BEFORE THE OHIO POWER SITING BOARD

- - -

In the Matter of the :
Application of Yellow Wood:
Solar Energy, LLC, for a :
Certificate of :
Environmental :

Compatibility and Public : Case No. 20-1680-EL-BGN

Need for the Construction :
of a Solar-Powered :
Electric Generation :
Facility in Clinton :
County, Ohio. :

- - -

PROCEEDINGS

before Mr. Daniel E. Fullin and Ms. Jacky Werman St. John, Administrative Law Judges, and Ms. Jenifer French, Chairman, at the Clinton County Fairgrounds, Expo Center, 958 West Main Street, Wilmington, Ohio, called at 6:03 p.m. on Wednesday, October 20, 2021.

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ARMSTRONG & OKEY, INC.
222 East Town Street, Second Floor
Columbus, Ohio 43215-5201
(614) 224-9481

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     APPEARANCES:
            Dickinson Wright PLLC
 2
            By Ms. Christine M.T. Pirik,
 3
            Mr. Terrence O'Donnell,
            and Mr. William V. Vorys
 4
            150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
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                  On behalf of the Applicant.
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Wednesday Evening Session,
October 20, 2021.

2.1

Public Need.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Good evening, everyone.

The Ohio Power Siting Board has scheduled for public hearing at this time and place Case No.

20-1680-EL-BGN which is captioned in the Matter of the Application of Yellow Wood Solar Energy, LLC, for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and

My name is Jacky St. John, and I am one of the Administrative Law Judges in the Board's Legal Department assigned to hear this case. Presiding with me this evening is Dan Fullin, another one of the Administrative Law Judges from the Legal Department, as well as the Chair of the Ohio Power Siting Board, Ms. Jenifer French.

There are also Staff members from the Board assisting us with the hearing tonight as well as individuals from the Public Affairs Department. You likely passed them on your way in this evening, but they are the individuals wearing a PUCO or OPSB badge or shirt. They're available if you have any questions concerning the Board's process, if you need assistance in accessing any of the documents

submitted in the case, or if you just have general questions about the hearing tonight.

2.1

At this time I would like to take appearances on behalf of the parties. First, Yellow Wood Solar Energy, LLC.

MS. PIRIK: Thank you, your Honor. On behalf of the Yellow Wood Solar, the law firm of Dickinson Wright, by Christine Pirik, Terrence O'Donnell, and Will Vorys. Christine Pirik is 150 East Gay Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

I would also like to note we have several members of the company here tonight in case anyone has any questions during breaks or after the hearing.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you.

Are there any other parties present this evening that would like to make an appearance at this time?

MR. ARNOLD: Your Honors, Madam Chairman, my name is Dale Arnold, D-A-L-E A-R-N-O-L-D. I am Director of the Energy, Utility, and Local Government Policies of the Ohio Farm Bureau. We are party of record in this case. However, I am not legal counsel. I'm here basically to observe with regard to that. So thank you.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

ALJ ST. JOHN: The subject of today's hearing is an Application filed by Yellow Wood Solar Energy, LLC, for the purpose of constructing a solar-powered electric generation facility of up to 300 megawatts in Clinton County. The Application was filed on February 24, 2021.

2.1

I would also note that the Board's Staff filed a Report of Investigation on October 4, 2021. This report is a recommendation of the Board's Staff and does not necessarily reflect what the Board's final determination of this case will be.

The purpose of this evening's public hearing is to receive testimony regarding the Application from people in the local community who are affected by the proposed project but who are not parties to the case.

Tonight's public hearing will not be treated as a question and answer session but rather as an opportunity to let the Board know what you think about the proposed project. Tonight's public hearing is only one aspect of the process in this case. An evidentiary hearing is scheduled to commence on November 17, 2021, at the Board's offices in Columbus. The purpose of the evidentiary hearing is for the parties and the Board's Staff to provide

testimony and other evidence regarding the project.

2.1

Tonight's hearing is being transcribed by a court reporter. If you plan to testify, please speak clearly so that the court reporter can accurately reflect your comments on the record. Also if you have prepared a written statement, it would be helpful if you provide a copy to the court reporter for reference to ensure that the transcript is accurate.

After I finish with this introduction, we will begin by inviting individuals on the sign-in sheet to speak about the proposed project. Each person who signed up to testify will be permitted to speak once about the proposed project. Before you present your testimony, we will ask you to take an oath or affirmation that what you are about to say is the truth. We will ask you to state your name and address for the record. You will then provide your thoughts on the proposed project. The parties to the case and Judge Fullin and I will be permitted to ask you questions about your statement.

The testimony that you provide tonight will be considered part of the official record of the case, and it will be reviewed by the Board before a final decision is made on the Application.

A couple of other notes, if you decide you do not want to testify when we read your name from the sign-in sheets, you can pass to the next witness. If you decide that you prefer to file written comments in the case docket, the Board's Staff can answer your questions about how to do that.

2.1

And once you finish testifying or if you are here just to observe, you may leave the hearing at any time you wish. The Board appreciates your participation in tonight's hearing, and we want everyone who signed up to testify to have the opportunity to do so. For that reason please keep your statement to a reasonable length of no more than 5 minutes.

And at this time we will begin with the testimony.

MS. PIRIK: Your Honor, I just want to be sure, for clarification I know that past precedent had been that if someone was on a list of Intervenors, that they would not testify at the local hearing, that their place to testify was at the evidentiary hearing. Of course, the Company wants everyone to have the opportunity to speak, so, you know, we don't want to object to anything, but we just wondered if you could clarify whether or not --

that as part of this hearing whether or not folks who have moved to intervene and have their name on a list are able to testify tonight.

2.1

ALJ FULLIN: Are you saying in the past precedent we haven't allowed those parties that have been granted intervention if they are members of the public testify at public hearings?

MS. PIRIK: There has been some hearings where that was case.

ALJ FULLIN: And others where it has not been the case?

MS. PIRIK: Others where perhaps motions to intervene hadn't been granted yet so they -- they were allowed to testify, but it's kind of been both sides of the aisle on that.

ALJ FULLIN: Okay. Well, I'm Dan Fullin. I am one of the Administrative Law Judges assigned to the case, and it's my intention to rule tonight for purposes of tonight's public hearing because we have already granted motions to intervene in this case, and the purpose of the evidentiary hearing that's coming up in November will be for those parties that have been granted intervention and all the other parties to the case to present their testimony and evidence about the case at that evidentiary hearing,

so we will not allow them to testify tonight at the public hearing.

2.1

They can do so at the -- at the upcoming hearing or be represented through counsel which I believe all those that I have granted intervention to are represented by counsel. They will be able to participate fully through their counsel at the public -- at the adjudicatory hearing that's coming up. So we will limit tonight's public -- local public hearing to testimony from members of the public who have not been granted intervention in the case.

Also at this time -- I don't know if you can hear me. The plan is we have a podium up here.

We expect that as I call witnesses forward or as

Jacky calls witnesses forward to have you come
forward, and I'll swear you or affirm you, your

testimony, before you get started.

So we will begin that process now. I would like to call the first witness for tonight, Bruce Saunders. Let me begin by asking, because I don't have the list in front of me, you are not granted intervention in this case, are you?

MR. SAUNDERS: No.

ALJ FULLIN: Okay. Let me begin by

swearing.

2.1

2.2

(Witness sworn.)

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you. Again, if you would begin by giving your name and stating your name for the record and provide your address including the township where you reside or what your connection to the -- to the local area is. Thank you.

MR. SAUNDERS: I am Bruce Saunders.

ALJ FULLIN: Can everyone hear with this microphone?

MR. SAUNDERS: I am Bruce Saunders, and my address is 657 Timber Lane here in Wilmington in Union Township of Clinton County.

And I am President of the Clinton County
Rails to Trails Coalition, and our purpose is to
build recreational trails here in Clinton County. We
often buy abandoned rail corridors to convert them to
recreational trails. We have built trails in the
middle of Clinton County from east to west, but we
have no recreational trails in the southeastern part
of Clinton County.

And the properties proposed for the solar farm border an abandoned rail line that once connected Lynchburg, Westboro, and Blanchester. And the Clinton County Trails Coalition is interested in

building a recreational trail in the southern part of the county where our recreational facilities are scarce.

2.1

The representatives from Yellow Wood that we have met with have been very eager to involve Yellow Wood in helping with building the trail through the properties that they are leasing, and as another way that they could give back to the community, they would grant us an easement to the abandoned railway corridor that is part of the properties that they are proposing to lease.

We would -- we would also ask them to do the grading and excavating for the trail along Lynchburg Road during the building process of the solar farm. This proposed trail would follow the abandon rail line that once ran parallel to Lynchburg Road.

We understand that there are questions that need to be answered about the solar project because it's something new to us in Clinton County. We are, the trails group, that is, forever grateful that Yellow Wood is interested in partnering with us to provide an additional health and wellness benefit to a currently underserved part of our county. Thank you.

1 ALJ FULLIN: Thank you for your 2 testimony. 3 MR. SAUNDERS: Do I stay for questions? ALJ FULLIN: No questions. Thank you for 4 5 your testimony. 6 MR. SAUNDERS: Thank you. 7 ALJ FULLIN: Next I would -- next I would like to call as the next witness Robert G. Thobaben, 8 9 I don't know if I am pronouncing that correctly. 10 MR. THOBABEN: You did a good job. 11 ALJ FULLIN: Just to let you know the 12 next witness after that I intend to call so that you 13 can be ready is David Newhouse. 14 MR. THOBABEN: Thank you. 15 ALJ FULLIN: Let me swear you in first. 16 (Witness sworn.) 17 ALJ FULLIN: If you would begin like the 18 others with your name, address, and connection to the 19 local area. 20 MR. THOBABEN: All right. My name is 2.1 Robert Thobaben. I am a member of the Clinton 22 County -- President of the Clinton County Park Board. 23 I am 24 years -- 27 years in the Clinton County 24 Regional Planning Commission, but I am speaking for 25 myself. I am not speaking for them because of the

people on there.

2.1

I want to encourage you to embrace the solar energy, that we need to so much. What we have here is in the next 20 years a comprehensive plan that Taylor Stuckert is instrumental in, is trying to -- trying to write a 20-year plan, and electricity is essential for the future. It's the new buses, cars, even electric planes now and so forth. We need to have the electricity in order to continue to grow.

All these things that are -- they are safe. I'm a biologist by trade with three different universities, and as I said on that, change -- or changing world, believe me, it's changing faster than you will ever know. And we need to find a source of energy that's clean.

And these solar things have to be operated underneath a power grid, a high power line, so you can't just build them anywhere. So you have to find them where they can convert the direct current coming from the solar collectors, invert it, and change it to AC, alternating current, and then ship it out who knows how far, 50, 100 miles out. We need more of this, a dramatic amount more in the next 20 to 30 years.

I went down -- I would encourage all of

you to do this. Go down 32 miles down State Route 68 through Fayetteville and go to the Hillcrest. My wife and several of my friends went down there. We said What is this thing that they are trying to bring in Clinton County? It's a pretty novel idea.

I was impressed. I touched them. I got in there. As a biologist, there were birds and wildlife that were down there, killdeer. They are all -- everything is -- is as it should be.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Can't hear you.

MR. THOBABEN: All right. Try like this.

12 I hate to put my back to you. Sorry. I'm a
13 biologist.

2.1

So I would like to encourage you -UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: That way.

MR. THOBABEN: Well, they can hear me too. I don't like to have people at my back. Public school teacher for 35 years. I don't think this is the way, to put your back to the class.

So I would encourage you to go down and look at that and speak from experience and not just from, you know, word of mouth. It seems that they have taken extraordinary procedures to try to make this a clean and safe operation. We have close to 80 percent of the people that are building the

collectors in Perrysburg, Ohio, even expanding to a third plant. The people that are hired to run this solar field are going to be hired locally, the engineers, maintenance, so forth like that.

2.1

These things remain clean during the whole thing. They have special film on them, and I would say that this is -- this is the wave of the future. And so as a result, because it's good for our economics, that's a big deal with the Regional Planning Commission.

We raise all these kids. I raised five kids. Four of them moved away to find other jobs. I think it's important to try to keep our children here and to have Ohio not be a declining population but an increasing population, but you have got to have jobs for them, or they'll leave in a heartbeat.

I think that the area that's down by Hillcrest, you know, Fayetteville, Perry, down there is -- is very flat ground, not well drained, has 22 inch underneath the ground, but it's an excellent place for a solar collector.

So the farmers on this particular place are going to be getting upwards of a thousand dollars an acre, and at the end of 27 or 30 years, they are going to convert that back to agriculture if you

want. I have raised crops. On a good year 200, 250, maybe 400 dollars is all I could hope to get by trying to sell this after expenses. This is great for the farmers, and if you have the buffers done properly, that means corn right along the edge, 150, maybe 200 foot buffer, you can't even see the collectors when you come down Route 68 or you come down the side roads there to try to investigate. But don't just talk about it. Go see it. It's right there along the road.

2.1

And another thing that you can possibly do is learn about this thing called PILOT, P-I-L-O-T. What it is is payment in lieu of taxes. Everybody pays taxes. 71 percent of the taxes goes to Clinton County. So as a result, that's a huge chunk. You can get money for your schools, money for your emergency vehicles, EMT, fire. This is a thing that will save you money in the long run.

Some people complain about the -- the -the buffer. They don't want to look at solar
collectors. If you look at them, you really can't
see them very well, especially if they are a quarter
mile, half mile away. And I thought that the ones
there provided a thing that as a biologist I am quite
interested. Grasslands, we lost our quail. We have

lost meadowlarks. We have lost our pheasants. All these sorts of things are a symptom of something that is wrong. This is just pasture and this would be available. And when I was there, bobwhites were already localizing.

2.1

I hope the people that are questionable about this make the effort to go down there and see this. We have had big changes before. The Commissioners Terry -- Terry and Mike and Brenda down there have all seen changes like Caesars Creek, huge 1,200 acres, wiped out city of New Burlington. This is a change like that. We had the Melvin quarries, all the issues that were associated with that. We survived that. Roads are repaired and so forth. We have the DHL destroying homes and lives overnight, knocked out 8,000 jobs overnight.

ALJ FULLIN: Excuse me. I would like to interrupt. You are going over the time limit. I would like to give you a chance to finish up what it is you are here to testify about, but I want to be mindful.

MR. THOBABEN: All right. My 150 acres is right beside what Bruce just talked about there. And I think Commissioners and the Administrative Judges have the ability to make your life better by

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increasing this production of electricity. I didn't
 1
 2
     even get into the decommissioning of, you know,
     nuclear energy, coal. It's terrible, brownfields.
 3
     This is the best way and I encourage you to embrace
 4
 5
     it.
                 ALJ FULLIN: Before you leave we will see
 6
 7
     if there are any questions for you.
                 Do you have any questions?
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 9
                 MR. THOBABEN: I got my license here if
10
     you want to see. It's good until 2024.
11
                 ALJ FULLIN: All right. Thank you for
12
     your testimony.
13
                 Next I am going to call on David
     Newhouse, and I intend to call after Kelly Tolliver.
14
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                 ALJ FULLIN: I would also like to say
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     that some people are more comfortable facing an
17
     audience. Some people are less comfortable. I just
18
     want you to be heard. Please try to speak into the
19
    microphone and move about as you feel you need to or
20
     you are comfortable with. But please speak into the
2.1
     microphone and adjust it as necessary. And it's most
22
     important that the court reporter hear you.
23
                 So I will begin by swearing you in.
24
                 (Witness sworn.)
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ALJ FULLIN: Thank you. Again, begin by

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identifying your name and spell your name for the record and your address and your connection to the property.

2.1

MR. NEWHOUSE: I gave you a cop -- I gave you a -- can you hear that?

ALJ FULLIN: Yeah. We want it on the record.

MR. NEWHOUSE: A copy of my presentation

I made dictating to an iPhone so there are -capitalization in there is left to artificial
intelligence.

Okay. My name is David Newhouse. I've lived in Clinton County most of my life. I live at 12678 State Route 73, New Vienna, Ohio 45159, Green Township.

I am a retired professional engineer. I went to school to the University of Cincinnati. I worked for ODOT most of my career. I've been a construction and design engineer and environmental engineer, district planning engineer, and the district planning and design engineer. Essentially I put \$90 million worth of construction plans on the ground every year. However, I was never able to leave the environmental arena because that was essential to get our projects to construction. And I

essentially grew up with the regulations from the 1969 NEPA which was only two pages.

2.1

I am not against solar energy. I don't believe solar fields in Clinton County is a prudent application of the technology. Dayton weather observations document that the sun shines 53 percent of the time in Dayton. 77 sunny days, 100 partly sunny days for a total of 177 days out of 365. That's 53 percent of the daylight hours.

In 2012, an electrical generation potential study for the United States indicated that Ohio could produce from 0 to 10 gigawatt hours per square kilometer. Arizona could produce from 4 to 6 times that per square kilometer. Ohio is not a good place for solar energy. If your car only ran 53 percent of the time and your well-being and safety is dependent on it, would you buy it?

I do not believe the project can economically or reliably produce baseloads. The system will require a natural gas backup.

Essentially you are asking an industry, your competitors, to ride to your safety when you fail.

Last winter in Texas the storm caused 76 of the people -- percent of the people in the Ercot solar array to lose power. Customers were

1 | prepared -- fully prepared for short-term blackouts.

2 | The blackouts lasted 42 hours. Half the people were

without water. Half the people had difficulty

4 | getting bottled water or internet access.

5 | Three-fourths of the people had difficulty getting

6 | food and groceries. 111 people died along with a lot

7 of livestock. I don't want Ohioans to be subject to

rolling blackouts like occurred elsewhere in the

9 country.

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Last winter we had 8 inches of snow for two weeks. This would have shut Yellow Wood down.

There's no economically feasible battery technology to provide power that long.

In Europe and England they scaled down fossil fuel use at every opportunity and spent billions subsidizing renewals. They are telling energy companies not to invest in fossil fuel and banks not to lend to these companies. This year the wind didn't blow as expected in the UK, Europe, or Texas. This year Texas only got 2 percent of its electricity. It normally gets 23 percent for solar. If you have ever seen the 100 mile long wind field at Sweetwater, that's impressive.

In Germany the cost of electricity this year has doubled. In Europe the cost of natural gas

has gone up fivefold. In the U.S. the cost of a thousand BTUs of natural gas has recently gone up from \$2 to \$6. In Europe the cost of liquefied natural gas is \$25, and in China it's \$30 per thousand BTUs.

2.1

Over the last 50 years we have cleaned up our emissions dramatically. If we look at what happened in Texas, California, and Europe, we can expect we will eventually be subject to rolling blackouts, runaway inflation, and much higher taxes to support this.

Because there is no state or federal aid in this project, it avoids the rigid National Environmental Protection Act. They submit an environmental assessment to the Siting Board. They issue a certificate of environmental compatibility and public need based on the presentation they have presented. As an example, in the Application there is no discussion of irreversible and irretrievable commitment of resources which would be involved in any major federal action involving this much land.

The project description requires 1-1/2 million racking posts, three-quarters of a million panels, and extensive underground wire. If for some reason equipment should wear out, the Company should

go bankrupt, it's going to be a major production and a major expense to remove this, restore agricultural drainage, to return this prime farmland to production. I feel sorry for the farmers if this happens.

2.1

Public involvement, they stated they made 3,966 calls, three attempts over three days. They did not -- they said not all were contacted due to outdated numbers, missing numbers. They didn't state how many they contacted. I can contend in this day and age most people don't have landlines and obtaining cell phone numbers is very difficult. They did not state how many people were successfully contacted. So phone contacts due to a problem with cell phones is not viable. They could have at least mailed letters to the rural landowners.

They said obtaining community support is critical by building a relationship of trust, transparency between energy and the community. By any standard I know I believe the public involvement is inadequate, and I believe they failed to build the trusted relationship they were seeking.

ALJ FULLIN: I would like to allow you to continue, but I would like you to be aware you have run past the allotted time so please do what you can

to be brief.

2.1

MR. NEWHOUSE: Okay. That's essentially it. Unless you can make the sun shine more, I don't think this is viable. I think the farmers in the end are going to be the unfortunate ones. Newer technology needs to be developed that can provide a better solution.

8 ALJ FULLIN: Thank you for your 9 testimony.

Any questions for this witness? Thank you for your testimony.

Next I am calling Kelly Tolliver, and after that, I intend to call Lena Perry.

(Witness sworn.)

ALJ FULLIN: Again, if you will begin by identifying your name, spelling it for the record, your address, and identifying your connection to the project and the community.

MR. TOLLIVER: My name is Kelly Tolliver, K-E-L-L-Y T-O-L-L-I-V-E-R. I live on 38 Lee Lane. I've lived in Clinton County for about 37 years. I am not against solar. I'm against industrial solar on productive farmland.

This is the notice published for the Yellow Wood project. I am going to suggest that the

Ohio Power Siting Board Staff are acting stochastically, biased, and ambiguous, and the OPSB are making certification decisions based on false assumptions.

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In reviewing an application to construct, operate, and maintain a generation facility, such as the facility proposed by Yellow Wood Solar, the Board considers the following criteria set forth in the Ohio Revised Code 4906.10(A).

Criteria 1, the nature of the probable environmental impacts.

The problem here, this project will remove topsoil and subsoil, drive piles into the ground, lay conduit with electrical wires, build 32 miles of road, and it will be impossible to restore to its original composition.

From the genesis of the soil and through eons of time and nature's weatherization soil forming process, this prime agricultural land will be destroyed never to be rebuilt to nature's creation again.

Criteria 2, that the facility represents the minimum adverse environmental impact, considering the state of available technology and the nature and economics of the various alternatives and other

pertinent conversations.

2.1

The problem, this project will install acres of solar panels that will change the speed and flow of rainfall creating ephemeral streams that have the potential to cause flooding of ditches and roads. This project will change the wildlife habitat and movement, forcing contiguous property to be overpopulated for available food sources.

The project has not disclosed the methods that will be used to clean and maintain these solar panels, whether it be tractors, robotics, or manually.

This project has not disclosed any specific amount of water to be used for operation and maintenance but has used ambiguous language. The aquifer in the project's area parameters has a limited water supply and if compromised will induce financial injury to residents dependent upon wells as a source for water.

Criteria 3, the facility is consistent with regional plans for expansion of the electrical power grid of the electrical systems serving this state and interconnected utility systems and that the facility will serve the interests of electrical system economy and reliability.

The problem, the reliability and resilience of solar is questionable.

2.1

is insignificant.

Criteria 4, the facility will comply with Revised Code 3704, 3734, and 6111 and all rules and standards adopted under those chapters and under Revised Code 1501.33, 1501.34, and 4561.32.

Criteria 5, a facility will serve the public interest, convenience, and necessity.

The problem, we've not seen statements proving public interest, convenience, and necessity.

We do have an example of the Board's logic. This information comes from Hecate 2 and Hecate 4. The budget director of Cincinnati stated that the power from that project would be budget neutral to a saving of \$1,700,000 over a 20 year period. That is neutral to \$85,000 a year. Cincinnati has a \$1,200,000,000 annual budget. That

This is how the logic is used to justify public interest, convenience, and necessity. It's questionable.

Criteria 6, what the facility's impact will be on the viability as agricultural land of any land in an existing agricultural district established under Revised Code 929 that's located within the site

and alternative site as a proposed major utility facility.

2.1

2.2

The problem, certifying the construct of this potential facility will have a negative impact on this agricultural land and it can never be restored to its natural undisturbed state again.

Criteria 7, the facility incorporates maximum feasible water conservation practices as determined by the OPSB, considering available technology and the nature and economics of the various alternatives.

The problem, this comes from rules made by the USSEC that allows the developer to use ambiguous and not impact-specific language so that all can have an understanding of the water consumption of a utility facility of this magnitude. The rulemaking is made with input from a group of developers led by Jason Rafeld.

Next, my counterpart will review a statement from the Utility Scale Solar Energy Commission, or the USSEC.

Thank you, sir.

ALJ FULLIN: You made reference to your counterpart. Who are you referring to?

MR. TOLLIVER: The next person you are

1 calling.

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ALJ FULLIN: Okay. And also you didn't stay to see if there is any other questions. I see that there aren't any questions. I did have one.

Somewhere towards the middle of your testimony you talked about what I heard was Hecate 1 and Hecate 2.

What is that referring to?

MR. TOLLIVER: That's a facility down -- it's a project down in Cincinnati's area.

10 ALJ FULLIN: Okay.

11 MR. TOLLIVER: We took from that project
12 some decisions that have made and applied them here.
13 The only sample we had to look at.

14 ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

Next I am calling Lena Parry -- Perry,
I'm sorry. Lena Perry.

17 MS. PERRY: It's Lena.

ALJ FULLIN: Then after that -- oh, Lena
Perry, I'm sorry. And next I intend to call Karen
Faust.

(Witness sworn.)

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you. Again, if you would identify yourself in the same way as the others.

MS. PERRY: I have to move that a little

bit. I am short.

2.1

My name is Lena Perry, L-E-N-A P-E-R-R-Y.

I live at 11549 State Route 134 South in

Martinsville. That is in Clark Township.

I might be being a bit facetious here, but I just kind of wondered if you would mind me playing this the whole time I am talking, or it would be distracting because this is what my friends and neighbors are going to listen to. This is what a solar facility sounds like. And many of us are going to be surrounded on three and four sides of our property. I just don't think that's something that would probably be very easy to do. Just an example.

Where Kelly left off and I wanted to just make a note to the -- to the room here, the USSEC is the Utility Scale Solar Energy Coalition in case you did not know.

A, the USSEC strongly believes in community engagement as an opportunity for the project developers to understand concerns, incorporate modifications, and appropriate permitting conditions to the project design, educate landowners on the benign environmental impact of solar technology, and share the positive local fiscal impact of solar projects. We believe though that the

sequencing of expanded community engagement should come after the project is comfortable and the initial steps of the project development can be achieved.

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B, this is written testimony from Jenna Reese, Ohio Farm Bureau. That said, there are many issues with the current siting process our members want to address. Depending on the developer, local officials are often ignored in the Ohio Power Siting Board procedure. The current process allows developers to simply go through the motions of local outreach and box checking knowing their proposal -the project proposal is likely to be approved regardless of the thoroughness of their work. They are not actually engaging communities because there is no real consequence of local opposition. opportunity for public comment is so far into the siting process that it's evident it has no meaningful impact in most cases. Moreover, there is no responsibility on the developer or the OPSB to respond to the comments filed in a public hearing by the local community. Local residents are not given due consideration.

C, consider that October 4 and 8, 2021, residents can now take part in a workshop to give input to the making of administrative rules.

The hearing for Yellow Wood is

October 20. I suggest that due process has been

denied to the residents of Yellow Wood and that the

OPSB has acted with bias and has not allowed the

residents the justice that any citizen of the state

of Ohio should be entitled to, but instead the OPSB

has taken the rules made by the USSEC and placed an

unfair burden on the residents of Clinton County.

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And I would like to make a note to Mr. Thobaben many of us have been down to 286. It's appalling and shocking and quite frankly very disturbing to think that that would be in my backyard.

D, in our July 8, 2021, meeting with 0 -I'm sorry, OPSB Staff, Director White made the
statement that the Staff had never been to the
Hillcrest project and inspected it and that to go and
inspect any facility they had to schedule an
appointment. This is a conflicting statement made by
Director White in the House hearing on the Senate
Bill 52 which is recorded.

Staff Investigation and Report, the Staff begins the in-depth analysis of the Application as guided by the eight statutory criteria outlined in Ohio Revised Code 4906.10. Staff relies on internal

expertise as well as on various state and federal agencies to provide expertise, guidance, and review of relevant portions of the Application for potential impacts. During its analysis, Staff makes multiple visits to inspect and confirm conditions as necessary. Staff also reports on the public comments within its written report to the Board and uses the public comments to inform data requests made to the Applicant. These measures insure the public's concerns are addressed. Staff provides its findings and recommendations to the Board in the form of a Staff Report. The Staff Report is due 15 days prior to the scheduled public hearing and typically is submitted between 60 and 90 days after the letter of completeness has been issued. This Staff Report and all public comments are entered into the docket along with the public testimony transcripts from hearings. All this material then goes to the Board as they are considering their decision on the Application.

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Again, we suggest that the OPSB Staff are acting stochastically, biased, and ambiguous in the decision-making process, and the OPSB Board are making certification decisions based on false assumptions.

Articles A, B, C, and D suggest that

residents in the Yellow Wood footprint have not been given a fair due process and were intentionally brought into the process after this project was quote-unquote comfortable in the process. Residents had not been invited to a stakeholders' meeting until October 4 and 8 of this year.

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The enrollment of Senate Bill 52 by lawmakers is proof that Ohio legislatures feel that the process certifies renewable projects are unfair and discounts local communities' rights and justice to the residents.

We ask that Yellow Wood be denied because fair due process has been denied to us. And I would like to say that again. We in the Yellow Wood project feel that we've been denied fair and due process. Thank you.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you for your testimony.

Any questions? Thank you.

Next I will call Karen Faust, and after that, I intend to call Patty Reed.

(Witness sworn.)

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you. Again, if you would begin by identifying yourself in the same manner as the others.

MS. FAUST: My name is Karen Faust,

F-A-U-S-T. I reside at 24 -- 2540 State Route 131,

Hillsboro, Ohio. I also reside in the Lynchburg-Clay

School District of which Yellow Wood is a part.

2.1

My husband and I live on a farm that's been in the family since 1897. We're proud to say our farm is an Ohio Century Farm. In fact, it's been in our family for six generations. Over the years our family has had discussions about the importance of the farm remaining as an agricultural entity. Now we find that within an 8 mile radius of our farm are eight industrial-sized solar facilities in some stage of development encompassing almost 15,000 acres.

There are an estimated 15 to 20 more projects in the area and based on information found in the Ohio Siting Board website, we can end up with 13 million solar panels on 28 farms in this area.

Consider these facts, a study done by the University of Rhode Island states that "Solar installations require over 10 times more land than nonrenewable sources to generate the same amount of energy." Bloomberg Energy states that wind and solar are the most land intensive energy sources.

Yellow Wood will not bring good, long-time jobs into the area. According to their

application, after completion, it would only have four full-time positions.

2.1

After 20 years, billions of dollars in government subsidies, solar energy still only supplies about 3 percent of our energy.

The manufacturing of the equipment needed to produce wind and solar is expensive, pollutes the atmosphere. Recycling of the equipment is also not climate friendly. And what kind of a landfill will it take for 13 million 4 by 8 solar panels?

Quoting from a study by Isaac Orr "Solar has hidden costs, like the cost of transmission, utility profits, additional property taxes, and the cost of keeping reliable power sources online when the sun isn't shining or every single night. Once these costs are accounted for, solar is far more expensive than traditional energy sources."

The U.S. Treasury estimates that the productive tax credit will cost taxpayers 44 -- \$40.12 billion from 2018 to 2027, the most expensive subsidy currently under tax law. According to solar reps there are no examples, successful or otherwise, of reclamation of land that has been at a solar utility for 20 to 30 years. We don't know whether that land can actually be returned to the same

fertility that it was before the facility was built.

2.1

Soil is a living, breathing organism.

It's fragile. It's sensitive. It's precious. It's millions of years in the making. It's loaded with marvelous vital microbes working to create a substance, soil, that's unique in our solar system. Without it nothing lives. And there will be millions of panels, of solar panels, smothering those

In their Application for the Siting
Board, Yellow Wood indicates they have "No plans for
future use of the project area after the project term
is up." Now, why would a company spend millions of
dollars into a project to say they only have a 30
year plan?

thousands of acres of soil.

Why are so many solar companies -- solar energy companies interested in our area? As the real estate agents say, it's location, location, location. We have flat land, connections to transmission lines that will carry power away from our area, not power that we'll use, and we are considered an impoverished Appalachian area that needs financial assistance. Project developers dangle the PILOT money as an incentive for our schools, fire districts, and libraries.

A PILOT is given to limit or defer the property taxes on a developer. In effect, the local taxpayers are substitute -- subsidizing the development. This has occurred in poor rural areas where alternative energy systems are often placed, providing cost relief to the owner and a limited tax payment to the locals.

2.1

According to the Ohio Department of Taxation, using a 200 megawatt facility as an example, \$1.8 million per year would be collected with a PILOT agreement, but without the PILOT agreement, the county would receive 4.2 million annually. That's a difference of \$2.4 million per year. If southern Ohio is the perfect spot for solar development, why would a county accept a payment that's 57 percent less than the tax — taxes that could be collected? It seems like we hold all the cards in this deal. We have the location, flat, cleared land, power transmission lines, and an impoverished population, so we don't want to accept a bad deal.

If you Google recycle solar panels, dozens of sites come up and very few of them have a positive outlook on recycling PV panels. Jack Dini in his book "Challenge Environmental Methodolgy"

notes that solar panels create 300 times more toxic waste per unit than do nuclear power plants. He also states pollutants such as lead, carcinogenic cadmium can be almost completely -- can almost completely wash -- be washed out of the fragments of solar modules that are left in landfills over a period of several months by rainwater.

2.1

John Hinderaker in The Environmental
Disaster of Solar Energy says "Recycling costs more
than the economic value of the materials recovered,
which is why most solar panels end up in landfills."
With the exception of a state law in Washington, the
United States has no solar recycling mandates
whatsoever.

So at the end of the day, it's a balancing act. There are 13 landowners who have leased -- leased property to Yellow Wood and 125 residents who will live every day looking out their windows at a 3,000 acre commercial utility plan. Do the rights of 13 people supersede the rights of 125 families who don't want to live next to a 3,000 acre industrial-sized utility plant?

A truism that I often use is "My rights stop where yours begin." So when we come upon a sticky situation or a decision, we need to step back

and consider how that situation or decision is going to affect my friend, my neighbor, and my community.

Just because I can do something doesn't mean it's always the right thing to do.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

Any questions? Thank you.

Next I am calling Patty Reed, and after that, I am calling Rebecca Strafford and after that, Craig Strafford.

(Witness sworn.)

2.1

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you. Again, if you -- you might want to get close to that microphone and identify yourself in the same way the others have.

MS. REED: My name is Patty Reed,
P-A-T-T-Y R-E-E-D. I live at 13016B as in boy US
Highway 68 South, Midland, Ohio 45148 and that's in
Jefferson Township.

I'm here tonight to show my support for the landowners in the Yellow Wood project. I am speaking as a local community member. We are all creatures of habit and shy away from change and unknown. I don't see this project as having a negative impact on our community. Our community and school districts will benefit greatly from the revenues generated by the Yellow Wood project.

I've been a member and treasurer of the Ohio Association of Public School Employees, OAPSE, Local 477 for almost 20 years. I've attended many meetings which the school budget has been discussed. If you have questions about the school's financials, take a look at their five-year forecast. I do have a copy if you would like to review it.

2.1

Most districts in the state of Ohio are having problems with their budgets. Mr. Dunlap, Superintendent of Blanchester Local Schools, stated in a meeting the other day that Blanchester is in a fiscal watch by the state and probably will be for several years. The monies received from this project could go a long way in getting the district out of fiscal watch.

Another benefit to the revenues generated by the Yellow Wood project is that they are a minimum fixed income. What treasurer wouldn't welcome a minimum fixed income added to their budget that they can count on for 25 years? That's better than state funding and grants that are here today and gone tomorrow or have contingencies attached to them.

I've read multiple comments that is being -- that this is being done out of agreed. If that were the case, the landowners would be seeking

rezoning to sell to large land developers. If
multiple subdivisions or manufacturing plants went
in, what would become of the rural farming community?
If manufacturers built on the land, there would be
employee traffic for three shifts, manufacture -semi and delivery trucks in and out all hours. No
longer the quiet farming community. What if the
manufacturer goes under? Large vacant buildings,
parking lots, and no way to revert the land back to
agriculture.

2.1

At the completion of this project, the land is still there and can be put back to agriculture farm ground. Some state that it would be an eyesore. This was said about the wind turbines when the state started erecting them. There are things like privacy fending and landscaping with treelines that could be done.

Others argue there is the health hazard issue. How can it be so hazardous if the Blanchester and Fayetteville School Districts have installed solar panels on school grounds where our children learn and play every day? I don't recall opposition to the installation of their panels.

For those that are concerned about the wildlife, i.e., birds, does Blanchester and

Fayetteville School Districts not have birds or other wildlife on their grounds?

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All in all the landowners have done their due diligence in researching the project and are not out to destroy the community or the environment.

They are farming families, and they love the land just as much as the rest of us. They have chosen a project that will improve their family farming life keeping their land in — their land in the family for the next generations to come and at the same time giving back to their community, your community.

Thank you.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you for your testimony.

Any questions? Thank you.

Next I call Rebecca Stafford.

(Witness affirmed.)

ALJ FULLIN: Okay. Thank you. And again, if you'll bring that mic a little bit closer and identify yourself in the same manner as others. Thank you.

MS. STRAFFORD: My name is Rebecca Strafford, and I live at 1081 Bernard Road, New Vienna, Ohio 45159. I am a landowner in the project area and resident here in Clinton County. In addition, more than 200 years ago, my grandmother and grandfather came to what would become Clark Township when it was still Highland County as a matter of fact, before it was carved out and created as Clinton.

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So my family has lived there and farmed there for more than 200 years, and we continue to own land in that region. We have cut trees. We've hunted wildlife. We've plowed up the ground and farmed. All is ways to create the energy to live and raise their children.

But, you know, ways of life have changed. We brought rows, fences, ditches, open fields. We introduced nonnative animals in the form of domestic livestock. We brought in nonnative plants to farm and raise. So it is a mistake to think that the impact of farming has been negligible. It has changed the land.

Now we have the opportunity to have a new way of creating energy, one that's more efficient and we can capture the sun's force without exposing the air and the soil and people to the fertilizers, to the chemicals, to the gasoline fumes that were necessary to create our former energy sources.

I feel that I wasn't born yesterday, and

I don't believe that -- I should say, I guess, profit-driven companies are here because they primarily want to be stewards of the land, but I know I am. And I have read the contracts carefully. I've looked at the Ohio Power Siting Board regulations. I've looked at the applications that have to be filed. And I believe that there are safeguards so that that land can be kept in the -- and restored ultimately to the condition in which it is now.

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Moreover, I feel that the 25 to 50 years of rest and restoration, rejuvenation of the soil including the microbes that we alluded to before on the native grasses will benefit. So that at the end of that time my grandchildren and their children will inherit lands that are -- actually have benefited from this time. That's why as a steward I support development of this project.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you for your testimony. Craig Strafford and after that, if I am reading the handwriting correctly, I believe it's Michael Young.

(Witness affirmed.)

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you. And if you can identify yourself the same way as others have.

MR. STRAFFORD: My name is Craig

Strafford. I live at 1081 Bernard Road, New Vienna, Ohio 45159.

2.1

I rise to speak for the Yellow Wood project and Invenergy's project. Everyone here who is married, I am in the spot of following my spouse, so I'm hoping that I do good. Becky owns the farm, and I am the farm manager.

I really only had four points that I wanted to make. The first is we have thoroughly researched the environmental safety of solar power. We have solar power where we live. We've had it for 10 years.

I will agree that snow on the panels is awkward, but we have a way to get it off so that the panels can see the sun, make power.

As far as the -- we have net metering which means if we make more power than we are using, the power goes out on the grid. If we are not making power like tonight, then we'll take power from the grid. We have had a positive balance since we moved back to the farm in 2013. So there is enough sunlight here to run the panels and we've -- when you follow the daily output, a couple years ago when we had the total eclipse, you could see the dip for the eclipse, but the power runs up there pretty -- pretty

satisfactorily. So that's not a problem.

2.1

Second point, I think that the -- when you look at land rent for having tenants grow crops on your fields or you look at the revenue that you get from growing crops on your fields, the solar does afford more income at this time than you can get from farming the land. That's important to us so we can maintain the farming operation for, as Becky said, our children and our grandchildren.

I think on the third point I think that there will be jobs available for the community and during the construction phase. And there will be a number, someone earlier said four, I think that's conservative, permanent jobs for the maintenance of the solar facility. That's -- that's true and those are four jobs that are going to be there for the next 30 to 50 years so that's four jobs we didn't have any other way.

And my fourth point is that the PILOT, the payment in lieu of taxes, if that deal works for the County Commissioners who are here, then we think that would afford the schools and their budget some guaranteed income. They will have to decide whether it's tax based or PILOT based, but we think that that income stream will support the community and the

education. We're hoping that the Commissioners might consider using the money to develop and extend rural water in the area. I think that the area doesn't -- most all of us have wells. I think there are some desirable features of having rural water available, and this -- the profit from the PILOT may permit that. We would like to see that.

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And as far as the panels themselves are concerned, we have a wild flower area between our panels, and I can assure you that the panels don't block the sun enough but that I have to a couple times every month mow underneath the panels so they do not blight the area beneath them, and we have noticed that songbirds nest underneath the panels, and we think that's a desirable benefit.

I wanted to be careful not to repeat anything my wife said. I don't want to repeat anything anybody else said, so I will pause.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you. I appreciate that.

Does anyone have a question for this witness? Thank you for your testimony.

MR. STRAFFORD: Thank you very much.

ALJ FULLIN: Mr. Young.

(Witness sworn.)

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you. Again, identify yourself in the same manner.

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MR. YOUNG: My name is Michael Young,
M-I-C-H-A-E-L, last name Y-O-U-N-G. I am a business
representative with Local 18 Operating Engineers. I
live at 1861 Turnbull, T-U-R-N-B-U-L-L, Road,
Beavercreek, Ohio 45432.

And on behalf of the Operating Engineers
Local Union 18, I am here to support the approval of
the Yellow Wood solar project. The operating
engineers are the individuals who operate heavy
equipment such as bulldozers, excavators, backhoes,
forklifts, and so forth. The roads and bridges that
you drive on were mostly built by members of Local 18
along with our fellow union tradesmen and women.

Although we do not have an agreement signed with Invenergy to perform the work associated with this project, we believe our local signatory contractors will secure this work, thus, providing our membership with numerous employment opportunities. In turn, high -- high paying wages, health care benefits, apprenticeship programs can continue to grow because of solar projects.

If approved, Yellow Wood solar project would not only create jobs, but you can expect an

economic impact, additional tax money, and clean energy for Ohio as a result of this project.

We encourage the Ohio Power Siting Board to support the jobs of the men and women of Local 18 by approving the Yellow Wood solar project. Thank you.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

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Any questions? Thank you for your testimony.

ALJ ST. JOHN: I want to apologize in advance if I mispronounce anybody's name. I am going to do my best.

Next up we have Keri Hodson who will be followed by Kannon Arnett.

15 ALJ ST. JOHN: Please raise your right 16 hand.

(Witness sworn.)

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Please state and spell your name for the record.

MS. HODSON: My name is Keri Hodson,

K-E-R-I H-O-D-S-O-N. And I live at 1618 Hodson Road,

New Vienna, Ohio 45159 in Green Township. I'm here

in support of the Yellow Wood solar project.

I'm a school bus driver for Wilmington
City Schools, and I am also a substitute teacher for

Wilmington City Schools between bus routes. I'm here to tell you how badly Wilmington City Schools could use the financial assistance that Yellow Wood solar project would bring to our school system.

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I've been a school bus driver for four years. And in that time I've witnessed deteriorating conditions within our school transit system that can be greatly improved if the project moves forward.

Currently we have school buses down that need repairs. We are in need of more buses and more bus drivers. Our bus mechanic is needed to drive a bus, and he's unable to be servicing the buses which creates a bigger problem. Bus aides and monitors are needed for students who need additional assistance, whether it be special needs or behavioral issues.

At one point we've even closed school when we didn't have enough drivers to run our normal routes, but on a regular daily basis, we are doubled up on routes more days this school year than I can ever remember.

In addition to school transportation issues, I currently work as a substitute teacher between driving my bus routes. While serving as a sub, just in the past several weeks I've witnessed a need for additional in classroom support aides; a

need for Spanish and Japanese language translators for cultural students; a need for larger classroom working spaces for the students, alternative seating and table options; a need for building repairs and upgrades; a need for a cafeteria for our students to eat. Currently at two of our school buildings, Holmes and Denver, they don't even have a cafeteria. The students eat in the gymnasium every day. The gym is set up with tables for the students to eat and then daily taken down for students to have gym class. Even when doing this, there's still not enough room for all the students and some eat lunch at their desks.

2.1

Through my observations and working for Wilmington City Schools System, we are doing the best that we can at this time. However, I believe additional revenue that Yellow Wood solar project could bring to our school system would greatly assist us in offering the best educational program we can offer our students. And it would ease the burden of asking property owners to pay more taxes for our schools. Thank you.

Any questions?

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you.

55 1 MS. HODSON: Thank you. 2 ALJ ST. JOHN: Next up is Kannon Arnett 3 followed by Curtis Bickel. Will you please raise your right hand. 4 5 (Witness sworn.) ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. And can you 6 7 please state and spell your name for the record. MR. ARNETT: K-A-N-N-O-N A-R-N-E-T-T. 8 9 ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Please proceed 10 with your testimony. 11 MR. ARNETT: My name is Kannon Arnett, 12 and I live at 4095 State Route 134, Wilmington, Ohio 13 45177, Union Township. 14 I support the Yellow Wood solar project. 15 I am 6 years old, and I am in the first grade. 16 I just want to ask you to save the earth 17 for kids my age and to save the earth for when I have 18 children some day. 19 Thank you. 20 ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. 2.1 And the next person on the list is Curtis 22 Bickel. 23 MR. BICKEL: That would be me. I'm his 24 father. 25 ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. And would you

please raise your right hand.

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(Witness sworn.)

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Could you please state and spell your name for the record.

MR. BICKEL: My name is Curtis Bickel, C-U-R-T-I-S B-I-C-K-E-L. My residence is 529 South Walnut Street, Wilmington, Ohio.

I was born and raised in this community.

Did as the one gentleman said and left for better opportunities because they weren't here. Came back, was able to find some.

But listening to all these things for and against, I mean, this has been the most divisive thing that has come across our county in quite some time, especially Highland County. You know, I went to East Clinton so both sides of that county line type thing.

My -- my thoughts are I am yes to solar overall because it is the way of the future, and I have to think that way having a little one that I have to take care of, make sure the future is going to be good for.

I myself having grown up here knew that the future was not here. Things like this may -- may make some changes for younger folks, may make some

changes for people wanting to plan families and things. Doesn't anybody remember that Amazon has already started transforming some things like that airport that sat empty for about, I don't know, a decade or something? I was a freshman in college at Ohio State when all that went down and I remember coming home I think as a junior and this community was decimated.

2.1

Now, this project isn't something as large as that; but, you know, it's a step in the right direction. Nothing is going to be perfect, and nothing is going to be exact.

But in terms of the wildlife and stuff, they adapt. This is earth. That's always happened. I mean, dinosaurs didn't make it because of an astroid, but I think the bees and wildflowers are going to make it. They'll figure it out. Us as humans, we are adaptable. As far as I can tell, all animals of history and every language we've ever spoken, we figure out how to make stuff work.

And the future is this, so I'm yes to solar because the future is where we are going. And if you want to live in the past, I don't think you are living.

So that's -- that's really what I got. I

am on board because it's the right thing and the right direction.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you.

Are there any questions?

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you for your

6 testimony.

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ALJ ST. JOHN: Next on our list is Craig
Young followed by Misty Carter.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Could you please state and spell your name for the record.

MR. YOUNG: My name is Craig Young,
C-R-A-I-G Y-O-U-N-G. I reside at 1800 Deer Creek
Drive, Xenia, Ohio 45385. I have an interest in the
property at 814 Oak Grove Road, Martinsville, Ohio
45146. That's my parents' property.

ALJ FULLIN: That's better.

MR. YOUNG: Okay. So I'm from the Wilmington area. I lived there for 21 years, born and raised. Went to Wilmington College. Got my degree in business finance. Moved up to the Dayton area. Got my MBA from Wright State. I am also a realtor and been doing business for a couple years now in general.

And I cannot see from any standpoint why this project would not benefit Clinton County as a whole. One of the greatest stressors in the farming business is the lack of guaranteed payments to farmers for their labor even though the same number of hours are required every year to produce their crops, let alone the increasing cost of output. The income varies every single year. Some years better, some years not as well. With overall stagnant and decreasing trends in crop pricing, there is no backup plan when you can't generate a profit from farming. There is no unemployment compensation. Crop insurance does not cover dips in the market, anything like that.

2.1

So with this opportunity being afforded to the community, I think it's time to consider a change in what some of the local farmers are harvesting, doing solar instead of grain. The sun will always be there. It's free so why not harvest energy from it. This would be an opportunity for farmers to have the closest thing to a steady income using the land they own while still providing for the community.

In addition to providing the freedom provided to the farmers, this is a project that will

generate substantial amounts of tax revenue, tax revenues that dried up whenever DHL departed over a decade ago, money needed by the communities to financial the underfunded schools, libraries, repair the deteriorating infrastructure, and the local county townships, let's see, especially with local tax levies for schools failing at the poles leaving school districts on fiscal watch. So the money that's going to be paid is going to take the burden off taxpayers.

2.1

And then my last thing that I think is a great idea for this project is one of the greatest issues facing the United States right now is energy independence. Greener and more sustainable energy will be provided by the Yellow Wood solar project, in addition, the energy independence.

Another large issue facing the world today is climate change and rapidly increasing emissions of CO-2 into the atmosphere. It's been increasing rapidly since the start of the Industrial Revolution. So with every year -- I got my statistics from the EIA.gov, every year 952 million tons of CO-2 is emitted into the atmosphere from coal power plants which are where Ohio gets the majority of their power from,

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1 66 percent, and I don't think we can move fast enough 2 to get greener energy implemented in this region.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Are there any questions?

ALJ FULLIN: I think, if I heard you

correctly, you mentioned that your statistics came

from EIE.gov?

MR. YOUNG: EIA.gov.

9 ALJ FULLIN: EIA. Can you further

10 | identify what that is?

MR. YOUNG: That is something to do with the environment. I am not really sure.

13 ALJ FULLIN: Thank you. I just wondered.

MR. ARNOLD: It's the Energy Information

15 Agency, U.S. Department of Energy.

16 ALJ FULLIN: Would you repeat it for the

17 record?

8

18 MR. YOUNG: What was -- the Environmental

19 | what?

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20 MR. ARNOLD: Energy Information Agency.

MR. YOUNG: Energy Information Agency.

22 ALJ FULLIN: Of ODE.

MR. ARNOLD: U.S.

24 ALJ FULLIN: That came from the witness

25 and will be part of the record. Thank you.

1 MR. YOUNG: All right. Thank you.

2 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I have a question,

3 your Honor, for you.

2.1

ALJ FULLIN: If it has to do with the procedure but this isn't really a question and answer session.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: It's more of a clarification, a point of order then. My parliamentary procedure is very rusty. If we were not allowed -- I don't know if this is applicable or not, if there is any intervening parties. But if intervening parties are not allowed to speak at this, shouldn't it also be to the other side where the parties that have a vested interest should also have to wait until that same meeting in October? I am just looking for clarification. Again, I don't know.

ALJ FULLIN: The purpose of the evidentiary hearing is for testimony from parties. Intervenors are parties. The Applicant is a party. Other people who have been granted intervention are parties. They can all testify at that hearing. That's the purpose of that hearing. But this is testimony from members of the public that aren't Intervenors.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Right, but I guess

in my mind it's equal Intervenors versus vested interest. They are the opposite side in the same field.

2.1

ALJ FULLIN: Intervenors are parties to the case who will have their opportunity to testify at the evidentiary hearing. Who you mean by vested interests is not on the record.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Just for some further clarification, the purpose of tonight's -- tonight's local public hearing is to get testimony from the -- the local community here. So people who have intervened are parties. I know you used the term vested interest. I am not sure exactly what you were referring to there, but in terms of the purpose of tonight, you know, we are very interested in coming into the community and getting you all's perspective.

So for those who have intervened, they are parties and those are individuals who will be entitled to make their case at the evidentiary hearing that's upcoming.

And at this time I will go ahead and call the next individual who is on our list tonight and that's Misty Carter who will be followed by David Bruce.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

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ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Could you please state and spell your name for the record.

MS. CARTER: My name is Misty Carter,
M-I-S-T-Y C-A-R-T-E-R. I live at 6335 Abernathy Road
in Lynchburg, Ohio. I was born in Clinton County. I
work in Clinton County. May I proceed?

ALJ ST. JOHN: Yes. Please proceed with your testimony. Thank you.

MS. CARTER: Okay. The Yellow Wood

Application states the Applicant selected the subject
site for further development because of an
overwhelming positive welcome from the area
landowners and community leaders and few
environmental constraints.

I have in my hand copies of the public comments from the Ohio Siting Board website. There are 14 pages of public comments amounting to over 200 individual comments. The comments opposing the Yellow Wood solar center far outnumber the comments in favor of the project.

The comments in favor are mostly short comments that are repeated word for word from several people, many throughout the state of Ohio and out of state as well. Those comments that oppose are

overwhelmingly written from the heart. There are no word-for-word repeated comments. We've seen a tremendous increase in utility-scale solar in this area for the past two to three years. The public is beginning to wake up to what these solar facilities are taking away from us.

2.1

I also have a petition signed by 500 residents of the Lynchburg area. I personally obtained over 160 of those signatures with a resounding response in opposition to these projects and, at minimum, the belief in the right to vote on such measures.

Our website Clinton/Highland Concerned Citizens concerned about solar farms has over a thousand members, many who post information. In contrast the pro solar group has 186 followers and an administrator who posts most information.

Does this sound like an overwhelmingly positive welcome from the community? Who did these people talk to? Only the people that they give hundreds of thousands of dollars? Not to the people who are going to wake up every morning, look out their windows at row after row of solar panels or whose homes are going to be surrounded on three and four sides by panels.

encompasses approximately 3,000 acres in Clinton

County. 13 landowners are involved in the project by selling or leasing their land. There are over 125 residential properties that are within or bordering the energy center each requiring a 300 foot setback.

A 300 foot setback is the length of a football field.

About one -- one-third of these residents are within the project which means they will most likely have solar panels on more than one side of their property.

Accepting this project will directly benefit those 13 landowners who have property in the project, but it will also disaffect those over 125 residential landowners who are with or adjacent to the property.

2.1

Some of those residents who have not received hundreds of thousands of dollars for their property have had to spend thousands of dollars of their own money to retain a lawyer to help them make the best decisions for their properties.

It has been reported at other meetings that studies show that property values are not affected. It is important to make sure we are comparing apples to apples and not apples to oranges. A little research will show that many times the facilities surveyed are very small -- are very small,

between 56 and 160 acres. There's a lot of difference in how a 52 acre solar facility affects property values versus how a 3,000 acre facility affects property values.

2.1

Other studies that survey solar facilities more closely aligning with Yellow Wood show that solar installations negatively affect nearby property values. And the closer the residential property to the solar facility the more the property values are negatively affected. An article in Energy News Network in 2020 indicated that appraisers tended to associate a negative impact on home values near larger installations and new power lines.

A study done by Rhode Island University concluded that the siting of large solar projects has become contentious in some parts of the country due to concerns about the sites being unsightly, impacts on ecosystems, siting of transmission lines, loss of a town's rural character, water pollution, fire risks, water use, and reduction in property values.

These concerns become particularly heated when the solar development is proposed on an existing farm and forest lands which is common because these are the cheapest locations for development. As we

see more industrial solar facilities come into our area, the more these concerns mount up.

2.1

2.2

A study by the Isaac Orr concludes that solar panels require a lot of land and create a lot of concerns for local residents who live in the vicinity of the solar facilities. Residents are getting fed up with these projects all over the country.

What was the impetus behind SB52?

Thousands of Ohioans were being negatively affected by wind and solar development with no say in the process, and they let legislators know this. SB52 gives an opportunity for County Commissioners to say no to solar facilities. Thank you.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you.

Are there any questions?

Next on our list we have David Bruce who will be followed by Tony Felheim.

While Mr. Bruce is coming up to the podium, I have a brief announcement that I would like to make. Because I see that there are still many people who have been signed up to testify and there are also perhaps other people in attendance who cannot stay around until the end of the hearing, so

if you need to leave, you have several options. If you are in agreement with those who have already testified and would like to express your opposition to or support for the proposed application, there are forms with Staff by the door. The forms will indicate that you are at tonight's hearing and that you either oppose or support the Company's Application for the reasons expressed by those who have already testified. So if signing the form is convenient for you, you may sign the form and that form will be part of the official record in this case. And the Board will be informed of the number of people who have signed the form.

2.1

Second, you can also write down your statement as a letter and mail it to the Commission, and you can also fax it or file it electronically in the docket, and Staff can give you the information on how to do that.

If you still prefer to make a statement, we will certainly stay until everyone who has a desire to make a statement has had the time to do so. Thank you.

And, Mr. Bruce, thank you for waiting. Would you please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Could you please state and spell your name for the record.

2.1

MR. BRUCE: My name is David Bruce,
D-A-V-I-D B-R-U-C-E. I am a special project
coordinator and representative for IBEW Local 82.
Part of our jurisdiction is here in Clinton County,
and I represent members that live in Clinton County.
This Local is out of Dayton, Ohio, and I am speaking
in support of the solar project in Yellow Wood. The
Clinton County portion of the Yellow Wood project is
in our jurisdiction. This project would allow us not
only to have experienced craftsmen and women a chance
to show their skills but also gives us a chance to
train our up and coming craftsman and women.

Solar is becoming a part of our most regular work schedules as far as types of projects, and we would like to make sure that this and other projects are done on time, under budget, completed with the highest standard craftmanship. Our workers are well trained in all aspects of the electrical field, and solar is one of our many specialities. Local 82 apprentices have solar as part of their fifth year curriculum and is one of the freshest subjects in their minds as they top out and become journeyman and women.

The IBEW leading this project it would be a given that the work would be done by residents of Ohio and some residents here in Clinton County. This allows money and economy created by this project to stay within the community instead of out-of-state contractors hiring out-of-state workers to take their money back to their home.

2.1

The construction jobs that this project will provide the -- with the IBEW will provide the local wage along with benefit packages and training attached with them. We in Local 82 will also have a steady stream of vocational students from surrounding area career centers, which I happen to be one of them from Greene County, that bring their talents to us to start their careers.

This project not only guarantees that our seasoned veterans get a chance to show their skills but also provides a chance for young persons to start their career with quality training for their trade.

So in closing I would press you to approve this project so Ohio trade workers have yet another chance to prove their excellence and strengthen their community and boost the local economy.

And I forgot to give my address. I live

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at 1555 Suite 5 Deer Creek Drive, Xenia, Ohio 45385.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you for your

3 testimony.

4 ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you.

5 Are there any questions for this witness?

6 Thank you.

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ALJ FULLIN: Thank you very much.

8 ALJ ST. JOHN: Next on the list I have

9 Toty -- excuse me, Tony Felheim followed by Rebecca

10 | Williams.

MR. FELHEIM: Your Honor, I would like to pass my turn onto the next person to speak, please.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you.

14 ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

15 ALJ ST. JOHN: And then after

16 Ms. Williams, we have Chris -- Chris Meyer.

17 (Witness sworn.)

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Please state and spell your name for the record.

MS. WILLIAMS: Rebecca Williams,

21 R-E-B-E-C-C-A W-I-L-L-I-A-M S. I live at 4545

22 Panhandle Road, New Vienna, Ohio. I am in Highland

County and Union Township. My tie to the project is

24 I was born and raised in this area. I left briefly

25 and returned years ago to raise my children in the

Lynchburg School District.

2.1

I obtained my Associate's of applied science in agriculture from Southern State in 1994, and I have my Bachelor's Degree in plant, soil, and environmental sciences from Wilmington College in 2011.

Solar is a disruptive technology. It's disrupting our country, our state, our counties. It's overwriting zoning laws designating land for agriculture and residential use. It's disrupting communities. This is disrupting the agriculture land. It's disrupting wildlife habitat. It's disrupting ecosystems. And most of all it's disrupting families.

Despite what Invenergy paid for opinions presented as studies in their Application states it's disruptive. Let's talk about the families being disrupted. A lot like the bees and the butterflies that will have thousands of acres of pollinating crops replaced with unsupporting low lying grass, and their habitat reduced down to a 10 to 20 foot barrier, border, sown in a pollinated blend. These families are having their once peaceful rural existence surrounded by industry.

The financial impact is already hitting

these families. Not only do they face devaluation of their property if this project is approved, but many have had to scrape together resources to hire an attorney because many -- among many other things, proposed setbacks are less than what's given to an eagle, a majestic bird full of symbolism but nonetheless the same bird that I witnessed eating roadkill when I passed by the other day is more valued than a human life.

2.1

Perhaps you -- perhaps human life is only valued if you own enough acres. Solar energy is a disrupting technology. The first substantial computer took up 1,800 square foot of floor space. Today we wear them on our wrist. We carry them in our hands. Solar technology is somewhere in between the 1,800 square foot and our wrist.

enough to warrant large scale destruction of viable farmland and, as it stands, will contribute more to global warming. Only 15 percent of the energy hitting these panels is converted to electricity. The rest is returned to the environment as heat. The mounted panels needed to put a dent in the fossil fuel energy — in the fossil fuel energy demand would have a global warming effect, not to mention the

fossil fuels needed to mine, process, manufacture, transport, install, maintain, decommission, and support an intermittent disruptive energy.

2.1

We cannot be shortsighted on the waste that this project will produce either from production to installation to replacing as efficiency and technology advances. Surely as they increase in technology, they will have to replace these panels or else it will be an obsolete project even within that 20 to 30 years the way the panels are advancing in technology now.

Solar energy is a disruptive technology that's not -- this project is not about public need. In fact, it will create it. In a time that we need to be doubling crop production to feed the world population by the year 2050, we have no business destroying viable, productive farmland.

Despite what some may think, the soil structure will be destroyed and only thousands of years can replace that, not a decommissioning agreement. This land cannot be returned to the effective crop production.

Solar energy is a disruptive technology. It's not about green energy. It's about profit of the few at the expense of the many. Thank you.

76 1 ALJ FULLIN: Thank you for your 2 testimony. 3 ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Are there any questions for this witness? 4 Thank you. 5 6 Next up is Chris Meyer who will be 7 followed by Annette Houck. Please raise your right hand. 8 9 (Witness sworn.) 10 ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Please state 11 and spell your name for the record. 12 MR. MEYER: My name is Chris Meyer, 13 M-E-Y-E-R. I live at 425 Gallimore Road, Port 14 William, Ohio, which is in Liberty Township in 15 Clinton County. 16 Good evening. As I said, my name is Chris Meyer. I am a member and past president of the 17 18 Green Energy Ohio Board of Directors. Thank you for 19 this opportunity to submit comments in support of the 20 Yellow Wood solar project, this project particularly 2.1 in Clinton County that's currently under development 22 by Invenergy. Green Energy Ohio is a statewide 23 24 nonprofit organization dedicated to promoting 25 sustainable energy policies, technologies, and

practices through education and outreach. We represent a diverse membership of individuals, businesses, community, and government entities, and academic institutions who support GEO's mission.

Invenergy happens to be a member of GEO as am I.

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The GEO Statement of Public Positions endorses investment in utility-scale solar projects for the broad range of economic and environmental benefits that these facilities provide. First and foremost, local communities are beneficiaries of these projects through substantial payments in lieu of taxes that support local school districts and government facilities. Education in Franklin and Jefferson Townships including the local school districts and vocational schools, it's estimated to receive at least \$1.2 million annually from this project with another 1.5 million going to support county and local town -- and township services. Local landowners, of course, will benefit from these payments that allow the agricultural operations to continue while at the same time studies have shown that neighboring properties do not decrease in value.

Green Energy Ohio recognizes the importance of trust and relationships between developers and local communities, and Invenergy has

over a decade of experience in Ohio. They have proven a track record of community engagement and a commitment to address the unique circumstances of each project. During the development and certification process, multiple land use studies are undertaken to identify sensitive environmental resources and ensure a high degree of environmental stewardship. As a leader in innovative technology, Invenergy's solar energy centers produce clean, safe, and efficient power that protects public health and the environment.

2.1

The need for renewable energy generated by large-scale solar farms is constantly increasing, driven by the demands of residential consumers, small businesses, large corporations, and municipal governments, all of whom are seeking greater sustainability and reductions in their carbon footprint. By producing up to 300 megawatts of clean energy, the Yellow Wood Solar Energy center makes a significant contribution to Ohioans' ability to achieve these goals.

Thank you for your time, and I appreciate the consideration of our remarks.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. I have one

quick question for you. Are you speaking on behalf of yourself as an individual or on behalf of your organization?

MR. MEYER: Yes and yes.

2.1

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you.

Any other questions? Thank you.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness affirmed.)

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Please state and spell your name for the record.

MS. HOUCK: Annette Houck, A-N-N-E-T-T-E H-O-U-C-K. My name is Annette Houck, and I live at 9711 State Route 73, Hillsboro, Ohio 45133, Penn Township.

I am here in support of the Yellow Wood solar project. My husband and I are landowners and farmers in Clinton and Highland Counties. I believe we are all here tonight for the same reason. We love our country view and don't want to see it change. However, the difference between pro solar and solar opposition is our perspective on the subject. In 1986, I graduated from art school, and while there I studied perspective at great length. I've owned an advertising business in Wilmington for 29 years.

Perspective is the art of drawing solid

objects on a two-dimensional surface so as to give the right impression of the height, width, and depth, and position in relation to each other when viewed from a particular point or distance.

2.1

Contrary -- I'm sorry. Solar opposition does not want panels as their neighbors or nearby their properties. They insist it will spoil their visual and aesthetic enjoyment of living and working there. They love living and working in the country and want everything to remain the same forever. This is an example of short or narrow perspective.

movement. They too love living, farming, and working in the rural country. But they have a much broader or wide angle perspective. As stewards of the land, they are looking far beyond their neighbors and are looking at saving the entire earth on a global scale and not just their immediate surroundings. They have and are making a commitment to producing clean energy for everyone, not just a few in a selective small community. They are thinking far beyond just themselves.

When viewing the whole picture, both shortsighted and wider, broader-based perspectives are very important; but at the end of the day we have

to decide which way this picture benefits everyone.

If we continue on the path that we are on with the closures of coal burning power plants in southern

Ohio, PJM is looking at renewable energy replacements to fill the void on our local power lines. We all want the country view, but we all want electric too.

2.1

As farmers and landowners, this is our opportunity to step up and help in furnishing the much needed energy from our area onto the power grid. And at the same time, we are able to set aside land for grass and forage cover for a period of 30 plus years; keeping soil in place, reducing nutrient runoff, sequestering carbon; and creating beneficial wildlife and pollinator habitats; implementing conservation outcomes; and mitigating the impact of climate change, and ultimately doing our part to save the earth's atmosphere.

When it comes to wildlife, we can welcome back the earthworms, the butterflies, honey bees, birds, snakes, and insects that we have run off from our use of toxic pesticides and toxic chemical sprays.

It is really quite simple, and William Shatner summed it up after returning from his rocket space trip on October 15 just this year. He said "I

wish I had better news and more entertainment jokes to tell you, but I was moved to tears by what I saw, and I come back filled with and overwhelmed by sadness and empathy for this beautiful thing we call earth. We're at the tipping point. We haven't got time to wait 30 years and argue. Burying your head in the sand another instant about global warming and the destruction of the planet is suicide for all of us. If we don't do something about this industrial pollution, we will not only be stripping the planet of its natural resources, we will be stripping it of its future. Our children and our children's children will not have a chance to be a part of this beautiful thing we call Earth."

So I urge you to proceed with the Yellow Wood solar project. It is imperative to clean up our reckless use of fossil fuels and carbon emissions. If we don't, neither the solar opposers nor the prosolar advocates will have a rural country view for any of our great grandchildren to view anyway.

Thank you.

2.1

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

The next witness I intend to call is John Leesemann, and he will be followed by Genevieve Leesemann.

(Witness sworn.)

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ALJ FULLIN: Thank you. If you can identify yourself the same way as others.

MR. LEESEMANN: My name is John -- my name is John Leesemann.

ALJ FULLIN: You can adjust that mic if you tilt it up towards your mouth.

MR. LEESEMANN: My name is John
Leesemann, J-O-H-N L-E-E-S-E-M-A-N. My address is
7712 Misty Meadows Court, Morrow, Ohio 45152.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

MR. LEESEMANN: Good evening. We bought two farms in Clinton County 20 years ago for an investment. One of the farms is on Glade Road; one is on Wise Road.

Invenergy contacted us about rent -renting our farm for solar. We retained -- since we
don't have the expertise of any solar knowledge,
retained a solar lawyer to check out our contract
with Invenergy, someone who was an expert on solar
contracts who gave us a vote of confidence.

We signed an agreement for our Glade Road farm. We are supportive of the proposed power program not only with schools but the roads and improvements to public service such as fire and

police, money for local townships. You've heard tonight how many jobs it's going to create. 80 percent of these people have to be Ohio employees which is fantastic. Glad to see that the community will reap rewards from this. There are no longer factories in the area and many places of work. This solar project will bring construction jobs, opportunities for electricians. It will also encourage the development of more opportunities in the future for the area.

2.1

The Company has been active in building -- commissioning solar panels along the country in the midwest. The Company developed 150 different projects and had a strong track record of investing in communities in which they exist when we are talking about -- we are talking about Invenergy. We are satisfied with Invenergy, and they have answered all our questions and have worked hand in hand with us. They have a proven track record with project construction and implementation.

Our future is green energy and this is a unique opportunity for Clinton County. Thank you very much.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you for your testimony.

Any questions? Thank you.

Genevieve Leesemann. And I see from the sign-in sheet that you have the same address, so you don't have to repeat. I would like to help you get sworn in to state your name and spell it for the record.

MS. LEESEMANN: Thank you.

(Witness sworn.)

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

MS. LEESEMANN: I hope all of you are

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12 ALJ FULLIN: I'm sorry. Would you --

MS. LEESEMANN: I don't know. It might

14 be a long evening for you.

ALJ FULLIN: Would you spell -- give and spell your name for the record.

MS. LEESEMANN: Spell my name. Well, get

ready, everybody. G-E-N-E-V-I-E-V-E, there's more,

19 L-E-E-S-E-M-A-N-N.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

MS. LEESEMANN: For such a short person
it's a very long name. Having taught high school for
over 35 years, I'm a proud advocate for education.

At the same time I am a taxpayer. Life experience

25 tells us that we get what we pay for.

And no where is this more evident than in the educational field. If a school system cannot afford to update a building's wiring to support computers or must load a classroom with 30, 40, or more students, its students will be left in the dust.

Solar energy will bring monies into our communities that can be used for such projects as you have heard of while not burdening the taxpayer. The same is true for our fire departments, townships, other local necessities.

A vote in favor of solar, of Yellow Wood, is your chance to make a direct positive impact on our future. Will you take that chance?

Thank you.

2.1

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you very much. I think I forgot the mention the next witness to come, but I wanted to call now David Mayer. Mayer or Mayer.

MR. MAYER: Mayer.

ALJ FULLIN: After him, I intend to call Debbie Howard.

MR. MAYER: I'm going to put my stopwatch on.

24 ALJ FULLIN: I appreciate everybody
25 sticking to the time. Everyone has been pretty close

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     to the mark here.
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                 MR. MAYER: Can you hear me okay?
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                 ALJ FULLIN: Yes. That's better.
                 (Witness sworn.)
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                 MR. MAYER: Before I get started I was
 6
     advised by someone in our team that he was skipped
 7
     over, Skip Thompson, on the list.
                 ALJ FULLIN: I believe he is an
 8
     Intervenor in the case.
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10
                 MR. THOMPSON: No, I'm not. That's my
11
     Dad.
12
                 ALJ FULLIN: Then I will call you.
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                 MR. THOMPSON: Who brought that to your
14
     attention?
15
                 ALJ FULLIN:
                              I checked the list of the --
16
     your name against the names I granted intervention.
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                 MR. THOMPSON: Different initials.
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                 ALJ FULLIN: Now you are explaining you
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     are not the Intervenor, I'll let you testify -- I'll
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     let you testify next.
2.1
                 MR. THOMPSON:
                                I'm going to be last.
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                 ALJ FULLIN: I'll let you testify next if
23
     you choose to.
24
                 MR. MAYER: Good evening and thank you
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for attending tonight. I've submitted previous

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written documentation to the Board.

2.1

My subject tonight is the pitfalls of solar energy and renewables and overreaction to climate change. My name is David, D-A-V-I-D, middle initial A, last name Mayer, M-A-Y-E-R, resident, 107 Westover Drive, Hillsboro, Ohio, Highland County. I'm impacted by this because it's in a neighboring county. I own 11 acres of trees in a southern Ohio county, and I don't want to see solar evade -- or invade any more parts of my county.

I'm going to start off with an introduction. Climate change is not the real threat. The real threat is the overreacting to climate change theories and reacting too fast with a proper evaluation of the many risks. The trend these days is just about everything can be blamed on climate change driven by bad science, and even worse political forces is going to bring more economic disparities and energy poverty to many around the globe.

The temperature rise of a few degrees is not an immediate danger. It could be 30 years or 100 years. The current pace of banning fossil fuels is leading to a spike in global energy for coal, crude, and natural gas that was mentioned earlier by another

gentleman about the prices in Europe. The average American this year according to a CNBC news report will spend an extra \$300 if they use natural gas. That impacts low income people.

2.1

The transition train to renewable energy is what caused the problems in England. They got rid of a gas plant. They're now begging for gas from Russia. They are begging for coal from Russia. The UK shut down two fertilizer plants. A byproduct of that is carbon dioxide that they use to preserve food. They are facing problems. Driving up the prices also drives it up here in the United States as was mentioned earlier.

We have limited capacity to export liquefied natural gas to Europe because we only have so much capacity in our ports and so many ships. We have 100 years possibly to slowly increase renewable energy to a degree that it can never be 100 percent. Renewable energy is intermittent and will require storage the global economy cannot afford. California which has a zero emissions goal in the future would require 10 trillion in storage to get to zero fossil fuels.

And the next comment, you'll probably laugh, but I got this from my uncle, if we didn't

have some global warming, we would still be living in the ice age.

2.1

Now I am going to go through my list of A to Z issues. Aquifers, that's been mentioned. The leases call for unlimited water. They don't say why. I spoke to one of the consultants with one of the companies. He said, well, we are not really going to use that much. So why is it in your contract? Well, we just put it in. So you have to cover all the bases. Water rights will be an issue.

The other A topic is audit. This is pretty much a negative comment on PUCO. This was in the paper recently. Audit documents show the state utility regulator PUCO sought edits to a draft version of an audit they commissioned prompting removal of declarations that a ratepayer funded bailout of two uneconomic coal plants was a bad deal for Ohio electric customers. They were siding with the utility which I believe is the case here.

B is for barriers, barriers to wildlife.

B is also for bankruptcy of these potential developers. These stocks trade on the over counter market, not the NASDAQ or New York Stock Exchange because they don't meet the strict listing and financial reporting requirements, and generally

they are considered not a worthy investment for the average investor seeking long-term growth.

2.1

C is for corruption. In this state we have the alleged \$61 million scandal led by Larry Householder, backed by the energy companies, FirstEnergy, which has pled basically guilty to some charges. Climate change cannot be solved by most of the world while China and India continue building coal plants. China has ordered coalminers to mine more because they can't produce enough electricity.

C is also for carbon offsets which is I call the bogeyman in the room. So this electricity that you generate is offloaded to companies that will get a credit who will then sell them, so over here you get a credit. You can sell it. Somebody over here can buy that credit. They still get to pollute. There is no net decrease in carbon emissions or greenhouse gases. I've never understood that, and the only reason I can understand it happens is because money got involved. People can make money trading and brokering it.

D is for droughts. As you know, out west they are in a drought. Lake Mead is low. They are about to lose their generation for electricity.

Renewable energy cannot eliminate fossil fuels as a

backup entirely.

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E, environmental studies are one-sided by the developers. We don't see a third-party intervention or third-party review of what's going to be happening.

F is for farms and food. We need farms. I understand the Clinton County project will take 5 percent of the great farmland in this county. Also related to that, 95 percent of solar and wind turbines currently are now buried. There's no forecast for the future. Also related to farms the crops we grow here in our hemisphere in the summer and south during their farming season take the carbon out of the environment. Solar panels do not absorb any carbon.

G for green energy. It's not 100 percent renewable or recycle. Let's look at the experiment that we had with ethanol. Remember Al Gore and ethanol? It failed. We grew all this corn, and it takes as much energy to make it. So this technology still needs some time to be developed.

H is for heat from the panels, similar to concrete city jungles.

H is for Larry Householder, the ringleader of the alleged \$61 million scandal backed

by FirstEnergy. We just can't trust big utilities.

That investigation is ongoing and we don't know what else will fall out.

2.1

I is for intermittent. The intermittent nature of solar and wind. Europe, China, Texas, they are seeing this problem because they don't have enough storage. You produce sun during the day. If you can't store it because you can't make enough batteries, at 6 o'clock everybody goes home, they consume electricity. Where are they going to get their electricity?

J is for justification by developers and components of solar I believe are flawed. They don't put the downside risk. They are not disclosed. Everything is always upside. As a CPA holder and a former certified information security auditor in the technology domain, I can assure when it comes to risks, we look at best case/worst case and even worst case make certain we are making the wise investment decisions. There is two sides to every coin.

K is for K -- K is for kills which means it's going to kill agriculture, going to kill trees, sequester carbon. We are going to kill endangered species. If we were talking about an oil and gas pipeline or refining plant here tonight, every

environmentalist in the country would be out here protesting, but because this is so-called green energy which they have been brainwashed to believe is the savior of everything, that doesn't work.

2.1

L is for lies. I've seen a lot of lies from the solar people to get their leases.

L is for lithium. China just bought one of the largest lithium producers in Argentina. They are snapping it up while your President Joe Biden is begging the lithium countries to provide it to us. We are not going to have enough storage.

M is for money. Money is the root of all the evil here, the money from the lobbyists and politicians. Years ago the GOP stance on climate change was we are going to fight it, but now they have joined the new green deal. They have joined the left lib -- leftest liberals.

N is for natural gas as a backup fuel.

Well, in Nebraska they are going to build a

\$300 million solar plant, but they need to build a

\$600 million natural gas plant in case the sun don't

shine. In Michigan a utility company just bought

several natural gas companies as backup.

How much time do I have? Do you know?

ALJ FULLIN: You are already past time,

but I see that you are on a pattern of going through the alphabet. I do want you to have your chance to speak.

MR. MAYER: Thank you. I am almost there.

2.1

2.2

O is for oil. West Texas Intermediate crude's benchmark is now \$83.

P is for PUCO and also for PILOT funds.

The politics of PUCO and the recent story they

were -- the Ohio Supreme Court basically said that

they improperly allowed FirstEnergy Advisors to begin

operations with first -- without first determining

the company was fit and capable of complying with

Ohio law. The Ohio Supreme Court ruled this

recently. This was Justice DeWine versus his dad,

the Governor. I called it DeWine versus DeWine.

Q is for quiet. Not going to be quiet during construction. Noisy inverters as we saw earlier from Lena. And also quiet developers and some politicians throughout this whole process have had hope that the public would stay quiet.

R is for ratepayers who are subsidizing an Indiana coal plant now under House Bill 6. This also includes southern Ohio where \$20 million is earmarked in SB6 for solar in southern Ohio.

S is for storage which I briefly addressed. We don't have the capability to store all this power.

2.1

T is for transition. We are going too fast, unintended consequences already.

T is for tornadoes last week which hit
Highland County. We had more man-made debris flying
around. If you've ever seen the picture of a real
strong tornado, there's a picture of a piece of wheat
piercing a board. Imagine what a piece of metal
would do. That could be your body.

U is for underground horizontal drilling. There's risks with that.

V is for the volume of water for claiming.

And also V is for voting. Highland
County Commissioners have proposed the only people
that can vote under Senate Bill 52 in these zones
would be people that own 10 acres or more. That
discriminates against people that don't own that much
property. Since I own 10 acres, this goes back to
English law, I am a property owner with more rights.
From now on call me Sir David Mayer. Thank you.

Finally, two more, Y is for you. You are impacted by this without a voice and/or no

compensation, if any, for noise and environmental concerns no fault of your own.

And then Z is for zoning. The area up in Yellow Wood is zoned residential and agricultural only and that should be respected because that's what those people voted for. Thank you.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you for your testimony.

2.1

MR. MAYER: Any questions?

10 ALJ FULLIN: Any questions? Thank you 11 for your testimony.

Next call on Charles Thompson.

(Witness sworn.)

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

MR. THOMPSON: I'm going to talk a little bit about the Staff Investigation. Charles Thompson. Sorry about that. Charles L. Thompson, 2537 Canada Road, Martinsville, Ohio 45146.

I am going to talk a little bit about the Staff Investigation Report. The Staff Report is really a biased slant when the economic impact of the project is not a complete and fair report. It does not include the monetary loss of agriculture products produced in the project which will be somewhere between 2 and 3 million dollars a year. That's not

included in your report.

2.1

It does not include information about agricultural job losses caused by this potential development. It does not include the number of permanent jobs created by solar which is insignificant. I think you've heard 2 or 4. That does not bring significant economic increase to Clinton County.

It does not include the difference in utility tax rates in real property and tangible personal property versus the PILOT which only shares approximately 35 percent of the money that real property and tangible personal taxes would yield for Clinton County.

It does not include a projection of loss of population because of the power plant being located in Clinton County. This report only projects monetary increases for the State of Ohio. It is -- in doing so discounts local jobs, economy, and residential property owners.

This report looks like it was written by the coalition, that is, the group of solar companies. There's some information given from somebody at OU from the Voinovich School of Energy that do not use farm ground. That's not mentioned in the report.

They will not be given a fair and unbiased view of the OPSB to make a fair decision.

The Ohio Ethics Commission should come into play and investigate this process, and Senate congressional hearings should be held. Thank you.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you for your testimony.

Any questions?

2.1

Next I am going to call Debbie Howard, and I would like to -- after that, I intend to call Neil Rhonemus. Rhonemus.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Rhonemus.

ALJ FULLIN: I'm sorry, Rhonemus. And I would like to announce that the last witness signed up to testify earlier on the list, but I did skip him thinking that he was an Intervenor. I see that I made a mistake about that so that's why I brought him in now, because he had signed up earlier. I intend for the rest of the evening to just follow the order on the sign-up sheet. Make sure that everyone that's signed up gets an opportunity to testify.

When we're done with everybody that's on the list, I am also going to allow opportunity for the people that are here that are not Intervenors if they still want a chance to say something. But

again, everyone only gets one chance to testify.

That's the way I tend to proceed tonight.

And also let you know since it's this late into the evening and we have other witnesses to go, that according to the way that sign-up sheet is filled out, I believe we're a little bit more than halfway through the list.

(Witness sworn.)

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you. If you would begin by giving your name, spelling your name, your address, and identifying your connection to the project or to the community.

MS. HOWARD: Okay. Good evening. My name is Debbie Howard.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Can't hear you.

MS. HOWARD: My name is Debbie Howard.

And I live at 3329 Glady Road, Lynchburg, Ohio, which is in Clark Township. I am here representing the Steritz and Howard family in support of the Yellow

20 Wood solar project.

2.1

My family has strong ties to the community and Clinton County as we have lived and farmed in Clinton County since the 1850s and some family members continue to live in the original 1894 farmhouse.

We support the project because of all the benefits it will bring to our county and communities. It will bring more jobs, money for education and veteran services, clean renewable energy, and increased tax revenue which may be used for infrastructure improvements.

2.1

I would also like to speak to another benefit for small landowners. The opportunity to participate in a project like the one currently being proposed will allow them to maintain their farms into the future.

As I am sure you know, farming has changed in recent decades and it is becoming more and more difficult for small farmers to keep their farms that in some cases have been in their family for generations. The high cost of the equipment, seed, chemicals, and labor have caused many small farmers to go out of business and lose multi-generational farms. This is why small farms are disappearing and huge corporate farms are becoming the norm. In conclusion in this project and others like it will provide small farmers a viable way to keep the family farm for their children and grandchildren.

Many of these farms have been farmed continuously for many generations. So another

benefit of using the land for solar panels is that it will allow the land to lay fallow for the length of the contract and will have time to regenerate.

2.1

When the project ends, the land will then be cleared of all the solar panels, foundations, and equipment, with most of it being recycled, and the land returned to its pre-construction condition. We have not lost farmland. It is being saved into the future.

And a side note, I would also like to say a lot of the testimony against the project is that it will ruin their view. I would like to say that if the project goes through, I am going to be surrounded on all four sides by solar panels. And I have to be honest, I will miss my view. But I also believe that in two or three years, you know, after they've done landscaping and all of that, I am going to have a nice view again. It may not be the same view, but it will be a nice view. And I think the benefits outweigh my loss of a particular view.

I believe the Yellow Wood project will benefit our community both environmentally and economically, and I believe we need to move forward from toxic nonrenewable energy that threatens our ecosystem to clean renewable energy sources such as

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1 | this Yellow Wood solar project.
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Thank you for your time and consideration in this matter.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you for your testimony. No questions. Thank you.

I am calling, if I am saying the name

right, Neil Rhonemus.

8 MR. RHONEMUS: Sir, I would yield my 9 testimony tonight.

10 ALJ FULLIN: Okay. Thank you.

11 Next I would like to call then Debbie

12 McKee. She's gone too.

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Next on the list is John Lundblad.

14 (Witness sworn.)

15 ALJ FULLIN: Begin with your name, 16 spelling your name, and your address.

MR. LUNDBLAD: My name is John Lundblad, L-U-N-D-B-L-A-D, 358 Indian Ripple Road, Wilmington, Ohio, and that's Union Township.

This is a more general. I am not going to get into all the details and numbers and stuff, even though I was trained as an engineer. I know it's pretty boring, so I am just going to speak it from the heart here. I know alternate energy is a hot topic, especially in Clinton County.

I'm 77 years old and what benefit will a solar farm in the county have for me? Of course, when you think of it, we make investments all the time that will not directly affect us. We recently had a roof reshingled with a 35 year lifespan product. Why would we do that when we plan to move to Cape May soon? Sales appeal? Maybe. That's why I am happy to pay school taxes so that our young people get a good education and make our country thrive.

2.1

I am not a farmer, but I don't have a problem paying state and federal taxes that fund programs that help farmers. I have children and grandchildren. I do things for them all the time that one might say is of no benefit to me.

One thing I cannot do is tell them that the future of their very plant will not be negatively affected by our present energy policy. We need change, big change soon, or we will be in a situation beyond which man can no longer stop by any means the changing of the climate to an unliveable state.

An analogy might be the mechanics of a nuclear explosion which is triggered by exceeding the critical mass of nuclear material. I don't want American citizens 50 or 100 years from now saying of

us why didn't they do something? They knew the problem. They knew how to solve it, but they didn't. Why were they so selfish?

I am an Army veteran. The recent passing of General Powell has allowed us to remember all the contributions this one man made to our country. Let us make our legacy be that we were the generation that saw the need to change not so much for us but for the future of mankind. Thank you.

10 ALJ FULLIN: Thank you for your 11 testimony. Any questions?

2.1

For our next I am calling Nancy Pfister and after that, next name is Tracy Howard.

(Witness sworn.)

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you. Again, if you want to state your name, spell it, and your address.

MS. PFISTER: Okay. My name is Nancy
Pfister, N-A-N-C-Y P-F-I-S-T-E-R. I live at 6231
Lynchburg Road, Lynchburg, Ohio 45142. I'm a
landowner in the Yellow Wood farm, Yellow Wood solar
farm project. Just want to start I want to thank you
for listening to my testimony. I haven't done this
for a long time, so I will probably be a little
shaky.

I would like to tell you a little bit

about why my family and I decided to sign this on.

It started with my niece who has worked for Invenergy for a number of years. And we went to a family reunion. I ran into her. I asked her about her line of work, got really interested because my husband was older. It was getting harder and harder for us to farm, and she talked about all the good things it did for the communities where the solar panels had already been constructed across the country.

2.1

She talked about -- a little bit about the PILOT program and how it benefited communities and other entities that could help, count on the consistent payments. I heard about the great opportunities it brought to the landowners, and so when the agent knocked on my door, I was opening -- I opened to listen to what he had to offer.

I discussed the opportunity with my children, and they were supportive of the entire project. After my husband passed away, I knew I needed to do something to secure my future and the future of my farm. I do not want to be the one that has to sell it out of the family in order to survive. My land has been in the Pfister name since the 1880s. It's considered a century farm. I do not want to be -- this will also allow my family to pass down to

future generations without having strains and financial burden that it could bring.

2.1

I have a more stable -- I will have a more stable income to depend on that will not fluctuate. I know it will be enough for me to pay my increasing bills and have some left over so I can travel out of state to see my daughter and her growing family.

I remember the struggles my husband and I went through farming this land over the last 50 plus years. I know the land in lower Clinton County where the proposed solar farm is located would be the perfect place for this. The fields are harder to farm than others because of the way it lays flat and it's wetter and has more clay soil.

Putting into solar -- a solar farm will allow the compacted soil to rest and gain nutrients from the decomposing ground cover Invenergy will use. This will allow our land to lay fallow and rejuvenate over time allowing it to improve for the future generations who may choose to farm it again. It's a very rural area with larger transmission towers that will be essential to carrying the electric to where it is needed.

I know that southern Ohio will have a

need for the electricity produced by this project due to the coal-fired plants closing on the Ohio River.

This Yellow Wood project will also be producing clean energy.

2.1

I understand that it will take a lot of traffic and a lot of equipment during the construction period. What large -- but what large project doesn't? Once it's built there will be less equipment used over the ground that I have than what we used when we farmed it.

I'm asking you to approve the Yellow Wood solar farm project not only for me and my family but for the community that will benefit and the future generations.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you for your testimony.

Any questions for this witness? Thank you very much.

Next I will call on Tracy Howard.

(Witness sworn.)

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you. Again, start with your name, spell it, and your address.

MS. HOWARD: Hello. My name is Tracy
Howard, T-R-A-C-Y H-O-W-A-R-D. I live at 2224 Blue
Gill Lane in Quakertown, Pennsylvania 18951. I am

the daughter of the Yellow Wood solar landowner Nancy
Pfister that you just heard from. I am here to tell
you why I am supporting my mom who is leasing her
land to Invenergy.

2.1

Where I live in Pennsylvania, over half of the homeowners have solar panels on their rooftops. The place where I work, Walmart, is utilizing solar on the roof of their buildings. There is more green energy, save the ozone to save the planet, mindset people where I live. They are aware of the dangers of global warming. They see the need to use more renewable energy to conserve and to use electricity wisely. They are aware of the damage that fossil fuels are doing to our Mother Earth. We need to become more aware and start doing our part to save our planet.

I love to be outdoors. I enjoy fishing,
I enjoy hiking and being out in nature. I want to be
able to take my grandchildren on some of the
adventures I've been lucky enough to experience. We
as a country need to start working together to become
more conscientious of our planet. Being a part of
the solar farm is my mother's way of doing her part.

Sure, there are other reasons I am supporting my mother in her decision. Soon it will

be just her living in her house. I already live out of state. My brother will be leaving some day to start his family. I don't know where he will settle down, but my mom will be living alone. I hear others talk about the horrors the future could hold. There are so many things that can happen. I worry about how she will make it through. Would she have enough money to cover the expenses if she needed to cover unexpected medical expenses? Would there be enough to cover nursing home or rehab expenses if it was needed? Would we have to sell the farm in order to care for her?

2.1

With her decision to lease her land to
Invenergy, this gives us peace of mind knowing that
my mother won't have to make that decision. She will
have the security of knowing that she will be able to
pass the farm down to her children and grandchildren.
We won't have to sell off part of the farm in order
to pay the hefty estate or inheritance taxes.

I have traveled from out of state to come here tonight to ask you to support the Yellow Wood solar farm so that my mom can do her part to positively contribute to her family, her community, her state, her country, and the world by producing green energy. Thank you.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

2.1

Any questions? Thank you for your testimony.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Next on the list Katie Green who will be followed by Katy Markey.

(Witness sworn.)

ALJ ST. JOHN: Could you please state and spell your name for the record.

MS. GREEN: My name is Katie Green,
K-A-T-I-E G-R-E-E-N, and I live at 766 Bernice
Street, Wilmington, Ohio. That's Union Township.

It's important for the public to be able to voice their opinions, so I would like to thank the Board, first of all, for allowing everybody to speak tonight.

The biggest idea I would like everyone to take home is that our environment is extremely important, and it's in danger. So many people living in Ohio talk about how proud they are of our farmland and nature trails, but unfortunately because of global warming our children might not be able to experience the beauty of Ohio as we do.

According to the Climate System Research

Center at the University of Massachusetts, within the

next 50 years the coldest winters that we will have

will be only as cold as the warmest ones are now, and our summers will feel like a typical summer day in Arkansas. The National Center for Environmental Information is showing that the average annual precipitation has broken the previous century's record 15 out of the last 20 years.

2.1

All of this is leading us down a path of more rain and less snow. Anyone who has lived in Ohio for the last decade or two like I have can attest to the ridiculous amount of snowless Christmases and flooded 4th of Julys we've been experiencing. It's not normal and it's not good for our environment and it's only going to get worse.

The good news is we have the resources to stop this from happening. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency lists nine actions people can take to fight against climate change on their website. Three of those nine have to do with investing in renewable energy resources like solar panels.

A big concern I keep hearing from people is how this solar farm is going to take up Ohio farmland, and to an extent I agree. This one section of our farmland is not going to be able to grow crops while the panels are there. However, the thing I don't think people are realizing is that all of this

extreme weather is destroying our farms. I've already heard about farmers losing their crops at a greater rate recently, and I can't imagine what it's going to look like in the next 50 years.

When all of this gets worse pretty soon, no one will be able to argue for protecting farms because there won't be any left. If we are really concerned about Ohio farmland, we should be investing in these solar panels because this land sacrifice could save the other millions of acres across Ohio. I don't have children of my own yet, but when I do, I would love to tell them that their mom and their community came together to save Ohio nature for them to enjoy.

I'm sure many people here tonight have young family members back at home, and I would encourage you to keep them in mind while considering building this solar farm. Thank you.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you.

Are there any questions? Thank you.

Next up is Katy Markey who will be

followed by Ryan Markey.

2.1

(Witness sworn.)

25 ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Please state

and spell your name for the record.

2.1

MS. MARKEY: My name is Katy Markey.

That's K-A-T-Y M-A-R-K-E-Y. I live at 1109 Turner

Road, Lynchburg, Ohio 45142 and that's Dodson

Township. I am Ryan Markey's spouse of 16 years and the mother of our three children.

In addition to being a mother and a wife,

I work full-time at a local community college and

serve on Lynchburg-Clay Elementary School's Parent

Teacher Organization and Parent Advisory Council.

And I also volunteer regularly at our church. So

when I say I care about my community and I try to

find ways to positively contribute to it, my actions

speak in addition to my words.

I am here today to voice my support for Yellow Wood solar as well as the other proposed solar projects in southern Ohio as we are duty bound to protect the land that we are surrounded by from pollution and destruction. And as a landowner participating in this project, I am confident that these solar arrays are safe and sound enough that our intention is to move within the project's boundary in the future too.

Last month the publication "Nature" surveyed 10,000 people aged 16 to 25 for their

feelings about climate change. 75 percent said the "future is frightening." 46 percent think that "humanity is doomed." As one person put it, "regardless of the accuracy of these statements, isn't it heartbreaking that so many young people feel this way?" Why do they feel this way? Is it because every time we turn to traditional media we are subjected to one natural or man-made disaster after another from coastline oil spills, to hurricanes, to flooding, to wildfires; some on a scale of which we have never seen before? Is it because social media thrives on negativity and promotes the lies people are feeding our community when it comes to renewable energy and specifically utility-scale solar so that we can continue to wallow in our self-prophesying misery?

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Well, I don't know about you, but I have had enough. I am tired of the arguments based on the falsehoods, the doubts that are being cast, and the excuses for not wanting to move forward with these solar projects. I am ready for positive conversations, and I am ready for constructive change.

I am asking you to please stop for just a moment and think about all of the good these projects

could do for our community, especially our schools and for the environment, and also think about what role you can play in helping to make this positive change.

The same survey found 65 percent of youth agreed with the statement that governments are "failing young people," and only 36 percent agreed that governments are acting "according to science." However, young people do feel reassured when governments act. So now is your time to act. Now is the time to use your expertise, your authority, and good judgment to sort fact from fiction and help move these projects forward.

And in case there was any question, we need you to act now, not in the next decade, not even in the next few years because it may simply be too late.

Thank you for your time and your attention.

20 ALJ FULLIN: Thank you for your 21 testimony.

22 ALJ ST. JOHN: Are there any questions?
23 Thank you.

Next up is Ryan Markey who will be followed by Candie Young.

(Witness sworn.)

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ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Please state and spell your name for the record.

MR. MARKEY: Ryan Markey, R-Y-A-N
M-A-R-K-E-Y. I reside at 1109 Turner Road,
Lynchburg, Ohio 45142. My current residence will be about 600 feet from the project boundary. I am also a landowner and a trustee of properties involved in the project.

My grandfather purchased the home farm in 1950. My father was a lifetime farmer and died of cancer at age 72. I've also been a farmer my whole life though I spent some time away to obtain my Master's Degree in city regional planning at the Ohio State University.

Agriculture has become a game of speed and inputs. Farm more farm faster to make a living. Inputs have expanded from petroleum-based fertilizers to include more potent forms of chemicals used as pesticides, insecticides, herbicides, and fungicides. As a licensed applicator, you are taught to read labels and understand use restrictions on these products.

The labels are where one can read that most all of these chemicals cause cancer. When

Roundup came out in the '90s, it was touted as being one of the safest products available. Sadly, we are now discovering Roundup is linked to non-Hodgkin's lymphoma, and others are linked to Parkinson's.

2.1

Those with health concerns should know this, in the 30 year time frame our farm alone will use over 25,000 gallons of Roundup, 21,000 pounds of Atrazine, and 16,650,000 pounds of dry fertilizer. These are just three examples of many inputs used yearly. These compounds are often carried by dust, temperature inversions, and runoff to adjoining properties. This project will allow this reduction in load to the ecosystem.

It will also afford me more time to teach my three children a more meaningful way of producing food. The misinformation surrounding these projects serves to degrade our community fueled by social media outlets and perpetuated by those who have little understanding of current realities.

I believe these projects are a safer alternative use of the land than what our current system affords.

Thank you for your time and consideration.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you.

Are there any questions?

2 ALJ FULLIN: Thank you for your

3 testimony.

2.1

ALJ ST. JOHN: Next on the list is Candie Young who will be followed by Steve Young.

(Witness sworn.)

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Please state and spell your name for the record.

MS. YOUNG: My name is Candie Young,
C-A-N-D-I-E Y-O-U-N-G. I live at 814 Oak Grove Road,
Martinsville, 45146, Clark Township.

Okay. My name is Candie Young, and I am a property owner in the Yellow Wood solar project. I am speaking to voice my support for the solar project.

My husband and I bought this property going on 30 years ago and have farmed it every year since it was purchased. We have sweated blood to make it a success, paid all expenses by ourselves, agonized in years with little profit due to market prices, rising equipment costs, supplies, et cetera. We have no intention of moving from our home. We will live our life in that house, so we will also be enjoying the view of green energy panels.

One consideration in leasing our land to

solar farming instead of selling is being able to pass it down to our children and their children. We bought part of our property several years ago from my mother-in-law after my father-in-law passed away. This will be handed to a third generation. This is very important to us.

2.1

I'm a life-long Clinton County resident and am thrilled to be part of the first major solar project to be implemented here. Change is not always welcome, but sometimes it is necessary. There needs to be a balance of ways to produce energy so resources aren't depleted. Solar is a very good way to help balance this.

I also want to note that if we sold our road frontage for houses, trailers, subdivisions, or dollar stores, there wouldn't be this amount of opposition.

I have also worked for the Blanchester Local School District for 12 years. Every contract vote has brought less and less financial gain to most employees. Due to reduced revenue, my department is now relegated to no pay increase whatsoever for two years, and the district is hoping to take our good insurance choice away from us.

These monies that will be going to places

like the school district are greatly needed immediately. We would love to have a choice of good insurance, not just major medical. We would love to have even a small raise to offset our rising insurance premiums. But opponents refuse to acknowledge that these tax incentives from Yellow Wood are needed desperately by all areas to which they will be designated. There are less people working and less tax money being collected so these gains are quite obvious.

2.1

Opponents are worried about their scenery. Some just want us to sell our land to them. I have read letters stating property value concerns, yet I haven't seen for sale signs in yards with no sales. There's only conjecture on this matter. I have seen a house sell in 24 hours in the immediate area of where panels will be going and for more than the asking price. That happened across the street from us this summer.

We are responsible for take caring of our family and for trying to help take care of the environment. We are not responsible for everyone's visual delights.

Some thoughts are about the safety of the panels. If they are so unsafe, why are schools

putting solar panels very close to their schools? I see them every day with -- within 100 feet of where my bus sits to unload and load children. And the playground sits about 30 feet in front of my bus.

Also for years I have seen solar panels on roofs of homes, but most of the complaints I have seen are about ruining their scenery. I believe my right as the property owner to pass my property to my children is more important than the esthetic views of those who have no vested interest in my land.

I also think it is all our duties to help have a positive impact on the environment before we have destroyed it beyond help or repair. Lots of people want green energy or say it's important to be environmentally conscious, that we should do what we can to try and salvage what's left of the earth before it's destroyed. Lots of those same people are also adding but not in my neighborhood. Make it someone else's duty by their continued opposition to alternative energy programs. Thank you.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Any questions?

Next up is Steve Young who will be

25 | followed by Melanie Hawk.

2.1

(Witness sworn.)

2.1

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Please state and spell your name for the record.

MR. YOUNG: Steve Young, S-T-E-V-E Y-O-U-N-G, 814 Oak Grove Road, Martinsville, Ohio 45146, Clark Township.

My name is Steve Young. I am a landowner in the Yellow Wood project. I am here to show my support for the project. I've lived in the area of the project my entire life. I've lived my entire life on the farm and learned farming from my dad. My wife and I bought our farm going on 30 years ago. Did purchase my dad's first farm he bought from my mom several years later after his passing at an early age of cancer.

There have been a lot of uninformed people spreading misinformation instead of paying attention to the actual studies that have been done such as well water contamination. On all Invenergy projects, water studies are done prior to and after construction. To date no impacts on water quality have been found on their projects. Significant studies show water wells will not be impacted by the solar project.

People are saying panels are hazardous.

Read the findings. Invenergy actually breaks down these panels and tests them with the water and soil to see if any toxicity occurs. None has been found in the results. There are numerous rumors being spread about using acids or other toxins to clean the panels. This is false. They use soap and water to clean them if needed.

2.1

People talk about chemicals being used for weed control. Invenergy uses traditional chemicals such as Roundup or typical weedkiller, chemicals that we all use on our farms now.

Invenergy will also sew seed to prevent noxious weed growth. The area will be mowed as needed. There have been concerns about drainage, and Invenergy is mapping drain tiles and have plans to add new tiles where needed to improve and protect adjoining landowners and nearby residents.

I recently read an article in the News

Journal about the 33 housing lots being created here
in Clinton County by Wilmington. Each of those
consume 2 acres of land and that's the first phase of
development. The Commissioners were standing in line
to sign the approval of this development with this
much needed tax money coming into the Clinton County
solar development, I hope they would be standing in

line to support this. A study has shown a demand for 64 new homes a year taking 2 acres per house. That is 128 acres a year from possible farm ground that could never be reverted back to farming. These 64 new homes will be needing electricity. These panels will supply it.

2.1

I've heard those of us that have leased the solar farming are just greedy. Well, in fact, the agreed of some of these oppositions themselves have come into play of deciding to lease. Some have went behind backs to offer higher dollar amounts for ground rent to expand their own operations, and landowners have accepted a higher amount. But I guess in their minds this is not considered greed when a fair price was offered in the first place. They were just financially benefiting from it, but they're not from these panels, so they are not against them — or they are against them.

Our farm was bought as an investment to make a living on, to raise a family on, and provide for retirement. Our farm is a retirement plan like others have 401Ks. The solar lease will provide a stable retirement income for us just as other retirement plans provide for them.

The majority of the complaints that I

have read about people is that the views of our property's being blocked. I looked at my property deed and there is nothing on there providing a view for the neighborhood, nor have I ever had any income for my visual contributions to the neighborhood.

I am confident in Invenergy's ability to construct, operate the Yellow Wood project in a rural community. And I plan on living the rest of my life in the current home enjoying our contribution to clean energy knowing we are doing our part to reduce our carbon footprint.

Thank you.

2.1

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you.

Any questions? Thank you.

Next on the list is Melanie Hawk who will be followed by Ramona Eaglin.

MS. HAWK: Good evening. First of all, I want to say thank you for being here tonight. It's a long time.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Before you begin would you mind raising your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Please state and spell your name for the record.

MS. HAWK: My name is Melanie Hawk,
M-E-L-A-N-I-E H-A-W-K. I reside at 5129 Franklin
Road, Hillsboro, Ohio 45133.

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As a landowner in a project, I feel that as farmers we do our -- our due diligence and we too hire our lawyers to protect what we have invested in, what our families have invested in, and what generational heirs that we have become of have invested in.

Our legal counsel was probably just as expensive, but we weren't able to combine together to form a unified set and make it more affordable for us.

And I am here to not just talk about the money that the PILOT program brings in, the money that's been discussed that these farmers are getting. I'm talking about the overall impact this has on the community. PJM is losing 3,724 megawatts of power generated right here in the southern Ohio-northern Kentucky area, Killen station, Stuart station, and the Zimmer plant are -- two of them are closed, one is still scheduled to be closed soon.

That loss in the power produced in this area is devastating. I'm not saying solar is the only way to power the state of Ohio, but it is a

pretty good, viable source of energy to be produced that can make that local impact right here in our little town, our little counties, and our school districts.

2.1

The PILOT payment is a win-win for both.

If you -- if the county turns down the PILOT payments and you guys want that higher tax money to be paid by these energy companies, you are only hurting your school districts because as that being a tax money, a taxed income, they pull state funding away from that school district because they feel that it is -- they will assess it, and it will become a higher income-funded school. But as a PILOT -- and they will cut that funding, so they can use their funding other ways and across the board.

As a PILOT payment, it's a payment, not tax revenue. It does not affect the tax revenue that they get from the state. That is one thing that a lot of people are overlooking here. It will affect the tax revenue coming in to our school districts if the PILOT does not go through.

The other thing that I have had to live through because I did live 2.1 miles away from Hillcrest solar farm during construction, during everything, I traveled through it every day,

sometimes two and three and four times a day. But something that I think the community as a whole here is missing is with that construction they brought jobs. They brought people.

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I am curious to know how much extra income the local restaurants in Mt. Orab, Lynchburg, Sardinia, and Mowrystown increased in that construction time of those gentlemen and women that came from afar to spend their money to eat at local places because I am here to tell you they would prefer those home-cooked meals from the country diner or Dots versus the fast food.

You guys are missing out on an economic opportunity if you have rental ground. I just spoke with Mr. Bruce that represented the IBEW. The rule of thumb that they have if they have to travel an hour to get to work, they will find a place to stay. If you are a landowner of a rental house, good thing you are. I would invest your time to find more rental properties because if you rent this to four guys if you got a three-bedroom house and you got a couch that will make out to a bed for the living room, you can rent that out for four people \$100 a week. That's a win for them because that's less than any kind of Airbnb or hotel room around. And where

are the local hotels from around here that's close to here? Right here in Wilmington. You take that \$400 a week, you multiply by four weeks in a month, that's \$1,600 a month in rent that you could be getting. You guys are missing the boat on that.

2.1

You're also missing the boat where they will invest in this little community while they are here. You guys need to open up your eyes and see the opportunity that they can bring into this community in that short time. It's like finding a \$100 bill on the sidewalk. Are you going to walk by that \$100, or are you going to stop and pick that up?

This impacts everybody. It impacts the people that are for solar. It impacts the people that are against solar, and I get it. I understand. But it has a positive impact to the community as a whole in the financial revenue that it brings in to our communities, to our schools that are definitely struggling and can really utilize this.

After construction is over, the dust will settle. They clean the mud off the roads. The noisy instruction will go and all that's left is the nice green covering underneath the beautiful blue panels that reflect the sky and the clouds, the humming of the birds and the bees. And, you're right, somebody

brought up the quails coming back. Down in Hillcrest they heard the covey of quails. I haven't heard quails down there for years, and I've been there for 20.

It's a different type of wildlife. It's a different type of view. Change is inevitable. It's all going to happen. The best thing that we can do here tonight is approve this solar project and make a step in the right direction to save this environment, to save this world for our future generations. Thank you.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Any questions?

Next up is Ramona Eaglin who will be followed by Kathy Harmon.

Good evening. Please raise your right

19 (Witness sworn.)

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ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Please state and spell your name for the record.

MS. EAGLIN: Ramona Eaglin, R-A-M-O-N-A
E-A-G-L-I-N.

24 ALJ FULLIN: See if you can push that 25 microphone a little bit.

MS. EAGLIN: Closer.

generations in Clinton County.

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ALJ FULLIN: Yeah. That's better.

MS. EAGLIN: I'm challenged. I'm speaking in support of the Yellow Wood solar project and our local education. The local schools are going to get substantial benefits over the 30 years from this project and will be able to improve our local education and facilities. The three different school districts will benefit from these -- this project through the tax revenue which makes this project a unique opportunity. We need to think of our future

And this project will take very good care of our communities. I urge you to cast your support for this project. I am also excited about the positive use of this land, like she talked about the wildlife. And it's just great to think of that.

Our family has farmed this land for generations, and we are ready for solar. Please support the Yellow Wood solar. Thank you.

ALJ FULLIN: Thank you.

ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. I don't believe we got your address at the beginning. Would you mind stating your address as well.

MS. EAGLIN: Oh, I'm sorry. The address

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     4109 Glady Road, Lynchburg, Ohio 41 -- 45142.
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                                                    Ι'm
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     sorry.
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                 ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you.
                 Next on the list is Kathy Harmon.
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                 MS. HARMON: I am going to pass
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                 ALJ ST. JOHN: Okay. Thank you.
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     then next on the list will be Trever Elam.
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                 MR. ELAM: Quite an evening.
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                 ALJ ST. JOHN: Please raise your right
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     hand.
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                 (Witness sworn.)
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                 ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Please state
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     and spell your name for the record.
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                 MR. ELAM: It's Trever, last name is
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     Elam, T-R-E-V-E-R E-L-A-M. I live at 8482 Oak Grove
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     Road, Lynchburg, Ohio 45142. I'm just a few -- I
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     don't know, maybe 5, 600 feet from where the project
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     begins if this project goes through.
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                 And, you know, we've heard a lot of
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     conversations here tonight about pro, a lot against,
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     and there's really only one reason, and I apologize
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that you let these developers implore is lacking. We all know it. You actually even came to multiple meetings. We have you on record stating that you believe that the process is flawed, but yet you are sitting here tonight again continuing with the same process.

2.1

You know, the question was asked once before, and I still would like to see the answer given today, have you ever even been out to inspect a facility that's up and running or that has had a complaint filed? You know, there are things like the -- somebody spoke earlier, the eagle, you know, the eagles are protected. They are a protected class. And, you know, there has been adopted 660 foot setbacks for an eagle but yet there has not been any adoption made for the people that are going to be impacted by these in a negative aspect. And you can say that the developers, they do, they have their setback. Well, it is the developer setback.

The Power Siting Board process is flawed. You have not developed your own setbacks that they have to abide by. They tell you what you are going to do. And that's the biggest part of this problem.

I will say in this conversation that I don't really believe there is anything that's going

to be said here tonight that's going to make any difference whatsoever one way or the other. I don't care if you are for or if you are against. You see, this process is really set up it's just simply smoke and mirrors. It's simply set up to make the Ohio Power Siting Board look as though they are concerned and that the people — about the people impacted by these giant industrial parks, but in all reality they are just here to make it look good, eventually apply the rubber stamp to another project that does not serve the people of Ohio.

2.1

The people of this community and for the entire state for that matter deserve better. You continue to move forward in the same manner with these projects even after admitting on numerous occasions that the process is flawed. You actually came to Lynchburg, the school, and I am sure some of you remember when we were there. It's on record multiple times that the term used was as flawed as the process is or that it is a flawed process. But yet we are here continuing with the same process.

You know, these -- these rules that were adopted, they were mostly adopted in the 1970s. We all know this, and these rules have remained mostly unchanged. They were really developed for power

plants that were built down on the river and this was even addressed during the same meeting that I am talking about prior. These rules, again, they remain mostly unchanged, and they do not support the scope of today's project. The people deserve better. The people deserve more than 5 minutes to speak at a meeting.

2.1

The people deserve to have their zoning protected. Jefferson Township is a zoned township. It's zoned residential and agriculture, and we can argue the fact that Clark Township isn't. Fine. Get rid of half your project. That's what you would be doing but the Power Siting Board doesn't care that the people have adopted residential and agricultural zoning. They step in, and they take over and say what you can do or what you are going to do. And that's wrong. That's simply wrong for the people that live here. We don't live here, we don't choose to live here to be in an industrial park. If we did, we would move somewhere else.

The people do deserve more than 5 minutes. They deserve to be protected without having to spend thousands of dollars of their own money on an attorney. They deserve to have a voice in the process and not the current options that they have

now and to write a letter to the Ohio Power Siting
Board who has denied what, one wind project to this
point? That's the only one I know of. You've rubber
stamped every other project since 2017. I mean, as
far as solar projects developed became in 2017 was
the first one.

2.1

Let's see, we can go on; you know, you denied that one. You can come speak at a meeting such as this, but you can only speak if you don't have a gag order or identified as an intervention filing. The intervention filing that you had to spend thousands of dollars on, yet you can't sit here and discuss with people in the room how you feel about what's going on and why you filed the intervention.

And, you know, three, you can file your intervention, and you can do this on your own, but everyone including representatives of the Power Siting Board and other attorneys would tell you not to do that because the simple process -- the process is simply too complex and too unable to be navigated by a layman is what I was told.

So if you don't have a law degree, it's -- you know, it's a very difficult process to navigate, and it's wrong. This is plain and simple.

It's wrong. Throughout this process, and I've been involved in this more heavily than I ever really wanted to be, I believe that the Power Siting Board has displayed an extreme dereliction of duty in regards to protecting the people being negatively impacted by these projects. And you may find my words harsh or even offensive, but I can promise you that the people who are being negatively impacted by these projects find your refusal to stop the rubber stamping process a lot more offensive than a few harsh words.

2.1

And I will make the comment I'll reject anything and everything that I've said if you can tell me -- someone in this project that's impacted on more than one side, if you can tell me just a few names of someone that's in this project who's been impacted.

Matt Butler is the only one in this room that can do that. That's because he has been in contact with these people. He -- not throwing him under the bus but he understands we are not sitting in a good position. It's that simple. We have, you know, this process. This is it and it's wrong. It's completely wrong.

And, you know, I said my peace.

139 1 ALJ FULLIN: Thank you for your 2 testimony. 3 ALJ ST. JOHN: Thank you. Any questions? ALJ FULLIN: No. 4 5 MR. ELAM: Thanks. ALJ FULLIN: We've reached the end of the 6 7 list of people who signed up to testify tonight. And before we finish, I would like a show of hands if 8 9 there is anyone else out there that didn't sign up, 10 or if they did, you haven't testified yet and they 11 are not an Intervenor in the case. 12 MR. GINGERICH: I will. 13 ALJ FULLIN: Okay. Is there anyone else? 14 I just want to see how many we have. 15 Okay. It looks like you're the only one. 16 MR. GINGERICH: Anybody want to go first? 17 ALJ FULLIN: Looks like you are up. 18 (Witness sworn.) 19 ALJ FULLIN: Again, begin by giving your 20 name, spelling your name, giving your address. 2.1 MR. GINGERICH: Dave Gingerich, 22 G-I-N-G-E-R-I-C-H, 5071 Kibler Road. 23 ALJ FULLIN: Thank you. 24 MR. GINGERICH: You made this for 25 midgets. I have a complaint with the Siting Board.

These people are talking about what's on top of the surface but what's below the surface that these developers are trying to acquire because I have a lease, and in my lease they want all my water, all of it. And in my lease they want my minerals. They asked for the right to drill a thousand feet and more to extract minerals. And on top of the surface, and you probably know more than I do, I watched you on the videos, on top of the -- first, they put these solar panels and calling it green.

2.1

Now, why do these green companies want my natural gas and want all the water underneath the surface of my property? No answer. That's what we get when I write a letter to you people. No answer. You don't explain anything. You don't investigate anything. I don't trust your process.

I wrote to Mary Mertz directly to ask her to protect our water because we have three Commissioners that are not competent to be Commissioners and handle this situation, but these legislatures have written and have give you the responsibility and tied your hands that you can't handle this.

We have David Daniels that sat on your Siting Board that I think is incompetent. He's

trying to pass a law in our county to where you do not have the right to vote, do not have the right to vote if you don't own 10 acres of ground. It doesn't matter if you have a half a million dollar house and you have an income of \$200,000. You will not have the right to vote. Now, what are you people going to do about that? Are you going to factor that in when you make a decision on all of these solar facilities in Highland County? I don't see it.

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So we have incompetence in our Commissioners, and one of them has sat on your Siting Board for six years and got fired like the John Kasich's. I understand why he fired him now. To try to pass that kind of law.

But you need somebody to investigate why Invenergy wants my gas and wants my water and why the people that signed that lease -- I don't see any of the Blevins here. If they are, they can stand up. And Bill Foley, our Auditor, has signed a lease, and it is on record that they will take all the water, not just water, all the water. And you are telling us, you're saying these people don't need water to wash these panels? Why is it in these leases to take all the water?

And I want you people to step up and

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listen, and if you can't get some kind of authority
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     from legislatures which, when they try to pass
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     legislation, it looks like a turtle race, ridiculous,
     no commonsense to it, tradeoffs, to see if you can
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     get some type of authority to understand why and do
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     something about these companies that want this water.
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     And they want this gas, and you need to do something
     where you can factor in if we've got Commissioners,
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     which this county is blessed. They got some smart
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     guys. You guys are good. We're not in Highland
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     County, to factor that in when we write that in our
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     letters.
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                 That's all I got to say and if you have
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     got a guestion, ask it.
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                 ALJ FULLIN: I don't recall. Maybe you
     already gave your address, but if you didn't, please
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     give it.
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                 MR. GINGERICH: 5071 Kibler, K-I-B-L-E-R
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     Road, Lynchburg, Ohio.
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                 ALJ FULLIN: Thank you. Any questions?
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                 MS. PIRIK: I just have one question.
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                 ALJ FULLIN: Sorry. We have one
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     question, sir.
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MS. PIRIK: I'm sorry. I just have one

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quick question.

MS. GINGERICH: Yes.

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MS. PIRIK: Are you talking about a project in Highland County? I just want to be sure I'm understanding.

MR. GINGERICH: Yes. It's the same company that's in Brown County.

MS. PIRIK: Okay. Okay.

MR. GINGERICH: I will say this, these projects are saying they are going to restore this ground. That's bullcrap. I have got a relative that's getting all the topsoil. They scrap it off, give it to him, and he sells it. And that's a fact. So this story that it's propagated by your developers and you believe it, you are very naive. You need to do some investigation. Teresa White made a statement she's never seen a solar farm.

Matt, are you here? Can you hear me?
MR. BUTLER: I'm right here.

MR. GINGERICH: Am I correct? When we were down, can you recollect? He's probably been to so many meetings.

ALJ FULLIN: You're the one that's testifying.

MR. GINGERICH: By the way he's great.

He's awesome. Give him a raise. But you're taking

the word -- I read the decommissioning plans. The one down there on National Grid at Dodson Creek is a joke. It looks like 6th graders wrote it. It's a joke.

2.1

And when I see that soil getting scraped off, I know where -- the man it's going to. He's hauling off and selling it. It's not going to be restored. So you need to get some kind of investigation unit or whatever, and you need to be able to have the same rules that the ODNR has when they can go in and inspect the facility without notifying because that is absolutely no teeth to bite with if you have to get mother may I permission to go in and inspect these people.

I hope that you paid attention to what I said and that you will see -- seek the legislature to give you more authority, you need it, and help us.

Do you have another question?

MS. PIRIK: No. I'm all done.

MR. GINGERICH: I know you are an attorney. You can come up with a lot of questions.

ALJ FULLIN: I see another hand raised at the back of the room. I believe you've already testified so what's the nature of your question?

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I did. I kind of

wanted to make sure I understood something that Dave said. Is that okay?

MR. GINGERICH: Come up here beside me.

UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Sure.

ALJ FULLIN: Yeah. I think --

MR. GINGERICH: We are not going to

fight.

8 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: He doesn't scare

 $9 \mid me.$

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ALJ FULLIN: No. I think that's for you guys to have outside the meeting.

12 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: That's fine.

ALJ FULLIN: We've had testimony from each of you. You've each had your chance to say your opinions. And if you want to have any kind of conversation about what got discussed here today, I think that's fine, but I don't think that needs to be on the record in this case at this time.

MR. GINGERICH: Thank you for letting me speak. I do trust you, Chair French.

CHAIR FRENCH: Thank you.

ALJ FULLIN: Is there anyone else by a show of hands that hasn't already testified that wishes to testify now?

I see no hands raised. So with that I

want to say that I appreciate the courtesy that was extended to the Board tonight. I appreciate the community that came to both participate and testify and those that just maybe came because they're of interest in what is being decided in this case.

2.1

So I appreciate the hospitality that was provided to us by letting us use this room for this hearing. The Board came here with the purpose of hearing from the community and the members of the public about this case and I think we -- we accomplished that tonight and accomplished that by allowing testimony and by everyone allowing the testimony to occur in the way it did.

So I thank you very much for that on behalf of the Board, and I am going to ask Chairman French if she has anything else that she wants to say before we close.

CHAIR FRENCH: Thank you very much,
everyone. Good night. My name is Jenifer French
again. I am the Chair of the Public Utilities

Commission of Ohio as well as the Ohio Power Siting
Board. I've been in both of these positions for a
little over six months now. So I've been to a number
of these hearings, not too many yet.

So I want to thank you first for

welcoming us into your community and for everybody coming out tonight to testify. As a recovering lawyer and a former judge, I can tell you that I've seen a lot of people testify, and it's always a nerve-racking experience for people. It's hard to get up here and talk in front of people, especially about something that's in controversy, that you and your neighbors are at odds with perhaps, right?

2.1

I know that's hard, so I just want to thank all of you, and I want to tell you that, you know, my whole life I've been in the business to listening to opposite sides of things and, you know, listening to people's different opinions, okay?

That's what I do. It's incredibly important to me what everybody has to say tonight, what everybody writes into and gets filed in the docket. It's very important, and it's very important to our decision-making process.

So I want to thank you, everyone, for who spoke tonight and everybody who didn't who's just in here just to be here. So thank you. Have a great night. And 9:16, so thanks, everybody, for staying this late as well.

ALJ FULLIN: I am bringing to a close now. The hearing will be adjourned. The hearing

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     transcript will be submitted on the record for the
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     Board's consideration in this case. And once more,
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     thanks, everyone.
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                  (Thereupon, at 9:16 p.m., the hearing was
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     adjourned.)
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CERTIFICATE I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the proceedings taken by me in this matter on Wednesday, October 20, 2021, and carefully compared with my original stenographic notes. Karen Sue Gibson, Registered Merit Reporter. (KSG-7173)

This foregoing document was electronically filed with the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio Docketing Information System on

11/1/2021 3:24:27 PM

in

Case No(s). 20-1680-EL-BGN

Summary: Transcript October 20th 2021 In the Matter of the Application of Yellow Wood Solar Energy, LLC, for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need for the Construction of a Solar-Powered Electric Generation Facility in Clinton County, Ohio. electronically filed by Mr. Ken Spencer on behalf of Armstrong & Okey, Inc. and Gibson, Karen Sue Mrs.