DUKE ENERGY OHIO EXHIBIT

BEFORE

THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

In the Matter of the Application of Duke) Energy Ohio, Inc., for Administration of) the Significantly Excessive Earnings Test) under Section 4928.143(F), Revised Code,) and Rule 4901:1-35-10, Ohio) Administrative Code.)

Case No. 16-781-EL-UNC

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

PEGGY A. LAUB

ON BEHALF OF

DUKE ENERGY OHIO, INC.

April 15, 2016

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Attachments:

- PAL-1: Return Earned on Average Electric Common Equity
- PAL-2: Adjusted Net Income as of December 31, 2015
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- PAL-6: Summary of Assumptions
- PAL-7: Performance Benchmarks

I. INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE

1	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
2	A.	My name is Peggy A. Laub. My business address is 139 East Fourth Street,
3		Cincinnati, Ohio 45202.
4	Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?
5	А.	I am employed by Duke Energy Business Services LLC, an affiliate service
6		company of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc., (Duke Energy Ohio or Company) as
7		Director, Rates & Regulatory Planning in the Rates Department.
8	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL
9		QUALIFICATIONS.
10	А.	I earned a Bachelor of Business Administration degree, with a major in
11		accounting, from the University of Cincinnati.
12	Q.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE.
13		
	A.	I began my career with The Cincinnati Gas & Electric Company, the predecessor
14	A.	of Duke Energy Ohio, as a co-operative education student in the Accounting
	А.	
14	A.	of Duke Energy Ohio, as a co-operative education student in the Accounting
14 15	A.	of Duke Energy Ohio, as a co-operative education student in the Accounting Department. In 1984, I was employed full-time in the Tax Department. I
14 15 16	Α.	of Duke Energy Ohio, as a co-operative education student in the Accounting Department. In 1984, I was employed full-time in the Tax Department. I progressed through various positions to Coordinator, State & Local Taxes. In
14 15 16 17	Α.	of Duke Energy Ohio, as a co-operative education student in the Accounting Department. In 1984, I was employed full-time in the Tax Department. I progressed through various positions to Coordinator, State & Local Taxes. In 1998, I was transferred to the Regulated Business Unit's financial group. In 2000,
14 15 16 17 18	Α.	of Duke Energy Ohio, as a co-operative education student in the Accounting Department. In 1984, I was employed full-time in the Tax Department. I progressed through various positions to Coordinator, State & Local Taxes. In 1998, I was transferred to the Regulated Business Unit's financial group. In 2000, I was transferred to Fixed Assets Accounting and I was promoted to manager in
14 15 16 17 18 19	Α.	of Duke Energy Ohio, as a co-operative education student in the Accounting Department. In 1984, I was employed full-time in the Tax Department. I progressed through various positions to Coordinator, State & Local Taxes. In 1998, I was transferred to the Regulated Business Unit's financial group. In 2000, I was transferred to Fixed Assets Accounting and I was promoted to manager in 2002. In May 2006, following the merger with Duke Energy Corporation, I

1 position as Director, Rates & Regulatory Planning.

2 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR DUTIES AS DIRECTOR, RATES & 3 REGULATORY PLANNING.

- A. As Director, Rates & Regulatory Accounting, I am responsible for the preparation of
 financial and accounting data used in retail rate filings and various other rate
 recovery mechanisms for Duke Energy Ohio and Duke Energy Kentucky, Inc.
- 7 Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED BEFORE THE PUBLIC
- 8 UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO (COMMISSION)?
- 9 A. Yes. I have previously testified in a number of cases before this and other regulatory
 10 commissions.
- 11 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY IN THIS
 12 PROCEEDING?
- A. I will first provide a brief overview of the Significantly Excessive Earnings Test
 (SEET) and then I will discuss the SEET calculation of Duke Energy Ohio and the
 attachments supporting the calculation.

II. BACKGROUND

16 Q. WHY IS IT NECESSARY FOR DUKE ENERGY OHIO TO SHOW THAT

17 IT DOES NOT HAVE SIGNIFICANTLY EXCESSIVE EARNINGS?

- 18 A. On May 1, 2008, the Governor signed into law Amended Substitute Senate Bill
- 19No. 221 (SB 221). This bill amended various statutes in Title 49 of the Ohio20Revised Code (R.C.). Among provisions of SB 221 were changes to R.C.
- 4928.141, which requires electric utilities to provide customers with a default
 standard service offer (SSO) for competitive retail electric service established

1		through either a market rate offer (MRO) or an electric security plan (ESP).
2		Pursuant to R.C. 4928.142(D)(4) and 4928.143(F), the Commission is required to
3		evaluate the earnings of each electric distribution utility's approved MRO or ESP
4		to determine whether the adjustments in the MRO or ESP result in significantly
5		excessive earnings. R.C. 4928.143(E) addresses the issue of significantly
6		excessive earnings in the context of an ESP having a term longer than three years.
7	Q.	ARE DUKE ENERGY OHIO'S RATES FOR COMPETITIVE RETAIL
8		ELECTRIC SERVICE BASED ON AN ESP OR MRO?
9	А.	Duke Energy Ohio is currently providing an SSO of competitive retail electric
10		services pursuant to an ESP that was approved by the Commission on April 2,
11		2015. The terms of the ESP are set forth in the Commission's Opinion and Order
12		in Case No. 14-841-EL-SSO (ESP Order).
13	Q.	DID THE ESP ORDER THAT THE COMMISSION ISSUED ON APRIL 2,
14		2015, ADDRESS THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE SEET TO DUKE
15		ENERGY OHIO?
16		A. Yes. With regard to calculation parameters, the ESP Order did not
17	disag	ree with the methodology proposed by Duke Energy Ohio and used in its prior
18	SEET	r proceedings. That methodology provides as follows:
19		• Net income as shown on page 117, column (c), line
20		(78) of the [FERC] Form 1, adjusted for the
21		following, if necessary:
21 22		following, if necessary: • Eliminate all impacts related to the purchase

1	Energy/Cinergy merger.
2	\circ Eliminate all impacts of refunds to customers
3	pursuant to R.C. 4928.143(F).
4	• Eliminate all impacts of mark-to-market accounting.
5	o Eliminate all impacts of material, non-recurring
6	gains/losses, including, but not limited to, the sale
7	or disposition of assets.
8	o Eliminate all impacts of material, non-recurring
9	revenue or expenses.
10	o Eliminate all impacts of parent, affiliated, or
11	subsidiary companies and, to the extent reasonably
12	feasible and prudently justified in the opinion of
13	Duke Energy Ohio, eliminate the impacts of its
14	natural gas distribution business.
15	The adjusted net income will be divided by Common Equity
16	to determine the resulting ROE. Certain adjustments will be
17	made to Common Equity.
18	• Common Equity used in the calculation will be the
19	beginning and ending average common equity of
20	Duke Energy Ohio on a stand-alone basis.
21	• Equity will be adjusted to eliminate the acquisition
22	premium recorded to equity pursuant to the Duke
23	Energy/Cinergy merger.

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PEGGY A. LAUB DIRECT TESTIMONY

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1		• Eliminate the cumulative effect of the Net Income
2		adjustments.
3	Q.	DOES THE ESP ORDER DEFINE "SIGNIFICANTLY EXCESSIVE
4		EARNINGS"?
5	А.	No. Pursuant to the ESP Order, the threshold for significantly excessive earnings
6		will be determined with the context of this case for calendar year 2015.
		III. <u>COMMISSION'S SEET GUIDELINES</u>
7	Q.	WHAT GUIDELINES DID THE COMPANY FOLLOW WHEN
8		PREPARING ITS 2015 SEET FILING?
9	A.	The Company has followed the guidelines found in the relevant provision of the
10		ESP Order. Additionally, the Company has incorporated into its SEET the
11		Commission's recommendations from Case No. 09-786-EL-UNC (SEET Case). ¹
12	Q.	PLEASE IDENTIFY THE ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS OF
13		THE COMMISSION IN THE SEET CASE.
14	A.	The Commission's orders in that case generally defer to each company's specific
15		situation. For example, the Commission left the issue of earnings from off-system
16		sales to be determined on a case-by-case basis. ² The Company included <u>all</u>
17		earnings from off-system sales in its calculation.
18		As I discuss further below, the Commission also directed utilities to: (1)
19		base average equity balances on the average of the balances at the beginning and

¹ In the Matter of the Investigation into the Development of the Significantly Excessive Earnings Test Pursuant to Amended Substitute Senate Bill 221 for Electric Utilities, Case No. 09-786-EL-UNC. ² Id., Entry on Rehearing, at pg. 13 (Aug. 25, 2010).

1		at the end of the year; ³ (2) adjust out all impacts from affiliates and other services
2		(e.g., natural gas distribution); ⁴ and (3) address deferrals and other certain
3		factors. ⁵
4	Q.	DID THE COMPANY HAVE ANY ESP-RELATED DEFERRALS IN 2015
5		THAT IMPACTED EARNINGS?
6	A.	No.
7	Q.	WILL YOU DESCRIBE THE OTHER INFORMATION THAT THE
8		COMMISSION DIRECTED COMPANIES TO PROVIDE AS PART OF
9		THEIR SEET REVIEWS?
10	A.	On page 29 of its June 30, 2010, Order, the Commission provided a list of factors
11		it identified as worthy of its consideration in any SEET review. The listed factors
12	17	include the following:
13		• the electric utility's most recently authorized return on equity,
14		• the electric utility's risk, including:
15		• whether the electric utility owns generation;
16		• whether the ESP includes a fuel and purchased power adjustment
17		or similar adjustments;
18		• the rate design and extent to which the electric utility remains
19		subject to weather and economic risk;
20		• capital commitments and future capital requirements;
21		• indicators of management performance and benchmarks to other

 ³ *Id.*, Entry on Rehearing, at pg. 6 (Aug. 25, 2010).
 ⁴ *Id.*, Finding and Order, at pg. 12 (June 30, 2010).
 ⁵ *Id.*

1		utilities;					
2		• innovation and industry leadership with respect to meeting industry					
3		challenges to maintain and improve the competitiveness of Ohio's					
4		economy, including research and development expenditures,					
5		investments in advanced technology, and innovative practices; and					
6		• the extent to which the electric utility has advanced state policy.					
7	Q.	WHAT IS THE COMPANY'S MOST RECENTLY APPROVED RETURN					
8		ON COMMON EQUITY?					
9	A.	The Company's most recently approved return on common equity is 9.84 percent					
10		for its jurisdictional electric distribution service in Ohio. ⁶					
11	Q.	DOES THE COMPANY HAVE A MECHANISM FOR RECOVERY OF					
12		PURCHASED POWER EXPENSES?					
13	A.	Yes. The Company procured 100 percent of the generation services provided to					
14		its SSO load in 2015 through an auction process approved in the ESP Order. The					
15		Company recovers the cost of this competitively procured power via riders. Duke					
16		Energy Ohio makes no profit or loss on power that is procured via the auction					
17		process and is ultimately delivered to its SSO customers.					
18	Q.	DESCRIBE THE COMPANY'S RATE DESIGN.					
19	A.	The Company's rate design for noncompetitive service has been essentially the					
20		same since its unbundled rates became effective on January 1, 2001. The					
21		Stipulation in Case No. 11-3549-EL-SSO eliminated some riders that existed at					

⁶ In the Matter of the Application of Duke Energy Ohio for an Increase in Electric Distribution Rates, Case No. 12-1682-EL-AIR, et al., Stipulation and Recommndation, at pg. 6 (April 2, 2013), and Opinion and Order, at pg. 6 (May 1, 2013).

1 the end of 2011 and added certain new riders for competitive retail services. As a 2 result, there were new rates for competitive retail services based on allocation 3 methods and rate design processes that were approved by the Commission in that 4 case. The 2014 ESP Order further eliminated some riders for competitive service 5 and modified the design of some riders. Depending on the rate class, some 6 customers may have energy-based rates, demand-based rates, or a combination of 7 both. All customers have some form of a customer charge and some nonresidential customers have demand ratchets intended to encourage efficient use of 8 9 resources. For customers who shop, it is not possible for the Company to know 10 the essentially infinite number of rate design options that may be offered by their 11 competitive retail electric service providers.

Q. DESCRIBE THE EXTENT TO WHICH WEATHER AND ECONOMIC RISKS IMPACT THE COMPANY.

14 A. As part of the Stipulation in Case No. 11-3549-EL-SSO, Duke Energy Ohio 15 agreed to file an application to implement a decoupling mechanism for its non-16 demand-metered customers. The Commission approved the Company's 17 subsequent application toward that end in early 2012, and the Company began 18 accruing a deferral related to the decoupling mechanism. The decoupling 19 mechanism excludes all demand-metered sales but mitigates the impact of certain 20 sales losses, particularly due to compliance with Ohio's energy efficiency 21 mandates. I should note that the approved decoupling mechanism is based on 22 weather-normalized sales; consequently, the Company is still exposed to weather-23 related earnings risks. The administration of the SEET expressly contemplates

that the impacts of Duke Energy Ohio's natural gas are to be eliminated. As such,
 Duke Energy Ohio does not address, in this proceeding, the weather risks relevant
 to its natural gas operations.

4 Q. WILL YOU ADDRESS THE CAPITAL COMMITMENTS AND CAPITAL 5 REQUIREMENTS?

A. As stated in the Company's April 15, 2016, Application filed contemporaneously
with my testimony in this case, the current ESP expires on May 31, 2018. The
capital budget requirements for the future, committed, electric investments in
Ohio are \$260 million for 2016, \$304 million for 2017, and \$322 million for
2018.

Q. ARE YOU SPONSORING ANY INFORMATION REGARDING MANAGEMENT PERFORMANCE AND BENCHMARKS TO OTHER UTILITIES?

14 A. Yes. First, it is important to realize that there is no data that compares the Duke 15 Energy Ohio operating company to its peers. As such, and in an effort to address 16 the Commission's prior directive, reference is made to the information that does 17 exist, on a corporate-wide basis. Attachment PAL-7 is a summary of how Duke 18 Energy Corporation's returns compare to some of its peers. The data represented 19 in this chart represents a comparison of total shareholder return (TSR), which is 20 defined as the sum of dividends and share appreciation divided by a starting price. 21 In this attachment, the first set of numbers shows the TSR for stocks from January 22 1, 2013, through December 31, 2015. The second set of numbers shows the TSR 23 for stocks purchased from January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2015. The

third set of numbers shows the TSR for stocks purchased from January 1, 2015,
 through December 31, 2015.

3 Q. HAS THE COMPANY BEEN INNOVATIVE IN ADVANCING STATE 4 POLICY?

A. Yes. It is the state's policy, among other things, to encourage demand-side
 management, time-differentiated pricing, and implementation of advanced
 metering infrastructure. R.C. Section 4928.02.

In 2015, the Company completed its full deployment of SmartGrid infrastructure in its service territory. The Company offers time-differentiated rates to its residential customers through Rate TD-13 and Rate TD. Approximately 600 residential customers participate in these time-differentiated rates. All of these efforts serve to advance the state's policy and will encourage demand-side management. Duke Energy Ohio is a leader in this area.

IV. <u>SCHEDULES SPONSORED BY WITNESS</u>

14 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE ATTACHMENT PAL-1.

A. Attachment PAL-1 is a schedule showing that the Company's return earned on
average electric common equity for the year ended December 31, 2015, is 5.34
percent.

18 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE ATTACHMENT PAL-2.

A. Attachment PAL-2 is a schedule showing the calculation of the Company's adjusted electric net income for the calendar year 2015. The source of the utility operating income for the twelve months ended December 31, 2015, is the Company's 2015 FERC Form 1 report, pages 114 to 117. Continuing the

1 methodology used in prior SEET proceedings, which methodology was approved 2 in the ESP Order, purchase accounting recorded as a result of the Duke 3 Energy/Cinergy merger, all impacts of refunds to customers pursuant to R.C. 4 4928.143(F), all impacts of mark-to-market accounting, all impacts of material, 5 non-recurring gains/losses, all impacts of material, non-recurring revenue or 6 expenses, and all impacts of the natural gas business were eliminated. As shown 7 on the attachment, no refunds were returned to customers during the twelve 8 months ended December 31, 2015. Equity in earnings of subsidiary companies 9 was also eliminated so that the return earned on average common equity would be 10 on a Duke Energy Ohio stand-alone basis.

11 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE ATTACHMENT PAL-3.

A. Attachment PAL-3 is a summary of the items eliminated from net income. The
schedule shows, by Company account, the impact on net income of eliminating
purchase accounting, mark-to-market accounting, non-recurring gains and/or
losses, material non-recurring revenues and expenses, and the equity in earnings
of subsidiary companies.

17 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE ATTACHMENT PAL-4.

A. Attachment PAL-4 is an exhibit showing the calculation of the Company's average electric common stock equity as of December 31, 2015. The attachment shows the common stock equity balances for December 31, 2014, and December 31, 2015, and the calculation of the average electric common equity balance as of December 31, 2015, to be used in determining if Duke Energy Ohio has significantly excessive earnings. Pursuant to the ESP Order, the following items

were eliminated in calculating the ending balance for each calendar year: (1) impacts of purchase accounting recorded pursuant to the Duke Energy/Cinergy merger; (2) all impacts of mark-to-market accounting; and (3) all impacts of material, non-recurring gains and/or losses.

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Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE ATTACHMENT PAL-5.

A. Attachment PAL-5 is a schedule showing the calculation of a net plant allocation
factor used to allocate total average common equity to electric operations. The
gas and electric plant data is from the Company's 2014 and 2015 FERC Form 1,
pages 200-201. The schedule shows that, based on net plant, 61.19 percent of the
Company's average common equity should be allocated to electric operations.

11 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE ATTACHMENT PAL-6.

A. Attachment PAL-6 is a summary of assumptions used in this filing, most of which
are from Attachment PAL-2 in my testimony in Case No. 14-841-EL-SSO. I
have discussed all of the other relevant assumptions in my testimony.

15 Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE ATTACHMENT PAL-7.

A. Attachment PAL-7 is a summary showing Duke Energy Corporation's TSR in
comparison to some of its peer companies in the Philadelphia Utility Index.

V. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

18 Q. DOES DUKE ENERGY OHIO HAVE SIGNIFICANTLY EXCESSIVE

EARNINGS THAT WOULD REQUIRE A REFUND TO CUSTOMERS?

A. No. As shown on Attachment PAL-1, Duke Energy Ohio's return earned on
average electric common equity is 5.34 percent. Since the return on average
electric common equity is substantially less than the Company's approved 9.84

1		percent rate of return, the Company does not have significantly excess earnings
2		and, therefore, no refund to customers is warranted.
3	Q.	WERE ATTACHMENTS PAL-1, PAL-2, PAL-3, PAL-4, PAL-5, PAL-6
4		AND PAL-7 PREPARED BY YOU OR UNDER YOUR SUPERVISION?
5	A.	Yes.
6	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?
7	A.	Yes.

Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. Significantly Excessive Earnings Test Case No. 16-0781-EL-UNC December 31, 2015

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Description	<u>Source</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Including Non-SSO Sales and ESP Deferrals		
Adjusted Electric Net Income	PAL-2	48,331,276
Average Electric Common Equity	PAL-4	904,417,758
Return Earned on Average Electric Common Equity		<u>5.34%</u>

Attachment PAL-2 Page 1 of 1

Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. Significantly Excessive Earnings Test Adjusted Net Income December 31, 2015

		l										
			12 Months Ended December 31, 2015	ember 31, 2015			E	Eliminations				
					Purchase		Non-Recurring	Non-Recurring	Equity in Famines of	Amounts Refunded to	Total	Adiustand
<u>Description</u> Utility Operating Income	Account Level Desc	<u>Account Level</u>	Total	Electric	-	<u>Mark-to-Market</u>	Gains / Losses	Rev / Exp	Subsidiaries	<u>Customers</u>	Eliminations	December 31, 2015
Operating Revenues	F UTIL OP REV	Level 6	1.432.340.159	985.719.854	0						c	085 710 954
Operation Expenses	F OP EXP	Level 8	728,101,255	531,990,507		c		1028 7301			11 028 7301	F20 061 777
Maintenance Expenses	F MAINT EXP	Level 8	58,638,606	52.134.549	•	•		0			0	52 124 540
	F_DEPR_EXP	Level 8	121,422,783	74,840,051				(449,181)			(449.181)	74.390.870
at Retirement Costs	F_DEPR_EXP_ARO	Level 8	0	•							0	0
	F_AMORT_DEPL_UT_PLNT	Level 8	8,823,673	6,211,468	0						0	6.211.468
ant Acquisition Adj.	F_AMORT_UTIL_PLT_ADJ	Level 8	0	•	Ó						0	0
Regulatory Debits	FERC 407	FERC	71,095,791	44,114,346							0	44,114,346
	Acct 407407, 407315, 407907	Account	(7,303,627)	(7,290,577)								(7.290.577)
te Taxes	F_TAX_OTH_INC_TAX	Level 8	238,679,448	181,043,104								181.043.104
Income Taxes - Federal	F INC TAX FED	Level 8	(24,004,986)	(46,358,335)	•	0	0	842.256		c	842 256	(46 518 070)
	F_INC_TAX_OTH	Level 8	(1,181,523)	(2,164,820)				0		•		(2 164 820)
	F_PROV_DEF_INC_TAX	Level 9	243,385,578	185,555,357				•				185 555 357
axes - Credit	F_DEF_INC_TAX_CR	Level 9	(168,274,243)	(119,403,406)							0	(119,403,406)
	F_INV_TAX_CR_ADJ	Level 8	(472,735)	(261,246)							0	(261.246)
f Allow - Credit	F_GAINS_DISP_ALLOW	Level 8	(68,545)	(68,545)	•						0	(68,545)
	F_ACCRETION_EXP	Level 8	0	0							•	ò
Total Utility Operating Expenses Net I Mility Operating Income			1.268.841.475	900.342.453 66.037.404	010	010	01	(1.535.655)	01	01	(1,535,655)	898,806,798
annon a Russiado fano tat			100,027,001	106-770-00	я	J	ы	<u>eesesest</u>	a	-1	1.535.655	<u>86.913.056</u>
Other Income												
Revenues From Merchandising, Jobbing and Contract Work F_MERCH_JOB_REV	K F_MERCH_JOB_REV	Level 7	1,884,764	1,884,414							0	1.884.414
Less: Costs & Exp of Merchandising, Jobbing & Contract	F_MERCH_JOB_EXP	Level 7	1,173,289	1,197,250							•	1,197,250
Revenues From Nonutility Operations	Acct 417115, 417005, 417310	Account	205,254	198,479							0	198,479
Less: Expenses of Nonutlity Operations	F_TOT_EXP_NON_UTL_OP	Level 8	233,958	233,752							•	233,752
Nor-operaung Keman moorne Fourity in Faminge of Subsidiary Companies		Level 8	(283,942)	(172,345)					1010 000 101		0	(172,345)
	E INT INC	7 Javia I	104/404/111	0/0/770'JR					(A1,622,078)		(97,622,078)	0
	F AFLIDC	LOVEL /	0,410,009 2 052 202	2,13/,204								2,137,284
neous Non-operating Income	F MISC NON OP INC	Level 8	(672.249)	(1 275 742)		(E 241)					(F 241)	1,121,302
Gain on Disposition of Property	F GAIN DISP PROP	Level 8	7,540,913	7,540,913			(7.540.913)				(7.540.913)	0
Total Other Income			124,187,549	108.225.461	0	(6,241)	(7,540,913)	OI	(97,622,078)	0	(105,169,232)	<u>3.056,229</u>
Loss on Lisposition of Property	F_LOSS_DISP_PROP	e	(3,312,010)	(3,312,010)			3,312,011				3,312,011	-
Nijec. Artiki uzduku Pamatiane		Level o	0 100 100	010 000							0 0	0
Life Insurance		Level 8	(10.432)	110 4321								000,245
Penalties	F PENALTIES	Level 8	694	414		25						(10,432)
Civic. Political & Related Activities	F EXP CIVIC POL	1 avai 8	1 357 440	RE7 748								414 977 740
Other Deductions	F_OTH_DED	Level 8	73,623,499	73,127,253		o	(70,881,096)	0			(70.881.096)	2.246.157
Total Other Income Deductions			72,787,319	71,351,222	•	0	(67,569,085)	0	0	0	(67,569,085)	3.782.137
Total Taxes On Other Income and Deductions	F_TAX_OTH_INC_DED	Level 6	(18,082,453)	(25,291,886)	(13,729)	(2,211)	21,261,979		0	0	21,246,039	(4,045,847)
Net Other income and Deductions			<u>69,482,683</u>	<u>62,166,125</u>	13.729	(4.030)	38,766,193	0	(97.622,078)	0	<u>(58,846,186)</u>	3.319.939
Net Interest Charges	F_NET_INTEREST_CHGS	Level 4	62,469,746	41,862,959	38,760			0			38,760	41,901,719
Not Income			170 544 804	105 000 501	(DE 004)	1000	001 001 00	10101	1010 000 LO	¢		
			170'110'0/1	/oc'neg'cni	1100 1271	14.0301	30, 00, 183	1.000.000	<u>[8/07770')8]</u>	ы	[LR7'R+C'/C)	<u>48, 331, 2/6</u>

Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. Significantly Excessive Earnings Test Summary of Net Income Eliminations December 31, 2015

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Account ID CB	Account Long Descr CB	Account Level 6 Node Name LVL	12 months Ended <u>12/31/2015</u>	Elimination	Income <u>Tax Effect</u>	Impact on <u>Net Income</u>
Purchase Accou	Inting					
0447208	Amort Pwr Trdg Intang or Liab	REVENUE	Q	<u>0</u>	2	Q
0405011 0406505	Amort of Other Pur Acctg Amort Exp - Acq Purch Adj	F_UTIL_OP_EXP F_UTIL_OP_EXP	0 Q Q	0 0 0	٥	٥
0411849 0411850	SO2 COS - Purch Acctg Seasonal NOx COS - Purch Acctg	GAIN_LOSS_UTL_ASSETS GAIN_LOSS_UTL_ASSETS	0 Q Q	0 0 0	٥	٥
0501200 0501998	Coal Consumed Purch Acctg Adj Fuel Expense-Purch Acctg	FUEL	0 0	0 0		
0509011 0509211	SO2 Ernission Exp - Purch Acctg Seas NOx Erniss Exp - Purch Acctg	F_UTIL_OP_EXP FUEL	0 Q Q	0 0 0	٥	٥
	Above-the-line Impact			٥	٥	٥
0428200 0429200	Amort_Debt_Disc_Pur_Acctg_Adj Amort_Debt_Prem_Pur_Acctg_Adj		393,492 (432,252) (38,760)	(393,492) <u>432,252</u> <u>38,760</u>	(13.729)	(25.031)
	Total Purchase Accounting Adjustment		<u>38.760</u>	<u>(38.760)</u>	(13.729)	(25.031)
Mark-to-Market 0421530 0421531 0421532 0421541 0421542 0421542 0421543 0421631	Power Trading MTM Gains MTM Unrealized Gain - Reserve Power Trading MTM Gains-Reg Gas MTM Gains Electricity - MTM Gain I/C Non Reg IC MTM Gas Gain MTM Unreal Gains - EA Other Income	REVENUE REVENUE REVENUE REVENUE REVENUE FUEL	6,241 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 8,241	(6,241) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(2.211)	(4.030)
0426531 0426532 0426533 0426541 0426542 0426543 0426631	MTM Unreal Loss-Reserve Power Trading MTM Loss Power Trading MTM Loss-NonReg Gas MTM Loss Electricity - MTM Loss I/C Non Reg IC MTM Gas Loss MTM Unreal Losses - EA's	REVENUE REVENUE REVENUE REVENUE REVENUE FUEL				
	Other Income Deductions		õ	<u>o</u>	1	<u>m</u>
	Net Other Income and Deductions		<u>6.241</u>	<u>(6.241)</u>	(2.210)	(4.031)
0501128 0501129	Fuels Unrealized MTM Gain Fuels Unrealized MTM Loss	FUEL FUEL	0 0 0	0 Q Q	٩	۵
	Total Mark-to-Market		6.241	<u>(6.241)</u>	(2.210)	(4.030)
Non-Recurring G 0421100	ia <u>ins / Losses</u> Gain On Disposal Of Property	GAIN_LOSS_UTL_ASSETS	7,540,913	(7,540,913)	(2,670,991)	(4,869,921)
0421200 0426510 0426513	Loss On Disposal Of Property Other Other Deductions - Impairments	GAIN_LOSS_UTL_ASSETS F_TOT_OTH_INC_DED	(3,312,011) 70,875,000 0	3,312,011 (70,875,000) 0	(1,173,114) 25,103,925 0	(2,138,897) 45,771,075 0
0426551 0426553 0426554	Impairment & other related charges PP&E IMPAIRMENT Impairment of Goodwill	TTL_OTH_INC_&_EXP TTL_OTH_INC_&_EXP TTL_OTH_INC_&_EXP	6,096 0 <u>0</u>	(6,096) 0 <u>0</u>	2,160 0 0	3,936 0 Q
	Total Non-Recurring Gains / Losses		10.846.828	(81.721.828)	(28.945.871)	38.766.193
	evenue / Expense					
CTA - Various CTA - 935100	Operation Expenses Maintenance Expenses		1,928,730	(1,928,730) 0	683,156 0	1,245,574 0
CTA - 404200 CTA - Various CTA - Various	Depreciation Expense Income Taxes & Other Taxes Other Deductions		449,181 0 0	(449,181) 0 0	159,100 0 0	290,081 0 0
CTA - 431900	Net Interest Charges		Q 0.077.014	Q	Q	<u>0</u>
Equity in Earning	Total Non-Recurring Revenue / Expense		<u>2.377.911</u>	<u>(2.377.911)</u>	<u>842.256</u>	<u>1.535.655</u>
418.1	Equity in Earnings of Subsidiary Companies		97.622.078	(97.622.078)		(97.622.078)
	Total Eliminations		<u>110.891.818</u>	(181.766.818)	(28.119.554)	(57.349.291)

Average	Common			\$ 804,417,758
	Adjusted 12-31-15	152.2671 2002 2002 2002 2002 2002 2002 2002 20	(681,938,055) (874,075,854) 0 5 1,179,119,191	\$1.18 15
	Goodwill	(146,2+8,847)	<u>(746.618,647)</u>	
December 31 2015	Remove Equity in Subsidiarities		(1908,808,161) (908,809,161)	
	Other Adjustments		40,272,787 \$ 40,272,787	
	Balance at 12-31-15	782,196,251 28,96,000 1,482,599,946,000 1,584,575 15,541,575 15,541,575 15,541,575 842,510 843,842,010 1,687,546,493 557,541,088	226.871.106 (914,340,841) 0 5 2,794,574,412	
	Adjusted 12-31-14	361,627,034 22,232,762 9,162,160 9,162,160 9,162,160 6,120 654,800,857 654,800,857 654,800,812 654,800,800,800,800,800,800,800,800,800,80	(860,420,857) 186,186,566 0 1 1 1	\$0,00 \$1,067,332,482
December 31, 2014	Other Adjustments	(370,500,197) (352,457,477) (352,457,477) (353,924,057) (76,417,258) (147,558) (14,7	(2, 926),796,290) ^{FA} 675,367,100 ^{FA} 45,455,360 45,455,360	
	DENA	60 0 0 0 0	1,470,011,441 155,653 155,653 0 0 0	
	Purchase Accounting	0 382.457,457 197,2568,519 187,2568,519 187,556,519 187,514 198,514 198,514,480 (823,514,480 (823,514,480 (823,514,480 (823,514,480) (823,514,510) (823,514,	961,227,241 5,769,622 0 (45,455,360) (2,564,147,862) 3	
	Balance at 12-31-14	782,1982,298 28,980,000 28,980,987 19,581,577 19,581,582 19,581,582 19,581,582 19,581,598 19,775,81,598 19,775,1591 19,175,1501 19,175,1500 19,175,1500 19,175,1500 10,175,15000 10,175,10	(384,873,256) (463,115,599) (463,115,599) 5 4,696,039,563 5 3	
	Qeteciption	Common Static Editing 20100 Common Static 20100 Common Stati 20100 Common Stati 20200 Donat Revord From Stati 20200 Donat Revord From Static 20200 Donat Revord From Static 20200 Stati Revord From Static 20200 Stati Revord From Static 20200 Stati Revord From Static 20200 Stati Revord From Static 2020 Stati	216000 Unapproprinted FE Bal 216100 Unapprod Fargher Carry Yi Nei, Income 400000 Dividensia Directaned on Common Stoci Accum oftent comprehensive throams (pas Total Common Stock Explic	Alecation to Duka Energy Onio Electric ¹⁰ Average Common Equily Allocated to Duke Energy Onio Electr

⁽¹⁾ Source: Attachment PAL-3 ⁽²⁾ Source: Attachment PAL-5.

Attachment PAL-4 Page 1 of 4

Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. Significantly Excessive Earnings Test Net Plant Allocation Factor December 31, 2015

	2015	Duke Energy Ohio, Inc.		
Description		Gas	Electric	Total
Gross Plant (Line 13)		1,960,523,702	3,311,902,235	5,272,425,937
Accumulated Depreciation (Line 33)		<u>546,848,320</u>	<u>1,083,008,585</u>	<u>1,629,856,905</u>
Net Plant		<u>1.413,675,382</u>	<u>2.228.893.650</u>	<u>3.642.569.032</u>
Allocation Percentage		38.81%	61.19%	100.00%

	2014	Duke Energy Ohio, Inc.		
Description		Gas	Electric	Total
Gross Plant (Line 13)		1,865,814,889	3,117,665,779	4,983,480,668
Accumulated Depreciation (Line 33)		<u>511,803,526</u>	<u>1,008,531,714</u>	<u>1,520,335,240</u>
Net Plant		<u>1.354,011,363</u>	2.109.134.065	<u>3,463,145,428</u>
Allocation Percentage		39.10%	60.90%	100.00%

Source: FERC Form 1 Pages 200-201

Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. Significantly Excessive Earnings Test Summary of Assumptions

Source of Data per Order in Case No. 14-841-EL-SSO:

1 Source of data is actual data from FERC Form 1 for the calendar year at issue.

Adjustments to Net Income per Order in Case No. 14-841-EL-SSO:

- 2 Eliminate all impacts related to the purchase accounting recorded pursuant to the Duke Energy / Cinergy Corp. Merger.
- 3 Eliminate all impacts of refunds to customers pursuant to R.C. 4928.143(F)
- 4 Eliminate all impacts of mark-to-market accounting.
- 5 Eliminate all impacts of material, non-recurring gains / losses, including, but not limited to, the sale or disposition of assets.
- 6 Eliminate all impacts of material, non-recurring revenue or expenses.
- 7 Eliminate all impacts of parent, affiliated, or subsidiary companies and, to the extent reasonably feasible and prudently justified in the opinion of Duke Energy Ohio, eliminate the impacts of its natural gas distribution business.

Adjustments to Common Equity per Order in Case No. 14-841-EL-SSO:

- 8 Common Equity used in the calculation will be the beginning and ending average common equity of Duke Energy Ohio on a stand-alone basis (i.e., equity associated with subsidiaries will be excluded and common equity will be allocated between gas and electric service to the extent practicable).
- 9 Eliminate the acquisition premium recorded to equity pursuant to the Duke / Cinergy Corp. merger.
- 10 Eliminate the cumulative effect of the Net Income adjustments.

	Duke	Rank	Percentile <u>Rank</u>
From January 2013 to:			
Mar-13	15.0%	6	73.7%
Jun-13	8.1%	14	31.6%
Sep-13	8.2%	10	52.6%
Dec-13	13.0%	9	57.9%
Mar-14	17.9%	13	36.8%
Jun-14	24.2%	16	21.1%
Sep-14	26.5%	11	47.4%
Dec-14	42.8%	12	42.1%
Mar-15	32.5%	13	36.8%
Jun-15	23.2%	14	31.6%
Sep-15	26.9%	12	42.1%
Dec-15	27.4%	13	36.8%
From January 2014 to:			
Mar-14	4.3%	15	26.3%
Jun-14	9.9%	17	15.8%
Sep-14	12.0%	11	47.4%
Dec-14	26.4%	13	36.8%
Mar-15	17.3%	13	36.8%
Jun-15	9.0%	15	26.3%
Sep-15	12.3%	14	31.6%
Dec-15	12.8%	14	31.6%
From January 2015 to:			
Mar-15	-7.2%	1 4	31.6%
Jun-15	-13.7%	14	31.6%
Sep-15	-11.2%	14	31.6%
Dec-15	-10.8%	14	31.6%

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in

Case No(s). 16-0781-EL-UNC

Summary: Testimony Direct Testimony of Peggy A. Laub on Behalf of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. electronically filed by Dianne Kuhnell on behalf of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. and Spiller, Amy B. and Kingery, Jeanne W.