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BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO
In the Matter of the :
Application of The Dayton:
Power and Light Company : Case No. 18-1875-EL-GRD
for Approval of Its Plan :
To Modernize Its
Distribution Grid.
In the Matter of the :
Application of The Dayton:
Power and Light Company : Case No. 18-1876-EL-WVR
For Approval of a Limited:
Waiver of Ohio Adm.
Code 4901:1-18-06(A)(2). :
In the Matter of the
Application of The Dayton:
Power and Light Company : Case No. 18-1877-EL-AAM
for Approval of Certain
Accounting Methods. :
In the Matter of the :
Application of The Dayton:
Power and Light Company :
for Administration of the :
Significantly Excessive : Case No. 19-1121-EL-UNC
Earnings Test Under
R.C. 4928.143(F) and Ohio:
Adm.Code 4901:1-35-10 for :
2018.
In the Matter of the :
Application of The Dayton:
Power and Light Company :
for a Finding That Its :
Current Electric Security: Case No. 20-680-EL-UNC
Plan Passes the
Significantly Excessive :
Earnings Test and More
Favorable in the Aggregate:
Test in R.C. 4928.143(E).:
                      VOLUME I
                   PUBLIC PORTION
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Proceedings

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     In the Matter of the
     Application of The Dayton:
 2.
     Power and Light Company :
     for Administration of the :
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     Significantly Excessive : Case No. 20-1041-EL-UNC
     Earnings Test Under
     R.C. 4928.143(F) and Ohio:
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     Adm.Code 4901:1-35-10 for :
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     2019.
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                          PROCEEDINGS
    before Ms. Patricia Schabo and Mr. Michael Williams,
8
     Attorney Examiners, at the Public Utilities
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     Commission of Ohio, via Webex, called at 10:00 a.m.
11
     on Monday, January 11, 2021.
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                            VOLUME I
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19
20
21
2.2
                     ARMSTRONG & OKEY, INC.
               222 East Town Street, Second Floor
2.3
                   Columbus, Ohio 43215-5201
                (614) 224-9481 - (800) 223-9481
24
25
```

```
3
 1
     APPEARANCES:
 2
            The Dayton Power and Light Company
            By Mr. Michael J. Schuler
 3
            1065 Woodman Drive
            Dayton, Ohio 45432
 4
            Faruki PLL
            By Mr. Jeffrey S. Sharkey
 5
            Mr. D. Jeffrey Ireland
            Mr. Christopher C. Hollon
 6
            110 North Main Street, Suite 1600
 7
            Dayton, OH 45402
 8
                 On behalf of the Applicant.
            Bruce J. Weston, Ohio Consumers' Counsel
 9
            By Mr. Christopher Healey
10
            Mr. William J. Michael
            Ms. Amy Botschner O'Brien
11
            Ms. Angela O'Brien
            Ms. Ambrosia Wilson,
12
            Assistant Consumers' Counsel
            65 East State Street, 7th Floor
13
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
14
                 On behalf of the Residential Consumers of
                 The Dayton Power and Light Company.
15
            McNees, Wallace & Nurick LLC
16
            By Mr. Matthew R. Pritchard
            Mr. Todd Long
            21 East State Street, 17th Floor
17
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
18
                 On behalf of the Industrial Energy
19
                 Users-Ohio.
20
            Benesch, Friedlander, Coplan & Aronoff, LLP
            By Mr. Steven D. Lesser
            Mr. N. Trevor Alexander
21
            41 South High Street, Suite 2600
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
22
23
                 On behalf of the City of Dayton and Honda
                 of America Manufacturing, Inc.
24
25
```

```
4
 1
     APPEARANCES: (Continued)
 2
            Boehm, Kurtz & Lowry
            By Mr. Michael L. Kurtz
 3
            Mr. Kurt J. Boehm
            Ms. Jody Kyler Cohn
 4
            36 East Seventh Street, Suite 1510
            Cincinnati, Ohio 45202
 5
                 On behalf of the Ohio Energy Group.
 6
            Carpenter Lipps & Leland LLP
 7
            By Ms. Kimberly W. Bojko
            Mr. Jonathan Wygonski
 8
            280 North High Street, Suite 1300
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
 9
                 On behalf of the Ohio Manufacturers'
10
                 Association Energy Group.
11
            Bricker & Eckler, LLP
            By Mr. Devin D. Parram
12
            Mr. Dane Stinson
            100 South Third Street
13
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
14
                 On behalf of the The Ohio Hospital
                 Association.
15
            Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy
            By Mr. David C. Rinebolt
16
            P.O. Box 1793
17
            Findlay, Ohio 45839
18
                 On behalf of the Ohio Partners for
                 Affordable Energy.
19
            Carpenter Lipps & Leland LLP
20
            By Ms. Angela Paul Whitfield
            280 North High Street, Suite 1300
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
21
22
                 On behalf of The Kroger Company.
2.3
24
25
```

```
5
 1
     APPEARANCES: (Continued)
 2.
            Thompson Hine LLP
            By Ms. Stephanie M. Chmiel
 3
            41 South High Street, Suite 1700
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
 4
                 On behalf of the University of Dayton
 5
            Dickson Wright PLLC
 6
            By Ms. Madeline Fleisher
            Ms. Christine M.T. Pirik
 7
            Mr. William Vorys
            150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
 8
 9
                 On behalf of the Smart Thermostat
                 Coalition.
10
            Dickson Wright PLLC
            By Ms. Christine M.T. Pirik
11
            Ms. Madeline Fleisher
12
            150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
13
                 On behalf of Mission:data Coalition.
14
            Sierra Club Environmental Law Program
15
            By Mr. Joseph Halso
            1536 Wynkoop Street, Suite 200
16
            Denver, Colorado 80202
17
                 On behalf of the Sierra Club.
18
            Environmental Law & Policy Center
            By Ms. Caroline Cox
19
            21 West Broad Street, Suite 800
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
20
            Environmental Law & Policy Center
21
            By Mr. Nikhil Vijaykar
            35 E. Wacker Dr. Suite 1600
22
            Chicago, Illinois 60601
23
                 On behalf of the Environmental Law &
                 Policy Center.
2.4
25
```

```
6
 1
     APPEARANCES: (Continued)
 2
            Ohio Environmental Council
            By Ms. Miranda Leppla
 3
            Mr. Chris Tavenor
            1145 Chesapeake Avenue, Suite I
            Columbus, Ohio 43212
 4
 5
                 On behalf of the Ohio Environmental
                 Council.
 6
            Kegler, Brown, Hill & Ritter Co., L.P.A.
 7
            By Mr. Robert Dove
            65 East State Street, Suite 1800
            Columbus, Ohio 432215
 8
                 On behalf of the Natural Resources
 9
                 Defense Council.
10
            Armada Power, LLC
11
            By Mr. Drew Romig
            230 West Street, Suite 150
12
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
13
                 On behalf of the Armada Power, LLC.
14
            Whitt Sturtevant LLP
            By Mr. Lucas A. Fykes
15
            Mr. Mark A. Whitt
            88 East Broad Street, Suite 1590
16
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
17
                 On behalf of the Direct Energy, LP.
18
            Bricker & Eckler, LLP
            By Mr. Dylan F. Borchers
19
            Ms. Kara H. Herrnstein
            100 South Third Street
20
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
21
                 On behalf of the Chargepoint, Inc.
22
23
24
25
```

```
7
 1
     APPEARANCES: (Continued)
 2
            Interstate Gas Supply, Inc.
            By Ms. Bethany Allen,
 3
            Mr. Joseph Oliker,
            Mr. Michael Nugent
 4
            Mr. Evan Betterton
            6100 Emerald Parkway
 5
            Dublin, Ohio 43016
            Mr. Frank Darr
 6
            6800 Linbrook Boulevard
 7
            Columbus, OH 43235
 8
                 On behalf of the Interstate Gas Supply,
                 Inc.
9
            Dave Yost, Ohio Attorney General
10
            Mr. John Jones, Section Chief
            By Mr. Steven L. Beeler
11
            Mr. Robert A. Eubanks
            Mr. Thomas G. Lindgren,
            Assistant Attorneys General
12
            Public Utilities
            30 East Broad Street, 16th Floor
13
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
14
                 On behalf of the Staff of the PUCO.
15
16
17
18
19
2.0
21
2.2
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1						
					8	
1		INDEX				
2						
3	WITN	ESS		PAGE		
4	Robert Jeffrey Malinak					
5	Direct Examination by Mr. Sharkey Cross-Examination by Mr. Healey			26 30		
6	Sharon Schroder					
7	Direct Examination by Mr. Ireland Cross-Examination by Ms. O'Brien			143 145		
8						
9	DP&L	EXHIBIT	IDENTIFIED	ADMITTE)	
10	1A	Direct Testimony of				
11		R. Jeffrey Malinak (Confidential)	27	140		
12	1в	Direct Testimony of R. Jeffrey Malinak	27	140		
13	2	Supplemental Direct Testimony	,			
14	_	of R. Jeffrey Malinak	28	140		
15	3	Schedules Filed in Case Nos. 19-1121-EL-UNC and	2.0			
16	4	20-1041-EL-UNC	28			
17	4	Testimony of Sharon R. Schroder in Support of				
18		the Stipulation and Recommendation	143			
19						
20	OCC	EXHIBIT	IDENTIFIED	ADMITTE)	
21	8	ESP I Stipulation and Recommendation Dated				
22		February 24, 2009	67			
23	10	ESP III Amended Stipulation	170			
24						
25						

				9
1		INDEX (Continued)	
2				
3	OCC	EXHIBIT	IDENTIFIED	ADMITTED
4	15	5		
5		In Re: Determination of Existence of Significantly Excessive Earnings for 2017		
6		Under Electric Security Plan of Ohio Edison Company	72	
7	17	Application Filed on May 15,		
8		2020, in Case 20-1041	67	141
9	18	Application Filed on May 15, 2019, in		
10		Case 19-1121-EL-UNC	69	141
11	35	Docket Sheet for Case No. 19-1121 EL-UNC	188	
12	2.6		_00	
13	36	Docket Sheet for Case No. 20-1041-EL-UNC	194	
14	37A	Discovery Response Pages 1-5 and 76	74	141
15	37B	Discovery Response Page 6	77	141
16	37C	Discovery Response Pages 1-4,		
17		Page 26, Page 27, and Page 76	214	
18	66	PowerForward Roadmap	222	
19	73	DP&L's Application's Schedules and Workpapers	166	
20	7.4			
21	74	DP&L's 2018 Application	163	
22	75	Commission's October 27, 2020, Entry	163	
23				
	STIE	PULATING PARTIES EXHIBIT	IDENTIFIED	ADMITTED
2425	1	Stipulation and Recommendation	29	

Monday Morning Session,
January 11, 2021.

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EXAMINER SCHABO: All right. The Public 4 5 Utilities Commission of Ohio has assigned for hearing 6 at this time and place the following cases which have 7 been consolidated for the purposes of hearing: Case No. 18-1875-EL-GRD, in the Matter of the Application 8 9 of The Dayton Power and Light Company for Approval of 10 Its Plan to Modernize Its Distribution Grid; Case No. 11 18-1876-EL-WVR, in the Matter of the Application of 12 The Dayton Power and Light Company for Approval of a 13 Limited Waiver of Ohio Administrative Code 14 4901:1-18-06(A)(2); Case No. 18-1877-EL-AAM, in the 15 Matter of the Application of The Dayton Power and 16 Light Company for Approval of Certain Accounting 17 Methods; Case No. 19-1121-EL-UNC, in the Matter of 18 the Application of The Dayton Power and Light Company 19 for Administration of the Significantly Excessive 20 Earnings Test Under R.C. 4928.143(F) and Ohio 2.1 Administrative Code 4901:1-35-10 for 2018; Case No. 22 20-680-EL-UNC, in the Matter of the Application of 23 The Dayton Power and Light Company for a Finding that 24 Its Current Electric Security Plan Passes the 25 Significantly Excessive Earnings Test and More

Favorable in the Aggregate Test and R.C. 4928.143(E); and Case No. 20-1041-EL-UNC, in the Matter of the Application of The Dayton Power and Light Company for Administration of the Significantly Excessive Earnings Test Under R.C. 4928.143(F) and Ohio Administrative Code 4901:1-35-10 for 2019.

2.1

My name is Patricia Schabo, and with me is Michael Williams. We are the Attorney Examiners assigned by the Commission to hear this case. We'll begin today with appearances of counsel. Again, because there are so many of us participating today, I will call out the parties' names and ask that the counsel then make their appearance.

Dayton Power and Light Company.

MR. SHARKEY: Yes, your Honor, Jeff Sharkey of the Faruki law firm on behalf of DP&L.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Mr. Sharkey, will you be the only one officially making an appearance this morning?

MR. SHARKEY: No, your Honor. I assumed the others will, but Jeff Ireland and Chris Hollon, both of the Faruki firm, will be representing The Dayton Power and Light Company; and then Mike Schuler, Regulatory Counsel at DP&L, is also representing DP&L in this matter.

1 EXAMINER SCHABO: Okay. Thank you. 2 On behalf of Staff of the Public 3 Utilities Commission. MR. BEELER: Thank you, your Honor. 4 5 behalf of the Staff, Ohio Attorney General Dave Yost, 6 Steven Beeler, Robert Eubanks, and Thomas Lindgren, 7 Assistant Attorney Generals. 8 EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you. 9 MR. BEELER: Thank you. 10 EXAMINER SCHABO: On behalf of Armada 11 Power. 12 MR. ROMIG: Good morning, your Honors. 13 Drew Romig on behalf of Armada Power. 14 EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you. 15 On behalf of Chargepoint, Inc. On behalf 16 of Chargepoint, Inc. Ms. Herrnstein, you were here 17 earlier today. Are you still here? We will come 18 back to that. 19 On behalf of the City of Dayton and Honda 20 Manufacturing of Ohio. 2.1 MR. LESSER: Thank you, your Honors. 22 Steven Lesser and I believe later on this week Trevor 23 Alexander, Benesch, Friedlander, Coplan & Aronoff, 41 24 South High Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215. 25 EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you.

On behalf of Direct Energy.

2 MR. FIKES: Good morning, your Honor.

3 This is Lucas Fikes on behalf of Direct Energy and

Mark Whitt may also be appearing later in the week.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you.

ELPC.

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MR. VIJAYKAR: Good morning, your Honor, Nikhil Vijaykar, that's N-I-K-H-I-L V-I-J-A-Y-K-A-R, on behalf of the Environmental Law & Policy Center. Also entering an appearance is Caroline Cox, also on behalf of the ELPC.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you.

IEU-Ohio.

MR. LONG: Good morning, your Honor, Todd Long and Matthew Pritchard on behalf of IEU-Ohio. We are with the McNees, Wallace & Nurick firm, 21 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you.

IGS.

MS. ALLEN: Good morning, your Honors.

On behalf of Interstate Gas Supply, Bethany Allen and

also joining me throughout the week will be Evan

23 Betterton, Joseph Oliker, Michael Nugent, and Frank

24 Darr.

25 EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you.

1 I am going to go back to Chargepoint. 2 MS. HERRNSTEIN: Apologies. This is Kara 3 Herrnstein on behalf of Chargepoint and I will be joined later in the week by Dylan Borchers. 4 5 EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you. All right. 6 And appearance of counsel for Kroger, 7 please. 8 MS. WHITFIELD: Good morning, your Honor. 9 This is Angie Whitfield from the law firm of 10 Carpenter Lipps & Leland, 280 North High Street, 11 Suite 1300, Columbus, Ohio 43215. Thank you. 12 EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you. 13 On behalf of Mission:data. 14 MS. FLEISHER: Good morning, your Honor. 15 This is Madeline Fleisher and also entering an 16 appearance for Christine Pirik, both of Dickinson 17 Wright, 150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400, Columbus, 18 Ohio 43215. 19 EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you. 20 NRDC. 2.1 MR. DOVE: Good morning, your Honor. This is Robert Dove with the law firm Kegler, Brown, 22 23 Hill & Ritter, 65 East State Street, Suite 1800, 24 Columbus, Ohio 43215. 25 EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you.

1 Ohio Consumers' Counsel. 2 MR. HEALEY: Good morning. On behalf of 3 the Ohio Consumers' Counsel, Christopher Healey, Angela O'Brien, Ambrosia Wilson, Amy 4 5 Botschner-O'Brien, and William Michael. Thank you. 6 EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you. 7 OEC. 8 MS. LEPPLA: Good morning, your Honor. 9 This is Miranda Leppla on behalf of the Ohio 10 Environmental Council, and my co-counsel Chris 11 Tavenor will also be joining us this week. 12 EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you. 13 OEG. 14 MS. COHN: Good morning, your Honors. 15 This is Jodi Cohn with OEG, and I may be joined this week by my co-counsel Kurt Boehm and Mike Kurtz. 16 17 EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you. 18 OHA. 19 MR. PARRAM: Good morning, your Honor. 20 On behalf of the Ohio Hospital Association, Devin 2.1 Parram and Dane Stinson from the law firm of Bricker 22 and Eckler, 100 South Third Street, Columbus, Ohio 23 43215. 24 OMAEG. EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you.

MS. BOJKO: Thank you, your Honor. On

behalf of the Ohio Manufacturers' Associates Energy Group, this is Kimberly W. Bojko, Jon Wygonski with the law firm of Carpenter Lipps & Leland, 280 North High Street, Suite 1300, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you.

For OPAE.

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MR. RINEBOLT: Thank you, your Honor. On behalf of Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy, David C. Rinebolt, Post Office Box 1793, Findlay, Ohio 45839.

11 EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you.

On behalf of the Sierra Club.

MR. HALSO: Good morning, your Honor.

Joe Halso on behalf of the Sierra Club. Thank you.

EXAMINER SCHABO: For the Smart

16 Thermostat Coalition.

MS. FLEISHER: Your Honor, Madeline
Fleisher again. Also entering an appearance for
Christine Pirik and William Vorys on behalf of Smart
Thermostat.

21 EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you.

University of Dayton.

MS. CHMIEL: Good morning, your Honor.

This is Stephanie Chmiel, Thompson Hine, on behalf of

25 the University of Dayton, 41 South High Street, Suite

1700.

2.1

EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you.

Let's see here, before we go to ruling on some pending motions, I would like to take a moment to note that due to the COVID-19 emergency that remains in effect pursuant to Executive Order 2020-01D issued by Governor DeWine in March 2020 and consistent with Am. Sub. HB197 replaced by the HB404, this hearing is being held by Webex which enables parties to participate by video conference and for members of the public to access the hearing by telephone or video over the internet.

As I said, before we get to ruling on some motions, I would like to make some preliminary remarks for the record. First, if counsel or witnesses experience technical difficulties during the hearing, please immediately contact me and Judge Williams by phone or by e-mail or contact the event host by calling (614) 466-6843 or by the Webex chat function. Please be aware that the chats are recorded, are not private, are not part of the official record in the case.

For those of you who may be watching or listening as an attendee, including witnesses who are waiting to testify, while you are observing your

microphones will be muted, and your videos are turned off.

2.1

In most respects this virtual hearing will proceed in much the same fashion as an in-person hearing before the Commission. However, due to the remote nature of the hearing, there are some new basic ground rules. To avoid unnecessary background noise, please keep your microphones on mute unless you are speaking or will need to be able to interject quickly such as when raising objections during cross-examination.

Counsel should leave their cameras on at all times except when taking a break or stepping away from the hearing when co-counsel is taking the lead. Remember to turn your camera back on when you do return.

Please be mindful of the court reporter.

Please speak clearly, at a reasonable pace so that she can accurately transcribe the record. Please do your best to avoid speaking over each other by taking corrective steps like intentionally allowing for a pause at the end of questions, generally slowing down in order to allow for connectivity lags and objections. I promise we will all get better at this as the week progresses.

During testimony witnesses should only have access to those documents they would have if they were physically sitting in the witness stand such as exhibits previously identified and exchanged by counsel. There should be no attempts to communicate through any means with anyone privately during their testimony.

2.1

Exhibits ultimately admitted into the record that were not previously docketed should be e-mailed by the next day to the court reporter at KSpencer, S-P-E-N-C-E-R @aand, A-N-D-O.com.

Do counsel have any questions about these comments?

MR. SHARKEY: Just one, your Honor. I know that DP&L Witness Malinak has backup binders with him. I just want to make sure him having those backup binders sort of materials that I think he would ordinarily take to the stand if he went to the stand is acceptable.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Yes. If he would have it on the witness stand physically in Hearing Room 11A, he may have it with him now.

MR. SHARKEY: Thank you.

EXAMINER SCHABO: You're welcome. All right. I am going to move on to three pending

motions that require a ruling. First, on March 29, 2019, Attorney Jason Halso filed a motion to appear pro hac vice on behalf of the Sierra Club. Attorney Halso's motion comports with the requirements set forth in Government Bar Rule VII Section 2(A)(7) and is hereby granted.

2.1

Also on November 19, 2020, there was a motion of The Dayton Power & Light Company for a protective order relating to the confidential information cited in the direct testimony of Matthew Kahal. This motion is fully briefed with Ohio Consumers' Counsel having filed a memoranda contra on December 4, 2020, and DP&L having filed a reply on December 11, 2020.

The motion for a protective order is granted. We find that the Company has carried its burden of demonstrating that the confidential information, business information and plans, financial information at issue falls under the protective umbrella of trade secrets to RC 1333.61(D).

The confidential information derives independent economic value for not being generally known and not being generally -- not being readily ascertainable by proper means. For example, if

disclosed, it would interfere with the Company's ability to attract capital on favorable terms and to -- and to negotiate the most favorable terms to benefit ratepayers. It would also expose the Company to increased litigation risks and decreased share values.

2.1

DP&L has made reasonable efforts to maintain its secrecy. The affidavit of Karen Nyhus, N-Y-H-U-S, submitted with the motion provides factual support for these findings and for the six factor test set forth by the Supreme Court of Ohio in The Plain Dealer case.

While some of the information is hypothetical or projected, if disclosed the information could lead in conjunction with other publicly available information to ascertain numbers and plans that are unquestionably trade secret materials. Thus, the information remains protected.

Given the facts of this case, we do not find that the confidential -- confidential information is stale nor do we find that OCC waived its ability to challenge the Company's designation of the information as confidential.

For the motion to strike filed by OCC on January 4, I will turn the lead over to Judge

Williams.

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Schabo. In considering OCC's motion of January 4, 2021, to strike additional testimony filed on behalf of DP&L, the Attorney Examiner rules that the motion is granted in part. The Attorney Examiner notes that OCC raised three arguments, that the testimony as filed was outside the scope of the Attorney Examiner entry of December 4, that the DMR exclusion arguments are precluded based on the doctrine of res judicata, and that if DP&L's testimony is considered as part of this case, that OCC is entitled to rebuttal testimony.

We discussed this matter briefly off the record at the prehearing conference on January -- on January 5. We at that time advised that there was an accelerated time for consideration of the memo in opposition, and DP&L did take advantage of that timeline filing opposition on January 7. We also encouraged OCC to prepare rebuttal testimony with anticipation of the ruling that might be given in this case.

At this time, as I indicated, the matter is considered fully briefed, and the Attorney

Examiner will grant OCC's motion only in regard to

the ability for OCC to provide rebuttal testimony.

In making this determination, the Attorney Examiner rejects and denies OCC's request to completely strike the testimony of Witness Garavaglia as well as the supplemental testimony of Witness Malinak. The testimony was filed consistent with the Attorney Examiner's entry of December 4 and does address how the SEET should be conducted -- the SEET test should be conducted as part of this proceeding.

2.1

Moreover, we find that the FirstEnergy

SEET case as issued by the Supreme Court on

December 1 does not support the conclusion that all

DMR inclusion/exclusion determinations are determined

as a matter of res judicata for SEET determination

purposes.

Further, we find that the FirstEnergy
SEET case does not determine the manner in which SEET
calculations must be applied as in regards to DP&L's
case. We would note that the court did not conclude
that the FirstEnergy SEET case was failed. Instead
the court remanded that case back to the Commission
and instructed the Commission to determine the proper
threshold for measuring whether FirstEnergy had
significantly excessive earnings and whether any
adjustments under 4928.143(F) are appropriate and to

consider any other determinations that are necessary to resolve this matter.

2.1

In that regard, the Commission remains charged with determining whether any adjustment -- adjustments for capital structure might be applicable in regards to DP&L's pending case. The Commission is also charged with issuing -- in determining issues of comparable risk. And, finally, the Commission is charged with considering whether there are any extraordinary items that must be considered in applying the SEET case in regards to DP&L.

On those bases the Attorney Examiners find that the additional supplemental testimony will be considered as part of this proceeding, and we continue to maintain and encourage OCC to consider filing rebuttal testimony.

Attorney Healey, to put you on the spot,
I know we discussed informally that testimony being
filed by end of business today. Is OCC able to
comply with that directive?

MR. HEALEY: Yes, your Honor.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you. Then we will expect that to be filed by the end of today's business.

Anything else in regard to that

25 determination of ruling on the record? 1 2 MR. HEALEY: Yes, your Honor, on both. 3 Just so I can confirm, your rulings today at the hearing are going to be the final rulings on those; 4 5 there will not be a forthcoming written entry as 6 well? 7 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: That is correct. 8 EXAMINER SCHABO: Correct. 9 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Any other items 10 relative to the motion to strike? Any other 11 preliminary items before we begin with testimony? 12 Okay. Seeing no hands feverishly being 13 waved then, Attorney Sharkey, we will invite you to 14 call your first witness. 15 MR. SHARKEY: Yes, your Honor. 16 Dayton Power and Light Company would call Jeff 17 Malinak. 18 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Judge Schabo, I will 19 turn it back over to you. 20 EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you. 2.1 MR. SCHMIDT: Mr. Malinak, you've been 22 promoted to the role of panelist. Please enable your audio and video. 23 24 MR. MALINAK: I believe I have done that.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you. We will

begin by swearing you in. Will you raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you. If you would state your name and business address for the record.

THE WITNESS: My name is Robert Jeffrey Malinak with Analysis Group. My business address is 800 17th Street Northwest, Washington, D.C., Suite 400, 20006.

11 EXAMINER SCHABO: Mr. Sharkey.

MR. SHARKEY: Thank you, your Honor.

13

14 ROBERT JEFFREY MALINAK

being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was examined and testified as follows:

17 DIRECT EXAMINATION

18 By Mr. Sharkey:

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Q. Mr. Malinak, do you have before you the testimony that was filed on April 1, 2020, in Case No. 20-680-EL-UNC captioned "Direct Testimony of R. Jeffrey Malinak"?

A. Yes, I do.

Q. Okay. As of the date of that testimony, was all of the information contained within it true?

A. Yes.

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- Q. If I asked you the same questions, would you give me the same answers?
 - A. Yes.

MR. SHARKEY: Your Honors, we would designate the confidential version of that testimony to be DP&L Exhibit 1A and the public version of that testimony to be DP&L Exhibit 1B.

EXAMINER SCHABO: So marked.

(EXHIBITS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MR. SHARKEY: And we would move for admission of that testimony.

EXAMINER SCHABO: We will rule on that after Mr. Malinak's been questioned.

MR. SHARKEY: Thank you, your Honor.

- Q. (By Mr. Sharkey) Mr. Malinak, do you also have before you the December 2020 testimony filed in Case Nos. 20-1041-EL-UNC and Case No. 19-1121-EL-UNC captioned "Supplemental Direct Testimony of R.

Jeffrey Malinak"?

Α.

T do.

- Q. As of the date of that testimony, is all of the information contained within it true?
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. If I asked you the same questions, would

you give me the same answers?

A. I would.

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MR. SHARKEY: Your Honor, we would designate that piece of testimony to be DP&L Exhibit 2.

EXAMINER SCHABO: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

Q. (By Mr. Sharkey) And then, Mr. Malinak, do you also have before you the December 23, 2020, schedules that were filed in Case Nos. 19-1121-EL-UNC and 20-1041-EL-UNC?

A. I do.

MR. SHARKEY: And, your Honor, we would designate those schedules to be DP&L Exhibit 3.

EXAMINER SCHABO: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MR. SHARKEY: And before I conclude, your Honor, we would also designate the Stipulation and Recommendation filed in the consolidated cases, I won't read all of the numbers off, but we would designate that Stipulation to be Stipulating Parties Exhibit 1, and we'll hold off for motion to admit that testimony until after Ms. Schroder testifies.

I do believe I neglected to move for the admission of DP&L Exhibits 2 and 3, but I will make

1 that motion now.

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EXAMINER SCHABO: Again, we will wait for a ruling on the admission after questioning. And we will mark as Stipulating Parties Exhibit 1 the Joint Stipulation filed in the six cases on October 23, 2020.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MR. SHARKEY: Thank you, your Honor. I have no further questions for Mr. Malinak. He is available for cross-examination.

examiner SCHABO: I will first briefly open the floor for -- well, let me say it this way, I know that the Ohio Consumers' Counsel has cross-examination for this witness. If any other counsel has cross-examination for this witness, please -- please let me know by unmuting your microphone and speaking now.

Hearing none, Mr. Healey --

MR. HEALEY: Thank you, your Honor.

EXAMINER SCHABO: -- would you like to

cross?

MR. HEALEY: Yes, thank you.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

2 By Mr. Healey:

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- Q. Mr. Malinak, you believe that a company's credit ratings can be used as a measure of its financial integrity, correct?
- A. I would say that credit ratings are one indicator of its -- of its financial integrity and condition generally.
- Q. And you would agree that when a company's credit ratings improve, you would say that, all else equal, its financial integrity has improved, correct?
- A. I think, yeah, holding all else equal, a higher credit rating means, you know, lower risk and -- and, you know, more financial wherewithal for sure.
- Q. And if the PUCO were to terminate the rate stabilization charge, or RSC, you believe that would negatively impact DP&L's credit ratings, correct?
- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. And so you would also then agree that if the RSC continues, that's good for DP&L's financial integrity, correct?
- A. I would say that it is -- if the RSC continues versus not continuing, their -- their

financial integrity will be improved, yes.

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- Q. And so one of the reasons that you think that the RSC should continue is so that DP&L can maintain investment grade credit ratings, correct?
- A. Well, I mean, there's several reasons for the RSC that are spelled out in my testimony. One of them is -- is compensation for POLR risk and the costs of being provider of last report, both the risk and the actual cost. And then also RSC is -- is also -- does provide additional financial resources that -- that will help DP&L to be able to do its capital investment plan and also do grid modernization which enhances reliability and safety for its customers. So there are certain multiple things that the RSC serves.
- Q. Right. My point is one of those things, among others, is to assist DP&L in maintaining investment grade credit ratings, correct?
- A. Or -- or just below. I mean, think S&P has them just below, but they are sort of on the edge. But one of the reasons is for -- one of the -- one of the effects of the RSC is to keep their credit rating from falling.
- Q. So is it your opinion then that whenever an Ohio company's credit ratings are falling or at

risk of falling, the government should give them money to help maintain or improve their credit ratings?

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A. No. It would depend on the situation that each utility found itself in. I think that if a utility in Ohio's credit ratings are starting to fall below investment grade, I think it's beneficial to customers, you know, for rates to include an increase that would -- would help the utility to maintain that credit rating and that follows from, you know, the regulatory model in which the -- if it works properly, the goal is to -- you know, for the company to recover its cost of capital, and so for customers if -- if the Company is in a position where it -- and usually that means an investment grade credit rating. Or not just usually. That's pretty typical. Then that's where the cost of capital is minimized and that's where customers are going to be best off.

So -- so in answer to your question, I think there is an argument, a good one, for in most -- in many cases for the rates to include a charge that would keep a company from falling into financial distress.

Q. What about nonutilities, other companies that have credit ratings that are falling or at risk

of falling? Should the government give them money to maintain their credit ratings as well?

A. Of course not because they are not regulated. They are not part -- it's not the regulatory compact with unregulated companies.

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- Q. Okay. So any regulated company would be potentially eligible for a financial integrity charge, but nonregulated companies would not; is that correct?
- A. Yeah. Just to be clear, the RSC is -you know, serves multiple purposes as I discussed
 earlier. You used the term financial integrity
 charge, but if a company is subject to rate of return
 regulation and also regulation regarding what amounts
 go into rate base and so forth, then they are part of
 that regulatory compact, and it behoove regulators
 to -- in my opinion to, you know, assess whether its
 reasonable to include in rates a charge that will
 ultimately benefit the customer -- customers.
- Q. If that's the case, then why -- why do we bother with cost of service regulation? Why don't we just say here is the amount every utility company needs for adequate credit ratings and have that be the sole metric?
 - A. Well, because there has to be prudency

review of investment to see -- to be sure that it did make sense to go into rate base and there also has to be rate of return regulation. As I said earlier, if the regulatory model works properly, then the company will earn in the long run no more than its cost of capital and that's beneficial to customers.

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If you -- if you have a financially strong utility with a sort of minimized cost of capital, that's just a straight passthrough. Then that -- that's what will ultimately benefit the customers the most. The inventors will just earn their rate of return commensurate with the risk they're taking. So, of course, there has to be regulation of both level of investment and the rate of return.

- Q. You mentioned prudence. What if it is a utility's imprudent decisions that are driving the concern about credit ratings? Would it be the PUCO's job in that instance to make up for those imprudent decisions and provide them with a charge that helps improve their credit ratings?
- A. Well, I am having a little bit of a problem with the hypothetical because the Company is subject to prudency review in sort of real time where it makes sense. So I am having a little bit of

trouble understanding, you know, how I think -- I guess in hindsight it would be possible to decide that a decision was imprudent, but I object to that generally because decisions are made in real time based on what's known and knowable at the time of the decisions so. So I guess I am having a problem with the hypothetical in a regulated setting.

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- Q. Sure. Are you saying that there's no conceivable way that a utility could make an imprudent decision and the result of that decision would be to have a negative impact on its credit ratings?
- A. What I am saying is that the utility -you could find out. People can decide ex-post
 something was imprudent, but at the time of the
 decision, which is when prudency reviews should be
 evaluated, I'm saying that regulators would have
 looked at that decision, and so it would have been
 a -- an Opinion and Order or a decision at the time
 for the regulators and the company both agreed that
 based on what they knew at the time, that the
 decision was prudent.
- Q. Are you suggesting that PUCO reviews all of DP&L's decisions regarding prudency in real time?
 - A. You know, I am not familiar with, you

know, all of the decisions. I mean, certainly day-to-day decisions about, you know, O&M and if there is an emergency and that kind of thing, not everything can be reviewed, but major decisions I think would -- I would be surprised if they weren't subject to regulatory scrutiny.

- Q. Are you familiar with the used and useful standard?
 - A. I am generally, yes.

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- Q. And can you tell me what you understand that to be?
- A. Yeah. It's -- you know, you want -- you would like generally in a regulatory setting for -- for customers to only pay for assets that are deemed to be, you know, used and useful, you know, determined at the time the investment is -- is -- that the investment decision is being made. So that's -- that's -- you don't have -- you don't have assets that are effectively invested in and then not -- you know, not used, you know, and so they -- customers end up paying for assets that are not used and useful.
- Q. Do you understand the concept of a date certain in a base rate case?
 - A. I mean, if -- I have heard different

terms used like test years and that kind of thing; but if it's what I think it is, it would be, you know, you need to have a -- a date by which you set up -- you have a test year or something that you set -- that you use to base rates on. You may be referring to something different.

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- Q. Well, the term used -- the term date certain is a term of art in Ohio, so is your testimony that you are not sure what it means in Ohio?
- 11 A. I don't remember that term specifically for Ohio.
 - Q. And do you know whether a date certain and a test year are the same or different?
 - A. I don't as I sit here.
 - Q. Mr. Malinak, I understand from a representation from your counsel, I don't remember if it was on the record or off, that you have some binders with you today for purposes of your testimony; is that correct?
 - A. I do. I have several massive binders.
 - Q. And do those binders contain anything that was not either attached to your testimony or filed on the docket in this case?
- 25 A. Yeah. They have -- they have all the

documents that are -- that are referenced in my testimony so like they are organized by footnote so it's -- it's expensive if they were attached, but I didn't -- they are just footnotes in my testimony, but the documents are here.

- Q. Anything else other than documents that you referenced in footnotes in your testimony?
- A. Yeah. I mean, I have some copies of Mr. Kahal's testimony, Mr. Garavaglia's testimony, Mr. Buckley's testimony, just clean copies of those things. I also have a copy of my testimony from 2017 so that is -- and then I have those exhibits that we talked about earlier, my testimony of these matters.
 - Q. Thank you.

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MR. HEALEY: Your Honor, I would ask just as a courtesy since we are remote that if the witness decides to rely on any of those documents in responding to any of my questions, he identify which documents he is looking at since I won't be able to tell since we are not in the room; is that acceptable?

EXAMINER SCHABO: Very much so.

Mr. Malinak, if you are referencing any of the documents in your binder in answering a question, it would be appropriate for you to let

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everyone know that.

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THE WITNESS: I will do so, your Honor.

- Q. (By Mr. Healey) Thank you. Are you testifying as an expert witness today?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And you are not an attorney, correct?
- A. That is correct.
 - Q. And you've never been an attorney; is that correct?
- 10 A. That is also correct.
- Q. So it's accurate to say you are not rendering any legal opinions in these cases through your testimony, correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- Q. And you are not testifying in support of the stipulation, correct?
- 17 A. Yes, that's -- that's correct.
- Q. And you are aware that a Stipulation has been filed however, correct?
- 20 A. I am.
- Q. And did you review that Stipulation before filing your testimony?
- A. I did not.
- Q. Have you reviewed it at all?
- 25 A. I have not.

- Q. So not having reviewed this, you would have no opinion on whether it passes the PUCO's three-part test for settlements, correct?
- A. You know, I've seen reference to the three-part settlement, but I don't remember the components of it, but to the extent that -- yeah, I quess that's -- the answer to your question is yes.
- Q. And you filed two pieces of testimony in these cases, correct?
- A. Yes, the ones that we are here for today, yes.
 - Q. Right. And the April 2020 testimony which has been marked Exhibits 1A and 1B, that was filed back in April of this year; is that right?
 - A. Yes, it was.
 - Q. Sorry. April of last year, I apologize.
 - A. Yes, April 2020.

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- Q. And you are aware that one of the questions in that Case No. 20-680 is whether DP&L's ESP I, Electric Security Plan I, continues to be more favorable in the aggregate than a Market Rate Offer, correct?
- A. Yes, that's -- that was one of the topics of my testimony.
- Q. And if I refer to that as the MFA test,

you will understand I am referring to the more favorable in the aggregate test in that case, correct?

- A. Yes, yes.
- Q. And, likewise, another issue in that case that you address is whether DP&L is expected to have significantly excessive earnings as a result of continuing ESP I, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And we sometimes refer to that as the prospective SEET, S-E-E-T, test; is that right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You -- you also filed testimony more recently in December 2020, correct?
- 15 A. Yes.

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- Q. And in that testimony, you address your opinion as to whether DP&L had significantly excessive earnings in 2018 and 2019, correct?
- A. Yes, as the exercise is defined and covered by -- by this SEET statute and then by other Commission guidance.
- Q. And if I refer to those cases as the retrospective SEET cases, you'll know I am referring to Case 19-1121 and 10-1041, correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

Q. Are you aware that this case also involves a proposal for grid modernization?

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- A. Yes. By this case I think you mean my
 April 2020 testimony which has -- my understanding is
 grid modernization is included in that, yes.
- Q. Are you aware that there is grid modernization included in the settlement in this case?
- A. I guess I'm generally aware of that. I mean, I haven't read the Stipulation as we talked about before but that's my general understanding.
- Q. So to the extent the Stipulation makes recommendations on things that DP&L should or should not do with respect to grid modernization, you are not rendering any opinion on that, correct?
- A. I mean, not specifically. I mean, my testimony from April 2020 which had a grid mod plan in it, you know, has implications for grid modernization and the costs to develop it so, I mean, there is sort of an indirect nexus there.
- Q. You are not taking any position on -- well, let me take a step back.
- Are you aware of the something called the infrastructure replacement rider?
 - A. You know, I thought it was something like

Infrastructure Investment Rider but something called the IIR that I am aware of. But you just said Infrastructure Replacement Rider.

O. Yeah. I think --

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- A. I don't recall that specifically. It might be one of the riders that's in my testimony, but I don't recall that one specifically.
- Q. I apologize. I misspoke. I did mean Infrastructure Investment Rider. Are you familiar with the Infrastructure Investment Rider?
- A. I mean, I am -- I am familiar with it in its general, you know, provisions and nature.
- Q. But you don't know what recommendations are made in the Stipulation regarding the IIR, correct?
- A. Not specifically, no.
 - Q. And you are not taking any position on whether any grid modernization proposals in the Stipulation will be cost effective, correct?
 - A. Yes. Not in the Stipulation except to the extent that -- that, you know, in the past I've evaluated the grid modernization plans of DP&L, and I did quite a bit of research on the value of grid modernization. And it -- there are a lot of benefits provided by it, but other than that, what's in the

- Stipulation, I don't -- I haven't done a cost effectiveness analysis of that.
- Q. Have you reviewed DP&L Witness Schroder's testimony in support of the Stipulation?
 - A. Not that I recall.
- Q. And so not having recalled reviewing it, you wouldn't be in a position to support or refute anything she says in her testimony, correct?
- A. Not as I sit here today. The only reason I say not that I recall is I have got these huge binders. There's a possibility it's in there. I don't think it is but. Yeah. I don't recall seeing that.
- Q. You've testified at least written testimony or upon cross-examination before the PUCO previously, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And in each of those cases it was on behalf of DP&L?
- 20 A. Yes.

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- Q. So you've not testified or filed written testimony in Ohio for any party other than DP&L, correct?
- A. I personally have not. It's possible that in my prior life I had a matter or two in Ohio

but that would be it.

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- Q. Can you explain to me what you mean by "prior life"?
- A. Well, I spent the first -- a large portion of my career at a firm called Putnam, Hayes & Bartlett. They did a lot of energy and environmental work, and so I was involved in rate cases, valuing power plants and coal contracts, and I think in almost every state in the union at one time or another. And so I didn't want to rule out that possibility that I supported an expert, not me personally but another expert in Ohio.
- Q. Understood. Thank you. I would like to focus for the time being on your April 2020 testimony in case 2680. And I will -- I will let you know if it looks like we are going to get into anything confidential so you can use your public version for now if you prefer, or you can just take care not to reveal any confidential information.
 - A. All I have is the confidential.
- Q. That's fine. Then I leave it to you to not reveal confidential information. In your April 2020 testimony, you provided some financial projections for a four-year period from 2020 to 2023, correct?

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A. Yes.

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- Q. And during that period, you projected about \$314 million in payments to DP&L under the RSC, correct?
- A. I think that number sounds right, approximately. I just wanted to look for -- it's probably in here somewhere. I'll take your representation for now.
- Q. Sure. I can give you a page reference if you want to check for yourself.
- A. Okay.
- 12 Q. It's on page --
 - A. Yeah, I got. It's 12.
 - Q. Okay. Very good. And --
 - EXAMINER SCHABO: Sorry, Mr. Healey. If you could still give us a page number, that would be tremendously helpful.
- MR. HEALEY: Sure. I believe the witness said it was on page 12.
 - A. That's one place it is. It's probably in multiple places but if you look at line 14.
- Q. Sorry. Go ahead. I was just going to
 say I think maybe the better reference is on page 57
 where there is a table showing the year-by-year
 amounts, Table 5.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you.

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- Q. And I believe you say elsewhere that -- and this is just the math, it's about 79 million a year, correct?
- A. Yeah. It ranges from 77 to about 79.7, averaging around 79, yeah.
- Q. And I think we discussed this a little bit before, but your testimony from April is that, along with other things, the \$79 million in annual RSC payments will allow DP&L to maintain stable investment grade credit ratings, correct?
- A. Now, this is a question for the group, I guess, is that, you know, a lot of the specific credit rating information, my projected credit rating information, is boxed in, you know, red boxes; so am I allowed to answer this question?
- Q. I am not asking -- I am not asking to reveal any specific credit ratings. I just want a quantitative assessment whether you think that the RSC will support DP&L's maintenance of stable investment grade credit ratings.
- MR. SHARKEY: I have no objection to him answering that question, your Honor.
- EXAMINER SCHABO: I'm sorry. What was your objection, Mr. Sharkey?

MR. SHARKEY: No. I was noting DP&L has no objection to him answering that question even though it does touch on some information that's designated confidential as long as he doesn't reveal specific credit ratings that he projects.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Okay. Thank you.

- A. Okay. So, yeah, DP&L, you know, I do project that they will maintain investment grade ratings if they are allowed an RSC at the 79 million.
 - Q. Did you assess --

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- A. Sorry, at the 79 million.
- Q. Did you assess whether DP&L would be able to maintain investor grade credit ratings with an RSC any lower than 79 million per year?
- A. I also made an assessment when -- or under the assumption that the RSC is 0.
- Q. And what did you conclude with the RSC was zero?
- A. Well, I want to just check my actual results. The financial condition and integrity of DP&L, you know, would decline materially and what I was checking for is to see what the debt ratings fall to. Although I guess I can't say what they would fall to, right?
- MR. SHARKEY: DP&L has no objection to

him describing generally whether they fall above or below investor grade credit ratings but would ask for any specific credit ratings to be discussed in the confidential record.

A. So, you know --

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EXAMINER SCHABO: Mr. Malinak, sorry. If you could do me a favor and bring your binder so that you are facing your microphone. When you testify, it makes it much easier to hear you.

THE WITNESS: Okay. I'm sorry.

EXAMINER SCHABO: That's okay.

THE WITNESS: We set this up as best we can for virtual testimony. We have to kind of spread, spread things out.

EXAMINER SCHABO: I understand.

- A. Okay. So, yeah. So I -- based on -- based on my analysis without the RSC, they would -- DP&L would fall to one notch below investment grade.
 - O. And --
 - A. I hope that wasn't too specific.
- Q. My next question then is did you assess the potential for DP&L's credit ratings with any RSC amount other than 0 and 79 million?
 - A. I did not.
 - Q. So, for example, if for some reason the

RSC were 70 million instead, you didn't do any assessment of how DP&L's credit ratings would fair, correct?

- A. Yeah, not specifically. I mean, you know, the 79 million leaves them right at what one might call the ragged edge, or someone at one point called a ragged edge of investment grade. So in a sense it's kind of a minimum number for the RSC so really didn't -- I wasn't asked to do one below 79 but there is -- also it doesn't make sense for me to do one.
- Q. Just to confirm, you, in fact, did not do any assessment of a lower RSC other than zero, correct?
 - A. That's correct.

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- Q. Now, you've testified that if DP&L were to file a request for a Market Rate Offer instead, you believe that the PUCO would approve a financial integrity charge that is greater than the 79 million per year, correct?
- A. Well, I don't -- I don't think of it exactly that way but that -- I made an assessment that that is a reasonable assumption to make that the -- that -- and it's based on the fact I wanted to make the cash flows in that scenario the same, cash

inflows from outside the same -- or from, you know, the RSC and that and also from other sources to be the same between the two scenarios. And so it would make sense it would be reasonable for the PUCO to approve FIC of that -- at that level. But, of course, that is the analytic assumption that's designed to help me make my more favorable in the aggregation analysis.

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- Q. So you're not trying -- you're not trying to predict what the PUCO would actually do in an MRO case, correct?
- A. Yeah. I mean, I think that's a decent way to put it because, you know, they could approve one a little lower, a little le -- a little higher, a little less. I would recommend, you know, if I were retained, you know, I would recommend that they put in an FIC [REDACTED] or even higher at [REDACTED] as I testified and put elsewhere in my testimony. But you never know exactly what they are going -- what they would decide. I think it would be reasonable, reasonable -- it's a reasonable assumption for quantifying the different scenarios for what a more favorable in the aggregate would be.

MR. SHARKEY: Your Honor, I think
Mr. Malinak just inadvertently disclosed some

confidential information regarding the amount of the FIC under an MRO. I would move that information be included in the confidential transcript and struck -- stricken from the transcript here on the public record.

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MR. HEALEY: Your Honor, I would oppose that request. It's Mr. Sharkey and Mr. Malinak's obligation to determine what they should and should not say at the hearing. And Mr. Malinak by revealing that information currently in a public hearing to individuals who have not signed a protective agreement with DP&L, we can't just erase that and pretend it didn't happen. There are people now who know that information. There are members of the public. There are public participants to this proceeding who clearly have not been privy to confidential information. And I think he's, therefore, waived just those two pieces of information, the two numbers he just stated, and I certainly would not claim that he waived all his calculations to arrive at those numbers but honestly that's -- that's on him.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Let's call this a learning experience. We will take that out of the public transcript. I ask Mr. Malinak to not reveal

that again but this is your warning. If another piece of confidential information is inadvertently disclosed, I will be more inclined to leave it in the public record.

THE WITNESS: I apologize, your Honor.

- Q. (By Mr. Healey) Mr. Malinak, you are aware that the Distribution Modernization Rider for DP&L was approved in the amount of 105 million per year, correct?
 - A. Yes.

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MR. HEALEY: I would ask DP&L's counsel at this time whether we can say that the range of the FIC is higher or lower than the DMR without revealing those numbers on the public record?

MR. SHARKEY: Yes, you can.

Q. (By Mr. Healey) Mr. Malinak, you understand that your hypothetical range for the financial integrity charge in the MRO is greater than the \$105 million DMR, correct?

THE WITNESS: I'm sorry. Am I allowed to say that, answer that question? Because this relates to what we were just talking about, right?

MR. SHARKEY: DP&L has no objection, your Honor, to Mr. Malinak answering whether his projected FIC amounts are greater or less than the

\$105 million.

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2 EXAMINER SCHABO: Is that -- do you

3 understand, Mr. Malinak?

THE WITNESS: Oh, I was -- I was waiting for someone to say I can answer.

- A. Yes, yes. I project higher than -- the FICs are higher than 105 million.
- Q. So I guess my -- my follow-up to that is if -- if you think and would recommend that the PUCO approve a financial integrity charge in an MRO case that's greater than even the \$105 million DMR, why haven't we seen DP&L file an MRO case so it can start getting this very large financial integrity charge?

MR. SHARKEY: Objection, your Honor.

Mr. Malinak can't speak to DP&L's strategy or why he would or would not be filing those cases.

EXAMINER SCHABO: The objection is sustained. Mr. Malinak has testified that he is not providing legal opinions.

- Q. (By Mr. Healey) Let's move now to your December 23 testimony in the retrospective SEET cases, please.
- A. Okay.
- Q. Now, generally speaking you and DP&L

 Witness Garavaglia have created five different

- scenarios for the SEET for each of 2018 and 2019, correct?
 - A. We analyze five scenarios, that's correct.
 - Q. Can you turn to page 47 of your December 2020 testimony, please.
 - A. Yes, I am there.

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- Q. And on page 47 that's where you start describing the five scenarios, correct?
- A. Yeah, in the body of the testimony. I think I also described them in my summary, of my executive summary at the front.
- Q. Sure. And since there are 5 for each of 2018 and 2019, there are 10 in total, correct?
 - A. There are -- there are, you know, 10 different ROE calculations and, you know, for -- one for each scenario and one for each year, and then I also have threshold calculations that go along with those.
 - Q. Sure. I just wanted to make sure I understand that the five scenarios for 2018 and the five for 2019, those are represented in the Schedules 1 through 10 that were filed separately, correct?
- A. Yeah. If you look at page 50, there is a Table 6 that summarizes the 10 different ROEs.

Q. Right. And in those schedules that were filed separately and marked as DP&L Exhibit 3, Nos. 1 through 5 are for 2018, correct?

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- A. Yes. I have got doubled-sided copies, so I am just trying to keep things sorted out but, yes, 2018 goes up through Schedule 5.
- Q. And I think, as you just said, for each of those Scenarios 1 through 5 for 2018, you calculated -- you and Mr. Garavaglia together calculated a different return on equity, correct?
- A. Yeah. The ROEs are different for each scenario because of the assumptions that go in.
- Q. Sure. Are you -- I don't know that this was clear from your testimony, are you asking the PUCO to adopt a specific one of these 1 through 5 for 2018?
- A. I have an opinion, you know, as an economic expert as to the approach that kind of makes the most sense from an economic or financial point of view if you are given the -- given the SEET statute and the -- and the initial guidance on the SEET and if I -- if you ask me which one kind of makes the most sense to me given, you know, economic sense, given those things, and my analysis and everything else in my testimony, I would say that I -- it would

be Scenario 1 would make the most economic sense, but I understand the Commission obviously has, you know, our -- other things that it has to consider, other, you know, factors, legal factors that, of course, as we established earlier, I am not a legal expert, so I can't offer an opinion on that. But economically the all adjustment scenario kind of makes sense given sort of the economics of the SEET.

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- Q. You are not testifying then that you think Scenario 1 is necessarily consistent with the Ohio law since you are not a lawyer, right?
- A. Yeah, I am not a lawyer, although what I can say is, you know, I can interpret the words in the statute and the guidance. They use economic words and they they use capital structure and they use finance. They use, you know, earnings, okay? And earnings has a very specific definition in economics and finance. They use accounting language too and I am a user of accounting information and so those are those the things that I can that I can offer an opinion about, and they do exist in in words in the statute and in the Commission guidance.
- Q. Did you review other Ohio statutes to determine whether your interpretation of those words

is consistent with other Ohio statutes?

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- A. Gosh, you know, I have looked at a number of Ohio statutes over the years, but I can't -- but I can't specific -- I did not look specifically in this matter at any other statutes in order to establish that because those words have, you know, definite meaning to -- to financial economists.
- Q. Sure. But you don't know whether the Ohio General Assembly used those words in the same way a financial economist would, correct?
- A. Yeah. That's something I can't offer an opinion on.
- Q. Right, because you are not -- you are not a part of the Ohio legislature and weren't involved in passing those laws, correct?
- A. Yeah, and I didn't review anything, any language where they -- you know, any of their writings or orders or opinions that might have addressed the topic.
- Q. I would like to ask a couple questions just generally to understand how a return on equity is calculated. Would you agree that for purposes of this case in its most basic form the return on equity is the earnings divided by the common equity?
 - A. That's -- that's hard for me to agree

with because return on equity, you know, has -- it has a very specific sort of definition in financial economics. The one you just described is a method that is often -- that is what -- one of the worst ways from a financial economic point just because of the -- of the year-to-year variations that can occur and also the fact that equity is an accounting number, okay? So what I am objecting to is just your use of the term would not agree that this is the most basic form. I actually would say the most basic form would -- would use the market value of equity, not the book value.

- Q. Okay. Maybe we can walk through one of your schedules to get on the same page. Can you turn to Schedule 1 that was marked as part of Exhibit No. 3.
 - A. I am looking at 1A.
- Q. You said 1A. I am not sure what you are referring to. I understand that there are schedules that were filed on the 23rd.
- A. Oh, I'm sorry. I'm sorry. You said the schedules. Okay.
- Q. Yes, yes, the schedules. And I would like to look at Schedule 1.
- 25 A. Yes. I am there.

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- Q. Okay. Now, on this Schedule 1 which -- I guess just foundational, at the top it says
 "Witnesses Responsible: Garavaglia and Malinak,"
 correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. So you are familiar with this schedule and participated in creating it, correct?
- A. I actually did not participate in correct -- in creating it, but I did review it.
- Q. Now, line 23 says "Return on Equity-Base with Adjustment," correct?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. And it shows a 0.7 percent, correct?
- 14 A. Yes, it does.
- Q. And that's -- that is your recommendation
 in Schedule 1, that if these adjustments were made,
 the ROE for purposes of the SEET would be
 0.7 percent, correct?
- 19 A. For 2018, I think, yes.
 - Q. Right. Now, next to that 0.7 percent, it says "Line 12 divided by line 22." Do you see that?
- A. Yeah. I think -- believe it or not I
 think is a typo, I think. I think it should say
 "line 11."
- Q. Right. That was my next question. So it

should be "Line 11 divided by line 22," correct?

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- A. Yes. I actually corrected that, believe it or not, when I was reviewing this.
 - Q. And so to arrive at that .07 percent, you took line 11, "Adjusted Earnings for Common," and then divided that by line 22, "Adjusted Common Equity," correct?
 - A. Yes, \$11.8 million divided 1.7 billion.
 - Q. Correct. So for purposes of this schedule, at least, we understand the calculation of return on equity to be adjusted earnings for common divided by adjusted common equity, correct?
- A. Yeah. This is -- this is calculations -- one way to calculate return on equity, yes.
- Q. And it's the -- it's the calculation of return on equity that you are sponsoring for purposes of this case, correct?
- A. It's one of them. I mean, I think I am sponsoring several scenarios but this is -- this is the first one.
- Q. Sure. And do any of those scenarios not involve taking adjusted earnings for common and dividing it by adjusted common equity?
- A. I mean, no. They all -- they all are the just different measures of those two -- that

numerator and that denominator.

- Q. Right. So these are not your questions.

 I am just understanding the math behind each of these schedules. It's the same in each one. Adjusted earnings for common is the numerator and adjusted common equity is the denominator, correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. So again, just pure math, any adjustment that you make to decrease the adjusted earnings for common would lower the ROE, correct?
- A. Assuming that that adjustment did not have a balance sheet implication because a lot of times like if you subtract out a -- or add back a writeoff, you have to also adjust the equity. So I couldn't answer that. It would depend on the type of adjustment that you are referring to.
- Q. Okay. Fair. Let's look at a specific one then. The Schedule 1, "Distribution Modernization Revenues," line 3, do you see that in the Schedule 1?
 - A. I do.
- Q. And there is a reduction to the earnings of about 82 -- 2.6 million, correct?
 - A. Right.
 - Q. Does that adjustment have a corresponding

adjustment to the common equity?

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- A. I think for purposes of this -- this calculation that -- that there was not an adjustment made for this -- for that particular subtraction because it has to do with the way the rules -- the way the SEET is calculated so, you know, all of these ROEs, by the way, are ROEs that are being calculated for SEET purposes. And so, you know, I don't think we made an explicit adjustment for that, and it was because of the way the SEET is calculated.
- Q. Now, you said for SEET purposes. These would not be used for tax purposes, correct?
- A. You know, I do a fair amount of tax work, and I don't know that I have ever been asked to calculate an ROE. You are usually calculating taxable income, so I can't answer that.
- Q. Okay. Now, we just discussed that removing the distribution modernization revenues from the adjusted earnings for common does not have any corresponding impact on the second part of the calculation, the adjusted common equity, correct?
 - A. That's my belief, yes.
- Q. And so, therefore, by lowering the adjusted earnings for common by removing the distribution modernization revenues, that has the

effect of lowering the ROE, correct?

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- A. Yes, it does, that particular adjustment. You will notice, by the way, that -- from this schedule that some of the other adjustments that you see did have an impact. The 9.7 million and 1.7 million, if you look down there, the 288,000, et cetera, those were all, you know, adjusted. They adjusted that.
- Q. Right. The adjustment we just discussed, the \$82.6 million reduction to earnings, DP&L had already made that adjustment when it filed the 2018 SEET case, correct?
- A. I have not actually -- maybe a long time I saw what they filed, but my understanding is they did remove the DMR, my general understanding. I don't remember reading the filing but that's my understanding.
- Q. So it's your testimony you did not read the application that DP&L filed in Case 19-1121?
- A. No. It's I can't remember having looked at it. I think I may have. It's been, you know, early on in the process.
- Q. Would that have been before you drafted your December 23, 2020, testimony?
- A. Yes. If I looked at it, it would have

been at that time, but I don't remember looking at it.

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- Q. So you don't remember looking at the application from 19-1121 in the December 2020 time frame when you were preparing your testimony.
 - A. I don't recall that, yes.
- Q. I guess I am curious, how are you able to file testimony in support of an application that you didn't read or can't even remember what it says?
- A. Well, my testimony is economic testimony, and so it's economic financial accounting testimony. And I offer the opinion that I offer, and my conclusions were conclusions that are economically based. I think it's up to counsel to use those opinions in their briefs or whatever or in the application. But, yeah, that's my answer.
- Q. So did you -- did you do anything in preparing your December 2020 testimony to determine whether that testimony was consistent with the application?
- A. I didn't do anything -- I didn't make any comparison like that.
- Q. So -- so you wouldn't know if your testimony contradicts that application then?
 - A. Yeah. I mean, I don't even recall what's

in the application. I'm assuming it's -- based on what I understand, it's related to the SEET test, or the SEET so.

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MR. HEALEY: Your Honor, at this time I would like to mark OCC exhibit -- and this would be the application that I just referenced. It was filed in Case 19-1121 on -- I apologize. On May 5, 2019, on the Excel sheet I sent around, it was marked as OCC 17. But this would be OCC Exhibit -- I am going to mark it as OCC Exhibit 8, if that's all right with your Honor, so I can reserve the other ones for our testimony.

A. Should I put OCC 17?

MR. HEALEY: Yes. And can I have that marked as OCC 8 for purposes of the hearing? I know I maybe should have done A, B, C, or something.

EXAMINER SCHABO: That's fine. It will be -- it will be marked as OCC Exhibit 8.

MR. HEALEY: Or, your Honor, if you prefer, I can -- we can just mark them in number order and just go 17, 27, 39, whatever to keep them consistent with the Excel file. It doesn't matter to me.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Actually, yes, let's do that. Let's keep it consistent with the Excel file

you shared with all counsel and the ALJs prior to the start of the hearing at our request. So the application filed in Case No. 19-1121-EL-UNC filed on May -- I -- on May 15, 2019, will be marked as OCC 17.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)
MR. HEALEY: Thank you, your Honor.

- Q. (By Mr. Healey) So, Mr. Malinak, I have now had marked as OCC Exhibit 17 the application that was filed in Case 19-1121. This would be the application for the 2018 SEET case. Do you have that in front of you?
 - A. I do.

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- Q. And now that you have seen this, do you recall whether -- do you recall whether you have ever looked at this application?
- A. No. I mean, I have seen it. Over the years I have seen many a filing that looked like this. I don't recall specifically reviewing this.
- Q. And let's stay on the first page of that document and I just want to draw your attention to the last sentence of the first paragraph where it says "As supported in testimony by Company Witness Craig Forestal, the Company's adjusted ROE excluding DMR revenues for calendar year 2018 is 3.5%, well

below the 12 percent SEET threshold." Do you see that?

A. I do.

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- Q. And so just to confirm, based on our conversation we just had, it does appear that DP&L, in fact, was excluding the DMR revenues for 2018 SEET, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And we also see that in the application DP&L was using a 12 percent SEET threshold, correct?
 - A. Yes, for purposes of this filing, yes.
- Q. Right. And you are not supporting with your testimony a 12 percent SEET threshold, correct?
- A. I mean, I'm not -- I support the thresholds that are calculated by either 1.64 times the standard deviation plus the mean or 1.5 because those make sense but there is a safe harbor that I calculate. But again, that's not an economic value, okay? Safe harbors are not economic. They are legal so. But I do have those in my testimony just to be clear.
- Q. Sure. And none of those three that you just mentioned suggest that the SEET threshold for 2018 should be 12 percent, correct?
 - A. Yeah, I don't think so.

Q. But at the time you prepared those SEET thresholds in your testimony, you were unaware that DP&L had already proposed in its application a 12 percent SEET threshold, correct?

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- A. No. I was aware of that. I remember people discussing that, but I didn't review this application.
- Q. When you say you remember people discussing that, who are you referring to?
- 10 A. Counsel and client personnel who I spoke 11 with.
- Q. Did you -- included in this document
 that's now been marked OCC 17 is some testimony filed
 by DP&L Witness Craig Forestal. Did you review that
 before -- before preparing your December 2020
 testimony?
 - A. I don't think so, but I really don't recall.
 - MR. HEALEY: I would like to mark the next exhibit. This will be OCC Exhibit 18, and this one is the application that was filed on May 15, 2020, in the 2019 SEET case, Case 20-1041.
- 23 EXAMINER SCHABO: So marked.
- 24 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)
- Q. (By Mr. Healey) Mr. Malinak, I am going

to ask you the same question here. Did you review this application in advance of preparing your December 2020 testimony?

- A. I don't recall doing so.
- Q. And the application also includes attached to it testimony of a DP&L Witness Karin Nyhuis. Maybe somebody can help me out? No?
- A. I think it's Nyhuis but. I should know that because I have heard her name before, but my memory is so bad.
- MR. HEALEY: Jeff.

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- MR. SHARKEY: Sorry. I was speaking on the mute button. Nyhuis.
- MR. HEALEY: Nyhuis, thank you. We read
 these things for years sometimes before actually
 knowing who these people are or how to say them.
- A. I just want to offer my apology for butchering it.
- Q. Now, this -- this testimony from Ms.

 Nyhuis in support of the 20-1041 application, did you
 review that testimony when you were preparing your
 own testimony?
- A. I don't recall doing so.
- Q. And so you don't know if your testimony is inconsistent with that testimony, correct?

A. Well, I mean, my testimony is consistent with it to the extent I can see right here that, you know, excluding the DMR revenues, which I believe should be done, from an economic financial point of view should be done. Other than that -- so that's a consistency there.

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But without reviewing her testimony, you know, in full, I couldn't say where things were the same or different. I mean, I do know at the time this was prepared, you know, it was prepared under the Amended Stipulation and the DMR situation that was there at the time. So, you know, things have changed to some degree because of that, or over time so.

But anyhow I have not -- I couldn't tell you what we -- what differences there were and similarities without going through her testimony.

- Q. Now, you just said that things have changed. I believe you said as a result of the ESP III being withdrawn; is that correct?
- A. I didn't say that but there were -- that is -- that was a big change.
- Q. And is the withdrawal of the ESP III what caused you to file your December 23, 2020, testimony?
 - A. My understanding was that there were --

there were a couple of triggers for it including an

Ohio Supreme Court decision in the FirstEnergy case.

And I am -- as I sit here, there may have been

another trigger that's just right now not coming into

5 my brain so.

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But, yeah, one of the changes -- oh, I think as well the scheduling order in this matter caused me to need to prepare testimony by December 23, but I think the main -- an important trigger was the FirstEnergy decision.

- Q. Now, that FirstEnergy decision, you are referring to a decision that was issued on December 1 of 2020, correct?
- A. I don't remember the date, but I have no reason to dispute that.
 - Q. Sure.

MR. HEALEY: Your Honor, I would like to mark as the next Exhibit OCC -- this is OCC 15. This is the Ohio Edison ruling from the Supreme Court In Re: Determination of Existence of Significantly Excessive Earnings for 2017 Under Electric Security Plan of Ohio Edison Company, and it is 2020-Ohio-4540 in the Supreme Court's Recorder.

EXAMINER SCHABO: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- Q. (By Mr. Healey) Mr. Malinak, do you have a copy of OCC 15 in front of you?
 - A. I do.

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- Q. And is this the FirstEnergy decision you were just referencing?
- A. It appears -- it appears to be. You know, mine looks different than this.
 - Q. Sure.
 - A. But it appears to be.
 - Q. Can you see on the first page near the top that it says December 1, 2020, decided, correct?
 - A. I see that.
- Q. And that would have been after DP&L filed its testimony in support of the settlement on November 30 in this case, correct? Ms. Schroder's testimony?
 - A. I am not aware of the date of her testimony, but again, I have no reason to dispute it.
 - Q. Now, prior to this ruling and the Attorney Examiner's entry allowing for the December 23 testimony, you were going to testify in this case only with respect to the 2680 case, on the prospective SEET and the MFA test, correct?
- A. That's my understanding.
- MR. HEALEY: Your Honor, I would like to

mark as OCC's next exhibit this is -- this we will have to figure out how to do this, but it comes from OCC's 37. Those are the discovery responses. I am not marking the entire thing because it's only some of it that's relevant for now. So I would like to mark pages 1 -- in the PDF pages 1 to 5 and page 76 and maybe we can call this 37A because we will use others of these in the hearing as well.

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EXAMINER SCHABO: Give me just a moment to get this pulled up, please.

MR. SHARKEY: Mr. Healey, can I hear the pages, again, please?

MR. HEALEY: For the purposes of marking the exhibit, I am marking pages 1 through 5 and then also page 76 and those are the pages on the PDF.

EXAMINER SCHABO: So that would be the pages with the caption going to actual No. 5 and page 76.

MR. HEALEY: Correct.

EXAMINER SCHABO: And you would like to mark that as what?

MR. HEALEY: 37A.

EXAMINER SCHABO: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MR. HEALEY: Thank you. I will explain I

marked the first five pages just so we have the caption. The page 5 is Interrogatory 1-1, that's what I am going to be asking about, and page 76 shows the date that DP&L provided these responses just so we have that in the record as well.

- Q. (By Mr. Healey) Now I will ask you,
 Mr. Malinak, to look at Interrogatory 1 -- well, I
 quess let's start at page 76 actually.
 - A. Page 76.
- 10 Q. It should be "Certificate of Service" at 11 the top.
- 12 A. Yes.

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- Q. And this is signed by DP&L's counsel. Or rather it's from DP&L's counsel showing that these discovery responses in this document were served on November 19, correct?
 - A. That appears -- appears to be the case.
 - Q. Great. Now let's go back to page 5 which is OCC Interrogatory 1-1.
 - A. Okay. I'm there.
- Q. And in this interrogatory, OCC asks DP&L to identify the witnesses it intended to call in this hearing, and we see DP&L's response after various objections is they intend to call Sharon Schroder,

 Karin Nyhuis, and R. Jeffrey Malinak, correct?

A. I see that.

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- Q. And as of November 19, you had only filed one piece of testimony, your April testimony, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And on November 30 when testimony in support of the Stipulation was due, you did not file supplemental testimony supporting the Stipulation, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. So we understand that as of -- as of November 30 when DP&L filed its testimony in support of the Stipulation, you were -- the plan was for you to testify only on the prospective SEET and the MFA case, correct?
- A. I think that's -- that's a fair conjecture, although I don't -- I am not 100 percent sure. I mean, that's the only testimony I had filed but I'm just not sure procedurally whether, you know, it would be possible for me to testify about something else that I have knowledge of.
- Q. Sure. Sorry. I didn't mean to cut you off.
- 24 A. I am just trying to explain.
 - Q. Okay. I am just trying to set the

timeline.

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Α. Yeah.

MR. HEALEY: Maybe we can mark the next exhibit then. This will be 37B and this will be the same file just page 6.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Only page 6?

MR. HEALEY: Correct.

EXAMINER SCHABO: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MR. HEALEY: Thank you.

- (By Mr. Healey) And this is a similar Ο. response identifying what each witness will testify on, correct? And it says you at the bottom will sponsor your testimony from 20-680, correct?
 - Α. Yes.
- Okay. Now, obviously you are sponsoring Ο. more than that now, correct, because you filed supplemental testimony, right?
- Α. Yes, that's correct. As I sit here today, I'm sponsoring both.
- Ο. And did you read the entire FirstEnergy/Ohio Edison ruling that we have now 23 marked as OCC 15 in preparing your December 2020 testimony?
- 25 Α. I did.

- Q. And that opinion informed your testimony, correct?
- A. Well, it depends on what you mean by informed, but it was one of the things that I considered when I was developing my retrospective SEET testimony.
- Q. And looking at what's just been marked OCC 37B, we see that DP&L stated at that point that Ms. Nyhuis was going to sponsor the testimony both that she filed in 20-1041 and Mr. Forestal's testimony from 19-1121, correct?
- A. I'm sorry. Is this the -- this is page
 13 6?
 - Q. Yes, Interrogatory 1-2.
- 15 A. Yes, I see that.

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- Q. Thank you. And your understanding is
 Ms. Nyhuis will not be testifying now, correct,
 because you took -- you and Garavaglia took her
 place?
- A. I mean, I should know that for sure, but I don't. Sorry. I think that's correct, that she's not testifying.
- Q. Okay. Let's go back to OCC Exhibit 17 which is the application from Case 19-1121.
- A. OCC 17. Hold on. Okay. I'm there.

- Q. Okay. Great. If we could go to page 14 of the PDF which is Exhibit CAF-2.
 - A. CAF-2, I'm there.
- Q. Great. Now, this is part of
 Mr. Forestal's testimony and it -- again, now your
 question, it looks similar in format to your
 schedules, correct? It's got an earnings --

THE WITNESS: I did not hear Mr. Healey's question. He froze. My screen froze.

- Q. Okay. That's fine. I will restate. Can you hear me now?
- 12 A. Okay. I can.

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- Q. Great. Now, this Exhibit CAF-2 looks similar in format to the schedules that you filed, Schedules 1 through 10, correct? It's got earnings for common and common equity and then adjustments, right?
- 18 A. Correct.
 - Q. And are you able to have this exhibit up at the same time as your Schedule 1 to do a side-by-side comparison?
- A. I absolutely can. Just to be specific,
 this is -- Schedule 1 is sponsored by Witness
 Garavaglia and myself.
- 25 Q. Correct.

- A. I am looking at it.
- Q. Great. Now, you would agree that both your Schedule 1 and Mr. Forestal's CAF-2 begin with net income of about 86.7 million, correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And then you both make the same adjustment next which is reducing -- or subtracting about 82.6 million for the distribution modernization revenues, correct?
 - A. Yes, I see that.
- Q. And then there are two other smaller adjustments that you both make. The first one is \$17,000 for accrued penalty in account 426.3, correct?
 - A. Yeah, 17,000, yep.
- Q. And 9.7 million loss on disposition of retired asset that you both make, correct?
- A. Yes, that we make. We make it on Schedule 1 that is not in CAF-2, yes.
- Q. Sorry. I was actually referring to the the 97 -- 9.7 million is on line 10 of your Schedule 1, and it is also on line 7 of CAF-2, correct?
- A. That's correct. And I was just making
 the fine point that this schedule, I co-sponsor this
 schedule.

- Q. Sure. I will try to refer to it as Schedule 1 so my plural you is clear that I am referring to.
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Looking at Schedule 1, we see that there are two new adjustments that were not included on CAF-2, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And that would be line 8 on Schedule 1 which is a property tax -- 2018 property tax adjustment in 2019, right?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And then another property tax adjustment of about 1.7 million on line 9, correct?
- A. Yes.
 - Q. And the impact of those two additional adjustments would be to reduce adjusted earnings for common, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And now looking at the common equity
 portion, there are a few differences between Schedule
 and Exhibit CAF-2, correct, just generally?
 - A. Yeah, definitely.
- Q. And the first one is on Schedule 1 for the proprietary capital on line 13. Schedule 1 takes

an average of five different numbers, whereas, CAF takes an average of just 2, correct?

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- A. I don't believe it's an average. When you are saying an average, you are talking about -- are you talking about the final column? Okay.
- Q. Correct. Sorry. Yes, let me rephrase.

 The final column marked "Average Beginning and Ending Balances" is the average of the previous five on Schedule 1, correct?
- A. That's my memory. It's definitely an average of quarterly numbers.
- Q. Right. As you look at the top of -under "Average Balance and Ending Balance," it seems
 to show it's the average of those numbers.
 - A. Yeah, correct, the five data points, yep.
- Q. And then on CAF-2 it takes the average of just two data points; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And can you tell me why -- why you and Mr. Garavaglia changed the methodology from what was done in CAF-2?
- A. Yes. The use of average numbers so you have a numerator that's a flow and you have a denominator that's a stock, okay, it's a balance.

averaging of two year-end numbers is designed to get -- you know, to capture changes during the course of the year. And that's why you do an average. That way the numerator which is a flow is more in line with the denominator, okay, because you've created a situation that it's closer to a flow-type number. This is a very sort of basic thing that is taught in financial 101 when you try to calculate numbers like this.

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And so it's actually, you know, more accurate in some ways, in many ways, to do it quarterly because when you do it with just annually, you're assuming that changes occurred smoothly over the course of the year and that's unlikely to be true. So if you can include more data points in the average, you are going to get a truer, you know, a truer average just mathematically and given the nature of what a balance sheet is.

- Q. And in deciding to use the quarterly numbers, did you re-review any PUCO precedent to determine that's how they typically make this assessment?
- A. I did not. My opinion about it is just based on me -- you know, what's the best method from an economic point of view.

- Q. And we see that as a result of using the quarterly numbers, your last column results in a higher proprietary capital than in CAF-2, correct?
- A. Okay. When you say proprietary capital, are you referring to -- I actually don't know this for sure because I didn't look at it but are you -- you know, obviously my bottom line, my adjusted common equity line, is a lot -- has more items than CAF-2 does, okay? So are you -- which line do you want me to look at on Schedule 1?
- Q. Sorry. I am looking at line 13 on Schedule 1 and comparing that to line 10 on Schedule CAF-2 which --
 - A. Oh.

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- Q. -- is proprietary capital.
- A. I'm sorry, Mr. Healey. That's my fault.
- Q. No worries.
- A. The term proprietary capital so. It looks like it does.
- Q. Right. And as we discussed before, the result of using a higher number there in the common equity would serve to lower the ROE, correct?
- A. Yes, all else equal.
- 24 O. Great. Let's --
- 25 A. To be fair I think the method in Schedule

1 is more accurate.

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- Q. I would like to focus on your Schedule 1 on line 19 which you call "Generation Asset

 Impairments, Net of Gain on Sale." Do you see that?
 - A. I do.
- Q. Can you just tell me why did you make this adjustment on line 19?
- This is sort of described at length 8 Α. Yes. 9 in my testimony and I have testified that this type 10 of adjustment makes sense economically. I think the 11 first time I did it was maybe five, six, seven years 12 ago in a PUCO effort. And the reason for this 13 adjustment is that going from one year to the next, 14 you can make accounting changes to equity that --15 that cause it to go -- mostly to go down, a lot of 16 times to go down rather than up because accounting is 17 a conservative discipline. And so you could have a 18 writeoff. You could have your equity -- if you wrote 19 off 50 percent of -- some asset that caused a 20 50 percent reduction in equity, you could 2.1 artificially increase your ROE by just taking that 22 writeoff. And then you -- and you have the same 23 earnings, so you have the same numerator and much 24 lower denominator, but the nature of the set has not 25 changed at all, okay?

So this fundamental problem using book equity as a denominator when you are trying to measure whether a company has had significantly excessive earnings, okay, from an economic point of view, so the economics literature, the finance literature, practitioners prefer a measure that's often referred to as a return on invested capital as a way to calculate the profitability or the earnings, the real return on equity of an enterprise.

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And so, you know, I advocated when trying to determine, you know, if a utility is running excessive earnings -- whether their earnings are excessive, I have advocated adding back the writeoffs like this so you reflect whether they are really making any money or not, okay?

So that's why -- that's why I sponsor this, this adjustment, and again, I have done it.

Even in my testimony I think in April I did a calculation like this, so it's been that -- it's been one of my things, you know, for a long time.

- Q. And it's been one of your things for a long time, you didn't cite any instances in Ohio where the PUCO has adopted that recommendation, correct?
- A. I don't believe I did cite anything like

that.

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- Q. And when did these writeoffs actually occur?
- A. I think they mostly occurred in 2015 and 2016, but this number, I think, has writeoffs going all the way back to 2012.
- Q. And the writeoffs occurred then largely before 2018, correct?
 - A. I think almost completely.
 - Q. And so --
- A. Excuse me. Very quickly there was a -you know, as this schedule shows, there was
 9.7 million loss on disposition in 2018, so it's a
 small -- but this number here was all pre-2018, the
 line 19, I believe.

And by the way, just real quickly, that number is net of gains on sale, okay? So it's all of the -- so there can be, you know, increases to equity that occur, you know, that -- that are not part of operations, that are not, you know, related to earnings, but there -- there are things that are done that are one time or extraordinary and a gain on sales fits that category. So this is writeoffs net of gain on sale.

Q. Now, looking at Exhibit CAF-2, which we

have talked about a little bit, that exhibit does not make this same adjustment, correct?

A. That is correct.

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- Q. And as we just discussed, the writeoffs took place before 2018, so Mr. Forestal certainly could have included that adjustment, right? He would have known about it.
- A. Yes, he could have, but I will note that he does make the loss -- you know, add back loss on disposition of retired asset. He does add that back so. Conceptually that type of adjustment would be made, but it was from the current year, not from previous years.
- Q. Right. So he only made the adjustment in the year that it actually occurred, correct?
 - A. Yeah, yeah.
- Q. Right. And you are making an adjustment from previous years so that would be a distinguishing factor, right?
- A. Yeah, yeah. There is this conceptual overlap that if you want to get to a -- you know, a validly measured -- you know, as close to a validly measured return -- or earnings return as possible, then you want to consider these one time-type impacts, okay? And the writeoffs are sort of like

that where there are big, you know, one time, you know, accounting adjustments.

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- Q. So it's a one time accounting adjustment, but your testimony is that this billion dollars should just carry through every single year when the PUCO does the SEET for purposes of assessing the amount of equity.
- A. If I were -- you know, I am making a recommendation that they do look at that because -- or do include it and it's because if you looked at -- again, I used this example earlier, if -- let's say that, you know, in 2016 at year end, they had 2 billion in equity and you wrote off a billion of it, the next year you would suddenly have an ROE that doubles, okay? That goes way up and it's three -- and it would reflect exactly the opposite you wanted it to reflect. It would reflect what looks like a healthy high earning business that's actually the opposite, okay?

And so if I were, you know, designing a SEET test that is proper from an economic -- economist's point of view, I would do it based on return on investment capital, in this case a return on investment equity capital. That's what I would do.

Q. Now, you've used the phrase return on adjusted capital and now return on adjusted equity capital. Do either of those phrases appear in the Ohio SEET law to your knowledge?

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A. Well, the -- implicitly when the SEET statute or the guidance from the Commission talks about -- they use the word adjustment, I believe, I would have to look back but -- to see whether it's adjustments related to capital structure or to recognize or consider committed future investment. This is an adjustment to capital structure. That's what this is, and equity is part of the capital structure so. So just using an economic interpretation -- I should say interpreting the economic language in the statute, the guidance, I would say it does support what I am -- what I am representing.

MR. HEALEY: Your Honor, I am going to move to strike that entire answer. My question was does he know whether the statute includes the phrases return on invested equity capital or return on invested capital. I don't think his answer was responsive.

EXAMINER SCHABO: I am going to overrule the objection. We are going to go back to the first

bite of the apple, slightly different topic.

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Mr. Malinak, try to answer the question asked and only the question asked.

THE WITNESS: Yes, your Honor.

- A. Could you please repeat your question?
- Q. (By Mr. Healey) Yes. Are you aware sitting here today whether the Ohio SEET statute, which is 4928.143(F), includes either of the following phrases, "return on invested capital" or "return on invested equity capital"?
- 11 A. Those specific phrases, I don't believe 12 it does.
 - Q. Let's continue with your Schedule 1 and this time I would like to look at line 21 which is marked "AES Equity contributions 2020, 2021." Do you see that?
 - A. I do.
 - Q. And what you have done here is add 300 million to the adjusted common equity to account for contributions made by DP&L's ultimate parent AES Corp., correct?
 - A. Yeah. These are investments -- these are adding in the 300 million in equity capital that -- that was sort of foreseeably required at the time with -- under the ESP III.

- Q. Now, the -- the 300 million is comprised of a 150 million investment that's already been made in 2020, another 150 million that AES has stated it intends to make in 2021, correct?
 - A. Yes, the sum of those two numbers.
- Q. Right. And you understand the 2021 150 million has not actually happened yet, correct?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.

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- Q. And you certainly agree then that none of that 300 million was invested in the years 2018 or 2019, correct?
- A. Well, it depends on -- it depends on how you define investment. If you define it narrowly, I think the answer would be yes, but if you define it sort of economically, I think it was foreseeable at the time given the plan, grid modernization plan, that there would need to be an equity contribution of some kind in addition to what I was assuming in my modeling for ESP III, and so I say this in my testimony.

In fact, I was projecting like a 300 something million dollar, you know, contribution total value from tax -- tax -- I forget the exact term but AES agreement to forego tax payments from DPL. And so even though that was made to DPL, it's

made into the complex, and so it shows they were anticipating at the time that they would be put in equity. So, I mean, that's my -- that's my economic reason why it makes sense to add this back is because it was foreseeable and even foreseen at the time that they would need that equity so that's why.

2.1

- Q. Sure. I understand why you say you are doing that. My question was actually much simpler. Was 150 million or 300 million actually put in in 2018 or 2019?
- 11 A. No. Those cash transactions had not happened.
 - Q. Correct, right. And, in fact, the 2021 transaction may never happen because we can't predict the future, right?
 - A. That -- it is possible that if, for example, if -- you know, if the RSC were eliminated or there is a big refund, that could impact, throwing a wrench in the works, I think.
 - Q. Let's consider a hypothetical. Let's say -- I will lay out the parameters of a hypothetical and make sure you understand them. AES makes an announcement that it plans to make an additional \$500 million equity investment in DP&L in the year 2025. Do you understand that parameter?

A. Yes. I accept that.

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- Q. Now, if -- if AES were to make such a statement, would it then be your testimony we should now add in an additional 500 million back in 2018 and 2019 based on AES's statement?
- A. I would have to kind of know some more about it. I mean, if they worked -- if they had committed a capital spending plan, say a million dollars or something, and one knows that you want an optimal capital structure for the utility of, you know, over 50 percent equity, that equity has to come from somewhere.

And you have got a committed capital plan, and they say we are going to put in 500 million more, as long as that plan stays in place, then I think for purposes of a SEET test, I would -- you know, I would probably argue that you should include it because it makes sense. Economically it makes sense from a capital commitment standpoint.

Q. So is there any limit on AES's ability to affect the SEET in this way, just make any announcement on any amount you want for any year in the future and then suddenly stick it back retroactively and now we have got ROEs close to zero? That's your proposal?

A. No, of course not. As I just stated, you know, the commitment, my understanding is that as part of the ESP III, that there was -- you know, that there was a commitment to do a big capital spending plan including grid modernization, hence the name Distribution Modernization Rider as well as, you know, based on my current testimony, DP&L's grid is, you know, kind of in bad shape. Their investment is low over time, probably in significant part because of financial distress so. But if there is a commitment that's made, that's when I think it's okay to -- you know, to add that equity investment, okay, because it's -- you've made an economic commitment to do it.

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Q. You are using the word "commitment." Are you saying it's a legally binding commitment?

MR. SHARKEY: Object, your Honor. That's a question of law that I don't believe Mr. Malinak can answer.

MR. HEALEY: I am asking what he means when he says the word "commitment." I am asking if he means a legal commitment.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Objection overruled.

A. I can say that having it be a legal commitment would be -- you know, is a stronger level

of commitment certainly. But when a company comes forth and goes public with a commitment, they create reputational risk if they go back against it. They go back on it without reason, without reason, and they can go back on it if -- you know, if there's some big regulatory change, you know, that, you know, causes this to become economic, for example, or they say, you know, another thing that causes it to be uneconomic in a way that everyone knows that it was -- that it's reasonable for them to change their mind later, then -- then they could -- you know, when -- so I'm saying even if it's not a legal commitment, it's an economic commitment because of reputational risk.

Q. Let's turn --

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EXAMINER SCHABO: Mr. Healey.

MR. HEALEY: Yes.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Sorry. Are you nearing a change in testimony subject? It's 12:15. Should we be taking a break? Should we be discussing lunch? Do you have another 15 minutes on this subject?

MR. HEALEY: If I could have 10 minutes, maybe even less than that, to wrap up where I currently am, and then I am ready to move on to a topic; and then can we discuss after that?

EXAMINER SCHABO: Absolutely. Thank you. Just trying to get a time frame.

MR. HEALEY: Yes.

- Q. (By Mr. Healey) Mr. Malinak, I would like to go back briefly to your testimony from Case 20-680, the April testimony, please.
 - A. I have it.

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- Q. And in that testimony what I am going to want to talk about is your Exhibit RJM-29. And if anyone is using the PDF, that's page 188.
 - A. I have a paper copy.

MR. SHARKEY: Mr. Malinak, I caution you that any of the values that are in the red box -- information in the red box is confidential.

THE WITNESS: Thank you, Mr. Sharkey.

- Q. (By Mr. Healey) Okay. Mr. Malinak, on Exhibit RJM-29, you provide projections of DP&L's return on equity for years 2020 to 2023 for an ESP with the RSC, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And this was done for purposes of the prospective SEET test in the 20-680 case, correct?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.

MR. HEALEY: And I guess my first
question, which is not going to be for you, it's

going to be for Mr. Sharkey, I would like to know whether we can publicly reveal the numbers for 2020 now that 2020 has ended and these pro -- these are projected numbers from the past, so they wouldn't be really relevant now that we have actual numbers soon, so I would like to know if that would be acceptable.

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MR. SHARKEY: Mr. Healey, at this point I would like those to remain confidential. I would have to discuss with my client whether or not those -- those numbers need to be maintained as confidential; and the fact that we are in a hearing like this, it's impossible for me to have that type of discussion. Perhaps at a break I could have a discussion with my client, and we could come back and talk, but ordinarily if this request was made, your Honor, I would huddle up with my clients, and they could tell me what their views are, but I am not in a position to do that.

MR. HEALEY: Okay. Fair.

- Q. (By Mr. Healey) Let's talk first about the 2019 column. Do you see there? You've identified equity 473.3 million, correct, for 2019?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And does -- does that equity number there include any of the 300 million from AES?

A. It does not.

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- Q. Okay. And I'm going to -- I am going to
 ask this question, and I encourage you not to answer
 unless your counsel weighs in. Without saying the
 number for 2020 equity, can you tell me whether that
 number includes any of the 300 million? I would
 encourage your counsel to weigh in whether you can
 answer that.
 - MR. SHARKEY: No objection to answering that question.
- 11 A. Yes, it does.

300 million?

- 12 Q. And does it include the entire
- 14 A. No, it does not.
- Q. How much of the 300 million does it include for 2020?
- 17 A. 150 million.
- Q. And that would be for the 150 million that AES actually invested in 2020, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And did you add another 150 million to 22 2021 equity?
- 23 A. I did.
- Q. And that would be for the 150 million that AES intends to invest in 2021, correct?

A. That's correct.

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- Q. So for purposes of this Exhibit RJM-29, you only included the 300 million AES investments in the years they were actually made and the year thereafter, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. So at that point you did not think it made sense to retroactively add the 300 million when evaluating the SEET, correct?
- A. Well, I mean, to be honest, I hadn't fully thought that through; but, yeah, at that time I did not do it.
- Q. And I also notice on this Exhibit RJM-29 there is a footnote No. 5. And there in footnote No. 5 you state that 5 equals 3 plus 910,700,000 net loss from discontinued operations in 2016 and '17. Do you see that?
- A. I do.
 - Q. Is that a similar adjustment to the \$1 billion adjustment you make on your Schedule 1 in your more recent testimony?
- A. It is and that's what the footnote says.

 These were the losses in 2016 and 2017 only. Upon further reflection and analysis, just I guess in a -- similar to the 300 million, I've included writeoffs

Proceedings

101

- prior to 2020 -- 2016 as well, back to 2012. It adds a little bit to the number.
 - Q. Well, not a little bit. It's about \$100 million, right?
- A. Yeah. I mean, yeah, that doesn't sound like much, but compared to 900 million -- or sounds like a lot but only like, you know, 10 or 11 percent of 910,000 -- 910 million.
- 9 Q. Sure. 100 million is a lot to some 10 people.
- 11 A. It would be a lot to me.

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- 12 Q. I haven't asked you what your hourly rate 13 is, so we don't know that.
 - MR. HEALEY: Your Honor, I am ready to take a break if you would like to take a break, or at least assess taking a break. I am at a good stopping point.
- EXAMINER SCHABO: I would like to take a break at some point. The question is how long of a break. It's approximately lunchtime for most people. Is everybody okay taking about an hour lunch break now?
- EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Mr. Healey, are you able to tell us roughly how much longer you need with the witness?

MR. HEALEY: Yeah, probably another hour, give or take. EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I think an hour seems to fit then. EXAMINER SCHABO: All right. MR. HEALEY: Maybe a little longer. EXAMINER SCHABO: So if we came back at 1:30, that would be 2:30, 3 o'clock. Ms. Schroder is estimated to be two hours. That's close to 5:00. Let's do it. We will take a one-hour lunch. We will come back on the record at 1:20. (Thereupon, at 12:22 p.m., a lunch recess was taken.)

103 1 Monday Afternoon Session, 2 January 11, 2021. 3 4 EXAMINER SCHABO: We are back on the 5 record in Case 18-1875, et al. 6 Mr. Healey, you were in the middle of 7 your cross-examination of Witness Malinak. Would you 8 like to proceed. 9 You are still muted. 10 MR. HEALEY: There we go. 11 EXAMINER SCHABO: There we go. 12 MR. HEALEY: Okay. I am back on. 13 14 ROBERT JEFFREY MALINAK 15 being previously duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was examined and testified further as follows: 16 17 CROSS-EXAMINATION (Continued) 18 By Mr. Healey: Q. Mr. Malinak, let's continue with your 19 20 December 2020 testimony and I would like you to turn 2.1 to page 19, please. 22 A. Okay. I'm there. 23 And I would like to talk a little bit Q.

about the Table RJM-2 at the top. Do you see that?

A. I do.

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- Q. And you see under Scenario 4 you calculate 13.2 percent ROE for 2018 and a 13.9 percent ROE for 2019, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And so we would interpret based on that that if the Commission were to adopt a 12 percent SEET threshold, that DP&L would, in fact, have significantly excessive earnings under Scenario 4, correct?
- 10 A. Yeah. If the Commission were to -- were 11 to adopt 12 percent, I think this would -- as the 12 upper threshold, that would lead to that conclusion, 13 yes.
- Q. And the same would be true at least for 2019 for Scenario 5, correct?
- 16 A. Yes.

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- Q. Let's move to page 25 of your testimony, please. And we are still in your December testimony.
 - A. Page 25, okay. I'm there.
- Q. And on page 25 you have three tables that you've marked as RJM-3A, correct?
 - A. Right. Yeah.
- Q. And the first table you call the 1.5X
 approach. By that you mean that to determine the
 SEET threshold, you took the mean of the comparable

group and multiplied it by 1.5, correct?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And you also added 100 basis points to that number after multiplying the 1.5?
- A. Yes. I generally did that for the -- it depends on the scenario. When there is a without DMR scenario, we don't add the 100 basis points.
 - Q. Okay.
- A. I mean, I'm sorry. I misspoke. When the DMR is included in the SEET -- you know, in the SEET calculation in earnings for SEET purposes, I use different methodology where -- you know, at the end of the day you still -- it's still 1.64 standard deviation of 1.5 times, but we don't add the 100 basis points.
 - O. Got it. And is the same true for 2019?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Now, on the standard deviation approach, you did a similar thing. You took the mean of the comparable companies and multiplied it by 1.64 standard deviation, correct?
- A. Not exactly the way you said it but, yeah, we add 1.64 times the standard deviation to the -- to the mean.
- Q. Yes, thank you. Thank you for

clarifying. And again, you added the 100 basis points adder but only in certain situations on this table as well?

- A. Yeah, yeah, toward the -- instances where the DMR is excluded for purposes of the SEET.
- Q. Okay. Now, as between these two tables, the 1.5 times approach and the standard deviation approach, are you recommending the Commission adopt one table over the other as your recommendation?
- A. Let me get back to the -- to the tables, okay? Hold on a second. I was looking at something else. In general, you know -- I say this in my testimony. From a sort of statistical and economic standpoint, the 1.64 times the standard deviation approach plus -- plus 100 basis points in certain of the scenarios is -- is a sounder approach that's based in real statistical logic. So, you know, if I had to recommend one, I would recommend that standard deviation approach.
- Q. Let's turn to page 31 of your testimony, please.
 - A. Okay. I am there.
- Q. And I want to direct your attention to line 16.
- 25 A. Yes.

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- Q. And on line 16 you state "an increase in risk should be recognized through an increase in the utility's rate of return in order to compensate investors for bearing extra risk." Do you see that?
 - A. I do.

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- Q. And would you agree then that the reverse is true, that when there is a decrease in risk, that the utility's rate of return should be decreased?
- A. As a general matter, yes. If -- if you know risk and return are related, joined at the hip in finance, so the lower -- if the utility is lower risk, its approved rate of return should be lower as well.
- Q. And when you say approved rate of return, are you referring to approved rate of return in a base rate case or something else?
- A. Base rate case would be one of the -- one of the types of cases where there would be an approved rate of return, but it would be any regulatory setting where the Company is subject to rate of return regulation.
- Q. Do you know, when the Commission approved the DMR for the first time, did it then lower DP&L's rate of return to account for the decrease in risk?
 - A. Well, I think -- I think before the DMR,

there was -- there was also a nonbypassable charge. So, you know, if the DMR was approved and it maybe increased that nonbypassable charge, you know, there may have been some slight reduction in risk but, you know, it was sort of borne out by what the rating agencies did after the DMR was approved. So but there may have been other factors to consider when you are looking at the company's rate of return, but all else equal, the risk is lower, the rate of return should also be lower.

- Q. Let's move to page 34 of your testimony, please.
 - A. I am there.

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- Q. And I direct your attention to line 7.

 There is a sentence that says -- well, start at the end of line 7, "a firm's earnings are 'excessive' in an economic sense only if the firm earns more than its cost of capital over an extended period of time."

 Do you see that language?
 - A. I do.
- Q. And what do you consider to be an extended period of time when you make this statement?
- A. Well, it's not a precise type of

 statement. It would -- basically it means probably

 at least a three years, but it's not precise,

definitely more than one. And so it should be -- you know, but with respect to like when you are looking at returns on equity and cost of capital, the horizon is infinite, but I would say probably, you know, at least three years and, you know, more likely more than that, like five, five to ten years, something like that. Again, there's nothing scientific about that -- that period, okay? I would have to look back to see if anybody -- I would have to think more about it to find out scientifically how long that period would be.

- Q. And you haven't done that scientific analysis for purposes of your testimony, correct?
 - A. I have not.

2.1

- Q. So based on your statement here about using an extended period of time, that would suggest that it would be impossible to look at a single year and determine that any entity has significantly excessive earnings, correct?
- A. No. You could look at one year, but you would have to make adjustments. The point of this discussion is to support the -- an interpretation, or I should say the economic language that's in the SEET statute and in the guidance from the Commission that allow for adjustments to capital structure, to

earnings, to bring more in line with what -- with a longer term, measurable term, and so that's the point of this, to support the making of adjustments.

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- Q. Those adjustments, those are based on things that happened outside of that one-year period, right? Many of them at least?
- A. Yeah. I would say a number of the adjustments would, you know, would relate to prior periods or to future periods. In this case, you know, my adjustments are both adding back losses from prior periods but also recognizing DP&L went to make capital adjustments which presupposes an equity investment in a year.
- Q. Sure. So my question was whether it's possible to only look at one year and determine just looking at that year whether a company had significantly excessive earnings, and you seemed to suggest you could do that, but then your response was, well, you have to look at these adjustments, but those adjustments are not from that year, so do you see where I am getting hung up?
- A. It's possible that a single year would be reflective of the longer-term rate of return, but you would have to consider these different economic adjustments, okay? And in particular whether there

have been significant writeoffs from prior years in order to get what I would consider to be an economically sound, you know, return on equity calculation.

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So -- so it's possible but it's -- it's if you considered all those things. For example, you know, a company -- the writeoffs here were very large, okay? So if you -- if you consider whether there were writeoffs and they weren't very big, okay, then with respect to that one adjustment, you know, using that company's return on equity for that one year, or their equity as the denominator on the return of equity would be valid, okay? So that -- so that's -- so it's possible that a single year would -- would, you know, be a good measure of the long-term ROE.

- Q. Let's talk a little bit more about your future base adjustments. So you acknowledge that, for example, the 300 million from AES is based on things that happened after the end of the SEET year in question, 2018 to 2019, correct?
- A. Well, actually I wouldn't put it that way. As I said earlier, you know, the company had already committed, you know, to make these capital investments. And so given the optimal capital

structure for a utility investment which is over 50 percent equity, you could look at the numbers and see that there would have to be an equity investment later, so it wasn't things that happened later. It was my analysis, my inclusion of the 300 million is based on what was known at the time.

Q. So is it your testimony that that \$300 million commitment was made in 2018?

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- A. There was a commitment, implicit commitment, to make an equity investment like that. And so the exact number, you know, if, in fact, something that we only new ex-post but it was -- you know, it was knowable at the time based on the company's commitment to make their investments.
- Q. You use the phrase "implicit commitment."
 You will have to help me out. That doesn't seem to
 compute in my brain on -- that would have any
 meaning. What is an implicit commitment?
- A. Well, as I -- as I thought I described earlier, the -- if you have a capital plan in place, okay, and you know you are going to be making a big capital investment, you can't finance it with 100 percent debt, okay? There needs to be some equity involved in it. So when I say implicit, I mean by making the commitment -- by the way this is

a -- very consistent with the language in the statute or in the guidance, I can't remember which, that talks about the need to consider committed capital investment in the state. I mean, once you have committed to it, you can foresee that you are going to need to have sufficient equity to support the debt to make the investment. And so you can call that implicit.

Explicit would be we agree, you know, to put in 300 million, you know, in year X. But you don't really know for sure how things are going to work out, what the costs are going to turn out to be, so, you know, but you can -- you can know at the time that you are going to have to come up with that equity. Does that make sense?

- Q. No. The record will determine whether that makes sense. The -- so I guess what I am -- what I am trying to understand is you understand that when the Commission assesses a utility's significantly excessive earnings for a given year, let's say 2018, they have to do that after 2018 ends, correct?
 - A. Yes.

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Q. And because under your analysis we can consider future capital investments, there would

never seem to be a point at which the Commission could actually make an assessment because they would have to keep waiting to see, well, maybe there will be more capital investments next year. Let's wait and not assess 2018 yet. But we don't know if there's going to be capital investments the year after that. So let's wait. So we will never actually get around to the Commission deciding whether you had significantly excessive earnings in 2018; isn't that right?

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A. No. I don't think that's right because what -- what the SEET statute says is that the Commission can't make a judgment about future capital investment in the state and about -- they can make adjustments to the capital structure of the company. And so it's within their purview and their judgment, and so it -- they obviously can -- in my view can, you know, make a SEET determination. They just have to make the right adjustments to the calculations to reflect the things that the statute seems to be -- statute seems to be based from an economic point of view identifying.

Q. So let me understand the -- let's stick with my example of 2018. The determination of whether DP&L had significantly excessive earnings in

2018 might depend, in part, on when the PUCO happens to be ruling on that case, correct?

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- A. I'm not sure that I understand that.
- Q. Sure. So let's say -- let's say the Commission decides in the middle of 2019, all right, we are going to hold a hearing on the 2018 SEET case. It might come up with one result, right? Yes or no. It will say, yes, there were significantly excessive earnings; no, there weren't, correct?
- A. I think it could make a determination based on, you know, what they knew at that time, yes.
- Q. And -- and now we are assessing 2018 in the year 2021, and your testimony seems to suggest that you could get a different answer in a PUCO case that happens in 2019 or one that happens in 2021 even though both are backward looking at the year 2018; is that correct?
- A. No, I don't think so. I mean, if the -in this case, let's look at this case. We know in
 2018 that the company committed to make these capital
 investments, all right? And so you are going to need
 to add some equity to the -- to the denominator to
 reflect that commitment, all right? In order to, you
 know, obtain a sort of economically appropriate ROE,
 okay? So at that time, you know, 2018, do you know

exactly what that equity investment is going to be? You may not know it exactly, but you have a pretty good idea as long as the plan, you know, happens.

So I think you could, you know, as long as that assessment is made, you know, in the same fashion over time, you would end up getting the same result because it would be driven by the expected capital needs for the -- for the plan.

- Q. But -- go ahead. Were you done?
- A. Yeah. I said if it is known, if it is known, okay, in 2019 and in 2020.
- Q. So in 2018 when you are talking about planned capital investments, did that include DP&L's planned capital investment in grid modernization?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And do you know whether those planned investments from 2018 are the same as the investments that DP&L is proposing through the Stipulation in this case?
- A. I don't know if they are exactly the same or not.
- Q. So if the Stipulation changes what capital investments DP&L is proposing from the ones they made in 2018, that would affect your analysis of how much equity they might have to put in, correct?

A. Well, I think the watch word is -- to the approach to take would be what was known at the time that you are measuring the equity of the company which is sort of -- for 2018 it would be mid 2018, 2019 it would be mid 2019. And so -- but to the extent that there is information that the Commission has access to that comes after that time about what was known at that time, I think that's -- or known or knowable at that time, I think that's a reasonable thing for the Commission to do.

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So if -- if there were more and better information about the capital requirements for the plan, then, you know, it seems to me reasonable that the Commission could consider those -- those -- that new information when it was making its determination.

- Q. Okay. So going back to my previous question then now that you seem to have reversed because now you are saying the Commission can consider new information which would suggest that the retrospective SEET analysis depends, in part, on when the Commission is doing that analysis, for example, 2019 versus 2021.
- A. Yes, but only to the extent to which it informs the Commission as to what was kind of known and knowable at the time that your measurement would

occur so.

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- Q. So don't you think that seems a little unusual to have a law that changes in substantive result just based on when the Commission happens to get around to holding a proceeding?
- A. I really don't have an opinion on, yeah, the construction of the statute and the public -- I think from a public policy standpoint, it's better to use the best information you have.
- Q. Sure. And when you say from a "public policy standpoint," that's your personal view of public policy, correct?
- A. Yeah, informed by -- you know, informed by my training and experience, yes.
- Q. Sure. And it's possible the Ohio legislature has a different opinion on public policy than you personally, correct?
 - A. That is certainly true.
- Q. Let's turn to page 13 of your testimony, please.
- 21 MR. SHARKEY: I'm sorry, Mr. Healey.
- 22 What page?
- 23 MR. HEALEY: 13.
- A. Okay. I am there.
- Q. I would like to direct you to line 14,

the first full sentence that says "Thus, when DP&L's customers pay rates that include a DMR that is earmarked and restricted to be used to pay down debt, the customers receive a 'return benefit' in the form of lower capital costs that are passed through in future rates, as well as high quality service." Do you see that?

- A. I do.
- Q. My first question is you use the word "earmarked." Are you suggesting that the DMR funds are held by DP&L in a segregated account, or were?
- A. My understanding was that there were restrictions on the use of the DMR, and I think I also heard, although I did not sort of independently verify that, there were separate accounts that were used to track DMR funds, but I don't know whether those were DP&L, DPL, or where they were, where those accounts were.

MR. HEALEY: Your Honor, I am going to move to strike where he said "I've heard." He is relying on hearsay for his response and lacks personal knowledge of that information.

MR. SHARKEY: If I may, your Honor.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Yes.

MR. SHARKEY: He is testifying as an

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expert witness, and he relies on information he receives from the company including financial information. It's reasonable for him to rely upon information he receives from the client or from DP&L in his capacity as an expert.

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MR. HEALEY: May I respond, your Honor?

EXAMINER SCHABO: You may.

MR. HEALEY: Thank you. I don't disagree he can rely on information and use that to form the basis of his expert opinions. He cannot rely on that information and then insert it into the record as a fact because it remains hearsay for that purpose. That is what I am objecting to.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Karen, could you read back the question and the answer.

(Record read.)

EXAMINER SCHABO: I've heard enough. I am going to overrule -- I am going to deny the motion to strike. You asked him what he meant to suggest by the word "earmarked," and I believe he answered that question.

Q. (By Mr. Healey) Looking at the same sentence, Mr. Malinak, you -- you use the phrase "lower capital costs." Can you tell me what you mean by lower capital costs there?

Relative to the situation where Α. Yes. there is no DMR, no nonbypassable charge, the company's costs would be higher, their equity costs would be probably higher, so their overall costs of capital would be higher because it would be a riskier company. Or if the DMR is included in earnings for SEET purposes, you would also have a riskier entity, and so keeping the DMR or having the ratepayers or customers pay the DMR, it would -- actually keeps them from being in that financially distressed situation. It improves their credit rating and their cost to debt, the cost of equity, the cost of capital, and so because the cost of capital regulatory model is a passthrough cost, it provides a returned benefit in the form of lower capital costs is what I mean there.

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- Q. You said just now that the cost of capital is a passthrough cost. Are you suggesting that utility customers necessarily pay a utility's exact cost of capital?
- A. Over the long run if the regulatory model functions the way that it is supposed to, the answer is yes.
- Q. And you understand that there can be a number of years in between utility rate case filings,

correct?

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- A. Yeah. There can be regulatory lag, yes.
- Q. And so if a utility lowers its cost of capital in between rate cases, customers don't immediately get the benefits from that lower cost of capital, correct?
- A. I don't know. I mean, well, it depends on what the utility is up to. If they are, you know, raising capital or even thinking about doing it, and I think that, you know, in between rate cases, if you will, the company can, you know, build plant equipment and so forth, and they might be able to do that at a lower cost if their risk is lower even if the rate of return has not been adjusted yet. So customers would benefit from that construction.
- Q. Okay. But you understand that customers' rates would not immediately get adjusted downward to account for the new costs of capital, correct?
 - A. That's true.
- Q. And so during that interim period when the cost of capital has gone down, the difference accrues to the utility, correct, not to customers.
- A. Yeah, on that -- on that piece but I -- you know, leaving my other piece of my answer in there, that customers could benefit, you know, in

sort of a shorter term if the Company is able to issue debt more cheaply, that kind of thing.

- Q. Have you reviewed Mr. Buckley's testimony in this case, Staff witness?
 - A. I have.

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- Q. And are you aware that he is recommending that a hypothetical capital structure be used for the retrospective SEET cases?
 - A. I am.
- Q. So that would be an example where customers are not necessarily benefiting from the exact cost of capital if, for example, the Commission uses some hypothetical capital structure, right?
- A. No, not necessarily because the question is what are the right rates of return to apply to those -- to those -- to that hypothetical capital structure and that will be driven by the risk of the entity, okay? And in, you know, finance and capital, if the Company's capital structure is temporarily out of whack, one assumes that for purposes of cost of capital that a company is going to ultimately return to a -- you know, to the equilibrium capital structure. So -- so I don't draw the conclusion that you were describing.
 - Q. You describe in your testimony where we

were just discussing, on page 13, starting at line 14, you use the phrase "capital costs are passed through." That would suggest a dollar-for-dollar reduction in the next rate case, wouldn't it?

- A. If the utility's risk has gone down or is lower than some other scenario, then -- and plus the capital proceeding is done in a -- in a -- the right way and, you know, there's -- arguments on both sides are weighed and regulators do a good job of picking -- targeting a capital structure, rates of return, then, yes, at that point, you know, the rates of return change and rates will go down or up.
- Q. I think we mentioned this earlier, you are aware that the DMR was 105 million per year, correct?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. You are not suggesting that customers will save or could have saved \$105 million a year as a result of lowering DP&L's cost of capital, correct?
- A. Not -- not strictly through the lower costs of capital but they would also -- you know, I've described this in my prior testimony in support of the DMR, the Amended Stipulation. They also get benefits through Smart Grid, safe and more reliable service and all of the things that come with it, so

- capital is just one -- one part of the benefit.
- Q. Sure. If we are looking just at, you know, comparing the amount of the DMR to the amount of savings as a result of having a lower cost of capital, the DMR is going to be much bigger, right?
 - A. The DMR would be bigger.
 - Q. The -- sorry. Let me rephrase.
 - A. Yeah.

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- Q. The -- we've established that a company's cost of capital is expected to be lower if it has a lower risk, right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And you believe that when the DMR is in place, that lowers DP&L's risk, right?
 - A. Yeah, relative to a world in which they don't have the DMR or they have just the RSC.
- Q. Right. And so if we compared those two worlds, one with the DMR and one without --
 - A. Yes.
- Q. -- the savings in the DMR world based on the cost of capital alone are not going to be anywhere near 105 million, right?
- A. Yeah, depends on what you -- what you
 relate to the cost of capital. If the -- you know,
 based on my analysis in the various testimonies,

it -- most utilities are looking for a middle range investment grade credit rating and that's where their -- theoretically anyway their cost of capital should be minimized, all right? And that's where the customers are getting -- paying the lowest possible capital costs and that's also the place where you get efficient investment, okay?

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And regulators from the investors in the utility are going to invest efficiently at that level, so you could say that the -- the efficient and best amount of construction is tied to the cost of capital in that way, okay? So in that world, you know, the customers are getting, you know, the highest benefit in terms of safe and reliable service in addition to, you know, having the lowest cost of capital, having the lower cost of capital.

So anyway I just wanted to make sure we don't say those things are separated because they are kind of joined.

- Q. Okay. Have you quantified what you just described, the benefits to customers of efficient investment by the utility?
- A. I've done some analysis of that in my -my April testimony of this year where I looked at the
 impact of, you know, capital cost reductions on -- on

reliability. You know, we have got a very strong, very strong relationship and now how does one put a price or a cost on reliability, okay? And, you know, with me, modern world, if my power goes out for 10 minutes, I am bummed out about it. So it's hard to -- to put a price on that, okay?

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So the answer is I have not put an explicit value on it. But with, you know, the kind of capital cost reductions that the company would have to make in order to -- without an RSC or DMR, you are talking about some pretty large declines in reliability and that's not -- and that's not even including safety so, you know, how much -- how much is it worth? In my opinion it's worth -- you know, it's worth it to put in the DMR. If you have Smart Grid too, that comes with it.

- Q. You are aware that DP&L has not actually used any of the DMR funds to start its Smart Grid program, correct?
- A. You are talking about like the explicit cash that's flowing in from the DMR. It's supposed to go to debt reduction. So it would go into debt service and debt reduction and that enables or positions the company to make their advancement in Smart Grid. Lowers their cost of capital.

- Q. Let's move to page -- hold on a second. Still on page 14 actually. Sorry. Move to page 14 of your testimony, please.
 - A. I'm there.

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- Q. Thank you. And on line 13 you -- and 13 and 14 you state that "it is important to recognize that the SEET creates a fundamentally asymmetric risk for Ohio utilities." Do you see that?
 - A. I do.
- Q. And that's because in your opinion if a utility has significantly excessive earnings and wanted to pay a refund but there's no flip side to that where they get to charge higher if their earnings are low, right?
 - A. Yes. That's basically it.
- Q. Are you aware that under the law if the Commission orders DP&L to issue a refund in a SEET case, DP&L has the unilateral authority to terminate its ESP and instead move onto a Market Rate Offer?
- A. I'm not aware one way or the other on that.
- Q. And if that were true, that would mitigate some of the asymmetric risk, right? Because it would give the utility an option to paying future refunds, right?

- A. Well, I mean, within that narrow sense but, I mean, forcing the company to go to a rate plan, go to an MRO, that is otherwise maybe not great, you know, for them or their customers, that doesn't -- that doesn't sound like a great option.
- Q. You are aware that customers face some asymmetric risk as well, right?
- A. I don't immediately know what you are referring to.
- Q. Sure. Well, we will keep going then and we will get to it. We talked about the lag between rate cases earlier, correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And the utility decides when to file a rate case, right?
- A. I mean, that's my understanding.
 - Q. Right. Have you ever been involved in a proceeding where someone else filed a rate case, you know, and forced the utility into it?
 - A. I can't recall one.
 - Q. Right. So when a utility is earning a very high return through its base rates, it's not likely to file a rate case, right?
 - A. Define what you mean by very high return.
 - Q. Let's say DP&L's earning a 30 percent ROE

through its base rates, it's not going to come in for a base rate, right?

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- A. Well, I mean, by definition they can't be earning a 30 -- I mean, by definition, I mean, unless they have got a 30 percent ROE in their last rate case, their base rates are not going to provide a 30 percent ROE.
- Q. But you understand that in the utility's regulation the utility's actual return is not always exactly the same of their approved return, right?
- A. Well, it can go up and down. Normally it goes up and down a little bit; and, by the way, we are talking about, you know, their base rates and the equity associated, if you will, with those base rates. And so, you know, if the regulatory process is working properly, they should be earning over the long run at least, you know, whatever their approved ROE is, whether it's 10 percent. The short return I don't -- it's hard for me to imagine it could go up as high as 30 percent.
- Q. Sure. Well, let's think about it this way, do you know when DP&L filed its most recent base rate case?
- A. My understanding is that they filed it in 2020. I mean, I think late 2020, like the fall of

2020, something like that.

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- Q. Right. Do you know when they -- do you know when they filed one before that?
 - A. I actually don't know exactly when.
- Q. Okay. Are you aware that between 1991 and 2015, DP&L filed no rate cases? That's a period of 24 years.
- A. I was not aware of that one way or the other.
- Q. And if a utility doesn't file a rate case for 24 years, you would have to conclude that their return was -- was satisfactory to the utility during that 24-year period, correct?
- A. Well, it would depend on, you know, how much construction they were doing and, you know, and various factors that go into determining whether or not they thought a rate case was a good idea. And I also don't know the rest of the regulatory structure in Ohio and how that would affect -- because I know that before 2015, I was certainly involved in filing testimony in the rate proceedings of -- you know, with DP&L. They weren't rate cases, maybe sort of formal rate cases, but their rates were being adjusted, I think.
 - Q. Let's move on to page 44 of your

testimony, please. And again, we are still in your December 2020 testimony.

- A. Yes. Page 44.
- Q. And on line 6, there is a question "Does the fact that DP&L has transferred its generation assets to an affiliate affect your analysis?" Do you see that question?
 - A. I do.

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- Q. And then on line 8 to 9 you note that it "does not change the fact that DP&L's shareholders made the investments in DP&L." Do you see that?
 - A. I do.
- Q. Who are you referring to when you say DP&L's shareholders there?
- A. You know, it's kind of generic. You know, maybe the words equity investor or equity owners would have been a little bit more precise, but the idea is that there was equity put into the organization at some point in the organization's history. And it was used to make investments, and at the end of the day those investments went down tremendously in value so they -- that investment was lost, okay? So sort of the identity of the shareholders really doesn't matter.
 - Q. So you are not referring to any specific

entity when you say DP&L's shareholders?

- A. No. The point of this sentence is to make the more generic point that a loss is a loss.
- Q. And when you refer to the word "affiliate" in line 6, you are referring to the fact that the entity to whom the generation assets were transferred is, like DP&L, a wholly-owned subsidiary of AES Corp.; is that right?
- 9 A. It's a subsidiary of Inc. which is owned 10 by AES.
- Q. Okay. It's a subsidiary of DPL Inc.?
- 12 A. Yes.

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- Q. So this entity that it was transferred to is indirectly owned by AES then, correct?
- 15 A. Yeah, through the ownership of DPL Inc.
- Q. Okay. Can you turn to page 6 of your testimony, please.
- 18 A. Page 6?
- 19 O. Yes.
- 20 A. Okay. Yes, I'm there.
- 21 Q. And I would like to talk about your
- 22 footnote 5. You reference there something called
- 23 | "Valuation: Measuring and Managing the Value of
- 24 | Companies." Do you see that?
- 25 A. I do.

Q. Is that a textbook?

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- A. You know, this is a book that our firm -someone at our firm has that we rely on. It's in its
 sixth edition. You know, I think -- I don't know.
 When you say textbook, I just -- it's probably taught
 in schools but I don't know that for sure but it is a
 book.
- Q. Okay. The portions that you were citing there from this book, they don't pertain specifically to the Ohio SEET, correct?
- A. Oh, no. These -- this book is a book about how to value companies in economics and finance.
- Q. Sure. And then in the same footnote you also cite at the end something called "Investment Valuation: Tools and Techniques for Determining the Value of any Asset." Do you see that?
 - A. I do.
- Q. And likewise that is not specifically addressing anything involving the Ohio SEET, correct?
- A. Yeah, not specifically. It's obviously all very, very relevant to doing a proper SEET analysis but from the point of view of economics and finance, not -- not focused on SEET.
- Q. And if we go to page 12, please.

- A. I'm there.
- Q. In footnote 9 you said "Principles of Corporate Finance," I assume that does not also apply specifically to the Ohio SEET?
- A. Yeah, except in the way I just described, you know, the fact that the SEET is a financial measure, you know, all of these -- all of these sources, all of these authorities are relevant to how to -- how to analyze financial measures, so it's relevant in that way.
- Q. Sure.

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- A. It's not about the SEET.
- Q. Right. None of these -- none of these
 things you are citing here is how to do this for
 purposes of the Ohio SEET, correct?
- 16 A. Yes.
- Q. Or anything like that.
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. Okay. I will move on rather than make you walk through each one for the entire rest of your testimony which, I assume, others will appreciate.
 - You are aware that the Supreme Court of
 Ohio overturned the PUCO approval of FirstEnergy's
 Distribution Modernization Rider, correct?
- A. What do you mean by "overturned"?

Q. They ordered it removed from FirstEnergy's electric security plan.

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- A. Yeah. I mean, I am not a lawyer. I read it as a nonlawyer. I mean, my reaction when I read the opinion was that they didn't come to a decision on the merits it didn't look like to me, again just as a layperson. And it remanded it down to the Commission, you know, for further review and analysis. And so again, that's just my reading of it as a layperson.
- Q. Sure. And you understand that following that Supreme Court ruling, whatever it might mean, the PUCO then ordered DP&L to remove its DMR from its electric security plan III, correct?
- A. For purposes of the SEET in 2018 and 2019?
- Q. No, just generally the PUCO ordered DP&L to remove the DMR from its tariffs, correct?
- A. I'm a little worried I got confused on the decision we are talking about here. This is the decision about the first -- about FirstEnergy's DMR, right?
- Q. So I am not trying to confuse you. There
 are two FirstEnergy decisions on the DMR. We can
 move on from that right now. I -- we agree that DP&L

is currently not charging customers for its DMR, correct?

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- A. That's correct. It reverted to ESP I.
- Q. And the reason they reverted to ESP I was because the Commission ordered DP&L to take its DMR out of the ESP III, correct?
- A. I think that that action was in reaction to the DMR being determined to be, I don't know what the right word is, illegal or improper or whatever but, yeah.
- Q. Right. And to your knowledge, have DP&L's customers gotten any refund for the amount of DMR that they paid before it was removed from the tariffs?
- A. My understanding is they have not received a refund like that.
- Q. So just to make sure I understand the general theme of your testimony, DP&L's DMR was found to be unlawful, DP&L kept that money, and now you think that that same money should be excluded from the SEET for purposes of denying customers a refund; is that right?
- A. You know, as a financial economist, I stay away from words like should, okay? I mean, I have my opinion about the best way to do the SEET,

okay, and that's within my testimony. And -- and in terms of what is -- you know, when I hear the word should, I think of normative, you know, decisions, justice, if you will, and from my point of view, just an economist, I think the SEET should be administered based on the data and reasoning and logic in my -- my report so, my testimony.

- Q. And used the word justice. You agree that the SEET should be generally performed in a way that provides justice to all parties, correct?
- A. That's -- again, that's outside of my expertise and purview.
- Q. So you are not sure whether it should be provide justice; it's possible it shouldn't?
- A. No. I mean, it's that I -- determining what is just is -- is not up to me. I mean, I --
 - Q. Sure.

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A. For me justice, if you will, is, you know, applying at least within the context of my testimony is, you know, calculating the SEET in a way that makes economic sense and is consistent with which of the -- in the statute and in the guidance from the Commission so that refunds are paid and the result of that should be refunds are paid when -- when they are really warranted, okay? When there

really has been excess earnings in an economic sense.

Otherwise, the refund should not be paid.

Q. So you would agree that under your analysis if it were determined that refund were required, that would be a just result for DP&L's consumers, correct?

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A. Yeah. I mean, if the test was -- was administered in a sound way economically, sound manner, at least from my opinion, then and it showed excess earnings in a particular year, then a refund would be warranted, and I am talking about economic excess earnings, you know, with -- measured with proper adjustments to equity and earnings and all the things we've been talking.

MR. HEALEY: Sure. Okay. That's all I have, your Honor.

EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you.

Do you have redirect?

MR. SHARKEY: Your Honor, I would like, if I could, to take a 5-minute break for me to consult with my client. Ordinarily we would be in a conference room, and I would be able to exchange notes and whisper with them to determine whether we have any questions to ask or not. But since we are not in that position, I would ask that I get a

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     5-minute break so I can confer with my client
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     quickly. Actually can you make it 10 and then we
     will get back on? I don't anticipate I would have
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    much, if any.
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                 EXAMINER SCHABO: Yeah. So we'll take a
     10-minute break. We will come back on the record at
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 7
     2:25.
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                 Off the record.
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                 (Recess taken.)
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                 EXAMINER SCHABO: We'll go back on the
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     record.
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                 MR. SHARKEY: No further questions, your
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     Honor. DP&L would renew its motion to admit
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     Exhibits 1A and 1B and Exhibit 2, and per our earlier
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     discussion we will hold on on renewing our motion for
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     Exhibit 3.
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                 EXAMINER SCHABO: Okay. Any objections?
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                 Hearing none, DP&L Exhibit 1A, 1B, and
     Exhibit 2 will be admitted into the record.
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                 (EXHIBITS ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
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                 MR. HEALEY: Your Honor, can I move --
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     should I move my exhibits now, your Honor, or may I?
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                 EXAMINER SCHABO: Actually I am going to
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    back up just real quick. I do not have any
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     questions. Judge Williams, did you have any
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- questions for Mr. Malinak?

 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I do not at this

 time, thank you, Judge Schabo.
- EXAMINER SCHABO: All right. Mr. Healey,
 yes, please feel free to move whatever exhibits you
 would like to move.
- MR. HEALEY: Yes, your Honor. At this time OCC moves for admission of OCC Exhibits 17, 18, 37A, and 37B.
- 10 EXAMINER SCHABO: Any objections?
- MR. SHARKEY: Not from DP&L.
- 12 EXAMINER SCHABO: Hearing none, OCC
- Exhibits 17, 18, 37A, and 37B will be admitted to the
- 14 record.
- 15 (EXHIBITS ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
- 16 THE WITNESS: Your Honors, am I dismissed
- 17 then?

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EXAMINER SCHABO: You beat me to the

punch. Yes, Mr. Malinak, you are dismissed for the

day. We may need to call you back for a confidential

session that will be determined by the parties.

- 22 THE WITNESS: Thank you very much.
- 23 EXAMINER SCHABO: Thank you.
- Judge Williams.
- 25 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you, Judge

- 1 Schabo.
- 2 Mr. Sharkey, you want to call your next
- 3 | witness.
- 4 MR. SHARKEY: Yes, your Honor. Actually
- 5 | Jeff Ireland is going to be the attorney who will be
- 6 | handling the direct exams of DP&L's next witness
- 7 | which will be Sharon Schroder.
- 8 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: All right. Mr.
- 9 | Ireland, would you call your next witness.
- MR. IRELAND: Yes, you Honor. Our next
- 11 | witness would be Sharon Schroder who I think needs to
- 12 be...
- MR. SCHMIDT: Ms. Schroder, if you can
- 14 enable your audio and video.
- 15 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Ms. Schroder.
- MS. SCHRODER: I'm getting a lot of
- 17 | background echoing. I am not sure if it's me or you
- 18 quys.
- 19 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: It got better. Can
- 20 | we test it a little bit longer?
- 21 MS. SCHRODER: Sure. This is better.
- 22 Maybe I was too close.
- 23 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Could be. I don't
- 24 know. I'm glad it improved anyway. This is Judge
- 25 | Williams. I want to begin by swearing you in.

143 (Witness sworn.) 1 2 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you. 3 Attorney Ireland, please proceed. MR. IRELAND: Thank you, your Honor. 4 5 6 SHARON SCHRODER 7 being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was examined and testified as follows: 8 9 DIRECT EXAMINATION 10 By Mr. Ireland: 11 Ms. Schroder, could you please state your Ο. 12 name for the record and address. 13 Α. Sure. Sharon Schroder, S-C-H-R-O-D-E-R, 14 my address is 1065 Woodman Drive, Dayton, Ohio 45432. 15 Ο. And do you have before you what I believe is DP&L Exhibit 4 which is the testimony in support 16 17 of the Stipulation and Recommendation? 18 Α. Yes, I do. 19 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 20 Ο. And if I were to ask you all the 2.1 questions contained in your prefiled testimony, would 2.2 the answers be the same? 23 A. Yes, they would. 24 And would they be true? Ο. 25 Α. Yes, they would.

- Q. And just also for the record do you have in front of you what's been marked as the Stipulating Parties Exhibit 1 which is the Stipulation in this case?
 - A. Yes, I have that as well.
- 6 MR. IRELAND: Your Honor, I would tender 7 Ms. Schroder for cross-examination.
- 8 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you, Attorney 9 Ireland.
- And on behalf of OCC, who is doing the cross?
- MS. O'BRIEN: I apologize. It will be
 Angela O'Brien.
- 14 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you,
- 15 Ms. O'Brien. I'm sorry. I didn't have detailed notes.
- MS. O'BRIEN: No worries. I am glad to know I was muted. Just so you know I am getting a lot of background echo as well, so I will try to be slow. But if I ask to have an answer repeated,
- 21 that's why.

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EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Is there any way of maybe adjusting your settings? As we proceed, it's going to be kind of rough for a couple of hours. Do you have multiple pieces of audio going?

145 MS. O'BRIEN: No, I don't actually. 1 2 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Maybe turn down the 3 audio on your computer. We hear you pretty clear, so maybe if you turn that down, it will help us. 4 5 MS. O'BRIEN: Okay. Is that any better? EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Not really but let's 6 7 try it, see. If we have to, we can... 8 MS. O'BRIEN: Okay. Is that any clearer? EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Yeah. I think it's a 9 10 little better. 11 MS. O'BRIEN: Okay. I'll just be 12 clearer. 13 14 CROSS-EXAMINATION 15 By Ms. O'Brien: 16 Well, good afternoon, Ms. Schroder. Q. 17 Α. Good afternoon. 18 Happy New Year. Okay. Q. 19 EXAMINER SCHABO: I'm going to interject. 20 Ms. Schroder, if you would maybe adjust your volume 2.1 down a little bit as well. 22 THE WITNESS: Let's see if I can get it lower. I have it down low. 23

EXAMINER SCHABO: Can you hear us?

We will give this another shot. Sorry to

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1 interrupt.

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- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) Okay. Okay. Now, you testified that your current position with DP&L is the Managing Director of Regulatory Affairs; is that correct?
- A. Yes, that's correct.
 - Q. Okay. Now, in your role as Managing
 Director of Regulatory Affairs, your responsibilities
 include, among other things, overseeing DP&L's
 overall regulatory operations; is that correct?
 - A. Yes, that's right.
- Q. And prior to this role, you were the Director of Regulatory Affairs for DP&L?
 - A. Yes, that's right.
 - Q. And how long did you serve in that position?
- 17 A. That was about two and a half years.
 - Q. Okay. Now, in these roles of DP&L, as I understand it, you've been involved in numerous proceedings before the PUCO; is that correct?
 - A. Yes, I have been.
- Q. And you testified in the past in support of settlements in PUCO proceedings?
- A. Yes. Among others, yes.
- Q. Are you testifying as a regulatory expert

today?

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- A. Yes.
- Q. And, now, based upon your regulatory expertise, is it your understanding that DP&L's customer rates and service terms and conditions must be accurately reflected in the tariffs filed with and approved by the PUCO?
 - A. I'm sorry. Can you repeat that?
- Q. Sure. I will repeat the question. Based on your regulatory expertise, is it your understanding that DP&L's customer rates and service charges and conditions must be accurately reflected in tariffs filed with and approved by the PUCO?
- A. I would say that we are obligated to charge the rates and tariffs that are approved by the PUCO.
- Q. Okay. So are you saying that DP&L is not required to file tariffs with the PUCO?
 - A. We are required to file tariffs with the PUCO.
- Q. And those tariffs have to be accurate; is that correct?
- A. That's certainly true.
- 24 Q. And --
- 25 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: We are not going to

Proceedings

148 be able to proceed like this for a couple hours. 1 I'm 2 sorry. Do either of you have headphones? Ms. Schroder, I think we are really losing the 3 beginning of your answers. 4 5 MS. O'BRIEN: I can try to put earbuds. 6 I don't have headphones. 7 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I'm not sure where we're breaking down. It's prominently you, 8 Ms. Schroder. 9 10 THE WITNESS: Okay. 11 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: But maybe if 12 Ms. O'Brien goes to. 13 THE WITNESS: Does it help if I turn it 14 down? 15 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I have plenty of 16 volume. It's just the echo, and we are losing the 17 beginning of your responses. 18 EXAMINER SCHABO: Karen, can we go off 19 the record for a moment while we figure this out? 20 COURT REPORTER: Yes. 2.1 (Discussion off the record.) 22 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Let's go back on the 23 record. 24 MS. O'BRIEN: Can I have the court 25 reporter read back the last question.

(Record read.)

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- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) Okay. Now, the purpose of your testimony in this case is to describe this settlement that was filed and to explain how in your opinion the settlement satisfies the PUCO's three-part test for evaluating settlements; is that right?
- A. That's right. But I would like to correct, I think, my response, I think, regarding the tariffs was that certain -- yes, that's certainly our intention.
- Q. Okay. And I guess -- and so I will just go ahead and thank you for that correction. So before we start into your testimony on the three-part test, I would kind of like to go over the cases that the settlement purports to resolve because there are several cases involved; would you agree with me there?
 - A. Yes, I agree.
- Q. Okay. So the first case of the settlement purports to resolve what I refer to as the SmartGrid cases. And those are the cases concerning DP&L's SmartGrid application that was filed in Case No. 18-1875 and the two related cases 18-1876 and 18-1877. And is that your understanding as well?

- A. Yes. Those are part of the Stipulation.
- Q. Okay. And if I refer to those cases collectively as the Smart Grid cases, will you understand my meaning?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And is it your testimony that if the Commission approves the settlement, that those cases will be resolved?
- A. I guess from my -- from my perspective, yes. I don't have a legal opinion on exactly what that means, but yes.
- Q. Okay. Okay. And then another case the settlement purports to resolve is Case No. 20-680-EL-UNC, and this concerns DP&L's pending application for funding that its current electric security plan passes the more favorable in the aggregate test and the prospective significantly excessive earnings test and -- is that your understanding?
- A. Yes, and that case is also part of the broad settlement.
- Q. Okay. And if I refer to this case as the MFA SEET case, will you understand my meaning?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. Now, the settlement also resolves

- Case No. 19-1121-EL-UNC, and this case concerns
 DP&L's pending application for a finding that it's
 earnings in 2018 were not significantly excessive; is
 that correct?
- A. Yes, that's correct. It's also part of the settlement.
 - Q. Okay. And if I refer to this case as the 2018 SEET case, will you understand my meaning?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. And, finally, the settlement purports to resolve Case No. 20-1041-EL-UNC which concerns DP&L's pending application for finding that its earnings in 2019 were not significantly excessive; is that correct?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. If I refer to this as the 2019 SEET case, will you understand my meaning?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Now, were you present throughout the day for Mr. Malinak's testimony?
 - A. Yes, I was. I stepped away once or twice for a couple minutes at a time but otherwise, yes.
- Q. Okay. And so my only point is that, you know, my references to some of these cases will be the same. My questions are just to make sure that I

am keeping clarity for my own purposes too because there is a lot going on.

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Okay. Now, you testified that both the 2018 and the 2019 SEET cases are conducted under Ohio Revised Code 4928.143(F); is that correct?

- A. I am looking to see if I used those exact references.
- Q. I am actually on page 4 of your testimony, lines 11 to 13.
 - A. Can you repeat the question, please?
- Q. I just wanted to ask you if it was your testimony that the 2018 and 2019 case -- SEET cases are conducted under RC 4928.143(F)?
- A. I believe that's what I am referring to here, that that's part of our settlement. I don't know if there are other sections that may have been conducted under, but for purposes of the settlement, that's the case that's incorporated.
- Q. Okay. Are you aware of any other -- in your regulatory expertise are you aware of any other statute that the 2018 or 2019 SEET cases would be reviewed under?
 - A. I don't know.
- Q. Okay. And it's your general
 understanding that the 2018 and 2019 SEET cases

conducted under this statute are sometimes referred to as retrospective SEET cases?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And is that because part of the PUCO's review is the utility's earnings for the prior year under the electric security plan?
- A. I don't know exactly why they are termed that way, but I have heard that used including today.
- Q. Okay. But your understanding is that the term retrospective means generally backward looking or in the past?
 - A. That means that, yes.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Ms. Schroder, try one more time. We are really having problems when you and Ms. O'Brien kind of overlap. If you could give your answer one more time.

THE WITNESS: It means that, yes.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you.

- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) And is it also your general understanding based upon your reg -regulatory expertise that in retrospective SEET cases if the PUCO determines that the utility did have significantly excessive earnings for the prior year, customers could be entitled to refunds?
- A. I'm not aware of any times that they have

- issued -- or ruled on requiring refunds, no.
- 2 Q. Well, I guess that wasn't my question.
- 3 | My question was is it your understanding if the PUCO
- 4 | were to find the utility to have significantly
- 5 excessive earnings for the prior year, could
- 6 customers be entitled to a refund?

- 7 MR. IRELAND: I am going to object, your
- 8 Honor. I think it calls for a legal conclusion.
- 9 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: To the extent she
- 10 understands, I am going to let her answer.
- MR. IRELAND: Thank you.
- 12 A. I don't -- I don't know. I suppose it
- 13 | could, the Commission could do something.
- Q. And I just want to go back for a second.
- 15 You -- we just went over that you are the Managing
- 16 Director of Regulatory Affairs for DP&L, right?
- 17 A. Yes, that's right.
- 18 Q. And so you -- you are involved again in
- 19 overseeing their regulatory -- I think you said their
- 20 regulatory policies and operations?
- 21 A. Yes, that's right.
- 22 Q. So would you be in charge of being --
- 23 | would you be involved with these type of proceedings
- 24 on behalf of DP&L?
- 25 A. Yes, I would be involved.

- Q. Okay. Okay. I would like to direct you to page 4 of your testimony.
 - A. Okay. I'm there.

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- Q. Okay. I think here you testified that DP&L is currently operating under the electric security plan adopted in Case No. 08-1094-EL-SSO which is referred to as the ESP I.
 - A. Yes, that's right.
- Q. Okay. And my understanding of your testimony is that one of the benefits of the settlement is that DP&L can continue to operate under the ESP I; is that correct?
- A. I think there are many benefits, and I think one of them is the fact that it provides regulatory certainty and financial stability, and as a packet, it benefits all customers as well as DP&L.
- MS. O'BRIEN: Okay. Your Honor, I would move to strike that answer as nonresponsive. My question was whether her testimony was that one of the benefits of the settlement was allowing DP&L to continue under ESP I.
- EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I am going to allow her to -- that to stand in the record as part of her explanation. We will let you continue to cross to get the answer to your question.

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                 MS. BOJKO: Excuse me. This is Kim.
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     Could I have the answer reread? We are not able to
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     hear. It's very choppy.
                 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I tell you what,
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    Micah. Let's go ahead and guide somebody onto the
     phone. I think probably Ms. Schroder. We are losing
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     you the most. So, Micah, can you get Ms. Schroder
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     onto a phone line, please.
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                 EXAMINER SCHABO: Karen, we can go off
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     the record again while we do this.
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                 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you,
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    Ms. Schabo.
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                 (Discussion off the record.)
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                 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Let's go back on the
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     record.
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                 And I believe you, Ms. Bojko, asked for
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     the question. Can we just do the question and the
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     answer, and we will get back on track.
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                 (Record read.)
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                 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: And perhaps it was
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     the most garbled we had.
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                 Karen, go ahead and take us back off the
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     record, please.
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                 (Discussion off the record.)
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                 (Record read.)
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MS. BOJKO: Thank you.

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EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Ms. O'Brien.

MS. O'BRIEN: Okay.

- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) But you would agree with me that if the Commission approves the settlement, the DP&L will be allowed to continue operating under ESP I; is that correct?
- A. It would operate under ESP I, or our current ESP, until the new ESP IV as stipulated to here in the settlement, until that one is approved and in effect.
- Q. Okay. So the answer to my question is yes?
- A. Well, not completely, no. I think it would until ESP IV is in effect.
- Q. Okay. And when -- when you -- under the settlement when do you anticipate filing for ESP IV?
- A. On page 45 of the Stipulation there is a requirement that DP&L shall file the application for ESP IV no later than October 1, 2023, to replace ESP I and there are further requirements surrounding that ESP IV and charges it cannot contain.
- Q. Okay. All right. So can you tell me -- and so we just discussed that your electric sec -- or your, DP&L's Electric Security Plan 1 was adopted as

- a part of the 08-1094 case, I believe. Now, how involved have you been in those proceedings?
- A. I was involved in -- when it was approved, when DP&L reverted to ESP 1 and it was approved, I was involved then.
- Q. Okay. And so -- so would you say you've been involved in -- were you involved initially back when it was approved in, I believe it was, like 2009 or 2010, around that time frame?
 - A. The first time it was approved?
- 11 Q. Yes.

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- A. No, I don't believe I was.
- Q. Okay. So are you aware of whether ESP I
 was initially approved as part of the settlement
 between DP&L and other parties to that proceeding?
 - A. I think that's true, but I wasn't involved in those discussions.
- Q. Okay. Have you reviewed the settlement in the ESP I proceeding?
 - A. I have. It's been a while.
- Q. Okay. And are you aware of whether the OCC was a signatory to that proceeding?
- 23 A. I don't remember.
- 24 Q. Okay.
- MS. O'BRIEN: Your Honors, at this point

I would like to mark OCC Exhibit 8 and -- yeah, which is the ESP I Stipulation and Recommendation dated
February 24, 2009.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: And that's how that was marked when you filed your exhibit list earlier, correct?

MS. O'BRIEN: Yes, that's correct.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MS. O'BRIEN: Okay.

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- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) Ms. Schroder, do you have a copy of that available?
 - A. I do. I am opening it now.
- Q. Okay. That's fine. Now, if you could turn to page 5 of the settlement -- this settlement and let me know when you are there. Are you there yet?
 - A. No. Actually I was curious regarding the OCC signature, so I was flipping past that on my way.
 - Q. Oh, that's fine.
 - A. You said page 5?
- Q. Yeah. When you are done, if you could refer to page 5.
- 24 A. Okay. I'm at page 5.
- Q. Okay. And you'll see on this page there

are terms and conditions related to DP&L's advanced metering infrastructure and SmartGrid. Do you see these?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. And you just testified obviously DP&L is currently operating under the ESP I plan, correct?
- A. Well, I will say it may not be exactly the ESP I that was approved in '08. It was the ESP 1 as approved. We are calling it ESP I, but our current ESP is the one that was approved December 18, 2019. I understand there are some differences.
- Q. Okay. And can you tell me what those differences are?
- A. Not as I sit here today. All of them, you know, for example, there were some market-related items that the Commission thought was appropriate to not change because it may interrupt the market rather than trying to attempt to go back to what was in place in 2008 versus what was in place in 2019.
 - Q. Okay. What else?
- A. That's just an example. I don't know all the differences today as I sit here.
- Q. Okay. Was anything changed with respect to AMI and Smart Grid?

- A. No, not that I can think of.
- Q. Okay. So would you agree with me that these provisions that appear here are still applicable to DP&L?
- A. I would probably rely on counsel to make sure of that, but from a regulatory perspective, I think so.
- Q. Okay. Now, if you take a look at provision 4c, this provision discusses DP&L's infrastructure investment rider; is that correct?
- A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. And do you see the provision here that states "This IIR rate will recover any prudently incurred costs related solely to the Company's AMI and/or Smart Grid approved plans"?
 - A. Yes, I see that sentence.
- Q. Okay. And can you tell me when DP&L first filed the IIR tariff with the PUCO?
 - A. No. I don't know.
 - Q. Is it currently on file with the PUCO?
- 21 A. Yes, it is.
 - Q. Now, is it your understanding that DP&L was required under these settlement terms and conditions to file with the PUCO independent business case proposals with respect to AMI and Smart Grid?

A. Can you repeat that, please?

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- Q. Is it your understanding that DP&L was required as part of these provisions on this page to file with the PUCO independent business case proposals for both AMI and Smart Grid?
- A. Yes, I do understand that and that is what DP&L did in its 2018 filing.
- Q. And by 2018 filing, what filing are you referring to?
- A. The application for what we've been calling the Smart Grid plan in 18-1875.
- Q. Okay. Now, we'll circle back to that, but you understand -- do you understand that -- under the provisions here that the business cases that were -- were -- were to include projected reliability impacts from full Smart Grid deployment?
 - A. Can you point me to that?
- Q. If you look at -- if you look at 4b here, the second sentence, it says "The analysis shall contain -- shall include projected reliability benefits that will result from full Smart Grid deployment."
- A. Yes, I see that. That's also what we did
 in our filing in 2018 as well as updated for the
 settlement.

163 1 O. Okay. Well, let's move -- let's jump ahead then. Let me -- if you just give me a second 2 here so I can pull the 2018 application. Give me one 3 second. 4 5 Okay. Can you point me to --6 MS. O'BRIEN: Let me go ahead and mark --7 OCC would like to mark what's OCC 74. And that is DP&L's application for approval of this plan, the 8 9 modernized distribution grid, and that's OCC -- OCC 10 74 is what's reflected on our Excel spreadsheet that 11 we sent. 12 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: So marked. 13 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 14 MS. O'BRIEN: Okay. Let's also go ahead 15 and mark what's reflected on our Excel spreadsheet as 16 OCC 75 and this is the schedules and workpapers 17 attached to the application. 18 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Waiting for my 19 computer to catch up. Also marked. 20 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 2.1 Ο. (By Ms. O'Brien) Okay. Okay. 22 Ms. Schroder, do you have these documents available 23 to you? 24 This is the entire Smart Grid

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application?

Q. Well, I've marked the application. I've also marked the schedules and the workpapers. My understanding DP&L is not calling the witnesses that provided testimony in support of the application so for right now what I have marked are these two documents.

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- A. Okay. I have not opened it yet. Do I need to open one of these?
 - Q. Yes. If you could, please.
- A. Could you point me again to which exhibit of OCC that it is?
- Q. It's OCC 74 which is the application itself and then also OCC Exhibit 75 which is the schedules and the workpapers.
 - MR. IRELAND: Excuse me, Angie. This is

 Jeff Ireland. Are you going to start with one versus

 another, or are you going to do them simultaneously?
 - MS. O'BRIEN: I am going to ask her some questions about that because -- so I am not doing one versus the other right now, so I guess I don't understand your question.
- MR. IRELAND: Well, I am only -- I'm sorry.
- MS. O'BRIEN: Oh, that's okay.
- 25 MR. IRELAND: I am asking because I can

only open one at a time so.

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MS. O'BRIEN: Well, let me do this, when Ms. Schroder has them available -- well, we can do it this way.

- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) Ms. Schroder, can you show me where in either the application or the schedules and workpapers it's -- it reflects the projected reliability impact that will result from the full Smart Grid deployment?
- A. The projected benefits are shown in the cost/benefit analysis that was done.
 - Q. Okay. And --
- A. That was supported by a couple of different witnesses so, for example, the benefits were supported originally by two different witnesses, Witness Hall and Witness Hulsebosch, and the costs were supported by a number of other witnesses. And there was a cost/benefit study done and that study was updated as part of the Stipulation. And I know that was shared with the parties. I don't know the number of that exhibit, but I have that in front of me.
 - Q. What --

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Ms. O'Brien, as we are proceeding, I hate to interrupt you. You marked

as 75 exhibits and schedules -- or schedules and workpapers. It looks like that's supposed to be 73. Can you check your records?

MS. O'BRIEN: Okay.

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EXAMINER WILLIAMS: 75 is actually an entry.

MS. O'BRIEN: I'm sorry. I must have written it wrong. Yes, you are correct. It's 73.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: All right.

MS. O'BRIEN: I apologize about that.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: We will amend the identification then to be identifying OCC Exhibit 73 is the exhibit schedules and workpapers.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) Okay. So can you tell me specifically how the Stipulation modifies the cost/benefit analysis that was presented in the schedules and the workpapers and in the application?
- A. There were a number of updates, most significantly the reduction in the investment. So the Smart Grid application contained 866.9 million of capital and O&M proposed and the settlement was reduced to 267.6 million of capital and O&M, that's capped at that amount so that the time -- the timeline was reduced in terms of the timeline of the

investment, the total dollar amount of the investment, and the O&M forecasted was reduced.

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So that -- that's probably the major adjustment. There may have been some others in that but it was intended to update the cost/benefit analysis to align with the stipulation and the particulars that the parties have agreed to.

- Q. Okay. You would agree with me though there are no workpapers or schedules to support the costs -- the updated cost/benefits summary that are attached to the Stipulation; is that right?
- A. No, I don't agree with that. I know that we provided the cost/benefit analysis, the business case, the total summary of all that in discovery, and then I know we provided it again, the updated version of schedules and workpapers that were aligned with the cost/benefit analysis with the Stipulation.
- Q. Where in the Stipulation are they is what I am asking you. You say --
 - A. We haven't --
- Q. Okay. I'm sorry. I didn't mean to cut you off.
- A. I understood your question to not be if it is in the Stipulation, but we did redo it, and it was provided to parties.

Q. Okay. But it's not part of the Stipulation; is that correct?

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- A. No. I would disagree with that. It certainly supports the Stipulation.
- Q. Okay. Can you point me -EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Wait. One at a time.

 I'm sorry. Ms. O'Brien, ask your question. And
 then, Ms. Schroder, wait for her to finish asking her
 question and then respond accordingly, please.
- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) Okay. Can you point me to where in the settlement, the Stipulation and Recommendation or its supporting exhibits it describes how the application cost/benefit analysis was modified?
- A. I think the words of how it was modified are not in the Stipulation. I think the result of that cost/benefit analysis and a summary of that is included in the Exhibit 4 and there are a number of other places in the settlement that incorporates those but there are a number of schedules and workpapers. All of those are not included in the page, for example, of the Stipulation, but I think they incorporate the content of the SmartGrid pieces of the Stipulation, and they are summarized in Exhibit 4.

Q. Okay. So if someone were to review the Settlement and Stipulation and its supporting exhibits, they wouldn't be able to tell exactly how the cost/benefit analysis changed from the application as it was filed in December 2018; is that correct?

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- A. No, I disagree with that. If it were a party to the case, I think they would have that information. As I mentioned, we provided them cost/benefit analysis details, all of the schedules and workpapers in context of discovery that would have aligned with the application, and then we also provided the updated schedules and workpapers that align with the settlement to the intervening parties, so an intervening party could do that themselves and see the difference.
- Q. Okay. But you are not sponsoring testimony today with respect to those modifications, are you, specifically with respect to those modifications?
- A. Some of those modifications because I am supporting the updated cost to benefit analysis, and some of the changes from our application, as I mentioned before, a significant one in terms of the reduction in investment and the O&M that the Company

- would be making as part of Phase I, some of those adjustments I do sponsor.
- Q. Okay. Let's see, hold on. Let me just find where I put my notes, the pad. Okay. Now, going back to the application that was filed in December of 2018, at the time DP&L filed that application it was operating under a different electric security plan, right?
- A. Yes. Before we reverted to ESP 1, we were operating under ESP III.
- Q. Okay. And do you recall whether the ESP III was approved by the PUCO as a result of the settlement between the parties to the case?
 - A. Yes, it was.

- Q. Okay. And do you recall if OCC was a signatory party to that settlement?
 - A. I don't believe they were.
- Q. Okay. And do you have the ESP III Amended Stipulation available to you?
- A. If it's one of your exhibits, I can get to it.
- MS. O'BRIEN: Okay. Well, I will go
 ahead and mark OCC 10 and if you could pull that up
 that would be great.
- 25 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: It's so marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- A. Yes, I have access to it now.
- Q. Okay. Can you turn to page 7.
- A. Okay. I'm there.

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- Q. Okay. And here I think you'll see discussion regarding the Smart Grid Rider, which I'll refer to as the SGR, and also the distribution infrastructure modernization plan. Now, you would agree with me that these provisions in the ESP III don't now apply to Smart Grid plan; is that correct?
- A. It's my understanding that none of the ESP III applies.
- Q. Okay. And that's because DP&L withdrew from ESP III, right?
- A. In part. I think it doesn't apply today because of the Commission approved DP&L's reversion to ESP I, so our current ESP is what I have been calling ESP I.
- Q. Okay. And we've already established that the AMI and Smart Grid provisions of the ESP I settlement were not modified as part of the Commission's order, right?
- A. Not that I am aware of.
- Q. Okay. And you would agree with me that one of the primary modifications for the Smart Grid

- plan from when it was filed in December of 2018 to the time that the settlement was filed was the way that DP&L would recover certain components of the Smart Grid plan, right?
- 5 MR. IRELAND: I'll object to the form, 6 your Honor.
 - Q. Okay. I'll rephrase.

 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you.
- 9 Q. So you would agree with me under the ESP
 10 III settlement, the Smart Grid -- as initial -- okay.
 11 Let me back up.
 - When DP&L filed the Smart Grid plan in 2018, did it contemplate recovering certain components of the Smart Grid plan through the Smart Grid Rider?
- 16 A. Yes. I think so.

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- Q. Okay. And, now, as part of the settlement, the DP&L plans to recover certain components of the Smart Grid plan through the Infrastructure Investment Rider; is that correct?
 - A. Yes, that's right.
- Q. Okay. And that's the rider mechanism that we just discussed that was referenced in the settlement -- the ESP I settlement, right?
 - A. Yes. That exists today within our

current ESP.

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- Q. Okay. Now, we -- I think you just -- you just talked a little bit about some of the ways -- some of the ways that the settlement modifies the Smart Grid plan as it was filed in December 2018. What other ways is it modified?
- A. There were operational O&M savings that were estimated in the application and some of those estimates were intended to be updated and provided to customers through incorporation in the next rate case. And instead through the Stipulation those amounts were agreed to as certain dollar amounts instead of estimates as well as intended to be provided to customers incorporated through the IIR.

There were no audit procedures proposed in the application for DP&L's investment. The Stipulation has stringent requirements regarding the DP&L's investments and expenditures for annual audits to be performed. The application proposed CIF, a new CIF system, and that CIF system would be recovered in the rider on an ongoing basis.

Instead a concession by DP&L as part of the settlement was that DP&L would still honor the commitment to invest in the CIF as well as the related benefits to customers but that that cost

recovery would be delayed until the rate case.

DP&L's implementation of Volt/VAR optimization would be accelerated in the Stipulation compared to in the application, so customers could receive those reduced costs earlier.

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DP&L had proposed to own electric vehicle infrastructure in the application. That has been removed in the settlement. There are a number of economic development programs that are proposed in the settlement that were not included in the application. There is a commitment to file ESP IV by a date certain and that ESP IV would not have certain nonbypassable charges included in it. That was not in the application.

- Q. Is there anything else?
- A. The smart thermostat program -- yeah, there are a number of other things. I could continue. There are a number of other commitments that are going to be funded with shareholder dollars instead of by customer funds. Many of those are tied to economic development and other state policies, programs for low income residential customers, significant commitments regarding customer education and some of that education targeted toward certain groups. I think that's the majority of them. There

may be several others.

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- Q. Okay. Now, you know, a lot of -- a lot of the items that you mentioned don't -- to me -- I guess what I am struggling with a lot of those don't sound to me like specific modifications to the application that was filed in December. So again, I am going to go back to OCC 73, the schedules and workpapers that were filed with the application. And again, can you tell me specifically which of these schedules and workpapers were modified as a result of the settlement?
- A. I can point you to some of them. One of the examples I just mentioned was that the VOLT/VAR optimization was accelerated, so some of those investments occur earlier than in the application.
- Q. Okay. And can you tell me what schedule or workpaper that is?
- A. Sure. That's in Schedule or Workpaper -- Workpaper 2.4.
 - Q. Okay. What else?
- A. Workpaper 1.1 contains capital costs for smart meters. The Stipulation proposes to reduce the amount of investment in AMI to approximately 95 percent of what was included in the application. That's showing in Workpaper 1.1.

Q. Okay.

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A. Workpaper 2.1 contains capital costs for distribution automation infrastructure. That was reduced in the settlement compared to the application such that the settlement contains approximately 20 percent of DP&L's circuit versus 47 percent of DP&L's circuit as was contained in the application.

Workpaper 2.2 contains investments related to substation automation. Similarly, the substation automation investment was reduced compared to the application such that the Stipulation contains about 30 substations that will be automated compared to the 97 that were included in the application.

There are others -- other workpapers where the costs were removed. As I mentioned, the CIF was originally part of the application to be recovered on an on going basis through a rider and a quarterly basis.

Now, the CIF costs investment as well as O&M and related supporting systems are all deferred to be recovered in the next rate case. Some of those would be Workpaper 1.2 for meter data management systems. Workpaper 1.3 contains CIF costs.

Workpaper 1.4 contains costs related to meter asset management systems. Workpaper 2.7 contains costs

- related to the mobile workforce management system.

 Workpaper 3.2 contained the customer portal and

 mobile app. costs. Workpaper 3.5 contained costs
- related to the IDR. Workpaper 3.6 contained costs related to CRM.

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And as I mentioned, all of these were included in the application to be recovered on a quarterly basis but as part of the settlement will be recovered later in a rate case instead.

- Q. Okay. So you just went through a number of modifications to the various workpapers, but none of those modifications were attached to the Stipulation, were they?
 - A. As attachments, no.
- Q. Where are they in the Stipulation? Where are they specifically? In other words, what I am getting at is with the application, DP&L filed schedules and workpapers. I guess my question is why didn't DP&L file updated schedules and workpapers with the Stipulation?
- 21 MR. IRELAND: I am going to object to 22 that, your Honor.
- EXAMINER WILLIAMS: If she knows, she can answer.
- 25 A. I don't know from a process standpoint

why they are not filed with the Stipulation or attached. Just perhaps out of just efficiency because of the bulk and nature of how many schedules and workpaper there are that support the Stipulation, but I do understand those were provided to the intervening parties, so they have this support.

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- Q. But again, to the application, if -- DP&L was able to file schedules and workpapers supporting the application with this initial filing, correct?
- A. We did file significant detail with the application, yes.
- Q. Okay. And that same detail is not reflected in the Stipulation; is that correct?
- A. No. I disagree with that. I think that detail is reflected in the Stipulation. I would agree with you that there are not attachments that contain all of the schedules and workpapers though.
- Q. Okay. Thank you. Okay. Let me just back up because we skipped ahead a little bit. Okay. Now, if you could grab the Stipulation and move to Exhibit 2 of the Stipulation and let me know when you are there.
 - A. Okay. I'm there.
- Q. Okay. Let me get there.

25 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Ms. O'Brien, can we

take a 10-minute break? Is that okay? Is it
interrupting a train of thought you are at right now,
or is it okay?

MS. O'BRIEN: No, that's fine. It's fine.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay. We will go ahead and go off record and come back at 3:45.

(Recess taken.)

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EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Karen, go ahead and put us back on the record.

Thank you, Ms. O'Brien. We will resume your questioning at 3:45.

- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) Okay. Ms. Schroder, did you -- I think before we went on break, I asked you to turn to Exhibit 2 to the settlement. Are you there?
 - A. Yes, I'm there.
- Q. Okay. Now, this exhibit showed the revenue requirement over the four years of DP&L's proposed Smart Grid Plan 1; is that correct?
 - A. Yes, our estimate for Phase 1.
- Q. Okay. Now, you would agree with me
 though that there are certain costs that DP&L will
 have that would need to occur over a longer period of
 time, right?

MR. IRELAND: I think it's a little vague, your Honor.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Ms. O'Brien, can you clarify the question?

- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) Okay. DP&L has depreciation costs, correct?
- A. Yes. We have depreciation expense for a number of our assets, related to a number of our assets.
- Q. Okay. And you want to recover those costs, right?
 - A. Generally, yes.

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- Q. Okay. And won't recovery costs like depreciation take longer than four years?
 - A. I think that's a broad question, but if you mean the costs that are here, I think there are costs and benefits that are not showing on this exhibit.
- Q. Okay. What costs and benefits aren't showing on the exhibit?
- A. Well, the exhibit is only showing our view, our best estimate for Phase 1.
- 23 Q. Okay.
- 24 A. Phase 1.
- Q. But you just said it -- you just said

there are costs and benefits that aren't reflected on that, and I am asking you what costs and benefits aren't reflected on it.

- A. In our costs/benefits analysis that we did took a two-year view which I understand is typical in the industry so that's incorporated into our cost/benefit analysis. But Exhibit 2 is merely trying to do an estimate of the revenue requirements for the four years included in Phase 1 so that we can get an estimate of the potential bill impacts for customers.
- Q. Okay. So I guess -- I guess what I am trying to get at is why doesn't Exhibit 2 provide the revenue requirements over 20 years similar to the cost/benefit projection that's reflected in Exhibit 4?
- A. I think that was part of the negotiated settlement of what would be included in the exhibits.
- Q. Okay. But I don't think that's exactly answering my question. I mean, wouldn't it make sense to do the revenue requirement out 20 years to get more accurate information?
 - A. No, no. I think --
 - Q. Why not?

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A. -- if we were to attempt -- if we were to

attempt to try to forecast all the details that are involved in a revenue requirement for 20 years, I think it would be less accurate.

- Q. Okay. I want to switch gears a little bit and can you get your testimony and specifically if you could turn to page 12 and 13 of your testimony. And let me know when you are there.
 - A. 12 and 13?
 - O. Yes.
 - A. Yes, I'm there.
- Q. Okay. Okay. Now, here starting on page 12 and going onto page 13, you list the 19 parties that were signatories to the settlement. And you explain they represent a wide range of interests; is that correct?
- 16 A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. Now, you indicated that you are testifying today as a regulatory expert, so in your regulatory expertise, would you agree with me that when a company or an organization wants to participate as a party in a PUCO proceeding, they typically file a Motion to Intervene?
 - A. Yes, that's my understanding. They would file a Motion to Intervene if they are interested.
 - Q. Okay. And you would agree with me

obviously that each of the signatory parties that signed the settlement filed Motions to Intervene in the Smart Grid case, right?

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- A. I'm sorry. Can you repeat that?
- Q. You would agree with me that each of the signatory parties, the 19 signatories parties, I guess with the exception of PUCO Staff, filed a Motion to Inter -- and DP&L because it was DP&L's application, filed a Motion to Intervene in the SmartGrid case.
 - A. Yes, I think that's right.
- Q. Okay. So -- and you would also agree with me that the Smart Grid case, the MFA SEET case in 2018 and the 2019 SEET case all started out as separate proceedings; is that right?
- A. Yes. They all began as separate applications.
- Q. Okay. And at some point along the line, they were consolidated; is that correct?
- A. I don't know if they were formally consolidated at proceeding, but I do know as a package they were all included in resolving the issues regarding -- in all four cases as part of the Stipulation.
- MS. O'BRIEN: Okay. So while -- at this

- 1 | point, your Honor, I would like to mark OCC -- which
- 2 | I believe is actually OCC 75. Let me just get my
- 3 | list here. Sorry. My eyesight is horrible these
- 4 days. And that should be the Commission's
- 5 October 27, 2020, entry in this case.
- 6 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: You are correct, and
- 7 | it is so marked.
- 8 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)
- 9 MS. O'BRIEN: Okay. Excellent.
- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) And, Ms. Schroder, do
- 11 | you have that available to you?
- 12 A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Okay. And can you flip to page -- okay.
- 14 If you could flip to page 6 of the entry and refer to
- 15 paragraph 15.
- 16 A. Okay. I'm there.
- Q. Okay. And do you see in paragraph 15
- 18 here where it says "The attorney examiner determines
- 19 that the Smart Grid Case, the 2018 SEET Case, the
- 20 | 2019 SEET Case, and the Quadriennial Review Case
- 21 should be consolidated for purposes of considering
- 22 | the Stipulation"?
- A. I see that.
- Q. Okay. And if you flip to the end here, I
- 25 | think -- well -- oh. If you flip to the first page,

it's got the date of October 27, 2020, on it. Do you see that?

A. October 27, 2020.

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- Q. Okay. So from this would you agree with me that all four of these cases were consolidated on October 27?
- A. No. Similar to my prior answer, I don't know legally what that means in terms of they are formally or officially being consolidated, but for purposes of the settlement, we stipulated and have a consolidated settlement and this says that it will be -- they will be consolidated for purposes of considering the Stipulation. I am not an attorney, so I don't know if there are other purposes where they might not be consolidated.
- Q. Okay. Fair enough. But you would agree with me that up until the settlement was filed, each of these cases was a separate proceeding.
 - A. Yes. I think that's right.
- Q. Okay. And would you also agree with me that not nearly all of the 19 signatory parties intervened in either the 2018 SEET case or the 2019 SEET case?
- A. I agree not all parties that are parties originally to the Smart Grid case and are parties to

this Stipulation were -- intervened originally into each of those SEET cases. However, they have signed onto support each of those SEET cases as well as the Smart Grid case as a consolidated settlement.

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- Q. Okay. And correct me if I am wrong, but I think your testimony before was that when a party has an interest in a -- when a company or an organization has an interest in a proceeding, if it wants to participate as a party, it files a Motion to Intervene in the case; is that correct?
 - A. That's my understanding.
- Q. Okay. So is it fair to say that if a party had an interest in the 2018 SEET case or the 2019 SEET case, it would have filed a Motion to Intervene in each one of those cases?

MS. BOJKO: Objection.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I am going to sustain the objection. I don't know the witness is able to talk about the intent of all the different parties.

MS. O'BRIEN: Well, your Honor, I guess if -- first of all, the grounds of the objection weren't -- weren't stated, and if I can just respond, she testified that in her regulatory expertise that parties who are interested in a proceeding typically file a Motion to Intervene. So I guess I'm just

asking her if the converse is true. I don't think that that requires her to make a legal conclusion.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: The problem is not the legal conclusion. The problem is you are asking her to testify as to the actions and decisions of other parties she is not a part of or able to speak toward.

MR. IRELAND: Your Honor, we would join the objection for that -- on that basis, speculation.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: The objection continues to be sustained.

MS. O'BRIEN: Okay.

- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) Well, so we established that -- but we did establish your testimony was that if a party is interested in a proceeding -- or interested in participating as a party, it will typically file a Motion to Intervene in the case, right?
- A. I think that's typically how they do show their interest --
 - Q. Okay.

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A. -- in participating. They may be interested in the case and not participate, make a different decision, but I think if they are interested in participating they have to be an

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intervening party.
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- Okay. Fair enough. And I would agree. Q. I mean, party -- I think that in general you can intervene in the case but participate to a different level.
- 6 MS. BOJKO: Objection. Your Honor, I move to strike counsel's agreement or not agreement of her testimony.
- 9 MS. O'BRIEN: I will withdraw it.
- EXAMINER WILLIAMS: All right. We will 10 11 let you withdraw that.
- 12 MS. O'BRIEN: I will withdraw.
- 13 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay. Thank you.
- 14 MS. O'BRIEN: I will go ahead and 15 withdraw. Okay. Fair enough.
- (By Ms. O'Brien) Okay. So do you know 16 Ο. 17 which of the signatory parties intervened in the 2018 18 SEET case?
- 19 Α. No. I don't remember for sure.
- 20 MS. O'BRIEN: Okay. Your Honor, I would 2.1 like to mark OCC 35 which is the case record docket 2.2 sheet for Case No. 19-1121 EL-UNC.
- 23 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: So marked.
- 24 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)
- 25 Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) Ms. Schroder, if you

could take a look at that and let me know when you are ready.

- A. This is OCC 35?
- Q. Yes.

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- A. I have it open.
- Q. Okay. And at the top of your OCC 35, does it say Case Record for 19-1121-EL-UNC?
 - A. Yes, it does.
- 9 Q. Okay. And we've established that's the 10 2018 SEET case, right?
- 11 A. Yes, that's right.
- Q. Okay. Now, if you look, it's on my second page of the printout, if you printed it out, but if you look, you'll see toward the bottom of the list it reflects a date of May 15, 2019, which is the application date for DP&L's application. Do you see that?
- 18 A. Yes, I see that.
- Q. Okay. And then on it looks like June 13, you'll see an entry for it looks like OCC's Motion to Intervene, right?
- 22 A. Uh-huh, yes.
- Q. Okay. And OCC obviously is not a signatory to the settlement.
- 25 A. Right.

- Q. And then next up the list on June 24, 2019, do you see an entry there for Motion to Intervene by Ohio Energy Group?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. And then next up the list do you see a September 30, 2020, entry for Motion to Intervene from OMAEG?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And then do you see next up the list an entry for Motion to Intervene from Kroger?
- 11 A. Yes, I see that.
- Q. And then a little further up the list you see on October 16 a Motion to Intervene from Industrial Energy Users of Ohio, IEU?
- 15 A. Yes.
 - Q. And then further up on October 27, 2020, you see the entry that we just discussed, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. So from this docket sheet can you conclude that the only parties that intervened in the 21 2018 SEET case were OEG, the Ohio Energy Group, OMA, Kroger and IEU and OCC?
- A. That is accurate for the original application.
- Q. Okay. And which of these parties besides

OCC represents the interest of DP&L's residential customers?

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- A. I am not sure who -- the entirety of who they represent but this is a limited view of who is on this settlement. I think the settlement, DP&L certainly represents our residential customers. The Staff does. The Commission does. I don't know if you are looking at the other side in terms of the application, I guess in terms of the application DP&L does.
- Q. Okay. Well, I think your -- and I'll back up to that because that's a fair point. You -- I think you testified that the PUCO Staff and being a signatory to the settlement, they represent both -- they balance the interests of the utilities and the customers; is that correct? Is that a fair, accurate -- or fair characterization of your testimony?

MR. IRELAND: Objection, your Honor.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I'll let her answer and explain.

- A. I think generally they do try to balance and represent all customers including residential customers and balance the interests.
 - Q. But still you would agree with me far

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less than all 19 parties have signed the Global
Settlement, intervened in the 2018 SEET case,
correct?
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MS. BOJKO: Objection, your Honor. That mischaracterizes the entry that was established consolidating the cases.

7 MS. O'BRIEN: Your Honor, if I may 8 respond?

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Please.

MS. O'BRIEN: We just -- we just walked through them on the docket sheet.

MS. BOJKO: Right. And I objected.

MS. O'BRIEN: Before the entry was

14 entered.

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EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I have heard from you, Ms. O'Brien. Is that you, Ms. Fleisher? Who's got the objections?

MS. BOJKO: It's Ms. Bojko. I apologize.

19 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you, Ms. Bojko.

20 That's okay.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, I objected in the beginning to the line of questions. There are many reasons why parties may or may not intervene in proceedings, and when she was asking factual questions about the docket sheet, there was really no

need to object except for relevancy, I guess, but now she's making statements or asking questions that have a mischaracterization of the procedural schedule that was established and the entry that was established.

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EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Ms. O'Brien.

MS. O'BRIEN: And, your Honor, yeah, I would just respond Ms. Schroder already testified that, you know, only a limited number of parties intervened prior to the entry consolidating the cases. Ms. Schroder testified that the Global Stipulation is supported by 19 parties that have diverse interests.

And the point I am just trying to establish is that -- with respect to the 2018 SEET case, very few parties actually had an interest enough in that -- in that proceeding to intervene.

MS. BOJKO: Objection, your Honor.

That's the part she is drawing conclusions that don't exist. She -- Ms. Schroder can't speak to the interests of the parties and why or why they didn't intervene or intervene before the entry was established. There was no cutoff. They could have intervened after the entry.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Ms. Bojko, I have what I need. I will sustain the objection.

Ms. O'Brien, I believe you've asked and received answers to who did intervene according to that docket sheet.

If you have any clarifications you need relative to those facts, I will certainly let you pursue that. Beyond that I am still not going to let you pursue the rationale as to those that had not formally intervened in that case as per that docket.

MS. O'BRIEN: Okay. Thank you, your Honor. Okay. Now I would like to mark OCC 36.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: That's the docket
sheet -- go ahead.

MS. O'BRIEN: Oh, I'm sorry, which is the docket sheet for 20-1041.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay. So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) And, Ms. Schroder, let me know when you have it available.
- A. I have it.

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- Q. Okay. So again, let's flip to toward the last page.
 - A. Okay.
- Q. And here -- are you there?
- A. I'm there.
- Q. Okay. And, here again, you'll see a

- May 15, 2020, entry which reflects DP&L's application for the 2019 SEET. Do you see that?
- 3 A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. Go a little bit further up the list. You'll see June 4, 2020, which reflects OCC's Motion to Intervene.
- A. Yes.
- Q. And next up the list you'll see July 2, 2020, which is Kroger's Motion to Intervene.
- 10 A. Yes.
- Q. And next up the list is July 2, again
 July 2, 2020, which is OMA's Motion to Intervene.
- 13 A. Yes.
- Q. And further up the list you'll see 15 | 10-16-2020 which is IEU's Motion to Intervene.
- 16 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And then you see the October 27, 2020, Attorney Examiner entry we just discussed.
- 19 A. Yes, I see that.
- Q. Okay. So you would agree with me that this reflects that besides OCC three other parties intervened in the 2019 SEET case, correct?
- MS. BOJKO: May I hear that question reread, please? This is Kim Bojko.
- 25 (Record read.)

MS. BOJKO: Objection. The docket card can speak for itself but that is not what it says. Again, there was a consolidation of the cases and a new intervention date set and anybody that intervened is considered to have intervened in all the cases, so the question is mischaracterizing the procedural schedule and the docket sheet.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: That's my understanding of what happened in that 10-27 entry as well so the objection is sustained.

Ms. O'Brien.

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- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) Okay. Can you flip back to your testimony on -- go back to page 12 of your testimony.
 - A. Yes. I'm there.
- Q. Okay. To your knowledge, did the City of Dayton intervene in either 2018 or 2019 SEET cases?
- A. Given what we just discussed, I think my understanding of what was just stated is that they did because the cases are consolidated.
- Q. Can you show me on this docket sheet where their intervention was, on either the 2018 or 2019 docket sheet where the City of Dayton's Motion to Intervene was?
- MS. BOJKO: Objection. It's Kim Bojko

again. Your Honor, this line of questioning is irrelevant. The docket sheet speaks for itself and whether a name appears before or after the entry consolidating is irrelevant.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I am going to sustain the objection again.

Ms. O'Brien.

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MS. O'BRIEN: Okay. I'll move on. Can I have just a minute, please?

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Yeah. You can take
more if you want. Need 5 or 10 or just need a
minute?

MS. O'BRIEN: I just need a minute to go through -- to go through my notes.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay. Okay. Yeah, let's go ahead and go off the record.

(Discussion off the record.)

18 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: All right. Karen,
19 let's go back on the record, please.

Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) Okay. Ms. Schroder, can you grab the settlement for me, please. And when you have it, turn to page 45.

- A. I didn't hear which page, I'm sorry.
- Q. 40 -- I'm sorry, 45.
- 25 A. Okay. I'm there.

- Q. Okay. And right before Section 20, do you see a section there that's preceded by three little Is?
 - A. Yes.

2.1

- Q. Can you review that for me.
- A. Okay. I've read that.
- Q. Okay. And this provision says in consideration of this Stipulation as a package and only for that purpose, the Signatory Parties who have intervened or moved to intervene in Case No. 19-1121 and 20-1041 recommend that the Commission approve DP&L's applications in these cases conditioned on the Commission's approval of this Stipulation without modification. The Signatory Parties who have not intervened or moved to intervene in those cases shall not intervene or move to intervene in those cases and take no position on DP&L's application in those cases.

So based on that, is it fair to say that not all 19 parties to the Global Stipulation support the 2018 and 2019 SEET cases?

A. No. I don't think that's fair. I don't know the fact that they signed the Stipulation indicates that they are either taking no position or that they support. It's clear they don't disagree.

Otherwise, they would not have signed the Stipulation that contained --

- Q. Okay. So not all 19 parties take a position with respect to the 2018 and 2019 SEET case, correct?
 - A. I don't know.

2.1

- Q. Well, what do you understand -- I mean, what do you understand "take no position on DP&L's applications" in those cases to mean? What's your understanding of that term?
- A. I think taken in the context here, the entire paragraph, those that intervene recommend that the Commission approve the application in those cases conditioned on the approval of this Stipulation. So those that didn't intervene, they either support DP&L's application in those cases, or they take no position, but I am not in a position to know which parties support this application of DP&L and which take no position.
- Q. Okay. So just to sum up, not all 19 signatory parties take a position with respect to DP&L's 2018 and 2019 SEET cases, right?
- MS. BOJKO: Objection. It's Bojko again.

 I think that's speculation and mischaracterizes her

 prior comments.

MR. IRELAND: I would join the objection, your Honor.

going to let Ms. Schroder -- give her one more chance to read what the document says, which is the last sentence there in 19c iii, and if she has any further explanation beyond what's written there, we will let her explain. If not, then we will move on.

Ms. Schroder.

2.1

THE WITNESS: Thank you, your Honor. The last sentence reads "The Signatory Parties who have not intervened or moved to intervene in those cases shall not intervene or move to intervene in those cases and take no position on DP&L's applications in those cases."

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Do you have any insight other than what's written in the document? Go ahead.

THE WITNESS: I apologize. I do. My interpretation of that sentence in the context of this paragraph and of the broader settlement in which all those 19 parties signed is that those parties either have no interest in that case, take no position in that case, or they support DP&L's application.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you.

Ms. O'Brien, let's move on.

- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) Can you turn to page 6 of the settlement and let me know when you are there.
 - A. Okay. I'm there.

2.1

- Q. Okay. And at the top do you see a paragraph that's entitled paragraph c and it starts out If DP&L does not file a distribution rate case by January 1, 2025, then the recovery of the costs associated with this Stipulation shall cease recovery and the IIR shall be set to zero"?
 - A. Yes, I see that.
- Q. Okay. Now, you would agree with me that since the settlement was filed in this case, and I believe that date was October 23, 2020, DP&L filed an application for an increase in base distribution rates; is that correct?
- A. Just checking the date of the filing of the settlement. On October 23, was that part of the question?
- Q. No. My question was since the filing of the settlement, has DP&L filed an application for an increase in its base distribution rate?
- A. Yes.
 - Q. Okay. And as the Managing Director of

Regulatory Affairs with DP&L, are you familiar with that application?

A. Generally, yes.

2.1

- Q. Okay. Now, can you tell me, does the filing of this base distribution rate case satisfy this provision in the settlement requiring DP&L to file the base distribution rate case?
- A. I think it's up to the Commission to ultimately determine if it's satisfied once approved. My interpretation is yes given the dates you just mentioned.
- Q. Okay. So it's -- it's DP&L's position that this satisfies this provision of the settlement. Is it also true that DP&L will be able to recover costs under the IIR for some similar replacement rider until the DP&L files another rate case in the future?

MR. IRELAND: Objection, your Honor.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I will let her testify as to her understanding of what DP&L can do and how long the IIR proceeds. Do you need the question, Ms. Schroder?

THE WITNESS: It sounded like two or three parts actually. Can you repeat it back?

Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) I can rephrase to make

it more clear. Okay. So we just established that DP&L has filed a base distribution rate case since the filing of the settlement, right?

- A. Correct.
- Q. Okay. So provision c here requires -- it says if DP&L does not file a base distribution rate case by January 1, 2025, then the recovery under the IIR will cease and the IIR will be set at zero; is that a fair characterization of what the settlement says?
- 11 A. Yes.

2.1

- Q. Okay. So my question is does the DP&L's filing of the base distribution rate case satisfy this provision?
- A. Yes. I think -- I believe I answered this so what I was saying was that I think ultimately that's the Commission's determination is it satisfied or not. My interpretation is that is.
- Q. Okay. So if your interpretation is that this provision is satisfied, does that mean that DP&L can continue recovering costs under the IIR or a similar replacement rider that may be adopted as a part of another security plan in the future?
- MR. IRELAND: I renew my objection, your bounds.

 Honor.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I will let

Ms. Schroder answer the question to the extent she

understands and has insight.

2.1

- A. I don't know the outcome of the -- the next ESP. As I mentioned, in the Stipulation DP&L has an obligation to file for an ESP IV. I don't yet know what will be contained in that ESP IV and/or what might occur to the IIR.
- Q. Okay. Does the DP&L contemplate recovering costs under the IIR or another similar replacement rider if the IIR goes away until it files the next rate case?

MR. IRELAND: I object to that, your Honor. Not only is it speculative but I think it also calls into question legal advice that may be given to the company.

MS. O'BRIEN: Your Honor, first, your Honor, she's the Managing Director of Regulatory Affairs for DP&L. I don't think it's out of -- out of the realm to ask her whether she thinks that this allows DP&L to continue including cost for Smart Grid components under the IIR or similar replacement rider.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I agree with the propriety of the question. To the extent

Ms. Schroder knows, I think it's certainly within her domain to testify as to what the impacts of the IIR rider are in light of the filing of the base distribution case, so I will let you answer the question to the extent you have insight.

THE WITNESS: Thank you, your Honor. I don't know how long DP&L will charge customers under the IIR if it's approved as shown here in the Stipulation. The interrelationship between the IIR and any rate case or any future ESP, I believe there are a lot of variables there, so I don't know how long the IIR as positioned here in this Stipulation would continue.

- Q. Okay. And it's your understanding that DP&L's recent rate case application has a test year for the 12-month period beginning June 1, 2020?
 - A. Yes, that's my understanding.
- Q. Okay. And a date certain of June 30, 2020?
- 20 A. Yes.

2.1

- Q. So is it fair to say the benefits to customers resulting from DP&L's Smart Grid Plan Phase 1 will not be reflected in the base rates that result from that rate case?
- A. I don't know. We don't have an outcome

yet in this proceeding in terms of timeline and practice with which the benefits will be flowed to customers, and we also don't yet have an outcome of the rate case, so I don't know.

- Q. Okay. Well, I guess the Smart Grid plan as a -- are customers currently receiving benefits from the Smart Grid plan?
 - A. Not from the Smart Grid plan by itself.
 - Q. Okay.

2.1

A. But I do believe there are benefits customers are receiving as part of the broader piece of the Stipulation.

MS. O'BRIEN: Okay. Your Honor, I would move to strike the last portion of her response as it was nonresponsive to my question which asked only if customers were receiving benefits from the Smart Grid plan.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I will overrule the motion to strike at this point. She was explaining her answer, and so the testimony can stay in the record.

MS. O'BRIEN: Okay.

- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) Okay. If you could flip back to page 5 of the settlement.
- A. Okay.

- Q. One second here. Okay. And in subparagraph b, paragraph 3b, this discusses operational benefits and it says the settlement -- it says DP&L's recovery of the investment through the IIR will be offset by operational benefits will realize as a result of the DP&L's SGP Phase 1 expenditures. Do you see that?
 - A. Yeah, I see that.

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- Q. Would you agree with me that nothing in the settlement requires DP&L to continue the benefit offset beyond year four Smart Grid Plan Phase I?
- A. I think that nothing in the settlement regarding Smart Grid goes beyond Phase 1 which is four years. That includes the benefits and the costs recovery.
- Q. So is the answer to my question "yes"?
 - A. Can you repeat it, please?
- MS. O'BRIEN: Can the court reporter read back, please.
- 20 (Record read.)
- EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Can we read the answer back as well, please.
- 23 (Record read.)
- 24 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you, Karen.
- Ms. O'Brien.

MS. O'BRIEN: I think I got my answer, so I am good there.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay.

- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) Now, can you turn to page 43 of the settlement and let me know when you are there.
 - A. I'm there.

2.1

- Q. Okay. Now, this paragraph references excused compliance and states that DP&L shall not be in violation of this settlement or any order approving the -- or any order approving the settlement in compliance with certain sections of the settlement is made impracticable or impossible due to events beyond DP&L's reasonable control. What -- what does it mean -- what does events beyond DP&L's reasonable control mean?
- A. I think it is referring to something that could happen that could impair our ability to follow through with our commitments that is somehow out of DP&L's control.
 - Q. Okay. Can you provide an example?
- A. Sure. For example, this year during the pandemic, there may have been -- if we were trying to complete programs within the Smart Grid, there could have been delivery or supply chain issues that were

halted for some reason and in which case DP&L could not access the assets or materials it needed and that would have been beyond DP&L's reasonable control and that could have impacted compliance.

2.1

- Q. Okay. Do you have any other examples?
- A. Sure. I think in addition to, you know, a supply chain-type issue this year, also during the COVID-19 pandemic there were times where we had field personnel who were not, I use the term loosely, not allowed to be out in the field and interacting with customers to the extent, for example, we were unable to read meters.

So I think something like that is beyond our control, beyond DP&L's control. If we can't have field employees working in the field around customers, I think that's another example where there was an order by the Governor that would have -- if we were trying to complete these types of projects would have inhibited our ability if there were strict timelines.

- Q. Okay. I guess were you finished with your answer?
 - A. Yes. Thank you.
- Q. Do you have any examples of -- I guess any examples of events beyond DP&L's reasonable

control that don't relate to the pandemic?

- A. Not that I can think of as I sit here today. Obviously it's a legal term, and not being an attorney, I can't expand on all of the possibilities, but I think generally that's the point is that that's probably highlighted this year as a result of the pandemic that we are all aware of things that can occur beyond our control, and so I don't have other examples as I sit here today.
- Q. So it's your testimony if there was supply chain issues, you could have -- you could have issues with compliance from certain provisions of the settlement?
 - A. No.

2.1

- Q. Okay. And is it your testimony that if you have DP&L workers that are affected by the pandemic or become sick, that would excuse compliance with the settlement?
- A. No. I don't think that's the interpretation I was trying to explain. I think I was just trying to give broad examples of something beyond our control. And my examples, as you mentioned, have to do with the pandemic, but I don't think the intention or my intention in my explanation was to say it's only the pandemic that could cause

something beyond DP&L's control, but it's also not anything because of the pandemic that would cause this.

- Q. Okay. Let's flip back to page 3 of the settlement. And let me know when you are there.
 - A. Page 3 of the settlement. I'm here.
- Q. Yep. Okay. And you will see in the second whereas paragraph the statement that AES has provided a statement of intent to contribute an additional 150 million to DP&L or DP&L -- I'm sorry, 150 million to DPL or DP&L in 2021 to enable Smart Grid investment. Do you see that?
 - A. I do.

2.1

- Q. Okay. Now, by making this statement of intent, AES is not making a binding commitment to provide this \$150 million contribution in 2021, is it?
- A. Looking at our response to interrogatories, to OCC Interrogatory 1-4, excuse me, similar question was asked and I quoted what DP&L stated in DP&L's June 26, 2020, rate case filing.

 And as part of that quote, in addition to saying that AES provided a statement of intent to contribute the additional \$150 million as you mentioned to enable market investment, it goes further to say the payment

of contributions to DPL or DP&L are not guaranteed and are dependent on certain conditions including with respect to 2021 contribution recovery of grid modernization investments through the infrastructure investment rider.

- Q. Okay. Thank you. Okay. Now switching back, and this is about the 2018 SEET case, your testimony, yours, not other DP&L testimony, is not recommending a specific SEET threshold for the retrospective SEET test for 2018, is it?
- A. The Stipulation doesn't contain any threshold, just contains the agreement that DP&L passes the test.
- Q. Okay. And but also your testimony does not recommend a specific SEET threshold, does it?
 - A. It does not.
- Q. Okay. And for the 2019 SEET case, your testimony also doesn't recommend a specific threshold, right?
- A. I don't.

2.1

Q. Okay. Now, I would like to see if you can get available to you, I think you should already have it is OCC 37A which is DP&L's responses to OCC's first set of consolidated discovery -- discovery in the consolidated cases. Do you have that available?

A. Yes. I believe I have a hard copy of the whole set, and I've just opened up OCC 37.

2.1

Q. Okay. And can you turn to -- let me just get to the page here. Okay. It's page 26.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Ms. O'Brien, 37A is technically just 1 through 5 and 76.

MS. O'BRIEN: Okay. Exactly. And my -- I'm sorry, your Honor. My intent is to request to mark as OCC I think it would be 37C now, right, would be the specific interrogatory and response INT-1-19.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay. So you only want what would be PDF page 26 to be Exhibit 37B?

MS. O'BRIEN: Well, I thought -- I thought we marked before -- well, I mean, I guess what's -- what do you prefer us to do? I mean, we can just mark this. Well, let's go ahead and just do like we did with 37A.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I guess are you going to ask multiple questions within this document?

MS. O'BRIEN: Within -- I am going to ask questions about 1-19 and 1-20, so if we could do this, if we could mark as 37B the first four pages of the document. And then also page 26, page 27, and also page -- page 76.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: So marked.

MS. O'BRIEN: Can we mark all of that -- okay.

COURT REPORTER: I'm sorry. Before we go any further, we already had a 37B. It was page 6.

MS. O'BRIEN: Okay. That's what I thought. I thought -- so can we mark this as 37C?

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Thank you, Karen.

8 Good catch. That will be 37C.

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MS. O'BRIEN: I thought -- I thought we had a B but, okay, so 37C.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) So if you could take a look at this interrogatory here. Okay. Now, you are the person responsible for the response in this interrogatory, correct?
- 16 A. I want to make sure I am looking at the 17 right one. Are we looking at 1-19?
 - Q. Yes, page 26.
 - A. Yes, I am the witness responsible for this response.
- Q. Okay. Okay. So according to this
 discovery response, the reason the settlement does
 not contain the SEET threshold is because the parties
 agreed that there were no significantly excessive
 earnings; is that correct?

- A. I'm not sure if I could say that that's why it's not in the settlement. That may have been part of the settlement discussions but I do agree that it says there are no -- there is no threshold because we agree that there were no significantly excessive earnings.
- Q. Okay. Now if you can flip to Interrogatory No. 20.
 - A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. Now, according to this discovery -- and you are -- again I see your name here. Are you the person responsible for the response to this discovery request?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. So in this response same thing, the settlement likewise does not contain a SEET threshold for 2019 for the same reason; is that right?
- A. Yes, because the parties agreed there were no significantly excessive earnings.
- Q. Okay. Okay. Now, if you can grab your testimony and go to page 28. Let me know when you are there.
 - A. Okay.
- Q. Okay. And starting at line 17, okay, you

state here that "The Stipulation further benefits customers by providing that DP&L will file an application for approval of ESP IV," and then a couple lines down you cite "DP&L's rate plans and associated rates have been subject to significant changes in recent years; DP&L implemented ESP II in 2013; reverted to ESP I in 2016;" and then going onto the next page "implemented ESP III in 2017; and again reverted to ESP I in 2019."

The question I want to ask is DP&L made the decision to file those applications to revert back to ESP I, correct?

- A. I guess I am not sure exactly the process that occurred, if that was an application or not.
- Q. Okay. But it was -- DP&L made the decision to do that, am I right, whether through an application or some other mechanism?
 - A. To do which thing?
 - O. To revert back to ESP I.
 - A. Yes, as a result of changes in ESP III.
- 21 Q. Okay.
- 22 A. Or the first changes in the ESP II.
- Q. Okay. Okay. Now, going back to page 4
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25 A. Of the Stipulation?

- Q. Of the testimony, of your testimony.
- A. Okay.

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- Q. Okay. If you refer to line 19 here, this testimony is that the Smart Grid plan shall be divided into phases. Now, as I understand it under the settlement, DP&L can begin its Smart Phase 2 before Smart Phase 1 is fully implemented and operational; is that correct?
- A. No, not the way I interpret the word begin. We can file an application as agreed to in the Stipulation and that would be during Phase 1. So there is a commitment within the settlement that DP&L plans to pursue subsequent phases of comprehensive grid modernization and may file an application for a second phase on or before three years from the date of the Commission's order approving the Stipulation. I just disagree. I don't think that again Phase 2 is the same as filing the application for Phase 2.

a little bit of a break here. I just need to know whether or not we are going to try to press on and conclude this evening or whether we should be contemplating resuming this testimony tomorrow morning. So if you have more than 10 or 15 minutes or so, we should probably contemplate trying to wrap

up for the evening. If you think you can do it 1 2 within that time frame, then let's proceed. MS. O'BRIEN: Well, I apologize. I'm 3 plaqued by technological problems. Can you hear me? 4 5 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: I can hear you, yes. 6 I don't know if you heard any of my soliloquy on time 7 management. Where are we in terms of your cross-examination? Another 10 or 15 minutes or 30? 8 9 MS. O'BRIEN: Yeah. I just need another 10 10 or 15 minutes. 11 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay. Let's go ahead 12 and stay on task then. 13 MS. O'BRIEN: Okay. So I guess I --14 before my -- before my phone dropped, I didn't -- can 15 you reread the last question, the court reporter 16 reread the last question? 17 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Karen, can you read

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Karen, can you read the last question and answer. Apparently Ms. O'Brien lost connection there for a minute.

(Record read.)

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- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) Okay. So I guess my next question was going to be if you -- if you can get the Stipulation, turn to page 20. Let me know when you are there.
- A. Can you hear me? Maybe I hit myself on

- mute. I apologize.
- Q. Yeah.

2.1

- A. I am on page 20 of the Stip.
- Q. Okay. And if you look at the paragraph before paragraph 10, it talks about thermostats.

 Now, isn't it true under the Stipulation DP&L is required to provide the smart thermostat rebate program that will be collected from residential customers through the IIR Rider in subsequent Smart Grid phases?
- A. Can you repeat that?
- MS. O'BRIEN: Can the court reporter reread it back, please.

(Record read.)

- A. No. I don't think it's required to recover this in Phase 2. I think the requirement for the commitment here is that DP&L will propose recovery of costs for smart thermostat rebate through either base rate and/or the IIR or through any rider authorized for recovery of costs in Phase 2.
- Q. So is it -- does DP&L -- does DP&L have -- what types of programs does DP&L plan to have for SGP Phase 2?
- A. I don't know. We haven't developed Phase
 25 2.

- Q. And just so my understanding is clear, Smart Grid Plan Phase 2 would involve costs in addition to the 20 -- or the 267 million -- or 267.6 million in settlement that the settlement authorizes for SGP Phase 1?
- A. I don't know. As mentioned, we haven't developed any Phase 2 yet.
- Q. Okay. Okay. I just have a couple more questions. Okay. Could you turn to page 5 of your testimony. Let me know when you are there.
 - A. Okay. I'm there.

2.1

- Q. Now, if you -- look at line 12 and 13. It says here "DP&L's investments and expenses will be subject to an annual audit, which will review DP&L's expenditures." Can you explain what type of audit is meant by this provision?
- A. Sure. I think looking back at the settlement in Section 5, there's quite a bit of detail there regarding the audit. It will be annual and conducted by Staff or a third party under the direction of Staff. And it has a number of requirements there, for example, on-site inspection of the new capital assets, tracking capital expenditures or expenses through property records all the way through until they are used and useful

assets, tracking through other supporting documentation, verification of proper accounting, tax expense, depreciation expense, verification of that labor is incremental, review of any applicable allocations, justifications for percentages, invoices, contracts, requests for proposals, journal entry reports, verification of revenues.

The audit will also review nonfinancial metrics. Those are contained in the Exhibit 3 and there are three pages' worth of detailed metrics agreed to by all the parties that will be measured and reviewed during those annual audits.

- Q. Okay. Were you finished?
- A. I was. Thank you.

2.1

- Q. Okay. Would you consider any of those -- would you consider those audits to be managerial audits or financial audits?
- A. I don't know. I don't know that distinction.

MS. O'BRIEN: Okay. Your Honor, I would like to mark -- and I don't actually believe it's on our exhibit list that we had, but I know that a number of parties had indicated that they were going to use the document, and it's the PowerForward Roadmap. Would I able to mark that as an OCC

exhibit?

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MR. HEALEY: That is OCC 66.

MS. O'BRIEN: Okay. Thank you. I didn't have my thing handy, so OCC 66.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- Q. (By Ms. O'Brien) Okay. Do you have that available, Ms. Schroder?
 - A. Not yet.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Mr. Ireland, are you anticipating some redirect?

MR. IRELAND: Sorry, your Honor. I lost my cursor. I believe -- I think we may have a modest amount of redirect, but I really need to talk to the witness first to make sure she has an understanding of what I am going to be asking her.

EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Candidly I was going to allow Ms. O'Brien time to confirm and review her notes and to confirm that she was satisfied with where she was in her cross, give you time to prepare, and then obviously we might entertain even some further recross. We'll see where we end up.

But with that I think this probably is a logical stopping point tonight. Ms. Schroder, I was hoping we would be able to press on and finish your

223 testimony, but I think we probably better pick you 1 2 back up tomorrow morning at 9:00. 3 Ms. O'Brien, are you okay with that determination? 4 5 MS. O'BRIEN: Yes, I'm fine. 6 EXAMINER WILLIAMS: Okay. Anybody else 7 have anything they want to say in objection? 8 Wisely, I see none. So with that it is 9 5:06. We will conclude for the night, and we will be 10 back on the record tomorrow at 9:00. So any 11 technology test session or anything else, I would 12 certainly encourage everyone to be logged on, make sure your technology didn't disappear by 8:45 13 14 tomorrow. 15 Okay. We are off the record. 16 (Thereupon, at 5:06 p.m., the hearing was 17 adjourned.) 18 19 20 2.1 22 23 24 25

CERTIFICATE I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the proceedings taken by me in this matter on Monday, January 11, 2021, and carefully compared with my original stenographic notes. Karen Sue Gibson, Registered Merit Reporter. (KSG-7022)

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1/25/2021 10:05:05 AM

in

Case No(s). 18-1875-EL-GRD, 18-1876-EL-WVR, 18-1877-EL-AAM, 19-1121-EL-UNC, 20-0680-EL-UNC

Summary: Transcript Dayton Power and Light, etc Volume 1 electronically filed by Mr. Ken Spencer on behalf of Armstrong & Okey, Inc. and Gibson, Karen Sue Mrs.