BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

In the Matter of the Application of Ohio Power Company and Columbus Southern Power Company for Authority to Merge and Related Approvals.)	Case No. 10-2376-EL-UNC
In the Matter of the Application of Columbus Southern Power Company and Ohio Power Company for Authority to Establish a Standard Service Offer Pursuant to 4928.143, Ohio Rev. Code In the form of an Electric Security Plan.))))	Case No. 11-346-EL-SSO Case No. 11-348-EL-SSO
In the Matter of the Application of Columbus Southern Power Company and Ohio Power Company for Approval of Certain Accounting Authority.)	Case No. 11-349-EL-AAM Case No. 11-350-EL-AAM
In the Matter of the Application of Columbus Southern Power Company to Amend its Emergency Curtailment Service Riders.)	Case No. 10-343-EL-ATA
In the Matter of the Application of Ohio Power Company to Amend its Emergency Curtailment Service Riders.)	Case No. 10-344-EL-ATA
In the Matter of the Commission Review of the Capacity Charges of Ohio Power Company and Columbus Southern Power Company.))	Case No. 10-2929-EL-UNC
In the Matter of the Application of Columbus Southern Power Company for Approval of a Mechanism to Recover Deferred Fuel Costs Ordered Under Ohio Revised Code 4928.144.))))	Case No. 11-4920-EL-RDR
In the Matter of the Application of Ohio Power Company for Approval of a Mechanism to Recover Deferred Fuel Costs Ordered Under Ohio Revised Code 4928.144.))))	Case No. 11-4921-EL-RDR

SECTION DOCUMENTS DIVINE

RECEIVED-DOCKETING DIV

REVISED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

DANIEL J. DUANN, Ph.D. CRRA IN OPPOSITION OF THE STIPULATION AND RECOMMENDATION

On Behalf of The Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel

10 West Broad Street, Suite 1800 Columbus, Ohio 43215-3485 (614) 466-8574

October 12 2011

LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

Attachment DJD-A	Estimations of Embedded Environmental Carrying Charges
Attachment DJD-B	Estimate of Revenues Collected Under Base Generation Rate
Attachment DJD-C	Estimate of Revenues Collected Under POLR Charge Rider
Attachment DJD-D	Estimate of Revenues Collected (Excluding Carrying Cost
Attachment DJD-E	Remand-Revised 2012 Rates Before ESP and Summary
Attachment DJD-F	Summary of Stipulated Base Generation Rates Increase
Attachment DJD-G	Summary of Stipulated Total Generation Rates Increase
Attachment DJD-H	Summary of Stipulated Total Rates Increase
Attachment DJD-I	Share of Total Revenue Increase by Customer Class
Attachment DJD-J	Revised Summary Comparison of ESP and MRO Generation Rates
Attachment DJD-K	Total Revenue Increases by Customer Class

1 *Q1*. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, ADDRESS AND POSITION. 2 *A1*. My name is Daniel J. Duann. My business address is 10 West Broad Street, Suite 3 1800, Columbus, Ohio, 43215-3485. I am a Senior Regulatory Analyst with the 4 Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel ("OCC"). 5 6 *Q2*. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND 7 PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE. 8 A2. I received my Ph.D. degree in public policy analysis from the Wharton School, 9 University of Pennsylvania. I also have a M.S. degree in energy management and 10 policy from the University of Pennsylvania and a M.A. degree in economics from 11 the University of Kansas. I completed my undergraduate study in business 12 administration at the National Taiwan University, Taiwan, Republic of China. I 13 am a Certified Rate of Return Analyst conferred by the Society of Utility and 14 Regulatory Financial Analysts in April 2011. 15 16 I was a Utility Examiner II in the Forecasting Section of the Ohio Division of 17 Energy, Ohio Department of Development, from 1983 to 1985. From 1985 to 18 1986, I was an economist with the Center of Health Policy Research at the 19 American Medical Association in Chicago. In 1986, I joined the Illinois 20 Commerce Commission as a senior economist in its Policy Analysis and Research 21 Division. I was employed as a senior institute economist at the National 22 Regulatory Research Institute ("NRRI") at The Ohio State University from 1987

1 to 1995. My work at NRRI involved many areas of utility regulation and energy 2 policy. I was an independent business consultant from 1996 to 2007. 3 4 I joined the OCC in January 2008 as a senior regulatory analyst. My 5 responsibilities are to assist OCC in participating in various regulatory 6 proceedings that include rate cases, alternative regulation, cost recovery filings, 7 and service reliability by Ohio utilities. In particular, I was part of the case team 8 that analyzed the first Electric Security Plan ("ESP") filing by Columbus 9 Southern Power Company ("CSP") and Ohio Power Company ("OPC") (collectively, "AEP Ohio" or "Companies") in 2008. 1 also conducted analysis 10 11 and testified in AEP Ohio's 2009 Fuel Adjustment Clause Audit proceeding (Case 12 Nos. 09-872-EL-FAC and 09-873-EL-FAC). I have submitted direct testimonies 13 in the AEP Ohio Remand proceeding and in this proceeding addressing the Companies' ESP plan filed on January 27, 2011.² 14 15 16 *Q3*. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED TESTIMONY BEFORE THE 17 PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO OR OTHER AGENCIES? 18 *A3*. Yes. I have submitted expert testimony on behalf of OCC before the Public 19 Utilities Commission of Ohio ("PUCO" or "Commission") in a number of cases 20 involving electric, gas, and water companies. I have also testified before the Ohio

¹ PUCO Case Nos. 08-917-EL-SSO et al.

² PUCO Case Nos. 11-346-EL-SSO et al.

1		Division of Energy, the Illinois Commerce Commission, and the Senate
2		Committee on Energy and Public Utilities of the California Legislature.
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4	Q4.	WHAT DOCUMENTS HAVE YOU REVIEWED IN THE PREPARATION OF
5		YOUR TESTIMONY?
6	A4.	In addition to those documents that I identified in my earlier testimony filed on
7		July 25, 2011 in this proceeding, I have also reviewed certain documents related
8		to the Stipulation and Recommendation ("Stipulation") filed in this proceeding on
9		September 7, 2011. Specifically, I reviewed the Stipulation and its attachments,
10		the supporting testimonies filed on September 13, 2011, the work papers related
11		to the supporting testimonies, and related discovery pertaining to the Stipulation.
12		
13	Q5.	WHAT ARE YOUR QUALIFICATIONS TO ADDRESS THE ISSUES
14		DISCUSSED IN YOUR TESTIMONY?
15	A5.	I am a trained economist with over twenty years of experience in studying and
16		analyzing the regulation of electric utilities in the United States. I am familiar
17		with the major issues related to the ESP filed by AEP Ohio in January 2011 and
18		the Stipulation filed in September 2011. I have participated and testified in
19		several cases involving AEP Ohio before the PUCO in the last three years and
20		some of the issues are closely related to the issues in this proceeding. ³

³ They include, but are not limited to, PUCO Case Nos. 11-155-EL-RDR, 11-1337-EL-RDR, 10-163-EL-RDR, 11-1361-EL-RDR, 09-756-EL-ESS, 09-786-EL-UNC, and 10-1261-EL-UNC.

1	Q6.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
2	A6.	The purpose of my testimony is to explain OCC's opposition to the Stipulation.
3		On the advice of counsel, I understand that the Commission may approve a
4		stipulation only if the stipulation satisfies a three-prong test. First, the stipulation
5		must be the product of serious bargaining among capable, knowledgeable parties.
6		Second, the stipulation must benefit ratepayers and the public interest. Third, the
7		stipulation cannot violate any important regulatory principle or practice.
8		
9		In my testimony, I will address the second and third prongs of this test. I
10		conclude that the Stipulation does not benefit customers and the public interest
11		and thus does not pass the second prong of the stipulation test. I also find that the
12		Stipulation violates several important and long-standing regulatory principles and
13		practices and, consequently, the Stipulation fails to meet the third prong of the
14		test.
15		
16		Additionally, I provide comments on a number of provisions of the Stipulation.
17		These provisions, in their current form, are ambiguous, unworkable, and not in the
18		best interests of AEP Ohio's customers. They should be removed or modified.
19		
20	Q7.	PLEASE EXPLAIN WHY THE STIPULATION DOES NOT BENEFIT
21		CUSTOMERS AND THE PUBLIC INTEREST.
22	A7.	The Stipulation, in its current form, allows AEP Ohio to collect a substantial rate
23		increase from its customers, especially residential customers, over the term of the

proposed ESP. The Stipulation forces the customers of AEP Ohio to forego a variety of substantial rate and revenue reductions they may be entitled to in several proceedings pending before the Commission. These proceedings include the AEP Ohio Remand, the 2009 AEP Ohio FAC Audit, the 2010 AEP Ohio FAC Audit (PUCO Case No. 10-1286-EL-FAC), and the recently-filed Phase-in Recovery Rider case (PUCO Case No. 11-4921-EL-RDR). If these proceedings result in PUCO-ordered rate and other adjustments, such rate reductions or adjustments would need to be included in the baseline from which the proposed ESP rates and revenues impacts are measured as well as for purpose of the ESP-MRO comparison. When viewed from this perspective, the Stipulation will result in a very substantial rate increase to customers, especially residential customers. Based on a revised 2012 baseline before-ESP rate that I have developed, I estimate that the Stipulation will increase the revenue paid by AEP Ohio's customers by about \$1.122 billion (\$458 million by CSP and \$677 million by OPC) over the three-year period of 2012, 2013, and 2014. This amount of increase in total revenue to be collected from the customers of AEP Ohio exceeds the \$339 million (\$217 million by CSP and \$129 million by OPC) revenue increase imputed from the testimonies of AEP Ohio by \$783 million.⁵ Over the same period of time, the yearly revenue collected by AEP Ohio, as a

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result of the Stipulation, will increase from \$3.571 billion in 2012 (before the

⁴ See Attachment DJD-I.

⁵ See Attachment DJD-K.

Stipulation) to \$4.028 billion in 2014, a 12.79% increase in yearly revenue collection. Neither AEP Ohio nor other proponents of the Stipulation have justified this significant increase.

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Furthermore, a disproportionate share of the increase in revenues will be collected from residential customers. Specifically, for CSP, 68% of the total revenue increase over the three years is collected from residential customers. For OPC, 52% of the total increase in revenue over the three years is collected from residential customers. And yet the estimated residential customers' share of total energy usage over the next three years is far less (43% in the case of CSP and 28% OPC). I have conducted a more detailed analysis of the increases of other rate components, namely the Base Generation Rate, Total Generation Rate, and Total Rate. These results also indicate that a similar unfair burden is being placed upon the residential customers while other customer classes will have far less rate increases and even rate decreases in certain instances.

⁶ See Attachment DJD-I.

⁷ Ibid.

⁸ Ibid.

⁹ Ibid.

¹⁰ See Attachments DJD-F, DJD-G, and DJD-H. A summary is provided in Table 1.

1 Q8. PLEASE EXPLAIN WHY THE STIPULATION VIOLATES IMPORTANT 2 REGULATORY PRINCIPLES OR PRACTICES.

First of all, I find that the ESP rates under the Stipulation are not more favorable in the aggregate as compared to the expected results that would otherwise be obtained through a market rate offer ("MRO"). The stipulated ESP thus fails to meet the legal requirements for Commission approval of an ESP under Ohio statutes, and violates the state regulatory policy espoused under R.C. 4928.143(C)(1). Specifically, using a revised baseline ESP rate that I have developed and accepting the assumption of the future market price of electricity proposed by PUCO Staff and applying a methodology similar to the one used by PUCO Staff, ¹¹ I find that AEP Ohio's customers will liberally pay about \$421 million (\$114 million in 2012, \$135 million in 2013, and \$171 million in 2014) more over three years under the ESP rates in the Stipulation than under a MRO option. ¹²

Second, I find that the Distribution Investment Rider ("DIR") provisions in the Stipulation may violate some important and long-standing regulatory principles and practices. Specifically, I do not see the need of a DIR, especially in light of the fact that AEP Ohio has a distribution rate case pending at the same time. I find it troubling that the Stipulation includes an accelerated cost recovery

A8.

¹¹ See Pre-filed Testimony of Robert B. Fortney, September 13, 2011 at 3-6.

¹² See Attachment DJD-J.

mechanism such as the DIR without a demonstration of any benefits or need for this particular form of alternative regulation.

Third, I find that the return on common equity ("ROE") of 10.50% contained in the Stipulation is not based on any supporting record in this proceeding. There is no evidence presented that the stipulated ROE is related to its business and financial risk, nor that the return on equity (and consequently rate of return) on distribution investment is just and reasonable. Actually, the PUCO Staff has recommended a much lower ROE for AEP Ohio based on its review in AEP Ohio's pending distribution rate case. ¹³ The use of a stipulated ROE for distribution-related investment without any supporting evidence violates the long-standing practice in Ohio which requires the rates for distribution services to be based on the cost of providing such a service.

Fourth, the DIR provisions in the Stipulation also have the potential of allowing double recovery of the return on and return of the distribution investments that AEP Ohio is seeking to recover in its distribution rate case. AEP Ohio has filed a distribution rate case seeking a return on and of distribution investments as of a date certain, August 31, 2010. Yet the Stipulation also permits the Companies to earn a return on and of this same investment as the capital additions recognized in the DIR reflect gross plant in service incurred post 2000.

¹³ See Staff Report in PUCO Case No. 11-351-EL-AIR at 14-16 and Staff Report in PUCO Case No. 11-352-EL-AIR at 14-16.

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Fifth, certain Phase-In Recovery Rider/Securitization provisions contained in the Stipulation are ambiguous, unworkable and unreasonable. Specifically, the prohibition against adjustment to the book balance (of the phase-in deferral balance) at the end of 2011 is unreasonable and is not in the best interest of customers. 14 Based on my understanding of the various related proceedings pending before the Commission, I believe there is a strong probability that AEP Ohio has been actually over-collecting the costs of fuel and purchased power over the three-year period of the first ESP. Yet the Stipulation requires customers to forego this over-collection by prohibiting adjustment to the FAC phase-in deferral balance. In addition, there is no definition of or reference to what constitutes "suitable and appropriate legislation" to address the matter of securitization in the Stipulation. 15 The agreement to support, in advance, any subsequent approvals needed or tariffs required by AEP Ohio from the Commission to securitize the PIRR regulatory assets is unusual, given a complete lack of specificity of the approvals or tariffs required by AEP Ohio. 16 Finally, the provision in the Stipulation requiring AEP Ohio to use a mechanism to make an adjustment (up or

¹⁴ Specifically, in the Stipulation paragraph IV, 6, A. at page 26, it is stated "The collection period for the PIRR will commence on an AEP (combined CSP and OPCo) basis for non-residential customers beginning January 1, 2012 and will include a debt carrying charge of 5.34% and calculated with no adjustment to the book balance as of year end 2011 (the "modified PIRR"), subject to the terms of this paragraph."

¹⁵ See Stipulation paragraph IV, 6 at 25-26, which states "The Signatory Parties agree to work in good faith to pass suitable and appropriate legislation to address the matter as expeditiously as reasonably possible and to support any subsequent approvals needed or tariffs required by AEP Ohio from the Commission to securitize the PIRR regulatory assets."

¹⁶ Ibid.

1 down) equal to the amount adjusted by the Commission or the Supreme Court of 2 Ohio may be unworkable as there are usually some significant limitations in most 3 securitization legislations on modifying the value of the regulatory asset 4 underlying the securitization bonds. 5 6 *Q9*. PLEASE EXPLAIN WHY THE "2012 RATES BEFORE PROPOSED ESP" 7 USED BY AEP OHIO IN ITS TESTIMONIES IS NOT A VALID BASELINE 8 TO EVALUATE THE RATE AND REVENUE IMPACT OF THE 9 STIPULATION. The term "2012 Rates before Proposed ESP" is defined and used by AEP Ohio as 10 A9. 11 a baseline rate in calculating the percentage of rate increase in 2012, 2013, and 2014 under the Stipulation. 17 It is my understanding, based on a review of the 12 13 testimonies and work papers filed by AEP Ohio, that this "2012 Rates before 14 Proposed ESP" is derived from the current 2011 Base Generation Rates with 15 additional elements. These elements are the estimated full fuel cost in 2012, the 16 full 2011 Environmental Investment Carrying Charge Rider ("EICCR"), the 2011 17 transmission and distribution costs, the 2011 Provider of Last Resort ("POLR") 18 charge, and the estimated Phase-In Recovery Rider ("PIRR") to be started in 19 2012. It is also my understanding that this "2012 Rates before Proposed ESP" is 20 supposed to reflect the 2012 ESP rates the customers of AEP Ohio will face in the 21 absence of an ESP as specified through the Stipulation. It has fully reflected the

¹⁷ See Roush Testimony filed on September 13, 2011, Exhibit DMR-1.

1	effects of fuel costs (without any cap) and those provisions approved in the first
2	ESP.
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4	As explained below, this "2012 Rates before Proposed ESP" as calculated by
5	AEP Ohio witness Roush overstates the estimated 2012 electricity rates that the
6	customers of AEP Ohio are likely to face before the implementation of the
7	stipulated ESP. The "2012 Rates before Proposed ESP" is not a reasonable and
8	valid baseline in calculating the increase in rates and revenues associated with the
9	Stipulation for the following reasons:
10	1. This "2012 Rates before Proposed ESP" does not include any
11	prospective reduction in the Base Generation Rate (of the
12	embedded environmental carrying charges) that may occur as a
13	result of the Remand proceeding;
14	2. It does not include the complete removal of the POLR charges
15	from the existing 2011 rates that may occur as a result of the
16	Remand proceeding;
17	3. It also fails to account for the cumulative "flow-through effect" on
18	fuel cost deferral balance as a result of the reduction in Base
19	Generation Rate and POLR charge over the 2009 to 2011 period
20	that may occur as a result of the Remand proceeding.
21	
22	In using the "2012 Rates before Proposed ESP" as the baseline in evaluating the
23	rate and revenue impacts of the Stipulation, AEP Ohio is assuming there will be

no reduction in rates and in the fuel cost deferral balance for its customers from the AEP Ohio Remand proceeding. In agreeing to the Stipulation, the signatory parties are essentially agreeing in advance to forego any relief or recovery of past and current overpayments they may be entitled to from the Remand proceeding and the AEP FAC audit proceedings. This is an unreasonable concession to seek from customers and is a concession that could turn out to be worth hundreds of millions of dollars. I estimate that AEP Ohio, by using the "2012 Rates before Proposed ESP", understates the total revenue increase contained in the Stipulation by about \$783 million (the difference between the \$1.122 billion revenue increase I estimate and the \$0.339 billion estimated by AEP Ohio) over the three-year period of 2012 to 2014.¹⁸ PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR THREE ADJUSTMENTS TO THE "2012 RATES *Q10.* BEFORE PROPOSED ESP"DEFINED AND USED BY AEP OHIO. In order to provide a reasonable baseline to evaluate the rate and revenue A10. increases of the Stipulation, I make three adjustments to the "2012 Rates before Proposed ESP" defined and used by AEP Ohio. These adjustments are reasonable and consistent with the position advocated by OCC in the Remand proceeding, following from the Ohio Supreme Court's reversal of portions of the Commission's Order in AEP Ohio's first ESP case.

¹⁸ See Attachments DJD-I and DJD-K.

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1 First, I remove the carrying charges on 2001 to 2008 environmental investments 2 from the Base Generation Rate component of the 2011 ESP rates. Second, I 3 completely remove the POLR charges currently being collected in a separate rider 4 of the 2011 ESP rates. Third, I adjust the estimated FAC deferral balance at the 5 end of 2011 to be "zero". As there is no FAC deferral balance to be amortized, 6 the PIRR rate that is scheduled to be collected starting in 2012 is set at "zero." 7 8 PLEASE EXPLAIN WHY THE ENVIRONMENTAL CARRYING CHARGES 9 EMBEDDED IN THE 2011 BASE GENERATION RATE SHOULD BE 10 REMOVED COMPLETELY. 11 Under AEP Ohio's first ESP, the annual carrying charges on environmental AII. 12 investments are collected through two different rates. The annual incremental 13 carrying charges associated with the environmental investments made during the 14 2001 through 2008 period are collected through the Base Generation Rate. The 15 annual carrying charges on the environmental investments made after January 1, 16 2009, on the other hand, are being collected through an EICCR that is updated 17 annually. 18 19 I have been advised by counsel that there is no specific provision within R.C. 20 4928.143(B)(2) that would allow the annual carrying charges on pre-January 1, 21 2009 environmental investments to be included in an electric utility's ESP. It is

OCC's position, confirmed by the Ohio Supreme Court¹⁹, that the statute permits an ESP to include only items listed in the statute, not unlisted items. I would note that subsection (B)(2)(b) of the statute makes it clear that the General Assembly did not permit capital asset investments that predate the January 1, 2009 Standard Service Offering to be included as part of the ESP. To suggest that the General Assembly would not allow capital investment predating the January 1, 2009 SSO and yet allow carrying charges on that disallowed investment seems illogical. I have reviewed the compliance tariffs and work papers filed by AEP Ohio in the first ESP, and can confirm that these particular environmental carrying charges have been collected through the base generation rates since April 2009.²⁰ PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR CALCULATION OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL CARRYING CHARGES EMBEDDED IN THE 2011 BASE GENERATION RATE. A12. Based on the compliance tariffs and workpapers filed by AEP Ohio in the first ESP on July 28, 2009, I identified the carrying charges on 2001 to 2008 environmental investments allocated to different customer classes of AEP Ohio, and the 2009 energy usage (kWh) used in setting the compliance tariff. The embedded environmental carrying charge rates per kWh for different customer classes can be calculated accordingly. Attachment DJD-A shows the details of

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¹⁹ See Remand Decision at 12, Paragraph 31.

²⁰ Based on the Compliance work papers filed by the Companies on July 28, 2009 in PUCO Case Nos. 08-917-EL-SSO and 08-918-EL-SSO.

my calculation and the resulting environmental carrying charges embedded in the 2011 base generation rate.

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As for the aggregate revenue collected from AEP Ohio's customers associated with this particular environmental carrying charge, I have estimated the amount of incremental carrying charges associated with the 2001 through 2008 environmental investments to be about \$110 million (\$26 million collected from CSP's customers and \$84 million from OPC's customers) per year from 2009 to 2011 depending on the actual energy used by different classes of customers over the first ESP period. If the Commission decides in the Remand proceeding that the carrying charges on the 2001 through 2008 environmental investments should be removed, then the customers of AEP Ohio should be due a refund of about \$330 million in base generation rates that the customers were charged during the three-year term of the first ESP.²¹ I estimate that \$266 million has been collected (\$63 million from CSP's customers and \$203 million from OPC's customers) from April 2009 through May 2011. For the last seven months of 2011, I estimate that \$64 million in environmental carrying charges is either being collected subject to refund or is still to be collected by AEP Ohio (\$15 million from CSP's customers and \$49 million from OPC's customers).²² See Attachment DJD-B.

²¹ The \$330 million saving is an estimate assuming the total electricity usage and usage by individual classes of customers remain the same from 2008 to 2011. The actual revenues collected and to be collected may be higher or lower than the estimated figures.

²² These revenue figures are derived based on the assumption that the annual revenue is collected equally each month of the year.

1 Q13. PLEASE EXPLAIN WHY THE POLR CHARGES EMBEDDED IN THE 2011 2 ESP RATE SHOULD BE REMOVED COMPLETELY.

A13. It is my understanding that the Ohio Supreme Court reversed the provisions of the ESP order authorizing the POLR charge.²³ The Court stated: "In short, the manifest weight of the evidence contradicts the commission's conclusion that the POLR charge is based on cost."24 The Court also indicated that there is no evidence supporting the Commission's characterization of this charge as based on cost.²⁵ The Court did allow the Commission to revisit the POLR issue. The Court stated that it expressed no opinion on whether a formula-based POLR charge is per se unreasonable or unlawful, and advised that the Commission may consider on remand whether a non-cost-based POLR charge is reasonable and lawful.²⁶ Nevertheless, in the Remand proceeding, I could not find any additional and credible evidence regarding AEP Ohio's actual costs of providing POLR service. On this basis, I conclude that the existing POLR charge was not justified and should be removed from the existing ESP rate completely. Consequently, any POLR charges embedded in the 2011 ESP rates should be removed, and AEP Ohio's customers are entitled to a return of the full amount of POLR revenues

collected since April 2009 plus interest.

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²³ See Remand Decision at 11, Paragraph 29.

²⁴ Ibid.

²⁵ Ibid.

²⁶ See Remand Decision at 11, Paragraph 30.

1 I have reviewed the POLR-related tariffs of CSP and OPC currently in effect and 2 those in effect from April 2009 to May 2011. They are included in the Provider 3 of Last Resort Charge Rider, Sheet No. 69-1 for CSP, and Sheet No. 69-1 for 4 OPC filed by the Companies on May 27, 2011, and the same tariff sheets filed by 5 the Companies on March 30, 2009. 6 7 I estimate that the POLR revenue collected by AEP Ohio to be about \$152 million 8 (\$97.4 million by CSP and \$54.8 million by OPC) per year from 2009 through 9 2011 depending on the actual energy usage of AEP Ohio's customers in these 10 years.²⁷ The estimated entire POLR revenue collected in AEP Ohio's first ESP is 11 about \$457 million. So far during the ESP period from April 2009 through May 12 2011, it is estimated that AEP Ohio has collected about \$368 million in POLR 13 charges (\$235.3 million through CSP and \$132.4 million through OPC). 14 Additionally, about \$89 million (\$56.8 million through CSP and \$32 million 15 through OPC) in POLR will be collected in the last seven months of 2011. 16 Currently a portion of the POLR revenues is being collected, subject to refund. 17 See Attachment DJD-C.

²⁷ Based on the Compliance work papers filed by the Companies on July 28, 2009 in PUCO Case Nos. 08-917-EL-SSO and 08-918-EL-SSO.

014. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR ADJUSTMENT TO THE FAC DEFERRAL 1 2 BALANCE THAT IS TO BE AMORTIZED AND COLLECTED THROUGH 3 THE "PHASE-IN RECOVERY RIDER" OVER A SEVEN-YEAR PERIOD. The third adjustment to the "2012 Rates before Proposed ESP" is to re-set the 4 A14. 5 FAC deferral balance (the underlying regulatory asset to the PIRR) at the end of 2011 to reflect the true amount of fuel and purchased power costs being deferred 6 7 in the first ESP period. I conclude that it is likely there would be no FAC cost 8 being deferred in the first ESP if the flow-through effects of the Remand 9 proceeding and the adjustments proposed or to be proposed in the 2009 and 2010 10 AEP FAC Audit proceedings are fully reflected in rates. 11 12 As there is no FAC deferral balance to be amortized, the PIRR scheduled to start 13 in 2012 is also set at "zero." This adjustment in FAC deferral balance reflects the 14 fact that the estimated amount (\$634 million) of non-FAC revenues 15 (environmental carrying charges and POLR charges) over-collected by AEP Ohio 16 during the period of April 2009 to May 2011 already exceeds the current estimate (\$628 million) of the FAC deferral balance at the end of 2011. The estimated 17 18 over-collection of \$634 million does not include any additional reduction in 19 carrying charges associated with the monthly reduction in the FAC deferral 20 during the period of 2009 to 2011. Nor does it include any proposed adjustments 21 to actual FAC costs that could occur in the two pending FAC audit cases.

²⁸ See the Application in PUCO Case No. 11-4921-EL-RDR.

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Under the FAC deferral mechanism approved by the Commission in AEP Ohio's first ESP case, the reduction of the FAC deferral is directly related to the removal of environmental carrying charges and the POLR charge. The phase-in deferral balance is comprised of the actual fuel expenses that have not been collected through the FAC rates and the carrying costs associated with the shortfalls of fuel expense collection.²⁹ The FAC rates during the first ESP, in turn, are limited to the amount of fuel expenses that would be collected from customers such that total revenues would not exceed the Commission-ordered "caps" on annual revenue for CSP and OPC. Under the FAC and rate caps set by the Commission in AEP Ohio's first ESP, the FAC rates for CSP and OPC are essentially "residual values" between the capped rates and the sum of all non-FAC rates. If the sum of all non-FAC rates (which include the base generation rate, the POLR charge, and other riders) were reduced as a result of the remand proceeding, the allowed FAC rates (that is amount of FAC expenses collected, as a residual value, from customers) would increase. As the FAC rates increase, the amount of fuel expenses being deferred, and the carrying costs associated with the fuel expense deferral would decrease. Consequently, if the environmental carrying charges embedded in the base generation rate and the POLR charge were removed, the phase-in FAC deferral balance would be reduced accordingly.

²⁹ For a description of the method and calculation of the FAC deferral balance, see AEP Ohio's Application filed on September 30, 2009 in PUCO Case No. 09-872-EL-FAC.

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I have estimated that the total amount for the environmental carrying charges embedded in the base generation rate and the POLR charge collected by AEP Ohio during the time period of April 2009 to May 2011 to be about \$634 million (\$298 million was collected from CSP's customers and \$335 million from OPC's customers). See Attachment DJD-D. PLEASE EXPLAIN THE TERM "REMAND-REVISED 2012 RATES *Q15.* BEFORE PROPOSED ESP" USED IN YOUR ANALYSIS OF THE RATE AND REVENUE IMPACT OF THE STIPULATION. The "Remand-Revised 2012 Rates before Proposed ESP" is the baseline ESP rate I used for the analysis regarding the rate and revenue impacts of the Stipulation. It represents the estimated electricity rate the customers of AEP Ohio will likely face in 2012 before the implementation of the ESP as proposed in the Stipulation. In calculating this "Remand-Revised 2012 Rates before Proposed ESP", I used the same fuel cost (full amount without any cap), EICCR rate, transmission rate, and distribution rate calculated and presented by AEP Ohio. Then I applied the three adjustments: a lower Base Generation Rate, a POLR charge set at "zero" and a PIRR rate set at "zero" I described earlier in my testimony. I believe this is a reasonable and valid baseline rate. The "Remand-Revised 2012 Rates before Proposed ESP" as well as the stipulated rates presented by AEP Ohio for different classes of customers are presented in Attachment DJD-E.

1 PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR FINDINGS REGARDING THE INCREASE 016. 2 IN BASE GENERATION RATE, TOTAL GENERATION RATE, AND TOTAL RATE, BY CUSTOMER CLASS, AS A RESULT OF THE 3 STIPULATION. 4 5 By using the various rate components of the "Remand-Revised 2012 Rates before A16. Proposed ESP" as the baseline for comparison, I calculated the percentage 6 increases in rates for different classes of AEP Ohio's customers as a result of the 7 8 Stipulation. A summary of the percentage increase in Base Generation Rate by 9 customer class is shown in Attachment DJD-F. A summary of the percentage 10 increase in Total Generation Rate by customer class is shown in Attachment DJD-11 G. A summary of the percentage increase in Total Rate is shown in Attachment 12 DJD-H. The percentage increases of these three rate components all indicate that 13 residential customers are expected to have much higher and disproportionate 14 percentages of rate increases than other major customer classes such as GS1, GS2, 15 GS3, and GS4/IRP. A summary of the percentage of increase is shown in Table 1. 16

Table 1: Percentage Increase in Rates by Customer Classes (2012 to 2014)

	CSP			OPC		
Customer Class	Base Generation Rate	Total Generation Rate	Total Rate	Base Generation Rate G	Total Generation Rate	Total Rate
RS	78%	20%	17%	47%	22%	20%
GS1	-39%	-27%	2%	-19%	-8%	14%
GS2	-34%	-24%	5%	-3%	0%	21%

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GS3	15%	-1%	7%	19%	10%	10%
GS4/IRP	128%	20%	10%	15%	9%	2%
All	45%	9%	12%	20%	11%	13%
Customers			}	1		

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A17.

Q17. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR FINDINGS REGARDING THE

PERCENTAGE SHARE OF THE INCREASE IN TOTAL REVENUE, BY
CUSTOMER CLASS, AS A RESULT OF THE STIPULATION.

I have calculated the percentage share of the increase in total revenue to be collected for different classes of customers under the Stipulation. See Attachment DJD-I. Once again, residential customers are asked to bear a very high percentage of the increase in total revenue. For the three-year period of 2012, 2013, and 2014, CSP's residential customers are expected to pay an additional \$311 million, 68% of the total revenue increase of \$458 million. For the same time period, OPC's residential customers are expecting to pay \$351 million, 52% of the total revenue increase of \$677 million. The percentage shares of the other four major customer classes, GS1, GS2, GS3, and GS4/IRP are considerably lower. In the case of CSP, GS3 customers have the second highest percentage share of 16% of total revenue increase. In the case of OP, GS2 customers have the second highest percentage share of 27%. A summary of the percentage share of the increase in total revenue is shown in Table 2. Notably, the signatory parties have not shown any credible rationale for the revenue distribution; nor can it be claimed that the stipulated rate increases among different customer classes are supported by the cost to serve.

Table 2: Percentage Share of Increase in Revenues by Customer Class

	2012		2013		2014		2012-2014	
Customer Class	CSP	OPC	CSP	OPC	CSP	OPC	CSP	OPC
RS	62%	48%	70%	54%	69%	53%	68%	52%
GS1	1%	3%	0%	2%	0%	2%	0%	2%
GS2	7%	32%	5%	27%	4%	24%	5%	27%
GS3	21%	18%	15%	16%	15%	17%	16%	17%
GS4/IRP	8%	-5%	8%	-3%	11%	3%	9%	-1%

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A18.

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Q18. PLEASE EXPLAIN YOUR CALCULATION OF THE "BASELINE ESP

RATE" USED IN YOUR ANALYSIS REGARDING THE COMPARISON OF

THE ESP OPTION (AS SPECIFIED IN THE STIPULATION) AND THE

MRO OPTION.

As advised by counsel, one of the legal requirements for the approval of an ESP (as specified in the Stipulation in this proceeding) is that the rates, terms, and conditions under the Stipulation (as an ESP) are more favorable in the aggregate as compared to the expected results that would otherwise be obtained through a market rate offer. The statute also provides specific guidelines on making this ESP-MRO comparison. PUCO Staff witness Robert B. Fortney has concluded that during the three-year period of 2012 to 2015, the ESP (Stipulation) option is slightly more favorable than the MRO option. \

In making my own comparison, I generally follow Mr. Fortney's methodology and some of the data used such as the projected market price of electricity and the transmission adjustment. However, I did not use the "Current Market Comparable Total Generation" defined and calculated in his analysis as the Baseline ESP Rate required in estimating the blended MRO price. I conclude that the full impact of the Remand proceeding, that is, the removal of the environmental carrying charge and the POLR charge and the flow-through effect on FAC deferral balance, must be reflected in the baseline 2011 ESP rate. Even though the Commission has not decided the Remand proceeding, I believe, as a better protection of the customer and public interest, it is reasonable to apply a stringent but reasonable assumption in making this ESP-MRO comparison. It should also be noted that the "Remand-Revised 2012 Rate before Proposed ESP" may also overestimate the 2011 Baseline ESP Rate as the effects of the pending 2009 and 2010 FAC Audit cases are not reflected in the baseline ESP rates I proposed and calculated in making the ESP-MRP comparison. In this regard, it is possible that the actual cost advantage of the MRO option over the Stipulation (ESP option) is even larger than my calculation here. I used the "Remand-Revised 2012 Rate before Proposed ESP" calculated earlier in my testimony plus the "Transmission Adjustment" as the "Baseline ESP Rate" in making the ESP-MRO comparison. The results are shown in Attachment DJD-J.

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1	Q19.	PLEASE DEFINE AND EXPLAIN YOUR CALCULATION OF THE "MRO
2		RATE" USED IN YOUR COMPARISON OF THE ESP OPTION AND THE
3		MRO OPTION.
4	A19.	The "MRO Rate", according to the statute, is a blending of the most recent ESP
5		rate and the expected market price of electricity. In my analysis, the "Baseline
6		ESP Rate" is used as the most recent ESP price. The expected market price for
7		electricity is the same as those provided by PUCO Staff witness Johnson in his
8		testimony, with the exception of the 2014 projected market price. ³⁰ The 2014
9		projected market price I used (\$67.49 per MWH) is the average of the January
10		2013 through May 2014 market price (\$61.38 per MWH) and the June 2014
11		through May 2015 price (\$73.59 per MWH) estimated by Staff witness Johnson.
12		The blending ratios are 90% of the most recent ESP price plus 10% of expected
13		market price for the first year, 80% of the most recent ESP price plus 20% of
14		expected market price for the second year, and 70% of the most recent ESP price
15		plus 30% of expected market price for the third year. ³¹
16		
17	Q20.	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR FINDINGS REGARDING THE
18		COMPARISON OF THE STIPULATED ESP OPTION AND THE MRO
19		OPTION.
20	A20.	A detailed comparison of the ESP-MRO options in 2012, 2013, 2014, and the
21		whole three-year period is shown in Attachment DJD-J. My calculations show

 $^{^{30}}$ See Pre-filed Testimony of Daniel R. Johnson, August 4, 2011 at 32.

³¹ See R.C. 4928.142(D).

1 that AEP Ohio's customers will likely pay \$351 million more in generation costs 2 under the Stipulation than under the MRO option. Therefore, I conclude that the 3 ESP option specified in the Stipulation is not more favorable in the aggregate than 4 the MRO option. The Stipulation, in its current form, must be rejected. 5 HAVE YOU REVIEWED OTHER TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE 6 *021*. STIPULATION AS PART OF THE ESP-MRO COMPARISON. 7 8 A21. Yes. I read the other terms and conditions specified in the Stipulation and 9 considered some of these terms and conditions. It is my understanding that the 10 required MRO-ESP comparison does include rates and other terms and conditions, including, for example, any deferral and future recovery of deferral.³² 11 Nevertheless, I conclude that the effects of these terms and conditions, if any, do 12 13 not change the overall results of the ESP-MRO comparison. 14 15 PLEASE COMMENT ON THE PHASE-IN RECOVERY RIDER (PIRR) *O22*. PROVISIONS OF THE STIPULATION. 16 17 AEP Ohio (Ohio Power Company) filed an application on September 1, 2011 for A22. 18 approval of a mechanism to recover deferred fuel costs accumulated during the first ESP (the "PIRR" proceeding).³³ The process for collecting the phase-in FAC 19

³² See R.C. 4928.143(C)(1).

³³ Application for Approval of a Mechanism to Recover Deferred Fuel Costs (PUCO Case No. 11-4921-EL-RDR).

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deferral balances at the end of 2011, if any, starting January 2012 through December 2018 was provided in the order of the first ESP filing. However, the amount of the deferral balance to be recovered through the PIRR is still to be determined by the Commission. This PIRR proceeding is part of the Stipulation at the present time, and there are several provisions in the Stipulation related to the PIRR. First of all, I conclude that there is no need for a PIRR as there is likely no regulatory asset associated with FAC deferral at the end of 2011. As discussed earlier in my testimony, the FAC deferral balance of AEP Ohio at the end of 2011 should be set at "zero" after the effects of the Remand proceeding and the FAC Audit proceedings are fully accounted for. Second, the Stipulation's prohibition against adjustments to the book balance at the end of 2011 is unreasonable and is not in the best interest of customers. In addition to the flow-through effects of removing the POLR charge and the environmental carrying charge embedded in base generation rate on the FAC deferral balance, three FAC audits that have been completed or will be completed and will likely to result in further reduction of the FAC deferral balance at the end of 2011. There is a strong probability that AEP Ohio has been actually overcollecting the costs of fuel and purchased power over the three-year period of the first ESP.

The record for the 2009 FAC Audit has been completed and the case has been briefed. The 2010 FAC Audit was completed and a procedural schedule has been set.³⁴ It is expected to go to hearing in October 2011. In both proceedings, there are disagreements regarding the amount of prudently-incurred FAC costs in 2009 and 2010 that should be allocated to AEP Ohio's retail customers. The amounts of possible adjustment in the FAC costs allocated to retail customers are substantial. The PIRR proceeding should not be resolved through the Stipulation. The pending PIRR proceeding should be decided separately from this proceeding and should fully reflect the expected outcome of the three FAC audit cases. Any PIRR rate, if authorized by the Commission before the completion of the three FAC audits, should be collected subject to refund. 023. PLEASE COMMENT ON THE SECURITIZATION PROVISIONS OF THE STIPULATION. A23. If the Commission decides that a PIRR rate should still be approved, the provisions in the Stipulation regarding securitization of the FAC regulatory asset need to be modified or removed. First, I have been advised by counsel that

statutes and choose not to do so.

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existing statutes, specifically O.A.C. 4928.143(B)(2)(f), already provide for a

securitization based on the phase-in deferral balance under the ESP. AEP Ohio

had the option to propose a securitization plan in the proposed ESP under existing

³⁴ See PUCO Case No. 10-1286-EL-FAC.

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Second, the securitization provisions in the Stipulation are ambiguous and unworkable. There is no definition of "suitable and appropriate legislation" to address the matter of securitization. The advance agreement to support any subsequent approvals needed or tariffs required by AEP Ohio from the Commission to securitize the PIRR regulatory assets is highly unusual given that the Stipulation is not specific as to what the stipulating parties are agreeing to, nor as to what AEP Ohio will propose. Third, the provision in the Stipulation requiring AEP Ohio to use a mechanism to make an adjustment (up or down) equal to the amount adjusted by the Commission or the Supreme Court of Ohio is in all likelihood an empty promise. Based on my understanding of possible new securitization legislation, there will be strict limitations regarding any possible adjustments of an underlying regulatory asset once the regulatory asset is being securitized. Obviously, in this proceeding, I am not going to discuss specific provisions of any possible new legislation on securitization. I am not proposing to put any restriction on possible securitization legislation as it is not a subject of my testimony. But I do believe that any regulatory asset should not be securitized until the value of the regulatory asset is finalized and all appeals of all proceedings underlying the regulatory asset are exhausted. This is the best approach for AEP Ohio's customers and AEP Ohio. The Stipulation fails to adopt this reasonable approach.

1	<i>Q24</i> .	PLEASE COMMENT ON THE DISTRIBUTION INVESTMENT RIDER
2		(DIR) PROVISIONS OF THE STIPULATION.
3	A24.	The establishment of a DIR effective January 2012 based on post-2000
4		investment, as proposed in the Stipulation, is unnecessary and problematic given
5		that AEP Ohio already has filed a distribution rate case and the discovery and
6		review of the distribution rate case is well underway. ³⁵ There are three problems
7		related to the DIR provisions of the Stipulation.
8		
9		First, the ROE of 10.50% contained in the Stipulation is not based on any
10		supporting record of this proceeding and there is no evidence presented that the
11		stipulated ROE is related to the business and financial risk facing AEP Ohio.
12		There has been no evidence presented that a ROE of 10.50% is a just and
13		reasonable return for equity investors on such investment. In fact, the PUCO
14		Staff has recommended a much lower ROE for AEP Ohio based on its review in a
15		pending AEP

 $^{^{35}}$ The Staff Reports of the AEP Ohio distribution case were issued on September 15, 2011.

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Ohio distribution rate case. The use of a stipulated ROE, unrelated to the business and financial risk facing AEP Ohio and not shown to be just and reasonable violates the long-standing practice and statutes in Ohio for setting the rates of distribution services based on the cost of providing such a service. The DIR provisions in the Stipulation also have the potential of allowing double recovery by AEP Ohio of the return earned on and of the same capital investment, specifically the distribution investment made after 2000 through August 31, 2010 (the Date Certain of the pending distribution case). The pending distribution rate case, as a stand-alone traditional rate case, allows AEP Ohio the opportunity to collect the return of and return on the incremental net plant in-service after 2000 through the date certain. The DIR provisions in the Stipulation provide another opportunity for AEP Ohio to earn a return on and of the same distribution investments subject to a prudency review each year. There is no guarantee that a prudence review each year can prevent the double recovery of return earned on distribution investments made in this particular period of time. The DIR is mainly an accelerated cost recovery mechanism. I was advised by counsel that current statutes, in particular R.C. 4928.143(B)(2)(h), allow an ESP to include distribution investments, subject to certain limitations. Specifically, as advised by counsel, the statutes require a showing of the need for such investment. In this proceeding, AEP Ohio has not shown a compelling need for distribution infrastructure or modernization investments. Moreover, the

Commission has not examined the reliability of AEP Ohio's distribution system 1 2 in this proceeding, which it must do before approving distribution infrastructure investment under an ESP. 3 4 Additionally, as a matter of sound regulatory policy, an accelerated cost recovery 5 mechanism such as the DIR should be approved only if there is a clear showing of 6 the benefits of allowing such an accelerated recovery. AEP has failed to show the 7 need for such accelerated recovery. AEP Ohio always has the means to collect 8 9 return on and of distribution investment by filing a distribution rate case. 10 DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY? 11 *Q25*. Yes. However, I reserve the right to supplement my testimony in the event that 12 A25. 13 AEP Ohio, PUCO Staff or other parties submit additional testimonies or comments, or if new information or data in connection with this proceeding 14 becomes available. 15

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a true copy of the foregoing Revised Direct Testimony of

Daniel J. Duann was served via electronic transmission to the persons listed below on this

12th day of October, 2011.

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ATTACHMENT DJD-A

Estimations of Embedded Environmental Carrying Charges in Base Generation Rate and Remand-Revised 2011 Base Generation Rate

Remand-Revised 2011 Base 2011 Base Generation Generation Rate***		\$2.01 \$1.894108		\$4.40 \$4.138917	\$2.20 \$2.069950	\$0.94 \$0.878324	\$2.89 \$2.719659	\$1.81 \$1.738624	\$2.79 \$2.790000		\$2.02 \$1.900088		\$2.41 \$2.062961	\$3.42 \$2.927407	\$3.05 \$2.610920	\$2.05 \$1.755468	\$1.54 \$1.294935	\$1.49 \$1.259516	\$0.00	\$2.47 \$2.114709	\$0.42 \$0.420000	\$6.92 \$6.185907	\$7.37 \$6.797909	\$45.79 \$44.738370	
Carrying Charges Embedded in 2009-2011 Base 20 Generation Gel		\$0.115892	\$0.272212	\$0.261083	\$0,130050	\$0.061676	\$0.170341	\$0.071376		\$0.033221	\$0.119912		\$0.347039	\$0.492593	\$0.439080	\$0.294532	\$0.245065	\$0.230484	-\$0.070797	\$0.355291		\$0.734093	\$0.572091	\$1.051630 \$	\$0.198664
kWh*		7,439,101,236	362,312,064	1,773,536,361	7,119,538,837	2,660,557,378	53,767,943	39,788,122	0	2,233,977,978	21,682,580,919		7,496,610,363	372,084,578	3,463,583,598	6,243,044,003	6,955,687,138	24,990,056	468,949	54,782,462	0	58,236,191	66,331,404	1,160,674	2,234,013,996
2001-2008 Environmental Carrying Charges*	· 	\$8,621,312	\$986,257	\$4,630,400	\$9,258,954	\$1,640,932	\$91,589	\$28,399	\$0\$	\$742,157	\$26,000,000		\$26,016,192	\$1,832,864	\$15,207,911	\$18,387,785	\$17,045,983	\$57,598	-\$332	\$194,637	\$	\$427,508	\$379,476	\$12,206	\$4,438,173
	CSP	RS	651	652	653	GS4/IRP	₹	5	SBS	Joint S.T.	SUBTOTAL	o do	8	651	GS2	653	GS4/IRP	5H3	EHS	SS	권	ಠ	35	SBS	Joint S.T.

\$2.10 \$0.226089 \$110,000,001 48,653,374,333 AEP Ohio

Sources:

^{*} Compliance Tariffs and Work Papers Filed on July 28, 2009 in Case Nos. 08-917-EL-SSO et al.

** Cakculated by dividing the "2001-2008 Environmental Carrying Charges" by "KWh" and times 100.

*** Exhibit DMR-1, page 1 of 2 of testimony filed by AEP witness David M, Roush on September 13, 2011 in Case Nos. 11-346-EL-SSO et al.

**** Calculated by deducting the "Embedded Environmental Carrying Charge" from the "Base Generation Rate".

ATTACHMENT DJD-B

Estimate of Revenues Collected Under Base Generation Rate for Annual Environmental Carrying Charges (2009-2011)

	Annual Amount As Filed In ESP Tariffs {a}	Annual Amount As Filed In ESP Tariffs Monthly Average {a}	Estimated Revenues (April 2009 - May 2011) {c}	Estimated Revenue (June 2011 - December 2011) (d)	Estimated Total ESP (April 2009 - December 2011)
CSP	\$26,000,000	\$2,166,667	\$62,833,333	\$15,166,667	\$78,000,000
Ф	\$84,000,001	\$7,000,000	\$203,000,002 \$49,000,001	\$49,000,001	\$252,000,003
AEP Ohio	\$110,000,001	\$9,166,667	\$265,833,336 \$64,166,667	\$64,166,667	\$330,000,003

Sources:

(a) Compliance Tariffs and Work Papers Filed on July 28, 2009, page 60 for CSP and page 71 for OPC in Case Nos. 08-919-EL-SSO et al.
 (b) Annual Amount divided by 12.
 (c) For April 2009 through December 2009 AEP Ohio was allowed to collect the full annual amount of increase resulting in a total 29 months of collections for April 2009 through May 2011.
 (d) June 2011 through December 2011 is 7 months.

ATTACHMENT DJD-C

Estimate of Revenues Collected Under POLR Charge Rider (2009-2011)

Annual Amount Estimated Revenues 2011 - Estimated Total As Filed In ESP Monthly (April 2009 - May December ESP (April 2009 - Tariffs Average 2011) 2011) December 2011) (a) (b) (c) (d) CSP \$97,384,098 \$8,115,342 \$235,344,904 \$56,807,391 \$292,152,294 OP \$554,801,769 \$4,566,814 \$132,437,608 \$31,967,699 \$164,405,307					Estimated	
Annual Amount Estimated Revenues 2011 - As Filed In ESP Monthly (April 2009 - May December Tariffs Average 2011) 2011) (a) (b) (c) (d) \$97,384,098 \$8,115,342 \$235,344,904 \$56,807,391 \$554,801,769 \$4,566,814 \$132,437,608 \$31,967,699				_	Revenue (June	
As Filed In ESP Monthly (April 2009 - May December Tariffs Average 2011) 2011) (a) (b) (c) (d) \$97,384,098 \$8,115,342 \$235,344,904 \$56,807,391 \$554,801,769 \$4,566,814 \$132,437,608 \$31,967,699		Annual Amount		Estimated Revenues	2011 -	Estimated Total
Tariffs Average 2011) 2011) (a) (b) (c) (d) (b) (c) (d) (c) (d) (d) (e) (e) (e) (e) (f)		As Filed In ESP	Monthly	(April 2009 - May	December	ESP (April 2009 -
\$97,384,098 \$8,115,342 \$235,344,904 \$56,807,391 \$54,801,769 \$4,566,814 \$132,437,608 \$31,967,699		Tariffs (a)	Average (b)	2011) (c)	2011) (d)	December 2011)
\$54,801,769 \$4,566,814 \$132,437,608 \$31,967,699	CSP	\$97,384,098	\$8,115,342	\$235,344,904	\$56,807,391	
	<u>-</u>	\$54.801.769	\$4.566.814		\$31 967 699	
					0001001	

Sources:

\$456,557,601

\$88,775,089

\$367,782,512

\$12,682,156

\$152,185,867

⁽a) Compliance Tariffs and Work Papers Filed on July 28, 2009, page 60 for CSP and page 71 for OP in Case Nos. 08-919-EL-SSO et al.

⁽b) Annual Ammount divided by 12.

(c) For April 2009 through December 2009, AEP Ohio was allowed to collect the annual amount of increase resulting in a total of 29 months of collection for April 2009 through May 2011.

(d) June 2011 through December 2011 is 7 months.

ATTACHMENT DJD-D

Estimate of Revenues Collected (Excluding Carrying Cost on Deferral) Under Base Generation Rate and POLR Adjustments (200

Sources:
(a) Compliance Tariffs and Work Papers Filed on July 28, 2009 and Attachment DJD-B.
(b) Compliance Tariffs and Work Papers Filed on July 28, 2009 and Attachment DJD-C.

REVISED ATTACHMENT DID-E (1 of 2)

Remand-Revised 2012 Rates Before ESP and Summary of Stipulated Rate Increases

CS	Base	_																		
85 651			E.	Total	Full Total Current Current	Current		Phase-In		Base			Tota	Current	Proj.		5	Phase-In Transition	fransition	
85 681	Gen.	FAC	Env.	je Je	Trans.	Dist.	POLR	Rider	Total	Gen.	FAC	Env.	Gen.	Trans.	Dist.	POLR	Rider	Rider	Rider	Total
	2.01	3.65	0.11	5.77	0.82	4.00	0	¢	10.59	3.22	3.38		6.60	0.82	4.40				-0.29	11.53
	4.57	3.65	0.26	8 48	0.70	3,63	0	0	12.81	2.52	3.38		5.89	0.70	3.98			0.23	2.34	13.14
	4.40	3.64	0.25	8.29	0.75	2.41	0	٥	11.45	2.63	3.37		6.00	0.75	2.62		1,04	0.23	1.58	12.21
	2.20	3.60	0.13	\$ 93	0.58	1.59	o	0	8 10	2.29	3.33		5.62	0.58	1.72		-0.08 -0.08	0.23	0.53	8.58
	0.94	3.46	0.05	4,45	0.70	0.28	0	0	5.43	1.93	3.20		5.13	0.70	0.30		-0.13	0.22	-0.53	5.69
AL	2.89	3.65	0.16	6.70	0.22	13.66	D	0	20.58	0.54	3.38		3.91	0.22	15.26			0.23	3.62	23.24
	1.81	3.65	0.10	97.5	0.22	7.38	0	0	13.16	0.54	3.38		3.92	0.22	8.21			0.23	1.97	14.56
585	2.79	3.46	0.16	6.41	1.72	0.34	0	0	8.47	2.88	3.20		6.07	1.72	0.36			0.22	0.26	8.63
Subtotal	2.02	3,59	0.12	5.73	0.72	2.46	0	О	8.91	2.63	3.33		5.95	0.72	2.69		0.01	0.13	0.05	9.56
ď																				
	2.41	3.16	0.08	5,65	0.85	3.41	Q.	0	9.91	3.20	3.38		6.57	0.85	3,75				-0.06	11.10
	3.42	3.16	0.12	6.70	0.70	40,4	¢	0	11.44	2.50	3,38		5.87	0.70	4,46			0.23	1.68	12.94
652	3.05	3.13	0.10	6.28	0.60	2.10	٥	0	86.8	5.66	3.35		6.00	0.60	2.29		1.06	0.23	0.54	10.72
	2.05	3.09	0.07	5.21	0.59	1.49	a	0	7.29	2.20	3.30		5.50	0.59	1.60		-0.19	0.22	0.10	7.83
GS4/IRP	1.54	2.98	0.05	4.57	0.56	0.25	O	0	5.38	1.57	3.20		4.76	0.56	0.27		-0.31	0.22	-0.24	5.27
	3.49	3.16	0.05	4.70	1.03	2.81	0	0	8.54	2.68	3.38		6.05	1.03	3.08			0.23	0.64	9.75
	0.00	3.16	8	3.16	0.65	0.81	o	0	4.62	2.70	3.38		6.08	0.65	0.84			0.23	-2.61	5.19
	2 47	3.16	80:0	5.71	0.65	2.15	0	Q	8.51	2.70	3.38		6.08	0.65	2.34			0.23	0.12	9.43
占	0.42	3.16	0.01	3.59	09.0	2.71	0	0	6.90	2.35	3.38		5.72	0.60	2.97			0.23	-1,49	8.04
	6.92	3.16	0.24	10.32	0.27	10.19	0	0	20.78	0.54	3.38		3.91	0.27	11.37			0.23	8.16	23.95
	7.37	3.16	0.25	10.78	0.27	7.51	0	0	18.56	0.54	3.38		3.92	0.27	8.38			0.23	7.82	20.62
9	45.79	2.98	1.56	50.33	19.77	41.27	0	0	111.37	69.20	3.20		72.39	19.77	46.24			0.22	-11.77	126.85
Subtotal	2.16	3.08	20.0	5.31	0.65	1.77	0	o	7.73	2.33	3.30		5.63	0.65	1.94		-0.01	0.16	90.0	8.43

Percentage Increase Over 2012 Rates Before Proposed ESP Percentage Increase Over Previous Year (a) Except the "2012 Base Gen.", all data in this Attachment are from Exhibit DMR-1 in bestimony filed by David M. Roush on September 13, 2011. The "Base Gen." are the same as "Remand-Revised 2011 Base Generation Rate" in Attachment DJD-A.

** Reflects forecasted FAC from Case No. 11-281-EL-FAC
Reflects Oistribution Investment Recovery Rider at Settlement maximum amount.
Reflects Phase-In Recovery Rider on CSP and OP after ESP Remand.
Reflects No Phase-In Recovery Rider collection for CSP and OP residential customers.
Reflects 65-18 GS-2 Shool Exemption from Transition Rider.
Reflects Of million shooping credit for GS-2.
No estimate of potential Generation Resource Rider.

8.16% 8.16%

8.88

90.0

0.15

0.00

2.24

0.68

5.76

3.31

2.45

8.21

0

0

2.05

0.68

5.48

0.09

3.29

2.10

Remand-Revised 2012 Rates Before ESP and Summary of Stipulated Rate Increases REVISED ATTACHMENT DJD-E (2 of 2)

				~	2013 Rates with Proposed	vith Propos	ed ESp***								20:	14 Rates wi	2014 Rates with Proposed ESP***	d Espere				
	Base			Total	Current	Proj		ı.	Phase-In Transition	ransition	:	Base			Total	Current	Proj.		내	Phase-In Transition	ansition	
	Gen.	FAC	Env	Gen.	Trans.	Dist.	POLR	Rider	Rider	Rider	Total	Gen,	FAC	Env.	Sen.	Trans.	Dist.	POLR	Rider	Rider	Rider	Total
స్తి																						
RS	3.38	3.38		6.76	0.82	4.47			0.23	-0.25	12.04	3.58	3.38		6.95	0.82	4.56			0.23	-0.21	12.35
651	2.64	3.38		6.02	0.70	4.05			0.23	2.06	13.06	2.79	3.38		6.17	0.70	4.13			0.23	1.79	13.02
652	2.76	3.37		6.13	0.75	3.66		1.04	0.23	1.32	12.12	2.92	3.37		67.9	0.75	2.71		1.04	0.23	1.06	12.07
653	2.40	3.33		5.73	0.58	1.74		-0.08	0.23	0.38	8.57	2.54	3.33		5.87	0.58	1.77		-0.08	0.23	0.33	8.68
GS4/IRP	2.03	3.20		5.22	0.70	0.31		-0.13	0.22	-0.55	5.77	2.14	3.20		5.34	0.70	0.31		-0.13	0.22	-0.46	5.98
AL	0.56	3.38		3.94	0.22	15.57			0.23	3.38	23.34	0.59	3.38		3.97	0.22	15.92			0.23	3.19	23.53
ಸ	0.57	3.38		3.95	0.22	8.38			0.23	1.86	14.63	09'0	3.38		3.98	0.22	8.56			0.23	1.77	14.76
585	3.02	3.20		6.21	1.72	0.36			0.22	0.20	1.71	3.20	3.20		6:39	1.72	0.37			0.22	0.13	8.82
Subtotal	2.76	3,33		60.9	0.72	2.74		10.0	0.23	00:00	9.79	2.92	3.33		6.24	0.72	2.79		0.01	0.23	00.0	10.00
90																						
SB.	3.36	3.38		6.73	0.85	3.82			0.23	-0.05	11.57	3.55	3.38		6.92	0.85	3.89			0.23	-0.04	11.85
651	2972	3.38		6.00	0.70	4.54			0.23	1.49	12.95	2.77	3.38		6.15	0.70	4.63			0.23	1.30	13.01
652	2.79	3.35		6.14	990	2.33		1.06	0.23	4	10.79	2.95	3.35		6.30	0.60	2.37		1.06	0.23	0.35	10.89
623	2.31	3.30		5.61	0.59	1.63		-0.19	0.22	0.01	7.87	2.44	3.30		5.74	0.59	1.65		-0.19	0.22	0.02	8.04
GS4/IRP	1.66	3.20		4.86	0.56	0.28		-0.31	0.22	-0.29	5.31	1.77	3.20		4.97	0.56	0.28		-0.31	0.22	-0.25	5.47
EHG	2.81	3.38		6.19	1.03	3.13			0.23	-0.54	10.05	2.97	3.38		6.35	1.03	3.19			0.23	-0.43	10.38
꿆	2.83	3.38		6.21	0.65	58.0			0.23	-2.23	5.70	3.00	3.38		6.37	9.65	0.85			0.23	-1.82	6.28
SS	2.84	3.38		6.21	0.65	2.38			0.23	0.11	9.58	3.00	3.38		6.38	0.65	2.42			0.23	0.09	77.6
ಹ	2.46	3.38		5.84	09:0	3.02			0.23	-1.25	8.44	2.60	3.38		5.98	0.60	3.08			0.23	-1.01	8.89
ъ	0.56	3.38		3.94	0.27	11.61			0.23	7.27	23.32	0.59	3.38		3.97	0.27	11.87			0.23	6.47	22.81
ช	0.57	3.38		3.95	0.27	8.55			0.23	6.94	19.94	0.60	3.38		3.98	0.27	8.74			0.23	6.15	19.36
SBS	72.66	3.20		75.85	19.77	47.22			0.22	-11.62	131.45	76.13	3.20		79.33	19.77	48.32			0.22	-11.03	136.61
Subtotal	2.45	3.30		5.75	0.65	1.97		-0.01	0.22	0.00	8.59	2.50	3.30		5.89	0.65	2.01		-0.01	0.22	0.00	8.77
								1														
AEP Ohio	2.57	3.31		5.88	99.0	2.28		0.00	0.22	0.00	5.07	2.72	3.31		6.03	0.68	2:32		00:00	0.22	8.0	97.6
Percentage Increase Over 2012 Rates Before Proposed ESP Percentage Increase Over Previous Year	r 2012 Rates B r Previous Yea	efore Pro	oposed ESP								10.48%											12,79%

Source: (a) Except the "2012 Base Gen.", all data in this Attachment are from Exhibit DMR-1 in testimony filed by David M. Roush on September 13, 2011. The "Base Gen." are the same as "Remand-Revised 2011 Base Generation Rate" in Attachment DJD-A.

^{***} Reflects forecasted FAC from Case No. 31-381-ELFAC
Reflects Distribution Investment Recovery Rider at Settlement maximum amount.
Reflects Distribution Investment Recovery Rider on CPs and OP, but not potential securitization savings.
Reflects 50-1 & 65-2 School Exemption From Transition Rider.
Reflects 50-1 & 65-2 School Exemption Transition Rider.
Reflects 510 million shopping redeft for 65-2.
No estimate of potential Generation Resource Rider.

Summary of Stipulated Base Generation Rates Increase Based on Remand-Revised 2012 Base Generation Rates REVISED ATTACHMENT DJD-F

	Remand-Revised 2012 Base Generation Rate*	Stipulated 2012 Base Generation Rate**	Percentage Change from 2011***	Stipulated 2013 Base Generation Rate**	Percentage Change from 2011***	Stipulated 2014 Base Generation Rate**	Percentage Change from 2011***
CSP			i.				
æ	\$2.01	\$3.22	%09	\$3.38	68%	\$3.58	78%
GS1	\$4.57	\$2.52	-45%	\$2.64	-42%	\$2.79	-39%
G\$2	\$4.40	\$2.63	-40%	\$2.76	-37%	\$2.92	-34%
683	\$2.20	\$2.29	4%	\$2.40	%6	\$2.54	15%
GS4/IRP	\$0.94	\$1.93	105%	\$2.03	116%	\$2.14	128%
Ą	\$2.89	\$0.54	-81%	\$0.56	-81%	\$0.59	-80%
SI		\$0.54	-20%	\$0.57	%69-	\$0.60	.67%
SBS		\$2.88	3%	\$3.02	%8	\$3.20	15%
SUBTOTAL	\$2.02	\$2.63	30%	\$2.76	37%	\$2.92	45%
OP							
æ	\$2.41	\$3.20	33%	\$3.36	39%	\$3.55	47%
6\$1	\$3.42	\$2.50	-27%	\$2.62	-23%	\$2.77	-19%
652	\$3.05	\$2.66	-13%	\$2.79	%6-	\$2.95	-3%
623	\$2.05	\$2.20	7%	\$2.31	13%	\$2.44	19%
GS4/IRP	\$1.54	\$1.57	2%	\$1.66	8%	\$1.77	15%
EHG	\$1.49	\$2.68	80%	\$2.81	%68	\$2.97	%66
EHS	\$0.00	\$2.70	#DIV/0i	\$2.83	#DIV/0i	\$3.00	#DIV/0!
SS	\$2.47	\$2.70	%6	\$2.84	15%	\$3.00	21%
చ	\$0.42	\$2.35	460%	\$2.46	486%	\$2.60	519%
ъ	\$6.92	\$0.54	-95%	\$0.56	-92%	\$0.59	-91%
SL	\$7.37	\$0.54	%E6-	\$0.57	%26-	\$0.60	-92%
SBS		\$69.20	51%	\$72.66	29%	\$76.13	%99
SHRTOTAL	٠	£2.65	%%	\$2.45	13%	¢2 60	%∪८

30%

\$2.72

22%

\$2.57

17%

\$2.45

\$2.10

Sources:
* Attachment DJD-E.
** Exhibit DMR-1 of testimony filed by David M. Roush on September 13, 2011.
*** Exhibit DMR-1 of testimony filed by David M. Roush on September 13, 2011.
*** Calculated as "Stipulated Base Generation Rates" minus 1.

REVISED ATTACHMENT DJD-G

Summary of Stipulated Total Generation Rates Increase Based on Remand-Revised 2012 Total Generation Rates

ζ,

			20	2012	2013	13	32	2014
		Remand- Revised 2012	Stipulated	Percentage	Stipulated	Percentage	Stipulated	
		Total	2012 Total	Change	2013 Total	Change	2014 Total	Percentage
		Generation Rate*	Generation Rates**	from 2011***	Generation Rates**	from 2011***	Generation Rates**	Change from
CSP								
œ	RS.	\$5.77	\$6.60	14%	\$6.76	17%	\$6.95	20%
9	651	\$8.48	\$5.89	-31%	\$6.02	-29%	\$6.17	-27%
9	GS2	\$8.29	\$6.00	-28%	\$6.13	-26%	\$6.29	-24%
9	653	\$5.93	\$5.62	-5%	\$5.73	-3%	\$5.87	-1%
ט	GS4/IRP	\$4.45	\$5.13	15%	\$5.22	17%	\$5.34	20%
∢	_	\$6.70	\$3.91	42%	\$3.94	-41%	\$3.97	-41%
<u>N</u>		\$5.56	\$3.92	-29%	\$3.95	-29%	\$3.98	-28%
S	BS	\$6.41	\$6.07	-5%	\$6.21	.3%	\$6.39	%0
Ν	SUBTOTAL	\$5.73	\$5.95	4%	\$6.09	%9	\$6.24	%6
8 8								
œ	RS	\$5.65	\$6.57	16%	\$6.73	19%	\$6.92	22%
g	651	\$6.70	\$5.87	-12%	\$6.00	-10%	\$6.15	% 8 ~
9	GS2	\$6.28	\$6.00	-4%	\$6.14	-2%	\$6.30	%0
g	653	\$5.21	\$5.50	%9	\$5.61	%8	\$5.74	10%
9	GS4/IRP	\$4.57	\$4.76	4%	\$4.86	%9	\$4.97	%6
W	EHG	\$4.70	\$6.05	78%	\$6.19	32%	\$6.35	35%
w	EHS	\$3.16	\$6.08	95%	\$6.21	%26	\$6.37	102%
ĕή	SS	\$5.71	\$6.08	%9	\$6.21	%6	\$6.38	12%
ī	4	\$3.59	\$5.72	%69	\$5.84	63%	\$5.98	%29
0	5	\$10.32	\$3.91	-62%	\$3.94	-62%	\$3.97	-62%
Ñ		\$10.78	\$3.92	-64%	\$3.95	-63%	\$3.98	-63%
<u>w</u>	SBS	\$50.33	\$72.39	44%	\$75.85	51%	\$79.33	28%
ΙŒ	SUBTOTAL	\$5.31	\$5.63	%9	\$2.75	%8	\$5.89	11%
AEP Ohio		\$5.48	\$5.76	2%	\$5.88	7%	\$6.03	10%

Sources:
* Attachment DJD-E.
** Exhibit DMR-1 of testimony filed by David M. Roush on September 13, 2011.
*** Exhibit DMR-1 of testimony filed by David M. Roush on September 13, 2011.
*** Calculated as "Stipulated Total Generation Rates" divided by "Remand-Revised 2012 Total Generation Rate" minus 1.

REVISED ATTACHMENT DJD-H

Summary of Stipulated Total Rates Increase Based on Remand-Revised 2012 Total Rates

		,					
	Remand-	Stipulated	Percentage	Stipulated	Percentage		Percentage
	Revised 2012 Total Rate*	2012 Total Rate**	Change from 2011***	2013 Total Rate**	Change from 2011***	Stipulated 2014 Total Rate**	Change from 2011***
-							
RS	\$10.59	\$11.53	9%	\$12.04	14%	\$12.36	17%
GS1	\$12.81	\$13.14	3%	\$13.06	2%	\$13.02	2%
GS2	\$11.45	\$12.21	7%	\$12.12	%9	\$12.07	2%
653	\$8.10	\$8.58	%9	\$8.57	%9	\$8.68	1%
GS4/IRP	\$5.43	\$5.69	2%	\$5.77	%9	\$5.98	10%
ΑF	\$20.58	\$23.24	13%	\$23.34	13%	\$23,53	14%
35	\$13.16	\$14.56	11%	\$14.63	11%	\$14.76	12%
SBS	\$8.47	\$8.63	2%	\$8.71	3%	\$8.82	4%
SUBTOTAL	\$8.91	\$9.56	2%	\$9.79	10%	\$10.00	12%
RS	\$9.91	\$11,10	12%	\$11.57	17%	\$11.85	20%
GS1	\$11.44	\$12.94	13%	\$12.95	13%	\$13,01	14%
CS2	\$8.98	\$10.72	19%	\$10.79	20%	\$10.89	21%
653	\$7.29	\$7.83	7%	\$7.87	%8	\$8.04	10%
GS4/IRP	\$5.38	\$5.27	-2%	\$5.31	-1%	\$5.47	2%
EHG	\$8.54	\$9.75	14%	\$10.05	18%	\$10.38	22%
EHS	\$4.62	\$5.19	12%	\$5.70	23%	\$6.28	36%
SS	\$8.51	\$9.43	11%	\$9.58	13%	\$9.77	15%
냅	\$6.90	\$8.04	17%	\$8.44	22%	\$8.89	59%
Q.	\$20.78	\$23,95	15%	\$23.32	12%	\$22.81	10%
SL	\$18.56	\$20.62	11%	\$19.94	7%	\$19,36	4%
SBS	\$111.37	\$126.85	14%	\$131.45	18%	\$136.61	23%
SUBTOTAL	\$7.73	\$8.43	%6	\$8.59	11%	\$8.77	13%

13%

\$9.26

10%

\$9.07

8%

\$8.88

\$8.21

AEP Ohio

Sources:
* Attachment DID-E.
** Exhibit DMR-1 of testimony filed by David M. Roush on September 13, 2011.
*** Exhibit DMR-1 of September 13, 2011.
*** Calculated as "Stipulated Total Rate" divided by "Remand-Revised 2012 Total Rate" minus 1.

REVISED ATTACHMENT DJD-4 Share of Total Revenue Increases by Customer Class Under Stipulated Rates (Based on Remand-Revised 2012 Rates Before Proposed ESP)

_									2012 Share of				2013 Share of						
			Remand-	Total Revenue	Baseline			2012 Increase in Revenue	Total Increase			2013 increase Over 2011 in	Total			2014 Increase 7	2014 Share of Total		2012 to 2014 Share
_		2012 Share	2012 Share Revised 2012		Share of	Stipulated	Total Revenue	Under	.⊑	Stipulated	Total Revenue	Revenue Under	.≘	Stigulated	Total Revenue	_	Increase in	2012 to 2014	of Total
	2012 Energy (kwh)*	of Energy Usage	Total Rate Before ESP**	remand-Revised 2012 Rate***	Total Revenue	2012 Total Rate****	Based on 2012 Rate***	Stipulated Rate****	Revenue*	2013 Total Rate****	Based on 2013 Rate***	Stipulated Rate****	Revenue	Revenue 2014 Total	Based on 2014 Rate***	Stipulated (Revenue**	Revenue** Total Increase in Increase in **** Revenue Revenue	Increase ir Revenue
j			100 kWh			100 kWh				100 kWh				100 kWh					
స్తి																			
Z.	7,470,809,240	43%	\$10.59	\$791,158,699	51%	\$11.53	\$861,384,305	\$70,225,607	62%	\$12,04	\$899,485,432	\$108,326,734	70%	\$12.36	5923,392,022	5132,233,324	%69	5310,785,664	%89
651	225,396,919	1%	\$12.81	\$28,873,345	73%	\$13.14	\$29,617,155	\$743,810	3%	\$13.06	\$29,436,838	\$563,492	%0	\$13.02	529,346,679	\$473,334	%0	\$1,780,636	%0
652	1,090,292,537	. 6%	\$11.45	\$124,838,495	8%	\$12.21	\$133,124,719	\$8,286,223	7%	\$12.12	\$132,143,455	\$7,304,960	2%	\$12.07	\$131,598,309	\$6,759.814	4%	\$22,350,997	% 507
653	4,901,182,198	28%	\$8.10	\$336,995,758	35%	\$8.58	\$420,521,433	\$73,525,675	21%	\$8.57	\$420,031,314	\$23,035,556	15%	\$8.68	\$425,422,615	\$28,426,857	15%	\$74,988,088	16%
GS4/IRP	3,700,591,045	21%	\$5.43	\$200,942,034	13%	\$5.69	\$210,563,630	\$9,621,537	%8	\$5.77	\$213,524,103	\$12,582,010	8%	\$5.38	\$221,295,344	\$20,353,251	115%	\$42,556,797	%5
AL	38,378,842	8	\$20.58	\$7,898,366	1%	\$23.24	\$8,919,243	\$1,020,877	1%	\$23.34	\$8,957,622	\$1,059,256	1%	\$23.53	\$9,030,542	\$1,132.176	1%	\$3,212,309	3%
R	43,103,463	%	\$13.16	\$5,672,416	8	\$14.56	\$6,275,864	\$603,448	1%	\$14.63	\$6,306,037	\$633,621	%	\$14.76	\$6,362,071	\$689,655	%	\$1,926,725	%0
SBS	4,245,758	%6	58.47	\$359,616	86	\$8.63	\$366,409	\$6,793	%	58 71	5369,806	510,190	80	\$8.82	\$374,476	\$14,860	%0	531,843	0%
	17,474,000,002	100%	58.91	\$1,556,933,400	100%	35.6\$	\$1,670,514,400	\$113,581,000	300%	\$9.79	51,710,704,600	\$153,771,200	100%	\$10.00	\$1,747,400,000	\$190,466,600	100%	\$457,818,800	100%
do.																			
æ	7,335,376,957	%8X	16.65	\$726,935,856	%96	\$11.10	\$814,226,842	\$87,290,986	48%	\$11.57	\$848,703,114	\$121,767,257	24%	\$11.85	\$869,242,169	\$142,306,313	23%	\$351,364,556	25%
651	356,212,396	1%	\$11.44	\$40,750,698	%	\$12.94	546,093,884	\$5,343,186	3%	\$12.95	\$46,129,505	\$5,378,807	*	\$13.01	546,343,233	\$5,592,535	2%	\$16,314,528	5%
652	3,383,968,182	13%	\$6.88	\$303,880,343	15%	\$10.72	\$362,761,389	\$58,881,046	32%	\$10.79	\$365,130,167	\$61,249,824	57%	\$10.89	5368,514,135	\$64,633,792	24%	\$184,764,663	27%
683	6,182,567,492	24%	\$7.29	\$450,709,170	52%	57.83	\$484,095,035	533,385,864	18%	\$7.87	\$486,568,062	\$35,858,891	16%	58.04	5497,078,426	\$46,369,256	7.2%	\$115,614,017	17%
GS4/IRP	8,583,788,928	33%	\$5.38	\$461,807,844	53%	\$5.27	\$452,365,677	-\$9,442,168	% %	\$5.31	\$455,799,192	-56,008,652	%ç	\$5.47	\$469,533,254	\$7,725,410	3%	(\$7,725,410)	-1%
E#G	22,051,076	%	\$8.54	\$1,883,162	8	\$9.75	\$2,149,980	\$266,818	%	\$30.05	\$2,216,133	5332,971	86	\$10.38	\$2,288,902	\$405.740	%0	51,005,529	980
뫒	397,293		\$4 62	518,355	Š	\$5.19	\$20,620	\$2,265	%	\$5.70	\$22,646	\$4,291	%	\$6.28	\$24,950	\$6.595	%0	\$13,150	%0
S	41,829,329		58.51	53,559,676	%	\$9.43	\$3,944,506	\$384,830	%0	\$9.58	\$4,007,250	\$447,574	%	59.77	\$4,086,725	\$527,050	%0	\$1,359,453	%0
ď	513,289		\$6.90	\$35,417	%0	\$8.04	\$41,268	\$5,851	%0	58.44	\$43,322	\$7,905	%	\$8.89	\$45,631	\$10,214	%0	\$23,971	%0
ಕ	56,043,254		\$20.78	\$11,645,788	1%	\$23.95	\$13,422,359	\$1,776,571	%≤	\$23.32	\$13,069,287	\$1,423,499	74	\$22.81	512,783,466	\$1,137,678	%0	\$4,337,748	1%
ಹ	66,516,375	8	\$18.56	\$12,345,439	13%	\$20.62	\$13,715,677	\$1,370,237	1%	\$19.94	\$13,263,365	\$917,926	8	\$19.36	\$12,877,570	\$532,131	%D	\$2,820,294	U%
SBS	235,436		\$111.37	\$262,205	%	\$126.85	\$298,651	536,445	%0	\$131.45	\$309,481	\$47,276	š	\$136.61	5321,629	\$59,424	%0	\$143,145	0%
SUBTOTAL	26,029,500,007	100%	\$7.73	\$2,012,080,353	100%	\$8.43	\$2,194,286,851	\$182,206,500	100%	\$8.59	\$2,235,934,051	\$223,853,700	%00I	58.77	\$2,282,787,151	\$270.706,800	100%	\$676,767,000	100%

Sources:

** And Taper to Enblid DMR-1 of testimony filed by David Mr. Roush on September 13, 2011.

** And Taper to Enblid DMR-1 of testimony filed by David Mr. Roush or September 13, 2011.

*** Calculated as the product of "Total Rave" times "2012 Energy (KWH)".

*** Calculated as the principle by David Mr. Boush on September 13, 2011.

*** Calculated as the difference between the estimated contraversating each year of 2012 to 2014 and the entimated 2011 total revenue after Remand adjustments.

**** Calculated as the share of increases in total revenue by rustomer class.

\$1,122,390,300

59.26 \$4,028,424,101 \$456,785,750

\$9.07 \$3,945,767,451 \$374,130,100

58.88 \$3,863,110,801 \$291,473,450

\$8.21 \$3,571,637,351

43,503,500,009

ATTACHMENT DJD-K

SP

Total Revenue Increases by Customer Class Under Stipulated Rates (Based on AEP Ohio's 2012 Rates Before Proposed ESP)

						ZUTZ Increase			OVEF 2011 IN			2014 Increase	
	-	AEP Ohio's				in Revenue			Revenue			Over 2011 in	
		2012 Rates	2012 Rates Total Revenue Stipulated	Stipulated	Total Revenue	Under	Stipulated	Total Revenue	Under	Stipulated	Total Revenue	Revenue Under	2012 to 2014
	2012 Energy (kWh)*	Before ESP**	Based on 2011 Rate***	2012 Total Rate**	Based on 2012 Rate***	Stipulated Rate****	2013 Total Rate**	Based on 2013 Rate***	Stipulated Rate****	2014 Total Rate**	Based on 2014 Rate***	Stipulated Rate****	Total Increase in Revenue
		100 kWh		100 kWh			100 kWh			100 kWh			
RS	7,470,809,240	\$11.16	\$833,742,311	\$11.53	\$861,384,305	\$27,641,994	\$12.04	\$899,485,432	\$65,743,121	\$12.36	\$923,392,022	\$89,649,711	\$183,034,826
GS1	225,396,919	\$13.29	\$29,955,251	\$13.14	\$29,617,155	-5338,095	\$13.06	\$29,436,838	-\$518,413	\$13.02	\$29,346,679	-\$608,572	-\$1,465,080
652	1,090,292,537	\$11.95	\$130,289,958	\$12.21	\$133,124,719	\$2,834,761	\$12.12	\$132,143,455	\$1,853,497	\$12.07	\$131,598,309	\$1,308,351	\$5,996,609
GS3	4,901,182,198	\$8.48	\$415,620,250	\$8.58	\$420,521,433	\$4,901,182	\$8.57	\$420,031,314	\$4,411,064	\$8.68	\$425,422,615	\$9,802,364	\$19,114,611
G54/1RP	3,700,591,045	\$5.76	\$213,154,044	\$5.69	\$210,563,630	-\$2,590,414	\$5.77	\$213,524,103	\$370,059	\$5.98	\$221,295,344	\$8,141,300	\$5,920,946
٩٢	38,378,842	\$20.75	\$7,963,610	\$23.24	\$8,919,243	\$955,633	\$23.34	\$8,957,622	\$994,012	\$23.53	\$9,030,542	\$1,066,932	\$3,016,577
SI	43,103,463	\$13.34	\$5,750,002	\$14.56	\$6,275,864	\$525,862	\$14.63	\$6,306,037	\$556,035	\$14.76	\$6,362,071	\$612,069	\$1,693,966
SBS	4,245,758	\$8.87	\$376,599	\$8.63	\$366,409	-\$10,190	\$8.71	\$369,806	-\$6,793	\$8.85	\$374,476	-\$2,123	-\$19,106
SUBTOTAL	17,474,000,002	\$9.37	\$1,637,313,800	\$9.56	\$1,670,514,400	\$33,920,733	\$9.79	\$1,710,704,600	\$73,390,800	\$10.00	\$1,747,400,000	\$110,086,200	\$217,397,733
RS	7,335,376,957	\$10.65	\$781,217,646		\$814,226,842	\$33,009,196	\$11.57	\$848,703,114	\$67,485,468	\$11.85	\$869,242,169	\$88,024,523	\$188,519,188
GS1	356,212,396	\$12.20	\$43,457,912	\$12.94	\$46,093,884	\$2,635,972	\$12.95	\$46,129,505	\$2,671,593	\$13.01	\$46,343,233	\$2,885,320	\$8,192,885
652	3,383,968,182	\$9.75	\$329,936,898	\$10.72	\$362,761,389	\$32,824,491	\$10.79	\$365,130,167	\$35,193,269	\$10.89	\$368,514,135	\$38,577,237	\$106,594,998
GS3	6,182,567,492	\$7.97	\$492,750,629	\$7.83	\$484,095,035	-\$8,655,594	\$7.87	\$486,568,062	-\$6,182,567	\$8.04	\$497,078,426	\$4,327,797	-\$10,510,365
GS4/IRP	8,583,788,928	\$6.01	\$515,885,715	\$5.27	\$452,365,677	-\$63,520,038	\$5.31	\$455,799,192	-\$60,086,522	\$5.47	\$469,533,254	-\$46,352,460	-\$169,959,021
EHG	22,051,076	\$9.34	\$2,059,570	\$9.75	\$2,149,980	\$90,409	\$10.05	\$2,216,133	\$156,563	\$10.38	\$2,288,902	\$229,331	\$476,303
EHS	397,293	\$5.50	\$21,851	\$5.19	\$20,620	-\$1,232	\$5.70	\$22,646	\$795	\$6.28	\$24,950	\$3,099	\$2,662
SS	41,829,329	\$9.31	\$3,894,311	\$9.43	\$3,944,506	\$50,195	\$9.58	\$4,007,250	\$112,939	77.65	\$4,086,725	\$192,415	\$355,549
d	513,289	\$7.68	\$39,421	\$8.04	\$41,268	\$1,848	\$8.44	\$43,322	\$3,901	\$8.89	\$45,631	\$6,211	\$11,960
ឥ	56,043,254	\$21.34	\$11,959,630	\$23.95	\$13,422,359	\$1,462,729	\$23.32	\$13,069,287	\$1,109,656	\$22.81	\$12,783,466	\$823,836	\$3,396,221
SI	66,516,375	\$19.13	\$12,724,583	\$20.62	\$13,715,677	\$991,094	\$19.94	\$13,263,365	\$538,783	\$19.36	\$12,877,570	\$152,988	\$1,682,864
SBS	235,436	\$112.02	\$263,735	\$126.85	\$298,651	\$34,915	\$131.45	\$309,481	\$45,745	\$136.61	\$321,629	\$57,894	\$138,554
SUBTOTAL	26.029.500.007	\$8 43	\$2 194 286 851	\$8.43	\$2,194,286,R51	-\$1 N76 N14	48.59	42 235 934 051	\$41 647 200	¢8 77	\$2 382 787 151	\$88 500 300	\$129.071.486

ô

Sources:

\$4,028,424,101 \$195,765,750 \$339,327,300

\$9.26

\$9.07 \$3,945,767,451 \$113,109,100

\$8.88 \$3,863,110,801 \$30,452,450

\$8.81 \$3,832,658,351

43,503,500,009

^{*} Work Paper to Exhibit DMR-1 of testimony filed by David M. Roush on September 13, 2011.
** Exhibit DMR-1 of testimony filed by AEP witness David M. Roush on September 13, 2011.

*** Calculated as the product of "Total Rate" times "2012 Energy (kWh)".

**** Exhibit DMR-1 of testimony filed by David M. Roush on September 13, 2011.

**** Cakulated as the difference between the estimated total revenues in each year of 2012 to 2014 and the estimated 2011 total revenue after Remand adjustments.

REVISED ATTACHMENT DJD-J

Comparison Summary Comparison of ESP and MRO Generation Rates and Generation Revenues for AEP Ohio Stipulated ESP **₹** Baseline ESP

		Dascillic Lar		2015			ambinding Co.			Companison	
	Remand- Revised 2011					Stipulated			Stipulated		
	Total			Staff		Total		Stlpulated	ESP Rate		
	Generation Rate	Transmission Adiustment	Baseline ESP Rate	Projected Market Price	MRO Rate	Generation Rates	Transmission Adiustment	Rates Plus Transmission	over MRO Rate	2012 Energy (kWh)	Yearly Costs of ESP over MRO
	(e)	(p)	(c)	(p)	(e)	£	(a)			(g)	
	100kWh	100kWh	100kWh	100kWh	100kWh	100kWh	100kWh	100kWh	100kWh		
2012 CSP	\$5.73	\$0.2140	\$5.9440	\$5.8850	\$5.9381	\$5.9500	\$0.2140	\$6.1640	\$0.2259	17,474,000,002	\$39,473,766
do	\$5.31	\$0.2140	\$5.5240	\$5.8850	\$5.5601	\$5.6300	\$0.2140	\$5.8440	\$0.2839	26,029,500,007	\$73,897,751
AEP Ohio	\$5.48	\$0.2140	\$5.6940	\$5.8850	\$5.7131	\$5.7600	\$0.2140	\$5.9740	\$0.2609	43,503,500,009	\$113,500,632
2013											
CSP	\$5.73	\$0.2140	\$5.9440	\$6.1380	\$5.9828	\$6.0900	\$0.2140	\$6.3040	\$0.3212	17,474,000,002	\$56,126,488
O _O	\$5.31	\$0.2140	\$5,5240	\$6.1380	\$5.6468	\$5.7500	\$0.2140	\$5.9640	\$0.3172	26,029,500,007	\$82,565,574
AEP Ohio	\$5.48	\$0.2140	\$5.6940	\$6.1380	\$5.7828	\$5.8800	\$0.2140	\$6.0940	\$0.3112	43,503,500,009	\$135,382,892
2014											
CSP	- \$5.73	\$0.2140	\$5.9440	\$6.7485	\$6.1854	\$6.2400	\$0.2140	\$6.4540	\$0.2687	17,474,000,002	\$46,943,901
do do	\$5.31	\$0.2140	\$5.5240	\$6.7485	\$5.8914	\$5.8900	\$0.2140	\$6.1040	\$0.2127	26,029,500,007	\$55,351,732
AEP Ohio	\$5.48	\$0.2140	\$5.6940	\$6.7485	\$6.0104	\$6.0300	\$0.2140	\$6.2440	\$0.2337	43,503,500,009	\$101,645,928

Grand Total (2012 - 2014)

AEP Ohio

\$350,529,451

(a) Attachment DJD-E. Sources:

(b) Attachment A of testimony of Staff witness Robert B. Fortney filed on September 13, 2011.

(c) Calculated as the sum of "Remand-Revised 2011 Total Generation Rate" and "Transmission Adjustment".

(d) Attachment A of testimony of Staff witness Robert B. Fortney filed on September 13, 2011.

(e) Calculated based on the Blending Rule specified in the Statues.

(f) Exhibit DMR-1 of testimony filed by AEP witness David M. Roush on September 13, 2011.

(g) Work Paper to Exhibit DMR-1 of testimony filed by David M. Roush on September 13, 2011.