	100 :	= Total C	over	be present, unless distu		
1. None	0	N/A	N/A	Hydrophytic		
2.				Vegetation	V	
	0 :	= Total C	over	Present? Yes	s_X No	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sl	,			•		
Hydrophytic vegetation indicators present. See	e photo #'	's 5-8 in	Appendix E	3.		

SOIL Sampling Point: ASE_DP01

Profile Des	cription: (Describe	to the depth	needed to docu	ment the i	ndicator	or confir	n the absence	of indicators.)
Depth (inches)	Matrix Color (moist)	 _	Color (moist)	ox Feature %	SType ¹ _	Loc ²	Texture	Remarks
(inches) 0-6	10YR 3/1		2.5Y 4/6	- - 70 - 5	C	PL	Silt Loam	Remarks
6-18	10YR 3/1						Silt Loam	
0-10	- 1018 3/1						Sill Loam	
1 _{Type: C=C}	Concentration, D=Dep	lotion DM=5	Paduand Matrix M	- ———			2l coation:	PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
	Indicators:	letion, Kivi-r	reduced Matrix, IV	IS-Masket	i Sand Gra	arris.		for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histoso			Sandy	Gleyed Ma	atrix (S4)			Prairie Redox (A16)
I —	pipedon (A2)			Redox (S5			_	urface (S7)
_	listic (A3)			d Matrix (S			_	anganese Masses (F12)
	en Sulfide (A4)			Mucky Mir	, ,			nallow Dark Surface (TF12)
ı —	ed Layers (A5)			Gleyed Ma			Other (Explain in Remarks)
ı —	luck (A10)	~ (^11)	Deplete X Redox	ed Matrix (,			
	ed Below Dark Surfac Oark Surface (A12)	e (ATT)		ed Dark Suna			3Indicators	of hydrophytic vegetation and
ı —	Mucky Mineral (S1)			Depressio	, ,			hydrology must be present,
. — ,	lucky Peat or Peat (S	3)	_					disturbed or problematic.
Restrictive	Layer (if observed):							
Туре:			_				Hodela Call	Dunnanda Van Na X
Depth (ir	nches):		_				Hydric Soil	Present? Yes No _X
Remarks:							'	
	One hydric soil ind	licator pres	ent.					
HYDROLO								
	ydrology Indicators:						0	
	icators (minimum of o	ne is require		, ,	.=-:			ry Indicators (minimum of two required)
	e Water (A1)			ained Leav	` '			ace Soil Cracks (B6)
	ater Table (A2)			auna (B13				nage Patterns (B10)
_	ion (A3) Marks (B1)			atic Plants	. ,			Season Water Table (C2)
	ent Deposits (B2)		X Oxidized	Sulfide O		na Roots		fish Burrows (C8) ration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
								ted or Stressed Plants (D1)
Drift Deposits (B3)							, ,	
-	eposits (B5)		_	k Surface (<i>-</i>	-Neutral Test (D5)
I —	tion Visible on Aerial I	magery (B7)		Well Data			_	, ,
Sparse	ly Vegetated Concave	Surface (B						
Field Obse	rvations:							
Surface Wa	iter Present? Y	es X No	Depth (ir	nches):		_		
Water Table	e Present? Y	es X No	Depth (ir	nches):		_		
Saturation F	Present? Y	es X No	Depth (ir	nches):		_ Wet	land Hydrology	Present? Yes X No
	apillary fringe)						if available:	
Describe Re	ecorded Data (stream	gauge, mon	itoring well, aerial	priotos, pr	evious ins	pections),	, ii avallable:	
Pamarka								
Remarks:	Vetland hydrology i	ndicators r	resent.					
•								
l .								

APPENDIX B

Potentially Jurisdictional Aquatic Features and Data Point Photos

Appendix B: Union Rural Electric Mitchell Substation Photo Exhibit Photos taken by AllStar Ecology LLC on November 2, 2020

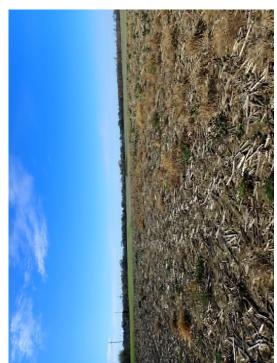


Photo 1. A view to the north of ASE_DP01 (Upland)



Photo 2. A view to the south of ASE_DP01 (Upland)





Appendix B: Union Rural Electric Mitchell Substation Photo Exhibit Photos taken by AllStar Ecology LLC on November 2, 2020



Photo 5. A view to the north of ASE_DP02 (ASE_Wetland01)(PEM).



Photo 6. A view to the south of ASE_DP02 (ASE_Wetland01)(PEM).

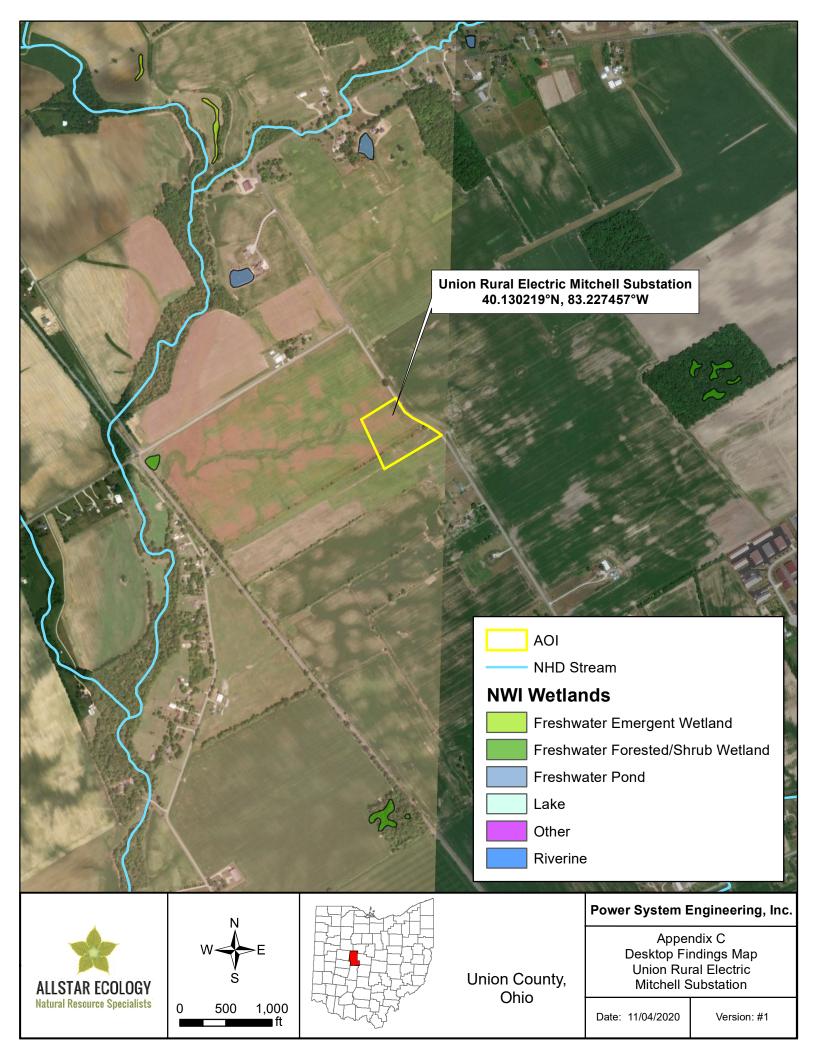




Photo 8. A view to the west of ASE_DP02 (ASE_Wetland01)(PEM).

APPENDIX C

Desktop Findings: Desktop Findings Map, Soil Map, IPaC Report



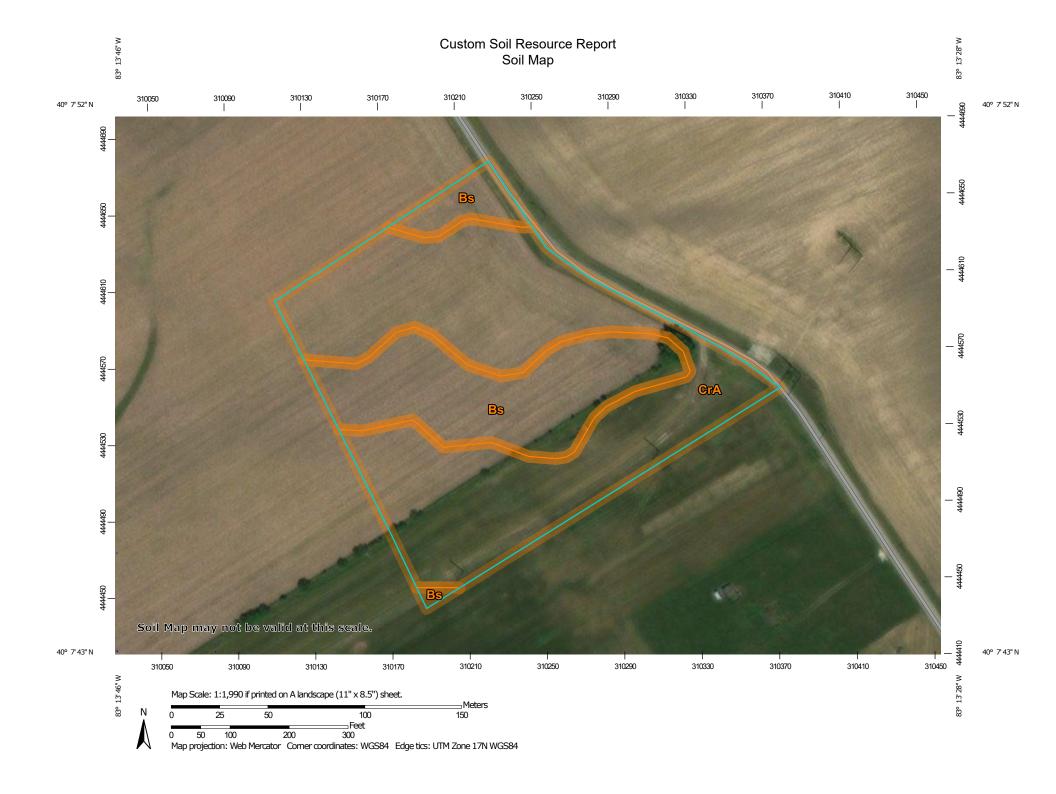


Natural Resources Conservation Service A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

Custom Soil Resource Report for Union County, Ohio

Union Rural Electric Mitchell Substation





MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons

Soil Map Unit Lines

Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

Blowout ဖ

Borrow Pit

Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill

Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

Spoil Area

å Stony Spot

Very Stony Spot

Ŷ Wet Spot Other

Special Line Features

Water Features

Δ

Streams and Canals

Transportation

Rails ---

Interstate Highways

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads

Background

00

Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15.800.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Union County, Ohio Survey Area Data: Version 19, Jun 11, 2020

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Nov 12, 2009—Dec 26. 2016

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Bs	Brookston silty clay loam, fine texture, 0 to 2 percent slopes	2.4	31.3%
CrA	Crosby silt loam, Southern Ohio Till Plain, 0 to 2 percent slopes	5.2	68.7%
Totals for Area of Interest		7.5	100.0%

This foregoing document was electronically filed with the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio Docketing Information System on

1/21/2022 3:40:19 PM

in

Case No(s). 22-0007-EL-BLN

Summary: Application Letter of Notification Application (Part 2) electronically filed by Ms. Devan K. Flahive on behalf of American Transmission Systems Incorporated