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BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO
In the Matter of the :
Application of The Dayton:
Power and Light Company : Case No. 18-1875-EL-GRD
for Approval of Its Plan :
To Modernize Its
Distribution Grid.
In the Matter of the :
Application of The Dayton:
Power and Light Company : Case No. 18-1876-EL-WVR
For Approval of a Limited:
Waiver of Ohio Adm.
Code 4901:1-18-06(A)(2). :
In the Matter of the
Application of The Dayton:
Power and Light Company : Case No. 18-1877-EL-AAM
for Approval of Certain
Accounting Methods. :
In the Matter of the :
Application of The Dayton:
Power and Light Company :
for Administration of the :
Significantly Excessive : Case No. 19-1121-EL-UNC
Earnings Test Under
R.C. 4928.143(F) and Ohio:
Adm.Code 4901:1-35-10 for :
2018.
In the Matter of the :
Application of The Dayton:
Power and Light Company :
for a Finding That Its :
Current Electric Security: Case No. 20-680-EL-UNC
Plan Passes the
Significantly Excessive :
Earnings Test and More
Favorable in the Aggregate:
Test in R.C. 4928.143(E).:
                     VOLUME IV
                   PUBLIC RECORD
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Proceedings

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     In the Matter of the
     Application of The Dayton:
 2.
     Power and Light Company :
     for Administration of the :
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     Significantly Excessive : Case No. 20-1041-EL-UNC
     Earnings Test Under
     R.C. 4928.143(F) and Ohio:
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     Adm.Code 4901:1-35-10 for :
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     2019.
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                          PROCEEDINGS
    before Ms. Patricia Schabo and Mr. Michael Williams,
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     Attorney Examiners, at the Public Utilities
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     Commission of Ohio, via Webex, called at 9:21 a.m. on
11
     Thursday, January 14, 2021.
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                           VOLUME IV
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571 1 Thursday Morning Session, 2 January 14, 2021. 3 4 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Good morning, 5 everyone. It is 9:21 now on Thursday, January 14. 6 We are reconvening in Case No. 18-1875, et al. 7 At this time the only witness we had planned for today's nonconfidential evidence was 8 9 Dr. Edward Hill. Upon logging in before 9 o'clock, 10 Dr. Hill discovered he had some connectivity issues. 11 So about 9:15 plus or minus he did leave his 12 residence to go to his professional address where he 13 expects to have better internet connectivity, and we 14 are going to proceed with audio and video for 15 purposes of his testimony today. 16 So with that we are going to adjourn 17 until 10:00 a.m. At that time hopefully we will pick 18

up and have access to Dr. Hill.

Any questions from anybody before we go offline here?

2.1 Seeing none, we will see everybody at 10 22 o'clock. Thank you.

(Recess taken.)

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EXAMINER WILLIAMS: We are back on the record. It is now 10:01 Thursday, January 14. We

had some technical issues getting Dr. Hill connected for purposes of his testimony today. He has gone into his physical professional office, and I am told that he has perfect connectivity at this juncture so that I would invite OCC to call their witness.

MR. HEALEY: Thank you, your Honor. At this time OCC calls Edward Hill, Ph.D. on behalf of the Consumers' Counsel.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Mr. Hill, would you raise your right hand so I can swear you in.

(Witness sworn.)

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EXAMINER SCHABO: Mr. Hill is muted.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: You are on mute, sir.

MR. HILL: Second try. I do.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you.

Mr. Healey.

MR. HEALEY: Yes, your Honor. At this time I would like to mark as OCC Exhibit 3 the testimony opposing the settlement and making consumer recommendations of Edward W. Hill, Ph.D. filed in these cases on December 17, 2020.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MR. HEALEY: Thank you, your Honor.

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EDWARD W. HILL, Ph.D.

being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was
examined and testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

5 By Mr. Healey:

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- Q. Dr. Hill, you prepared testimony that was filed in this case on December 17, 2020, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And that testimony is what has now been marked OCC Exhibit 3?
- A. I don't have an exhibit marker in front of me but, so I can't testify.
- Q. Okay. You have a copy of the testimony
 you filed -- caused to be filed in this case in

 December of 2020, correct?
- 16 A. I do, yes.
- Q. And I represent to you that the Attorney
 Examiner just marked it as OCC 3. And the testimony
 here was prepared by you; is that correct?
- 20 A. Correct.
- Q. And do you have any corrections to that testimony today?
- A. I do. There are -- the errata sheet that
 I provided on page 9, line 2, the word "attract"
 should be "attracted."

574 1 I forgot. On page 7, line 21, I'm sorry, 2 about that one. I have got to do it out of order. 3 Page 7, line 21, the sentence should begin with "In general comma." 4 Page 9, line 2, we changed 'extract' to 5 6 extracted." 7 And page 9, line 5, the word "joined" 8 should be "opposed." I got that one backwards. 9 Yeah. 10 Page 13, footnote 11, second sentence is 11 "is are," should be "which are." 12 Line 19 -- I'm sorry, page 19, line 6, we 13 should have a period after the words "5.1 million." 14 And, let's see, I have got a big deletion here. 15 Everything after that should be deleted. I was 16 wrong. 17 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I want to make sure. So on page 19, line 6, the sentence ends "5.1 million 18 19 period," and the rest of the sentence there is 20 excised? 2.1 THE WITNESS: Correct. 22 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: The footnote stays, 23 or no? THE WITNESS: Footnote, yeah, no, the 24 25 footnote goes. That should have been setting at 21.

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Yeah, the footnote goes.
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EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay.

A. Page 19, line 8, we took care of that.

4 | Line 25 -- page 25, line 22.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I'm sorry. You're breaking up a little bit when you are shuffling papers in front of the microphone.

MS. BOJKO: I'm sorry.

MS. WHITFIELD: Can I ask a quick question? You said page 19, line 8. Are we striking that last sentence that starts on page 7 and goes to page 8 -- line --

THE WITNESS: Let me go to page 19. What I want to do by striking after 5.1 million, we took care of that other issue, so it's gone.

MS. WHITFIELD: But is the sentence "Some signatory industry," is that there or is that gone now too? The next sentence.

THE WITNESS: I'm seeing it here. We'll strike that as well.

MS. WHITFIELD: Okay. Thank you.

A. Page 25, line 22, you need a space between 2008 and FirstEnergy.

And line 23, there is an underscore under opinion that should be -- that should not be there or

the word "opinion."

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And page 26, line 7, is an extra period and quotation marks after the word "reasonable."

Q. Thank you, Dr. Hill. And with those corrections are all of the questions -- I apologize. With those corrections are all of your answers as provided in your testimony true and accurate to the best of your knowledge?

A. They are.

MR. HEALEY: Thank you. With that, your Honor, OCC moves for the admission of OCC Exhibit 3, and Dr. Hill is available for cross-examination.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you. In accordance with our communications prior to the hearing, I understand there are a number of parties that are considering cross-examination. We will go ahead and begin with DP&L, and then we will allow other -- others to indicate whether they are satisfied with their cross-examination intentions or whether they want to proceed independently.

So who is going to cross on behalf of DP&L.

Ms. Bojko.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, before we proceed to cross-examination, would you entertain motions to

577 1 strike at this point? 2 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Yes. 3 MS. BOJKO: Thank you, your Honor. I have three motions to strike, all with the same 4 5 rationale, so I am going to give you all three page 6 citations first, and then I will state the rationale 7 so as to not repeat myself. 8 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay, Ms. Bojko. MS. BOJKO: The first motion to strike is 9 10 on page 14, line 8 through 16, question and answer No. 13. 11 12 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay. 13 MS. BOJKO: Second motion to strike is on 14 page 24, lines 5, starting with "In the cases," so 15 the end of line 5, continue to the end of paragraph 16 line 9. 17 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay. 18 MS. BOJKO: And then additionally on page 19 25, beginning on line 20, through page 26, line 10. 20 EXAMINER SCHABO: Ms. Bojko. 2.1 MS. BOJKO: Yes. 22 EXAMINER SCHABO: I'm sorry. I missed 23 the complete line reference for your second motion to 24 strike on page 24. I caught line 5, and then I

don't -- I didn't catch where you ended.

MS. BOJKO: Through line 9, the end of the paragraph.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Ms. Bojko, the

rationale.

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MS. BOJKO: Yes, thank you, your Honor. In all three cases, Mr. Hill is discussing his observations about previous Public Utilities

Commission proceedings pertaining to completely separate issues regarding electric security plan cases and involving different utilities. These previous proceedings are not in any way related to the current case. It's not even the same type of case, and they do not make any fact at issue more or less probable which is the standard for relevance under Rule 401. So we move to strike the irrelevant passages regarding other utilities and/or the

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you.

Mr. Healey.

electric security plan cases. Thank you.

MR. HEALEY: Yes, your Honor. These passages refer to prior PUCO cases. Mr. Hill was relying on these cases to render his expert opinion. They are certainly pertinent to that. He is explaining why the problem he's identifying through

his testimony of these redistributive coalitions is not an isolated problem and that his opinion about the propriety of such a coalition in this case is informed by his experience and his knowledge regarding these other cases.

Under Rule of Evidence 703, Dr. Hill as an expert witness is entitled to rely on essentially any facts or data he deems relevant for purposes of developing his expert opinion and that is what he is doing in these -- in these portions of his testimony that Ms. Bojko seeks to strike.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you. I find they do go to the formation of his professional opinion. We will certainly take heed as to what their probative value is pursuant to cross-examination, but they will not be stricken.

MS. BOJKO: Thank you, your Honor.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you.

MS. BOJKO: I have nothing further.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you, Ms. Bojko.

Mr. Sharkey, are you doing cross on

behalf of DP&L?

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MR. SHARKEY: No, your Honor. It will be
Mr. Hollon.

25 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you.

Mr. Hollon.

2 MR. HOLLON: Good morning, your Honor.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Good morning. Please

proceed.

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CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Hollon:

Q. Good morning, Dr. Hill. We met last week, but again, my name is Christopher Hollon. I am an attorney with the law firm Faruki PLL, and I represent The Dayton Power and Light Company. As a preliminary matter, I would like to have handy your testimony and the Stipulation and Recommendation that was filed in this proceeding. Is that okay?

I think you are on mute, sir.

- A. Thank you, I was. What was your request about the testimony and the Stipulation? I missed the verb.
- Q. Just that you have your testimony and the Stipulation in this case handy.
 - A. The answer is yes. I have to pull the Stipulation out. Here it is. I have it.
- Q. Okay. Thank you. Sir, you testified as a witness in Commission proceedings before, correct?
- 25 A. I have, correct.

- Q. And you are a witness in FirstEnergy's 2014 ESP case?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. And you are also a witness in AEP's 2014 power purchase agreement case regarding OVEC?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. In each case you filed testimony opposing a Stipulation that had been filed with the Commission, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. So you understand that in Commission proceedings any two or more parties may enter into a Stipulation to propose a resolution of a case?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And you further agree that a Stipulation must be adopted by the Commission for it to go into effect, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. You further understand that in deciding whether to adopt a stipulation, the Commission employs a three-prong test?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And the first prong looks at whether the stipulation is a product of serious bargaining among capable and knowledgeable parties?

A. Correct.

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- Q. And the second prong looks at whether the stipulation as a package benefits ratepayers and is in the public interest?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And the third prong looks at whether the settlement package violates any regulatory practice or --
 - A. Correct.
- Q. You reviewed the Stipulation that was filed in this proceeding?
- 12 A. I did.
- Q. And, sir, in your testimony you address
 what you refer to as redistributive coalitions; is
 that correct?
 - A. I missed the verb.
 - Q. You address what you refer to as redistributive coalitions?
- 19 A. Correct.
- Q. And you argue in your testimony that such coalitions are relative in -- I guess subject to your correction this morning, in general relatively small groups that use political or regulatory processes to secure benefits that can't be earned in competitive markets?

A. Correct.

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- Q. And you further maintain that each member of such a coalition joined based only on their self-interest?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And you believe that the signatory parties to the Stipulation in this proceeding constitute a redistributive coalition, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. In forming that coalition you argue in your testimony that the signatory parties have secured only limited benefits for themselves and their members?
- A. What I believe that I wrote is that the redistributive -- the members of the redistributive coalition secured benefits through the proceedings that they could not get through any other way and those benefits are to themselves or to their members or to -- yes.
- Q. Okay. Thank you. And so are you familiar with the parties who were granted intervention by the Commission in this proceeding?
- A. I'm familiar with those that signed the Stipulation. I don't know if others were allowed -- other parties were involved in the negotiations, and

- I'm also aware that the Ohio Consumers' Counsel intervened.
 - Q. Okay. And you agree that those parties that joined the Stipulation and the Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel have experience participating in Commission proceedings, correct?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. Do you contend that any parties that were granted intervention by the Commission should not have been allowed to intervene?
 - A. I do not.
- Q. And do you contend that the Commission denied any requests to intervene in this proceeding?
 - A. I have no knowledge.
- Q. You agree that Commission proceedings are generally open to the public?
- 17 A. That they are, correct.
- Q. And that the dockets of those proceedings are publicly available online.
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. Did you personally participate in the negotiation of the Stipulation in this proceeding?
- 23 A. I did not.
- Q. Did you review any drafts of the
 Stipulation in this case before it was signed by any

party?

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- A. I did not.
- Q. Do you know how many negotiation sessions were held among the parties regarding settlement of this case?
- A. I do not.
 - Q. Do you know over what period of time the negotiation sessions were held among the parties to the Stipulation?
- 10 A. I do not.
- Q. You understand that the Staff of the Commission joined the Stipulation?
- 13 A. I do.
- Q. And you understand that the Staff is not required to join stipulations in Commission proceedings, correct?
- 17 A. That's correct.
- Q. And you didn't interview Staff about its support of the Stipulation, correct?
 - A. I did not, correct.
- Q. So you do not know what interest Staff
 had in this Stipulation, correct?
- A. I don't -- I am having difficulty
 figuring how to answer that, so I will answer
 correct.

- Q. And you do not know when Staff signaled its support for this Stipulation, correct?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. And you do not know the sequence in which parties joined the Stipulation, correct?
 - A. I know that -- correct.
- Q. And you didn't interview any signatory parties to determine what benefits they secured in the Stipulation, right?
- A. Correct. My only knowledge comes from reading the Stipulation itself.
- Q. Okay. And so when you considered those benefits that you identified in your testimony that the signatory parties secured, you considered only expressed references to those parties in the Stipulation, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. So I believe in your deposition you referred us to such terms as "revealed preferences"?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And in your review of the Stipulation, you did not see any broad-based cost reductions for anyone outside of those in the redistributive coalition that you so termed, correct?
- 25 A. The Stipulation asserts that there are

benefits to consumers, but my testimony is restricted to the gains that were received by the members of the redistributive coalition itself.

- Q. Okay. So you did not consider in your testimony the benefits of grid modernization,
 - A. Correct.
- Q. You didn't consider any benefits from increased reliability that would be brought about by investments committed in the Stipulation?
- 11 A. Correct, because it did -- does not 12 rely -- address the redistributive coalition 13 directly.
- Q. Okay. And you did not consider the benefits of data access provisions in the Stipulation.
- 17 A. No.
- MR. HEALEY: Objection.
- 19 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Basis?
- MR. HEALEY: He already answered, so I'll
- 21 move on.

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- 22 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you.
- 23 Please continue.
- Q. (By Mr. Hollon) Do you consider the -25 strike that.

In reviewing the Stipulation and assessing the benefits that enter into DP&L, you argue that the company got basically most of what it wanted in the Stipulation, correct?

A. Correct.

2.1

- Q. And you understand that this proceeding is -- is a consolidation of several formerly separate proceedings?
- A. That's my understanding from -- from the Stipulation.
- Q. Okay. And you understand that this proceeding includes a settlement of DP&L's grid modernization plan case?
 - A. The -- it is, correct.
- Q. And this proceeding also settles DP&L's case regarding the prospective significantly excessive earnings test and more favorable in the aggregate test case?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And that the Stipulation also concerns the settlement of DP&L's retrospective significantly excessive earnings test cases for 2018 and 2019?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. In preparing your testimony did you read
 DP&L's applications in those cases?

A. I did not.

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- Q. And in preparing your testimony, did you read any testimony supporting those applications?
- A. The only -- oh, the original application you are referring to?
 - Q. Correct.
 - A. I did not.
- Q. I understand that you reviewed the testimony of Ms. Schroder in support of the Stipulation?
- 11 A. Correct.
 - Q. Okay. So before submitting your testimony, you did not analyze the difference between any of DP&L's original proposals in the cases at issue and the terms and conditions of the Stipulation, correct?
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. And you didn't independently analyze the cost/benefit analysis in the Stipulation, correct?
 - A. I read -- I read the cost/benefit analysis. I didn't do a -- I didn't do a deep analysis of it. It was kind of thinly documented.
 - Q. In preparing -- in preparing --
- A. I was going to say and also it didn't bear directly on the purpose of my testimony.

- Q. In preparing your testimony did you consider whether DP&L has any obligation outside of this proceeding to file a new electric security plan case?
- A. I saw reference to it in the Stipulation and that is the extent of my knowledge.
- Q. So you don't have any understanding outside of this proceeding that DP&L has an obligation to file an electric security plan case --
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. -- at any point in time. And you did not consider whether DP&L has any constraints outside of this proceeding on its next application to implement a new electric security plan, correct?
- MR. HEALEY: Objection, vague as to constraints.
- EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Could you clarify,

 Mr. Hollon?
- MR. HOLLON: Sure.
 - Q. (By Mr. Hollon) Are you aware of any types of riders that DP&L is prohibited from requesting in its next electric security plan case outside of this proceeding?
- A. The testimony of OCC Witness Kahal
 referred to the Rider RSC and its relationship to the

- electric security plan so that -- that is the extent of my knowledge.
- Q. So again, are you aware of any riders or types of riders that DP&L is prohibited from including in its next application for an electric security plan case?
 - A. I am not.

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- Q. And so you mentioned the RSC. You understand that DP&L currently collects revenue through the -- through an RSC Rider?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And in your testimony you argue that various commitments funded by shareholder dollars are actually funded by customers through the RSC?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. But you agree generally with me revenue received by utilities is fungible?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And your testimony does not expressly consider whether or not commitments funded by shareholder dollars in the Stipulation could be attributable to other sources of revenue?
- A. That's incorrect. I looked at the filing of DP&L's 10-Q from I believe that was October. That mentioned the volume of shareholder dollars that were

going to be supporting activity in this case which is about \$300 million. That did not provide information as to where those dollars were coming from directly. And OCC Witness Kahal draws the connection between the revenue from the RSC and the spending in this case.

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- Q. I'm sorry. Did you say that -- what was the volume of the shareholder commitments that you saw in the 10-Q?
- A. I will have to look up the exact number. I am pulling it out of my -- out of memory so. It's in the testimony.
- Q. It's in your testimony? Okay. Your testimony also didn't consider expressly whether any commitments funded by shareholder dollars can be attributable to any new equity contributions into the company?
- A. The Stipulation mentioned contributions coming from the holding company that owns DP&L and making -- making those investments in -- in grid modernization and general capital expenditure and but when it came to my analysis of the distributive coalition, I did not look at any additional sources of dollars. As you mentioned, all money is fungible in a balance sheet.

- Q. In your testimony you refer to the RSC as a bailout, correct?
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. But in preparing your testimony, you didn't review any Commission order authorizing DP&L to collect the RSC, did you?
 - A. I did not.
 - Q. Okay. So you did not review the December 2019 finding and order in DP&L's ESP I docket that implemented its current electric security plan?
- 11 A. Correct.
- MR. HOLLON: Your Honor, if I could just have 2 or 3 minutes, I think I am about done.
- 14 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Of course.
- MR. HOLLON: Thank you.
- 16 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Do you want to go off
- 17 record, or are you okay?
- 18 MR. HOLLON: I would like to go off the
- 19 record.

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- 20 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay. We will go off
- 21 record for 4 minutes, come back at 10:35.
- MR. HOLLON: Thank you.
- 23 (Recess taken.)
- EXAMINER WILLIAMS: It's 10:35. We will
- 25 | go back on the record.

Proceedings

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                 Mr. Hollern, any further questions?
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                 MR. HOLLON: No, your Honor.
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                 Thank you, Dr. Hill.
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                 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you,
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    Mr. Hollern.
                 We had a number of other parties who
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 7
     expressed an interest in cross-examination. Anybody
     want to volunteer to go next? I will look for motion
 8
9
     on my screen.
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                 Mr. Long.
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                 MR. LONG: Thank you, your Honor.
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                       CROSS-EXAMINATION
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    By Mr. Long:
            Q. Todd Long on behalf of IEU-Ohio.
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     Dr. Hill, can you hear me?
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17
            Α.
                I can hear you. Thank you, Attorney
18
     Long.
            Q. And you can see me?
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20
            Α.
                I can. I am going to close the window
2.1
    back here. I am getting noise from behind me.
22
                 All right. Thank you for your patience.
23
               Absolutely. Dr. Hill, generally you're
            Q.
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    critical of the PUCO's settlement process in this
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     case, correct?
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A. Correct.

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- Q. And I believe Mr. Hollon asked you, but you are not aware of any party that sought to intervene in this case and was denied, right?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And you would agree that the PUCO can't force a party to intervene in a proceeding, right?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Now, you have not participated in any settlement proceedings in any jurisdiction outside of Ohio, right?
- A. Correct.
- Q. And you don't have any specific knowledge of how other utility commissions conduct settlement proceedings, correct?
- 16 A. Correct.
 - Q. Your direct testimony that was filed in this case does not make recommendations on how to change the PUCO's settlement proceedings, right?
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. Now, you are a professor of economic development, right?
- A. Correct.
- Q. And generally you support economic development projects, right?

A. That's incorrect. I look at economic development projects based on the merits. Some require excessive subsidy. Some use the power of the state to extract benefits that are probably not in the public's interest. Most notably I opposed the financing of what's currently referred to as FirstEnergy's stadium in Cleveland.

I was highly critical of the development package -- packages that were extracted by Amazon in its nationwide auction for its headquarters 2. But I also -- but I do understand that making Ohio as competitive a location as possible and fostering entrepreneurship is essential for the future well-being of the state and its residents.

- Q. So you support economic development generally, correct?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. Now, most economic development results in redistribution, right?
 - A. That's incorrect.
- Q. Redistribution coalitions never really go away, do they, Doctor?
 - A. They frequently go away because they constantly morph and mutate depending on what the incentive is for the particular project is. The

participants in general will frequently remain the same as I've seen with those of the PUCO. But one of the features of -- of a redistributive coalition is their loose jointed fate because they don't -- all members of one coalition may not share mutual self-interest or another target of redistribution.

- Q. In general redistribution coalitions as an issue are always going to be around, right?
- A. Correct, correct. They are a feature of a -- of a -- of a mixed economy with government regulation and government rulemaking which, by the way, I support.
- Q. You are aware that OCC represents the interests of residential customers in Ohio, right?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. If the OCC advocated to shift a cost allocation to other customer classes, you would agree that's a redistribution, right?
 - A. Incorrect. Would you like me to explain?
- Q. Let me rephrase my question. If OCC advocated to shift costs away from residential customers onto another customer class, that is a redistribution, right?
 - A. That's incorrect.
 - Q. Do you have your deposition transcript?

- explain what I mean. If there was a shifting of the cost so that the cost did not reflect the cost of service, then that would be a redistribution. If the customer is if the advocate for the customer is arguing for a reduction in costs because they are currently being they are making payments that are not associated with the cost of service, I would not consider that to be a redistribution. It would be getting closer to the market costs or the engineering costs to providing the power.
- Q. So hypothetically if OCC was part of a settlement proceeding and they negotiated an allocation of cost that was not connected to, say, a cost-of-service study, that's a redistribution, correct?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. Okay. You have a fundamental problem with intervening parties that represent narrow interests, right?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And one way to avoid that problem you believe that intervening parties should represent a broad class of interests, correct?
- 25 A. It -- my belief is two parts. Your

statement is indeed correct but there's also a second part which is they should not be also taking advantage of that opportunity to extract narrow benefits that just rewards themselves.

- Q. So, in other words, you need a benevolent group representing a broad class, right?
- A. A self-interested benevolent group, correct.
- Q. And you agree that there could be a free rider problem under that model, right?
 - A. Absolutely. I should say correct.
- Q. A free rider exists when some people obtain a benefit from the activities of others without paying for it, right?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. And you previously testified that a solution perhaps to avoid the free rider problem is to have nonresidential groups receive funding through utility rates like what OCC receives, right?
 - A. I don't understand what you said.
- Q. Okay. Let me rephrase. To avoid the free rider problem, you've previously testified that nonresidential groups should receive funding for advocacy much like what OCC receives, correct?
- 25 A. Correct.

- Q. Now, Doctor, you've used the word obnoxious to describe aspects of the proposed settlement in this case, right?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. You would still find it obnoxious if a class of customers negotiates a settlement that shifts costs to another, right?
- A. If -- not if that shift was part of a broad-based public policy that came from through the legislative process.
- Q. In your view if redistribution coalitions generally never really dissipate, it really becomes a value judgment as to how obnoxious a settlement would be, right?
- A. There's two ways to respond to that. The first is it is a value judgment. The second is best explained by the comment that I put into my testimony that was in The Economist's obituary to Mancur Olson, who is one of the two founders of this concept, one of the dangers of a mixed market economy is when established and entrenched members of the economy use the legislative or regulatory process to gain benefits for themselves that they cannot get through the marketplace.

The accumulation of those benefits and

the digging in of the vested interest around that to protect the income that they've extracted through nonmarket means hurts the overall efficiency of the economy and distorts prices which hurts the efficient allocation of resources.

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I and I believe most economists understand that as long as you have a mixed market economy, redistributive coalitions will exist, and I -- I -- most of my colleagues are -- I will speak for myself, understand that we have to try to put guardrails in place to lower the effective fishing expedition of those -- of distributions securing income through nonmarket means.

We don't have to go any farther than looking at the political and economic disaster that's House Bill 6 which is the ultimate expression of a small redistributive coalition extracting benefits and income from the people through -- by hijacking the legislative process.

Now, I am not putting this legislative -this distributive coalition on the same level, but we
always have to be beware of them, particularly in
regulatory processes.

I'm sorry. I couldn't make that short.

Q. Doctor, you are not saying that it would

- be unreasonable for the OCC to join a settlement, are you?
 - A. I can't answer that. That's their judgment on this particular process. I mean, what I can state, and frankly this is thinking that was triggered through the deposition so I don't know if I am allowed to go forward to make -- to say --
 - Q. You've answered my question.
 - A. Okay. Thank you.

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MR. HEALEY: Your Honor, I would like the witness to be able to give his full response without the attorney cutting him off saying he's answered his question. Thank you.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: We've let him go on for quite a while. I will let you address that on redirect.

MR. LONG: Your Honor, if I could have 2 minutes to consult to see if I have any further questions, I believe I am almost done.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay. We will go off the record but stay online. We won't take an official break.

(Discussion off the record.)

MR. LONG: Your Honor, I have no further questions for Mr. Hill -- Dr. Hill.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Ms. Gibson, we are on record for that, I assume. Thank you.

All right. Next in line for cross is Ms.

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5 MS. BOJKO: Thank you, your Honor.

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CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Ms. Bojko:

- Q. Good morning, Mr. Hill.
- 10 A. Good morning, Ms. Bojko.
- MR. HEALEY: Doctor.
- MS. BOJKO: Oh, excuse me. Thank you.
- 13 | My apologies.
- 14 O. Dr. Hill.
- A. Mister is okay. I mean, I never fly in airplanes being called doctor. The result can be scary.
- Q. Dr. Hill, before we get started, you
 mentioned that you do not have a copy of your
 deposition handy; is that correct? Or can you locate
 it?
- 22 A. It's on my hard drive.
- Q. Would -- can you obtain it? I know you switched offices. That's why I am asking.
- A. No. My computer is with me, but I don't

have a printed copy near by.

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- Q. Okay. You have access to it if we need it; is that correct?
 - A. As long as you have patience.
 - Q. Would it be easier if your counsel e-mailed a copy of that to you?
 - A. No. It's in my PDF file. It's there.
 - Q. Okay. Dr. Hill, let's turn to page 6 of your testimony. I want to talk a little bit more about the redistributive coalition's characterization. On page 6, line 16, here you state that "A redistributive coalition is a relatively small group that uses political or regulatory process to secure benefits," correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Do you know how many parties intervened in this case?
 - A. I could go back and count the signatories, but I don't know any Intervenors outside the signatories and OCC.
- Q. Okay. So if I told you there were 20 signatory parties, would that sound accurate to you?
 - A. It's conceivable.
- Q. And it's your understanding that only one party is opposing the settlement which is OCC,

correct?

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- A. I don't know if others -- others are or not. I assume it's just OCC.
- Q. It's your understanding that all parties that intervened in the case were invited to settlement negotiations, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. If OCC is the only party actively opposing the settlement, would a Stipulation need to be unanimous to pass your test?
 - A. Can you restate, please?
- Q. Sure. You just stated that you believe that OCC is the only party actively opposing the settlement, so if that is true, would a Stipulation need to be unanimous to pass your test?
- A. No, it would not. In fact, I would contend even if every -- it's conceivable if every party that intervened signed the Stipulation, there is a high likelihood of negative -- of a redistribution -- redistribution coalition that hurts -- hurts the performance of the economy. In fact, I would expect it.
- Q. Are you aware of any Commission ruling or Commission rule that requires a Stipulation to be unanimous?

A. I do not.

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- Q. On page 7 of your testimony, you state that the benefits are paid for by passing costs of the rewards onto other customers; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And in the next sentence, I am on line 8 of page 7, you basically create a two-part test, the first prong being that benefits are derived through political or regulatory action and, two, the cost of paying for the rewards are shifted onto the large unorganized portion of society who are not members of the coalition; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. So by these statements in your definition, there would be no redistributive coalition if either, one, the benefits are not derived through the political or regulatory action or, two, the cost of paying for the reward is not shifted onto the large unorganized portion of society who aren't members of the coalition.
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. On the bottom of pages 7 and onto page 8 of your testimony, you go through what I call additional characteristics of the redistributive coalition; is that fair?

A. That is fair.

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- Q. So in addition to the group being small, the coalition is not seeking an overall policy objective; is that correct?
- The group is small. In most cases they share a homogeneous set of -- of objectives. I am reading through my testimony now to make certain that I'm consistent. And starting on line 4 on page 8, I write "The coalitions that form in response to negotiations at the PUCO are not seeking a single, overarching public policy objective that is mutually Instead, the coalition unites around the shared. dominant objective, or objectives, of the coalition's organizer and then each of the other members add rewards that they value and are achievable (and are loosely tied to the settlement) in exchange for their public support for the settlement package. What the organizing company is seeking from the coalition is the veneer of widespread public support for the dominant objective of the organizer-the investor-owned utility. Then, in a legally binding quid pro quo, which is the settlement, the coalition supports the entire package."
 - Q. Okay. So those -- that paragraph that you just read are characteristics of the

redistributive coalition, correct?

A. Correct.

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- Q. Okay. And I am trying to outline those here. So the first characteristic is that the coalition -- the group is small, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And the second is that the redistributive coalition is not seeking a single overarching public policy objective, correct?
 - A. In this -- in this case, yes.
- Q. And the redistributive coalition has a dominant organizer, I believe is what you've called it; is that correct?
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. And the members of the coalition add rewards for themselves; is that correct?
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. And then on line 8, page 8 you state that those rewards are only loosely tied to the settlement that they reached, correct?
 - A. Correct. What I mean by loosely tied is they have to have some relevance to the settlement or the case at hand.
- Q. And then another characteristic I believe you list is that the public support is given by the

members as a quid pro quo; is that correct?

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- A. Correct. Then in a legally binding quid pro quo, which is the settlement, the coalition supports the entire package.
- Q. And you believe that limiting the size of the coalition is especially important, correct?
- A. It keeps the organizing costs reasonable, that is correct. And it's an essential characteristic of a redistributive coalition.
- Q. And the group that was not part of the coalition has to be a homogeneous group and large; is that correct?
- A. No, that's -- that's incorrect. The group that is usually not part of it is large and heterogeneous, not homogeneous. That's -- the heterogeneity makes it difficult to organize them as well as the principle of rational ignorance.
- Q. Thank you for that clarification. The large -- and you believe that the large group, the heterogeneous group that you just stated is not represented in the proceeding; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And one of the characteristics of the coalition is that it has to spread costs over a larger population; is that correct?

A. That's what the re -- the redistributive characteristic is that the costs for the -- for the benefits is paid for over a -- those that are not participating in the rewards.

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- Q. So there -- under the redistribution coalition -- redistributive coalition theory, there is a redistribution or cost shift between customer class, correct?
- A. That there is cost shifting across customer classes; is that what you are saying?
 - Q. I said between but across, sure.
- A. That -- that -- I won't use the term customer classes, that there is cost shifting between those that participate -- that those who are not part of the coalition and those that are part of the coalition.
- Q. And so if you do not take out of one group of people, those a part of the coalition versus those not, if you do not take out of one of those groups of customers and give to another, there is no redistributive coalition, correct?
- A. If the unorganized group is not paying funds, is not paying for benefits they -- hold on. That's a double negative.

I am not trying to be clever. I am

having trouble with English on this one. If those who are not part of the redistributive coalition are paying money that ends up in the -- that ends up -- or providing benefits that are redirected to the members of the coalition redistribution takes place. We have to have redistribution.

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- Q. And I believe another characteristic of this redistributive coalition is that the process in which the redistribution coalition is participating is intentionally opaque and technical, correct?
- A. What I hope I stated in my testimony is that the document and information is presented in an opaque and technical form which increases the costs of obtaining knowledge about the proceedings.
- Q. And another characteristic is that the coalition members do not represent any interests other than their own, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And in the case that you are here testifying today about, the coalition is the signatory parties, correct?
- A. That is correct. I am having some difficulty figuring out where the Staff of the PUCO fits -- fits in that characterization, but the other signatory parties clearly the answer is yes.

- Q. Under the redirect -- on page 5, line 13, of your testimony, it's your theory that under the redistributive coalition the organizer, DP&L, paid for the support of the various members of the coalition; is that correct?
- A. That is what I wrote of my intention of -- of when I wrote that was that the organizer ensures that the redistribution takes place.
- Q. And you would agree that if the signatory party obtains benefits for a broader group other than itself and it would be difficult for it to become a redistributive coalition, correct?
 - A. No, that's incorrect.
- Q. Throughout your testimony you tied the benefits of the settlement to the RSC charge, correct?
- 17 A. I do.

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- Q. And on page 17 of your testimony, you state that under the settlement DP&L will be allowed to keep charging customers its so-called rate stabilization charge, or RSC, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. But to be clear, the settlement does not create the RSC, does it?
- A. No. RSC already exists, but the

settlement has language -- I am trying to figure out where. The settlement has language that refers back to the current ESP and the -- and it implies the RSC. This is what OCC Witness Kahal spent a significant amount of time on. Yeah, so -- so the -- so the language itself in the Stipulation is on page 43, section 19a and page 48, part c, and goes to page 49. And it -- it is rather opaque but that's where I see the signal that connects the ESP and R -- Rider RSC to the settlement.

MS. BOJKO: May I have my question reread, please.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Sure.

Karen.

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(Record read.)

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I move to strike everything after the first sentence of his answer which actually answered my question, and everything after that did not.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I am going to leave it in. It gives explanation of the context of his response, but I will certainly give you more questions if you want to further probe that.

Q. (By Ms. Bojko) So just so the record is clear because you went on, the RSC currently exists

and customers are currently paying the RSC, correct?

- Α. Correct.
- Okay. And that would include commercial Ο. and industrial customers that are currently paying the RSC charge, correct?
- Α. Correct.

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- And is it your understanding that Q. customers will continue to pay the RSC charge with or without the settlement?
- 10 MR. HEALEY: Objection.
- 11 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Basis?
- 12 MR. HEALEY: Calls for a legal
- conclusion. Whether the RSC will or will not 14 continue is based on interpretation of the statutes
- 15 that are at play in this very case; and, therefore,
- she is asking Mr. Hill to weigh in on what the final 16
- 17 and legal ruling on the PUCO will be.
- 18 MS. BOJKO: Actually I asked Dr. Hill
- 19 whether the -- it was his understanding or not. I
- 20 didn't ask him for a legal opinion.
- 2.1 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Objection overruled.
- 22 I will let him answer.
- 23 THE WITNESS: Can you repeat the
- 24 question, please?
- 25 Q. Sure. Dr. Hill, is it your understanding

that customers will continue to pay the RSC charge with or without the settlement?

- A. The honest answer is that I found the discussion on the sections that I mentioned between -- on pages 43 and 48 so confusing I can't answer the question. My assumption is that it will continue, but I have great difficulty in understanding what that language in the Stipulation means.
- Q. I hate to do this, Dr. Hill, but at this time we are going to need that deposition pulled up.

 If you could find that and pull it up, that would be great.
- EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Let's go off record for a minute.
- 16 (Discussion off the record.)
- EXAMINER WILLIAMS: All right. Back on the record.
- 19 Ms. Bojko.

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- MS. BOJKO: Thank you.
- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Could you turn to page 69
 of your deposition transcript, please, Dr. Hill. And
 on line 17, the question is --
- A. Slow. You are way ahead of me. 17.
- Q. Page 69, line 17, the question "And that

customer's will continue to pay the RSC charge with or without the settlement?

"Answer: Yes, because it's part of a different document or a different decision." Did I read that correctly, sir?

- A. You did.
- Q. Thank you. On page 21 of your testimony -- I am going to go back to your testimony.

 Page 21 of your testimony you noted that the Ohio Supreme Court terminated the Distribution

 Modernization Rider; is that correct?
- 12 A. Correct.

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- Q. And to your knowledge, has the Supreme Court terminated the rate stabilization charge?
- 15 A. I don't have any knowledge one way or the other.
- Q. Well, it's still continuing, correct?
- 18 A. What did you say?
- Q. I said it's still continuing, so they likely did not; is that a fair assumption?
- 21 A. That's correct.
- Q. And to your knowledge, the Commission hasn't terminated the RSC either under the same rationale, correct?
- A. Correct.

- Q. Can you turn to page 17 of your testimony, please, line 11.
 - A. I'm there.
- Q. On line 11 of page 17, you use the word "bailout." Do you see that?
 - A. I do.

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- Q. That reference is to the RSC charge, that the RSC charge is a bailout; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And you also state that the bailout is intended to improve Dayton Power and Light's financial structure and credit rating, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And you don't -- isn't it true that you don't have a citation and you don't know where you got that information about the Commission improving the financial structure and credit rating?
- A. I was very confused at that point in my deposition, but now that I am actually looking at the document, there's footnote 15 and footnote 15 says
 "See direct testimony of Matthew Kahal on behalf of the Office of Ohio Consumers's Counsel."
- Q. Okay. So just so we're clear, even though the citation 15 isn't until the end of the paragraph, you -- it's your understanding from

- Mr. Kahal's testimony that the RSC was intended to improve Dayton's financial structure and credit rating.
- A. That the -- that the RSC was the vehicle that was used to improve the financial structure of Dayton Power and Light. When I went back and read Kahal's testimony after the deposition, it -- he mentions that RSC was originally created to compensate Dayton Power and Light for stranded customers who -- during the polar vortex.
- Q. Your knowledge comes strictly from Mr. Kahal, correct?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. You can't provide me a citation to a Commission order that states that fact, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And, in fact, the -- isn't it true that the Commission has ruled that the RSC is not an equivalent economic stability charge or financial integrity charge?
 - A. I can't testify to that.
- Q. And you don't know whether the Commission has specifically ruled that the RSC pays Dayton Power and Light for costs associated with POLR obligations, do you?

- A. The POLR obligations?
- Q. Yeah, provider of last resort.
- A. The testimony of Kahal indicates that that is no longer part -- that's no longer the use of RSC.
 - Q. I was asking if you are aware that in 2016 the Commission issued an order that stated that the RSC was authorized to pay DP&L for costs associated with POLR obligations.
 - A. With POLR obligations?
- 11 Q. Yes.

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- A. No, I am not aware.
- Q. Your -- it's your testimony that the RSC does not compensate Dayton Power and Light for any costs it actually incurs, correct?
 - A. That's incorrect.
 - Q. Okay. So you believe -- I thought you stated in response to Mr. Long as well that you believe that the RSC is not a component of the costs of service.
- A. That's correct. That is -- that is my interpretation of the purpose of Rider RSC.
- Q. Okay. And -- and so if that RSC is reduced by an economic development incentive credit, then it wouldn't be redistribution because the RSC

- 1 | isn't a cost to serve customers.
- 2 MR. HEALEY: Objection. That's
- 3 incredibly compound, your Honor. Ask Ms. Bojko to
- 4 break it up, if that's all right.
- 5 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Ms. Bojko, are you
- 6 | able to break it into smaller bites?
- 7 MS. BOJKO: I will try.
- 8 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you.
- 9 Q. (By Ms. Bojko) I think -- I'm sorry. I
- 10 was trying to shortcut. I think you also told
- 11 Mr. Long that if -- if a cost or a charge is not a
- 12 | component of the cost to serve, then it wouldn't be
- 13 redistribution to reduce that cost; is that correct?
- 14 A. Can you try that one again? There are
- 15 | too many negatives.
- 16 Q. You stated to me that you don't believe
- 17 | the RSC is a component of the cost of service,
- 18 | correct?
- 19 A. I believe that RSC is a rider whose
- 20 primary intention is to stabilize the financial
- 21 | condition of DP&L.
- Q. Okay. And you believe that from
- 23 Mr. Kahal; is that correct?
- A. Correct.
- 25 Q. And you believe that that description of

- the RSC is similar to the Distribution Modernization Rider, correct?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. And -- and on that basis you believe that the RSC is unlawful; is that right?
- A. I can't testify to whether it's lawful or not. I testified to the fact that it's redistribution.
- Q. Okay. And I thought you said to Mr. Long that if -- that because it's not a component or a cost of service, that the RSC is a redistribution; is that right?
 - A. If the RSC is funded by a class of customers as providing cost relief to another class of customers, it's redistribution.
 - Q. Okay. You are aware that parties have challenged the rate stabilization charge before the Commission before, correct?
- A. I've heard it mentioned in a committee -in committee meetings that I have -- I attend, but I
 don't have any specific knowledge.
- Q. And you don't know then whether your client in this case, the Consumers' Counsel, has made that challenge.
- 25 A. I have no -- no knowledge.

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Q. Isn't it true that the settlement actually terminates the Dayton Power & Light's RSC charge?
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- A. Seeing that the letters RSC aren't explicitly mentioned in the Stipulation, it's opaque and difficult to understand what the real -- what the direct impact is. In fact --
- EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I'm sorry. Is the answer continuing? Am I the only one not hearing it?

 THE WITNESS: Can you hear me, your

11 Honor?

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- 12 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Hold, please.
- 13 EXAMINER SCHABO: Hold on just a second.
- 14 Let Judge Williams get his audio back up.
- 15 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Let's go off the
- 16 record.
- 17 (Discussion off the record.)
- 18 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Let's go back on the
- 19 record.

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Maren, before my technology went out on me, I believe we were in the middle of a question and response, although we did catch everyone's attention before we got too far down the road. So if you would go back to the last question and last response, read that to me, we should be current.

(Record read.)

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able to pick up your testimony from there, Dr. Hill, please do. If you would rather have Ms. Bojko proceed with an additional question, that's fine as well.

THE WITNESS: Thank you, your Honor.

- A. The -- the section that hints at this relationship are the pages that I mentioned before in the Stipulation. And it's just really hard to understand what their -- what the intent or the impact is and so this would be page 43, Section 19a; page 48, part c that leads to 49. It seems that -- that in my reading and comparing it to what Witness Kahal, OCC Witness Kahal had in his document, that some pains must have been taken to keep -- to keep the Rider RSC out of the conversation, or out of the Stipulation.
 - Q. Are you finished, Mr. Hill -- Dr. Hill?
 - A. I am.
- Q. We'll talk -- well, first of all, let's just clarify, have you talked to signatory parties to ask their intent?
 - A. I have not.
 - Q. Okay. Let's back up a minute. According

to you, you believe that the RSC is a nonbypassable charge designed to stabilize DP&L's financial integrity, correct?

A. Correct.

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Q. And the settlement prevents implementation of a nonbypassable charge related to POLR risk stability or financial integrity, correct?

MR. HEALEY: Objection. That calls for a legal conclusion regarding the legal effect the settlement might have if it were to be approved and that's well outside the scope of Dr. Hill's testimony which is on the redistributive coalition anyway so.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I will let him testify as to his understanding of the question.

THE WITNESS: Your Honor, I missed what you said. I have got to turn up my hearing aids here, more technology.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I'm going to allow you to provide your understanding of the answer to the question. If you need it read back, let me know.

THE WITNESS: I need the question restated.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I will restate.

Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Let's turn to pages 45 and 46 of the settlement. You referenced other pages but

let's actually look at 45 and 46. Do you see
Provision 20 at the bottom of page 45? Are you
there, Dr. Hill?

- A. Not yet.
- Q. Oh.

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- A. All right. Provision 20, "ESP IV," page 7 45?
 - Q. Correct.
 - A. I see it.
 - Q. Okay. In this section the settlement specifically says that Dayton's "ESP IV application shall not seek to implement any nonbypassable charge to customers related to provider of last resort risks, stability, financial integrity, or any other charge that is substantially calculated based on the credit ratings, debt, or financial performance of any parent or affiliated company of DP&L." Did I read that correctly?
 - A. You read it correctly.
 - Q. So if you believe the RSC is a financial integrity charge and/or that it is used to assist Dayton Power and Light with its credit ratings, this provision would address your concern, correct?
 - A. After a procedure that is initiated no later than 2023.

Q. Okay. So -- so this provision terminates or prohibits Dayton from filing its next ESP application with a charge such as the RSC, correct?

MR. HEALEY: Objection.

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EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I am going to allow the answer.

- A. Well, the answer is yes, depending on the conclusion of that process. Also as I looked at this Stipulation, all of the costs and the redistribution is scheduled to take place over a four-year period anyway. So I believe we -- we are talking about the redistribution that's taking place I argue through RSC through the years 2021 and 2024. Now, if there is a filing that takes place in 2023, then it's going to be in effect at the end of the four-year period that's covered by the Stipulation.
- Q. Okay. But -- but if there was no settlement, it's your understanding that the RSC charge could continue until the Commission orders otherwise, correct?
- A. This is where I have to give an ineloquent response of I guess so. I don't know any -- it's in effect. It doesn't sunset, so I expect it to continue.
- Q. So you would agree though that

eliminating the RSC charge is a benefit to customers, correct?

A. I -- yes.

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- Q. Okay. And by the paragraph that we read on the bottom of page 45, going over to 46, the prohibition of the charge is more expansive than just an RSC. RSC is not mentioned in here because this provision includes more than the RSC charge, correct?
- A. I don't have knowledge. If you tell me so, I believe you.
- Q. Well, it doesn't mention RSC, so it would apply to all charges that are related to any of the listed items, correct? It would prohibit any charge related to those listed items.
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And are -- to your knowledge the application that was originally filed, it didn't contain this termination of the rate stability charge or any other similar charge, did it?
 - A. I have no knowledge.
- Q. And if the -- if -- if this provision wasn't in the original application, this settlement would be beneficial with respect to customers, correct?
- A. I don't understand the question.

- Q. Fair. If there were -- if there was no termination of the RSC or any of these types of listed charges in the application that Dayton filed, a modification to that application that includes the termination would be a benefit under the settlement to customers, correct?
- A. The -- the answer is your statement is correct but what is in paragraph 20 is contingent. It's not fact. So all this says is that DP&L will file an electronic security plan and won't seek those charges but that's -- that doesn't affect the redistribution that we are currently considering over the four-year period in the Stipulation.
- Q. Okay. So you said it's contingent. It does require DP&L to file an ESP plan no later than October 21, 2023, correct?
 - A. Correct.

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Q. And it does state that in that application DP&L is prohibited from including a nonbypassable charge to customers related to provider of last resort risk, stability financial integrity, or any other charge that is substantially calculated based on the credit ratings, debt, or financial performance of any parent or affiliated company of DP&L, correct?

A. That's correct.

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Q. And under this paragraph in your -- it's your understanding that this would prohibit a charge that is similar to the Distribution Modernization Rider too, correct?

MR. HEALEY: I am going to make the same objection, your Honor. I don't mean to be repetitive, but counsel is asking questions about whether this would prohibit charges. It prohibits a request in an application. Those are different things and that's a different legal conclusion so I object to this repeated line of questioning on the legal impact of 20a because it's muddling the record as to between what the legal impact of a Commission ruling in that case will be and what this Stipulation actually says about what will be filed.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I can rephrase because I -- I did not intend to -- I am not asking him legal opinion, first of all, and I think Dr. Hill is well aware that, I believe, he is not an attorney and I am not asking his legal opinion.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I'll sustain the objection and let you reask the question.

MS. BOJKO: Okay.

Q. (By Ms. Bojko) For clarity though, it's

your understanding the witness in this case,

Dr. Hill, who is testifying, it's your understanding
that the provision on the bottom of page 45, 20A,

would prohibit Dayton Power and Light from including
in its ESP IV application a charge -- a nonbypassable
charge to customers related to provider of last
report risk, stability, financial integrity, or any
other charge that's substantially calculated based on
the credit ratings, debt, or financial performance of
any parent or affiliated company, correct?

A. That is correct.

- Q. Okay. Similarly, it's your understanding, Dr. Hill, that a charge similar to the Distribution Modernization Rider would not be allowed to be included in DP&L's ESP IV application under the same provision of the settlement.
- A. As long as we restrict the conversation to the word "application," that's correct.
- Q. Thank you. Dr. Hill, the RSC charge is a per kWh charge, correct?
- A. I believe that it is, but I can't testify conclusively.
- Q. Do you -- so it's fair to say that you don't know what the kWh charge is?
- 25 A. Oh, I know what a kWh charge is. I just

- don't know if RSC is calculated on kWh. Most riders are.
 - Q. That's not what I meant. Sorry,

 Dr. Hill. I meant you cannot tell me today what the level of that kWh charge or RSC for the various classes is.
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. And you can't tell me how much manufacturers are paying under the current RSC charge, can you?
 - A. I cannot.
- Q. It's your understanding that in the settlement some customers will receive an economic development incentive kWh charge, correct? Or credit, excuse me. Let me rephrase.
- Under the settlement it's your understanding that some customers will receive an economic development incentive on a per kWh basis.
- A. A very small -- a very small number of customers, correct.
- Q. And it's your understanding that that economic development incentive credit will lower those customers' bills, correct?
- A. For the -- you know, I should have added this up. Hold on.

THE WITNESS: Give me a second please, your Honor.

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EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Sure.

Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Dr. Hill, I didn't ask you to add anything up. I can rephrase my question.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay. Dr. Hill, we will proceed on -- Dr. Hill, if you want to address additional information, we will let your attorney get that from you on redirect, so we will let Ms. Bojko proceed with the other question.

THE WITNESS: Yeah. I got -- so there are --

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Dr. Hill, I've ruled that we are going to allow this testimony if it comes in via your attorney on redirect, so Ms. Bojko can proceed with her cross-examination questions.

MS. BOJKO: Thank you.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) If the economic development is a credit on the customers' bills, it will have the effect of -- of lowering the customers' bills, correct?
- A. For that small number of customers, that is correct.
- Q. Okay. And it's your understanding that customers who will receive the economic development

incentive will also pay the rate stabilization charge, correct?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. And you did not know sitting here today how the economic development incentive credit compares to the rate stabilization charge on a kWh basis, do you?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. And you are not challenging whether the economic development incentives have social merit, correct?
 - A. That -- that's partially correct.
- Q. Okay. And your concern is how the economic development incentives are paid for, correct?
 - A. I have two concerns. One is the way in which they are paid. The other is the very small number that are awarded coupled with the fact they become benefits of membership to specific industrial -- industry organizations.
 - Q. And you are aware, sir, that the economic development incentives that you are talking about are paid for through shareholder dollars, correct?
 - A. I believe that's incorrect.
 - Q. Okay. Let's turn to page 36 of the

settlement. Are you there?

A. I am.

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- Q. Okay. Page 36 of the settlement, if you look at the top paragraph at the top of that page, the first full sentence, it states "The costs of these incentives and grants will be funded by Dayton Power and Light with shareholder dollars and not recovered through the IIR or other rates," correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And regardless of whether the economic development incentives are paid or not, Dayton Power and Light will still continue to receive moneys associated with the rate stabilization charge, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And all customers will continue to pay that rate stabilization charge whether or not the economic development incentives are paid, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And if the economic development incentives are not paid, Dayton will not return funds to customers, will it?
- A. I would be surprised -- I would be surprised if it did.
- Q. So without these incentives to customers,

those customers that are paying the RSC -- excuse me. Strike that.

So without these incentives to customers that are already paying the RSC, Dayton shareholders will receive more funds than they otherwise would, correct?

A. That is correct.

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- Q. And the Stipulation does not say that the RSC charge or RSC revenue will be used to pay the economic development incentives, does it?
- A. It's my interpretation that the nature of the RSC, since it is not directed at any specific use, enters Dayton Power and Light's books, it becomes fungible money, and approximately 10 percent of RSC is being redistributed to members of this coalition which leads me to question as to the reasonableness of the -- of that portion of the RSC charge. My argument would be that if it gets renegotiated to members of the redistributive coalition, there's an opportunity cost and those funds should be returned to ratepayers.
- Q. Okay. So just so I'm clear, I understand you -- you referenced -- you are referencing

 10 percent being shaved off of the RSC revenue, but the Stipulation itself does not say that the RSC

charge or RSC revenue will be used to pay the economic development incentives in the Stipulation, does it?

- A. That is correct. The Stipulation does not indicate the original source of the funding. My concern isn't bookkeeping. My concern is where the original source of the funding comes from which is the customer.
- Q. Okay. And to your point the settlement does not tie the economic development incentive to any particular charge, correct?
 - A. That is correct.

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- Q. Right. And so you keep stating the original source, and we read that the source is shareholder dollars; is that correct?
- A. That's incorrect. The ultimate source is bills that are paid by ratepayers.
 - Q. Okay. Does --
 - A. The original source is company revenue.
- Q. So the Stipulation states though that the economic development incentives will be paid by shareholders, correct?
- A. The stipulation states that, and I believe the Stipulation is incorrect in its fact.
 - Q. And you say that this claim of

- shareholder dollars is an accounting fiction, correct?
 - A. It is a -- I do say in my statement that's an accounting fiction, that is correct.
 - Q. But you are not claiming that the shareholder dollars do not exist, are you?
 - A. I am not claiming the company profits do not exist. The stipulation is using the term shareholder dollars instead of company profits.

 Company profits begin with revenues paid by its customers.
- Q. And you are not trying to state here today that the Commission --
- MR. HEALEY: Your Honor, I don't think he was done. He paused, and Ms. Bojko very quickly launched into the next question.
- EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Well, actually I

 would accept that interpretation of how Ms. Bojko

 responded, but, Doctor, if you want to proceed with

 your response.
- 21 MR. HEALEY: I wasn't suggesting it was 22 anything improper by Ms. Bojko.
- 23 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you,
- 24 Mr. Healey.

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25 Doctor.

1 THE WITNESS: I was actually completed.

MS. BOJKO: I know what his pause means,

3 Mr. Healey.

4 MR. HEALEY: Thanks for backing me up,

5 Dr. Hill.

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THE WITNESS: I have to confess I am used to the speed and rapidity of Ms. Bojko's speaking process and thinking process.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you, Doctor.

Q. (By Ms. Bojko) I will take that as a compliment, Dr. Hill.

Okay. Back to -- okay. I think my next question was you are not suggesting nor are you proposing that the Commission control the spending of what you are calling -- I used the term shareholders' dollars; you used the term profits, correct?

- A. You said that in a form of a negative, so once again, I am just confused so.
 - O. I will start over.
 - A. Break that down for me.
- Q. I couldn't hear the term you used with our interruption there so. Okay. You are not claiming that the Commission does or should direct the spending of a utility's profits, are you?
- 25 A. I am. The -- the RSC is a regulated

charge. The RSC should have a public purpose associated with it. And as a regulated utility, RSC is only collected due to the police powers of the state. So there is a -- in any form of regulation there is always a question about sources of funds and uses of funds. This is perfectly consistent with the regulation of a utility.

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- Q. So it's your claim today that the return that a utility uses cannot be used for economic development incentive purposes.
- A. I am not making that claim at all. What I am claiming is recognizing the spending for what it is. Now, I believe that what the redistributive coalition in this case has done is taken a series of spending -- hold it.

Siri was telling me he didn't understand my answer. Shut up.

All right. So getting back away from Siri, there are a number of benefits that the redistributive coalition is receiving. Many of them are meritorious. Many of them could be supported by public policy. My argument is that this is the wrong forum. So economic development spending belongs — is a — should be a province of the legislatures through the Development Services Administration or

JobsOhio.

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In this particular case you've got
three -- four trade associations directing who the
winners and losers are from this particular set of
economic development -- economic development
incentives. This is an inappropriate forum for those
decisions. If the PUCO is delegating the economic
development policy and health care policy of the
state to private membership associations, it's
inappropriate.

- Q. Isn't it true, Dr. Hill, that there is -the General Assembly has actually given the PUCO that
 directive to do just that, to direct economic
 development incentives to customers?
- A. The -- the legislature has empowered the PUCO to customize individual rates underneath the reasonable arrangements authority which, by the way, implies there are unreasonable arrangements and has distorted market judgments in so doing.
- Q. Okay. So let's look at this settlement on page 35. The settlement does, in fact, state that these economic development incentives are "to assist Ohio businesses and healthcare providers with their expenses so that they are better able to respond to financial consequences of COVID-19 and restart Ohio's

economy in DP&L's service area, and to further State policies," like the one you just mentioned, "and enhance the State's competitiveness in the national and global economies," correct?

A. That's what it says.

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- Q. And you are not here today to claim that the settlement specifically directs dollars collected through the RSC to signatory parties, are you?
- A. I am -- I am suggesting that the settlement is directing revenues that are collected from the customers of DP&L to approximately 67 companies, 7 hospitals, and a grocery store, and 1 University.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, may I have that question read back? I must have missed a verb or part of it.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Karen, will you read it back, please.

(Record read.)

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Dr. Hill, I am asking you specifically about your tie to RSC in your testimony. Are you claiming that the settlement specifically directs dollars collected through the RSC charge to signatory parties?
- 25 A. I am inferring it, yes.

- Q. Okay. But you -- but the settlement doesn't state that. That's just your inference, correct?
 - A. That is correct. That's my judgment.
- Q. And you talked a little bit about company profits. To your -- well, first of all, you are not a rate of return witness or expert, are you?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. And is it your understanding that a rate of return is the opportunity for a utility company to earn profits?
- 12 A. The rate of return is calculated based on the Company's profits.
 - Q. Well, revenue requirement -- let's back up. The revenue requirement includes a rate of return that allows the company an opportunity to earn profits; is that correct?
 - A. That's incorrect. Profits is the difference between expenses and revenue.
 - Q. Right. So the revenue requirement in a rate case is established including a return so that a utility has an opportunity after its expenses to earn a return on its investment, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Earlier I think you -- you stated

something about Dayton's 10-Q that I would like to clarify. Let's just turn to the testimony. You said you couldn't remember in the testimony. It's on page 16, footnote 14. In response to I believe you -- Mr. -- Mr. Hollon or Mr. Long responded that you reviewed the Company's 10-Q; is that correct?

A. That's correct.

- Q. And is it your understanding that -- I think you said 300 million. Did you intend to say 30 million?
- A. I did. I had a decimal point problem.
- Q. Of the 30 million, you are stating that the shareholder funding for various programs from Dayton totals about approximately 7.5 million a year; is that correct?
- A. I wrote the spending from cash flow generated by the company's profits averages \$7.5 million a year.
 - Q. And that's consistent with the 10-Q filing then?
- A. With the 10-Q filing as well as Witness
 Kahal's testimony.
- Q. Okay. And just to be clear, the reference to the 7.5 million, it includes other funding for other benefits in the settlement, not

just the economic development incentive.

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- A. That's correct. It's -- it is the sum of benefits that are attributed to being paid for by stockholders -- stockholder earnings they call it or stockholder -- stockholder's money.
- Q. Well, let's turn to page 12 of your testimony.
 - A. Did you say 12?
- Q. Yes. On page 12 -- let me find a line number for you. Line 6, you state that the coalition, the redistributive coalition, does not represent a diverse group of interests; is that correct?
- A. It's actually on line 7 what I write.
 Well, let's start with 6. "DP&L witness Schroder
 likewise touts the alleged diversity of signatory
 parties: 'The Stipulation is supported by parties
 representing a wide range of interests, including the
 interests,'" da, da, da.

If you go down to line 18, I say "They do represent a broader group and do not show, let alone prove, that the Settlement is good policy." The point I am making is that the -- those that signed the Stipulation are -- indeed on their own have wide interests. That's part of the -- what I testified

- to, the redistributive coalition. What I am also stating is they do not represent a group that's bigger than themselves.
- Q. Okay. Is it your understanding -- on page 5 of your testimony you list out the Commission's three-part settlement test, correct?
 - A. In short form, yes.

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- Q. Okay. And isn't it true that a diversity requirement is not part of the test?
- A. What it says is there is -- there is not a requirement of diversity in what I have written on page 5.
- Q. You are not contesting here today that the parties to the settlement, the signatory parties, were not knowledgeable or capable, are you?
- A. No, no. My argument is they are knowledgeable and capable of negotiating in their own interests. If you go to the top of page 12 with the first line, what I write at that point is "The critical sentence in the DP&L Settlement is the end of the first paragraph its second page: 'This Stipulation accommodates the diverse interests represented by the Signatory Parties and is entitled to careful consideration by the Commission.'" My entire testimony hinges on the word "represented."

And I believe that they represent nobody but themselves.

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MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I move to strike everything starting with if you go to page 12. I actually was not asking him anything about diversity. I asked him if he was contesting whether the parties were knowledgeable and capable and he answered that and then went on a discussion on a different page about a different topic.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I note your question leading into that was about one of the verses outlined in the three-prong test. I will let the answer stand there.

MS. BOJKO: Thank you.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) All right. Let's go back to your statement that you are representing that the signatory parties are only representing their own interests. Have you conferred with each business, commercial, and governmental signatory party to determine its motives and objectives?
 - A. No.
- Q. So you don't know what each party represents or doesn't represent, correct?
- A. Correct.
 - Q. On page 14, you say that there is a core

group of parties that form the coalition; is that correct?

- A. What line?
- 0. 20.

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5 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I'm sorry. I don't 6 have a line 20 on page 13.

MS. BOJKO: It's page 14, line 20.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay.

- A. So in my answer to question 14 on line 20 is "Although not literally identical in each PUCO case, there is a core group of parties that consistently participate in PUCO electric proceedings, especially larger proceedings where more money is available for redistribution. There are similarities in the types of organizations that signed on in support of each ESP, and many of those same parties are represented here as signatories to the Settlement."
- Q. Okay. First of all, we are not talking about an ESP proceeding here, are we?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. Secondly, you would agree with me
 that the core group are not the same parties in every
 case?
- 25 A. They are not -- not the same parties, but

- often they represent a similar type of party.
- There's typically antipoverty money and there's
- 4 the other is a beneficiary and frequently there is a

frequently two industry organizations are -- one or

- 5 | major municipality involved.
 - Q. And this is based on --
 - A. So it's kind of a recipe.
 - Q. And this is based on the four cases that you reference in your testimony, the three ESPs and this case, correct?
- 11 A. Correct.

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- Q. You haven't done an overall evaluation of all Commission settlements and what parties sign or don't sign; is that correct?
- 15 A. That's correct.
 - Q. And you are aware, however, that the parties that participate in Commission proceedings are frequently on opposite sides, correct?
- A. I can't testify as to what the fraction is.
- Q. Okay. Fair enough. In the ESP
 proceedings that you have referenced, you do know
 that parties to the current settlement oppose the
 settlement in that proceeding.
- 25 A. That's correct.

- Q. Let's turn to page 24 of your testimony.
- A. Switch my glasses again. Excuse me.

 Which page?
- Q. 24. Here on page 24 you talk about that it's difficult for stakeholders to achieve representation before the Commission; is that
- 7 | correct?

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- A. What line?
- 9 Q. I believe it's on the bot -- starting on 10 line 19.
- 11 A. Thank you.
 - Q. You talk about it's impossible for many stakeholders to participate in the PUCO process and obtain representation; is that correct?
 - A. I could read the paragraph starting at line 19, "Redistributive coalitions are another example of market abuse."
 - Q. Dr. Hill, I don't need you to read the testimony. I was asking if you believe that it's difficult for some stakeholders to be represented and participate in the Commission process.
- A. I will have to repeat what I say in part of my testimony.
- Q. Okay. We'll just let your testimony
 stand then. You are here today testifying on behalf

of OCC; is that correct?

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- A. That's correct.
- Q. And who does OCC represent?
- A. Residential customers.
- Q. And on page 12 of your testimony of line 10, you reference there are three state-wide organizations that represent large industrial customers that don't -- isn't it true that those three organizations may also represent or do also represent small- and medium-sized businesses?
- A. Well, actually I'm not -- I am quoting Schroder's testimony at that point. That's not my language.
- Q. Fair enough. It's your understanding that the three large organizations that I believe you are referencing here through Schroder's testimony, it's your understanding that they also represent small- and medium-sized businesses?
 - A. I'm aware that one of them does.
- Q. Okay. You do believe that consumers should have the benefit of participating in advocacy groups, correct?
- A. I do believe that -- yeah, that's correct.
- Q. It's your understanding that Staff is

involved in the process from the very beginning, the settlement process from the very beginning, correct?

- A. You broke up with Staff, so could you please repeat?
- Q. Excuse me. I lost my voice, I think.

 It's your understanding that Staff is involved from the very beginning of the settlement process, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

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- Q. And you stated that you were not involved in the settlement process in this case; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And you don't know at -- so you don't know at which point in time in the settlement process that Staff signaled its intent to join as a signatory party, do you?
- A. I believe I answered that with -- for Attorney Hollon. The answer is correct.
- Q. And you could agree with me it is appropriate for a party to intervene in PUCO proceedings to protect their interests so that it is not made worse by a utility's application?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. You also believe that it would be okay if

- a customer group such as OCC who represents residential customers would be able to intervene to get a lower rate increase in an application for an increase in rates?
 - A. It depends on the facts.
 - O. Isn't it true --

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- A. I believe that it's appropriate for OCC to intervene to represent the interest of residential consumers, that's correct.
- Q. And you believe that it's appropriate for Intervenors to be able to challenge the reasonableness of an application or a rate proposed to be charged by a utility, correct?
 - A. Absolutely, correct.
- Q. And you believe that their participation in a case could result in a more favorable or beneficial outcome or rate, correct?
- A. I guess I'm tempted to say for who. But the participation of interested parties in an adversarial process is -- is required to reach a conclusion.
- Q. On pages 6 and 7 of your testimony, you state that this settlement represents a redistributive coalition since it obtains revenues or benefits not earned through market processes. Do you

see that?

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- A. Correct.
- Q. Okay. You are aware that rates for electric distribution service in Ohio are not set through a market process, correct?
- A. Charges for distribution and transmission are regulated, so they are not set through a market process.
- Q. And you would also agree with me that utility distribution capital expenditures are not set through market process.
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. You agree with me under the settlement

 Dayton Power and Light has committed to implement a

 customer portal for access to data; is that correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And that customer portal will offer third-party access without fees, correct?
 - A. That's what it says.
- Q. Give me a minute. You changed your testimony. Isn't it true that under the settlement Dayton Power and Light will not pass on the customer information system costs through the IIR?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. On page 21, line 16, you make a statement

that those not part of the redistributive coalition get higher utility bills. Do you see that?

A. I do.

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- Q. Isn't it true that all customers will get higher utility bills as a result of Dayton Power and Light's implementation of the Smart Grid proposal?
 - A. That is -- that is correct.
- Q. On page 24 of your testimony, you note that increased costs affect the entire supply chain. That's line 11. Do you see that?
- 11 A. That is correct. I guess I said -- yes,
 12 I see it.
 - Q. You would agree with me that direct costs to commercial and industrial customers result in indirect costs to residential customers.
 - A. To -- what was -- what industrial customers and residential customers you say?
 - Q. You would agree that direct costs to commercial and industrial customers result in indirect costs to residential customers through the supply chain.
- A. Not -- not through the supply chain.

 It -- it creates indirect costs because of the

 redistributive effect in which -- the way in which

 the redistribution takes place.

- Q. But you would agree with me that increased costs affect the supply chain, correct?
- A. Increased costs affect the competitiveness of the customer.

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- Q. And -- oh, I'm sorry.
- A. And as -- as a result, it will affect the business of other companies that supply parts and services to that customer.
- Q. And if a business receives an increase in its costs for energy, for example, it will in turn likely have to pass on those costs to customers that purchase this product --
 - A. Correct.
- Q. -- correct? Similarly, if a commercial customer gets a reduction in its costs, it may pass on those costs to those that purchase its products through lower cost of products, right?
- A. I think you meant savings, in which case the answer is correct.
- Q. Thank you. And isn't it true that the settlement states that Dayton Power and Light's Smart Grid proposal expenses and the IIR shall be subject to annual audits?
 - A. It states that.
- Q. And that would be a benefit to customers,

correct, as opposed to no audits?

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- A. I am having a House Bill 6 problem with that statement. It's easy to say that audits will be performed. It's difficult to say at -- whether they are arm's length or not. In this case as long as the audit wasn't captive by DP&L, there -- it improves the probability.
- Q. Fair enough. A correctly implemented or conducted audit should be a benefit to customers, fair?
 - A. That -- that's a fair statement.
- Q. The settlement requires Dayton Power and Light to provide time-of-use rates on an opt-in basis to customers, correct?
- A. That lies outside the scope of my testimony but I recall it being in there somewhere.
- Q. Let's turn to pages 12, 13. If you look starting on line 20 over to page 13. Here you claim that the parties to the settlement did not attempt to secure benefits for other similarly situated entities. Do you see that?
- A. You are talking about starting with line 23 20?
 - Q. On page 12 going over to page 13.
- 25 A. Page 12, line 20, I write "The business,

commercial, and governmental signatories do not attempt to secure benefits through the PUCO process for other similarly situated entities."

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- Q. And that's because you believe that the benefits of the settlement only apply to the signatory parties, correct?
- A. I believe that the benefits that have been extracted through the targeted benefits for the signatory parties are only applied to them. So there is only one there is only one university. There is only one city. There is only one grocery store.

 There are approximately 67 companies. And that's it.
- Q. So as I understand your theory, if in the settlement there were provisions that give benefits to residential customers as a whole or that provide benefits to small and large businesses as a whole, that would be okay and there would be no redistributive coalition, correct?
- A. Not correct. There would still be redistribution underway. It is just that it is a -- it makes the equity that's -- it allows the result to be closer to the regulatory principle of equity.
- Q. You are aware that there are terms of the settlement that benefit all customers, right?
 - A. There is an assertion in the Stipulation

that there are benefits to all customers.

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correct?

- Q. Okay. Well, let's actually look at the --
 - A. That is not part of my testimony.
- Q. Let's take a look at the settlement.

 Okay. Page 18, Provision 9a, it's true here that any

7 customer -- so all customers will be able to purchase

8 a small thermostat and receive a rebate; is that

MR. HEALEY: I am going to object, your Honor, as Mr. -- as Dr. Hill explained, this is outside the context of his testimony. This is a Smart Grid issue. His testimony doesn't say anything at all about benefits or costs of Smart Grid and whether he has any expert opinion on whether Smart Grid is or is not a benefit so asking his opinion on whether this is a benefit would not be relevant and

examiner Williams: I am going to overrule the objection. I am going to overrule the objection. The testimony is clearly aimed at the impact of the redistributive coalition and whether there are benefits beyond that, so we will allow the question.

MS. BOJKO: Thank you, your Honor. I

is outside the scope of his stated expertise.

- apologize. You are a little garbled now as well, so I apologize. I didn't hear you speaking.
- 3 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: You didn't hear any 4 of that?
 - MS. BOJKO: No, I did. I just wanted to explain why I didn't mean to jump on top of your voice.
 - EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay.

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- THE WITNESS: Excuse me. Your Honor, for me it came in very garbled, so I don't have a clue as to what you said. That could be my hearing aids too. It's not necessarily you.
- EXAMINER WILLIAMS: It wasn't just you, so the point being I overruled the objection. I am going to allow the line of questioning as to benefits beyond the redistributive coalition.
 - THE WITNESS: Thank you.
- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Okay. So we are on page
 18 18, and the question that I actually posed to you was
 20 different than what your counsel said. The question
 21 I posed to you was isn't it true that the provision
 22 in 9a is available to all customers, not just
 23 signatory parties?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Could you turn to page 22 of the

- Stipulation, please. Provision 11a, "Customer Data Access," isn't it true that this provision provides -- it applies to all customers including those that are not signatory parties?
- A. I can't answer that question. I don't know.
 - Q. Well, isn't it true it says it shall provide the customer with access to the CIS system? It does not limit the customer to a signatory party customer?
- 11 A. That -- that is correct.

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- Q. And if you look at page 23, Section b, isn't it true that this provision applies to all CRESs and third party providers, not just the suppliers that signed the settlement?
 - A. In order to answer that, I would have to read through to page 26.
 - Q. Okay. Well, let's shorten it a little bit. If you look at bii, doesn't it say for use by any authorized CRES or third party on a nondiscriminatory basis?
 - A. That's correct, it does.
- Q. And if you turn to page 28, Provision ci, isn't it true that this provision requires Dayton to upgrade its system and processes for wholesale market

settlements and provide network service peak load information values to each customer, so every customer?

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- A. Instead of relying on generic load profiles? It does. I don't see -- when I look at -- at a number of these, I see them as customer benefits, but I see them as being primarily in the best interests of the lead -- the lead signatory in this Stipulation which is the DP&L. This is in their own best interest.
- Q. Well, you don't believe customers having access to their data is in the customer's best interest?
- A. I believe it's in their interest. It's also in the company's interest.
- Q. And isn't it true that the interests in here that are for the benefit of all were negotiated by the signatory parties?
 - A. You broke up on that one.
- Q. Isn't it true that the provisions in here that benefit all customers or all CRES providers, all suppliers, all third parties were negotiated by the signatory parties?
- MR. HEALEY: Objection.
- 25 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Basis?

MR. HEALEY: Your Honor, the signatory parties may have signed the settlement, but Ms. Bojko is asking him to speculate as to who negotiated individual terms of that settlement and that would be part of the confidential settlement communications. Further, obviously it would require him to speculate, but more importantly she is asking him to opine on whether a particular signatory negotiated individual pieces of settlement, and the Commission does not allow that type of testimony.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay. Ms. Bojko, would you rephrase.

MS. BOJKO: Sorry. I was not trying to elicit that information, your Honor.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Let's look at a couple more, Dr. Hill. Look at page 29, Provision e. Isn't it true that the settlement provides that no fees shall be charged by Dayton to all CRESs and third parties associated with accessing data?
 - A. It says that.

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- Q. One -- let's go to --
- A. One of the difficulties I am having in this line of questioning is one of the signatory parties is the Staff of the Commission. And one of the roles -- and primary role of the Staff of the

Commission is to work in the best interests of all Ohioans to include things such as a number of these benefits.

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So I can't -- while it's indeed true there are CRES providers beyond those that signed, I also don't know -- I don't -- I can't tell you which of these attributes of the Stipulation came from the Staff of the PUCO and which did not.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I move to strike everything after he answered my question which was does the provision on page 29 state that no fees shall be charged to all CRES and third parties?

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: To the extent you are asking him his understanding of the Stipulation and the terms therein, he is allowed to explain his answer. I will let the record stand.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) We will get back to that, Dr. Hill, about the Staff. You would agree with me that there are benefits included in this settlement that benefit both signatory parties as well as their competitors.
- A. We actually have to go through that piece by piece for the carve-out benefits that were directly received by the signatory parties leaving out the PUCO Staff. So, for example, there are a set

of benefits that go to seven hospitals, not to every hospital in the jurisdiction. And we can go through that whole list. You know where I am heading there.

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- Q. Sure. Let's go through the list because I think your testimony is trying to say that customers didn't negotiate or signatory parties didn't negotiate for benefits -- well, let me just ask, you are not trying to say signatory parties did not negotiate benefits that apply to all of those entities in their class, are you?
- A. What I am testifying to is, I believe, a revealed preference and I look at what -- what is in the settlement and I see unequal treatment being given to competitors or to similar organizations.
- Q. Okay. Well, let's go back to the Stip then because the provisions I am reading are not applicable to signatory parties. So look at page 30. Page 30, Provision B, this provision applies towards the marketing and education for all residential customers; is that correct?
- A. The Stipulation is \$50,000 to the customer education expenditures will be applied toward marketing and education for residential customers about the use of the smart thermostat rebate program. I look at it as a marketing expense

to establish a market for smart thermostats.

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Q. But all customers will have access to that information and materials; is that correct? All residential, excuse me.

MR. HEALEY: Objection.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Basis?

MR. HEALEY: That calls for him to speculate who might or might not see this marketing. We don't know whether this marketing will be targeted to particular individuals or not so that would require Dr. Hill to speculate as to who it will be marketed toward.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: By the terms of the phrase deals with marketing education for residential customers, so I am going to let the question stand.

A. So the --

MS. BOJKO: I didn't hear. I'm sorry, I didn't hear you, your Honor.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Yeah, that's a problem. I can't be heard. I will crank up the volume. I overruled the objection finding that the paragraph b on page 30 specifically talks toward marketing and education for residential customers, so the question stands.

A. Can you repeat the question, please?

- Q. Sure. And I will try to address
 Mr. Healey's objection while I do that. Isn't it
 true that the settlement makes available to all
 residential customers the marketing and education
 information set forth in that paragraph?
- A. That is correct. But the primary beneficiary of that marketing is DP&L and the Smart Grid coalition.
 - Q. That's your inference, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

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- Q. Okay. So, right now, I am trying to look at that provision so let's go down to c and c is a water heater controlled pilot and that pilot is available to all residential customer accounts within -- excuse me, customer accounts within Dayton's city limits, correct?
 - A. That is correct. But it's not -- but it's not available to customers in Trotwood, and it is designed actually as a nice experiment, but it is -- it is very narrowly targeted.
 - Q. Okay. Let's go to paragraph 30 -- or page 32, paragraph e. Isn't it true that this limitation on how Dayton can and cannot use its AMI is for all residential customers? This is a benefit for all residential customers, correct?

- A. I don't understand the sentence, so I can't respond.
- Q. Okay. You mean you don't understand what the AMI -- whether this sentence is limiting whether customers can be disconnected or reconnected through the AMI process?
- A. That's correct.

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EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Ms. Bojko, can you hear me?

MS. BOJKO: Yes.

there. I did unplug and replug. It sounds like I am a little bit more audible. We are at 12:45, 12:47. Get some idea as to how much longer you expect to go so I can plan the rest of our time together leading into your confidential session.

MS. BOJKO: Sure, your Honor. I think I should be done in about 15, 20 minutes.

(Discussion off the record.)

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: We will go ahead and go on the record and proceed with cross, Ms. Bojko.

MS. BOJKO: Thank you, your Honor.

- Q. (By Ms. Bojko) Dr. Hill, isn't it true that the settlement lowers the total costs of the Smart Grid proposal that will be recovered from customers by 600 million than that which was proposed?
 - A. I can't testify to that fact.
- Q. Do you know that the original cost to customers under the application was \$850 million?
 - A. I'm not aware of that fact.
- Q. And you don't know how the Stipulation modified and what the current cost to customers is, do you?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. If the settlement did, in fact, lower the costs that are passed onto customers through the IIR, you would agree with me that would be a benefit to all customers, correct?
- A. I would agree that there could be a benefit to customers. The argument and the point of my testimony is not -- is not about anything outside of the very specific narrow benefit that the redistributive coalition got for itself.
- Q. And, sir, it's your understanding that customers will only be responsible for paying the costs associated with the settlement that are

approved by the Commission.

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- A. Can you repeat that one?
- Q. Sure. It's your understanding that customers will only be charged for or responsible for costs that are actually approved by the Commission.
 - A. Yeah, that's correct.
- Q. Okay. And it would be a benefit to all customers including nonsignatory parties if the rate impact was lowered as a result of the settlement, correct?
- 11 A. That's correct.
- MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I have no further questions. Thank you.
- Thank you, Dr. Hill, for your time this morning and this afternoon.
- 16 THE WITNESS: You are welcome, Ms. Bojko.
- 17 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you, Ms. Bojko.
- Ms. Whitfield, did you have questions on behalf of Kroger?
- MS. WHITFIELD: Yes, thank you, your
- 21 Honor.
- 22 | - -
- 23 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 24 By Ms. Whitfield:
- Q. Good afternoon, Dr. Hill. My name is

- 1 | Angie Whitfield, and I represent The Kroger Company.
- 2 | I just have a few follow-up questions for you. If
- 3 | you could please turn to page 10 of your testimony.
- 4 | At lines 4 and 7 --

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- A. Give me a chance here.
- Q. No problem.
 - A. I am getting slower as the sun is starting to set behind me. And I have to change my glasses.
 - Okay. I'm all yours.
- Q. Okay. At lines 4 through 7, you testify that signatory parties intervene in PUCO proceedings so that money paid to a utility by other customers can be redistributed to them. Do you see that?
 - A. On line 5.
 - Q. Yes. Is that your testimony?
- 17 A. That's my testimony.
- Q. Okay. And if I understand your testimony
 earlier in response to Ms. Bojko, you didn't
 interview any of the signatory parties in this case
 about their motivation or intention in intervening in
 this proceeding, did you?
 - A. I did not.
- Q. And you haven't talked with anybody from
 Kroger as to why it made the decision to intervene

and participate in this proceeding, did you?

A. I did not.

2.1

- Q. And you didn't do an analysis of the cost impact that DP&L's application would have on Kroger, did you?
 - A. I did not.
- Q. So sitting here today you don't have any specific information from Kroger or any of the other signatory parties to the Stipulation to support your representation in your testimony as to their motivation or intention in intervening, do you?
- A. I have the data that's revealed in the Stipulation by the direct benefit that they received by participating as part of the redistributive coalition.
- Q. But you don't know what their motive or intentions were when they made the decision to intervene, do you?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. If I could have you turn to page 11 of your testimony. On line 6 and 7, you testify that "Those who don't have the sophistication, funding, or awareness of the PUCO's process are left out." Do you see that?
- A. Starting up on line 4 I said "In other

words, the redistributive coalition is open to all parties that have knowledge about the opportunity to intervene and have access to lawyers who regularly practice before the PUCO. Those who don't have the sophistication, funding, or awareness of the PUCO -- of the PUCO's processes are left out," correct.

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- Q. And it's a utility's choice whether or not to participate in a PUCO proceeding?
- A. There is choice but there's also the issue of knowledge and -- and I'll leave it at that point.
- Q. And you aren't aware of any grocery stores that were prohibited from intervening and participating in this proceeding, are you?
- A. There was no grocery store that was prohibited.
- Q. And just to close that loop, you didn't speak with any grocery stores to determine why they chose not to participate in this proceeding, did you?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And then if you would turn to page 13 of your testimony.
 - A. I'm there.
- Q. You reference in lines 10 through 16 "benefits for a particular supermarket" that you

claim are paid for by customers. Do you see that?

A. Are you on page 13?

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- Q. Yes, page 13 of your testimony, lines 12 through 16, your answer to question 12.
- A. What I said is "Benefits for a particular supermarket do not flow to its competitors." I did write that.
- Q. And then later on in that paragraph you reference that "the state of Ohio is showing preference for one grocery store over another," right?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And I think in your deposition you called that obnoxious as Mr. Long pointed out, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And just so we are clear, you are talking about my client Kroger, are you not?
 - A. I am talking about Kroger in that case.
- Q. Now, you would agree with me that the state of Ohio did not ask or invite Kroger to intervene or participate in this proceeding, did it?
 - A. It did not.
- Q. And you have no evidence that the PUCO itself invited or asked Kroger to intervene and participate in this proceeding, correct?

A. That is correct.

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- Q. And the same question with respect to DP&L, that they reached out and asked Kroger to intervene and participate?
 - A. I have no idea.
- Q. And you would agree that interested parties can monitor the PUCO docketing system for proceedings that might affect them, right?
 - A. If they are sophisticated enough.
- Q. I believe in response to Mr. Hollon's questions you acknowledged that it's public records and open to the public, correct?
 - A. Absolutely, correct.
- Q. And are you aware that there is daily activity reports issued by the PUCO that can be signed up for?
 - A. I am not aware of that.
- Q. Do you know whether Kroger monitors the PUCO docketing system?
 - A. I do not.
 - Q. Do you know whether any other grocery store or supermarket does that type of monitoring.
 - A. I do not.
- Q. You are aware, are you not, that Kroger regularly intervenes in electric utility cases before

the PUCO?

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- A. I am.
- Q. Okay. And are you aware that another store that sells groceries, Wal-mart, regularly participates in PUCO proceedings?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. So did you -- do you know why Wal-mart chose formally not to participate in this proceeding?

 MR. HEALEY: Objection.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Can you rephrase?

- Q. (By Ms. Whitfield) You have no knowledge as to why Wal-mart or any other supermarket would choose not to participate in this proceeding, do you?
- A. I'm confused by the question, but maybe I can make -- I have no idea why any other grocery store did not participate in the proceedings.
- Q. Are you aware that Kroger maintains its corporate headquarters here in the state of Ohio?
 - A. In Cincinnati.
- Q. And you can't identify any other national grocery store chain or supermarket chain that maintains its corporate headquarters in Ohio, can you?
 - A. Not nationally. Regionally, yes.
 - Q. And are you aware that Kroger employs

over 40,000 employees at over 200 facilities in the state of Ohio?

A. Actually I am.

2.1

- Q. Now, it's your understanding that Kroger obviously participated in the settlement negotiations resulting in this Stipulation, right?
 - A. Can you repeat?
- Q. It's your understanding that Kroger participated in the settlement negotiations resulting in the Stipulation in this proceeding?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. I believe you testified to this before, but just for clarification, you agree that it's not the PUCO's burden to invite grocery stores or other entities to participate in proceedings before it, right?
- A. I know that it's not the practice of the PUCO to do anything other than post its legal notice. But I believe if there is the principle of regulatory equity, that if an award is -- a reward is being given to one firm, that a positive attempt to bring in competitor firms is reasonable, particularly if they don't have the same degree of sophistication.
- MS. WHITFIELD: Your Honor, I would move to strike everything in his answer after he said it's

not the practice of the PUCO.

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EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Yeah. Karen, could you read the question back, please.

(Record read.)

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: To the extent the question is asked regarding whether it's the Commission's burden or not, I think he is entitled to explain his professional opinion what the Commission's response is in regard to these cases. We will let the answer stand.

MS. WHITFIELD: Thank you, your Honor.

- Q. (By Ms. Whitfield) Dr. Hill, does the PUCO have the legal obligation or requirement under the law to proactively go out and invite entities to participate in proceedings before it?
 - A. I cannot answer that with authority.
- Q. You do not believe that Kroger has the burden to go out and notify and invite other grocery stores to participate in proceedings pending before the PUCO, do you?
- A. The answer to that is no. It's up to the PUCO to ensure equity of access.
- Q. But isn't it true that under your theory of a redistributive coalition for the state of Ohio to avoid showing preference for one grocery store

over another, as you accuse here, the PUCO would have to ensure all affected grocery stores participate in each and every proceeding, right?

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- A. Correct. Well, at least have affirmative invitation to do so.
- Q. And aren't you advocating here that then Kroger should fit the bill for participating in these types of proceedings on behalf of all grocery stores in the state of Ohio?
- That's correct, that they -- that if we Α. respond to the comment and the expectation the signatory parties represent others in its class that has to be lived up to. And that's the statement of -- in Schroder's testimony that these organizations represent others, that's -- that is hugely important. So if you go to page 12 of my testimony, lines 2 and 3, the critical sentence in the DP&L settlement is at the end of the first paragraph on the second page, the Stipulation --"This Stipulation accommodates the diverse interests represented" the important emphasis of the word is mine, "by the Signatory Parties and is entitled to careful consideration by the Commission." So the question is who do they represent? Now, my argument is that Kroger represents Kroger, and it shouldn't

represent anyone other than Kroger.

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- Q. Okay. But you -- you are requiring

 Kroger to represent all other grocery stores and to
 pay the expense for that representation under your
 theory in this case, are you not?
- A. That -- that or change the process and the way in which we move from a settlement based -- a negotiating settlement based between identified interested parties to a system where the trial -- the trial judge is taking testimony on impact, and the PUCO then applies the ruling.

So we move from a settlement to actually something that's closer to law making. It's my argument in this entire testimony that the redistributive coalition is rational self-interest on the part of the participants. Some of the benefits have great social benefit, some marginal. But because the carve-outs or the benefits awarded to our -- are to small groups, not to the entire class, they are inherently discriminatory.

And the way the group redistributive coalition works, they are taking funds or money from the broad rate base and targeting it to those parties that are sophisticated enough and have the ability to participate for their own benefit.

MS. WHITFIELD: Your Honor, I am going to move to strike all of his testimony after his first sentence what he just went through which is a recitation of his testimony he can certainly do on redirect with Mr. Healey if that is their determination to do.

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EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I am going to let the answer stand, although I will caution we've heard similar recitations with some frequency of late, so if you could try to restrict your response to the question being asked. To the extent the response is drifting from that, if you could go ahead, stop it at the paragraph, it might be more efficient.

THE WITNESS: I appreciate that, your Honor.

MS. WHITFIELD: Thank you, your Honor.

- Q. (By Ms. Whitfield) And, Dr. Hill, in your testimony you are not advocating or recommending any type of process in which other grocery stores or entities would reimburse Kroger for its costs and expenses and resources dedicated to participating in these PUCO proceedings, are you?
 - A. No. That's beyond the scope.
- Q. Okay. And I believe you acknowledged in your testimony in response to Mr. Long's questioning

that that would create a free rider problem, would it not?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. And let's assume we have a fully uncontested settlement in this case, okay? You have to answer.
 - A. Oh, yes.

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- Q. Okay. And that OCC has joined the settlement and even gotten a few specific benefits, additional benefits for residential customers, okay?
 - A. Correct. Okay.
- Q. In that hypothetical under your theory, I believe you've testified that that could still be possible to be a redistributive coalition, could it not?
- A. More than possible, absolutely would be because there would be discrimination among the benefits of the classes allegedly represented by some of the signatory parties.
- Q. In your testimony you reference that you have provided testimony -- you've testified previously before the PUCO on the theory of redistributive coalitions, correct?
- A. That's correct.
 - Q. And in those cases the PUCO rejected your

theory, did they not?

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- 2 A. I have no idea.
- Q. Well, do you know whether the PUCO rejected the Stipulations in those cases on the grounds of a redistributive coalition?
 - A. I have no idea.

7 MS. WHITFIELD: That's all the questions 8 I have, your Honor.

9 Thank you, Dr. Hill.

10 THE WITNESS: You are welcome.

11 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you,

12 Ms. Whitfield.

I don't believe anybody else had expressed an interest in cross, but I will look to see if anybody has anything further in light of what's occurred.

Seeing no motion toward any cameras, so
with that, Mr. Healey, do you need a minute or two
before you contemplate redirect?

MR. HEALEY: Yeah. Can we take 5 off the record, please?

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Sure. We will come back at 1:22. We are off the record.

24 (Recess taken.)

25 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Karen, we will go

back on the record.

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2 Mr. Healey, any redirect?

MR. HEALEY: Yes, your Honor.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Please proceed.

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REDIRECT EXAMINATION

By Mr. Healey:

- Q. Dr. Hill, you will have to take yourself off mute. There we go. Dr. Hill, do you recall earlier today during your cross-examination you mentioned your -- the polar vortex in the context of the RSC. Do you recall that?
- 13 A. I do.
- Q. And did you mean polar vortex, or did you mean something else?
- A. I meant provider -- I should have said provider of last resort, so I did not mean polar vortex.
- Q. Thank you. Dr. Hill, do you recall a line of questioning during Ms. Bojko's cross-examination about the -- what she believed were benefits in the Stipulation to all parties?
- 23 A. I do.
- Q. And I would like to know assuming she's right and there are some benefits to all parties in

the Stipulation, does that change your expert opinion regarding the redistributive coalition?

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A. No, no. In fact, it's irrelevant. My testimony about the redistributive coalition is that there's private entities that signed onto the Stipulation, entered negotiations, received carve-outs, member benefits, or cash to their organizations that were not available to similar competing organizations or companies and businesses that were not part of their businesses.

So no matter what happens you still have about 10 percent of our -- of the cash equivalent of RSC that's being directed to some companies and not to another. Just a little quick addition shows if you add up all of the economic development incentives that were provided in the Stipulation, it affects somewhere between 60 and 70 companies. I come up with 67 who benefit but there are more than 7 hospitals in DP&L's territories. We can go on and the result is discriminatory and it -- it -- the cash benefits inflict costs upon the general rate paying public directly or indirectly.

MR. HEALEY: Thank you, Dr. Hill.

Nothing further, your Honor.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you,

685 1 Mr. Healey. 2 I will entertain any appropriate recross. 3 Mr. Hollon? you're muted, sir. MR. HOLLON: None for me, your Honor. 4 5 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you, Mr. Hollon. 6 7 Mr. Long? 8 MR. LONG: None for me, your Honor. 9 Thank you. EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you. 10 11 Ms. Bojko? 12 MS. BOJKO: Yes, your Honor, briefly. 13 14 RECROSS-EXAMINATION 15 By Ms. Bojko: 16 Dr. Hill, you just referenced the 17 benefits of the settlement not being available to 18 other customer groups that are not signatory parties. 19 Do you recall that? 20 Α. Customer groups or individual customers? 2.1 Ο. I think you mentioned both. You 22 mentioned individual customers as well as member 23 organizations. 24 A. Okay. Thank you. Q. Do you recall that? Isn't it true you

weren't involved in the settlement so you have no idea what was or was not available to other customer groups or individual customers?

A. That's correct.

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- Q. You keep mentioning 60 -- I think one time you said 67. One time you said 60. You keep mentioning 60 some businesses and hospitals that the economic development incentives apply to. Is that what your reference to 67 is?
- A. That's correct. I didn't go back and sum them up in my spreadsheet. I should have done it before my testimony, but it's in the neighborhood.
- Q. Isn't it true that many of those 60 some customers that you reference have multiple facilities, and so the benefits could provide much more widely? I think Kroger -- in your questions with Kroger they stated 200 facilities. Isn't it true these benefits could have a much broader application than 67?
- A. It -- it's doubtful. In fact, I believe the Kroger benefit is a cash amount of \$104,000 over the four years it goes to the company.
- Q. Okay. Isn't it true that many of the other customer groups have multiple accounts and meters that this could apply to?

A. Well, we know that specific customers have multiple meters within their own facility.

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- Q. So this could apply to them; is that correct?
- A. The language on the transmission opt-out pilot program says that 50 member companies of one or more of the three manufacturing business organizations can receive the discount benefit. It's unclear to me if that's the entire company or if it -- if it's the definition of a customer, 50 customers which would be a meter. So I just can't interpret that.

When it comes to -- oh, I'm sorry,

Kroger. Kroger did get a -- does have a 4/10 of a

cent discount on all electricity that's used in

the -- in the DP&L footprint, so it's more than the

cash benefit. Honda has 4/10s of cent discount for

electricity used, and I don't know how many

facilities Honda has in the DP&L territory.

Q. So again, you keep mentioning a 60 number. It's fair after your recitation right there and your reading again of the Stipulation, that the economic incentives and grants that you're referring to has a broader application to more facilities than just 60, correct?

- A. I should say that it applies between 60 and 70 corporate entities including hospitals.
- Q. And you just agreed with me that the Kroger facility would apply to over -- would -- that economic development incentive for Kroger also has a broader application of to all of its facilities, correct?
 - A. Those that are in DP&L's territory.
 - Q. So the answer is yes.
- A. Well, I am just clarifying it's within DP&L's territory. Kroger has facilities in Ohio outside of the territory.
- Q. So it would be whatever number of facilities Kroger has in DP&L's territory.
 - A. That's correct.

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- Q. Okay. And then when you keep mentioning the 60 some facilities that benefit from this settlement, you are not including all of the other benefits in the settlement beyond paragraph 45 -- excuse me, 35, Provision 15 regarding economic development.
 - A. In my testimony the different carve-outs are listed, so it goes beyond the economic development incentives.
- MS. BOJKO: Okay. Thank you. I have no

1 further questions.

2 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you, Ms. Bojko.

Ms. Whitfield?

4 MS. WHITFIELD: No questions, your Honor.

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6 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay. Mr. Healey,

7 | anything you need to address on redirect?

MR. HEALEY: Yes, your Honor, very

9 briefly.

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11 FURTHER REDIRECT EXAMINATION

12 By Ms. Healey:

Q. Dr. Hill, does the fact that Kroger has more than one location in DP&L change the fact that other grocery stores did not get comparable benefits under the settlement?

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Mr. Healey, we are having some connectivity issues. You are going to have to reask your question. You broke up.

- Q. Sure. Dr. Hill, you heard Ms. -MR. HEALEY: Can you hear me now?

 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Yes.
- A. I got you.
- Q. (By Mr. Healey) Thank you. Dr. Hill,

 Ms. Bojko just asked some questions about some of the

signatory parties having multiple facilities within DP&L's service territory. Do you recall that line of questioning?

A. I do.

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- Q. Does that in any way eliminate or reduce the scope of the redistributive coalition in your opinion?
 - A. It does not.
- 9 MR. HEALEY: Thank you. Nothing further, 10 your Honor.
- EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay. That should conclude the questioning then. So with that,

 Dr. Hill, you are excused. Thank you.
- THE WITNESS: Thank you. Thank you for your patience, your Honor. This has been a pretty tough morning for everybody and afternoon.
- 17 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you, Doctor.
- Mr. Healey, take up your Exhibit.
- MR. HEALEY: Yes, your Honor. OCC moves
 for the admission of OCC Exhibit 3.
- EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Any objection from any of the parties?
- MR. LONG: No objection, your Honor.
- MS. BOJKO: Your Honor.
- 25 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I heard a lot of no

objections. I don't see anybody saying they have an objection so.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor.

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EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Ms. Bojko.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I was actually -I didn't want to speak over Mr. Long. OMAEG objects
to the testimony as it relates to our motion to
strike.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you. Over your objection we will admit the testimony.

(EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you. I don't know of any matters we need to address on the record, so we are going to get a little bit of a lunch.

Ms. Schabo, yes. Let's go off the record.

(Discussion off the record.)

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: We are back on.

Ms. Schabo.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Okay. So we are still on track to start that confidential session at 2 o'clock. You should have the e-mail already. The hearing host just notified me that he has sent them out. Please take a look in your inbox. Check your junk mail. If you don't see it there, we need to know. If we have missed someone, we need to resend

the e-mails. The e-mail does mention checking in.

If you are feeling confident in your new Webex

ability, feel free to take as much of a break as you

can and join us closer to 2:00.

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Please talk to your people and take note who actually logs on. You will be expected to note who is present on behalf of your organization when you make your appearance as counsel, so lead counsel make your appearance, let me know which other attorneys are on the line. If you are from DP&L, let me know which of your organizational representatives are there. I am going to be frantically searching through 50 order panes trying to make sure the name and face jive. Any questions about that?

Oh, and maybe warn everybody that they will be expected to be on camera the whole time. All right?

With that I think we are done, so this public session is done for the day. Once you log off -- the confidential session will be on a totally separate Webex event. For those of us in the public we will reconvene -- reconvene tomorrow at 9:00 a.m. with Mr. Williams as our first witness.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thanks, everybody.

EXAMINER SCHABO: We are off the record,

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     Karen.
                  (Thereupon, at 1:35 p.m., a lunch recess
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     was taken.)
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                           CERTIFICATE
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                 I do hereby certify that the foregoing is
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     a true and correct transcript of the proceedings
     taken by me in this matter on Thursday, January 14,
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     2021, and carefully compared with my original
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     stenographic notes.
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                           Karen Sue Gibson, Registered
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Summary: Transcript Dayton Power and Light, Etc. Volume 4 electronically filed by Mr. Ken Spencer on behalf of Armstrong & Okey, Inc. and Gibson, Karen Sue Mrs.