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3	PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO
4	PUBLIC HEARING
5	~ ~ ~
6	CASE NUMBER: 14-1297-EL-SSO
7	~ ~ ~
8	Tuesday, January 20, 2015
9	Toledo, Ohio
10	~ ~ ~ ~
11	In the Matter of the Application of Ohio
12	Edison, the Cleveland Electric Illuminating
13	Company, and the Toledo Edison Company, for
14	authority to provide for a standard service offer
15	pursuant to RC 4928.143 in the form of an
16	Electric Security Plan.
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1	APPEARANCES
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3	Bryce McKenney, Hearing Officer.
4	Megan Addison, Law Clerk at PUCO
5	Bethany Adams, Intern
6	Michael Schuler, Consumers' Counsel of Ohio
7	Carrie M. Dunn, FirstEnergy Counsel
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4	KATHY SCHAEFER.														15
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6	GAIL SPARROW.														
•	ANNIE MEDER.														
7	JESSICA KRAMER.														
	KATRIEL ISRAEL.														
8	GUY TAYLOR														
	SAMMI TUCKERMAN														
9	RACHAEL BELZ.														
1.0	NICK SONNY NARI														
10	TONY GEORGE THOMAS COYNE														
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1	MR. McKENNEY: Good evening. The
2	Public Utilities Commission of Ohio
3	calls for public hearing at this time
4	and place, Case Number 14-1297-EL-SSO,
5	being in the Matter of the Application
6	of Ohio Edison, Cleveland Electric
7	Illuminating Company and Toledo Edison
8	Company for authority to provide for a
9	standard service offer pursuant to RC
LO	4928.143 in the form of an Electric
11	Security Plan.
12	My name is Bryce McKenney. I'm an
13	attorney examiner. I've been assigned
L 4	by the Commission to conduct tonight's
15	public hearing. Also with me this
16	evening, we have Megan Addison who is a
17	law clerk with the Commission's legal
18	department. Bethany Adams, she's an
19	intern with the legal department.
20	Outside in the hall we have
21	representatives from our Public Affairs
22	staff that can help you get signed in
23	and get set up to be ready and be
24	prepared to testify this evening. We
25	also have the distinct privilege of

1	having with us one of the five
2	commissioners who will be making the
3	final decision in this case. So with us
4	this evening is Commissioner Haque.
5	And he's going to be helping us
6	out. I believe he has some comments he
7	would like to make.
8	MR. HAQUE: Good evening. My name
9	is Asim Haque. I'm the Vice Chairman of
10	the Public Utilities Commission of
11	Ohio. I just wanted to grab the mic and
12	thank all of you for attending this
13	evening.
14	This is a very, very important part
15	of these proceedings. The lawyers will
16	have their day in Columbus, so there are
17	parties to an actual case that will
18	actually litigate this case in Columbus,
19	Ohio. But this is really the chance for
20	Commissioners, like myself, to hear from
21	the general public about their concerns
22	or their support of the case that we
23	have pending before us. It's a very
24	important part of the process. It's a
25	very impactful part of the process. So

1	thank you for being here tonight.
2	I'm very excited to be here. I
3	actually spent four plus years as an
4	undergraduate here in Cleveland, so I
5	have a special kinship with the city and
6	the people of this I'm not quite a
7	Brown, but I'm very happy to be here,
8	nonetheless.
9	So thank you again. I look forward
10	to hearing your commentary this
11	evening. Thank you.
12	MR. McKENNEY: Well, at this time I
13	would like to take the appearances of
14	the parties that are granted
15	intervention in this case. So is the
16	representative from the companies here?
17	MS. DUNN: Good evening. Carrie
18	Dunn, counsel for Ohio Edison Company,
19	the Cleveland Electric Illuminating
20	Company, and the Toledo Edison Company.
21	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you, Miss
22	Dunn.
23	On behalf of OCC?
24	MR. SCHULER: Thank you, Your
25	Honor. Mike Schuler on behalf of the

1	Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel,
2	and the residential customers of the
3	FirstEnergy Electric Distribution
4	Facility.
5	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
6	Are there any other parties present
7	here this evening that have been granted
8	intervention in this case? Thank you.
9	As the Commissioner noted, the
10	purpose of this evening's public hearing
11	is to receive comments from the public
12	about the application filed by the
13	companies in this case. This is not a
14	question-and-answer session. This is an
15	opportunity for the public to provide
16	public testimony to the Commission.
17	After this public hearing, there will be
18	an evidentiary hearing in Columbus, in
19	which parties who have been granted
20	intervention in this case will be
21	provided an opportunity to make the case
22	for the ratepayers like myself.
23	I would note at this time that if
24	anyone here represents or represents
25	the interest of a party that has been

1	granted intervention in this proceeding,
2	I would caution you against providing
3	public testimony this evening so as not
4	to forfeit your right to make your case
5	in Columbus at the evidentiary hearing.
6	When each of you arrived here this
7	evening, you were provided the
8	opportunity to sign up to testify. I
9	will read through this list one by one
10	and ask you to come forward to provide
11	public testimony in this public
12	hearing. When you come forward I'll
13	ask you to come forward to the
14	microphone. I'll have you raise your
15	right hand. At that time you must swear
16	an oath that what you are going to say
17	is the truth, the whole truth, and
18	nothing but the truth. At that time
19	everything you say will be considered a
20	part of the record in this case.
21	Should you decide not to testify
22	when I call your name, simply say
23	"pass," or stand up and let me know.
24	We'll move on.
25	At this time I'm going to begin

1	calling the names of the people who have
2	signed up to provide public testimony in
3	this hearing.
4	Gayle Deadwyler?
5	
6	GAYLE DEADWYLER,
7	After having been first duly sworn, as
8	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
9	as follows:
10	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you. You may
11	proceed.
12	MS. DEADWYLER: I am here today
13	speaking on behalf of AARP Ohio in
14	opposition to the FirstEnergy Purchased
15	Power Agreement request.
16	AARP, with 1.5 million members in
17	Ohio, is challenging FirstEnergy's
18	efforts to force consumers like me to
19	subsidize the cost of energy generated
20	by three old, obsolete and dirty power
21	plants. These plants are expected to
22	operate, and output from these outdated
23	plants does not provide FirstEnergy the
24	competitive edge that it needs to profit
25	in today's marketplace. They simply do

Τ	not measure up against newer, cleaner
2	and more efficient energy producers.
3	But FirstEnergy has a plan.
4	The company proposed to adding a
5	fee to every consumer's electric bill
6	for the next 15 years so that
7	FirstEnergy can make money. It's kind
8	of like a bailout. This surcharge will
9	be added even if you live in an NOPEC
10	community, like I do, or receive
11	electric power from an alternative
12	supplier.
13	FirstEnergy claims that its 15-year
14	surcharge proposal would benefit
15	consumers in the long run. But there i
16	no evidence of this, and there is no
17	guarantee. FirstEnergy can back out at
18	any time.
19	According to NOPEC and the Ohio
20	Consumers' Counsel, the proposal would
21	have a net cost to consumers of between
22	\$3.1 and \$3.2 billion over 15 years.
23	And yes, I said billion with a "B."
24	AARP is fighting against excessive
25	utility rate increases and convoluted

1	pricing schemes like this one. We're
2	here to help older Ohioans who spend a
3	disproportionately higher percentage of
4	their income on utility bills to pay
5	only what is fair and reasonable, and
6	not one penny more.
7	As it stands, this FirstEnergy
8	proposal will raise bills for Ohioans or
9	fixed incomes whose incomes are already
10	stretched to make ends meet.
11	AARP Ohio ask the PUCO to protect
12	Ohio consumers by rejecting this
13	FirstEnergy request for a subsidy.
14	Thank you.
15	MR. McKENNEY: Thank You.
16	Bob Parker?
17	
18	BOB PARKER,
19	After having been first duly sworn, as
20	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
21	as follows:
22	MR. PARKER: Last year, the Ohio
23	General Assembly voted to put a freeze
24	on renewable energy requirements in
25	Ohio. The stated reason was that

1	renewable energy costs more, which would
2	result in a loss of jobs for Ohio.
3	Now it seems FirstEnergy wants what
4	is, in effect, a subsidy for two of its
5	inefficient fossil fuel plants, one coal
6	and one nuclear. The logic behind this
7	is completely at odds with their support
8	of the renewable freeze last year.
9	Before, FirstEnergy supposedly
10	wanted to save consumers money. This
11	year they want consumers to bail them
12	out of bad economic decisions.
13	If there are going to be subsidies,
14	they should be for things that are
15	promoting health and the general welfare
16	for the state as a whole. Instead, what
17	FirstEnergy wants is a subsidy for two
18	plants whose safety record and/or
19	emissions are not good for Ohio or the
20	country as a whole.
21	The Federal Government
22	Environmental Protection Agency, EPA,
23	has required states to come up with
24	plans to limit carbon emissions. For
25	Ohio to comply, the state needs to look

1	at ways to reduce output of outmoded
2	power plants, not subsidize them. In
3	addition to carbon, the Sammis Plant
4	that FirstEnergy wants us to subsidize
5	also emits particulates and pollutants
6	such as sulfur dioxide and nitrogen
7	oxides. These are unhealthy to people
8	who live around the plant, and should
9	definitely not be subsidized.
10	The Davis-Besse Nuclear Plant has
11	had many safety problems over the years
12	and is reaching the end of its planned
13	life. The risk of a catastrophic
14	accident continues. This is not the
15	type of plant that deserve a taxpayer
16	subsidy.
17	In short, the State of Ohio should
18	be looking to the future. If these two
19	outmoded plants cannot make it on their
20	own, then let the company that has made
21	profits from them pay the cost of their
22	failures.
23	MR. McKENNEY: Kathy Schaefer?
24	MS. SCHAEFER: Yes. I'm against
25	the bailout and the increase

1	MR. McKENNEY: Ms. Schaefer
2	MS. SCHAEFER: Yes.
3	MR. McKENNEY: I need to ask you to
4	raise your right-hand.
5	
6	KATHY SCHAEFER,
7	After having been first duly sworn, as
8	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
9	as follows:
10	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
11	MS. SCHAEFER: Kathy Schaefer. I'm
12	a social worker.
13	I'm here testifying out of concern
14	that these ancient coal plants and
15	nuclear power plants are going to be
16	kept online and running. I am sure you
17	are aware that this country is ranked
18	the lowest I said the lowest, and
19	I've read this more than several
20	times in the industrialized world for
21	healthcare; whether it be accessibility
22	cost or any other category in
23	healthcare, we are below the other
24	industrialized countries. That being
25	said, you are exasperating the problem

1	by running old coal-fired plants and
2	outdated nuclear plants, which, in turn
3	can cause so many health problems. But
4	besides this, your rate increase will
5	hurt those who have no healthcare or
6	those who have huge deductibles.
7	I have a friend who has a \$1,500
8	deductible, and she can't afford to get
9	her care. So we don't have a chance.
10	Even if we suffer from a health-related
11	respiratory problem, the cost to get
12	medical treatment can be beyond the
13	reach of many people. Then, on top of
14	this, rate increases for coal plants is
15	unacceptable.
16	Do the right thing: Dump these
17	plants. Invest in clean energy. Stop
18	being un-American and making so many
19	people sick who can't afford medical
20	care, and fight back.
21	I have to say this I have to say
22	this: FirstEnergy reminds me of an old
23	car that can't get out of first gear to
24	the 21st Century. We need 21st Century
2.5	onorgy Thatle what we want and that!

1	what we want to pay for. Thank you.
2	MR. McKENNEY: Harold Pyle.
3	Mr. Pyle, before you testify, I
4	have to ask, have you previously
5	provided public testimony in this case?
6	MR. PYLE: Yes. This is all
7	different.
8	MR. McKENNEY: This is all new?
9	MR. PYLE: This is all new.
10	
11	HAROLD PYLE,
12	After having been first duly sworn, as
13	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
14	as follows:
15	MR. PYLE: My name is Harold Andrew
16	Pyle. Everybody calls me "Andy." My
17	address is 7924 Cleveland-Massillon
18	Road, also known as Fulton Street,
19	Clinton, Summit County, Ohio, 44216.
20	I'm here to testify against the
21	proposed Electric Security Plan.
22	I can't very well just invite
23	FirstEnergy over to discuss it over
24	coffee, even though we are both persons
25	in the eyes of the law. It's hard to

1	conceive of a person being a public
2	utility.
3	FirstEnergy, what kind of person
4	are you that you can just ask the
5	government for \$2 billion aggregated
6	from several million people and expect
7	to get it?
8	Maybe I should ask for \$2 billion.
9	I'm a person, too, as are you, you, and
10	you. I'd have a really good time with
11	my \$2 billion. I would put it right
12	back into the economy, and that would
13	all make us more secure. I want my \$2
14	billion.
15	My friend Rosie, she tells me about
16	the that by the 15th year of this
17	three-year plan, she can guarantee that
18	I will get my money back, and more.
19	Rosie, I have trouble believing
20	you. I may be dead, or have moved out
21	of the state, or the rules of the game
22	may have changed by then, or the money,
23	it might just be gone. But it's hard
24	not to be swept off my feet by your
25	holdness and your hequiling charm T

1	will never forget you, Rosie Scenario.
2	I am a retired steelworker, 32
3	years in the mill. I am speaking only
4	for myself and not for the union. As a
5	retired steelworker, I know the large
6	amounts of electricity that go into the
7	making of steel, especially in electric
8	arc furnaces. It's a rough business to
9	be in, and profit margins are low.
10	Sometimes operations run at a loss
11	waiting for better times. The steel
12	industry needs for electricity to be
13	reasonably priced, not to pay inflated
14	costs to subsidize some other industry.
15	When the steel industry was saddled
16	with old, obsolete plants and a lack of
17	foresight about new technology, nobody
18	bailed it out. There was a wave of
19	bankruptcies. But steel continues to be
20	made. Why should the electric power
21	industry be treated any differently?
22	In closing, I want to say, this is
23	a self-serving, bad Electric Security
24	Plan, and it should not be adopted.
25	MR. McKENNEY: Jessica Smith

1	Szabo.
2	
3	JESSICA SMITH SZABO,
4	After having been first duly sworn, as
5	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
6	as follows:
7	MS. SZABO: My name is Jessica
8	Smith Szabo. I am the Field Canvas
9	Director and a community organizer for
10	Ohio Citizen Action, an environmental
11	and consumer rights advocacy group. We
12	use grassroots organizing to inform the
13	public on issues they may otherwise not
14	become informed of during their day-to-
15	day lives. Since August we've been
16	running our field campaign on the issue
17	that sits before us today, the
18	FirstEnergy bailout. Our objective in
19	the field is to inform community members
20	and have them take action. This action
21	that I'm referring to is the piling up
22	of public comments you have received of
23	opposition to the docket 14-1297-EL-
24	SSO.
25	Many of the comments meonle have

1	<pre>made about FirstEnergy's bailout</pre>
2	proposal include: Criminal,
3	unbelievable, unjust, and downright
4	crazy. Others have included the
5	phrases: Go figure, no surprise here,
6	just fueling the already unfortunate
7	disposition of hopelessness or the lack
8	of say amongst the general public when
9	it comes to big business decision
10	making.
11	We also get questions like, "What
12	can I do," leading to inspiration to
13	write public comments that have kept
14	them away from the dinner table or kept
15	their children up an hour past bedtime
16	to teach them about taking a stand as a
17	concerned citizen. We've sent in over
18	2,500 letters of opposition that have
19	resulted because they've learned about
20	FirstEnergy's bad plan when we came to
21	their door.
22	I ask you to take great heed to the
23	thousands upon thousands of thoughtful
24	public comments you are receiving as you
25	make your decision. They are from

1	community members, family members,
2	concerned citizens who have not been
3	able to make it here tonight who took
4	special care and time away from a
5	child's soccer practice or a family
6	movie to voice their say. These people
7	are customers. They do not receive any
8	financial compensation of any kind from
9	FirstEnergy, unlike most of the
10	supporters you've heard from.
11	I've brought numerous public
12	comments against the proposed bailout
13	for you to add to the FirstEnergy
14	docket.
15	Now, I would like to finish by
16	quoting a concerned Bay Village
17	resident, age 7. "This is to everyone.
18	Please don't do bad for our Earth. It
19	may damage poor people. It may make the
20	Earth not the same, and please do not
21	set off pollution. All different types
22	of pollution kill animals and people.
23	My great grandparents got killed by a
24	coal plant factory because it gave them
25	cancer And if you want to make this

Τ	land, the planet, a better place, then
2	do this: Don't litter, and do things
3	that you know is good. People really
4	care about the Earth, like policemen.
5	They say, don't litter. Also they help
6	the Earth. You can help the Earth and
7	be a better person now."
8	Even a seven-year old understands
9	this is a bad deal. Thank you.
10	MR. McKENNEY: Racheal Collyer?
11	
12	RACHAEL COLLYER,
13	After having been first duly sworn, as
14	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
15	as follows:
16	MS. COLLYER: All right. Well,
17	there's not a whole lot, now, that I can
18	say that hasn't already been said about
19	FirstEnergy's lobbying to get renewable
20	energy efficiency standards and about
21	how coal plants pollute our air and our
22	water and make our people sick. But the
23	idea that the company can both lobby and
24	pollute our environment here in Ohio and
25	then expect us as tax payers to bail

1	them out of their own mess is absolutely
2	despicable.
3	Expecting Ohio citizens to absorb
4	the cost of keeping these inefficient
5	plants running through raising rates is
6	ridiculous. As a senior at Ohio State,
7	I understand how debt works and
8	understand that I'm liable for the debt
9	accrued through my education.
10	Cleveland is home to many students
11	like me, many of whom are struggling to
12	make end meets, who are also responsible
13	for thousands of dollars that they
14	accrue in pursuit of their education,
15	which is an honorable situation. So
16	where's our bailout?
17	If we're responsible for paying the
18	debt we incur in pursuit of education,
19	FirstEnergy should be responsible for
20	the debt that they accrue by making poor
21	business decisions. That's all.
22	MR. McKENNEY: Gail Sparrow?
23	MS. SPARROW: I'm going to make
24	this very, very brief, I promise you.
25	MR. McKENNEY: That's okay. You

1	need to swear an oath.
2	
3	GAIL SPARROW,
4	After having been first duly sworn, as
5	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
6	as follows:
7	MS. SPARROW: I returned to
8	Cleveland fairly recently, after 40
9	years away from my idealized Cleveland.
10	Part of that ideology was, public
11	utilities really helped the public;
12	they're interested in what the public
13	needs are. So when this hearing came
14	up, when this information came up, with
15	the little time I had to put it
16	together, I said, why. What is it that
17	the Illuminating Company, that I
18	remember as really loving us and caring
19	for us and being good to us, what are
20	they doing now? Why do they want this
21	change? What is it that it will do for
22	everyone?"
23	What I've heard in a previous
24	meeting from people who were supporting
25	them was, my company is really good and

1	it's really good because FirstEnergy
2	helped us out. Or FirstEnergy has given
3	us money to help poor people. Or we
4	have jobs from FirstEnergy. It seems
5	that neither the people supporting them,
6	nor FirstEnergy themselves have come up
7	with reasons that would explain to me
8	and to others in the room, I expect, how
9	they can be a public utility, how they
10	are helping the public. That's really
11	what I'm interested in finding out. And
12	I'm hoping maybe I'll hear some
13	answers.
14	Basically, to say to people, that
15	you pay for three years and after the
16	three years, in 15 years, you're going
17	to get your money back. It kind of
18	reminds me of some e-mails I get.
19	Okay. And basically they say, if you
20	give us a certain amount of money, we've
21	got some other money stashed for you,
22	and we'll give it to you. I kind of
23	think that their's is more promising. I
24	don't have to wait 15 years for it.
25	Anyway, this is where I stand now.

Τ	1'm noping that I can hear other sides
2	of things and perhaps you can convince
3	me. As I see it right now, it's it's
4	something that really doesn't it
5	doesn't work. It not fair. It's not
6	being a public utility. Maybe I'm
7	naive, but I think a public utility is
8	to serve the public. I don't see it
9	happening. Thank you.
10	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you. Annie
11	Meder?
12	
13	ANNIE MEDER,
14	After having been first duly sworn, as
15	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
16	as follows:
17	MS. MEDER: I am a FirstEnergy
18	customer here in Cleveland, and like
19	most people, I really don't want to pay
20	more than I have to for anything, but
21	especially my electric bills. I am
22	usually willing to pay a premium for
23	better product, but what FirstEnergy is
24	asking me to do is pay a premium for an
25	inferior product, one that dumps

Τ	thousands of pounds of mercury, arsenic,
2	and lead into the air I breathe and the
3	water I drink. They're asking me to pay
4	to poison myself.
5	Why should I have to pay higher
6	rates for their antiquated, outdated
7	coal-fired power plants and just plain
8	old bad business decisions. It might be
9	one thing if the money was going to make
LO	a better, cleaner, more efficient
11	technology available, but this is the
12	opposite case.
13	Please deny FirstEnergy's request
L 4	for a consumer bailout.
15	MR. McKENNEY: Jessica Kramer?
16	
17	JESSICA KRAMER,
18	After having been first duly sworn, as
19	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
20	as follows:
21	MS. KRAMER: My name is Jessica
22	Kramer. I live in Cleveland, Ohio, and
23	I am a FirstEnergy customer. When a
24	major polluting company, like
25	FirstEnergy, proposes to raise my rates

Τ	to pay to keep a nandrul of outdated
2	facilities online, my concern is not my
3	bill.
4	FirstEnergy raises our rates so
5	often, I've already learned to ration my
6	electric bill to fit my budget. But I
7	don't own a business or have children,
8	so I am a little more flexible than some
9	of or perhaps most other consumers.
10	However, I'm concerned actually
11	outraged that such a proposal would ever
12	be considered by the Public Utilities
13	Commission of Ohio, when we already know
14	other alternative energy sources exists
15	that are better for me, better for the
16	economy, our health, environment and
17	FirstEnergy worker safety.
18	Now, I'm not suggesting shutting
19	down every single coal plant today,
20	attempting to replace them all with the
21	wind turbines tomorrow, as glorious a
22	notion that is, because I am realistic
23	and, obviously, well aware that a
24	transition takes time. But why does
25	FirstEnergy want to waste any more time

1	with this attempt to move backward and
2	not keep up with other states'
3	companies' progress. That doesn't even
4	make good business sense.
5	And scaring their employees by
6	threatening that they may lose their
7	livelihood when FirstEnergy matures and
8	expands its profile, like most other
9	companies in the nation, is shameful.
10	FirstEnergy can transfer jobs, and with
11	the creation of new, cleaner, safer
12	jobs, training for those jobs will
13	logically follow.
14	Folks living in Appalachia have
15	already appealed to the United Nations
16	for help because nonprofitable coal
17	mining is destroying their culture and
18	killing them individually with illness,
19	slowly and painfully. This is a blatant
20	act of genocide. Coal kills. Ohio is
21	already third worst in the nation for
22	toxic air emissions.
23	To cling to a filthy and dying
24	industry is pathetic, when Ohio's air is
25	difficult enough to breathe, and Ohio's

1	water difficult enough to drink or,
2	gosh, even bathe in already, with that
3	facility 30 years past expiration, in
4	some countries, continuing to
5	contaminate our lives. We all know
6	FirstEnergy has plenty of money to pay
7	to repair their own mistakes anyway.
8	Their CEO makes more money than most of
9	us sitting here today will ever see.
10	For these reasons, primarily on
11	behalf of the civil rights of all people
12	who are affected by this deleterious and
13	violent effects of coal mining, the
14	life-threatening effects of coal plant
15	emissions and the sickening, poor and
16	toxic waste disposals, and the lies and
17	scare tactics of FirstEnergy's
18	representatives to their employees and
19	customers, I ask you, the Public
20	Utilities Commission of Ohio, to please
21	not approve this deplorable bailout
22	request.
23	Don't even get me started on the
24	Davis-Besse Nuclear Power Plant. I
25	worked on that campaign ten years ago

1	when they discovered a football-size
2	hole in the reactor, rendering us 1/8th
3	of an inch away from a major nuclear
4	disaster. Shut that thing down. Thank
5	you.
6	MR. McKENNEY: Katriel Isreal?
7	Mr. Israel, before you proceed, I
8	need to ask, have you previously
9	provided public testimony in this case?
10	MR. ISRAEL: Yes.
11	MR. McKENNEY: Is the public
12	testimony you prepared different than
13	what you previously presented?
L 4	MR. ISRAEL: Yes.
15	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you. Would
16	you please raise your right-hand?
17	
18	KATRIEL ISRAEL,
19	After having been first duly sworn, as
20	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
21	as follows:
22	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you. You may
23	proceed.
24	MR. ISRAEL: To the Public
25	Utilities Commission, hi. My name is

Τ	Ratriel Israel. I'm a community
2	organizer from the northeast Ohio area.
3	I have organized local events in Akron,
4	Ohio and participated in climate events
5	all across the United States of
6	America. I am inspired to make a better
7	world for us to live in.
8	Increasing customers' electric
9	bills for unsecured investments is an
10	issue that alternative energy sources
11	can make up for to secure and stabilize
12	the energy market. If the energy
13	industry increases costs, this will
14	increase residential and business costs,
15	and employers may be required to cut
16	jobs.
17	From generation to generation, the
18	energy industry in Ohio has always
19	invested in a booming market of endless
20	opportunities. Local communities
21	invested in our energy program to create
22	new jobs, and hardworking families grew
23	to create an efficient product of energy
24	production.
25	Over the years, we have always

1	found a balance of managing the
2	production of energy and maintaining the
3	environment. With the EPA regulations
4	and the flexibilities of cities creating
5	Integrated Plans, the energy industry in
6	Ohio was allowed to have options of
7	including green infrastructure solutions
8	that made our economy more sustainable
9	and more affordable. For example, in
10	the City of Akron, we have a city energy
11	project that is regulated and integrated
12	with a green infrastructure solution to
13	stabilize our local economy without
L 4	costing the hardworking taxpayers in our
15	community. In the third ward that I
16	live in, our councilwoman, Margo
17	Summerville, has worked around the clock
18	with our city planners, contractors, and
19	our mayor to ensure that not only the
20	project would be clean energy efficient,
21	but the job opportunities for this
22	project would be given to the people in
23	our city. Akron is one of the cities in
24	our state to engage with the USEPA,
25	along with other energy companies, to

Τ	create a petter environment at an
2	affordable cost.
3	In conclusion, hardworking
4	citizens, like Kea Mathis of Akron,
5	shouldn't have to be overwhelmed by
6	increasing energy bills. Ohioans are
7	suffering to keep up with unreasonable
8	energy costs, when there are alternative
9	options to better our environment and to
10	sustain our local economies. That being
11	said, for anyone who doesn't think that
12	we cannot make our economy better, I
13	say, yes, we can to. For anyone who
14	says that we cannot make our environment
15	better, I say, yes we can to. And for
16	anyone who says that we cannot make a
17	difference in the lives of our families
18	and communities, I finally say, yes we
19	can to. Thank you and God bless.
20	MR. McKENNEY: Guy Taylor?
21	
22	GUY TAYLOR,
23	After having been first duly sworn, as
24	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
25	as follows:

1	MR. TAYLOR: My name is Guy Taylor.
2	I come from a small town on the Ohio
3	River called East Liverpool, Ohio. It's
4	where of three states come together;
5	Ohio, Pennsylvania, and West Virginia.
6	I work three miles from there across the
7	border in Pennsylvania at a plant called
8	Bruce-Mansfield plant, owned by
9	FirstEnergy.
10	I'm here today to oppose this rate
11	hike or this bailout, as everyone
12	keeps calling this. I suggest that
13	maybe what we should be doing is getting
14	the Attorney General here to investigate
15	FirstEnergy.
16	I filed a lawsuit against them in
17	the State of Pennsylvania for them
18	violating the federal energy bill. And
19	they supplemented the marketing project
20	negotiations process by twisting that
21	bill and illegally eliminating the
22	contract. But the NORB sought to
23	continue, so did the Human Rights
24	Commission, so here we are.
25	Today I just wanted to I've

1	worked at FirstEnergy. It was Penn
2	Power, located headquarters out of New
3	Castle, Pennsylvania in 1979. I spent
4	30 years as an IT tech and operator.
5	Through that time, I've witnessed
6	FirstEnergy's management upper
7	management become a den of thieves,
8	ending with our now CEO, Tony
9	Alexander.
10	I would like to read to you from
11	his words from our company document that
12	they sent out to us, dated February the
13	26th, 2007.
14	It says, "not only are we ready
15	the question is asked, "Are we ready to
16	compete in a fully deregulated market?"
17	Tony's answer at that time was,
18	"Not only are we ready to compete. We
19	are uniquely positioned to achieve
20	unprecedented growth as we take our
21	power to market. In fact, much of our
22	recent financial progress is as a result
23	of the record performance of our power
24	plants," which is true. The power
25	nlants were great when they nut money

1	into them and kept them up and running.
2	A few years later now, I'm not
3	very smart, but I knew where we were
4	going with our coal power plants. They
5	were trading credits, pollution
6	credits. They were being subsidized
7	from one end to the other for their AQS
8	systems, because I work there. I know
9	they were. And they weren't putting the
10	money back into the plants.
11	So now that we were having loaded
12	coal-fired plants, three years later, in
13	2010, they filed for a merger with
14	Allegheny Power, who is 80 percent coal
15	fired. And had not upgraded any of
16	their coal power plants. I knew they
17	were in trouble because the federal
18	emission the EPA emissions are on the
19	books. If I knew this, they had to know
20	this. This is not an accident that
21	we're here at this point. 2010, Tony
22	goes on to say, "The application for the
23	merger with Allegheny enables regulators
24	and other unmentioned parties to
25	understand our commitment to each state

1	and the benefits this merger will
2	provide customers and consumers." His
3	words.
4	Why I'm here is not for any of
5	that. Why I'm here is because our
6	union, Local 272, IBEW, started in
7	1979. We had over 800 employees 800
8	members. Now we have less than 350
9	running doing the same jobs. Jobs
LO	weren't deleted. They were added. So
11	you have less people doing more work,
12	which is, you know, the FirstEnergy
13	way.
14	This here is the names of my
15	co-workers that have died from either
16	heart attacks or cancers in the last 30
17	years. 140 of them have either died
18	from cancer or survived it. Now the
19	company, in all their wisdom, has
20	decided that after we've worked 35 and
21	40 years for this company, that now
22	they're going to take away our retiree
23	healthcare at a time when we're trying
24	to retire. Mind you that they haven't
25	contributed an extra dime to most of our

1	pensions in over 25 years. The whole
2	time all this is going on, the whole
3	time, Tony Alexander, upper management
4	in Akron, has purchased railroads, coal
5	mines, gas companies and sold them,
6	because they were cash poor. They sold
7	a gas power plant, something that is the
8	Marcellus Shale we're right in the
9	middle of it and they sell it. They had
10	to. They were broke. They're cash poor
11	now, that's why they need the Ohioans to
12	bail them out.
13	With all that said, in closing, the
14	reason why I'm here is because this is
15	the material safety data sheets for our
16	plant. It's fairly mandated for every
17	power plant, for every company that has
18	chemicals on their plant. This is only
19	this is just this isn't the real
20	thing. I couldn't get this is the
21	exact size actually, it's less. This
22	is two-thirds of our material safety
23	data sheets. These are the chemicals
24	for 35 years, 40 years our members or
25	our locals have been exposed to These

Τ	chemicals are bad enough on their own,
2	which you must understand that a lot of
3	times they are mixed, and we are exposed
4	to them. Not one person has filed
5	well, until recently a lawsuit
6	against this company for our ailments.
7	We are all sick and we are all dying,
8	and we're not alone. We're not the only
9	power plant. So do we ask for a million
10	dollar bailout? No. We ask them to do
11	what they promised, and that was to pay
12	our retiree healthcare. And now I would
13	like to see this PUCO stand up and do
14	something about it. Thank you.
15	MR. McKENNEY: Sammi Tuckerman?
16	
17	SAMMI TUCKERMAN,
18	After having been first duly sworn, as
19	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
20	as follows:
21	MS. TACKERMAN: Thank you. First
22	off, let me say, I really didn't want to
23	follow that. Wow.
24	Hi, my name is Sammi Tuckerman. I
2 5	live in Monton Obio Ilm a FinatEnomer

1	customer, and I'm also a Natural
2	Physical and Environmental Science
3	Professor at Cleveland State University,
4	Lakeland Community College, Ashford
5	University, and Bryant and Stratton
6	College online, for lack of an address.
7	So I oppose this bailout of
8	FirstEnergy's oldest, dirtiest and most
9	expensive power plant. I would urge you
10	to do the same. As, probably, many of
11	you know, coal-fired power plants, on
12	average, are only about 33 percent
13	efficient. Now, if I had a car that was
L 4	only 33 percent efficient at, you know,
15	burning gas that I put into it, I think
16	all of us would be pretty upset about
17	that. So it seems that this is a very
18	wasteful practice to me. And
19	considering that these are some of the
20	older models, they probably don't even
21	meet those standards.
22	As well, many of you also know that
23	they contribute to about 30 percent of
24	United States carbon dioxide emissions,
25	one of the leading greenhouse gases

1	contributing to global climate change.
2	Whether or not that's something that you
3	really care about, in an effort to
4	combat climate change, the U.S.
5	government has, basically, all but
6	implemented new carbon emission
7	standards. And, basically, those are
8	going to mean a 30 percent reduction in
9	carbon emissions over the next 15 years
10	for the power sector.
11	My question to FirstEnergy is, how
12	do they plan to achieve the 30 percent
13	reduction while keeping these plants
14	open and subsidizing them and not
15	progressing forward with technology that
16	is going to cut these emissions.
17	I'll leave you with this: If you
18	think for a moment of some of the most
19	poplar companies that we have today,
20	what comes to mind? Things like Google,
21	Apple, Costco, and all of these places
22	have earned their status through their
23	progressive and innovative strategies
24	that they take in business, and they've
25	had a great deal of success. So perhaps

1	if FirstEnergy employed some of those
2	tactics as well, we wouldn't have to be
3	here today having this conversation.
4	Thank you.
5	MR. McKENNEY: Rachael Belz?
6	
7	RACHAEL BELZ,
8	After having been first duly sworn, as
9	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
10	as follows:
11	MS. BELZ: My name is Rachael
12	Belz. I'm testifying in a work
13	capacity, so my workplace address is 614
14	West Superior Avenue, Suite 1200,
15	Cleveland, Ohio. I'm the Executive
16	Director of Ohio Citizen Action, Ohio's
17	largest consumer and environmental
18	organization, with over 30,000 members
19	and supporters located just in the
20	FirstEnergy service territory. Ohio
21	Citizen Action is opposed to
22	FirstEnergy's request for a power
23	purchase agreement. Our organization
24	has a long history with FirstEnergy and
25	their predecessors. When utilities were

1	pushing hard 15 years ago for
2	deregulation, only Ohio Citizen Action
3	researched, organized, and successfully
4	lobbied to include the shopping choice
5	for customers through municipal
6	aggregation. Municipal aggregation has
7	been the best outcome to result from
8	Ohio's deregulation.
9	When FirstEnergy wanted a bailout
10	for their Davis-Besse Nuclear Plant, we
11	fought them and helped save millions of
12	dollars for Ohio consumers, until they
13	got it anyway. We do know this company
14	very well.
15	Ohio ratepayers spent billions of
16	dollars to lobby utility companies,
17	including FirstEnergy, to deregulate in
18	the first place. Now they want us to
19	spend billions of dollars again to allow
20	them to re-regulate, but only to the
21	extent they desire. What seems to be
22	the motive? FirstEnergy's financial
23	instability.
24	The coal plants and nuclear plants
25	they want to be subsidized are and have

1	been struggling financially.
2	FirstEnergy spun off their coal
3	generation assets, and more and more of
4	Ohio's customers chose to shop around,
5	ironically, mostly from FirstEnergy
6	Solutions, since they continue to be the
7	most aggressive company bidding on these
8	contracts across the state. When things
9	are good for FirstEnergy's bottom line,
10	there is no complaint. As soon as they
11	saw their profit sliding south,
12	especially as natural gas prices
13	plummeted by comparison, they pumped up
14	their years'-long effort to put a stop
15	to Ohio's successful renewable and
16	efficiency standard and then almost
17	immediately stuck their hand out for
18	these bailouts.
19	As you know, the Ohio Consumers'
20	Counsel estimates just FirstEnergy's
21	part of the bailout plan will cost us
22	more than \$3 billion dollars over the
23	next 15 years.
24	There is an easy way out of this:
25	Just say no. Make them go back to the

1	drawing board. Don't go down the
2	slippery slope. Remember the old
3	saying, "If you give an inch, they'll
4	take a mile"? That phrase could have
5	been coined by FirstEnergy. Their PPA
6	request is predicated on precisely two
7	outcomes: One, a sweeping approval by
8	the PUCO to guarantee profits for their
9	aging and inefficient plants and, two,
10	natural gas prices rising, making coal
11	prices considerably more competitive.
12	These are both long shots and Hail
13	Mary's. Don't assist FirstEnergy with
14	their bad business decisions. Say no
15	now. Make them go back to the drawing
16	board and come up with a plan that
17	doesn't, once again, gouge their
18	customers on behalf of their
19	shareholders. Thank you.
20	MR. McKENNEY: Nick Sonny Nardi?
21	
22	NICK SONNY NARDI,
23	After having been first duly sworn, as
24	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
25	as follows:

1	MR. NARDI: Chairman and members of
2	the Commission, I'm Nick Sonny Nardi, a
3	resident of Broadview Heights in
4	Cuyahoga County; president and
5	principle officer of Teamsters Local 416
6	at 707 Brookpark Road, Cleveland, Ohio;
7	a teamster since 1981; trustee on the
8	Board of the Greater Cleveland Transit
9	Authority. I was also on Governor
10	Taft's Labor Advisory Board 2003 to
11	2006. I have had many numerous
12	positions over the many years as a
13	teamster.
14	Teamsters Local 416 represents
15	industrial maintenance and vending
16	service machine employees, around 1,000
17	union members in all.
18	Speaking on behalf of Teamsters
19	Local 416, I am asking for the support
20	of FirstEnergy's proposed Electric
21	Security Plan, Powering Ohio's Progress.
22	Ohio's plants power plants not
23	only create thousands of good union
24	jobs, each plant has a secondary
25	effect: Payroll taxes And in each

1	city and county, families being able to
2	live a decent life, buying food at
3	supermarkets, buying clothes at clothing
4	stores. The list is endless when you're
5	talking about having a job.
6	The further decline in Ohio's
7	electric power industry does not only
8	cost thousands of union jobs, it may
9	also cause the State of Ohio,
10	businesses, cities and counties around
11	the plant to run into an economic
12	downfall.
13	Powering Ohio's Progress should
14	provide up to 21.5 million in funding
15	for economic development, job retention,
16	and energy efficiency assistance. That
17	would benefit businesses by helping
18	create more good, sustaining Ohio jobs,
19	attract new business growth, which not
20	only would benefit the Teamsters Local
21	416, but all people of the State of
22	Ohio.
23	Teamsters Local 416 is in favor of
24	the plan. We think it will keep
25	electricity affordable and also keep

1	Ohio's power plants operational.
2	The plants in Ohio provide \$52
3	million in taxes annually and help
4	support local services. A further
5	decline in Ohio's electric power
6	industry could cost thousands of union
7	jobs and discourage industrial
8	development and opportunities across the
9	State of Ohio.
10	Teamsters Local 416 is in favor of
11	the proposed Electric Security Plan. We
12	believe securing the Davis-Besse and the
13	Sammis Plant would be only a benefit,
14	not for the state and local governments
15	only, but for all people of Ohio. Thank
16	you.
17	MR. McKENNEY: Tony George?
18	
19	TONY GEORGE,
20	After having been first duly sworn, as
21	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
22	as follows:
23	MR. GEORGE: Good evening,
24	Commissioner Haque, members of the
25	Commission. Thanks for the opportunity

1	to testify.
2	My name is Tony George. I'm the
3	Chief Executive Officer of the George
4	Group, a real estate investment company
5	in Lakewood, Ohio.
6	My family members, partners, and I
7	own companies that employ about 1,600
8	Ohioans. I'm very proud to be an active
9	member of the Cleveland's Business
10	Community. We own Westside Jaguar, Land
11	Rover, Range Rover; Montrose Volvo,
12	Mazda, Kia; the Harry Buffalo Restaurant
13	Chain; the Barley House; Town Hall
14	Restaurant; Willoughby Brewing Company;
15	Corporate Management Group; Apex
16	Transportation Systems; George Family
17	Enterprises; a commercial real estate
18	company and various other companies
19	headquartered in Ohio.
20	I'm here to ask for your support of
21	FirstEnergy's rate plan, which will
22	ensure we have affordable, reliable
23	electricity to support our businesses
24	and Ohio's economic economy in the years
25	ahead.

1	In the past few years, many Ohio
2	power plants closed during a difficult
3	economy. With more plants set to close,
4	this could drive up electricity prices
5	and affect service reliability. This is
6	the bottom line issue for our
7	businesses.
8	We spend approximately \$100,000 a
9	month on electricity. FirstEnergy has
10	always done a great job keeping these
11	electric prices affordable. And this
12	plan will continue to keep affordable
13	power flowing to Ohio customers around
14	the clock.
15	Make no mistake, FirstEnergy's W.H.
16	Sammis and Davis-Besse Plants are not
17	dirty, old power plants. They are
18	state-of-the-art facilities, and much
19	like much like a valued older home,
20	receives upgrades over the years. They
21	have been under continuous improvement
22	from their first days in service. For
23	example, FirstEnergy enhanced the
24	environmental performance of its Sammis
25	Plant with the completion of one of the

1	largest emission control projects in the
2	nation. And last year, the company
3	installed new equipment at the Davis-
4	Besse Nuclear Power Plant to help it
5	deliver clean, carbon-free power for
6	years to come.
7	<pre>FirstEnergy's plan will help</pre>
8	protect businesses from rising energy
9	prices, which will not only affect
10	business interests, but the entire
11	state's economic outlook. That's
12	because the first thing that any company
13	does when looking to expand or relocate,
14	is to weigh the fixed cost of doing
15	business, including the cost of power in
16	one state versus another. And
17	naturally, they are much more likely to
18	choose a state where they're assured a
19	safe, mostly reliable, affordable power
20	supply.
21	FirstEnergy's plan makes sense and
22	deserves your support. It's no
23	coincidence that AEP and Duke, the
24	state's two other largest utilities,
25	have also proposed similar plans to the

1	Commission to keep efficient power
2	plants running in Ohio.
3	Some have argued that we need to
4	replace coal and nuclear power plants
5	with wind and solar. I agree that
6	incorporating more renewables into the
7	grid makes sense. But we should not
8	take reliable power plants offline
9	quicker than we can replace it with
10	renewables.
11	As a business owner, I know that
12	one successful business tends to support
13	many others, which is especially
14	relevant when you consider the economic
15	<pre>impact FirstEnergy's power plants have</pre>
16	on Ohio's communities. The three plants
17	included in FirstEnergy's proposal have
18	a significant economic impact in the
19	region and provide thousands of jobs.
20	In business, the best deals are
21	win/win, and that's what this plan is
22	for Ohio. Not only will it support
23	existing businesses by keeping
24	electricity affordable and reliable. It
25	will support future economic development

1	efforts and more quality jobs while
2	helping secure our state's energy
3	future. For these and other reasons, I
4	urge you to support FirstEnergy's
5	proposed plan. Thank you.
6	MR. McKENNEY: Tom Coyne?
7	
8	THOMAS COYNE,
9	After having been first duly sworn, as
10	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
11	as follows:
12	MR. COYNE: Mr. Chairman, I'm
13	Mayor Tom Coyne, City of Brook Park.
14	Let me preface my remarks, if I can
15	my testimony. As a young man growing up
16	on the west side of the City of
17	Cleveland, I can remember distinctly two
18	signs coming on the shoreway. And maybe
19	some of the people in the room will
20	remember. One of them was Producers
21	Milk pouring milk into a glass, and the
22	other was Reddy Kilowatt. That was the
23	figurine, I guess you'd say, for the
24	Illuminating Company. And that's why
25	I'm here today, because Reddy Kilowatt

1	meant what he said. He was ready. He
2	was there. And he was reliable.
3	This is an unusual position for me
4	testifying for you today. As I go
5	through my testimony, I'll explain why.
6	Because I have stood with most of the
7	people in this room on most of these
8	issues that are dear to their hearts,
9	and I still support them in them.
10	However, today, when you talk about the
11	reliability and dependability of
12	electric service, and those alternatives
13	that are not quite ready yet to deliver
14	to this region in this country, that's
15	why I'm here today taking a stance that
16	might be in opposition to some of the
17	people who I have supported over the
18	years.
19	Chairman and members of the
20	Commission, I am Tom Coyne, Mayor of the
21	City of Brook Park. I have served as
22	Mayor for over 20 years. I have long
23	been an advocate for reliable and
24	affordable electric resources. It is
25	paramount to our region's economic and

Τ	social development and is vital to our
2	national security.
3	One of the hallmarks of my public
4	career was the formation of NOPEC. I
5	was a founding member of NOPEC, at that
6	time the largest aggregation group in
7	Ohio. Through that experience, I
8	developed a keen understanding of
9	consumer demand and provider's
10	challenges in meeting those demands.
11	This is why I appear today in support of
12	FirstEnergy's proposed Electric Security
13	Plan, Powering Ohio's Progress.
14	I believe all parties can agree
15	that reliable and affordable electric
16	service is critical to Ohio's economic
17	security and quality of life. I don't
18	think anyone could contest that our
19	summer and winter weather events have
20	exposed potential vulnerabilities on our
21	electric grid system serving Ohio. It
22	should be apparent that those problems
23	will likely increase in severity and
24	magnitude as a number of baseload power
25	plants across the region are prematurely

1	retired.
2	In my view, this would place our
3	energy future at great risk, as a
4	result, burdening the consumer with
5	ever-increasing costs. Most of us may
6	agree on the problems and recognize
7	their potential impact. But what is at
8	issue today is what should be done to
9	remedy the problems and who should pay
10	for it. That gets to the heart of my
11	reason for appearing before you today
12	and offering my testimony for
13	consideration during your
14	deliberations.
15	To address these retail price
16	volatility and reliability challenges,
17	<pre>FirstEnergy's Ohio utilities are seeking</pre>
18	the state's approval of our Powering
19	Ohio's Progress Plan. This plan
20	outlines how the company's Ohio
21	utilities will provide electric service
22	to consumers for a three-year period
23	beginning June 1st of 2016. Powering
24	Ohio's Progress also includes a 15-year
25	economic stability program that supports

1	of state's economic future by helping
2	ensure that critical baseload power
3	plants are made available to serve
4	electric customers.
5	Powering Ohio's Progress delivers
6	significant benefits and savings
7	opportunities to our state in the years
8	ahead, including:
9	- Supporting service reliability by
10	helping to keep vital baseload power
11	plants available in and near Ohio to
12	serve Ohio consumers.
13	- Two, helping safeguard consumers
14	from volatility and retail price
15	increases if energy and capacity prices
16	rise in future years.
17	- While the typical residential
18	customer using 750 kilowatt hours of
19	electricity per month could expect to
20	see a modest increase in the initial
21	years, the economic stability program is
22	projected to save customers
23	approximately \$2 billion over 15 years.
24	- Promoting economic development,
25	retaining local jobs, protecting local

Τ	tax revenues, and powering manufacturing
2	and other industries in Ohio. It
3	preserves more than \$52 million in tax
4	revenues for Ohio communities. It
5	retains approximately 3,000 family-
6	sustaining Ohio jobs.
7	Powering Ohio's Progress reflects
8	the diverse interests of the customers
9	and communities that keep Ohio strong
10	and helps provide a valuable safety net
11	against market volatility, while
12	enhancing service reliability,
13	protecting jobs, and promoting jobs, and
14	promoting the state's economic growth
15	and development.
16	In conclusion, my public record
17	shall reflect my disagreement with
18	FirstEnergy companies on many issues. I
19	have been in opposition to some matters
20	before the PUCO. In this case, however,
21	I support FirstEnergy's Security Plan IV
22	and the provisions of Powering Ohio's
23	Progress. Thank you.
24	MR. SCHULER: I just have a
25	clarifying question.

1 MR. McKENNEY: Mr. Coyne, we have a 2 clarifying question from OCC. Mr. Schuler. 3 4 MR. SCHULER: Mr. Coyne, thank you 5 for your time this evening. I just wanted to ask one clarifying question. 6 7 I believe I know the answer. But you're here testifying in your official 8 capacity as Mayor, not as an individual 9 10 citizen, correct? 11 MR. COYNE: I'm testify as mayor 12 and as an individual citizen. MR. SCHULER: So both capacities? 13 14 MR. COYNE: Yes. 15 MR. SCHULER: Thank you. 16 MR. COYNE: Thank you. 17 MR. McKENNEY: Thank you, Mr. Schuler. 18 19 Thank you, Mr. Coyne. 20 Joe Jame? 21 22 JOE JAME, After having been first duly sworn, as 23 24 hereinafter certified, was examined and testified 25 as follows:

1	MR. JAME: Commissioner Haque and
2	members of the Commission, my name is
3	Joe Jame. I'm here on behalf of Anthony
4	D. Liberatore, Jr. who is the Business
5	Manager of Laborers' Local 860, and the
6	vice president of Laborers' District
7	Counsel of Ohio. I appreciate the
8	opportunity to testify in support of
9	FirstEnergy's rate plan.
10	Laborers' Local 860 includes over
11	2,500 members working in heavy highway,
12	utility and various public sector units
13	in Cuyahoga, Lake and Geauga Counties.
14	Ohio's power plants employ
15	thousands of union workers in this
16	state. They provide middle-class wages
17	so union members can provide for their
18	families.
19	A decline in Ohio's electric power
20	industry would be devastating, not only
21	to these families, but to the economy.
22	FirstEnergy's plan will provide millions
23	of dollars in funding for economic
24	development, job retention and energy
25	efficient assistance that will benefit

Т	businesses. In addition, it will create
2	more good jobs and attract new
3	businesses.
4	Laborers' Local 860 is in favor of
5	FirstEnergy's plan. We believe it will
6	keep Ohio's power plants running. These
7	plants provide millions of dollars in
8	taxes annually. Their loss would be
9	devastating to Ohio, it's people, and
10	the economy.
11	Please approve this plan to help
12	secure the future of Davis-Besse, Sammis
13	Plant, and the thousands of well-paying
14	jobs that they provide. Thank you.
15	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you. Rick
16	Deliaro?
17	
18	RICK DOLCIATO,
19	After having been first duly sworn, as
20	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
21	as follows:
22	MR. DOLCIATO: Good evening,
23	Commissioner Haque and members of the
24	Commission. My name is Rick Dolciato.
25	I'm the president of the Utilities

1	Construction Company based in South
2	Euclid, Ohio.
3	Our company was started 61 years
4	ago and we employ approximately 25
5	hardworking individuals in well-paying
6	construction jobs. We also hire
7	numerous subcontractors to perform our
8	work, which includes installing
9	underground electric service, fiber
10	optics, phone and TV lines in all of
11	Ohio. Our success is built on our
12	reputation for quality work and a
13	promise kept. Our livelihood depends on
14	the state's economic well-being and our
15	ability to anticipate and meet the
16	future needs of our customers.
17	FirstEnergy is one of our valued
18	partners and provides an important
19	source of revenue for our business. In
20	the past year, we've installed a multi-
21	conduit and manhole system encompassing
22	the entire Cleveland Clinic Campus for
23	FirstEnergy. We have also performed
24	upgrades at several of the company's
25	substations. FirstEnergy's continued

1	success plays an important part in our
2	success. That's just one of the reason
3	we are concerned that several Ohio power
4	plants have closed recently and more
5	plant retirements are possible.
6	These plant closures are also
7	leaving a void in the amount of power
8	available, which causes uncertainty with
9	electricity, reliability, and prices.
10	Reliable and affordable electricity is
11	often overlooked as an important
12	attribute to the health, vitality and
13	success of a company, but it is
14	crucial. After all, no one wants to
15	locate their business or build a home in
16	an area where the certainty of available
17	electricity is in question.
18	Safely producing electricity at
19	plants built to serve Ohio customers
20	24/7 is in the best interest of all Ohio
21	consumers. Not only will it help
22	preserve local jobs, income and tax
23	revenue and help stimulate economic
24	growth, it will keep electricity
25	affordable.

1	In addition to helping ensure
2	reliable electric services at prices we
3	can afford, FirstEnergy's plan saves
4	Ohio customers billions of dollars and
5	provides several million dollars in
6	funding for economical development, job
7	retention and energy efficiency. This
8	will benefit businesses like Utility
9	Construction, while help creating more
10	high-quality jobs and attracting new
11	business growth.
12	I support FirstEnergy's proposed
13	plan. I truly believe it is in the best
14	interest of all Ohioans. I encourage
15	the Commission to approve this plan for
16	the sake of our state's energy future.
17	Thank you for this opportunity to
18	testify.
19	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
20	Beth Nagusky?
21	
22	BETH NAGUSKY,
23	After having been first duly sworn, as
24	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
25	as follows:

1	MS. NAGUSKY: Thank you,
2	Commissioner Haque and members of the
3	Public Utilities Commission of Ohio.
4	I'm Beth Nagusky.
5	I wanted to give some observations
6	on how inconsistent the request before
7	you in this rate case is with a state
8	that has undergone electric utility
9	restructure.
10	From my experience, the states
11	where electric utilities have
12	restructured and energy and capacity
13	prices are set in a competitive market,
14	long-term power purchase agreements
15	should be the rare exception and not the
16	rule. Long-term PPAs are antithetical
17	to competition. They expose ratepayers
18	to paying above-market prices and to
19	also pay for stranded generation
20	assets.
21	That being said, I am familiar with
22	some states that have restructured, that
23	allow long-term PPAs for energy and
24	capacity purchases. But these are a
25	result of long discussions at

Τ	registacute, as are secting public
2	policy regions for allowing long-term
3	PPAs. They're not made on an annual
4	basis in a rate case.
5	I know that the issue of
6	reliability and energy security has been
7	raised here, and I think that's really a
8	red herring. If you are in a market
9	that has reliability of a must-run
10	contract, then the reliability issue can
11	be addressed effectively in the
12	competitive market.
13	Generally, where long-term PPAs
14	have been allowed in other states,
15	they've been confined to new resources
16	that help the state meet its energy and
17	environmental policy goals, this is
18	especially true with energy efficiency
19	and renewable power. And it's done with
20	generation that, but for the PPA, is
21	unlikely to be able to get financing in
22	the market. It's done, particularly,
23	for assets with high capital and upfront
24	costs, and not with older assets that
25	may be largely or fully depreciated and

1	which the ratepayers have already paid
2	for, and the competitive market was
3	designed to let them either sink or
4	swim.
5	So while long-term PPAs may make
6	sense in some situations, I don't
7	believe that that is the case here.
8	These are old units. The ratepayers,
9	presumably, have already paid for them,
10	and they are polluting and do not
11	advance our environmental goals.
12	Finally, I think that the
13	legislature should be the ultimate
14	decider, given the inconsistency of this
15	proposal, with restructuring in the
16	competitive market. Thank you,
17	MS. DUNN: Your Honor, can I ask
18	one question?
19	MR. McKENNEY: Ms. Nagusky, I'm
20	sorry. One of the attorneys has a
21	clarifying question. I have to permit
22	them to ask you.
23	Ms. Dunn.
24	MS. DUNN: On whose behalf,
25	tonight, are you testifying?

```
1
                 MS. NAGUSKY: I'm testifying as a
 2
             private citizen.
 3
                 MS. DUNN: Thank you.
                 MR. McKENNEY: Larry Wagner --
 4
 5
             Lorry Wagner -- Larry Wagner. Sorry.
                 MR. WAGNER: Happens every day.
 6
 7
 8
                     LORRY WAGNER,
        After having been first duly sworn, as
 9
    hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
10
    as follows:
11
12
                 MR. WAGNER: My name is Lorry
13
             Wagner. I'm a life-long resident of
14
             northeast Ohio. I am a small business
15
             owner, former member of the -- former
16
             public member of the Ohio Power Siting
             Board, and I'm president of Lake Erie
17
18
             Energy Development Corporation, the
             group bringing the first offshore wind
19
20
             project and building an industry in the
21
             Great Lakes. We are a public private
22
             organization, a nonprofit. And I have
             -- I'm also a customer of FirstEnergy,
23
24
             both residential, commercial and
25
             industrial through my relations. I get
```

1	three bills every month from a different
2	rate structure, so I have a deep
3	interest in what's going on here.
4	We do recognize that the PUCO has a
5	responsibility to maintain the integrity
6	of our system. And traditionally, that
7	had been done through rate basing
8	throughout the 20th Century, and gave us
9	a very robust system.
10	However, the tool of rate basing,
11	or shall we say a regulated market, was
12	eliminated 15 years ago when Ohio went
13	to a semi or deregulated market,
14	depending on your semantic.
15	So the question is, what are we
16	going to do. If we are going to go back
17	to using a rate-based tool, which is
18	what FirstEnergy is suggesting, if we
19	are going to guarantee rates, then the
20	PUCO must use it to invest in our future
21	and not just prolong the past.
22	The public wants and is willing to
23	pay for electricity that is affordable,
24	clean, and creates jobs.
25	Our organization went to 15,000

1	homes across northeast Ohio in numerous
2	counties and asked the public, "Do you
3	support what we are doing?"
4	Ninety-two percent said they would
5	support what we are doing to bring clean
6	energy to Ohio.
7	And we asked that group, "Would you
8	be willing to pay more for clean energy
9	that creates jobs?"
10	Over 62 percent said "yes." So
11	that is firsthand data that says the
12	public is willing to do something for
13	their future.
14	If you are going to force the
15	public, the PUCO, to subsidize
16	FirstEnergy for these old plants, then
17	it is your duty to give the public that
18	you serve what they want. The public
19	wants new sources of affordable power
20	that is good for our environment, good
21	for our health and good for our
22	economy.
23	In closing, I would like to say
24	that dozens yes, dozens of other
25	states, through either regulated or

1	unregulated systems, have achieved the
2	ability to provide affordable, clean
3	power that is reliable, and is more than
4	willing to share this data with Ohio.
5	Ohio should join the leaders rather than
6	lead the whatevers. Thank you.
7	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
8	At this time we have received
9	testimony from 20 people. I have a list
10	of over 80 people that have signed up to
11	testify this evening, so I would like to
12	note just to each of you that there are
13	petitions outside the front doors.
14	If any of you feel like your
15	thoughts and concerns have been
16	adequately addressed, you're more than
17	welcome to sign the petition. There is
18	a petition in favor of the application,
19	and there is a petition opposed to the
20	application. You may do so, and those
21	will be recorded into the record.
22	However, if you desire to provide
23	further testimony this evening, we will
24	be here as late as we need to be.
25	The next name that I have on the

1	list is Hilary Vogelbaum.
2	
3	HILARY VOGELBAUM,
4	After having been first duly sworn, as
5	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
6	as follows:
7	MS. VOGELBUAM: Thank you very
8	much. Good evening, Commissioner and
9	all. My name is Hilary Vogelbaum, and I
10	live at 40 North Strawberry Lane,
11	Moreland Hills, Ohio, 44026. I am 16
12	years old, and I am a senior at Hawken
13	Upper School. And I am very grateful to
14	have the opportunity to have my voice
15	and opinion heard tonight.
16	I am extremity disappointed and
17	saddened that anyone at FirstEnergy
18	would, with a straight face, ask to keep
19	the Sammis Coal Plant and the Davis-
20	Besse Nuclear Power Plant uploading at
21	full capacity for the next 15 years.
22	I feel very deeply about the
23	environment. And facilities like the
24	Sammis Coal-burning Power Plant are
25	evactly the types of facilities we

Τ	should be seeking to phase out, not to
2	subsidize, keeping them going at a full
3	capacity for another 15 years by giving
4	them special financial deals.
5	It is my greatest hope that the
6	members of the Public Utilities
7	Commission will remember that it is not
8	okay to keep pushing the cost of energy
9	today onto future generations by
10	imposing on us terrible environmental
11	costs.
12	I have had a unique personal
13	experience that I would like to share
14	with you. I have had the privilege of
15	doing research on development of organic
16	solar cells at Case Western Reserve
17	University in the lab of Dr. Genevieve
18	Salve. I cannot begin to tell you of
19	the passion that the researchers in
20	Dr. Salve's lab and similar labs have
21	for moving our world to a new future of
22	clean energy. But these labs are
23	struggling for survival because of lack
24	of funding. Often, our experiments
25	would be put on hold because of lack of

1	supplies or broken equipment.
2	In a lab where the future of clean
3	energy can be born, funds to simply
4	complete these projects are very, very
5	hard to come by. Unlike the executives
6	of FirstEnergy, these researchers are
7	barely making a living. It takes a long
8	time to get meaningful research done
9	when there is a lack of supplies,
10	equipment, and personnel. If we had the
11	same funds for renewable energy research
12	that FirstEnergy is asking for as a
13	subsidy for its outdated coal and
14	nuclear plants, we would have
15	innumerable new jobs, because we would
16	create a thriving new renewable energy
17	industry right here in Ohio.
18	Let me give you some idea of what
19	I'm talking about. The average National
20	Science Foundation grant is about
21	\$150,000 a year to do new research.
22	That will fund two grad students plus
23	supplies for a year.
24	I am begging you not to approve
25	FirstEnergy's request which will only

1	prolong the life of a dirty, old coal
2	plant and an outdated nuclear facility,
3	which aren't even naturally profitable.
4	Imagine what we could do if we took the
5	\$3 billion that FirstEnergy wants
6	consumers to pay over 15 years and put
7	that money into renewable energy
8	research. Instead, FirstEnergy is
9	asking that you approve giving them
10	unfathomable amounts of money to prop up
11	old technology, when we could look to
12	the future, my future, and the future of
13	my generation, and create new, clean
14	technology right here in Ohio, which
15	would not have the same negative
16	environmental impact as the Sammis Coal-
17	burning Power Plant and the dangerous
18	risk of the Davis-Besse Nuclear Plant.
19	Now, FirstEnergy may sing some sad
20	song about needing to preserve jobs at
21	the existing plants. Perhaps because I
22	am only 16, I see the future more than
23	the past. But I'm asking you to think
24	about it. Think about the enormous
25	number of jobs that would be created if,

1	instead of propping up old technology,
2	we invested in the future of energy by
3	creating labs, like the one I worked in,
4	in which we could create cheap,
5	efficient solar power and other forms of
6	renewable energy.
7	Every time a new industry is
8	created, we need new factories,
9	engineers, management positions, line
10	workers, marketing efforts, all kinds of
11	things that create new jobs of every
12	kind. Those are the new jobs we should
13	be creating. I want to be sure that
14	there are jobs for my generation in the
15	industry. Not dirty coal jobs, or
16	dangerous nuclear plant jobs, but clean
17	tech engineering and production and
18	sales jobs. To create these kinds of
19	jobs, we need to let our old
20	technologies die instead of propping
21	them up.
22	I am asking you to turn down
23	FirstEnergy's request to prop up its old
24	energy plants and its use of old, dirty
25	and dangerous technology, which have

1	huge environmental impacts and risks.
2	And instead, only improve the measures
3	that will help invest in a future of
4	clean, renewable energy. Thank you.
5	MR. McKENNEY: Judy Rosman?
6	
7	JUDY ROSMAN,
8	After having been first duly sworn, as
9	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
10	as follows:
11	MS. ROSMAN: My name is Judy
12	Rosman, and I live at 40 North
13	Strawberry Lane, Moreland Hills, Ohio.
L 4	I'm here to ask you to reject
15	FirstEnergy's request for an Electric
16	Security Plan to support the Sammis Coal
17	Plant and the Davis-Besse Nuclear Plant.
18	I am an entrepreneur. I've built
19	my own business over the past ten years
20	while raising two children. I currently
21	employ 13 people, and I am proud to run
22	a profitable company, which I built
23	myself. I'm also a happy owner of a
24	solar array, which produces
25	approximately 80 percent of the energy

1	for my home.
2	First and foremost, and most
3	importantly, as a mother who cares about
4	the environment and keeping the planet
5	healthy for my children and your
6	children, if you have any, I am
7	disgusted that FirstEnergy would ask
8	consumers to subsidize the revenues of
9	its coal-burning power plant.
LO	Coal-burning plants and the process
11	of coal mining produce incredible damage
12	to our environment. And far from
13	wanting to subsidize the cost of
L 4	operating these plants, I would much
15	prefer to see this plant closed. In
16	addition, I have no desire to keep a
17	nuclear plant running. Nuclear plants
18	impose on all of us the risk of a
19	radioactive nuclear accident, which
20	neither you nor anyone else in this room
21	could assure me or guarantee will not
22	happen. And it produces dangerous
23	nuclear waste, which nobody can really
24	dispose of cleanly.
25	Second as a husiness owner I am

Т	disgusted that FirstEnergy would ask us
2	to subsidize these plans. I am, as a
3	business owner, a believer in the free
4	market. But a free market only works if
5	companies are forced to internalize
6	their external costs and if our
7	government subsidizes the production of
8	public goods which benefit everyone and
9	which nobody pays for, such as a clean
10	environment. In order to run the Sammis
11	Coal Plant and the Davis-Besse Nuclear
12	Plant, FirstEnergy should be required to
13	pay all of the costs that they impose or
14	society, the cost of cleaning up the
15	environmental damage they did, and they
16	should be required to pay for the public
17	healthcare costs that they impose.
18	FirstEnergy is a publicly-owned
19	for-profit corporation which generates
20	and sells electricity as a regulated
21	utility. It is owned not by the public
22	at large, but by shareholders. It
23	obtains capital by issuing shares, and
24	when needed, it obtains operating funds
25	by borrowing. The Ohio Public Utilities

Τ	commission regulaces races to provide a
2	fair rate of return while charging
3	reasonable rates to consumers.
4	FirstEnergy's share price in 2014 rose
5	from about \$32 a share in January 2014,
6	to almost \$40 a share at year end. It
7	paid a dividend of \$2.20 per share six
8	consecutive years, 2008 through 2014,
9	and a dividend of \$1.44 per share in
10	2014. It is a highly profitable
11	enterprise.
12	Some of FirstEnergy's generation
13	facilities are antiquated and rely on
14	old technology. They are inefficient
15	and they are polluting. The cost to
16	cure these facilities and make them
17	efficient, clean, and profitable, must
18	be exclusively born by FirstEnergy as
19	their expense, not a public bailout or a
20	subsidy by their consumers. If
21	FirstEnergy needs more funds to
22	modernize, it can and should issue more
23	shares or borrow at today's historically
24	low rates. It does not need my money or
25	yours or the money of anyhody in this

1	room to artificially pump up their
2	profitability and ultimately be
3	distributed in the form of dividends to
4	its own shareholders. What they wind up
5	doing is tacking surcharges on to
6	everybody's bill, and those costs wind
7	up getting distributed in the forms of
8	dividends to their shareholders. So
9	their privatizing the gain that they are
10	spreading out among all of their
11	consumers. FirstEnergy is using its
12	political power to ask for a special
13	financial deal for its for-profit
L 4	business, which will provide benefits to
15	its shareholders rather than to the
16	public.
17	I would also like to point out that
18	FirstEnergy can take an income tax
19	deduction for depreciation of their
20	plants to the tune of millions and
21	millions and millions of dollars. The
22	depreciation deductions should logically
23	have been used for replacement and
24	modernization costs for these
25	facilities. If FirstEnergy cannot

2	modernizing its plants through the
3	savings it has enjoyed through very
4	substantial income tax deductions for
5	depreciation, then it must simply face
6	the fact that its facilities are
7	outdated and outmoded and will become
8	obsolete as more efficient and less
9	expensive ways of producing electricity
10	come onto the market.
11	Again this is a public-traded and
12	profitable enterprise which is seeking a
13	bailout that will ultimately benefit its
14	shareholders rather than the public.
15	And that brings me to my last point.
16	As the owner of my own solar array,
17	which provides 80 percent of the power
18	to my home, I can tell you firsthand
19	from my own personal experience, there
20	are beautiful alternatives out there. I
21	realize that solar alone is not going to
22	meet the full demand for the electricity
23	that we need. However, it is feasible,
24	even with today's technology, for solar
25	to provide a substantial component of

produce clean and efficient energy from

1

1	energy production in our region, just as
2	it does in Germany, which is just as
3	cloudy as it is in Cleveland, where
4	solar is approaching seven percent of
5	all-electric generation. Public
6	interest would be better served by
7	providing incentives for solar
8	installation than for all other types of
9	renewable energy than for supporting
10	theoutdated and environmentally
11	destructive technologies FirstEnergy is
12	using.
13	I can also tell you that what you
14	do as regulators really matters to
15	consumers and to our society.
16	Incentives matter and regulations
17	matters. It took me two-and-a-half
18	years to get my solar panels approved
19	because my town council put up such a
20	fuss about aesthetic concerns. But the
21	public support for our project in our
22	little tiny township was amazing.
23	Within three weeks I had over 130
24	signatures on my petition to allow
25	homogynors to install solar systems in

1	the best possible place on the home to
2	provide energy, regardless of the
3	aesthetics. In our little, tiny
4	township of Moreland Hills we had nearly
5	40 people show up to our town hall
6	meeting in support of allowing solar,
7	and many of them wore bright yellow
8	t-shirts that said "Solar is Beautiful."
9	If you have ever tried to get
10	people to show up at any public meeting
11	in a little township, you know that most
12	people simply will not take the time.
13	So the fact that so many people showed
L 4	up in our little town shows that this is
15	important to people. People do not want
16	to pay more for dirty energy that they
17	do not need. People want our
18	regulators they want you to make it
19	easier, not harder, for people to move
20	to clean sources of energy which are
21	environmentally friendly. You as
22	regulators have the power to not let
23	FirstEnergy off the hook by providing
24	dirty energy. If you as regulators
) 5	think it harder rather than easier for

1	utility companies to make new, dirty,
2	outmoded and environmentally dangerous
3	energy plants, then you are naturally
4	also providing incentives for new
5	technology to develop and become
6	attractive to consumers.
7	So I ask you to please deny
8	FirstEnergy's request to charge
9	consumers more in order to make its coal
10	and nuclear plants artificially
11	profitable. And I ask you, as
12	Commissioner, to look for ways to
13	provide incentives for FirstEnergy and
14	all energy companies to move its energy
15	production to clean, environmentally
16	friendly sources of energy.
17	Thank you very much for your time.
18	MR. McKENNEY: Beulah Carter?
19	FEMALE AUDIENCE MEMBER: I'm sorry.
20	There was still applause, so I'm not
21	sure what name you said.
22	MR. McKENNEY: Beulah Carter.
23	
24	BEULAH CARTER,
25	After having been first duly sworn, as

hereinafter certified, was examined and testified 2 as follows: 3 MS. CARTER: My name is Beulah Carter, and I stand to represent the 4 5 seniors from concerned citizens of the 6 Lamont/Kinsman neighborhood, and also 7 citizens from the Garden Valley 8 neighborhood. When I looked at this, FirstEnergy, 9 one of the biggest power companies in 10 the country, I thought -- I said, "now 11 what? What are they asking for now?" 12 It took me back to during the time when 13 the housing boom and the banks and what 14 15 those banks did when they bought all 16 those properties and sold it to the consumers, put it up for the consumers, 17 18 and then they went AWOL, and then the consumers had to pay for all of this. 19 20 And that's what that reminds me of. 21 See, FirstEnergy power plants in Ohio, the most electricity they make 22 comes from burning coal. Burning coal 23 24 involves strip mining and thousands of 25 pollutants.

1	FirstEnergy owns two nuclear power
2	plants. FirstEnergy's Davis-Besse
3	Nuclear Power Plant has had many
4	dangerous accidents, including the
5	football-sized hole in the reactor core
6	in 2002 and the coolant pump leak in
7	2012. And I remember that.
8	FirstEnergy is losing money on
9	their outdated Sammis Coal Plant and
10	Davis-Besse Nuclear Plant. They're
11	trying to get PUCO to allow them to take
12	on an additional charge to all of our
13	electric bills.
14	FirstEnergy has proposed an
15	Electric Security Plan, ESP, to the
16	PUCO. The Ohio law say ESPs are
17	supposed to last for three years and
18	save consumers money. FirstEnergy's
19	plan does neither of those. FirstEnergy
20	has proposed a 15-year power purchase
21	agreement where they will run Sammis and
22	Davis-Besse at full capacity and sell
23	only electricity to a wholesale power
24	market. Even if they lose money selling
25	it, the money they want us to pay will

1	make up for the money they lose when
2	they sell their power their power for
3	less than it cost them to make it. They
4	want us to pay for them to lose money.
5	Now, we suffer to try to pay these
6	utility bills. And right now we pay
7	one-third of our utility bills. It's
8	hard for us to make it now. FirstEnergy
9	is saying this plan will save customers
10	money in the long run. But if that's
11	true, why don't they want to take the
12	risk and realize those cost savings for
13	themselves. They're asking PUCO to
L 4	force customers to take a risk they're
15	not willing to take themselves.
16	FirstEnergy has successfully
17	petitioned the PUCO not to release costs
18	and revenues to the public so the public
19	can learn the full story. If this plan
20	will really benefit customers, then what
21	do they have to hide? FirstEnergy is
22	asking the government to enforce a
23	monopoly. Even though customers may
24	want to choose a different supplier,
25	those served by FirstEnergy power lines

Τ.	would still have to pay the surcharge,
2	even though this surcharge is for
3	subsidizing unprofitable plants, not for
4	grid maintenance. And I say it's
5	nothing but greed. That's all it is.
6	And like I first said, you know, we
7	saw what happened to the housing
8	market. And when they go and make this
9	gamble and they lose, then they want the
10	public to pay they want the customers
11	to pay for it. That's not fair. It's
12	not fair for us to have to pay for when
13	they go out and gamble for things.
L 4	So I'm against it. And I'm asking
15	PUCO to deny them their request. It's
16	not fair to the consumers. We are all
17	trying to make it the best we can.
18	We're paying higher it's a monopoly,
19	that's what it is. And what are they
20	trying to do, gain the whole
21	everything? They already got the
22	biggest part of the market of the
23	electric. So they want it all? That's
24	what it is. You know, they say, you
) 5	give a nergen a little hit they want it

Τ	all. As my grandmother used to say to
2	me, you give them an inch, they'll take
3	a foot. So I don't understand what they
4	are trying to do. And in a sense, I
5	understand it, too. But it's not fair.
6	And I'm asking PUCO I'm asking
7	PUCO to deny them, and let us live as
8	comfortable as we can. I'm pleading for
9	seniors. Let us live as comfortable as
10	we can. These high bills that we have
11	to pay we're already paying high
12	bills, so it's not fair for them to
13	raise it. Thank you.
14	MR. McKENNEY: Did you write some
15	testimony? Could the court reporter
16	have a copy of that?
17	Reverend Barbara Maxwell?
18	
19	REVEREND BARBARA MAXWELL,
20	After having been first duly sworn, as
21	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
22	as follows:
23	REVEREND MAXWELL: My name is
24	Reverend Barbara Maxwell. I'm a deacon
25	in the Episcopal Diocese of Ohio. My

1	churches, one is on 78th and Lake in
2	Cleveland, St. Luke's and one is called
3	St. Barnabas in Bay Village. I also
4	spent 15 years as a case manager in the
5	Cleveland Catholic Diocese working in
6	emergency services. So that means I
7	stood with the poor. Most of my days I
8	feed the hungry, clothe the naked, and
9	counsel those that are broken and
10	marginalized.
11	Today I'm standing before you as
12	one of those, poor in the federal and
13	state sense. I'm in that category, the
14	category of being in poverty. There is
15	no sin in being in poverty. There is no
16	sin in being wealthy. But there is a
17	sin if we cannot afford the basic
18	necessities of life.
19	I have retired. Now I'm over 70,
20	and I live on a fixed income, like many
21	other senior citizens in this country
22	do in this state. I have a hard time
23	paying my utility bills. I've even
24	applied for PIPP. And I know how
25	what a wonderful program that is because

1	I have spent, like I said, 15 years
2	providing those programs for people that
3	came to my office at Cleveland Catholic
4	Charities.
5	Last year my PIPP bill was \$49.
6	This year my PIPP bill is \$77 dollars.
7	I can't afford \$77 dollars. I can't
8	afford a lot of things. I'm just saying
9	that I'm one of the 99 percent, and I'm
10	getting really sick of the one percent
11	that are running this country. And I
12	don't know what to tell you.
13	You have the scientific
14	information. You have the technology
15	and all the things that people are
16	saying. I'm saying, there are a lot of
17	poor people in this county, in this
18	state, and they're being misused. Not
19	because they can't do anything. It's
20	just because things happen to them.
21	Some of them are mentally ill. Some of
22	them are in recovery. Some of them are
23	felons. Some of them have jobs, two or
24	three jobs, part-time jobs that don't
25	pay enough money to come in you know,

Τ	it's just, wages are norrible. So i
2	shouldn't have been, you know I
3	shouldn't be homilizing here.
4	So poverty is a problem, and some
5	of us cannot afford to live with the
6	expenses that are given to us by utility
7	companies, as well as medical companies
8	and everybody else down the road that
9	think that there is something wrong with
10	people that live in poverty. Thank
11	you.
12	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
13	Dr. Patricia Blochowiak?
14	
15	DR. PATRICIA BLOCHOWIAK,
16	After having been first duly sworn, as
L7	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
18	as follows:
19	DR. BLOCHOWIAK: I'm Dr. Patricia
20	Blochowiak. I live at 1894 Farmington
21	Road in East Cleveland, Ohio. Although
22	my training is in family medicine, and
23	I'm a member of the Ohio Academy of
24	Family Physicians Legislative
25	Commission, and although I am a member

1	of the East Cleveland School Board, 1
2	stand here as an individual and not
3	representing any of those
4	organizations.
5	I'm sure anyone who has been paying
6	attention to the news understands some
7	of the issues that we have in East
8	Cleveland that would make it more
9	difficult for people to pay higher
10	electric rates. But that's not my major
11	concern.
12	In East Cleveland, our infant
13	mortality rate is comparable to that in
14	Jordan, Syria, and Gaza. Our absentee
15	ratio in our schools is very high in
16	part because of asthma. And our senior
17	citizens, of course, die of heart
18	attacks and strokes and the other things
19	that are made worse by air pollution.
20	The air pollution comes in part from
21	coal-fired power plants. The Public
22	Utilities Commission has failed to close
23	the coal-fired power plant in the
24	vicinity of East Cleveland. But I hope
25	that you will do better in not

Τ	encouraging the air pollution that comes
2	from coal-fired power plants.
3	We have enough air pollution. We
4	have too much air pollution. We don't
5	need to continue to subsidize air
6	pollution. We need to do what we can to
7	make the children of East Cleveland, the
8	infants of East Cleveland, the seniors
9	of East Cleveland be as healthy as
10	possible. And we don't do that by
11	encouraging additional pollution. We do
12	that by supporting energy efficiency,
13	and we do that by supporting clean and
L 4	renewable energy, not coal.
15	I urge you to turn down this
16	request for a bailout. Thank you.
17	MR. McKENNEY: David Beach?
18	
19	DAVID BEACH,
20	After having been first duly sworn, as
21	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
22	as follows:
23	MR. McKENNEY: My name is David
24	Beach. I'm a resident of the City of
) 5	Cloudland I'm a First-Froncy quetomor

1	and I direct the Green City Blake
2	Institute, which is a local
3	sustainability that's done a lot of work
4	on climate change plans and carbon
5	emissions here in northeast Ohio.
6	I want to thank the PUCO for
7	holding this hearing in Cleveland. But,
8	honestly, I don't know why we're here.
9	This bailout request by FirstEnergy is
10	simply ridiculous. You should just say
11	so and save us all the time. But since
12	we're here, I would like to give you my
13	proposal for what we need FirstEnergy to
14	do to be a responsible company and help
15	lead Ohio into the future.
16	I believe the most pressing issue
17	facing you and me today is climate
18	change. It's a moral issue about
19	whether we will leave an inhabitable
20	planet for our kids, and there is
21	nothing more important. Climate change
22	is already affecting us in disastrous
23	ways, as was documented recently by the
24	latest reports by the IPCC and the U.S.
25	National Climate Assessment And the

1	news keeps getting worse. Oust in the
2	last week there were stories about how
3	last year was the warmest year on
4	record. And there was also a front-page
5	story in the New York Times that
6	confirms that life in the world's oceans
7	is reaching a tipping point and the
8	point where we can have a disastrous,
9	cataclysmic extinction about wiping out
10	much of the life in the world's oceans.
11	And much of that is related to climate
12	change observations caused by carbon
13	emissions.
14	So to reduce the risk of climate
15	change, we must reduce our carbon
16	emissions dramatically and quickly. In
17	Ohio, that means reduction on the order
18	about 90 percent. So we need to act
19	now. The longer we wait, the harder
20	it's going to be to reduce the emissions
21	and bring climate change back under
22	control. This is really an emergency
23	situation. And we need to change our
24	energy system and phase out fossil
25	fuels

1	So instead of bailing out dirty,
2	uncompetitive power plants, I think you
3	should require Ohio's utilities,
4	FirstEnergy and the others, to produce
5	transition plans from moving to near 100
6	percent renewable energy in very short
7	order. The plan should be completed
8	quickly, in a year or two, and the
9	transition should begin right away. For
10	a good scenario on what this could be
11	like, I recommend Solutions Project out
12	of Stanford University.
13	They show how Ohio can meet all its
14	energy needs, including transportation,
15	with 100 percent renewable energy, wind
16	power and solar. The transition will
17	allow us to use 30 percent 36 percent
18	less energy because of efficiency gains,
19	as we move away from these fossil
20	fuels. It will also create thousands of
21	jobs, help us avoid \$24 billion a year
22	in healthcare costs in Ohio, and reduce
23	energy costs in the future. So the
24	plans are there. We know how we do
25	this There is nothing impossible about

1	scenarios like this. The technology
2	exists. It's only a matter of political
3	will. It's the ability to stand up to
4	companies that keep us mired in the
5	dirty, uncompetitive past.
6	So I ask the PUCO to have the
7	political courage. Stand up to these
8	companies. The dirty fossil fuel
9	economy needs to die. And your job is
10	to is not to save it, but to provide
11	Hospice care. You need to figure out
12	how Ohio can transition away from coal
13	and natural gas and oil as quickly and
14	painlessly as possible. Painless for
15	us, not just for the utilities, like
16	FirstEnergy, that want to continue
17	endangering our future. So I don't know
18	if you have kids or grand kids, but one
19	day they will look you in the eye and
20	ask you what you did to stop climate
21	change when you had a chance. And I
22	hope you will have a good answer. Thank
23	you.
24	MR. McKENNEY: Fred Welty?
25	

1	FRED WELTY,
2	After having been first duly sworn, as
3	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
4	as follows:
5	MR. WELTY: My name is Fred Welty.
6	I'm a retired science teacher. The
7	governor of one of our western states
8	said it very well. He said, "We are the
9	first generation to be aware of climate
10	change, and we're the last generation
11	that can do anything about it."
12	People just don't understand the
13	severity of this situation. Now, I know
L 4	that okay. When I was before I
15	began to become aware of what climate
16	change was doing, back around the year
17	2000, if I had to put a date to it, I
18	would have to say that I was very
19	skeptical of people who were saying, you
20	know, this is really the end of the
21	world coming. Chicken Little came to
22	mind when I heard those words. Don't
23	anymore. And I'll tell you the reason.
24	I taught science. I've been
25	reading science since T was a teenager

1	maybe even earlier. One of the things I
2	find that is true about scientists, and
3	that is, they have to be very cautious.
4	They try not to overstate what their
5	data is telling them. They would much
6	prefer to air on the side of caution and
7	find out that, you know, it's worse than
8	they had perhaps thought. Smoking is a
9	little more dangerous than, maybe, they
10	thought it was. But now the scientists
11	who studied, the climatologists and
12	this, of course, was over the other
13	science, which is biology; physics, my
14	own science, which perhaps gave the
15	first warning more than 100 years ago
16	about the insulated property of the
17	carbon dioxide they always are
18	cautious. But now they aren't. And
19	they're talking about the sixth
20	extinction. We've had five
21	extinctions. Extinction is a pretty
22	serious thing. As a species, we would
23	not survive the sixth extinction.
24	One of them, 97 percent of all
25	living things of all living species

1	parish. So I'm going to follow up on
2	the last speaker via it's very much
3	understood the severity of the problem.
4	See, the problem, what it is, the
5	math is very difficult. In physics, we
6	like the math to be very much laid out
7	and as precise as possible. But this is
8	not all that precise. And that's what
9	scares us, because we have these couple
10	equations. One equation depends upon
11	input of the one before that, which
12	depends upon input of the one before
13	that, and there are variables all
L 4	throughout, functions throughout it. So
15	it's equations within equations. And we
16	really don't understand exactly how all
17	of this is going to pan out. But we
18	know that it could be very bad. And
19	here is one of the ways in which it
20	could be very bad, and that is, the
21	arctic thaw.
22	There is a tremendous amount of
23	carbon tied up in the arctic. In two
24	ways: In the tundra, and in methyl
25	hydrate. And as that part of the world

1	warms, methane is released. Methane is
2	a much more powerful greenhouse gas than
3	is carbon dioxide. Actually, that is
4	being kept track of. And they find that
5	there is methane being released at an
6	increasing rate in the arctic circle.
7	There is no comfort there.
8	There will come a point,
9	unfortunately we don't know exactly
10	how close we are to it, but this is a
11	risk we really don't want to play
12	take playing Russian Roulette with the
13	planet. There will come a point that
L 4	when the warming of the arctic circle
15	gets severe enough, methane will be
16	released in sufficient quantities, that
17	even if we cut our CO2 emissions back to
18	zero, which, of course, we can't do,
19	it's too late. The planet is cooked.
20	And yes, I have sympathy for the
21	people who see their jobs gradually
22	displaced; coal miners, people working
23	in construction servicing the power
24	plants. And I'd be all for programs
25	that help them. I'm also very

Τ	sympathetic to people who are worried,
2	are we going to get a sufficiently
3	robust power supply to keep our
4	businesses going. But 100 years from
5	now, those problems will seem utterly
6	trivial compared to the problems that we
7	are fortunately entering into.
8	So I hope that you will consider
9	the future of the planet, as you
10	consider whether or not to give a
11	bailout to the Sammis Power Plant,
12	which, on the list of polluting power
13	plants, is No. 21. Not in the state.
14	In the country.
15	MR. McKENNEY: Bishop Eugene Ward?
16	
17	BISHOP EUGENE WARD,
18	After having been first duly sworn, as
19	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
20	as follows:
21	BISHOP WARD: Mr. Chairman, members
22	of the Commission, I'm speaking in
23	opposition to the rate hike from the
24	backs of the poor and already
25	economically-challenged people in the

1	City of Cleveland, as well as in
2	Cuyahoga County.
3	I have two bills that I brought
4	here this evening: One for \$2,600 for
5	our church for electricity, which, when
6	I complained about it, was reduced to
7	\$261; a bill at my home for \$600 that,
8	when I complained about it, was reduced
9	to \$131. Those bills were estimated
10	bills. If I had done nothing, if I had
11	not complained, nothing would have been
12	done. I would have probably paid it,
13	thinking that I did own it. But because
14	I did call and make a complaint,
15	something was done.
16	This increase will affect our
17	communities, as well as the parishioners
18	in all of our churches who are already
19	deprived. And we're trying to help
20	those parishioners with things, like
21	electric bills. Within our church, we
22	helped an individual pay a \$300 electric
23	bill because he could not pay it himself
24	because he cares for a wife who is on
25	dialysis.

1	As I speak, there are 50 pastors in
2	the city that we met with this morning
3	who are taking petitions out to their
4	parishioners to make sure that they sign
5	them being opposed to this rate hike.
6	The salaries of corporate
7	executives at FirstEnergy, some of them
8	making \$100,000 a week, I think that we
9	should let them pay for this cost and
10	the rate hike. Let them reduce their
11	salaries and begin to educate people or
12	put the money back into the company. I
13	think a pay cut would be alright for
14	individuals who are making over two and
15	three million dollars a year.
16	FirstEnergy's efforts remind me of
17	the game of Monopoly when I was a kid,
18	you bought up all the utilities. And
19	when you did that, if you landed on
20	them, you had to pay. All of us have to
21	pay the utility company. We have to
22	pay. And the fat cats keep getting
23	richer, and they keep making us even
24	poorer.
25	The poor are already paying for

Τ	cars, nomes, loges, names on rootball
2	stadiums, hotels, travel, probably
3	planes, yachts, definitely lawyers,
4	golden parachutes and corrupt
5	politicians. My prayer is that this is
6	not an exercise in futility, that money
7	is being quitely paid to those who make
8	decisions and that no back-room and
9	under-the-table deals are being made.
10	I know that I know that union
11	leaders are here lobbying for their
12	members who work for FirstEnergy in some
13	capacity. But take that money that they
14	have now for retraining and not to
15	continue to break the backs of the poor
16	and disadvantaged. I give to you if
17	I can get it up quickly. I give to you
18	from the Book of Michael, the sixth
19	chapter. It asks, Will the Lord be
20	pleased with thousands of rams or with
21	ten thousand rivers of oil? Only will
22	he love the gift of the rate hikes of
23	FirstEnergy? Shall I give my firstborn
24	for my transgressions, the fruit of my
25	body for the sin of my soul? He hath

1	showed thee, old man, what is good; and
2	what doth the Lord require of thee,
3	FirstEnergy, but to do justly and to
4	love mercy, and to walk humbly with thy
5	God.
6	I have a letter here from Dr. E.T.
7	Caviness, Pastor of the Greater
8	Abyssina Baptist Church, who is also
9	president of the Southern Christian
10	Leadership Conference, who is the vice
11	president of the NAACP, who is in
12	opposition to this rate hike.
13	I also have here a letter from
14	Reverend Dr. David Hunter, Pastor of the
15	Bright Star Baptist Church and senior
16	pastor and President of the Baptist
17	Ministers Conference of Cleveland. We
18	will be submitting records signatures
19	of opposition to this rate hike. It's
20	time for the poor to get something
21	back. We have already paid too much.
22	Thank you.
23	MR. McKENNEY: Nathan Rutz?
24	
25	NATHAN RUTZ,

1 After having been first duly sworn, as 2 hereinafter certified, was examined and testified 3 as follows: 4 MR. RUTZ: I pay for electricity 5 from FirstEnergy at 1583 East 43rd Street, Cleveland, Ohio. 6 7 I work for Full Disclosure, Ohio 8 Organizing Collaborative, though my opinions are my own. I am on the Church 9 10 Council of St. Luke's Episcopal on the Detroit Shoreway in Cleveland, Ohio. 11 12 I have six points I'm going to be 13 showing you. 14 I own a house that was built in 1883. It's old. It has some issues. 15 16 would much rather spend my money on improvements to efficiency than lining 17 18 the pocket of FirstEnergy. 19 Two, St. Luke's is on the west side 20 of Cleveland; West 78 Street. You met 21 Deacon Barb earlier. We have a very 22 diverse congregation, both in terms of income and risk. And many of our 23 24 parishioners can't afford their utility 25 bills, and so our church helps them with

1	their utility bills that are already
2	plenty high. Many of them have been
3	exploited over the years and have
4	thousands and thousands of dollars of
5	bills following them around all the
6	time.
7	Third, it's totally unnecessary to
8	give FirstEnergy the Electric Security
9	Plan. We know that there is enough
10	energy for them to compete against
11	interconnection markets because we've
12	seen a battle between FirstEnergy and
13	PJM in the Federal Energy Regulatory
L 4	Commission, where FirstEnergy opposes
15	PJM's communication that prevents the
16	need for more power plants to be built.
17	Fourth, there are legal problems
18	with the electric service Electric
19	Security Plan as proposed. The Ohio
20	Revised Code section 4928.143(C)1 says
21	that an Electric Security Plan ought to
22	be more favorable in the aggregate as
23	compared to the expected results that it
24	would otherwise require.
25	So, basically, FirstEnergy's plan

1	is supposed to benefit the aggregate of
2	consumers with its Electric Security
3	Plan, and it does not do that because,
4	as we've heard, FirstEnergy admits
5	themselves that it will cost consumers
6	\$400 million in the first three years of
7	the Electric Security Plan. Less biased
8	sources say that it should be \$500 to
9	\$600 over three years and a cost, not a
10	savings, of three billion dollars over
11	15 years under FirstEnergy's proposed
12	Power Purchase Agreement, which is very
13	unusual, because an Electric Security
14	Plan is supposed to be for three years,
15	not 15.
16	Fifth point, that there are
17	environmental issues with the Electric
18	Security Plan. Obviously, we've heard
19	already that keeping the damaged coal-
20	fired plants open would be disastrous in
21	terms of climate. It's also disastrous
22	in terms of its use of the mountaintop
23	removal of coal, which kills people. We
24	know this from the scientific research
25	and from meeting anybody that has ever

1	lived downstream from a mountaintop
2	removal site when it rains.
3	And last, FirstEnergy is calling
4	this plan "Powering Ohio's Progress."
5	If the company actually believed that
6	their old power plants would be making
7	power at a lower price than a market
8	rate from 2019 to 2031, they would not
9	propose this plan. They would make the
10	power at a cheaper price and sell it in
11	the wholesale market and keep the
12	profits. Instead, they're not doing
13	that. They want us to pay for it.
14	FirstEnergy is lying. They are
15	pillaging Ohio's progress, asking the
16	PUCO to give them permission to steal
17	from the public, as they continue to
18	lobby against efficiency and clean
19	energy. Thank you.
20	MR. McKENNEY: Randy Cunningham?
21	
22	RANDY CUNNINGHAM,
23	After having been first duly sworn, as
24	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
25	as follows:

1	MR. CUNNINGHAM: My name is Randy
2	Cunningham. I live at 3623 West
3	Boulevard in Cleveland. I'm a member of
4	The Common Good Ohio, the Northeast Ohio
5	Sierra Club, and Cleveland Environmental
6	Action Network.
7	I wish to speak against the
8	FirstEnergy rate hike. Yesterday was
9	the Martin Luther King holiday, and the
10	movie Selma was in many theaters. It
11	describes conflict between Martin Luther
12	King and Alabama Governor George Wallace
13	who once famously said, "Segregation
14	yesterday, segregation today,
15	segregation forever."
16	Today we are dealing with
17	FirstEnergy. And their motto is, Dirty
18	energy yesterday, dirty energy today,
19	dirty energy forever.
20	George Wallace defended the
21	<pre>indefensible, just as today FirstEnergy</pre>
22	defends the indefensible. George
23	Wallace lost and so will FirstEnergy.
24	I attended the admin hearing on
25	this proposed rate hike last week. One

1	of the points that supporters of the
2	rate hike made was that it would promote
3	energy efficiency. My only surprise was
4	that the room did not burst into
5	laughter whenever this statement was
6	made.
7	FirstEnergy was one of the
8	strongest backers of Senate Bill 310.
9	It built and made Ohio the first state
10	in the union to roll back a renewable
11	energy program that promoted energy
12	efficiency. With the passage of Senate
13	Bill 310, FirstEnergy started climbing
14	the stairs to the nursery of a clean air
15	future clean energy future, with a
16	pillow in its hand and murder on its
17	mind.
18	If you approve this rate hike, you
19	will take away the pillow and give them
20	a pistol so that they can be sure to do
21	the job.
22	You will hear a lot of arguments
23	tonight on economic reasons that you
24	should turn down this rate hike. I
25	would like to put into the deliberations

1	some moral arguments, some questions of
2	right and wrong that are so often
3	shuddered aside by the bean counters of
4	conventional economic wisdom. So let us
5	ask some questions you do not hear too
6	often.
7	Is it right that in the face of the
8	overwhelming evidence of the reality of
9	global warming and that this warming
10	will cause great harm to us, our planet
11	and all the creatures we share it with?
12	Is it right that we should subsidize the
13	further destruction of our climate by
L 4	subsidizing FirstEnergy's dinosaur coal
15	plants? Is it right that we should
16	allow FirstEnergy's coal plants to
17	spread asthma, heart and lung disease to
18	our populous? Is it right that we
19	should allow FirstEnergy's waste
20	products from mining and burning coal to
21	poison our water, our land, and our
22	communities? Is it right that in the
23	face of all these abuses that we,
24	including many who can barely afford to
25	pay utilities, should pay more money to

1	those who are already incredibly rich so
2	that they can continue to poison us
3	while they work on making the planet
4	uninhabitable? Is it even sane to do
5	this?
6	I hope you will conclude that it is
7	not right and not sane, and start to say
8	yes to a clean energy future and no to
9	the dirty energy past by saying no to
10	this rate hike. Thank you.
11	MR. McKENNEY: Steve Holecko?
12	
13	STEVE HOLECKO,
14	After having been first duly sworn, as
15	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
16	as follows:
17	MR. HOLECKO: My name is Steve
18	Holecko. I'm a retired teacher and a
19	very concerned citizen. My concern is
20	for my three daughters, my grandson, and
21	for the kids and grand kids of not only
22	everybody in this room, but for the kids
23	and the grand kids born and unborn of
24	all the billions of people around the
25	world

1	My concern is twofold. First of
2	all, the environment. As my fellow
3	retired teacher so eloquently testified,
4	global warming is here. We are the last
5	generation that can solve it. I don't
6	think I'm going to see this in my
7	lifetime. But I don't want my kids or
8	your kids, my grand kids or your grand
9	kids to see it.
10	Davis-Besse and the Sammis Plant
11	are contributing to global warming. We
12	shouldn't be talking about propping them
13	up. We should be talking about closing
14	them.
15	My concern is also economic. I was
16	stunned when I looked into this issue to
17	find that one-third of Ohio families are
18	utility-cost burdened. Meaning, they
19	pay over 30 percent of their income for
20	housing and utilities. And this is not
21	to mention other essential costs, like
22	healthcare, transportation, food. It
23	almost seems like we're becoming a
24	futile society. The middle classes and
25	the lower classes are becoming servants,

1	paying tribute to the lords and nobles,
2	like FirstEnergy.
3	Now, I'm not going to give a lot of
4	facts and statistics. What I would like
5	to offer is some commonsense questions
6	with some commonsense answers.
7	Commonsense makes me wonder why
8	there are numerous concerned citizens
9	and folks from non-profit organizations
10	testifying against this plan but none
11	testifying for this plan.
12	Commonsense suggests that unless
13	you have a vested interest in
14	FirstEnergy, you cannot possibly be in
15	favor of this plan.
16	Commonsense makes me wonder why
17	FirstEnergy spent \$1.7 million in
18	political contributions to fight the
19	clean energy standards that were
20	established in 2008. Ultimately, they
21	were successful with the passage of
22	Senate Bill 310 last year, and this
23	comes immediately afterwards.
24	Commonsense suggests that these
25	proposals without that money cannot

1	possibly stand on their own merits.
2	Commonsense makes me wonder why
3	FirstEnergy filed a confidentiality
4	claim to prevent public disclosure of
5	costs and organizational data.
6	Commonsense suggests that maybe
7	because this data would reveal that this
8	proposal is going to have huge costs
9	that are going to be passed on to
10	consumers. If not, perhaps they
11	wouldn't need a confidentiality claim.
12	Commonsense make me wonder why, if
13	Davis-Besse and the Sammis Plant could
14	be made to run efficiently and provide
15	FirstEnergy with the profit margin it
16	needs, as well as give consumers a
17	relief in their utility bills, why is
18	this power not going to be sold on the
19	open markets like it has been? What's
20	the need for this proposal?
21	And finally, commonsense says that
22	you can fool some of the people some of
23	the time, but you can't fool all of the
24	people all of the time. Most of Ohio's
25	11 million people do not even know these

1	hearings are occurring. Most of Ohio's
2	11 million people do not know when they
3	flip on their light switch, turn on
4	their microwave, turn on their TV, if
5	they have one, where the power is coming
6	from. But all of Ohio's 11 million
7	people know what they pay every month in
8	their electric bill.
9	I wonder what they're going to be
10	told when their rates skyrocket. Is it
11	going to be, sorry, we had to bail
12	FirstEnergy out? Or is it going to be
13	something else? Thank you.
14	MR. McKENNEY: At this time we're
15	going to take a five-minute recess. We
16	will reconvene at approximately 8:20.
17	Thank you.
18	Go off the record.
19	
20	(Recess had.)
21	
22	MR. McKENNEY: We're going to go
23	ahead and get started. Take your
24	seats. Thank you everyone. We can go
25	back on the record.

1	Before we get too much further into
2	this, I just want to give notice to
3	everyone, we've been notified that the
4	parking garage, this evening, closes at
5	10:00. So we're going to try to speed
6	things along here as quickly as we can
7	so we can get everyone home safely this
8	evening.
9	We are through 30 people who have
10	testified. I have a list of 78 names,
11	so we are not at the halfway mark.
12	I'm going to ask, if you are
13	planning to testify this evening, if you
14	could, just out of respect, try to keep
15	it to two to three minutes. I can't
16	require you to cut it short, so you may
17	take the time that you need. But if you
18	have some time that you can cut from it,
19	we would appreciate that so we could get
20	everyone that wants to testify the
21	opportunity to this evening.
22	Also, I want to remind everyone,
23	there are petitions out front. If you
24	believe your concerns have been
25	adequately voiced, the issues that you

Τ	nave intended to raise this evening have
2	already been raised, then please sign
3	those petitions and we will the
4	Commission will view those petitions and
5	understand your position either for or
6	against the application filed by the
7	company. Those petitions are right out
8	front.
9	So at this time, we're going to
L O	continue on. When we get to about 9:15
11	to 9:20, I'll take another five-minute
12	recess at that time.
13	The next name that I have on this
14	list is Diane Coates.
15	
16	DIANE COATES,
17	After having been first duly sworn, as
18	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
L 9	as follows:
20	MS. COATES: Thank you. I want to
21	speak briefly about how the poor
22	decisions and quest for financial gain
23	has a dire affect on our environment,
24	not taking into consideration that our
) 5	home this Earth has to be conducive to

1	healthy living.
2	While FirstEnergy's choice of
3	outdated materials, such as coal and the
4	use of the Davis-Besse Nuclear Power
5	Plant might be a good economic decision,
6	our providers of service have to take us
7	into consideration, its operation and
8	how it affects the environment for the
9	sake of the existence of our future
10	generation. This is the reason why I
11	say no to FirstEnergy's request for a
12	energy bailout.
13	Also, the existence of a monopoly
L 4	goes against the structure of free
15	enterprise, competitive competition
16	provides for innovation, accountability
17	and motivation. We need to be more
18	proactive in making decisions about what
19	we need to do to sustain ourselves and
20	our lives, because human lives matter.
21	Thank you.
22	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
23	Valerie Edwards?
24	
25	VALERIE EDWARDS

1 After having been first duly sworn, as 2 hereinafter certified, was examined and testified 3 as follows: MS. EDWARDS: My name is Valerie 4 5 Edwards. I grew up in the Mt. Pleasant area. I raised my children in South 6 7 Euclid. I moved back to Cleveland to 8 give back because I saw my community 9 going down. 10 As we sit in this room, if anybody 11 has read what these walls say, Cleveland 12 is a city that has achieved preeminence 13 in industry, that we have genius people here, we do great things, we are capable 14 15 of innumerable possibilities. And it's 16 just questionable to me how we can let a company come in and they make -- they 17 remind me of the GM buyout -- I retired 18 from General Motors, GMAC. I was a 19 20 financial manager -- where we gave 21 General Motors a buyout. And now we --22 they're asking for a buyout from executives that made bad decisions, 23 24 received large salaries, and 25 misappropriated money for things that

1	weren't necessary. Then they have
2	private investors. If this is such a
3	good idea, why are they not going to
4	private investors? Why are they asking
5	the public to fund them?
6	Right now I worked in Mt.
7	Pleasant for the past 15 years. The
8	past 15 years I've done HEAP. Most
9	government programs the people in Mt.
10	Pleasant are really representative of
11	the whole City of Cleveland. They've
12	lost their jobs. They've gotten laid
13	off. There are just numerous problems.
14	And people are not educated. Most
15	people in our city are reactive and not
16	proactive. So these things come to
17	pass, and they're sad about it. So I
18	think that they should not get the
19	buyout because we should not allow them
20	to charge us for bad decisions and large
21	salaries that they receive. That's what
22	I have to say.
23	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
24	MS. EDWARDS: Thank you.
25	MR. McKENNEY: Ann Caruso?

1	
2	ANN CARUSO,
3	After having been first duly sworn, as
4	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
5	as follows:
6	MS. CARUSO: Thank you for the
7	opportunity to voice my concerns about
8	FirstEnergy's request for a new fee on
9	our electric bills to prop up its old
10	Sammis Coal-burning Power Plant and its
11	40-year-old Davis-Besse Plant.
12	I'm a retired Kindergarten teacher
13	in Cleveland, and in my career I taught
L 4	in neighborhoods with some of the
15	dirtiest air in the country.
16	Dirty air can result in health
L7	problems, such as childhood asthma and
18	learning difficulties. Mercury is one
19	of the pollutants from coal-burning
20	power plants. And mercury exposure has
21	been found to negatively affect brain
22	development in fetuses and infant
23	children.
24	Because of our dependence on
25	hurning coal in Ohio our state has been

1	ranked in the top three states with the
2	dirtiest air. Often we're number one.
3	FirstEnergy is asking for customers
4	to pay a fee to keep their old plants
5	going. Their plan calls for a
6	dependence on using coal. It protects
7	them from market forces, since it gives
8	them permanent income with which to keep
9	outdated fuel sources in the market.
10	Others know better than me how this
11	makes the whole market for electric
12	energy less competitive, but I do know
13	that it does affect the competitiveness
14	of the entire electric market.
15	I'm concerned because this request
16	from FirstEnergy will make the market
17	less competitive, especially for
18	renewable, cleaner fuels.
19	The prices for solar energy has
20	been declining steadily. For instance,
21	in the years 2011 to '13, the price for
22	photo voltaic systems has declined 40
23	percent. And the prices for the solar
24	modules that they are put on, the price
25	for those has declined 60 percent. And

Τ	that was just in two years.
2	Nine out of ten Americans support
3	solar energy. They want to see cleaner
4	energy used and a transition away from
5	fossil fuels begun. Despite this
6	ongoing decline in the price of
7	renewable energy and the increasing
8	demand for it, the Edison Electric
9	Institute, the EEI, singled out solar
10	energy as its number one long-term
11	threat in a recent white paper that it
12	put out.
13	The EEI, represents about 200
L 4	investors, investor-owned electric
15	companies, and FirstEnergy is one of
16	those. This tells me that this industry
17	is focused on competition from solar and
18	other renewable energy and not focused
19	on what's best for their customers.
20	You, the PUCO, are here to be sure
21	that our utilities do not operate like
22	this. You are here to, "assure all
23	residential and business consumers
24	access to adequate, safe and reliable
25	services at fair prices while

1	facilitating an environment that
2	provides competitive choices." That is
3	a quote from your website. It is your
4	Mission statement.
5	Another concern I have is that
6	FirstEnergy is allowed to disregard
7	market forces for 15 years. This time
8	frame is crucial because we are facing a
9	devastating rate of real global warming
10	from the use of fossil fuels. I'm not
11	going to I had put more in my
12	testimony about global warming, but we
13	had some other wonderful speakers that
L 4	talked about that. But I did want to
15	point out that a very recent study in a
16	journal called "Nature" was more
17	specific about which fossil fuels we
18	have to leave unburned in the ground.
19	And they specified that 92 percent of
20	America's coal must be left unburned in
21	the ground in order to avert
22	catastrophic climate change.
23	We all have a responsibility to do
24	what's necessary to keep our planet from
25	becoming uninhabitable, but we can't do

1	this individually. We must make this
2	transition away from fossil fuels on a
3	large scale, and our utilities are a
4	major factor in making that happen.
5	I hope you will see that it is your
6	responsibility to be sure dirty coal-
7	burning power plants are not kept in use
8	by artificially making them profitable
9	with added fees from their customers.
10	Thank you.
11	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
12	To try to speed things up, I'm
13	going to announce, as well, the person
14	that will be on deck to testify.
15	So next we'll have Linda Butler.
16	And then after that, Steve Norris.
17	
18	LINDA BUTLER,
19	After having been first duly sworn, as
20	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
21	as follows:
22	MS. BUTLER: Thank you for allowing
23	me to testify. I would like to bring
24	some figures into this discussion
25	related to FirstEnergy's history and the

1	decisions the bad management
2	decisions they've made. One is, in my
3	opinion, they grossly overpay their
4	CEO. Their CEO's salary for last year
5	was \$3,900,000, and he got \$3,920,000 in
6	stocks.
7	When you consider what people are
8	making who are going to have to pay
9	these bills, I think this is really
10	outrageous. But, in addition, when a
11	CEO is paid in stock, rather than
12	thinking of the long-term benefits for
13	the company of decisions that he makes,
L 4	he is thinking of his short-term gains
15	and losses. So he wants to make short-
16	term profits from the company, as
17	opposed to really thinking about the
18	bigger picture, which all of us who are
19	testifying today are trying to urge him
20	to think about, the bigger picture.
21	But the company has repeatedly been
22	fined or agreed to, basically, terms
23	where they admitted that they had
24	cheated the public in some way or
25	another. One of the serious problems

1	that was mentioned was the corrosion
2	problem in the Davis-Besse Plant in
3	2002. They ended up trying to cover
4	that up and not expose it to everybody.
5	And they were fined \$23 million for the
6	cover-up.
7	Then they we've heard that they
8	decided not to invest in renewable
9	energy. I don't know how many people
10	realize this, but the I got something
11	from them. It was required by the
12	state and I've put this in my
13	testimony they are fueling their
14	plants with 65 percent coal, 16 percent
15	nuclear, 14.5 percent natural gas, and
16	they use 2.5 percent renewable energy.
17	2.5 percent. They have zero solar.
18	In 2011, FirstEnergy agreed to pay
19	the federal government \$1.5 billion for
20	ignoring EPA regulations on a couple of
21	coal-burning power plants. And when
22	they upgraded or renovated the coal-
23	burning power plants, they're supposed
24	to put in install environmentally
25	better pollution-stopping equipment, as

1	well as scrubbers. They didn't do it.
2	They disguised it. \$1.5 billion.
3	Now, this is a company that makes
4	\$12 billion per year on its energy
5	sales. That was a hunk of cash that
6	they had to pay. And they they knew
7	what they were doing.
8	So I think we we cannot believe
9	that this is a gentle company that's
10	going to do the right thing.
11	In 2013 and this is something
12	that you folks know about they were
13	accused of overcharging their customers
14	for renewable energy credits. And they
15	it's thought that they overcharged
16	customers 15 times what was paid for
17	their energy credits. This is now being
18	litigated, so it's unclear whether
19	they're going to have to pay what you
20	folks suggested they pay, which was
21	\$43.3 million.
22	I'm kind of trying to speed this
23	up. But I don't think people have
24	specified how many jobs had been
25	created. When 310 was passed, it

1	destroyed the renewable energy law in
2	Ohio. I mean, we're talking about
3	thousands of jobs here, thousands of
4	jobs there. The state itself released a
5	delayed report that said that 35,000
6	jobs had been created by renewable
7	energy. And the and many of those
8	jobs, because of what FirstEnergy did to
9	destroy that, have been lost. Now, that
10	is a lot of jobs. People had good jobs,
11	and the fact that they have turned their
12	backs on renewable energy, but also on
13	energy efficiency, which is the low
14	hanging fruit. And what's ironic is
15	people have they have cut all their
16	energy efficient programs, but people
17	are still having \$2 per month taken out
18	of their energy bill for energy
19	efficiency. And if you think about the
20	number of customers that are in Ohio
21	that are paying \$2 a month, it it's
22	about two million. So every month their
23	making \$4 million on people that they're
24	not delivering any product for.
25	I have one last point to make, and

1	that is, my husband and I built a new
2	house that's 4,000 square feet. And we
3	put on solar panels. It's a very energy
4	efficient house; thick walls, three-pane
5	windows, and we pay \$100 per year for
6	our energy costs. All it's an
7	all-electric house. And we have lots of
8	computers and lots of lights. We pay
9	\$100 a year. That's what's possible
10	with energy efficiency and solar. Thank
11	you.
12	MR. McKENNEY: Steve Norris?
13	And then I have Ed Kleo.
14	
15	STEVE NORRIS,
16	After having been first duly sworn, as
17	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
18	as follows:
19	MR. NORRIS: As a FirstEnergy
20	customer, I would like to say I would be
21	proud to pay up to 20 percent more to
22	have 100 percent clean energy. They
23	used to have a program like this, but it
24	was ended when they were fined over \$40
25	million for charging overcharging for

1	renewable energy credits.
2	I was very disappointed in this,
3	and I want to say that that very much
4	should go against getting a bailout for
5	the coal and nuclear outdated and
6	inefficient, uncompetitive proposal. So
7	please vote against this. Thank you.
8	MR. McKENNEY: Ed Kleo? And then
9	Dave Simons.
10	
11	ED KLEO,
12	After having been first duly sworn, as
13	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
L 4	as follows:
15	MR. KLEO: Mr. Haque and members of
16	the Commission, my name is Ed Kleo. I
L7	am the Mayor of North Perry Village, a
18	small community of about 900 residents
19	in northeast Ohio, right on the shores
20	of Lake Erie, and in the heart of Lake
21	County.
22	North Perry, as a community, seeks
23	to balance the preservation of its semi-
24	rural character with these growths and
25	developments. Our goal is to create a

1	desirable community with a positively
2	unique character and to enhance the
3	quality of life for our residence.
4	As the village moves forward, our
5	challenge is to retain all its best
6	attributes while continuing to guide our
7	community towards a bright commercial
8	future.
9	North Perry Village is also the
10	home of Perry Nuclear Power Plant,
11	operated by FirstEnergy. The plant
12	generates enough clean, carbon-free
13	electricity to power more than one
14	million homes. It is one of the largest
15	employers in Lake County, and provides
16	more than 700 high-quality permanent
17	jobs. It also employs 1,000 temporary
18	workers during refueling outages, which
19	occurs every two years, and also is
20	right in the middle of a refueling
21	coming this March.
22	The Perry Plant is the largest
23	taxpayer in Lake County, contributing
24	more than \$14 million annually to
25	support local schools, essential public

T	services, including local police and
2	fire departments.
3	I have toured the plant, and I know
4	its management on a first-name basis.
5	FirstEnergy keeps me informed of all
6	plant developments. I know what's going
7	on inside the fence at all times. And I
8	do not need to rely on reading it in the
9	paper for the first time, or seeing it
10	on TV. Likewise, I have, firsthand,
11	seen the dedicated men and women working
12	at the plant, their professionalism,
13	commitment to safety, secure, reliable
14	and environmentally responsible plant
15	operation. A number of the Perry Plant
16	employees also live in North Perry.
17	As you know, many of our Ohio large
18	power plants have closed in recent years
19	due to challenging, economic economy-
20	stringent environment regulations, and
21	more retirements are expected. The
22	potential exists for more Ohio jobs to
23	be lost, rising electric prices in the
24	years ahead, and negative consequences
25	for our communities. For all these

1	reasons, I want you to support
2	FirstEnergy's proposed rate plan. I
3	plan the plan will keep electric
4	affordable and help ensure the continued
5	operation of Ohio's vital power plants,
6	including the Sammis Plant in Scranton
7	and the Davis-Besse Nuclear Plant
8	along with good jobs, Davis-Besse
9	Nuclear Plant in Oak Harbor, Perry's
10	sister plant.
11	As of today, the long-term
12	viability of these plants, along with
13	good jobs and substantial economic
L 4	benefits bring surrounding communities
15	at risk. Without the right public
16	policies in place, the Perry Plant and
17	its benefits for the region could be at
18	risk.
19	One more comment I'd like to make
20	is, I am very familiar with solar
21	energy. I have a child out west that
22	has his own solar energy company. And
23	our village has looked in to putting
24	wind power, for the last several years,
25	in our community. But with this, I

1	still support FirstEnergy and what
2	they're trying to do at this time. I
3	thank you for your time.
4	MR. McKENNEY: Next I have Dave
5	Simons. After that, Mayor G. Kurtz.
6	Mr. Simons?
7	
8	DAVE SIMONS,
9	After having been first duly sworn, as
10	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
11	as follows:
12	MR. SIMONS: Good evening,
13	Commissioner Haque, other members of the
14	Public Utilities Commission of Ohio and
15	people present at this meeting. I will
16	try to keep this do this as quickly
17	as I can, but I do have a fair amount to
18	say.
19	I have a dramatic presentation of
20	fear, and I'm foregoing that. You're
21	going to get a quick reading.
22	Thank you for hearing my comments
23	today. I'm a long-time Cleveland
24	citizen with electric service from
25	FirstEnergy's Illuminating Company.

Τ	roday, I am speaking for myself. I am
2	not representing any organization,
3	although I'm a member of several
4	organizations in the energy realm.
5	I'm one of those always pressing
6	for a living future for all of our
7	children, what is commonly called
8	sustainability these days. I have
9	particular concern with the almost
10	overwhelming problem of global warming,
11	its devastating impacts now and for as
12	far as into the future as we can see,
13	and the solutions to limit global
14	warming that are abundantly available
15	for us as we transition from burning
16	dead dinosaurs to running our modern
17	high tech culture on natural energy
18	flows from sun, wind, and water.
19	I will outline some of my broader
20	concerns with FirstEnergy's proposal.
21	FirstEnergy is asking the PUCO to have
22	its subsidiaries, Ohio Edison, Toledo
23	Edison, Cleveland Illuminating Company,
24	to buy power from FirstEnergy's old,
25	high-cost, inefficient power plants at a

1	premium rate that is substantially more
2	than power available at PJM wholesale
3	market, where these companies are
4	required to buy power at the least
5	cost. They are required to do so as
6	part of the deregulation that
7	FirstEnergy itself petitioned for and
8	got. PJM is the effectively run 13
9	state grid that Ohio is part of. PJM
10	released a report a few months ago
11	saying that this huge grid, one of the
12	largest in the world, could integrate 30
13	percent wind power with no reliability
14	and supply problems and cheaper than any
15	other alternative, saving many billions
16	of dollars for their customers.
17	The Electricity Secured Plan that
18	FirstEnergy is proposing is security
19	only for their own bottom line, not for
20	the ratepayers' security of energy
21	supply and cost. There's plenty of
22	cheaper and somewhat cleaner power on
23	the market emitting less carbon monoxide
24	and operating more efficiently.
25	Thousands of megawatts of new combined-

1	cycle natural gas will be put on that
2	market in the next few years. Wind power
3	is cheap now, and getting cheaper, and
4	non-polluting solar will be cheaper than
5	anything within a few years, maybe only
6	five years, long before FirstEnergy's
7	bid to subsidize their dirty, old coal
8	plants with corporate welfare for 15
9	years is ended.
10	Sustainability and the long-term
11	well-being of our children and their
12	children and on for generations, that we
13	all agree is morally fundamental, is
14	often regarded as three equal and
15	integrated areas: The environment,
16	people, and economy. In reality, these
17	intertwined areas are not equal. Health
18	and well-being of the environment ranks
19	the highest; the first thought, not an
20	afterthought or affectation, not merely
21	coequals with the economy. Without care
22	for the well-being of the Earth, the
23	people parish and their ideas of economy
24	vanish like a dream. I would also place
25	the well-being of people above economy.

Τ,	Economy is meant to serve numan needs,
2	not the other way around. FirstEnergy's
3	Electric Security Plan fronts all three
4	areas of sustainability.
5	Regarding the environment, the
6	Sammis Coal-fired Power Plant is running
7	on old, dirty technology that pumps huge
8	volumes of pollutants into our common
9	air that we all breathe, including vast
10	amounts of global warming CO2. Sammis
11	fuels itself by blowing up the beautiful
12	mountains and streams of West Virginia
13	and Kentucky, and Sammis produces
14	equally vast volumes of toxic coal ash
15	that we are only now beginning to deal
16	with seriously. The Davis-Besse Nuclear
17	Power Plant is regarded as among the
18	most dangerous of nuclear plants in the
19	U.S., based on its well-known history of
20	negative actions and maintenance,
21	including a near meltdown when the
22	reactor head was at the bursting point
23	several years ago and a containment dome
24	that is crumbling. As the Cleveland
25	Plain Dealer and others reported, we

1	missed that meltdown by a whisker,
2	including the Nuclear Regulatory
3	Commission.
4	Regarding people: FirstEnergy's
5	ESP forces the continued operation of
6	outmoded energy technologies that damage
7	both people's health and their economic
8	prospects, and FirstEnergy's ESP shoves
9	off the table newer, more efficient,
10	cleaner, lower carbon technologies that
11	should, in the normal course of things,
12	replace outmoded ways of generation;
13	newer, better technologies that serve to
14	build Ohio's 21st Century economy. Ohio
15	is already number one in making wind
16	turbine components, and big in solar,
17	too. Those industries can form the
18	nucleus of a new industrial economy for
19	Ohio, a renaissance, if we are not so
20	stupid as to kill them in their cradle.
21	Regarding economy: FirstEnergy
22	makes a claim that consumers will earn a
23	net two billion dollars or so over the
24	15-year term. If that forecast were
25	correct, FirstEnergy, as would any

1	profit-oriented company, would absorb
2	some losses for three or four years and
3	then recoup a huge profit, without the
4	ESP. If they believed their own
5	figures, they would never have proposed
6	this ESP. Instead, we have a better
7	forecast from the Ohio Office of
8	Consumer Counsel that says a net cost to
9	ratepayers of three to four billion
LO	dollars is more likely, that is three to
11	four billion dollars more that
12	ratepayers would have to pay than
13	electric power would cost on the PJM
14	wholesale market. By definition of the
15	ESP, the amount frequently charged by
16	the provider is the amount over the
17	market price of electricity.
18	Three or four billion dollars is
19	not chump change, as they say. Throwing
20	that much money to keep these power
21	plants going beyond their designed life,
22	beyond their useful life, is throwing
23	money down the rat hole. What can we do
24	with that money instead? What would be
25	a better investment? For that much

1	money, you can buy almost 2,000 utility
2	scale wind turbines producing around
3	5,000 megawatts at peak. That would
4	deliver clean power at a cheap rate for
5	a contracted 20 years, and that's maybe
6	20 years more in total, using no fuel
7	and producing no pollution. No fuel
8	means no rising fuel costs. As the PJM
9	grid's recent study shows, the grid can
10	absorb much more than that much wind
11	power, while remaining reliable, the
12	vagaries of wind notwithstanding. With
13	that investment in wind, you get
L 4	something. You're moving forward into
15	the 21st Century, instead of spending
16	all that money to keep some warn-out,
17	old plant going with bubblegum and
18	baling wire. Those plants' capital
19	costs were paid off long ago, so even it
20	they have to close some plants by being
21	outcompeted, there will be no standard
22	assets that have not already been paid
23	for.
24	I think the Office of Consumers'
25	Counsel is being conservative in that

1	cost to the ratepayers. The true cost
2	could reach five billion dollars or
3	more.
4	Davis-Besse Nuclear Station ran
5	vastly over budget estimates when it was
6	built, and vastly over its maintenance
7	budget ever since. Some wag has said,
8	truthfully, that nuclear power is the
9	most expensive way to boil water that
10	has ever been invented.
11	Davis-Besse is near the end of its
12	40-year design life and is wearing out.
13	They will ask for a 20-year extension of
14	life in 2017. What do you think the
15	maintenance cost for the next 22 years
16	will be? That plant alone could run
17	into the billions in maintenance, since
18	much equipment will have to be
19	replaced. Davis-Besse has already gone
20	through two reactor heads, and similar
21	huge expenses surely will arise over the
22	next 22 years. The next big ticket item
23	is the steam generator that they now
24	want to replace.
2.5	Thoro is also the issue of

1	reliability. Davis-Besse is often
2	offline for maintenance, sometimes for
3	several months at a time. Under
4	FirstEnergy's ESP, ratepayers are on the
5	hook for all of that, no matter how much
6	it costs. Several nuclear plants have
7	already been shut down recently because
8	they could not economically compete
9	nationwide. So there is no shame or
10	hardship if Davis-Besse closes, too,
11	removing a deadly threat from all of
12	Cleveland, which is downwind of Davis-
13	Besse.
14	Similarly, the 55-year-old Sammis
15	Coal Plant is already well beyond its
16	expected useful life and will require
17	vast maintenance costs just to keep
18	going for 15 more years, not to mention
19	maybe having to install more pollution
20	controls during that time, as
21	regulations change.
22	Ohio is required to reduce carbon
23	from power plants by about 28 percent to
24	meet the EPA's clean power plan. If
25	FirstEnergy's ESP and those from the AEP

1	and Duke are approved, and if they later
2	come back with more old coal plants to
3	subsidize with ratepayer dollars, as
4	this precedent will invite, it will
5	become very difficult and expensive to
6	meet that goal. Competing clean power
7	will be disallowed with all favor going
8	to these dirty, old, failing plants.
9	Experts have shown that if Ohio
10	continued to fulfill Senate Bill 221, as
11	originally agreed to unanimously by both
12	parties in 2008, we would be most of the
13	way to meeting the 28 percent reduction
14	in carbon output.
15	Under FirstEnergy's ESP, Ohio would
16	be hamstrung to outmoded technologies
17	while the rest of America and the world
18	will move forward confidently into the
19	new, environmentally responsible economy
20	of the 21st Century. We will become a
21	has been, falling apart, old economy
22	that can't compete, a pariah of
23	pollution. Businesses and industries
24	will avoid places that are determined to
25	he backward technically They will go

1	to forward-thinking, problem-solving
2	cities and states that use our American
3	ingenuity to go beyond and resolve the
4	Earth-abusing mistakes of the past.
5	Therefore, Ohio's economy will be
6	massively damaged in the near and far
7	term if FirstEnergy and AEP, and Duke
8	get their greedy way. And the economic
9	benefits of deregulation will be gone.
10	We also have another responsibility
11	to the rest of America and the world
12	beyond Ohio. If we allow a precedent to
13	be set here that treats coal power
14	preferentially, we will not only damage
15	ourselves immediately and going forward
16	as more coal plants are drawing into
17	such a plan, we may set a precedent used
18	in other states, compounding the harm
19	done. Positive economic moves to gain
20	clean power will be stymied here and in
21	other states, possibly until it is too
22	late to repair our suffering world,
23	thereby harming our children's lives and
24	well-being beyond anything that has ever
25	been done before. This is also a

1	terrible example for China, which must
2	do even more than us to wean itself from
3	coal's harm.
4	More locally, we have a moral
5	responsibility to Clevelanders and many
6	others who prefer to buy renewable power
7	in the deregulated market. All
8	ratepayers will be required to subsidize
9	FirstEnergy's dirty power, even when
10	they have deliberately chosen clean
11	power from wind and other renewables.
12	Both Cleveland and Cincinnati have
13	aggregated and negotiated the
14	FirstEnergy Solutions, as was stated
15	earlier, ironically, to provide 100
16	percent clean, renewable power to their
17	citizens at lower rates than they were
18	paying before. To all of them, this ESP
19	is a slap in the face, offensive to
20	their moral sensibilities in choosing
21	clean power. If this ESP goes into
22	effect, the citizens of Cleveland who
23	now buy 100 percent clean power, that
24	is, not from the plants in the ESP, will
25	have an added rider charge to subsidize

1	old, dirty power plants for their
2	better-off suburban neighbors.
3	FirstEnergy has, in this case, and
4	in many more ways, shown that it is
5	unfit to do business in the 21st
6	Century. Had they the wit to see the
7	opportunity before them and the courage
8	to act, they could remake their business
9	model to serve as a manager and provider
10	of widely-distributed power, as is now
11	happening in Germany, where some
12	utilities are adapting and profiting
13	from change and some are not.
14	We need utilities capable of more
15	complexity and capable of running a
16	smart grid. In places, we already have
17	such utilities in America. NRG is
18	moving aggressively into the new model.
19	So is SMUD, the Sacramento Municipal
20	Utility District in California. So is
21	Southern California Edison and Pacific
22	Gas and Electric, required to by
23	California, all of them among the
24	biggest players. And that would also
25	include Con Ed Energy in New York which

1	runs New York City. And there are many
2	more.
3	Right here in Ohio, even the tiny
4	municipal utility in Oberlin is managing
5	its transition to clean energy at a
6	profit. Amory Lovins tells us, in
7	"Reimagining Fire," that this whole
8	process can happen at a huge profit to
9	business as we move to 80 or 90 percent
10	clean power by the year 2050.
11	California and New York will both be at
12	50 percent renewable electricity by
13	2030, a mere 15 years from now. Why
14	can't Ohio? Are we too obtuse to do
15	that also?
16	FirstEnergy has chosen to use huge
17	political contributions to obstruct and
18	try to destroy the move to clean energy,
19	first by promoting the defeat of Senate
20	Bill 221, our universally agreed to
21	renewable energy and energy efficiency
22	standards since 2008, by promoting the
23	crippling of wind power in Ohio with
24	unrealistic setbacks, and now by asking
25	for this ESP and by dissing the EPA

1 Clean Power Plan.

2	This ESP is not about the survival
3	of FirstEnergy. Even if all their
4	generating stations were retired, which
5	is a very unlikely outcome for quite a
6	while to come, they would still be a
7	live company. The distribution side is
8	bigger than the generation side, and as
9	we build out the smart grid, it will
10	become bigger yet. That alone would be
11	enough to prosper. If FirstEnergy's
12	management is not bright enough to seize
13	this opportunity for profound change, an
14	opportunity that others of their peers
15	have seized, there is no reason anyone
16	should bail them out. They should take
17	their lumps as any other corporation
18	that has not adapted to changing times
19	does in our economic system. Change is
20	constant in our high speed, high tech,
21	new world, and has been since the start
22	of the industrial revolution. There are
23	no buggy makers anymore, except among
24	the Amish, as we changed over to powered
25	mobility. The typewriter makers, once a

1	big industry, have all faded away as
2	computers replaced them. Solar and wind
3	will both soon be cheaper than old
4	fossil fuel power plants. But if
5	FirstEnergy's ESP is approved, solar and
6	wind won't be able to compete with
7	Ohioans compelled to pay any price for
8	old, dirty technologies. If FirstEnergy
9	does not get that we are moving beyond
LO	old generating technologies to a much
11	better future energy economy and not
12	only will not take a leadership role,
13	but actively obstruct change for the
14	better, not only should they not get
15	this ESP rider, they deserve to fade
16	away. Since they are not going to fade
17	away, it falls to the regulators to put
18	them in their place. This is a social
19	and moral obligation in a civilized
20	society that wants to fulfill the
21	universally accepted requirement to pay
22	it forward, for the sake of all existing
23	and yet-to-be human generations.
24	Commissioners, please reject
25	FirstEnergy and AEP and Duke's hackward

1	economically destructive proposals that
2	prop up failing technologies.
3	Thank you for your kind attention.
4	MR. McKENNEY: We've now been at
5	the hearing for over three hours. The
6	parking garage closes in less than one
7	hour, and we are just halfway finished
8	with the list of names that I have to
9	testify this evening. So I need to ask
10	that if you can kindly keep your
11	testimony to two to three minutes, we
12	will do our best to try to hear
13	everyone. I'm going to ask the Public
14	Affairs staff to talk to the parking
15	garage attendant to see if they can get
16	us the opportunity to stay longer.
17	We'll do the best we can in that
18	respect. If not, we'll take a short
19	recess. We are some of us parked in
20	the garage. We'll move and we'll try to
21	find a way to reconvene, because we want
22	to make sure everyone is heard. We'll
23	also try to instill a mandatory two- to
24	three-minute time limit so we can try to
25	get through everyone. So I will try to

1	provide a report to you shortly, after I
2	hear from our Public Affairs staff.
3	So the next name that I have is
4	Mayor G. Kurtz?
5	MALE AUDIENCE MEMBER:
6	Respectfully, sir, Mayor Kurtz had to
7	leave because he couldn't stay so late.
8	He did indicate that he would submit his
9	testimony shortly to the Commission.
10	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you. His
11	testimony will be noted.
12	That's a good reminder for everyone
13	else, too: If you do have a written
L 4	copy of your testimony and you plan to
15	just read your testimony, you can submit
16	it here and it will be scanned into the
17	record and introduced to the record as
18	if you had read it here tonight. So if
19	you have written testimony, you're
20	welcome to leave it here with us.
21	So the next name that I have is
22	Camillo Villa?
23	After that I have Allison Fisher.
24	Is Allison Fisher here?
25	MS. FISHER: Right here.

1	
2	ALLISON FISHER,
3	After having been first duly sworn, as
4	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
5	as follows:
6	MS. FISHER: My name is Allison
7	Fisher. I'm the outreach director for
8	Public Citizen's Energy and Climate
9	Program. Public Citizen is a national
10	nonprofit consumer advocacy organization
11	located in Washington D.C. We do have
12	12,000 members and supporters right here
13	in Ohio, many of whom reside in
14	FirstEnergy's service territory. So I
15	thank you for the opportunity to provide
16	comments on the utility's proposed ESP
17	and on behalf of Public Citizen and our
18	Ohio members.
19	I do have quite a bit to say, and
20	so I am going to summarize, based on
21	your request that you just made. I will
22	do my best.
23	I do want to say that Public
24	Citizen's interest in these proceedings
25	is to ensure that FirstEnergy's

1	application adequately protects
2	consumers while promoting a cost-
3	effective, clean and efficient energy in
4	Ohio. And to that end, we are urging
5	the Commission to reject FirstEnergy's
6	request to charge ratepayers above-
7	market prices for electricity generated
8	from uncompetitive power generators.
9	At this point, I think, by way of
10	just kind of skipping through some of
11	what I've wrote here, I do want to give
12	an example of the market base or the
13	above-market base contract that we are
14	talking about, to give us some concrete
15	understanding of what that looks like.
16	So when we are talking about, for
17	example, the Davis-Besse facility,
18	FirstEnergy is proposing a price of \$65
19	per megawatt hour. That's \$26 above
20	recent market rates, which means
21	FirstEnergy is asking to saddle
22	ratepayers with approximately 50 percent
23	above market. Now, this is quite
24	ridiculous, and it's even worse because
25	these are the same plants that consumers

1	had to shell out billions of dollars for
2	to cover a transition stranded cost
3	during the early years of deregulation.
4	In fact and I do want to note this,
5	that FirstEnergy stood before this
6	Commission and argued that they needed
7	100 percent of its stranded costs
8	recovered in order to be competitive in
9	the new market. And in return, they
10	were granted that, and consumers here in
11	Ohio were charged nearly \$7 billion to
12	cover those assets. This is beyond
13	outrageous, the consumer should have to
14	bail out these same power plants twice.
15	It's clearly not in the spirit of Ohio's
16	restructural policy and is not in line
17	with public utility regulatory at the
18	federal level that do not guarantee
19	protection for utilities that are in
20	competition.
21	I'm going to skip ahead. I do want
22	to cover just a couple more points,
23	particularly that of the idea of
24	reliability as one of the arguments
25	that's being proposed by FirstEnergy

1	and, also, the concept of price
2	stability. Both of these concepts are
3	blatantly false and an argument that
4	should not be considered by the
5	Commission.
6	Reliability is the purview of, in
7	this case, PJM, and it's not determined
8	by generators. If PJM determines that
9	the plant in question needs to stay
10	online for reliability purposes, then
11	PJM designates the plants as must run,
12	and then they will offer a cost-based
13	contract to continue operating. It is
14	not the decision or the purview of this
15	Commission.
16	Regarding price stability, we
17	already know an expert paid by the Ohio
18	Consumers' Counsel has concluded that
19	ratepayers will be on the hook for an
20	estimated three billion dollars over the
21	course of the 15-year contract.
22	Meanwhile, FirstEnergy's prediction that
23	customers will eventually benefit from
24	the agreement is highly uncertain and
25	based on assumptions that apparently

1	have not been made public or accessible
2	to the public. And that needs to be
3	made public.
4	Moreover this is a legal
5	question that I wanted to pose to you
6	even if the plants in question do become
7	profitable, it seems unlikely that those
8	revenues would be used to rebate
9	ratepayers instead of returned to
10	FirstEnergy's shareholders. So I am
11	concerned about that piece, and I think
12	it should be looked into further by the
13	Commission.
14	Trying to see most of the facts
15	or the points that I want to cover have
16	been covered.
17	I do want to just reemphasize,
18	again, that Ohio consumers should not be
19	asked to prop up aging power plants,
20	especially under the threat of
21	reliability. There are better ways.
22	And one of those better ways is to
23	restore the Safe Energy Standards that
24	FirstEnergy had a first hand in
25	dismantling, and consider other

1	resources to deliver clean and cost-
2	effective power to ratepayers.
3	Then this wasn't part of my
4	original testimony, but I did want to
5	say in response to some of the job
6	arguments that have been put forward
7	tonight. And I am very sensitive to
8	that. However, I think it does bear in
9	mind that these types of regulatory
10	schemes in clean energy policies that,
11	you know, essentially be essentially
12	being dismantled and shunted by
13	FirstEnergy's efforts, you know, they're
14	hurting jobs here in this state, too,
15	and they're also driving out future
16	investments, especially in the
17	manufacturing sector. And if we are
18	going look at what closing these plants
19	means for jobs, then I think we need to
20	take a holistic look at what the jobs
21	mean in the grander scheme of these
22	clean energy policies that are being
23	scuddled and these regulatory schemes
24	that are keeping old, dirty energy
25	online. And I will conclude there.

1	Just to be clear, Public Citizen is
2	requesting you to reject the proposal.
3	Thank you.
4	MR. McKENNEY: Ms. Fisher, did you
5	want to leave your testimony?
6	MS. FISHER: I do.
7	MR. McKENNEY: Jannette Chambers?
8	Art McCoy? Is Art McCoy here?
9	Aaron Phillips?
10	Meredith Dasco?
11	
12	MEREDITH DASCO,
13	After having been first duly sworn, as
14	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
15	as follows:
16	MS. DASCO: Commissioner Haque and
17	members of the Commission, my name is
18	Meredith Dasco, and I'm the manager of
19	the ReStore for the Lake-Geauga Habitat
20	for Humanity Chapter. Thank you for the
21	opportunity to present my organization's
22	perspective on the importance of
23	approving FirstEnergy's proposed rate
24	plan.
25	Lake-Geauga Habitat for Humanity is

1	a nonprofit that helps make home
2	ownership possible for hardworking
3	families in need. We also focus on
4	improving and repairing homes for
5	qualifying veterans, seniors and
6	disadvantaged homeowners.
7	Since its inception in 1987, our
8	chapter has completed 83 projects for
9	families located throughout our service
10	area, which recently expanded to include
11	all of Lake County. We also operate a
12	successful ReStore in Newbury, Ohio,
13	which is a donation center that sells
14	new and gently-used furniture, home
15	accessories, rebuilding materials and
16	appliances to the public at a fraction
17	of the retail price. Also, we recently
18	piloted a new program called Outreach to
19	help the older homeowners who are in
20	need to stay in their homes.
21	I'm here tonight because
22	FirstEnergy has long been a valued Lake-
23	Geauge Habitat corporate partner. Over
24	the years, its employees and the
25	FirstEnergy Foundation have supported

1	our mission through corporate
2	contributions, employee volunteer
3	efforts and by providing assistance with
4	our fundraising through event
5	sponsorships and other development
6	efforts. We appreciate FirstEnergy's
7	past support and look forward to
8	continuing our successful partnership,
9	particularly as we launch our expansion
10	into Lake County, which also is home to
11	the company's Perry Nuclear Power
12	Plant.
13	Lake-Geauga Habitat for Humanity
L 4	fully supports FirstEnergy's rate plan.
15	In addition to providing affordable,
16	reliable electricity, it will also help
17	preserve the significant volunteer and
18	financial resources that FirstEnergy and
19	its employees contribute to each year to
20	nonprofit organizations such as our
21	own.
22	FirstEnergy shares our strong
23	commitment to foster the development of
24	safe, vibrant neighborhoods and
25	communities and reaching out to those in

1	need. FirstEnergy and the FirstEnergy
2	Foundation benefit hundreds of
3	organizations like ours, and thousands
4	of families and individuals each year by
5	promoting quality of life and economic
6	development initiatives, while
7	supporting projects that foster
8	community economic growth and
9	stability.
10	As part of community outreach, the
11	FirstEnergy Foundation awards grants to
12	qualifying nonprofit, tax-exempt
13	organizations. Some of these
14	organizations headquartered in Geauga
15	County include: United Way Services of
16	Geauga County, Geauga Growth
17	Partnership, and Lake-Geauga Habitat for
18	Humanity.
19	FirstEnergy's proposed rate plan
20	will contribute millions of dollars in
21	funding for economic development, job
22	retention, and energy efficiency
23	assistance that will benefit Ohio's
24	local educational institutions, small
25	businesses and local low-income

Τ	customers. The plan also provided
2	millions of dollars to assist low-income
3	customers in paying their electric
4	bills, which could release some of the
5	burden placed on nonprofits, like ours,
6	as we help those in need make ends
7	meet.
8	We rely on FirstEnergy not only to
9	serve our electrical needs, but also to
10	help improve the quality of life in our
11	region, that's why I respectfully urge
12	you to support FirstEnergy's proposed
13	rate plan.
14	Thank you again for your time and
15	allowing me to present my organization's
16	perspective.
17	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
18	Sue Steigerwald?
19	After that I have Connie Kline.
20	
21	SUE STEIGERWALD,
22	After having been first duly sworn, as
23	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
24	as follows:
25	MS. STEIGERWALD: As an

1	all-electric homeowner and founder of
2	Citizens for Keeping the All-Electric
3	Promise, I'm here tonight to make sure
4	the PUCO fully understands the bill
5	impact to the over 200,000 all-electric
6	homeowners and how it will affect them.
7	I do not want the same mistake to
8	be made when Steven Lesser, then PUCO
9	chief of staff, openly admitted in 2010
10	that they didn't realize how it was
11	going to affect all-electric homeowners.
12	Therefore, the remainder of my short
13	testimony will focus on the simple math
14	it would take to calculate the bill
15	impact to all-electric customers.
16	FirstEnergy has openly admitted
17	that the proposal will cost \$350 per
18	month, based on the average usage of 750
19	kilowatts. What I want to make sure the
20	PUCO understands is that the average
21	all-electric customer uses at least
22	three times this amount, meaning the
23	average all-electric customer's bill
24	will increase at least \$11 if this
25	proposal passes.

1	Furthermore, several thousand
2	customers like myself use electricity
3	more during the winter. To illustrate,
4	my most recent bill is what cost \$306
5	for a total of 4,600 kilowatts. This is
6	a typical winter bill for many
7	all-electric customers. If
8	FirstEnergy's proposal passes, my bill
9	will increase \$21, based on the math
10	that they are using of 750 kilowatts at
11	3.50 at \$3.50. And I want to remind
12	the PUCO that this will be on top of the
13	increase that all-electric customers are
14	already experiencing as a result of the
15	2011 decision that will eliminate the
16	residential generation credit for
17	all-electric customers. That amount on
18	my most recent bill is \$97. So I know
19	my bill will be increasing by \$97. If
20	you add the \$21 on top of that, I can
21	look forward to \$118 increase on my
22	winter bill coming up. And that would
23	put my current bill at \$424 if this
24	passes.
25	So I wanted to remind you that this

1	is pretty much at the same level that my
2	bill was at when the all-electric crisis
3	happened in 2010 and Governor Strickland
4	had to intervene. So basically, I just
5	want to make sure you nobody can say
6	they don't understand the bill impact to
7	all-electric customers, as happened in
8	2010. And I thank you for your time.
9	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
10	Connie Kline?
11	
12	CONNIE KLINE,
13	After having been first duly sworn, as
14	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
15	as follows:
16	MS. KLINE: Now we're married.
17	In consideration of these time
18	constraints, I'm really not going to
19	present my testimony. However, I have a
20	few visuals that are not intended to
21	offend, but are intended to reinforce
22	some points. The first one is a 1982
23	cartoon that appeared in the Cleveland
24	Press. And it appeared at the time that
25	stranded costs were being considered by

1	the PUCO. And as you can see, it shows
2	the PUCO and CEI in a compromising
3	position in a motel bed.
4	This is another cartoon. I can't
5	read the date on it, so I'm not sure
6	when it appeared. But it says, "Here
7	comes the utility bill," and it's a
8	giant screw.
9	The one thing I would like to ask
10	of the PUCO, I would like you to force
11	FirstEnergy to release all of its
12	secret energy efficiency data. Of
13	course, FirstEnergy wants to conceal
14	this information because it purportedly
15	shows \$1.8 billion in savings to date
16	from energy efficiency alone without
17	even considering renewable energy
18	sources. This information is public
19	record. And I don't understand why
20	FirstEnergy is allowed to conceal it.
21	And the PUCO should mandate its
22	immediate release.
23	In August 2014, a random survey of
24	Ohioans showed that they overwhelmingly
25	favored efficiency and renewable energy

1	over coal and nuclear. And a September
2	2014 survey found that by a 2-to-1
3	ratio, registered voters in Ohio support
4	political candidates who favor renewable
5	energy and energy efficient mandates
6	over coal and nuclear. The damage from
7	Senate Bill 310 has already been felt in
8	Ohio, according to a recent report from
9	the PUCO charitable trust.
10	Ohio was number 13 in the country
11	for new capacity and private investment
12	in wind at the end of 2012. Such an
13	investment has virtually ceased, due to
14	passage of Senate Bill 310. Is the PUCO
15	going to compound the situation?
16	Many people think that PUCO stands
17	for Protecting Utilities' Corporate
18	Opulence. Please prove us wrong.
19	MR. McKENNEY: At this point we're
20	going to take a five-minute recess.
21	Let's go off the record.
22	
23	(Thereupon, a brief recess was had.)
24	
25	MR. McKENNEY: We've talked to the

1	parking attendants. We're trying to
2	make it through as many people as
3	possible.
4	The next person I have on the list
5	is Richard Jordan. Mr. Jordan?
6	
7	RICHARD JORDAN,
8	After having been first duly sworn, as
9	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
10	as follows:
11	MR. JORDAN: Well, mine is really
12	going to be short, my testimony. I'm
13	Richard Jordan. I have an all-electric
14	home, and I'm trying to find out why
15	FirstEnergy can't be trusted because
16	back in 1980 there were over 200,000
17	people who had all-electric homes. And
18	we built them only because FirstEnergy
19	promised them a discount. Nobody would
20	have built these houses, because you
21	couldn't sell them if you had to pay the
22	electric bill. They took most of that
23	discount away back in 2010, and they're
24	still taking it away a fifth at a time
25	for the next four or five years.

1	This rate increase is going to
2	affect electric homes more than anybody
3	else. We built our houses in good
4	faith, trusting in the electric company,
5	and these discounts should have stayed
6	until the house was no longer there.
7	In closing, I would like to ask the
8	members of the PUCO to go back to when
9	all this started and look at how all of
10	us electric homeowners have been treated
11	by both the electric company and your
12	agency and I'm sure you guys weren't
13	on it then that should be on the
L 4	consumer's side. I feel that they
15	didn't do anything then to help the
16	homeowner, because we got the electric
17	discount taken away. And in spite of
18	all the support we had of every
19	politician I knew, we still lost. And
20	this was based on the past decisions
21	that have gone against the electric
22	homeowners. I hope this time I'm proven
23	wrong. Thank you.
24	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
25	Greg Coleridge?

1	
2	GREG COLERIDGE,
3	After having been first duly sworn, as
4	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
5	as follows:
6	MR. COLERIDGE: My name is Greg
7	Coleridge. I live in Cleveland Heights,
8	and I am a consumer of FirstEnergy,
9	unfortunately.
10	I testify this evening not only as
11	a consumer, but as a citizen. As a
12	consumer, I'm concerned about the rising
13	prices of energy that seem unwarranted
14	and little more than a corporate
15	bailout. But as a citizen, I'm even
16	more concerned. Concerned about
17	decision making, power, and democracy,
18	as they relate to not only FirstEnergy
19	Corporation, but also to PUCO.
20	Former Cleveland Mayor Tom
21	Johnson's warning a century ago is still
22	relevant today. "I believe in municipal
23	ownership of all public service
24	monopolies, because if you do not own
25	them they will in time own you. They

1	will rule your politics, corrupt your
2	institutions and, finally, destroy your
3	liberties."
4	FirstEnergy Corporation has
5	certainly come to rule our politics and
6	corrupt our legislative institutions
7	with their hot shot lobbyists and piles
8	of campaign contributions to many of the
9	same Ohio legislators who voted to delay
10	green energy standards. But it's not
11	just FirstEnergy Corporation that is a
12	threat to our democracy, whatever credit
13	we have left of it. Regulatory
14	agencies, like PUCO, which shield
15	corporate utilities, serve to
16	effectively absorb our time, energy and
17	resources, and to distract our attention
18	from demanding statewide legislation,
19	citizen initiative and public hearings
20	on the more fundamental issue of ending
21	corporate-owned utilities. Past and
22	more recent history demonstrates that
23	public-owned utilities provide more
24	democratically accountable and cheaper
25	energy

1	Samuel Insull was right a century
2	ago about "electricity being a natural
3	monopoly." His belief, though, that
4	regulation would protect utility
5	monopolies from both private competition
6	and outright public ownership was
7	antidemocratic.
8	Milwaukee Mayor Daniel Hoan, in
9	1907, said it best about electric
10	regulatory commissions. "No shrewder
11	piece of political humbuggery and
12	downright fraud has ever been placed
13	upon the statute books. It's supposed
L 4	to be legislation for the people. In
15	fact, it's legislation for the power
16	oligarchy."
17	No matter the outcome of these
18	hearings tonight and over the past and
19	upcoming weeks, the profound problem is
20	that we the people are not directly in
21	control of our energy. Corporate
22	utilities using PUCO as a shield are in
23	charge. FirstEnergy Corporation's
24	market monopoly socialism to which,
25	heads they win, tails we lose, both

1	politically and in our pocketbooks. It
2	doesn't have to happen. It wasn't
3	always like it is now. It doesn't have
4	to continue. These hearings are akin to
5	a democracy theme park that looks real
6	and legit on the surface, but distracts
7	and distorts from the issues of power
8	and control. Regulatory agencies
9	regulate us. They regulate our ability
10	to think outside the regulatory box, to
11	imagine what real and direct definition
12	of power, control and democracy could
13	be.
14	Yes, the answer here tonight is to
15	oppose this corporate bailout. But the
16	answer to the fundamental problem of
17	private monopolies is more democracy
18	through public control, the likes of
19	which would make Tom Johnson proud.
20	We need to think and act not just
21	like consumers, but as citizens.
22	MR. McKENNEY: John Turner?
23	
24	JOHN TURNER,
25	After having been first duly sworn, as

1	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
2	as follows:
3	MR. TURNER: Good evening. My name
4	is John Turner. I live in Shaker
5	Heights, Ohio. I am pursuing a degree
6	in Economics and Environmental Studies
7	at Case Western Reserve University,
8	where I also conduct research in energy
9	and sustainability. I appreciate the
10	PUCO holding this necessary venue for
11	public testimony.
12	The stated mission of the Public
13	Utilities Commission is, "to assure all
L 4	residential and businesses access to
15	adequate, safe, and reliable utility
16	services at fair prices while
17	facilitating an environment that
18	provides competitive choices."
19	The proposal before you, and
20	similar proposals that have been made by
21	Duke Energy and American Electric Power,
22	are not consistent with your stated
23	mission. The proposal before you does
24	not assure residential and business
25	access to electricity at fair prices.

1	According to independent experts, this
2	proposal will cost consumers an
3	additional \$3.1 to \$3.2 billion. Some
4	have suggested higher.
5	FirstEnergy has claimed that these
6	plans will, in a few years, start to
7	make energy. But by submitting this
8	proposal, they have essentially admitted
9	that they won't, otherwise why would
10	they need the \$3.1, \$3.2 billion.
11	Furthermore, they have conceded
12	that without this money, these plants
13	would not be competitive with newer
14	facilities that use wind energy and
15	gas. How, one might ask, are these
16	plants going to become affordable or
17	profitable to run profitable to run
18	in years to come when they're not now,
19	as the price of renewable energy that
20	they're competing with continues to
21	decline, as scientific progress
22	advances.
23	Further, besides this, you have
24	heard from the company asking for three
25	over three billion dollars, that this

1	proposal will be good for consumers. If
2	it was good for consumers, why have so
3	many of them stood before you today and
4	asked you not to pass it?
5	If FirstEnergy was telling the
6	truth, why would independent experts
7	without a stake in the game say
8	otherwise? And why would the consumers
9	who are supposedly going to benefit
10	agree with the independent experts and
11	not FirstEnergy? What's more, this is
12	not the only way that the plan before
13	you and others like it are inconsistent
14	with the Public Utilities Commission's
15	Mission. These proposals from
16	FirstEnergy and Duke and AEP don't
17	facilitate an economic or an
18	environment that provides competitive
19	choices.
20	Since 1999, Ohio electricity
21	distributors have been required to buy
22	their electricity, to which they sell to
23	end users on the open market.
24	Competition.
25	The proposal before you would

1	which is to the proposal here tonight
2	seeks to have public utilities able to
3	buy electricity at, admittedly,
4	uncompetitive rates from their parent
5	companies. That is not competition.
6	This proposal goes against the Public
7	Utilities Commission's stated mission,
8	and it is not consistent with the law.
9	A few of the previous speakers have
10	suggested that renewable energy either
11	is not reliable enough, cannot be
12	brought online enough, or is too
13	expensive to provide Ohio with reliable,
14	clean, safe and affordable, of course,
15	energy. The only reason that renewable
16	energy, like wind, solar, and
17	hydroelectric are not the most cost-
18	competitive ways to provide energy is
19	that the game has been rigged. It has
20	been rigged by vested interests that
21	profit from dirty energy and by the
22	antienvironmental extremists who
23	sympathize with them who have managed to
24	weasel their way into our legislature.
25	More on that in a minute, if there is

1	time.
2	But an example in a broader sense,
3	first. Last December at the United
4	Nations Conference of Parties, the
5	United Nations Green Climate Fund met
6	its initial capitalization goal. The
7	Green Climate Fund, for anybody who is
8	unaware, is a fund to help low-income
9	developing countries adapt to global
10	warming. The fund is provided by
11	developed countries which are
12	responsible for global warming. It was
13	reassuring that the fund did meet its
14	modest capitalization goal. What's not
15	so reassuring is that the country that
16	provided this funding spent three times
17	as much in the last year alone, more
18	than \$30 billion, searching for new
19	fossil fuel reserve for private
20	companies to come along and exploit,
21	even when the most optimistic estimates
22	by climate scientists say that we can,
23	at most, burn less than a fifth of the
24	fossil fuel reserves that are already
25	known.

1	Here's a story that's a little bit
2	closer to home. A few weeks ago I
3	changed my electric provider from
4	FirstEnergy to AEP. FirstEnergy's
5	subsidiary, Cleveland Electric
6	Illuminating, still owns my distribution
7	price. But the plan I was able to buy
8	from AEP comes from 100 percent clean
9	electricity. The cost of clean energy
10	was about a dollar a month. That's
11	hardly a significant amount, at least
12	for most people. I certainly sympathize
13	with anybody for whom that is a
L 4	significant amount. But somebody for
15	whom that \$12 a year is breaking the
16	bank, probably, honestly, doesn't own a
17	house in the first place and does not
18	need or would benefit much from a
19	house. Doesn't have one, and therefore
20	doesn't need to be worrying about
21	electricity bills.
22	Nevertheless, this wind energy
23	should have been the cheapest way to
24	the cheapest plan available on Apples to
25	Annles Why wasn't it? Well my extra

1	dollar a month went to support good,
2	clean jobs in the wind farms of
3	Pennsylvania. Why not Ohio? Well, last
4	spring, 35,000 jobs in this state were
5	provided by the renewable energy
6	industry; however, there are two bills
7	that have seriously threatened the
8	future of this excellent industry in our
9	state. The first and most egregious is
10	SB 483, which arbitrarily declared that
11	all wind turbines must be at least half
12	a mile away from roads. This served no
13	purpose, other than to rig the game
14	against clean energy. The other, which
15	you have heard about already tonight,
16	was SB 310. Ohio now has the dubious
17	distinction, thanks to SB 310, of being
18	the only state to create a much-needed
19	renewable standard and then to remove
20	it.
21	These renewable energy standards
22	made our air cleaner. They provided
23	tens of thousands of jobs and, if we
24	were on track, would provide more. And
25	they those are the important ones

1	They there is a saying that
2	everybody has their price. Those
3	economic antienvironmental extremists
4	who I mentioned earlier, who weaseled
5	their way into the State House, to name
6	one example, the ranking democratic
7	member, although minority leader, on the
8	House Energy Committee, Representative
9	Sandra William who now is the senator
10	for the 21st District, she supported SB
11	310. This might seem insane but
12	speaking more to the audience for a
13	minute. If you live in the 21st
14	District, you might be interested she
15	received \$25,000 towards her,
16	thankfully, failed campaign for the
17	Cuyahoga County Commissioner from
18	FirstEnergy. So, apparently, if you
19	live in the 21st Central District in the
20	state, apparently your senator will
21	oppose employment and air for 25 grand.
22	In the spirit of the Public Utility
23	Commission's Mission and in the letter
24	of the law, I strongly urge the
25	Commission not to continue to allow

1	companies like FirstEnergy and other
2	monopoly-distinct companies that produce
3	dirty energy, that causes global
4	warming, that harms health through
5	particulate emissions, sulfur dioxide,
6	nitrous dioxide. I could go on. And I
7	thank you again for the very important
8	venue here tonight for public
9	testimony.
10	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
11	Guy Parmigian? Is that you, sir?
12	Okay. We can wait.
13	I've been notified that the parking
14	garage will be open until 11:00. If we
15	go until ten to 11:00, at that time we
16	will have to adjourn this meeting.
17	
18	H.G. WARDLAW,
19	After having been first duly sworn, as
20	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
21	as follows:
22	MR. WARDLAW: I am H.G. Wardlaw.
23	I'm a retired Presbyterian minister.
24	And I've had an interesting and good
25	life, in spite of the fact that I can't

1	walk around like I used to because
2	somebody ran into the back of my car.
3	But it was a Jeep Liberty, and those
4	explode. But mine had the factory
5	trailer hitch on it, so that was a good
6	thing. I'm not going to go on any
7	further about those kinds of things.
8	I want to tell you about a guy who
9	is named Charles B. Fisk. Charles B.
10	Fisk was one of the businesses who was
11	on the team that designed the Atom
12	Bomb. He was there at White Sands, New
13	Mexico a place that I know very well
14	because I've hiked all over it when
15	the first bomb was detonated.
16	Obliterated existence. He was so
17	devastated by the destructive power of
18	the Atom Bomb that he turned his
19	knowledge of physics in a different
20	direction. I learned of this in my last
21	pasturage.
22	When I was the interim pastor
23	interim senior pastor of the House of
24	Hope Presbyterian Church in St. Paul,
25	Minnesota, a building that was designed

1	by the same architect who designed the
2	Cathedral of St. John the Divine in New
3	York City, that church has been funded
4	since its first days when a man named
5	Edward Duffield Neal came to St. Paul,
6	Minnesota to seek to create a place
7	where people could be and live. And he
8	founded the House of Hope. Shortly
9	after that, the Weyerhaeuser family of
10	Weyerhaeuser Timber Company became a
11	part of that church and has remained a
12	part of that church until the present
13	time, giving unselfishly of themselves
14	and of their resources, to make life
15	better in our world.
16	I'm sorry. I'll get up here where
17	you can hear me.
18	One of the Weyerhaeusers got in
19	touch with Charles B. Fisk. And if you
20	will go on the program called "Pipe
21	Dreams" every week, you will hear his
22	organ in the House of Hope on national
23	public radio with Michael Barone as the
24	host. You will also hear a magnificent
25	choir and a fantastic congregation,

1	whose congregational singing is led by
2	that. And that love of God and people
3	goes from that church to the ends of the
4	Earth, starting in St. Paul where they
5	have a tower, which has apartments
6	MR. McKENNEY: Mr. Wardlaw, I'm
7	sorry to interrupt you. We're running
8	short on time. Did you have comment on
9	FirstEnergy?
10	MR. WARDLAW: I do. I do.
11	a tower where mothers who have
12	children, who have no husband in the
13	home, are provided with apartments with
14	child care, with college tuition and the
15	ability to come into a better place than
16	life. I think that is what we are all
17	called to do with the power that is
18	given us. Okay.
19	I want to ask, if you don't get
20	national public radio that you go on to
21	YouTube and put in the phrase "House of
22	Hope, organs" or "pipe organs." And you
23	will find a you will see that
24	magnificent instrument. Millions of
25	dollars to God's glory. A congregation

1	that does that kind of work not only in
2	St. Paul, not only in that congregation,
3	not only in our denomination, but to the
4	ends of the Earth. They have gone into
5	Eastern Europe, into the Caribbean
6	Islands, building buildings and making
7	changes in people's lives, believing
8	that God gave them huge resources to be
9	used to God's glory.
10	Now, I'm not asking FirstEnergy to
11	become a religious company. But I am
12	suggesting that you might go and do
13	likewise, like another corporation that
14	I have known, because I was in their
15	church. I was an associate pastor when
16	I was a very young man, in the second
17	largest Presbyterian Church in America,
18	where the founding leadership of Holiday
19	Inns were members. And they did all
20	kinds of things for the betterment of
21	people. They didn't have to go out in
22	the motel business or hotel business.
23	They simply let it spill over. And it
24	changed their attitude to those that
25	they were serving.

1	So with that, I will end the sermon
2	and suggest the postlude that can happer
3	after we leave here. And I would ask
4	I know that many of you in FirstEnergy
5	are people of faith. And I would ask
6	that you consider how you might use and
7	how you might spread that which God has
8	given to you and through you. And oh,
9	thanks for the night light. Thank you.
10	MR. McKENNEY: We have
11	approximately 30 names left and 60
12	minutes. I'm going to have to instill a
13	rough 2-minute time limit on your
14	remaining testimonies. I'm very sorry
15	for that.
16	The next name I have is Jim
17	Ciocke.
18	After that I have Debra Shankland.
19	Next I have Richard Crouse.
20	After that I have Deanna Wolford.
21	
22	DEANNA WOLFORD,
23	After having been first duly sworn, as
24	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
25	as follows:

1	MS. WOLFORD: I believe that
2	FirstEnergy's proposed rate plan and
3	Power Purchase Agreement are too much of
4	a financial risk for Ohio consumers. I
5	am especially concerned about the cost
6	to maintain aging power plants and to
7	keep power plants environmentally
8	compliant. I think it would be wrong to
9	subsidize FirstEnergy to keep these
10	plants open rather than allowing newer
11	forms of energy to compete in the
12	wholesale electricity market.
13	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
14	Next I have Grennetta Taylor.
15	Grennetta Taylor?
16	Frank Jalics?
17	
18	FRANK JALICS,
19	After having been first duly sworn, as
20	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
21	as follows:
22	MR. JALICS: So I'm not sure what
23	you are and are not allowed to consider
24	when you think this through. One thing
25	that seems to be at least a question

1	for me in the gray area is and other
2	people have mentioned the pollution
3	that happens from these power plants,
4	especially coal-fired power plants has
5	real costs. If somebody has asthma,
6	they don't go to work. Their kid gets
7	sick, they don't go to work. These are
8	real costs.
9	I remember reading an article I
10	don't remember what the number was,
11	okay, but how much pollution drags down
12	the GDP of China, alright, because they
13	have pollution. I don't know how you
14	consider that or whether you can
15	consider that. I would suggest to you
16	that if that were part of the price of
17	the electricity coming out of a coal
18	plant, they would already not be
19	competitive.
20	As far as global warming, there are
21	many things, but one simple one to think
22	is, you know, about half of the storage
23	level is only a couple feet above sea
24	level. I don't know what that land is
25	worth, but it's a lot more than what I'm

1	worth. Just saying. The other thing
2	that, as far as costs go and one of
3	the young men pointed it out is that
4	the cost of wind and electric power has
5	been on a steady well, I shouldn't
6	say steady. Some of it was more, like,
7	a precipitous drop, right? But the
8	prices have really come down an awful
9	lot. And the power purchase agreements
10	for solar are down in the five cent
11	range, and wind is a lot less than that
12	in some places where, you know part
13	of the story here, you know, with Ohio,
L 4	is it's not windiest state and it's not
15	the sunniest state, and that's why there
16	is still a lit bit of this going on.
17	But the price is heading down, right?
18	And so you have to consider not just the
19	prices of renewables today, but the
20	prices of renewables in 15 years. And
21	they'll be lower. And the coal isn't
22	getting lower, right? And the other
23	thing is that, of course, global warming
24	and all this pollution stuff are things
25	that I dislike. And I don't want the

1	fossil power plant blocking renewables
2	from coming in. Because if they get
3	paid whatever it costs to put that power
4	on the line, then something can't come
5	in to take its place for 15 years.
6	That's an eternity. That makes
7	absolutely no sense to me. So I think
8	costs we need to consider the
9	environmental costs. I would hope that
10	we could consider the environmental
11	costs. I don't know if that's true,
12	whether you can or you cannot. But even
13	just the dollar costs. It doesn't come
14	out. And it certainly isn't going to be
15	anywhere near coming out in 15 years.
16	So that's what I have to say.
17	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you. Liz
18	Kilroy Hernandez?
19	Shannon Adams?
20	
21	SHANNON ADAMS,
22	After having been first duly sworn, as
23	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
24	as follows:
25	MS. ADAMS: My name is Shannon

1	Adams. I'm a FirstEnergy customer, and
2	I'm opposed to the utility bailout plan
3	for FirstEnergy.
4	Approval of this plan means locking
5	consumers and businesses into paying
6	more for a coal plant that was built in
7	the '50s and went on the offline in 2012
8	because it could no longer compete in
9	the free market. It also includes
10	mandating power from the Davis-Besse
11	Nuclear Plant, which according to the
12	Nuclear Regulatory Commission, has been
13	the source of two of the top five most
14	dangerous nuclear incidents in the U.S.
15	since 1979.
16	The non bypassable PPA rider
17	contradicts the 1999 Ohio law that
18	mandates free competition in Ohio's
19	electricity generation market.
20	Finally, the biggest reason
21	FirstEnergy wants this rate plan
22	approved is to shift their risk and bad
23	decisions onto everyone but themselves.
24	Please deny FirstEnergy's ESP that does
25	not benefits Ohioans. Thank you.

1	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you. Laura E.
2	Jones? Is Laura E. Jones here?
3	
4	LAURA E. JONES,
5	After having been first duly sworn, as
6	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
7	as follows:
8	MS. JONES: Good evening,
9	Commissioner Haque and members of the
10	Commission. I'm Laura E. Jones, the
11	Executive Director of Leadership
12	Ashtabula County. Thank you for this
13	opportunity to present our agency's
14	perspective on FirstEnergy's proposed
15	rate plan.
16	At Leadership Ashtabula County, we
17	encourage, educate, and stimulate
18	individuals of all ages to become more
19	familiar with, interested in, and engage
20	in all facets of civic endeavors in
21	Ashtabula County. Our mission is to
22	develop people who improve the quality
23	of life in our community.
24	FirstEnergy is one of our biggest
25	supporter as well as they support the

1	program sponsor, providing of
2	volunteers, speakers and resources to
3	support our business development and
4	economic focus program.
5	We fully support FirstEnergy's
6	proposed rate plan. Not only will it
7	help keep Ohio power plants available to
8	support the State's economic future, but
9	it also will help ensure the percentage
10	we need to continue to contribute its
11	financial and volunteer resources to
12	nonprofit organizations like ours.
13	In addition, the plan contributes
14	millions of dollars to help low-income
15	customers pay their electric bills,
16	which would relieve some of the
17	pressures currently placed on nonprofits
18	and local businesses as need continues
19	to grow.
20	FirstEnergy's ongoing commitment to
21	Leadership Ashtabula County enables the
22	developmental growth in a stronger,
23	safer community.
24	FirstEnergy and FirstEnergy
25	Foundation impact the lives of thousands

1	or people by supporting organizations
2	such as ours. They also promote quality
3	of life projects that provide our
4	community with the electric utility.
5	The company encourages the engaging of
6	its employees to regularly volunteer and
7	take on community leadership roles.
8	As the parent of an autistic child
9	and an infant, the daughter of parents
10	with cancer and also with multiple
11	sclerosis, I find it offensive when
12	people typically attribute dirty air to
13	the cause of these things and utilize
14	unfounded statements and fear as a
15	tool.
16	My organization educates our
17	communities current and upcoming leaders
18	in how we can make a difference. Their
19	awareness concerning social servicing
20	and business development impacts the
21	decisions they make in their personal
22	and professional lives.
23	FirstEnergy epitomizes the level of
24	awareness we try and seek. The company
25	is a corporation that truly works to

1	better our community. They're
2	responsive and involved and an important
3	part of the classes of our community.
4	While we rely on FirstEnergy to supply
5	our community's electric needs, the
6	company also dramatically improves the
7	quality of life in Ashtabula County and
8	our region. For these and other
9	reasons, I encourage you to support
10	FirstEnergy's plan. Thank you.
11	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
12	Next up is Luis Aroch, Jr.
13	
14	LUIS AROCH, JR,
15	After having been first duly sworn, as
16	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
17	as follows:
18	MR. AROCH: I solemnly thank you
19	very much for taking the time.
20	(Indicating.) He was so nice. He
21	said, "You don't have to thank me. I'm
22	a public servant." This is what he's
23	here to do. And I just want to take
24	this opportunity in this hearing to use
25	my ability for free speech I know

1	FirstEnergy has used their ability in
2	regards to contributions to use their
3	free speech to roll back some of our
4	renewable standards. But I just wanted
5	to, first and foremost so, I'm just a
6	U.S. citizen. I work on minimum wage.
7	I struggle to pay my bills. I don't
8	I'm not a customer of FirstEnergy
9	directly, but I rent, so therefore,
10	indirectly, I am.
11	A couple things I want to do is, I
12	want to give my praise to the utility
13	workers that do work for FirstEnergy. I
14	have nothing against the workers of
15	FirstEnergy. I have nothing against
16	these nonprofits that are doing good
17	works that are in conjunction with
18	FirstEnergy. However, the thing that I
19	have is and I oppose this energy
20	security plan, which essentially is a
21	corporate bailout. But I feel that
22	you know, I feel a corporation should be
23	responsible for their poor decisions.
24	I believe in what's written on that
25	wall there, that, you know, they should

1	have wise management. Apparently, they
2	do not. You know, apparently they
3	weren't they didn't have the
4	foresight to see that we needed to move
5	in a different direction. Instead, what
6	they're trying to do is, they're trying
7	to weasel their way take away our
8	rights, control our public servants
9	through financial contributions and take
10	away the opinion of the people.
11	Tons of people were here today
12	talking about how a majority of people
13	want renewable and clean energy; they
14	don't want dirty energy anymore. We
15	have the technology. We want to do it
16	now. But I understand FirstEnergy,
17	because they are a business. They want
18	to go business as usual because that's
19	been profitable and they have their ways
20	of continuing to try to skew the rules
21	in their favor. But I stand here today
22	in saying that this proposal shouldn't
23	even be on the floor. This is against
24	free market economy. This you know,
25	the thing that should be is, the people

1	who are saying, I'm willing to pay more
2	for a brighter future for tomorrow, as
3	opposed to the cataclysmic results of
4	what could happen if we reach you
5	know, pass surpass what they estimate
6	as our allowance in regards to emission
7	with methane and CO2.
8	So I stand here as an activist. I
9	don't get paid for what I do. I go out
10	and I protest. And I want a better
11	future for my nephews, for, hopefully,
12	my future children and future
13	generations. Seventh generations,
L 4	always keep that in mind, instead of
15	thinking about the profit of today and
16	what it will do today.
17	So that is my time, I'm sure. But
18	I want to thank you for coming. I want
19	to thank the public servants for what
20	you do. But I also want to remind
21	people that this is a government for the
22	people by the people. And it shouldn't
23	be corporations are not people. I
24	have yet to meet one in person. Thank
25	you.

1	MR. McKENNEY: Ashleigh Prigodich?
2	
3	ASHLEIGH PRIGODICH,
4	After having been first duly sworn, as
5	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
6	as follows:
7	MS. PRIGODICH: I'm Ashleigh
8	Prigodich, and I'm speaking on behalf of
9	a FirstEnergy customer, for now, against
10	the bailout. So where many people right
11	now are creating a carbon footprint,
12	FirstEnergy is creating a carbon trail.
13	According to the according to
14	Environment Ohio, in 2012 we ranked
15	second for climate change pollution from
16	power plants.
17	Now, not only is it ridiculous to
18	ask customers to give FirstEnergy more
19	money because they made poor
20	investments, but to bail out a plant
21	that ranks in the top 100 polluting coal
22	plants in the country and I'm
23	speaking about the W.H. Sammis Plant in
24	Scranton that was mentioned earlier.
25	Now I am part of a generation that

Τ,	has to live with the mistakes from these
2	companies. I'm not a lawyer. I'm not a
3	politician. But more importantly, I'm
4	educated. And I can see the harm that
5	carbon emissions can do; acid rain,
6	particulate matter, nitrous oxide that
7	causes smog. FirstEnergy wants to argue
8	that they're keeping people in business
9	and creating jobs; coal miners,
10	engineers, et cetera. Now, that's well
11	and all. But what about the jobs that
12	they're actually compromising. Farmers
13	whose crops are ruined from acid rain;
14	fishermen who can't fish because of the
15	high mercury contents in water.
16	Now they also might want to argue
17	that we need to do more research. I'll
18	show you where the research is. You've
19	had people here from Case Western who
20	have been to doing research. I'll
21	gladly do the research myself.
22	FirstEnergy wants to create jobs. Hire
23	me. I'll do it.
24	If these bailouts should happen,
25	does FirstEnergy think that customers

1	are going to sit idly by and pay the
2	increased rates, because I know I
3	won't. Thank you.
4	MR. McKENNEY: Monika Bialoglowicz?
5	FEMALE AUDIENCE MEMBER: She
6	submitted her testimony.
7	MR. McKENNEY: Sandy Buchanan?
8	FEMALE AUDIENCE MEMBER: She also
9	submitted her testimony.
10	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
11	Judith Masters?
12	Howard Mashen?
13	Jules Rewald?
14	
15	JULES REWALD
16	After having been first duly sworn, as
17	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
18	as follows:
19	MR. REWALD: I want to thank you
20	people. You must have the patience of
21	Job to listen to some of these things
22	that you had tonight. And I bet if you
23	tried to administer the same oath to
24	FirstEnergy Solutions, I would be
25	surprised if they didn't go up in

1	smoke.
2	I have never known such a duplicit
3	I don't want to use the word "liar,"
4	but duplicited(sic) misstatement.
5	Misdirection certainly covers how that
6	company is operated. Okay.
7	I like I said, my name is Jules
8	Rewald. I've owned my own business. I
9	am a degreed accountant. So when I come
10	to FirstEnergy, I know some of what I'm
11	talking about. I also have a degree in
12	electronical electrical engineering.
13	Now, FirstEnergy, as I understand
14	it, we've got two different groups.
15	First, we have the Illuminating Company,
16	which is the delivery service, and
17	FirstEnergy Solutions, which is the
18	generation portion that makes the
19	electricity.
20	The proposal in front of your board
21	is that FirstEnergy Solutions, which is
22	supposed to be an independent company
23	remember back in 1999 they argued to be
24	split in two, claimed they were
25	independent. Fine. If they are

1	independent, then the cost associated
2	with the generation of electricity
3	belongs to the company that owns the
4	generation.
5	You gave them protection. They
6	were a monopoly. They decided they
7	didn't want to be a protected monopoly.
8	They left the protection wing and they
9	went out into the free market. Now
10	they're on the free market and they've
11	got a coal-fired plant that's being
12	pushed out by technology; a nuclear
13	plant, which is first generation, which
L 4	is being pushed out by technology. It's
15	going to be gone whether you give them
16	approval or not. But what they want is,
17	they want you to guarantee that even if
18	I don't buy electricity generation from
19	them, I'm going to pay to support them
20	anyway. That's not my job to support
21	them. And it's not your job to protect
22	them. They lost that protection when
23	they went out into the free market.
24	As far as if they're not here,
25	communities will fall apart. Do you

1	believe that we're looking at a future
2	where we're not going to use computers
3	and electric light bulbs? And if we
4	are, someone is going to produce
5	electricity. When Saturn went bye-bye,
6	General Motors went forward, stepped in
7	to make more cars.
8	If there is a need for electricity,
9	someone will make the electricity. The
10	proposal in front of you is for the next
11	three years. We who don't buy the
12	products that they make will be required
13	to pay whatever it costs, okay, if
14	they're losing money on the open market,
15	to pay for plans that we're not using
16	and products we're not using.
17	Now, when it comes to trusting
18	FirstEnergy Solutions about how much it
19	costs, let me remind you, you were here
20	when they broke up the company and
21	charged us three billion dollars to
22	split the company. You were here when
23	they tried to sell us green light
24	bulbs. Let's see. What were they? The
25	little twisty kind Anybody could go

1	down to Home Depot or the drug store and
2	buy those light bulbs for about \$5 to
3	\$7. But they wanted to put \$1.50 a
4	month on our bill for the next 18
5	months, which would have been \$27
6	dollars for \$7 worth of light bulbs.
7	Okay. And I don't believe Home Depot is
8	giving their light bulbs away without
9	making a profit.
10	Then lastly, remember when they had
11	their little polar vortex and the
12	delivery company was required to buy
13	electricity from the manufacturing side
14	of it, and we were billed three times
15	the market rate.
16	So we've got plenty of history that
17	this company cannot be trusted to tell
18	the truth. They gouge the public and
19	everything.
20	You want to talk about electric
21	bills. This is mine for the last
22	month. It's \$258. I am living on a
23	pension of \$1,300 a month. Now, my
24	credit for the generation is going
25	away My aradit for the delivery is

1	going away. Okay. And then they want
2	to tack on my cost. I don't buy
3	FirstEnergy's electric Solutions
4	electricity. I buy from another
5	supplier. Why should I pay for their
6	plant? That cost belongs to that plant,
7	and they can pass it on to their
8	customers if the open market allows it
9	to happen. If not, they can go away and
10	someone will replace them.
11	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
12	Thomas Smith?
13	
14	THOMAS SMITH,
15	After having been first duly sworn, as
16	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
17	as follows:
18	MR. SMITH: My name is Tom Smith.
19	I live at 1528 Elmwood Avenue, Lakewood,
20	Ohio.
21	Thank you for the opportunity.
22	Thank you for your perseverance and your
23	presence tonight.
24	I would like to say that I'm here
25	to oppose the application for the rate

1	hike. If anybody wants to spend more of
2	my money, I would like to see it spent
3	on renewables or on efficiencies.
4	We visited some friends in England
5	40 years. I'll repeat that. 40 years
6	ago. Electricity was pretty expensive
7	in Europe back then, as it right now.
8	They had time-of-day pricing on their
9	electricity. They had a heating system
10	that had a lot of bricks around it. At
11	night it was heated up when the
12	electricity was cheaper. During the day
13	a thermostat through a flame through
14	these bricks heated the house when the
15	electricity was more expensive. Why
16	don't we have this? I think we have it
17	for a few of the larger companies. Why
18	doesn't everybody have this, instead of
19	saying, well, we've got to keep this
20	dumb, old plant going? Because
21	everybody rushes home and turns on their
22	air conditioner and their electric stove
23	and everything at 5:00 or 6:00. So we
24	have this high demand between 4:00 and
25	6:00. Well, why don't we just do a

1	little rate restructuring and take care
2	of that, like other countries did 40
3	years ago?
4	I keep hearing that FirstEnergy
5	says, we need this rate hike because of
6	this peak demand in the 4:00 to 6:00. I
7	don't hear them saying anything about,
8	gee, why don't we think up some storage
9	method, whether it's with renewables or
10	the current electricity we're
11	producing. People are using liquid
12	sodium right now for peak demand. Why
13	isn't FirstEnergy? What about water
14	reservoirs for peak demand instead of
15	keeping an old plant going with somebody
16	else's money?
17	I guess I would say, I really don't
18	have anything against surcharges.
19	There's been a lot of them over the
20	years. I trust the people in charge.
21	They've done a good job saying that
22	those are worthwhile surcharges. I just
23	object to where this surcharge is
24	going. If it can't go to renewables, if
25	it can't go to efficiency, if it can't

1	go to the future, then please don't take
2	my money.
3	I hear this is going to cost the
4	consumers one to three billion dollars.
5	Well, I know the price of a solar power
6	plant a one gigawatt solar power
7	plant is one billion dollars. If we're
8	going to lose three billion over 15
9	years, we could build three power
10	plants, a gigawatt power plant. That's
11	the equivalent of a good size nuclear
12	power plant. Then if we use some sort
13	of storage, we could store it for those
14	peak periods and make use of a an
15	energy source that isn't constant. It
16	isn't a base source. It isn't there all
17	the time, but we could store it.
18	You know, if FirstEnergy wants my
19	money, I'll be glad to hear why they
20	want it. But just to keep an old power
21	plant going I want to see Ohio move
22	into the 21st Century. And I want to be
23	part of it. I want to be proud of it.
24	I want people to say, "oh, you're from
25	Ohio. I hear they're doing this, this

Τ	and this." All they've heard so far is,
2	Senate Bill 310, the only state that's
3	given up on its renewable portfolio
4	state. Pretty ashamed of that.
5	So all I can say is, if I'm going
6	to have to subsidize anything, I would
7	like to subsidize the future and not the
8	past. Thank you.
9	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you. Sue
10	Daugherty?
11	
12	SUE DAUGHERTY,
13	After having been first duly sworn, as
L 4	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
15	as follows:
16	MS. DAUGHERTY: Good evening,
17	Commissioner. My name is Sue Daugherty.
18	I'm from Sandusky, Ohio, and I would
19	like to say that there are plenty more
20	that would have liked to have joined me,
21	but they lacked the stamina.
22	Not only am I here this evening to
23	represent myself, but I also represent a
24	large proportion of older adults who
) 5	live in Eric County In Eric County in

1	five years, 31 percent of our community
2	will be senior citizens. And in our
3	county there was a boom for all-electric
4	housing, and many of older adults live
5	in electric housing. And the difficulty
6	of their ability to be able to afford
7	their utility costs is a concern for
8	them. So what you see here this evening
9	is really deceptive, because if I had
10	if they had the capacity to withstand
11	the duration of this hearing, we would
12	have brought 40 more people with us.
13	Let me just say that I would like
L 4	to echo the sentiments that we are
15	against the electric security plan
16	because we don't want to fund dirty
17	energy. If we are going to pay more
18	costs, if the argument is that it is
19	going to cost us more, then please move
20	us into the 21st Century.
21	The concern about the impact with
22	the loss of jobs, I realize that the
23	risk of that would be devastating. But
24	I also recognize, too, when you don't
25	have a good argument to make Or a

Τ	solution to offer, it's much easier to
2	resort to fear. And the fear factor
3	does cause many of us, myself included,
4	for my emotions to kick in and my
5	intellect to kick out. But you've heard
6	so many of the others talk today of the
7	options, alternatives, and it's a free
8	market. And as a utility customer, I am
9	not motivated to subsidize a for-profit
10	company. So I am asking for you to
11	please reject the proposal to fund
12	FirstEnergy's security plan.
13	Thank you all very much for being
14	here this evening and for your patience
15	and your stamina and endurance. We
16	appreciate the opportunity to give
17	testimony.
18	MR. McKENNEY: Pat Brown? Pat
19	Brown?
20	I have Terence Joyce.
21	
22	TERENCE JOYCE,
23	After having been first duly sworn, as
24	hereinafter certified, was examined and testified
25	as follows:

1	MR. JOYCE: For interest of time, I
2	will shorten my remarks.
3	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
4	MR. JOYCE: Commissioner Haque and
5	members of the Commission, I'm Terry
6	Joyce, Business Manager of Building
7	Laborers' Local 310 and president of the
8	Cleveland Building Trades. I appreciate
9	the opportunity to testify tonight in
10	<pre>support of FirstEnergy's proposed rate</pre>
11	plan.
12	Building Local 310 represents 2,200
13	skilled workers throughout our region,
14	also, if you count the Building Trades,
15	which I'm president of some 18,000
16	tradesmen and women. We work with over
17	400 signatory contractors. Our Union
18	has worked for FirstEnergy for over 35
19	years. Our members have worked at the
20	Perry plants since the '70s when the
21	construction began. We also have
22	traveled out of the jurisdiction to work
23	with Davis-Besse, Beaver Valley, and
24	Exelon's Peach Bottom plant in
25	Pennsylvania

1	On behalf of 310, I'm asking you to
2	approve their rate plan because Ohio
3	power plants create thousands of union
4	jobs and produce major construction
5	projects that put our members to work.
6	These plants also support the larger
7	economy, which our livelihood is closely
8	tied to.
9	In a nutshell, I don't know where
10	our local would be, where our members
11	would be without these plants and
12	without the continued work and constant
13	upgrading that they do to their plants.
14	It's the lifeblood of our union and so
15	many of ours members' families
16	throughout our region. I appreciate
17	your time.
18	MR. McKENNEY: Thank you.
19	Next I have Glen Campbell. Is Glen
20	Campbell here?
21	That concludes of list of names
22	that I have signed up to testify this
23	evening.
24	Before we adjourned, I must ask, is
25	there anyone else here this evening that

1	did not provide public testimony that
2	wishes to voice their position either in
3	support of or in opposition to the
4	application filed by the company?
5	If not that, then I thank everyone
6	for coming this evening. I thank you
7	for your patience with the hearing.
8	As I mentioned earlier, this is
9	only one step in the process of this
10	case. There will be an evidentiary
11	hearing forthcoming.
12	At this time we are adjourned.
13	Thank you. Off the record.
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15	(Hearing adjourned at 10:45 p.m.)
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1	The State of Ohio, ) SS: CERTIFICATE
2	County of Cuyahoga. )
3	I, Katrina L. Dearborn, Notary Public within and for the State of Ohio, duly commissioned and
4	qualified, do hereby certify that the within- named witnesses were first duly sworn to testify
5	the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth in the cause aforesaid; that the testimony
6	then given by him/her was by me reduced to stenotypy in the presence of said witnesses,
7	afterwards transcribed on a computer, and that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of
8	the testimony so given by him/her as aforesaid.
9	I do further certify that this arbitration was taken at the time and place in the foregoing
10	caption specified and was completed without adjournment.
11	I do further certify that I am not a
12	relative, employee of, or attorney for any of the parties in the above-captioned action; I am not a
13	relative or employee of an attorney for any of the parties in the above-captioned action; I am
14	not financially interested in the action; I am not, nor is the court reporting firm with which I
15	am affiliated, under a contract as defined in Civil Rule 28(D); nor am I otherwise interested
16	in the event of this action.
17	IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of office at Cleveland,
18	Ohio on this 20th day of February, 2015.
19	
20	. ^ /
21	Stellan 1 low
22	Katrina L. Dearborn, Notary Public
23	In and for the State of Ohio.  my commission expires 11-02-15.
24	, J

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**Commission of Ohio Docketing Information System on** 

3/7/2015 9:53:41 AM

in

Case No(s). 14-1297-EL-SSO

Summary: Transcript Public hearing held January 20, 2015 in Cleveland, Ohio, including signin sheets electronically filed by Ms. Katrina Dearborn on behalf of Dearborn Reporting Services