FILE

JONES DAY

325 JOHN H. MCCONNELL BOULEYARD, SUITE 600 COLUMBUS, OHIO 43215-2673 TELEPHONE: 614.469.3939 • FACSIMILE: 614.461.4198 MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. BOX 185017 COLUMBUS, OHIO 43216-5017

Direct Number: (614) 281-3988 pacolbert@jonesday.com

JP013548:naf 276240-071217 October 9, 2009

Via Hand Delivery

Public Utilities Commission of Ohio Docketing Division 180 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215-3793

Re: Case No. 09-458-GA-UNC

09 OCT -9 PM 2: 20

Dear Docketing

Attached are hard copy filings of the following documents for the above-referenced case which were electronically filed today:

- DEO Exhibit 2 Supplemental Direct Testimony of Vicki H. Friscic on behalf of Dominion East
- OhioDEO Exhibit 3 Direct Testimony of Mike Reed on behalf of Dominion East Ohio
- DEO Exhibit 4 Direct Testimony of Eric Hall on behalf of Dominion East Ohio
- Statement Informing the Commission whether the issues raised in the Comments filed by Staff and Interveners have been resolved

We electronically filed a document on October 6, 2009 in this case. We called the electronic filing contact number and we were subsequently transferred to the Utilities Department, where we confirmed that an electronic filing was satisfactory and no hard copy backup was necessary.

Very truly yours,

Paul A. Colbert

COI-1429921v1

DEO EXHIBIT 2

MECENTURO DO CARETMAN ON 2:27

BEFORE

THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

In the Application of the East Ohio Gas Company d/b/a Dominion East Ohio to Adjust its Pipeline Infrastructure Replacement Program Cost Recovery Charge and Related Matters.

Case No. 09-458-GA-UNC

SUPPLEMENTAL DIRECT TESTIMONY OF VICKI H. FRISCIC ON BEHALF OF DOMINION EAST OHIO

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
I.	INTRODUCTION	1
П.	STAFF'S RECOMMENDATIONS	. 1
III.	OCC'S COMMENTS	14
IV.	CONCLUSION	18

1 I. INTRODUCTION

- 2 Q1. Please state your name, occupation and business address.
- 3 A1. My name is Vicki H. Friscic. I am employed by The East Ohio Gas Company, d/b/a
- 4 Dominion East Ohio ("DEO"), as Director, Regulatory & Pricing. My business address
- 5 is 1201 East 55th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44103-1028.
- 6 Q2. Did you file direct testimony in this proceeding on August 28, 2008.
- 7 A2. Yes.
- 8 Q3. What is the purpose of your supplemental direct testimony in this proceeding?
- 9 A3. The purpose of my supplemental direct testimony is to address the issues raised by Staff
- in its Comments and Recommendations filed on October 2, and by OCC in its Comments
- filed on the same date.
- 12 II. STAFF'S COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
- 13 Q4. Please describe DEO's overall impression of Staff's Comments and
- 14 Recommendations.
- 15 A4. Contrary to Staff's assertions, its recommendations are not consistent with the Stipulation
- and Recommendation approved by the Commission in Case Nos. 07-829-GA-AIR et. al.
- 17 ("Stipulation and Recommendation"). The recommendations regarding the treatment of
- operation and maintenance ("O&M") expense in particular contradict a plain reading of
- the initial Pipeline Infrastructure Replacement program application filed in Case No. 07-
- 20 169-GA-ALT (which was subsequently consolidated with DEO's base rate case filed in
- Case Nos. 07-829-GA-AIR et. al.), the June 12, 2008 Staff Report issued in that case, and
- the Stipulation and Recommendation approved by the Commission.

- Q5. What evidence is there to suggest that Staff's Comments and Recommendations contradict the terms of the Stipulation and Recommendation?
- 3 A5. If Staff's reading of the Stipulation and Recommendation were as clear as it suggests, 4 there is no question but that the Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel ("OCC") 5 comments filed in the case would have objected to DEO's inclusion of such O&M 6 expenses as well. OCC did not. While OCC did recommend a minor adjustment to the 7 incremental O&M expense amount, it did not raise the blanket objection to its inclusion 8 as did Staff. Nor did OCC object to DEO's approach to quantifying O&M expense 9 savings, which Staff alleges "runs counter to a fundamental premise underlying both the 10 Company's annual PIR applications and the Commisssion's approval of PIR recovery." 11 (Staff Comments and Recommendations at p. 11.) OCC has participated extensively in 12 each LDC's PIR-type applications and was a signatory party to the Stipulation and 13 Recommendation in this case. Staff's suggestion that its recommendations represent a 14 black and white reading of the application, initial Staff Report and the Stipulation and 15 Recommendation is belied by the fact that where Staff saw white, the OCC saw black.
- 16 Q6. To what do you attribute Staff's attempt to re-interpret the Stipulation and Recommendation?
- 18 A6. It appears that Staff is trying to force fit the cost recovery approach taken in other LDCs' 19 infrastructure programs into the cost recovery provisions approved by the Commission 20 for DEO. There is absolutely no basis for Staff to do so. Each company has unique 21 issues that it is addressing in its infrastructure replacement program, and each company 22 presumably negotiated in good faith with Staff and other parties regarding the resolution of those issues. If Staff were concerned about the differences across programs, it should

1

2

17

have seen to it that those concerns were addressed in the Stipulation and Recommendation. As it was, Staff did not and cannot now try to renegotiate the terms of a stipulation that has received the Commission stamp of approval. Regrettably, Staff's Comments and Recommendations have the effect of doing just that. Staff cannot now take a cookie cutter approach to interpreting the provisions of multiple programs and cost recovery that were negotiated separately and addressed issues unique to each LDC.

- 7 Q4. Please describe Staff Recommendation No. 1.
- 8 A4. Staff recommends that regulatory assets associated with incremental depreciation and incremental property taxes be amortized over the useful life of the PIR assets.
- 10 Q5. Does DEO agree with Staff Recommendation No. 1?
- 11 A5. No.

- 12 Q6. Why does DEO disagree with Staff Recommendation No. 1?
 - A6. Staff Recommendation No. 1 would require DEO to amortize deferred depreciation expense incurred on new additions during the PIR program year over the useful lives of the PIR assets, approximately 50 years. Staff is effectively recommending that DEO amortize an amortization. Depreciation, by its very nature, is amortization of capitalized costs over the life of the associated assets. To further spread, or amortize, a portion of the depreciation again over the lives of the PIR assets is unreasonable and violates the accounting principle of matching revenues with associated expenses. Such incremental depreciation expense recognizes a cost that has already been incurred and, therefore, should be recovered in a timely manner. In its application, DEO seeks to defer depreciation on new plant additions during the PIR fiscal year for the purpose of recognizing that expense over the period that the associated cost recovery charge is in

during the PIR fiscal year and amortizing it over the useful lives of the PIR assets is unreasonable. Although incremental property tax expense is not already an amortization, there is no basis for spreading it over the lives of the PIR assets. Such expense has already been incurred and should be recovered in a timely manner. DEO requests that the Staff recommended amortization of property tax expense be rejected for the same reasons.

Q7. Does the inclusion of the incremental depreciation expense and incremental property tax in the PIR Cost Recovery Charge in addition to the annualized depreciation as proposed by DEO result in recovery of excessive depreciation and

No. For each year of the PIR program, the actual depreciation expense that will be incurred consists of (1) a full year of depreciation expense on plant assets as of the end of the prior year and (2) depreciation on new additions to plant during the current year. In DEO's PIR application, DEO is requesting recovery of an annual level of depreciation expense similarly comprised: depreciation on expense already accumulated on new additions during the PIR fiscal year from July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2009, ("incremental depreciation"), plus a full year of depreciation expense on the PIR plant assets as of the June 30, 2009 end of the fiscal year ("annualized depreciation"). Together, those components of depreciation equate to one year's worth of depreciation expense. Failure to include both components in the PIR Cost Recovery Charge will deny DEO of full and timely recovery of depreciation on the PIR assets. DEO also requests similar timely recovery of incremental and annualized property tax expense associated with PIR plant additions during the PIR fiscal year and, as with depreciation expense,

A7.

property tax expense?

- seeks to match the recognition of these expenses with the associated revenues during the period the PIR Cost Recovery Charge is in effect.
- Q8. Why is it important for DEO to obtain timely recovery of costs incurred in the PIR program?
- 5 A8. DEO is expending substantial funds in the PIR program as evidenced by the over \$90 6 million of capital spending and over \$1 million of incremental O&M expense identified 7 in its application. Substantial depreciation and property taxes are incurred each year as a 8 result of those investments. Delaying recovery of those expenses by amortizing them 9 over the life of the plant creates cash flow issues and denies DEO the opportunity to 10 recover the true incremental cost of the program. After all, DEO must remit its property 11 taxes according to the schedules imposed by each taxing jurisdication and cannot spread 12 each year's payments over the life of the asset. Adding the cash flow burden on top of 13 already imposing capital and O&M expenditures imposes an undue burden on the 14 company and directly contradicts the approach set forth in the application – an approach 15 that was not modified in any way by the Stipulation and Recommendation approved by 16 the Commission.
- 17 O9. Please describe Staff Recommendation No. 2.
- A9. Staff Recommendation No. 2 is that plant additions should not be reduced by plant retirements for purposes of the depreciation calculation.
- 20 Q10. Does DEO agree with Staff Recommendation No. 2?
- 21 A10. Yes.
- 22 Q11. Please describe Staff Recommendation No. 3.

A11. Staff Recommendation No. 3 has three parts recommending adjustments to the plant assets on which the PIR Cost Recovery Charge is based. Part A recommends the removal of costs totaling \$452,195 associated with projects that DEO placed in service after June 30, 2009. Part B recommends the removal of costs totaling \$2,510,364 associated with projects that are still in construction or preliminary design and have not been placed in service. Part C recommends the removal of costs totaling \$360,649 associated with curb-to-meter installations for service line extensions to new customers.

- 8 Q12. Does DEO agree with Staff Recommendation No. 3?
- 9 Q12. No.

- 10 Q13. Why does DEO disagree with Staff Recommendation No. 3?
 - A13. Staff Recommendation No. 3 is inconsistent with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") System of Accounts adopted by the Commission (18 C.F.R. 201 at Gas Plant Instructions, (11) Work Order and Property Record System Required, subpart (B)). That section states, "Each utility shall keep its work order system so as to show the nature of each addition to or retirement of gas plant, the total cost thereof, the source of costs, and the gas plant account or accounts to which charged or credited. Work orders covering jobs of short duration may be cleared monthly." Under proper and accepted utility accounting standards, DEO is recording its numerous distribution projects as "massed assets," for which project costs are closed to the gas plant accounts monthly as such costs are incurred. In so doing, DEO is merely complying with FERC-approved accounting methods. It should also be noted that DEO has utilized that approach for some time predating the date certain in its last rate case, Case No. 07-829-GA-AIR et al. As a result, the quantification of the rate base equivalent in this

proceeding is consistent with that used to determine the rate base underlying DEO's currently approved rates and charges. Staff's recommended disallowance is thus inconsistent with the FERC-approved accounting methodology employed in the traditional ratemaking process. Staff has not denied that DEO expended the funds set forth in the cost recovery charge application, and the company should not be penalized for complying with appropriate accounting treatment of those funds.

Q14. Does DEO have any other reason to disagree Staff Recommendation No. 3?

Yes, DEO disagrees with Part C of Staff Recommendation No. 3 because: (1) as part of DEO's Application in Case No. 08-169-GA-ALT to establish the PIR program, DEO proposed to "assume responsibility and ownership of curb-to-meter service lines that the Company installs, replaces, ties in or repairs" (Application at 3, 5) and to include "the cost associated with the replacement and repair of existing service lines...as well as the installation of service lines for new construction" (Application at 6); (2) Staff, through the PIR Staff Report in that case supported "DEO's proposal to assume the responsibility for the installation of all customer service lines..." and said that "[t]he costs associated with this activity should be recovered through the Infrastructure Replacement Program" (Staff Report at 3), in addition to stating "Staff believes the PIR Cost Recovery Charge should recover...costs associated with assuming ownership of curb-to-meter service lines including new installations..." (Staff Report at 4 and 5); (3) the Stipulation and Recommendation agreed to by DEO, Staff, OCC and others adopted the Staff Report recommendations and, if not addressed in the Staff Report, adopted DEO's Application (Stipulation at 3); and (4) the Stipulation and Recommendation addressed the issue directly by agreeing that "DEO shall assume ownership of and responsibility for all

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

customer-owned service lines (including effectively coated lines) whenever such lines are separated from the mainline and a pressure test is required before the line can be returned to service" (Stipulation at 8). There was never any agreement to credit revenues associated with service line extensions to new customers. There was, however, an agreement to include the associated costs. Staff's insertion of the issue at this late date is evidence of yet another attempt to renegotiate the terms of the Commission-approved Stipulation and Recommendation in this case. Staff's assertion that associated revenues should be included fails to recognize the substantial decline in customer count since the rate case. Since the December 31, 2007 end of the test year in Case Nos. 07-829-GA-AIR et. al., DEO has seen a decline in residential customer count of over 35,000 customers or over 90 times the 381 new main-to-curb projects that Staff recommends be excluded from rider recovery. The curb-to meter installations that Staff seeks to exclude from the PIR Cost Recovery Charge meet the criteria agreed upon by DEO, Staff and OCC and ultimately approved by the Commission. Staff Recommendation No. 3, Part C is in conflict with the Stipulation and the PIR Staff Report. DEO does not believe that it is appropriate to amend in this proceeding the items previously agreed upon and approved for recovery

19 Q15. Please describe Staff Recommendation No. 4.

A15. Staff recommends the elimination from the PIR revenue requirement of \$1,128,670 of incremental operation and maintenance ("O&M") expense because Staff incorrectly alleges that incremental O&M expense represents an adjustment made for the first time in

through the PIR Cost Recovery Charge in Case No. 08-169-GA-ALT.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

20

21

- DEO's PIR Cost Recovery Charge Application and that recovery of incremental O&M
 was never contemplated in the Stipulation and Recommendation or the PIR Staff Report.
- 3 Q16. Does DEO agree with Staff Recommendation No. 4?
- 4 A16. No.
- 5 Q17. Why does DEO disagree with Staff Recommendation No. 4.
- 6 DEO disagrees with Staff Recommendation No. 4 because it is in conflict with Staff's A17. 7 agreement in the Stipulation and Recommendation, and the Commission's approval of 8 that agreement, to permit cost recovery of incremental O&M expense through the PIR 9 Cost Recovery Charge. At pages 8 through 10 of DEO's Application in Case No. 08-10 169-GA-ALT, DEO expressly requested cost recovery of incremental O&M expense 11 associated with the PIR program. Similarly, the PIR Staff Report stated, "Regarding the 12 request for incremental O&M expenses, Staff recommends that they do not include 13 increased corporate service company and shared service expenses allocated to DEO that 14 are not charged to the capital project." In this case, the exception proves the rule. Staff's 15 statement in the PIR Staff Report clearly contemplates the inclusion of O&M expense. 16 Staff's assertion that that the report "expressly rejected inclusion of all of the incremental 17 O&M expenses specifically identified in the Company's Application except those related 18 to relocating inside customer meters (where the Staff withheld a recommendation until 19 the Company submitted a meter relocation plan.)" is a mischaracterization of the PIR 20 Staff Report and DEO's application filed in Case No. 08-169-GA-ALT. (Comments and 21 Recommendations at page 10, emphasis added.) DEO's application stated that 22 "[i]ncremental O&M expenses associated with the PIR program shall be calculated based 23 on incremental and non-duplicative costs that, but for the existence of the PIR program

and assumption of ownership of service lines, would not be incurred by DEO." Those were not limited to the increased corporate service and share service expenses allocated to DEO but not charge to the capital project. (Application at page 9.) Staff's Comments and Recommendations filed October 2, 2009 in this proceeding ignore Staff's previous position, which clearly agrees that DEO may recover incremental O&M subject to the reasonable limitations proposed by Staff. DEO's incremental O&M expenses do not include corporate service company or shared service expenses at all. The fact that OCC did not object to the inclusion of most of DEO's incremental O&M is additional evidence that Staff has improperly stretched in the import of the statements made in its PIR Staff Report. The Stipulation and Recommendation in Case No. 08-169-GA-ALT does not specifically address the issue of incremental O&M expense. The Stipulation does, however, recognize "the fiscal year-end regulatory asset eligible for recovery through the PIR Cost Recovery Charge." Stipulation at 10. The PIR Staff Report does not address the content of the regulatory asset referenced in the Stipulation, but DEO's Application in Case No. 08-169-GA-ALT specifically includes incremental O&M as part of the regulatory asset. DEO's Application in Case No. 08-169-GA-ALT at 8. The Stipulation adopted the PIR Staff Report proposal, which permits the cost recovery of incremental O&M through the PIR Cost Recovery Charge and adopts DEO's Application to the extent the issue is not addressed in the Staff Report. Stipulation at 3, 8. As previously discussed, DEO's PIR Application extensively discussed cost recovery of incremental O&M through the PIR Cost Recovery Charge.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

1	DEO discussed its intention to include incremental O&M expense in the determination of	
2	the PIR Cost Recovery Charge with Staff and OCC at meetings held at the Commission's	
3	offices on November 14, 2008 and March 19, 2009. These meetings were part of DEO's	
4	obligation to provide OCC and Staff an annual PIR Cost Recovery preview before DEO	
5	filed its Application in this case. Stipulation at 9.	
6	DEO's Notice of Intent to File an Application to Adjust Pipeline Infrastructure	
7	Replacement Program Cost Recovery Charge filed at the Commission on May 29, 2009	
8	also included a request to recover incremental O&M expense through the PIR Cost	
9	Recovery Charge. Notice of Intent at Schedule 1, Line 25, Schedule 13, Lines 9-11.	
10	Because there was no actual data regarding incremental O&M expense, Schedule 1	
11	showed that "O&M (Net)" was to be determined and Schedule 13 showed incremental	
12	O&M expense at \$0.00 for purposes of cost allocation.	
13	DEO's PIR Cost Recovery Charge Application, filed August 28, 2009 in this proceeding,	
14	set forth actual incremental O&M expense on Schedules 1, 13 and 15. This was not a	
15	new proposal. Incremental O&M expense has been intended to be part of the PIR Cost	
16	Recovery Charge from the moment the charge was first proposed by DEO. Staff has not	
17	disputed the amount of incremental O&M expense incurred by DEO. Because	
18	incremental O&M has been requested by DEO in its initial Application and in the	
19	Application for the charge to be included as part of the rider, and because incremental	
20	O&M expense has been addressed and agreed to as part of the PIR Staff Report and the	
21	Stipulation approved by the Commission and properly calculated as part of the PIR Cost	
22	Recovery Charge, DEO should be permitted to recover incremental O&M expense.	

Q18. Please describe Staff Recommendation No. 5.

- 1 A18. Staff recommends increasing the O&M Baseline Savings amount from \$85,022 to \$554,300 by prohibiting DEO from including increases to the baseline expenses while
- requiring DEO to include all decreases associated to the baseline expenses.
- 4 Q19. Does DEO agree with Staff Recommendation No. 5?
- 5 Q19. No.
- 6 Q20. Why does DEO disagree with Staff Recommendation No. 5?
- 7 A20. DEO disagrees with Staff Recommendation No. 5 because it is fundamentally 8 unreasonable and unfair. At pages 10 and 11 of DEO's Application in Case No. 08-169-9 GA-ALT, DEO agreed to compare its fiscal year O&M expense associated with leak 10 repairs and corrosion monitoring activities to a test year expense level to identify savings 11 relative to that test year level. Such savings would be used to reduce the fiscal year-end 12 regulatory asset in order to provide customers with the benefit of cost reductions resulting 13 from the PIR program. The Application, PIR Staff Report and the Stipulation and 14 Recommendation all support the notion that O&M expense for those leak repair and 15 corrosion monitoring activities should be assessed in the aggregate. Either the PIR is 16 resulting in O&M savings or it isn't with regard to all of the operations activities that 17 would be impacted by the program. There is nothing in either the Staff Report or the 18 Stipulation and Recommendation in that case which indicates that the O&M expenses 19 should be viewed in any other manner. The Stipulation and Recommendation states 20 "Any savings relative to a baseline level of O&M expenses associated with leak detection 21 and repair processes...and corrosion monitoring expenses shall be used to reduce the 22 fiscal year-end regulatory asset eligible for recovery through the PIR Cost Recovery 23 Charge" (Stipulation at 10). Although not explicit, the wording "a baseline level of O&M

expenses" clearly suggests that baseline O&M savings should be determinined in the aggregate. The Stipulation does not state that such expenses should be evaluated by individual O&M activities to determine savings. It is unfair and unreasonable for Staff and OCC to now selectively choose the costs of activities in which a decrease from the baseline level occurred while disregarding the fact that DEO has experienced cost increases in other related activities. Staff should not be permitted to "cherry pick" from a list of cost impacts and only select those that result in reductions. The varying nature of those expenses will result in changes over the years, and Staff's methodology would likely result in a new selection of cost elements every time DEO makes a filing. Such an approach is confiscatory and unreasonable. DEO made a good faith effort to identify O&M savings relative to the baseline for the activities specified in the Stipulation. DEO went further than required by including costs associated with corrosion remediation. The result is the savings of \$85,022 credited against costs included in the calculation of DEO's PIR Cost Recovery Charge. The \$554,300 of savings recommended by Staff results from the corrosion remediation activities alone and the fact that the PIR program has not yet had the effect of reducing O&M expenses related to leak detection and repair and corrosion monitoring has not been considered.PIR Cost Recovery Charge If DEO had not voluntarily included corrosion remediation in the calculation of baseline O&M savings would there be any savings for customers?

A21. No. Because corrosion mediation was not included in the baseline O&M savings calculation in the Stipulation, the PIR Staff Report or DEO's PIR program Application, Staff could not compel the inclusion of corrosion remediation. It is unreasonable for

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

Q21

- 1 Staff to increase the amount of baseline O&M savings that customers were not otherwise
- 2 entitled to pursuant to the Stipulation.
- 3 III. OCC'S COMMENTS
- 4 O22. Please describe OCC Comment No. 1.
- 5 A22. OCC Comment No. 1 is similar to Parts A and B of Staff Recommendation No. 3. OCC
- 6 Comment No. 1 requests removal from the PIR Cost Recovery Charge of costs associated
- with projects placed in service after June 30, 2009. Based upon OCC's Comment No. 1,
- 8 OCC recommends the exclusion of \$4,484,656.75.
- 9 Q23. Does DEO agree with OCC Comment No. 1?
- 10 A23. No.
- 11 Q24. Why does DEO disagree with OCC Comment No. 1?
- 12 A24. DEO disagrees with OCC's Comment No. 1 for the same reasons that it disagrees with
- Parts A and B of Staff Recommendation No. 3. DEO is properly accounting for capital
- additions pursuant to the FERC System of Accounts. Q24. Please describe OCC's
- 15 Comment No. 2.
- 16 A25. OCC Comment No. 2 is virtually identical to Part C of Staff Recommendation No. 3.
- OCC proposes to deny DEO cost recovery associated with curb-to-meter installations for
- new customers in the amount of \$345,532.
- 19 Q26. Does DEO agree with OCC's Comment No. 2?
- 20 A26. No.
- 21 Q27. Why does DEO disagree with OCC Comment No. 2?
- 22 A27. DEO disagrees with OCC Comment No. 2 for the same reasons that it disagrees with Part
- C of Staff Recommendation No. 3. Cost recovery for curb-to-meter installations has

been part of the PIR Cost Recovery Charge since it was first proposed in Case No. 08169-GA-ALT. The PIR Staff Report included cost recovery for curb-to-meter
installations and OCC agreed to such cost recovery through the PIR Cost Recovery
Charge in the Stipulation ultimately approved by the Commission. It is inappropriate to
deprive DEO of cost recovery associated with curb-to-meter installations for new
customers after approval of cost recovery through such a rigorous process. Neither OCC
nor Staff disputes the costs included in the PIR Cost Recovery Charge for curb-to-meter
installations. Under these circumstances the Commission should permit DEO to recover
costs associated with curb-to meter installations for new customers.

10 Q28. Please describe OCC Comment No. 3.

- 11 A28. OCC Comment No. 3 asks the Commission to deny DEO recovery of \$2,285,301.40 of
 12 annualized depreciation expense and \$1,261,777.87 of annualized property tax expense
 13 because OCC alleges the expenses are out of test year.
- 14 Q29. Does DEO agree with OCC Comment No. 3?
- 15 A29. No.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

- 16 Q30. Why does DEO disagree with OCC Comment No. 3?
- 17 A30. DEO disagrees with OCC Comment No. 3 because it is proper to permit an annualized 18 treatment of depreciation expense as previously discussed at Answer A7. Annualized 19 depreciation on assets as of the end of the prior year is but one component of total 20 depreciation expense on PIR assets that will be incurred each year. DEO is entitled to 21 recover an annual level of depreciation expense in each year's calculation of the PIR Cost 22 Recovery Charge. Annualized depreciation plus depreciation expense on new PIR

- additions during the PIR fiscal year are the measure of total depreciation expense for
- 2 which DEO has requested recovery in its PIR cost recovery application,
- 3 Q31. Please describe OCC Comment No. 4.
- 4 A31. OCC Comment No. 4 asks that DEO exclude \$70,500 of Envista Computer Software
- 5 from incremental O&M.
- 6 Q32. Does DEO agree with OCC Comment No. 4.
- 7 A32. No.
- 8 Q33. Why does DEO disagree with OCC Comment No. 4.
- 9 A33. DEO specifically purchased the subscription to the Web-based Envista service in order to
- coordinate its many construction projects with projects of governmental units and other
- 11 utilities. Each participating municipality, agency and utility will pay for its own
- subscription to the Envista service. Because there is no incremental cost to also include
- non-PIR projects, DEO has determined that such projects may also be entered into the
- Envista system. Doing so does not invalidate the primary purpose of DEO's subscription,
- which is for use as part of the PIR program. DEO has properly included the Envista
- expense in incremental O&M. OCC has not disputed the amount of the expense. As
- previously discussed, OCC has agreed to the recovery of incremental O&M as part of the
- 18 Stipulation underlying the PIR Cost Recovery Charge.
- 19 Q34. Please describe OCC Comment No. 5.
- 20 A34. OCC Comment No. 5 raises a concern about the timeliness of DEO's recognition of plant
- 21 retirements.
- 22 Q35. Does DEO agree with OCC Comment No. 5.
- 23 A35. No.

- 1 Q36. Why does DEO disagree with OCC Comment No. 5.
- 2 A36. DEO disagrees with OCC Comment No. 5 because DEO's Notice of Intent was intended 3 as an estimate. DEO's PIR Cost Recovery Charge Application included actual expenses 4 and adjustments, including plant retirements. DEO's Application has been the subject of 5 extensive investigation and audit. OCC has not suggested that it has uncovered any 6 accounting error that would delay the recognition of retirements. DEO does not believe 7 that a systematic accounting problem exists. DEO, however, will commit to cooperate 8 with OCC by addressing its concerns regarding the timely processing of retirements 9 associated with the PIR program with its Operations and Accounting departments.
- 10 Q37. Please describe OCC Comment No. 6.
- A37. OCC Comment No. 6 asks the Commission to order DEO to file a report documenting its efforts to obtain stimulus funding through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 for the PIR program and as part of the 2010 PIR application.
- 14 Q38. Does DEO agree with OCC Comment No. 6.
- 15 A38, No.
- 16 Q39. Why does DEO disagree with OCC Comment No. 6?
- 18 DEO is unaware of any stimulus funding available for the PIR program. DEO is willing
 18 to discuss the matter with OCC and Staff. If OCC is aware of a reasonable funding
 19 opportunity, DEO commits to explore the opportunity. If OCC became aware of such an
 20 opportunity during the course of the program's implementation, it should have alerted
 21 DEO to that fact given OCC's insistence on having "meaningful participation with
 22 Company and Staff in annual PIR previews and PIR Cost Recovery Procedures and any

- other PIR-related process or proceeding that impacts the scope of the PIR program and/or
- the cost recovery of the PIR program." (Stipulation and Recommendation at page 9.)
- 3 Q40. Does DEO object to Staff's and OCC's Comments and Recommendations for any
- 4 other reason?
- 5 A40. Yes. DEO has had extensive discussions with Staff and OCC since it filed its
- 6 Application to establish PIR as an alternative ratemaking mechanism in Case No. 08-169-
- 7 GA-ALT. With the exception of the proper treatment of plant additions not completed at
- 8 June 30, 2009, all of the issues raised by Staff and OCC have been thoroughly vetted
- 9 among the Parties. Staff, had an opportunity to clarify its positions, objections and
- recommendations in the PIR Staff Report and Stipulation. Staff did not suggest that DEO
- amortize incremental depreciation over the lives of the PIR assets, it did not suggest that
- it was improper for DEO to recover incremental O&M expense, it did not suggest that
- 13 O&M baseline savings should be determined based upon individual cost catagories
- instead of in the aggregate. Neither did OCC. Many of Staff's recommendations are
- directly contradicted by the Staff Report and Stipulation upon which DEO relied upon to
- formulate its PIR Cost Recovery Charge Application. The Commission approved the
- 17 Stipulation, including Staff's recommendations made in the Staff Report. DEO believes
- it is unreasonable for Staff and OCC to renegotiate now what each previously agreed to
- and the Commission approved.
- 20 IV. CONCLUSION
- 21 Q41. Does this conclude your testimony?
- 22 A41. Yes.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing was sent by electronic mail to the following parties on this 9th day of October, 2009.

/s Grant W. Garber

Grant W. Garber

Stephen Reilly Anne Hammerstein Office of the Ohio Attorney General **Public Utilities Section** 180 East Broad Street, 9th Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215 Stephen.reilly@puc.state.oh.us Anne.hammerstein@puc.state.oh.us

Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel Joseph Serio, Esq. Larry Sauer, Esq. 10 West Broad Street, Suite 1800 Columbus, Ohio 43215-3485 serio@occ.state.oh.us sauer@occ.state.oh.us