BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

In the Matter of the Application of The Dayton:

Power and Light Company : Case No. 12-426- EL-SSO

for Approval of its
Electric Security Plan:

In the Matter of the

Application of the Dayton:

Power and Light Company : Case No. 12-427-EL-ATA

for Approval of Revised :

Tariffs

In the Matter of the Application of the Dayton:

Power and Light Company : Case No. 12-428-EL-AAM

for Approval of Certain :

Accounting Authority

In the Matter of the Application of the Dayton:

Power and Light Company : Case No. 12-429-EL-WVR

for the Waiver of Certain :

Commission Rules

In the Matter of the

Application of the Dayton : Case No. 12-672-EL-RDR

Power and Light Company to Establish Tariff Riders:

PROCEEDINGS

before Mr. Gregory A. Price and Mr. Bryce A.

McKenney, Hearing Examiners, at the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, 180 East Broad Street, Room 11-C, Columbus, Ohio, called at 10:00 a.m. on Monday, April 1, 2013.

VOLUME X - PUBLIC

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Monday Morning Session,
April 1, 2013.

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EXAMINER McKENNEY: Let's go on the record at this time. The Public Utilities Commission of Ohio calls at this time and place, Case No. 12-426-EL-SSO, being in the Matter of the Application of The Dayton Power & Light Company for approval of its electric security plan.

My name is Bryce McKenney, with me is Gregory Price, we're the Attorney Examiners assigned by the Commission to hear this case.

Mr. Faruki, before we open the record in this case, you mentioned, off the record, that you had something you wanted to present to the Bench.

MR. FARUKI: Thank you, your Honor. Your Honors will recall that at the end of the examination of Mr. Herrington, Edgemont Neighborhood Coalition and DP&L agreed to stipulate some facts into the record. I would ask that the single page that Mr. Jacobs prepared be marked as Edgemont Neighborhood Coalition Exhibit No. 1, and I've distributed copies to all the parties and to the Bench, and there being no objection to this, I would offer, on Edgemont's behalf, Edgemont Exhibit No. 1

1 to which DP&L has no objection.

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EXAMINER McKENNEY: Thank you. It will be marked Edgemont 1.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Any objection to the admission of Edgemont 1?

MR. McNAMEE: No, your Honor.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Seeing no objection, it will be admitted.

(EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)

MR. FARUKI: The only other item I believe, your Honor, belongs to Mr. Miller on behalf of the City of Dayton.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Miller.

MR. MILLER: Your Honors, Shelly

Dickstein, the City's witness, has had some surgical complications, and in order to keep her from having to come over here today because of that issue, we would like to submit her prefiled testimony as City of Dayton 1, and a small errata as City of Dayton 1A. It was distributed to the parties late last week and we've heard no objections or interest in crossing her, so we'd like to submit those into evidence.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Dickstein Testimony will be marked Dayton 1. We'll mark the errata as

2498 Dayton 2. 1 2 (EXHIBITS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 3 EXAMINER PRICE: We're marking the confidential version as A. 4 5 MR. MILLER: Sorry. EXAMINER McKENNEY: Is there any 6 7 objection to the admission of Dayton 1 and Dayton 2? 8 MR. FARUKI: No, your Honor. 9 MR. McNAMEE: No. EXAMINER McKENNEY: Seeing no objection, 10 11 they will be admitted. 12 (EXHIBITS ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.) 13 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Thank you, Mr. Miller. 14 15 EXAMINER PRICE: Does the reporter have a 16 copy of the exhibits? 17 MR. MILLER: I believe she was supposed 18 to get a copy and she has one now. 19 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Is there anything 20 further before we proceed? 21 (No response.) 22 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Seeing nothing, OCC, 23 are you prepared to call your first witness? 24 MS. GRADY: We are, your Honor. OCC 25 calls Dr. Daniel J. Duann to the stand.

2499 1 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Thank you. 2 Mr. Duann, would you please raise your 3 right hand. 4 (Witness sworn.) 5 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Thank you. Please be 6 If you would please state your name and business address for the record. 7 THE WITNESS: Daniel J. Duann, 10 West 8 Broad Street, Suite 1800, Columbus, Ohio, 43215. 9 10 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Thank you. 11 12 DANIEL J. DUANN 13 being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was examined and testified as follows: 14 DIRECT EXAMINATION 15 16 By Ms. Grady: 17 Q. Good morning, Mr. Duann. 18 Good morning. Α. 19 Could you for the record state by whom 20 you are employed and in what capacity? 21 I'm a principal regulatory analyst with 22 the office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel. 23 Ο. Mr. Duann --24 MS. GRADY: Or, your Honors, at this time

I would like to mark three exhibits. As OCC Exhibit

No. 28, the public version direct testimony of Daniel
J. Duann, dated March 1st, 2013.

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EXAMINER McKENNEY: It will be so marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MS. GRADY: And as OCC Exhibit No. 28A, the confidential version of Mr. Duann's direct testimony also filed on March 1st, 2013.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: It will be so marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MS. GRADY: And, finally, the third document being OCC Exhibit No. 29 which is the revised Attachment DJD-6, a single-page document entitled: Comparison of Return on Equity of Ohio's Major Electric Utilities, 2004 through 2011.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: It will be marked OCC 29.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MS. GRADY: Thank you, your Honor.

- Q. (By Ms. Grady) Mr. Duann, can you go to what has been marked as OCC Exhibit No. 28, the public version of your direct testimony.
- A. That's the direct testimony I filed on March 1st, 2013, in this proceeding.
- Q. And was that testimony prepared by you or under your direct supervision?

1 A. Yes.

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- Q. Do you have any additions, corrections, or deletions to that testimony at this time?
 - A. I do have some corrections.
- Q. Can you go ahead with those corrections, please.
- A. Okay. The first correction is on page 30 on line 13, and the words "competitive generation" should be replaced by "monopoly distribution."

The second correction is on page 34, line 2 and 3. On line 2 at the end of the word "future," there should be a period there, and the remaining words of the sentence on line 2 and 3 should be deleted.

And the third correction is on page 43, Table 3, and I believe the counsel has already distributed the exhibit or Revised Exhibit DJD-6 and which is essentially the same as the Table 3 on page 43. There are a few minor corrections and, you know, to that table.

That's all the corrections and change I have.

Q. Would those same corrections apply to OCC Exhibit No. 28A which is the confidential version of your testimony?

1 A. Yes.

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- Q. Mr. Duann, can you identify what we have marked for identification purposes as OCC Exhibit No. 29?
- A. The No. 29 is the Comparison of Return on Equity of Ohio's Major Electric Utilities, so they include seven major utility for the period from 2004 to 2011.
- Q. And can you tell me what the yellow portions of that document signify?
- A. The yellow portions of the document signify that those number has been changed from my original Table 3 and the original Attachment DJD-6.
- Q. And was this exhibit prepared by you or under your direct supervision?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Mr. Duann, if I were to ask you today if the questions posed in OCC Exhibit No. 28 were posed to you today, would your answers be the same?
 - A. Yes.

MS. GRADY: Your Honor, at this time I would move for the admission of OCC Exhibit No. 28, 28A, and 29, subject to cross-examination.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Thank you.

At this time we'll move to

1 cross-examination of the witness.

Dr. Duann, I'm going to ask, since you have confidential portions of your testimony, any time you feel one of your answers is going to be discussing a portion of the confidential portion of your testimony, please let us know and we'll move to the confidential portion of your transcript. Is that okay?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Okay.

Cross-examination at this time,

Mr. Petricoff?

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MR. PETRICOFF: No questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Ms. --

MS. MOONEY: Mooney.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: -- Mooney?

MS. MOONEY: No questions.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Miller?

MR. MILLER: No questions.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Lang?

MR. LANG: No questions.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Oliker?

MR. OLIKER: No.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Yurick?

MR. YURICK: No questions, your Honor.

2504 1 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Faruki? 2 MR. FARUKI: Yes. Thank you, your Honor. 3 4 CROSS-EXAMINATION 5 By Mr. Faruki: Good morning, Mr. Duann. 6 Q. 7 Α. Good morning. Let me start with some questions about 8 Ο. 9 your qualifications. You were an independent business consultant from 1996 to 2007 and that was 10 work for international clients; is that right? 11 12 Α. Yes. 13 0. You agree with me that that work was totally unrelated to utility regulation and ROEs? 14 Α. 15 Yes. 16 You're not an accountant? Ο. 17 Α. No. 18 You're not a lawyer? Q. 19 No. Α. 2.0 Q. You're not an engineer? 21 Α. No. 22 If you look at your Exhibit 2 attached to Q. 23 your testimony, what you've marked as DJD-2, that 24 list of professional publications -- do you have that 25 in front of you?

A. Yes.

- Q. Yes, sir. All of those articles, research reports, and presentations were in the 1980s and 1990s; is that right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And on page 2 of that DJD-2, most of your research, reports, and presentations listed there are with regard to gas issues; is that right?
- A. I think six out of eight are related to gas issues.
 - Q. Yes, sir.

On these two pages, 1 and 2 of that exhibit, all of your articles, your research reports, and presentations predate 2008, the date of passage of the law we are dealing with here that allows for electric security plans; is that right?

- A. Can I have the question read back, please?
- Q. I'll restate it if you'd like. I'm simply asking isn't it true, of what you list on pages 1 and 2 of your exhibit, all of your articles, research reports, and presentations were before 2008?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And you recognize that 2008 is the date that the law was passed that provides for ESPs,

electric security plans; is that right?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. Now, on your testimony at page 1, one of the points you make is that you were with the Illinois Commerce Commission; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. But you were only with the Illinois Commerce Commission about seven months; is that right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You were, during that period of time, what you did was you were involved in a case regarding three nuclear power plants of an Illinois utility; is that correct?
- A. I testify in a case that involved divestiture of the three nuclear power plant of Commonwealth Edison.
- Q. And then you have more than one page 1.

 If you would look at Roman numeral II in your

 testimony, which is one of your page ones. It's the

 page that would have Questions 5 and 6 on it. Do you

 have that?
 - A. Yes, I have that.
- Q. If you look at the answer to Question 6 and the second sentence, your testimony reads "The

ESP as proposed by DP&L does not meet the requirements of Ohio law...." Do you see that?

A. Yes.

- Q. And then the next sentence begins, "I have been advised by counsel that Ohio's laws in regard to ESPs do not authorize any nonbypassable charge," et cetera. Do you see that?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. These were opinions or conclusions that you got from OCC's lawyers; is that right?
- A. That's the advice given by me -- given to me by the counsel as well as my own understanding.
- Q. Well, when you say that you had "been advised by counsel," who was that counsel?
 - A. Ms. Grady.
- Q. Okay. And there are other places in your testimony in which you refer to advice of counsel.

 This was also by Ms. Grady?
- A. I think you have to be more specific on where I was, you know, which part of my testimony.
- Q. Okay. Let's go on. It is your belief, sir, that the financial integrity of DP&L's generation business is irrelevant in this case; is that right?
 - A. That's true.

- Q. But that position is based on your belief that the Commission has no legal obligation to ensure the financial integrity of DP&L's generation business; is that right?
- A. As I say in my testimony on page 1, you know, I was advised by counsel that Ohio law in regarding to ESP does not authorize any nonbypassable charge for financial integrity purpose.
- Q. I understand, but I'm looking for a yes answer to my question, so I'm going to give you my question again. Isn't it true that your belief that the financial integrity of DP&L's generation business is irrelevant is based on the advice you got that the Public Utilities Commission has no legal obligation to ensure the financial integrity of DP&L's generation business?
- A. That belief is based on advice given by counsel as well as based on my 25 years of experience as a regulatory economist.
- Q. Okay. Did you bring your deposition with you?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. If you'd take a look, I believe it's page 78. Tell me when you have that.
 - A. Yes, I have 78.

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Then we'll look at line 16. Line 16. 1 Ο. 2 Question: "And it's your position -- you 3 correct me if I'm wrong, Mr. Duann, and I misstate 4 this. It's your position that the financial 5 integrity of DP&L's generation business is irrelevant in this case; is that right?" 6 7 Answer: "That's my position." Question: "And that position is -- if 8 9 you turn to page 30 -- that position is based, as you 10 say, starting on line fifteen, on your position that the Commission has no legal obligation to ensure the 11 12 financial integrity of DP&L's generation business; is 13 that right?" 14 Answer: "Yeah. It's the same thing. Yeah." 15 16 Have I read that correctly? 17 Α. Yes. 18 MS. GRADY: Objection. 19 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Overruled. 2.0 Q. So under your logic, DP&L's pro forma 2.1 financials that it filed in support of its ESP and 22 the ROEs that DP&L has calculated are irrelevant to 23 this ESP case; is that right? 24 Α. Yes.

25

Q.

But you are aware that the Commission's

filing requirements for an ESP require the applicant, DP&L, to file projected financial statements for the duration of the ESP; is that right?

A. That's correct.

- Q. You don't offer any opinions on several subjects, I just want to review those briefly with you. One, you do not offer opinions on whether the financial integrity of the applicant, The Dayton Power & Light Company, is deteriorating; is that correct?
 - A. I do offer an opinion on that.
- Q. Take a look at your deposition again at page 9.
 - A. Yes, I have that.
- Q. And read with me starting, sir, at line 14 of your deposition. Actually, I'm going to start at line 11.

Question: "Well, do you consider your prefiled testimony to be complete?"

Answer: "Yes."

Question: "Take a look at page 8. I have some questions about financial integrity to start with. Are you offering any opinions in this case as to whether the financial integrity of the applicant, The Dayton Power & Light Company, is

deteriorating?"

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Answer: "No."

Have I read that correctly?

- A. You read that correctly, but I probably didn't understand that question correctly at the time because I think one answer of my testimony is regarding the financial integrity of Dayton Power & Light, so I do, you know, I do have opinion and I just don't see how you can interpret it any other way.
- Q. Well, I can interpret the plain language here, sir. Did you review your deposition after it was taken on March 13?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And March 13 was over two weeks ago; is that right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And did you do an errata sheet to change this answer from "no" to "yes"?
- A. I believe the purpose of the errata sheet is to change any typo or anything that you think the court reporter does not record it correctly, but that, you know, so I don't think it is appropriate I just change everything I may misunderstood or change everything that I subsequently have a different

opinion or anything. So I think I'm doing the right thing.

Q. All right. Well, I will represent to you that your understanding of an errata sheet is mistaken.

MS. YOST: Objection, your Honor.

MR. FARUKI: And -- I'm in the middle of a question.

MS. YOST: No, you're not. You're representing something. It's irrelevant.

EXAMINER PRICE: First of all, one counsel per witness, Ms. Yost, as we all know.

MS. YOST: Sorry, your Honor.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Please finish.

Q. (By Mr. Faruki) I'll represent to you that your understanding of the purpose of an errata sheet is mistaken. My question is: Did you consider whether or not to correct a mistake in your testimony in the over two weeks since it was transcribed?

MS. GRADY: Objection.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: What grounds?

MS. GRADY: Move to strike. The first statement was not a question and it was a representation of Mr. Faruki's understanding of what transcript erratas are for. I don't think it's

appropriate.

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MR. FARUKI: Your Honor, what I stated was a correct statement of the law. The law is that a witness can -- assuming they haven't waived signature, that a witness can change the deposition transcript in any way he pleases, including changing "yes" to "no" and "no" to "yes." And this sort of sandbagging is not allowed.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: The objection is overruled.

Will you repeat the question for the witness?

(Record read.)

- A. I don't understand the word -- of your word "testimony" here. Are you referring to my prefiled testimony or the deposition?
 - Q. I'm referring to the deposition.
 - A. And your question is?
- Q. Well, let's do this the slow way, then.
 You remember, before your deposition, you were sworn
 to tell the truth?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You remember in your deposition there were times when you told me you did not understand a question and so I clarified it?

- A. You're asking whether you made that statement or not?
- Q. I'm asking you if you recall during your deposition asking me to restate questions you did not understand.
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. And you also remember during your deposition that you asked to have some questions read back.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. Now, in the question that I'm talking with you about here on page 9, you did not ask to have the question repeated or read back by the court reporter, did you?
 - A. Not on this particular question.
- Q. Okay. And when you reread your transcript before coming today, did you identify this question as something that you thought was wrong?
- A. I recognize this question and I, you know, as I say, I probably misunderstood or misunderstood the question and I noticed that, but I did not put it on the errata sheet based on my belief that you are not supposed -- errata sheet is just to, you know, correct typo and those kind of things.

It's not you rewrite your deposition.

- Q. Did you bring this to the attention of your counsel when you recognized you made a mistake?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. So now you are saying in your last answer that you probably misunderstood it? Is that your testimony?
- A. I think I misunderstood it because, as I say clearly, one answer of my testimony is regarding the financial integrity of Dayton Power & Light, so you're saying that because I just put a note here, so you're saying I'm not offering that opinion. I don't believe that's a fair characterization of my testimony. It is very clear in my testimony I talk about, I have opinion about the financial integrity of Dayton Power & Light.
- Q. Well, let's see if that's true. You have not done any calculation of ROEs for the period of the ESP or for any part of the period of the ESP; is that right?
 - A. The ROE of what?
 - Q. Of The Dayton Power & Light Company.
 - A. No, I have not.
- Q. In this case you are not recommending or proposing any ROE for The Dayton Power & Light Company; isn't that correct?

- A. Because I think that the ROE of Dayton

 Power & Light Company is irrelevant in this

 proceeding, so I did not recommend ROE.
- Q. You have not studied or considered the trend of switching for DP&L, have you?
 - A. I have not.

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- Q. You have no opinion as to the company's projected switching rate; is that right?
- A. I used the projected switching rate prepared by the company in my discussion of the switching tracker.
- Q. So, for purposes of your testimony, you accepted the company's projections of switching; is that correct?
- A. I accept the company's project switching in discussion regarding switching tracker.
- Q. Well, just for clarity, let me ask it a different way. Isn't it true that you have no opinion on what DP&L's projected switching rate will be?
 - A. No, I have no opinion on that.
- Q. Okay. And on the same topic, you have no opinion on whether the company's switching experience is presenting any financial risks to it; isn't that true?

A. I don't understand the question.

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- Q. Well, let me ask it a slightly different way. Isn't it true that you are not offering an opinion on whether or not the customer switching that DP&L has experienced has presented financial risks to the company?
- A. I will say that, up to 2012, the company has experienced switching, and particularly like in the -- for the industrial customer they have, like, switching over 90 percent, and during that time, you know, prior to 2012, I do not see the company experience any financial integrity problem.
- Q. I understand you believe that up till 2012, but I'm trying to look forward, Mr. Duann. Let me ask it again. Isn't it true that you have no opinion one way or the other on whether DP&L's switching experience presents any financial risks to it?
- A. I already answered the question. You are talking about the switching experience. The switching experience we know is up to 2012 and it has not caused any problem as far as I know to DP&L.
- Q. Okay. Then look at your deposition again, this time at page 33. I'll start on line 9. Do you have 33, sir?

A. Yes.

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Q. On line 9, Question: "Do you know whether the switching that the company has experienced has presented any risks to it?"

Answer: "I -- I -- I don't understand your question because that's very general. Risk to what? Risk to whom? What kind of risk?"

Question: "Let me ask it this way: Do you know if the company's switching experience has presented any financial risks to it?"

Answer: "I have no opinion on that one way or the other."

Have I read that correctly?

A. Yes.

- Q. You do not know how the amount of the SSR was calculated; is that correct?
- A. From the application and testimony, I could not find how it was calculated.
- Q. However, you did read in DP&L's testimony that DP&L seeks an SSR so that it has an opportunity to earn a reasonable rate of return, correct?
 - A. I think that's what DP&L claimed, yes --
 - Q. Yes, sir.
 - A. -- in its application.
 - Q. Yes. And in regard to the past ROEs that

you examine in your testimony, isn't it true that you are not trying to predict future ROEs based on past ROEs?

A. I do not.

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- Q. If I can shorten this up a bit, in a nutshell, your position with regard to DP&L's projected ROEs is that projecting ROEs after two years is a difficult task and you simply don't believe those ROEs; is that right?
- A. I would say yeah. I would say that's correct, uh-huh.
- Q. And that opinion is not limited to DP&L, but is an opinion that you hold with regard to electric utilities in Ohio generally; isn't that correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You have some testimony at page 9 of your prefiled testimony that I want to ask you about. If we can start with your definition of "financial integrity." Your definition of "financial integrity" is that a utility providing monopoly service is allowed to have an opportunity to earn a reasonable rate of return so that it can continue its operations and attract capital; is that right?

MS. GRADY: Objection. May I have that,

or, actually, clarification, what lines on page 9 you're referring to?

MR. FARUKI: Well, among others, page 9, line 15, he uses the words -- phrase "financial integrity" and I'm asking him his definition, your Honors.

- Q. Do you need the question again, sir?
- A. Yes, can I have the question read back? (Record read.)
- A. Yes.

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- Q. In other words, I'm not trying to trick you, I'm asking many of the witnesses for their definition of "financial integrity," and that's yours, right?
- A. Right. Financial integrity is only applicable in a case of a utility providing monopoly service.
- Q. That was where I was going with my next question. Your view and opinion of "financial integrity" is that it only applies in the circumstance of a utility that provides monopoly service; is that right?
 - A. That's my understanding.
- Q. And the definition that you just agreed was your definition, is the one used in traditional

cost-based regulation such as is the case with rate cases; is that right?

A. That's my understanding.

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- Q. Okay. But at page 9, line 17 of your testimony, you concede that "DP&L's request for an SSR and its claim of deteriorating financial integrity are not based on the data and the methodology used in a traditional rate case"; is that right?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. You also admit that the Commission's filing requirements for an ESP application are different from the Commission's filing requirements in a rate case, right?
- A. At least regarding the data. I think in a traditional rate case there's a date certain and a test year and that's based largely on actual data.
- Q. Yes, sir. Just to make sure our record is clear, what you're saying now is that in a traditional rate case, rate base would be measured, according to your understanding, by a date certain, and expenses would be measured by a test period?
 - A. That's my understanding.
- Q. That's not the type of data that DP&L filed here?

1 A. No.

Q. And, again, you recognize that with regard to an ESP, the Commission's filing requirements specifically require DP&L to file projected financial statements that showed the effect of the ESP on the company during the period of the ESP; is that right?

A. I think that's the requirement, but that does not necessarily mean that the data filed by the company is credible or reasonable.

MR. FARUKI: Your Honor, I'll move to strike everything after the word "requirement," specifically the statement "but that does not mean that the data is credible."

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Motion to strike is denied.

Q. Now, one of your criticisms -- actually, I'll withdraw that.

(Confidential portion excerpted.)

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                    (Open record.)
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                    (By Mr. Faruki) Do you have page 16, sir?
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              Q.
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              Α.
                    Yes.
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                    I'm interested, at the moment, in the
              Q.
       answer to question 17.
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              Α.
                    Yes.
                   About line 12, you offer a prediction
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       that a transfer of assets is not likely to be
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       completed before the end of the ESP; is that right?
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1 MS. GRADY: Objection. EXAMINER McKENNEY: On what grounds? 2 3 MS. GRADY: Mischaracterized. 4 Mr. Duann's testimony says "expectation," not "prediction." 5 MR. FARUKI: He can disagree with me if 6 7 It's a proper question. he wants. EXAMINER McKENNEY: Can you repeat the 8 9 question for me? (Record read.) 10 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Objection's 11 12 overruled. The witness can answer if he -- as he 13 sees fit. 14 Well, it is my expectation. Α. 15 Q. And your basis for that opinion about a 16 future transfer is that DP&L continues to study the 17 issues regarding generation separation and has not 18 yet made the application to transfer assets; is that

A. That's part of it.

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right?

Q. But you saw the statement in the application that the company, DP&L, will file an application with the Public Utilities Commission yet this year to accomplish generation separation, didn't you?

I didn't see that. What I see in their 1 2 application is that the company expect to file an 3 application, a separate application regarding that, 4 and in that application the company presently 5 expected, the company made no commitment or anything, 6 they just say the president expect to ask 7 authorization from the Commission to complete its transfer of generation assets by the end of 2017. 8 9 MR. FARUKI: Your Honors, may I have that answer read back? 10 EXAMINER McKENNEY: You may. 11 12 (Record read.) 13 MR. FARUKI: That's all I need. EXAMINER McKENNEY: Can we have the 14 15 entire answer read back, please? MR. FARUKI: Sure, I'm sorry. 16 17 (Record read.) 18 MS. GRADY: May I have the question reread back, please? 19 2.0 (Record read.) (By Mr. Faruki) So, Mr. Duann, since you 21 22 say "I didn't see that," take a look at page 19 of 23 your deposition. Tell me when you're there. 24 I asked you -- sorry. Are you there? 25 Α. Yes.

Page 19, line 3: "Did you see the 1 Ο. 2 statement in the application that the company will 3 file an application yet this year, 2013, to 4 accomplish generation separation?" 5 Answer: "Yes." Have I read that correctly? 6 7 You read it correctly. Α. Did you study your deposition before you 8 Ο. 9 got on the stand? 10 MS. GRADY: Objection. EXAMINER McKENNEY: Sustained. 11 12 It is not your testimony that if the 13 Commission enters an order that the generation assets be transferred within the ESP period, that you expect 14 15 the transfer will not take place; is that right? 16 THE WITNESS: Can I have the question 17 read back, please? 18 (Record read.) 19 No, that's not my testimony. Α. 2.0 Ο. Once the assets are transferred to a

Q. Once the assets are transferred to a separate company, though, it is your testimony that you do not know whether that separate entity will help to ensure competition in the provision of retail electric service; is that right?

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A. That's my testimony. Yeah, that's my

opinion.

- Q. Okay. Let me turn to a different subject which we need to look at a couple different parts of your testimony. You remember in your deposition we talked about picking and choosing? Do you remember that?
- A. Yes, I think we had some discussion on that.
- Q. Okay. If we start in your testimony on page 2, page 2, line 17 has a sentence: "I also recommend the SSR should begin at the same time the blending of auction-based price starts, and the SSR should end one month before the end of the proposed ESP so that the SSR will not be carried forward beyond the proposed ESP."

Have I read that correctly?

- A. Yes.
- Q. So, to start with, you believe the SSR should end one month before the proposed ESP would end; is that correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And then, if you go over to page 3 of your testimony, lines 8 to 10, you say: "The setting of SSO rates" -- starting on line 8, "The setting of SSO rates based on auction-based prices should be

continued after the end of the proposed ESP in the event a new SSO rate plan has not been approved by the Commission." Is that correct?

A. Yes, that's my testimony.

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- Q. So you want to end the SSR one month before the ESP ends, but you want the SSO rates based on auction prices to continue after the ESP; is that right?
 - A. If there's no new SSO plan approved.
- Q. And you also have testimony that we'll get to shortly that you want the Commission, after the end of the ESP, to impose a restriction on the company's payment of dividends; is that right?
- A. I don't think that's a correct characterization of my testimony regarding the dividend policy.
- Q. Well, then let's look at that now. If you stay on page 3, your point No. 4 is "DP&L should be prohibited from paying dividends to its parent companies, DPL, Inc., and the AES Corporation, during the term of the ESP without receiving prior approval from the Commission." Is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. But you do understand, from reading the application and the testimony and schedules, that

during the ESP period DP&L has debt coming due; is that correct?

A. That's correct.

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- Q. And, indeed, you do not know where that debt is, that is, you do not know whether there is debt that is due to be refinanced at the DP&L level or the DPL, Inc. level, or both; is that correct?
- A. I don't think that's correct. I think I state I know there's debt due for the DP&L, the utility, but I don't know anything about the DPL, Inc.
- Q. All right. And you have not made any analysis regarding the debt and how it will be refinanced; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. So, staying on the dividend subject, now look at page 46. There's a sentence that starts on the last line, line 23, of 46, it runs onto 47, quote: I also recommend that any dividend payment by DP&L after the end of the proposed ESP should be limited to the earnings recorded in the years after the end of the proposed ESP. Have I read that correctly?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. So you recommend to the Commission that

it restrict dividend payments after the end of the ESP; is that right?

- A. No, I don't think that's a correct characterization of my testimony.
- Q. Well, maybe you don't like my word
 "restrict." Let me reask it this way: What you are
 saying is that if, after the ESP period ends, DP&L -DP&L's board wants to pay a dividend, they can do
 that but they cannot use any money earned during the
 ESP period to pay part of the dividend; is that
 right?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. You are familiar, however, with the concept that dollars are fungible, right?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And, in fact, if I can shorten this up too, I asked you for an example in your deposition and you gave me an example that in 2019 the Commission should prevent a dividend payment if money was used that was earned in the ESP period; is that right?
- MS. GRADY: Can we have a clarification, if you're reading from the deposition, what page that is, and so Mr. Duann can look at exactly what you're asking?

MR. FARUKI: No, your Honor. I will show him the page if I can impeach him with it, but at the moment I'm asking if that's his example.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: There's no requirement for that. You can ask the question.

MR. FARUKI: Let me have her read it back, she'll do a better job than I will.

(Record read.)

- A. Yes, that's my position, the money you earned as a result of this SSR or this nonbypassable charge during the ESP term, they should not be used to pay dividend after the end of the ESP period.
- Q. And you would have that restriction apply in 2019; is that right?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Okay. 2020?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. 2025?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. 2030?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And you don't have a way to tell in 2030 if a dividend payment would be made out of funds that were used or, excuse me, earned during the ESP period, do you?

A. Well, you just -- you just check what you earn in 2030 and that's your reported income and then you check the amount of dividend you paid, and if that dividend you pay, like a hundred million is more than 80 million that you reported to earn in 2080 [verbatim] then that should no be allowed.

- Q. I can't resist asking this: Would you say the same would be true in 2050?
 - A. Yes.

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Q. Let's explore your understanding, then, about dividends. When I asked you in your deposition about how dividends are paid -- I'll withdraw that. Let me ask it more simply.

Do you remember us talking in your deposition about where, on the balance sheet, income -- dividend payments come from?

A. Yes.

Q. Okay. I'm back to that subject, sir. With regard to the company's balance sheet, when I asked you if you're aware of the location on a company's balance sheet out of which dividends were paid, you said yes, they come out of net income; is that right?

- A. I believe so.
- Q. Okay. But net income is a profit and

loss concept not a balance sheet concept. Are you aware of that, sir?

A. Yes.

- Q. When I explained that point to you and asked again, from a balance sheet standpoint, where do dividends come from on the balance sheet, you told me you don't understand that point; is that right?
- A. I think, first of all, I don't believe you explained the difference between "balance sheet" and "income statement" to me.
 - Q. Okay.
 - A. So I explained to you --
 - Q. Really?
 - A. -- on that.
 - Q. Okay.
- $\label{eq:A.Because you asked the question and I} \\ \text{explained it.}$
- Q. Well, let's look, then. 45, page 45 of your deposition, this is immediately after you gave me your example of 2019. Look at line 17 and tell me when you have it.
 - A. Yes, I have it.
- Q. On line 17, Question: "And are you aware -- well, are you aware of the location on a balance sheet of a company out of which dividends are

paid?"

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Answer: "Yeah. It's after the net income. Pay out of net income."

Question: "Okay. Net income is a profit and loss concept. I'm asking you from a balance sheet standpoint, if you know where dividends come from on the balance sheet?"

Answer: "Actually, I don't understand your question."

Question: "Do you know whether dividends come out of retained earnings or some place else on the balance sheet?"

Answer: "Dividend are paid, you know, it's after tax payment, and they come out the net income. And those net income, they are not pay as dividend, they become retained earning. That's my understanding."

Have I read that correctly?

A. Yes.

MS. GRADY: Objection.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Improper impeachment.

MS. GRADY: It's improper. There's nothing inconsistent with what he said. He said I explained it to you. If you go down a couple more questions, he'll explain it.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: You asked him if he remembered something from his deposition. I think the appropriate course would have been to refresh his recollection as opposed to impeach him on something --

MR. FARUKI: Fair enough.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: -- whether he remembered it correctly or not.

MR. FARUKI: All right.

- Q. Does this refresh your recollection of what you said?
 - A. Up to what you just said.
 - Q. Well, let's read on, then.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Faruki, if you're going to impeach him, I suggest you ask the question before you impeach him.

MR. FARUKI: All right. Fine.

- Q. When I asked you in the deposition for how many years you want the Commission to impose this restriction on payment of dividends, you told me "I haven't given a thought on that"; do you remember?
 - A. I remember.
- Q. Now you've gone up to at least 2050. Have you given further thought on how long the Commission should impose the remedy you are

suggesting?

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- A. I think, after I give some thought to it, I say it is simply, it's not a restriction on what the company can pay in future dividend. It is simply saying that the earning that you've made as a result of this ESP, they should not be used to pay the dividend in the future.
- Q. And my question is: How long would you take that out --
 - A. Forever.
 - O. Forever.

Let me go to a different point, then. I want to talk about customer savings for a minute.

This is really relating to your testimony on page 2 that begins on line 12.

- A. Yes.
- Q. First of all, you do not know if there are going to be savings or not as a result of auction-based prices; is that correct?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. Okay. And then, second, this recommendation that you're making on page 12, beginning at line 12 -- or, I'm sorry, page 2, beginning at line 12, is made without regard to DP&L's financial integrity; is that correct?

- A. No. Not -- has nothing to do with the financial integrity.
- Q. So you're agreeing with me that your recommendation is being made without regard to its effects on DP&L's financial integrity; isn't that right?
- A. My recommendation on that specific issue, yes.
 - O. Yes?

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- A. Yes.
- Q. You also concede to me that if a blending schedule should result in some savings for customers, then that could be a justification for an SSR; isn't that right?
 - A. I think that's the only justification.
- Q. Okay. Let me change subjects again. With regard to O&M expense adjustments, this is with regard to your testimony on page 41, sir. On page 41 you have a paragraph that begins, "Second," on line 9.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You do not make any assessment or judgment about the desirability of the particular O&M expense adjustments that you discuss; is that correct?

- A. I did not look at each of those individual O&M expense.
- Q. You do agree with me that cuts in O&M expenses can result in consequences to reliability or service of the utility; isn't that right?
 - A. It may or may not.
- Q. At the beginning of your testimony, on line 13 of page 41, you talk about capital expenditures; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Your suggestion there is to keep the capital expenditures at the 2014 level, but not increase them in 2016 and 2017; is that right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You have no knowledge of whether or not some of the capital expenditures may be required by the Environmental Protection Agency, right?
- A. I don't know what those capital expenditure are for.
- Q. You did not attempt to analyze any of the capital expenditure items or figures; isn't that true?
 - A. That's true.
- Q. And looking at your testimony, 2015 is not mentioned here, and when we talked about that in

your deposition, you told me that you do not remember what your recommendation will be for 2015; is that correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. I think my last topic for you, sir, is this: Beginning on page 42, you discuss your review of ROEs over the last eight years; is that right?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Briefly, what you did was look at the ROEs for -- over the last eight years for DP&L compared to other Ohio EDUs, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. But this analysis was purely retrospective and you did not make your own estimates of ROEs for the years of the proposed ESP period; isn't that correct?
 - A. That's correct.

MR. FARUKI: Thank you, sir.

Your Honors, that's all I have.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Staff?

MR. McNAMEE: No questions, thank you.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Duann, I have one question for you.

THE WITNESS: Sure.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Page 29 of your

testimony, lines 11 through 16, this will be line 14, you say DP&L has chosen not to file a distribution rate case. You have no opinion, do you, on whether DP&L was able to file a distribution rate case over the past 10 years, do you?

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THE WITNESS: I believe there's a restriction in the current ESP that DP&L is -- cannot file a distribution rate case before the end of 2012.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Thank you.

MR. FARUKI: I don't know, follow-up on that if I might, your Honor?

EXAMINER McKENNEY: I believe we're on redirect. Let's pursue it on redirect.

Do you have redirect?

I'm sorry, you're right, let's --

MS. GRADY: Your Honor, a short break.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: One moment.

Is it clarifying, Mr. Faruki?

MR. FARUKI: Yes.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: If it's clarifying, you can ask.

MR. FARUKI: Your last answer, sir, referred to the fact that distribution rates were frozen as a result of a previous stipulation and order; is that right?

THE WITNESS: No. I don't remember 1 2 whether it's frozen, because I say -- there's maybe 3 some built-in mechanism in the current distribution 4 case that will allow you to increase distribution 5 rate. 6 MR. FARUKI: All right. 7 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Thank you. At this time we'll move to redirect. 8 We'll take a five-minute recess. Let's go off the 9 10 record. (Recess taken.) 11 12 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Let's go back on the 13 record at this time. Ms. Grady, do you have redirect? 14 15 MS. GRADY: Yes, your Honor. 16 17 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 18 By Ms. Grady: 19 Mr. Duann, do you recall the numerous 20 questions by company counsel with respect to your 21 qualifications? 22 Α. Yes. And do you recall Mr. Faruki emphasized 23 24 that a lot of your publications and your work prior 25 to joining the OCC were related to gas issues?

1 A. Yes.

- Q. Can you explain to me, since you came to OCC in 2008, what your work for the agency has been on?
- A. My work at the agency, since 2008, has involved a lot in the electricity issues; specifically, I testify in the second AEP ESP case, I testify in the AEP, the first ESP agreement case, I testify on the AEP fuel adjustment case, and I also testify on the FirstEnergy ESP case. The FirstEnergy ESP case. So I have involve a lot regarding the electricity issues.
- Q. And, Mr. Duann, are you part of the OCC electric team?
 - A. Yes.
 - O. And what does that team do?
- A. The team is a team within the OCC that deal with all those electricity related cases.
- Q. Now, Mr. Faruki asked you a number of questions about your recommendation for -- with respect to dividends. Do you recall those questions?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Mr. Duann, is it common to have -- to place restrictions on an entity's right to declare dividends?

A. I believe so. I think especially if a company or utility that is in financial difficulty, I think that in a lot of time when the bank making a loan to that company, they will place restriction on the dividend, and when that entity want to issue bonds, there could also be restriction put on the payment of dividend.

And I think this also makes sense because when a company is claiming, you know, financial difficulty, cannot, you know, continue operation and -- on the one hand, and, on the other hand, you continue to pay large amount of dividend to your holder, I think that's unreasonable.

- Q. Now, Mr. Duann, do you recall a series of questions by company counsel with respect to your concerns with the projected information that the company presented to the Commission?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. And can you clarify your concern with respect to the forecasted -- or, the projections that the company presents as a basis for its case?
- A. Yes. I say many times in my testimony and in my deposition, you know, I believe the company's long-term financial projection are irrelevant in this proceeding and are speculative and

unreliable, and, specifically, I indicate, you know, these projection, they are not ordered and they are not file with SEC or they are not, you know, presented to the financial analyst and, you know, they are not made available to the public.

And my point is not really, say, what should be included in SEC regulatory filing, what should be included in the Commission's filing requirement, or what should be included to the financial analyst.

My point is pretty simple. My point is this long-term financial projection are made by the company, they are -- they have no accountability, they are not a file, they are not order, the company can choose whatever number they want to use.

And the company also specifically say that they made these long-term projection for the DP&L, the utility company, specifically for the ESP filing in the regular -- in the regular business they do this projection on a consolidated basis. They prepare for the DPL, Inc.

So my point is simply this projection, their projection, they are inherently imprecise, they are difficult to make. And also the company has no accountability, you know, they just choose whatever

number they want to use.

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Q. Now, Dr. Duann, you had a number of questions posed to you by company counsel with respect to the electric security plan proceeding and the fact that -- let me strike that.

You had questions posed to you as to why you believe a return on equity calculation is irrelevant for purposes of the ESP proceeding. Do you recall those questions?

- A. Yes.
- Q. And is it your understanding that the ESP proceeding is a cost-based proceeding?
 - A. No.
- Q. And can you tell me why it would not be appropriate in a noncost-based proceeding to derive rates based on return on equity?
- A. Well, you know, as probably everybody in this room knows, that an ESP is not a cost-based rate.

20 EXAMINER PRICE: Not at all?

THE WITNESS: Not at all.

22 EXAMINER PRICE: No cost-based elements

23 to it whatsoever?

THE WITNESS: That's my understanding.

25 EXAMINER PRICE: And your understanding

is based upon your reading of the statute or your advice of counsel?

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THE WITNESS: It's based on the advice of counsel as well as my participation of this EST -- ESP, this proceeding.

EXAMINER PRICE: Not this ESP, but ESPs in general you're saying have no cost-based elements at all.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

- Q. (By Ms. Grady) Dr. Duann, can an ESP have cost-based elements in it?
- A. The ESP, the ESP plan can have cost-based. For example, if they want to file something related to distribution or they want to file something that related it to new generation facility. But overall, as you indicate, and as probably the company's counsel indicate, the ESP is not a cost-based proceeding. And because it's not a cost-based proceeding, so there's no -- and in my view there's no concern regarding the rate of return or the financial integrity.

I think the only applicable, applicable material in an ESP is the test, the aggregate test that the impact on a customer as a result of the ESP should be better than what it can be achieved under

1 an MRO.

MS. GRADY: Thank you, Mr. Duann.

3 That's all the questions I have.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Recross? Mr. Faruki.

MR. FARUKI: Oh, yes.

By Mr. Faruki:

Q. Let's start with your redirect on dividends. You said -- you were justifying your proposal with regard to dividends because you said it's common to place restrictions on the right-to-pay dividend, and you gave two examples, a bank making a loan or a company that wants to issue bonds, right?

RECROSS-EXAMINATION

- A. Yes.
- Q. And your explanation was that it's common to place restrictions on the right-to-pay dividends if the company's in financial difficulty, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. But that's not the rationale that you are using for restricting the payment of dividends in 2050 or forever, is it? Because you're not saying the company is going to be in financial difficulty in 2050, are you?
 - A. As I say, I do not propose a restriction

on the amount of dividend that paid after the ESP period. I'm only saying that the amount of money that you earn during the ESP, that should not be used. And I give you example in my depositions, you know, very clearly explained that, say that if you earn \$150 million in 2018, 2019, you can pay a dividend up to \$150 million, but you should not pay a dividend at \$200 million because that would require you to use the money you earn during the ESP period.

- Q. So in 2050 when you say this proposal of yours should still apply, you're not trying to predict whether or not the company would be in financial difficulty then, are you?
 - A. No.

- Q. Your concern with projections, you repeated your point that they're not audited and not filed with an agency; is that right?
 - A. Not filed with a regulatory agency.
 - Q. Yes, sir.

You're aware, however, that DP&L had no choice, if it was going to comply with the Commission's requirements for filing an ESP, but to file pro forma financial projections of the effect of the ESP's implementation upon the electric utility for the duration of the ESP, right?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay.

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- A. They have to file, yes.
- Q. Yes, sir.

And so, under your opinion, any time any electric utility files for an ESP and complies with the Commission's requirement of filing pro forma financial projections, those projections should be rejected as unreliable because they're not audited, for one reason, right?

- A. I didn't say that.
- Q. Well, is that your opinion?
- A. No, that's not my opinion.
- Q. All right. So you're saying that it is possible for a utility to file for an ESP and file the pro forma financial projections that the Commission requires even though those pro formas cannot be audited. Is that your opinion?
- A. They have to file it, yeah. Even if they cannot be audited.
- Q. And the fact that they're not audited, then, is not what makes these projections unreliable; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- MR. FARUKI: All right. Thank you, your

2559 Honors, that's all I have. 1 2 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Thank you. 3 Anything further? 4 EXAMINER PRICE: No. 5 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Staff? 6 MR. McNAMEE: No questions. 7 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Any other 8 intervenors? 9 (No response.) 10 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Nothing? Thank you, Mr. Duann, you're excused. 11 12 Ms. Grady. 13 MS. GRADY: Yes, at this time, your Honors, I would move for admission of OCC Exhibit 28, 14 28A, and 29. 15 16 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Any objections to the 17 admission of 28, 28A, or 29? Mr. Faruki? MR. FARUKI: Not to 28 or 28A. I will 18 19 object to 29, the retrospective comparison of ROEs as 20 irrelevant to a forward ESP period. 2.1 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Is it a motion to 22 strike or objection? 23 MR. FARUKI: I meant to just object to 24 admission of 29. 25 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Okay. Sorry. The

2560 objection is overruled. OCC 29 will be admitted. 1 2 (EXHIBITS ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.) 3 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Rinebolt, would you 4 like to take the stand. 5 MR. OLIKER: Your Honor, can we go off the record for a second? 6 7 EXAMINER PRICE: Yes. EXAMINER McKENNEY: Go off the record. 8 (Discussion off the record.) 9 10 EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go back on the 11 record. 12 (Witness sworn.) 13 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. Please state your name and business address for the record. 14 15 THE WITNESS: My name is David C. 16 Rinebolt. My business address is 231 West Lima 17 Street, Findlay, Ohio. 18 EXAMINER PRICE: And your degree was in 19 Russian literature, was that correct? 2.0 THE WITNESS: That was liberal studies, 2.1 your Honor. 22 EXAMINER PRICE: With a concentration in Russian literature. 23 24 THE WITNESS: One of them. 25 EXAMINER PRICE: Ms. Mooney.

2561 MS. MOONEY: Thank you, your Honor. Your 1 2 Honor, I would call David C. Rinebolt, and mark his 3 prefiled direct testimony as OPAE Exhibit No. 1. 4 EXAMINER PRICE: So marked. 5 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 6 MS. MOONEY: And I have handed a copy to 7 the court reporter. 8 9 DAVID C. RINEBOLT 10 being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was examined and testified as follows: 11 12 DIRECT EXAMINATION 13 By Ms. Mooney: Mr. Rinebolt, do you recognize -- do you 14 have a copy with you of OPAE Exhibit No. 1, your 15 16 direct testimony? 17 Α. I do. 18 Was that testimony prepared by you? Yes, it was. 19 Α. 20 Q. And do you have any corrections to that 2.1 testimony at this point? 22 Yes, I have one correction. It's on page Α. 23 5 in line 3, and where it says "OPAE then remits a

payment to ODSA, " "ODSA" should be replaced with

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"DP&L."

Q. Okay. And that's the only correction 1 2 that you have? 3 That is the only correction. Α. 4 MS. MOONEY: Your Honor, we would move, 5 OPAE would move for the admission of OPAE Exhibit 1, subject to cross-examination. 6 7 EXAMINER PRICE: We will defer ruling on the admission of OPAE Exhibit 1 until the conclusion 8 9 of cross-examination. Mr. Petricoff? 10 MR. PETRICOFF: "Nyet." 11 12 (Laughter.) 13 EXAMINER PRICE: Ms. Yost? 14 MS. YOST: No questions, your Honor. EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Williams? 15 16 MR. WILLIAMS: No questions, your Honor. 17 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Lang? 18 MR. LANG: No. Thank you. EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Oliker? 19 2.0 MR. OLIKER: No. Thank you, your Honor. 21 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Yurick? 22 MR. YURICK: No questions, your Honor. EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Faruki? 23 24 MR. FARUKI: Yes, your Honor. Thank you. 25 Very briefly.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

2 By Mr. Faruki:

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- Q. Good morning, Mr. Rinebolt.
- A. Good morning, Mr. Faruki.
- Q. Do you agree that the fuel fund is essentially an antipoverty program meant for low-income customers?
- A. I believe that the fuel fund has dual functions, one, it is, per the statute, 4928.02(L), to protect low-income customers from impacts of components of the ESP, and then, beyond that, it clearly functions as a component of an antipoverty strategy.
- Q. Your proposal in your testimony is to nearly double the fuel fund specifically from 400 to 750,000 dollars; is that right?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. You agree with my math, subject to check, that that's an increase of 87-1/2 percent?
 - A. I would agree to that.
- Q. You do not have a calculation of some sort to support the rationale for increasing the fuel fund by that, to that extent, do you?
- A. The recommendation that the fuel fund be increased by that extent is a function of my

understanding of the level of poverty statistics, the amount spent on bill payment systems in DP&L territory and other utility territories throughout the state, the increase in incidence of poverty since the level of funding was essentially set in 2008 prior to the recession.

MR. FARUKI: I'll move to strike that as nonresponsive, your Honor. I asked him if he had a calculation.

EXAMINER PRICE: We will deny the motion to strike this time, but we'll ask the witness to please pay careful attention to counsel's question and answer the question and only the question being posed by counsel.

THE WITNESS: Yes. Your Honor.

- Q. David, I'll reask my question. Isn't it true that you do not have a calculation to support the increase in the fuel fund that you are recommending?
- A. I do not have a calculation in my testimony, that's correct.

MR. FARUKI: Thank you, Mr. Rinebolt.

Your Honors, that's all I have.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Mr. McNamee?

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2565 1 MR. McNAMEE: No questions. 2 EXAMINER PRICE: Redirect? 3 MS. MOONEY: No, your Honor. 4 EXAMINER PRICE: You're excused, 5 Mr. Rinebolt. Thank you. THE WITNESS: Thank you. 6 7 EXAMINER PRICE: Any objections to the admission of OPAE Exhibit 1? 8 9 MR. FARUKI: No, your Honor. EXAMINER PRICE: Seeing none, it will be 10 admitted. 11 12 MS. MOONEY: Thank you. 13 (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.) 14 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Ms. Kingery. 15 MS. KINGERY: Duke Energy Retail Sales 16 calls Matthew Walz to the stand. 17 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Walz, will you 18 please raise your right hand. 19 (Witness sworn.) 20 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Thank you. You may 2.1 be seated. Please state your name and business 22 address for the record. THE WITNESS: My name is Matthew M. Walz. 23 24 My business address is 139 East Fourth Street, 25 Cincinnati, Ohio, 45202.

2566 1 MS. KINGERY: Your Honors, we would ask 2 that the direct testimony of Matthew Walz, dated 3 March 1, 2013, be admitted as Duke Energy Retail 4 Sales Exhibit 1. 5 EXAMINER McKENNEY: It will be marked as 6 Duke Energy Retail Sales 1. 7 MS. KINGERY: Thank you. 8 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 9 MATTHEW M. WALZ 10 being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was 11 12 examined and testified as follows: 13 DIRECT EXAMINATION 14 By Ms. Kingery: Mr. Walz, will you please tell us who you 15 16 are employed by and in what capacity? 17 I work for Duke Energy Commercial 18 Enterprises and I manage the Duke Energy Retail business line. 19 2.0 Q. Thank you. 21 And do you have in front of you what has 22 just been marked as Duke Energy Retail Sales Exhibit 1? 23 24 Α. I do. 25 Q. And is that your direct testimony filed

2567 in this proceeding? 1 2 Α. It is. 3 And do you have any corrections or 4 changes to make to that testimony? 5 Α. I have no corrections. And if I asked you those same questions 6 7 today, would your answers be the same? 8 Α. They would. 9 MS. KINGERY: Thank you. The witness is available for 10 cross-examination. 11 12 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Thank you. 13 Mr. Petricoff? MR. PETRICOFF: No questions, your Honor. 14 EXAMINER McKENNEY: OCC? 15 16 MS. YOST: No questions, your Honor. 17 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Ms. Mooney? 18 MS. MOONEY: No, your Honor. EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Williams? 19 2.0 MR. WILLIAMS: No, your Honor. 21 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Lang? MR. LANG: No. Thank you. 22 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Oliker? 23 24 MR. OLIKER: No. Thank you, your Honor. 25 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Yurick?

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1	MR. YURICK: No questions.
2	EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Sharkey?
3	MR. SHARKEY: Yes your Honor.
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5	CROSS-EXAMINATION
6	By Mr. Sharkey:
7	Q. Mr. Walz, we talked on the phone before,
8	my name is Jeff Sharkey, and I represent The Dayton
9	Power & Light Company.
10	As a 50,000-foot overview of your
11	testimony, it's true, isn't it, that you propose a
12	number of competitive enhancements that you recommend
13	that DP&L implement?
14	A. I recommended a couple of, yes, I
15	recommended ways to lower the barriers for customers
16	to select alternative supply.
17	Q. It's true, isn't it, that you didn't

- It's true, isn't it, that you didn't review any of the testimony that DP&L filed in this case before you prepared your testimony?
 - I did not review their testimony.
- Okay. And you didn't review any of the documents that The Dayton Power & Light Company produced in this case either, did you?
 - I did not. Α.

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Q. Okay. You haven't read Ohio Revised Code

4928.143?

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- A. If I did, I don't recall -- remember.
- Q. Okay. And you don't know what competitive enhancements, if any, The Dayton Power & Light Company has proposed in this case, do you?
 - A. I do not.
- Q. You assume there will be costs associated with competitive enhancements that you proposed, right?
- A. I would assume there's costs. I don't know what they would be.
- Q. Your prefiled testimony doesn't contain any proposal regarding who would pay those costs, does it?
 - A. It does not.
- Q. Turn, if you would, to page 4 of your testimony, line 8. You state there that DP&L currently requires that the customer name, as it appears on their pre-enrollment database, to match the name on the enrollment request exactly, correct?
 - A. I do.
- Q. And you assert that DP&L should revise its enrollment process so that the customer name in the pre-enrollment database does not need to exactly match the enrollment request?

- A. My testimony is that you do not need the name to enroll somebody, just the account number.
- Q. Okay. It's true, isn't it, that you don't sponsor any testimony that quantifies how often Duke Energy Retail has had the problem that you're describing in this Q and A?
 - A. I did not quantify, yes.
- Q. Okay. It's also true you have not quantified the costs that would be used to accomplish your proposal.
 - A. I have not.

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- Q. And you also haven't quantified the benefits, right?
 - A. I have not.
- Q. Then starting on page 4, again, line 19, you make a proposal that DP&L change its interval metering requirements, correct?
 - A. I do.
- Q. Your complaint is if the customer did not have an interval meter before that customer switches, DP&L continues to monitor the customer's usage and may require the customer to have an interval meter at some point in the future.
- A. My testimony says that when a customer switches, Dayton Power & Light will review that

customer, that switched customer, for interval meter on an ongoing basis.

Q. And at some point later, if the customer's usage -- let me strike that.

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If the customer's usage initially was not sufficient to require an interval meter but the customer's usage later changes, DP&L may then require the company to install an interval meter; is that your understanding?

- A. My understanding is Dayton Power & Light, after a customer switches, will continue to review whether that customer is required to have an interval meter and that check is on an ongoing basis unlike the other utilities in the state, where that -- that check is done only at the time of switching.
- Q. So if something -- so the Dayton Power & Light policy, as you understand it, is that DP&L will continue to monitor the customer's usage and even if the customer didn't require an interval meter at the time they switched, if a year later the usage pattern of the customer has changed, The Dayton Power & Light Company may then impose an interval meter requirement upon the customer.
- A. And, again, just to be very specific to my testimony, it's for a switched customer they're

doing it on an ongoing basis; whereas, the rest of the utilities in Ohio only make that assessment that one -- that assessment at the time the customer chooses to switch, not on an ongoing basis.

- Q. Okay. And you believe The Dayton Power & Light Company should not make that evaluation on an ongoing basis; is that correct?
- A. I do not believe they should make it on an ongoing basis.
- Q. Okay. Your testimony, again, doesn't make any effort to quantify how often this issue that you're describing occurs for -- creates problems for Duke Energy, does it?
- A. For Duke Energy? You mean Duke Energy Retail?
 - 0. I do.
 - A. I did not quantify.
- Q. And you also don't quantify any costs or benefits associated with your proposal, do you?
 - A. I do not.
- Q. Then turn to page 5, line 7 of your testimony. You are, there, offering an opinion that The Dayton Power & Light Company should be required to include a customer's meter number on the bill.
 - A. I do.

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- Q. Okay. And, again, you have not made any effort to quantify how often this item creates any problems for Duke Energy Retail, right?
 - A. I do not.

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- Q. And, again, you haven't quantified, made any effort, rather, to quantify either the costs or the benefits of your proposal, right?
 - A. I did not quantify.
- Q. Then starting on line 16 of that same page, you recommend The Dayton Power & Light Company implement a purchase of receivables program, right?
 - A. I do.
- Q. Okay. If you'd take a look on page 3 of your testimony, line 4, you say "DER is interested in a consistent framework for retail competition throughout the state of Ohio." Did I read that accurately?
 - A. That is an accurate statement.
- Q. It's true, isn't it, that Duke

 Energy Ohio is the only electric utility in the state

 of Ohio with a purchase of receivables program?
 - A. It is true.
- Q. And it's your understanding that Duke Energy -- let me step back.
 - You understand that the Duke utility

agreed to have a POR program pursuant to a stipulation, right?

- A. I don't know how they -- I don't know how it evolved. I don't know how the purchase of receivables program with Duke Energy Ohio started.
- Q. So you don't know whether they agreed to offer a POR program via stipulation or whether it came about through some other methodology.
 - A. I don't.

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- Q. Okay. Regarding your proposal, it's true, isn't it, that Duke Energy Retail, the CRES provider, is not compelled to do business with any customers in DP&L's service territory?
- A. We are not compelled to serve any customers in DP&L's utility.
- Q. Okay. You want DP&L to implement a rider so that it would recover any bad debt costs from customers, right?
- A. My testimony is I want a purchase of receivables program for -- to simplify the customer experience to make it make more sense for customers. To do that you need to consolidate the accounts receivable, I believe, with one entity, which would be the utility, and it would clean up the confusion customers have with regard to the fact that there is

a single, on a consolidated bill there's a single payment, a single bill, a single payment, a single account balance, and a single entity that can disconnect the customer.

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Q. To be clear here, you expect DP&L -- strike that.

You don't want DP&L to take on the bad-debt risk, you want DP&L's customers to take on that bad-debt risk, correct?

- A. Yes. My recommendation, my suggestion would be to follow the Duke Energy Ohio purchase of receivables program which would be covered by the rate base, the customers in that service territory.
- Q. So DP&L's customers would ultimately bear the risk that Duke Energy Retail's customers didn't pay it.
- A. Yes, but they also benefit from a consistent framework for choice and consolidated billing in the state -- in the utility.
- Q. Have you made any comparison to show the amount of the benefit they receive, in terms of having a consistent framework, exceeds the amount of costs that would be imposed upon customers if they were forced to assume the bad-debt risk associated with Duke Energy Retail's customers?

THE WITNESS: Can you repeat that question, please?

(Record read.)

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- A. I have not done any cost-benefit analysis for purchase of receivables.
- Q. You don't sponsor any opinion, do you, regarding whether DP&L should purchase Duke Energy Retail's receivables at a discount?
- A. I've deferred -- I would defer to the Commission on what the discount rate would be.
- Q. You also don't make any proposal on how a discount rate, if any, would be determined, do you?
 - A. I do not.
- Q. Turn then, if you would, to page 6 of your testimony, line 16. Here you recommend that DP&L provide additional information to CRES providers on DP&L's pre-enrollment list, right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And, again, you haven't made any effort to quantify how often Duke has this problem, what costs would be incurred to fix the problem, and what benefits would result from fixing the problem that you identify, right?
- A. I did not quantify the costs or benefits associated with this improvement.

- Q. Nor did you quantify how often Duke experiences any problems with this item.
- A. I did not quantify how much -- how often this impacts Duke Energy Retail.
- Q. Turn, if you would, to page 7, line 12 of your testimony, if you would.
 - A. Give me -- say that again, please.
- Q. Page 7 of your testimony starting on line
 12. You recommend there that DP&L implement a
 hundred percent competitive bidding immediately,
 right?
 - A. I do.

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- Q. You have not conducted any analysis of whether DP&L can maintain its financial integrity if the proposal was implemented, right?
- A. I did not. I based it solely on competitive choice barriers for customers.
- Q. Okay. You also haven't conducted any analysis to determine whether DP&L can provide reliable service if that proposal was implemented, have you?
- A. I did not. I based it solely on competitive choice.
- Q. You agree with me that it's important to customers that DP&L be able to provide reliable

distribution service?

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- A. I believe reliable service is important to customers.
- Q. And since Duke Energy Retail provides service to customers within DP&L's service territory, you also agree with me that it's important to Duke Energy Retail that DP&L be able to provide reliable distribution service, right?
- A. Could you repeat your -- rephrase your question, I'm sorry?
- Q. Sure. Duke Energy Retail provides generation services to customers within DP&L's service territory, right?
 - A. We do.
- Q. Okay. You, therefore, agree that it's important to Duke Energy Retail that DP&L be able to provide reliable distribution service.
- A. Yes. My -- our business objective with customers is to make the right choice easy, part of that is having reliable service with their relationship with us and between us as a retailer and our customers, and having unreliable service with the local utility, customers would assume that we have something to do with that sometimes, and I would prefer to have reliable service from the local

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       utility.
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                   MR. SHARKEY: Thank you, Mr. Walz.
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                   Your Honors, I have no more questions.
                   EXAMINER McKENNEY: Staff?
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                   MR. McNAMEE: No questions.
 6
                   EXAMINER McKENNEY: Redirect,
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       Ms. Kingery?
                   MS. KINGERY: No redirect. Thank you.
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                   EXAMINER McKENNEY: Thank you.
                   Mr. Walz, you're excused.
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                   Objection to the admission of Duke Energy
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       Retail Sales 1?
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                   (No response.)
                   EXAMINER McKENNEY: It is so admitted.
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                   MS. KINGERY: Thank you.
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                   (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
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                   EXAMINER McKENNEY: Let's go off the
       record at this time.
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                    (Lunch recess taken.)
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Monday Afternoon Session,

April 1, 2013.

record at this time. Before we continue, we had a discussion off the record about the briefing schedule for this case. We discussed amongst the parties that the briefing schedule would consist of 30 days from the filing of the transcripts for initial briefs and then 15 days after that for reply briefs. We'll make that announcement again tomorrow for anyone that's not here this afternoon.

At this time, is IGS ready to present?

MR. WHITT: We are, your Honor. I

believe we have a housekeeping matter to take care of
with an appearance that needs to be entered.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: I'm sorry.

MR. CASTO: Scott Casto on behalf of FirstEnergy Solutions. C-a-s-t-o.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Thank you, Mr. Casto.

Mr. Whitt.

MR. WHITT: Yes, your Honor, IGS would call Matthew White.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. White, will you please raise your right hand.

2581 1 (Witness sworn.) 2 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Thank you. Please be 3 seated. Please state your name and business address 4 for the record. 5 THE WITNESS: My name is Matthew White. My business address is 6100 Emerald Parkway, Dublin, 6 7 Ohio, 43016. 8 9 MATTHEW S. WHITE 10 being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was examined and testified as follows: 11 12 DIRECT EXAMINATION 13 By Mr. Whitt: Mr. White, do you have in front of you a 14 document that's been marked for identification as IGS 15 16 Exhibit 1? 17 A. Yes, I do. 18 Does that document represent your direct testimony prepared in this proceeding? 19 2.0 Α. Yes, it is. 21 Do you have any corrections to make to 22 your testimony? 23 Α. No, I do not. 24 If I were to ask you the same questions 25 that appear in IGS Exhibit 1 today, would your

2582 answers be the same? 1 2 Α. Yes. 3 MR. WHITT: Thank you. The witness is 4 available for cross. 5 EXAMINER McKENNEY: The witness's testimony will be marked IGS 1. 6 7 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) EXAMINER McKENNEY: Proceed with 8 cross-examination. 9 10 Mr. Berger? MR. BERGER: Yes, I have a few questions 11 12 for Mr. White. 13 CROSS-EXAMINATION 14 15 By Mr. Berger: 16 Good afternoon, Mr. White. My name is 17 Tad Berger, I'm with the Office of the Ohio 18 Consumers' Counsel. I just have a few questions for 19 you. 20 Α. Okay. 21 Mr. White, if an SSO customer switches to 22 a CRES supplier at a time when the fuel rider has an 23 undercollection obligation, let's say an 24 undercollection of several hundred dollars per 25 customer, is it fair that when that customer

switches, they're no longer responsible for that amount of undercollection that was incurred while they were an SSO customer?

- A. You say "fair"?
- O. Yes.

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- A. Is it reasonable?
- Q. Reasonable.
- A. Can you put that in context a little bit more?
 - Q. Yes. Let's talk --
- A. I mean, are you asking questions about my testimony specifically?
- Q. Well, I think on page 7 of your testimony you talk about this particular issue in terms of the reconciliation rider.
 - A. Okay.
- Q. And it's your recommendation, as you know, that those costs shouldn't pass -- continue as nonreconcilable charges to non-SSO customers. So, again, my question to you, would it be fair for that customer who's switching to leave behind a substantial undercollection associated with the period when they receive the service?
- A. I guess I can't tell you whether it's fair or not. I can tell you what I recommend in my

testimony.

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- Q. Well, is what you recommended, in your opinion, fair?
 - A. What I recommend is fair, yes.
- Q. And why is it fair if customers who are switching leave behind a substantial obligation that was incurred on their behalf?
- A. Well, what I recommend in my testimony would not leave behind a substantial obligation.

 What I recommend in my testimony was that in the event there was a certain -- a certain level of deferrals, the Commission should set a point at which point they conduct retail auctions to recover that remaining -- or, excess money that has not been recovered through the riders.
- Q. And what would be that point, in your opinion? Is that the 70 percent you were talking about?
- A. Yes. Roughly. I mean, it could be more, it could be less than 70 percent, but I suggest the Commission set a point where migration reaches a certain level and then they conduct retail auctions to recover any of the revenue that may be remaining from those deferred riders.
 - Q. Am I correct in understanding what you're

testifying is that current switching rate, I think it's 62 percent of the load, is that the point that you understand it to be?

- A. I believe, but I'm not -- whatever's on the record.
- Q. So until 70 percent of the load has switched, you would not have those undercollection obligations falling upon the switching customers; is that correct?
- A. I would recommend that those obligations be collected through a bypassable rider.
 - Q. So the answer to my question is yes --
 - A. Yes.

- Q. -- those obligations wouldn't follow those customers.
- A. Until the threshold is reached, I'd recommend that those obligations are recovered through a bypassable rider.
- Q. And with respect to your proposed retail auction and whether it could pay down deferred costs, would that depend -- that would depend, wouldn't it, on market prices and whether they were sufficient to cover those deferred costs?
- A. It would depend on, yes, it would depend on a number of factors, primarily being how much

suppliers would be willing to pay to serve those customers.

- Q. According to your testimony, you contemplate that there would be a price below the utility's SSO price at which marketers would enter the market --
 - A. Yes.

- Q. -- and take on this retail load; is that right?
 - A. I believe that's likely, yes.
- Q. Is that based upon your current market price projections?
- A. Not just price. The desire of marketers to want to serve customers on a retail level.
- Q. Would you agree with me that if those deferred costs were going to be placed or going to be recovered, this Commission would have to make a determination that out of the margin that the marketers would otherwise receive, they would have to pay a certain portion toward the deferred costs under your proposal?
- A. Under my proposal, the marketers would bid at a certain -- a certain amount which would go towards paying down the deferred costs per customer.
 - Q. Would you agree with me that the

Commission -- that these customers wouldn't have to be switched to a CRES supplier for this to occur.

This could occur while the utility was still serving the SSO load; wouldn't that be correct?

- A. Not under my proposal. And I don't think it would work if it was -- the SSO load was still served by the utility because the marketers would be paying to essentially get a customer. So I don't think they would pay, you know, when the utility is serving that customer.
- Q. Couldn't the Commission simply say,
 "Utility, these remaining customers are going to pay
 the deferred costs that were incurred on behalf of
 you and the customers who have already switched"?
 Isn't that the same thing?
- A. They can say -- can you repeat the question?
- MR. BERGER: Could you just read that back?
- 20 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Please.
- 21 (Record read.)

A. No. Under my proposal, the marketers would pay the cost to serve those customers. It wouldn't be the customers. The marketers would be paying -- they would get a customer, they'd pay money

to get that customer, and that money would go to paying down any deferrals or any legacy costs incurred for serving -- incurred because of serving the default load.

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EXAMINER PRICE: What price would the customers pay them?

THE WITNESS: The price would have to be determined. I would recommend that the price be determined administratively by the Commission; a price that they feel comfortable. You know, I believe that the price --

EXAMINER PRICE: So it wouldn't be the lowest market price.

THE WITNESS: No, probably not. But it would be below the default rate.

- Q. Mr. White, on page 8, on lines 7 to 8, you indicate there's no mechanism to share the benefit with shopping customers in the event of a credit. Now, if there is a credit as well as a charge on the nonbypassable mechanism for these -- for the reconciliation rider, would you be satisfied with a mechanism that had that -- that balance to it?
- A. That was one of my rationales why I did not believe that the nonbypassable rider proposed by DPL was appropriate. But that would not alleviate

all my concerns about that rider, as I discuss further in my testimony.

- Q. And on page 9, at line 11, you use the term "incremental costs above the 10 percent threshold." Is that the same level of cost that the company is talking about in its proposal that would be above the 10 percent threshold? Is that the same definition of "incremental cost" the company uses?
- A. On page 9, line 11, what I'm trying to say here is that in the event the Commission does agree with DPL that there should be a nonbypassable rider to recover those deferred costs, which I don't agree with, I don't support, but in the event the Commission makes that determination, then the entire deferred cost should not be recovered through a nonbypassable rider but only the deferred cost above the 10 percent threshold.

So that when the 10 percent threshold is hit, only the incremental cost above that 10 percent threshold becomes recovered through the nonbypassable rider and not, you know, not the entire deferred cost.

MR. BERGER: Thank you.

That's all I have, your Honor.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Thank you,

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2590 1 Mr. Berger. 2 Mr. Casto? 3 MR. CASTO: No. 4 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Darr? 5 MR. DARR: No questions. 6 EXAMINER MCKENNEY: Mr. Yurick? 7 MR. YURICK: No questions. Thank you. 8 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Sharkey? 9 MR. SHARKEY: Yes, your Honor. 10 CROSS-EXAMINATION 11 12 By Mr. Sharkey: Mr. White, my name is Jeff Sharkey. I 13 represent DP&L. It's true, isn't it, that you're a 14 licensed attorney? 15 16 Α. Yes. 17 Q. Graduated from law school in May of 2007? 18 Α. Yes. And your only career experience before 19 2.0 law school was that you did some work in the 2.1 governor's office helping to manage constituent 22 inquiries? 23 I worked in the West Virginia governor's 24 office, before I entered into law school, in 25 constituent services and organizing events and

communicating with constituents.

- Q. You've never submitted written testimony in a proceeding before, correct?
- A. I have in Duke, the application to increase distribution rates, gas distribution rates, I submitted written testimony.
- Q. Other than that you've never submitted written testimony?
 - A. Yes.
 - O. You've never testified before?
- A. No.

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- Q. You're agreeing with me, you have not testified before.
 - A. Yes, I have not testified.
- Q. You practice as a regulatory attorney at 16 TGS?
 - A. Yes. As an attorney in the Regulatory Affairs Department.
 - Q. Okay. And before that, you were a regulatory attorney at Chester Willcox?
 - A. Energy and utilities lawyer, yes.
 - Q. You appeared as counsel on behalf of IGS before various utility regulatory bodies, right?
 - A. In Ohio I have.
 - Q. Okay.

1 A. Yes.

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- Q. And you, in fact, appeared as counsel in proceedings before the PUCO before?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. You don't have any responsibility for IGS's pricing of services in the market, correct?
 - A. That is not my day-to-day responsibility.
- Q. You don't have any direct responsibility for pricing in the market, right?
- A. In the past when I worked -- when I entered IGS Energy, I started in a program where I worked in all the departments at IGS Energy, including our Supply Department and our Marketing Department, where I did have direct input into pricing, but not currently.
- Q. You don't manage any of the persons at IGS who are responsible for its competitive activities.
- A. Not in the -- not employees of IGS, but various outside contractors -- and attorneys I have responsibility for managing.
 - Q. You're responsible for outside attorneys.
- A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. You don't have any direct responsibility -- strike that.

You're not responsible for preparing IGS's accounting books and records.

A. No.

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- Q. You originally entered an appearance in this case as an attorney, didn't you?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You withdrew that appearance before submitting testimony, correct?
 - A. Yes.

MR. SHARKEY: Your Honors, I'm going to move to strike Mr. White's testimony. While I'm sure that Mr. White is a fine regulatory attorney, being a regulatory attorney does not qualify him to submit testimony in this proceeding. In fact, your Honor, this room is full of attorneys who are every bit as qualified as Mr. White, but that doesn't mean that each of us can elect to, instead of appearing as counsel, simply appear as attorneys and submit our opinions.

EXAMINER PRICE: Which sections of his testimony do you think he's not competent to testify on?

MR. SHARKEY: Your Honor, I would submit that he's not competent -- I would submit that merely by being an attorney, you're not competent to submit

any opinions to this Commission on any matters;
merely being an attorney should not qualify a person
to submit testimony on matters before this proceeding
on any matters.

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EXAMINER PRICE: He has an MBA, doesn't he?

MR. SHARKEY: All of his experience, your Honor, is as an attorney. I forget whether he has an MBA or not, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: He has a master's in business administration from the College of William and Mary.

MR. SHARKEY: Still, your Honor -
EXAMINER PRICE: And he also said that he initially came in in some sort of executive training program where he worked from department to department.

MR. SHARKEY: Briefly, I think while he was at IGS he did that, your Honor, but his entire career has essentially been as a regulatory attorney which, I submit to your Honors, every attorney in this room has substantially similar experiences and probably a lot more lengthy experiences in terms of submitting testimony -- I'm sorry, in terms of practicing before this Commission. I have many

opinions, as I'm sure all of the lawyers do here, but it --

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EXAMINER PRICE: It almost seems like you're holding that against him. If he had worked for IGS in the Regulatory Affairs Department or the Regulatory Operations Department, we wouldn't be having this conversation, would we?

MR. SHARKEY: If he had different experiences, if he would have been somehow substantially involved in something other than active practice of law, yes, I think that would make him qualified. But what he's done is work as a lawyer.

I've worked as a lawyer a lot, I've got a lot of opinions, your Honor, so does Mr. Faruki, that doesn't mean we can start calling each other as witnesses and start sponsoring opinions before your Honors.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Whitt.

MR. WHITT: Your Honor, I believe that we have established that the witness is an expert by virtue of education, training, and experience in the area of utility regulation. As we are all aware in this field, the business is driven almost entirely by the legal and regulatory aspects imposed on market participants.

We've seen a number of motions to strike filed by DP&L on the basis that people weren't lawyers and couldn't offer opinions. Now we have a lawyer who's offering an opinion, they seek to strike that testimony as well. The motion should be denied.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Faruki, your motion to strike is denied. I'm sorry, Mr. Sharkey, your motion to strike is denied.

EXAMINER PRICE: If Mr. Faruki made the motion, it might have been different.

(Laughter.)

MR. WHITT: He's an expert.

- Q. (By Mr. Sharkey) Mr. White, IGS is a CRES provider, right?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. It has not bid, in the past, into competitive auctions that have occurred in Ohio?
 - A. No.
- Q. So you're agreeing with me that it has not, right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You don't know whether IGS will, in fact, bid in competitive auctions in Ohio in the future, do you?
 - A. I don't know.

- Q. IGS is not a customer of DP&L, right?
- 2 A. No.

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- Q. Again, it's a --
- A. Yes.
- Q. Poorly-phrased question. You are agreeing with me.
 - A. Yes, IGS is not a customer of DP&L.
- Q. You recommend that the Commission reject DP&L's request for an SSR and switching tracker?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Turn to page 4 of your testimony, if you would. It's the answer that's on line 13. You assert that the Commission should reject DP&L's request for an SSR and a switching tracker based upon your interpretation of Ohio Revised Code 4928.38 and 4928.141, right?
 - A. That's part of my rationale, yes.
- Q. Okay. And those are statutory provisions dealing with transition costs, correct?
 - A. Among other things, yes.
- Q. You're aware that DP&L recovered transition costs in its 1999 ETP case?
- 23 A. That's my understanding.
- Q. Okay. And you understand that DP&L

 Witness Chambers has sponsored testimony that the

levels of DP&L's SSR are reasonable?

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- A. If that's what the record says, then I'll accept the record.
- Q. I'm not asking you to accept the record or not. If you know or you don't know, you can tell me "Yes, I know that," or "No, I'm not aware of that."
- A. I don't recall exactly what he testified to.
 - Q. Okay.
- A. But I reviewed his testimony and, again,
 I'll accept the record if that was his testimony.
- Q. Do you recall that he at least offered testimony in support of DP&L's request for the SSR and switching tracker?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. You're not familiar with the methodology used by Dr. Chambers to determine whether or not the SSR and ST were appropriate, right?
 - A. In this case?
 - Q. In this case.
 - A. I mean, yes. I reviewed his testimony.
- 23 Q. You reviewed his testimony --
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. -- but you don't recall the details of

how he reached his conclusion that the SSR and switching tracker were reasonable, do you?

A. Let me think about that.

I think, generally, I understand why he thought they were reasonable, yes.

- Q. Let's short-circuit this. Regarding your assertion that the SSR and ST, switching tracker, it's true, isn't it, that you don't know if the methodology used to establish DP&L's transition costs is the same as, or even similar to, the methodology used by DP&L to calculate the amount of the SSR and switching tracker?
 - A. Can you repeat the question?
- Q. Okay. It's true, isn't it, that you don't know if the methodologies used by DP&L to calculate its transition costs in the 1999 case, you don't know whether those methodologies are the same as, or even similar to, the methodologies that DP&L used to calculate the amount of its SSR and switching tracker?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. That's true.
- A. Yes.

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Q. Do you have before you a copy of DP&L's exhibits? Should be in that binder, black binder.

1 If you would turn to DP&L Exhibit 103.

2 MR. WHITT: May I approach, Jeff, or do

3 you have an extra copy?

MR. SHARKEY: Can we go off the record

5 briefly, your Honor?

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Let's go off the

7 record.

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(Discussion off the record.)

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Let's go back on the record.

- Q. (By Mr. Sharkey) Mr. White, do you have, before you, a copy of DP&L Exhibit 103?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. If you would turn to page 2, subsection (d), do you see that that begins with the phrase "Terms, conditions, or charges"?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. You agree with me that the SSR and ST are both a term, condition, or charge?
 - A. They're a proposed charge.
 - Q. Fair enough.

You also agree with me that you don't sponsor any testimony on whether or not those proposed charges, and I'm reading from subsection (d), whether they relate to limitations on customer

shopping for retail electric generation service, bypassability, standby, back-up, or supplemental power service, default service, carrying costs, amortization periods, and accounting for deferrals, including future recovery of such deferrals.

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My question, again, was: Your question doesn't address whether or not the SSR and ST relate to those items.

- A. I don't specifically address those terms in my testimony; that language in my testimony.
- Q. And you also don't sponsor any testimony regarding whether the SSR and ST would have the effect of stabilizing or providing certainty regarding electric service?
- A. I don't explicitly address that language in my testimony.
- Q. You don't address at all whether or not the SSR and ST would have the effect of stabilizing or providing certainty regarding electric service, do you?
- A. I don't explicitly address that in my testimony.
- Q. You keep using the word "explicitly."
 You don't address that topic implicitly or
 explicitly, do you?

- A. The testimony refers to everything in the case, but it's not the language in my testimony.
- Q. There wouldn't be any spot in your testimony where you address whether or not the proposed charges would have the effect of stabilizing or providing certainty regarding retail electric service, right?
 - A. No.

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- Q. Turn to page 5 of your testimony, if you would, please. Starting on page -- I'm sorry, starting on line 11. As I read your testimony, you advocate that DP&L should not have a wholesale competitive bidding process if it is to receive the SSR and switching tracker; is that right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. I'm sorry, I think I gave you a bum line cite. I think the actual line cite is line 20; is that right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. In any event, you understand that the purpose of a wholesale auction would be to establish the rate that DP&L's SSO customers pay?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And you told me earlier that IGS hasn't bid and doesn't plan to bid in the wholesale

auctions in the future, right?

- A. We haven't. I can't represent whether or not we plan to in the future.
- Q. You're not aware of any plans to bid into wholesale auctions in the future.
- A. I can't represent one way or the other whether we plan to bid into the auction in the future.

MR. WHITT: Mr. White?

- A. I can't represent whether we plan to bid into an auction in the future.
- Q. In any event, IGS is not an SSO customer of DP&L, so it wouldn't pay the results of a competitive bidding process, right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You are aware that DP&L customers advocate that DP&L should have competitive bidding?
- A. I think there's multiple different customers that advocate for multiple different things, so to claim that customers advocate one way or another is, you know, you can't do it.
- Q. Are you aware that some of DP&L's customers advocate that DP&L should, in fact, have competitive bidding?
 - A. Yes.

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Q. And some of them, in fact, advocate that DP&L should have competitive bidding at a more rapid pace than DP&L, in fact, proposes, don't they?

A. Yes.

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- Q. You're not aware of any customers who have advocated that DP&L not have competitive bidding?
- A. There are multiple different customers out there and I'm not aware of every customer's opinion.
- Q. I wouldn't expect you to be aware of every customer's opinion, but my question just says you're not aware of any customers who have made an appearance in this case and in their appearances have advocated that DP&L should not have competitive bidding.
 - A. I'm not aware of any.
- Q. Turning, if you would, to page 7 of your testimony. You address, there, DP&L's request for a reconciliation rider, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. There's been a lot of testimony already in this case regarding what the reconciliation rider is and DP&L's concerns about it, so I'm not going to ask you those questions.

But it is true, isn't it, that your proposed resolution to the issues DP&L's addressed through the reconciliation rider is that DP&L would conduct retail auctions?

A. Yes.

- Q. You discussed that item with Mr. Berger here earlier, didn't you?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. It's true, isn't it, that you're not aware of any reason to expect that customer pricing would be lower under a retail auction than it would under a wholesale auction?
- A. There is -- it could be. To the extent customer -- or, to the extent suppliers are willing to pay for -- more for a retail relationship with a customer, depending on how the retail auction is structured, it could result in lower pricing, but . . .
- Q. Do you have a copy of your deposition handy, Mr. White?
 - A. Yes.

MR. SHARKEY: Your Honors, if I may approach?

- 24 EXAMINER McKENNEY: You may.
 - Q. Turn, if you would, to page 31.

1 A. Yes.

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Q. Line 8.

Question: "Is there any reason to expect that customers' pricing would be lower under a retail auction than under a wholesale auction?"

Answer: "I don't know. I can tell you that on a retail auction, you can -- A, my proposal -- the other benefit of my proposal to customers is that my proposal -- the revenues from the retail auction would go to reduce not -- some of the deferred costs -- the deferred costs or other nonbypassable charges that the Commission is levying on customers.

"So that is a benefit to all customers for a retail auction, and again, I can't tell you what the price is going to be in retail auctions versus wholesale auctions because that would be just speculation, but what I can say is, you know, it's potential to structure the bidding to come in below DP&L's base generation rates."

Did I read that accurately, Mr. White?

A. Yes.

Q. It's also true, isn't it, that you're not aware of any law in the State of Ohio that authorizes or even requires -- I'm sorry, strike that.

You're not aware of any law in Ohio that requires or even authorizes retail auctions?

A. I believe the policy of the state,
numerous policy -- numerous parts of the policy of
the state including, I don't have the Revised Code in
front of me, but a provision that essentially says
that it's the policy of the state to recognize
competitive markets and flexible regulatory
treatment, that would be a part of the Revised Code
that would support and authorize the implementation.

There are also other provisions in the Revised Code that discuss enhancing competitive markets, but I don't have the actual Revised Code in front of me to point to the specifics.

- Q. It's true, isn't it, that other than the policies of the state, you're not aware of any specific statutory section that authorizes or requires retail auctions?
- A. Again, I don't have the Ohio Revised Code in front of me to point to any specific statute.
- Q. That's not my question. My question is, as you sit here today, are you aware of any specific section that authorizes or requires the Commission to have retail auctions?
 - A. Other than the Revised Code section that

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I pointed -- I brought up, no.

- Q. Turn to page 9 of your testimony, would you, please.
 - A. Okay.

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- Q. You recommend, starting on page 9, that DP&L employ a purchase of receivables program, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. It's true, isn't it, that you're not aware of any statute or Commission rule that requires DP&L to have a purchase of receivables program?
- A. Again, back to the policy of the state to recognize competitive markets, grants the Commission flexibility to have -- flexibility in the regulatory treatment for competitive markets, that provision, and the numerous other policies of the state to -- that are supportive of competitive markets. Other than those, no.
- Q. None of those specifically require The Dayton Power & Light Company to offer a purchase of receivables program, do they?
 - A. That's right.
- Q. It's true, isn't it, that IGS has voluntarily elected to do business with retail customers in DP&L's service territory?

1 A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. IGS could eliminate the risk of nonpayment by not doing business with those customers, couldn't they?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. IGS could at least mitigate the risk of nonpayment by requiring its customers to make a deposit at IGS before IGS agreed to provide service to those customers, right?
- A. The deposit would mitigate, but not eliminate, the risk.
- Q. The risk that a customer will not pay is going to exist for somebody under any and all proposals, correct?
- A. In the POR proposal that I'm proposing, the risk that the customer will not pay -- it depends on where the risk falls. It doesn't fall on the POR proposal, it falls, like all customers, in an uncollectible expense rider or a -- if you choose to go the discount-rate method, then the discount rate.
- Q. The point is somebody is going to have to bear the risk that a customer's not going to pay its bill it owes to IGS, right?
- A. Just like somebody bears the risk for default-rate customers, yes.

Q. And your proposal is that somebody bear that risk other than IGS.

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- A. My proposal is that IGS's customers be treated like all customers where the risk of nonpayment is recovered through an uncollectible expense rider or, in the alternative, if the Commission sees appropriate, a discount rate apply to CRES supplier receivables.
- Q. Well, you understand that The Dayton

 Power & Light Company is compelled by law to offer a standard service offer to customers?
- A. I'm not a hundred percent sure that's entirely accurate, but I'll -- for the purpose of this question, I'll accept that as your statement.
- Q. Okay. So whether or not The Dayton

 Power & Light Company believes that a particular

 customer is creditworthy or likely to pay its bill,

 DP&L still has to provide service to those customers,

 doesn't it? If you don't know, you can tell me that

 you don't know.
 - A. No, I'm thinking.
 - Q. Okay.
 - A. Can you repeat the question?
- Q. Sure. Do you know whether the Dayton

 Power & Light Company has to provide service to

customers whether or not DP&L believes that customer is a good credit risk?

- A. I believe, I'm not a hundred percent sure, but DP&L has credit standards that it can reject service to customers if they don't meet those standards. Or if they can't pay an appropriate deposit, I believe that DP&L has the ability not to serve customers, but I don't have DP&L's tariff in front of me.
 - Q. Let's just move on.

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It's true, isn't it, that your testimony does not address whether DP&L could maintain its financial integrity under the proposal that you make?

- A. That's not -- you're right; no, I don't, no.
- Q. Nor do you address whether DP&L can provide reliable service if it were compelled to implement the proposals made in your testimony.
- A. In my testimony I don't explicitly address whether or not DP&L can maintain reliable service.
- Q. You do agree with me it's in the best interest of DP&L's customers that DP&L be able to provide reliable service, right?
 - A. I believe that it's in the best interest

of distribution customers that DP&L is able to maintain reliable service through its distribution network.

MR. SHARKEY: Thank you, Mr. White.

Your Honors, I have no more questions.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Staff?

MR. McNAMEE: Nothing.

EXAMINER McKENNEY: Mr. Whitt, redirect?

MR. WHITT: Briefly.

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REDIRECT EXAMINATION

By Mr. Whitt:

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- Q. Mr. White, do you still have DP&L Exhibit 103 in front of you?
- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Could you turn to the second page, please. And do you recall being asked the question of whether you were aware of any specific statutes that authorized retail auctions?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Now, could you look at subdivision (d) on page 2 of DP&L Exhibit 102 -- I'm sorry, 103. Would it be your opinion that subsection (d), which talks about "Terms, conditions, or charges...as would have the effect of stabilizing or providing certainty

regarding retail electric service," would that provision accommodate, in your opinion, the Commission to authorize retail auctions?

A. Can you give me a second to read that provision?

Yes.

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- Q. Would the same subdivision, in your opinion, authorize the Commission to authorize the POR program as a term, condition, or charge that would have the effect of stabilizing or providing certainty regarding retail electric service?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You were asked whether you were aware of any DP&L customers who advocated competitive bidding and I believe your answer was that you were aware of some customers that advocated that; is that correct?
 - A. For a competitive bidding?
 - Q. Yes.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Are you aware of any DP&L customers who have appeared in this proceeding to support DP&L's recovery of over two-thirds of a billion dollars in SSR revenues over five years? Have customers showed up to support that?
 - A. Not that I'm aware of.

2614 1 MR. WHITT: Thank you. 2 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Anything further? 3 MR. WHITT: Nothing further. 4 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Recross? 5 MR. SHARKEY: No, your Honors. 6 7 EXAMINATION 8 By Examiner Price: 9 Have you ever looked at the transcripts of the public hearings held in this case regarding 10 whether customers supported the ESP as a whole? 11 12 Α. In this case, have I looked at the public 13 hearing transcripts? 14 Q. Yes. 15 Α. No, I haven't, your Honor. 16 Have you looked at the public comments in Ο. 17 the docketing section? 18 I go through the docketing section and look at filings from time to time, but --19 2.0 Q. With respect to this case? 21 Yes. Yes. 22 And you've never seen any public comments 23 supporting Dayton's ESP? 24 Off the top of my head I'm not -- I don't 25 know exactly what the public comments say.

Q. Fair enough.

You have an average cost of customer acquisition in your business, don't you?

A. Yes.

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- Q. I'm not asking what it is.
- A. No. Yes.
- Q. Your company calculates that.
- A. More or less.
- Q. And you expect your proposal for acquiring customers to be less than your average cost of customer acquisition, don't you?
- A. Are you talking about the retail auction proposal?
 - Q. The retail auction proposal.
- A. The cost to acquire retail customers under the retail auction proposal versus acquiring them in the market. That, I don't know. I don't know what the actual -- I would imagine that the price that comes in the retail auction to acquire customers in that mechanism would be in line with what marketers would pay acquisition costs for --
 - Q. Because it would be irrational --
 - A. Right.
- Q. -- for a marketer to bid more than their average customer acquisition cost, wouldn't it?

A. I would imagine it would come in, however much in general marketers wanted to pay for a customer, they would be willing to pay that much to acquire a customer including all costs involving acquiring customers, regulatory verification, there's more than just acquisition costs in getting a customer.

Q. Okay.

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- A. But all costs, I would imagine that would be closed under the retail auction proposal.
- Q. And you accepted, I think, the point that counsel for DP&L made, that the shopping rate is about 62 percent right now in their service territory; is that correct?
- A. Yes. I think that's pretty much been the accepted rate, yes.
- Q. So there's 38 percent of the customers have chosen not to shop.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And under your proposal, they would be assigned to a marketer and they would stay with that marketer until they affirmatively decided to go somewhere else.
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. They would be there forever.

- A. They could be, but not required to be, and they will face no cancellation fees if they leave.
- Q. Would the Commission regulate the amount that they were charged by that marketer or would the marketer simply choose to charge whatever their monthly variable was, whether it was 10 cents a kilowatt-hour or \$50 a kilowatt-hour?
- A. Under my proposal the rate would always be published on the utility's Apples to Apples website.
 - Q. That's not what I asked.
 - A. Well, to an extent it is a --
 - Q. It would be disclosed.
- A. It would be required, but to the point where would the Commission dictate what that rate is?
 - Q. Are there any limitations on the rate?
- A. To the extent that it would always be published on the Apples to Apples website and that all -- everybody would have access to those customers that they knew were on that variable rate, the limitations would be like in all markets, you know, the market rate. That's how, you know --
 - Q. That's what I'm asking you. I'm asking

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you are you envisioning something that would be either NYMEX plus an adder, or are you envisioning something that the marketer simply chooses at their discretion?

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- A. It would be a variable rate and it would be a transparent rate, but it would not be a regulated rate.
 - Q. What does "transparent" mean?
- A. Meaning always published in an open source, available to everyone, including competitors, who wish to solicit customers on that rate.
- Q. How much time would a customer get to have to review the rate, from month to month, before they decided to switch or not to switch? Would the rate be published two weeks before the actual time the customer would have to pay?
- A. Well, under my proposal, the customer would be on a percentage-off rate to the default rate for a period of time, whether it be a year or two, and then if the remaining customers that were maintained on that percentage-off rate --
- Q. I'm talking about customers who have never -- chosen affirmatively to leave that market.
- A. And, again, this is -- some of these details will have to be worked out in the

implementation phase. But I envision it, I would suggest that it would be, like, whenever a supplier publishes his, you know, his rate on the Apples to Apples website, they can switch at any time and they will have -- they're required to publish that at a certain period of time for, you know --

- Q. I guess my question is: When would the customer know ahead of time what rate they're going to get charged for the next month if it's not a, if we're not talking about a NYMEX plus an adder or something like that?
- A. I think it would -- again, this is implementation-phase stuff, but you could put something like two weeks beforehand the supplier must publish that rate before it goes into effect. I mean, I think that's a rule that could be established as part of that process. Or a month. I mean, whatever the, you know, the parties find reasonable including the Commission.
- Q. And how long would -- this would be part of Dayton's ESP; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.

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Q. And how long, what's the term of the ESP that you're proposing? How long would we do this retail generation auction?

A. Well, it would be a one-off auction. So that once -- you would only have to conduct the auction once.

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- Q. So this would be an ESP forever?
- A. It would essentially -- yes, it would essentially eliminate the need to file more ESPs.
- Q. What if Dayton ever decided they want to do a market rate offer, will they ever have the ability to come in and file for a market rate offer?
- A. Would they ever? Again, I think part of that is it would have to be determined by the Commission what kind of framework they want to put around it, whether or not they allow Dayton to, I mean, from my general understanding, the Commission always has the authority to review the rates and, if it's not working, you know, switch to a different mechanism, rate mechanism.

But, I mean, those details I'm not quite aware of.

- Q. Can the Commission preclude Dayton from ever filing for a market rate offer by adopting an ESP with no ending date? You're an attorney, I can ask you legal questions.
 - A. Could the Commission ever preclude?
 - Q. Could the Commission preclude Dayton from

2621 ever filing for a market rate offer by approving the 1 2 ESP with no termination date whatsoever? 3 I think that's a question open for legal 4 interpretation. 5 That's why I'm asking you. You're an 6 attorney. 7 (Laughter.) You know, I would have to review the 8 9 statutes. I would believe so, yes, under -- yes. 10 EXAMINER PRICE: Yes. Okay. Fair enough. I'm done. 11 12 EXAMINER McKENNEY: All right. Thank 13 you, Mr. White. You're excused. Any objection to the admission of IGS 1? 14 15 MR. SHARKEY: Just the ones previously 16 stated, your Honors. 17 EXAMINER McKENNEY: Continuing objection 18 is noted. IGS 1 will be admitted at this time. 19 (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.) 2.0 EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go off the record. 21 (Discussion off the record.) 22 EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go back on the 23 record. 24 (Witness sworn.) 25 EXAMINER PRICE: Please be seated and

1 state your name and business address for the record.
2 THE WITNESS: My name is Joseph G.

Bowser, and my business address is 21 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Mr. Darr.

MR. DARR: I request to have marked a document as IEU Exhibit 1 and 1A; the first being the public testimony and the latter being the confidential testimony of Joseph G. Bowser.

EXAMINER PRICE: It will be so marked.

(EXHIBITS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- - -

JOSEPH G. BOWSER

being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was examined and testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

18 By Mr. Darr:

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Q. Mr. Bowser, do you have in front of you what's been previously marked as IEU Exhibits 1 and 1A?

A. Yes.

- Q. Can you identify those for us, please.
- A. Yes. It's my -- they're my prefiled direct testimony in this case.

- Q. Do you have any additions or corrections to that testimony?
 - A. Yes, I do.

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- Q. Could you outline those for us, please?
- A. Yes. Page 8, on lines 18 and 24, I refer to the, all capitals, "TCRR-B." In both of those cases it should be just "TCRR." That's, again, lines 18 and 24, on page 8.

Then turning to page 13, on line 14, the figure "1.328.5 billion," that second decimal point should not be there, so that the corrected figure is "1.3285 billion."

Also on page 13, during my deposition it was pointed out to me that I had made a minor error in calculating the ROE that I calculated on line 22 and, basically --

EXAMINER PRICE: You're not going to say anything confidential, are you?

THE WITNESS: No, not yet, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay.

THE WITNESS: My final correction will be, though.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Excellent.

A. The ROE there of "10.8" percent should be "10.6" percent, and the reason that that number

2624 1 changed was I needed to add, into the ending common 2 equity balance, the net income effect of that 3 adjustment. 4 You said the last change is in the confidential section? 5 Yes, it is. 6 Α. 7 EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go on the 8 confidential portion of the transcript at this time. 9 (Confidential portion excerpted.) 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 2.0 21 22 (Open record.) 23 (By Mr. Darr) With those corrections, if Q. 24 you were asked the questions contained in your

prefiled testimony marked as Exhibits 1 and 1A, would

2625 1 your answers be the same? 2 Α. Yes. 3 MR. DARR: I tender the witness for 4 cross-examination, your Honor. 5 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. OCC? 6 7 MR. BERGER: No questions, your Honor. EXAMINER PRICE: IGS? 8 9 MR. WILLIAMS: No questions, your Honor. EXAMINER PRICE: FES? 10 MR. CASTO: No questions. 11 12 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Yurick? 13 MR. YURICK: No questions, your Honor. EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Faruki? 14 15 MR. FARUKI: Thank you, your Honor. 16 17 CROSS-EXAMINATION 18 By Mr. Faruki: 19 Good afternoon, again, Mr. Bowser. 20 Α. Good afternoon. 21 Ο. You are neither an economist nor an 22 attorney; is that right? Correct. 23 Α. 24 Would you look at your testimony, I'd 25 like to start on page 12, line 6, you have a sentence

that begins "Based on advice from counsel, such an anticompetitive subsidy would violate Section 4928.02(H)." Do you see that?

A. Yes.

Q. You have a number of points which I'd like to go through relatively quickly of your testimony in which you are making such statements about Revised Code sections.

Would you turn with me next to page 15.

On page 15, question 24, you are asked a question about whether the Commission's authority to provide relief to meet financial integrity claims applies to the competitive side of an electric distribution utility's financial performance, and your response begins: "No. On the advice of counsel, Section 4909.16...applies only to the noncompetitive side of an EDU's financial performance." Is that right?

- A. Yes.
- Q. 4909.16, you recognize or recall, is the statute that governs emergency rate cases?
 - A. Yes, it is.
- Q. And then if you turn back to page 9, you have a similar "advice of counsel" statement at line 3, this time about 4928.143; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. At page 10 you have a couple of those, one is at lines 14 and 15; is that right?
 - A. On line 14, I see that, yes.
- Q. Yes, sir. That's another -- I was just trying to shorten this up. In other words, lines 14 and 15 is another "Based upon the advice of counsel here's what Ohio law specifically requires," is that right?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And then on the same page, lines 22 and 23 of page 10, you have a statement about section 4928.143(B)(2)(c), also made on advice of counsel; is that right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Line 11, page -- I'm sorry, page 11, line 3, you say "...Ohio law prohibits recovery of all renewable benchmark compliance costs through a non-bypassable charge," and you cite section 4928.64(E); is that right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Same page, line 11, a similar statement is in line 11, where you are talking about -
 EXAMINER PRICE: What was the page reference on the one?
- MR. FARUKI: I'm sorry, your Honor. It's

page 11 and line 11, where he's talking about compliance with the Ohio Revised Code requirements which he says "prohibit a nonbypassable charge for recovery of the costs of renewable benchmark compliance."

- Q. Is that right, sir?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. And then I believe the last one is on page 17, lines 4 and 5, with the sentence beginning "First, on the advice of counsel, the Application's assertion of threatened financial integrity is not one which the Commission may consider or act upon unless and until the procedural and substantive requirements of Section 4909.16...are satisfied." Is that right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. My final one, then, is page 20, lines 1 and 2, where you are making a statement -- the advice of counsel actually begins on the bottom of page 19, page 19, line 23 specifically, and you're talking about the scope of the Commission's jurisdiction on the top of 20; is that right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You agree with me that with respect to the legal opinions and conclusions you state in your

testimony, that you are not qualified to be opining on questions of law; is that right?

- A. I am not a lawyer.
- Q. That answers some of my question, but not all of it, so I'll ask you again. Isn't it true that you agree with me that with respect to the legal opinions and conclusions you state, you are not qualified to be opining on questions of law? Isn't that true?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Okay. You also agree with me that these statements that we have reviewed together form part of the basis of your opinions in this case?
 - A. Yes, they do.
- Q. More broadly, in terms of the foundation of your testimony, one of the key assumptions underlying your testimony here is a legal point that you believe the Commission lacks jurisdiction with regard to generation; is that true?
- A. Yes. Generation has been found to be a competitive service and the Commission does not -- does not have the ability to use ROEs on generation as a basis for determining, let's say, the SSR charge in this case.
 - Q. Again, that answers most of my question,

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but that belief that you just articulated is one of the key assumptions that underlies your testimony, isn't it?

A. It's one of the assumptions, yes.

EXAMINER PRICE: When you say

"competitive," do you mean market-based?

THE WITNESS: Not necessarily.

Generation is now a competitive service, whereas distribution is not. You know, the ESP basically is a distribution utility providing a standard service offer, that's the way I would see that.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay.

- Q. Let me ask about your definition of "financial integrity," which is a question I've been asking a number of witnesses. Your definition of "financial integrity" is different from that of some of the other intervenors' witnesses because your definition is based upon the standards for emergency rate relief under section 4909.16; is that correct?
- A. Yes. Because of the nature of the company's request, I felt that that was the appropriate definition of "financial integrity" that would be applied in this case.
- Q. So as you use the term "financial integrity" in this case, it would be coincident with

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the standard for emergency rate relief at the Commission; is that correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. In fact, you admit that you are not aware of the definition of "financial integrity" as it is used in literature of financial analysis of companies in the United States; isn't that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. So if we look at page 3 of your testimony, you have a statement, in lines 12 and 13, where you're expressing the opinion that DP&L improperly defines financial integrity. Do you see that?
 - A. At line 12?
 - Q. Twelve and 13, sir.
- A. Yes.

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- Q. When you write that, or when you say that, however, you are not saying that DP&L is using a definition of "financial integrity" that is at variance with the generally-accepted definition in the financial literature; isn't that true?
- A. Yes. I'm saying that I don't believe that that's the appropriate definition that would apply in this case.

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Q. Not only that, I understand that point,

but the next point is you are not saying that the definition that DP&L uses is out of the mainstream in terms of the definition of "financial integrity" in the literature in this country; isn't that true?

- A. What do you mean by "the mainstream"?
- Q. I'm talking about the definition of "financial integrity" as it is generally accepted in the literature of financial analysis of companies. And my question is: Isn't it true that you are not claiming that DP&L uses it in some way that is different from its generally-accepted definition in financial analysis?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. Now, a couple of times in your testimony you have references to the emergency rate case statute, 4909.16, and, in particular, you talk about that on pages 15 and 16; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. You are -- I'll withdraw that.

You're aware, among other things, 4909.16 allows a utility to file an emergency rate case seeking emergency rate relief, right?

- A. Yes.
- Q. You are also aware that section 4909.16 is not the statute upon which DP&L relies in its

application for an ESP, right?

A. Correct.

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- Q. And as I understand it, if the ESP, as proposed by DP&L, were not to be approved, you are not offering any testimony here about the level of rate relief that might be required for DP&L; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. You do not offer any opinions in your testimony about the financial prospects for DP&L's generation business; isn't that right?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. You have not, in the course of your work on this case, examined the extent to which the 137.5 million SSR charge would be necessary to assure DP&L's continued ability to provide safe and reliable electric service; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Your testimony includes an examination of certain financial information from 2001 to 2012, but you have not done any financial analysis for 2013 and beyond; is that right?
- A. Right. I think the parties tried to get information in the case through discovery that would allow them to do that with some confidence, but I

don't think the needed figures were forthcoming.

- Q. And you didn't do it from any other source either, right?
 - A. No, I did not.

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- Q. Okay. You agree with me that DP&L's past financial performance is not necessarily a predictor of future financial results?
- A. Right. That would be true of any company.
- Q. You did not make an examination of the negative effects on DP&L's financial condition of additional customer switching, did you?
 - A. No.
- Q. A little more broadly, you are not offering an opinion here as to what you believe the financial picture would be for DP&L over the period of the ESP, are you?
 - A. No, I am not.
- Q. You've read Mr. Jackson's testimony in which he said that what DP&L wants is the opportunity to earn a reasonable rate of return?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You recall that he expressed that reasonable rate of return in a range?
 - A. Yes, I do.

Q. You also know that it's not unusual for both the Commission and witnesses before the Commission to express reasonable returns in the form of a range; is that right?

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- A. Yes, it is. However, in this particular case, the now-competitive-generation business is included in the ROEs that Mr. Jackson calculated and I don't believe that that's appropriate.
- Q. You are aware that the Commission's standard filing requirements for an ESP case require that the applicant file pro forma financial projections of the effect of the ESP's implementation upon the electric utility for the duration of the ESP; is that right?
- A. I'm generally familiar with that, but I don't recall precisely what has to be provided in accordance with that. For instance, I don't recall if projected ROEs are part of that.
- Q. Well, you know that the applicant here for the ESP is The Dayton Power & Light Company, right?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. You also know that's an integrated company, by which I mean it has transmission, distribution, and generation businesses.

A. Correct.

Q. You also know that when DP&L filed for an ESP, the Commission's requirement, among other things, was that pro forma financial projections of the effect of the ESP's implementation upon the electric utility had to be filed, right?

MR. DARR: Excuse me. I missed the end of that. Could I have that read back?

EXAMINER PRICE: You may.

(Record read.)

MR. DARR: Thank you.

- A. I don't recall that precisely, but I know that generally there's a requirement to provide that sort of information.
- Q. Okay. You also understand that the SSR would be a charge to provide cash flow support for the transmission and distribution business as well as for generation.
- A. Yes, but my understanding is it's primarily the generation business that's driving that, that's driving the SSR.
- Q. But not solely the generation business; is that right?
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. At page 14 of your testimony you are

talking, among other subjects, about the history of DP&L's dividends on common stock from 2001 to 2011; is that right?

A. Yes.

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- Q. You're aware that in most of that period it was a publicly-held company with different owners?
- A. My recollection is that it was in late-2011 that DPL, the parent of DP&L, was acquired by AES, so yes, most of that period was different ownership.
- Q. Similar to a question I asked you a couple of minutes ago, you agree with me that the historic ability of a company to make dividend payments is not a sign of future financial strength; isn't that right?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. In fact, you agreed with me when we talked about this at your deposition, that there have been many companies which have had years of stable or increasing dividends, but then run into financial difficulties, right?
- A. True. That doesn't necessarily mean that that would happen to DP&L, but that can happen, yes.
- Q. You understand that over the last two or two-and-a-half years DP&L has experienced increasing

customer shopping?

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- A. Yes.
- Q. It's the customer's decision to switch, of course, not DP&L's decision to switch them, right?
 - A. Yes, it is.
- Q. You also agree that there are some conditions as to the future that DP&L doesn't have control over, right?
 - A. Can you be more specific?
- Q. Sure. DP&L has no control over the market prices for natural gas, for example; is that right?
 - A. I would assume that's the case, yes.
- Q. Let me see if I can shorten this up. You have not made any study or analysis in this case of the extent to which the financial circumstances facing DP&L are beyond its reasonable control; isn't that right?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. With regard to the -- I'm changing subjects now. With regard to the SSR and the switching tracker, you agree that they would not provide a guaranteed level of earnings; is that right?
 - A. My understanding is that they would

provide a level of revenues which is not necessarily a level of earnings.

- Q. As to earnings, there are other factors such as market price levels, the degree of customer switching, among others, which would affect a company's earnings, correct?
- A. As well as the expense levels that the company would incur, yes.
- Q. And you have not formed an opinion, as I understand it, that it is either likely or unlikely that DP&L will experience financial problems associated with its generation business; is that true?
 - A. I have not made that determination.
- Q. On, I think it's page 17 of your testimony, yes, if you look with me, sir, at page 17 on lines 16 and 17, you are referring to testimony from DP&L's witness Bill Chambers and the statement, on line 16 and 17, where you're talking about "a severe impact on DP&L's survival probability" was your characterization after reading that testimony; is that right?
 - A. Yes.

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Q. You, to use your words, in the deposition, you said you thought that indicated that

the financial condition of the company was a potentially dire situation in his opinion, as you read it.

- A. That's what it sounded like to me, yes.
- Q. But you are not offering an opinion, one way or another, about whether the financial circumstances that face DP&L would threaten its survival; is that correct?
- A. No, I'm not. I was saying that the way
 Mr. Chambers portrayed that to me seemed like perhaps
 the company should be asking for emergency rate
 relief under 4909.16.
- Q. You have not examined whether DP&L is likely to be on a downward trajectory financially without the SSR and the switching tracker, correct?
 - A. No, I have not.
- Q. And I'll modify that question to ask only about the SSR. You have not examined whether or not DP&L's financial condition is likely to be on a downward trajectory without the SSR, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. You asked about O&M or you brought up O&M expense reductions a couple minutes ago. Let me ask you a couple of questions about that.

You read in the testimony of the DP&L

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       witnesses, including Mr. Jackson, about estimates
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       that DP&L did of potential O&M savings over the
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       period of the ESP, right?
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              Α.
                    Yes. I recall that.
                    (Confidential portion excerpted.)
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2644 1 2 3 4 5 6 (Open record.) If I can shorten that up, basically, what 7 you did to make those changes, this was something we 8 talked about in your deposition, was that you had 9 taken a shortcut that had the effect of artificially 10 increasing ROE by a slight amount and you just 11 12 revised it on direct examination; is that right? 13 Α. Correct. EXAMINER PRICE: At this time should we 14 15 be going back to the public record? 16 MR. FARUKI: No, I wasn't going to get 17 into those numbers, again, your Honor. 18 EXAMINER PRICE: So we should go back to 19 the public record. 2.0 MR. FARUKI: I'm sorry, yes. 21 EXAMINER PRICE: In fact, let's go ahead 22 and put that previous question and answer on the 23 public transcript since we were changing territories

(By Mr. Faruki) Let me ask you some

and go on the public transcript.

Q.

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questions about Section II of your testimony which begins on page 4 about the reconciliation rider.

As you understand it, the purpose of the competitive bid process is to move toward a competitive bid process where generation is acquired by means of an auction process; is that right?

A. Correct.

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- Q. Actually, you don't have an opinion on whether or not you would favor that approach, do you?
 - A. I have not made that determination, no.
- Q. You, on page 5, list some or refer to some competitive retail system enhancements; is that correct? Page 5, line 5.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Those competitive retail enhancements are capital projects that would make it easier for CRES providers to obtain information they need to sign up customers; is that right?
- A. To simplify it, I think that's a good representation, yes.
- Q. Okay. In your view, those enhancements benefit the CRES providers?
 - A. Primarily, yes.
- Q. With regard to your testimony on page 6, you are not objecting to the timeline or the plan to

implement competitive retail enhancements or most of the enhancements within 24 months after a Commission order; is that right?

A. That's correct.

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- Q. And on page 7, with regard to your first question, you agree with me that -- or, your first answer, question 11, you agree with me that deferral of expenses and recovery of those expenses over time is a standard mechanism for cost recovery used by electric utilities.
 - A. Yes, it is.
- Q. And what you are describing on page 7, in lines 3 to 6, would not be an unusual practice in that regard, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. The rest of that answer, from lines 6 through 12, discusses a quarterly adjustment and that also would not be an unusual practice; is that right?
- A. Various riders tend to be adjusted at different intervals, quarterly is not unusual.
- Q. Here you don't object to a quarterly adjustment of these riders, do you?
- A. No. My objection is that the rider would be a nonbypassable charge.
 - Q. With regard to the AER-N, the

nonbypassable AER rider, let me ask you some questions about that in the first instance.

You believe that or you contend that the finding of need for the facility must be in the ESP case and the basis of that is advice of counsel from the McNees firm that employs you; is that correct?

- A. Do you have a reference in my testimony?
- Q. I believe the subject of it is at 9 and 10 of your testimony.
 - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. But you are aware of the fact that, with respect to generation facilities, a finding of need is usually done in the long-term forecast report process, right?
- A. My understanding is that's where findings of need are typically made.
- Q. You do not know or recall the state of the market for solar RECs in 2010, do you?
 - A. No, I do not.
- Q. You do recall, however, that in AEP's 2012 TCRR filing, the Commission found that AEP could recover the current TCRR deferral on a nonbypassable basis over three years in order to minimize the rate impacts, right?
 - A. AEP's TCRR rider is a bypassable rider

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and the decision that you're referring to, the Commission permitted a \$36 million underrecovery to be recovered through a nonbypassable charge over three years.

Q. Okay.

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EXAMINER PRICE: So you do recall that.

THE WITNESS: Yes, took me a, I had to think that through.

- Q. That's fine. Thinking's permitted.

 You recall also that IEU was a party to that case and objected to that treatment, right?
 - A. That's correct, yes.

MR. FARUKI: Thank you, Mr. Bowser.

Your Honors, that's all I have for this witness.

EXAMINER PRICE: Staff?

MR. McNAMEE: Nothing, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: I have a couple

follow-up questions.

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EXAMINATION

By Examiner Price:

Q. Getting back to, and we'll use page 10, line 14 as the example of this, in response to question 17, you say "It is my understanding, based

upon the advice of counsel, Ohio law" specifies -"specifically requires that the cost of compliance
with Ohio's renewable portfolio mandates must be
bypassable by shopping customers."

Is it your testimony that you are offering no independent opinion on what this provision says, you're solely relating what your counsel told you?

- A. Well, no. Based on my experience --
- Q. So you are offering -- I'm sorry.
- A. Yeah. Based on my experience over many years, even though you're not an attorney, you still, as part of your work, have to look at requirements and try to interpret those.
- Q. So you are offering an independent opinion.
- A. It's not -- it's not only the legal conclusions -- or, not conclusions, but the advice of counsel that leads me to all of my conclusions in this testimony.
- Q. Okay. So you are offering an independent, based upon your own knowledge and expertise, opinion on what these sections of the law say.
 - A. Yes.

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1 Q. Thank you.

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Okay. On the AER-N, then, you do not believe that the Commission can rely upon a decision made in a previous Commission -- one more time.

Do you believe the Commission can rely upon a determination made in a previous proceeding in a subsequent proceeding?

- A. My opinion was that 49 --
- Q. I'm just asking generally. I'm not asking specific to this. Do you believe that, generally, the Commission can rely upon a determination made in a previous proceeding in a subsequent proceeding?
 - A. Generally, yes.
- Q. For example, if there was a distribution rate case and the Commission determined a just and reasonable distribution rate and immediately thereafter, when the rates go into effect, an industrial customer filed a complaint regarding that rate, the Commission could rely upon the previous decision and say -- and dismiss the complaint.
 - A. Generally speaking, yes.
- Q. And that's collateral estoppel. Are you familiar with the term?
 - A. No.

Q. Okay. Well, we'll stay away from that.

But you do not believe in the case of a rider-AER-type proposal, like we have here, that the Commission can rely upon its determination made in the previous LTFR to -- regarding the determination

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of need.

- A. Yeah, my interpretation was that that determination of need had to be determined in this particular case.
- Q. Why is this different from the complaint distribution rate case -- complaint proceeding example I cited earlier?
- A. My answer to that is the only reason I can think of is because I believe there is a provision that specifically says it has to be in the ESP.
- Q. So the mere Commission recognizing in the ESP proceeding that it had previously made this determination is insufficient for you.
 - A. The way I would interpret this, yes.
- Q. Okay. Let's talk about the issue of recovering the costs of compliance with rider AER -- strike that. One more time.

Let's talk about recovering the cost of compliance with the renewable portfolio standards

that has to be done on a bypassable basis. You cannot envision any possible structure that the companies may propose which would accommodate both the statutory requirement that compliance costs be achieved on a nonbypassable -- on a bypassable basis but still allow the funding of the generation facility on a nonbypassable basis.

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- A. The way you put the question, I haven't thought it through that way in terms of no conceivable way of doing that. My bottom line is that those renewable portfolio costs should be bypassable costs.
- Q. But if the company proposed a structure so that all the compliance costs were bypassable, but the cost of the generation facility was still recovered on a nonbypassable basis, then you would acknowledge that's fulfillment of the statutory requirements.
- A. I can't say that for sure. I don't know if --
 - Q. Can you rule it out?
- A. I'm not comfortable giving an opinion on that. I feel like it's too legal.
- Q. So you cannot rule it out at this point in time.

- 1 A. I guess not, no.
 - Q. Okay. On the rider, rider RR, do you believe that the costs of the competitive bid should be recovered from customers on a bypassable basis only from SSO customers?
 - A. Yes, because I believe they're the primary beneficiaries of a competitive bid.
 - Q. So you don't think that -- that shopping customers benefit at all from the competitive bid process.
 - A. I think it would be too indirect or too hard to measure.
 - Q. Okay. And the competitive enhancements, is it true that although you think they may be a good idea, you simply don't think highly enough of them that you think that shopping customers should pay for them?
 - A. I didn't really try to evaluate the nature of the competitive enhancements and, you know, whether those made sense as things to do, let's say, but rather my, I guess my preferred choice would have been that the company asked for that in, let's say, a distribution rate case and the Commission could have determined how that should be recovered at that time.

But barring that I think if it's a cost

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that benefits the CRES providers by making it easier for them to get the information they need to sign customers up, then, to me, it would make sense that they bear that cost.

- Q. So your preferred option would be the Commission not decide the competitive enhancements in this proceeding but defer consideration of this issue to a subsequent distribution rate case.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And in the event that your alternative proposal, charging the CRES providers, were to be ruled off the table by the Commission, and the choices were to not proceed at this time, not proceed at all, or charge customers on a nonbypassable basis, which option would you choose?
 - A. I prefer not to proceed at all.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Mr. Darr.

MR. DARR: Thank you, your Honor. Could we have a couple minutes?

EXAMINER PRICE: You may. Let's go off the record.

(Recess taken.)

24 EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go back on the

25 record.

1 Mr. Darr.

MR. DARR: Thank you, your Honor. Thank you for the time.

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5 REDIRECT EXAMINATION

By Mr. Darr:

- Q. Mr. Bowser, you were asked a series of questions concerning the review that you did with regard to financial integrity of the company with or without the SSR or the switching tracker. Do you remember that line of questions?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Now, have you looked at the factors that are contributing to the so-called challenges to financial integrity that the company may be facing?
 - A. Not in detail, no.
- Q. Okay. Based on your understanding of the company's case, have you been able to identify the factors that may be affecting the financial integrity of the company?
 - A. Well, as --

MR. FARUKI: I'm going to object because he just said he hadn't looked at them in detail.

There's no foundation.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Darr?

MR. DARR: I believe what he said was
I've reviewed the testimony. I asked him
specifically with regard to the testimony presented
by the company, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Can I have the question and answer -- the previous question and answer read back, please?

(Record read.)

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MR. FARUKI: Your Honor, that question and answer she just read goes to lack of foundation for the next questions.

EXAMINER PRICE: I'm going to overrule the objection, but I'm going to caution Mr. Darr not to lead the witness.

MR. DARR: Fair enough, your Honor.

A. Yeah, I think, as Mr. Faruki had asked me earlier, you know, the SSR is driven, apparently in large part, by generation, and I know there was discussion in this case, I think there was discovery, and this may be confidential, regarding the company's ability to file a distribution rate case, and there weren't any numbers put out there for what that -- what that rate increase could possibly be if the company did that, but, you know, that would be another source, potentially, of revenues to the

company going out into the future and I don't believe any revenues like that were reflected in

Mr. Jackson's or Mr. Chambers' figures.

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MR. FARUKI: If he's done --

Are you done with your answer?

THE WITNESS: Yes.

MR. FARUKI: Your Honors, I'll move to strike as both lacking foundation and nonresponsive to the question.

EXAMINER PRICE: I think Mr. Darr can decide if it's responsive or not.

With respect to the lack of foundation, it will go to the amount of weight that we give his testimony. So your objection is overruled.

Please proceed, Mr. Darr.

MR. DARR: Thank you.

- Q. (By Mr. Darr) You were asked a series of questions by Mr. Faruki about the relevance of past performance of DP&L in this case as it might be relevant to their future performance. Do you recall those questions?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Going back to your testimony, why do you believe it's important for the Commission to look at past performance of DP&L?

A. The reason I had this section in my testimony about the 2001 to 2011 and then the 2012 period was because the company has had extremely high returns on equity over that period. Also paid out a large percentage of its earnings up to the shareholder. And I think, you know, perhaps the company's request in this case indicates somewhat of a lack of symmetry in that the ROEs that Mr. Chambers used in trying to justify the SSR, you know, basically were total company ROEs that had the competitive generation service in there and that it shouldn't be there.

- Q. You were also asked a series of questions with regard to the fact that DP&L is currently an integrated company. Do you recall those questions?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. For purposes of your analysis in this case, is it important that this is an integrated company?
- A. Well, as Mr. Faruki said, you know, the company still owns those lines of business, however, generation is a -- now a competitive business whereas distribution is not, and, you know, there are corporate separation implications that were addressed in, I believe, Mr. Hess or Mr. Murray's testimony

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So I guess I don't view it as an integrated company for purposes of whether or not the SSR, for instance, is appropriate.

- Q. You were also asked a series of questions about the effects of O&M reductions. Do you recall that?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Would you expect, based on your experience in this segment of the industry, that management would have to exercise discretion in these areas?
- A. Yes. I don't think management would defer expenses if they thought that would result in unreliable service for customers.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$ DARR: That's all the redirect I have, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

OCC?

MR. BERGER: No questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Williams?

MR. WILLIAMS: No questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: FES?

MR. CASTO: No questions.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Yurick?

MR. YURICK: No questions. Thank you, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Faruki?

4 MR. FARUKI: Very briefly. Thank you,

5 your Honor.

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RECROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Faruki:

- Q. Mr. Bowser, you said I do not view it as an integrated company for purposes of whether or not the SSR is appropriate. Do you remember that statement a minute ago?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. The company whose rates are being set or adjusted in this proceeding is the DP&L company, right?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. During the period of time when -- if the Commission were to order an SSR, the company that would begin to receive that SSR is The Dayton Power & Light Company, right?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And at the time The Dayton Power & Light Company would begin to receive an SSR, if one is approved by the Commission, it would be an integrated

company with transmission, distribution, and generation lines of business, right?

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- A. Except that the generation business was unbundled and made competitive quite a few years ago.
- Q. But that doesn't get to my question.

 Isn't it true that if the Commission approves an SSR in this case, then the company begins to receive that charge, the company that's receiving it is an integrated company, right?
 - A. It's DP&L that's receiving it.
- Q. And DP&L, as a corporate entity, has transmission, distribution, and generation businesses, doesn't it?
- MR. DARR: Objection. Asked and answered.

EXAMINER PRICE: Overruled.

A. It does have all those businesses, yes.

MR. FARUKI: Thank you, sir.

That's all I have, your Honor.

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FURTHER EXAMINATION

By Examiner Price:

Q. Although Dayton -- although competition has been -- has now been declared to be competitive -- let me rephrase that.

Although generation has been now declared to be competitive, Dayton Power & Light, like every electric distribution utility, is required to offer a standard service offer, aren't they?

A. Yes.

- Q. So although we have this competitive market, there is one entity that still has to make a standard service offer for generation; is that correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And we're in a period right now of unusually low PJM capacity prices; isn't that correct?
- A. For the current delivery year, yes, but the next few deliver years it's going back up.
 - Q. For the current year.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And there's really nothing to guarantee the Commission that when this period of unusually low capacity prices ends, marketers won't exit the market, is there?
 - A. I don't know.
- Q. When market support generation ended in the FirstEnergy service territory, after Senate Bill 3 was enacted, many marketers exited the market,

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- A. I do not recall. I recall --
- O. You don't recall?
- A. I recall market support generation, i.e., MSG, but I don't recall what was happening to the market at that time.
- Q. You don't recall Green Mountain Energy Company?
 - A. I do recall Green Mountain.
- Q. Did they exit the market at the end of market support generation?
- A. They exited the market, but I don't recall the timing of that.
 - Q. Shell Energy?
 - A. I remember Shell Energy as well.
- Q. Did they exit the market at the end of market support generation?
 - A. I remember they exited the market, but I don't remember when specifically.
 - Q. Fair enough.

You indicated that you included the returns on equity in 2001 through 2011 as a matter of fairness or because you thought the Commission needed that part of the picture.

A. Yes.

- 1 Ο. Would you agree that, pursuant to Commission orders, Dayton Power & Light offered 2 3 below-market generation rates for that period of 2001 4 through 2011? 5 They may have, but I don't know if they definitely did. 6 7 Q. You don't know if the rates were below 8 market.
 - A. No. I don't recall.
 - Q. You don't recall.
 - A. No.

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- Q. During this period you were employed by Consumers' Counsel and IEU-Ohio?
- A. Yeah. IEU-Ohio, I started in 2005.

 MR. DARR: Can I make a -- you said

 "IEU-Ohio."
- 17 EXAMINER PRICE: Pardon me?
- MR. DARR: You said he was employed by IEU-Ohio.
 - THE WITNESS: Pardon me. Employed by McNees, Wallace & Nurick. Excuse me.
- Q. During this period you were employed by
 Ohio Consumers' Counsel or McNees, Wallace & Nurick.
- 24 A. Correct.
 - Q. But you can't, you don't recall off the

top of your head whether the rates were below market.

A. At different points in time my responsibilities have been different and might have included those areas or might not have.

EXAMINER PRICE: Fair enough.

Okay. You're excused. Thank you.

Mr. Darr.

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MR. DARR: Thank you, your Honor. Move the admission of IEU Exhibits 1 and 1A, please.

EXAMINER PRICE: Any objection to the admission of TEU Exhibits 1 and 1A?

MR. FARUKI: Briefly, yes, your Honor.

Because he said statements, including legal

conclusions and opinions, formed part of the basis of

his opinions and conclusions, I do object.

EXAMINER PRICE: I think consistent with our past rulings in this proceeding, we will overrule the objection and admit IEU Exhibits 1 and 1A.

(EXHIBITS ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)

EXAMINER PRICE: Do we have any other issues that we need to attend to before tomorrow?

(No response.)

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Let's go off the record. We'll resume tomorrow at 10:00 o'clock.

(Hearing adjourned at 3:30 p.m.)

1 CERTIFICATE

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the proceedings taken by me in this matter on Monday, April 1, 2013, and carefully compared with my original stenographic notes.

Maria DiPaolo Jones, Registered Diplomate Reporter and CRR and Notary Public in and for the State of Ohio.

My commission expires June 19, 2016.

11 (71944-MDJ-PUBLIC)

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in

Case No(s). 12-0426-EL-SSO, 12-0427-EL-ATA, 12-0428-EL-AAM, 12-0429-EL-WVR, 12-0672-EL-RDR

Summary: Transcript in the matter of The Dayton Power and Light Company hearing held on 04/01/13 - Volume X - Public Version electronically filed by Mrs. Jennifer Duffer on behalf of Armstrong & Okey, Inc. and Jones, Maria DiPaolo Mrs.