#### BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

)

)

)

In the Matter of the Application of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc., for Approval of Pilot Tariff Rate TD 13.

Case No. 12-3281-EL-ATA

## MOTION TO INTERVENE BY THE OFFICE OF THE OHIO CONSUMERS' COUNSEL

The Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel ("OCC") moves to intervene in this case involving a pilot program where Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. ("Duke" or "Utility") seeks to further explore the impact of time-differentiated pricing by providing customers with choices of when peak periods occur (and correspondingly when consumers will pay much more for electricity).<sup>1</sup> OCC is filing on behalf of Duke's residential electric utility customers. The reasons the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio ("Commission" or "PUCO") should grant OCC's Motion are further set forth in the attached Memorandum in Support.

Respectfully submitted,

BRUCE J. WESTON OHIO CONSUMERS' COUNSEL

/s/ Michael J. Schuler Michael J. Schuler, Counsel of Record Assistant Consumers' Counsel

Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel 10 West Broad Street, Suite 1800 Columbus, Ohio 43215-3485 Telephone: (614) 466-9547 - Direct schuler@occ.state.oh.us

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See R.C. Chapter 4911, R.C. 4903.221 and Ohio Adm. Code 4901-1-11.

#### BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

)

)

)

In the Matter of the Application of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc., for Approval of Pilot Tariff Rate TD 13.

Case No. 12-3281-EL-ATA

#### **MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT**

On December 21, 2012, Duke docketed at the PUCO an application for a pilot tariff approval whereby Duke seeks to further explore the impact of time-differentiated pricing by providing customers with choices of when peak periods occur. Pursuant to R.C. Chapter 4911, OCC has authority under law to represent the interests of Duke's residential electric customers.

R.C. 4903.221 provides, in part, that any person "who may be adversely affected" by a PUCO proceeding is entitled to seek intervention in that proceeding. The interests of Ohio's residential customers may be "adversely affected" by this case, especially if the customers were unrepresented in a proceeding that could possibly result in an increase in their rates based upon the risk associated with the pilot tariff program. That risk could be significant in a pilot program where the peak to off peak price differential is approximately 8 to 1. (Duke Application for Pilot Tariff Approval, p. 5). Thus, this element of the intervention standard in R.C. 4903.221 is satisfied.

R.C. 4903.221(B) requires the Commission to consider the following criteria in ruling on motions to intervene:

- (1) The nature and extent of the prospective intervenor's interest;
- (2) The legal position advanced by the prospective intervenor and its probable relation to the merits of the case;

- (3) Whether the intervention by the prospective intervenor will unduly prolong or delay the proceeding; and
- (4) Whether the prospective intervenor will significantly contribute to the full development and equitable resolution of the factual issues.

First, the nature and extent of OCC's interest is representing Duke's residential customers in this case involving time-differentiated pricing, which could result in increased rates. This interest is different than that of any other party and especially different than that of the utility whose advocacy includes the financial interest of stockholders.

Second, OCC's advocacy for residential customers will include advancing the position that rates should be no more than what is reasonable and lawful under Ohio law, for service that is adequate under Ohio law. OCC's position is therefore directly related to the merits of this case that is pending before the PUCO, the authority with regulatory control of public utilities' rates and service quality in Ohio.

Third, OCC's intervention will not unduly prolong or delay the proceedings. OCC, with its longstanding expertise and experience in PUCO proceedings, will duly allow for the efficient processing of the case with consideration of the public interest.

Fourth, OCC's intervention will significantly contribute to the full development and equitable resolution of the factual issues. OCC will obtain and develop information that the PUCO should consider for equitably and lawfully deciding the case in the public interest.

OCC also satisfies the intervention criteria in the Ohio Administrative Code (which are subordinate to the criteria that OCC satisfies in the Ohio Revised Code). To intervene, a party should have a "real and substantial interest" according to Ohio Adm. Code 4901-1-11(A)(2). As the advocate for residential utility customers, OCC has a very real and substantial interest in this case where the risk/reward associated with this pilot program could result in higher rates for Duke customers in the pilot.

In addition, OCC meets the criteria of Ohio Adm. Code 4901-1-11(B)(1)-(4). These criteria mirror the statutory criteria in R.C. 4903.221(B) that OCC already has addressed and that OCC satisfies.

Ohio Adm. Code 4901-1-11(B)(5) states that the Commission shall consider the "extent to which the person's interest is represented by existing parties." While OCC does not concede the lawfulness of this criterion, OCC satisfies this criterion in that it uniquely has been designated as the state representative of the interests of Ohio's residential utility customers. That interest is different from, and not represented by, any other entity in Ohio.

Moreover, the Supreme Court of Ohio confirmed OCC's right to intervene in PUCO proceedings, in deciding two appeals in which OCC claimed the PUCO erred by denying its interventions. The Court found that the PUCO abused its discretion in denying OCC's interventions and that OCC should have been granted intervention in both proceedings.<sup>2</sup>

OCC meets the criteria set forth in R.C. 4903.221, Ohio Adm. Code 4901-1-11, and the precedent established by the Supreme Court of Ohio for intervention. On behalf of Ohio residential customers, the Commission should grant OCC's Motion to Intervene.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Ohio Consumers' Counsel v. Pub. Util. Comm., 111 Ohio St.3d 384, 2006-Ohio-5853, ¶¶13-20 (2006).

Respectfully submitted,

BRUCE J. WESTON OHIO CONSUMERS' COUNSEL

<u>/s/ Michael J. Schuler</u> Michael J. Schuler, Counsel of Record Assistant Consumers' Counsel

Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel 10 West Broad Street, Suite 1800 Columbus, Ohio 43215-3485 Telephone: (614) 466-9547 - Direct schuler@occ.state.oh.us

# **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that a copy of this *Motion to Intervene* was served on the persons stated below via electronic transmission this 11<sup>th</sup> day of January, 2013.

<u>/s/ Michael J. Schuler</u> Michael J. Schuler Assistant Consumers' Counsel

### SERVICE LIST

William Wright Public Utilities Commission of Ohio 180 E. Broad St., 6<sup>th</sup> Fl. Columbus, OH 43215 <u>William.wright@puc.state.oh.us</u> Amy B. Spiller Elizabeth H. Watts 139 East Fourth Street, 1303-Main Cincinnati, OH 45201 <u>Amy.spiller@dudke-energy.com</u> Elizabeth.watts@duke-energy.com This foregoing document was electronically filed with the Public Utilities

Commission of Ohio Docketing Information System on

1/11/2013 2:41:04 PM

in

Case No(s). 12-3281-EL-ATA

Summary: Motion Motion to Intervene by the Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel electronically filed by Ms. Gina L Brigner on behalf of Mr. Michael Schuler