# Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC Case No. 19-1881-EL-BGN 

## Application Part 3 of 8

## Part 3 includes:

- Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications
- Exhibit C Vegetation Management Plan
- Exhibit D Comment Cards
- Exhibit E Community Engagement
- Exhibit F Interconnection Studies
- Exhibit G Economic Impact Study
- Exhibit H Complaint Resolution Plan
- Exhibit I Certificate of Liability Insurance
- Exhibit J Construction Route Study
- Exhibit K Decommissioning Plan

Date Filed: July 17, 2020
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
Phone: (614) 591-5461
Email: cpirik@dickinsonwright.com todonnell@dickinsonwright.com

## Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications

## Attachment A Modules

1. Jinko
2. Longi
3. Risen
4. Talesun
5. Trina

## Attachment B Inverters

1. Ingeteam
2. SMA
3. Sungrow
4. TMEIC

## Attachment C Trackers

1. Array Technologies
2. FTC Solar
3. Gamechange Solar
4. NEXTracker
5. Soltec
6. Sunfolding

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

Attachment A<br>Modules

\author{

1. Jinko <br> 2. Longi <br> 3. Risen <br> 4. Talesun <br> 5. Trina
}

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

Attachment A Modules

\author{

1. Jinko
}

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

## Tiger Mono-facial 72M 410-430 Wait

Tiling Ribbon (TR) Technology
Positive power tolerance of $0 \sim+3 \%$

## KEY FEATURES



Continuous cualliy Assuranco

- ISO9001:2015, ISO14001:2015, OHSAS18001 certified factory
- IEC61215, IEC61730 certified product


## TR technology + Half Cell

TR technology with Half cell aims to eliminate the cell gap to increase module efficiency (mono-facial up to 20.70\%)

## 9BB instead of 5BB

9BB technology decreases the distance between bus bars and finger grid line which is benefit to power increase.

## Higher lifetime Power Yield

2.5\% first year degradation,
$0.6 \%$ linear degradation

## Best Warranty

12 year product warranty,
25 year linear power warranty

Avoid debris, cracks and broken gate risk effectively
9BB technology using circular ribbon that could avoid debris, cracks and broken gate risk effectively

## LINEAR PERFORMANCE WARRANTY

12 Year Product Warranty 25 Year Linear Power Warranty $0.6 \%$ Annual Degradation Over 25 years


Packaging Contiguration
( Two pallets = One stack )
27pcs/pallets, 54pcs/stack, 594pcs/40'HQ Container

Current-Voltage \& Power-Voltage Curves (420W)


Voltsge (V)

Mechanical Characteristics

| Cell Type | P type Mono-crystalline |
| :--- | :---: |
| No.of cells | $144(2 \times 72)$ |
| Dimensions | $2019 \times 1029 \times 40 \mathrm{~mm}(79.49 \times 40.51 \times 1.57$ inch $)$ |
| Weight | $24.3 \mathrm{~kg}(53.57 \mathrm{lbs})$ |
| Front Glass | 3.2 mm , Anti-Reflection Coating, |
| Frame | High Transmission, Low Iron, Tempered Glass |
| Junction Box | Anodized Aluminium Alloy |
| Output Cables | IP67 Rated |

SPECIFICATIONS

| Module Type | JKM410 <br> JKM410 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M-7TL3 } \\ & \text { M-7TL3-V } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JKM41 } \\ & \text { JKM415 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M-7TL3 } \\ & \text { M-7TL3-V } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JKM420 } \\ & \text { JKM420N } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M-7TL3 } \\ & \text { M-7TL3-V } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JKM425 } \\ & \text { JKM425N } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M-7TL3 } \\ & \text { 1-7TL3-V } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JKM430 } \\ & \text { JKM430N } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M-7TL3 } \\ & 1-7 T L 3-V \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT |
| Maximum Power (Pmax) | 410wp | 305 Wp | 415 Wp | 309Wp | 420wp | 312 Wp | 425Wp | 316 Wp | 430Wp | 320Wp |
| Maximum Power Voltage (Vmp) | 39.46 V | 36.10 V | 39.56 V | 36.20 V | 39.66 V | 36.33 V | 39.77 V | 36.43 V | 39.86 V | 36.56 V |
| Maximum Power Current (Imp) | 10.39A | 8.45A | 10.49A | 8.53A | 10.59A | 8.60A | 10.69A | 8.68 A | 10.79A | 8.75A |
| Open-circuit Voltage (Voc) | 47.45 V | 44.78 V | 47.54 V | 44.87 V | 47.63 V | 44.96 V | 47.72 V | 45.04 V | 47.93 V | 45.24 V |
| Short-circuit Current (lsc) | 11.20A | 9.05 A | 11.30A | 9.13 A | 11.40 A | 9.21 A | 11.50A | 9.29 A | 11.60A | 9.37A |
| Module Efficiency STC (\%) |  | 73\% |  | 98\% |  | 22\% | 20. |  | 20. | 0\% |
| Operating Temperature( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |  |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum system voltage |  |  |  |  | 1000/1500 | VCC (IEC) |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum series fuse rating |  |  |  |  | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power tolerance |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature coefficients of Pmax |  |  |  |  | -0.35 | $\% /^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature coefficients of Voc |  |  |  |  | -0.28 | $\% /^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature coefficients of Isc |  |  |  |  | $0.048 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal operating cell temperature (NOCT) |  |  | $45 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^0]
## Tiger Bifacial 72M 410-430 WaH

Tiling Ribbon (TR) Technology
Positive power tolerance of $0 \sim+3 \%$

## KEY FEATURES



$\Xi$

## TR technology + Half Cell

TR technology with Half cell aims to eliminate the cell gap to increase module efficiency (bi-facial up to $20.40 \%$ )


9 BB instead of 5 BB
9BB technology decreases the distance between bus bars and finger grid line which is benefit to power increase.

## Higher lifetime Power Yield

2.5\% first year degradation,
$0.55 \%$ linear degradation

## Best Warranty

12 year product warranty,
30 year linear power warranty

## Avoid debris, cracks and broken gate risk effectively

9BB technology using circular ribbon that could avoid debris, cracks and broken gate risk effectively

## LINEAR PERFORMANCE WARRANTY

## 12 Year Producf Warranty • 30 Year Linear Power Warranty $0.55 \%$ Annual Degradation Over 30 years

## CLEAN ENERGY COUNCIL MEMBER

POSITIVE QUALITY ${ }^{\text {m }}$

- ISO9001:2015, ISO14001:2015, OHSAS18001 certified factory
- IEC61215, IEC61730 certified product
linear performance warranty



Front


Slda
Beck
Lenth: $\pm 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ Width: $\pm 2 \mathrm{~mm}$ Height $\pm 1 \mathrm{~mm}$ Row Pitch: $\pm 2 \mathrm{~mm}$
Packaging Configuration
( Two pallets = One stack )
27pcs/pallets, $54 \mathrm{pcs} /$ stack, $594 \mathrm{pcs} / 40^{\prime} \mathrm{HQ}$ Container

Voltage (V)

Mechanical Characteristics

| Cell Type | P type Mono-crystalline |
| :--- | :---: |
| No.of cells | $144(2 \times 72)$ |
| Dimensions | $2042 \times 1032 \times 40 \mathrm{~mm}(80.39 \times 40.63 \times 1.57$ inch $)$ |


| Weight | $24.6 \mathrm{~kg}(54.23 \mathrm{lbs})$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Front Glass | 3.2 mm ,Anti-Reflection Coating, |
| Frame | High Transmission, Low Iron, Tempered Glass |
| Junction Box | Anodized Aluminium Alloy |
| Output Cables | IP67 Rated |

SPECIFICATIONS


BIFACIAL OUTPUT-REARSIDE POWER GAIN

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 \%} \%$ | Maximum Power (Pmax) | 431 Wp | 436 Wp | 441 Wp | 446 Wp | 452 Wp |
|  | Module Efficiency STC (\%) | $20.43 \%$ | $20.68 \%$ | $20.93 \%$ | $21.18 \%$ | $21.43 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 5 \%}$ | Maximum Power (Pmax) | 472 Wp | 477 Wp | 483 Wp | 489 Wp | 495 Wp |
|  | Module Efficiency STC (\%) | $22.37 \%$ | $22.65 \%$ | $22.92 \%$ | $23.19 \%$ | $23.47 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 5 \%} \%$ | Maximum Power (Pmax) | 513 Wp | 519 Wp | 525 Wp | 531 Wp | 538 Wp |
|  | Module Efficiency STC (\%) | $24.32 \%$ | $24.62 \%$ | $24.91 \%$ | $25.21 \%$ | $25.51 \%$ |

*STC: 嫦 ${ }^{*}$ Elradiance $1000 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$
Cell Temperature $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$\mathrm{AM}=1.5$
NOCT: 滇 1 Irradiance $800 \mathrm{w} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$
Ambient Temperature $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

[^1]
# Tiger Mono－facial 455－475 Watt 

## Tiling Ribbon（TR）Technology

Positive power tolerance of $0 \sim+3 \%$

## KEY FEATURES



## TR technology＋Half Cell

TR technology with Half cell aims to eliminate the cell gap to increase module efficiency（mono－facial up to $21.16 \%$ ）

## 9BB instead of 5BB

9BB technology decreases the distance between bus bars and finger grid line which is benefit to power increase．

## Higher lifetime Power Yield

2．5\％first year degradation，
$0.6 \%$ linear degradation

## Best Warranty

12 year product warranty，
25 year linear power warranty


Avoid debris，cracks and broken gate risk effectively
9BB technology using circular ribbon that could avoid debris， cracks and broken gate risk effectively

LINEAR PERFORMANCE WARRANTY
12 Year Product Warranty－ 25 Year Linear Power Warranty $0.6 \%$ Annual Degradation Over 25 years



SPECIFICATIONS

| Module Type | JKM45 JKM455 | M－7RL3 －7RL3－V | JKM46 <br> JKM460 | M－7RL3 <br> －7RL3－V | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JKM46 } \\ & \text { JKM465 } \end{aligned}$ | M－7RL3 <br> －7RL3－V | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JKM47 } \\ & \text { JKM470 } \end{aligned}$ | M－7RL3 <br> －7RL3－V | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JKM479 } \\ & \text { JKM475 } \end{aligned}$ | M－7RL3 <br> $-7 R L 3-V$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT |
| Maximum Power（Pmax） | 455Wp | 339Wp | 460Wp | 342 Wp | 465Wp | 346 Wp | 470wp | 350wp | 475Wp | 353Wp |
| Maximum Power Voltage（Vmp） | 43.13 V | 39.69 V | 43.24 V | 39.75 V | 43.34 V | 39.86 V | 43.44 V | 39.92 V | 43.54 V | 40.02 V |
| Maximum Power Current（Imp） | 10．55A | 8．53A | 10.64 A | 8．61A | 10．73A | 8.68 A | 10．82A | 8．76A | 10．91A | 8．83A |
| Open－circuit Voltage（Voc） | 51.80 V | 48.79 V | 51.90 V | 48.88 V | 52.00 V | 48.98 V | 52.10 V | 48.07 V | 52.20 V | 49．17V |
| Short－circuit Current（Isc） | 11.41 A | 9.22 A | 11．50 A | 9.29 A | 11．59A | 9.36 A | 11．68A | 9.43 A | 11．77A | 9．51A |
| Module Efficiency STC（\％） |  | 26\％ | 20.4 |  |  | ．71\％ | 2 | ．93\％ |  | 16\％ |
| Operating Temperature（ ${ }^{( } \mathrm{C}$ ） |  |  |  |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum system voltage |  |  |  |  | 1000／150 | VDC（IEC |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum series fuse rating |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power tolerance |  |  |  |  |  | 3\％ |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature coefficients of Pmax |  |  |  |  | －0．3 | $\% \%^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature coefficients of Voc |  |  |  |  | －0．2 | $\% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature coefficients of Isc |  |  |  |  | 0.04 | $\% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal operating cell temperature（NOCT） |  |  |  |  | $45 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |

[^2]
## Tiger Bifacial 445-465 Watt

## Tiling Ribbon (TR) Technology

Positive power tolerance of $0 \sim+3 \%$

## KEY FEATURES



- | 90012015 | 140012015

A 18001 certified factory

- IEC61215 IEC61730 certified prod ct


## TR technology + Half Cell

TR technology with Half cell aims to eliminate the cell gap to increase module efficiency (bi-facial up to 20.43\%)


9BB instead of 5BB
9 BB technology decreases the distance between bus bars and finger grid line which is benefit to power increase.

## Higher lifetime Power Yield

2.5\% first year degradation,
$0.55 \%$ linear degradation

## Best Warranty

12 year product warranty,
30 year linear power warranty

## Avoid debris, cracks and broken gate risk effectively

9BB technology using circular ribbon that could avoid debris, cracks and broken gate risk effectively

## LINEAR PERFORMANCE WARRANTY

## 12 Year Producf Warranty - 30 Year Linear Power Warranty $0.55 \%$ Annual Degradation Over 30 years

linear performance warranty



Front


Sida

Packaging Configuration
( Two pallets = One stack )
27pes/pallets, $54 \mathrm{pcs} /$ stack, $540 \mathrm{pcs} / 40^{\prime} \mathrm{HQ}$ Container


Voltage (V)

Mechanical Characteristics

| Cell Type | P type Mono-crystalline |
| :--- | :---: |
| No.of cells | $156(2 \times 78)$ |
| Dimensions | $2205 \times 1032 \times 40 \mathrm{~mm}(86.81 \times 40.63 \times 1.57 \mathrm{inch})$ |
| Weight | $25.7 \mathrm{~kg}(56.66 \mathrm{lbs})$ |
| Front Glass | 3.2 mm , Anti-Reflection Coating, <br> High Transmission, Low Iron, Tempered Glass |
| Frame <br> Junction Box | Anodized Aluminium Alloy |
| Output Cables | IP67 Rated |

SPECIFICATIONS

| Module Type | JKM445M-7RL3-TV |  | JKM450M-7RL3-TV |  | JKM455M-7RL3-TV |  | JKM460M-7RL3-TV |  | JKM465M-7RL3-TV |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT |
| Maximum Power (Pmax) | 445wp | 331 wp | 450 Wp | 335 Wp | 455 Wp | 339 wp | 460wp | 342 Wp | 465wp | 346 Wp |
| Maximum Power Voltage (Vmp) | 43.73 V | 39.60 V | 43.82 V | 39.72 V | 43.90 V | 39.83 V | 44.02 V | 39.93 V | 44.09 V | 40.04 V |
| Maximum Power Current (Imp) | 10.18A | 8.36A | 10.27A | 8.43A | 10.37A | 8.50A | 10.45 V | 8.57A | 10.55A | 8.64A |
| Open-circuit Voltage (Voc) | 51.80 V | 48.79 V | 51.90 V | 48.88 V | 52.00 V | 48.98 V | 52.10 V | 49.07 V | 52.20 V | 49.17 V |
| Short-circuit Current (Isc) | 11.03A | 8.91A | 11.12 A | 8.98A | 11.21A | 9.05 A | 11.30A | 9.13 A | 11.39A | 9.20 A |
| Module Efficiency STC (\%) | 19.56\% |  | $19.78 \%$ |  | $20.00 \%$ |  | $20.21 \%$ |  | 20.43\% |  |
| Operating Temperature( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |  |  | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum system voltage |  |  |  |  | $1500 \mathrm{VDC}(\mathrm{IEC})$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum series fuse rating |  |  |  |  | 25A |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power tolerance |  |  |  |  | $0 \sim+3 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature coefficients of Pmax |  |  |  |  | $-0.35 \% / \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature coefficients of Voc |  |  |  |  | $-0.28 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Temperature coefficients of Isc |  |  |  |  | $0.048 \% /^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nominal operating cell temperature (NOCT) |  |  |  |  | $45 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refer. Bifacial Factor |  |  |  |  | $70 \pm 5 \%$ |  |  |  |  |  |

BIFACIAL OUTPUT-REARSIDE POWER GAIN

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\%$ | Maximum Power (Pmax) | 467 Wp | 473 Wp | 478 Wp | 483 Wp | 488 Wp |
|  | Module Efficiency STC (\%) | $20.53 \%$ | $20.76 \%$ | $20.99 \%$ | $21.23 \%$ | $21.46 \%$ |
|  | Maximum Power (Pmax) | 512 Wp | 518 Wp | 523 Wp | 529 Wp | 535 Wp |
|  | Module Efficiency STC (\%) | $22.49 \%$ | $22.74 \%$ | $22.99 \%$ | $23.25 \%$ | $23.50 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 5 \%}$ | Maximum Power (Pmax) | 556 Wp | 563 Wp | 569 Wp | 575 Wp | 581 Wp |
|  | Module Efficiency STC (\%) | $24.44 \%$ | $24.72 \%$ | $24.99 \%$ | $25.27 \%$ | $25.54 \%$ |



[^3]
# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

Attachment A Modules

## 2. Longi

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

# LR4-72HBD 415~435M 

# High Eficiency <br> Low LID Bifacial PERC with Half-cut Technology 

10-year Warranty for Materials and Processing; 30-year Warranty for Extra Linear Power Output


## Complete System and Product Certifications

IEC 61215, IEC61730, UL1703
I50 9001;2008: 150 Quality Management 5ystem
ISO 14001: 2004: LSO Emvirorment Management System
TS62941: Guldeline for module design qualfifation and type approval OHSAS 18001: 2007 Occupational Health and Safiety

* Sparifications subject to technical chariges and testr. LONGi Solar reservas the right of interpretation.

Front slda parformance equivalent to conwantional low LID mono PERC:

- High module conversion efficiency (up to 19.4\%)
- Better energy yield with excellent low irradiance performance and temperature coefficient
- First year power degradation < 2\%

Blifacial tachnology enables additional energy harvesting from rear side (up to 25\%)

Glass/dass lamination ensures 30 year product |lfetime, with annual power degradation $<0.45 \%$, 1500 V compatible to reduce BOS cost

Solid PID reslstance ensured by solar cell process optimization and careful module BOM selection
Reduced resistive loss with lower operating current,
Highar anergy vield with lower operating temperature
Reducad hot spot risk with optimized electrical design and lower operating current

# LR4-72HBD 415~435M 

Cel Orithtation:144 (6x24)

Iunction Bcas: IPBS, three dindes
Output Cable: $4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}, 300 \mathrm{~mm}$ in length,
lenght can be customized
Glest:Dual glan
20inmbernpered elass
Frame:Ancolusdahuminumalkyfarme
Weighte 29.5kg
Dirmersion: $2131 \times 1052 \times 35 \mathrm{~mm}$
Packeginge 30 pes per pallet
150 pas per 20 GIP
Paclaginge 30 pes per pallet
150 pax per 20 GP
600pos per $40^{\circ} \mathrm{HC}$
ckian

Juncion Baci Fse, treediodes

Elactrical Charactaristics
Uniar velind inenght: $\mathbf{i n}$ IMm



Cperational Temperature: $-40 \mathrm{C} \sim+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Power Ouput Tolerance: $0^{*}+5 \mathrm{~W}$
Voc and loc Tolenance: $\pm 3 \%$
Maximum Systern Voltage: DC1500N (IEC/UL)
Maximum Serles Fuse Rating 20A
Nominal Operating Cell Temperature: $45+2{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Stity Class: Class:
FreRsitgral type 3
Batacialiy: Glainge $70 \%$

Madel Number
LR4-72HBD-415M

| Testing Condition | STC | NOCT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum Power (Pmax/W) | 415 | 308.6 |
| Open Circuit Voltage (Voc/V) | 49.0 | 45.6 |
| Short Circuit Current (Isc/A) | 10.85 | 8.82 |
| Voltage at Maximum Power (Vmp/V) | 40.6 | 37.7 |
| Current at Maximum Power (Imp/A) | 10.23 | 8.19 |
| Mopdule Efficiency(\%) | 18.5 |  |

STC (Standard Testing Conditions): Irradlance $1000 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, Cell Temperature 25 C , Spectra at AM1.5
NOCT (Nominal Operating Cell Temperature): Irradiance $800 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, Ambient Temperature $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Spectra at AM1.5, Wind at $1 \mathrm{~m} / 5$
Electrical characteristics with different rear side power gain (reference to 425 W front)

| Pmax / W | V $C$ c/ | lsc/a | VmpN | $1 \mathrm{mp} / \mathrm{A}$ | Pmax gain |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 446 | 49.4 | 11.58 | 41.0 | 10.88 | 5\% |
| 468 | 49.4 | 12.13 | 41.0 | 11.40 | 10\% |
| 489 | 49.5 | 12.68 | 41.1 | 11.92 | 15\% |
| 510 | 49.5 | 13.23 | 41.1 | 12.44 | 20\% |
| 531 | 49.5 | 13.78 | 41.1 | 12.96 | 25\% |


| Temperature ietings (SIC) |  | Mechanical Loadn! |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Temperatura Coenficient of lise | +0.060\%/C | Front Side Maximum Stadt Losdling | 5400Pa |
| Tomperatura Coefiniemt of Voc | -0.300\%/C | Rear Side Meximum Static Loading | 2400Pa |
| Temperature Coefficlent of Prnax | -0.370\%/C | Halistane Test | 25 mm Hallstone at the speed of $23 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |

## AV curve

Current-Voltage Curve (LR4-72HBO-425M)


Power-Voltage Curve (LR4-72HBD-425M\}


Curremi-Voltage Curve (LR4-72HED-425M)


## LONGI

Room 801, Tower 3, Lujiazui Financial Plaza, No. 826 Century Avenue, Pudong 5hanghai, 200120, China Tel: +86-21-80162606 E-mall: module䇗longl-5illcon.com Facebook: wwwfacebook.com/LONGI Solar

[^4]

## Complete System and Product Certifications

IEC 61215, IEC61730, UL1703
150 5001;2008: 150 Quality Manasement 5ystem
ISO 14001: 2004: LOO Emvirorment Management System
TS62941: Guldeline for module design qualffcation and type approval OHSAS 18001: 2007 Occupational Heslth and Safiety


[^5]Positive power tolaranca $\left(0^{\sim}+5 W\right)$ guaranteed
High module conversion efinclency (up to 19.8\%)
Slower power degradation enabled by Low UD Mono PERC technology: first year <2\%, $0.55 \%$ year 2-25

Solld PID resistance ensured by solar cell process optimization and careful module BOM selection

Raduced resistive loas with lower operating current
Higher anargy ylald with lower operating temperature
Reduced hot spot rlsk with optimized electrical design and lower operating current

## LONGISolar

# LR4-72HPH 420~440M 


Cell Citentation: 144 ( $6 \times 24$ )
Junction Boc: IPGs, threedodes
Orfout Cable: $4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 300 mm in lengeth, lengigh can be custamized
Glass:Singegtas
3.2 mm cosesed itmpered gass
Firme:Anodined aluminumblior frame
Weight 24 kg
Dimension: $2115 \times 1052 \times 35 \mathrm{~mm}$
Packexime 30pes per pallet
150pos per 20/Gp
660pos per $40^{\circ} \mathrm{HC}$

Operatonal Temperature: $40 \mathrm{C} \sim+\mathrm{ESC}$
Pover Dutput Tolerance: $0^{*}+5 \mathrm{~W}$
Voc and lac Tokenance: $\pm 3 \%$
Madmun Sytion Veltager: DCI500V (IEC/UL) Maxdmum Serles Fuse Rathger 20 A
Norrinal Cperating Cell Temperature 45tz2C
Scfety Clases Chass II
Fire Ratinge Ul type 4

| Electilal Pharacteristios |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Test un | almy fo | nax: $\pm 3 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model Number | 184.72H | H-420M | LR4-72 | -42.5M | 1R4-721 | -430M | LR4-72 | H-435M | LRA-72 | H-440M |
| Testing Condition | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT |
| Maximum Power (Pmax/W) | 420 | 311.1 | 425 | 314.8 | 430 | 318.5 | 435 | 322.2 | 440 | 326.0 |
| Open Clrcult Voltage (Voc/N) | 48.8 | 45.5 | 49.0 | 45.7 | 49.2 | 45.9 | 49.4 | 46.1 | 49.6 | 46.3 |
| Short Circuit Current ( $\mathrm{sc} / \mathrm{A}$ ) | 11.04 | 8.90 | 11.11 | 8.95 | 11,19 | 9.02 | 11.26 | 9.08 | 11.33 | 9.13 |
| Voltage at Maximum Power (Vmp/V) | 40.2 | 37.1 | 40.4 | 37.3 | 40.6 | 37.5 | 40.8 | 37.7 | 41.0 | 37.9 |
| Current at Maximum Power ( $\mathrm{mp} / \mathrm{A}$ ) | 10.45 | 8.38 | 10.52 | 8.44 | 10.60 | 8.50 | 10.67 | 8.56 | 10.74 | 8.61 |
| Module Efficiency(\%) | $18.9$ |  | $19.1$ |  | $19.3$ |  | 19.6 |  | 19.8 |  |
| STC (5tandard Testing Conditions): Irradiance 1000W/m², Cell Temperature 25 C , Spectra at AM1.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NOCT (Nominal Operating Cell Temperature): Irradiance $800 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, Ambient Temperature $20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Spectra at AM1.5, Wind at $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{S}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Temperature Rathes (STC) Mechanical Loading

| Temperature Coemicient of lsc | +0.057\%/C | Front Sido Moximum static Looding | 5400Pa |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ternperaturs Coefiliclent of Voc | $-0.286 \% / \mathrm{C}$ | Rear STde Maximurn Static Loading | 2400 Pa |
| Temperature Coefficient of Pmax | -0.370\%/C | Heilstone Taxt | 25 mm Hilstone at the speed of $23 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |

## L-V Curve

Current-Veltaga Curvie (LR4-72HPH-430M)


Power-Voltage Curve (LRH-72HPH-430M)


Currant-Voltaga Curve (LR4-72HPH-430M)


## LONGI Solar

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { LR4-72HBD } \\
& 425 \sim 455 M
\end{aligned}
$$



# High Eficiency <br> Low LDD Bifacial PERC with Half-cut Technology 

Foch EEB CGEB ne amailable


Compinta Sprein End Proture Certillartions
IEC 61215, EC61739, 16.61730
 150 1400r: 2ass: |13D Eww/ranmert Managenent Spriem


 reworver the right ol intw metation.

Front alde performaima equilulent to esonvantional low UD move PERC:

- High module comvaralen efficiency (up to 20.9\%)

- First year power degradation 《2\%

Bhelof tochnolow enables additional energy harverting from rear side (ip to 25\%)
 1500 V compatile mo redice BOS mast

Foduced nalativelone with lower operating curvent
Haltuer enviny vold with liower operaing temperature



# LR4-72HBD 425~455M 




Mechanical Parameters
Operating Parameters

Cell Orientation: 144 ( $6 \times 24$ )
Iunction Baxc IP6s, three diodes
Output Cable: $4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, 300 mm in length, length can becustomized
Glass: Dual glass
2.0 mm coated tempered glass

Frame: Anodized aluminum alloy frame
Weight: 27.5 kg
Dimension: 2094×1038×35mm
Packaging: 30 pes per pallet
150pes per 20'GP
660 pes per $40^{\prime} \mathrm{HC}$

Operational Temperature: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Power Output Tolerance: $0 \sim+5 \mathrm{~W}$
Voc and Isc Tolerance: $\pm 3 \%$
Maximum System Voltage: DC1500V (IEC/UL)
Maximum Series Fuse Rating: 25A
Norninal Operating Cell Temperature: $45+2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Safety Class: Class II
Fire Rating: UL type 3
Bifaciality: Glazing $\geq 70 \%$

Electrical Characteristics
Model Number

| Testing Condition | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT | STC | NOCT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum Power (Pmax/W) | 425 | 316.0 | 430 | 319.7 | 435 | 323.5 | 440 | 327.2 | 445 | 330.9 | 450 | 334.6 | 455 | 338.3 |
| Open Circuit Voltage (Voc/V) | 48.7 | 45.4 | 48.9 | 45.6 | 49.1 | 45.7 | 49.2 | 45.8 | 49.4 | 46.0 | 49.6 | 46.2 | 49.8 | 46.4 |
| Short Circuit Current ( $/ \mathrm{sc} / \mathrm{A}$ ) | 11.22 | 9.08 | 11.30 | 9.14. | 11.36 | 9.20 | 11.45 | 9.27 | 11.52 | 9.32 | 11.58 | 9.38 | 11.65 | 9.43 |
| Voltage at Maximum Power (Vmp/V) | 40.4 | 37.5 | 40.6 | 37.7 | 40.8 | 37.9 | 41.0 | 38.1 | 41.2 | 38.3 | 41.4 | 38.4 | 41.6 | 38.5 |
| Current at Maximum Power (Imp/A) | 10.52 | 8.42 | 10.60 | 8.49 | 10.66 | 8.54 | 10.73 | 8.60 | 10.80 | 8.65 | 10.87 | 8.70 | 10.93 | 8.76 |
| Module Efficiency(\%) | 19.6 |  | 19.8 |  | 20.0 |  | 20.2 |  | 20.5 |  | 20.7 |  | 20.9 |  |

STC (Standard Testing Conditions): Irradiance $1000 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, Cell Temperature $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Spectra at AM1.5
NOCT (Nominal Operating Cell Temperature): Irradiance $800 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, Ambient Temperature 20 C , Spectra at AM1.5, Wind at $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{S}$

Electrical characteristics with different rear side power gain (reference to 445 W front)

| $P \max / W$ | $V o c / N$ | $I s c / A$ | $V m p / V$ | $I m p / A$ | 11.34 | Pmax gain |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 467 | 49.4 | 12.09 | 41.2 | 11.88 |  |  |
| 490 | 49.4 | 12.67 | 41.2 | 12.42 | $10 \%$ |  |
| 512 | 49.5 | 13.24 | 41.3 | 12.96 | $15 \%$ |  |
| 534 | 49.5 | 13.82 | 41.3 | 13.50 | $20 \%$ |  |
| 556 | 49.5 | 14.40 | 41.3 | $25 \%$ |  |  |

## Temperature Ratings ( STC )

Temperature Coefficient of Isc
Temperature Coefficient of Voc
Temperature Coefficient of Pmax
$+0.050 \% / \mathrm{C}$
$-0.284 \% / \mathrm{C}$
$-0.350 \% / \mathrm{C}$

Mechanical Loading

| Front Side Maximum Static Loading | 5400 Pa |
| :--- | :--- |
| Rear Side Maximum Static Loading | 2400Pa |

Hallstone Test
25 mm Hailstone at the speed of $23 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

## l-V Curve

Current-Voltage Curve (LR4-72HBD-440M)


Power-Voltage Curve (LR4-72HBD-440M)


Current-Voltage Curve (LR4-72HBD-440M)


Room 801, Tower 3, Lujiazui Financial Plaza, No. 826 Century Avenue, Pudong Shanghai, 200120, China Tel: +86-21-80162606 E-mail: module@longi-silicon.com Facebook: www.facebook.com/LONGi Solar

# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

Attachment A Modules

## 3. Risen

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

HIGH PERFORMANCE BIFACIAL PERCMONOCRYSTALLINE MODULE


## RISEN ENERGY CO., LTD.

Risen Enorgy is a leading, global tior 1 manufacturer of high-performance solar photovoltale products and provider of total businees solutions for readential, comnerclal and utlity-scale power generation. The company, foundad in 188e, and publicly liptod in 2010, compale value ganaratlon far lise chowen glabel customars. Techno-commerelal lniovatlon, underpinned by consummate quality and support, encircle Risen Energy's total Solar PV business solutions which are among the most powerful and cost-effective in the Industry. With local market presence and strong financial bankability atatus, we are committed, and able, to building atrategic, mutually benaficlal collaboratlons with our partinars, an together we capitallas on the rising values of grees energy.

Taphan Industry Zone, Mellin, Ninghal 315609, Ningbo | PRC
Tel: + 86 - $574-69963239 \quad$ Fax: $+86-674-59953599$
E-mall: marketing فribenenargy,com Wabsite: www.rieenenergy, com
solar technology

# RSM144-6-395BMDG-415BMDG 

## 144 CELL

Mono PERC Module
1500VDC
Maximum System Voltage
395-415Wp Power Output Range
20.4\%

Maximum Efficiency

## KEY SALIENT FEATURES

Bhoentorn
TIER 1
Global, Tier 1 bankable brand, with independently certified state-of-the-art automated manufacturing

Blfaclal technology enables additional energy harvesting from rear side (up to 30\%)

Industry leading lowest thermal co-efficlent of power

Industry leading 12 years product warranty

Excellent low irradiance performance

Excellent PID resistance

Positive tight power tolerance
Dual stage 100\% EL Inspection warranting defect-free product

Module Imp binning radically reduces string mismatch losses

Warranted reliability and stringent quality assurances well beyond certifled requirements

Certified to withstand severe environmental conditions

- Antl-raflectlve \& antl-soliling surface minimise power loss from dirt and dust
- Severe salt mist, ammonla \& blown sand resistance, for seaside, farm and desert environments
- Excellent mechanical load 2400Pa \& snow load 5400 Pa resistance


## LINEAR PERFORMANCE WARRANTY

12 year Product Warranty / 30 year LInear Power Warranty


* Plasas aheot the valld verreion af Limitad Product Wharranty which |s omelaly raluased by Rlenn Enimy Co.. Lted


## Dimensions of PV Module unt min





[^6]ELECTRICAL DATA (STC)

| Model Number | RSN1446.3SEBUMO | RSM14.54008MDG | RSM14464068BID | RSW14.6400306 | RSW14464153M10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated Power in Watts-Pmax (Wp) | 395 | 400 | 405 | 410 | 415 |
| Open Circuit Voltage-Voc(V) | 48.45 | 48.60 | 48.75 | 48.90 | 49.00 |
| Short Circuit Current-Isc(A) | 10.40 | 10.50 | 10.60 | 10.70 | 10.80 |
| Maximum Power Voltage-Vmpp(V) | 40.35 | 40.45 | 40.55 | 40.65 | 40.70 |
| Maximum Power Current-Impp(A) | 9.80 | 9.90 | 10.00 | 10.10 | 10.20 |
| Module Efficiency (\%) * | 19.4 | 19.7 | 19.9 | 20.2 | 20.4 |

STC: Irradlance $1000 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, Cell Temperature $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Alr Mass AM1.5 according to EN 60904-3.
Blfaclal factor: $75 \% \pm 5 \quad \star$ Module Efficiency (\%): Round-off to the nearest number
Electrical characteristics with different rear side power gain (reference to 405Wp front)

| Bifacial Gain * | Pmax/W | Voc/V | Isc/A | Vmpp/ $V$ | Impp/A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5 \%$ | 426 | 48.75 | 11.13 | 40.55 | 10.50 |
| $10 \%$ | 446 | 48.75 | 11.66 | 40.55 | 11.00 |
| $15 \%$ | 466 | 48.75 | 12.19 | 40.55 | 11.50 |
| $20 \%$ | 487 | 48.75 | 12.72 | 40.55 | 12.00 |
| $25 \%$ | 507 | 48.75 | 13.25 | 40.55 | 12.50 |
| $30 \%$ | 527 | 48.75 | 13.78 | 40.55 | 13.00 |

*Bifacial Gain:The additional gain from the rear side compared to the power of the front side at the standard est condition. It depends on mounting (structure, height, tilt angle etc.) and albedo of the ground.

ELECTRICAL DATA (NMOT)


|  | 295.6 | 299.3 | 303.1 | 306.9 | 309.2 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum Power-Pmax (Wp) | 44.60 | 44.70 | 44.90 | 44.99 | 45.63 |
| Open Circult Voltage-Voc (V) | 8.53 | 8.61 | 8.69 | 8.77 | 8.80 |
| Short Circuit Current-Isc (A) | 37.00 | 37.05 | 37.14 | 37.24 | 37.30 |
| Maximum Power Voltage-Vmpp (V) | 3.00 | 8.08 | 8.16 | 8.24 | 8.29 |

MECHANICAL DATA

| Solar cells | Monocrystalline, 9BB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cell configuration | 144 cells $(6 \times 12+6 \times 12)$ |
| Module dimensions | $2034 \times 1000 \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Weight | 27 kg |
| Superstrate | High Transmission, Low Iron, Tempered ARC Glass |
| Substrate | Tempered Glass |
| Frame | Anodized Aluminium Alloy type 6063T5, Silver Color |
| J-Box | Potted, IP68, 1500VDC, 3 Schottky bypass diodes |
| Cables | $4.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ (12AWG), Positive(+)270mm, Negative(-)270mm |
| Connector | Risen Twinsel PV-SYO2, IP68 |

TEMPERATURE \& MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Nominal Module Operating Temperature (NMOT) | $45{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Temperature Coefficient of Voc | $-0.28 \% /^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Temperature Coefficient of Isc | $0.05 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Temperature Coefficient of Pmax | $-0.36 \% /^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operational Temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Maximum System Voltage | 1500 VDC |
| Max Series Fuse Rating | 20 A |
| LImiting Reverse Current | 20 A |

PACKAGING CONFIGURATION

|  | 40 ft |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number of modules per container | 770 |
| Number of modules per pallet | 35 |
| Number of pallets per container | 22 |
| Packaging box dimensions (LxWxH) in mm | $2100 \times 1130 \times 1135$ |
| Box gross weight[kg] | 1000 |

CAUTION: READ SAFETYAND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING THE PRODUCT.
e2019 Risen Energy, All rights reserved, Specfications included in this datasheet are subjact to change without notice.

## RSM144-6-370BMDG-390BMDG

## 144 CELL MONOCRYSTALINE MODULE

370-390Wp POWER OUTPUT RANGE

## 1500VDC maximum system voltage

$19.5 \%$ maximum erficiency

## About Risen Energy

Risen Energy is a leading, global tler 1 manufacturer of high-performance solar photovoltaic products and provider of total business solutions for residential, commercial and utility-scale power generation. The company, founded in 1986, and publicly listed In 2010, compels value generation for Its chosen global customers. Techno-commercial innovation, underpinned by consummate quality and support, encircle Risen Energy's total Solar PV business solutions which are among the most powerful and cost-effective in the Industry. With local market presence and strong financial bankability status, we are committed, and able, to building strategic, mutually beneficial collaborations with our partners, as together we capltallse on the rising value of green energy.


Munich RE 對


RISEN ENERGY CO., LTD.
Tashan Industry Zons, Mellin,
Ninghal 315609,NIngbo | PRC
Tel: +86-574-59953239
Fax: +86-574-59953599
E-mall: Info@risensnergy.com
Website: www.risenenergy.com

## KEY SALIENT FEATURES



Global, Tler 1 bankable brand, with Independently certifled state-of-the-art automated manufacturing

Bifacial technology anables additional energy harvesting from rear side (up to 25\%)

Industry leading lowest thermal co-efficlent of power

Induatry leading 12 yeara product warranty

Excellent low Irradiance performance

## Excellent PID resistance

## Positive tight power tolerance

Dual stage $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ EL Inspection warranting defect-free product

Module imp binning radically reduces string mismatch losses

Warranted reliability and stringent quality assurances well beyond certifled requirements

## Certifled to withatand severe environmental condiflons

- Anti-reflective \& anti-soiling surface minimise power loss from dirt and dust
- Severe salt mist, ammonla \& blown sand resistance, for seaside, farm and desert environments
- Excellient mechanical load 2400 Pa \& snow load 5400 Pa resistance


Dimensions of PV Module unem


## Our Partners

| ELECTRICAL DATA (STC) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model Number | RSNI446-370BMDG | RSM1446.3758MDG | RSM14.6.3808MDG | RSNIT462853MLG | RSM14638308MDG |
| Rated Power in Watts-Pmax(Wp) | 370 | 375 | 380 | 385 | 390 |
| Open Circuit Voltage-Voc(V) | 47.60 | 47.75 | 48.00 | 48.15 | 48.30 |
| Short Circuit Current-Isc(A) | 9.90 | 10.00 | 10.10 | 10.20 | 10.30 |
| Maximum Power Voltage-Vmpp(V) | 39.80 | 39.90 | 40.05 | 40.15 | 40.25 |
| Maximum Power Current-Impp(A) | 9.30 | 9.40 | 9.50 | 9.60 | 9.70 |
| Module Efficiency (\%) | 18.5 | 18.8 | 19.0 | 19.3 | 19.5 |
| Encapsulated Cell Efficiency (\%) | 20.8 | 21.1 | 21.4 | 21.6 | 21.9 |

STC: Irradiance 1000 W/m², Cell Temperature $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Alr Mass AM1. 5 according to EN 60904-3.
Power production tolerance: $0 \sim+3 \%$
REARSIDE POWER GAIN BIFACIAL FACTOR-75\% 15

| Model Number |  | RSWH14683708MDG | RSW1448375BMDG | RSW144-6-3808MDG | RSM14 63858 MDG | RSM144-6.3988MDG |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10\% | Power Output(Wp) | 407 | 413 | 418 | 424 | 429 |
| 15\% | Power Output(Wp) | 426 | 431 | 437 | 443 | 449 |
| 20\% | Power Output(Wp) | 444 | 450 | 456 | 462 | 468 |
| 25\% | Power Output(Wp) | 463 | 469 | 475 | 481 | 488 |

ELECTRICAL DATA(NMOT)

| Model Number | RSMI446-3TOPNIDE | RSM1446.375BMDG | RSM144.6.3808MDG | RSM144-6.385BMDG | RSW14463908BJI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum Power-Pmax (Wp) | 276.7 | 280.3 | 284.4 | 288.1 | 291.8 |
| Open Circuit Voltage-Voc (V) | 43.8 | 43.9 | 44.2 | 44.3 | 44.4 |
| Short Circuit Current-Isc (A) | 8.12 | 8.20 | 8.28 | 8.36 | 8.45 |
| Maximum Power Voltage-Vmpp (V) | 36.5 | 36.6 | 36.7 | 36.8 | 36.9 |
| Maximum Power Current-Impp (A) | 7.59 | 7.67 | 7.75 | 7.83 | 7.92 |

NMOT: Irradiance at $800 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{\mathbf{2}}$, Ambient Temperature $\mathbf{2 0}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Wind Speed $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$.

| MECHANICAL DATA |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Solar cells | Monocrystalline, $6^{n}$ half cell |
| Cell configuration | 144 cells $(6 \times 12+6 \times 12)$ |
| Module dimensions | $2016 \times 998 \times 25 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Weight | 26 kg |
| Superstrate | 2.0 mm, ARC Glass |
| Substrate | 2.0 mm, Glazed Glass |
| Frame | Anodized Aluminium Alloy type 6063T5, Silver Color |
| J-Box | Potted, IP68, 1500VDC, 3 Schottky bypass diodes |
| Cables | $4.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}(12 A W G)$, positive 270 mm length, negative 100 mm length |
| Connector | Risen Twinsel PV-SY02, IP68 |


| TEMPERATURE \& MAXIMUM RATINCS |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Nominal Moduls Operating Temperature (NMOT) | $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Temperature Coefficient of Voc | $-0.29 \% /^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Temperature Coefficlent of Isc | $0.06 \% /^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Temperature Coefficient of Pmax | $-0.37 \% /^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operational Temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Maximum System Voltage | 1500 VDC |
| Max Series Fuse Rating | 20 A |
| Limiting Reverse Current | 20 A |

## PACKAGING CONFIGURATION

|  | 40 ft | 20 ft |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Number of modules per container | 880 | 400 |
| Number of modules per pallet | 40 | 40 |
| Number of pallets per container | 22 | 10 |
| Packaging box dimensions (LxWxH) in mm | $2110 \times 1130 \times 1140$ | $2110 \times 1130 \times 1140$ |
| Box gross weight[kg] | 1100 | 1100 |

CAUTION: READ SAFETY AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING THE PRODLCT.
©2019 Risen Energy. All righte reserved. Specifications included in this datasheet are subject to change without notice.

HIGH PERFORMANCE BIFACIAL PERCMONOCRYSTALLINE MODULE


## RISEN ENERGY CO., LTD.

Risen Energy is a leading, global tier 1 manufacturer of high-performance solar photovoltalc products and provider of total businees solutions for readential, comnerclal and utlity-scale power generation. The company, foundad in 188e, and publicly liptod in 2010, compale value ganaratlon far lise chowen glabel customars. Techno-commerelal lniovatlon, underpinned by consummate quality and support, encircle Risen Energy's total Solar PV business solutions which are among the most powerful and cost-effective in the Induatry. Whth local market presence and strong financial bankability atatus, we are committed, and able, to building atrategic, mutually benaficial collaboratlons wilh our portnars, an together we capitallas on the rising value of green enargy.

Taphan Industry Zone, Mellin, Ninghal 315609, Ningbo | PRC
Tel: + $86-574-69963239 \quad$ Fax: +86-674-59953599
E-mall: marketing figrieenenergy,com Wabsite: www.rieenenergy, com
solar technology

RSM144-6-390BMDG-410BMDG

## 144 CELL

Mono PERC Module
1500VDC
Maximum System Voltage
390-410Wp Power Output Range
20.2\%

Maximum Efficiency

## KEY SALIENT FEATURES

Bhoentorn
TIER 1
Global, Tier 1 bankable brand, with independently certified state-of-the-art automated manufacturing

Blfaclal technology enables additional energy harvesting from rear side (up to $\mathbf{2 5 \%}$ )

Industry leading lowest thermal co-efficlent of power

Industry leading 12 years product warranty

Excellent low irradiance performance

Excellent PID resistance

Positive tight power tolerance

Dual stage 100\% EL Inspection warranting defect-free product

Module Imp binning radically reduces string mismatch losses

Warranted reliability and stringent quality assurances well beyond certifled requirements

Certified to withstand severe environmental conditions

- Antl-reflectlve \& antl-soliling surface minimise power loss from dirt and dust
- Severe salt mist, ammonla \& blown sand resistance, for seaside, farm and desert environments
- Excellent mechanical load 2400Pa \& snow load 5400 Pa resistance


## LINEAR PERFORMANCE WARRANTY

12 year Product Warranty / 30 year LInsar Power Warranty


Dimensions of PV Module untmant



[^7]ELECTRICAL DATA (STC)

| Model Number | RSW14489300MDG | RSU146-3535MDG | RSM14.64008PMD | RSM1446-465310G | RSK144-100MDG |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated Power in Watts-Pmax (Wp) | 390 | 395 | 400 | 405 | 410 |
| Open Circuit Voltage-Voc(V) | 48.30 | 48.45 | 48.60 | 48.75 | 48.90 |
| Short Circuit Current-Isc(A) | 10.30 | 10.40 | 10.50 | 10.60 | 10.70 |
| Maximum Power Voltage-Vmpp(V) | 40.25 | 40.35 | 40.45 | 40.55 | 40.65 |
| Maximum Power Current-Impp(A) | 9.70 | 9.80 | 9.90 | 10.00 | 10.10 |
| Module Efficiency (\%) | 19.2 | 19.4 | 19.7 | 19.9 | 20.2 |

STC: Irradiance $1000 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, Cell Temperature $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Air Mass AM1.5 according to EN 60904-3. Blfaclal factor: $75 \% \pm 5 \%$

## ELECTRICAL DATA (NMOT)

| Model Number | RSU144-9.3081MDG | RSU14.8.3SS8MDG | RSM14464008NDG | RSM1446-4058BDG |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum Power-Pmax (Wp) | 291.8 | 295.6 | 299.3 | 303.1 | 306.9 |
| Open Circuit Voltage-Voc (V) | 44.40 | 44.60 | 44.70 | 44.90 | 44.99 |
| Short Circuit Current-Isc (A) | 8.45 | 8.53 | 8.61 | 8.69 | 8.77 |
| Maximum Power Voltage-Vmpp (V) | 36.90 | 37.00 | 37.05 | 37.14 | 37.24 |
| Maximum Power Current-Impp (A) | 7.92 | 8.00 | 8.08 | 8.16 | 8.24 |

NMOT: Irradiance at $800 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, Ambient Temperature $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Wind Speed $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$.

MECHANICAL DATA

| Solar cells | Monocrystalline, 9BB |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cell configuration | 144 cells $(6 \times 12+6 \times 12)$ |
| Module dimensions | $2034 \times 1000 \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Weight | 27 kg |
| Superstrate | 2.0 mm, High Transmission, Low Iron, Tempered ARC Glass |
| Substrate | 2.0 mm, Tempered Glass |
| Frame | Anodized Aluminlum Alloy type 6063T5, Sliver Color |
| J-Box | Potted, IP68, 1500VDC, 3 Schottky bypass diodes |
| Cables | $4.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}(12$ AWG), Positive(+) 270 mm, Negative(-) 100 mm |
| Connector | Risen Twinsel PV-SY02, IP68 |

TEMPERATURE \& MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Nominal Module Operating Temperature (NMOT) | $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Temperature Coefficient of Voc | $-0.28 \% /^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Temperature Coefficient of Isc | $0.05 \% /^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Temperature Coefficient of Pmax | $-0.36 \% /^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operational Temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Maximum System Voltage | 1500 VDC |
| Max Series Fuse Rating | 20 A |
| Limiting Reverse Current | 20 A |

PACKAGING CONFIGURATION

|  | 40 ft |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number of modules per container | 770 |
| Number of modules per pallet | 35 |
| Number of pallets per container | 22 |
| Packaging box dimensions $(\mathrm{LxWxH})$ in mm | $2100 \times 1130 \times 1135$ |
| Box gross weight[kg] | 1000 |

CAUTION: READ SAFETYAND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING THE PRODUCT.
ic2019 Risen Energy, All rights reserved, Specifications included in this datasheet are sublect to change without notice.

## HIGH PERFORMANCE

 BIFAGIAL PERC MONOCRYSIALLINE MODULE
## RSM144-6-440BMDG-460BMDG

## 144 CELL <br> Mono PERC Module

1500VDC
Maximum System Voltage

440-460Wp Power Output Range
20.6\%

Maximum Efficiency

## KEY SALIENT FEATURES

## Shoentorn

TIER 1
Global, Tier 1 bankable brand, with independently certified state-of-the-art automated manufacturing

Blfaclal technology enables additional energy harvesting from rear side (up to $\mathbf{2 5 \%}$ )

Industry leading lowest thermal co-efficlent of power

Industry leading 12 years product warranty

Excellent low irradiance performance

Excellent PID resistance

Positive tight power tolerance

Dual stage 100\% EL Inspection warranting
defect-free product
Module Imp binning radically reduces string mismatch losses

Warranted reliability and stringent quality assurances well beyond certifled requirements

Certified to withstand severe environmental conditions

- Antl-reflectlve \& antl-soliling surface minimise power loss from dirt and dust
- Severe salt mist, ammonla \& blown sand resistance, for seaside, farm and desert environments
- Excellent mechanical load 2400Pa \& snow load 5400 Pa resistance

LINEAR PERFORMANCE WARRANTY
12 year Product Warranty / 30 year LInear Power Warranty


* Plasses aheat the valld version nf Limitad Product Wharranty whlah is omolaly raleased by Rlann Enirgy Co., Ltd

Dimensions of PV Hodule unewn




ELECTRICAL DATA (STC)

| Model Number | RSM144-6-40BMDG | RSM14-6445BMDG | RSM144-5-450BMDG | RSM144-6-455BMDG | RSM144-6-460BMDG |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated Power In Watts-Pmax(WP) | $\mathbf{4 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 4 5}$ | 450 | 455 | 460 |
| Open Circuil Voltage-Voc(V) | 49.50 | 49.60 | 49.70 | 49.80 | 49.90 |
| Short Circuit Current-Isc(A) | 11.30 | 11.40 | 11.50 | 11.60 | 11.70 |
| Maximum Power Voltage-Vmpp(V) | 41.13 | 41.25 | 41.30 | 41.40 | 41.50 |
| Maximum Power Current-Impp(A) | 10.70 | 10.80 | 10.90 | 11.00 | 11.10 |
| Module Efficiency (\%) * | 19.7 | 20.0 | 20.2 | 20.4 | 20.6 |

STC: Irradiance 1000 W/m ${ }^{2}$, Cell Temperature $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Alr Mass AM1.5 according to EN 60904-3.
Bifacial factor: 75\% $\pm 5$ *Module Efficiency (\%): Round-off to the nearest number
Electrical characteristics with different rear side power gain (reference to 450Wp front)

| Bifacial Gain * | Pmax/W | Voc/V | Isc/A | Vmpp/V |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5 \%$ | 473 | 49.70 | 12.08 | 41.30 |
| $10 \%$ | 495 | 49.70 | 12.65 | 41.30 |
| $15 \%$ | 518 | 49.70 | 13.23 | 41.30 |
| $20 \%$ | 540 | 49.70 | 13.80 | 41.30 |
| $25 \%$ | 563 | 49.70 | 14.38 | 41.30 |
| $30 \%$ | 585 | 49.70 | 14.95 | 41.30 |

$\star$ Bifacial Gain: The additional gain from the rear side compared to the power of the front side at the standard test condition. It depends on mounting (structure, height, tilt angle etc.) and albedo of the ground.

ELECTRICAL DATA (NMOT)

| Model Number | RSM144-8-408MDG | RSW14-6-445BMDG | RSM144-6-450BMDG | RSM144-8-458BMD | RSM144E-460BMDG |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum Power-Pmax (Wp) | 329.6 | 333.9 | 338.2 | 342.5 | 346.9 |
| Open Clrcult Voitage-Voc (V) | 46.18 | 46.36 | 46.43 | 46.61 | 46.67 |
| Short Circuit Current-Isc (A) | 9.26 | 9.35 | 9.45 | 9.54 | 9.64 |
| Maximum Power Voltage-Vmpp (V) | 37.80 | 37.90 | 38.00 | 38.10 | 38.20 |
| Maximum Power Current-Impp ( $A$ ) | 8.72 | 8.81 | 8.90 | 8.99 | 9.08 |

NMOT: Irradlance at $800 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, Amblent Temperature $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, WInd Speed $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$.

## MECHANICAL DATA

| Solar cells | Monocrystalline $166 \times 83 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cell configuration | 144 cells $(6 \times 12+6 \times 12)$ |
| Module dimensions | $2128 \times 1048 \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Weight | 29.0 kg |
| Superstrate | High Transmission, Low Iron, Tempered ARC Glass |
| Substrate | Tempered Glass |
| Frame | Anodized Aluminium Alloy type 6063 T5, Silver Color |
| J-Box | Potted, IP68, 1500VDC, 3 Schottky bypass dlodes |
| Cables | $4.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}(12 A W G)$, Positive( +$) \mathbf{2 7 0 m m}$, Negative(-) 270 mm |
| Connector | RIsen TwInsel PV-SY02, IP68 |

TEMPERATURE \& MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Nominal Module Operating Temperature (NMOT) | $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Temperature Coefficient of Voc | $-0.28 \% /^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Temperature Coefficient of Isc | $0.05 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Temperature Coefficient of Pmax | $-0.36 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operational Temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Maximum Sysiem Voltage | 1500 VDC |
| Max Series Fuse Rating | 20 A |
| Limiting Reverse Current | 20 A |

PACKAGING CONFIGURATION

|  | $40 f(\mathrm{HQ})$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number of modules per container | 700 |
| Number of modules per pallet | 35 |
| Number of pallets per container | 20 |
| Packaging box dimensions (LxWxH) in mm | $2194 \times 1183 \times 1130$ |
| Box gross weight[kg] | 1100 |

## RSM150-8-480BMDG-505BMDG

## 150 CELL

Mono PERC Module
1500VDC
Maximum System Voltage

480-505Wp
Power Output Range
20.5\%

Maximum Efficiency

## KEY SALIENT FEATURES

Global, Tier 1 bankable brand, with independently certified state-of-the-art automated manufacturing

Blfacial technology enables additional energy harvesting from rear side (up to 30\%)

Industry leading lowest thermal co-efficient of power

Industry leading 12 years product warranty

Excellent low irradiance performance

Excellent PID resistance

## Positive tight power tolerance

Dual stage 100\% EL Inspection warranting defect-free product


## RISEN ENERGY CO., LTD.

Rlaen Energy is a leading, global ter 1 manufacturer of high-perlormance solar photovolitalc products and provider of total bustness solutions for reeldential, commercial and utillty-scale powar generation. The company, founded in 1066, and pubilcly lletod in 2010, compels value generathon for lts chasan glabal cuintomars. Techno-commorcial Innovathon, underplnnad by consummate quality and support, encircla Risan Energy's total Solar PV busineas solutions which are among the most powerful and cost-emective in the Industry, With local market preeence and strong financial bankabllity statue, we are committed, and able, to bullding strategle, mutually beneficial collaboratlona with our partnera, as togothar we capltellas on the rising value of green onergy.

Tashan Industry Zone, Mellin, Ninghal 315608,Ningbol PRC
Tel: +86-574-69963238 Fax: +86-674-69963699
E-mall: marketingetisenenergy,com Websita: www.risenenergy,com

Module Imp binning radically reduces string mismatch losses

Warranted reliability and stringent quality assurances well beyond certifled requirements

Certified to withstand severe environmental conditions

- Antl-reflective \& antl-solling surface minimise power loss from dirt and dust
- Severe salt mist, ammonla \& blown sand resistance, for seaside, farm and desert environments
- Excellent mechanical load 2400Pa \& \$now load 5400 Pa resistance


## LINEAR PERFORMANCE WARRANTY

12 year Product Warranty / 30 year LInear Power Warranty





## Our Partners:

ELECTRICAL DATA (STC)

| Model Number | RSM150-4 4 MBUIDC | RSUMISO-ABEAMDG | RSW1 $150-44008 \mathrm{MDG}$ | RSM150-4CSBEUICG | RSUMOM-S50AMDG | RSW150-5053MDG |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated Power In Watts-Pmax(Wp) | 480 | 485 | 490 | 495 | 500 | 505 |
| Open Circuit Voltage-Voc(V) | 50.13 | 50.35 | 50.57 | 50.79 | 51.01 | 51.23 |
| Short Circuit Current-1sc(A) | 12.18 | 12.25 | 12.32 | 12.39 | 12.46 | 12.53 |
| Maximum Power Voltage-Vmpp(V) | 42.00 | 42.22 | 42.44 | 42.66 | 42.88 | 43.10 |
| Maximum Power Current-Impp(A) | 11.44 | 11.50 | 11.56 | 11.62 | 11.68 | 11.74 |
| Module Efficiency (\%) * | 19.4 | 19.6 | 19.9 | 20.1 | 20.3 | 20.5 |

STC: Irradiance 1000 W/m², Cell Temperature $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Alr Mass AM1.5 according to EN 60904-3.
Bifacial factor: $70 \% \pm 5$ *Module Efficiency (\%): Round-off to the nearest number
Electrical characteristics with different rear side power gain (reference to 490Wp front)

| Bifacial Gain * | Pmax/W | Voc/V | Isc/A | Vmpp/V | Impp/A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $5 \%$ | 515 | 50.57 | 12.94 | 42.44 | 12.14 |
| $10 \%$ | 540 | 50.57 | 13.55 | 42.44 | 12.72 |
| $15 \%$ | 564 | 50.57 | 14.17 | 42.44 | 13.29 |
| $20 \%$ | 589 | 50.57 | 14.78 | 42.44 | 13.87 |
| $25 \%$ | 613 | 50.57 | 15.40 | 42.44 | 14.45 |
| $30 \%$ | 638 | 50.57 | 16.02 | 42.44 | 15.03 |

$\star$ Bifacial Gain: The additional gain from the rear side compared to the power of the front side at the standard
test condition. It depends on mounting (structure, height, tilt angle etc.) and albedo of the ground.
ELECTRICAL DATA (NMOT)

| Model Number | RSM150-4MBBILS | RSUISO-B4ESAMD | RSM150\%-40004DG |  | RSUITS--5008VIDG | RSW 1508 SO553MOG |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum Power-Pmax (Wp) | 363.8 | 367.7 | 371.5 | 375.4 | 379.3 | 383.2 |
| Open Clicult Voltage-Voc (V) | 46.62 | 46.83 | 47.03 | 47.23 | 47.44 | 47.64 |
| Short Circuit Current-Isc (A) | 9.99 | 10.05 | 10.10 | 10.16 | 10.22 | 10.27 |
| Maximum Power Voltage-Vmpp (V) | 38.98 | 39.18 | 39.38 | 39.59 | 39.79 | 40.00 |
| Maximum Power Current-Impp (A) | 9.34 | 9.38 | 9.43 | 9.48 | 9.53 | 9.58 |

NMOT: Irradlance at $800 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, Amblent Temperature $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, WInd Speed $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$.

## MECHANICAL DATA

| Solar cells | Monocrystalline $210 \times 70 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cell configuration | 150 cells $(5 \times 15+5 \times 15)$ |
| Module dimensions | $2240 \times 1102 \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Weight | 31.5 kg |
| Superstrate | High Transmission, Low Iron, Tempered ARC Glass |
| Substrate | Tempered Glass |
| Frame | Anodized Aluminium Alloy type 6063 T5, Silver Color |
| J-Box | Potted, IP68, 1500VDC, 3 Schottky bypass dlodes |
| Cables | $4.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}(12$ AWG $)$, Positive(+ $) 270 \mathrm{~mm}$, Negative(-) 270 mm |
| Connector | RIsen TwInsel PV-SY02, IP68 |

TEMPERATURE \& MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Nominal Module Operating Temperature (NMOT) | $44^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Temperature Coefficient of Voc | $-0.27 \% /^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Temperature Coefficient of Isc | $0.04 \% /^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Temperature Coefficient of Pmax | $-0.35 \% /^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operational Temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Maximum Sysiem Voltage | 1500 VDC |
| Max Series Fuse Rating | 25 A |
| Limiting Reverse Current | 25 A |

PACKAGING CONFIGURATION

|  | $40 f t(\mathrm{HQ})$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number of modules per container | 700 |
| Number of modules per pallet | 35 |
| Number of pallets per container | 20 |
| Packaging box dimensions (LxWxH) in mm | $2305 \times 1130 \times 1245$ |
| Box gross weight[kg] | 1160 |

CAUTION: READ SAFETYAND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING THE PRODUCT.
©2020 Risen Energy. All rights reserved. Specifications included in this datashest are subject to change without notice.

# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

Attachment A Modules

## 4. Talesun

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

# HIPRO raic mono <br> TP672M/TP672M(4) <br> 375/380/385/390/395/400W 

High Efficiency PERC Monocrystalline Solar Module
72-Cell Series

## KEY FEATURES




Maximize limited space
PERC cell technology, maximum power output 400W


## Excellent low light performance

Advanced surfaca taxturing'Beck surface field

2 times of industry standard Ant-PID test by TUV SUD

Highly rellable due to stringent quallity control
In-house testing goes well beyond certification requiraments

Certifled to withstand the most challenging environmental conditions

2400 Pa wind load. 5400 Pa stoww load. 25 mm hail stones at 82 kmh

## IP68 Junctlon box

The highest waterproof level

Lower temperature coefficients
Enhance powar genaration

## SYSTEM \& PRODUCT CERTIFICAIES

- IEC 61215/IEC 61730/UL 1703
- ISO 9001 : 2015 Quality Management Systam $\times$
- ISO 14001 : 2015 Environment Mangement System
- ISO 45001: 2018 Occupational Health and Safoly

Management Systems


## QUALITY WARRANTY

TALESUN guarantess that defects will not appear in materials and workmanship deflned by IECE1215, IEC61730 or UL1703 under normal installation, use and maintenance as specified in Talasun' s Installation manual for 10 years from the warranty staring date.


PERFORMANGE WARRANTY

Monocrystalline Solar Module


ELEGTRICAL PARAMGIIRA
Performance at STC (Power Tolerance 0~+3\%)


## M=CHANICAL SPECIFICATION

| Cell Type | Mono-Crystalline Sllicon (5Busbar) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Call Dimensions | $458.75 * 158.75 \mathrm{~mm}$ (6inches) |
| Cell Arrangement | 72(8*12) |
| Weight | 22.51 kg (49.601bs) |
| Medule Dimensions | 1979*1002*35mm (77.91*39.45*1.38inches) |
| Cable Langth | 1200 mm (47.24inches) |
| Cable Crose Section Size | $4 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{~m}^{3}$ (0.008inches ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| Front Glass | 3.2 mm High Transmüssion, Tempered Glass |
| No.of Bypass Diodes | 3/6 |
| Packing Configuration (1) | 30pcs/Pallet,6s0pcs/40hq |
| Packing Configuration (2) | 30pes +5 pes/Pallet, 715 pes/40hq |
| Frame | Anodized Aluminium Alloy |
| Junction Box | \|P68 |

## oparatine conditlons

| Maximum Systam Vollage | 1000V/DC(IEC)/1500V/DC(IEC) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Operating Temp | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Maximum Sexies Fuse | 20A |
| Static Loading | 5400 Pa |
| Conductivity at: Ground | $\leq 0.10$ |
| Safely Class | 1 |
| Rasistance | z100Ma |
| Connector | MCA Compatibla |

## TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT

| Temperature Coefficient Pmax | $-0.39 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Temperature Coefficient Voc | $-0.30 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Temparature Coefficient lsc | $+0.05 \% /^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| NMOT | $43+2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## lev curve



3
$\frac{3}{5}$
0


TEGHNICAL DRAMNES


# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

Attachment A Modules

5. Trina

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

## 500W+

## PRODUCTS

TSM-DEG18MC.20(II)

## POWER RANGE

485-505W


## High power

- Up to 505W front power and $21.0 \%$ module efficiency with harmless cutting and MBB (Multi Busbar) technology
- Better light trapping effect and stronger current collection with lower series resistance of MBB ensure high power


## High reliability

- Ensured PID resistance through cell process and module material control
- Resistant to salt, acid and ammonia
- Proven to be reliable in high temperature and humidity areas
- Certificated to fire class A
- Minimizes micro-crack and snail trails
- Mechanical performance: Up to 5400 Pa positive load and 2400 Pa negative load


## High energy generation

- Up to $25 \%$ additional power gain from back side depending on the albedo;
- Excellent IAM and low light performance validated by 3rd party with cell process and module material optimization
- Lower temp coefficient (-0.35\%) and NMOT bring more energy leading to lower LCOE
- Better anti-shading performance and lower operating temperature


## High Customer value

- Frame design makes module compatible with all racking and installation methods
- Easy to handle and install as normal framed module during transportation
- High power and module Efficiency bring more BOS savings

Trina Solar's DUOMAX Performance Warranty



I-V CURVES OF PV MODULE (490 W)

P.V CURVES OF PV MODULE(490W)


| ELECTRICAL DATA (STC) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Peak Power Watts-PMax (Wp)* | 485 | 490 | 495 | 500 | 505 |
| Power Output Tolerance-PMax (W) |  |  | $0 \sim+5$ |  |  |
| Maximum Power Voltage-VMPp (V) | 42.5 | 42.8 | 43.1 | 43.4 | 43.7 |
| Maximum Power Current-lmpp (A) | 11.42 | 11.45 | 11.49 | 11.53 | 11.56 |
| Open Circuit Voltage-Voc (V) | 50.9 | 51.1 | 51.3 | 51.5 | 51.7 |
| Short Circuit Current-lsc (A) | 12.01 | 12.05 | 12.09 | 12.13 | 12.17 |
| Module Efficiency $\eta m(\%)$ | 20.1 | 20.3 | 20.5 | 20.7 | 21.0 |

STC: Iradiance $1000 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$. Cell Temperature $\mathrm{Z}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Air Mass AM15.
$*$ Measuringtolerance: $\pm 3 \%$.
Electrical characteristics with different power bin (reference to $10 \%$ Irradiance ratio)

| Total Equivalent power-PMax (Wp) | 519 | 524 | 530 | 535 | 540 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum Power Voltage-VMPP (V) | 42.5 | 42.8 | 43.1 | 43.4 | 43.7 |
| Maximum Power Current-lmpp (A) | 12.22 | 12.24 | 12.29 | 12.34 | 12.37 |
| Open Circuit Voltage-Voc (V) | 50.9 | 51.1 | 51.3 | 51.5 | 51.7 |
| Short Circuit Current-Is (A) | 12.85 | 12.89 | 12.94 | 12.98 | 13.02 |
| Irradiance ratio (rear/front) |  |  | $10 \%$ |  |  |

ELECTRICAL DATA (NMOT)

| Maximum Power-PMax (Wp) | 367 | 371 | 374 | 378 | 382 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum PowerVoltage-VMPp (V) | 40.0 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 40.8 | 41.0 |
| Maximum Power Current-lmpp (A) | 9.18 | 9.21 | 9.25 | 9.28 | 9.33 |
| open Circuit Voltage-Voc (V) | 48.1 | 48.3 | 48.5 | 48.7 | 48.8 |
| Short Circuit Current-Isc (A) | 9.67 | 9.70 | 9.73 | 9.77 | 9.80 |

NMOT: Iradiance at $800 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, Ambient Temperat ure $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, wind Speed $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$.

MECHANICAL DATA

| SolarCells | Monocrystalline |
| :---: | :---: |
| No. of cells | 150 cells |
| Module Dimensions | $2187 \times 1102 \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}(86.10 \times 43.39 \times 1.18$ inches) |
| Weight | 30.7 kg (67.7 ld$)$ |
| Front Glass | 2.0 mm (0.08 inches). High Transmission, AR Coated Heat StrengthenedGlass |
| Encapsulant material | POE/EVA |
| Back Glass | 2.0 mm (0.08 inches). Heat Strengthened Glass (White Grid Glass) |
| Frame | 30 mm (1.18inches) Arodized Aluminium Alloy |
| J-Box | IP68rated |
| Cables | Photovol taic Technology Cable $4.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ( 0.006 inches ${ }^{2}$ ), <br> Portrait: $280 / 280 \mathrm{~mm}(11.02 / 11.02$ inches) <br> Landscape: 2050/2050 mm(80.71/80.71 inches) |
| Connector | MC4/TS4* |
| *Please referto regional datasheet forspecified connector. |  |

## TEMPERATURE RATINGS

| NMOT(Nominal MoudueoperaingTemperature) | $41^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left( \pm 3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Tempera ture Coefficient of PMax | $-0.35 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Tempera ture Coefficient of V $\alpha$ | $-0.25 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Temperature Coefficient of lx | $0.04 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

(Do not connect Fuse in CombinerBox with two or morest rings in parallel connection)

## WARRANTY

12 yearProduct Workmanship Warranty
$30 y$ ear Power Warranty
(Please refer to product warranty for detaik)

| MAXIMUM RATINGS |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operational Temperature | $-40^{\sim}+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Maximum SystemVoltage | 1500 VDC (IEC) |
|  | $1500 \mathrm{VDC}(\mathrm{UL})$ |
| Max Series Fuse Rating | 20 A |
| PACKAGING CONFIGURATION |  |
| Modules per 40' container: 700 pieces |  |

© 2020 Trina Solar Limited. All rights reserved. Specifications included in this datasheet are subject to changewi thoutnotice.

## THE

# TALIMAXC 

FRAMED 150 LAYOUT MODULE


## 150 LAYOUT

MONOCRYSTALLINE MODULE

## 480-505W

POWER OUTPUT RANGE

## 21.1\%

MAXIMUM EFFICIENCY

## O~+5W

POSITIVE POWER TOLERANCE

Founded in 1997, Trina Solar is the world's leading total solution provider for solar energy. Withlocal presence around the globe, Trina Solar is able to provide exceptional service to each customer in each market and deliver our innovative, reliable products with the backing of Trina as a strong, bankable brand. Trina Solar now distributes its PV products to over 100 countries all over the world. We are committed to building strategic, mutually beneficial collaborations with installers, developers, distributors and other partners in driving smart energy together.

## Comprehensive Products and System Certificates

IEC61215/IEC61730/IEC61701/IEC62716
ISO 9001: Quality Management System ISO14001: Environmental Management System IS014064: Greenhouse Gases Emissions Verification OHSAS 18001: Occupation Health and Safety Management System


PRODUCTS TSM-DE18M(II) POWERRANGE

480-505W


## High power

- Up to 505W front power and $21.1 \%$ module efficiency with half-cut and MBB (Multi Busbar) technology bringing more BOS savings
- Lower resistance of half-cut and good reflection effect of MBB ensure high power


## High reliability

- Ensured PID resistance through cell process and module material control
- Resistant to salt, acid and ammonia
- Mechanical performance: Up to 5400 Pa positive load and 2400 Pa negative load


## High energy generation

- Excellent IAM and low light performance validated by 3rd party with cell process and module material optimization
- Lower temp coefficient (-0.36\%) and NMOT bring more energy leading to lower LCOE
- Better anti-shading performance and lower operating temperature

PERFORMANCE WARRANTY


DIMENSIONS OF PV MODULE(mm)


I-V OURVES OF PV MODULE(440W)


P-V CURVES OF PV MODULE(440W)


| ELECTRICAL DATA (STC) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PeakPower Watts-Pmax (Wp)* | 480 | 485 | 490 | 495 | 500 | 505 |
| Power Output Tolerance-Pmax (W) | $0 \sim+5$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum Power Voltage-VMpp (V) | 42.0 | 42.2 | 42.4 | 42.6 | 42.8 | 43.0 |
| Maximum Power Current-Impp (A) | 11.42 | 11.49 | 11.56 | 11.63 | 11.69 | 11.75 |
| Open Circuit Voltage-Voc (V) | 50.8 | 51.1 | 51.3 | 51.5 | 51.7 | 51.9 |
| Short Circuit Current-Isc (A) | 11.99 | 12.07 | 12.14 | 12.21 | 12.28 | 12.35 |
| Module Efficiency $\eta \mathrm{m}$ (\%) | 20.1 | 20.3 | 20.5 | 20.7 | 20.9 | 21.1 |

STC: Irradiance $1000 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, Cell Temperat ure $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Air Mass AML. 5 .
*Measuring t olerance: $\pm 3 \%$.

## ELECTRICAL DATA (NMOT)

|  | 363 | 367 | 371 | 375 | 379 | 382 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maximum Power-PMax (Wp) | 39.6 | 39.8 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 40.6 |
| Maximum Power Voltage-VMPP (V) | 3.6 | 9.2 | 9.3 | 9.37 | 9.43 |  |
| Maximum Power Current-IMPp (A) | 9.15 | 9.20 | 9.26 | 9.32 | 9.37 |  |
| Open Circuit Voltage-Voc (V) | 48.0 | 48.2 | 48.4 | 48.6 | 48.8 | 49.0 |
| Short Circuit Current-lsc (A) | 9.65 | 9.72 | 9.77 | 9.83 | 9.89 | 9.94 |

NMOT: Irradence at $800 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, Ambient Temperature $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, wind Speed $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$

## MECHANICAL DATA

| Solar Cells | Monocrystalline |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cell Orientation | 150 cells ( $5 \times 30$ ) |  |  |
| Module Dimensions | $2176 \times 1098 \times 35 \mathrm{~mm}(85.67 \times 43.23 \times 1.38$ inches $)$ |  |  |
| Weight | 27.0 kg ( 59.51 l ) |  |  |
| Glass | 3.2 mm ( 0.13 inches), High Transmission, ARCoated Heat Strengthened Glass |  |  |
| Encapsulant Material | EVA |  |  |
| Backsheet | White |  |  |
| Frame | 35 mm ( 1,38 inches) Anodized Aluminium Alloy |  |  |
| J-Box | IP68rated |  |  |
| Cables | Photovoltaic Technology Cable $4.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\left(0.006\right.$ inches $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$, <br> Portrait: $\mathrm{N} 280 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{P}$ 280mm(11.02/11.02inches) <br> Landscape: N $1400 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{P} 1400 \mathrm{~mm}$ (55.12/55.12 inches) |  |  |
| Connector | TS4* |  |  |
| *Please referto regional datasheet forspecified connector. |  |  |  |
| TEMPERATURE RATINGS |  | MAXIMUMRATINGS |  |
| NMOT (Morninal Module operating emperatus) | $41^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left( \pm 3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Operational Temperature | $-40^{\sim}+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Temperature Coefficient of Pmox | - $0.36 \% / \mathrm{C}$ | Maximum System Voltage | 1500V DC (IEC) |
| Temperature Coefficient of Voc | - $0.26 \% / \mathrm{C}$ | Max Series Fuse Rating | 20A |
| Temperature Coefficient of is | 0.04\%/C |  |  |
| (Donot connect Fuse in Combiner Box with two or more strings in parallel connection) |  |  |  |
| WARRANTY |  | PAGKAGING CONFIGUREATION |  |
| 10 year Product Workmanship Warranty |  | Modules per box: 30 pieces |  |
| 25 yearPower Warranty |  | Modules per 40'container: 600 pieces |  |

(Please refer to product warranty for details)

CAUTION: READ SAFETY AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONSBEFORE USINGTHE PRODUCT,
© 2020 Trina Solar Limited. All rights reserved. Specifications included in this datasheet are subject to change without notice.
Versionnumber:TSM_EN_20z0_A

# THE <br> TALIMAX 

FRAMED 144 HALF-CELL MULTI-BUSBAR MODULE

## 144-Cell <br> MONOCRYSTALLINE MODULE

390-415W POWER OUTPUT RANGE

## 20.4\%

MAXIMUM EFFICIENCY

## 0~+5W

POSITIVE POWER TOLERANCE

Founded in 1997, Trina Solar is the world's leading total solution provider for solar energy. With local presence around the globe, Trina Solar is able to provide exceptional service to eachcustomer in each market and deliver our innovative, reliable products with the backing of Trina as a strong, bankable brand. Trina Solar now distributes its PV products to over 100 countries all over the world. We are committed to building strategic, mutually beneycial collaborations with installers, developers. distribu tors and other partners in drivingsmart energy together.

## Comprehensive Products and System Certificates

IEC61215/IEC61730/UL1703/IEC61701/IEC62716
IS0 9001: Quality Management System 150 14001: Environmental Management System 15014064: Greenhouse Gases Emissions Veriycation OHSAS 18001: Occupation HealthandSafety Management System


## Trinasolar



I-V CURVES OFPV MODULE (390W)


P-V CURVES OFPV MODULE (390W)


| ELECTRICAL DATA (STC) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Peak Power Watts-Pmax (Wp)* | 390 | 395 | 400 | 405 | 410 | 415 |
| Power Output Tolerance-Pmax (W) |  |  | $0 \sim+5$ |  |  |  |
| Maximum Power Voltage-VMPP (V) | 40.0 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.9 |
| Maximum Power Current-IMpP (A) | 9.75 | 9.86 | 9.92 | 10.0 | 10.07 | 10.15 |
| Open Circuit Voltage-Voc (V) | 48.5 | 48.7 | 49.0 | 49.2 | 49.4 | 49.6 |
| Short Circuit Current-Isc (A) | 10.30 | 10.37 | 10.45 | 10.52 | 10.59 | 10.66 |
| Module $E^{\circ}$ ciency $\eta_{m}(\%)$ | 19.2 | 19.4 | 19.7 | 19.9 | 20.2 | 20.4 |
| STC: Irradiance $1000 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, Cell Temperature $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Air Mass AM1.5. *Measurement tolerance: $\pm 3 \%$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ELECTRICAL DATA (NMOT) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum Power-Pmax (Wp) | 295 | 299 | 302 | 306 | 310 | 314 |
| Maximum Power Voltage-VMPP (V) | 37.6 | 37.8 | 38.0 | 38.2 | 38.4 | 38.6 |
| Maximum Power Current-IMpP (A) | 7.84 | 7.90 | 7.95 | 8.01 | 8.07 | 8.13 |
| Open Circuit Voltage-Voc (V) | 45.7 | 45.9 | 46.2 | 46.4 | 46.6 | 46.8 |
| Short Circuit Current-Isc (A) | 8.30 | 8.35 | 8.42 | 8.47 | 8.53 | 8.58 |

NMOT: Irradiance at $800 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$, Ambient Temperature $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Wind Speed $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$.

MECHANICAL DATA

| Solar Cells | Monocrystalline |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cell Orientation | 144 cells ( $6 \times 24$ ) |
| Module Dimensions | $2024 \times 1004 \times 35 \mathrm{~mm}(79.69 \times 39.53 \times 1.38$ inches) |
| Weight | 22.8 kg ( 50.3 lb ) |
| Glass | 3.2 mm ( 0.13 inches), High Transmission, AR Coated Heat Strengthened Glass |
| EncapsulantMaterial | EVA |
| Backsheet | White |
| Frame | 35 mm (1.38 inches) Anodized Aluminium Alloy |
| J-Box | IP 68 rated |
| Cables | Photovoltaic Technology Cable $4.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}\left(0.006\right.$ inches $\left.^{2}\right)$ <br> Portrait: $\mathrm{N} 140 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{P} 285 \mathrm{~mm}$ (5.51/11.22inches) <br> Landscape: N $1400 \mathrm{~mm} /$ P 1400 mm (55.12/55.12 inches) |
| Connector | Trina TS4 |


| TEMPERATURE RATINGS |  | MAXIMUM RATINGS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NMOT(Nominal Module OperatingTemperature) | $41^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left( \pm 3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Operational Temperature | $-40^{\sim}+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Temperature Coefficient of P Pax | $-0.36 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Maximum System Voltage | 1500 VDC (IEC) |
| TemperatureCoefficient of V oc | $-0.26 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  | 1500 V DC (UL) |
| Temperature Coefficient of Isc | $0.04 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Max Series Fuse Rating | 20 A |
| (Do not connectFuse in Combiner Box wi th two or more strings in parallel connection) |  |  |  |
| WARRANTY |  | PACKAGING CONFIGURATION |  |
| 10 year Product Workmanship Warranty |  | Modules per box: 30 pieces |  |
| 25 year Power Warranty |  | Modules per $40^{\prime}$ container: 660 pieces |  |

(Pleaserefer to product warranty for details)

CAUTION: READ SAFETY AND INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING THE PRODUCT.
© 2019 Trina Solar Limited. All rights reserved. Specifications included in this datasheet are subject to change without notice.

# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

Attachment B<br>Inverters

1. Ingeteam
2. SMA
3. Sungrow
4. TMEIC

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

Attachment B<br>Inverters

## 1. Ingeteam

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

## MV Solution up to 5400 kVA at 1500 Vdc

## MEDIUM VOLTAGE INVERTER STATION, CUSTOMIZED <br> UP TO 5.4 MVA

This brand new medium voltage solution integrates all the devices required for a multi-megawatt system.

## Maximize your investment with a minimal effort

Ingeteam's Inverter Station is a compact, customizable and flexible solution that can be configured to suit each customer's requirements. It is supplied together with up to three photovoltaic inverters (one dual plus one single inverter). All the equipment is suitable for outdoor installation, so there is no need of any kind of housing.
Higher adaptability and power density
This PowerStation is now more versatile, as it presents a pad-mounted integrating the HV switching and fuse protection. Moreover, it features the greatest power density on the market: $5.2 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{in}^{3}$.


## Medium voltage inverter station, customized up to 5.4 MVA

## CONSTRUCTION

- Suitable for slab mounting.
- Compact design, minimizing freight costs.

TRANSFORMER FUNCTIONS

- Standard temperature and altitude service conditions as per ANSI IEE C57.12.00.
- Dead Front Loop Feed arrangement.
- Reduced power losses: high efficiencies rated at $50 \%$ load.
- Electrostatic shield, reducing disturbances, distorsions and overvoltages.
- Drain valve with sampling device.
- Upper fill valve.
- Liquid level and pressure vacuum gauges with auxiliary contacts.
- Dial type thermometer gauge with auxiliary contacts.
- T-blade switch rated 200 A for loop configuration.
- Dead front HV bushings rated 200 A.


## STANDARD EQUIPMENT

- Up to three inverters with an output power of 5.4 MVA.
- Liquid-filled pad-mounted MV transformer up to 35 kV class (ask Ingeteam for transformer details).
- On-site commissioning and training.
- Remote communications.
- Minimum site installation with close-coupled AC flex copper busbars.
- Auxiliary Services Transformer.
- Auxiliary Services Panel.

|  | SKL - Single Inverter | SKL - Dual Inverter | SKL - Dual + Single Inverter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of inverters | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Rated power @ $122^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1,613 kVA | 3.226 kVA | 4.840 kVA |
| Max power © $86^{\circ} \mathrm{F} / 30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 1.793 kVA | 3.586 kVA | 5.379 kVA |
| Voltage class | 12.35 kV | 12.35 kV | 12.35 kV |
| Maximum altitude ${ }^{(1)}$ | $14.750 \mathrm{ft} / 4,500 \mathrm{~m}$ | $14.750 \mathrm{ft} / 4.500 \mathrm{~m}$ | $14.750 \mathrm{ft} / 4.500 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Operating temperature range | $-4^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+131^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-4^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+131^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-4^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+131^{\circ} \mathrm{F} /-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Protection class | NEMA 3R | NEMA 3R | NEMA 3R |
| Dimensions without MV transformer | $13.13 \mathrm{ft} / 4,003 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $22.39 \mathrm{ft} / 6,823 \mathrm{~mm}$ | $22.39 \mathrm{ft} / 6,823 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Notes: (1) For instalations beyond $3,300 \mathrm{ft} / 1,000 \mathrm{~m}$, please contact Ingeteam's solar sales department.

## Configuration (Dual Inverter solution)



# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

## Attachment B Inverters

## 2. SMA

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC


| Efficient | Robust | Flexible |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Up 104 inverrears can be transporked | - Intelligent air cooling system | - Contorms to all known grid |
| in one slandard shipping conksiner | Opticoolfor afficient cooling | requitemanis worbwide |
| - Overdimensioning up b $150 \%$ is | - Suitabla for ouldoor use in all | - Qon demand |
| possitile | climatic ambient conditions | - Avsilable cea a singla deviceor furn- |
| - Full power al a mbient temparaturea of up $10.25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | worlwide | key solution, including mediu mvohage bbock |

## Eary to Use

- Improved DE connection area
- Connection araa for cusiomar equipment
- Integrated volagege suppori for invernal andexternal bods


## SUNNY CENTRAL

 4000 UP-US / 4200 UP-US / 4400 UP-US / 4600 UP-US
## The new Sunny Central: more power per cubic meter

With an output of up to 4600 kVA and systemvoltages of 1500 VDC , the $S M A$ central inverter allows for moreefficient system design and a reduction in specific costs for PY power plants. A separate voltage supply and additional space are available for the installation of customer equipment. True 1500 V technology and the intelligent cooling system OptiCool ensure smooth operation even in extreme ambient temperature as well as a long service life of 25 years.

## SUNNY CENTRAL 4000 UP-US / 4200 UP-US



## SUNNY CENTRAL 4400 UP-US / 4600 UP-US




TEMPERATURE BEHAVIOR (at 1000 m )


# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

Attachment B<br>Inverters

## 3. Sungrow

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

## SG3425/3600UD-MV

## Turnkey Station for North America 1500 Vdc System - MV Transformer Integrated



## HICH VIEED

- Advanced three-level technology, max. efficiency $98.9 \%$ Full power operation at $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(173^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
- Effective cooling, wide operation temperature
- Max. DC/AC ratio up to 2.0


## SAVED INVESTMENT

- Low transportation and installation cost due to 20-foot container size design
- DC 1500 V system, low system cost
- Integrated MV transformer and LV auxiliary power supply
- Q at night optional


## EASY O\&M

- Integrated current, voltage and MV parameters monitoring function for online analysis and trouble shooting
- Modular design, easy for maintenance
- Convenient external touch screen


## GRID SUPPORT

- Compliance with standards:UL 1747,UL 1741 SA, IEEE 1547, Rule 27 and NEC code
- Low/High voltage ride through (L/HVRT), L/HFRT, soft start/stop
- Active \& reactive power control and power ramp rate control


| Type designation | SG3425UD-MV SG3600UD-MV |
| :---: | :---: |
| Input (DC) |  |
| Max. PV input voltage | 1500 V |
| Min. PV input voltage / Startup input voltage | $875 \mathrm{~V} / 975 \mathrm{~V}$ |
| Available DC fuse sizes | 250A, 315A, 400A, 450A, 500A |
| MPP voltage range for nominal power | $875-1300 \mathrm{~V}$ ( 915-1300 V |
| No. of independent MPP inputs | 1 |
| No. of DC inputs | 20 (optional: 28) |
| Max. DC short-circuit current | 5000 A (Optional: 10000 A ) |
| PV array configuration | Negative grounding or floating |
| Output (AC) |  |
| AC output power | $3425 \mathrm{kVA} @ 45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \quad 3600 \mathrm{kVA}$ @ $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, |
|  |  |
| AC voltage | 12 kV to 34.5 kV |
| Nominal grid frequency / Grid frequency range | $60 \mathrm{~Hz} / 55-65 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| THD | $<3 \%$ (at nominal power) |
| DC current injection | $<0.5 \% \mathrm{ln}$ |
| Power factor at nominal power / Adjustable power factor | > $0.99 / 0.8$ leading -0.8 lagging |
| Efficiency |  |
| Inverter Max. efficiency | 98.9\% |
| Inverter CEC efficiency | 98.5\% |
| Transformer |  |
| Transformer rated power | 3425 kVA ( 3600 kVA |
| Transformer max. power | 3425 kVA 洔 3600 kVA |
| LV/MV voltage |  |
| Transformer vector | Dyl or Dyll |
| Transformer cooling type | ONAN (Optional: KNAN) |
| Protection |  |
| DCimput protection | Load break switch + fuse |
| Inverter output protection | Circuit breaker |
| AC MV output protection | Load break switch + fuse |
| Overvaltage protection | DC Type II / AC Type II |
| Grid monitoring / Ground fault monitoring | res/Ves |
| Insulation monitoring | Ves |
| Overheat protection | Yes |
| General Data |  |
| Dimensions (W* ${ }^{*}$ * ) | $6058 * 2896$ * $24.38 \mathrm{~mm}\left(238.5^{\prime \prime}\right.$ * $114.0^{\prime \prime}$ * $\left.96.0^{\prime \prime}\right)$ |
| Weight | $18000 \mathrm{~kg}(39683.2 \mathrm{lbs})$ |
| Degree of protection | IP65 (Electronics of Inverter)/ IP54(Others) |
| Auxiliary power supply | $5 \mathrm{kVA}, 120 \mathrm{Vac} / 240 \mathrm{Vac} ;$ Optional: $30 \mathrm{kVA}, 480 \mathrm{Vac} / 277 \mathrm{Vac}$ |
| Operating ambient temperature range | -30 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (>45 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ derating) |
| Allowable relative humidity range (non-condensing) | 0-100\% |
| Cooling method | Temperature controlled forced air cooling |
| Max. operating altitude | 1000 m (Standard) / $>1000 \mathrm{~m}$ (Customized) |
| Display | Touch screen |
| Communication | Standard: PS485, Ethernet; Optional: optical fiber |
| Compliance | UL 1741, IEEE 1547, UL1741 SA, NEC 2017, CSA C22.2 No.107.1-01 |
| Grid support | Q at night function (optional), L/HVRT, L/HFRT, Active \& reactive power control and power ramp rate control, Volt-var, Frequency-watt |



# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

Attachment B<br>Inverters

## 4. TMEIC

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

## Multiple Configurations for Maximum Flexibility

TMEIC's Solar Ware Ninja is the latest evolution of the highly successful Solar Ware family of inverters, joining over 14GW of TMEIC's globally installed photovoltaic inverters. Continuing the legacy of high efficiency, cutting-edge features, and unmatched reliability, the new Ninja modular inverter system is the culmination of input from utilities, developers, and technicians.
The Ninja is a global product, performing the duties of both generation and energy storage. The modular system introduces multiple layers of flexibility to allow designers an almost unlimited number of options for every project. The advanced controls system is packed with features to meet not only today's smart inverter requirements, but also new requirements as they are introduced. Like the awardwinning Samurai series of inverters, the Ninja utilizes the same highly reliable IGBT based power conversion system.


## Customizable Block

Up to 6 Ninja units on the same skid. Able to combine PV and ESS inverters in the same lineup. A skid controller will manage output of the Ninja power station.

- Fully Modular design means:
- Completely independent inverters for increased availability
- Individual MPPT for greater energy yield
- Latest generation of Smart Inverter controls platform
- Multiple output options with various MPPT ranges
- DC Zone monitoring is standard
- UL or IEC certified global design
- PV or Energy Storage (bi-directional)
- Outdoor rated enclosure




## TMEIC is Bankable

- Stable, with multi billion \$USD revenue
- Diversified, with decades of power electronics experience in a variety of heavy industries, including metals, oil \& gas, mining, and container cranes industries
- Manufacturing in the US and several other locations


## TMEIC is Reliable

- Over 14GW of PV and ESS inverters glöbally
- Own exclusive use of Mitsubishi Electric's 3 level NPS technology
- Industry leading fleet availability


## TMEIC is Support

- Award winning service
- 24/7 US based hot line
- Over 30 years PV inverter manufacturing and R\&D experience
- Comprehensive customer training programs
- Authorized Service Provider program available


## TMIETC We drive industry

|  |  | PV-PCS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type |  | PVU-L0800GR | PVU-L0840GR | PVU-L0880GR | PVU-L0920GR |
| Output side (AC) | Rated Power@ $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 800 kW | 840 kW | 880 kW | 920 kW |
|  | Rated Power@50 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 730 kW | 765 kW | 800 kW | 840 kW |
|  | Rated Voltage | $600 \mathrm{~V}+10 \%$, $12 \%$ | $630 \mathrm{~V}+10 \%$, $12 \%$ | $660 \mathrm{~V}+10 \%,-12 \%$ | $690 \mathrm{~V}+10 \%$, $-12 \%$ |
|  | Rated Frequency | $50 \mathrm{~Hz} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}\left(+0.5 \mathrm{~Hz} z_{t}-0.7 \mathrm{~Hz}\right)$ |  |  |  |
|  | Rated Power Factor | $>0.99$ |  |  |  |
|  | Reactive Capability | +1-421-421 kVAR | +1-442-442 kVAR | +1-464-464 kVAR | +1-485-485 kVAR |
|  | Rated Current | 702 Arms@50 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Maximum Current | 770 Arms $@ 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Maximum Efficiency | 98.9\% *Tentative |  |  |  |
|  | CEC Efficiency | 98.5\% *Tentative |  |  |  |
| Input side (DC) | Maximum Voltage | 1500 Vdc |  |  |  |
|  | MPPT Operation Range | 875-1300VDC | 915-1300VDC | 960-1300VDC | 1005-1300VDC |
| Environ. Conditions | Ingress Protection Ratings | IP54 / NEMA3R |  |  |  |
|  | Installation | Outdoor |  |  |  |
|  | Ambient Temperature Range | $-25^{\circ}$ to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Maximum Altitude | >2000 m power derating (Max. 4000 m ) |  |  |  |
| Protective Functions | Input (DC) Side | DC Protection: Fuses Ground Fault, DC Reverse Current, Over Voltage, Over Current |  |  |  |
|  | Grid (AC) Side | AC Protection: MCCB and Fuse Anti-islanding, Over/Under Voltage, Over/Under Frequency, Over Current |  |  |  |
|  | Grid Assistance | Reactive/Active Power Control, Power Factor Control, Fault Ride Through (optional) |  |  |  |
| Harmonic Distortion of AC Current |  | $\leqq 3 \%$ THD (at rated power) |  |  |  |
| Communication |  | Modbus/TCP |  |  |  |
| Fault Analysis |  | Fault Event Log, Waveform Acquisition via memory card |  |  |  |
| Compliance |  | UL1741, UL174SA / IEEE1547 / NEC2017/ IEC62109-1,2 / IEC61000-6-2,4 / IEC61727, IEC62116 / IEC61400, BDEW / IEC61683 / IEC60068 *Tentative |  |  |  |
| Cooling Method |  | Forced Air Cooling |  |  |  |
| Number of Inputs |  | Standard 6 inputs for PV (maximum 8 per inverter) |  |  |  |
| Standard Control Power Supply |  | Control Power Supply from Inverter output and Capacitor backup circuit ( 3 sec . compensation) |  |  |  |
| Weight |  | $<1000 \mathrm{kgs}$ *Tentative |  |  |  |
| Dimensions ( $\mathrm{H} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{D}$ ) |  | $1100 \times 1100 \times 1900 \mathrm{~mm}$ ( $\mathrm{L} \times \mathrm{W} \times \mathrm{H}$ ) |  |  |  |
| Floor Space |  | 1875.5 sq. in. (1.21 m$\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ |  |  |  |
| Color |  | Cabinet: Sand White \#Dic583 |  |  |  |

# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

## Attachment C <br> Trackers

## 1. Array Technologies

2. FTC Solar
3. GameChange Solar
4. NEXTracker
5. Soltec
6. Sunfolding

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

## Attachment C Trackers

## 1. Array Technologies

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC


LOWER LIFETIME 08M

## DuraTrack ${ }^{\text {n }}$ HZ v3

Three decades of field-tested design improvements have resulted in the DuraTrack ${ }^{\circledR} \mathrm{HZ}$ v3 the most durable, reliable tracking system under the sun. While our single-bolt module clamp and forgiving tolerances streamline installation, and our flexibly linked architecture maximizes power density, it's our innovative use of fewer components and a failure-free wind management system that makes Array Technologies the best choice for solar trackers. Better. Stronger. Smarter.


HIGHEST POWER DENSITY.
Higher density means more power and more proft: DuraTrack HZv3 offers the unique ability to maximize the power density ofeach site, boasting 100 modules per row and higher density than our closest competition.


## LEADING TERRAIN

 ADAPTABILITY. Our flexibly linked architecture, with articulating driveline joints and forgiving tolerances, creates the mostadaptable system on the marketfor following natural land contours while creating the greatest power generation potential from every site.

## FEWER

COMPONENTS. GREATER RELIABILITY.
Array was founded on a philosophy of engineered simplicity, Mininimizing potential failure points [167 times fewer components than competitors), DuraTrack HZV3 consistertly delivers higher reliability and superior uptime.


FAILURE-FREE WIND DESIGN. DuraTrack HZ V3 was designed and field tested to withstand some of the harshest conditions on the planet. It is the only tracker on the market that reliady handles wind events with a aully integrated, fully mechanical, passive wind-load mitigation system without the need for complex communication systerns, batteries or power.


ZERO SCHEDULED MAINTENANCE.
Maintenance-free motors and gears, fewer moving parts, and industrial-grade components-what does this mean for our customers? No scheduled maintenance required. While our competitors average two unscheduled maintenance events per day, we average only one peryear.

## ARRAY

TECHNOLOGIES

## COST YERSUS YALUE

We believe value is more than the cost of a tracking system. It's about building with forgiving tolerances and fewer parts so construction crews can work efficiently. It means protecting your investment with a fallure-free wind management system. It also inoludes increasing power density. But most of all, value is measured in operational uptime, or reliabillity.

## THE GLOBAL LEADIR IN RELIABILTY

Array has spent decades designing and perfecting the most reliable tracker on the planet. Fewer moving parts, stronger components and intel ligent design that protects your investment in the harshest weather are but a few of the innovative differences that keep your system running flawlessly all day and you resting easy at night.

ARRAY TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
3901 Midway Place NE
Albuquerque, NM 87109 USA
+1505.881.7567
+1 855.TRACKPV (872.2578)
$+1.505 .881 .7572$
sales@arraytechinc.com
arraytechinc.com

## STRUCTURAL \& MECHANICAL FEATURES/SPECIFICATIONS

| Tracking Type | Horizontal single axis |
| :---: | :---: |
| Less than 1 drive motor/MW | Up to 1.152 MW DC |
| String Voltage | Up to 1,500V DC |
| Maximum Linked Rows | 32 |
| Maximum Row Size | 100 modules crystalline, and bifacial: <br> 240 modules First Solar 4: 78 modules First Solar 6 |
| Drive Type | Rotating gear drive |
| Motar Type | $2 \mathrm{HP}, 3$ PH, 480V AC |
| East-West/North-South Dimensions | Site / module specifio |
| Array Height | 54 " standard, adjustable (48" min height above grade) |
| Ground Coverage Ratio (GCR) | Flexible, 28-45\% typical, others supported on request |
| Terrain Flexibility | N-S tolerance: $0-15 \%$ standard, $26 \%$ optional: Driveline: $40^{\circ}$ in all directions |
| Modules Supported | Most commercially available, including frameless crystalline, thin film, and bifacial |
| Tracking Range of Motion | $\pm 52^{\circ}$ standard, $\pm 62^{\circ}$ optional |
| Operating Temperature Range | $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{Fto} 140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-34^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ to $\left.60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Module Configuration available. | Single-in-portrait standard, including bifacial. Four-in-landscape (thin film) |
| Module Attachment | Single fastener, high-speed mounting clamps with integrated grounding. Traditional rails for crystalline inlandscape, custom racking for thin film and frameless crystalline and bifacial per manufacturer specs. |
| Materials | Pre-galv steel, HDG steel and aluminum structural members, as required |
| Allowable Wind Load (ASCE 7-10) | $140 \mathrm{mph}, 3$-second gust exposure C |
| Wind Protection | Failiure free passive mechanical system protects against wind damage without the use of complex communications systems, batteries - no power required |

ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER FEATURES/SPECIFICATIONS

| Solar Tracking Method | Algorithm with <br> GPS input |
| :--- | :--- |
| Control Electranics | MCU plus Central <br> Controller |
| Data Feed | MODBUS over Ethernet <br> to SCADA system |
| Night--iime Stow | Yes |
| Tracking Accuracy | $\pm 2^{\circ}$ standard, field |
| adjustable |  |

INSTALLATION, OPERATION \& MAINTENANCE

| Software | SmarTrack optimization <br> available |
| :--- | :--- |
| PE Stamped Structural <br> Calculations \& Drawings | Ves |
| On-site Training and <br> System Commissioning | Yes |
| Connection Type | Fully bolted connections, <br> no welding |
| In-field Fabrication Required | No |
| Dry Slide Bearings and <br> Articulating Driveline Connections | No lubrioation required |
| Scheduled Maintenance | None required |
| Module Cleaning Compatibility | Robotic Tractor, <br> Manual |
| GENERAL |  |
| Annual Power Consumption <br> (kWWh per 1 MW) | 400 kWh per MW per <br> year, estimate |

# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

## Attachment C Trackers

## 2. FTC Solar

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC


## The Next Evolution In Tracker Design From FTC Solar

## Lowest Installed Cost

- Up to to $60 \%$ less posts
- Up to $20 \%$ less DC BOS cost
- Less than 300 man hrs/ MW to install


## Optimized Bi-facial Performance

- Up to $0.5 \%$ yield improvement due to less backside shading and better albedo capture


## Superior Design Flexibility

- $20 \%-60 \%$ GCR support
- 60 m row provides layout compaction with more MWs/site


## Designed for Reliability

- Hierarchy of row zone and site controllers provides communication and data redundancy
- Self-powered drive and control system with 3 day autonomy mitigates interruptions



VOYAGER CONTROLLER:

## PRECISE CONTROL, ADVANCED ALGORITHMS, SECURE DATA



The Voyager Smart Control System features:
Wireless mesh network offers communication
redundancy
Bi-directional communication between row and zone controllers

Advanced performance analytics available
Site wind and temperature data available for site monitoring. Additional environmental sensors available.

# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

## Attachment C Trackers

## 3. Gamechange Solar

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

## OVER 6 GW SOLD

Global Leader for Fixed Tilt Structures \& Trackers

## TECHNICAL DATASHEET

# GENIUS TRACKER" 2P <br> WORLD'S HIGHEST POWER PRODUCING \& FASTEST INSTALLING 2P SOLAR TRACKER 



OWNER BENEFITS
"1.25\% MORE POWER PRODUCTION

## INSTALLER BENEFITS




- $40 \%$ HIGHER MODULE INSTALL USING SPEEDTABS"
- FASTEST INSTALLING DRIVE SYSTEM

UTILIZING PRE-ASSEMBLED COMPonents

## OWNER BENEFITS

UP TO $1.25 \%$ MORE POWER PRODUCTION AND HIGHER ROE
Combine to increase owner cash flow

## WEATHERSMART

Proprietary algorithm optimizes tilt angle based on weather data to maximize power production, adds up to $1,25 \%$ additional power production

## LOWEST O\&M COST

Lowest grass cutting \& module washing cost

Zera maintenance drive systemi

## INSTALLER BENEFITS

FASTEST INSTALLING SYSTEM
Advanced design innovations
\& pre-assembled components

## PRE-ASSEMBLED DRIVE ARM

Can be lifted by ane worker, no machine required, $50 \%$ faster than typical competitors

## PESTAMPED DRAWINGS

Design loads according to local building codes: ASCE 7, NBC, Euracode, AS1170, GB 50009

PROPRIETARY INTEGRATED HARDWARE ${ }^{\text {"' }}$
For faster structure assembly, module mounting and reduced $0 \& M$ cost. Oversized Serrated Flange Nyloc. Nut and Oversized Flange Star Bolt with integrated star washer eliminates the need for washers and star washers

## SPEEDTABS ${ }^{\text {T }}$

Up to $40 \%$ higher module install

## GameChange Solar HEADQUARTERS

$152 \mathrm{~W} 57^{\text {th }}$ Street $44^{\text {th }} \mathrm{Fl}$.
New York, NY 10019 , USA
Phone: $+1(212) 388-5160$
Fax: +1 (646) 607-2223
media@gamechangesolar.com
gamechangesolar.com

## EUROPE OFFICES

Dublin, Ireland
Zug, Switzerland
Madrid, Spain

## ASIA OFFICE

Shanghal, China

DISCLAIMER: GameChange Solar provides this documentation without warranty in any form either expressed or implied. GafneChange Solar may revise this document at any time without notice.

| Modules | Modules Supported | Most commercial ly available modules, including frameless crystalline and thin film |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civil | Slope Tolerance ( $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{S}$ ) | 7\% standard, can go to $10 \%$ special order |
|  | Slope Tolerance (E-W) | 15\% |
|  | Tracker follows slope ( $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{N}$ ) | Yes |
| Structural | Drive Type | Robust linear actuator stainless steel \& aluminum |
|  | Posts per MW | 170/MW for normal wind conditions |
|  | Design Wind Load | $105 \mathrm{mph}[46.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}][\mathrm{Std}] / 115 \mathrm{mph}[51.4 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}][$ Premium 1) / $130 \mathrm{mph}[58.12 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ ] Premium 2] |
|  | Snow Load | 5 pst [. 24 kPa$]$ (Std] $/ 20 \mathrm{pst}[.96 \mathrm{kPa}]$ [Premium 1)/ 40 pst [1.92 kPa] Premium 2]) 60 psf [2.87 kPa][Premium 3] |
|  | Tracking Range (Std) | $45^{\circ}, 52^{\circ}$ |
|  | Tracking Range (Premium) | $60^{\circ}$ |
|  | Post Sections | HDG wide flange steel |
|  | Post Size (Interior) \& [Exterior) | W6x9 to W6x20 Wide Flange |
|  | Motor Foundation | W6x15. W6x20 or larger Wide Flange |
|  | Standard Embedment | $5-9 \mathrm{ft} .[1.52-2.75 \mathrm{~m}]$ |
|  | Flood Plain Allowance | Up to 6 ft [ 1.83 m ] |
| Design | Module Configuration | 2 up in portrait for crystalline \& First Solar Series $6^{\text {mim }}$, 2 up in portrait for Bifacial, 6 to 8 up landscape for First Solar Series $4^{\text {Im }}$ |
|  | Length per Table | Up to 205 ft . [ 62.48 m ] (for example 120 crystaline modules) |
|  | Module Attachment | Bottom mount for framed modules or clamps for glass on glass modules |
|  | Ground Coverage Ratio | 0.3 to 0.65 |
|  | Rows per Drive | 1 drive per tracker(table), distributed drive system |
|  | Powering System | Onboard solar module with battery |
|  | Ground Clearance To Module | 18-48 in [ [45.7-121.9 cm] typical |
|  | Min / Max Ground to Top of Post | $70 \mathrm{in} .[1.78 \mathrm{~m}]$ typical +9 in . $[22.86 \mathrm{~cm}]$ min. adjustment range |
|  | Backtracking / Anti-shading | Yes, although can be turned off as requested (i.e. for FSLR modules) |
|  | Temperature Range | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ also available $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Electromagnetic Interference | Compliant with FCC guidelines/ Applicable sections EN 61000 |
| Install | Specialty Tools Required | No |
|  | Max Offload for Deliveries | As per customer requirement |
| Electricat | Tracking Method | Time and location based algorithm |
|  | String Design | Compatible with any string size |
|  | Cable Supports | Hole punching as per customer requirement for nominal cost |
|  | Linear Actuator Motor | 24V DC UL Listed |
|  | Parasitic Loss | 0 amps |
|  | Controller Box | ZigBee ${ }^{\text {® }}$ wireless communications, $24 / \mathrm{solar}$ modul and battery |
|  | Control System | Master to Node: ZigBee ${ }^{\oplus}$ wireless communications Master to SCADA/DAS: Modbus TCP communications |
|  | \# of Motors | 25/MW for typical conditions, depending on module wattage and loading. |
|  | 1000 V System or 1500 V System | Both |
|  | Grounding Method | Tracker structure is part of grounding path per UL 2703 |
|  | UL Compliance | UL2703/UL 3703 |
|  | Ingress Protection | IP66 stroke end/IP67 motor end [NEMA 4/4x equivalent) |
|  | \# Weather Station | 1 per $6 \mathrm{MW}-10 \mathrm{MWN}$ typical |
|  | Monitoring System | Web portal interface available |
|  |  | Compatible with all standard third party monitoring vendors |
|  | Snow \& Flood Sensors | Move modules to optimum location for weather events |
|  | Backup Power | Solar module and battery providing integrated backup - 3 days |
| 0\&M | Warranty | 5 year drive \& control, 10 year structural standard, $10 / 20$ also available |
| Shipping | Max load | International - 18.5 to 22.5 metric tons per container USA - 45,000 lbs. [20,411 kg] per truckload, 5,000 lbs. [2,267 kg] maximum bundle size, $2,900 \mathrm{lbs}$. [1315.4 kg] or other maximum as requested by customers |
|  | Shipping Containers or Flatbeds | Flat beds for structure, dry vans for hardware |
|  | \# Trucks or Containers per MWdc | 4 typical for trucks, 5 typical for containers |
| Commission | Backfeed required? | No, Generator for power as alternative |

#  REPDWERING THE PLANET 

## OVER 6 GW SOLD

Global Leader for Fixed Tilt Structures \& Trackers

## TECHNICAL DATASHEET

# GENIUS TRACKER" 1 P <br> WORLD'S HIGHEST POWER PRODUCING \& FASTEST INSTALLING SOLAR TRACKER 



OWNER BENEFITS
in MORE POWER PRODUCTION

## INSTALLER BENEFITS



## OWNER BENEFITS

UP TO $40 \%$ HIGHER ROE
Combine to increase owner cash flow

## HIGHER MODULE DENSITY

Increased row spacing means more time facing the sun and less time running from the shade, adds up to $5 \%$ more power production than competitors

## WEATHERSMART ${ }^{\text {TH }}$

Proprietary algorithm optimizes tilt angle based on weather data to maximize power production, adds up to $1.25 \%$ additional power production

## LOWEST O\&M COST

Lowest grass cutting \& module washing cost
Zero maititenance dive systern

## INSTALLER BENEFITS

FASTEST INSTALLING SYSTEM
Advanced desigh innovations
\& pre-assembled components

## SPEEDCLAMPTM

Mounts modules with no mounting hardware, speeds module installation पp to $200 \%$

## PRE-ASSEMBLED DRIVE ARM

Can be lifted by one worker, no machine required. $50 \%$ faster than typical competitors.

## PE STAMPED DRAWINGS

Design loads according to local
building codes: ASCE 7, NBC,
Eurocode, AS1170, GB 50009

## PROPRIETARY INTEGRATED HARDWARE"

Forfaster structure assembly, module mounting and reduced $0 \& M$ cost. Oversized Serrated Flange Nyloc Nut and Oversized Flange Star Bolt with integrated star washer eliminates the need for washers and star washers

## GameChange Solar <br> HEADQUARTERS

152 W 57 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Street $44^{\text {th }} \mathrm{Fl}$
New York, NY 10019, USA
Fhone: +1 (212) 388-5160
Fax: +1 (646) 607-2223
media@gamechangesolar.com
gamechangesolar.com

## EUROPE OFFICES

Dublin, Ireland
Zug, Switzerland
Madrid, Spain

## ASIA OFFICE

Shanghai, China
DISCLAIMER: GameChange Solar provides this documentation without warranty in any form either expressed or impled. GafneChatige Solar may revise this document at any time without notice.

| Modules | Modules Supported | Most commercially available modules, including frameless crystalline and thin film |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Civil | Slope Tolerance ( $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{S}$ ) | 7\% standard, can go to 15\% special order |
|  | Slope Tolerance (E-W) | 15\% |
|  | Tracker follows slope ( $\mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{N}$ ) | Yes |
| Structural | Drive Type | Robust linear actuator stainless steel \& aluminum |
|  | Posts per MW | 350-400/MW for 1 up portrait/2 up landscape or 250-300/MW for 2 up portrait |
|  | Design Wind Load | $105 \mathrm{mph}[46.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}]$ [Std] / $130 \mathrm{mph}[58.1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}]$ [Premium 1)/ $150 \mathrm{mph}[67 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}]$ Premium 2] |
|  | Snow Load | 5 pst [. 24 kPa$][\mathrm{Std}] / 20 \mathrm{psf}[.96 \mathrm{kPa}]$ [Premium 1] / 40 pst [1.92 kPa][Premium 2] 60 psf [2.87 kPa][Premium 3] |
|  | Tracking Range (Std) | $45^{\circ}, 52^{\circ}$ |
|  | Tracking Range (Premium) | $60^{\circ}$ |
|  | Post Sections | G235 [55 $\mu \mathrm{m}$ ] galvanized steel (or HDG option) roll formed standard posts, HDG wide flange option also available |
|  | Post Size (Interior) \& (Exterior) | $6 \times 6$ in. [15.24 $\times 15.24 \mathrm{~cm}]$ roll form shape or W6. ${ }^{\text {a }}$, W66x, W6x 12 or W6x15 wide flange |
|  | Motor Foundation | $6.5 \times 8$ in [ $16.51 \times 20.32 \mathrm{~cm}]$ roll form hat or W6x15 or larger wide flange |
|  | Standard Embedment | $5-7 \mathrm{ft}[1.52-2.13 \mathrm{~m}]$ |
|  | Flood Plain Allowance | Up to 6 ft [ 1.83 m ] |
| Design | Module Configuration | 1 or 2 up in portrait for crystalline \& First Solar Series $6^{m "}$. 2 up landscape or 1 or 2 up in portrait for Bifacial, 3 to 4 up landscape for First Solar Series $4^{\text {4* }}$ |
|  | Length per Table | Up to 320 ft . 977.53 m ] (for example 78 First Solar Series $6^{\text {mim }}$ modules) |
|  | Module Attachment | SpeedClamp ${ }^{\text {m" }}$ or bolts available for bottom mount frame modules or clamps for glass on glass modules |
|  | Ground Coverage Ratio | 0.25 to 0.65 |
|  | Rows per Drive | 1 drive per trackerttable), distributed drive system |
|  | Powering System | Onboard solar module with battery |
|  | Ground Clearance To Module | 18-48 in. [45.7-121.9 cm] typical |
|  | Min / Max Ground to Top of Post | 56 in. $[1.42 \mathrm{ml}$ typical +9 in . $[22.86 \mathrm{~cm}]$ min. adjustment range |
|  | Backtracking / Anti-shading | Yes, although can be turned off as requested (li.e. for FSLR modules) |
|  | Temperature Range | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right.$ also available $)+48^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Electromagnetic Interference | Compliant with FCC guidelines/ Applicable sections EN 61000 |
| Install | Specialty Tools Required | No |
|  | Max Offload for Deliveries | As per customer requirement |
| Electrical | Tracking Method | Time and location based algorithm |
|  | String Design | Compatible with any string size |
|  | Cable Supports | Hole punching as percustomer requirement for nominal cost |
|  | Linear Actuator Motor | 24V DC UL Listed |
|  | Parasitic Loss | 1 amps |
|  | Controller Box |  |
|  | Control System | Master to Node: ZigBee ${ }^{\oplus}$ wireless communications Master to SCADA/DAS: Modbus TCP communications |
|  | \# of Motors | 20 to 52 / MW depending on module wattage and loading conditions (35 for typical conditions) |
|  | 1000V System or 1500V System | Both |
|  | Grounding Method | Tracker structure is part of grounding path per UL 2703 |
|  | UL Compliance | UL 2703/UL 3703 |
|  | Ingress Protection | IP66 stroke end / IP67 motor end (NEMA 4/4x equivalent) |
|  | \# Weather Station | 1 per 6 MW -10 MW typical |
|  | Monitoring System | Web portal interface available |
|  |  | Compatible with all standard third party monitoring vendors |
|  | Snow \& Flood Sensors | Move modules to optimum location for weather events |
|  | Backup Power | Solar module and battery providing integrated backup - 3 days |
| 0\&M | Warranty | 5 year drive \& control, 10 year structural standard, $10 / 20$ also available |
| Shipping | Max load | International -18.5 to 22.5 metric tons per container USA - 45,000 lbs. [20,411 kg] per truckload, 5,000 lbs. [2,267 kg] maximum bundle size, $2,900 \mathrm{lbs}$. [ 1315.4 kg ] or other maximum as requested by customers |
|  | Shipping Containers or Flatbeds | Flat beds for structure, dry vans for hardware |
|  | \# Trucks or Containers per MWdc | 4 typical for trucks, 5 typical for containers |
| Commissio | Backfeed required? | No, Generator for power as alternative |

# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

## Attachment C Trackers

## 4. NEXTracker

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

## $\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{X}$ İracker <br> A Flex Company

## NX Horizon

Smart Solar Tracking System
Serving as the backbone on over 20 gigawatts of solar power plants around the world, the NX Horizon ${ }^{\text {m }}$ smart solar tracker system combines best-in-class hardware and software to help EPCs and asset owners maximize performance and minimize operational costs.

# Self-Powered System with Smart Performance Monitoring 

NX Horizon's reliable self-powered motor and control system, balanced mechanical design and independent row architecture provide project design flexibility, while lowering operation and maintenance ( $O \& M$ ) costs. NX Horizon works in concert with the NX Data Hub platform, a utility-grade software that uses bidirectional communications to each and every tracker row in the power plant for continuous, real-time monitoring. In addition, NEXTracker's Digital O\&M ${ }^{T M}$ services provide real-time analytics and predictive maintenance to help manage operations and minimize O\&M costs over the lifetime of the systems.

## Flexible and Resilient by Design

With its self-aligning module rails and vibration-proof fasteners, NX Horizon can be easily and rapidly installed. The self-powered, decentralized architecture allows each row to be commissioned in advance of site power, and is designed to withstand high winds and other adverse weather conditions. On a recent 838 megawatt project in Villanueva, Mexico, these design features allowed for the project to go online nine months ahead of schedule.

## True Capture and Bifacial Enabled

Incorporating the most promising innovations in utility scale solar, NX Horizon with TrueCapture ${ }^{T M}$ smart control system can add additional energy production by up to six per cent. Further unlocking the advantages of independent-row architecture and the data collected from thousands of sensors across its built-in wireless network, the software continuously optimizes the tracking algorithm of each row in response to site terrain and changing weather conditions. NX Horizon can also be paired with bifacial PV module technology, which can provide even more energy harvest and performance. With bifacial technology, NX Horizon outperforms conventional tracking systems with over $1 \%$ more annual energy.

## 4 YEARS IN A ROW

Global Market Share Leader (2015-18)

## $25+$ CW

Delivered on 5 Continents

## BEST-IN-CLASS

Software Ecosystemand Global Services
UP T0 6\%
Using TrueCapture Smart Control System

## Quality and Reliability from Day One

Quality and reliability are designed and tested into every NX Horizon component and system across our supply chain and manufacturing operations. NEXTracker is the leader in dynamic wind analysis and safety stowing, delivering major benefits in uptime and long-term durability. NX Horizon is certified to UL 2703 and UL 3703 standards, underscoring NEXTracker's commitment to safety, reliability and quality.

## gENERAL AND MECHANICAL

| Traoking type | Horizontal single-axis, independent row | Tracking range of motion | Options for $\pm 60^{\circ}$ or $\pm 50^{\circ}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| String voltage | $1.500 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {DC }}$ or $1,000 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {DC }}$ |  |  |
| Typical row size | 78-90 modules, depending on module string length | Operating temperature range | Self powered: $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{O}$ to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{O}\left(-22^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ to $\left.131^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ AC powered: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ to $\left.131^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ |
| Drive type | Non-backdriving, high aocuracy slew gear | Module configuration | 1 in portrait. $3 \times 1,500 \mathrm{~V}$ or $4 \times 1,000 \mathrm{~V}$ strings per standard tracker. Partial length trackers available. |
| Motor type | 24 V brushless DC motor |  |  |
| Array height | Rotation axis elevation 1.3 to $1.8 \mathrm{~m} / 4^{\prime} 3^{\prime \prime}$ to $5^{\prime} 10$ " | Module attachment | Self-grounding, eleotric tool-actuated fasteners |
| Ground ooverage ratio (GCR) | Configurable. Typical range 28-50\% | Materials | Galvanized steel |
|  |  | Allowable wind speed | Configurable up to $200 \mathrm{kph}(125 \mathrm{mph}$ ) 3 -second gust. |
| Modules supported | Mounting options available for virtually all utility-scale crystalline modules, First Solar Series 6 and First Solar Series 4. |  |  |
|  |  | Wind protection | Intelligent wind stowing with symmetric dampers for maximum array stability in all |
| Bifacial features | High-rise mounting rails, bearing + driveline gaps and round torque tube |  | wind conditions. |
|  |  | Foundations | Standard W6 seotion foundation posts |

## ELECTRONICS AND CONTROLS

| Solar tracking <br> method | Astronomical algorithm with <br> backtracking. Truecapture <br> available for terrain adaptive backtracking <br> and diffuse tracking mode. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Control eleotronios | NX tracker controller with inbuilt <br> inclinometer and backup battery. |
| Communications | Zigbee wireless communications to all <br> tracker rows and weather stations via <br> network control units (NCUS). |
| Nighttime stow | Yes |
| Power supply | Self powered: |
|  | NX provided 30 or 60 W Smart Panel |
|  | AC powered: |
| CUstomer-provided $120-240$ VAC circuit |  |

## INSTALLATION, OPERATIONS AND SERVICE

| PE stamped structural <br> calculations and drawings | Included |
| :--- | :--- |
| Onsite training and <br> system commissioning | Included |
| Installation requirements |  |$\quad$| Simple assembly using swaged |
| :--- |
| fasteners and bolted connections. |
| No field cutting, drilling or welding. |

## NX Gemini

## Introducing the NEXTracker Two-in-Portrait Smart Solar Tracker

The NX Gemini ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ two-in-portrait (2P) solar tracker optimizes lifetime value and performance, helping project developers and asset owners get the most from their power plant. Ideally suited for sites with challenging soils, high winds, and irregular boundaries, the ruggedized $2 P$ tracker features a patent-pending distributed drive system for maximum stability in extreme weather, eliminating the need for dampers and producing virtually zero energy losses associated with stowing.

## Capitalize with Highest Power Density Solar Tracker

NX Gemini's flexible 2P module configuration allows for the maximum number of modules per foundation, requiring only 60 meters and seven foundation posts to provide support for up to 120 modules on four 1500 -volt strings. With the lowest number of foundations per megawatts on the solar tracker market today, NX Gemini helps reduce tracker installation costs on difficult sites.

## Pair with TrueCapture and Bifacial for Maximum Performance

The 2P tracker can be equipped with either monofacial or bifacial PV modules and integrated with the entire NEX Tracker software ecosystem, including the TrueCapture ${ }^{T M}$ advanced smart control and energy yield enhancement platform. Incorporated into the NX Gemini design is the field-proven innovations found in NX Horizon ${ }^{\text {TM }}$, such as independent-row architecture, intelligent control systems and wireless communications.

## FEATURES AND BENEFITS

Industry-leading 2P design with 7 foundations points per 120 module row

Ideal for challenging soils
Bifacial-optimized for maximum performance

Patent-pending distributed drive system for maximum stability in high winds

TrueCapture ready, gain up to $6 \%$ more energy

Special rotation feature for high velocity module installation

[^8]general and mechanical

| Tracking type | Horizontal single-axis, independent row |
| :---: | :---: |
| String voltage | 1,500 V Do |
| Typical row size | 112-120 modules, depending on module string length |
| Drive type | NX patent-pending self-locking, distributed drive |
| Motor type | 48 V brushless DC motor |
| Array height | Rotation axis elevation 1.9 to $2.5 \mathrm{~m} / 6^{\prime} 2^{\prime \prime}$ to $8^{\prime \prime} 2^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Ground coverage ratio (GCR) | Typical range 28-50\% |
| Modules supported | Mounting options available for most utility-scale crystalline modules |
| Bifacial features | Available with optimized central torque tube gap |

ELECTRONICS AND CONTROLS

| Solar tracking <br> method | Astronomical algorithm with backtracking. <br> Truecapture ${ }^{T M}$ upgrades available for terrain <br> adaptive backtracking and diffuse tracking <br> mode |
| :--- | :--- |
| Control electronics | NX tracker controller with in built <br> inclinometer and backup battery |
| Communications | Zigbee wireless communications to all <br> tracker rows and weather stations via <br> network control units (NCUs) |
| Nighttime stow | Yes |
| Power supply | Array powered: NX Integrated DC <br> Pre-combiner \& power supply <br> AC powered: Customer-provided <br> AC circuit |

Tracking range of motion

Operating temperature range
Module configuration

Module attachment

Materials
Allowable wind speed
Wind protection

Foundations
$\pm 50^{\circ}$

Array powered: $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-4^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ to $\left.131^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ AC powered: $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right.$ to $\left.131^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$

2 in portrait. $4 \times 1,500$ strings per standard tracker. Partial length trackers available.

Self-grounding, electric tool-actuated fasteners standard. Clamping system optional.

Galvanized steel
Configurable up to 210 kph ( 130 mph ) 3-second gust

Intelligent wind stowing with self-locking, distributed drive system for maximum array stability in all wind conditions

Standard W8 section foundation posts. Typically $\sim 160$ piers/MW

## INSTALLATION, OPERATIONS AND SERVICE

PE stamped structural calculations and drawings
Onsite training and system commissioning
Installation requirements

Monitoring

Module cleaning compatibility

DC string monitoring
Warranty

Codes and standards

Included

Included

Simple assembly using swaged fasteners and bolted connections. No field cutting, drilling or welding

NX Data Hub ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ centralized data aggregation and monitoring

Compatible with virtually all standard cleaning systems

Available with array-powered option
10-year structural, 5-year drive and control components

UL 3703,UL 2703, IEC 62817


# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

## Attachment C Trackers

## 5. Soltec

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC


The latest generation of the horizontal single-axis tracker

## (1) 9 ㅂ $\cap$



MAIN FEATURES
Tracking System
Tracking Range
Drive System
Power Supply

Tracking Algorithm
Communication
Wireless
Optional: Wire
Wind Resistance
Land Use Features
Independent Rows
Horizontal Single-Axis with independent rows

Slope North-South
Slope East-West
Ground Coverage Ratio
Foundation
Temperature Range
Standard
Extended
Availability
Modules
$120^{\circ}+$
Enclosed Slewing Drive, DC Motor
Self-Powered PV Series
Optional: AC/DC Universal Input
Astronomical with TeamTrack Backtracking

## Hybrid Radio + RS-485 Cable

RS-485 Full Wired
Per Local Codes

YES

Unlimited
Configurable. Typical range: $28-50 \%$
Driven Pile | Ground Screw | Concrete
$-4^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+131^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \mid-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$-40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ to $+131^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \mid-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$>99 \%$
Standard: 72 cells | Optional: 60 Cells; Crystalline, Thin Film (Solar Frontier, First Solar and others); Bifacial

UNITED STATES 5800 Las Positas Rd. Livermore, CA 94551
usa@soltec com
$+75104409200$
SPAIN
info@soltec.com
$+34968603153$
BRAZIL
trasil@soltse.com
+557130261444
CHILE
chile@soltec.com
+56 (02) 25738559
CHINA
china@usoltec.com
+8615021713965
MEXICO
mexico@soltec.com
+5215555573144
peru
peru@soltec.com
+5153507315
INDIA
india@soltec.com
$+911244568202$
SCANDINAVIA
MODULE CONFIGURATIONS

| 1000 V | Length | Height | Width | 1500V | Length | Height | Width |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2×38 | $\begin{aligned} & 124^{\prime} 12^{\prime \prime} \\ & (38.1 \mathrm{~m}) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $2 \times 42$ | $\begin{aligned} & 138^{\prime} 12^{\prime \prime} \\ & (42.1 \mathrm{~m}) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 12^{\prime} 12^{\prime \prime} \\ & (3.95 \mathrm{~m}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12^{\prime} 10^{\prime \prime} \\ & (3.92 \mathrm{~m}) \end{aligned}$ | $2 \times 43.5$ | $\begin{aligned} & 144^{\prime} 8^{\prime \prime} \\ & (44.1 \mathrm{~m}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12^{\prime} 12^{\prime \prime} \\ & (3.95 \mathrm{~m}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12^{\prime} 10^{\prime \prime} \\ & (3.92 \mathrm{~m}) \end{aligned}$ |
| $2 \times 40$ | $\begin{aligned} & 131^{\prime} 7^{\prime \prime} \\ & (40.1 \mathrm{~m}) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $2 \times 45$ | $\begin{aligned} & 147^{\prime} 12^{\prime \prime} \\ & (45.1 \mathrm{~m}) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

## SERVICES

Tracker Advisory Services
Technical Support
Pull Qut Test

## MAINTENANCE ADVANTAGES

Self-lubricating Bearings
Face to Face Cleaning Mocle
$2 \times$ Wider Aisles

Tracker Turnkey Contracting
Commissioning
Maintenance

## WARRANTY

| Structure | 10 years (extendäble) |
| :--- | ---: |
| Motor | 5 years (extendable) |
| Electronics | 5 years (extendable) |

DNV GL Technology
Review availabla
Bankability report
WIND TUNNEL TESTED

# Exhibit B Manufacturer Specifications 

## Attachment C Trackers

## 6. Sunfolding

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

# sunfolding 



Sunfolding manufactures PV power plant solutions that enable fast and easy design, installation, and operations with a tracker built for simplicity and scalability: the Sunfolding T29'M horizontal single-axis tracker.

## GWs and Counting

The Sunfolding team brings together engineering brilliance, extensive field knowledge, and sawy business strategy. Our executive team has collectively built and sold GWs of solar globally, successfully launching new solar products and technologies at leading solar companies including First Solar, SMA America, and Kaco. We bring innovation informed by extensive industry experience to meet solar tracking's greatest challenges.

## A Motor-Free, Wear-Free Tracker

The Surfolding T29 features AirDrive ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ technology, which leverages the strength and resilience of air-based components to replace problematic tracker motors, gearboxes, and other wear surfaces.


Powered by the AirDrive, the Sunfolding T29 delivers a fundamentally streamlined design, with three structural components and two bolt sizes. The Sunfolding T29 amplifies ROI at every step in the solar project lifecycle.

## A Tracker Built for the Next Generation

Powered by AirDrive technology, the Sunfolding T29 delivers improved economics, higher performance, and greater reliability for stakeholders across the solar value chain. Three structural components, two bolt sizes, one efficiently engineered tracker.

What is the AirDrive? It's sthe air-based actuator that moves the tracker. That's right: motor-free, wear-free solar tracking. No gears, no linkages, no bearings, no batteries. No finicky tolerances. Made in the USA from some of the most durable materials on the planet, the AirDrive re-purposes proven materials and manufacturing processes to produce a truly modular tracking system.


## Gain Ground and Power

Tracker row length is now determined by string size. Realize $20 \%$ or more capacity by filling in site areas previously deemed unavailable and give your project more ground and more power without adding costs. For projects constrained by capacity and not land, generous row spacing allows you to fine-tune yield by more than 4\%.


Install Twice as Fast
With three structural components and two bolt sizes, the Sunfolding T29 installs twice as fast, with an ease unlike any tracker you've installed before. Without using special tools, your crew can now power through more MWs in less time with fewer mistakes. The most generous tolerances in the industry and off-the-shelf components complement the tracker's overall simplicity, further easing construction timelines and logistics.


High Performance, Low Maintenance
Power into a secured asset future with a future-proof tracker; the AirDrive has hundreds of years, and counting, of without-fail performance. Rewrite the rules for high performance and smooth operations with one maintenancefree, wear-free actuator and $95 \%$ fewer maintenance locations than motor-based trackers.

When you partner with Sunfolding, your project stands on the shoulders of engineering's brightest minds, trusted industry insiders, and people who know how to get (and keep) your project tracking.


## Project Services

- Project design support
- On-site project support
- Installation training
- Turnkey tracker installation
- O\&M support from 3rd parties


## World Class Supply Chain

- AirDrive assembled by Tier 1 automotive manufacturer Martinrea
- Material supplier: DuPont
- Steel supplier: OmCo(>7 GW structures delivered)



## 3rd Party Validation

- Independent technology \& operations assessment by DNV-GL, CPP
- 4 years U.S. Department of Energy testing oversight
- 3rd party stamped structural drawings


## sunfolding

## Sunfolding T29 Technical Specifications

## Structural and Mechanical Features

TrackingType
Drive Type
Typical Dimensions

Tracker Spacing
Module Spacing
Supported Modules
Module Configuration
Module Attachment
Structural Materials
Wind Load

Snow Load
PE Stamped Structural
Calcs \& Drawings
Foundation
Ground Coverage Ratio (GCR)

Horizontal single-axis tracker with distributed actuation
Sunfolding AirDrive
Height as low as $3 \mathrm{ft}(0.9 \mathrm{~m})$ when using standard 72 -cel 1 modules; tracker length scales with string voltage ( $600 \mathrm{~V}, 1000 \mathrm{~V}, 1500 \mathrm{~V}$ ); tracker width is equivalent to chosen PV module's length North \& South: $>6$ in ( $>150 \mathrm{~mm}$ )
$\leq 0.25$ in ( 6 mm )
All commercially available framed and frameless crystalline and thin film modules
Single module in portrait (standard), three modules in landscape (thin film)
Module mounting via top mount clips (with integrated grounding) secured to support rails per manufacturer's recommendations
Galvanized steel
115 mph ( 185 kmph ) 3 -second gusts per ASCE $7-10$ (standard)
Up to 130 mph ( 209 kmph ) (available)
$15 \mathrm{psf}(0.72 \mathrm{kPa})$, higher available upon request
Yes
All foundation types (driven pier, concrete foundation, ground screw, ballasted, poured)
Any; fully configurable by customer, typical range 25\%-55\%

## Control System Features

Control System
Data Feed
Solar Tracking Method
Backtracking
Night-time Idle

Array controller, plus row controllers
Modbus TCP/IP
GPS time and location based on astronomical algorithm
Yes (thin film tracking algorithm also available)
Position adjustable

## Installation, Maintenance \& Warranty

Installation
No in-field welding required; rapid field assembly
Maintenance
Warranty

No actuator lubrication required, no batteries to replace
10 years on structural components; 5 years on control components; 3 years on coatings

# Exhibit C Vegetation Management Plan 

## Stantec Consulting Services Inc. July 7, 2020

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

July 7, 2020
Ms. Lauren Devine
Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC
422 Admiral Blvd
Kansas City, MO 64106
Re: Vegetation Management Plan for the Madison Fields Solar Project, Madison County, Ohio

Dear Ms. Devine:
Stantec Consulting Services Inc. (Stantec) is pleased to provide this vegetation management plan to Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC (Madison Fields) that summarizes conservation measures to be implemented at the Madison Fields Solar Project in Madison County, Ohio (Project). The purpose of this plan is to ensure the vegetation near Project facilities is protected to the extent possible per Ohio Administrative Code $4906-4-08(B)(2)(b)(v)$ and that areas temporarily disturbed by construction of the Project are stabilized and vegetation is restored as quickly and effectively as possible.

## PROJECT INTRODUCTION

Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC proposes to develop a solar energy project on privately owned rural agricultural land in Pike Township near the communities of Rosedale and Mechanicsburg in west-central Ohio. The Project area encompasses approximately 1,932 acres and it is anticipated that the Project will have a footprint of approximately 1,006 acres within the Project area. The Project area is depicted in Figure 1 in Attachment A. A Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need (CECPN) will be needed from the Ohio Power Siting Board (OPSB) in order to construct the Project.

## PROJECT SURVEYS AND VEGETATION IMPACTS

Ecology and Environment, Inc., a WSP member (E \& E), completed field-based wetland and stream delineation surveys within the proposed Project boundary in August 2019 and April 2020. Two wetlands were delineated within the Project area totaling 1.7 acres. No streams, drainage features, or ponds were identified during the survey. The delineated wetlands are assumed to be federally jurisdictional waters regulated by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE). Madison Fields has prepared preliminary site designs that avoid the wetlands identified during the field survey.

Damage to wetland vegetation will not occur because direct impacts to wetlands have been avoided. Furthermore, appropriate erosion and sediment control measures (e.g., silt fences, straw bale dikes, or other storm water control measures) will be used to mitigate potential indirect impacts that may occur to these aquatic resources during construction as a result of any on-site erosion and sedimentation. These specific measures will be outlined in more detail in the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) that will be prepared for the Project once final design is complete and an Ohio National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) construction stormwater general permit is obtained for the Project. Madison Fields will also implement OEPA Guidance on Post-Construction Storm Water Controls for Solar Panel Arrays to further minimize runoff during operation of the Project (OEPA 2019).

Design with community in mind

July 7, 2020
Ms. Lauren Devine
Page 2 of 6
Reference: Vegetation Management Plan for the Madison Fields Solar Project, Madison County, Ohio

In addition, E \& E conducted a field-based habitat survey to document vegetative communities within the Project area. Habitat is predominately composed of corn (Zea mays) and soybean (Glycine max) cropland ( 1,918 acres, approximately $99.2 \%$ of the Project area). Scrub-shrub areas ( 4.5 acres), oak-hickory successional forest ( 4.3 acres), developed areas ( 2.9 acres), wetlands ( 1.7 acres ), and old fields ( 1.2 acres ) comprise the remainder of the Project area. Approximately 1,001 acres of agricultural land will be converted to accommodate the Project facilities. Approximately 4.3 acres of forested land and 1.4 acres of scrubshrub areas will also be cleared during construction, primarily to accommodate the photovoltaic (PV) solar modules, the Project substation/switchyard, and operations and maintenance building. Woody debris generated during the pre-construction site clearing and grubbing process would be segregated, stockpiled, and spread on site, if practical, or hauled off site. Madison Fields will work closely with the construction team to ensure that tree clearing is minimized to the maximum extent practical and that all unnecessary tree clearing is avoided.

## PROJECT CONSTRUCTION AND RESTORATION METHODS

Project construction will last approximately 12 months and will generally include clearing and grading; installation of stormwater retention features and laydown yard; access road and foundation construction; installation of Project equipment (racking posts, racking system, PV solar modules, inverters, collection systems, substation and generation tie line); and installation of fencing. Minimal grading and clearing are anticipated. The underground collection system will be installed through open-cut trenching and boring methods.

Permanent stabilization seeding shall be completed immediately following the completion of construction. To the extent possible, Madison Fields will implement the pollinator habitat recommendations provided by ODNR Division of Wildlife and the Madison Soil \& Water Conservation District pertaining to the Ohio Pollinator Habitat Initiative. This could include reseeding areas disturbed during construction with a lowgrowth, native grass seed mix or native prairie grasses for areas under the solar modules and a native species, pollinator-friendly seed mix in select open areas outside of the array and within the Project perimeter fence. Noxious weeds and invasive species will be managed by mechanical means (mowing) and applications of commercially available herbicides in limited quantities, when needed.

The Project is considered to be permanently stabilized when all soil disturbance has occurred and a uniform perennial vegetative cover with a density of $70 \%$ has been achieved in all areas of the site not covered by other permanent surfaces. Any seed, straw, and/or matting used within the Project area shall meet Ohio stormwater standards (OEPA 2006).

Vegetation may be used as a way to mitigate potential viewshed impacts that would result from the Project. Madison Fields developed a Visual Impact Mitigation Plan (Exhibit Y to the CECPN Application) that explains the visual impact analysis that was conducted to determine specific landowner's potential viewshed impacts resulting from the Project. Based on the current design, there are approximately 20 residences within 0.5 miles of the Facility footprint. All but six of the residences are over 1,500 feet from the nearest solar panel, with the two closest residences located 1,032 feet and 1,036 feet from the nearest panel. Of the 20 residences that are within 0.5 miles of the Facility footprint, Madison Fields has identified those whose viewshed will be most impacted by the Project and will work with the landowners to mitigate impacts through a Good Neighbor Agreement or vegetative screening. If a landowner determines that vegetative screening is the desired mitigation, a vegetative buffer would be installed between the affected resident and the Project. A typical buffer includes evergreens: 15 feet on center and 6 feet tall at time of

## Design with community in mind

Reference: Vegetation Management Plan for the Madison Fields Solar Project, Madison County, Ohio
planting, with a row of canopy trees, 5 feet ( $2-21 / 2$ caliper) at time of planting; and staggered bushes and shrubs, standard 3-gallon sized buckets at time of planting. To the extent practical, native species will be used in the vegetative buffer. An example vegetative buffer detail is included in Attachment A.

## PROJECT OPERATION

Site vegetation will be managed on an as-needed basis through mowing during the operational phase of the Project. When feasible, Madison Fields will limit mowing to late summer and fall in order to allow for lateblooming pollinator species to flower. Madison Fields will monitor the site to ensure that noxious weeds do not become established within the Project fence line. Targeted applications of herbicide will be used if noxious weeds are identified.

## MONITORING AND REPORTING

Following establishment of vegetation, Madison Fields will confirm restoration areas have been stabilized in accordance with the SWPPP when a minimum $70 \%$ vegetative cover density of erosion resistant perennial species has been achieved. Madison Fields will document that construction areas have been stabilized by conducting a visual inspection of the restoration areas, collecting photographs, and preparing a written report. If trees are planted during Project construction, post-planting maintenance will be conducted in accordance with the supplier's recommendations.

All required permits for construction and operation of the Project will be acquired prior to construction and Madison Fields will abide by all state standards and laws applicable to the Project.

If you have any questions regarding the contents of this plan, please contact me at (312) 636-6848 or courtney.dohoney@stantec.com.

Regards,

## Stantec Consulting Services Inc.



Courtney Dohoney
Project Manager

[^9]July 7, 2020
Ms. Lauren Devine
Page 4 of 6
Reference: Vegetation Management Plan for the Madison Fields Solar Project, Madison County, Ohio

## REFERENCES

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA). 2006. Rainwater and Land Development, Ohio's Standards for Stormwater Management Land Development and Urban Stream Protection. Third Edition. Columbus, Ohio. Accessed June 2020 at: https://epa ohio.gov/dsw/storm/rainwater.

OEPA 2019. Guidance on Post-Construction Storm Water Controls for Solar Panel Arrays. Accessed June 2020 at: https://epa.ohio gov/Portals/35/storm/Guidance\%20on\%20Post-
Construction\%20Storm\%20Water\%20Controls\%20for\%20Solar\%20Panel\%20Arrays.pdf?ver=2019-10-22-122431-753

Ohio Administrative Code Chapter 4906-4-08(B)(2)(b)(v). Health and safety, land use and ecological information. Available online at: http://codes.ohio.gov/oac/4906-4-08v1

##  



## Hixa Whe




# Exhibit D <br> Comment Cards 

# 1. Public Information Meeting Online Questions <br> 2. Comment Cards from $1^{\text {st }}$ Public Information Meeting - November 5, 2019 <br> 3. Comment Cards from $2^{\text {nd }}$ Public Information Meeting - November 6, 2019 

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

# Exhibit D <br> Comment Cards 

## 1. Public Information Meeting Online Questions

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com

## SOLAR PROJECT

The following questions were received via
https://www.madisonfieldssolarproject.com/publicinformationmeeting
Tuesday, June 16, 2020

## Form

Name Di Nichols

Phone Number
Will you be on the call?

Please let us know your question:


Yes

Exactly where are the panels going to be placed. I would like to know how close the eye sore will be to my home/views. Historically what will the facility impact in terms of property values?

Tuesday, June 16, 2020

## Form

Name Jodi Taylor

## Email

Will you be on the call?
Yes
Please let us know your question: We already have flooding when there is heavy rain and fields are off. If this causes more flooding and potentially causing our properties unsuitable for housing, do we have recourse through the law after this project is approved?

# Exhibit D <br> Comment Cards 

## 2. Comment Cards from $1^{\text {st }}$ Public Information Meeting - November 5, 2019

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

## MADISON FIELDS SOLAR PROJECT COMMENT/QUESTION CARD

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Love Solan its The } \\
& \text { Suture foo on Kids + gualkul } \\
& \text { Tue neal more of the }
\end{aligned}
$$

(Optional information)
Name: $\qquad$
Phone: $\qquad$
Email: $\qquad$

## MADISON FIELDS SOLAR PROJECT COMMENT/QUESTION.CARD

Good IDea
(Optional information)
Name: $\qquad$
Phone: $\qquad$
Email: $\qquad$

MADISON FIELDS SOLAR PROJECT COMMENT/QUESTION CARD
great to hear
go green!
(Optional information)
Name: $\qquad$
Phone: $\qquad$
Email: $\qquad$

MADISON FIELDS SOLAR PROJECT COMMENT/QUESTION CARD Use LOCAL resources ot
bids for possible employment
(Optional information)
Name: $\qquad$
Phone: $\qquad$
Email: $\qquad$

MADISON FIELDS SOLAR PROJECT COMMENT/QUESTION CARD
Rosedale needs speed limit signs for the eared $\frac{400+\text { Contracted emplajees } \|_{0} 11}{\text { (Optional information) }}$
Name: $\qquad$
Phone: $\qquad$
Email: $\qquad$
MADISON FIELDS SOLAR PROJECT COMMENT/QUESTION CARD
$\square$
(Optional information)
Name: $\qquad$
Phone: $\qquad$
Email: $\qquad$

MADISON FIELDS SOLAR PROJECT COMMENT/QUESTION CARD

HAVE A Presenttilion + Speather for Next Meeting!
(Optional information)
Name: $\qquad$
Phone: $\qquad$
Email: $\qquad$

MADISON FIELDS SOLAR PROJECT COMMENT/QUESTION CARD
peresentaion to hear what os te of ever questions and 1 weed A Job

I live local
(Optional information)
Name: $\qquad$ Bradley Russell
Phone: $\square$
Email: $\qquad$

## MADISON FIELDS SOLAR PROJECT COMMENT/QUESTION CARD

My Comment and bigquestion:
Why doesn't a project like this directly
benefit the neigh bors who have to deal
with the change in view and lessened
property values (potentially)?
(Optional information)
Name: Jennifer Miller
Phone: $\qquad$
Email:


Some bargaining chips like faster internet and lower electric bits would make for happier neighbors.

# Exhibit D <br> Comment Cards 

## 3. Comment Cards from $2^{\text {nd }}$ Public Information Meeting - November 6, 2019

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

## ATLANTA FARMS SOLAR PROJECT 2 COMMENT/QUESTION CARD

GO SOLAR GO!!
Madison County wants and heeds you!! $\because$
(Optional information)
Name: Alex Myles
Phone:
$\square$
Email:
ALT-SG1068-10302019

## MADISON FIELDS SOLAR PROJECT

 COMMENT/QUESTION CARD

BRING ON THE
PANELS, WE LOVE
SOLAR!
(Optional information)
Name: Jacob Roark
Phone: $\square$
Email: $\qquad$

# Exhibit E <br> Community Engagement 

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

Madison Fields Solar Projec
Facebook Page Repor

\section*{Madison Fields Solar Project <br> | $\frac{1}{0}$ |
| :--- |
| 0 |
| 0 |
|  | <br> Facebook Page}



Outreach \& Highlights

## Project Repor <br> Madison Fields Solar Facebook Page

## Madison Fields Solar Project <br> 

[^10]

| 124 Reactions, Comments \& Shares i |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $88$ | 86 <br> On Post |
| 2 <br> Love | $2$ <br> On Post |
| $2$ <br> Wow | $2$ <br> On Post |
| $5$ <br> Angry | $5$ <br> On Past |
| 19 <br> Comments | 14 <br> On Post |
| 8 <br> Shares | $7$ <br> On Post |

## Outreach \& Highlights

## Exhibit F Interconnection Studies

## 1. PJM Feasibility Study Report July 31, 2018 <br> 2. PJM System Impact Study Report February 28, 2019

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

## Exhibit F <br> Interconnection Studies

## 1. PJM Feasibility Study Report July 31, 2018

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com

Via E-mail

July 31, 2018
Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC
16105 West 113th Street
Suite 105
Lenexa, KS 66211
Dear Mr. Cham:

## Re: AD2-163 - East Springfield-Mill Creek 138kV - Feasibility Study Report and System Impact Study Agreement

Attached is a report documenting the results of the AD2-163 Feasibility Study. The intent of the Feasibility Study is to determine a plan, with preliminary cost estimates to connect the subject project to the PJM network at a location specified by the Interconnection Customer. The results of this Feasibility Study are predicated on a future year transmission system based upon PJM's best assumptions at the present time for load growth and connection of proposed new generation additions. The project was evaluated for system normal conditions and single contingency outage conditions.

Feasibility Studies are performed to provide an Interconnection Customer with preliminarily estimated reinforcement costs and information concerning both direct connection facilities and potential transmission network upgrades. Since the analysis inherently has to include assumptions for future system conditions, the results should be used in this context. More comprehensive estimates will be developed upon execution of a System Impact Study Agreement in accordance with Part VI of the PJM Tariff.

As a requirement for interconnection, the Interconnection Customer may be responsible for the cost of constructing: (1) Attachment Facilities, which are new facilities and/or facilities upgrades needed to connect the project to the PJM network, and (2) Network Upgrades, which are facility additions, or upgrades to existing facilities, that are needed to maintain the reliability of the PJM system. In some instances a project may not be responsible for $100 \%$ of the identified network upgrade cost because other transmission network uses, e.g., another interconnection project, may also contribute to the need for the same network reinforcement. The possibility of sharing the reinforcement costs with other projects may be identified in the Feasibility Study, but the actual allocation will be deferred until the System Impact Study is performed.

The Feasibility Study estimates do not include the feasibility, cost, or time required to obtain property rights and permits for construction of the required facilities. The project developer is responsible for the right of way, real estate, and construction permit issues. Note that Tariff $\S 212.5$ milestones require that you have all site permits, water and fuel agreements and associated right of way, and a memorandum of understanding for major equipment at the time
you return your executed Interconnection Service Agreement (ISA). It is your responsibility to ensure these requirements are met and if they cannot be met at the time of the return of the ISA, you must demonstrate your due diligence and propose dates when those milestones will be met.

In addition, the Feasibility Study estimates do not include any the costs associated with engineering and constructing the equipment and facilities on the developer's side of the point of interconnection. These costs are the responsibility of the project developer.

Please be advised that the System Impact Study deposit may be used to satisfy any outstanding Feasibility Study costs. The costs associated with the Feasibility Study are being tabulated and you will receive a final statement/invoice electronically from PJM detailing your balance and the System Impact Study deposit applied to that balance.

Pursuant to Section 204.3 of the PJM Tariff, enclosed is a copy of a System Impact Study Agreement for your consideration. The necessary deposit and executed agreement must be in the possession of PJM within thirty days (by close of business on August 31, 2018) to maintain the project's position in the queue. In addition, your project's electrical data sheet must be completed and submitted electronically through Queue Point by the above date for the Impact Study Agreement to be considered complete. The data sheet is located here: http://www.pim.com/planning/rtep-development/expansion-plan-process/form-impact-studydata.aspx. Failure to submit this data by the due date will result in the withdrawal of your project.

Please use the DocuSign system for executing the System Impact Study Agreement: A link to the agreement will be sent via email and each recipient will have the ability to sign the agreement, or to assign the agreement to someone else for signature. Upon receipt of the executed agreement, and the required deposit, PJM will process the agreement accordingly and the DocuSign system will automatically return one (1) fully executed (electronic) copy to each party to the agreements.

Required with the signed agreement, per Section 3 of the enclosed System Impact Study Agreement is a deposit of $\mathbf{\$ 9 0 , 0 0 0}$. Please send the agreement, signed signature pages and check to:

Jeannette Mittan
PJM Interconnection, LLC
Valley Forge Corporate Center
2750 Monroe Blvd.
Audubon, PA 19403

## The following information is provided for wire transfers:

Bank: PNC Bank, NA, New Jersey
ABA Number: 031-207-607
Account Number: 8013589826
Please e-mail Jeannette Mittan at jeannette.mittan@pim.com with the project name, queue number, date and amount of wire.

In addition to the executed System Impact Study Agreement and deposit, you are responsible to ensure that all queue requests that you may have in the PJM queue are in good financial standing and that you meet the requirements of Tariff §204.3. Failure to meet the requirements of Tariff $\$ 204.3$ or have your accounts in good standing will result in your project to be withdrawn from the queue. It is your responsibility to meet these requirements.

If you wish to discuss the results of the study report or the agreement with me, please let me know. My office telephone number is 610-666-4306 and my email address is
Komal.Patel(opim.com
Sincerely,
Komal Patel


Engineer
PJM Interconnection Projects
Attachments

```
PJM (w/attachments); Dave Cardy - FE
    Stephanie Dalton -FE
    Valerie Davin-FE
    Beth Snyder -FE
    Rachel Elkins -FE
    Joyce Tamer-FE
    Mike Thom-FE
    Lea Jenkins-FE
    DJSolomon-FE
        Chibu Ofoegbu - PJM
        File
```


# Generation Interconnection Feasibility Study Report 

For

## PJM Generation Interconnection Request Queие Position AD2-163

East Springfield-Mill Creek 138kV

July 2018

## Preface

The intent of the feasibility study is to determine a plan, with ballpark cost and construction time estimates, to connect the subject generation to the PJM network at a location specified by the Interconnection Customer. The Interconnection Customer may request the interconnection of generation as a capacity resource or as an energy-only resource. As a requirement for interconnection, the Interconnection Customer may be responsible for the cost of constructing: (1) Direct Connections, which are new facilities and/or facilities upgrades needed to connect the generator to the PJM network, and (2) Network Upgrades, which are facility additions, or upgrades to existing facilities, that are needed to maintain the reliability of the PJM system.

In some instances a generator interconnection may not be responsible for $100 \%$ of the identified network upgrade cost because other transmission network uses, e.g. another generation interconnection, may also contribute to the need for the same network reinforcement. The possibility of sharing the reinforcement costs with other projects may be identified in the feasibility study, but the actual allocation will be deferred until the impact study is performed.

The Feasibility Study estimates do not include the feasibility, cost, or time required to obtain property rights and permits for construction of the required facilities. The project developer is responsible for the right of way, real estate, and construction permit issues. For properties currently owned by Transmission Owners, the costs may be included in the study.

## General

Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC, the Interconnection Customer (IC), has proposed a Solar generating facility located in Madison County, Ohio. The installed facilities will have a total capability of 180 MW with 120.7 MW of this output being recognized by PJM as capacity. The proposed in-service date for this project is December 1,2021. This study does not imply a ATSI commitment to this in-service date.

## Point of Interconnection

AD2-163 will interconnect with the ATSI transmission system along the East Springfield Tangy 138 kV Line.

## Cost Summary

The AD2-163 project will be responsible for the following costs:

| Description | Total Cost |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Attachment Facilities | $\$$ | 0 |
| Direct Connection Network Upgrades | $\$$ | $8,166,200$ |
| Non Direct Connection Network Upgrades | $\$$ | $31,067,900$ |
| Total Costs | $\$$ | $\mathbf{3 9 , 2 3 4 , 1 0 0}$ |

In addition, the AD2-163 project may be responsible for a contribution to the following costs:

| Description | Total Cost |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| New System Upgrades | $\$$ | $1,150,000$ |
| Previously Identified Upgrades | $\$$ | 0 |
| Total Costs | $\$$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 5 0 , 0 0 0}$ |

Cost allocations for these upgrades will be provided in the System Impact Study Report.

## General Information



## Customer Connection Request

| Requested Backfeed Date:08/01/2021 | Requested Commercial <br> Operation Date: | 12/01/2021 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| This study does not imply a FirstEnergy commitment to these dates. |  |  |

[^11]
## Attachment Facilities

No Attachment Facilities are required to support this interconnection request.

## Direct Connection Cost Estimate

The total preliminary cost estimate for the Direct Connection work is given in the table below. These costs do not include CIAC Tax Gross-up.

| Description | Activity Cost |  | Tax (if applicable) |  | Total Cost |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 138 kV Three Breaker Ring Bus Generation Interconnection at AD2-163 Interconnection | \$ | 8,166,200 | \$ | 1,106,200 | \$ | 9,272,400 |
| Total Direct Connection Facility Costs | \$ | 8,166,200 | \$ | 1,106,200 | \$ | 9,272,400 |

## Non-Direct Connection Cost Estimate

The total preliminary cost estimate for the Non-Direct Connection work is given in the table below, These costs do not include CIAC Tax Gross-up.

| Description | Activity Cost | Tax (if applicable) | Total Cost |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loop in existing East Springfield-Tangy 138 kV Line to create AD2-163-Tangy 138 kV Line. Install approximately 25.5 miles of OPGW from AD2-163 to Tangy substation. | \$ 16,980,100 | \$ 2,250,500 | \$ 19,230,600 |
| Loop in existing East Springfield-Tangy 138 kV Line to create AD2-163-Tangy 138 kV Line. Install approximately 19.7 miles of OPGW from AD2-163 to East Springfield substation. | \$ 13,312,700 | \$ 1,764,400 | \$ 15,077,100 |
| East Springfield 138 kV line exit at Tangy SS: Replace line relaying with 411Ls. Add fiber termination rack and conduit for fiber. | \$ 160,900 | \$ 21,700 | \$ 182,600 |
| Tangy 138 kV line exit at East Springfield SS: Replace circuit breaker \& line relaying, add arresters, fiber termination rack and conduit for fiber. | \$ 614,200 | \$ 83,500 | \$ 697,700 |
| Total Non-Direct Connection Facility Costs | \$ 31,067,900 | \$ 4,120,100 | \$ 35,188,000 |

## Connection Facility Requirements

The interconnection of the project at the Primary POI will be accomplished by constructing a new 138 kV three (3) breaker ring bus and looping the East Springfield - Tangy 138 kV Line into the new station. The new substation will be located approximately 19.7 miles from East Springfield substation and will be owned and operated by FE upon completion. The IC will be responsible for acquiring all easements, properties, and permits that may be required to construct both the new interconnection switching station and the associated attachment facilities. The IC will also be responsible for the rough grade of the property and an access road to the proposed three breaker ring bus site. The project will also require non-direct connection upgrades at East Springfield and Tangy substations.

A summary of the connection facilities that will be required for the Primary POI and their estimated costs are shown in the following table. Based on this scope of work, it is expected to take a minimum of 29 months after the signing of an Interconnection Construction Service Agreement. This includes preliminary payment that compensates FE for the first three months of the engineering design work that is related to the construction of the AD2-163 interconnection substation. This assumes that there will be no environmental issues with any of the new properties associated with this project, that there will be no delays in acquiring the necessary permits for implementing the defined direct connection, and that PJM will allow all transmission system outages when requested. Due to the scope of work and estimated time to design and build, FE may not be able to meet the customer's requested commercial operation date.

## Interconnection Customer Requirements

1. An Interconnection Customer entering the New Services Queue on or after October 1, 2012 with a proposed new Customer Facility that has a Maximum Facility Output equal to or greater than 100 MW shall install and maintain, at its expense, phasor measurement units (PMUs). See Section 8.5.3 of Appendix 2 to the Interconnection Service Agreement as well as section 4.3 of PJM Manual 14D for additional information.
2. The Interconnection Customer may be required to install and/or pay for metering as necessary to properly track real time output of the facility as well as installing metering which shall be used for billing purposes. See Section 8 of Appendix 2 to the Interconnection Service Agreement as well as Section 4 of PJM Manual 14D for additional information.
3. The purchase and installation of a fully rated 138 kV circuit breaker to protect the AD 2 163 generator lead line. A single circuit breaker must be used to protect this line; if the project has several GSU transformers, the individual GSU transformer breakers cannot be used to protect this line.
4. The purchase and installation of the minimum required FE generation interconnection relaying and control facilities. This includes over/under voltage protection, over/under frequency protection, and zero sequence voltage protection relays.
5. The purchase and installation of supervisory control and data acquisition ("SCADA") equipment to provide information in a compatible format to the FE Transmission System Control Center.
6. Compliance with the FE and PJM generator power factor and voltage control requirements.
7. The execution of a back-up service agreement to serve the customer load supplied from the AD2-163 generation project metering point when the units are out-of-service. This assumes the intent of the IC is to net the generation with the load.
8. The IC shall design its non-synchronous Customer Facility with the ability to maintain a power factor of at least 0.95 leading (absorbing VARs) to 0.95 lagging (supplying VARs) measured at the high-side of the facility substation transformer(s) connected to the FE transmission system.

## Revenue Metering, SCADA, \& Protection Requirements

## PJM Requirements

The Interconnection Customer will be required to install equipment necessary to provide Revenue Metering (KWH, KVARH) and real time data (KW, KVAR) for IC's generating Resource. See PJM Manuals M-01 and M-14D, and PJM Tariff Sections 24.1 and 24.2.

## Metering

The IC will be require to comply with all FE revenue metering requirements for generation interconnection customers which can be found in FE's "Requirements for Transmission Connected Facilities" document located at: http://www.pim.com/planning/design-engineering/to-tech-standards/private-firstenergy.aspx.

## FE Requirements

The Interconnection Customer will be required to comply with all FE Revenue Metering Requirements for Generation Interconnection Customers. The Revenue Metering Requirements may be found within the "FirstEnergy Requirements for Transmission Connected Facilities" document located at the following links:
http://www.firstenergycorp.com/feconnect
http://www.pim.com/planning/design-engineering/to-tech-standards.aspx

## System Protection

The IC must design it's Customer Facilities in accordance with all applicable standards, including the standards in FE's "Requirements for Transmission Connected Facilities" document located at: http://www.pim.com/planning/design-engineering/to-tech-standards/privatefirstenergy.aspx. Preliminary Protection requirements will be provided as part of the Facilities Study. Detailed Protection Requirements will be provided once the project enters the construction phase.

## Network Impacts

The Queue Project AD2-163 was evaluated as a 180.0 MW (Capacity 120.7 MW) injection tapping the East Springfield to Tangy 138kV line in the ATSI area. Project AD2-163 was evaluated for compliance with applicable reliability planning criteria (PJM, NERC, NERC Regional Reliability Councils, and Transmission Owners). Project AD2-163 was studied with a commercial probability of $53 \%$. Potential network impacts were as follows:

## Summer Peak Analysis - 2021

## Generator Deliverability

(Single or N-1 contingencies for the Capacity portion only of the interconnection)
None.

## Multiple Facility Contingency

(Double Circuit Tower Line, Fault with a Stuck Breaker, and Bus Fault contingencies for the full energy output)

None.

## Contribution to Previously Identified Overloads

(This project contributes to the following contingency overloads, i.e. "Network Impacts", identified for earlier generation or transmission interconnection projects in the PJM Queue)

None.

## Short Circuit

## (Summary of impacted circuit breakers)

New circuit breakers found to be over-duty:

| \# | Area | Bus No. | Bus | Breaker | Rating Type | Duty Percent Without AD2-163 | Duty Percent With AD2-163 | Duty Percent Difference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | AEP | 243485 | 05CLINTO 138.kV | 101 | S | 99.95\% | 100.01\% | 0.05\% |
| 2 | AEP | 243485 | 05CLINTO $138 . \mathrm{kV}$ | 102 | S | 99.95\% | 100.01\% | 0.05\% |
| 3 | AEP | 243529 | 05KENNY 138.kV | 102 | S | 99.95\% | 100.00\% | 0.05\% |
| 4 | AEP | 243529 | 05KENNY 138.kV | 106 | S | 99.95\% | 100.00\% | 0.05\% |

Contributions to previously identified circuit breakers found to be over-duty:
None.

## Steady-State Voltage Requirements

(Summary of the VAR requirements based upon the results of the steady-state voltage studies)
Steady State Voltage Studies to be conducted during later study phases

## Stability and Reactive Power Requirement for Low Voltage Ride Through

(Summary of the VAR requirements based upon the results of the dynamic studies)
Stability Studies to be conducted during later study phases

## Affected System Analysis \& Mitigation

## MISO Impacts:

MISO Impacts to be determined during later study phases (as applicable)

## Winter Analysis - 2021

Winter Studies to be conducted during later study phases

## Light Load Analvsis - 2021

Light Load Studies to be conducted during later study phases

## Potential Congestion due to Local Energy Deliverability

PJM also studied the delivery of the energy portion of this interconnection request. Any problems identified below are likely to result in operational restrictions to the project under study. The developer can proceed with network upgrades to eliminate the operational restriction at their discretion by submitting a Merchant Transmission Interconnection request.

Note: Only the most severely overloaded conditions are listed below. There is no guarantee of full delivery of energy for this project by fixing only the conditions listed in this section. With a Transmission Interconnection Request, a subsequent analysis will be performed which shall study all overload conditions associated with the overloaded element(s) identified.

None,

## New Svstem Reinforcements


Contribution to Previouslv Identified Svstem Reinforcements
(Overloads initially caused by prior Queue positions with additional contribution to overloading by this project. This project may have a $\%$ allocation cost responsibility which will be calculated and reported for the Impact Study)
None.

## Attachment 1. Project Location



## Attachment 2. Single Line Diagram



## Exhibit F Interconnection Studies

## 2. PJM System Impact Study Report February 28, 2019

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com

Via E-mail

February 28, 2019
Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC
16105 West 113th Street
Suite 105
Lenexa, KS 66211
Dear Mr. Cham:

## Re: AD2-163 - East Springfield-Mill Creek 138kV - System Impact Study Report - Facilities Study Agreement

Enclosed, please find a report documenting the results of the AD2-163 System Impact Study. The results of this study are predicated on a year $\mathbf{2 0 2 1}$ transmission system, based on PJM's best assumptions at the present time for load growth and for connection of proposed new generation additions. Short circuit duty screening was performed. Stability Analysis is being performed and will be provided in the future (Revised Impact Study Report).

System Impact Studies are performed to determine the facilities required for interconnection and to define the estimated cost and timing for construction of attachment and direct connection network facilities, transmission and local network upgrades required for the reliable interconnection of a generation project to the PJM system. The attachment and direct connection facilities, transmission and local network upgrade costs and associated timing described in the enclosed report are based upon estimates given to PJM by the affected Transmission Owner(s). The costs are your responsibility as the project developer.

Costs for the System Impact Study are being tabulated and you will receive an invoice for any amount owed to PJM for the analysis.

Pursuant to Section 207 of the PJM Tariff, attached is a Facilities Study Agreement for your consideration. The Agreement must be executed and in PJM's possession within thirty days (by close of business on April 1, 2019) to maintain the project's position in the queue. Please execute two copies of the signature page. A refundable deposit in the amount of $\$ \mathbf{1 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ must accompany the agreement and be in PJM's possession by the deadline stated above. In addition, this and any other queue requests that you may have in the PJM queue must be in good financial standing, and all information requested in the Milestones (Section 6) portion of the Agreement are required to accompany the signed agreement. Failure to meet these requirements will result in the project's withdrawal from the PJM queue. Please send the executed agreement, with two executed copies of the signature page, and required study deposit to:

Jeannette Mittan<br>PJM Interconnection, LLC

# Valley Forge Corporate Center 

2750 Monroe Blvd.
Audubon, PA 19403

## The following information is provided for wire transfers:

Bank: PNC Bank, NA, New Jersey

ABA Number: 031-207-607
Account Number: 8013589826
Please e-mail Jeannette Mittan at jeannette.mittanopim.com with the project name, queue number, date and amount of wire.

Note that Tariff § 212.5 milestones require that you have all site permits, water and fuel agreements and associated right of way, and a memorandum of understanding for major equipment at the time you return your executed Interconnection Service Agreement (ISA). It is your responsibility to ensure these requirements are met and if they cannot be met at the time of the return of the ISA, you must demonstrate your due diligence and propose dates when those milestones will be met. PJM will amend ISA § 6 to reflect any revised milestone dates.

If you wish to discuss the results of the study report or the agreement with me, please let me know. My office telephone number is 610-666-4306 and my email address is Komal.Patel (opimicom.

Sincerely,

## Komal Patel



Engineer
PJM Interconnection Projects
Attachments

```
PJM (w/attachments): Dave Cardy -FE
    Stephanie Dalton -FE
    Valerie Davin - FE
    Rachel Elkins -FE
    Rita Zaltsberg - FE
    Joyce Tamer - FE
    Mike Thorn-FE
    Ryan Leon- FE
    DJSolomon - FE
    Chibu Ofoegbu-P.M
    File
```


# Generation Interconnection System Impact Study Report 

For

## PJM Generation Interconnection Request Queие Position AD2-163

East Springfield-Mill Creek 138kV

February 2019

## Preface

The intent of the System Impact Study is to determine a plan, with approximate cost and construction time estimates, to connect the subject generation interconnection project to the PJM network at a location specified by the Interconnection Customer. As a requirement for interconnection, the Interconnection Customer may be responsible for the cost of constructing: Network Upgrades, which are facility additions, or upgrades to existing facilities, that are needed to maintain the reliability of the PJM system. All facilities required for interconnection of a generation interconnection project must be designed to meet the technical specifications (on PJM web site) for the appropriate transmission owner.

In some instances an Interconnection Customer may not be responsible for $100 \%$ of the identified network upgrade cost because other transmission network uses, e.g. another generation interconnection or merchant transmission upgrade, may also contribute to the need for the same network reinforcement. The possibility of sharing the reinforcement costs with other projects may be identified in the Feasibility Study, but the actual allocation will be deferred until the System Impact Study is performed.

The System Impact Study estimates do not include the feasibility, cost, or time required to obtain property rights and permits for construction of the required facilities. The project developer is responsible for the right of way, real estate, and construction permit issues. For properties currently owned by Transmission Owners, the costs may be included in the study.

## General

Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC, the Interconnection Customer (IC), has proposed a Solar generating facility located in Madison County, Ohio. The installed facilities will have a total capability of 180 MW with 120.7 MW of this output being recognized by PJM as capacity. The proposed in-service date for this project is December 1, 2021. This study does not imply a ATSI commitment to this in-service date.

## Point of Interconnection

AD2-163 will interconnect with the ATSI transmission system along the East Springfield Tangy 138 kV Line.

## Cost Summary

The AD2-163 project will be responsible for the following costs:

| Description |  | Total Cost |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Attachment Facilities | $\$$ | 302,400 |  |
| Direct Connection Network Upgrades | $\$$ | $11,337,400$ |  |
| Non Direct Connection Network Upgrades | $\$$ | 752,400 |  |
| Allocation for New System Upgrades | $\$$ | 0 |  |
| Contribution for Previously Identified Upgrades | $\$$ | 0 |  |
| Total Costs | $\$$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 3 9 2 , 2 0 0}$ |  |

The transmission and substation costs given above exclude the Contribution in Aid of Construction ("CIAC") Federal Income Tax Gross up charge. If at a future date Federal CIAC taxes are deemed necessary by the IRS for this project, ATSI shall be reimbursed by the Interconnection Customer for such taxes. ATSI estimates the tax, if applicable, would be approximately $\$ 1,590,300$.

## General Information

Interconnection Customer ("IC"): Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC $\quad$ Queue Position: AD2-163
Interconnected
Transmission Owner ("TO"): American Transmission Systems, Incorporated ("ATSI")

Affected TO(s)
(if applicable):
American Transmission Systems, Incorporated ("ATSI")

PJM Zone: ATSI

FE Operating Company or Planning Region: Ohio Edison - Southern

## Customer Connection Request

Requested Backfeed Date: 08/01/2021
Requested Commercial
This study does not imply a FirstEnergy commitment to these dates.

New Facilities

| Capacity: | 120.7 MW |
| :--- | :--- |
| Energy: | 180 MW |
| MFO |  |
| Fuel: |  |

## Existing Facilities

| Capacity: | N/A |
| :--- | :--- |
| Energy: | N/A |
| MFO: | N/A |
| Prior Queue Position(s): | N/A |

## Point of Interconnection

Primary Point of Interconnection:
East Springfield - Tangy (future Broadview - Tangy) 138 kV Line

[^12]
## Attachment Facilities

The total preliminary cost estimate for the Attachment work is given in the table below. These costs do not include CIAC Tax Gross-up.

| Description | Activity Cost |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Install attachment facility line, line disconnect switch, and <br> associated hardware to accept the Interconnection Customer <br> generator lead line terminating at the AD2-163 Interconnection <br> switching station. PJM Network Upgrade n5865. | $\$ 300,000$ |  |
| Customer-owned 138 kV revenue metering at AD2-163 <br> Madison Fields Solar generation facility. (included in PJM <br> Network Upgrade n5865) | $\$$ | 2,400 |
| Total Attachment Facility Costs | $\$$ | 302,400 |

## Direct Connection Cost Estimate

The total preliminary cost estimate for the Direct Connection work is given in the table below. These costs do not include CIAC Tax Gross-up.

| Description | Activity Cost |
| :--- | ---: |
| 138 kV Three Breaker Ring Bus Generation Interconnection @ <br> AD2-163 Interconnection SS. PJM Network Upgrade n5866 | $\$ 10,177,300$ |
| Project Management, Commissioning, Environmental, Forestry, <br> Real Estate, and SCADA. (included in PJM Network Upgrade <br> n5866) | $\$ 1,160,100$ |
| Total Direct Connection Facility Costs | $\$ \mathbf{1 1 , 3 3 7 , 4 0 0}$ |

## Non-Direct Connection Cost Estimate

There are no Non-Direct Connection Facilities are required to support this interconnection.

| Description | Activity Cost |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cut the East-Springfield-Tangy 138 kV Line and terminate the <br> line inside the proposed AD2-163 ring bus in an in-out <br> configuration @ East Springfield - Tangy 138 kV Line. PJM <br> Network Upgrade n5867 | $\$$ |
| Adjust remote, relaying, and metering settings, and Replace 138 <br> kV wave trap, line tuner, and coax at Tangy 138kV Sub. PJM <br> Network Upgrade n5868 | $\$$ |
| Adjust remote, relaying, and metering settings, and Replace 138 <br> kV wave trap, line tuner, and coax. Also replace line and carrier <br> relaying at East Springfield 138 kV Sub. PJM Network Upgrade <br> n5869 | $\$$ |
| Total Non-Direct Connection Facility Costs | 265,800 |

## Transmission Owner Scope of Work

The interconnection of the project at the Primary POI will be accomplished by constructing a new 138 kV three (3) breaker ring bus and looping the East Springfield - Tangy (future Broadview - Tangy) 138 kV Line into the new station. The new substation will be located approximately 19.7 miles from East Springfield and will be owned and operated by FE upon completion. The IC will be responsible for acquiring all easements, properties, and permits that may be required to construct both the new interconnection switching station and the associated attachment facilities. The IC will also be responsible for the rough grade of the property and an access road to the proposed three breaker ring bus site. The project will also require non-direct connection upgrades at East Springfield and Tangy substations.

A summary of the connection facilities that will be required for the Primary POI and their estimated costs are shown in the following table. Based on this scope of work, it is expected to take a minimum of 28 months after the signing of an Interconnection Construction Service Agreement. This includes preliminary payment that compensates FE for the first three months of the engineering design work that is related to the construction of the AD2-163 interconnection substation. This assumes that there will be no environmental issues with any of the new properties associated with this project, that there will be no delays in acquiring the necessary permits for implementing the defined direct connection, and that PJM will allow all transmission system outages when requested. Due to the scope of work and estimated time to design and build, FE may not be able to meet the customer's requested commercial operation date.

## Interconnection Customer Requirements

1. An Interconnection Customer entering the New Services Queue on or after October 1, 2012 with a proposed new Customer Facility that has a Maximum Facility Output equal to or greater than 100 MW shall install and maintain, at its expense, phasor measurement units (PMUs). See Section 8.5.3 of Appendix 2 to the Interconnection Service Agreement as well as section 4.3 of PJM Manual 14D for additional information.
2. The Interconnection Customer may be required to install and/or pay for metering as necessary to properly track real time output of the facility as well as installing metering which shall be used for billing purposes. See Section 8 of Appendix 2 to the Interconnection Service Agreement as well as Section 4 of PJM Manual 14D for additional information.
3. The purchase and installation of a fully rated 138 kV circuit breaker to protect the AD 2 163 generator lead line. A single circuit breaker must be used to protect this line; if the project has several GSU transformers, the individual GSU transformer breakers cannot be used to protect this line.
4. The purchase and installation of the minimum required FE generation interconnection relaying and control facilities. This includes over/under voltage protection, over/under frequency protection, and zero sequence voltage protection relays.
5. The purchase and installation of supervisory control and data acquisition ("SCADA") equipment to provide information in a compatible format to the FE Transmission System Control Center.
6. Compliance with the FE and PJM generator power factor and voltage control requirements.
7. The execution of a back-up service agreement to serve the customer load supplied from the AD2-163 generation project metering point when the units are out-of-service. This assumes the intent of the IC is to net the generation with the load.
8. The IC will also be required to meet all PJM, ReliabilityFirst, and NERC reliability criteria and operating procedures for standards compliance. For example, the IC will need to properly locate and report the over and under voltage and over and under frequency system protection elements for its units as well as the submission of the generator model and protection data required to satisfy the PJM and ReliabilityFirst audits. Failure to comply with these requirements may result in a disconnection of service if the violation is found to compromise the reliability of the FE system.
9. The IC shall design its non-synchronous Customer Facility with the ability to maintain a power factor of at least 0.95 leading (absorbing VARs) to 0.95 lagging (supplying VARs) measured at the high-side of the facility substation transformer(s) connected to the FE transmission system.

## Revenue Metering, SCADA, \& Protection Requirements

## PJM Requirements

The Interconnection Customer will be required to install equipment necessary to provide Revenue Metering (KWH, KVARH) and real time data (KW, KVAR) for IC's generating Resource. See PJM Manuals M-01 and M-14D, and PJM Tariff Sections 24.1 and 24.2.

## Metering

The IC will be require to comply with all FE revenue metering requirements for generation interconnection customers which can be found in FE's "Requirements for Transmission Connected Facilities" document located at: http://www.pim.com/planning/design-engineering/to-tech-standards/private-firstenergy. aspx.

## FE Requirements

The Interconnection Customer will be required to comply with all FE Revenue Metering Requirements for Generation Interconnection Customers. The Revenue Metering Requirements may be found within the "FirstEnergy Requirements for Transmission Connected Facilities" document located at the following links:
http://www.firstenergycorp.com/feconnect
http://www.pim.com/planning/design-engineering/to-tech-standards. aspx

## System Protection

The IC must design it's Customer Facilities in accordance with all applicable standards, including the standards in FE's "Requirements for Transmission Connected Facilities" document located at: http://www.pim.com/planning/design-engineering/to-tech-standards/private-
firstenergy.aspx. Preliminary Protection requirements will be provided as part of the Facilities Study. Detailed Protection Requirements will be provided once the project enters the construction phase.

## Short Circuit

## Short Circuit Values

The 138 kV fault values for the $\mathrm{AD} 2-163$ interconnection location with all new generation out of service are:

Three phase $=6.2 \mathrm{kA}$
Single line to ground $=4.3 \mathrm{kA}$
$\mathrm{Z} 1=(2.052+\mathrm{j} 6.51) \%$
$Z 0=(4.35+\mathrm{j} 14.91) \%$
Impedances are given on 100 MVA and 138 kV bases. The faults provided are bolted, symmetrical values for normal system conditions. Future increases in fault currents are possible and it is the customer's responsibility to upgrade their equipment and/or protective equipment coordination when necessary.

## FE System Modifications

## East Springfield Substation

## 138 kV Transmission Line Protection

- AD2-163 Interconnecting Station line exit Relaying
- Primary relay: SEL-421 relay pilot protection over PLC with BF DTT and AI DTT
- Backup relay: SEL-421 relay pilot protection over PLC with BF DTT and AI DTT


## Tangy Springfield Substation

## 138 kV Transmission Line Protection

- AD 2 -163 Interconnecting Station line exit Relaying
- Primary relay: SEL-421 relay pilot protection over PLC with BF DTT and AI DTT
- Backup relay: SEL-421 relay pilot protection over PLC with BF DTT and AI DTT


## Settings Changes

- Settings changes are possible at remote substations.


## General Connection Requirements

The AD2-163 delivery point substation (DPS) is a 138 kV three-breaker ring bus on the East SpringfieldTangy (Future Broadview - Tangy) 138 kV Line, see Attachment 1.

The existing line relays at East Springfield and Tangy require replacement.
Line protection between East Springfield and AD2-163 and between Tangy and AD2-163 shall consist of two independent SEL-421 line schemes with pilot protection over PLC for each 138 kV Line, at each terminal.

At the AD2-163 DPS, each 138 kV breaker shall have breaker failure-to-trip protection. SEL-501 relays are acceptable for this application.

Protection of the 138 kV Generator Lead Line of approximately 0.1 miles shall consist of two SEL-411L line current differential schemes with pilot communication over fiber optic cable, at each terminal.

## Protection Requirements

## AD2-163 138 kV Interconnecting Substation

## 138 kV Transmission Line Protection

- East Springfield line exit
- Primary relay: SEL-421 relay with pilot protection over PLC with BF DTT and AI DTT
- Backup relay: SEL-421 relay with pilot protection over PLC with BF DTT and AI DTT
- Tangy line exit
- Primary relay: SEL-421 relay with pilot protection over PLC with BF DTT and AI DTT
- Backup relay: SEL-421 relay with pilot protection over PLC with BF DTT and AI DTT
- $\mathrm{AD} 2-163$ generating facility
- Primary relay: SEL-411L with current differential and AI DTT
- Backup relay: SEL-411L with current differential and AI DTT


## 138 kV Breaker Failure to Trip Protection

- 138 kV Breaker Failure to Trip Relaying - SEL501 relay per breaker


## 138 kV AD2-163 Interconnecting Station Communications

- AD2-163 Interconnecting Station to East Springfield and Tangy for use with primary and backup SEL-421 with PLC pilot protection and BF DTT and AI DTT
- AD2-163 Interconnecting Station to AD2-163 generating facility
- Dual, independent fiber-optic cable paths with dedicated fibers for use with the SEL-411L primary and backup relaying
- Minimum of 12 fibers, separate primary and backup fiber cables


## AD2-163 Generating Station 138 kV

## 138 kV Transmission Line Protection @. AD2-163 generating station

- AD2-163 Interconnecting Station line exit
- Primary relay: SEL-411L relay with line current differential protection over fiber and AI receive
- Backup relay: SEL-411L relay with line current differential protection over fiber and AI receive
- Synch check for manual/SCADA close on the interconnecting line to be done at AD2-163 Generating Station


## 138 kV Breaker Failure to Trip Protection

- 138 kV Breaker Failure to Trip Relaying
- SEL-352-2 breaker failure to trip relaying on AD2-163 138 kV Generating Station breaker. The breaker failure to trip relaying on the AD2-163 Interconnecting Station line exit breaker shall initiate direct transfer trip via the SEL-411L primary and backup line relays (fiber).
138 kV Bus \& GSU Transformer Protection @ AD2-163 generating station (minimum protection to meet FE requirements)
- Dual, independent transformer differential protection schemes (Transformer and Overall)
- Transformer neutral time overcurrent relay

The Connecting Party shall provide utility-grade relays for protection of the FE Transmission System. FE shall approve all relays specified for the protection of the FE Transmission System, including time delay and auxiliary relays. Relay operation for any of the listed functions that are required shall initiate immediate separation of the parallel generation from the FE Transmission System:

| Relay | Function |
| :--- | :--- |
| Frequency | To detect under-frequency and over-frequency operation. |
| Overvoltage | To detect overvoltage operation. |
| Undervoltage | To detect undervoltage operation. |
| Ground Fault Detector | To detect a circuit ground on the FE Transmission System. |
| Phase Fault Detector | To detect phase to phase faults on the FE Transmission System. |
| Transfer Trip Receiver | To provide tripping logic to the generation owner for isolation of the <br> generation upon opening of the FE supply circuits. |
| Directional Power | To detect, under all system conditions, a loss of FE primary source. The <br> relay shall be sensitive enough to detect transformer magnetizing current <br> supplied by the generation. |

## Network Impacts

The Queue Project AD2-163 was evaluated as a 180.0 MW (Capacity 120.7 MW) injection into a tap of the East Springfield - Mill Creek 138 kV line in the ATSI area. Project AD2-163 was evaluated for compliance with applicable reliability planning criteria (PJM, NERC, NERC Regional Reliability Councils, and Transmission Owners). Project AD2-163 was studied with a commercial probability of $100 \%$. Potential network impacts were as follows:

## Summer Peak Analysis - 2021

## Generator Deliverability

(Single or N-1 contingencies for the Capacity portion only of the interconnection)
None.

## Light Load Analysis - 2021

Light Load Studies to be conducted during later study phases (applicable to wind, coal, nuclear, and pumped storage projects).

Not Required.

## Multiple Facility Contingency

(Double Circuit Tower Line contingencies were studied for the full energy output. The contingencies of Line with Failed Breaker and Bus Fault will be performed for the Impact Study.)

None.

## Short Circuit

(Summary of impacted circuit breakers)
None.

## Contribution to Previously Identified Overloads

(This project contributes to the following contingency overloads, i.e. "Network Impacts", identified for earlier generation or transmission interconnection projects in the PJM Queue)

None.

## Affected System Analysis \& Mitigation

## MISO Impacts:

MISO Impacts to be determined during later study phases (as applicable).

## Steady-State Voltage Requirements

(Summary of the VAR requirements based upon the results of the steady-state voltage studies)
Stability Study to be provided in the future (revised Impact Study Report)

## Stability and Reactive Power Requirement for Low Voltage Ride Through

(Summary of the VAR requirements based upon the results of the dynamic studies)
Stability Study to be provided in the future (revised Impact Study Report)

## New System Reinforcements

(Upgrades required to mitigate reliability criteria violations, i.e. Network Impacts, initially caused by the addition of this project generation)

None.

## Contribution to Previously Identified System Reinforcements

(Overloads initially caused by prior Queue positions with additional contribution to overloading by this project. This project may have a $\%$ allocation cost responsibility which will be calculated and reported for the Impact Study)

None.

## Potential Congestion due to Local Energy Deliverability

PJM also studied the delivery of the energy portion of this interconnection request. Any problems identified below are likely to result in operational restrictions to the project under study. The developer can proceed with network upgrades to eliminate the operational restriction at their discretion by submitting a Merchant Transmission Interconnection request.

Note: Only the most severely overloaded conditions are listed below. There is no guarantee of full delivery of energy for this project by fixing only the conditions listed in this section. With a Transmission Interconnection Request, a subsequent analysis will be performed which shall study all overload conditions associated with the overloaded element(s) identified

None.

## Attachment 1. Project Location



## Attachment 2. Single Line Diagram



# CONFIDENTIAL <br> A portion filed under seal 

## Exhibit G Economic Impact Study

## Ecology and Environment, Inc. June 2020

Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC has requested confidential treatment of a portion of this document in accordance with OAC Rule 4906-2-21.

This document contains cost numbers that are entitled to confidential treatment under state and/or federal statutes and regulations.

An unredacted version of the following document has been submitted to the Docketing Division of the OPSB in accordance with OAC Rule 4906-2-21(D)(2).

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

# Economic Impact Study for the Madison Fields Solar Project Madison County, Ohio 

June 2020

## Prepared for:

MADISON FIELDS SOLAR PROJECT, LLC
422 Admiral Boulevard
Kansas City, Missouri 64106

Prepared by:<br>ECOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENT, INC., MEMBER OF WSP<br>33 W. Monroe St. Suite 1410<br>Chicago, IL 60603

## able of Contents

Section Page
Executive Summary ..... 1
1 Solar Photovoltaic Industry in Ohio ..... 1-1
2 Introduction ..... 2-1
2.1 Project Description and Socioeconomics ..... 2-1
2.2 Agricultural Industry ..... 2-3
3 Methodology ..... 3-1
3.1 Economic Assessment ..... 3-1
4 Results and Discussion ..... 4-1
5 References ..... 5-1
Table Page
Table 2-1 Ohio and Madison County Socioeconomic Statistics ..... 2-2
Table 2-2 Farms and Farmland Statistics in Ohio and Madison County, 2012 to 2017 ..... 2-4
Table 2-3 Farms by Size in Ohio, 2012 to 2017 ..... 2-4
Table 4-1 Total Economic Output from Project Construction in Madison County and Ohio ${ }^{1}$ ..... 4-1
Table 4-2 Employment Impacts of Project Construction in Madison County and Ohio ${ }^{1,2}$ ..... 4-2
Table 4-3 Employment Impacts of Project Operation in Madison County and Ohio ${ }^{1,2}$ ..... 4-3
Table 4-4 Earnings Impacts from Project Operation in Madison County and Ohio ${ }^{1,2}$ ..... 4-3
Table 4-5 Estimated Local Government Revenues Paid by the Madison Fields Solar Project ..... 4-4
Figure
Figure 1-1 Solar Companies in Ohio ..... 1-1
Figure 2-1 Ohio and Madison County Household Income. ..... 2-2
Figure 2-2 Ohio and Madison County Unemployment ..... 2-3

| BEA | Bureau of Economic Analysis |
| :--- | :--- |
| E \& E | Ecology and Environment, Inc., member of WSP |
| FTE | full-time equivalent |
| JEDI | Jobs and Economic Development Impact Model |
| MW | megawatt |
| NREL | National Renewable Energy Laboratory |
| PILOT | payment in lieu of taxes |
| Project | Madison Fields Solar Project |
| PV | photovoltaic |
| RIMS II | Regional Input-Output Modeling System |
| USDA | U.S. Department of Agriculture |

## Executive Summary

Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC (Madison Fields Solar) is proposing to develop the Madison Fields Solar Project (Project) on approximately 1,006 acres of private land in a rural, agricultural region of central Ohio. Construction of the Project would generate a total economic output of almost $\$ 93$ million in the state of Ohio. Of that, $\$ 36.6$ million would be captured in Madison County, the location of the Project. Economic output represents the direct expenses of the developer (Madison Fields Solar), the indirect supply chain effects, and the induced spending of workers employed by Madison Fields Solar and the service providers engaged during installation. The employment benefit of Project construction consists of 1,364 new full-time equivalent (FTE) jobs in Ohio, 560 of which would be in Madison County. The jobs benefit represents jobs across industries, stimulated by the multiplier effects of the Project.

During operation, the Project is projected to create 81.5 FTE jobs statewide. These include the 19.9 FTEs employed directly by the Project in Madison County and the remaining jobs created across industries from multiplier effects. The earnings impact consists of $\$ 3.3$ million in wages annually, generated by the multiplier effects of Project operation in the state of Ohio. Less than half of the earnings benefits are attributed to workers directly employed by the Project during operation. New FTE jobs created from multiplier effects would earn over $\$ 1.9$ million annually.

Madison County is currently designated as an Alternate Energy Zone (AEZ), which requires qualified energy projects to pay an annual payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) of $\$ 7,000$ per megawatt (MW) in property taxes. An additional service fee of up to $\$ 2,000$ per MW will be paid directly to the Madison County General Fund. Through the PILOT agreement between Madison Fields Solar Project and Madison County, the Project's nameplate capacity would pay $\$ 1.26$ million in property taxes annually to millage recipients in Madison County and the additional service fee will be paid directly to the Madison County General Fund. This equates to an annual return from the Project to the County of over \$1.6 million. Based on the estimated PILOT payment and the current apportionment of property taxes in Madison County, Fairbanks Local School District could expect around $\$ 888,851$ annually, while Pike Township would receive about $\$ 102,326$ annually. The Madison County General Fund would collect $\$ 425,038$ annually, based on its current apportionment of property taxes and the currently configured PILOT agreement. Over its projected 30 -year lifespan, the Project would contribute $\$ 48.6$ million in property taxes to Madison County.

## Solar Photovoltaic Industry in Ohio

The state of Ohio ranked $29^{\text {th }}$ in the U.S. for total megawatts (MWs) of solar photovoltaic (PV) projects installed in 2017 and 2018 (SEIA 2019a). Based on PV installation in the first three quarters of 2019, Ohio's rank moved up to $25^{\text {th }}$ in the U.S. (SEIA 2019b). By 2018, total PV installation in Ohio was approximately 208 MWs. The Madison Fields Solar Project (Project), proposed as a 180-MW PV installation, would almost double the amount of renewable solar PV power currently installed in Ohio.

Ohio has a growing solar industry that could be leveraged during construction and operation of the Project and enhance mutual benefits to the Project and the state of Ohio. In 2018, Ohio ranked $7^{\text {th }}$ in the country for the number of solar industry jobs in a state (SEIA 2019b). Approximately 292 companies providing solar industry supplies or services are present in Ohio, including installers, manufacturers, and other industry-related firms (see Figure 1-1). The companies are concentrated around major cities in Ohio, including Columbus, Ohio, which is located less than 25 miles away from the Project area.


Figure 1-1 Solar Companies in Ohio
Key: green $=$ installer; yellow $=$ manufacturer; blue $=$ other solar industry company
Source: reproduced from SEIA 2019b.

## Introduction

### 2.1 Project Description and Socioeconomics

Madison Fields Solar is proposing to develop the 180-MW Project in Pike Township, Madison County. The Project Footprint is located on approximately 1,006 acres of agricultural land in the northwest corner of Madison County.

Madison County is a rural county in Ohio with a population of less than 50,000 . Based on the last decennial census, density in the county is around 93 persons per square mile. Neighboring Franklin County, which contains most of the city of Columbus, has an estimated density of 2,186 persons per square mile, over 23 times greater (U.S. Census Bureau 2010). Table 2-1 summarizes basic socioeconomic statistics about Madison County and the state, for comparison. Madison County's civilian labor force is almost 20,000, of which 1,082 are unemployed.

Unemployed persons can take advantage of temporary construction projects to help them re-enter the workforce. In fact, the percentage of workers involved in construction in Madison County ( $8.1 \%$ ) is high compared with the state average ( $5.2 \%$ ), indicating that the county may have existing construction networks and job placement services that could help fill Project construction positions with local hires (U.S. Census Bureau 2018a).

Poverty levels are moderate in Ohio, and slightly lower in Madison County; both reflect average percentages around the country. Compared with the state average, the proportion of minority races and ethnicities in Madison County is low.

Table 2-1 Ohio and Madison County Socioeconomic Statistics

|  | Population | Population Change (\%) | Civilian Labor Force | Unemployed Persons | Unemployment Rate (\%) | Median Household Income | Persons <br> Living <br> below <br> Poverty Level (\%) | Total Minority (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2018 | 2010-2018 |  |  | 2017 |  |  |  |
| Ohio | 11,689,442 | +1.3 | 5,866,915 | 378,735 | 6.5 | \$52,407 | 14.9 | 22.6 |
| Madison County | 44,413 | +2.2 | 19,920 | 1,082 | 5.4 | \$62,897 | 10.2 | 13.1 |

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division 2019; U.S. Census Bureau 2018a, b.
Figures 2-1 and 2-2 below demonstrate Madison County's relatively strong economic condition over the last decade compared with the state-at-large. By 2017, the county's median household income was estimated to be $\$ 10,000$ greater than the median income statewide. Recently, unemployment in Madison County has hovered around $6 \%$, reaching a high of $7.3 \%$ in 2014. Year-to-year, its unemployment level has been lower than the state's.


Figure 2-1 Ohio and Madison County Household Income
Source: U.S. Census Bureau 2018a.


Figure 2-2 Ohio and Madison County Unemployment
Source: U.S. Census Bureau 2018a.
The top three industries in Madison County are educational services, health care, and social assistance; manufacturing; and retail (U.S. Census Bureau 2018b). As of 2017, Madison County had approximately 16,041 housing units, of which an estimated 1,125 units were vacant ( $7.0 \%$ vacancy rate). The median gross rent in Madison County was $\$ 776$, slightly higher than the median gross rent of $\$ 764$ in Ohio (U.S. Census Bureau 2018c).

### 2.2 Agricultural Industry

Table 2-2 provides farm and farmland statistics from 2012 and 2017, reproduced from the most recent U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Census of Agriculture (USDA 2019). Based on these 2019 estimates, the amount of farmland in Madison County decreased by almost 11,000 acres from 2012 to 2017. The state of Ohio experienced an opposite trend as compared to Madison County and the rest of the country, with total acres of farmland increasing by almost 4,700 acres from 2012 to 2017 (USDA 2019; Brown and Zulauf 2019).

The Project footprint would impact 1,006 acres resulting in the reduction of $0.4 \%$ of farmland in Madison County based on the 2019 estimates.

The total number of farms increased in both Madison County and Ohio in the last 5 -year period, including the somewhat notable addition of 90 farms in Madison County. Statewide, the number of very small farms, 10 acres or less, grew $52 \%$ from 2012 to 2017, faster than any other farm size classification (Brown and Zulauf 2019; see Table 2-3). These small farms could account for the fact that the number of farms increased, while total farmland decreased in Madison County. Member of WSP

In fact, the average size of a farm in Madison County decreased from 377 to 320 acres between 2012 and 2017 (USDA 2019).

Table 2-2 Farms and Farmland Statistics in Ohio and Madison County, 2012 to 2017

|  | Number of Farms <br> (acres) |  |  | Land in Farms <br> (acres) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2012 | 2017 | $\%$ <br> change | $\mathbf{2 0 1 2}$ | 2017 | $\%$ <br> change |
| Ohio | 75,462 | 77,805 | 3.1 | $13,960,604$ | $13,965,295$ | 0.03 |
| Madison County | 699 | 789 | 12.9 | 263,275 | 252,392 | -4.1 |

Source: USDA 2019.

Table 2-3 Farms by Size in Ohio, 2012 to 2017

|  | Number of Farms <br> (acres) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2012 | 2017 | $\%$ change |
| 1 to 9 acres | 6,796 | 10,333 | 52.0 |
| 10 to 49 acres | 24,220 | 26,533 | 9.5 |
| 50 to 179 acres | 26,890 | 23,671 | -12.0 |
| 180 to 499 acres | 11,291 | 10,574 | -6.4 |
| 500 to 999 acres | 3,674 | 3,955 | 7.6 |
| 1,000 to 1,999 acres | 1,845 | 1,958 | 6.1 |
| 2,000 acres or more | 746 | 781 | 4.7 |

Source: USDA 2019.

## Methodology

### 3.1 Economic Assessment

The economic stimulus of the Project at the county and state levels was modeled using multipliers produced and updated by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) Regional Input-Output Modeling System (RIMS II). Historically, economic impact reports assessing solar energy projects in Ohio have used the PV Jobs and Economic Development Impact Model (JEDI) developed by the National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL) and its contractor. However, NREL stopped supporting the PV JEDI model after 2016 and, as such, the model is no longer available publicly available for use on their website (Stefek 2019).

RIMS II multipliers are used in economic impact studies to objectively evaluate changes in economic activity that would result from initial spending by a project. The multipliers are based on assessed linkages within and among industries in each county and state across the country. An activity in one industry typically increases demand for goods and services in other industries, and relationships among them are referred to as linkages. For example, increased activity in the construction industry boosts demand for raw materials, professional engineering services, heavy equipment, hotel and motel rooms, trucking services, etc. These industries may be said to be linked. When goods and service suppliers in linked industries are present in a single region, the region is well positioned to reap multiple economic benefits from each new activity in a linked industry.

In this assessment, RIMS multipliers released in August 2019 were used to forecast the stimulating effects of Project spending and hiring in Madison County and the state of Ohio (BEA 2019a,b). Three types of expenditures were evaluated to assess the Project's total effect on the economy, including direct, indirect, and induced expenditures. The Project's own expenditures, like payments for goods and services and payroll, are considered the direct effects of the Project. The direct expenditures' stimulating effect along connected supply chains are considered indirect effects (e.g., increasing Project suppliers' orders of raw materials). Finally, Project-related workers' and their householders' general spending (e.g., grocery and entertainment expenditures) are considered induced effects. Project-related workers include those employed directly by the Project, as well as those supported indirectly by the Project's spending in support industries.

## 3 Methodology

To determine construction impacts, final demand multipliers were used to estimate the total economic outputs (changes in final demand) at the county and state levels that would result from Project spending. For operation impacts, direct effect multipliers were used to forecast the expected increase in earnings and employment in the local and state economies, based on the size of the Project's operations staff and payroll.

## Results and Discussion

Madison Fields Solar expects the cost of construction, less land costs, to be approximately million. Table 4-1 shows the Project's direct expenses in Madison County $\square \mathrm{M}$ ) and Ohio ( $\triangle \mathrm{M}$ ), and the stimulating effect these cash flows would have on the wider regional economy. The Project's county and state direct expense figures in this discussion are not additive, and those associated with Madison County are also represented in the state-wide numbers.

The remaining Project expenses ( $\$ \mathrm{M}$ ) are associated with the purchase, manufacturing, and assembly of the required solar component parts and any other system inputs (generators, transmission lines, panels, etc.). At this time, it cannot be determined where these expenditures will occur geographically, therefore, they are not included within this economic analysis of regional effects.

The Project's construction expenditures in Ohio, of which the majority will be construction payroll expenses, would increase the total economic output by almost $\$$ million. In Madison County, the direct expenditures of \$ million would create indirect and induced expenditures, combining for a total economic output of million. As mentioned above, the solar PV industry in Ohio is rapidly developing, consisting of approximately 292 companies providing solarrelated goods and services (SEIA 2019b). The modeled economic output presented in Table 4-1 was based on the general construction industry. The widespread presence of solar-specific companies in Ohio increases confidence that the forecasted indirect and induced expenditures would, indeed, be captured in Madison County and Ohio.

Table 4-1 Total Economic Output from Project Construction in Madison County and Ohio ${ }^{1}$

|  | Direct <br> Expenditures | Indirect and <br> Induced <br> Expenditures | Total Economic <br> Output |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Madison County | Ohio | $\$$ |  |
| Oh | $\$$ | $\$$ |  |

[^13]During construction, project development staff and on-site labor would consist of 453 workers in Madison County and approximately 596 workers statewide. These are considered the direct jobs impacts of the Project in Ohio. As of 2018, Ohio was ranked $7^{\text {th }}$ among all U.S. states for the number of solar jobs (SEIA 2019b), ensuring that trained local workers will be able to take advantage of the employment opportunities with the Project and the Project's local suppliers and service providers.

Table 4-2 shows the estimated multiplying effect of the Project's job creation across industries, which could be any of more than 60 aggregated industry categories considered in the RIMS II model. Relevant examples include truck transportation, miscellaneous manufacturing, and food and beverage stores. In Ohio, 768 additional jobs would be created across industries, for a total of 1,364 jobs related to Project construction. As presented in Table 2-1, Madison County had over 1,000 unemployed workers in 2017, some of whom could benefit from the Project's job creation.

Table 4-2 Employment Impacts of Project Construction in Madison County and Ohio ${ }^{1,2}$


Madison Fields Solar expects the Project's operations and maintenance staff and payroll would be 19.9 FTEs and around $\$ 1.4$ million annually. Tables 4-3 and $4-4$ show the multiplier effects of the Project's utility industry jobs and earnings statewide, which would result in four times as many jobs and over twice as much in earnings across the state. RIMS II direct effect multipliers were not available for the utility industry in Madison County because the county lacks sufficient utility industry analogues from which to derive multipliers. Nevertheless, some portion of total jobs and earnings impacts would be captured in Madison County as the entirety of the Project is located there.

4 Results and Discussion
Table 4-3 Employment Impacts of Project Operation in Madison County and Ohio ${ }^{1,2}$

|  | Project Operation <br> Jobs <br> (Direct) | Additional Jobs <br> Across Industries <br> (Indirect and Induced) | Total Jobs Impact |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Madison County | 19.9 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Ohio | 19.9 | 61.6 | 81.5 |

Key: $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}=$ not available
Notes:
${ }^{1}$ Jobs are counted as full-time equivalents.
${ }^{2}$ Bureau of Economic Analysis RIMS II direct effect multiplier for the utility industry was used to calculate the Project's jobs impact.

Table 4-4 Earnings Impacts from Project Operation in Madison County and Ohio ${ }^{1,2}$

|  | Additional <br> Project Operation <br> Earnings <br> (Direct) | Earnings Across <br> Industries <br> (Indirect and <br> Induced) | Total Earnings <br> Impact |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Madison County | $\$ 699,082$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Ohio | $\$ 1,394,702$ | $\$ 1,929,849$ | $\$ 3,324,551$ |

Key: $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}=$ not available
Note:
${ }^{1}$ Bureau of Economic Analysis RIMS II direct effect multiplier for the utility industry was used to calculate the Project's earnings impact.

Based on a set of assumptions about the constructed size of the Project, the property tax payment agreement, and the taxing entities' jurisdiction and relative share, the Project would generate local government revenues of around \$1.62 million annually and $\$ 48.6$ million over the projected 30 -year duration of the Project (see Table 4-5). These assumptions include:

- Madison Fields Solar would execute a payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) agreement with Madison County. For the purposes of this report, the PILOT is estimated to be an annual payment of $\$ 7,000$ per MW to the local taxing district and an additional annual payment of up to $\$ 2,000$ per MW directly to the Madison County general fund. These estimates are subject to change based on the final PILOT agreement.
- The constructed Project would be 180 MWs , located wholly within Pike Township.
- The taxing entities within the local district and their apportioned shares would be those specified for Pike Township taxing district in the 2019 Tax Rates for Madison County (Madison County Auditor 2019).

As shown in Table 4-5, the Fairbanks local school district, the Madison County general fund, and Pike Township would be the top three recipients of the Project's annual PILOT payment. Fairbanks local school district could expect around \$888,851 annually, and Madison County's general fund would receive about $\$ 425,038$. Pike Township would receive a little over $\$ 100,000$ each year. Overall, the Project would substantially increase local property tax revenues compared with its current agricultural status.

Table 4-5 Estimated Local Government Revenues Paid by the Madison Fields Solar Project

| Taxing Entity or Fund in the Pike <br> Township Taxing District of <br> Madison County | Estimated Annual <br> Local Property Tax <br> Revenue $^{1}$ | Estimated 30-Year <br> Local Property Tax <br> Revenue ${ }^{1}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Madison County Veterans Relief | $\$ 10,840$ | $\$ 325,189$ |
| Madison County Mental Health | $\$ 10,840$ | $\$ 325,189$ |
| Madison County Senior Citizens | $\$ 17,343$ | $\$ 520,303$ |
| Madison County Health Services | $\$ 21,679$ | $\$ 650,379$ |
| 911 Services | $\$ 21,679$ | $\$ 650,379$ |
| Joint Vocational School District | $\$ 34,687$ | $\$ 1,040,606$ |
| Board of Developmental Disabilities | $\$ 86,717$ | $\$ 2,601,514$ |
| Pike Township | $\$ 102,326$ | $\$ 3,069,787$ |
| Madison County General Fund | $\$ 425,038$ | $\$ 12,751,136$ |
| Fairbanks Local School District | $\$ 888,851$ | $\$ 26,665,520$ |
| Total | $\$ 1,620,000$ | $\$ 48,600,000$ |

Note:
${ }^{1}$ Constituent revenues based on taxing apportionment for Pike Township specified in the 2019 Tax Rates for Madison County (Madison County Auditor 2019).

## References

Brown, B. and C. Zulauf. 2019. Changes in Ohio Farms Over a Decade. The Ohio State University Department of Agricultural, Environmental and Development Economics. July 1, 2019. Retrieved February 12, 2020, from:
https://aede.osu.edu/sites/aede/files/imce/images/Changes\ in\ 0hio \%20Farms\%20and\%20Land\%20Held\%20in\%20Farms\%20from \%20a $\% 2$ 0Decade\%20Ago 0.pdf.

Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA). 2019a. Regional Input-Output Modeling System (RIMS II) Multipliers (2012/2017): Table 2.5 Total Multipliers for Output, Earnings, Employment, and Value Added by Industry Aggregation. Madison County (Type II). Produced by the Regional Product Division, BEA.
. 2019b. RIMS II Multipliers (2012/2017): Table 2.5 Total Multipliers for Output, Earnings, Employment, and Value Added by Industry Aggregation. Ohio (Type II). Produced by the Regional Product Division, BEA.

Madison County Auditor. 2019. 2019 Tax Rates for Madison County. Ohio. Retrieved February 12, 2019, from http://madisonoh.ddti.net/.

Solar Energy Industries Association (SEIA). 2019a. U.S. Solar Industry Market Insight, Q4 2019. Released December 2019. Retrieved February 11, 2019, from https://www.seia.org/us-solar-market-insight.
. 2019b. Solar Spotlight - Ohio. Released June 2019. Retrieved February 11, 2019, from https://www.seia.org/sites/default/files/201906/Factsheet Ohio 0.pdf. .

Stefek, J. 2019. Personal communication between Jeremy Stefek, National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL), and Kirsten Shelly, Ecology and Environment, Inc. Email dated June 21, 2019.
U.S. Census Bureau. 2010. 2010 Census Summary File 1. Retrieved January 29, 2019, from https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/isf/pages/community facts.xhtml.

2018a. DP03: Selected Economic Characteristics. 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. Released December 6, 2018. Retrieved January 29, 2020, from https://factfinder.census.gov/bkmk/table/1.0/en/ACS/17 5YR/DP03/0400 000US39|0500000US39097.
. 2018b. DP05: ACS Demographic and Housing Characteristics. 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. Released December 6, 2018. Retrieved January 29, 2020, from https://factfinder.census.gov/bkmk/table/1.0/en/ACS/17 5YR/DP05/0400 000US39|0500000US39097.

2018c. DP04: Housing Characteristics. 2013-2017 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates. Released December 6, 2018. Retrieved January 29, 2020, from https://factfinder.census.gov/bkmk/table/1.0/en/ACS/17 5YR/DP04/0400 000US39|0500000US39097.
U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division. 2019. Annual Estimates of the Resident Population for Selected Age Groups by Sex for the United States, States, Counties and Puerto Rico Commonwealth and Municipios: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2018. Released June 2019 Retrieved January 29, 2020, from https://factfinder.census.gov/bkmk/table/1.0/en/PEP/2018/PEPAGESEX/0 400000US39|0500000US39097?slice=GEO~0400000US39.
U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). 2019. 2017 Census of Agriculture Ohio. State and County Data. National Agricultural Statistics Service. AC-17-A-35. Issued April 2019.

# Exhibit H Complaint Resolution Plan 

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com

# MADISON FIELDS 

## gOLAR PROJECT

Month Day, Year
LANDOWNER/TENANT
ADDRESS
CITY, STATE ZIP
Re: Madison Fields Solar Project, Ohio Power Siting Board Case No. 19-1881-EL-BGN

Dear Pike Township Landowner,
The Madison Fields Solar Project (Madison Fields) plans to start construction of a 180-megawatt (MW) utility scale solar project on or around Month Day. Year. Civil construction work is scheduled to continue through Month Year. Equipment installation is planned between Month Year and Month Year, with testing and commissioning occurring into Month Year OR Quarter Year. Finally. site restoration will occur in the Quarter of Year.

General construction activities will be limited to the hours of $7: 00 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. to $7: 00 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. or until dusk when sunset occurs after $7: 00 \mathrm{p.m}$. Construction activities that do not involve sound increases above ambient levels at nomparticipating residences are permitted outside of daylight hours when necessary.

Attached to this letter is the Madison Fields Solar Project Complaint Resolution Plan.
Please do not hesitate to reach out with questions, concems, or complaints during construction or operation of the facility.

Thank you,

## Name Here <br> Contact Information

Enclosure: Attachment A, Madison Fields Solar Project Complaint Resolution Plan

## MADISON FIELDS SOLAR PROJECT COMPLAINT RESOLUTION PLAN

Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC is proposing to construct the Madison Fields Solar Project (Project) on approximately 1,006 acres in Madison County. The Project is sited on private property in a rural agricultural area; however, there are several public roadways and residences in the vicinity of the Project. Madison Fields endeavors to ensure that the Project is constructed and operated in a responsible manner to minimize its impact on nearby residents or those passing through the area.

Madison Fields will construct and operate the Project in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local laws and permits. However, if residents observe issues during construction or operation, a defined complaint resolution plan has been established to define a process for receiving, investigating, and addressing complaints.

## COMPLAINT FILING PROCESS

Individuals wishing to file a complaint will be provided four options, including:

1. The Applicant will establish a "hotline" phone number that will be included in this plan and provided to Madison County and Pike Township once it is established. Individuals may call the hotline at any time to report emergencies or submit complaints.
2. Individuals may visit the temporary onsite management office during construction or the permanent onsite operations and maintenance (O\&M) building during normal business hours to file a written complaint with the construction manager or O\&M staff, respectively.
3. Individuals may submit written complaints by mail to:

Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC<br>422 Admiral Boulevard<br>Kansas City, Missouri 64106

4. Individuals may submit complaints via email to the construction manager or $O \& M$ staff during construction and operations, respectively. Email addresses will be included in this plan and provided to Madison County and Pike Township once they are established.

The following information should be provided for Madison Fields to accurately and thoroughly address complaints:

- Name and contact information of the complainant;
- Date of complaint;
- Detailed description of the complaint, including, if possible, the location, date, and time that the issue occurred, and any other details that can help identify and resolve the issue.


## COMPLAINT REVIEW PROCESS

Madison Fields will coordinate with the complainant to quickly and effectively address issues such that both parties are satisfied. Madison Fields will enter complaints into a complaint log, document the details of the complaint, and assign a point of contact to investigate the complaint. The construction manager, or alternative designee, will be responsible for initiating the review of complaints received during the construction process. On-site O\&M staff will be responsible for initiating the review of complaints reported during the operational phase.

## ATTACHMENT A

MADISON FIELDS SOLAR PROJECT COMPLAINT RESOLUTION PLAN

Madison Fields will first determine if complaints violate federal, state, or local laws or permit conditions, and if there are notifications or required steps to address those violations. Madison Fields will also determine if outside resources are necessary to address issues. Madison Fields is committed to resolving reasonable complaints within 30 days, unless extenuating circumstances necessitate a longer time period, or it is determined that the complaint is unresolvable. Madison Fields will provide an explanation to the complainant for the extended period and the timeline for addressing the complaint should complaint resolution take longer than 30 days.

# CONFIDENTIAL A portion filed under seal 

## Exhibit I Certificate of Liability Insurance

Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC has requested confidential treatment of a portion of this document in accordance with OAC Rule 4906-2-21.

This document contains policy numbers and certificate numbers that are entitled to confidential treatment under state and/or federal statutes and regulations.

An unredacted version of the following document has been submitted to the Docketing Division of the OPSB in accordance with OAC Rule 4906-2-21(D)(2).

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

THIS CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED AS A MATTER OF INFORMATION ONLY AND CONFERS NO RIGHTS UPON THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER. THIS CERTIFICATE DOES NOT AFFIRMATIVELY OR NEGATIVELY AMEND, EXTEND OR ALTER THE COVERAGE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES BELOW. THIS CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A CONTRACT BETWEEN THE ISSUING INSURER(S), AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OR PRODUCER, AND THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER.
IMPORTANT: If the certificate holder is an ADDITIONAL INSURED, the policy(ies) must have ADDITIONAL INSURED provisions or be endorsed. If SUBROGATION IS WAIVED, subject to the terms and conditions of the policy, certain policies may require an endorsement. A statement on this certificate does not confer rights to the certificate holder in lieu of such endorsement(s).

| PRODUCER LOCKTON COMPANIES <br>  3657 BRIARPARK DRIVE, SUITE 700 <br>  HOUSTON TX 77042 <br>  $866-260-3538$ | CONTACT <br> NAME: |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | PHONN: (AIC, No, Ext): | FAX |
|  | (E-MAlL |  |
|  | INSURER(S) AFFORDING COVERAGE |  |
|  | insurer a : Federal Insurance Company |  |
| INSURED Savion, LLC <br>  422 Admiral Boulevard | INSURER B : |  |
|  | INSURER C : |  |
|  | INSURERD: |  |
|  | INSURERE: |  |
|  | INSURERF: |  |
| COVERAGES CERTIFICATE NUMBER: | REVISION NUMBER: XXXXXXX |  |

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE POLICIES OF INSURANCE LISTED BELOWV HAVE BEEN ISSUED TO THE INSURED NAMED ABOVE FOR THE POLICY PERIOD INDICATED. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY REQUIREMENT, TERM OR CONDITION OF ANY CONTRACT OR OTHER DOCUMENT WITH RESPECT TO WHICH THIS CERTIFICATE MAY BE ISSUED OR MAY PERTAIN, THE INSURANCE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES DESCRIBED HEREIN IS SUBJECT TO ALL THE TERMS, EXCLUSIONS AND CONDITIONS OF SUCH POLICIES. LIMITS SHOWN MAY HAVE BEEN REDUCED BY PAID CLAIMS


## CERTIFICATE HOLDER



ACORD 25 (2016/03)

## CANCELLATION

SHOULD ANY OF THE ABOVE DESCRIBED POLICIES BE CANCELLED BEFORE THE EXPIRATION DATE THEREOF, NOTICE WILL BE DELIVERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE POLICY PROVISIONS.

# Exhibit J <br> Construction Route Study 

## Burns \& McDonnell Engineering Company, Inc. May 12, 2020

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com

# Madison Fields Solar Project Construction Route Study 

## Savion Energy

Madison Fields Solar Project
Project No. 119430

Revision 2
5/12/2020

# Madison Fields Solar Project Construction Route Study 

prepared for

Savion Energy Madison Fields Solar Project Madison County, Ohio

Project No. 119430

Revision 2
5/12/2020
prepared by

Burns \& McDonnell Engineering Company, Inc. Richmond, Virginia

## INDEX

Savion Energy<br>Madison Fields Solar Project Construction Route Study Project No. 119430

## Report Index

| Chapter | Chapter Title | Page |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  |  |  |
| 1.0 | Project Narrative | 2 |
| 2.0 | Pre-Construction Roadway Characteristics | 4 |
| 3.0 | Project Impacts to the Transportation Network | 3 |
| Appendix A | Site Location/Road Study Map |  |
| Appendix B | Road Widths and Conditions |  |
| Attachment 1 | Roadway Jurisdiction Map |  |

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page
1.0 PROJECT NARRATIVE ..... 1-1
Project Description ..... 1-1
Site Description ..... 1-1
Adjacent Property ..... 1-1
Transportation Access Points ..... 1-2
2.0 PRE-CONSTRUCTION ROADWAY CHARACTERISTICS ..... 2-2
Existing Data ..... 2-2
School Bus Route and Mass Transit Systems ..... 2-3
Route Load Bearing, Structural Rating and Other Route Restrictions ..... 2-4
Road Surface Type and Conditions ..... 2-4
3.0 PROJECT IMPACTS TO THE TRANSPORTATION NETWORK ..... 3-6
Projected Future Traffic Conditions ..... 3-6
Adequacy of the Road System to Accommodate Projected Traffic ..... 3-6
Traffic and Transportation Mitigation Measures ..... 3-7
Road Use and Restoration Agreements ..... 3-7
APPENDIX A - SITE LOCATION/ROAD STUDY MAP
EXHIBIT 1 - SITE LOCATION MAP
EXHIBIT 2 - STUDY AREA MAP
EXHIBIT 3 - AADT AND BRIDGE MAP
EXHIBIT 4 - LOCAL CONTACTS
EXHIBIT 5 - ROADWAY JURISDICTOIN MAP
APPENDIX B - SITE PICTURES

### 1.0 NARRATIVE

## Project Description

The Madison Fields Solar Project is located in Madison County, Ohio. As shown in Appendix A on the Exhibit 1 -Location Map, the project is located in Pike Township. The project boundary is shown in Appendix A. The footprint of the project is approximately 1,000 acres.

The purpose of this project is to harness the renewable energy of the sun in order to supply energy into the transmission and distribution power grid. The proposed construction brings with it the possibility of roadway damages, due to the increased construction traffic. This study has been prepared to satisfy the relevant portions of the Ohio Power Siting Board (OPSB) requirements specified in the Ohio Administrative Code, Sections 4906-4-06(F)(3) and 4906-4-06(F)(4).

Section 4906-4-06(F)(3) states: "The applicant shall evaluate and describe the anticipated impact to roads and bridges associated with construction vehicles and equipment delivery. Describe measures that will be taken to improve inadequate roads and repair roads and bridges to at least the condition present prior to the project."

Section 4906-4-06(F)(4) states: "The applicant shall list all transportation permits required for construction and operation of the project, and describe any necessary coordination with appropriate authorities for temporary or permanent road closures, lane closures, road access restrictions, and traffic control necessary for construction and operation of the proposed facility."

## Site Description

The Madison Fields Solar Project is on cultivated lands within the aforementioned jurisdictions. Construction of the solar arrays will require minimal clearing or grubbing of existing vegetation. The fields are relatively gentle sloping and rely on sheet flow into swales to convey stormwater runoff from the project site. The existing topography and drainage patterns will generally remain unchanged with addition of the project.

## Adjacent Property

The properties adjacent to the project area are mostly agricultural and residential. There are three water courses that surround the project. Little Darby Creek is located north of the project, while Barron Creek is to the east and Spring Fork is to the south. There are no planned direct discharges to any creek associated with this project.

It should be noted that there are several industrial operations in the area. Buckeye Concrete is located 17 miles southeast of the project boundary on State Highway 29. Shelly Materials operates the Ostrander Quarry located approximately 20 miles northeast of the project boundary and Martin Marietta operates Cedarville Quarry located approximately 40 miles southwest of the project boundary.

## Transportation Access Points

The developer has designated two (2) site access points for construction. One of the access points will be on County Road 11 (Rosedale Milford Center Road) with the other access point on County Route 25 (Rosedale Road). While it is possible for the construction equipment, concrete, aggregate, supplies, and general construction traffic to approach the project area from multiple directions, it is anticipated that the concentrated construction traffic will be limited to County Route 25 (Rosedale Road) and County Route 11 (Rosedale Milford Center Road). Proposed internal site access to the solar panels is shown on the exhibits in Appendix A.

The jurisdictions associated with the public roads proposed to be used for the project, as shown in Appendix A, are:

Pike Township - Route T-140 (Van Ness Road), Route T-85 (Irwin Road), Route T-84 (Bates Road)

Madison County - County Route 26 (Irwin Road), County Route 11 (Rosedale Milford Center Road), County Route 123 (Rosedale Road/Finley Guy Road NW), County Road 25 (Rosedale Road), County Road 122 (Guy Cemetery Road)

Ohio Department of Transportation (ODOT) - State Route 161, State Route 4

### 2.0 PRE-CONSTRUCTION ROADWAY CHARACTERISTICS

## Existing Data

Existing data on vehicle traffic volumes and crashes within the study area, defined on Exhibit 2 in Appendix A, was obtained from the ODOT Transportation Information Mapping System (TIMS) and is shown on Exhibit 3 in Appendix A. Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) for the State and County roads is listed within that data. Detailed capacity analysis was not completed for this study. However, field observation of the transportation network did not reveal any locations where traffic flow and/or capacity appeared to create undue delay for the traveling public.

Table 1 below summarizes the traffic conditions on the roads within the study area.

| Table 1: Traffic Conditions |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Roadway Name | Lanes | Total Road Widths | AADT* $^{*}$ |
| County Route 26 (Irwin Road) | 2 | 18 feet | 74 |
| Route T-243 (Van Ness Road) | 2 | 12.5 feet | 50 |
| State Route 4 | 2 | 24 feet | 3775 |
| Township T-85 (Irwin Road) | 2 | 18 feet | 444 |
| State Route 161 | 2 | 24 feet | 1514 |
| Township T-84 (Bates Road) | 2 | 20 feet | 323 |
| County Route 11 (Rosedale <br> Milford Center Road) | 2 | 20 feet | 507 |
| County Route 25 (Rosedale Road) | 2 | 20 feet | 509 |
| County Route 123 (Rosedale <br> Road/Finley Guy Road NW) | 2 | 21 feet | 707 |
| County Route 122 (Guy Cemetery <br> Road) | 2 | 16 feet | 74 |

* AADT = Average Annual Daily Traffic

According to TIMS, in 2018 there were four (4) accidents within the study area. Two of the accidents occurred on State Route 161. One accident occurred on County Route 11 (Rosedale Milford Center Road), and one accident occurred on County Route 25 (Rosedale Road). One of the two accidents on State Route 161 was fatal.

The roadways within the project area have good sight distance along their alignment, are in rural areas, and do not carry a high volume of traffic. A standard level of care should be taken to properly construct and sign the proposed construction entrances per the ODOT Traffic Control in Work Zone Standards.

## School Bus Route and Mass Transit Systems

The public-school district for the project area is the Fairbanks Local School System. The high school, middle school, and elementary school are all located on the same campus, about 5 miles northeast of the project boundary. The transportation supervisor is Beth Wyckoff. Due to the geographic region served by the school system and the rural nature of the surrounding area, the students are picked-up/dropped-off individually at their place of residence. The number of stops and buses is limited due to the low density of houses within and around the project area. Ms. Wyckoff requested that deliveries for the project only occur between 7:30AM and 3:30PM during the school year.

There are no rail or bus mass transit systems in the project area.

## Route Load Bearing, Structural Rating and Other Route Restrictions

A field review of existing conditions along the roads within the project area was conducted by Burns \& McDonnell on October 22 and 23, 2019.

## Road and Bridge Load Posting Restrictions

As shown in Appendix A, there are four (4) bridges along the transportation study roads. Bridge number 4930584 is located on Township Route T-243 (Van Ness Road). Bridge 4931491 is located on County Route 26 (Irwin Road). Bridges 4931033 and 4932609 are located on County Route 122 (Guy Cemetery Road). All bridges all appear to be in good condition and do not have posted loading restrictions.

There is a 60 -inch corrugated metal pipe culvert under County Route 26 (Irwin Road). The culvert has adequate cover and is in good condition.

There is one permanently load restricted road in the project area. Township Route T-84 (Bates Road)/County Route 11 (Rosedale Milford Center Road) has a weight restriction of 11 tons. County Route 11 was surface treated in the Spring of 2019 and will be upgraded to 2 -inch hot mix asphalt in 2021.

There are several temporarily load reduced roads in the project area. Township Road T-24 (Rosedale Plain City Road NW), County Route 25 (Rosedale Road), and County Route 123 (Finley Guy Road NW) have a 25\% weight reduction for freeze-thaw observed from February 1 through June 1 depending on the weather. For this reason, transformer delivery should occur outside of this restriction.

## Road Surface Type and Conditions

The road surface types along the transport route are all asphalt. Table 2 summarizes the road conditions within the study area.

| Table 2: Road Conditions |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Roadway Name | Road Condition |
| County Route 26 (Irwin Road) | County maintained surface treatment over plant mix surface, <br> good condition. New surface treatment in 2018. |
| Route T-243 (Van Ness Road) | Township maintained surface treatment, good condition |
| State Route 4 | State maintained plant mix surface, good condition |
| Township T-85 (Irwin Road) | State maintained surface treatment over plant mix surface, <br> good condition |
| State Route 161 | State maintained plant mix surface, good condition |
| Township T-84 (Bates Road) | Township maintained surface treatment, good condition. |
| County Route 11 (Rosedale <br> Milford Center Road) | Township maintained new surface treatment surface, good <br> condition |
| County Route 25 (Rosedale <br> Road) | County maintained surface treatment surface, good <br> condition |
| County Route 123 (Rosedale <br> Road) | County maintained surface treatment over plant mix surface, <br> good condition. New surface treatment in 2018. |
| County Route 122 (Guy <br> Cemetery Road) | County maintained surface treatment surface, good <br> condition |

The roadways within the study area are generally well-maintained rural routes. County Route 26 (Irwin Road) showed minor cracking, but no potholes and should be closely monitored to verify that no further cracking or potholes form. The other routes within the study area do not appear to exhibit any underlying issues, but rather normal aging that requires routine maintenance. Road Use Maintenance Agreements must be prepared between the County and the Developer prior to construction to address any potential issues with the existing roads. There are no significant concerns for the existing roads from a transportation perspective.

## Overhead Clearance

There should not be any issues with vehicle clearance to overhead electric crossings and tree overhang locations because the construction vehicles for the project will be legal heights and no intersection improvements are proposed.

### 3.0 PROJECT IMPACTS TO THE TRANSPORTATION NETWORK

## Projected Future Traffic Conditions

While construction vehicles are traveling along the project area and delivery route roadways, the existing traffic may experience minor delays to allow for the safe passage of these vehicles.

A Road Use Maintenance Agreement (RUMA) is required for Madison County. During development of the RUMA, the Developer or the Developer's Designee shall coordinate with Madison County to determine the applicable thresholds and procedures for implementing appropriate work zone measures for the safety of the commuting public and members of the construction team. As part of the RUMA, procedures for corrective action on any damaged elements of the roadway caused by vehicle trips generated by the construction of the site will be developed.

Roadway widths will be a challenge for the construction traffic. Drivers should be encouraged to stay on the pavement surface to minimize rutting of the shoulders and rutting or heaving of the pavement along the edges. Cold and wet conditions that correspond to winter construction could lead to premature pavement failures that would require remediation by the Developer.

During operation and maintenance, the facility will not generate a significant volume of traffic. Therefore, any projected additional future traffic will be negligible.

## Adequacy of the Road System to Accommodate Projected Traffic

Truck load assumptions are based on typical solar projects that will need to be finalized in conjunction with the Madison County RUMA. The planned construction entrances enter from roadways that appear to be well maintained and structurally sound, therefore no improvements beyond the construction entrance is required for access. An extra wide construction entrance should be utilized to support the roadway edge of pavement and allow for the wide swing of the trucks, allowing them to stay on the paved surface throughout the entire turn movement into the site. If construction traffic starts to utilize the load reduced roadways, the roads should be monitored for deterioration. Particular attention should be given to the intersections, where the larger tractor trailers tend to track off the pavement. These shoulder areas deteriorate quickly under the construction loadings. Other transport roads within the study area do not appear to exhibit any obvious structural issues, beyond normal aging requiring routine maintenance.

During development of the RUMA the applicant will coordinate with Madison County to determine any pre-construction road maintenance needed. However, there does not appear to be any areas of significant concern on the existing roads.

It is anticipated that the construction traffic will consist of WB-50s ( 8.5 feet wide $\times 42.5$ feet long x 10 feet high), standard concrete trucks, standard dump trucks, and pick-up trucks. One overweight permit, submitted to Madison County, is expected for this project for transport and delivery of the transformer. The construction traffic, apart from the transformer delivery, should be legally loaded and not oversized.

Roads will need to be monitored during construction and reviewed again upon completion of construction to determine if repairs are required. Roads will be returned to pre-construction conditions or better. If work is scheduled during favorable weather patterns, the pavement structure remains supported along the edges, construction traffic is kept to the construction entrances noted in the report and off of the shoulders of the road, there should be minimal remedial asphalt removal, subgrade compaction, or asphalt patching required.

During operation and maintenance, the facility will not generate a significant volume of traffic. Therefore, improvements to the road system are not necessary to accommodate projected operations traffic.

## Traffic and Transportation Mitigation Measures

All roads should be monitored during construction for potholing and deterioration of the pavement to verify that they are safe for general construction and local roadway traffic. The volume and weight of the general construction traffic may cause accelerated distress that could require temporary repair, especially at the construction entrances. Constant monitoring of the roadway conditions is vital to minimizing damages. Identifying an issue and taking immediate temporary corrective action prior to failure can dramatically reduce final repair costs. After completion of construction activities, the temporary corrective measure may need to be removed and replaced with a permanent solution. Repairing the roadways to pre-construction conditions will be part of the RUMA.

## Road Use and Restoration Agreements

Special hauling permits, with the exception of transformer delivery, are not anticipated for the project because the construction vehicles will be legal heights, widths, and weights. As previously stated, a RUMA is required with Madison County where the County roads are being used for
delivery of equipment. There are no temporary or permanent road closures, lane closures, or road access restrictions expected with this project. All necessary traffic control for construction and operation of the proposed facility shall be in accordance with ODOT standards and specifications. A Driveway Permit from the County will be required for each of the two temporary construction access points to the project site. A Stormwater and Sediment Control Plan will be issued after approval of the Stormwater and Sediment Control plan. An overweight permit will be required for delivery of the Transformer. Although no work is anticipated, Work in Right-of-Way permits will be required for any work done in the right-of-way.

APPENDIX A - SITE LOCATION/ROAD STUDY MAP




## MADISON COUNTY

MADISON COUNTY ENGINEERING AND PLANNING
NATHAN ERNST
OPERATIONS ENGINEER
825 US 42 NE
LONDON, OH 43140
PHONE: 740-852-9404
EMAIL: NERNST@CO.MADISON.OH.US
KEN KOPPES, P.E.
DEPUTY ENGINEER (DRAINAGE)
825 US 42 NE
LONDON, OH 43140
PHONE: 614-623-6548
EMAIL: KKOPPES@CO.MADISON.OH.US
JEFF COLEMAN, P.E.
DEPUTY ENGINEER
825 US 42 NE
LONDON, OH 43140
PHONE: 740-852-9404
EMAIL: JEFFCOLEMAN@CO.MADISON.OH.US

## OHIO DOT

DISTRICT 6
ANTHONY TUROWSKI
PLANNING ENGINEER, ODOT DISTRICT 6
400 E. WILLIAM STREET
DELAWARE, OH 43015
PHONE: 740-833-8186
EMAIL: ANTHONY.TUROWSKI@DOT.OHIO.GOV

## FAIRBANKS LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

BETH WYCKOFF
TRANSPORTATION SUPERVISOR
11158 STATE ROUTE 38
MILFORD CENTER, OH 43045-9725
PHONE: 937-349-4941
EMAIL: BWYCKOFF@FAIRBANKSPANTHERS.ORG

## PIKE TOWNSHIP

TRUSTEES
AARON L. BOERGER, TRUSTEE
3370 ROSEDALE ROAD
IRWIN, OH 43029
PHONE: 614-207-6225
EMAIL: AARONLBOERGER@AOL.COM
GARY L. SCHEIDERER, TRUSTEE
2690 ROSEDALE ROAD
IRWIN, OH 43029
PHONE: 740-857-1130
EMAIL: SCHEIDERER@AOL.COM
MICHAEL K. BOERGER, TRUSTEE
4795 ROSEDALE ROAD
MECHANICSBURG, OH 43044
PHONE: 937-834-2462
EMAIL: BOERGER.MIKE@GMAIL.COM
LILA L. STEWART, FISCAL OFFICER 3140 ROSEDALE ROAD IRWIN, OH 43029
PHONE: 740-857-1516
EMAIL: LSTEW39460@AOL.COM

| BURNS <br> MSDONNELL | EXHIBIT 4 <br> Local Contacts <br> Madison Fields Solar Project <br> Madison County, OH |
| :--- | :---: |



APPENDIX B - SITE PICTURES



| BURNS <br> MSDONNELL | Photo Exhibit <br> Guy Cemetary Road <br> Bridge <br> Madison Fields Solar Project <br> Madison County, OH |
| :---: | :---: |













## Photo Exhibit

## BURNS <br> MSDONNELL.







## Photo Exhibit

Van Ness Road Bridge
Madison Fields Solar Project Madison County, OH


## BURNS MCDONNELL

CREATE AMAZING.

# Exhibit K Decommissioning Plan 

## Environmental Consulting \& Technology, Inc. May 1, 2020

Respectfully submitted,
/s/ Christine M.T. Pirik
Christine M.T. Pirik (0029759)
(Counsel of Record)
William Vorys (0093479)
Dickinson Wright PLLC
150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
Columbus, Ohio 43215
(614) 591-5461
cpirik@dickinsonwright.com
wvorys@dickinsonwright.com
Attorneys for Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

# DECOMMISSIONING PLAN MADISON FIELDS SOLAR PROJECT MADISON COUNTY, OHIO 

## Prepared for:

Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC

Prepared by:


3720 Wilder Road, Unit B, Bay City, MI 48706

ECT No. 20-0234

May 1, 2020

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section Page
1.0 INTRODUCTION ..... 2
1.1 SOLAR FACILITY COMPONENTS ..... 3
1.2 ANTICIPATED PROJECT LIFE ..... 3
2.0 DECOMMISSIONING TASKS AND SEQUENCE ..... 3
3.0 SITE RESTORATION AND REVEGETATION ..... 4
4.0 DECOMMISSIONING COST ESTIMATE SUMMARY ..... 4
5.0 FINANCIAL ASSURANCE ..... 5
Tables
TABLE 1. ESTIMATED DECOMMISSIONING COSTS ..... 5

### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC ("Madison Fields") contracted Environmental Consulting \& Technology, Inc. ("ECT") to prepare a Decommissioning Plan ("Plan") for the approximately 1,932-acre Madison Fields Solar Project ("Project") in Pike Township, Madison County, Ohio. This Plan was prepared to ensure proper decommissioning of the Project. This Plan provides a description of decommissioning and restoration of the Project and to meet the requirements of the Ohio Power Siting Board ("OPSB").

The Project is a 180 -megawatt alternating current ("MW AC") solar facility capable of providing clean, renewable electricity to approximately 42,600 Ohio homes. The Project components will include photovoltaic ("PV") solar panels (approximately 91,224, 385 Watt ("W") modules and 479,808 , 415W modules) that will be mounted on a single-axis tracking system with a $60+/$ degree tilt, along with associated infrastructure of approximately $60-2.99$ MW electric inverters and 60 transformers, underground electrical collection systems (distribution equipment), electrical collector substations, point of interconnection switchyard (Power control equipment), overhead transmission lines, an operations and maintenance ("O\&M") building, SCADA system, control building, private gravel access roads with gated ingress/egress points and security fencing. Temporary facilities associated with construction will include a construction laydown yard. Collectively, the facilities listed in this paragraph comprise the "Project Facilities".

The Project proposes that the 180 MW AC solar facility interconnect to a newly constructed FirstEnergy switchyard. The anticipated start of construction is planned for the first quarter of 2022, with a commercial operation date ("COD") in the fourth quarter of 2022 or first quarter of 2023.

The purpose of this Plan is to ensure that, upon a decommissioning event: expiration of the operational life of the Project or abandonment of the Project, all Project Facilities will be removed, and the Project property will be restored pursuant to the agreement. As required by the OPSB a surety bond or other mutually agreed upon form of financial assurance will be issued prior to commencement of construction in the amount equal to the net cost to decommission the Project and reconstitute the land, as agreed upon by the OPSB. The decommissioning plan, the cost estimate and the bond will be reviewed every five years and will remain in place for the length of the land rights agreements or completion of decommissioning and restoration.

This Plan provides a description of the decommissioning activities for all facilities, including removal procedures, and schedules, and planned restoration of the land. Estimated costs are provided based on the proposed $180-$ MW AC array design.

### 1.1 SOLAR FACILITY COMPONENTS

The primary components of the Project include the following solar components and associated infrastructure:

- Solar panels and racking
- Operation and maintenance building
- Electrical substations
- Power control equipment
- Overhead transmission lines
- Tracking system
- Electrical cabling and conduits
- Foundations and steel piles
- Transformers and inverters
- SCADA hardware system
- Control house for protective relay panels and site controllers
- Private gravel access roads
- Gated ingress/egress points
- Security fencing


### 1.2 ANTICIPATED PROJECT LIFE

Madison Fields, the owner of the Project, or its successors and assigns, is responsible for the decommissioning of the Project. Utility-scale solar facilities are designed to operate for a minimum of thirty (30) years, however, the possibility exists for the Facility to operate past that given future repairs and upgrades to the technology and renewal in the energy contract. The surety bond or financial equivalent will be in place for the length of the land rights agreements with participating property owners or completion of decommissioning and restoration.

### 2.0 DECOMMISSIONING TASKS AND SEQUENCE

Madison Fields acknowledges that all solar components including Project Facilities as defined, constructed above ground and any structures up to thirty-six (36) inches below-grade will be removed offsite for disposal, except for (i) access roads or driveways on private property if the property owner requests in writing to Madison Fields for such to remain and (ii) switchyard, interconnection facilities and other similar utility facilities not owned by Madison Fields at the time of decommissioning.

Madison Fields anticipates decommissioning and restoration activities will occurover a twelve (12) month period and will coordinate with staff prior to the start of any decommissioning activities.
All required approvals will be obtained prior to the start of decommissioning, and may include, but are not limited to the following:

- United States Army Corps of Engineers ("USACE") maintains jurisdiction over Waters of the U.S. ("WOTUS") maintained under Section 10 of the federal Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 and their adjacent wetlands. A permit is required from USACE for activities, such as but not limited to, the placement of fill, dredging of material, draining surface water, or removing a structure within these regulated areas.
- Madison Soil and Water Conservation District permit for any activity that involves the crossing, modifying, or discharging of stormwater to a county drain.
- Madison County for any road permits for soil erosion, water quality, construction stormwater, and septic and well, and building permits.
- A Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) will be prepared to include best management practices for construction and decommissioning that might include construction entrances, silt fencing, temporary seeding, permanent seeding, mulching (in non-agricultural areas), erosion control matting, filter berms, and filter socks.

The anticipated sequence of decommissioning and removal are described below; however, an overlap of activities is expected.

- Reinforce access roads, if needed, and prepare the site for component removal
- Install temporary fencing and best management practices (BMPs) to protect sensitive resources
- De-energize solar arrays, if not already de-energized
- Dismantle panels and racking
- Remove frame and internal components
- Remove portions of structural foundations up to 36 inches below the surface and backfill sites
- Remove inverters and transformers
- Remove electrical cables and conduits up to 36 inches below the surface
- Remove access and internal roads and grade site
- De-compact subsoils (if required), restore, and revegetate (if desired by landowner at the time of decommissioning) disturbed land to pre-construction conditions to the extent practicable


### 3.0 SITE RESTORATION AND REVEGETATION

The restoration efforts will return the land to substantially its original topography. Restoration shall include returning the soil to its pre-development state to allow resuming any prior agricultural use upon restoration.
Restoration activities may include regrading to restore land contours, seeding to revegetate disturbed areas, and de-compacting of soils determined to be compacted, repairing of damaged drain tiles, and back-filling with native subsoil or topsoil (as needed).
Madison Fields will comply with the conditions agreed upon by Madison Fields, the Madison County Engineer and the OPSB or as directed by other federal and state regulations applicable to the Project at the time of decommissioning.

### 4.0 DECOMMISSIONLNG COST ESTIMATE SUMMARY

Decommissioning costs detailed in Table 1 include labor and material expenses for removal of solar modules, tracking system, steel posts, transformers and inverters, access roads, perimeter fencing, and cabling up to thirty-six (36) inches below-grade. Labor effort is calculated based on 150 full-time equivalent staff employed over a one-year period. Restoration activities include topsoil replacement, seeding and the overall restoration of the land.

Table 1. Estimated Decommissioning Costs

| Task Description | Cost |
| :--- | ---: |
| Project Oversight and Permitting | $\$ 270,000$ |
| Removal of Solar Components and Project Facilities | $\$ 6,537,826$ |
| Site Restoration and Revegetation | $\$ 307,500$ |
| Total Estimated Decommissioning Costs | $\$ 7,115,326$ |

All solar components will be repurposed, salvaged, recycled or hauled offsite to a licensed solid waste disposal facility. Solar components that are anticipated to have a resale or salvage value that may be used to offset the cost of decommissioning include solar modules, tracking system, steel piles, inverters, and transformers. Materials that have no value at the time of decommissioning will be recycled when possible or hauled offsite to a licensed solid waste disposal facility.

### 5.0 FLNANCLAL ASSURANCE

The decommissioning cost estimate will consider salvage value of the components (Net Decommissioning Cost). If and when the Net Decommissioning Cost is a positive number, Madison Fields will post decommissioning funds in the form of a surety bond, cash, letter of credit, guaranty, including affiliate guaranty or other financial assurance. An updated decommissioning plan and Net Decommissioning Cost estimate will be provided at least thirty (30) days prior to the preconstruction meeting, based on final construction plans and solar components. The decommissioning plan and financial assurance will be reviewed again in year 10 of operations and every five years thereafter to assess the value of the financial assurance per the current Net Decommissioning Cost estimate.

This foregoing document was electronically filed with the Public Utilities

## Commission of Ohio Docketing Information System on

7/17/2020 5:01:14 PM
in

## Case No(s). 19-1881-EL-BGN

Summary: Application - Part 3 of 8 (Exhibits B - K) electronically filed by Christine M.T. Pirik on behalf of Madison Fields Solar Project, LLC


[^0]:    *STC: 挡攸Irradiance $1000 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ Cell Temperature $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
    7 Ambient Temperature $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

    NOCT: Inradiance $800 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2} \triangle$ Ambient Temperature $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

    * Power measurement tolerance: $\pm 3 \%$

[^1]:    * Power measurement tolerance: $\pm 3 \%$

[^2]:    ＊STC：年黄Irradiance $1000 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2} \square$ Cell Temperature $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ NOCT：渻 1 Irradiance $800 \mathrm{~W} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ Ambient Temperature $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{AM}=1.5$ Wind Speed $1 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$
    ＊Power measurement tolerance：$\pm 3 \%$

[^3]:    * Power measurement tolerance: $\pm 3 \%$

[^4]:    Note: Due to tontinuous terchnical innovation, R\&D and improwement, technical data ahove mentioned may be of modification accondingly. LONGi Solar have the sole fight to malae such modification at arytime without further notice; Demanding party shall request for the latest datasheet for such as contract need, and make it a consisting and binding part of lawful dxcurmentatian duly signed by both parties.

[^5]:    * Spacifications subject to technical changes and tests. LONGi Solar reservas the right of interpretation.

[^6]:    REM144-BMDG-9BE-EN-H2-3-2019

[^7]:    REM144-BMDG-9BE-EN-H1-2-2019
    Our Partners:

[^8]:    64 The NEXTracker team has always collaborated with us during their product development process, resulting in trackers that are faster to build, compatible for more sites and easier to maintain. NX Gemini is a strong tracker option for sites with challenging topography and geotechnical conditions. ",
    George Hershman, President of Swinerton Renewable Energy

[^9]:    Attachments: Madison Fields Solar Project, Project Site Layout Map Vegetative Buffer Detail

[^10]:    Summary
    This post encouraged users to take an action if they support solar energy in Madison County. The majority of those who engaged with the post engaged positively, sho their support for solar.

[^11]:    ${ }^{1}$ Maximum Facility Output

[^12]:    ${ }^{1}$ Maximum Facility Output

[^13]:    Note:
    ${ }^{1}$ Bureau of Economic Analysis RIMS II final demand multiplier for the construction industry was used to calculate the Project's output impact.

