198 1 BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO 2 3 In the Matter of the Application of Duke Energy: 5 Ohio, Inc. to Establish : and Adjust the Initial : Case No. 09-1946-EL-RDR Level of its Distribution: Reliability Rider. 7 8 9 PROCEEDINGS 10 before Ms. Katie Stenman and Ms. Christine Pirik, 11 Hearing Examiners, at the Public Utilities Commission 12 of Ohio, 180 East Broad Street, Room 11-C, Columbus, 13 Ohio, called at 10:30 a.m. on Wednesday, May 26, 14 2010. 15 16 17 18 19 VOLUME II 20 21 ARMSTRONG & OKEY, INC. 22 222 East Town Street, 2nd Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215 23 (614) 224-9481 - (800) 223-9481Fax - (614) 224-572424 25

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Wednesday Afternoon Session,
May 26, 2010.

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EXAMINER PIRIK: We'll go back on the record.

This is Case No. 09-1946-EL-RDR continuation of hearing from May 25, 2010. While we were off the record the parties and the Bench went through Mr. Yankel's testimony, who I believe is the next witness to take the stand, and worked through the issues with regard to the protective nature of the information within the document.

I don't know, I think perhaps Ms. Hotz, if you want to just represent what we just discussed right now as far as what you're going to do with that new document that has been reviewed.

MS. HOTZ: Okay, I'm going to change the cover page to "Second Filed Public Direct Testimony of Anthony J. Yankel." And I'm going to sign it and mark out two more redactions on page 19 and 20 to cover a phone number, and then I'm going to sign it and file it today.

EXAMINER PIRIK: The Bench, after reviewing the document and considering the arguments by the parties to the information that was contained

within the document, determined that -- and I will list the items that we are granting protective status for and if there are additional items or clarifications I'd ask the parties to step in after my statement.

Employee numbers, employee names, specific position description titles, contractor names, any telephone number or address that would reference a contractor.

And I believe those are the basically the five items that we have agreed should be redacted from the public version of the document that Ms. Hotz just referenced. Are there any other additions, corrections?

MS. WATTS: I do not have anything to add to that, your Honor.

EXAMINER PIRIK: So with that list all of the numbers and monetary amounts will be in the open record and the list that I just mentioned will be redacted in the public version. To that extent the motion for protection is granted.

I would note for the record that the information that is under protection is subject to Rule 4901-1-24, which permits that this information is protected for a period of 18 months and if a party

wishes to have that information extended for a longer period of time, they must file a request 45 days prior to the expiration of the protected period.

So we will reiterate this again in our order, but for now I just wanted to put that on the record and put the parties on notice.

I believe OCC?

MS. HOTZ: OCC would like to call Anthony
J. Yankel to the stand please.

MS. SPILLER: Your Honor, if I may, on behalf of Duke Energy Ohio we do have some preliminary motions relative to Mr. Yankel's testimony. Wasn't sure when the Court would wish to address those.

EXAMINER PIRIK: After the direct, after Ms. Hotz puts him under direct we'll call on you for cross and at that time that will be the appropriate time.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PIRIK: Thank you for being so patient.

MS. HOTZ: OCC would like Mr. Yankel's testimony to be marked as OCC Exhibit 1 please.

EXAMINER PIRIK: I believe since we have a confidential and non-confidential we should mark

the public version --

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MS. HOTZ: 1A, and the confidential version will be marked 1B.

EXAMINER PIRIK: So the public version that will be filed today is 1A, and the confidential version is 1B. The documents are so marked.

(EXHIBITS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

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ANTHONY J. YANKEL

being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was examined and testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

By Ms. Hotz:

- Q. Will you please state your full name and business address for the record?
- A. Anthony J. Yankel, Y-a-n-k-e-l. 29814 Lake Road, Bay Village, Ohio 44140.
- Q. Are you the same Anthony J. Yankel who's direct testimony was filed in these cases?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. On whose behalf do you appear?
 - A. The Ohio Office of Consumers' Counsel.
- Q. Do you have your prepared testimony with you on the stand?
 - A. Yes, I do.

- Q. Did you prepare the testimony or have it prepared at your own direction?
 - A. I prepared it.

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- Q. Do you have any changes or corrections to your direct testimony?
 - A. I do have one.
 - Q. And what's that?
- A. Page 22, the first line, take out the first approximately five words, take out "there are two main concerns: 1)."

And then following that on line 2 put a period after the word "capitalized." Take out the remainder of that sentence.

And after that beginning on line 6, page 22 --

EXAMINER PIRIK: I'm sorry, Mr. Yankel, I want to be sure; you're taking out from the word "and" on line 2 through the period on line 4?

THE WITNESS: Yes. So effectively I'm only leaving in the number "1" that's in it as a sentence.

EXAMINER PIRIK: I just wanted to be sure the record was clear. Continue.

A. Beginning on line 6 of that same page 22, through page 24, line 7, delete that.

Q. If I asked you today the same questions found in your direct testimony in OCC Exhibit 1A and 1B, would your answers be the same?

A. Yes, they would.

MS. HOTZ: The OCC moves for the admission of OCC Exhibit 1A and 1B, and tenders the witness for cross-examination.

MS. SPILLER: Your Honor, relative to the request for admission of Mr. Yankel's testimony as written, Duke Energy Ohio does have a motion to strike parts of that testimony which I would like to address now.

The first being Mr. Yankel's testimony beginning on page 3, line 14, through page 4, line 6.

MS. HOTZ: Could you repeat that, please?

MS. SPILLER: Page 3, line 14, through page 4, line 6. Mr. Yankel's testimony is based upon facts that have not been admitted into evidence, and furthermore, are hearsay, particularly he is basing his opinion on a study that is not a document from a public office or agency.

It contains evaluative and investigatory information and conclusions of this entity, and consistent with the Commission's finding in Case 04-28, we would find that this particular study is in

and of itself hearsay and as such this witness cannot formulate and base opinions for admission in this case on that hearsay evidence.

MS. HOTZ: Your Honor --

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EXAMINER PIRIK: My question is do you have several motions to strike?

MS. SPILLER: Yes, I do.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Are some of them based on a similar argument?

MS. SPILLER: There is one other based on a similar argument.

EXAMINER PIRIK: I think what I'd like you to do is first of all go through the document and tell me the portions of the testimony that you wish to strike, and then I'd like you to consolidate your arguments and point out specifically which sections you're talking about.

And so we will do one argument at a time per issue so that we can look at all of the documents that you're talking about at one time. And, of course, there will be an opportunity to respond.

MS. SPILLER: Certainly.

Your Honor, then identify those portions of the testimony I would like stricken, consolidate the arguments that may have a common objection.

1 EXAMINER PIRIK: This first motion to 2 strike will be the first portion, that is No. 1. And 3 it doesn't have to be corresponding, let's just go 4 page by page through the second portion will be 5 numbered No. 2 and so on and so forth. 6 MS. SPILLER: No. 2, your Honor, would be 7 testimony beginning on page 5, line 5, through page 8 7, line 19. 9 EXAMINER PIRIK: Okay. 10 MS. SPILLER: The third, your Honor, will 11 be page 16, lines 1 through 3. And that is 12 actually -- yes, lines through the first two words on 13 line 3, "company's earnings." 14 EXAMINER PIRIK: So line 1 beginning at 15 "As Duke Indiana's"? 16 MS. SPILLER: Yes. 17 EXAMINER PIRIK: Through line 3, 18 "company's earnings"? 19 MS. SPILLER: Correct. 20 MS. HOTZ: What was the basis of that 21 one? 22 EXAMINER PIRIK: We haven't gotten to 23 that point yet. We're just identifying them and 24 we'll go back. 25 MS. SPILLER: The next, which would be

item No. 4, this would be page 16, line 3, the sentence that begins "Duke witness," and concludes line 5.

The next, page 24, it would be the response that begins on line 12, through page 25, line 6.

EXAMINER PIRIK: This is request No. 5.

MS. SPILLER: That was request No. 5.

Request No. 6, page 26, the sentence that begins on line 9 "This is still," concluding on line 10.

Request No. 7, page 27, line 25, the sentence that begins midway through that line "As pointed out above," through page 28, line 4.

The final, your Honor, No. 8, turning to page 43, answer that begins on line 10, through the balance of Mr. Yankel's testimony which concludes on page 44, line 18.

MS. HOTZ: What were those lines again please?

MS. SPILLER: His answer begins on line 10, on page 43, through page 44, line 18.

Your Honor, consolidating the argument relative to the testimony that Duke Energy Ohio wishes to be stricken from this document, first I

will address item numbers 1, 5, 6, and 7.

As indicated, your Honor, it is Duke Energy Ohio's position that the testimony from Mr. Yankel relies upon facts that are not in evidence and that are actually hearsay. Both of these areas of his testimony concern reports or studies prepared by other entities.

And this Commission has looked in Case
No. 04-28 at this particular issue finding that even
in the instance of a public office or agency, if the
document does not reflect a simple recitation of the
activities of that entity, but instead is an
evaluative and investigative report, that it is in
fact inadmissible hearsay, as those facts cannot be
admitted into evidence. I believe it inappropriate
for Mr. Yankel to render his opinion on those
matters.

MS. HOTZ: Do you want me to argue now? EXAMINER PIRIK: Yes.

MS. HOTZ: Under Evidence Rule 703 it states the facts or data in a particular case upon which an expert bases an opinion or inference may be those perceived by the expert or admitted into evidence at the hearing. And this is very common in cases before the Commission where experts rely on

studies that were done.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Do you want to do your next set?

MS. SPILLER: I will, thank you, your Honor.

It is along the similar vein but slightly different, it is item No. 4. Here Mr. Yankel is essentially offering a substantive evidence deposition testimony of Duke Energy Ohio witness Don Wathen, however, Mr. Wathen's deposition, first and foremost, was not filed with this Commission consistent with the Administrative Code Rule 4901-1-21-n, and I think it's improper for Mr. Yankel to offer the testimony of a witness who was previously on the stand.

And furthermore, that's not what
Mr. Wathen said, so I think it improper to allow
Mr. Yankel to effectively reiterate purported
substantive evidence that's not accurate.

MS. HOTZ: Your Honor, deposition testimony can be used -- a transcript from a deposition can be used to impeach a witness without being filed and it can be used to support a witness without being filed.

Secondly, I believe that it is Duke's

obligation to impeach the witness. It is not our obligation, it's not OCC's obligation to prove that this was true, what he said. And we have the transcript before us, if you'd like to hear what he based his statement on.

EXAMINER PIRIK: I don't think we need to hear that at the moment.

I apologize, I didn't ask you, did Kroger or the staff have anything on any of the numbers that we've talked about so far?

MR. REILLY: Thank you, your Honor. Staff has nothing.

MR. YURICK: Nothing on behalf of the Kroger Company, your Honor, thank you.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Do you have anything else on No. 4, Ms. Hotz? Is that all you had on No. 4?

MS. HOTZ: Is that all I had for No. 4?

EXAMINER PIRIK: I didn't know if you were looking for something else.

MS. HOTZ: Well, I'm looking for the statement in the transcript, if you want to hear it? That he based his statement, that Mr. Yankel based his statement on in his testimony. If you would like to see it or hear it.

MS. SPILLER: It's page 64, Ann. But I don't think it's proper to try to impeach a witness when that witness has since been excused from the court. That line of questioning was not directed to Mr. Wathen yesterday.

MS. HOTZ: Well, I think it's your obligation to impeach Mr. Yankel's testimony that this is what he said in the deposition.

EXAMINER PIRIK: With regard to your next grouping?

MS. SPILLER: Your Honor, that would be item No. 2 and 3, and in this testimony, Mr. Yankel is comparing and contrasting activities, business decisions that may have been made by an entity other than Duke Energy Ohio, calling for an explanation behind the business decision of an entity other than Duke Energy Ohio, and is in fact relying upon unsubstantiated and inadmissible comments from someone who is not an employee of Duke Energy Ohio or otherwise a witness in this proceeding.

As indicated yesterday by Duke Energy Ohio, we do not believe that the rate structure, cost recovery, or business and/or strategic decisions made by an entity that does not engage in business in Ohio and is clearly without -- outside of this

Commission's ratemaking authority, that those decisions are irrelevant to and have no place in this proceeding, and thus, would move to strike Mr.

Yankel's testimony on this subject.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Ms. Hotz?

MS. HOTZ: Yes. None of the witnesses in this case were employees of Duke Energy Ohio. In fact I'm wondering if there are any employees of Duke Energy Ohio.

I do not believe that the person who spoke in this newspaper article is an employee of Duke Energy Indiana because I tried to find where it indicated thus anywhere. And I was unable to find that.

And I believe that anything that Mr. Yankel obtained from the Kentucky record should be admitted as publicly kept records, public records available to anyone.

And I think that it should be, I think that this spokesperson Angeline Protogere should be considered an employee of Duke as -- and it should be admitted as an exception to the hearsay rule as an admission of an employee.

And that's -- where does 3 start?

MS. SPILLER: Page 16, lines 1 and 3.

The sentence that begins --

MS. HOTZ: 16?

MS. SPILLER: Correct. Again, it's a reference to Ms. Protogere and comments that she made, line 1, the sentence that begins "As Duke Indiana" onto line 3, "company's earnings."

MS. HOTZ: Well, that goes to the same argument as I was talking about previously.

MS. SPILLER: Your Honor, I would very briefly in rebuttal, I don't believe this is an admission against interest of Duke Energy Ohio. This is an individual who was speaking on behalf of a non-party to this proceeding, Duke Energy Indiana.

There's been no testimony solicited from the Duke Energy Ohio witnesses that they somehow adopted or acknowledged this statement from Ms. Protogere. In fact, none of the witnesses were asked about the statement itself.

The only question that Mr. Wathen -- that was posed was whether he knew who Ms. Protogere may have been. So I don't believe that this qualifies as an exception to the hearsay rule as an admission against the party in this proceeding, Duke Energy Ohio.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Do you have anything

else, Ms. Hotz?

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MS. HOTZ: I disagree. I don't believe that there's any evidence that this person isn't employed by anyone other than the rest of the witnesses who testified in this case.

MS. SPILLER: The final item, your Honor, is No. 8, the testimony of Mr. Yankel that begins on page 43, line 10, and then through the balance of his testimony. Your Honor, I believe this testimony to be irrelevant from the standpoint that Mr. Yankel is not offering any financial adjustment to the requests made by Duke Energy Ohio.

And the purpose of this case is again to ascertain the amount, if any, of the costs incurred by Duke Energy Ohio in responding to the Hurricane Ike storm event in 2008. So it's a case limited to the discrete issue of financial recovery.

I believe this recommendation regarding a study is in fact outside of the scope of this proceeding and thus irrelevant.

Thank you.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Ms. Hotz?

MS. HOTZ: I believe that part of the issues in this case deal with the reasonableness and the prudent incurrence of costs, and it's certainly

an issue as to whether or not Duke prudently addressed the storm.

And I think one possible way to resolve it is to ask for a study. And I don't think it's irrelevant. It's certainly not irrelevant as to whether or not Duke prudently responded to the storm.

Thank you.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Are there any other arguments by any of the parties with regard to these eight items?

MR. REILLY: No, your Honor.

MR. YURICK: No, your Honor.

EXAMINER PIRIK: I think we need to take a brief break. Hopefully will be no longer than 10 or 15 minutes, but Examiner Stenman and I will step out and discuss the motions and we'll be back with a ruling.

(Recess taken.)

EXAMINER PIRIK: We've viewed the motions to strike and after looking at each of the items, the Bench has determined that the motions to strike should be denied in their entirety and the testimony should go forward.

MS. SPILLER: Your Honor, I guess more so a procedural question than anything. The objection

that we had with respect to item No. 2 which concerned testimony concerning activities in Duke Energy Ohio, this is certainly the subject of or very closely related to the issue addressed yesterday and pursuant to which Duke Energy Ohio will be taking an interlocutory appeal.

Just ask the Court for its preference.

Do you wish that I cross-examine Mr. Yankel on those parts of his testimony today understanding I guess our intent relative to the appeal?

EXAMINER PIRIK: Yes.

MS. SPILLER: Okay, thank you.

EXAMINER PIRIK: And do you know at this time what the timing of your appeal is?

MS. SPILLER: We received the transcript early morning this morning. Working on that the intention is to get it filed yet today.

EXAMINER PIRIK: So if it's filed today, responses will be due on Friday, by the end of the day on Friday.

MS. SPILLER: Correct.

EXAMINER PIRIK: And just so that we're familiar, assuming that the filing is today and the responses are due on Friday, or whether they're due on Monday, we of course will work with the Commission

to get a response as soon as we possibly can, be it next week if in fact it's appropriately going to the Commission, or the following week.

But in any event, we are going to find either Friday the 4th or Monday the 7th will be the next hearing date for those witnesses, whether or not the Commission has made a decision, by the end of day we are going to pick one of those two dates for follow-up testimony. And if the Commission hasn't made their decision yet, we're still going to go forward with it. So we need to know witness availability by the end of the day one way or another.

You may proceed.

MS. SPILLER: Thank you, your Honor.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Ms. Spiller:

- Q. Mr. Yankel, referring to page 3, line 10 of your testimony, sir, you state there that "All customers did not have their service restored until nine days after the storm hit," correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. To be clear, sir, not all of the Duke

 Energy Ohio's customers were without power for nine

days following the storm, correct?

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- A. No, the intent there was all of the customers. So obviously some customers were out for a day or two, that type of thing, yes.
- Q. If we may refer to the end of your testimony, sir, page 44, line 8. You recommend that the Commission order a study of Duke Energy Ohio's procedures and reactions with respect to Storm Ike, correct?
 - A. I don't see line 8.
 - Q. I'm sorry, line 14, page 44.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And you base this recommendation on what you believed to have been a slow response to the storm by Duke Energy Ohio, correct?
- A. Not necessarily that. I mean I only discussed this very briefly in recommending a study. I've only discussed it for about a page or so here.

I gave two examples, one of which is the fact that there were repeated outages, more outages occurring long after the storm had hit and subsided.

Also, just questions about, again, on page 43, what the company knew when and how it reacted. The fact that it didn't call out its second tier responders until the second day when it should

have been known that it was in an extremely significant storm at that point in time on Sunday.

I mean there are other things that I read in there, but I think a study would just hopefully look into all those aspects.

- Q. But, Mr. Yankel, you base the recommendation on a study, do you not, on what you believe to be a slow response time to the storm by Duke Energy Ohio?
- A. No, I did not say that. I don't believe I said that.
- Q. On page 43, line 18 of your testimony, sir, you note your concern as "Why did it take until Monday to realize the extent of the damage," correct?
 - A. Correct.

Q. And in making this recommendation for a study, you did not personally observe any of the storm as it tore through Duke Energy Ohio's service territory, did you?

MS. HOTZ: Objection; not relevant.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Objection overruled.

- A. No, I did not.
- Q. You did not personally observe any of the damage in Duke Energy Ohio's service territory, correct?

1 A. That is correct.

Q. Sir, you have no opinion on whether Duke Energy Ohio should have dispatched its helicopters to start assessing the damage when wind speeds were gusting in excess of 70 miles per hour, correct?

A. My testimony doesn't address that. My testimony addresses, again, Mr. Mehring's testimony in the fact that he has in his testimony the number by hour of outages that have taken place, and that was almost 500,000 outages in the middle of the afternoon on Sunday.

Again, he said they waited -- I shouldn't say "waited," I don't know what they did, but they didn't call out the second tier responders, which is a normal practice, until Monday. Whether or not they could have put helicopters up in the air, that was not what I was looking at.

Q. To be fair though, your testimony is that Duke Energy Ohio was slow in recognizing the extent of the damage from the storm.

MS. HOTZ: Asked and answered.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Overruled.

A. I'm concerned about the response. I don't believe in my opinion what I said was they were slow. I believe that maybe some of the procedures

they were going through were inappropriate. I question the fact how long it took to -- nine days was an awful long time for people to be out.

Horrible for people to be out, as far as that goes.

My understanding there was short periods of time in Kentucky and Indiana. Why was it so long in Ohio? I don't know. I'm not saying that -- I did not say they were slow, but I think a study is warranted here

- Q. So you don't know how much of Duke Energy Ohio's distribution system is in rural areas, do you?
 - A. No, I do not.
- Q. And you don't know, sir, how long it would take to physically carry in poles, manually carry those poles into a distribution line that needed to be restored in a rural area, do you?
- A. No, I do not. But then again, there's Kentucky and Indiana which are also Duke companies that seemed to recover quicker. Was there something unique about Ohio? I don't know.

Was it the weather that was unique? Was it the design of the system? I don't know. Study would, I think, help confirm where Ohio is if changes need to be made.

Q. Where did Duke Energy Ohio stand relative

to other Ohio utilities in terms of restoring power to its customers?

- A. I do not know that.
- Q. And you don't know how much of Duke

 Energy Kentucky system was affected by the storm, do
 you, sir?
 - A. No, I do not.

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- Q. And you don't know how much of Duke Energy Indiana's service territory was affected by the storm, do you, sir?
- A. Probably less. I did know a little bit about Kentucky at one time. I don't recall right now. Indiana I think I knew a little less.
- Q. Mr. Yankel, you don't know when it was first safe for Duke Energy Ohio employees and contractors to physically venture out and start the restoration efforts, do you?
 - A. No.
- Q. And you don't know how long it took after the storm to remove trees so that these employees and contractors could walk parts of the distribution system, correct?
 - A. No.
- Q. And your professional experience does not include any involvement in storm outage management,

correct?

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- A. That is correct.
 - Q. And, sir, you've never worked for a distribution company, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
 - Q. And you've never been involved in the restoration activities following a storm as significant as Hurricane Ike, correct?
 - A. Certainly not. That's correct.
 - Q. Mr. Yankel, do you know whether the Commission has already considered the issue of a study?
 - A. No, I do not.
 - Q. And you are not recommending any adjustment to the storm costs because of Duke Energy Ohio's response time, are you?
 - A. No, I am not.
 - Q. Mr. Yankel, you don't believe that Duke Energy Ohio should recover any of the storm costs related to this response to Hurricane Ike, correct?
 - A. That is my first recommendation, yes.
 - Q. And in forming that opinion, sir, you did not look at the miles of conductor that were repaired, did you?
 - A. No. I think as I said in my deposition,

really what I looked at was the dollars involved.

Whether it was miles or feet, it didn't make any
difference. The conductor, number of poles. It was
the dollars that I looked at.

- Q. And in looking at the dollars, sir, you did not look at all of the invoices or documents that support the 8,000 entries that Mr. Hecker referred to yesterday, did you?
 - A. No, I certainly did not.
- Q. You were, on behalf of the OCC, invited by Duke Energy Ohio to come and do that, correct?
 - A. I was given the opportunity, yes.
- Q. Sir, you believe that Duke Energy Ohio should not recover any of its storm costs because the economic loss to its customers in all likelihood significantly exceeded the amount that it cost Duke Energy Ohio to restore service, correct?
 - A. Correct.

- Q. But you don't know the total economic loss to Duke Energy Ohio's customers, do you?
- A. No. I did put in that one study data on something like that is extremely hard to come by.

 It's a study. It's a number. It's been published.

 So I put this in. But, no, I do not have a number for Ohio.

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- Q. And the number that you put, sir, was simply a dollar number that you multiplied by the number of sustained outages in Duke Energy Ohio's territory, correct?
- A. I made the assumption also that they were residential customers and just for one hour, again using the study's \$3 figure for outages, yes.
- Q. And that \$3 figure multiplied by the number of sustained outages, which was 800,000, is 2.4 million, correct?
- A. Yes. And for the number of outages that were there, it was actually 822,000, I think is what was quoted. If I were just to assume that 20,000 were for commercial customers, I think the number that they have in that study is \$12,000, it would be 24 million just for the first hour for commercial customers, so. I was just looking at residential when I came up with my figure 800,000 for residential.
- Q. And your focus, sir, is residential customers as the witness on behalf of the OCC, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And the document that's been handed to you, sir, Duke Energy Ohio Exhibit No. 7, this is the

study that you relied upon, correct?

- A. This would appear to be it, yes.
- Q. The Ernest Orlando Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory Study from November 2003, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Sir, this study, insofar as it concerns residential customers, did not consider at all customers in the midwest, correct?
- A. Originally I kind of -- my memory thought it did. Going through a second time it hit the northeast, the west, southwest. It hit over 40,000 customers but did not hit the midwest, correct.
- Q. And you do not know the total economic loss to Duke Energy Ohio customers following this storm, do you, sir?
- A. No. But I certainly believe it's well in excess of the request in this case.
- Q. In forming this opinion, sir, you did not consider that 40 percent of Duke Energy Ohio's customers had service restored after 48 hours, did you?
- A. I'm sorry, can you give me the figures again?
 - Q. Sure. You did not consider that

40 percent of Duke Energy Ohio's customers had service restored after 48 hours, did you?

MS. HOTZ: Is that in evidence?

MS. SPILLER: It's in Mr. Mehring's

MS. HOTZ: Okay.

testimony.

- A. I didn't think that number was in his testimony. I thought it was 70 percent after four days.
- Q. Well, sir, did you consider the fact that 70 percent of Duke Energy Ohio's customers had service restored after four days?
 - A. Yes, I considered that.
- Q. Mr. Yankel, in all of your years as testifying in regulatory proceedings, have you ever encountered a regulation that conditions a utility company's ability to recover storm restoration costs to the unidentified financial losses of its customers from that same storm?
 - A. No.
- Q. Mr. Yankel, the study on which you relied was undertaken to compare overbilling a distribution system that cost customers more money than they are willing to pay to underbilling a system that leads to more outages than customers are willing to bear,

correct?

A. Correct. The study that I relied on for the \$3 figure isn't exactly ideal for the situation we're here looking at. Again, it was more of a survey of how much would you want to get back if you had a one-hour outage. And sort of the average for me was \$3.

I think that's very different than actually going through an outage, what is the impact upon people. But again, numbers like that are I think extremely hard to come by, so this is the best I could do.

- Q. But this study, sir, I mean it recommends that you not design a distribution system to withstand a storm like Ike that may come around once every hundred years, correct?
- A. I don't believe it did that. I believe it just tried to present a mechanism for reviewing things like that as opposed to coming up with some kind of conclusions like you're talking about.

I think you try to present, again, a mechanism to say here's what you need to be looking at when you're pricing a redundancy in your distribution system and whatnot. It didn't come up saying 74-mile an hour sustained wind for one hour,

what have you, that you shouldn't be designing a system to meet that.

- Q. Sir, in purposes of forming your opinion that Duke Energy Ohio's customers should recover none of their storm costs, you just looked at "pieces and parts," I believe were your words, of this testimony or this study that's been marked as Duke Energy Ohio Exhibit 7, correct?
- A. At one time I had read it. When I relied upon it for my testimony I really just looked at more the summary. And I could have been a little bit beyond the summary page but the executive summary. But I did not read the whole study, reread it.
- Q. Mr. Yankel, you do not dispute the fact that Duke Energy Ohio is not seeking to recover for overtime already included in base rates through this filing, do you?
- A. I do not know one way or the other whether they are or -- it had come up during settlement talks and I don't really know where that ended up. I was not disputing that, I guess that's the shorter answer.
 - Q. Thank you.

Sir, but you also believe that Duke Energy Ohio should recover none of its storm costs

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from Hurricane Ike because it already recovers storm costs through its base rates, correct?

- A. That's one of the factors. Again, there were several factors that I looked at, but that was one of the factors, yes.
- Q. And you are assuming, Mr. Yankel, relative to that opinion that effectively this all comes out in the wash for Duke Energy Ohio, correct? Some years they may underrecover for storms, some years they may overrecover for storm cost, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And eventually it nets itself out, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Sir, do you know the amount of Duke Energy Ohio's storm costs that were included in base rates on September 14, 2008?
- A. At that time, and I'm just going to guess, but it was 2 million, approximately \$2 million that was included in rates. If you look at what's happened since, as testified to by the company, the last three years, well, '07 and '08 there was over \$5 million, in '09 there was the first time in January apparently 5.7 million, just one storm.

So the dollar amounts of the storm damage

is going up quite a bit compared to what it was. I assume the next rate case it's going to be significantly higher, that dollar amount that's going to be in base rates. And be more fluctuations around that.

- Q. How about, sir, if we could focus on 2008 and forego the assumption for a future rate case, but do you know whether Duke Energy Ohio has ever overcollected on storm costs that are included in its base rates?
- A. Other than some of the stuff that I've seen in this case, I don't know whether historically Duke has overcollected or undercollected. There's been some discussion by the company over the last couple of years that suggested they have undercollected.
 - Q. Undercollected?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. So if Duke Energy Ohio has never, to your knowledge, overcollected on storm costs and base rates, how then, sir, can you say that this all just works out in the end for Duke Energy Ohio?
- A. I guess I've been involved in rate cases for quite a while and I know that every time expenses are set in a rate case there is an expectation that

those will be appropriately collected.

These storm costs are a part of, for Duke Energy Ohio a part of account 593; if it's not picked up one way, may be pick up another way.

But I'm assuming the company's expectation, when they're filing a general rate case, is they will be covering their costs.

- Q. Your expectation is that Duke Energy Ohio will include \$28.5 million in O and M expenses incurred in 2008 in their next rate case?
 - A. No.

- Q. Sir, Duke Energy Ohio will not recover these O and M costs outside of this proceeding, correct?
- A. I believe they have an opportunity to recover those costs in the future. It may take a while, but again, assuming that storm-related portion of account 593 is, say, \$6 million in the future, in the next rate case and storm damage goes down to 1 million, 2 million where it was just a few years ago, again up until about '05 -- 2005 I think, 2006, it was still in about \$2 million range. It goes down at that point going to be overcollecting for a number of years in the future.
 - Q. Mr. Yankel, these costs will not be

incurred or included in a future test year, will they?

I'm sorry, these costs related to the 2008 storm restoration efforts will not be included in a future test year of a rate case, will they?

- A. I don't know what the company may try to do as far as filing it in a rate case. Oftentimes the utility may go back and say here's the last three years worth of actuals and take the average. If they stick in they may try to stick in 28 million into that. What comes out in the wash at the end of the rate case, I don't know.
- Q. And you believe they would attempt to do that, sir, even though the Commission granted a deferral specific to these requests in January of 2009 and instructed the company to institute a separate proceeding, namely this proceeding, to address the issue of storm costs related to Hurricane Ike, correct?
- A. I think your question suggested that if they didn't collect it here, if the company didn't collect it here, I wouldn't be surprised if they wouldn't come back in in the next rate case and try to get that averaged into the rates. Whether or not they do, I don't know what they will do at the next

rate case.

- Q. And if you're the testifying witness for the OCC, you'd certainly object to that, wouldn't you, sir?
 - A. I would hope the OCC would object to it.
- Q. Mr. Yankel, you did not believe that a parent company should make the same business decisions for five different utility companies operating in five different jurisdictions, do you?
- A. I don't believe a parent company should be required to make exactly the same decisions every time for five different operating companies, there's no question about that. That does not mean the same decision shouldn't be made. But I don't believe there's a requirement that they must be.
- Q. And you agree, Mr. Yankel, that Duke Energy Ohio's business decision should not be dictated by the decisions of another business in a different jurisdiction, correct?
 - A. I'm sorry, read it again please?
 - Q. I will absolutely restate the question.

You agree, Mr. Yankel, that Duke Energy Ohio's business decisions should not be dictated by the decisions of another business in an another jurisdiction, correct?

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- A. That is correct. And again, to the extent that is a Duke Energy Ohio decision versus a Duke Energy decision. I'm not sure how much of these decisions are coming from higher up in Duke Energy Ohio or Duke Energy Indiana.
- Q. But, sir, because Duke Energy Indiana is not requesting recovery of storm costs relative to restoration efforts in Indiana, you believe that Duke Energy Ohio should not -- is not entitled to recovery of storm costs for restoration efforts in Ohio, correct?
- A. I believe that Duke Energy Ohio has demonstrated no reason why Ohio should be treated differently than Indiana. If they're willing to give Indiana a free ride, they probably should be willing to give Ohio a free ride, or they should have a very good reason why they're not. There's absolutely no reason here given why the two are being treated differently.
- Q. Mr. Yankel, taking your suggestion then, are you suggesting that all regulatory and rate proceedings in Indiana would have the same force and affect here in Ohio?
- A. No. But I'm saying there should be some justification for differences between the two.

Obviously if Indiana's different from a regulatory standpoint, then it's different from Ohio, those are obvious things. But at this point there's nothing to separate Indiana and Ohio.

- Q. And you don't know, you don't have any knowledge as to why the decision was made in Indiana, do you?
 - A. No.

- Q. You are not familiar with Indiana ratemaking, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. You have not testified in any Indiana regulatory proceeding, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Sir, in inviting the comparison between Duke Energy Ohio and Duke Energy Indiana, you failed to reference Duke Energy Kentucky, correct?
- A. I'm not sure I talked about Duke Energy Kentucky in my testimony and where that stood. I'm not following your question.
- Q. You know that Duke Energy Ohio obtained a deferral from the Public Service Commission -- I'm sorry, that Duke Energy Kentucky obtained a deferral from the Public Service Commission of Kentucky for storm costs related to Hurricane Ike, correct?

- A. Yes. That's in my testimony. I also noticed that -- or, excuse me. The Kentucky staff asking the same questions about what was going on in Indiana.
- Q. Mr. Yankel, in asking the Ohio Commission to make a business decision for Duke Energy Ohio, which you are doing through your testimony, you wanted to consider only the business decisions of one affiliate and not the other, correct?
- A. I think it's a pretty important business decision, yes. So, yes. And again, I think the Kentucky Commission staff is doing the same.
- Q. Sir, you don't have any experience in Kentucky regulatory matters, correct?
 - A. That is correct.

- Q. You've not testified as an expert on behalf of a Kentucky utility, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. You've not in fact, sir, testified in any Kentucky regulatory proceeding, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Mr. Yankel, it's your position as reflected on page 43, line 2, of your testimony, that carrying costs should not accrue until after the Commission issues a decision in this case, correct?

A. Yes.

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Q. And you base this opinion on the Commission's finding and order that allowed the deferral, correct?

MS. HOTZ: Where is that? Can you point to that in the testimony?

MS. SPILLER: The reference to the finding and order came from his deposition.

MS. HOTZ: Could you reference that please?

MS. SPILLER: Let me rephrase it.

Q. Sir, on what do you base your opinion that the Commission's finding and order -- I'm sorry.

On what do you base your opinion that carrying costs should not accrue until after the Commission issues a decision in this case?

- A. As I believe I said in my deposition, I can't recall exactly, but I did review the order in this case and my recollection in that order is that the interest was to be accrued over 36 months.
- Q. And you believe, sir, that it says that in the finding and order?
 - A. I guess it will speak for itself.
- Q. So if it doesn't say that, you would stand corrected?

A. Obviously if it doesn't say that, doesn't say that.

EXAMINER PIRIK: I want to be sure the record reflects you're referring to OCC Exhibit 4.

MS. SPILLER: Yes. Just for clarity of the record may I approach the witness?

EXAMINER PIRIK: Yes.

MS. SPILLER: Mr. Yankel, I hand you what was previously marked and admitted OCC Exhibit No. 4. Is that the finding and order upon which you relied relative to your opinion regarding carrying costs?

- A. I believe it is. Want me to go through it?
 - Q. Why don't you double check.
- A. It appears to be. I was wondering if you wanted me to look at the 36 months.
 - Q. If you'd like.
- A. Okay. I see where the company proposed to amortize it over three years, and carrying charges. That may be my reference. Unless there's another one that you're aware of, that would be the reference.
- Q. But that is, OCC Exhibit No. 4, sir, is what you relied upon for purposes of your testimony?
 - A. Yes.

Q. Thank you.

Mr. Yankel, you do not contest the work that was done by linemen and field crews in restoring power to do Duke Energy Ohio customers, do you, sir?

- A. No, I do not.
- Q. And you do not, sir, contest the company's payment to contractors performing this work at overtime or double time rates, do you?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Yet you criticize the supplemental pay that was paid to salaried employees who contributed to the storm restoration efforts, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Sir, in forming this opinion you testify on page 10, line 14 of your testimony, that most individuals will tell you that overall they work more than 40 hours per week to get their salary, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. You don't know that to be true though, sir, do you?
 - A. I've done no studies. No, I do not.
- Q. Mr. Yankel, would you agree that Duke Energy employees who work for Duke Energy Ohio are more familiar than out-of-state contractors with Duke Energy Ohio's service territory?

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- A. I would assume that to be the case.
- Q. Would you agree, sir, that Duke Energy employees who work in Ohio are more familiar than out-of-state contractors with logistics such as homes?
 - A. I would assume that to be the case.
- Q. And would you agree, Mr. Yankel, that Duke Energy employees who work in Ohio are more familiar than contractors with Duke Energy Ohio's systems and processes?
- MS. HOTZ: Could you repeat that question?
- Q. Would you agree, Mr. Yankel, that Duke Energy employees who work in Ohio are more familiar than out-of-state contractors with Duke Energy Ohio's systems and processes?
- A. I don't really know what systems and processes you're talking about.
 - Q. How about inventory, material handling?
- A. Okay. I would assume that the people in the material handling and inventory places certainly know a lot more about what's there and what's available and what isn't than the contractors, yes.
- Q. And this increased familiarity with Duke Energy Ohio's service territory, systems, and local

logistics would have helped expedite the storm restoration efforts, correct?

- A. Certainly. I mean I find it hard to believe they could do without it.
- Q. But you believe it was imprudent for Duke Energy Ohio to provide supplemental pay to some salaried employees who worked excessive hours responding to the storm, correct?
- A. I don't recall the exact number. I think
 I may have it in my testimony, I may not. But I
 believe the vast -- I shouldn't say the "vast"
 majority, but the majority of those salaried
 employees weren't Duke Ohio employees. They were
 service company employees, they were from the
 Carolinas, they were a little bit from Kentucky,
 little bit from Indiana. So are we looking at Duke
 Ohio employees? No.
- Q. Well, sir, service company employees could work for Duke Energy Ohio, correct?
- A. My understanding is they work usually for more than one entity. I'm not sure. Some people may only work for one. I don't know your structure exactly.

Again, I think there's a lot of people here that work for the service company. You work

just in Ohio or I know Mr. Mehring does three jurisdictions.

- Q. So, sir, your testimony is that these salaried employees should not -- are not entitled to supplemental pay because they were doing that which they should have been doing all along, correct?
- A. I thought I did not take offense with the fact that they got paid supplemental pay. That was I thought up to the company. If they wanted to do that, that was fine.

What I took exception with is the fact that the ratepayers are being asked to fund that supplemental pay that the company paid or again the business decision to pay those people

Q. Sir, given your agreement with the rates that were paid to contractors, are you thus proposing that the company should have used contractors and paid them as much as double time to find hotels, dispatch crews, coordinate material delivery, establish command centers, and locate and mobilize additional labor resources?

MS. HOTZ: Objection. She's testifying.
MS. SPILLER: I'm not testifying, I'm

asking the witness a question.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Objection overruled.

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A. I don't feel like that was where my testimony went. I believe it was the job of as many employees that could contribute to an emergency situation like this to — that could contribute to the fixing of the system, the restoration of the system as quickly as possible to be involved in the effort.

The question is how they were paid. And if some people are paid salaried, that's to me different than people that are paid hourly. Hourly people get an hourly wage.

I'm not sure again union contracts or whatever, I've not looked into those, but I would assume that some of those people getting paid time and a half, I don't know if they got double time or not. Again I don't recall one way or the other, but they may have been being paid double time as well.

My only problem was with the salaried people. Salaried people tend to get paid a certain fixed dollar amount for a given time frame; one week, two weeks, one month, whatever the salary may be based upon, and it's not a prescribed number of hours.

Q. Again, sir, going back to my question, given your agreement with rates paid to contractors,

are you proposing that Duke Energy Ohio should have used contractors and pay them as much as double time for logistics, materials handling, material delivery, the recruitment of additional labor resources relative to storm restoration efforts in Ohio?

- A. No. And I didn't challenge, again, hourly salaries for Duke Energy Ohio or Duke Energy Carolina employees either. I only looked at the salaried employees.
- Q. Do you think it would be more efficient, Mr. Yankel, both in terms of restoration time and overall costs, to use contract labor at contract rates instead of affiliate labor at cost and with overtime or supplemental pay?
- A. That was awful long. Just reread it. I might be able to get it a second time.
- Q. Do you think it would be more efficient both in terms of restoration time and overall costs to use contract labor at contract rates instead of affiliate labor at cost but with overtime or supplemental pay?
 - A. I do not know.
 - Q. I'm sorry, you don't know?
- A. I don't know whether it would be more efficient or not.

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- Mr. Yankel, you have testified on page 15, line 11 of your testimony, that in your opinion the costs for supplemental pay were excessive because these salaried employees were simply doing that which they were paid to do all along, correct?
 - Α. Correct.
- So the salaried employees from the 0. Carolinas to whom you previously referred normally engage in storm restoration efforts in Ohio?
- But they would normally I would Α. No. assume engage in storm restoration efforts occasionally or they certainly wouldn't have come out to Ohio. I would hope they wouldn't bring a bunch of people from the Carolinas that didn't know what they were doing.
 - You don't know, do you though, sir?
- Α. Whether they knew what they were doing? I said I hoped they knew what they were doing. don't know. I didn't look into that.
- You also don't know if these employees Ο. from the Carolinas normally engage in storm restoration activities or any aspect related to storm restoration activities, correct?
- I never looked into what their Α. No. normal job function is. If it would be different

than storm restore -- let's say storm restoration
sort of the lineman type thing, field personnel or
logistics persons. I did not look into that.

- Q. You know for 1,800 employees from Duke Energy Ohio and it's affiliates worked on the Ohio storm restoration efforts, correct?
- A. I don't recall the number. That's probably in the ballpark.
- Q. Your testimony, sir, page 10, line 6. I believe that's where you identify the numbers of employees both from Duke Energy Ohio and it's affiliates. I'm approximating.
 - A. Okay.

- Q. On page 12 of your testimony, sir, you state that salaried employees in your opinion were paid both an hourly wage and supplemental pay in connection with their contributions to the storm restoration efforts, correct?
 - A. Some of them. The ones at page 12, yes.
- Q. But, sir, these employees were not paid both their salary and an hourly wage in addition to supplemental pay, were they?
- A. These are salaried employees, so I'll give you at least my understanding. So they got their salary, their base salary, they got essentially

an hourly rate for hours worked times an hourly rate to be calculated, plus they got an additional supplemental just on a fixed dollar amount supplemental.

- Q. Sir, you're basing that on the assumption that the column for Ike hours listed on page 12 of your testimony, that that corresponds to an additional hourly wage these people were paid?
- A. Yes. This is when I added up the numbers to come up with the company's numbers, 800,000 and 300,000, those numbers were in there.
- Q. But, Mr. Yankel, the column for Ike hours actually reflects the amount of direct labor that each of those employees charged to the storm, doesn't it?
- A. That would be my understanding. And I'm also of the belief, I could be wrong, which would make things worse I guess here, but my belief is these were overtime hours. Or my assumption I think I stated that I assumed they were overtime hours.

 Over and above.
- Q. Mr. Yankel, you have been handed what has been marked as Duke Energy Ohio Exhibit No. 8. This is a response of the Duke Energy Ohio to a document request tendered by the OCC, correct?

A. Yes.

Q. This is document request POD-02-021, correct?

A. Correct.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Ms. Spiller, would you like this document to be marked as an exhibit? Would you like us to mark it as — usually you ask the Bench if it's okay to approach the witness and then you ask us to mark an exhibit.

MS. SPILLER: I'm sorry.

EXAMINER PIRIK: That's fine, I was concentrating on what you were asking and all of a sudden I got a document, so I want to be sure that the record reflects that we're marking it.

MS. SPILLER: Yes, your Honor, I would ask that you mark this document, series of or multi-page document as Duke Energy Ohio Exhibit 8.

EXAMINER PIRIK: I'm sorry, go ahead.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- Q. And, Mr. Yankel, this is the document upon which you rely for purposes of forming your testimony regarding supplemental pay, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And if you look, sir, on what is actually page 1 of 142 where the answer to the company begins.

A. Yes.

Q. The charts reflect midway through it says they're direct labor from the payroll system, correct?

A. Yes.

Q. You see that?

And employees of Duke Energy Ohio's affiliates are to charge their time related to the Ohio storm restoration efforts consistent with the service agreements between Duke Energy Ohio and its affiliates, correct?

A. Yes.

Q. So it was in fact proper, sir, for these employees from Duke Carolinas, the service company, to charge time directly to the Storm Ike restoration efforts, correct?

- A. Correct.
- Q. And that is directly do so, correct?
- A. That's what it says, yes.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Ms. Spiller, can I ask a question? I just want to be sure the record's clear.

At the top of it looks like every page it's marked "Confidential Proprietary Trade Secret."

So I want to be sure for the record, are there employee numbers in this document?

MS. SPILLER: There are, your Honor.

They are the numbers that would be on the far left column commencing on page 3 of page 142.

Q. Mr. Yankel, on page 13, line 1 of your testimony --

EXAMINER PIRIK: I just want to be sure if we go forward with this document as it is, it's a Duke document, you're presenting it as an exhibit, this document is going to be in the open record.

MS. SPILLER: If it's moved for admission into evidence.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Well, if you're going to go down the road of cross-examining on this document and referring to things, you've already referred to something on page 1. So you can't continue going down a road referring to a document and then not move it for admission into the record.

I mean, in order to keep the record clear, it's going to need to be a document in the record. Which as long as it's all open, or you can move to redact the employee identification numbers. I need to be sure we're consistent.

MS. SPILLER: No, your Honor, for the sake of time I will move on and come back to this.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Now how do we -- we're

at this portion -- off the record.

(Off the record.)

EXAMINER PIRIK: We'll go back on the record.

Ms. Spiller.

MS. SPILLER: Thank you, your Honor, and if I may address the matter that in my enthusiasm I neglected to address, and that's the designation of Duke Energy Ohio Exhibit 8 as confidential and proprietary. It is a document that includes 142 pages of numeric information as well as a listing of employee numbers.

Consistent with prior discussion as well as the motion for protective order that has previously been granted for a limited purpose, we would ask that the employee numbers on this document be redacted and that testimony concerning this exhibit to the extent that testimony concerns that confidential information be noted as such and filed under seal.

EXAMINER PIRIK: I believe what you're referring to is the first column on all of the charts beginning on page 3 through page 142. You're asking that that column that includes employee code numbers be redacted and filed separately.

255 1 MS. SPILLER: Correct, your Honor. 2 Also --3 EXAMINER PIRIK: Are there any objections 4 to this motion for protection? MR. REILLY: Staff has none. 6 MR. YURICK: No, your Honor. 7 EXAMINER PIRIK: Hearing none, that 8 motion for protection will be granted, and we will then expect a redacted version to be filed in the 10 open record and of course with you filing both of 11 those documents, actually filing them and stating 12 that they're Duke Exhibit 8, you will not need to 13 give a copy of that to the court reporter. 14 When will they be filed so she can 1.5 reference that in the record? 16 MS. SPILLER: Tomorrow. 17 EXAMINER PIRIK: They will be filed on 18 May 27 and that will be referenced in the record. 19 Now you may move forward. 20 MS. SPILLER: Thank you, your Honor. 21 (By Ms. Spiller) Mr. Yankel, to be clear

and get us back on track, you state on page 12 of your testimony you believe the salaried employees were paid both an hourly wage and supplemental pay in addition to their salary in connection with their

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contribution to the storm restoration efforts, correct?

A. Yes.

- Q. And, sir, if you would refer to page 39 of 142 of Duke Energy Ohio's Exhibit 8, the text in the middle of that page, sir, indicates that the regular time costs that were charged to the storm reflect those salaried employees who charge their regular time directly to the storm, correct?
- A. Says "regular time costs charged to the Ike storm event are where salaried employees charge their regular time directly to the storm. The supplemental compensation is paid -- " excuse me, "is payment made to salaried employees for time worked in excess of their normal schedule."
- Q. And then on page 94 of 142, sir, the question here concerned the amount of pay for overtime hours worked, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And there is a listing of employees and a corresponding reference to the amount of overtime that each of these employees worked, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And then, sir, if you turn to page 122 of 142, this question concerned the supplemental pay

that was provided to salaried workers, correct?

- A. Yes.
- Q. And again, sir, a listing of employees in the response provided by the company, correct?
- A. Salaries and compensation, yes, supplemental compensation.
- Q. And the employees that are reflected in response to question E, which is contained on page 122 of 142 of this exhibit, are not the same employees as those reflected in response to question D beginning on page 94 of 142, correct?

MR. YURICK: Your Honor, may I ask a question? I apologize. I don't mean to interject, but is this going to make sense in the record if all these employee codes are redacted?

I guess my question is Ms. Spiller's asking questions about identifying these numbers versus other numbers and if all the numbers are blacked out, again, I don't mean to -- it's not really an objection, it's just really a more of a concern that the record gets -- is clear.

EXAMINER PIRIK: I appreciate that. Can we go off the record?

(Off the record.)

EXAMINER PIRIK: We'll go back on the

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record.

Ms. Spiller.

MS. SPILLER: Thank you, your Honor. For purposes of clarification and to avoid any confusion with respect to an interpretation of the record of this proceeding, Duke Energy Ohio will actually mark as Duke Energy Ohio 8A the public version of this exhibit, it will mark as Duke Energy Ohio 8B the confidential version of this document.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- Q. (By Ms. Spiller) And, Mr. Yankel, returning to the question, sir, the employees that are listed in response to part D, which begins on page 94 of 142, are not the same employees, sir, listed in response to part E of this document request which begins on page 122, correct?
- A. They should not be the same. Let me add though just a small layer of confusion to everything. What I did was we have employee ID numbers and we have it in about five different locations. We have groups of employee numbers.

What I did was I combined all those numbers numerically so that if I had an employee with the same employee ID number in two different places, for example, I could see everything about that

employee.

In this particular case with E at the end there of page 122, this was strictly a number for supplemental pay to salaried employees. If I was able to, and I'm pretty sure I found that number elsewhere within this, I combined all the data together.

So I was really looking at a spreadsheet that took this data and actually folded it together as opposed to separately listing it like this.

Unfortunately, I don't have that with me or it would have been easier to pull everything off all at the same time.

- Q. But, sir, do the question -- and I appreciate the explanation, but the question is whether or not the employees identified in response to subpart D of this interrogatory are also listed in response to subpart E.
- A. I believe that they are not. But again, there's hundreds of them. So I can't say for sure. I certainly believe the two groupings are different.
- Q. And your objections with regard to the payment of supplemental compensation to employees extends to employees of both Duke Energy Ohio and Duke Energy Business Services to the extent that

latter company or employees of that latter company performed work in Ohio, correct?

Want me to try it again?

A. Please.

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- Q. Your objection with respect to the payment of supplemental pay extends to both Duke Energy Ohio employees as well as employees of the service company, Duke Energy Business Services, who performed work in and on behalf of -- in Ohio on behalf of the Duke Energy Ohio, correct?
- A. And North Carolina. I mean all affiliates that were salaried that were charged to Ohio.
- Q. But if we could focus, sir, on Duke
 Energy Ohio and those service company employees
 working for Duke Energy Ohio, in addition to asking
 the Commission to disallow costs related to
 supplemental pay, you are asking the Commission to
 disallow labor loaders associated with that
 supplemental pay, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. But the non-incremental portion of fringe benefits for Duke Energy Ohio employees and those employees of the service company who work in Ohio, is not part of the company's pending request, is it?

MS. HOTZ: Could you repeat that question?

- Q. Sure. Sir, the non-incremental portion of fringe benefits for Duke Energy Ohio employees and those employees of the service company who work in Ohio is not part of the company's current request, is it?
 - A. That is correct. That was removed.
- Q. Mr. Yankel, you've testified on direct examination that you have revised your testimony with regard to the percentage of items that have been recorded in capital accounts, correct?
- A. I don't believe so. I removed some testimony regarding capital accounts. I don't think I revised percentages.
- Q. To be clear, you originally, sir, had testified that you thought items may have been recorded both in the O and M accounts as well as in a capital account.
- A. That is correct. And I have since through discussions actually with the company have determined that they weren't being expensed so that they weren't capitalized. So I removed them.
- Q. So you agree, Mr. Yankel, that Duke
 Energy Ohio has properly moved into capital accounts

and has properly capitalized material costs related to the restoration efforts, correct?

- A. Yes. I mean that objection, what have you, has been removed from my testimony. So, yes, I agree.
- Q. And although you agree with the material costs being moved over properly to capital -- to a capital account, you dispute the amount of labor that was capitalized, sir, correct?
 - A. Correct.

- Q. And you were present for Beth Clippinger's testimony yesterday, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And you heard her testify that the labor costs used for purposes of the storm restoration were overtime rates, correct?
 - A. Yes, I heard that.
- Q. You still disagree with the amount of labor, sir, that was moved to the capital accounts?
- A. Yes. Again, what the company did, and I think she made it very clear, she took essentially an average cost for materials that the company had on its books and capitalized that, which seems fair, in all honesty. I mean, you just take a kind of average cost. Hard to say what each pole costs separately,

so that's fine.

But on applying the labor, again, she used a standard labor rate, overtime labor rate, be it overtime, but it's not reflective to me of all the costs that were incurred in order to prepare for the materials to be installed.

It didn't cover the contract labor at all, it was just a substitute for contract labor and all the other costs that were incurred.

I mean, I believe that her explanation of capitalization and capitalization of those types of things was appropriate. I don't disagree with that. It's just that I disagree with the numbers that she was using. I felt that she should have been using more realistic actual numbers that was going on because of the storm.

- Q. And in terms of what you believe to be realistic or actual numbers, you are recommending that the Commission adopt a capital-to-O and M ratio that is equal to the average of a ratio -- that is equal to the average of the capital-to-O and M ratio of two utilities in Kentucky, correct?
- A. It's actually the capital to the total cost, but, yes.
 - Q. Okay.

- 1 2

- A. Yes. And it's the average of two utilities in Kentucky that underwent the same storm.
- Q. But neither of those Kentucky companies, sir, were Duke Energy Kentucky, was it?
- A. That's correct. Again, I use that as an approximation. I'm not saying that number is an exact number but I'm using it as an approximation for something that seems a lot more realistic.
- Q. But, sir, you ignore the ratio of capital-to-overall restoration costs of Duke Energy Kentucky for purposes of arriving at what you believe to be a more accurate number, correct?
- A. Yes. Again, I believe and I would assume that Ms. Clippinger would have done the same thing with Kentucky of Ohio as it did with Kentucky of -- excuse me, Duke Energy Ohio and Duke Energy Kentucky. And I believe that to be inappropriate as far as using those numbers go, that methodology. That's all.
- Q. You don't know the process that was undertaken in Kentucky though on behalf of Duke Energy Kentucky, do you?
- A. No. But 4 percent capitalization seems just about as bad as 2 percent.
 - Q. And relying upon this average number that

concerns two utility companies in Kentucky, you considered, sir, only a Public Service Commission report that discussed both the 2008 wind storm and the 2009 ice storms, correct?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. You didn't look any further than that report for purposes of ascertaining what the capitalization policies of these other companies in Kentucky may be, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. You did not consider sir, the capitalization policies of other Ohio utilities, did you?
- A. No. I felt the capitalization policy of Duke in this particular case was inappropriate. I did not look at other Ohio utilities, no.
- Q. Sir, I believe you just corrected me in that the capitalization percentage that you are recommending would be the percent of capital costs to the overall total restoration costs, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. But, sir, that's not the percentage that's reflected in your testimony with respect to these two Kentucky utilities, is it?
 - A. I thought it was.

266 1 MS. HOTZ: What page are you talking 2 about? 3 MS. SPILLER: Page 28, line 1. 4 Your Honor, if I may, two documents, may 5 I address the witness? 6 EXAMINER PIRIK: Yes. Do you have copies 7 then for the court reporter? 8 MS. SPILLER: They're coming. I just 9 wanted to --10 EXAMINER PIRIK: The document will be 11 marked as Duke Exhibit 9. 12 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 13 Q. Mr. Yankel, I saw that you had one with 14 you already, but I handed to you what's been marked 1.5 as Duke Energy Exhibit 9. 16 Α. Yes. 17 This is the report from the Kentucky Q. 18 Public Service Commission on which -- or, to which 19 you referred in your testimony, correct? 20 Α. Yes. 21 And on page 28, line 1 of your testimony 22 you are proposing a 31.5 percent figure that you 23 describe as the average capitalization percentage of 24 two entities in Kentucky, LG&E and KU, correct?

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Α.

Correct.

- Q. And you testified, sir, that that percentage reflects the amount of capital as compared to overall restoration costs, correct?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. Sir, if you would refer to page 23 of Exhibit 9 please.
 - A. 23?
 - Q. Yes, sir.
 - A. I'm there.
- Q. The top of the column on the right side of the page indicates that these two utilities, they capitalized \$8.4 million in restoration expenses, correct? Page 23?
 - A. I'm looking at that. Yes.
- Q. Also provides that they deferred \$26.7 million in costs, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. So total restoration costs would actually be 35.1 million, correct? The sum of 8.4 and 26.7 million?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And, sir, comparing the capital to that overall restoration cost yields a lower capitalization percentage than reflected in your testimony, correct?

- A. I came up with approximately 24 percent. I did it quickly.
 - Q. And your testimony, sir, says 31.5.
- A. Yes, it does. Just give me one moment please.

Yes.

- Q. Mr. Yankel, increasing the portion of storm costs that are capitalized would increase Duke Energy Ohio's distribution rate base, correct?
- A. You better ask me that again. It didn't sound right.
- Q. Sure. If you move the amount of storm restoration costs from O and M to capital, as you are proposing, the increase in the amount capitalized would also -- or, would serve to increase Duke Energy Ohio's distribution rate base, correct?
- A. You would increase distribution rate base, yes.
- Q. And, sir, if, for example, Duke Energy Ohio were to record even a \$1 investment in rate base, it would earn a return on that investment at its overall cost of capital, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And Duke Energy Ohio's overall cost of capital is higher than its debt rate, correct?

- A. I don't know that.
- Q. You were present yesterday for Mr. Wathen's testimony, correct?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. And he testified that Duke Energy Ohio's debt rate is 6.45 percent, correct?
- A. I'm not sure if I was here for that. I do believe that number's about right. But in all honesty, I don't think I was here when he said that.
- Q. Have you ever known an Ohio utility to have a debt rate that exceeds its capital structure?
- A. I'm not a cost-to-capital person so I wouldn't get into that.

MS. HOTZ: Excuse me, your Honor, I would I need to make a filing today. And we're getting fairly close to the close of Docketing. And so I'm wondering how much more time the cross is going to be or — and we may need to continue it next — tomorrow or something.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Can we go off the record?

(Off the record.)

(Recess taken at 4:20 p.m.)

EXAMINER PIRIK: Whenever you're ready,

we're ready.

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Q. (By Ms. Spiller) Mr. Yankel, before we took a break we were discussing capitalization issues. Do you recall that, sir?

A. Yes.

- Q. And, Mr. Yankel, under which of the following scenarios, rate base treatment or regulatory asset treatment, would ratepayers be charged more in the long run?
- A. It's hard to say. If you're asking where you're better off, people buy assets like houses and whatnot, and for 30 years mortgages. If you look at just the dollar, overall dollar stream, that cost more if you're doing rate base, but if you just count the dollar value of that stream of dollars, it may be cheaper to discount it. Depends on the interest rates you're using and the assumptions you make in the future.
- Q. Let's then perhaps focus not on a 30-year mortgage for a piece of property but the storm restoration dollars at issue in this proceeding.

If pursuant to your suggestion and testimony a greater amount of those dollars are capitalized, Duke Energy Ohio's customers will pay more in the long run, correct?

MS. HOTZ: Objection. I think he already

answered that question.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Objection overruled.

- A. They will pay more real dollars but in the time value of money it may be cheaper for them.
- Q. But whether it's cheaper is dependent upon some of the assumptions that you've just described for us, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. You are suggesting on page 17 of your testimony, sir, that Duke Energy Ohio -- that the Commission reduce Duke Energy Ohio's request by an amount equal to the cost that Duke Energy Ohio may have received from its affiliates in responding to storm restoration efforts in those other states, correct?
- A. I believe that discussion begins on page 17. Yes. I don't think it's on page 17 but the discussion begins there.
- Q. Is that a fair summary of your opinion, sir, or recommendation?
- A. Yes. For essentially work that was done in Kentucky of which we have a dollar figure for and an estimate of what may have been done proportionally in Indiana.
 - Q. And the basis for your opinion is simply

that of fairness, correct?

A. I didn't consider fairness. I guess my thought there is if Duke Ohio is going to charge its customers for work that Duke Kentucky employees did in Ohio, we should get a credit for the amount of money that was paid by Duke Kentucky for Ohio employees working in Kentucky.

I guess it's fairness, I guess you could call it "fairness." I see it as a little broader than fairness.

- Q. Sir, on page 17, line 13, of your testimony, you actually called it "fairness," correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And you did not rely upon any Ohio regulation for this proposition, did you, sir?
- A. Not a specific regulation that I can think of, no.
- Q. And you are not aware of any regulation that requires an Ohio utility to offset its cost recovery by an amount equal to the charges it makes to another company, are you?
- A. It seems that it's like cost and revenues within a utility. If a utility's bringing in revenues and if a utility has costs, it seems like

similar revenue should be offsetting the costs. It think that's fairly standard practice.

It's similar to wholesale sales for resale; if you're purchasing power and you charge the customers for the power you purchased, you also need to give the customers credit for the power you sold.

- Q. Sir, let's focus maybe, if we could, on the storm restoration dollars at issue here. But you've not relied upon any Ohio regulation for advancing the opinion that you described as being rooted in fairness, correct?
- A. I have not relied upon any specific Ohio rule, no.
- Q. And you are aware of the affiliate agreements that Duke Energy Ohio has with its affiliates, are you not?
- A. Not all of them. I am familiar with the one and I think it does deal with this, which is sending employees to other jurisdictions to do work.

 Yes.
- Q. And in that instance, sir, Duke Energy
 Ohio is charged costs for the labor provided by its
 affiliates in Ohio, correct?
 - A. And vise-versa, yes.
 - Q. And pursuant to this policy with which

you are familiar, labor associated with the Ohio storm would have been expensed to Ohio, correct?

- A. Labor, for example, by Duke Kentucky employees that would have been done in Ohio would have been expensed for Ohio.
- Q. And conversely with respect to labor provided in Kentucky by Duke Energy Ohio employees, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And when Kentucky, Duke Energy Kentucky, sir, would go in for a rate case, those expenses for affiliate labor would be a factor in its revenue requirement, correct?
- A. Again depending on how much is normalized, it should be a factor. Again, without looking in the accounting in any given case, I couldn't say. But it should be a factor, yes.
- Q. Mr. Yankel, you agree that an Ohio utility -- strike that.

You agree that the recovery of reasonable and prudently incurred costs is a basic tenet of Ohio regulatory policy, correct?

MS. HOTZ: Could you say that again?

Q. Sure. You agree that the recovery of reasonable and prudently incurred costs is a basic

tenet of Ohio regulatory policy, correct?

- A. Depending on how you define "prudently incurred" and whatnot, but yes, in general it's certainly non-prudent costs would not be recovered.
- Q. Mr. Yankel, you are not offering testimony on the depreciation methodology used by Duke Energy Ohio relative to the storm costs in this case, are you?
 - A. No, I am not.
- Q. And you are not, sir, offering testimony on the payroll tax allocation made by the company, are you?
 - A. No, I am not.
- Q. Mr. Yankel, you were present yesterday when counsel for the OCC asked Duke Energy Ohio witnesses whether there was a written policy regarding the amount of money that Duke Energy Ohio spent on storm restoration, were you not?

MS. HOTZ: Objection. That's not exactly what it was.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Objection overruled.

I'd would first like to hear whether or not he was present and he has a different characterization of it.

THE WITNESS: Could I have that reread?

(Record read.)

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- A. I was in the room, probably heard it at least twice, and it seemed like it was more of prudency in respect to the amount of money but with respect to the amount of money spent on storm restoration costs. It seemed to do with prudency or whether the costs were in line, that type of thing.
- Q. The question, sir, do you recall a question as to whether it was a written policy regarding the amount of money spent on external labor in connection with storm restoration efforts?

MS. HOTZ: Objection. That's not what the question was.

EXAMINER PIRIK: I'm going to overrule the objection, but on redirect if you'd like to clarify, the witness will be available for redirect.

MS. HOTZ: Okay.

- A. There may have been two different sets of questions: One for written policy with respect to personal -- not personal, intercompany employees and controlling costs, and then the other one on contractor labor and controlling those. I think there may have been two different questions.
- Q. Mr. Yankel, do you believe that once Duke Energy Ohio spends a particular amount on storm

restoration efforts and once it hits that dollar amount, that it should simply stop working?

- A. No. And I certainly don't think that was the intent of those questions. We're looking for policy, not a dollar figure.
- Q. You believe, as reflected on page 41 of your testimony, sir, that two/thirds of the cost associated with contractor labor should be excluded from Duke Energy Ohio's request, correct?
- A. Yes. Because of a number of inconsistencies that I found throughout. Again, that entire exhibit that we have in there showed a lot of problems, the location where --

MS. SPILLER: Excuse me, your Honor, I'm going to move to strike the testimony. It was simply a yes or no question that solicited a yes or no response and I think he's offering well beyond what the question contemplated.

EXAMINER PIRIK: I'm going to let him finish his answer.

A. Again, the testimony goes on. I think I found, at least with Exhibit A, 90 percent of the costs were -- possibly should have been included. I could have excluded -- I came up with a two/thirds number as something less than 90 percent.

Again, the two/thirds number, there's nothing overly magical about that, was just a number I thought would be reasonable.

- Q. And again, sir, so that I understand, you picked two/thirds simply because it was some number less than 90 percent, correct?
- A. I thought 90 percent may have been pushing the envelope a little bit, so I again didn't have a good feel for where it should be. There isn't enough information within the invoices that I saw to give an indication.

So I thought two/thirds would be a good number. There's three jurisdictions sort of involved. I just picked two/thirds also because it's one of three jurisdictions. But mostly because it was less than 90 percent.

- Q. And that's what you said in your deposition, sir, right?
 - A. I believe so.
- Q. Would it be helpful to refresh your recollection of that?
- A. No. I could have picked 75 percent. I could have picked 50. I thought two/thirds, it was less than 90. I thought it was a good number.
 - Q. Mr. Yankel, referring to page 29 of your

testimony.

MS. SPILLER: And, your Honor, on this page there was redaction concerning a vendor. I will be generic perhaps for purposes of the record to avoid any further complication.

- Q. But, Mr. Yankel, it's your testimony that the invoices related to the vendor reflected on page 29 of your testimony should be excluded from this case, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And you base that opinion, sir, on the reference to the PayCo documents produced in discovery as being Duke Energy Indiana, correct?
- A. In part. That was my first clue that something may have been wrong. And then I dug further into the response to staff data request 5 and in that data response is a listing of various invoices and charges to or from various contractors that weren't in Ohio. Some were in Kentucky list was Kentucky as well. I did not find the particular contractor that's redacted there in data response No. 5.
- Q. Sir, if you could turn to page 30 of your testimony. You recommend that various invoices be redacted or excluded from Duke Energy Ohio's request

because the PayCo associated with those contractors was Duke Energy Indiana, correct?

A. Same answer as the first answer. The fact that the PayCo said Indiana on it which means the company responsible for the charges was my first clue there was something wrong.

I went back in again, looked at the other data responses and those invoices didn't show up in other data responses that were given to the staff

- Q. Let's start with the PayCo designation. You've just testified that PayCo designation identifies the entity responsible for the charge, correct?
- A. That is my understanding, and from a data response that I think is included in here it did indicate that that PayCo was only valid for company employees, as I recall.

There's a lot of entries out of those 8,000 entries that don't have a PayCo. It seems that the fact that it did have a PayCo and it was something other than an employee, was significant to me. And again, that was kind of the first indication or that raised the flag the first time.

Q. So although the company in discovery responses indicated that the designation of the PayCo

has no significance whatsoever with respect to contractor labor, you're recommending that the Commission discount all of the invoices from external labor where the PayCo is Duke Energy Indiana, correct?

A. And further, where they -- none of those invoices showed up in the other staff data response listing the contractors that were working in Ohio.

MS. SPILLER: Your Honor, we are marking as Duke Energy Ohio Exhibit 10 a document that does include the names of vendors that was listed. It's a discovery response listed as confidential and proprietary.

Consistent with other exhibits, I would ask the Bench's permission to mark this I guess Duke Energy Ohio 10A, which would be the public version, and 10B will be the confidential version. We will file redacted copies tomorrow along with the other exhibits.

EXAMINER PIRIK: That would be fine.

MS. SPILLER: Thank you, your Honor.

May I approach the witness?

EXAMINER PIRIK: Yes.

MS. SPILLER: Thank you.

(EXHIBITS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

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EXAMINER PIRIK: Just to clarify for the record, the only thing that will be redacted are addresses of the contractors?

MS. SPILLER: In this, your Honor, has the listing of vendors as well as dollar amounts associated with those vendors.

MS. HOTZ: Could I see a copy of that please?

MS. SPILLER: It's coming.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Just to be clear so it's clear on the record, Ms. Spiller, the only thing that you're requesting protective treatment of is under the title "Vendor Name, (user created variable)," the names of the vendors that are listed on pages — first page, second, third, and fourth page, the numbers and in the bottom, grand total number is in the open record.

MS. SPILLER: Yes, your Honor.

EXAMINER PIRIK: And everything else is in the open record.

MS. SPILLER: Correct.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Then consistent with our previous ruling, we will grant protective status of that for the 18-month period.

MS. SPILLER: Thank you, your Honor.

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Q. (By Ms. Spiller) Mr. Yankel, you have been handed what's been marked as Duke Energy Ohio Exhibit 10B. The "B" designation reflecting this is a confidential document.

And, sir, you have reviewed at least some of the responses to the 11 sets of discovery issued by the OCC to Duke Energy Ohio, correct?

- A. More than once, yes.
- Q. And the vendor with whom you take exception on page 29 of your testimony is in fact included on the second page of this response as being included within those vendors who provided external labor support for Duke Energy Ohio relative to the storm efforts, correct?
- A. No, it does not say that. And actually this was summary -- a summation of the information that was on the 8,000 lines we talked about in staff response 1-1. So it does include that contractor in there. And in that other document it says Indiana is where it says.

What I was referring to is my second document that I used staff data response to staff data request No. 5 was where it did not appear.

- Q. But it appears in this document, correct?
- A. Right. This does not say "Ohio" it says

"costs that were incurred as part of the storm."

- Q. Part of the costs incurred in Ohio relative to the storm, correct?
 - A. Can you show me where it says "in Ohio"?
- Q. Well, sir, the data request speaks of the contractor costs that were referenced in response to staff data request No. 39-001 from Duke Energy Ohio's distribution case, correct? Case No. 08-709?
 - A. That's what the first line says, yes.
- Q. The data request goes on to identify the actual -- to seek an identification of the actual contractor costs as referenced in Mr. Mehring's testimony filed in this proceeding, correct?
 - A. Correct.

- Q. And Mr. Mehring, sir, was offered as a witness to testify as to the costs incurred relative to the Ohio restoration efforts, correct?
- A. Yes. But again, this is the data in here is no different than the summation of what was in the other response of which I said the data indicated it was Indiana for that particular contract.
- Q. And, sir, you again did not go to
 Cincinnati, Ohio to review all of the invoices from
 this particular contractor relative to work performed

in Ohio, correct?

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A. Correct.

MS. SPILLER: Your Honor, I will be referring to testimony that begins on page 30 of Mr. Yankel's testimony as well as the exhibit that has been identified for purposes of redaction.

Again, I will endeavor to be generic and not use the contractor's name for purposes of the public record.

- Q. Mr. Yankel, you are challenging the inclusion of the invoices from the contractor whose invoices are attached as an exhibit to your testimony because those invoices were mailed to Erlanger, Kentucky, correct?
- A. That was again an early flag that I saw. The biggest challenge I have is with respect to the fact that a large number of the actual time sheets from the field had a location listed. They were all whited out.

Some of those that weren't whited out very well indicated that it was Kentucky that was the location of where the contractor had worked. The actual man in the field, foreman, or whatever signed it.

Q. Let's talk first about the location to which these companies' invoices were mailed. Do you

believe, sir, that the fact that invoices were mailed to Kentucky renders those as expenses that should be disallowed relative to the Ohio restoration work?

- A. In and of itself that probably is not sufficient, I would say. There were some within this grouping that were mailed to Ohio as well as some that were mailed to Kentucky. So they seem to be mailing them to different places.
- Q. The invoices however, sir, that are reflected as an attachment to your exhibit were all mailed to Kentucky, correct?
 - A. I don't believe so.
- Q. Agree with me that the mailing address on those documents would speak for itself?
- A. To speed things up, yes. But I do believe there's at least one of them sent to Ohio.
 - Q. Sir, you would -- strike that.

Are you -- sir, you are not recommending that the Commission discount contractor invoices because contractors may have eaten meals or washed their clothes in Kentucky, are you?

A. It seems strange when the company has not really produced strong evidence as to where people work when the company has indicated that it simply passes out a storm code and tells people to go to

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clothes in Kentucky?

work and they don't have an idea where the locations are where the work was being done.

I understand that in a storm case, storm situation, but there's no indication as to where these people worked. So you start looking at other pieces of evidence. And especially when some of this stuff is whited out.

- Q. Sir, let me go back to my question, if I may. And the question was whether or not you are recommending for disallowance in this proceeding contractor costs because the contractor may have had a meal or washed his clothes in Kentucky.
- A. Do I know he had a meal or do I know he was working there? I don't know. I'm making a general disallowance. I don't know what he was doing. I can't speculate.

I can say he was in Kentucky. I mean, if there's a receipt from Kentucky, I can say he was in Kentucky. That's all I can do.

Are you recommending that expenses for contractor invoices be disallowed because the contractor may have had a meal or washed their

MS. HOTZ: He's asking the witness to

Sir, I'm going to try again a third time.

speculate -- she's asking the witness to speculate.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Overruled. I'll let him answer the question.

MS. HOTZ: He's answered the question.

MS. SPILLER: He's not answered the question.

A. I did not look at each of these invoices, although I do have some of them. I looked at receipts and I said there was things from Kentucky here, there's things from Kentucky there which would suggest that people were in Kentucky.

My ultimate recommendation/disallowance is just a broad based two/thirds. It was not -- I did not look at a specific invoice and say "Oh, this guy had a meal in Kentucky, therefore we'll disallow it."

- Q. Do you know where Erlanger, Kentucky is relative to Duke Energy Ohio's service territory, sir?
- A. Close. It's in Kentucky, it's over the border. It's not right over the border, like right over the border of the bridge, but it's over the border a little ways. I couldn't give you a distance as far as a travel distance. Five miles, eight miles. I don't know. And that's just right over the

border from downtown Cincinnati. The service territory's pretty large.

- Q. Cincinnati -- I'm sorry, strike that.

 Ohio and Kentucky are separated simply by the Ohio River, correct?
 - A. That is correct.

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- Q. Sir, you've mentioned a reference to information being erased from the invoices that are attached to your testimony. You have no facts, sir, to suggest that Duke Energy Ohio redacted this information, do you?
- A. I think there's no question it was redacted. And it was done I'm assuming not by the field personnel because it was done over and over again on different time sheets. So I assume that it was systematically done by someone.

Whether it was Duke or whether it was by Duke's instruction, whether it was by somebody on this particular contractor's side, I don't know. I don't know who did that, no.

- Q. Again, sir, my question, you have no facts to suggest that Duke Energy Ohio redacted any information on these invoices, correct?
- A. Duke Ohio personally did that? No, I have no information whatsoever.

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that Duke Energy Ohio instructed the contractor to white out this information, do you?

MS_HOT7: Objection How can be

MS. HOTZ: Objection. How can he possibly know? How can he know?

EXAMINER PIRIK: Objection overruled.

And you have no facts, sir, to suggest

- A. I don't know. I just know that it was done and I know that the invoices lack any specificity regarding where people worked.
 - Q. The invoices, sir, or the time sheets?
- A. Well, the time sheets seem to indicate that they were working in Kentucky when that was whited out. So it seems certainly on some of them there was one at least that said Kentucky. So, and then there was two that you could see at the very tail end of it "c-k-y," sounds like "Kentucky," the last three letters of the word. One was a "y." Looked like that was probably Kentucky.
- Q. And, sir, you know from Mr. Hecker's testimony that non-jurisdictional work has already been removed from Duke Energy Ohio's request, correct?
 - A. No, I don't know that.
 - Q. You don't know that?
 - A. No. He's made some adjustments to or

suggested some. Actually the company made the

adjustments but he suggested some adjustments for

non-jurisdictional work. I think there was a lot

more non-jurisdictional than the adjustments he

suggests.

- Q. Sir, there are various reasons why the information could have been erased on those time sheets, isn't there?
- A. Yes, but obviously it was systemically done. I'm not sure, there's at least eight of them I think that were done that way. That's quite a bit of individual scattered crews that all had the same kind of white out. Again, it could have been any reason. I don't know why it was done.
- Q. You're just guessing at this point, right?
 - A. I'm saying I don't know why.
- Q. Mr. Yankel, given the close proximity between Ohio and Kentucky, it would not be uncommon for crews working in Ohio to eat, sleep, or wash their clothes in Kentucky, would it?
- A. When you're working 16 hour days for seven, eight days in a row, it seems like they wouldn't be spending a whole lot of time traveling too much. I mean there wasn't the luxury of let's go

over to Kentucky and have dinner.

- Q. What if Kentucky was the only location with an empty hotel?
- A. Well, then they were there for dinner but then that doesn't take care of lunches very well, so.
- Q. Sir, you're guessing though again, aren't you?
- A. No, I think some were lunches. So, yes, some of the receipts were lunch time. So again, I don't know, but there are there's at least something tangible that we have that says "Kentucky" on it. Other than that the invoices don't address where the crews worked. And some of them seem to have addressed that as Kentucky and that was erased.
- Q. Mr. Yankel, do you -- you know that Erlanger, Kentucky was used as a staging area for the restoration efforts in Ohio, don't you?
- A. I don't know that know that. I do believe I've heard that a few times. I don't recall seeing a lot of evidence on that. I have heard it.
- Q. You have no reason to dispute the fact that Erlanger, Kentucky was used as a staging area for restoration efforts in Ohio, do you?
- A. I know the company has an operations there. That's all I know.

1 Mr. Yankel, on page 16, line 3 of your Ο. 2 testimony, you reference the deposition testimony of 3 Duke Energy Ohio witness Don Wathen, correct? Α. Correct. 5 And to be clear, sir, you were present Q. 6 for his deposition, correct? 7 Α. Correct. 8 Q. But you prepared and filed your testimony before his deposition was transcribed, correct? 10 Α. That is correct. 11 Have you since had an opportunity to 0. 12 review Mr. Wathen's testimony, deposition testimony? 13 Α. Yes, I have. 14 And what you attest or attribute to Q. 15 Mr. Wathen on line 3, page 16, of your testimony, is 16 not what he said in deposition, was it, sir? 17 Α. It's not a direct quote. I think it's a 18 very good paraphrase of what he said. Which is the 19 best I could do without having the transcript. 20 MS. SPILLER: May I approach the witness, 21 your Honor? 22 EXAMINER PIRIK: Yes. 23 MS. SPILLER: Ann, page 64, line 14, of 24 Mr. Wathen's testimony.

Mr. Yankel, Don Wathen did not state in

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Q.

his deposition that it was assumed during the restoration process that the cost of the restoration would fall upon the stockholders or shareholders, did he?

- A. Would it be best if I just read his answer?
- Q. Sir, it's a "yes" or "no" question. I'm simply asking if that's what his deposition says.
- A. He did not use the word -- he said "all shareholder money until we know better." To me a "shareholder" and "stockholder" are the same.
- Q. Well, that doesn't mean -- well, okay.

 But he didn't say it was assumed during the restoration process that all costs of recovery fall upon the shareholder.
- A. Can I read this, because again my -- I paraphrased my testimony. I can read what he said and I can substitute what he said for my testimony as far as that goes as a quote.
- Q. My question, sir, was simply whether or not what you attested to or attributed to Mr. Wathen in your testimony was what he said actually said in deposition.
 - A. It was a paraphrase of what he said.
 - Q. Thank you.

1 MS. SPILLER: Your Honor, we have nothing 2 further for the witness. 3 EXAMINER PIRIK: Thank you. Mr. Yurick? 5 MR. YURICK: No questions, thank you. 6 EXAMINER PIRIK: Mr. Reilly? 7 MR. REILLY: No questions, your Honor. 8 MS. HOTZ: Could we just have a few minutes outside? 9

10 EXAMINER PIRIK: A couple minutes. We'll 11 sit right here.

(Off the record.)

EXAMINER PIRIK: We'll go back on the record.

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REDIRECT EXAMINATION

By Ms. Hotz:

Mr. Yankel, do you know why the 24 percent capitalization average of the two Kentucky utilities is different than the 31 percent you calculated for your testimony?

Α. Yes. Since at least one of the breaks I looked into that. I can't find the exact numbers I had but I at least remember the calculation and the calculation I made was one of looking at the

percentages of the two utilities and then averaging the percentages as opposed to the way the company did, which was looking at the total dollar amounts and averaging those.

The 24 percent I'm happy with. I've got no problem with the 24 percent. It's a different way of doing it. It's better than a 2 percent number.

Again, I just calculated differently and I've got no problem with the 24 percent.

Q. You were asked several questions about Mr. Wathen's statement during his deposition. Will you please read his statement from the transcript into the record?

MS. SPILLER: Your Honor, I'm going to object. I think that's an improper use of Mr. Wathen's deposition. I mean Ms. Hotz can't use that to impeach Mr. Yankel on that particular question. And now perhaps she's not attempting to impeach him but she's trying to offer evidence of a witness and their deposition testimony through this particular witness.

MS. HOTZ: I'm attempting to rebut her impeachment of him. And I think if she is permitted to use that to impeach him, I should be permitted to use it to rebut him, and I think the fairest way to

deal with it is just to put the actual word on the record.

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EXAMINER PIRIK: I have to say I agree that that was my first thought when we were going down that road. I think the record's confusing as to what was actually said and I'd rather have the real statement on the record. So I'm going to allow the statement to be read.

MS. SPILLER: In that respect, your Honor, I assume for purposes of the clarity is the question and the answer in its entirety then read?

EXAMINER PIRIK: Do you prefer to have both of them read?

MS. SPILLER: I would prefer, otherwise I'm afraid it would be taken out of context or -- I quess taken out of context.

EXAMINER PIRIK: I'm fine with that. Question and answer please.

THE WITNESS: I'm on page 64, beginning at line 11.

Question: "Yes. To those specific to distribution then, what incentive would the individual have? To save --"

Answer: "There's no certainty we're going to get recovery, so I think it is in our

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     interest to keep costs down. Particularly at the
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     time that the storm happened, nobody knew it was
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     going to be $31 million. So the idea is to keep the
     costs down. It's all shareholder money until we know
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     better. No difficulty, no."
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                 MS. SPILLER: I believe it's
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     "differently."
                 THE WITNESS: "Differently," I'm sorry.
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                 EXAMINER PIRIK: Ms. Hotz?
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                 MS. HOTZ: That's all we have. Thank
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     you.
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                 EXAMINER PIRIK: Ms. Spiller?
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                 MS. SPILLER: I don't have anything
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     further, your Honor.
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                 EXAMINER PIRIK: Mr. Yurick?
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                 MR. YURICK: No questions, your Honor.
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                 EXAMINER PIRIK: Staff?
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                 MR. REILLY: No questions, your Honor.
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                 EXAMINER PIRIK: I think that will be
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     all, thank you.
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                 MS. SPILLER: Your Honor, we do have some
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     exhibits, if we may. Duke Energy Ohio Exhibit No. 7,
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     the survey dated November 2003 is referenced in
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     Mr. Yankel's testimony. We would move for the
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     admission of that into evidence.
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1 EXAMINER PIRIK: Why don't you go ahead 2 and go down all the rest of them. 3 MS. SPILLER: Certainly. Duke Energy 4 Ohio Exhibit 8A and 8B, both the public and confidential versions of a data request and response. 6 Duke Energy Ohio Exhibit 9 Ike and Ice 7 Report of the Kentucky Public Service Commission. 8 Duke Energy Ohio 10A/B, the data response interrogatory No. 1-008. The "A" and "B" 10 designations reflecting the public and confidential 11 versions of the document. 12 EXAMINER PIRIK: Mr. Yurick, any 13 objections? 14 MR. YURICK: No objections, your Honor. 15 EXAMINER PIRIK: Staff? 16 MR. REILLY: No objections. 17 EXAMINER PIRIK: Ms. Hotz? 18 MS. HOTZ: OCC objects to Duke Energy 19 Ohio Exhibit 10A and 10B because, as Mr. Yankel 20 stated, it's confusing and does not specifically 21 address Ohio. 22 EXAMINER PIRIK: Ms. Spiller? 23 MS. SPILLER: Yes, just very briefly, 24 your Honor. The question was very specific with 25 respect to the contractor costs as referenced in Mr.

Mehring's testimony relative to this particular case.

His testimony specifically referred to among other categories of damages the external labor costs incurred by Duke Energy Ohio relative to storm restoration efforts.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Your request will be noted on the record, however, we will admit Duke 7 Duke 8A, Duke 8B, Duke 9, Duke 10A and Duke 10B into the record.

(EXHIBITS ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)

MS. SPILLER: Thank you, your Honor.

MS. HOTZ: OCC would like to move into evidence the direct testimony of Anthony J. Yankel, OCC Exhibit 1A and 1B; 1A being the public version and 1B being the confidential.

Tomorrow I am going to file the second filed public version which has less redaction and was negotiated today by the parties and the AEs, and I will be filing it tomorrow.

I quess that's it.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Thank you.

Are there any objections to OCC 1A and

1B?

MS. SPILLER: No, your Honor.

MR. YURICK: No objections, your Honor.

301 1 MR. REILLY: No objections, your Honor. 2 EXAMINER PIRIK: Hearing none, they will 3 be admitted into the record. (EXHIBITS ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.) 5 EXAMINER PIRIK: Just to make the record 6 clear in this one concise area, OCC will be filing 7 OCC 1A, the public version, tomorrow, and Duke will 8 be filing Duke Exhibit 8A, 8B, 10A, and 10B tomorrow. We can go off the record. 10 (Off the record.) 11 EXAMINER PIRIK: We'll go back on the 12 record. 13 We had a couple housekeeping matters 14 before we move on to the schedules. We need to mark 15 OCC's comments, Ms. Hotz. 16 MS. HOTZ: Yes, OCC would like to mark 17 its comments and objections as OCC Exhibit 2, and we 18 request that it be moved into evidence. It was filed 19 on February 23, 2010. 20 EXAMINER PIRIK: I think we're at OCC 10. 21 MS. HOTZ: I'm sorry, yes, OCC 22 Exhibit 10. 23 EXAMINER PIRIK: Document will be so 24 marked. 25 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

EXAMINER PIRIK: Are there any objections to this exhibit?

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MR. REILLY: No, your Honor.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Hearing none, it will be admitted into the record.

(EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)

MS. SPILLER: We would ask Duke Energy's reply comments which were docketed with the Commission March 25, 2010 be marked as Duke Energy Ohio 11 and be admitted into evidence.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

EXAMINER PIRIK: Are there any objections to Duke Energy 11?

Hearing none, it will be admitted into the record.

(EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)

EXAMINER PIRIK: Ms. Watts?

MS. WATTS: Yes, your Honor. We have just provided to the Bench and to the parties in the room today, which includes all the parties that are parties to this particular case, an application for review and interlocutory appeal.

In my haste to produce the document this afternoon I neglected to include the correct certificate of service and I also neglected to sign

it. However, all the parties in the room were delivered by hand a copy of this document and I would like the record to reflect that it was in fact docketed in a timely manner today and all the parties were in fact served. And we will provide a correct certificate of service for the docket tomorrow.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Mr. Yurick?

MR. YURICK: Mark Yurick on behalf the Kroger Company, we were served with the interlocutory appeal.

MS. HOTZ: So was OCC.

MR. REILLY: As was of staff.

EXAMINER PIRIK: Thank you.

Pursuant to the schedule we set earlier with regard to memo contra, then the memo contra will be due by the end of the day on Friday, and should be electronically served upon all of the parties, including the Bench.

Also the rule does not provide for reply to the memorandum contra and the Bench is not calling for one, so there is no time frame that we will be setting for that.

In the hopes that there is an item motion to quash, it's an item that is an immediate appeal to the Commission, the Commission -- we will attempt to

have the Commission resolve the dispute next Wednesday at their Commission meeting.

Irregardless, we're going to go forward and continue this hearing until June 7 at 9:00 a.m., we're not sure if this will be the hearing room because we don't know what's available, but we will find one.

And we will keep in touch with the parties with regard to what the Commission decision is. If in fact they grant the motion to quash, then perhaps we will need to cancel that hearing. But we will wait until that time, assuming that we're going to continue the hearing until June 7.

With regard to a briefing schedule, we have set a briefing schedule. The initial briefs in this proceeding will be due on June 15, Tuesday, June 15 and the reply briefs will be due on Monday, June 21. For both of those items asking the parties to electronically serve the Bench as well as the other parties in the proceeding.

Is there anything else to come before us today?

This concludes the hearing today and we will continue to June 7, assuming that we will have witnesses that we will need to hear, depending on the

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      Commission's ruling hopefully next week. Thank you,
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     everyone.
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                   MR. REILLY: Thank you, your Honor.
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                   MS. SPILLER: Thank you.
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                   (Hearing adjourned at 6:24 p.m.)
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I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the proceedings taken by me in this matter on Wednesday, May 26, 2010, and carefully compared with my original stenographic notes.

Julieanna Hennebert, Registered Professional Reporter and RMR and Notary Public in and for the State of Ohio.

My commission expires February 19, 2013.

(JUL-1569)

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Summary: Transcript Transcript of Duke Energy Ohio hearing held on 05/26/10. electronically filed by Mrs. Jennifer Duffer on behalf of Armstrong & Okey, Inc. and Hennebert, Julieanna Mrs.