BEFORE

THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

In the Matter of the) Case No. 07-589-GA-AIR

Ohio, Inc. for an Increase)
in Gas Rates.

Application of Duke Energy)

Ohio, Inc. for Approval of)
an Alternative Rate Plan)

for its Gas Distribution)

Service.

In the Matter of the $\,$) Case No. 07-591-GA-AAM

Application of Duke Energy)

Ohio, Inc. for Approval to)

Change Accounting Methods.)

DEPOSITION OF KATHY L. HAGANS
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 2008
10:15 O'CLOCK A.M.

WWW.MCGINNISCOURTREPORTERS.COM

1	Deposition of Kathy L. Hagans, a witness
2	herein, called by Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. for
3	cross-examination under the statute, taken before
4	us, Deborah J. Holmberg, Registered Merit
5	Reporter, Valerie J. Grubaugh, Registered Merit
6	Reporter, Certified Realtime Reporter, and
7	Notaries Public in and for the State of Ohio,
8	pursuant to notice and stipulations of counsel
9	hereinafter set forth, at the offices of The
10	Office of The Ohio Consumers' Counsel, 10 West
11	Broad Street, 18th Floor, Columbus, Ohio, on
12	Thursday, February 21, 2008, beginning at 10:16
13	o'clock a.m. and concluding on the same day.
14	-
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	

24

1	APPEARANCES:
3	ON BEHALF OF DUKE ENERGY OHIO, INC.:
4	John J. Finnigan, Jr., Esq.
5	Associate General Counsel
6	Duke Energy Shared Services, Inc.
7	Duke Energy Corporation
8	139 East Fourth Street - Room 2500, ATII
9	P.O. Box 960
10.	Cincinnati, Ohio 45201-0960
11	(513) 419-1843 Fax (513) 419-1846
12	john.finnigan@duke-energy.com
13	
14	ON BEHALF OF THE STAFF OF THE PUBLIC UTILITIES
15	COMMISSION OF OHIO:
16	Marc Dann, Esq.
17	Attorney General of Ohio
18	By: William L. Wright, Esq. (by phone)
19	Assistant Attorney General
20	Public Utilities Section
21	Borden Building
22	180 East Broad Street - Ninth Floor
23	Columbus, Ohio 43215-3793
24	(614) 466-4395 Fax (614) 644-8764
25	william.wright@puc.state.oh.us

1	APPEARANCES (continued):
2	
3	ON BEHALF OF THE RESIDENTIAL CONSUMERS OF DUKE
4	ENERGY OHIO, INC.:
5	Janine Migden-Ostrander, Esq.
6	Ohio Consumers' Counsel
7	By: Joseph P. Serio, Esq.
8	Assistant Consumers' Counsel
9	Office of The Ohio Consumers' Counsel
10	10 West Broad Street - Suite 1800
11	Columbus, Ohio 43215
12	(614) 466-8574 Fax (614) 466-9475
13	serio@occ.state.oh.us
14	
15	ALSO PRESENT:
16	Don Wathen
17	Bob Parsons
18	-
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
-	

STIPULATIONS

2

1

It is stipulated by and among counsel for the respective parties herein that the deposition of Kathy L. Hagans, a witness herein, called by Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. For cross-examination under the statute, may be taken at this time and reduced to writing in stenotype by the Notaries, whose

notes may thereafter be transcribed out of the presence of the witness; that proof of the official character and qualification of the

Notaries is waived; that the witness may sign the

transcript of her deposition before a Notary other

than the Notaries taking her deposition; said

deposition to have the same force and effect as

though the witness had signed the transcript of

17 her deposition before the Notaries taking it.

18

14

15

16

19

20

21

22

23

24

1	KATHY L. HAGANS
2	of lawful age, being first duly placed under oath,
3	as prescribed by law, was examined and testified
4	as follows:
5	CROSS-EXAMINAITON
6	BY MR. FINNIGAN:
7	Q. Good morning, Ms. Hagans.
8	A. Good morning.
9	Q. Ms. Hagans, I want to ask you about your
10	recommendations around the working capital in the
11	Company's filing.
12	You recommend that customer deposits
13	should be removed from the other elements of
14	working capital and taken out of rate base; isn't
15	that correct?
16	A. I recommend that customer deposits be
17	deducted from rate base.
18	. Q. Yes.
19	So what you're proposing is that that
20	should be treated separately from the other
21	elements of working capital.
22	A. Well, in this case, because there were no
23	other elements of working capital, basically.
24	Q. Under one view, but the Company's
25	position is that there were elements of working

capital	that	it	should	get	recovery	for;	isn't
that co	rrect	?					

- A. That's right. But under my view and the Staff's view, there are no other elements of working capital, thus the recommendation to move it.
- Q. Okay. But the Company did show expense for things like material and supplies and gas storage that are typically considered part of working capital; isn't that correct?
 - A. Yes.

2.1

- Q. Okay. Now, you're familiar with the Company's proposal to remove the gas storage from working capital and recover it through the GCR?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Do you support that proposal?
- A. I'm not -- I'm not testifying in support or in opposition to that proposal.
- Q. Do you have any opinion or recommendation about that proposal?
- A. Just as it relates to the working capital request that the Company made in this case, it's my opinion that the Company hasn't justified any level of working capital, and so given that in this case in base rates it's not justified, you

know, then I question the propriety of moving it into the GCR. If it's not justified here, should it be justified there, I don't know.

Q. Okay. Are you saying you don't -- Well, strike that.

Let me just ask you about the issue of recovering the cost through the GCR.

Do you have any objection to the principle of a utility company recovering its gas storage carrying costs through the GCR?

A. I'm not an expert in the gas industry, so I hesitate to go real far. I do know that this has been done in Vectren, but it was done, you know, in a settlement. It was done with other things done in conjunction with it.

I understand, I believe, the point of view of the marketers in terms of, you know, if this is a totally GCR-related cost, then, you know, possibly it's more appropriate to put it in the GCR; however, I also understand that it may not be a totally GCR-related cost, that, you know, there are system issues, you know, with gas and storage where it helps the whole system, and so it's not just -- may not just be a GCR-related thing.

	Sc	that	's a	s f	ar a	as .	my	un	ders	tandi	ng
goes.	So I	can'	t	I	can'	t	giv	re :	you a	a fir	n
opinior	n on	wheth	er I	th	ink	it	's	a (good	idea	to
move it	: to	the G	CR.								

2.3

- Q. Okay. One benefit from moving the gas storage carrying costs to the GCR is that it makes the Company's GCR price more comparable to marketers' gas prices, doesn't it?
- A. I can't answer that. I'm sorry. I don't know.
- Q. You mentioned that the same thing had been done in the Vectren case?
 - A. Yes, that's my understanding.
- Q. And you mentioned that it was as part of a settlement; correct?
 - A. That's my understanding.
- Q. And in a settlement, do you understand that one of the tests for whether the Commission can and should approve a settlement is whether the settlement complies with established regulatory principles and precedents?
 - A. I believe that's correct.
- Q. Okay. Do you have any understanding as to whether moving the gas storage carrying costs into the GCR would tend to make the Company's GCR

price higher than it otherwise would be without doing that?

- A. Yes, I believe that's the case.
- Q. And the fact that the Company's gas -- or, GCR price is higher would make marketers more able to compete against that price?
- A. It's possible, but that's not -- that's not a good -- I mean, to me, that's certainly not the only reason that you would be looking at it in terms of trying to decide whether that was a good idea or not.
- Q. Well, if the -- Does the gas and storage, on the whole, benefit more GCR customers or more customers on the whole system?
 - A. I don't know the answer to that.
- Q. Okay. Do you have any opinion as to whether moving the gas storage cost to the GCR would tend to promote competition as compared to leaving the gas storage costs in base rates?
 - A. I don't know the answer to that, either.
- Q. Okay. Now, your proposal was to use the date certain balance for customer deposits rather than the 13-month average; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.

1.0

Q. And you cite some Commission cases where

the Commission transferred customer deposits from Schedule B-5-1 to B-6; correct?

A. Yes.

2.4

- Q. And Schedule B-6 items are usually valued as of the date certain.
 - A. That's my understanding, yes.
- Q. Okay. Now, in the cases that you cited in your testimony where the Commission did that, did you do any investigation to determine whether in those cases the Commission used the 13-month average value for the customer deposits or the date certain value for the customer deposits?
- A. In the past, as far as I know, it has been the 13-month average. My recommendation was simply thinking about the difference in the two Schedules and, you know, the fact that B-6 items are valued around the date certain; whereas, working capital items, the Commission has tended to go for some of them, customer deposits being one of them, in terms of -- more in terms of a 13-month average as opposed to it being so date certain oriented, and so that's -- But no, in the past, they have been 13-month averages that they've moved generally, as far as I know.
 - Q. In the cases you cited.

1 I believe so. Α. 2 So what you're asking the Commission to 3 do is you're asking the Commission to break from 4 past precedent in terms of how it values its customer deposits. 5 6 Α. Yes. To the extent that they're moved to 7 Schedule B-6, yes. And that's just because B-6 is normally 8 9 valued as of the date certain. 10 Α. Yes. 11 Okay. Now, are you familiar with the 12 Commission's standard filing requirements? 13 Α. Yes. Do the standard filing requirements 14 0. 15 indicate whether customer deposits should normally 16 be on Schedule B-5-1 or Schedule B-6? 17 I don't know the answer to that. 18 In the other cases that you cited in your 19 testimony where the Commission used a 13-month 20 average for valuing customer deposits, did the OCC 21 object to the use of a 13-month average and say it 22 should be valued as of the date certain? 23 THE WITNESS: Can I have that read back? 24 I was writing. I apologize.

25

BY MR. FINNIGAN:

1 Q. I'll just go ahead and reask it. 2 Α. Okay. 3 In the cases that you cited in your 4 testimony around this issue of working capital, 5 did the OCC raise any objection in those cases that the Commission should have used the date 6 certain for valuing customer deposits as opposed 7 to the 13-month average? 8 9 I don't know the answer to that. 10 Now, in this case, the Commission 11 recommended against any recovery of working 12 capital because the Company did not file a 13 lead/lag study; isn't that correct? 14 The Staff? Α. 15 O. The Staff, yes. 16 Α. Yes. I believe so. 17 Now, are you familiar with the Suburban Q. 18 Gas case that's currently pending? 19 Only to a certain extent. 20 Are you familiar that the Staff approved 21 the use of a one-eighth O&M expense formula for 22 calculating working capital in that case? 23 Α. I believe that's correct. 24 0. Did the OCC make any objection to that?

25

Α.

I can't answer that. I don't know.

Q. Do you see any problem with the recommendation to use a one-eighth O&M formula for calculating working capital in that case?

- A. I can't answer that because I'm not involved in that case. I have -- I don't -- I don't know enough about Suburban and its circumstances. I can't answer that. I'm sorry.
- Q. Are you aware that Suburban, while a smaller gas company than Duke Energy, does follow the same types of standard filing requirements in terms of the schedules it's required to file?
 - A. As far as I know, they do.
- Q. Okay. Do you see any reason why Suburban should be treated differently than Duke Energy Ohio in terms of the formula for calculating working capital that it should be permitted to use?
- A. Well, I could see a difference being made -- or, a -- I could see different treatments or different opinions about what treatment might be appropriate given a company's size and ability to perform a lead/lag study. I could see that entering into the equation.
- Q. Are you aware of any Commission precedent that creates a distinction for smaller companies

- that are allowed to use the one-eighth O&M formula for calculating working capital instead of doing a lead/lag study just because of their size?
- A. I'm not aware of it. It doesn't mean it's not out there. I just am not -- I'm not aware of any, you know, bright line.

- Q. Are you aware that the Ohio Commission and Staff formerly used the one-eighth O&M approach for calculating working capital in all cases?
- A. Yes. That was years and years ago, and since then, you know, you can -- you can see in the Commission's orders how they changed from the formula method to the lead/lag study method and, you know, the Commission specifically says in one of the orders, you know, "We're putting companies on notice that lead/lag studies are basically necessary", and that was a while ago.
- Q. That was sometime in the 1980s; is that correct?
- A. I'm thinking it was in the early '90s, but I could be wrong.
- Q. Okay. Do you have any personal opinion as to whether a company should be permitted to use a one-eighth O&M formula or a lead/lag study, or

either one, to calculate working capital?

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

1.0

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2.4

- I do. Not that I've looked at working capital in, you know, every single rate case that's ever been filed in Ohio, but the ones that I've seen, it appears to me that there is generally a larger lag in the payment of expenses that tends to outweigh the lag that you guys experience when you receive your revenues, and it out- -- it can outweigh -- the expense lag can outweigh the revenue lag to such an extent that other working capital items then, to the extent that you can get a negative cash working capital that outweighs even materials and supplies and that type of thing, and so you end up -- In my opinion, a lead/lag study is important because of the chance of ending up in that situation. you don't have one that tells you one way or the other, then it's hard to recommend any working capital allowance, and I think that's where the Staff comes from.
- Q. Now, are you aware that in recent years there's been a change in the Natural Gas Industry in that there's been a huge increase in natural gas prices?
 - A. I'm aware that there have been increases,

fluctuations, generally. 1 Okay. And wouldn't you expect that these 2 3 increases in natural gas prices would tend to increase the Company's working capital costs, all 4 5 else equal? 6 I don't know that that's -- I don't -- I 7 don't know. 8 Do you know how much the Company has 9 invested or has incurred in expense for gas 10 storage in this case? 11 Α. I don't recall. 12 Do you know how much time is involved to ·O. 13 prepare a lead/lag study in terms of number of 14 hours? 15 Α. No. 16 Or do you know what the expense is in 17 terms of the dollar expense? 18 Α. No. 19 If a company comes in for new rate cases 0. 2.0 within, say, a five-year, six-year period, should 21 it be permitted to use a lead/lag study performed 22 in a prior case? 23 Α. I would think that that could be a 2.4 possibility. I'm sure that there would be things

that would need to change, and, of course, it

would be applied to the circumstances in the -- in the most current case, and, you know, you'd have to make sure that everything from the last lead/lag study was still appropriate.

2.0

- Q. Are you aware that in the Company's last electric distribution rate case, I believe the OCC made a recommendation that DE-Ohio should use an old lead/lag study to determine working capital in the current case?
- A. What I recall is that we suggested that that would be an option. I don't have the objection with me, so I don't know.
- Q. Let me ask you about the amortization period that you proposed in this case.

Based on your experience, do you have a sense of what's the most common time period that the Commission uses for an amortization period for expense accounts?

- A. I don't, because I don't -- I don't have a sense for what they've approved in every given case.
- Q. Okay. Are you familiar with the FirstEnergy electric distribution case that's currently pending?
 - A. Only small pieces of it.

- Q. Are you aware that the Commission Staff recommended a three-year amortization period for the expense accounts involved in that case that are being amortized?
 - A. No, I'm not.

1.5

- Q. Any reason you could think of why it would be appropriate to treat FirstEnergy differently than Duke Energy Ohio in terms of those amortization periods?
- A. Sure. There's different circumstances for -- for every company. Every company's different. You've got gas; you've got electric; you've got companies that come in for different reasons.

You know, the electric industry, those are distribution rate cases. The gas industry, those are full. Yeah, I can think of reasons why it would be different.

- Q. And what are those reasons you could --
- A. Well, I just stated some of them.
- Q. So the fact that -- I'm sorry. Go ahead.
- A. That's okay. I was just going to say also, you know, the past frequency in terms of your -- Duke's particular filing history versus FirstEnergy's particular filing history, those are

just some of the -- some of the differences that I could see.

2.4

- Q. Are you suggesting that just the mere fact of a difference between gas service and electric service justifies different amortization periods?
- A. Well, I think what I was trying to convey was that in the electric industry, those are electric distribution cases, you know, they don't involve the -- they don't involve the transmission anymore, they don't -- Just because the electric industry is set up differently and it's more different recently than the gas industry, so there are differences in what the rate cases are in the -- what's the word I'm looking for? -- in what the rate cases are doing for the companies and what the -- I mean, yours is a full -- full rate case for all of your natural gas costs except for your commodity; whereas, for electric it's just the distribution.

So I don't -- I'm just saying that's one difference that I can see. I don't know, necessarily, whether it makes a difference in terms of rate case frequency or not.

Q. Ours is just distribution.

- A. Well, the gas industry is different than -- I'm just saying they're different industries and that may, for some reason, make a difference.
- Q. And what is it about the fact that the gas industry is different from the electric industry justifies a different amortization period for these expenses?
- A. Just that it may impact when the Company needs to come in for another rate case.
- Q. Are you aware of any Commission practice or precedent to generally approve shorter amortization periods in gas rate cases than in electric distribution rate cases?
 - A. No.

- Q. You mentioned that the frequency with which a company will come in for rate cases is one consideration for deciding the amortization period, and I guess your point there is that if a company is out of rate cases for longer periods of time there be should be a longer amortization period; is that right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Do you know what the Duke Energy Ohio gas practice was in terms of frequency of cases before

1 the current case as compared to FirstEnergy's 2 frequency of cases before its pending case? 3 Not as compared to FirstEnergy, no. Now, one of the accounts that you 4 Q. 5 recommend be amortized is the account for 2007 6 curb-to-meter expense; isn't that correct? 7 Α. Yes. 8 Ο. Now, prior to this rate case, wasn't that 9 curb-to-meter expense usually recovered in 10 one year during the time of each rider AMRP 11 filing? 12 Α. I don't know the answer to that. 13 Q. Okay. And if the rider AMRP is 14 reapproved in this case, I take it you don't know 15 whether curb-to-meter expense would continue to be 16 recovered in the same year in which it's incurred? 17 I don't -- I'm not involved in the rider 18 aspect, so I can't answer that. 19 Now, one possible resolution of this case 20 involves recovering the deferred curb-to-meter 21 expense from 2007 through the AMRP rider and also 22 recovering the deferred riser expense through the AMRP rider. 23 24 Do you have any objection to that or any

opinion at all on whether that's appropriate?

A. I'm not sure I understand what -- what you're referring to, the deferred curb-to-meter and deferred riser.

- Q. Well, at one point the Company's proposal was to include those items in its base rates. And what I'm suggesting is that one possible solution would be to take those items out of base rates and instead recover them through the rider AMRP. And I was just wondering whether you had any opinion as to whether that was appropriate or not.
- A. Generally, taking things out of base rates and putting them into riders, I have a problem with, but I mean, I -- I'm not -- Are you talking about the fact that you guys are proposing an AMRP rider that includes riser costs and includes curb-to-meter costs? Is that --
- Q. No. I'm just talking about the treatment for those riser costs and curb-to-meter costs that were incurred in 2007 and deferred and have to be covered some way, it's just a question of whether they should be recovered through base rates or through the rider.

I'm just asking whether you have any opinion as to whether either one is more appropriate or any objections to either approach.

- A. I guess I don't, but part of my problem is, I'm -- I'm -- just my unawareness of the deferrals for 2007 for those two items.
 - Q. Okay. Well, fair enough.
 - A. Okay.

Q. Let me change the topic now and go to the topic of service company allocations. That was another topic that you addressed in your testimony.

As I understand this, what you're objecting to is allocating to Duke Energy Ohio's gas service any service company expenses that came from the electric side of the business.

- A. Well, that came from the four specific categories that appeared to be electric related.
 - Q. Right.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And that's just because the four specific categories are different functions that are allocated under the Company's service company cost allocation practices.
 - A. Can you repeat that?
 - Q. Yes.
- You identified four different areas or functions that were allocated to Duke Energy Ohio

gas that you objected to because they appear to come from the electric side of the business.

A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. And as I understand it, the reason for your objection is that in the description of those functions, those functions all had either electric or power associated with their names, the names of the function.
- A. Right. And you could tell -- It wasn't only the name of the function, it was also the description of the function and the way that the costs for the function were allocated, that it was all electric-based.
- Q. And I guess you didn't review all the individual charges that were allocated under those functions, did you?
- A. All which individual charges? You mean for the test year?
 - Q. Yes.
- A. Yes. Well, to the extent that you guys responded to discovery, "Here's what Duke Natural Gas paid to the service companies during the test year in this, this, this account and in this, this, this category".
 - Q. Okay. But there was no detail that the

- OCC asked for or the Company provided below that to indicate what the individual services were that were performed, like whether it was drafting, or engineering, or mapping, or meter reading service; right?
- A. Well, you can somewhat tell, because of which account, what the dollar amount was included in. I mean, you know, there were -- I want to say -- maybe 20, 25 accounts where these different -- the costs of these different functions were included.
- Q. Okay. But all you have to go on is the name of the account, though.
 - A. That's right.

- Q. Okay. You don't know what the individual services were that were charged through that account other than by reading the name of the account as a descriptor.
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. So if there were services that were charged through those accounts that actually benefitted gas operations, would it be proper for the Company to recover that part of the expense?
- A. To the extent that the Company could, you know, show that and make it so that it was clear

```
that that's -- that those services did benefit gas
 1
 2
      customers, then yes.
 3
               MR. FINNIGAN: That's all the questions I
 4
             Thank you, Ms. Hagans.
      have.
 5
               THE WITNESS: Uh-huh.
               MR. SERIO: Bill, do you have any
 6
 7
      questions? Bill?
 8
               I'm going to assume that Staff's no
 9
      longer on and that they, therefore, have no
10
      questions.
11
               We'd like to review the transcript again
12
      also.
13
               MR. FINNIGAN: Thank you very much.
14
               THE WITNESS: Sure.
15
               (Signature not waived.)
16
17
               (Thereupon, the deposition was concluded
18
                at 10:45 o'clock a.m. on Thursday,
19
                February 21, 2008.)
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

1	AFFIDAVIT
2	
3	STATE OF,)
4) SS:
5	COUNTY OF,)
6	Kathy L. Hagans, having been duly placed
7	under oath, deposes and says that:
8	I have read the transcript of my
9	deposition taken on Thursday, February 21, 2008,
10	and made all necessary changes and/or corrections
11	as noted on the attached correction sheet, if any.
12	
13	
14	·
15	Kathy L. Hagans
16	Placed under oath before me and
17	subscribed in my presence this day of
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	Notary Public
23	
24	My Commission Expires:
25	
L	

1 2	CERTIFICATE
3	State of Ohio,)) SS:
4 5	County of Delaware)
	I, Deborah J. Holmberg, Registered Merit
6	Reporter and Notary Public in and for the State of Ohio, hereby certify that the foregoing is a true
7	and accurate transcript of the deposition testimony, taken under oath on the date
8	hereinbefore set forth, of Kathy L. Hagans. I further certify that I am neither
9	attorney or counsel for, nor related to or employed by any of the parties to the action in
10	which the deposition was taken, and further that I am not a relative or employee of any attorney or
11	counsel employed in this case, nor am I
	financially interested in the action.
12	
13	
14	Lelis / Ohnley
	Deborah J. Holmberg
15	Registered Merit Reporter
	and Notary Public in and
16	for the State of Ohio
17	My Commission Expires: October 7, 2011.
18	the CRIMTON the
a ^	*** CAUTION ***
19	This certification bears an original signature in nonreproducible ink. The foregoing certification
20	of the transcript does not apply to any reproduction of the same not bearing the signature
21	of the certifying court reporter. McGinnis & Associates, Inc. disclaims responsibility for any
22	alterations which may have been made to the noncertified copies of this transcript.
23	
24 25	
20	

1 2	CERTIFICATE
3	State of Ohio,)
4) SS: County of Fairfield,
5	
6	I, Valerie J. Grubaugh, Registered Merit
7	Reporter, Certified Realtime Reporter and Notary Public in and for the State of Ohio, hereby
8	certify that the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript of the deposition testimony, taken
9	under oath on the date hereinbefore set forth, of Kathy L. Hagans.
10	I further certify that I am neither attorney or counsel for, nor related to or
11	employed by any of the parties to the action in which the deposition was taken, and further that I
12	am not a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel employed in this case, nor am I
13 14	financially interested in the action.
15	Valerie J. Grubaugh, Registered Merit Reporter,
16	Certified Realtime Reporter and Notary Public in and for the
17	State of Ohio.
18	My Commission Expires: August 10, 2011.
19 20	*** CAUTION ***
21	This certification bears an original signature in nonreproducible ink. The foregoing certification of the transcript does not apply to any
22	reproduction of the same not bearing the signature of the certifying court reporter. McGinnis &
23	Associates, Inc. Disclaims responsibility for any alterations which may have been made to the
24 25	noncertified copies of this transcript