BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

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In the Matter of the : Review of the Political : and Charitable Spending by:

Ohio Edison Company, The : Case No. 20-1502-EL-UNC

Cleveland Electric : Illuminating Company, and : The Toledo Edison Company.:

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PREHEARING CONFERENCE

before Mr. Gregory Price, Ms. Megan Addison, and Ms. Jacky St. John, Attorney Examiners, at the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, via Webex, called at 10:09 a.m. on Thursday, January 7, 2021.

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1 Thursday Morning Session, 2 January 7, 2021. 3 EXAMINER ST. JOHN: Now, let's go on the 4 5 record. The Public Utilities Commission of Ohio 6 7 has called for a prehearing conference at this time and place Case No. 20-1502-EL-UNC being in the Matter 8 9 of the Review of the Political and Charitable 10 Spending by Ohio Edison Company, The Cleveland 11 Electric Illuminating Company, and The Toledo Edison 12 Company. 13 My name is Jacky St. John, and with me 14 are Gregory Price and Megan Addison. And we are the 15 Attorney Examiners signed to preside over this 16 prehearing conference. 17 Now let's begin by taking appearances 18 starting with the Companies. 19 MR. KNIPE: Good morning, your Honors. 20 Appearing on behalf of Ohio Edison Company, The 2.1 Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, and The 22 Toledo Edison Company, I am Brian Knipe, FirstEnergy 23 Service Company, 76 South Main Street, Akron, Ohio 24 44308.

Also appearing with me on behalf of the

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Companies from the law firm of Jones Day, Michael Gladman, 325 John H. McConnell Boulevard, Suite 600, Columbus, Ohio 43215; as well as Ryan Doringo, North Point, 901 Lakeside Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio 44114.

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EXAMINER ST. JOHN: Thank you.

Now the Ohio Manufacturers' Association Energy Group.

MS. BOJKO: Thank you, your Honors. On behalf of the Ohio Manufacturers' Association Energy Group, Kimberly W. Bojko, Carpenter Lipps & Leland, 280 North High Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

EXAMINER ST. JOHN: Thank you.

Ohio Consumers' Counsel.

MS. WILLIS: On behalf of the

2 million -- 2 million customers of the FirstEnergy
utilities, the Office of the Consumers' Counsel,
Maureen R. Willis, Senior Counsel; John Finnigan,
Assistant Consumers' Counsel, 65 East State Street,
Columbus, Ohio 43215. Thank you.

EXAMINER ST. JOHN: Thank you.

Natural Resources Defense Council.

MR. DOVE: Hello, your Honors. My name is Robert Dove on behalf of Natural Resources Defense Council as well as Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy of the law firm Kegler, Brown, Hill & Ritter,

Proceedings

7 65 East State Street, Suite 1800, Columbus, Ohio 1 2 43215. EXAMINER ST. JOHN: Thank you. 3 Do we have anyone else for the Ohio 4 5 Partners for Affordable Energy? All right. Perfect. 6 Ohio Environmental Council. 7 MS. LEPPLA: Good morning, your Honors. My name is Miranda Leppla for the Ohio Environmental 8 9 Council, and Chris Tavenor is also on the line as 10 well. We are located at 1145 Chesapeake Avenue, 11 Suite I, Columbus, Ohio 43206. 12 EXAMINER ST. JOHN: Thank you. 13 Environmental Law & Policy Center. 14 MR. KELTER: Robert Kelter and Caroline 15 Cox on behalf of the Environmental Law & Policy Center, 21 West Broad Street, Suite 800, Columbus, 16 17 Ohio 43215. 18 EXAMINER ST. JOHN: Thank you. 19 The Ohio Hospital Association. 20 MR. BORCHERS: Good morning. On behalf 2.1 of the Ohio Hospital Association, Dylan Borchers, 22 Devin Parram, and Jhay Spottswood with the law firm

of Bricker & Eckler, 100 South Third Street,

Columbus, Ohio 43215.

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Interstate Gas Supply, Incorporated.

MR. ALEXANDER: Good morning, your Honor.

On behalf of Interstate Gas Supply, Inc., Bethany

Allen, Joe Oliker, and Michael Nugent, 6100 Emerald Parkway, Dublin, Ohio 43016.

6 EXAMINER ST. JOHN: Thank you.

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Industrial Energy Users - Ohio.

MS. GLOVER: Thank you, your Honor. On behalf of the Industrial Energy Users of Ohio,
Rebekah Glover and Matthew Pritchard of the law firm
McNees, Wallace & Nurick, 21 East State Street, 17th
Floor, Columbus Ohio 43215.

EXAMINER ST. JOHN: Thank you.

Lucas County. Do we have anyone here for Lucas County?

All right. Moving on to the City of
Toledo. Anyone for Northwest Aggregation Coalition?
All right. Moving on to Ohio Energy
Group.

MR. BOEHM: Good morning, your Honors.

Appearing on behalf of the Ohio Energy Group, Kurt

Boehm, Mike Kurtz, and Jody Kyler Cohn with the law

firm of Boehm, Kurtz & Lowry, 36 East Seventh Street,

Cincinnati, Ohio, Suite 1510.

EXAMINER ST. JOHN: Thank you.

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And the Attorney General.

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MR. MARGARD: Thank you, your Honor. On behalf of the Staff of the Commission, Dave Yost,
Ohio Attorney General, John Jones, Section Chief,
Public Utilities Section, by Assistant Attorney
General Werner L. Margard, 30 East Broad Street, 16th
Floor, Columbus, Ohio.

EXAMINER ST. JOHN: Thank you.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Thank you.

At this time we will move on to discuss the motion to compel -- or, I'm sorry, off to the wrong foot already. We are here to discuss the motion for a protective order filed by the Companies. Just to make sure that the transcript, as this is being transcribed, is clear as possible, I would like everybody to adhere to the following naming conventions: If you are referring to Ohio Edison, CEI, or Toledo Edison, I would like you to refer to them as the Companies; if you are referring to FirstEnergy Corp., please refer to it as FirstEnergy Corp.; if you are referring to FirstEnergy Solutions, please call it FES or FirstEnergy Solutions; if you are referring to the FirstEnergy Service Company, please call it FirstEnergy Service Company; post bankruptcy, if you are referring to FES after

bankruptcy, please refer to it as Energy Harbor.

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Although we typically use FirstEnergy as a synonym for the Companies, for purposes of today, I would like to avoid using the term FirstEnergy without any other qualifier so that the transcript is perfectly clear as to who we all are referring to. Thank you.

We have carefully reviewed all of the pleadings that were filed regarding the motion for protective order including the memoranda contra and the replies, so I just think as a preliminary matter would like to address one point and deny, in part, the motion for protective order. The deposition of Mr. Fanelli will be held at a mutually agreeable date between OCC and the Companies. I -- we agree with FirstEnergy as a general principle it is pretty early in this proceeding for a deposition, but the Companies were required to file a response from the Commission entry initiating this from -- the AE entry initiating this proceeding. The Companies did include an affidavit.

Therefore, we think it's only fair the statements in the affidavit be subject to cross-examination -- cross-examination under oath prior to the parties filing their comments regarding

the response.

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Having said that, we can adjourn now, or if people would like to discuss the scope of the deposition, have any issues regarding the scope of the deposition, we are available to talk about that now.

So why don't we start with FirstEnergy.

MR. GLADMAN: Good morning, your Honor.

It's Mike Gladman from Jones Day on behalf of the

Companies. We appreciate your statement. That does

cut to the chase on some of these issues but I think

it probably makes sense to at least address at a high

level the scope of that deposition.

What I heard you just say in my notes was that he is going to be -- Mr. Fanelli will be deposed regarding his statements in the affidavit. If that is the limitation and the scope of the deposition, then from our perspective, yes, we could adjourn at this point in time.

However, I think we need to note that the deposition that OCC is seeking here goes well beyond the scope of that statement and the show cause entry from September. And the deposition notice itself on its face makes clear that OCC does not intend to be tethered by the statements in the affidavit qualifier

you just indicated or indeed the show cause entry.

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For example, the deposition notice says that OCC seeks to conduct a deposition upon oral examination of this FirstEnergy Service Company employee related to, among other things, this sworn affidavit. Now, what are those other things that OCC seeks the deposition on? Well, the notice itself tells us by providing that OCC wants to depose Mr. Fanelli about "matters including the use of funds collected from FirstEnergy utility customers for political and charitable spending in support of tainted House Bill 6."

It goes on to say the deposition will cover "his knowledge and expertise with respect to the subject matter of this proceeding." And perhaps most troubling it states that "The deposition will be taken of the aforementioned deponent on relevant topics related to this proceeding, including but not limited to the deponent's filed affidavit, discovery requests by OCC and other parties, and responses to such discovery provided by FirstEnergy Utilities."

As I indicated at the outset, we have no problem in light of your Honor's initial ruling about Mr. Fanelli being deposed about his affidavit and the statements therein. The concern comes particularly

acute with respect to the discovery request. As your Honor is aware, we have a separate set of disputes ongoing with respect to that written discovery.

There is -- you referenced at the outset there is a motion to compel and a lengthy meeting process that we've been going down that road. And I wouldn't otherwise get into that, but because the deposition notice tries to link those discovery requests to the topics of the deposition, I would just point out that there are many, many things in that written discovery that goes well beyond the scope of the show cause entry or the statements in the affidavit that you just referenced.

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For instance, there are topics about the criminal complaint and government investigations that are ongoing that do not remotely involve the FirstEnergy utilities and this is just by way of example. I could go for quite a while with those topics, but interrogatories 8 through 10 from the initial set of discovery requests from OCC cover those, so do requests for admissions 1 through 3, and document requests 8 through 13. That's just one example of many.

There are also discovery requests relating to DMR issues and also corporate separation

issues which, of course, now the Commission has come up with a -- we view it as sort of a tripod approach to examining these issues. We have the show cause entry here which is fairly limited, and we have separate proceedings for DMR and corporate separation. We think those are also outside the box.

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And I guess I would -- I would conclude these brief remarks by saying that OCC doubles down on its rejection of the claiming of the show cause entry and their opposition for a motion of protective order when they indicated that the -- whether House Bill 6 costs were included in customer rates is beside the point. That's the only point as I understand the show cause entry and your statement this morning. That's page 7 of the opposition that OCC filed.

So we don't believe that OCC has an intention of respecting the scope of the show cause entry unless we make it very clear by your statements and/or entry about how far this should go.

And in that regard, I will pause at that moment and thank you for the time.

EXAMINER PRICE: Before we turn to OCC and allow them to respond, I just had one clarification. Do you object to questions in the

deposition regarding discovery responses actually signed by Mr. Fanelli?

MR. GLADMAN: I don't think so, your Honor, because my understanding of the approach, again, that was predecessor counsel, but I believe the responses that we gave were limited to what we believe was the appropriate scope of the show cause entry, so I think those -- those would be fair game because those would be linked directly to the affidavit.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Ms. Willis.

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MS. WILLIS: Thank you, your Honor. I guess really quickly with respect to the last question that your Honor had, I am not aware, and I will certainly double-check, but I am not aware that the discovery responses were signed by Mr. Fanelli. That I may need correction on that.

I would -- I would believe, your Honors, that in addition to -- interrelated to this question about the motion for protection is a fundamental issue about what is the appropriate scope of this proceeding. I think that's what OCC discovery requests go to.

Obviously we have a disagreement as to

what the scope -- the appropriate scope of this proceeding is. We look to the Commission's order on setting up this proceeding where the Commission stated in paragraph 5 that it was a review of the spending of FirstEnergy utilities, FirstEnergy Companies on political and charitable contributions. We believe that the spending includes whether or not -- the issue of whether or not customer funds were used for the alleged HB6 activities.

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So that is very different than the scope of the proceeding that the Company -- Companies have set forth and believe. Their belief is that this proceeding is only about what's charged in rates. So there --

explain the difference to me between what's charged in rates and customer funds? Customers have a right to these funds after they've been paid in rates?

MS. WILLIS: No, your Honor, I am not saying that they do. Our point is, your Honor, that the Commission has authority to look at how the funds are being used. For instance, the Commission can look at whether or not the funds were used to benefit the affiliates in violation of 4928.17. The Commission can also look at the use of funds

collected from customers to determine whether they were collected in violation of Commission rule,

Commission order; for instance, the Commission can look at and we urge the Commission to look at whether or not funds were -- that were collected from customers were used in violation of the Distribution Modernization Rider requirements and the statements contained in the Commission's order where they were not to use the funds in support of or in favor of affiliates.

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So I think there are ways to look at statutory -- there is statutory jurisdiction for the Commission to look at the use of funds and that is different from whether or not rates are charged to customers. So that is the point, that we believe that you have to look at the use of those funds and whether or not it is appropriate and just and reasonable to allow customers' funds to be used to support alleged illegal activities.

I would note, your Honor, that we are prepared at this prehearing -- although it was not part of the scope of the prehearing entry, we are prepared to discuss and respond to OCC's motion to compel. We would, in fact, believe it would be appropriate for a ruling on that motion to compel.

That would be helpful in setting the scope of this hearing -- setting the scope of the deposition and perhaps would enable parties to have a clear picture of what can and cannot be inquired into during the deposition. Mr. Finnigan is prepared to respond to questions on our motions to compel.

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EXAMINER PRICE: We will not be ruling on the motion to compel. That was -- that would be fundamentally unfair to all the other parties. We did not indicate that would be part of today's prehearing conference. And to be honest, I am still hopeful that the parties can work out amicable resolution without Commission intervention which would be the best resolution rather than having the Bench do it. So hope --

MS. WILLIS: Your Honor --

EXAMINER PRICE: We will not allow this to go on in perpetuity, but we still would like the parties to see if they can work something out.

MS. WILLIS: Your Honor -- your Honor, if I may briefly respond.

EXAMINER PRICE: Please.

MS. WILLIS: We have been engaged in efforts over the last three weeks to try to bridge the gap and to try to work this out. We've been

unable to do that, and I think the Companies' counsel can -- will be able to explain that. We've had three, four, five different conversations, lengthy conversations, a half an hour, 20 minutes to a half an hour. We've had written proposals going back and forth. We've been unable to agree because I think fundamentally, and it was recognized by FirstEnergy's first counsel before he was replaced by Mr. Gladman, that there is a fundamental disagreement as to the scope of the authority -- of this proceeding and there's a fundamental disagreement with respect to what the Commission's jurisdiction is and there is a fundamental disagreement as to the jurisdiction of OCC.

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I think it's very difficult to get beyond that, and we have worked diligently to try to get beyond that, but we have not been able to get beyond that in the last three weeks counting.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Gladman, care to respond to that?

MR. GLADMAN: Certainly, your Honor. It is accurate that we had three actual meet and confer sessions with counsel for OCC and I working hard on it. I thought we were actually making significant progress with respect to those. Ms. Willis is

correct we also did exchange numerous proposals, and the problem was we got an unexpected complete reversal of course yesterday morning where the fundamental tenets of the negotiations which had been in effect since the very first meet and confer were suddenly deemed unacceptable in any way, shape, or form.

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So I'm having a bit of a problem suggesting that we've actually had good faith meet and confer negotiations when they were, it turned out, not based on the actual discussions that we were having. It was, to be frank, a significant waste of time and resources to engage in those negotiations only to have OCC at the last minute say you know what? Everything that we were discussing, some of the things that they had proposed were no longer on the table.

EXAMINER PRICE: Ms. Willis, final word on this topic?

MS. WILLIS: Your Honor, as your Honor might know, negotiations come and go, and we -- we do appreciate the efforts that FirstEnergy utilities made to resolve the motion to compel. I believe we were earnestly negotiating over the last several weeks and exploring different options.

Unfortunately we have not been able to reach agreement which became apparent most recently, I believe, we -- last week we conveyed to the company that it did not look like the negot -- that the offer that was put on the table would be acceptable, and the options that were being discussed for compromise were ultimately determined to be fundamentally unacceptable to the Consumers' Counsel, so we took a step back, and now we've reached a point of no resolution.

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the goalposts I think are synonyms, but we will assume that negotiations have been conducted in good faith and have failed, and we will take the motion under advisement, but we will not be addressing it today. It would not be fair to FirstEnergy or any of the other parties to add a topic to this -- people would not have a chance to prepare for, and frankly I can assure you, I don't know about my colleagues, but I am not prepared to talk about this so the --

MS. WILLIS: Thank you, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Are you finished regarding the -- your discussion regarding the deposition? We kind of veered off topic there for a second.

MS. WILLIS: Your Honor, let me -- let me quickly -- I guess I can quickly, if you allow me, quickly to speak to the scope of the deposition. As your Honor ruled, we -- it is very -- it is proper and appropriate for us to have -- to be able to conduct a deposition with regard to the affidavit and the statements made in the affidavit.

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And I would just want -- note one -- one particular issue that we are concerned with is where FE -- where the utilities, the Companies, I'm sorry, the Companies are claiming that they have not included directly or indirectly any HB6 costs in any rates or charges, and that conclusion is based on their assertion the current base rates were set in 2009 based on the test -- based on the test year associated with the -- with the base case proceeding in 07-551.

This is a fundamental misinterpretation of the fundamental principles of ratemaking. The use of the 2007 test year expense is just a set, a reasonable level of revenue that's needed when the rates are collected from customers. It's a snapshot in time, and the base rates that — that were paid by customers now obviously are not paying for the actual 2007 test year expenses and a return on and return of

the investment.

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So those expenses in 2007 have been collected and paid for by customers. And the fact that there were no -- the fact that the rates are based on a 2007 test year is not dispositive of whether customers are currently paying base rates that include HB6 costs.

EXAMINER PRICE: You would concede in 2007 all political and charitable contributions were excluded from test year expenses.

MS. WILLIS: Your Honor --

EXAMINER PRICE: I'm sorry. You're

MS. WILLIS: Your Honor, I'm sorry. Not having that rate case information in front of me, I can't -- can't directly respond to that, your Honor. Yeah, that was the 07-551, but I can certainly look into that and look into that rate case information and ascertain whether or not that is correct.

EXAMINER PRICE: As a matter of law, aren't political and charitable contributions always excluded from test year expenses?

MS. WILLIS: That's my understanding that's the policy of the Commission to do so. The question though is whether or not those expenses were

included in the schedules and the charges, and I am not able to, as we sit here today, say that all political and charitable contributions were excluded from rates.

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regarding the deposition, you -- you would agree that although generally the scope of this proceeding is review the political and charitable spending, the actual response that FirstEnergy was required to file is limited to whether or not this -- the charitable contributions were included in rates charged by customers, right? So all -- the broader question might be an appropriate topic for the entire proceeding, my question is isn't it an appropriate topic just for this deposition?

I'm sorry. You're muted.

MS. WILLIS: I apologize.

EXAMINER PRICE: That's okay.

MS. WILLIS: Your Honor, it would appear that -- that the scope -- the scope of the comments that was set forth by the Commission was a -- a more confined scope than the review of the spending, but we believe that, as can be seen in the numerous pleadings that we've filed and in the interlocutory appeals taken and the applications for rehearing,

that that was -- that was not an appropriate -- you know, is not appropriate to limit the scope of this proceeding and to only allow fact finding with respect to whether or not charges were included in rates.

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We believe that customers, the 2 million customers of FirstEnergy deserve answers, deserve transparency, and ought to be able -- ought to be able to -- we ought to be able to look into whether or not they were unwittingly funding over \$60 million worth of -- of alleged illegal payments, to be sure that that \$60 million was allegedly paid came from somewhere.

And as the utility and the utility franchise holders serving Ohioans, FirstEnergy companies and FirstEnergy Corp. should be cooperating here in -- in the investigation, as the Commission has termed it an investigation, one of three, that where potentially millions of customers have been harmed. In -- the Companies' position in this case really seems at odd -- at odds with its recently hired chief legal officer's announced commitment to foster trust and transparency.

EXAMINER PRICE: Ms. Willis, let's keep our arguments narrowly tailored to today's proceeding

and today's prehearing conference and this particular case. You know, if you view the Commission's jurisdiction as a pie, this is one slice of the pie.

We have two more slices of the pie in terms of the DMR review which OCC asked for and the Commission has granted to reopen that and also the corporate separation proceeding where the Commission will review whether a competitive advantage or undue preference was given to any affiliates of the companies. So let's try to keep this to our topics on hand and not go into some broader arguments on company philosophy at this point.

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MS. WILLIS: Yes, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: There will be time later for that but it's not now.

Ms. Bojko, you had filed a memo contra to the motion for protective order. Would you care to speak to this?

MS. BOJKO: I would, your Honor. Thank you so much. In mentioning your entries that establish this proceeding and you quoted what the show cause order was for and I think you left out a couple words, respectfully. I believe that the order said that the cost of any political or charitable spending in support of HB6 or referendum efforts were

not included directly or indirectly in any rates or charges paid by ratepayers in the state.

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So the directly or indirectly piece I think is important. If you look at First -- excuse me, the Companies' responses, the Company responses say that they only have to determine whether costs were included in the Companies' rates and charges. And so the entries, it was all three, the entries, the September 15, the October 20, and the December 10, said that the proceeding was open to review the spending but then also the direct and indirect piece of the costs.

And in the reply in support of the motion for protective order, the Companies explicitly challenged the Commission's jurisdiction with regard to the spending aspect. And the Companies cite to 1920 and 1930 cases that states that the Commission has no jurisdiction over spending and that they can only look at rates and not the management practices of the Companies.

That's just inconsistent with Commission precedent and current Ohio law. For example, the Commission has prudency reviews, they have management performance audits, and they have affiliate abuse cases which you've pointed out is a separate

proceeding.

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But I would also argue that under HB6, which you can argue whether it was the Companies or their parent company that advocated for the HB6 passage, the FirstEnergy Companies did, in fact, benefit from HB6 through a decoupling mechanism.

EXAMINER PRICE: Ms. Bojko. Ms. Bojko, one second. You are confusing me because you are saying FirstEnergy Companies, and we are trying to stick to what -- if you are just referring to the three utilities, we are just trying to stick to the Companies.

MS. BOJKO: My apologies, your Honor. I drafted some talking points prior to the nomenclature that you set forth this morning.

Okay. So let's start with you can argue whether it was FirstEnergy Corp., FirstEnergy Solutions, or the Companies that had or advocated for HB6 and wanted to implement HB6. But what we do know is the Companies did, in fact, benefit from HB6 and that one benefit that we know of is through the decoupling mechanism.

Now, the decoupling mechanism allows the Companies to collect 2018 revenues. So those would have arguably covered 2018 expenses, clearly beyond

the 2007 test year expenses that have been discussed this morning, and those expenses would have included any expenses associated with House Bill 6.

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So by the nature of the decoupling mechanism, we have already gone beyond the rate case of 2007 to look at what customers are charged for and what revenues the Companies are now using on various expenditures by the Companies. So I think that that has not been discussed and that is an additional consideration.

Similar to the Consumers' Counsel, we believe that the Commission does, in fact, have jurisdiction as jurisdiction under 4905.05, 4905.06, and 4905.22 which mandates that customers are only charged just and reasonable rates. And in addition to that, although you just mentioned it's not part of this proceeding, obviously I think before all of our pleadings were filed, that case was not open, but 4928.17 prohibits the Companies from extending any undue preference or advantage to any affiliate and using the Companies' resources and funds to do that.

And we believe that those also fall under the spending category and the review of direct or indirect costs that were a part of the entry in the beginning, so we believe that all of these statutes

authorize the Commission to examine whether the rates or charges collected by the Companies from customers are just and reasonable and whether they were used for any unlawful or unjust purpose and that the Commission does have jurisdiction. And the Supreme Court has affirmed that once a situation develops that is harmful to the public interest, the Companies cannot shield their internal affairs from the Commission's review. And that is 158 Ohio State 441.

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So we do think the Commission has jurisdiction. We think that in discovery matters such as a deposition that whether something is relevant or not at hearing and is admissible at hearing is not part of the discussion. It's whether the information sought appears reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence, and a deposition is no different than written discovery. It should be exploratory in nature and whether information is reasonably calculated to lead to the admissible evidence through comments or whatever procedure posture you want to do.

This is a reasonable deposition. OMAEG intends to participate in the deposition. And we do believe that the Commission should signal to the Companies what scope the proceeding is and the scope

of the deposition because although we are here to talk about the most recent protective order, if you read the Companies' motion for protective order, it goes beyond just the deposition and tends to thwart all discovery and limit the scope of the proceeding.

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And if you look at the reply to OMAEG's motion to intervene, the memo contra as well as the discovery responses from -- or to OMAEG, there too we have this underlining scope issue and misunderstanding or misinterpretation in our view of your entries regarding the scope and purpose of the proceeding. Thank you.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Dove, I believe OPAE had filed a memoranda contra also; is that correct?

MR. DOVE: Yes, your Honor, and NRC both filed memoranda contra.

EXAMINER PRICE: Would you care to speak to this?

MR. DOVE: Briefly, your Honor. Thank you for the opportunity. I would just echo Ms. Bojko's comments regarding the need for the scope to be defined in this proceeding because I -- the show cause order did note that the -- the Companies needed to demonstrate whether or not these costs were collected directly or indirectly. And as of right

now, the Company appears to be limiting the scope to costs that were directly collected through rates which, as you noted, isn't -- per the law shouldn't be happening.

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And then in Mr. Fanelli's affidavit on paragraph 6, he brings in riders and says that none of the costs in relation to Amended House Bill 6 would have been recorded in accounts collected via riders but that does not mean that money collected via riders may not have been used for that. It just may not have been directly collected, and we also have a pending discovery dispute with the Company.

However, in fairness to the Companies, we are still in negotiations with the Companies, but when I left those off with their prior counsel, the disagreement was similar to what it sounds like OCC is having as to the fundamental scope, that if — that the Company's position is they only need to discuss whether or not charges related to House Bill 6 were directly collected. And as you re — or noted earlier, I think this scope is broader as to the overall charitable spending, and I think it would be helpful to have some direction as to what scope should apply both in the deposition and for discovery purposes.

Thank you, your Honor.

2.1

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Does any other party care to speak to this before we go back to Mr. Gladman?

Mr. Gladman, you can have the final word.

MR. GLADMAN: Thank you, your Honor.

I'll be very brief about this. What I am hearing a lot of is -- is arguments and issues that go well beyond the scope of today's noticed hearing which was to decide the motion for protective order and what the deposition would be and what the scope would be.

I believe that your Honor has already ruled on that, indicated where we are going there. So I think questions about the jurisdiction of the Commission are premature. While we stand by the arguments in our motion, we don't think there's any need to consider that jurisdiction at this point in time in light of our understanding of the show cause entry and the fact that the deposition is going to be limited to Mr. Fanelli's affidavit.

A lot of what I am hearing from both

Ms. Bojko and Mr. Dove are arguments about, you know,

paragraph 6 of Mr. Fanelli's deposition. That sure

sounds like -- affidavit. That sure sounds like a

deposition question that you have deemed will be

proper when he gets to sit down in the chair, so I think a lot of these questions will be resolved when that deposition occurs.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

At this time I think we'll take a brief break so that my colleagues and I can confer. Do not log off of Webex. Feel free to disable your cameras and mute your microphones.

Let's return at 11:05. We will put a hard return on there, and then we will go from there.

Thank you all.

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(Recess taken.)

EXAMINER PRICE: You know, it's an interesting point that I am not really sure we are giving you a ruling as we are giving guidance, but to the extent that it's a ruling, we will assume it's a ruling.

Just a couple quick questions about the scope. The scope of the proceeding is what's set forth in the entry, nothing more and nothing less.

It does not mean that this is what it always will be. I think the Commission has been very clear in indicating that it was going to approach this issue in a thoughtful and deliberate manner and that the Commission would go with where the facts take them,

but it will have to be based upon actual facts.

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I think there are a lot of interesting jurisdictional questions being raised that we don't need to get to today for purposes of the deposition. But I would note that the Supreme Court -- you know, there are many areas where the Commission has not overlapping but where it's not clear something is a Common Pleas Court jurisdiction or the Commission's jurisdiction, torts and contracts. And, of course, the court has issued a test, you know, in the Allstate case, and it's whether the Commission's administrative expertise is necessary and whether these are actions typically done by a utility. And I believe -- I am certain the Commission will be guided by these sort of established statutory tests in examining the parameters of the jurisdiction as it applies to this.

I just want to make a quick word about directly and indirectly. I'm not ruling anything out about directly or indirectly. I do want to explain what we were thinking at the time when we wrote directly and indirectly. We were trying to make sure that contributions that may have been made by FirstEnergy Service Company and then subsequently charged back to the utilities were not excluded

somehow because they were not directly made by the utilities.

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We were not contemplating the idea that

FirstEnergy invested some money and then got interest
on that money and then used that money to make

charitable contributions from -- from wherever. I am

not ruling this out; I am not ruling it in. I will

just have to see where it takes us, but I do want to

explain what our original intent was by the phrase

directly and indirectly.

The other issue I wanted to address is the corporate separation proceeding. We are hiring -- as you all know, we are hiring another auditor, and so I believe any questions regarding undue preference, paying for things on behalf of the utility, by the utility on behalf of the affiliate, if that happened at all, or any other undue preference from an affiliate are best left to that corporate separation proceeding. It's going to be a very large proceeding and very -- many of the parties in this case are already in that case and there's a lot of questions that are going to be addressed in that proceeding.

The DMR is slightly different. We have, of course, indicated that we are going to review the

DMR to ensure that they were used for purposes related to grid modernization, but I don't think it's unfair for there to be questions regarding whether the DMR was a source of funds or any political distributions made by the utilities or made by FirstEnergy Service Corp. and then charged back to the utilities as they do any other expense, whether it's personnel or property or whatever.

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So just generally then, and we'll open the floor for clarifications, but generally, as we've already covered, statements in the affidavit and discovery responses signed by Mr. Fanelli are certainly fair game in the deposition or questions in the deposition.

Questions related to demonstration that costs, political and charitable contributions were not included in rates and charges paid by ratepayers are fair game.

Questions regarding political and charitable spending by the companies, and I am stressing the Companies here, in support of House Bill 6 and the referendum effort you can ask, and he should -- Mr. Fanelli should answer to the best of his knowledge. And I would simply just caution Mr. Gladman, as I've previously ruled in other cases,

his knowledge is his knowledge. He doesn't have separate compartments for what he knows as -- I know he is -- I believe he is a shared service employee. He doesn't get to compartmentalize his knowledge for what he knows from the utilities versus what he might know from New Jersey Power & Light, for example. His knowledge is his knowledge, and he should answer questions to the best of his ability regarding that topic.

And, finally, just as a broader political and charitable spending prior to House Bill 6 referendum efforts, I don't have a hard date, but prior to those contributions are out of bounds. This is related to political and charitable spending in support of House Bill 6. If he can't tie it directly to House Bill 6, it's out of bounds.

With that, are there any clarifications or the like? Ms. Willis.

MS. WILLIS: No, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Good.

MS. WILLIS: Thank you for your ruling.

MR. GLADMAN: Your Honor, I do have a

question.

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EXAMINER PRICE: Yes.

MR. GLADMAN: I heard kind of five parts

to your statement about the deposition. The first one was statements in the affidavit. Second one was discovery signed by Mr. Fanelli. The third one I didn't quite get, if you have got them arranged that way. Could I hear them again? I did hear the part about the fourth and fifth one. I will stop there.

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EXAMINER PRICE: No. It was probably illiterate because I just have notes, not a full sentence I am reading so. Questions regarding whether there's a demonstration that the costs of charitable and political donations were not included in rates and charges paid by the ratepayers. It's really a restatement of what's in the first entry in this proceeding.

MR. GLADMAN: Got it. Thank you. May I ask if you intend to issue a written ruling on this or if we're just going to go with the oral ruling today?

EXAMINER PRICE: This is it. This is all you get.

MR. GLADMAN: Thank you.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Last chance for questions, clarifications.

Seeing none, where do we go from here in this proceeding? We are, as I indicated earlier,

deferring ruling on the motions to intervene.

Actually I didn't state that earlier. We are
deferring ruling on motions to intervene. We will
get to that probably in a written order in due
course.

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We are deferring ruling on the motions to compel. We will take a look at what's been filed and determine whether we believe another prehearing conference is necessary or whether we think we can just rule on the paper. A lot will depend on just how tedious it will be for us to make this ruling, whether it might be just more efficient for everybody if we convene another prehearing conference.

We owe OCC rulings on two interlocutory appeals and those will be made by subsequent entry. That should come out fairly soon. And we indicated earlier that we would set new dates for the comments and replies, but we will not do that until we have issued our ruling on the motions to compel. We don't want the clock to run out on Intervenors while we are dealing with the motion to compel.

MR. GLADMAN: Your Honor, can I -- one final thing that maybe makes your job and life a little bit easier. On the motions to intervene, I know that prior to my involvement the Companies had

opposed I don't know if it was all, most if not all of them. I have been authorized by the Company to withdraw the objections and the oppositions to those intervention motions in light of the things that have happened since that time, so we would not oppose those interventions.

EXAMINER PRICE: That is very helpful.

That will -- that will certainly expedite our ruling.

And at that point I would say everybody can assume the motions will be granted. We will still put it in writing at our next opportunity.

Okay. Anything else?

Yes.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Ms. Bojko. I was so

close.

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MS. BOJKO: I'm sorry? Oh, so close.

EXAMINER PRICE: I was so close.

MS. BOJKO: I guess I would just, this is normally the case, since we are all here and it's on the record assume one of you -- one of your Honors will be available during the deposition if there's a scope type of question, issue; or maybe the better thing would be that all questions are answered, and we deal with the admissibility and the scope issues

later. I don't know if you have a preference for that. I think the latter is easier and more expedient but.

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EXAMINER PRICE: The answer is neither. I mean, we are, of course, always available in the depositions; and, no, I can't give a blanket answer to everything. What if somebody has a privileged claim?

MS. BOJKO: Privileged is different.

EXAMINER PRICE: It's all in the eyes of the beholder. It's all in the eyes of the beholder. We will be available, although I will tell everybody in my experience I hate doing it because I don't know the 10 questions that were asked before the one that was in dispute, and so context is always a problem. So we are -- we will be available, but we will be reluctant to get involved. Everybody knows the ground rules for depositions, and everybody knows how they should proceed.

MS. BOJKO: Thank you.

EXAMINER PRICE: If there is an intractable dispute, please feel free to give us a call.

I know -- I don't know when -- we don't know when the deposition is, but I am in the office

most days, so as long as it's not a Friday, you can call me on my office line. If it's a Friday, you can call my cell number.

MS. WILLIS: Your Honor, after having spoken with some of the Intervenor parties who would be interested, I think we're going to shoot for at or around the 21st, provided certainly that Mr. Fanelli is available, but I think that's what we are thinking given the fact that counsel is otherwise -- most counsel is otherwise engaged in other proceedings until that point in time.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. I'll let you guys work that out, but again, I am in the office most days so. I'll be around.

MR. GLADMAN: Yeah, and obviously we are not prepared to address that today, but we will certainly discuss in good faith with Ms. Willis and others.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Okay. With that we are adjourned. We are off the record.

(Thereupon, at 11:22 a.m., the prehearing conference was adjourned.)

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CERTIFICATE I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the proceedings taken by me in this matter on Thursday, January 7, 2021, and carefully compared with my original stenographic notes. Karen Sue Gibson, Registered Merit Reporter. (KSG-7020)

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Case No(s). 20-1502-EL-UNC

Summary: Transcript in the matter of the Ohio Edison Company hearing held on 01/07/21 electronically filed by Mr. Ken Spencer on behalf of Armstrong & Okey, Inc. and Gibson, Karen Sue Mrs.