## Large Filing Separator Sheet

Case Number: 07-478-GA-UNC

File Date: 12/17/07

Section: 1 of 2

Number of Pages:

175

Description of Document:

Transcript with Exhibits

1 BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO 2 3 In the Matter of: Case No. 07-478-GA-UNC 4 The Application of 5 Columbia Gas of Ohio, Inc., for Approval of 6 Tariffs to Recover Through: an Automatic Adjustment 2007 DEC 17 AM 10: 07 7 Clause Costs Associated with the Establishment of : 8 an Infrastructure Replacement Program and 9 for Approval of Certain Accounting Treatment. 10 11 PROCEEDINGS 12 before Ms. Jeanne Kingery, Attorney Examiner, at the 13 Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, 180 East Broad 14 Street, Room 11-C, Columbus, Ohio, called at 8:00 15 a.m. on Monday, December 3, 2007. 16 17 VOLUME IV 18 19 ARMSTRONG & OKEY, INC. 20 185 South Fifth Street, Suite 101 Columbus, Ohio 43215-5201 21 (614) 224-9481 - (800) 223-9481 Fax - (614) 224-5724 22 23 ORIGINAL

2 1 APPEARANCES: 2 NiSource By Mr. Stephen B. Seiple 3 and Mr. Daniel A. Creekmur 200 Civic Center Drive Columbus, Ohio 43215 5 On behalf of Columbia Gas of Ohio. 6 Vorys, Sater, Seymour and Pease, LLP By Mr. M. Howard Petricoff, Mr. Stephen M. Howard, 7 and Mr. Michael J. Settineri 8 52 East Gay Street P.O. Box 1008 9 Columbus, Ohio 43216-1008 1.0 On behalf of Utility Services Partners, Inc. 11 Chester, Willcox & Saxbe, LLP 12 By Mr. John W. Bentine 65 East State Street 13 Columbus, Ohio 43215 14 On behalf of Interstate Gas Supply, Inc. 15 Mr. David C. Rinebolt 337 South Main Street 16 Fourth Floor, Suite 5 P.O. Box 1793 17 Findlay, Oh 45839-1793 18 On behalf of Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy. 19 Carlile, Patchen & Murphy, LLP 20 By Mr. Carl A. Aveni, II 366 East Broad Street 21 Columbus, Ohio 43215 22 On behalf of the ABC Gas Repair, Inc. 23 24

		3
1	APPEARANCES: (Continued)	ļ
2	Janine L. Migden-Ostrander Ohio Consumers' Counsel	
3	By Mr. Joseph P. Serio and Mr. Michael E. Idzkowski	ļ
4	Assistant Consumers' Counsel 10 West Broad Street, Suite 1800	
5	Columbus, Ohio 43215-3485	
6	On behalf of the Residential Consumers of the State of Ohio.	
7	Mark Dann, Ohio Attorney General	
8	Duane W. Luckey, Senior Deputy Attorney General	
9	Public Utilities Section Ms. Anne L. Hammerstein,	
10	Assistant Section Chief and Mr. Stephen A. Reilly,	
11	Assistant Attorney General 180 East Broad Street, 9th Floor	
12	Columbus, Ohio 43215-3793	
13	On behalf of the Staff of the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio.	
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		

			4
1	INDEX		
2			
3	WITNESS	PAGE	
4	Michael Ramsey	_	
5	Direct Examination by Mr. Creekmur Cross-Examination by Mr. Settineri	9 11	
6	Cross-Examination by Mr. Avani Cross-Examination by Mr. Serio	17 46	
	Cross-Examination by Ms. Hammerstein	55	
7	Redirect Examination by Mr. Creekmur	57	
8	Recross-Examination by Mr. Settineri	60 61	
b	Recross-Examination by Mr. Aveni Recross-Examination by Mr. Serio	63	
9	Recross Examination by Mr. Berro Recross-Examination by Ms. Hammerstein	63	
10	Larry W. Martin	<b>6 5</b>	
11	Direct Examination by Mr. Creekmur Cross-Examination by Mr. Settineri	65 66	
	Cross-Examination by Mr. Aveni	67	
12	Cross-Examination by Mr. Serio	72	
13	Cross-Examination by Ms. Hammerstein	76	
14	Thomas J. Brown, Jr. Direct Examination by Mr. Creekmur	79	
	Cross-Examination by Mr. Settineri	80	
15	Cross-Examination by Mr. Aveni	80	
	Cross-Examination by Mr. Serio	83	
16	Cross-Examination by Ms. Hammerstein	86	
17	Carter T. Funk Direct Examination by Mr. Petricoff	91	
18	Cross-Examination by Mr. Creekmur	92	
	Cross-Examination by Mr. Serio	94	
19	Redirect Examination by Mr. Petricoff	95	
	Recross-Examination by Mr. Creekmur	96	
20	Timothy W. Phipps		
21	Direct Examination by Mr. Petricoff	97	
22	Cross-Examination by Mr. Creekmur	98 101	
44	Cross-Examination by Mr. Reilly Cross-Examination by Mr. Serio	101	
23	Redirect Examination by Mr. Petricoff	111	
	Recross-Examination by Mr. Creekmur	113	
24	Recross-Examination by Mr. Reilly	117	
	1		

			5
1	INDEX (Continued)		
2	- <del>-</del>		
3	WITNESS	PAGE	
4	Philip E. Riley, Jr.	4.0.0	
5	Direct Examination by Mr. Petricoff Cross-Examination by Mr. Creekmur	120 122	
	Cross-Examination by Ms. Hammerstein	125	
6	Cross-Examination by Mr. Serio	128	
i	Redirect Examination by Mr. Petricoff	131	
7	Recross-Examination by Mr. Creekmur	132	
8	Michael Ramsey	-	
	Direct Examination by Mr. Creekmur	134	
9	Cross-Examination by Mr. Howard	135	
	Cross-Examination by Mr. Aveni	142	
10	Cross-Examination by Mr. Serio	155	
11	Larry W. Martin		
	Direct Examination by Mr. Creekmur	161	
12	Cross-Examination by Mr. Howard	162	
	Cross-Examination by Mr. Aveni	163	
13	Cross-Examination by Mr. Serio	165	
	Redirect Examination by Mr. Creekmur	<b>1</b> 75	
14	Recross-Examination by Mr. Serio	176	
15	Thomas J. Brown, Jr.		
	Direct Examination by Mr. Creekmur	179	
16	Cross-Examination by Mr. Howard	180	
	Cross-Examination by Mr. Aveni	191	
17	Cross-Examination by Mr. Serio	203	
18	David R. Hodgden		
	Direct Examination by Ms. Hammerstein	218	
19	Cross-Examination by Mr. Howard	219	
	Cross-Examination by Mr. Aveni	222	
20	Cross-Examination by Mr. Serio	225	
	Redirect Examination by Ms. Hammerstein	235	
21	Recross-Examination by Mr. Serio	237	
22	Jill A. Henry		
	Direct Examination by Ms. Hammerstein	240	
23	Cross-Examination by Mr. Howard	243	
	Cross-Examination by Mr. Aveni	287	
24	Cross-Examination by Mr. Serio	296	

ļ		6
1	INDEX (Continued)	
2		
3	WITNESS PAGE	
4	Philip E. Riley, Jr. Direct Examination by Mr. Petricoff 310	
5	Cross-Examination by Mr. Creekmur 317	
6	<del>-</del> -	
7	COMPANY EXHIBITS IDFD ADMTD	
8	5 - Prepared Rebuttal Testimony of 10 64 Michael Ramsey	
10	6 - Prefiled Rebuttal Testimony of 65 78 Larry W. Martin	
11 12	7 - Prefiled Rebuttal Testimony of 78 90 Thomas J. Brown, Jr.	
13	8 - Prepared Direct Testimony in 134 159 Support of Stipulation of Michael Ramsey	
15	9 - Prepared Direct Testimony in 160 177 Support of Stipulation of Larry W. Martin	
16	10 - Prepared Direct Testimony in 178 217 Support of Stipulation of Thomas J. Brown, Jr.	
18 19	11 - Stipulation and Recommendation 204 217	
20		
21	OCC EXHIBITS IDFD ADMTD	
22	13 - Title 49 - Transportation 297 308	
23		
24		

				7
1	INDEX (Continued)			
2				
3	STAFF EXHIBITS	IDFD	ADMTD	
4	3 - Prepared Direct Testimony of David R. Hodgden	219	239	
5 6	4 - Prepared Direct Testimony of Jill A. Henry	241	308	
7	4A- Prepared Direct Testimony of Edward M. Steele	241	308	
8				
9				
10	USP EXHIBITS	IDFD	ADMTD	
11 12	5 - Surrebuttal Testimony of Carter T. Funk	90	119	
13	6 - Surrebuttal Testimony of Timothy W. Phipps	97	119	
14	7 - Surrebuttal Testimony of Philip E. Riley, Jr.	120	133	
15	8 - Testimony of Philip E. Riley, Jr.	309		
16	in Opposition to the Stipulation and Recommendation			
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				

Monday Morning Session,
December 3, 2007.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Good morning. This is the continuation of Case No. 07-478-GA-UNC. We're here this morning for rebuttal and surrebuttal testimony followed by testimony in support of and in opposition to the stipulation.

Would you like to begin, Mr. Creekmur.

MR. CREEKMUR: Thank you. On behalf of Columbia Gas of Ohio, Stephen Seiple and myself Dan Creekmur, reside at business address 200 Civic Center Drive, that's Columbus, Ohio 43215.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Okay.

MR. PETRICOFF: Thank you, your Honor.
On behalf of Utility Service Partners, M. Howard
Petricoff, Stephen Howard, and Mike Settineri from
the law firm of Vorys, Sater, Seymour and Pease.

MR. AVENI: Good morning, your Honor. On behalf of ABC Gas Repair, Incorporated, Carl A.

Aveni, II, of the law firm Carlisle, Patchen &

Murphy, 366 East Broad Street, Columbus. Thank you.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Yes.

MR. SERIO: On behalf of the Residential

1	Utility Customers of Columbia Gas of Ohio, Janine
2	Migden-Ostrander, Consumers' Counsel, by Joseph P.
3	Serio and Michael E. Idzkowski.
4	MS. HAMMERSTEIN: Thank you, your Honor.
5	On behalf of the staff of the Public Utilities
6	Commission of Ohio, Marc Dann, Attorney General, by
7	Anne L. Hammerstein and Stephen A. Reilly, Assistant
8	Attorneys General, 180 East Broad Street, Columbus,
9	Ohio 43215.
10	ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.
11	Mr. Creekmur, would you like to call your
12	first witness, please.
13	MR. CREEKMUR: Yes, your Honor. Columbia
14	calls Michael Ramsey to the stand, please.
15	ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Okay. You
16	are reminded you are still under oath.
17	
18	MICHAEL RAMSEY
19	called as a witness on rebuttal, being previously
20	duly sworn, testified further as follows:
21	DIRECT EXAMINATION
22	By Mr. Creekmur:
23	Q. Mr. Ramsey, would you please state your
	1

name and spell it for the record.

Michael Ramsey, R-A-M-S-E-Y. 1 Α. Mr. Ramsey, do you have a copy of your 2 Q. prepared rebuttal testimony with you today? 3 Yes, I do. Α. 4 And if I were to ask you those questions 5 contained therein, would your answers be the same 6 7 today? В Yes, they would. Α. Do you have any corrections for your 9 10 prefiled testimony? 11 Α. No, I do not. MR. CREEKMUR: Your Honor, I would like 12 13 to mark for identification Mr. Ramsey's testimony as 14 Columbia Exhibit No. 5 and would make the witness 15 available for cross-examination and also move the admission. 16 17 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: That is so marked and that is rebuttal testimony at this point. 18 19 (EXHIBIT HEREBY MARKED FOR 20 IDENTIFICATION PURPOSES.) 21 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Go ahead, 22 Mr. Settineri.

## CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Settineri:

б

- Q. Good morning, Mr. Ramsey.
- A. Good morning.
- Q. Mr. Ramsey, at page 1, lines 14-15, of your rebuttal testimony, you state that "Columbia's record keeping systems are set up to accommodate information on customer service lines where complete responsibility for customer service lines has been granted to Columbia." Isn't it true though you have previously testified that it's possible that Columbia can keep any records that Columbia desires to keep?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. At page 1, lines 20 to 21, you state
  "under the IRP Columbia will grade all leakage in
  accordance with Ohio Administrative Code Section
  4901:1-16-04 and Columbia's Policies and Procedures."
  Under the IRP can a property owner repair or replace
  a customer service line that has a grade 1 leak as
  defined under Ohio Administrative Code Section
  4901:1-16-04?
  - A. No, they cannot.
- Q. And under the IRP can a property owner repair or replace a customer service line that has a

- grade 2 leak as defined under Ohio Administrative Code Section 4901:1-16-04?
  - A. No, they cannot.

- Q. And under the IRP can a property owner repair or replace a customer service line that has a grade 3 leak as defined under Ohio Administrative Code Section 4901:1-16-04?
  - A. No, they cannot.
- Q. So am I correct then that under the IRP a property owner cannot repair or replace a leaking customer service line regardless of whether the leak is hazardous or nonhazardous?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. At page 2 of your rebuttal testimony, lines 1 to 2, you state that "Columbia will monitor grade 3 leaks until they are repaired or there is no longer any indication of leakage." So under the IRP am I correct Columbia will not immediately repair all the customer service lines with grade 3 leaks?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. And under the IRP if Columbia decides to monitor a grade 3 leak on a customer service line instead of repairing the leak immediately, can the property owner repair the customer service line

- immediately if he or she wants the leaking line repaired?
  - A. That's not my understanding, no.
  - Q. That would be a no?
  - A. That is a no.

 $^{21}$ 

- Q. Thank you. On page 2, line 5, of your rebuttal testimony, you state that "bare steel customer service lines can present a significant safety hazard." Is it your opinion that all non-leaking bare steel customer service lines present a significant safety hazard?
- A. No, I do not consider non-leaking customer service lines to present a safety hazard.
- Q. At page 2, line 16 to 17, of your rebuttal testimony, you state that "it is not an industry standard to have an independent third party inspection of all work performed by company employees." Is it your belief that independent third party inspections are prohibited by gas industry standards?
  - A. No, that is not my understanding.
- Q. At page 2, line 21, of your rebuttal testimony, you state that "Columbia has a formal audit program for work performed by its employees."

Is that the same audit program you discussed previously in this hearing?

A. Yes, it is.

- Q. And isn't it true that that audit program will not result in an independent inspection of all repairs or replacement of customer service lines under the IRP?
  - A. That is true.
- Q. At page 4 of your rebuttal testimony, line 14, you state that "the limitation on reimbursement was also intended to prevent potential abuse by market participants." Would you please name for us today those market participants who might be potential abusers.
- A. Our intent with this statement was to indicate that some in the plumbing industry, OQ plumbers, could potentially abuse the IRP or the intent of replacing these service lines.
- Q. At page 5 of your rebuttal testimony, lines 8 and 9, you testified that "Columbia's central management of customer service line repairs or replacements will"... "render the need for specific knowledge of ownership of customer service lines unnecessary." Are you stating there that it is not

- appropriate for customers to be knowledgeable about customer service lines?
  - A. No, I am not.

- Q. And are you also stating in that statement that it is appropriate that taxing authorities not have specific knowledge about ownership of customer service lines?
- A. My statement makes no reference to taxing authorities
- Q. Mr. Ramsey, isn't it true that under the IRP, Columbia does not believe that the service lines it installs or repairs will differ in design, material, or method of installation from what is commonly used in industry today?

THE WITNESS: Can you -- can they read that back to me.

MR. SETTINERI: If you could repeat the question, please.

(Question read.)

- A. That's correct, we do not believe it will differ.
- Q. Mr. Ramsey, is it your belief that a system where a plumber repairs or inspects his or her own work is inherently safer than the system where

- all repairs are subject to inspection by a qualified inspector that did not do the work?
  - A. We are talking specifically about plumbers?

- Q. The operator qualified plumbers, DOT operator plumbers.
- A. No. Columbia today inspects all operator qualified plumbers' work because we believe it's necessary.
- Q. Mr. Ramsey, how many man hours will Columbia save by using self-inspections rather than sending out qualified inspectors to review all repairs and installations of customer service lines?
- A. First, we have not calculated any man hour savings. Second is that we will be inspecting customer service lines. They will be inspected to a frequency that is required to ensure quality of work and that the work is done properly.
- Q. Mr. Ramsey, isn't it true Columbia will not inspect all gas service line repairs performed by non-Columbia employees under the IRP?
- A. It is true that Columbia will only inspect to the degree and the frequency necessary to assure the quality of the work.

1 Would that be a no to my question, Q. 2 Mr. Ramsey? 3 Α. That would be a no. MR. SETTINERI: Thank you. Thank you. 5 No further questions. 6 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you. 7 Mr. Aveni? 8 9 CROSS-EXAMINATION 10 By Mr. Aveni: 11 Good morning, Mr. Ramsey. How are you? Q. 12 Α. I am fine. How are you today? 13 I am well. I just have a few questions Q. 14 Mr. Settineri asked you a couple of for you. 15 questions a few moments ago regarding page 1, lines 16 12 through 17, of your testimony and the records that 17 Columbia has historically maintained or not 18 maintained regarding customer service levels. And 19 Mr. Settineri asked you specifically whether Columbia 20 could -- could maintain whatever records they want. 21 And I believe your testimony was that they could. Do

A. Yes.

you recall that line of questioning?

22

23

24

Q. Okay. Thank you, sir. To put a finer

- point on it isn't it certainly true that Columbia could specifically maintain records of customer service line repairs and installations?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. And they have just chosen not to do that?
- A. I am not really aware of how that decision was made.
- Q. Okay. Were you part of the decision making process at all by which Columbia determined that it did not need to or would not maintain records of customer service lines for repairs and installations?
  - A. No, I was not.
- Q. Okay. Are you familiar with the mechanisms by which Columbia could maintain records of the customer service lines for repair and installations?
- A. I am aware it's in one of our online -on one of our online systems. I am not aware of the
  specific details in that system.
- Q. Okay. When you say it's in one of the online systems, do you mean specifically that Columbia today has the ability right now from a

- technological perspective to maintain records about customer service lines and repairs?
  - A. Yes, I believe that's correct.
- Q. And that's part of the inspection process that occurs today before the IRP; is that right? I'm sorry. I don't mean to be tricky.
  - A. My apologies. I didn't follow that.
- Q. Let me back up a bit. In the original testimony that we had at the end of October there was some testimony regarding a data management terminal, DMT, that is a handheld device that Columbia inspectors bring with them to the jobsites. Do you recall that testimony?
  - A. Yes, I do.

- Q. Okay. And is it that DMT device that Columbia's inspectors could use today to -- in the course of their inspection of repair and maintenance as it occurs right now on Columbia -- excuse me, on the customer service lines, they could record that information on the DMT?
  - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. Have you ever suggested to anyone at Columbia that they perhaps should keep track of this information?

A. Not that I recall, no.

- Q. Has anyone ever given an explanation to you of any sort as to why it would be a good or bad idea for Columbia to keep track of that information today?
  - A. Not to my recollection, no.
- Q. As we sit here right now, do you recall that it would make sense and be a good idea for Columbia to track that information even -- even now?
- A. I believe that once -- if -- not once, if either the IRP or the stipulation are approved, that it will make -- make sense for Columbia to track that information in its systems.
- Q. Do you believe it would be a prudent course of action for Columbia to record that information today?
- MR. SEIPLE: Objection. It calls for a legal conclusion.
  - MR. AVENI: I don't believe it does, your Honor.
  - ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: I will allow the question with the understanding it is not a legal conclusion.
- THE WITNESS: Can we have the question

read back?

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

13

14

15

16

19

20

22

23

- Q. Yes, I'm sorry, sir. Do you believe it would be a prudent course of action for Columbia to record and store that information regarding repairs and installations of customer service lines today?
  - A. No, I do not.
  - Q. Why not?
- A. Columbia is not doing the work. In today's system Columbia does not do the work, is not responsible for the work.
- Q. Columbia is inspecting the work, isn't it?
  - A. That's correct.
  - Q. And it would be prudent for Columbia to keep records of the inspections it performs?
  - A. Well -- I'm sorry.
- MR. CREEKMUR: Objection, your Honor. It was asked and answered.
  - ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: It was asked and answered.
- MR. AVENI: Thank you, your Honor.
  - Q. Turning your attention to page 2 of your rebuttal testimony, sir, lines 9 through 11, you are testifying regarding some assumptions you make about

- the percentage of bare steel service lines that may or may not have hazardous leaks in any given year. Do you see that testimony, sir?
  - A. Yes, I do.

- Q. Okay. Am I correct in understanding then that you believe that in any given year 9 percent of the overall customer service lines that actually have leaks will have hazardous leaks?
- A. No. My -- my belief here is, and 2006 is used as an example, is that customer and company service lines were put in in approximately the same time. They are subject to the same conditions and as stated in previous testimony, they do corrode in a similar manner. The testimony here is focused in that on company service lines we do see hazardous leaks, and we believe the same thing happens with customer service lines.
- Q. And is it -- is it your expectation or belief that there were approximately -- of the overall leaks in customer service lines in 2006, it would be reasonable to assume that approximately 9 percent were hazardous leaks?
  - A. In 2006, yes.
    - Q. Yes, sir. And would you expect the 2007

- numbers to be radically different from the 2006 numbers, sir?
  - A. I don't know.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

1.0

11

12

13

14

17

1.8

19

20

21

22

23

- Q. Is there anything that's happened in the course of the past year that would expedite the gradual decaying of customer service lines in the manner that's been testified to previously?
- A. The difference in 2007 from 2006 is that we did a riser survey.
  - Q. Yes, sir.
- A. And surveyed every customer service line and company service line in our system and that could result in higher leakage in 2007.
  - O. That could?
- A. Result in higher leakage numbers for 2007.
  - Q. Meaning that you discovered more.
  - A. That is correct.
  - Q. Not that there were more leaks but rather leaks that were existing were discovered.
    - A. That's my understanding, yes.
  - Q. Not with specific reference to the overall number of leaks but rather to the percentage of leaks that are hazardous as opposed to

- nonhazardous, do you have any reason to believe the 9 percent figure would be different for the year 2007?
  - A. I don't know.

2.2

- Q. Is it reasonable to assume it would be roughly the same?
- A. I haven't looked at the numbers. I really don't know.
- Q. Okay. But in 2006, it was 9 percent were hazardous. Does that mean 91 percent of the leaks that you are aware of in customer service lines in 2006 were nonhazardous?
- A. Well, the 9 percent refers specifically to company service lines.
- Q. Yes, I understand that, sir. But as I understand the last line of this portion of your testimony, lines 10 through 11, it is reasonable to assume that customer bare steel service lines would have experienced a similar number of hazardous leaks. Do you see that testimony, sir?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Is that specifically -- are you trying to say there that you are making an assumption that the customer bare steel service lines would experience
  91 percent overall nonhazardous leaks and the

remaining 9 percent of the leaks that year being hazardous?

I'm sorry, sir. That came through very garbled. Let me try again. I apologize to you.

Based on this testimony, particularly that sentence I read to you moments ago, is it your assumption then that in 2006 9 percent of the leaks in customer bare steel service lines were hazardous with the balance 91 percent being nonhazardous?

- A. Yes. I thought that was a reasonable assumption.
- Q. Okay. If the IRP had been in place in 2006, customers would not be able to repair, maintain, or replace their own bare steel customer service lines, true?
  - A. That is my understanding, yes.
- Q. Does it follow then, sir, that if the IRP had been in place in 19 -- excuse me, in 2006, 91 percent of the overall leaks in bare steel customer service lines would have gone unrepaired by anyone?
  - A. No, I don't believe so.
- Q. Well, you told me -- excuse me. You told Mr. Settineri a little while ago, sir, that Columbia

will not under the IRP repair or replace customer service lines that have nonhazardous leaks, true?

- A. I don't understand the term "hazardous" as you are using it today.
- Q. I am using it the way you used it in your testimony, sir.
- A. That's not -- my apologies. That's not my understanding of how I used the term "hazardous" in my testimony.
- Q. Okay. Under the IRP there is going to be a different gradation of leaks, true? In other words, there was formerly hazardous and nonhazardous, and under the IRP it would be grades 1 through 4 type leaks, true?
- A. Yes. We will grade all leaks, that is true, yes.
- Q. Okay. Grades 3 and 4 are nonhazardous leaks?
  - A. There is -- grade 3 are nonhazardous.
- Q. When you have a grade 3 leak which is nonhazardous, Columbia will not repair that leak, rather they will simply monitor it, right?
- A. We will monitor it to assure conditions do not change, it does not require repair.

- Q. If the IRP had been in place in 2006, is it fair to say then that 91 percent of the leaks in customer service lines would have gone unrepaired by Columbia?
  - A. No, it is not.

21.

- Q. Okay. Why is that?
- A. The terms "hazardous" and "nonhazardous" as they applied to customer service lines do not flow directly into the terms of "hazardous" and "nonhazardous" as they applied to grading of leaks under the IRP.
- Q. Looking at the 1,652 leaks on Columbia bare steel service lines in 2006, is there any way you can quantify for me what raw number or what percentage of those leaks would be grade 3 leaks under the IRP gradation system?
- A. My apologies for this not being clear. These 1,652 are all grade 1 leaks. They are all hazardous leaks.
- Q. Okay. So 9 percent -- the 9 percent that were -- excuse me. The 91 percent that were nonhazardous leaks would still be classified as grade 1 leaks?
- A. In this case in those numbers, yes. This

is not written very clearly. My apologies.

Q. Okay.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Would you explain for us what you did mean by the term "hazardous" in that testimony.

I ran a report that pulled out all the hazardous leaks. In this case a hazardous leak is a leak due to its location or its severity that presents a danger to the public both persons and property and requires immediate action to address and continuous action until the action is either eliminated or repaired.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.

- Q. I'm sorry, sir. It is -- maybe it is simply early in the morning, but I have to admit I am still a little confused. Could you explain to me roughly the gradation system that will be in place after the IRP if the IRP is enacted.
- A. Under the IRP we will use the grading system that is both in the Commission rules and regulations and in our policy and procedure.

  Specifically under the IRP we will grade leaks and there are four classifications of leaks. There is a

grade 1 leak which is a hazardous leak, and as I just briefly explained because due to its location or its severity, it is an immediate danger to the immediate public safety, hazard to either people or property, and requires immediate and continuous action until it is either reduced to a different grade or eliminated.

A grade 2 plus leak under Columbia's procedure is a leak that by location and severity is required to be repaired within 21 days of discovery.

A grade 2 leak is a leak by location and severity that needs to be scheduled for repair.

A grade 3 leak is a leak both by its location and its severity is required to be monitored until it needs to be repaired or there is no longer any indication of leakage.

- Q. Thank you, sir. Turning your attention back to this section of your testimony then that's confused me so much, then lines 9 through 11, the 1,652 leaks on the bare steel service lines that Columbia observed in 2006, is it your testimony that all of those were grade 1 leaks?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. Explain to me then, if you could, the differentiation you make with reference to the 9

percent of all of those grade 1 leaks that are hazardous leaks.

- A. Yes, sir. That's -- that's where I apologize for the way it's written. The 149 leaks are corrosion leaks on bare steel service lines, and the point I am trying to make here and through this section is the customer and company bare steel service lines corrode at the same rate, so the 149 are corrosion leaks on grade 1 hazardous leaks.
- Q. What are the 1,652 leaks on bare steel service lines if not corrosion leaks, sir?
- A. There is a combination of things, everything from dig-ins to material failures. I am not really -- I can't tell you what all is in that category exactly.
- Q. Is it your testimony then that 91 percent of all of the leaks on the bare steel service lines of Columbia were leaks unrelated to corrosion?
  - A. No, it is not.
- Q. Okay. Well, I guess I am still confused then because your testimony a moment ago was that the 149 leaks were corrosion leaks, right?
  - A. Yes, sir.
  - O. And that differentiates them from the

other 91 percent that were not corrosion leaks, true?

- A. It differentiates them -- and I am sorry this is so confusing.
  - Q. Yes, sir.

1.

2

10

13

14

15

16

17

19

20

21

22

23

- A. -- from the other 91 percent that were grade 1 leaks. What is not addressed in these numbers are your grade 2 plus leaks and your grade 2 leaks. The 1,652 does not represent the whole population of leaking service lines.
- Q. I appreciate that, sir. I understand your testimony to be that the 1,652 leaks were all grade 1 leaks of which 9 percent or 149 were corrosion leaks; am I correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. So the balance of those leaks, the 91 percent or roughly 1,500 leaks, were unrelated to corrosion?
  - A. I believe that's correct.
- MR. AVENI: Okay. If I could just have a moment.
  - ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Yes.
- Q. Sir, is there any way of differentiating in your 2006 data between the hazardous and nonhazardous leaks that Columbia experienced using

- those terms as they exist today pertaining to customer service lines?
  - A. No, there is not.

б

Я

- Q. Okay. So would you agree with me then this testimony here really does not illuminate or illustrate the hazardous/nonhazardous that exist with customer service lines, in particular in 2006?
  - A. No, I don't.
- Q. Well, you just told me you don't know and there is no way for you to estimate what percentage of Columbia's 1 -- Columbia's leaks in 2006 were nonhazardous, didn't you?
  - A. On customer service lines, yes, I did.
  - Q. You just don't know one way or the other?
  - A. I'm sorry. Which?
- Q. That's all right, sir. I think we have gone about as far down this road we possibly could. I think we are all as equally confused. I would like to turn your attention to the next section of your testimony, lines 15 through 17. You state that "it is not an industry standard to have an independent third party inspection of all work performed by company employees." Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do.

Q. In terms of industry standards excluding those regulations that are, of course, imposed by various governmental authorities, who is it that sets the industry standards in your industry? It's the LDCs, isn't it?

- A. It is generally done at the AGA level of the gas companies, that is correct.
- Q. Okay. So the industry standard to have an independent third party inspection of all work, that's an industry standard that's either set or not set by Columbia itself, right?
- A. Columbia's internal policy is set by Columbia. Columbia does not set the industry standard.
  - Q. Well, Columbia and the other LDCs set the industry standards, right?
    - A. I believe that's correct.
- Q. Okay. Are you familiar with how the other LDCs in Ohio perform inspections?
  - A. Not all of them, no.
- Q. Okay. Can you speak to how the other LDCs in Ohio perform inspections in terms of statistically what percentage do perform third party inspections, what percentage don't?

- A. No. We only checked in Ohio with Duke and Cinergy and Vectren, and none of them had an independent third party inspection of their employees' work.
- Q. Of their employees' work. What about repairs of customer service lines, do those LDCs perform independent third party inspections of the work done today on customer service lines?
  - A. I don't know.
- Q. Okay. So is it fair to say then that you are not familiar with what industry standard exists today with reference to independent third party inspections of customer service lines in particular?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. But you know that today Columbia does inspect as a third party the work performed by OQ certified plumbers when repairing customer service lines?
  - A. Yes. We believe that's prudent.
- Q. And you know that's not going to happen -- that that sort of third party inspection is not going to happen in every case after the IRP?
- A. Different -- it will be a different situation after the IRP.

- Q. Yes, it will. Thank you, sir. Turning your attention to page 3, if I could, looking at lines 4 through 9, you testify a bit about Columbia's intention to have service technicians perform periodic quality assurance checks on contractors' work. Do you see that? Specifically with reference to lines 5 and 6 and 7.
  - A. Yes, I do.

- Q. Thank you, sir. Is that written down anywhere other than in this testimony, that intention of Columbia?
  - A. Yes, it is.
  - Q. Where is that written out?
- A. It's in one of our policies and procedures.
- Q. One of your policies and procedures for after the IRP is that you are going to have service technicians periodically performing quality assurance checks on their contractors and that's written down somewhere in one of your policies and procedures manuals today?
- A. My apologies. I misunderstood your question. I thought you were asking about our standards, not specifically about that program.

Q. Okay. Well, I'm sorry. It's early in the morning, and Lord knows I am being inartful by my question. Is it written down anywhere in a policy or a program or a plan or a proposal of any sort today that Columbia will "have service technicians assigned to the riser replacement program that will, among other duties, perform periodic quality assurance checks on contractors' work" after the IRP?

- A. I don't believe it's written down. Those jobs, however, have been posted.
- Q. Okay. As I understood your testimony in the original hearing last month, Columbia has not yet come up with a specific proposal or plan as to how it will implement its customer service line responsibilities in the event the IRP is passed; is that true?
  - A. I don't believe it is.
- Q. Okay. I recall there being some testimony. Maybe I am confused.
  - A. I believe that was the testimony.
- Q. That Columbia has a specific plan or program for the repairing of customer service lines after the IRP?
- A. No, it does not at this point.

Q. Okay. Columbia doesn't know how many contractors it's going to hire to implement the customer service line part of the program should the IRP pass, true?

1.2

- A. No, we do not know how many, if any.
- Q. You don't know how many employees in-house, Columbia employees, you are going to task to this responsibility.
- A. Columbia has determined a specific number of employees that we will be hiring to specifically address the repair and replacement of customer-owned service lines.
  - O. When was that decision made?
- A. Since the last hearing, since we were here sometime late last month.
- Q. Okay. So since the last hearing Columbia has now come up with a program or plan as to how many employees it will hire to repair and replace customer service lines?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. Why has there been no amendment to the testimony in this case to reflect that?
  - A. That's not a question I can answer.
  - Q. Okay. Are you personally familiar with

- the plan or program by which Columbia will be hiring in-house additional service technicians to repair, replace, or maintain customer service lines in the event the IRP is passed?
  - A. No, I am not familiar with the details.
  - Q. Are you familiar with any detail of it?
  - A. Not other than previously stated.
- Q. How many employees will Columbia be hiring?
  - A. I do not know.
- Q. Will they be full- or part-time employees?
  - A. I do not know.
- Q. How many hours a week will they work specifically on customer service lines?
  - A. I do not have that number.
- Q. Okay. So you know there is some -- there is somebody somewhere in Columbia that has come up with a plan since the last hearing about how many service -- service technicians to hire in the event that IRP is passed to effectuate this, but you simply don't know how many or any of the details whatsoever?
- A. No.

2

3

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Q. Do you believe there is any written

memoranda or policy, memos, or programs that have been documented in writing that would cover that information?

A. I don't know.

- Q. Do you know how many of these unknown number of employees, I guess, as a percentage will be periodically performing quality assurance checks on contractors' work specifically as pertaining to customer service lines?
- A. If you are referring specifically to the service technicians, no, I don't know how many.
- Q. Will there be other employees -- strike that.

Has there been a decision made already at Columbia as to other types of employees besides service technicians that it will hire to effectuate the IRP customer service line responsibilities in the event the IRP is passed?

- A. I believe the number of supervisors assigned to the program has been decided, but I am not sure what that number is.
- Q. Okay. Turning your attention to that specific testimony again at lines 5 through 9, "Columbia will have service technicians assigned to

the riser replacement program," et cetera, et cetera, through the remainder of that portion of your testimony, sir, is it fair to say you don't have any specific information available to you today to describe how Columbia intends to implement whatever periodic quality assurance checks on contractors' work it may eventually decide to do if the IRP is passed?

- A. That's correct, I have no specifics.
- Q. Okay. One a month? One a year? You don't know?
  - A. I don't have any specifics.
- Q. Okay. Turning your attention, if you would, please, to page 5 of your testimony at lines 1 through 3. You state that "the IRP will eliminate the current situation where Columbia and property owners divide the responsibilities for the customer service lines." Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do.

Q. And the way that the IRP will eliminate that current situation is by eliminating the customers' rights to repair, maintain, or replace the customer service lines that they own and are on their property, right?

- A. Yes. Columbia will have full operation and maintenance responsibility for repairs and replacements.
- Q. Okay. And the property owner will have none of those responsibilities or rights for repair, maintenance, or -- or replacement of the customer service lines that today they own, right?
  - A. That is correct.

3

5

6

7

9

1.0

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

19

20

21

22

- Q. And the IRP will also eliminate the current situation with property owners having some discretion in the manner or mechanisms by which repair, maintenance, and replacement of customer service lines on their property is implemented, won't it?
  - A. Can you have --
- MR. AVENI: I'm sorry. Could you read that back? I got a little ahead of myself.

(Question read.)

- A. Not totally, I believe customers will have -- still have some input with Columbia or Columbia-designated employees on how the work is done.
- Q. Were you here when Mr. Brown testified on cross-examination several weeks ago?

A. Yes, I was.

- Q. Were you here when Mr. Brown testified that after the IRP if Columbia decides it wants to use a backhoe on a customer's property to repair, replace, or maintain a customer service line, that the property owner will have no discretion to stop them from doing it?
  - A. Yes, I was.
- Q. Okay. Is there anywhere memorialized in writing what rights property owners will have or what as I just said input property owners will have in effecting the specifics of repair, replacement, and maintenance of customer service lines on their property after the IRP is passed in the event it is passed?
- A. Not to my knowledge, I don't believe I know of any.
- Q. Okay. Turning your attention, if you would, sir, to lines 8 and 9 of that same section, you testify regarding how the IRP would "render the need for specific knowledge of ownership of customer service lines unnecessary," right? Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do.
    - Q. Okay. In fact, customers will still need

- to know what portions of the -- of their service lines they own, won't they?
  - A. Not in my opinion, no.
  - Q. For tax reasons, for example?
- A. My opinion is limited to the operations and repair and maintenance of customer service lines.
- Q. Okay. So when you are testifying at lines 8 and 9 about how the IRP would "render the need for specific knowledge of ownership of customer service lines unnecessary," you are speaking solely and exclusively to the need for knowledge of ownership as it pertains to repair and replacement of those lines?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. In terms of the mechanical aspects of it?
- A. I am not sure how you define it.
- Q. Okay. That's okay. Strike that. And won't the customer still need to have specific knowledge of the ownership of customer service lines after the IRP if for no other reason than to understand why Columbia is bringing a backhoe onto their property against their will?
- A. It is my opinion that the customers will not need to know about ownership of customer service

lines.

- Q. Won't the customers need to have some understanding as to why they don't have the right to keep people off their property?
- A. Under the IRP Columbia is going to or Columbia contractors are going to make all the repairs or replacements. I don't believe that ownership is a factor in that -- those decisions for those repairs and replacements.
- Q. Well, your testimony a few moments ago customers would have input into the manner in which -- I think you used specifically the word "input" as to how Columbia would be repairing, maintaining, or replacing customer service lines after IRP, right?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Wouldn't some function of customers having informed input involve them knowing who owns what on their land?
- A. As it deals with company and customer service lines, no, I don't believe so.
- Q. Okay. So that input is going to -Columbia is expecting to have that input or give the
  customer the opportunity to provide that input but

doesn't expect customers to need to know anything about who owns what on the customer's own property?

MR. CREEKMUR: Objection. Asked and

answered, your Honor.

MR. AVENI: I can withdraw it.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.

- Q. Sir, do you believe that there are any less intrusive means for eliminating confusion regarding responsibility for leaking customer service lines other than simply appropriating the rights of property owners to repair and maintain and replace their own customer service lines?
  - A. My apologies.
- Q. I will try it again. Your testimony was that "central management of customer service line repairs or replacements will eliminate all confusion regarding responsibility for leaks on customer service lines." Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. As we sit here today, do you believe that there are any less intrusive means that Columbia could come up with eliminating confusion other than simply taking the rights of the property -- the property owners?

- I don't know. Α. Q.
  - Have you looked into that at all?
  - Not to my knowledge, no. A.
  - Has anyone else at Columbia looked into Q. that?
  - Not to my knowledge. Α.

7 MR. AVENI: I don't have any further 8 questions for you. Thank you, sir.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you very much.

Mr. Serio?

MR. SERIO: Thank you, your Honor.

13

14

16

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

4

5

9

10

11

12

# CROSS-EXAMINATION

15 By Mr. Serio:

- Good morning, Mr. Ramsey.
- 17 Good morning. Α.
  - I wanted to clarify a couple of points first. You referenced AGA a little earlier this morning. Could you explain what AGA is?
    - Yes, sir. The AGA is the American Gas Association, and it's made up of -- the member companies are for the most part local distribution companies.

- O. And Columbia is a member of AGA?
- A. That is correct.

1.0

- Q. And then you also referenced that
  Columbia tries to keep up with what other LDCs in
  Ohio were doing, and you referenced Duke, Cinergy,
  and Vectren. Did you mean to say Duke, Dominion, and
  Vectren?
  - A. Yes, I did.
- Q. And that's because that's the other three large local distribution companies in Ohio, right?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. You also indicated that since the first part of this hearing Columbia had made -- had made some decision on hiring crews to do work on service lines. Does that also apply to risers?
- A. No. The risers -- the request for proposal for risers has been sent out. That is out in the hands of potential bidders. I am not sure what the status of that coming back is.
- Q. Since the first part of the hearing has the company made any decision regarding any of the work that needs to be done on risers that when we had the first part of the hearing, the company had indicated hadn't been done yet?

- A. I don't believe there are any changes from the original testimony, that we still anticipate 90 percent of that riser work will be outsourced.
- Q. But as far as any -- any finalization of that, that hasn't been done yet, correct?
  - A. Not to my knowledge.
- Q. If you could turn to page 3 of your testimony, the question at the bottom of the page talks about the Perfection Servi-Sert. Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do.

1.1

- Q. On line 16 you talk about it being a new application of an existing technology. Can you define for me what you mean by a new application?
- A. The Servi -- to my knowledge the -- a replacement head -- I know of no other replacement head for risers. To my knowledge, that is a new fitting from Perfection.
- Q. And what's the existing technology that you talked about?
- A. It is the technology for making the joint, how the joint is made.
  - Q. Would that include the staff fitting itself?

- A. That is the staff fitting itself.
- Q. Now, on line 17 you talk about to the best of the company's knowledge, it's only been used by one gas company for a short time. And that is Duke Energy of Ohio, correct?
  - A. To our knowledge, yes.
- Q. Was the company aware of that prior to OCC raising that issue as part of this proceeding?
  - A. Yes, it was.

3

7

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- Q. When did you first learn that Duke was using the Servi-Sert partial replacement?
  - A. I really don't recall.
- Q. Is there anyone else testifying in this proceeding that might know that to the best of your knowledge? Would Mr. Brown or Mr. Martin?
  - A. I don't know.
- Q. On line 21 you talk about benefits that the -- your initial review did not identify benefits.

  Can you define what you mean by benefits there?
- A. Cost -- I believe what is meant there is cost savings for the installation.
- Q. And did those cost savings include everything associated with the replacement including going out and fixing any property damage that's done

as a result of the replacement of the riser, or is it just limited to the cost of the riser?

- A. Pretty much what I recall it is limited to the installation of the Servi-Sert.
- Q. So did your -- so then your initial review did not include any of the other cost benefits that could be achieved such as not having to fix landscaping or damaged property because you didn't have to dig a hole in the ground?
  - A. Not to my detail, no, they did not.
- Q. And then you talk about a long-term performance record. Can you define what you mean by a long-term?
- A. In this case our thinking was greater than five years.
- Q. Today when Columbia puts a piece of equipment on its approved materials list, is it company policy to have a five-year history on how that piece of equipment works before you put it on your materials list?
  - A. No, it is not.
- Q. Do you have any kind of minimum performance record before you put something on your approved materials list?

- A. We do require that testing be accomplished and that it had been used in the field prior to putting it on the list, yes.
- Q. Now, on line 22, you talk about Columbia is conducting an analysis of the Perfection Servi-Sert. Do you see that?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. What criteria is the company including in that analysis?
- A. We are going to -- and that analysis is going to involve going to a meeting with Duke to learn the details of their installation program.

  That analysis will involve getting their test results both from Perfection and Duke on how the test results -- on how that fitting was tested. It will include the performance data from Duke on that fitting, an analysis of the conditions under which that -- that fitting can and should be used.
  - Q. Is that those four criteria?
- A. To my knowledge, to the best of my recollection.
- Q. And the company hasn't done any of those four steps yet, have they?
  - A. We have -- we have contacted the

- 1 manufacturer. We have started for the analysis of the testing data but, no, we have not gone and proceeded with the rest of the steps.
  - Do you have any idea how long it's going Ο. to take the company to do this criteria, to meet these four steps?
    - Α. No, I don't.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- Is it correct to assume that the company Ο. plans to complete this analysis prior to beginning work on replacing the prone-to-leak risers?
  - Α. Yes, it is.
- And the company's current plan is to Q. begin replacing prone-to-leak risers in March of '08, correct?
  - Yes, it is. Α.
- So it's safe to assume that between now Q. and March of '08, the company plans to complete that analysis, correct?
- In fact, a bid unit for Α. That's correct. the Servi-Sert was included in the IRP in the eventuality we decided to use the fitting.
- On page 4 of your testimony, you reference the \$500 cost for replacement of a riser. Do you see that?
- 24

A. Yes, I do.

б

- Q. Does that \$500 estimate include remediation costs or is that just for cost of the riser itself?
- A. I believe that includes the remediation cost.
- Q. On line 15, you indicate there would be "potential abuse by market participants who could otherwise have inflated the charges." And you think it would be potential abuse because the cost would be above the \$500 level or because they might do work that wasn't necessary? Can you explain to me what you mean by that?
- A. We believe that it could -- the price could go above the \$500 level for replacement of prone-to-fail risers.
- Q. So is it in general in circumstances if the cost went above 500 the company sees that as the threshold for potential abuse?
- A. The \$500 is set on what we anticipate and estimate our actual costs to do the work, so I am not sure I have an answer for your question.
- Q. The \$500 level -- it's your testimony the \$500 level was intended to prevent potential abuse

- because you believe if it's over 500, that might be
  higher than what the company believes the cost should
  be, right?
  - A. We believe that the 500 is a reasonable cost. That above that could -- could be abusive, yes.
  - Q. Is that also the case if the company's costs are over \$500?
    - A. On average?

- Q. Well, I don't see where you say on average here in your answer, so I am asking the same terms as your answer here on page 4.
  - A. Can you reread the question then?

    MR. SERIO: Please repeat it.

    (Question read.)
- A. Yes, we believe that 500 is a reasonable amount.
- Q. So then is it also true that if the company spends over 500, that indicates there is potential abuse?
  - A. We -- no, we do not believe that.
- Q. On page 5 of your testimony, you indicate at that time IRP will benefit customers. Are you aware of any benefits to the company from the IRP?

1 Α. Not that I can think of. 2 To the extent that the company had put Q. 3 type A field-assembled risers on its approved materials list, wouldn't the IRP eliminate any company responsibility for having put a defective 5 6 riser on its approved materials list? 7 MR. CREEKMUR: Objection, your Honor. 8 That calls for a legal conclusion. 9 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Sustained. 10 MR. SERIO: Save that for Mr. Brown then. 11 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: That's fine. 12 MR. SERIO: That's all I have. 13 you, your Honor. ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you. 14 15 Ms. Hammerstein? 16 17 CROSS-EXAMINATION 18 By Ms. Hammerstein: 19 Good morning, Mr. Ramsey. ٥. 20 Good morning. Α. 21 Q. You discussed the self-inspection concept 22 with Mr. Aveni. Do you recall that? 23 Α. Yes.

When the company makes main line repairs,

24

Q.

does it do those itself, or does it sometimes contract those out?

- A. We do both. We do in-house and contract main line repairs.
- Q. And what type of inspection is done of those repairs?
- A. For the in-house repairs the company employees complete the work and they inspect that work and complete that work themselves. Where we contract work we have contract coordinators that are out on-site with the contractors. They may not be at the specific site the entire time, but they are on-site on a regular basis inspecting the work and assuring that it is done properly. As previously stated, those inspectors are instructed to be on-site at a frequency that will guarantee the work is done properly.
- Q. Under the Federal Pipeline Safety
  Standards is it your understanding that Columbia has
  the responsibility to maintain customer service
  lines?
  - A. Yes, it is.
- MS. HAMMERSTEIN: Thank you, Mr. Ramsey.

  ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.

Mr. Creekmur, any redirect? 1 MR. CREEKMUR: Your Honor, if we may take 2 3 a short break? ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: We can do 4 that, 5 minutes or 10. Go ahead and take 10. 5 б (Recess taken.) 7 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Let's go back 8 on the record. 9 Mr. Creekmur, do you have any redirect? 10 MR. CREEKMUR: Yes, I do, your Honor. 11 12 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 13 By Mr. Creekmur: 14 Mr. Ramsey, can you please explain for me 15 why Columbia does not believe it to be necessary to 16 inspect every repair or replacement of service lines 17 under the IRP as compared to the current situation 18 today. 19 Under the current situation for customer 20 service lines Columbia does not have true managerial 21 control over the employees that are doing the work. 22 Columbia has no contractor relationship with them.

Columbia, in fact, cannot always assure that the

person that did the work is the same person that

23

signed the card. With those facts and being completely responsible for pipeline safety, Columbia believes it has to inspect each and every job that's done by DOT qualified plumbers. In fact, Columbia under the IRP will move customer service lines into the same processes it uses for its work every day. Today we have company crews out replacing mains, making repairs, and doing service lines that are not and each and every job is not inspected by an independent third party -- third party. What we have with those -- our own employees and our contractors' employees, we have managerial control over those folks. We have other avenues for correcting problems. You know, we have direct control over those employees and the work that they do.

- Q. Is it correct then that the process

  Columbia uses today to repair or replace its own

  service lines including inspections will not differ

  from the process it would implement under the IRP?
  - A. That is correct.

- Q. And, Mr. Ramsey, to clarify the AGA proposes and implements the gas industry standard, correct, for these repairs, replacements?
  - A. The AGA works with all of the member

companies to produce consensus standards for the gas industry, and they are set at a consensus level by the AGA.

- Q. And does Columbia follow the industry standards as set by the AGA?
  - A. Yes, we do.

б

- Q. Mr. Ramsey, can you think of benefits that Columbia might obtain if the IRP is approved?
- A. We'll have better and more direct control over the work that's being done on DOT jurisdictional facilities.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Can we pause for just a minute, please? Let's wait just a minute so I can get us some mikes.

(Discussion off the record.)

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Let's go back on the record. I apologize for the break.

Q. Mr. Ramsey, going back to your answer regarding the company service lines, are there any distinguishing characteristics between repairs and replacements for company service lines versus repairs and replacement for customer service lines? And by that I mean would there be a situation where it might be more dangerous for a company service line repair

or replacement?

- A. In the case of service line repairs for a company service line, the gas service -- the gas is usually -- usually not terminated to make the repair. In the case of a customer service line the company turns the gas off for those repairs to be made. So the company employees would sometimes be working in live gas conditions.
- Q. And is it correct that would be a more dangerous situation than in a customer service line repair where the gas would be terminated?
  - A. It is potentially more hazardous, yes.

    MR. CREEKMUR: Thank you, Mr. Ramsey.

    No further questions, your Honor.

    ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.

    Mr. Settineri?

### RECROSS-EXAMINATION

<sup>19</sup> By Mr. Settineri:

Q. Mr. Ramsey, which system would more likely occur a mistake in any and all gas service line replacements, a system where all lines are inspected after repair or replacement or a system where there is self-inspection and periodic

1. inspections? Α. I don't know. I don't know the answer to 3 that. You don't have an opinion? Q. 5 Α. No. Thank you. Mr. Ramsey, which is closer 6 Q. 7 to a residence, a customer-owned service line or a distribution line? 9 Α. Can you define distribution line? 10 Let's say under today's system a company Ο. 11 service line versus a customer-owned service line, which is closer to a residence? 12 13 Generally speaking the customer-owned Α. 14 service line is closer to the residence. 15 MR. SETTINERI: Thank you. No further 16 questions. 17 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.

Mr. Aveni?

MR. AVENI: Yes, your Honor. Thank you.

### RECROSS-EXAMINATION

22 By Mr. Aveni:

18

19

20

21

23

24

Mr. Ramsey, as I understand -- I recognize that there have not been specific plans and Columbia has not made a decision about -- about how many, if any, contractors it may retain for purposes of customer service line repair and replacement.

Would you agree with me nonetheless, however, that there is a high order of probability that at least some of the DOT OQ certified plumbers that are repairing, replacing, and maintaining customer service lines today will be hired by Columbia as a contractor to repair, replace, and maintain customer service lines under the IRP?

A. I don't know.

- Q. Okay. In the event that there are DOT OQ certified plumbers that are hired or contracted with Columbia after the IRP to do that work, is it fair to say that those individuals are subject to inspection by Columbia for the work that they are doing today and may not be subject to inspection by Columbia after the IRP in any individual circumstance?
- A. I don't really have knowledge of who we will be hiring for the IRP.
- MR. AVENI: I don't have any further questions for you. Thank you, sir.
  - ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.

Mr. Serio?

MR. SERIO: Thank you, your Honor.

2

3

4

5

6

9

1

# RECROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Serio:

- Q. Mr. Ramsey, when Mr. Creekmur asked you about the benefits in the IRP, did your response include any type of financial benefits to the company at all?
  - A. No, it did not.
- MR. SERIO: I just wanted to clarify.
- 11 | That's all.
- Thank you, your Honor.
- 13 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.
- Ms. Hammerstein?

15

16

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

## RECROSS-EXAMINATION

17 By Ms. Hammerstein:

Q. If -- assuming the IRP program is approved by the Commission and further assuming that Columbia hires outside contractors, DOT OQ qualified plumbers, to do some of the work, would those individuals be able to charge more than the \$500 or the \$1,000 that Columbia has estimated will be the cost of repairing or replacing lines or risers?

```
I don't know.
           A.
                Won't Columbia be setting the cost limit?
           ο.
3
                If we hire contractors for that work, it
           Α.
4
    would be competitively bid, and I don't know what
5
    those contracts will be.
6
                MS. HAMMERSTEIN: That's all I have.
7
    Thank you, your Honor.
8
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.
9
    You may step down. Thank you very much.
10
                Mr. Creekmur, you may call your next
11
    witness.
12
                MR. CREEKMUR: Your Honor, Columbia would
13
    also like to move for the admission of Columbia
14
    Exhibit No. 5, Mr. Ramsey's rebuttal testimony,
15
    please.
16
                                             Any
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY:
17
    objections?
18
                Hearing none Columbia Exhibit 5 will be
19
    admitted.
20
                 (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
21
                MR. CREEKMUR: Your Honor, Columbia Gas
22
    of Ohio would like to call Larry Martin to the stand.
23
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: I would
24
    remind you you remain under oath.
```

```
MR. MARTIN: Yes, ma'am.
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: You may be
3
    seated.
             Thank you.
4
                MR. MARTIN: Thank you.
                MR. CREEKMUR: Your Honor, I would like
5
6
    to have the prepared rebuttal testimony of Larry W.
7
    Martin filed November 19, 2007, marked for
8
    identification as Columbia Exhibit No. 6, please.
9
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: It will be so
10
    marked.
11
                 (EXHIBIT HEREBY MARKED FOR
12
                 IDENTIFICATION PURPOSES.)
13
14
                        LARRY W. MARTIN
15
    called as a witness on rebuttal, being previously
16
    duly sworn, testified further as follows:
17
                       DIRECT EXAMINATION
18
    By Mr. Creekmur:
19
                Mr. Martin, will you please state your
20
    name and spell it for the record.
21
                 Larry, L-A-R-R-Y, W. Martin, M-A-R-T-I-N.
           Α.
22
                Mr. Martin, do you have a copy of your
           Q.
23
    prepared rebuttal testimony with you today?
24
           Α.
                 Yes, I do.
```

- Q. And if I were to ask you those questions, would your answers be the same today?
  - A. Yes, they would.
- Q. And do you have any corrections to that prefiled testimony?
  - A. I do not.

MR. CREEKMUR: Your Honor, I would like to make the witness available for cross-examination and move for the admission of Columbia Exhibit No. 6 subject to cross-examination.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Mr. Settineri?

### CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Settineri:

- Q. Good morning, Mr. Martin.
- A. Good morning.
  - Q. At page 2, lines 5 to 6, of your rebuttal testimony, you state that "Columbia performed studies designed to quantify the impact of Columbia's assumption of financial responsibility for the repair or replacement of customer-owned service lines." Did those studies address whether Columbia can repair a customer service line at an incurred cost less than the cost incurred by a customer service line warranty

provider such as Utility Service Partners?

A. No.

MR. SETTINERI: No further questions,

<sup>1</sup> | your Honor.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.

Mr. Aveni?

MR. AVENI: Yes, your Honor.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

that?

7

1

2

3

5

# CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Aveni:

- Q. Good morning, Mr. Martin.
- A. Good morning.
- Q. Turning your attention to the bottom of page 1 and the top of page 2 of your testimony, there's -- there's a statement that you disagree with that Columbia's plans to assume financial responsibility for the maintenance, repair, and replacement of customer-owned service lines will not generate cost efficiency -- excuse me, will generate cost efficiencies. I apologize for that. Do you see
  - A. Yes.
    - Q. Cost efficiencies for whom, Mr. Martin?
- A. For all the Columbia's customers.

- Q. Okay. You were here in the hearing that occurred several weeks ago for all three days; is that right?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. Did you listen to the testimony as it came through?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. Did you hear testimony regarding the gradual decay of bare steel customer service lines and how it can take as many as 90 years to corrode?
- A. I don't remember that specific testimony, no.
- Q. Well, that's fair enough, sir. Does that comport with your general understanding of the issues pertaining to the decay of steel service lines, that it happens over decades?
- A. I am not an expert in that area and as a result do not want to answer that question.
- Q. Yes, sir. I appreciate that. I am truly not trying to be tricky. The testimony will obviously -- the transcript will reflect whatever the testimony was. Would you agree with me that in any given period of time, say 10 years, there will be

some properties that require the replacements of the bare steel customer service lines that service their property and then there will be other properties that don't require in that same 10-year period the repair, replacement, or maintenance of the bare steel service line.

A. Yes.

1.

В

- Q. Okay. So in any given 10-year period you are going to have some households that don't require the repair, the replacement, or maintenance on their customer service lines at all, right?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And indeed for newer homes with plastic polyethylene service lines the expectation that in any given 10-year period their service line is going to be replaced or repaired or maintained is even lower, isn't it?
- A. The expectation, yes, as far as it happens to be speculation on my part.
- Q. I understand, sir. But I guess what I am getting at there is going to be -- if the IRP was adopted, in the course of the first 10 years of the IRP you would have a number of households and perhaps a substantial number of households that would not

require any repair, replacement, or maintenance of their particular customer service lines servicing their particular properties; would you agree with that?

A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. And yet those property owners are going to be subsidizing the repair, replacement, and maintenance of customer service lines on other people's properties under the IRP, won't they?
- A. Yes. While at the same time though they are going to enjoy the benefits resulting from Columbia's IRP program through the fact they will know that they will not be financially responsible for the repair or replacement of a customer service line.
  - Q. The answer to my question, sir, was yes?
  - A. That's correct, sir.
- Q. Okay. Thank you, sir. And so for those homeowners that in that 10-year period that we are looking at have no need for repair, replacement, or maintenance of customer-owned service lines of their own, isn't it true that the IRP is, in fact, cost inefficient for those individuals because they are paying for everybody else but not -- but having no

- particular need for repair or replacement or maintenance of their own?
  - A. I can't agree with that.
- Q. Okay. Well, without the IRP in that 10-year period they don't have to pay anything, right? No repair, replacement, or maintenance costs for those individuals. And after the IRP or if the IRP, they have to pay something, don't they? Right?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And so for those individuals it costs more for the IRP than not to have the IRP, right?

  That's a yes or no question, sir. Doesn't it cost them more?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And isn't that a cost inefficiency for those individuals in those households?
- MR. CREEKMUR: Objection. Asked and answered, your Honor.
  - ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: I will allow the question.
- MR. AVENI: Thank you, your Honor.
- A. Would you repeat the question, please.
- MR. AVENI: Could you read it back,
- <sup>24</sup> | please.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

(Question read.)

- A. Certainly not if these customers were paying a warranty -- for a warranty service which would cost them more than they would under the IRP program.
  - Q. Now, how do you know that?
- A. I've heard testimony in this proceeding and I have seen offerings from various warranty companies.
- Q. Do you have any idea how many -- how many consumers across the state of Ohio have purchased warranties for their customer service lines?
  - A. No.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

MR. AVENI: Okay. I don't have any further questions for you. Thank you, sir.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Mr. Serio?

MR. SERIO: Thank you, your Honor.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Serio:

- Q. Good morning, Mr. Martin.
- A. Good morning.
- Q. Would you turn to page 2 of your

testimony, please.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. On line 5, you cite some studies. Are those the studies that are attached to your testimony?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Is there any other studies that you did that are not attached to your testimony?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. Cost efficiency studies?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And why weren't those attached to your testimony?
- A. I felt that these were most representative of what the projected costs for providing the service was going to be.
- Q. Now, you indicate here that during the first year the estimated impact was about 5 cents per month; is that correct?
  - A. I'm sorry, that's correct.
- Q. And then you give an estimate for the fifth year. Why did you use the fifth year?
- A. Simply to demonstrate that even over a five-year period it was going to be done at a very

minimal cost, 25 cents per month per customer.

Я

- Q. How long is the IRP going to be in place as proposed?
  - A. There is no sunset provision on the IRP. It will go on indefinitely.
- Q. Didn't I recall you indicating earlier it was going to be at least 30 years; is that correct?
  - A. No. I don't think so.
- Q. How long will it take Columbia to recover the costs associated with replacing approximately the 300,000 prone-to-leak risers in the Columbia service territory?
- A. The asset life is about 30 years. That's what we were talking about. That doesn't mean it's the same as the program life. It just simply means that's the asset life. That's different.
- Q. So how long does the company project under your study that it will take to recover the costs associated with replacing all the risers that are leaking and prone to leak?
- A. It takes approximately 30 years from the date of investment.
- Q. Okay. At the -- at any point during
  those 30 years do you estimate the cost to be more

than 25 cents a month?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

Я

9

10

11

12

13

1.4

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- A. Yes.
- Q. Do you know how much a customer will pay over the entire 30-year period --
  - A. No.
  - Q. -- to replace risers?
  - A. No.
    - Q. Can I determine that from your study?
- A. Looking at the study it appears that it will increase at a rate of approximately 5 cents per year. You could extrapolate that and come to the conclusion it would be approximately a dollar and a half after 30 years per customer per month.
- Q. So if I wanted to get a total cost, I would start with 5 cents per month in the first year so that would be 5 times 12 which is 60 cents, correct, for year one?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And then for each ensuing year I would increase from -- I would increase a penny each month so in the second year it would be 6 cents a month or is it 10 cents a month in the second year?
  - A. 10 cents a month.
    - Q. 10 cents so I would get -- so in year two

it would be 10 cents times 12 or a dollar 20, 1. 2 correct? 3 That's correct. 4 And if I did that for the 30 years so Ο. 5 that we don't bog down the transcript, that's how I could get an estimate of how much each individual 6 7 customer would pay, correct? 8 Α. That's correct. 9 MR. SERIO: That's all I have. Thank 10 you, your Honor. 11 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you. 12 Ms. Hammerstein? 13 MS. HAMMERSTEIN: Could I have just one 14 second, your Honor, please? 15 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Yes, you may. 16 17 CROSS-EXAMINATION 18 By Ms. Hammerstein: 19 Would any reduction in depreciation Q. 20 expense over time be reflected in that 5 cent 21 increase that you were talking about with Mr. Serio? 22 I am not sure I understand the question. 23 Could you --24 You stated that if you were to Q. \_

- extrapolate over the 30-year period, you would eventually reach about a dollar 50 a month.
  - A. That's correct.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

- Q. You said that would be reached by a 5 cents -- I think 5 cents a month over that 30-year period increase; is that correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Did you figure in there any reduction in depreciation expense into that?
- A. I did not figure any reduction in depreciation rate --
  - Q. Rate, excuse me.
- A. -- into that calculation, no. If -- I did base the calculation on Columbia's net investment in the plan which is net of depreciation of the plan.
- MS. HAMMERSTEIN: Okay. I don't have anything further. Thank you, your Honor.
- ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.
- Mr. Creekmur, redirect?
- MR. CREEKMUR: No further questions, your
  Honor, and I would like to move for the admission of
  Columbia Exhibit No. 6.
- 23 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Any
- 24 | objections?

	· -
1	Hearing none Columbia Exhibit 6 will be
2	admitted.
3	(EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
4	ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: You may step
5	down. Thank you very much.
6	Mr. Creekmur, you may call your next
7	witness.
8	MR. CREEKMUR: Your Honor, Columbia would
9	like to call Thomas Brown to the stand, please.
10	ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Good morning.
11	You are still under oath. You may be seated.
12	MR. CREEKMUR: Your Honor, I would also
13	request that the prepared rebuttal testimony of
14	Thomas Brown as filed on November 19, 2007, be marked
15	for identification as Columbia Exhibit No. 7, please.
16	ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: It will be so
17	marked.
18	(EXHIBIT HEREBY MARKED FOR
19	IDENTIFICATION PURPOSES.)
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	

THOMAS J. BROWN, JR.

called as a witness on rebuttal, being previously
duly sworn, testified further as follows:

#### DIRECT EXAMINATION

By Mr. Creekmur:

1

4

5

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

- Q. Mr. Brown, would you please state your name and spell it for the record.
  - A. Thomas Brown, T-H-O-M-A-S B-R-O-W-N.
  - Q. And, Mr. Brown, do you have with you a copy of your prepared rebuttal testimony with you today?
    - A. Yes, I do.
  - Q. If I were to ask you those questions, would your answers be the same?
    - A. Yes.
    - Q. Do you have any corrections to that prefiled testimony?
      - A. No, I do not.
    - MR. CREEKMUR: Your Honor, I would like to make Mr. Brown available for cross-examination and move for admission of Columbia Exhibit No. 7 subject to cross.
- 23 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Mr. Settineri? 24 MR. SETTINERI: Yes.

## CROSS-EXAMINATION

<sup>2</sup> By Mr. Settineri:

- Q. Good morning, Mr. Brown.
- A. Good morning.
- Q. Mr. Brown, would you agree with me that Mr. Ramsey as operational compliance manager of Columbia Gas is more familiar with safety issues related to gas pipelines than you?
  - A. Yes.
- MR. SETTINERI: No further questions,
  your Honor.
- 12 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.
- Mr. Aveni?
- MR. AVENI: Yes, thank you, your Honor.

15

16

18

20

21

22

23

24

1

3

5

6

7

8

9

## CROSS-EXAMINATION

17 By Mr. Aveni:

- Q. Good morning, Mr. Brown.
- A. Good morning.
  - Q. Turning your attention to page 2 of your testimony -- excuse me, the bottom of page 1, let's start beginning with the answer. Bottom of page 1, line 21 through top of page 2, line 3, you are talking there about a -- about some testimony that

- had occurred in the hearing, and you described the
  current system before the IRP. You talk about a
  "current anomalous system of bifurcated
  company/customer responsibility for repair or
  replacement of jurisdictional natural gas
  distribution facilities." Do you see that?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. What do you mean by jurisdictional natural gas distribution facilities?
- A. Facilities that are -- are covered by the pipeline safety regulations.
- Q. Okay. And what is it that you meant by anomalous? What's anomalous about the current system?
- A. My understanding is that Ohio unlike nearly every other jurisdiction the local distribution companies do not currently have the ownership and financial responsibility for repair and replacement of customer service lines.
  - Q. And what do you base that on, sir?
  - A. General knowledge of the industry.
- Q. Okay. So it's your understanding that other states treat customer service lines and service lines that lead up to the residences differently than

- Ohio does?
- <sup>2</sup> A. Yes.
- Q. And that's the anomaly you are referring
- ∮ | to?

5

9

10

11

12

16

17

18

19

- A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. Are you familiar with historical property rights in states other than the state of Ohio, sir?
  - A. Not specifically.
  - Q. Okay. You are an attorney; is that correct?
  - A. Yes, I am.
- Q. Okay. You are aware that today
  individual property owners own the customer service
  lines on their property; is that right?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. Do you have any idea -- and that's been true for I think the last 100 years or so at a minimum from the testimony we received earlier from this case, right?
- A. I am not sure we were able to trace it back 100 years but certainly a significant time period.
- Q. Okay. Are you familiar with the property

ownership rights of any other state other than Ohio for our comparable significant period as to who owns the customer service lines?

- A. No.
- Q. Okay. Are you familiar with private property rights as to other states in terms of their ability historically to preclude LDCs from entering onto their property if they don't want it to happen?
  - A. No.

MR. AVENI: I don't have any further questions for you. Thank you, sir.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Mr. Serio?

MR. SERIO: Thank you, your Honor.

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

10

11

12

13

1

3

4

5

6

## CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Serio:

- Q. Good morning, Mr. Brown.
- A. Good morning.
- Q. If you would turn to page 1 of your testimony, at line 21 you use the term "self-serving assertions." Can you define what you mean by that?
- A. I guess what I meant there was testimonies or statements that I did not believe had any demonstrated basis in fact.

Q. Do you believe that the IRP as proposed by Columbia and as captured by the stipulation with the staff provides benefits to Columbia Gas of Ohio?

- A. I think there are benefits certainly in the context of a better way of monitoring and managing the safety of our system.
- Q. Are there any financial benefits for Columbia that you are aware of?
- A. I think there would be a financial aspect of a quicker way to recover through rates the costs of replacing the risers prone to leakage compared to having to file multiple rate cases.
- Q. To the extent that the IRP would permit Columbia to recover the cost of replacing risers without addressing the question as to whether Columbia had any liability from putting the type A field-assembled risers on its approved materials list, would that constitute a financial benefit for Columbia?

THE WITNESS: Could I have that question read back, please.

(Question read.)

MR. CREEKMUR: Your Honor, I am going to object to that question on the basis that I don't

believe the Commission has the authority to determine a product's liability issue.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Mr. Serio.

MR. SERIO: Well, your Honor, I think USP and ABC have argued the Commission doesn't have the authority to take private property, so if it's not a pertinent question, everything that USP and ABC has done is impertinent and we would have to go back and eliminate about 90 percent of the record so whether the Commission ultimately has jurisdiction or not seems to me to be secondary. And my question simply is the question of does Columbia get a financial benefit from it. Whether there is any product's liability responsibility and who has jurisdiction over it are questions that haven't been raised at this time.

MR. CREEKMUR: Your Honor, my point was simply if the Commission approves the IRP, that certainly does not negate the opportunity for interested parties to file a product's liability lawsuit in the appropriate venue, therefore, render Mr. Serio's question irrelevant.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: I am going to allow the question.

I don't think the IRP has any impact one 1 Α. 2 way or the other on that issue. So you don't believe the IRP would 3 Q. preclude any products liability action in another 5 form; is that correct? 6 I don't believe so. 7 MR. SERIO: That's all I have, your 8 Honor. 9 Thank you, Mr. Brown. 10 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you. 11 Ms. Hammerstein? 12 13 CROSS-EXAMINATION 14 By Ms. Hammerstein: 15 Good morning, Mr. Brown. Ο. 16 A. Good morning. 17 Q. Do you have any knowledge, say, based on 18 Columbia's previous provision of warranty services to 19 its customers through a subsidiary of approximately 20 how many Columbia customers subscribe to that 21 service? 22 MR. AVENI: Your Honor, I am going to 23 object. This is friendly cross. 24 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: I am going to

```
1
    allow the question but let's not go too far from it.
                MS. HAMMERSTEIN: That's all I wanted to
2
3
    know.
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: That's fine.
5
           Α.
                No.
6
                MS. HAMMERSTEIN: Excuse me just one
    second, your Honor.
8
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY:
                                             Yés.
                Do you -- pardon me. Do you know --
9
           Q.
10
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Excuse me
11
    just a minute. Can we go off the record?
12
                 (Discussion off the record.)
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Let's go back
13
14
    on the record. I apologize for the interruption.
15
    You were talking.
16
                MS. HAMMERSTEIN: Thank you. Yes, your
17
    Honor.
18
                Mr. Brown, what knowledge, if any, do you
           Ο.
19
    have regarding what customers know about ownership of
20
    customer service lines?
21
                I guess the answer to that would be my
22
    general understanding from being involved in with
23
    Columbia for more than 30 years some experience or
24
    involvement with consumer complaints, you know --
```

Ms.

MR. AVENI: Your Honor, if I may, I would like to render an objection and move to strike. None of this pertains to any testimony that -- that is in the record on rebuttal.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY:

Hammerstein, can you link it to some rebuttal testimony?

MR. AVENI: The testimony in rebuttal pertains specifically and exclusively to matters of customer service line safety and cost efficiencies.

MS. HAMMERSTEIN: Well, your Honor, I think it's relevant in terms of safety issues on what a customer's knowledge is about ownership or lack thereof of their -- of customer service lines. And with regard to the portion of Mr. Brown's testimony where he talks about self-serving statements, you know, it goes to, you know, whether or not customers even realize they need to purchase warranty services to cover those service lines.

MR. PETRICOFF: Your Honor, I would like to join in the objection and note that this is also -- the staff has the same position as the company on this issue, so it's almost friendly by its operation, its nature.

```
1
                MR. SERIO: Your Honor, if I could be
2
            I don't know if I am joining the objection,
3
    but Mr. Brown indicated his term -- use of the term
4
    self-serving indicating he didn't think there was any
5
    material supporting what Mr. Riley was saying.
6
    the extent what he used as self-serving has expanded
7
    beyond that, I guess I would like the opportunity to
8
    explore just how far that goes because I didn't ask
9
    any more questions because he specifically said all
10
    he was saying was that it wasn't -- he didn't see any
11
    material fact to it and not that it could be expanded
12
    to cover any other topics.
13
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: I am going to
14
    sustain the objection.
15
                MR. AVENI: Thank you, your Honor.
16
                MS. HAMMERSTEIN: That's all.
                                                Thank you,
17
    your Honor.
18
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY:
                                             Thank you.
19
                Redirect?
20
                MR. CREEKMUR: No questions, your Honor,
21
    and Columbia at this time would move to admit
22
    Columbia's Exhibit No. 7, please.
23
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY:
24
    objections?
```

```
Columbia Exhibit No. 7 will be admitted.
1
2
                 (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
3
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: And you may
4
    step down.
                Thank you.
5
                Let's go off the record.
                 (Discussion off the record.)
6
7
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Mr.
8
    Petricoff, you may call your witness.
9
                MR. PETRICOFF: Thank you, your Honor.
10
    At this time I would like to call Carter T. Funk to
    the stand. And, your Honor, while Mr. Funk is making
11
12
    his way to the stand I would like to have a document
13
    that is entitled surrebuttal testimony of Carter T.
14
    Funk marked as Utility Service Partners Exhibit
15
    No. 5.
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: It will be so
16
    marked.
17
18
                 (EXHIBIT HEREBY MARKED FOR
19
                IDENTIFICATION PURPOSES.)
20
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Mr. Funk, I
21
    would remind you you are still under oath.
22
                MR. FUNK: I understand, your Honor.
23
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: You may
24
    proceed.
```

## CARTER T. FUNK

called as a witness on surrebuttal, being previously
duly sworn, testified further as follows:

#### DIRECT EXAMINATION

By Mr. Petricoff:

1

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- Q. Mr. Funk, could you please state your name and your business address for the record.
- A. My name is Carter T. Funk, and I reside at 503 Turnberry Lane, St. Augustine, Florida.
- Q. You have with you a copy of the document that has now been marked as Utility Service Partners Exhibit No. 5?
  - A. I do.
- Q. Is that your direct prepared surrebuttal testimony?
  - A. It is.
  - Q. Are there any corrections or amendments you would like to make to that document?
    - A. No, there are not.
  - Q. If I would ask you the same questions as are listed on this document, would your answers be the same?
  - A. Yes, they would.
- MR. PETRICOFF: Thank you.

1 Your Honor, the witness is available for 2 cross-examination. 3 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you. Mr. Creekmur? MR. CREEKMUR: Thank you, your Honor. 5 6 7 CROSS-EXAMINATION 8 By Mr. Creekmur: 9 0. Mr. Funk, are you able to hear me okay? 10 Α. I can hear you fine. 11 Okay. Mr. Funk, do you agree that bare Q. 12 steel service lines never present a safety hazard? 13 Do I agree that bare steel service lines Α. 14 never present one? When they are leaking, they could 15 be a safety hazard. 16 MS. HAMMERSTEIN: Your Honor, could I 17 have that read, please, the response. 18 (Answer read.) 19 And, Mr. Funk, it would be inaccurate to Q. 20 say corrosion and bare steel service lines never 21 cause a safety hazard? 22 It sounds like a double negative. 23 would be inaccurate they never cause. In other words -- I will rephrase the 0.

- question for you. Corrosion and bare steel service lines can present a safety hazard?
  - A. Yes, it can.

- Q. Mr. Funk, are you familiar with the policies and procedures Columbia will implement under its IRP if it is approved?
- A. Only what I have heard in testimony and read in testimony.
- Q. So it's fair to assume you are not qualified to testify as to how that IRP will operate; is that correct?
- A. I don't believe it's been fully developed how it's going to operate so, yeah, I don't know that anyone could testify to that, that's correct.
- Q. To the extent it is developed, you would not be qualified to testify to its operationals -- to its operation?
- A. I think if there is things that are laid out, which some have been, that I would be qualified to say whether those make sense or whether they do not. The things that are not yet developed obviously I can't comment on.
- Q. Mr. Funk, on page 3 of your surrebuttal testimony, line 3, you state shortcuts -- and I will

paraphrase, shortcuts could include not using approved material. Mr. Funk, are you aware that under the IRP Columbia will provide employees and contractors with the necessary materials?

A. No, I was not.

MR. CREEKMUR: No further questions, your

7 Honor.

1

2

3

4

5

6

8

q

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.

Ms. Hammerstein?

MS. HAMMERSTEIN: I have no questions,

thank you, your Honor.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Mr. Serio?

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

24

12

### CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Serio:

Q. Mr. Funk, from your review of the application and all the testimony is there anywhere that you are aware of that indicated that Columbia would provide the materials to contractors under the IRP?

A. I do not recall seeing that, no.

MR. SERIO: That's all I have. Thank

you, your Honor.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.

```
Mr. Aveni, I assume you have nothing?
                 MR. AVENI: I have nothing, thank you,
3
    your Honor.
4
                 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY:
5
    Petricoff, any redirect?
6
                 MR. PETRICOFF: Yes, your Honor.
                                                    Thank
7
    you.
8
9
                      REDIRECT EXAMINATION
10
    By Mr. Petricoff:
11
           Q.
                 Mr. Funk, can you list for me -- can you
12
    tell me whether or not you have read all of the
13
    testimony that Columbia has filed in this case?
14
                 All the testimony, I have read most of
15
    it, but I don't think I have read it all.
16
           Q.
                 How about the application, did you read
17
    the application?
18
           Α.
                 Yes.
19
                 MR. PETRICOFF: No further questions.
20
    Thank you, your Honor.
21
                 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.
22
                 Mr. Creekmur?
23
                 MR. CREEKMUR: Thank you, your Honor.
24
```

#### RECROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Creekmur:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

- Q. Mr. Funk, your statement, to clarify, that shortcuts could include not using approved materials would be an assumption; is that correct?
- A. My experience in the past that has occurred, so it would be assumption that it could occur again, yes.
- Q. None of the IRP is, your assumption, that unapproved materials could be used, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- MR. CREEKMUR: No further questions, your Honor. No further questions, your Honor. Excuse me.
- 14 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Ms.
- 15 | Hammerstein?
- MS. HAMMERSTEIN: No questions, thank
- <sup>17</sup> | you.
- 18 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Mr. Serio?
- Mr. Aveni?
- MR. AVENI: None, thank you, your Honor.
- 21 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: You may step
- 22 down. Thank you very much.
- Mr. Petricoff, you may call your next
- 24 | witness.

```
MR. PETRICOFF: At this time I would like
1
2
    to call Mr. Phipps to the stand.
3
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Good morning,
    Mr. Phipps. I would remind you you are under oath.
4
5
    You may be seated.
6
                MR. PETRICOFF: Your Honor, at this time
7
    I would like to have marked as Exhibit -- I'm sorry,
8
    Utility Service Partners Exhibit No. 6 the
9
    surrebuttal testimony of Timothy W. Phipps.
10
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: It will be so
11
    marked.
12
                 (EXHIBIT HEREBY MARKED FOR
13
                IDENTIFICATION PURPOSES.)
14
15
                       TIMOTHY W. PHIPPS
16
    called as a witness on surrebuttal, being previously
17
    duly sworn, testified further as follows:
18
                       DIRECT EXAMINATION
19
    By Mr. Petricoff:
20
                Good morning, Mr. Phipps. Do you have
           Q.
21
    with you a copy of the document that's just been
22
    marked Utility Service Partners Exhibit No. 6?
23
                Yes, I do.
           Α.
24
           Q.
                Is that your direct -- I'm sorry.
```

- that your surrebuttal testimony?

  A. Yes, it is.
- Q. Do you have any changes or amendments to make to it?
  - A. No.
  - Q. If I were to ask you the same questions that are listed there, would your answers be the same?
    - A. Yes.
- MR. PETRICOFF: Your Honor, the witness
  is available for cross-examination.
- 12 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.
- Mr. Creekmur?
- MR. CREEKMUR: Thank you, your Honor.

16

20

21

22

23

24

5

6

7

R

9

## CROSS-EXAMINATION

- 17 By Mr. Creekmur:
- Q. Good morning, Mr. Phipps.
- 19 A. Good morning.
  - Q. Mr. Phipps, as the owner-operator and president of Utility Solutions of Ohio, Incorporated, does USO contract with plumbers to repair or replace customer service lines?
    - A. Contract with?

Q. Plumbers.

- A. With plumbers, no. We do that ourselves.
- Q. So USO only uses in-house employees to repair or replace customer service lines?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. And do those employees in your opinion qenerally do a quality job?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And if you learn that a specific employee failed to do a quality job, would you have the authority to fire that individual?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Does that ability of yours, or whoever is responsible that might be within USO, that ability to manage serve as a deterrent to your employees or contractors to continually strive for quality work?
  - A. Yes, it does.
- Q. Mr. Phipps, are you aware of instances today where an inspection occurs after Columbia sets, adjusts, and tests a pressure regulator?
- A. Could you repeat that, please.

  MR. CREEKMUR: Could you read that back,
  please.

(Question read.)

- A. Yeah. They check and adjust, I guess, to make sure that the regulator is operating properly when they return -- before they turn the gas on to a new meter set.
- Q. And, Mr. Phipps, my question specifically was is there an inspection that occurs after that that you are aware of?
- A. After Columbia test checks, it turns it on. No.
  - Q. Yes, sir.
- A. No.

- Q. Thank you. Mr. Phipps, are you familiar with Columbia's training for employees and contractors?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And the basis for your knowledge?
- A. I worked for Columbia Gas for 20 years, and I have been in the plumbing business and gas business for about 25 now so.
- Q. And, Mr. Phipps, in your surrebuttal testimony on page 3, lines 3 and 4, you state that you are "not aware of any specialized training offered under the OQ certification process for inspecting and testing a meter set." Mr. Phipps, are

you aware whether Columbia's employees or contractors are trained for the inspecting and testing of a meter set?

- A. Of the meter set specifically or for a regulated meter setting?
  - Q. A meter set.
- A. A meter set, yes, it is covered under OQ.

  MR. CREEKMUR: No further questions, your

  Honor.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.

Ms. Hammerstein?

MS. HAMMERSTEIN: I think Mr. Reilly.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Mr. Reilly.

MR. REILLY: Thank you, your Honor.

15

16

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1

3

5

7

10

11

12

13

14

# CROSS-EXAMINATION

17 | By Mr. Reilly:

- Q. Good morning, Mr. Phipps.
- A. Good morning.
- Q. I am Steve Reilly. I am here on behalf of the staff of the Public Utilities Commission. I just have a few questions for you. I would like you to direct your attention to page 1, question 4, question and answer 4 to your testimony. Do you see

that? Actually it's part of the answer to question
4, lines -- lines 11 to 15 on page 1 and then 1 to 12
on page 2. Would you take a look at those.

Have you had a chance to review that?

A. Uh-huh.

1.

2.4

- Q. Is it safe to say, Mr. Phipps, that you'd view Columbia as the linchpin of the current system in making it work?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. So you have a fairly high regard for their ability to make the safety system work in this state, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And I would like to now direct your attention, if I can, to the question -- answer to number -- to your answer 4 to your question 4, lines 4 -- on page 2, lines 4 to the end of the page. And as I -- as I understand your testimony, one of the big benefits that Columbia provides are inspections; is that correct?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. And as I also understand your testimony, one of the -- one of the reasons the inspections are so important is because the sub --

- the contractors who actually go out and perform the work can't be trusted; is that correct?
  - MR. AVENI: Objection to the form, your Honor. Pardon me. I will withdraw the objection.
- MR. PETRICOFF: But I will object,
  mischaracterization of testimony.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Can you rephrase, please?

- Q. Mr. Phipps, could I direct your attention to page 2 of your testimony, lines 3 to 6. The -- the -- could you take a look at that.
  - A. Uh-huh.

- Q. You say there that "without Columbia's independent inspection, there is the potential that a contractor may take shortcuts."
  - A. That's true.
  - Q. Okay. Why does that potential exist?
- A. Well, because I believe without the oversight or somebody coming back in my experience with Columbia working out in the field to test service lines, this is the sort of thing you see that contractors do that they can be taking shortcuts.
- Q. Okay. Would you say it is a fair characterization then to say that people cannot trust

- the contractors currently?
- A. No, I am not saying you can't trust them.
- 3 | You are putting all contractors together. I mean,
- 4 | there are probably some bad eggs out there but who
- 5 knows where they are at. I couldn't say --
  - Q. Have you ever taken shortcuts?
- 7 A. No.
- Q. Have you ever known anybody to take
- 9 | shortcuts?

1

б

- A. Yes.
- 11 Q. Okay. Many?
- A. A few. I couldn't really put a number on
- 13 it, but I do know of a few.
- Q. So okay. What percentage would you put
- 15 on it?
- 16 A. That would be kind of difficult to say, I
- 17 | mean.
- Q. You can't put a percentage on it?
- 19 A. I would say probably 20, 30 percent. Out
- of every 10 you may have 2.
- Q. So a third?
- A. Yeah, possibly.
- O. A third of the contractors cannot be
- 24 | trusted; is that what you are saying? Is that your

1 | testimony?

MR. PETRICOFF: Objection,

3 | mischaracterization of the answer.

4 MR. REILLY: I think I am following his

5 testimony.

MR. PETRICOFF: He testified a third take

<sup>7</sup> | shortcuts.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: If he disagrees with the question --

- A. Yeah. Let me -- the way I feel you are putting the word trust in there. I didn't say they couldn't be trusted. I said that they could take shortcuts. There is a difference.
- Q. So if somebody takes a shortcut as you use the term in your testimony, you do not mean they are doing a shoddy job.
- A. No. I believe they are doing a shoddy job.
- Q. Okay. If somebody takes a shortcut as you use the term in your testimony, are they performing -- are they performing the way they are supposed to perform?
- 23 A. No.
- Q. Okay. I guess I am a little confused,

Mr. Phipps. You would trust someone who does not perform the way they are supposed to perform?

- A. I am only saying that if somebody comes out there and they take a shortcut, Columbia Gas pulls up and they test and check everything very thoroughly is what they do and so it's immaterial whether they took a shortcut or not because the gas company checks everything that they do. I have been on both ends of that, and they are very thorough about their checks. Their people are trained.
- Q. Okay. So you would give -- strike that.

  Do you have -- so Columbia is very
  thorough in the way it implements its
  responsibilities under the current system in your
  opinion, correct?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. Do you have any reason to believe they would not be thorough in implementing the IRP?
- A. I don't know all of the details of the IRP, so I really couldn't comment on that.
- Q. In your experience with Columbia,
  Columbia has been thorough in completing their
  responsibilities; that's your testimony, correct?
  - A. As far as testing to turn gas back on,

yes.

1

2

3

4

5

б

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- Q. Okay. So you don't have any reason to believe that Columbia would not be thorough in performing its duties under the IRP, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Now, let me ask you, Mr. Phipps, plumbers charge for the duties they perform currently, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. Do you have any reason to believe those charges would change under the IRP if the IRP is approved?
- A. I really couldn't comment on that because that's speculation. I don't --
- Q. Do you have any plans to change your charges?
  - A. No.
- Q. Mr. Phipps, I probably pointed this out in prior testimony, about how long have you been involved performing work on gas lines?
  - A. Oh, I was a meter reader for two years.
  - Q. Excuse me?
- A. I said I was a meter reader for Columbia
  Gas for two years, so I didn't work on any gas lines

- 1 | during that period so probably 23 years total.
- Q. And the reason the leaks are repaired -
  strike that.
- And your action with gas lines is to repair gas leaks on gas lines?
  - A. That's correct.
    - Q. And you have done that for 23 years.
      - A. Yeah, in some form or another.
  - Q. Sure. And one of the reasons for repairing gas leaks on gas lines is to -- is safety; is that not correct?
- 12 A. That's correct.
- Q. As far as you know?
- 14 A. Yes.

6

7

8

9

10

- Q. Have you ever seen a fire from -involved with a gas line?
- 17 A. Yes.
- Q. Does it create -- and have you ever seen a fire at a house from a gas line?
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. In your opinion -- have you seen more than one?
- A. I have seen the aftermath of more than one.

1	Q.	Okay. Does a fire at a house create a
2	danger to ot	ther residences in the immediate vicinity?
3	Α.	Yes.
4		MR. REILLY: Nothing further, your Honor.
5	Thank you.	
6		ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.
7		Mr. Serio?
8		MR. SERIO: Thank you, your Honor.
9		
10		CROSS-EXAMINATION
11	By Mr. Serio	);
12	Q.	Good morning, Mr. Phipps.
13	Α.	Good morning.
14	Q.	A couple of questions, you indicated that
15	Columbia do	es a very thorough review of the work that
16	contractors	such as yourself do; is that correct?
17	Α.	Yes.
18	Q.	And you presume that if a contractor
19	takes a shor	ctcut, Columbia is going to uncover any
20	problems tha	at might arise from that shortcut, right?
21	A.	That is correct. That's why they do the
22	check. That	t's why they do the test.
23	Q.	That's as a result of both the inspection

and the pressure test, correct?

A. Correct.

б

- Q. At the top of your testimony, page 2, you indicate that Columbia performs the pressure test to the service line and the risers. What's your understanding of why Columbia performs the pressure test?
- A. Well, first and foremost would be to make sure that there was no leakage and, secondly, would be to assure that the piping that was used didn't have a malfunction or, you know, a problem in the product itself.
- Q. And when you worked for Columbia, did you ever do a pressure test?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And was your understanding of why
  Columbia did a pressure test when you worked for them
  the same as what you just indicated in your previous
  answer?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And then the next paragraph you talk about the inspection of the meter set. You are talking about a visual inspection there, correct?
  - A. Yes.

MR. SERIO: Thank you. That's all I

	$oxed{1}$	
1	have.	
2	ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.	
3	Mr. Aveni?	
4	MR. AVENI: None, your Honor, thank you.	
5	ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Mr.	
6	Petricoff?	
7	MR. PETRICOFF: A couple of questions,	
8	thank you, your Honor.	
9		
10	REDIRECT EXAMINATION	
11	By Mr. Petricoff:	
12	Q. Mr. Phipps, in your experience do well	
13	trained, trustable plumbers ever make mistakes?	
14	A. Ever make mistakes?	
15	Q. In terms of installation or repairing of	
16	a gas service line.	
17	A. It's possible they could make a mistake,	
18	but it's not I would say it wouldn't be a high	
19	percentage of times.	
20	Q. Would such mistakes be observed and	
21	corrected if there was an independent inspection?	
22	A. Yes.	
23	Q. Does the fact that there is going to be	

an independent inspection serve to deter people

- taking -- I'm sorry, qualified plumbers taking
  shortcuts?
  - A. Absolutely, yes.

11.

- Q. Can you take a shortcut if you are using approved material?
- A. If you were actually using approved material, no.
  - Q. Like can you still do a shortcut?
- A. Could you -- not if you were use -- well, yeah, I guess you could because you could do an improper testing procedure, use the right test but test at the wrong pressure at the wrong time, you know, the other things that go along with it.
- Q. Would that be a shortcut that you would do to save time, not perform all of the testing that's necessary?
  - A. Exactly, yes.
- Q. It's deer season right now. Is there more of a tendency to see that in deer season or at other times of the year among qualified plumbers?
- A. I couldn't speculate on that, but it's a possibility.
- Q. One last question, are you aware of any specialized training offered under the OQ

certification process for inspecting and testing a regulated meter set?

A. No.

MR. PETRICOFF: No further questions, thank you, your Honor.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.

Mr. Creekmur?

MR. CREEKMUR: Just one moment, please, your Honor.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Yes.

11.

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

10

1

3

б

7

9

# RECROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Creekmur:

- Q. Mr. Phipps, are you aware of whether
  Columbia puts its employees or contractors through a
  training for inspecting and testing a regulated meter
  set?
  - A. Employees, yes, I am aware of that.
  - Q. You are aware of that?
  - A. Uh-huh.
- Q. So Columbia does put its employees through training for inspecting and testing a regulated meter set; is that correct?
  - A. Yes.

Q. And, Mr. Phipps, the shortcuts that Mr. Petricoff momen -- shortly ago referenced, are those material in your opinion?

1.

- A. If I -- it could be both. It could be either testing or materials. I guess to extrapolate on that I guess the way it happens, actually could happen and does happen in the field, would be that, okay, you are complying with approved materials, but the point I was making is that, okay, somebody didn't pick up the proper fitting that they were supposed to use, but they had one that another gas company accepts on their truck, they know that it's for gas or it will work, they grab it and put it in there, if there is no checking, if there is no checks and balances there, then, you know, there would be nothing to prevent somebody from doing that, I guess.
- Q. So am I correct that it might be an immaterial shortcut in your opinion?
- A. No, because you are supposed to use approved material, something from the approved material list that Columbia Gas supplies to, you know, contractors.
- Q. Are there immaterial shortcuts ever, or are they all material?

- A. Well, I think that there's -- any shortcut is not good so you are asking me in the physical material part, are you saying it's immaterial if somebody makes a shortcut?
- Q. Is it important or could shortcuts be deemed insignificant, unimportant?
  - A. No.

1.0

- Q. So the shortcuts would always be significant?
  - A. Yes. Could be potentially.
- Q. Well, Mr. Phipps, I am confused. If they could be significant, then are you saying they could be insignificant?
  - A. No.
- Q. So they are always significant, the shortcuts?
- A. Yeah. I mean, if it was your house, you probably wouldn't want somebody to come and put the wrong material or align improperly, so I think that's significant no matter, you know -- no matter what you are doing. I guess the visual part of it is, you know -- and my experience at Columbia Gas is that Columbia comes out, they look at that, and I have personally done it, find somebody using the wrong

- 1 material not purposefully but they had it on their 2 truck, it was for gas, it was approved by the AGA but 3 not in the approved materials list, so if somebody from Columbia is not looking at that, my concern is 5 that it would go, you know, unknown, for instance, your main line crews now have an inspector on every 7 job from Columbia Gas to oversee that all the 8 material and everything is done to their specs. You 9 lose that checks and balances if somebody is not 10 following up the work. I would feel comfortable 11 reestablishing service, but I think that that checks 12 and balances is good for even the best plumber.
  - Q. Mr. Phipps, let's go back to your example you mentioned a few moments ago, a plumber and his truck might have a cap, you said.
  - A. A fitting of any part, a pressure fitting, or you know.
    - Q. That might not be on the approved list.
    - A. Yes.

14

15

16

17

19

20

21

22

23

- Q. But it may be on some other company's approved list, so they go ahead to use it to save time and trouble.
  - A. Correct.
    - Q. Would that indicate to you some plumbers

1 lack motivation to do a quality or thorough job? 2 Α. Yes. 3 And did you think that motivation would exist in plumbers if Columbia had the ability to fire 5 that plumber? 6 If they knew that they did it but there's 7 not going to be anybody looking at it to know that 8 they used the wrong part. 9 Q. Mr. Phipps, I just ask you to answer the 10 question, please. Assuming that Columbia knows an 11 unapproved material was used or a shortcut was taken, 12 would that render these plumbers to do a quality job? 13 Sure, if they knew that it was there, Α. 14 yeah. 15 MR. CREEKMUR: No further questions, your 16 Honor. 17 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you. 18 Mr. Reilly? 19 MR. REILLY: Thank you, your Honor. 20 21 RECROSS-EXAMINATION 22 By Mr. Reilly: 23 Mr. Phipps, in response to 24 Mr. Petricoff's questions you were talking -- you

were talking with him about times of the year when shortcuts are more likely. Do you recall that question?

A. Yes.

- Q. In responding to that question have you performed any investigations of times of the year when shortcuts are more likely among plumbers in repairing gas lines?
- A. Only my experience with Columbia, I was a field operations leader, so all the guys that was out there doing the work, you know, you would hear, you know, different -- that's not just deer -- specifically deer season. I mean, I -- it could be any different time that somebody would take a shortcut.
- Q. So your response to Mr. Petricoff's questions were based upon anecdotal -- anecdotal comments you have heard over the years, correct?
  - A. To that specific question, yes.
- MR. REILLY: Nothing further. Thank you, Mr. Phipps.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Mr. Serio?

MR. SERIO: No, thank you, your Honor.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Mr. Aveni?

```
MR. AVENI: None, thank you, your Honor.
1
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: And that
2
3
    means we are through. You may step down.
                THE WITNESS:
                               Thank you.
                MR. PETRICOFF: Your Honor, at this time
5
    I would move to admit both Exhibit 5 and Exhibit 6.
6
7
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Any
    objections?
8
9
                Hearing none both USP Exhibit 5 and USP
    Exhibit 6 will be admitted.
10
                 (EXHIBITS ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
11
12
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: And you may
13
    call your next witness.
                MR. PETRICOFF: Thank you, your Honor.
14
15
    At this time I would like to call to the stand Philip
16
    Riley.
17
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: I would
18
    remind you that you remain under oath.
19
                            Yes, your Honor.
                MR. RILEY:
20
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: You may be
    seated.
21
22
                MR. PETRICOFF: And, your Honor, I would
    like to have Mr. Riley's surrebuttal testimony marked
23
    as USP Exhibit No. 7.
24
```

1 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: It will be so 2 marked. 3 (EXHIBIT HEREBY MARKED FOR 4 IDENTIFICATION PURPOSES.) 5 6 PHILIP E. RILEY, JR. 7 called as a witness on surrebuttal, being previously duly sworn, testified further as follows: 9 DIRECT EXAMINATION 10 By Mr. Petricoff: 11 Could you please state your name and 12 business address for the record. 13 Philip E. Riley, Jr., Utility Service Α. 14 Partners, 480 Johnson Avenue, Suite 100, Washington, 15 Pennsylvania 15301. 16 And, Mr. Riley, you have in front of you 17 a copy of what has been marked as Utility Service 18 Partners Exhibit No. 7? 19 Α. I do. 20 Are there any amendments or changes that 21 you would like to make to that testimony? 22 There are, yes. On page 6, lines 20 and 23 21 through 22, I would like to change the testimony 24 to read "the Design-A riser is typically connected

just below ground, with the customer service line running up to the connection making the demarcation as to ownership of a riser is relatively easy to ascertain."

- Q. Are there any other changes to your testimony?
  - A. There are not.

- Q. With the exception of that amendment if I were to ask you the same questions today as are listed in the document, would your answers be the same?
  - A. They would.

MR. PETRICOFF: Thank you.

Your Honor, the witness is available for cross.

MR. SERIO: Your Honor, could we get that new sentence read again maybe just a little slower, the corrected sentence?

THE WITNESS: Sure. If it would make it simple for you, if you go to line 20 the -- as it reads "the Design-A riser is typically" -- "typically connected" strike the word "above" and insert the words "just below." And then if you go to line 22 where it says "ownership of a riser is" and strike

1 the words "very clear" and insert the words "relatively easy to ascertain." 2 3

MR. SERIO: Thank you.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.

Mr. Creekmur?

MR. CREEKMUR: Thank you, your Honor.

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

5

6

## CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Creekmur:

- Good morning, Mr. Riley.
- Α. Good morning.
- Mr. Riley, it's true, isn't it, that USP Q. has approximately 100,000 warranty contracts in Columbia's service territory?
  - Α. It is.
- And you feel that you are able to speak on behalf of your customers in that -- in this case; is that correct?
- I don't know. I have never really Α. thought of it in that term.
- So you are unable to speak on behalf of your customers?
- I can speak on behalf of Utility Service Partners, what our thoughts and ideas and concerns

- are. I don't believe that the customers have given me any authority to speak on their behalf.
- Q. Mr. Riley, do you know the average cost for a service line replacement or repair for other companies serving Columbia's service territory?
  - A. Only Columbia's estimate of \$1,000.
- Q. Mr. Riley, do you know how many customers Columbia has in Ohio?
  - A. Precisely, no. I know approximately.
- Q. If I told you it was approximately 1.4 million, would you agree with that?
  - A. Yes, I would.
- Q. Mr. Riley, if Columbia has approximately
  1.4 million customers and USP has 100,000 warranty
  contracts, then can you assume that the percentage of
  your customers in our service territory is less than
  10 percent?
  - A. Yes.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- Q. Sir, have you conducted a study of your customers in Columbia's service territory?
  - A. What kind of study?
- Q. A study to understand or better understand their desires or concerns.
  - A. We have done a lot of analysis about the

type of customer that acquires our product, but in
terms of studies about concerns of our customers, no,
we have not.

Q. And, Mr. Riley, as you understand it today, the line of demarcation for customer service line ownership is at the property line; is that correct?

- A. That's my understanding, that is correct.
- Q. And if the IRP is approved, that line of demarcation becomes the meter; is that correct?
- A. Well, it's a little confusing actually because the ownership remains with the customer until Columbia takes some action on the service line.
- Q. Well, Mr. Riley, I am not sure if you answered my question which is if the IRP is approved, the line of demarcation becomes the meter; is that correct?
  - A. The line of demarcation for what?
  - Q. For ownership of a customer service line.
- A. I don't know how to answer that question because if Columbia makes a replacement line, they take over ownership, but my understanding of the IRP Columbia will not own the service line until they actually make a repair or replacement of that service

line, so I don't know how to answer the question. 2 Fair enough, Mr. Riley. Mr. Riley, if -assume the IRP is approved and Columbia makes a repair in your customer service line which is 8 5 inches, the repair is 8 inches. However, your customer service line may be 50 feet. Is it your understanding that as a customer of Columbia, you would no longer have the financial responsibility for any portion of that service line? Yes, that's my understanding. MR. CREEKMUR: No further questions, your 11 12 Honor. 13 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.

Ms. Hammerstein?

MS. HAMMERSTEIN: Could I please have the last question and response read.

(Question and answer read.)

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

14

15

16

17

#### CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Ms. Hammerstein:

- Q. Mr. Riley, USP's warranty services are billed on a monthly basis to its customers, correct?
  - A. Not in all circumstances, no.
  - Q. What other types of billing is done for

the service?

- A. We have customers that pay semi-annually, and we have customers that pay annually.
- Q. The amount that the customers pay on any of those bases -- well, let me start over.

You were present in the hearing room for the testimony back in October, correct?

- A. Yes, I was.
- O. All of it?
- A. No, not for all of it. In fact, I left early on Wednesday.
  - Q. Do you recall -- well, strike that.

The monthly charge whether it's billed on a semi-annual or annual basis for your service is approximately three and a half dollars, correct?

- A. Approximately that is correct.
- Q. Okay. And I believe you heard testimony by Mr. Martin today regarding the charge to Columbia's customers; is that correct, under the IRP program?
  - A. Actually, no. I stepped out of the room.
- Q. Okay. Do you recall -- did you review his testimony?
- A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. Do you recall that that charge was somewhere -- estimated to be somewhere in the neighborhood of 5 cents?
  - A. I do, yes.

- Q. Okay. And your monthly charge to USP customers, that charge covers any potential repairs or replacements of customer service lines; is that correct?
- A. Yes, except for damage that's caused by a third party.
- Q. Okay. And in order to pay for any individual customer's repairs or replacements that are required, you basically aggregate all those fees that you collect; is that correct? In other words, the individual customer's 3 dollars and approximately 50 cents fee doesn't pay -- doesn't cover the cost of any repair individually.
- A. The repair cost would be greater than the \$3.50, yes, that's correct.
- Q. So the fees that you collect from all your customers help pay for the individual repairs that are required at any point in time.
  - A. Yes, that's correct.
  - Q. In your testimony you refer to the

1. Commission's website and Columbia's website. Α. Yes. Okay. Does everyone in Columbia's 0. 4 service territory have access to or have a computer? I really wouldn't know the answer to that 5 Α. 6 question. 7 And would you agree with me that not 0. everyone knows how to use a computer? 8 9 I think that's probably a fair statement. Α. MS. HAMMERSTEIN: That's all. Thank you, 10 11 Mr. Riley. 12 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you. 13 Mr. Serio? 14 MR. SERIO: Thank you. 15 1.6 CROSS-EXAMINATION 17 By Mr. Serio: 18 Good morning, Mr. Riley. 19 Good morning. Α. 20 A couple of questions. Turn to page 5 of Q. your testimony. On line 22, you use the word 21 "responsibility." Can you define what you mean by 22 23 "responsibility" there? 24 It's the responsibility associated with Α.

- the utility's obligation to keep the service line safe.
- Q. Are you talking about a financial responsibility, legal responsibility?

1.4

- A. Oh, no, no. I'm thinking about a regulatory responsibility under DOT regulation.
- Q. And on line 23, you talk about a "duty." Again, can you define what you mean there?
- A. Again, it's the -- it's the same type of thing. It's the utility's obligation for the safety of the pipeline network under DOT regulations.
- Q. And then on page 6 of your testimony,
  line 9, your use of the word "responsibility," would
  that be consistent with your definition relating to
  line 22 on page 5?
- A. Well, I am actually thinking about that a little bit differently in that because Columbia had used the -- provided the -- these specific type of risers under its approved materials list, that they have a great deal of responsibility if there is a problem with them because they approved them and had them on the materials list.
- Q. So your use of the word "responsibility" in this paragraph is different than in other places

of your testimony.

- A. In those examples, yes, they are different, uh-huh.
- Q. And specifically on page 6, lines 9 to 17, your use of the word "responsibility" carries a greater burden on Columbia; is that correct?
- A. You know, I don't know that I would characterize it as a greater burden. I don't think that I would want to minimize the burden that Columbia has for safety as associated with the first type of responsibility that I used. I think that the difference is the responsibility associated for safety under DOT regulations is one that has -- Columbia has to be in compliance and follow the DOT's rules, and so they have a responsibility under those rules to provide safety. The responsibility for the Design-A risers is one in which Columbia made a decision of its own volition to have that particular product on its approved materials list.
- Q. And then on line 11 where you say "we now know that Columbia's approval was a mistake" you are basing that on the fact that the type A risers have been deemed to be more likely to leak even if they are not actually leaking; is that correct?

1 That is correct, yes. Α. 2 MR. SERIO: That's all I have, your 3 Thank you. Honor. Thank you, Mr. Riley. 5 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you. 6 Mr. Aveni? MR. AVENI: None, your Honor. 7 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Mr. Petricoff? Я 9 MR. PETRICOFF: Yes, your Honor. 10 11 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 12 By Mr. Petricoff: 13 Mr. Riley, the \$3.50 per month fee that Q. you -- which was your response to Ms. Hammerstein, 14 does that include the house line as well as the 15 16 service line? 17 Α. It does, yes. 18 So in that regard it's a greater service than what's being offered in the IRP? 19 20 Α. It is, yes. 21 MR. PETRICOFF: No further questions. 22 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you. 23 Mr. Creekmur? 24

## RECROSS-EXAMINATION

2 By Mr. Creekmur:

1.

3

5

6

7

9

10

11

- Q. Mr. Riley, when you say greater service, that troubles me a little because is it true that USP does not provide coverage for dig-ins?
  - A. Yes, that's true.
  - Q. And USP does not provide coverage for acts of God?
    - A. Yes, that's true.
- Q. And USP does not provide coverage for third party -- third party causes of leaks?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Yet you still maintain that your coverage is greater?
- A. We cover -- we cover a broader array of gas line coverage.
- MR. CREEKMUR: No further questions, your
  Honor.
- 19 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.
- Ms. Hammerstein?
- MS. HAMMERSTEIN: Nothing further, thank
- <sup>22</sup> you.
- 23 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Mr. Serio?
- MR. SERIO: Nothing, your Honor, thank

```
1
    you.
2
                MR. AVENI: Nothing, your Honor, thank
3
    you.
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.
5
                You may step down. Thank you very much.
6
                MR. PETRICOFF: Your Honor, at this time
    we would move to admit into evidence Utility Service
7
    Partners Exhibit No. 7.
9
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Objections?
10
                Hearing none it will be admitted.
                 (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
11
12
                MR. PETRICOFF: That completes our
13
    witnesses as to surrebuttal.
14
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: I believe
15
    there are no other surrebuttal witnesses, correct?
16
                Okay. Let's take a 10-minute break and
17
    we will come back and start on the testimony in
1.8
    support of the stipulation.
19
                 (Recess taken.)
20
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Let's go on
21
    the record.
22
                Mr. Creekmur, would you like to call your
23
    first witness.
24
                MR. CREEKMUR: Yes, thank you, your
```

Honor. Columbia Gas of Ohio would like to call 1 2 Michael Ramsey. 3 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Mr. Ramsey, 4 once again, I remind you you are under oath. 5 MR. RAMSEY: Yes, your Honor. 6 MR. CREEKMUR: And, your Honor, I would 7 like to have the prepared direct testimony in support 8 of the stipulation of Michael Ramsey marked for 9 identification as Columbia Exhibit No. 8. 10 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: It will be so 11 marked. 12 (EXHIBIT HEREBY MARKED FOR 13 IDENTIFICATION PURPOSES.) 14 MR. CREEKMUR: Thank you. 15 16 MICHAEL RAMSEY 17 called as a witness in support of the stipulation, 18 being previously duly sworn, testified as follows: 19 DIRECT EXAMINATION 20 By Mr. Creekmur: 21 Ο. Mr. Ramsey, would you please state your 22 name and spell it for the record. 23 Michael, M-I-C-H-A-E-L, Ramsey, 24 R-A-M-S-E-Y.

1 And, Mr. Ramsey, do you have with you Q. 2 today a copy of your direct testimony in support of 3 the stipulation? 4 Α. Yes, I do. 5 0. And if I were to ask you those questions, 6 would your answers be the same today? 7 Yes, they would. Α. 8 And do you have any corrections to that 9 prefiled testimony? 10 No, I do not. Α. 11 MR. CREEKMUR: Your Honor, I would like to make the witness available for cross-examination 12 and move the admission of Columbia Exhibit No. 8 13 14 subject to cross. 15 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you 16 very much. 17 Mr. Howard? 18 Thank you, your Honor. MR. HOWARD: 19 20 CROSS-EXAMINATION By Mr. Howard: 21 22 Q. Good morning, Mr. Ramsey. 23 Α. Good morning.

Would you turn to page 5 of Columbia

24

Q.

Exhibit No. 8, please. And I would direct your attention to the question on line 1 and the answer on lines 2 through 9. In that question and answer your -- you were asked about the impact the changes to the stipulation have on your previous testimony, do you not?

A. Yes.

- Q. If we were to set aside the difference between the stipulation on the one hand and the application on the other as you have described it on lines 2 to 9, if I were to ask you the same questions today from our October 29 hearing when I -- when I asked you some questions about the IRP, would your answers be the same setting aside this one area where you have described there is a difference?
- A. I have not reviewed that testimony, but to the best of my recollection, they would be the same.
- Q. Thank you. On page 5 of your testimony, line 18, you talk about a definition of hazardous customer service lines eliminating "customer confusion regarding ownership of customer service lines." Isn't it true that today the customer has ownership of everything that is on his property

except for the meter setting?

- A. It is true that the customer has responsibility for everything except the regulator and the meter.
- Q. And isn't it true that today any hazardous condition found upstream of the customer's property line is Columbia's responsibility?
  - A. Today?
  - Q. Today.
- A. No. Hazardous conditions today found upstream of the property line are not Columbia's responsibility.
- MR. HOWARD: Could I have that response reread, please?

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Yes

(Answer read.)

- Q. Okay. Mr. Ramsey, let me ask a clarifying question. Is Columbia's company service line the line that runs from the company's distribution main to the customer's property line?
  - A. Yes, it is.
- Q. Okay. And when I say upstream of the customer's property line, I am going to talk about the company's service line and the distribution line.

Do you understand that?

- A. Yes, I previously misunderstood your question.
  - Q. Fair enough. So would it be -- would it be correct to state that any hazardous condition found upstream of the customer's property line is Columbia's responsibility?
    - A. Yes, it is.
  - Q. Now, I want you to turn to I guess look at line 14 on page 5 of your testimony and there you talk about a limitation. Isn't it true that the limitation that you describe in your answer on page 5, line 14, does not change the fact that warranty service providers will no longer be responsible for hazardous customer service line repairs and replacements as of March 1, 2008, under the stipulation and recommendation?
    - A. I believe that's true.
  - Q. On page 5, lines 20 to 23, you state that "there is no operational need for Columbia or the customer to keep track of which lines Columbia has previously worked on, because Columbia's responsibility extends to all customers equally on the basis of whether or not a hazardous condition

- exists." Now, is that statement that I just read, is that true today?
  - A. That statement is directed towards the stipulation if approved.
  - Q. All right. So would it be correct if the stipulation were to be approved?
    - A. I believe so, yes.

1.4

- Q. Now, I want you to now turn to page 2 of your testimony, Columbia Exhibit 8, and on lines 1 to 2 you state "stipulation provides for Columbia's assumption of financial responsibility for only the repair or replacement of customer service lines where a leak or condition in or on the customer service line is determined by Columbia to be a 'Hazardous Customer Service Line Leak' as defined in Columbia's proposed tariff sheet No. 6a attached to the stipulation." Do you see that sentence that I just read?
- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Now, doesn't that sentence that I just read, isn't that contrary to the statement that we just talked about on page 5, lines 20 to 23? And I am focusing on the word "all customers."
  - A. In my opinion I don't see the conflict.

- Q. Mr. Ramsey, on line 22 you state that "Columbia's responsibility extends to all customers equally on the basis of whether or not a hazardous condition exists." Is that true?
  - A. Yes, that's what that says.
- Q. But isn't it true that under the stipulation Columbia is -- is only going to repair or replace customer service lines that are considered hazardous or under the gradation system grades 1 and 2 and 2A?
- A. Under the stipulation as on page 2, line 3, Columbia will replace all of those -- replace or repair service lines that are found to have "Hazardous Customer Service Line Leak" as defined -- redefined in the tariff and that is a different definition than the definition that I provided earlier of the hazardous leak.
- Q. Okay. Now, let's go back to page 5 then. You say there in line 20 "there is no operational need for Columbia or the customer to keep track of which lines Columbia has previously worked on, because Columbia's responsibility extends to all customers equally on the basis of whether or not a hazardous condition exists." I guess I am going to

ask you do you -- do you see any conflict between the statement on page 5 and the statement on page 2?

A. No, I don't.

1.

В

- Q. Mr. Ramsey, I want you to assume that a property owner has a customer service line that has never been repaired or replaced. Under the stipulation and recommendation isn't it true that the property owner may repair the customer service line if he has a nonhazardous leak but he -- but he may do so at his own expense?
  - A. How are you defining nonhazardous?
  - Q. Grade 3.
    - A. That statement is correct then.
- Q. Mr. Ramsey, I am going to ask you if -- I am going to read you a statement, and I want you to tell me if you believe it's true or not. Columbia does not believe that the customer service lines it installs under the stipulation and recommendation will differ in design, material, or installation from what is commonly used in the industry today.
  - A. I believe that's true.
- Q. Mr. Ramsey, I am going to ask you if you agree with the following statement, Columbia will not inspect all gas service line repairs performed by

- non-Columbia employees under the stipulation and recommendation.
  - A. Can you have that read back to me?
  - Q. Sure.

(Question read.)

A. That is true.

MR. HOWARD: If I could have just a

| moment.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Yes.

MR. HOWARD: Thank you, your Honor.

Thank you, Mr. Ramsey. I have no further

questions.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.

Mr. Aveni?

MR. AVENI: Yes, thank you, your Honor.

16

17

19

20

21

22

23

24

## CROSS-EXAMINATION

18 By Mr. Aveni:

Q. Hello again, Mr. Ramsey. Turn your attention, if you would, to the bottom of page 1 and the top of page 2 of your testimony in support of the stipulation. Bottom of page 1, top of page 2 of that testimony, you say, "however, the Stipulation provides for Columbia's assumption of financial

responsibility for only the repair or replacement of customer service lines where a leak or a condition in or on the customer service line is determined by Columbia to be a 'Hazardous Customer Service Line Leak.'" Do you see that testimony?

A. Yes, I do.

- Q. In fact, isn't it fair to say, sir, that stipulation provides for Columbia's assumption of any sort of responsibility, financial or maintenance or safety or for that matter anything else other than what already exists in the current regulatory framework, only in the instance of hazardous leaks?
  - A. Can you have that read back?
- Q. Yeah. That's what happens when I try and throw too much in there. Let me break it down into a couple of pieces, if I could.

I am getting hung up a little bit on perhaps an artificial distinction in your testimony at the top of page 2 where you say that the "stipulation provides for Columbia's assumption of financial responsibility" and as I understand the stipulation, Columbia assumes no responsibility of any sort in terms of repair or replacement of customer service lines under the stipulation except

- in the instance of a hazardous leak; am I correct in that understanding?
- A. It depends upon how you are defining hazardous leak.
- Q. I will adopt your definition of a hazardous leak for purposes of this testimony. You used these terms. We will talk about what you meant by it in a minute. I have a question pending, sir, I'm sorry.
  - A. Okay.

1.3

- Q. Okay. As I said, I am getting hung up on this -- on this use of the phrase "financial responsibility" under the stipulation. Isn't it true that under the stipulation Columbia's only assuming responsibility of any sort, financial or otherwise, in the context of hazardous leaks of customer service lines?
- A. Columbia is assuming responsibility for hazardous customer service line leaks as redefined in our tariff.
- Q. And that responsibility is financial but it's also maintenance, replacement, and repair responsibilities.
  - A. Yes, sir.

- 1 So as I understand the stipulation, you Q. 2 have essentially got a bifurcated set of 3 responsibility. If there is a hazardous leak in the customer service line, Columbia assumes total 4 responsibility for repair, replacement, maintenance 5 6 from that point forward, and financial 7 responsibility, right, under the stipulation?
  - Ο. Yes, sir. And under the terms of the

Under the terms of the stipulation.

stipulation if it turns out to be a nonhazardous 11 leak, Columbia assumes no responsibility, be it 12 financial, repair, replacement, or maintenance, true?

8

9

10

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- Α. Columbia will be responsible for monitoring that nonhazardous grade 3 leak. We do have responsibility to continually monitor that leak until it either needs repair or it is no longer there
- Okay. In the event of a nonhazardous leak under this stipulation, would the property owner retain any responsibilities in terms of maintenance, repair, or replacement for customer-owned service lines?
- Under the stipulation the property owner would have the option of having a grade 3 leak

1 repaired.

5

6

7

8

11

1.2

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- Q. Okay. When you use the term "hazardous"
  throughout this portion of your testimony, what you
  are really talking about is a grade 3 leak?
  - A. No, no, sir.
  - Q. Okay. Well, in this testimony -- I'm sorry. I inverted the question. That's the source of the confusion. Thank you.
- When you use the term "nonhazardous" -
  10 strike that.
  - When you use the term "hazardous," you are referring to grade 1, grade 2, or grade 2A?
    - A. That is correct.
  - Q. Okay. Thank you, sir. So assuming that the stipulation is put into effect and a customer calls Columbia and says I am smelling gas on my front lawn, will Columbia at that moment know who is going to be responsible for the repair, replacement, or financial responsibilities associated with that leak?
    - A. I don't believe so.
  - Q. Okay. Will the customer property owner know at that moment of the call?
    - A. I don't believe so.
  - Q. Okay. When the -- when the Columbia

service technician comes out to the property -- when the service technician comes out to the Columbia property to effect -- to inspect the leak, is that the moment -- the first moment where anyone will know under the stipulation who is going to be responsible for the repair, replacement, and financial responsibilities of that leak?

- A. When the Columbia technician arrives, they will evaluate the condition and make a determination of the condition. At that point they will know what actions need to be taken and will at that point inform the customer as they do on what they need to do to effectuate a repair.
- Q. Okay. So do you believe that that situation will cause greater or less customer confusion than exists today?
- A. I don't think it will cause customer confusion.
  - Q. Why is that?

1.9

A. Because as of today -- as it works today, the gas company employee on site advises the customer what they need to do to effectuate the repairs. The difference in the stipulation is what Columbia will be doing versus what someone else will be doing.

- Q. Okay. But in either situation the customer knows exactly what's going to happen upon being informed by the service tech? The customer is informed one way or the other today -- or under the stipulation what portion, if any, they are responsible for?
  - A. I believe that's correct.
  - Q. Okay. And so there will be no customer confusion under the stipulation as to what the customer is responsible for, right?
    - A. I don't believe so.

- Q. And there is no customer confusion today for those same reasons, right?
- A. Not to what they are -- what actions they have -- not to the instructions that the company gives them on the actions they need to take.
- Q. And thank you, sir. Sir, would Columbia maintain records of customer repairs of a grade 3 leak under the stipulation?
- A. We maintain records of a grade 3 leak, yes, we will.
- Q. So if under the stipulation a customer makes the decision that they are not comfortable with having a leak, grade 3 or otherwise, on their

property and they go out into the marketplace and retain an OQ certified plumber to affect a repair, will Columbia maintain records of that repair?

A. I don't know.

- Q. Okay. Has that just simply not been decided yet?
- A. I have not participated in any discussions about that issue.
- Q. Okay. Do you know of anyone that is available to testify today that would have more knowledge of that subject than you?
  - A. No, I don't.
- Q. Okay. Turn your attention, if you would, to your testimony on page 3, lines 8 through 11. In the section we see a definition of hazardous customer service line leak, and you testify "which, as determined by Columbia presents either: An existing or probable hazard to persons or property; or requires scheduled repair or replacement based upon severity or location." Do you see that testimony?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Okay. Today under the existing regulatory and market framework for maintaining, repairing, and replacing customer service lines, at

- the moment that Columbia is called by a customer, by
  a property owner, and that property owner says, hey,
  I have got a gas leak, and Columbia comes out and
  examines the gas leak, first thing they are going to
  do if they determine that it's a hazardous leak is
  shut off the gas, right?
- 7 A. That is one of the things they can do, 8 yes.
  - Q. It's one of the very first things they are going to do, and they are going to do it in every instance.
    - A. It is one of the things, yes.
  - Q. Okay. And that will be the first thing that they do should the stipulation be passed as well, true?
    - A. Yes.
  - Q. Okay. So that part hasn't changed at all?
  - A. No.

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

- Q. Okay. And then under the stipulation -or today the service tech will inform the customer as
  to the findings or results of their inspection and
  tell the customer what their options are, right?
  - A. That's my understanding, yes.

- Q. Okay. Turn your attention, if you would, to page 4 at the top lines 1 through 4. There's some testimony there regarding financial responsibility for the repair or replacement of hazardous customer-owned service lines between November 24, 2006, and March 1, 2008. Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do.

б

- Q. Okay. Let's assume that this stipulation is endorsed by the Commission. In that instance if a customer had repair work done on their customer service line today, December 3, 2006, who is responsible for bearing the financial cost of that repair work?
- A. The customer will pay for that repair work.
- Q. And what will the customer need to do to secure a reimbursement under the stipulation if the stipulation passes?
- A. It would have to provide evidence that the work was performed by a DOT quality -- qualified plumber.
- Q. And need to demonstrate that the leak was a hazardous leak too, right?
  - A. Under the definition of the stipulation,

yes.

б

- Q. Okay. At the moment that the customer discovers that they have a leak on, say, December 2, 2006, and they sent a service -- Columbia sent a service tech out to inspect, was the service tech specifically making a determination as to whether there is a grade 3 versus grade 2A leak on that customer service line?
  - A. Not today, no, they do not.
  - Q. I'm sorry. Say again.
  - A. Not today, no, they do not.
- Q. Okay. So the customer that had repair work done yesterday, December 2, 2007, I think I said 2006 before, I apologize for that, someone that had work done on their property yesterday, they had no idea whether that work is ultimately going to be compensated or reimbursed by Columbia or not if the stipulation is to pass, true?
- MR. CREEKMUR: Objection, your Honor. My client can't assume what customers do and do not know.
  - ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Overruled.
- MR. AVENI: Thank you, your Honor.
  - A. Customers have been advised to keep their

1 receipts for possible reimbursement.

б

- Q. How were they advised to keep their receipts for possible reimbursement?
- A. It is what is told to them by the service techs, and I believe it is in -- I believe it's in the door tags also that we are leaving. I have to check with that to verify that.
- Q. Okay. Those door tags pertaining specifically to riser replacements, correct?
- A. No, sir, I don't believe that they do.

  The ones we are leaving today, I do not believe that they do.
- Q. Are you leaving door tags on customers' doors today specifically pertaining to the repair or replacement of bare steel customer service lines?
- A. We are leaving door tags when there is leakage on a customer service line, and my belief is, and I would have to verify it, that that door tag does advise them to save their receipts.
- Q. Okay. As we sit here right now, you don't know one way or the other?
  - A. No, sir.
- Q. And as we sit here right now, no customer could know one way or the other whether the expense

- that they have on their customer service line yesterday is ultimately going to be reimbursed or not?
  - A. That is correct.

1.

- Q. And the repair tomorrow, they don't know that either, right?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. In fact, the service tech doesn't know either, do they?
  - A. No, they don't.
- Q. And they are not even using correct gradation scale for purposes of the stipulation, are they? They are simply making a determination hazardous and not hazardous, right?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. So how is Columbia planning on going back on those replacement, repair, and maintenance expenses incurred during this period from

  November 24, 2007, through March 1, 2008, in determining whether it's a grade 3 or grade 2A?
- A. That is a process that's being set up today. I do not know the answer to that question.
- Q. And to your knowledge does anyone in Columbia know the answer to that question in this

| moment?

A. I don't know.

MR. AVENI: I don't have any further questions. Thank you, sir.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Mr. Serio?

MR. SERIO: Thank you, your Honor.

## CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Serio:

- Q. I have a couple of questions, Mr. Ramsey. Today if there is a leak on a service line and it's hazardous, the company shuts off the gas and instructs the customer that they have to do the repair, correct?
- A. The company will make the situation safe which is if we need to vent, we will vent; if we need to just turn off the gas, that's it. We will make it safe and advise the customer, yes.
- Q. And if it's a nonhazardous leak, you notify the customer but because it's nonhazardous it's up to the customer's discretion whether they effectuate a repair or not, correct?
- A. In today's system a nonhazardous leak gas service is also terminated in most cases, and the

customer is told to get a DOT qualified plumber and make the repair.

- Q. Are there instances today where there could be a leak but the company does not shut off the service?
  - A. Yes, there are.

- Q. And that would be the lowest grade leak, correct?
- A. That would be a condition that was deemed to not be hazardous and that there was no known human need either for heat or medical reason, that it would provide temporary service and allow it to be on for a short period of time.
- Q. Under the IRP if there is a nonhazardous leak, will the company effectuate the repair?
- A. No. The company will monitor -- under the IRP a nonhazardous leak will be a grade 3 as defined in my previous testimony. It is a nonhazardous leak that needs no follow-up action other than to be monitored.
- Q. So if there is a grade 3 leak today, how does the company handle that situation?
  - A. On the customer service line?
- Q. Yes.

- A. In most cases the gas service is terminated and that customer is told to fix the situation.
- Q. Under the IRP doesn't that create an incentive where there would be a greater unaccounted for gas volume?

Let me back up. If there is a leak in the service line, the gas has not been recorded in the customer meter yet, correct?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. So any gas that's lost there would be unaccounted for gas when the company keeps track of it, right?
  - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. So wouldn't this create the potential situation where there would be an incentive to have a larger unaccounted for gas?
- A. No, I don't believe so. Columbia will -has rules and regulations for repair and replacement
  of leaks. The leaks on customer service lines will
  be brought right into those guidelines. They are the
  same guidelines we use today for repair and
  replacement of leakage and so -- clearing leakage.
  - Q. But isn't it possible as a result of the

- way it's handled under the IRP, the percentage of unaccounted for gas can increase?
  - A. Yes, sir.

1

2

3

5

б

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- Q. And in turn who pays for the unaccounted for gas?
- A. I don't know.

MR. SERIO: You don't know. That's all I have, your Honor. Thank you.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.

Redirect?

MR. CREEKMUR: Thank you, your Honor. No further questions, your Honor. Thank you.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you very much. You may step down.

I would also note in this phase of the hearing since the lines are more clear I am not going to friendly parties for cross. That will be the case in opposition of the stipulation as well.

MR. AVENI: Thank you, your Honor.

MR. CREEKMUR: Your Honor, I would just like to move for the admission of Columbia Exhibit No. 8, please.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Any objections?

```
MR. SERIO: No objections to the
1
2
    testimony but I have a clarification question.
3
    the extent that OCC hasn't signed the stipulation,
4
    our reasons for not signing it don't necessarily
5
    coincide with ABC or USP. Are you considering any
6
    cross by OCC of their witness to be friendly cross
7
    then?
8
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Okay. First,
9
    let me go ahead and admit the exhibit, Columbia
10
    Exhibit 8.
11
                 (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
12
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: I suppose I
13
    would allow you to cross, and then we will see what
14
    the nature is of the questions.
15
                MR. SERIO: Okav.
16
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: If it's
17
    deemed to be friendly, I won't allow it.
18
                MR. SERIO: Thank you, your Honor.
19
    That's all I would ask for.
20
                ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Okay.
                                                    All
21
            Your next witness.
    right.
22
                MR. CREEKMUR: Yes, your Honor. Columbia
23
    Gas of Ohio would like to call Larry Martin to the
24
    stand.
```

160 1 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Hello again, 2 Mr. Martin. MR. MARTIN: Hello again. 3 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: I remind you 4 5 again you remain under oath. 6 MR. MARTIN: Yes. 7 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: You may be 8 seated. 9 MR. MARTIN: Thank you. 10 MR. CREEKMUR: And, your Honor, I would 11 request that the prepared direct testimony in support 12 of stipulation of Larry Martin be marked for 13 identification as Columbia Exhibit No. 9, please. 14 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: It will be so 15 marked. 16 (EXHIBIT HEREBY MARKED FOR 17 IDENTIFICATION PURPOSES.) 18 MR. CREEKMUR: Thank you. 19 20 21 22 23 24

## LARRY W. MARTIN

called as a witness in support of stipulation, being previously duly sworn, testified as follows:

## DIRECT EXAMINATION

By Mr. Creekmur:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- Q. Good morning, Mr. Martin.
- A. Good morning.
- Q. Would you please state your name and spell it for the record.
  - A. Larry W. Martin, L-A-R-R-Y M-A-R-T-I-N.
- Q. And, Mr. Martin, do you have a copy with you today of your direct testimony in support of the stipulation?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. And if I were to ask you the questions contained therein, would your answers be the same today?
  - A. Yes, they would.
- Q. And do you have any corrections to your prefiled testimony?
- A. No.

MR. CREEKMUR: Your Honor, I would like to make the witness available for cross-examination and move for the the admission of Columbia Exhibit 9

subject to cross.

ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you.

Mr. Howard?

MR. HOWARD: Thank you, your Honor.

5

6

7

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

## CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Howard:

- Q. Good morning, Mr. Martin.
- A. Good morning, Mr. Howard.
- Q. I would like you to turn to page 4 of your testimony.
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And beginning on line 15 you describe a commitment by Columbia to work with the staff in the development of a plan for a general -- I'm sorry, for general customer notification. Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. Will Columbia incur any costs associated with that commitment?
- A. Just in the development of the general plan.
  - Q. Yes.
- A. No incremental costs, no incremental costs.

1 MR. HOWARD: Okay. Thank you, your 2 Honor, no more questions. 3 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you. Mr. Aveni? 5 MR. AVENI: Yes. 6 7 CROSS-EXAMINATION 8 By Mr. Aveni: 9 Hello again, Mr. Martin. Ο. 10 Α. Hello again. 11 Ο. Turning your attention back to page 4, potentially the same line of questioning in your 12 13 testimony, lines 14 through 23. Looking at that 14 commitment by Columbia to work with the staff in the 15 development of a plan for general customer 16 notification and education, why is Columbia inclined 17 to do that? 18 It's important that Columbia notify its customers of this change. 19 This is a significant 20 change in responsibility. As a result, we felt we 21 needed to communicate these changes to our customers. 22 And would you agree with me it's important for customers to understand the effect of 23

24

that change?

A. Yes.

g

G

- Q. Columbia could embark today on a similar program of customer education to explain the current standards of ownership of customer service lines, couldn't they?
  - A. Yes.
  - O. Has Columbia decided to do that?
  - A. No.
  - Q. Okay. Why not?
- A. Again, I think that the -- that the reason why not is the fact that this is a change from through which Columbia will -- wants to make clear to its customers that today through IRP it is going to assume responsibility for the repair or replacement of customer service lines, that it wants to communicate this message to its customers.
- Q. If Columbia believes that its customers were confused by some portion of a rate tariff, would Columbia educate its customers about that?
- A. I don't know. I would assume they would, yes.
- Q. If Columbia had a concern that its customers were confused about some aspect of what to do when you smell a leak, would Columbia educate its

1. customers about that? Α. Yes. 3 If Columbia had some concern that its 4 customers were confused about how to pay your bill, 5 be it on line or telephonically, would Columbia 6 educate its customers about that? 7 Α. Yes. 8 Would you agree with me that Columbia 9 embarks on a variety of different types of customer 10 education programs to eliminate customer confusion 11 where it deems they exist? 12 Α. Yes. 13 MR. AVENI: Okay. I have no further 14questions. Thank you, sir. 15 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Thank you. 16 Mr. Serio? 17 MR. SERIO: Thank you, your Honor. 18 19 CROSS-EXAMINATION 20 By Mr. Serio: 21 Q. Good morning, Mr. Martin. 2.2 Good morning. 23 You've been involved in the regulatory 0. 24 arena for a number of years, correct?

- A. That's correct, sir.
- Q. And you have also been involved in a number of stipulations with Columbia?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. Are you generally familiar with the three criteria the Commission uses to evaluate stipulations?
  - A. Generally, yes.
- Q. Does your testimony address any one or more of those criteria specifically?
- A. No. Those criteria are addressed by Mr. Brown.
- Q. Okay. I just wanted to make sure. Now, on page 1 of your testimony, lines 15 and 16, you indicate that your testimony's purpose is to describe some of the differences between the stipulation and the original application are. Are there other differences that are not described by your testimony?
  - A. Not that I am aware of, sir, no.
- Q. So then it would be correct for us to say that the intent of your testimony is to describe all of the differences between the stipulation and the original application?
  - A. That's the intent of my testimony, yes,

sir.

- Q. Now, on page 2 of your testimony on line 3, you indicate "this exclusion is appropriate because the activities are ongoing activities presumably included." Do you know whether they are included or not?
- A. The -- I don't know if that specific level that we are incurring today is provided for in our base rates with respect to leak testing. I do know that there are leak testing costs provided -- recoveries provided for in our current base rates.
- Q. Is it safe to say that the exclusion in the stipulation is intended to ensure that there is no double recovery?
  - A. That's correct, sir.
- Q. The stipulation specifically says one-third of the costs would be excluded. If in the course of the evaluation that occurs once Columbia has all the survey costs finalized, if it's determined that more than a third of the costs could be double recovery, would the disallowance be more than a third or is the one-third a firm number to your understanding?
  - A. The intent here is to remove any

duplicate recovery of cost. Certainly if it was seen as one-third, we would want to remove more than one-third of the cost.

- Q. So the one-third is just a proforma number?
- A. The one-third recognizes the fact that on a normal year basis we survey one-third of our customers' accounts and that's what we would expect to be provided -- that's what's provided for in our base rates.
- Q. But if it's greater, the stipulation would permit more than a third to be disallowed?
- A. Stipulation says there is no duplicate of costs provided for in our base rates for which recovery is provided for in our base rates, that's correct.
  - Q. So is the answer to my question yes?
  - A. Yes, sir.

- Q. Okay. Now, on page 2 of your testimony, you indicate that the stipulation does not explicitly set forth the depreciation rate. Can you explain to me why it doesn't set forth a specific depreciation rate?
  - A. Could you give -- read back the question,

please. I'm sorry. I lost my focus.
(Question read.)

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

- A. May I check the stipulation, please?

  ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Sure.
- Q. And just so we are clear, Mr. Martin, we are talking about this document that was filed with the Commission on October 26, 2007, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And that's a -- I believe a 17-page document with extensive attachments?
- MR. CREEKMUR: Your Honor, I do have a copy of that stipulation. I could easily provide that to Mr. Martin.
- 14 ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: Do you need a copy?
- THE WITNESS: I don't seem to have my
  copy with me. That's why I am sifting through here.
- ATTORNEY EXAMINER KINGERY: I believe
- 19 | your counsel is going to give you a copy.
- MR. CREEKMUR: May I approach the witness, your Honor?
- A. Well, it says it does designate indirectly. It says the applicable Commission-approved rate itself.

- Q. Okay. Let's take one step back. It's a 17-page stipulation with a number of attachments, correct?
  - A. That's correct.

1.

- Q. And the attachments are all the tariffs?
- A. That's correct, but on page 13 of the stipulation, paragraph 10.
- Q. Yes. So paragraph 10 says the "deferred depreciation expense shall be calculated on all eligible assets at the Commission-approved rates."

  And what is the current applicable

  Commission-approved rate?
  - A. 3 percent.
  - Q. And if the company was to file a proceeding where the depreciation -- depreciation rate was changed, would the depreciation rate applicable to the IRP then change? Is that the intent of paragraph 10?
  - A. That's the intent of paragraph 10. That was the reason the language was written as it was.
  - Q. It doesn't indicate a number because it's intended to be whatever is current at that point in time?
- A. That's correct.

- Q. Now, at the bottom of page 2 you indicate that "the stipulation includes language that clarifies the fact that Columbia is not permitted to defer on its books carrying costs on deferred depreciation and deferred property taxes." Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, sir.

1.1

- Q. And can you explain to me why the stipulation precludes that?
- A. The staff felt it was inappropriate to compute carrying costs on deferred depreciation and deferred property taxes, and after giving it some consideration, we agreed.
  - Q. That's at this point in time, correct?
  - A. I'm not sure I understand the question.
- Q. Today as the stipulation stands, the company is precluded from doing that, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. But in -- if the company were to file a rate case, the company is permitted to ask for those and the staff would have the opportunity to argue different amortization periods, correct, under the stipulation?
  - A. I am not sure I understand that question.

Q. You indicate on line 21 and 22 that the stipulation "does not prohibit Columbia's request for inclusion of these deferrals as part of its rate base in a subsequent rate case."

- A. That's part of its rate base. That isn't for calculation of carrying charges. That's for earning return on and return of its investment.
- Q. So to the extent that the stipulation does not permit deferral of carrying costs and depreciation -- deferred depreciation, the company would never be permitted to recover that; is that correct?

THE WITNESS: Could you read that back, please? I'm sorry.

(Question read.)

- A. Recover what? I am not quite sure what you are getting at.
- Q. Okay. Line 19 and 20 says under the stipulation Columbia is not permitted to defer on its books carrying costs on deferred depreciation and deferred property taxes in account 182, right?
- A. It would not be permitted to recover post in-service carrying costs on deferred depreciation or deferred property taxes through an IRP recovery

| mechanism.

- Q. Would the company be able to ask for recovery of those costs in a subsequent rate case?
  - A. Not post in-service carrying charges, no.
  - Q. So those are precluded forever?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. That's all I was trying to establish.
  - A. Fine, sir.
- Q. Now, on page 3 of your testimony, you indicate that there's other requirements that the stipulation calls for that were not part of the application and that refers to providing staff with copies of the IRP filing; is that correct? I'm sorry, audited records.
- A. That's correct, sir. That's my confusion.
- Q. So under the application the company never contemplated any kind of auditing procedure and sharing those records with anybody; is that correct?
- A. The company's records are audited by an external auditor today. This one takes it one step further. The stipulation takes it one step further. It provides that we are required to provide -- to

- have our IRP-related expenses audited by an external 1 auditor, either one that we select or one selected by the staff.
  - Okay. Did the application itself Q. contemplate cost verification for costs that the company expends?
  - It certainly assumed cost verification by the Commision staff or other external party.
    - The application did. Q.
    - Yes, yes. Α.

5

6

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

- So the only difference between the application and the stipulation there is that -- is what?
- Verification can be performed by someone other than an external auditor. It could have been performed by the staff itself.
  - That's under the application? Ο.
- That's under the application. stipulation requires that these costs be reviewed either by an external auditor selected by the company or by the Commission itself.
- Thank you. MR. SERIO: Okay. Thank you, Mr. Martin. That's all I have.
- 24 THE WITNESS: Thank you, sir.