## BEFORE THE OHIO POWER SITING BOARD

- - -

In the Matter of the Ohio :
Power Siting Board's :

Consideration of Ohio Adm.: Case No. 19-778-GE-BRO

Code Chapter 4906-4.

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## WEBEX WORKSHOP PROCEEDINGS

before Mr. Michael L. Williams, Administrative Law Judge, at the Ohio Power Siting Board, called at 10:03 a.m. on Friday, August 14, 2020.

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ARMSTRONG & OKEY, INC.
222 East Town Street, Second Floor
Columbus, Ohio 43215-5201
(614) 224-9481 - (800) 223-9481

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Friday Morning Session,
August 14, 2020.

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ALJ WILLIAMS: Good morning and welcome, everyone. My name is Michael Williams. I am an Administrative Law Judge in the Legal Department of the Ohio Power Siting Board which I will reference as Board throughout the proceeding today. I have been assigned by the Board to conduct a workshop in Case No. 19-778-GE-BRO which involves the review of OAC rules impacting the manner of reporting and responding to incidents that impact major utility facilities, namely, wind farms.

Due to the COVID -- COVID-19 emergency that remains in effect under Executive Order

No. 2020-01(D) which was issued by Ohio's Governor, and consistent with Amended Substitute House Bill 197, today's workshop is being held through Webex, which enables interested persons to witness the workshop and offer comments on the proposed rule adoption by telephone or video on the internet.

Before we get started with the workshop,

I would like to address some preliminary issues.

First, if you experience technical difficulties

during the workshop, we have several options. If

your internet connection drops at any point, you can try to join the Webex by video again, or you can participate by phone. If those options are unsuccessful, please call the Board's Legal Department at 614-466-6843 immediately for assistance.

2.1

Finally, if you merely wish to listen to the workshop using your phone instead of accessing via Webex on the internet, you can listen to the workshop by dialing 1-408-418-9388 and entering meeting No. 129 938 2351 when prompted. More information about the Webex technical help options can be obtained through the chat feature which will be available throughout the workshop. You may click on the chat button at any time to obtain technical assistance or to ask procedural questions during the workshop.

any other purpose such as to offer comments about the proposed rule that is the subject of today's workshop. Please be aware that chats are recorded and should not be considered private. Chats are also not part of the official record for this case.

During today's workshop, individuals who have registered to provide comments should be ready

to speak when I read their names from the registration list. Individuals who are commenting by video will be unmuted by a Board staff member when it is time for the individual's comments. If you are providing comments by telephone, a Board staff member will call you at your phone number when it is your turn to comment. Please be aware -- please bear with us as we work to queue up each commenting individual which may take some time. It may -- it also may divert our attention at times from what is happening in the workshop. Again, if this happens, please be patient and know that we are working hard to ensure that everyone has an opportunity to participate today.

2.1

We ask that you keep your comments to a reasonable length of time and avoid repetitive comments. To avoid unnecessary background noise, we will keep your microphone on mute unless you are commenting. Again, if you have questions about this process as the workshop proceeds, please use the chat function.

Heather Chilcote is our event host who will be overseeing the event on Webex, and Mary Fischer will be helping to facilitate our workshop by monitoring the chat function.

All right. Now that we've addressed the preliminary issues, let's get started officially with today's proceedings.

2.1

The Ohio Power Siting Board has assigned for workshop at this time and place Case No.

19-778-GE-BRO which is captioned In the Matter of the Ohio Power Siting Board's Consideration of Ohio Administrative Code Chapter 4906-4. My name is Michael Williams, and I am the Administrative Law Judge assigned by the Board to preside over today's workshop. Today's workshop is a further step in the rulemaking process regarding whether modifications should occur to proposed Rule 4906-4-10. A bit of history is in order regarding its current status.

In response to weather-related events that involved wind farms and wind turbines, the Board opened this case to consider the adoption of a new rule that addresses procedures for responding to incidents that impact wind turbine facilities.

Additionally, the Board considered the proposed revision to its rules to make explicit that economically significant wind farms and major utility facilities consisting of wind power generation adhere to local building codes. After conducting a prior workshop and considering comments and reply comments

in this case, the Board recommended the amendment of OAC 4906-4-09 and the adoption of 4906-4-10 pursuant to orders dated November 21, 2019, and February 20, 2020. Thereafter, the Board has determined that further consideration should be given to Rule 4906-4-10(D), as described in the workshop scheduling entry dated August 7, 2020. At this time, the Board is only interested in comments related to the changes described in Section (D), as described in the attached rule proposal that accompanied the scheduling entry, which generally describe a more detailed requirement for how Board Staff and an impacted wind farm operator must respond to investigating and restarting wind farm operations after a damaging event.

2.1

Following today's workshop, the Board Staff, who is attending today's event, will review the comments received and determine whether to recommend any changes to the proposed rule. After Staff's review, the Board will open this case for formal written comment to be filed later in this docket. Once the written comment period is concluded, the Board will consider the adoption of a rule with possible changes to be added to the other Board rules in the Ohio Administrative Code.

I want to stress that today's workshop is your initial opportunity to provide feedback on the consideration of proposed changes to the adoption of the rule as discussed above. Also, nothing said today will be considered binding on any of the interested stakeholders. Binding recommendations will be part of the formal written comment proceeding that will follow today's workshop.

2.1

I would also like to emphasize that today's workshop is not a general overview or review of all of the Board's rules found in the Ohio Administrative Code Chapter 4906. The next overall review of the Board's rules is expected to begin late this year or early next year and will be considered in a separate docket. Nor is the purpose of today's workshop to discuss any case or pending proceeding currently before the Board.

This workshop is being transcribed by a court reporter, Karen Gibson of Armstrong & Okey. If you offer comments, please speak slowly and clearly so that the court reporter can accurately reflect your comments for the record. Also if you have prepared a written statement, it would be helpful to provide a copy of that to the court reporter as well, which you can do by e-mailing to the OPSB at

contactop -- contactopsb@puco.ohio.gov.

2.1

Now normally in the context of a workshop, I would simply open up the floor for comments and ask you to come forward, give your name and address, and begin speaking. But due to the virtual nature of this proceeding, we will call you according to the order in which you preregistered in accordance with the instructions in the entry dated August 7, 2020.

That's all I have. As we proceed, I'll assume that there are no questions from those who are virtually attending unless Mary Fischer interjects in her role as monitor of the chat function of this hearing.

Mary, I'm not seeing you interject, so with that, we will begin with our first commenter who is Mr. Andrew Gohn.

MR. GOHN: Good morning. Can you hear me?

ALJ WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Gohn. Thank you.

MR. GOHN: Thank you. Good morning,

Judge Williams. My name is Andrew Gohn. I

appreciate the opportunity to offer comments today on behalf of the American Wind Energy Association, or

AWEA. AWEA is the national trade association for the

U.S. wind industry, the largest source of renewable energy in the country.

2.1

We represent 1,000 member companies,
120,000 jobs in the U.S. economy in a nationwide
workforce located across all 50 states. AWEA serves
as a powerful voice for how wind works for America.
Members include global leaders of wind power and
energy development, turbine manufacturing, and
component and service suppliers.

Judge, AWEA thanks the Ohio Power Siting Board for the opportunity to provide additional input on the proposed rules as revised this morning. We have not actively participated in the rule -- in the review of Rule 4906-4-10 to date, but we are glad to add our voice to offer recommendations regarding certain proposed elements of the rule.

We greatly appreciate the active engagement of the Board's Staff and their hard work in coming forward with this modified proposal. AWEA agrees with stakeholders who questioned the retroactive application, but we will respect the August 7 guidance limiting this workshop to discussion of the text of the proposed revisions to the rule.

Therefore, my comments this morning will

focus on two specific issues raised in the proposed revisions. First, in the event of any incident described in Subsection 82 -- Subsection (D)(3) would seem to condition the approval of any facility a restart on verification from a licensed professional engineer that the damaged property has been repaired and that it is safe to restart the damaged property from the proposed rule.

2.1

Broadening this requirement, however, to allow for verification to be provided by equipment manufacturers as well may better protect public safety because manufacturers are often more familiar with relevant facility equipment and how to ensure safe operation of that equipment.

Allowing the use of qualified representatives of equipment manufacturers who specialize in facility equipment and systems can provide the reassurance of expert third-party input on safety considerations in the wake of a reportable incident. Ensuring that wind farm operation specialists maintain that flexibility is also important to avoiding unnecessary costs and ensuring reliable energy to consumers.

Second, AWEA recommends modifying

Subsection (D)(4) to allow a wind farm operator to

restart wind farm property three business days after verifying any necessary equipment repairs rather than the proposed seven calendar days. In cases where the Board sees no good cause to otherwise suspend restart, this change would provide a reasonable amount of time for OPSB Staff to review the final written report and any other materials and identify any issues while ensuring the wind farm operators can get back to providing energy for consumers in Ohio and the region.

2.1

AWEA appreciates and shares the commitment of OPSB of safe operation of power-generating equipment. We are proud that wind energy continues to be one of the safest ways to generate power, and we appreciate the opportunity to offer comment this morning on this important issue.

We thank the Board for your consideration.

ALJ WILLIAMS: Mr. Green, before you sign off, I do have a follow-up question. So your suggestion was that in substitution of a report from a licensed professional engineer, that the operator might provide some verification from the equipment manufacturer. Would that report come with any special qualifications, engineering designation, or

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     simply be -- who would it be from at the
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    manufacturer?
                 MR. GOHN: I thank you for the question,
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     Judge Williams. I'm not the subject matter expert on
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     these -- on these safety and facility questions. I
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     will be happy to take your question and report back,
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    but I'm not able to fully answer that question this
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    morning. I'm sorry.
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                 ALJ WILLIAMS: I appreciate that and the
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     nature of your appearance here today. That might
    make sense for presentation during the comment
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    portion of this case.
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                 MR. GOHN: Great. Thank you very much.
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                 ALJ WILLIAMS: Thank you very much,
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    Mr. Gohn. Have a great day.
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                 MR. GOHN: You too.
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                 ALJ WILLIAMS: We'll next hear from
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    Mr. Bruce Burcat.
                 MR. BURCAT: This is Bruce Burcat. Are
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     you able to hear me?
2.1
                 ALJ WILLIAMS: Mr. Burcat, hear you loud
22
     and clear. Thank you.
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                 MR. BURCAT: Excellent. My name is Bruce
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    Burcat, spelled B-U-R-C-A-T. I'm the Executive
25
     Director of the Mid-Atlantic Renewable Energy
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Coalition which we call MAREC. I appreciate the opportunity to offer comments today on behalf MAREC. We are a nonprofit trade association of renewable energy developers including wind, wind turbine manufacturers, and nonprofit organizations committed to promoting use of renewable energy.

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MAREC's mission is to improve and enhance the opportunities for renewable energy in numerous jurisdictions in and around the Mid-Atlantic Region including Ohio in order to improve the environment, diversify electric generation portfolios, and boost economic development throughout the region.

MAREC thanks the Ohio Power Siting Board for the opportunity to provide additional input on these proposed rules as revised. We have participated in the review of Rule 4906-4-10 since the proceeding began in 2019. Throughout — throughout MAREC has articulated a consistent position in any changes to the Board's approach of incident reporting and response for wind farms to provide the clarity and certainty that any business needs to effectively operate in today's economy. We greatly appreciate the active engagement of Board Staff in that ongoing conversation and their hard work in coming forward with this modified proposal.

While MAREC continues to believe that this new rule only applies perspectively, we understand the Board's August 7 entry limits -- entry limits the scope of the workshop to discussion of new revisions to these incident reporting and response requirements as is not meant to reopen questions of which resources are subject to these requirements.

We, therefore, limit our input today to suggestions regarding how to incorporate commonsense business considerations into these rules while still accounting for the Board's safety goal.

2.1

MAREC's comments today will focus on two elements of the modified proposal. I think I have a slightly different perspective, but you've heard a couple comments already from the American Wind Energy Association on these. And we were looking at Subsection (D)(3), the requirements for verification by a licensed professional engineer it is safe to restart damaged property after a final written report has been submitted; and Subsection (D)(4), wind farm operator's obligation to wait seven days after submission of the final incident report before restart.

In both cases, MAREC believes some relatively minor modifications can make these

elements of the proposed rule more workable while preserving their overall intent and effectiveness.

MAREC recommends that the Board expand subject -Subsection (D)(3) to allow for verification by a qualified representative of the equipment

manufacturer in addition to a licensed professional engineer, essentially permitting an either/or -sorry about that, either -- either/or option.

2.1

Currently, it is not common for wind farm operators to call professional engineers for events in safety operation facility equipment, but equipment manufacturers do weigh in on safety considerations based on their relevant experience, expertise, and familiarity with the equipment allowing wind farm operators to continue this latter approach as a means for complying with the proposed rule could avoid unnecessary costs and red tape while still offering the Board the reassurance of expert third-party input on safety considerations in the wake of a reportable incident.

And with respect to your question to Mr. Green, I think that's something that could be addressed with the actual developers on these types of things who would be the qualified individual or person -- personnel at one of these companies to

provide that certification. If the equipment manufacturer personnel were not in the position to offer relevant expertise, a professional engineer to offer wind facility operators the flexibility to use the right person for the job, indeed most professional engineers are likely to have experience to opine on the safety of a wind turbine and could be deterred from doing so by the prospect of liability.

2.1

Second, MAREC proposes that Subsection

(D) (4) be changed to allow restart of damaged property within three business days rather than seven calendar days after docketing of the final written incident report and safety verification. This time frame mirrors the proposed addition to Subsection

(D) (1) and ensures that a wind farm operator will be able to timely resume operation where an incident that triggers the rule turns out to be easily addressed without ongoing safety issues.

Ensuring a pathway to an expeditious restart is essential. Allowing three business days for the Board to consider the final written identification of any outstanding problems, especially since Staff will have already had the information regarding the incident based on the site inspection and any interim written reports.

Moreover, the Board retains the option to delay restart for good cause if there were outstanding concerns that still needed to be addressed.

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MAREC believes these two minor adjustments would result in a rule that is more workable while maintaining sensible safety projections. We appreciate the Board's consideration of our proposal, and we thank you for the opportunity to speak today. I look forward to providing further feedback in the interest of moving toward a workable and effective role.

Thank you very much.

ALJ WILLIAMS: Mr. Burcat, thank you for your comments. Before you dash off, and not surprising, I would like to follow up on the same question I had for Mr. Gohn. I'm able to easily define what a licensed professional engineer is and insert that into a proposed rule. Defining a qualified rep -- representative is obviously a bit more of concern or potentially problematic.

So if you have some insight today as to the better definition of a qualified representative, I would hear that. If not, I would again encourage you to make that part of your comments as well.

MR. BURCAT: We will definitely make it

part of our comments but what I would say is that the concern of just relying or only relying on a professional engineer is the fact that they are -- not necessarily have the specific expertise with regard to wind farm development. So my feeling -- our feeling is that it's really important to have the experienced person involved in this, and we will definitely get you that information as to who the right individual type of person who would provide that type of certification for -- from the manufacturer.

2.1

ALJ WILLIAMS: Thank you, Mr. Burcat.

MR. BURCAT: That will be part of our

comments.

ALJ WILLIAMS: I appreciate your response, and I appreciate your time this morning.

Quick administrative matter before I proceed to our next witness, of all the things I read through today probably one of the most important was the e-mail address to provide comments if you have a written transcript or some -- some copy of what you provided here today. And I think I probably stumbled through, so I want to highlight that now, and I will highlight it again hopefully before we conclude today as well. The e-mail address to use to file a copy of

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your transcript or your comments today is all
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     together contactopsb@puco.ohio.gov. Again, that's
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     contactopsb, no space, nothing in between,
     @puco.ohio.gov. So if you've tried to submit
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     comments and been rejected, it's probably because
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     yours truly didn't read that very clearly the first
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     time. We would appreciate your continuing in that
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     realm.
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                 I will proceed to the next witness which
     is Ms. Julia Johnson. Ms. Johnson, are you there?
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                 MS. JOHNSON: I'm here. Can you hear me?
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                 ALJ WILLIAMS: I can, Ms. Johnson, loud
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     and clear. Thank you. Okay.
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                 MS. JOHNSON: Thank you very much for the
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     opportunity --
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                 ALJ WILLIAMS: Ms. Johnson. Ms. Johnson,
     I'm sorry. Ms. Johnson, when you went to video, it
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     got very distorted. Now, I can't hear you.
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                 MS. JOHNSON: Can you hear me now?
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                 ALJ WILLIAMS: I can hear you now.
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                MS. JOHNSON: Is it clear?
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                ALJ WILLIAMS: It is very clear now.
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is not the best. So if there's a problem, just let

me know and I will call in on the phone.

MS. JOHNSON: Okay. My -- my connection

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ALJ WILLIAMS: And maybe -- you're fine now. If it starts to break down, we may turn your video off. That might help us. But, for now, you are doing just fine.

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MS. JOHNSON: Okay. Thank you.

ALJ WILLIAMS: Excellent. Thank you.

MS. JOHNSON: My name is Julia Johnson.

I reside in Champaign County. My mailing address is Post Office Box 230, Urbana, Ohio 43078.

I would like to express my support for the Board's efforts to adopt the rule requiring industrial wind facility operators to file public reports on incidents. Given the history of incidents experienced in Ohio and the lack of transparency surrounding those events, the public has demanded more accountability and assurance that the safety of the community is given the highest priority in siting industrial wind turbines.

And because Ohio has preempted local zoning in the governance of these facilities, we must rely on the effective state level protocols. We believe that the rules must require timely reporting, meaningful staff investigation, and authorized restarts of any turbines following a failure.

It is deeply concerning to the residents

of northwest Ohio that many representatives of the industry have objected to reasonable requirements which they call costly, duplicative, or unnecessary. Also claims that ambiguity in the proposed rules could have an adverse impact on business financing we think are speeches, but we believe these proposed revisions do remove any ambiguity.

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Recently there -- there was some -- some expression to the Joint Committee on Agency Rule

Review that -- that these reporting requirements would -- would harm the financing of wind facilities if there was a period of investigation before restart. And it's absurd to think that communities would prefer to put tax revenue before the safety of local residents.

We think three days for an initial site visit by Staff is reasonable. And up to seven days following the docketing of the -- of the incident is -- is reasonable prior to restart. The Board's Amended Rule 4906-4-10(D) provides for a swift and reasonable process that will give the community some assurance that their well-being is protected going forward following a blade shear, ice throw, tower collapse, or other failures such as was experienced at the Timber Road Paulding Wind Farm where a

technician in Portland, Oregon, restarted a damaged turbine causing a blade to strike the tower and then throw debris across the field.

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I believe the turbines in the 2018 Blue Creek incident in Van Wert were Gamesa, but the Timber Road facility's turbines are Vestas as are the Hog Creek turbines in Hardin County. And it was disturbing to read on Tuesday of this very week that Vestas reported a quarterly loss due to extraordinary warranty claims on a considering number of blades causing the company to restate their guidance for 2020 expecting a lower profitability than predicted earlier in the year.

And the source of the warranty issues was reported to be a high incidence of lightning strike blade damage. Vestas' CEO, Henrik Andersen, reportedly refused to say how many blades were impacted and what models were. Wouldn't we all like to know if any of these models are operating in Ohio? Without incident reports that apply to existing and future utility wind facilities, we may never know.

The citizens of northwest Ohio have long complained about the culture of secrecy in the wind industry, and it starts with quiet visits to the community, signed lease agreements that are not

timely reported, gag clauses preventing leaseholders
from speaking out about adverse impacts,
unwillingness to disclose avian mortality rates,
claims that safety manual information is
confidential, and so on and so on.

The proposed -- the Power Siting Board's proposed incident reporting rules are a first step in bringing about a cultural change in the Ohio -- in Ohio with respect to that culture of secrecy.

The risk to the public from wind turbine incidents is documented. The people of Ohio have a right to expect their government to maintain protocols that provide for their awareness and safety, and the proposed rules and time frames associated with those rules are reasonable and should be adopted.

Thank you.

ALJ WILLIAMS: Ms. Johnson, thank you for your comments.

Our next witness is Ms. Lauren Kiser.

MS. KISER: Good morning. Can you hear

me?

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ALJ WILLIAMS: I can, Ms. Kiser.

MS. KISER: Great. Thank you very much

25 for the opportunity to speak today. My name is

Lauren Kiser, and I am the Government Affairs

Associate for the Eastern Region of EDP Renewables.

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I want to again thank you for the opportunity to provide comments in response to the Ohio Power Siting Board's consideration of the proposed revision to the Administrative Code 4906-4-10.

As the first and the largest owner and operator of wind farms in Ohio, EDPR appreciates the chance to offer additional input. We're the fourth largest developer/owner/operator of wind farms in the United States. To date we've invested 700 million in four wind farms in Ohio making us the largest operator in the state with over 390 megawatts operating in Paulding and Hardin Counties. Over the life of the wind farms, they will contribute more than \$200 million to support the communities hosting our projects, their school districts, and their landowner payments.

EDPR will offer comments to make minor modifications to the proposed changes in the timelines in Sections (D)(1) and (D)(4) and modification to Section (D)(3) on the required verification documentation.

First, we appreciate the Board's

willingness to consider changes to the rule as filed with JCARR. In our opinion and based on our experience operating projects in Ohio and around the country, that proposal did not provide sufficient time bounds needed to prevent unnecessarily prolonged delays and would have been detrimental to current projects and potentially render future projects unfinanceable. Lengthy delays prior to remedy also do a disservice to our projects' neighbors.

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The change in (D)(1) including the Staff visit that will make its initial visit within three business days of the notice of a reportable incident is a step in the right direction to prevent undue delays to repairing any damaged property and getting on a timely path to restart.

However, we remain concerned inclusion of business days could cause further delays to the process to repair. Three calendar days excluding holidays would allow Staff to make their initial site visit during normal business hours and enable the operator to timely make the necessary repairs.

Second, we believe the restart period after the final report in Section (D)(4) need not be a full seven days and again propose a three-day period for Board review of the final report and

verification. This would offer the appropriate amount of time for the Board to review and verify the repairs -- repairs have been carried out satisfactorily and prevent prolonged delays to restart.

2.1

Some repairs such as addressing damages to collection line failures can be carried out quite quickly, oftentimes within a 24- to 48-hour time period. So requiring the operator to wait three days before the repair can commence, then the time to carry out the repair, and then an additional seven days for review and potential restart will result in significant downtime often leaving a full circuit or more offline and unable to generate electricity and with what benefit to the public.

Therefore, we urge the Board to not treat collection line incidents the same as the listed incidents in the same manner, and we believe that the restart period after final report for collection line should be one day to better align the regulation with the reality of responding to such an event given the minimal and controllable public safety risk, the meaningful impact on the operations of the asset, and potential resource impact on landowners.

Ensuring appropriate timelines are

important because Ohio's need for electricity does not take holidays or weekends. Any downtime can result in significant potential economic consequences to projects and unnecessarily inhibit owners' ability to meet contractual obligations with their offtakers such as American Electric Power, Amazon Web Services, and Microsoft.

2.1

We believe that the above proposed timelines are more appropriate to ensure that the repairs are carried out correctly, the Board has the appropriate time to review and verify while mitigating potential financial risks to projects.

Lastly, we suggest that (D)(3) be changed to premise approval on the completion of the final written report as verification -- as well as verification of the turbine manufacturer, a trusted third party with the best available skill and experience to verify the safe operation of a wind turbine after repair.

In addition, (D)(3) should also include the effects -- flexibility for the operator to show that the facility has been repaired consistent with industry standards, their certificate, and the Ohio Administrative Code. Requiring a professional engineer's approval is at odds with industry and best

practices and fails to address the stated concern of the Board's Staff as most PEs are in no position to opine on the safety of the equipment.

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In our experience the turbine manufacturer is the best -- is best positioned to evaluate and advise on remedies for turbine incidents. The manufacturer will know the ins and outs of the equipment and are the most equipped to assess any and all safety and operational issues better than a different third-party engineer who may not be as familiar with the specifications of the equipment.

EDPR takes seriously the obligation to safely operate its wind farms and comply with Ohio laws, regulations, and the terms of our certificates. We have been operating projects in Ohio since 2011 and have gained extensive experience in certificate compliance and monitoring with the Ohio Power Siting Board. We've developed a very productive and working relationship with the Board and Staff and know that that will continue.

EDPR believes these modifications will not compromise the health and safety of Ohioans or the Board's policy goals and be more workable to continue to bring environmentally and economically

beneficial wind development in Ohio.

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Again, I thank you for the opportunity to speak this morning.

ALJ WILLIAMS: Thank you, Ms. Kiser. A couple of quick follow-ups just to make sure I understand. So I understand you wanted to change (D)(1) to substitute calendar days for business days. And (D)(4), what I thought I heard you indicate was that you would like an accelerated three calendar days standard in regard to collection line repairs, or was that in regard to the entirety of the whole package?

MS. KISER: Consistent with what AWEA and MAREC said, three calen -- three days for general -- the other incidents and then an accelerated timeline for collection lines considering that those can be addressed guite guickly.

ALJ WILLIAMS: So the notion would be (D)(4) would be segregated and there would be a three calendar day restart for collection line repairs, and all other repairs would still be subject to a seven day restart?

MS. KISER: No, sir. Three days for all as AWEA and MAREC previously mentioned but carving out for collection lines for one day.

ALJ WILLIAMS: That was not my understanding of your testimony. So the position would be then within one day of receipt of the report from the manufacturer presumption of restarting on a collection line.

MS. KISER: Yes.

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ALJ WILLIAMS: And then same question in terms of the qualifications of the manufacturer, would something from a sales rep be satisfactory in your opinion? What sort of qualifications should we look for from the manufacturer who would certify the ability to restart?

MS. KISER: Sure. So I will double-check again with our operations staff but typically what happens is the manufacturer will send out their engineering and design teams to review the equipment and review that the repairs have been done satisfactorily. The exact qualification levels of those engineers I don't have the answer for you right now, but I will definitely check with the operators and get back with the Board on what that typically is.

ALJ WILLIAMS: Thank you. I appreciate that. And again, if you want to file your testimony today, the e-mail address is

contactopsb@puco.ohio.gov. Thank you for your time this morning.

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MS. KISER: Thank you very much.

ALJ WILLIAMS: All right. Next scheduled witness was set to be a Ms. Cheryl Mira. Ms. Mira did e-mail Board Staff this morning indicating that she had a conflict and would not be able to appear. She'll certainly be advised pursuant to our next entry regarding the ability to file formal comments and reply comments.

As her comment via the e-mail was pretty succinct, I am going to just briefly read that into the record, maybe a little unorthodox, but we are in the virtual world, and I think it's certainly within the realm to put this in the record.

Skipping over the introductory, "My opinion is," and this is Ms. Mira, "My opinion is that a fully funded decommissioning plan must be part of the application and must be assessed by the OPSB prior to approval of any solar or wind turbine project. Approval of the project without such a plan puts the local population at risk. This is not a single site generating facility. My opinion is that every wind turbine incident needs to be reported and assessed. Just like other -- other industries every

incident needs to be evaluated. The stakes are bigger here. Thank you, Cheryl Mira."

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So that would be the entirety of the substance portion of her comments and that's now part of today's record.

We do have one additional commenter today. Mr. Mike Settineri from the law firm of Vorys did e-mail Board Staff shortly after the cutoff yesterday asking to be granted the ability to provide comment here today. As ordinarily prior to our virtual world, a workshop would involve frankly presenting in person the morning of and informally stepping up to make comments, and as this is a case of first impression where we are conducting this virtually, and subject to a defined cutoff for registration for commenters, and also as we only had four other presenters here today, such that we are not impeding anybody else's ability to comment on the record, the Board is going to grant Mr. Settineri leave to provide comments on a one-time basis.

With that, Mr. Settineri, I see you on my screen. Can you hear me?

MR. SETTINERI: I can. Hopefully you can hear me.

ALJ WILLIAMS: I can. Please begin.

MR. SETTINERI: All right. Thank you, your Honor, for the courtesy of being able to speak today.

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For the record my name is Mike Settineri with the law firm of Vorys, Sater, Seymour & Pease, 52 East Gay Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215. I'm appearing today and providing comments on behalf of Hardin Wind, LLC.

Today, while my comments will focus on the proposed change to the rule, I'll note that Hardin Wind continues to challenge the retroactivity application of the rules as other commenters today have indicated themselves.

So the first thing I want to do today, I guess what I want to do today is walk through the redline. The first comment I think is more of a corrective comment I will flag for the Board and its Staff is part (D)(2) of the rule. That remains in place and that rule, as written today, states, and I'll paraphrase, wind operator will not restart damaged property until the restart is approved by the Board's Executive Director. I believe that (D)(2) should have been stricken from the rule and may be an inadvertent oversight, but I will flag that for Board Staff today.

Continuing on then I want to discuss the verification language that is here, specifically for the licensed professional engineer. And I think other commenters have indicated whether a repair is of the nature that a PE can even opine on. That's the first piece of this.

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I think it's also important to note when a PE can take on the verification to again say damaged property has been properly repaired as well as to say whether it's safe to restart the damaged property. I think it's very important for the Board to consider the language and the specificity it's going to insert as to any verification that's required. So, for instance, if I had a professional engineering firm, architectural engineering firm, would I be comfortable providing a guarantee verification that it is safe to restart the damaged property? Would a professional engineering firm be able to do that?

I will note for the Board that professional engineers under Ohio law have ethical obligations. So I will refer the Board and its Staff to Chapter 4733 of the Ohio Administrative Code, specifically Rule 4733-35-04(C). Hopefully I have that cite right. But you'll see there that

professional engineers in Ohio are limited as to the certifications, guarantees they can provide. So I wanted to flag that for the Board. I think that's a very important point.

2.1

Also, in terms of the -- the verification that it's safe to restart, a question whether, again going back to taking on risk and liability, whether that is a type of verification that can be obtained from even a manufacturer. I don't know the answer to that, but I would flag that as a question for the Board to consider.

Again, it goes back to the specificity of the verification that you are trying to achieve here. I think the comment that I will provide to the Board in terms of a form of verification, and, remember, the Board and its Staff will have the final report of the incident with the repairs that were made in hand, is to have a verification from the operator itself that the repairs were made and the project is ready and able to operate in compliance with its Power Siting Board certificate. So a much more general verification but, again, we will have the final report. We will have a verification from the operator who has overall responsibility for the project that it is ready — has been repaired and

ready to operate in compliance with its Power Siting Board certificate.

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actually a couple more but is again just to reiterate the timing in Rule Section (D)(4). Instead of seven days consider whether three business days would be more appropriate. Other commenters have highlighted that. I think the piece that I want to highlight for the Board and Staff three business days ensures that the weekend doesn't get counted against the Staff and its Executive Director when they are reviewing that final report. But again, the difference between seven days and three business days can be significant for a project in terms of getting back up into operation.

The last thing I'll just note, and again, I appreciate the opportunity to provide comments today, obviously Hardin Wind reserves the right to comment on any proposed rules, and I also appreciate the Administrative Law Judge's recognition that comments by the parties today are nonbinding.

So we -- on behalf of Hardin Wind, we appreciate the opportunity to provide these brief comments to you today. So thank you very much.

ALJ WILLIAMS: Thank you. I have a

similar question regarding qualifications of what's being reported back to Board Staff. It seemed like you took a little different route. Prior comments focused on getting some sort of a verification from the manufacturer regarding safe to return. It sounds as though you took exception with the term or the notion of safe to restart as well as suggested that the comments or the official opinion would come from the operator and not the manufacturer. Is that a safe understanding of what you conveyed?

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MR. SETTINERI: Yes. Again, it goes back to the specificity of the verification. The more specific the verification I think the more -- that's more important for the operator to be able to make that verification meaning it's more difficult for a third party to make a more specific verification, especially, for instance, safe to restart.

The operator has the -- is operating the project. It is responsible under the certificate for the project; and, therefore, I believe, you know, the operator is the appropriate entity to make that verification. Hopefully that answers your question.

ALJ WILLIAMS: It does answer my question. I mean, obviously there's still some concerns regarding the level of expertise and the

level of, I would guess, for lack of a better term, investment or deep pockets associated with the manufacturers as opposed to an operator, but certainly we'll take those comments under consideration as we consider whether further revision to the proposed rule is -- is warranted.

2.1

Do you have an alternative term or notion to the term safe to restart that's in the current proposed rule? Is there different language that you would advance?

MR. SETTINERI: Not at this time. But that's a question we can take back during the comment period as well. And again, just keep repeating the specificity -- specificity of the language and the verification, I think, can -- if too specific will cre -- could create delays and that's just my opinion.

ALJ WILLIAMS: Okay. Thank you for your comments this morning.

MR. SETTINERI: Thank you.

ALJ WILLIAMS: Mary, anything in the chat function I should be aware of before I proceed toward closing this?

MS. FISCHER: No, but I did put the contactopsb e-mail in the chat for everyone's

reference.

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ALJ WILLIAMS: I will stop reading that into the record then.

Okay. With that this concludes those individuals who signed up to provide comments today. The Board appreciates your participation in this workshop. I also thank all those who may have witnessed the workshop either via Webex or over the phone.

Again, I want to remind you that regardless of whether you chose to provide comments today, the Board will open this case for further comments, further formal comments, pursuant to a future order. Please continue to follow the docket in this case, as the public is encouraged to participate further in this rule consideration process through the formal comment phase of the case.

With that, this concludes today's workshop, and we are adjourned. Thank you, everyone.

(Thereupon, at 10:50 a.m., the hearing was adjourned.)

2.2

CERTIFICATE I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the proceedings taken by me in this matter on Friday, August 14, 2020, and carefully compared with my original stenographic notes. Karen Sue Gibson, Registered Merit Reporter. (KSG-6496) 

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Summary: Transcript In the Matter of Ohio Power Siting Board Hearing held on 08/14/2020 electronically filed by Mr. Ken Spencer on behalf of Armstrong & Okey, Inc. and Gibson, Karen Sue Mrs.