

**PLANT IN SERVICE AND CAPITAL
SPENDING PRUDENCE AUDIT OF DUKE
ENERGY OHIO, INC. (NATURAL GAS)
COVERING THE PERIOD APRIL 1, 2012
THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2018**

Case No.19-0791-GA-ALT

May 11, 2020

Prepared for:
PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO
180 EAST BROAD STREET
COLUMBUS, OH 43215-3793

Prepared by:

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1 TRANSMITTAL LETTER/DISCLAIMER	1-1
2 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY/SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	2-1
Background to the Capital Expenditure Program	2-1
Project Requirements and Related Summary Conclusions	2-2
Part 1 - Plant In-Service Balances	2-2
Part 2 - Capital Expenditures Prudence Audit.....	2-3
Interviews	2-17
Audit Report Outline.....	2-18
3 DUKE ENERGY OHIO BACKGROUND	3-1
Overview	3-1
4 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE PROGRAM	4-1
5 FINANCIAL REVIEW- OVERVIEW	5-1
Capital Expenditure Program – Duke Calculated Revenue Requirement.....	5-1
6 DETAILED ANALYSIS, FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	6-1
Review Period	6-1
Capitalization and Budgeting Policies	6-1
Internal Audits	6-4
Historical Plant Balances	6-4
Detailed Transactional Testing.....	6-9
Insurance Recoveries	6-13
Unitization Backlog.....	6-13
Field Inspections and Table Top Reviews	6-14
Capital Spending and Cost Containment	6-41
Incremental Revenue Offset	6-51

7 ENABLE PROJECT	7-1
Enable Project Costs.....	7-1
Enable Project Budget Overruns and Change Orders	7-6
8 METERS AND COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT.....	8-1
AMI Meter Module Replacements	8-1
Rider AU Costs Excluded from CEP	8-3
The "Top End" \$23,065,474 "Unretirement"	8-4
Gas Meters Installed and Retired.....	8-5
Replacement of Gas Meter Communication Equipment	8-8
9 ADJUSTMENTS TO DUKE ENERGY OHIO'S CEP COSTS	9-1
Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation	9-1
Property Taxes.....	9-10
Eastern Gas Operations Center Employee Fitness Room.....	9-13
Correction of Errors in CEP Filing	9-14
Composite Depreciation Rate Excluding Negative Net Salvage for Amortization of CEP Regulatory Assets.....	9-16
Enable Project - Allocation of Costs to DEO Gas Utility.....	9-16
AMI Meter Modules	9-17
 ATTACHMENTS	
Attachment LA-1–Revenue Requirement and Adjustment Schedules	
Attachment LA-2 – Adjusted Total Company Plant In-Service and Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	
Attachment LA-3 – Data Request Listing	

LIST OF EXHIBITS

Exhibit 2-1. Summary of Commission Approved Depreciation Rates	2-8
Exhibit 2-2. DEO Calculation of Composite Depreciation Rate	2-9
Exhibit 2-3. Summary of Impacts of Error Corrections.....	2-16
Exhibit 2-4. Interviews Conducted	2-17
Exhibit 5-1. Duke Energy Ohio CEP Revenue Requirement Calculation	5-2
Exhibit 6-1. 2018 Retirement Entries	6-6
Exhibit 6-2. Reconciliations to FERC by Rider and Other Exclusions.....	6-7
Exhibit 6-3. Reconciliation of 2018 On-Top Entry	6-8
Exhibit 6-4. Summary of Project ID Work Orders	6-9
Exhibit 6-5. Percentage of Work Orders Selected For Sampling - 2013 through 2018.....	6-12
Exhibit 6-6. Feeder Line Risk Management Dashboard for Line A000b	6-38
Exhibit 6-7. Summary of the Breakdown of Risk Related to Line A000b	6-39
Exhibit 6-8. Risk of Breakdown By Component Related to Line A000b.....	6-39
Exhibit 6-9. Summary of CEP capital spending and Percentage Change	6-42
Exhibit 6-10. Summary of 2013 Budget to Actual Variances	6-42
Exhibit 6-11. Summary of 2014 Budget to Actual Variances	6-43
Exhibit 6-12. Summary of 2015 Budget to Actual Variances	6-43
Exhibit 6-13. Summary of 2016 Budget to Actual Variances	6-44
Exhibit 6-14. Summary of 2017 Budget to Actual Variances	6-44
Exhibit 6-15. Summary of 2018 Budget to Actual Variances	6-45
Exhibit 6-16. Summary of 2013 - 2018 Budget to Actual Variances	6-45
Exhibit 6-17. Summary of Non-Rider Related Capital Projects For 2013-2018	6-47
Exhibit 6-18. Summary of Large Non-Rider Related Capital Projects For 2017	6-48
Exhibit 6-19. Summary of DEO's Incremental Offset to Revenue.....	6-51
Exhibit 6-20. Summary of New Customers and Revenue Producing CEP Projects For 2013-2018	6-52
Exhibit 7-1. Summary of Enable Project Costs Charged to all Duke Energy Business Units	7-2
Exhibit 7-2. Summary of Duke Energy Business Units	7-3
Exhibit 7-3. Enable Project Costs Allocated to DEO's Gas Utility	7-4
Exhibit 7-4. Enable Project Costs Allocated to DEO's Gas Utility - Per Company.....	7-5

Exhibit 7-5. Enable Project Costs Allocated to DEO's Gas Utility - As Recommended	7-5
Exhibit 7-6. [REDACTED]	7-7
Exhibit 8-1. AMI Module Projects Included in CEP	8-2
Exhibit 8-2. AMI Module Projects That Should Have Been Included in Rider AU.....	8-3
Exhibit 8-3. Rider AU Costs Excluded from CEP	8-3
Exhibit 8-4. Costs Included in Rider AU	8-6
Exhibit 8-5. Summary of Meters in Service, Net Installs, Retirements and Replacements and Meter Costs	8-7
Exhibit 8-6. Summary of Meter Retirements and Associated Costs	8-8
Exhibit 8-7. Summary of Meter Communication Node Costs.....	8-11
Exhibit 8-8. Summary of Meter Communication Equipment Projects	8-12
Exhibit 8-9. Summary of Meter Communication Equipment Removed by Project	8-13
Exhibit 9-1. Summary of Resource Types for Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation	9-1
Exhibit 9-2. Earnings Based Incentive Compensation and Stock-Based Compensation Included in CEP Plant In-Service	9-2
Exhibit 9-3. RWIP Earning Based Incentive Compensation	9-3
Exhibit 9-4. Payroll Tax and Fringe Benefit Impacts of Earnings Based Incentive Compensation and Stock-Based Compensation.....	9-7
Exhibit 9-5. Quarterly Breakdown of Earnings Based Incentive Compensation and Stock-Based Compensation and Impacts to Depreciation, Accumulated Depreciation and ADIT	9-8
Exhibit 9-6. Summary of Corrected Property Tax Rates	9-12
Exhibit 9-7. Deferred Property Tax Expense Adjustment	9-12
Exhibit 9-8. Annualized Property Tax Expense Adjustment.....	9-13
Exhibit 9-9. Comparison of Gross CEP Assets to CEP-Related Projects from Work Orders	9-14
Exhibit 9-10. Summary of 2017 Projects That Should Have Been Included in CEP Plant In-Service	9-15
Exhibit 9-11. Impacts of Adjusting CEP Plant Balances on Deferred Depreciation, Deferred Taxes and PISCC.....	9-15
Exhibit 9-12. Impact of Using Annual Updated CAM Allocation Rates For Enable Project Costs Allocated to DEO Gas Distribution Utility	9-17

1 TRANSMITTAL LETTER/DISCLAIMER

May 11, 2020


Ms. Nicci Crocker
Public Utilities Commission of Ohio
180 East Broad Street, 6th Floor
Columbus, OH 43215

Dear Ms. Crocker:

Attached is Larkin & Associates, PLLC's ("Larkin") report on the Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit of Duke Energy Ohio (Natural Gas) for the period April 1, 2012 through December 31, 2018.

The words audit and examination, as used in this report are intended, as commonly understood in the utility regulatory environment, to mean a regulatory review, a field investigation, or a means of determining the appropriateness of a utility's financial presentation for regulatory purposes. It is not intended in its precise accounting sense as an examination of booked numbers and related source documents for financial reporting purposes. The term audit in this case does not refer to an analysis of financial statement presentation in accordance with the auditing standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The reader should distinguish the regulatory review performed for this engagement from financial audits performed for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the fair presentation of a company's financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This document and the analyses, evaluations, and recommendations are for the sole use and benefit of the contracting parties. There are no intended third-party beneficiaries, and Larkin shall have no liability whatsoever to third parties for any defect, deficiency, error, or omission in any statement contained in or in any way related to this document or the services provided. This report was prepared based in part on information not within the control of the consultant, Larkin. While it is believed that the information is reliable, Larkin does not guarantee the accuracy of the information relied upon.

Sincerely,



Larkin & Associates, PLLC

2 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY/SUMMARY OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Background to the Capital Expenditure Program

Since 1953, Section 4905.22 of the Ohio Revised Code ("R.C.") has required utilities in Ohio to "furnish necessary and adequate service" and "provide such instrumentalities and facilities as are adequate and in all respects just and reasonable." In September 2011, R.C. 4929.111 permitted natural gas companies to apply to the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio ("PUCO" or "Commission") for approval of a Capital Expenditure Program ("CEP") for investment related to:

- Infrastructure expansion, improvement, or replacement;
- Any programs to install, upgrade, or replace information technology systems; or
- Any programs reasonably necessary to comply with any rules, regulations, or orders of the Commission or other governmental entity having jurisdiction.

With approval of CEP, natural gas companies can establish a regulatory asset to defer for future recovery, the post in-service carrying costs ("PISCC"), depreciation, and property tax expenses associated with the CEP assets.

In Case Nos. 13-2417-GA-UNC and 13-2418-GA-AAM, Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. ("DEO" or "Company") sought and was granted authority to create a CEP and to begin deferring the related post in-service carrying costs ("PISCC"), depreciation and property tax expenses ("CEP deferral") for capital investments that were not part of its accelerated main replacement program ("AMRP"). Specifically, the Commission authorized DEO's CEP deferral starting January 1, 2013, and determined that the Company could only accrue the deferral up to the point where the deferred amount would exceed \$1.50 per month for the General Sales - Small (GS-S) class of customers if it were included in customers rates. The Commission also restated its determination that it would consider the prudence, reasonableness, and magnitude of the CEP deferral and capital expenditures when DEO applied for recovery.

On May 3, 2019, DEO filed an application seeking authority from the Commission to establish a new alternative rate plan to establish a new capital expenditure program rider ("Rider CEP"). The Rider CEP would collect (1) the amounts accrued in the Company's capital expenditure program deferral ("CEP Deferral") through December 31, 2018, and (2) a return on and of the underlying CEP capital assets. In its Application, the Company stated that the purpose of Rider CEP is to recover the PISCC, incremental depreciation expense and property tax expense currently deferred pursuant to the CEP Deferral as well as a return on and of the underlying assets to which these expenses are directly attributable in the CEP.

Project Requirements and Related Summary Conclusions

The PUCO issued a request for proposal ("RFP") seeking proposals to conduct a two-part audit of Duke Energy's CEP capital expenditures. Specifically, the first part of the audit is to review and attest to the accounting accuracy and used and useful nature of the Company's non AMRP and non-Rider advanced utility ("AU") capital expenditures and related assets and corresponding depreciation reserve since the date certain of its most recent base rate case (i.e., March 31, 2012 as set forth in Case No. 12-1865-GA-AIR, et al.) through December 31, 2018. The second part of the audit is to simultaneously assess and form an opinion on the necessity, reasonableness, and prudence of DEO's non-AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures and related assets, with an emphasis on the CEP expenditures and related assets for the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2018.

Larkin submitted a proposal and was selected by the PUCO Staff to perform the review. Larkin's investigation included reviewing the Company's filing, issuing discovery, interviews with Company personnel, field inspections (via video) and analyses, which included variance analysis and detailed transactional testing.

The objective for this project is to determine whether DEO has accurately determined and accounted for its non-AMRP and non-Rider AU plant in-service balance and depreciation reserve balance from the date certain balance (i.e., March 31, 2012) in the Company's last base rate case through December 31, 2018. In addition, we shall assess, form and support an opinion on the necessity, reasonableness and prudence of the Company's capital expenditures and associated assets from the date certain balance in DEO's last base rate case through December 31, 2018, with an emphasis on the CEP expenditures and assets.

To ensure that we have addressed the specific requirements in the RFP, we have maintained the integrity of the work scope by part. The following lists include the subject areas of the RFP's required audit components and how this section of the report is organized.

Part 1 - Plant In-Service Balances

Objectives for the review of Plant In-Service balances for DEO's CEP program include:

1. Plant In-Service Schedules
 - Determine total Company plant in-service for each account and subaccount, from the date certain balance approved in DEO's previous application to increase rates forward through December 31, 2018.
 - Audit DEO's plant in-service to determine the proper value for non-AMRP and non-Rider AU investments by account and subaccount.
2. Depreciation Reserve
 - Determine total Company depreciation reserve for each account and subaccount, from the date certain balance approved in DEO's previous application to increase rates forward through December 31, 2018.

- Audit DEO's plant in-service to determine the proper value for non-AMRP and non-Rider AU investments by account and subaccount.
3. Historical Records
 - Provide a determination as to the accuracy and completeness of DEO's historical plant records and continuing property records.
 4. Classification - Capital vs. Expense
 - Ensure plant in-service transactions were properly classified as a capital expenditure.
 5. Subaccounts - Allocation and Depreciation
 - Identify subaccounts and/or functions for the determination of allocation factors and/or depreciation expense.
 6. Physical Inspections
 - Perform physical inspections to confirm the assets used and usefulness.

Part 2 - Capital Expenditures Prudence Audit

Objectives for the capital expenditures prudence audit include the following:

7. Necessity, Reasonableness and Prudence
 - Identify and assess the necessity, reasonableness, and prudence of DEO's non-AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures and assets for the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2018, with an emphasis on CEP expenditures and assets.
8. Policies and Practices
 - Identify and assess the necessity, reasonableness, and prudence of DEO's policies and practices for plant additions, new construction, plant replacement, and plant retirements.
 - Utilize Larkin's familiarity and experience with natural gas distribution utility operations and capital spending practices to identify and assess the reasonableness and prudence of any other DEO capital spending policies and practices or lack of such practices not specifically identified herein.
9. Causes for Increased non-AMRP and Rider AU
 - Identify and assess the necessity, reasonableness, and prudence of the principal causes for increases in the Company's non-AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures coinciding with the CEP program.

10. Cost Containment

- Identify and assess the reasonableness and prudence of DEO's cost containment strategies and practices in the use of outside contractors for non-AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures and assets for the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2018, with an emphasis on CEP expenditures and assets.
- Identify and assess the reasonableness and prudence of DEO's cost containment strategies and practices in the use of internal Company labor for non-AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures and assets for the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2018, with an emphasis on CEP expenditures and assets.

11. Recommended Adjustments

- Recommend and support specific adjustments to the non-AMRP and non-Rider AU plant in-service balances based on any findings of lack of necessity, unreasonableness, or imprudence.

The following subsections address the RFP requirements delineated above and Larkin's summary conclusions based on our analysis. Additional information related to the analysis is provided in chapters 3 through 9 of this report.

1) Plant In-Service Schedules

Requirement: Determine total Company plant in-service for each account and subaccount, from the date certain balance (i.e., March 31, 2012) approved in DEO's previous application to increase rates forward through December 31, 2018.

Requirement: Audit DEO's plant in-service to determine the proper value for non-AMRP and non-Rider AU investments by account and subaccount.

The Company's last base rate case (Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR) included plant in-service schedules (B Schedules) as of December 31, 2012. DEO's historical total Company plant in-service balances from the date certain period of April 1, 2012 through December 31, 2018 are reflected on Company Exhibit I - CEP Section A, B, C and D Schedules of Standard Filing Requirements in the B schedules. While the Company has not filed an application to increase its base rates, it supplied Larkin with plant in-service schedules as of December 31, 2018. The information provided also included roll forward balances from April 1, 2012 through December 31, 2018.

Larkin reviewed the information provided on the plant in-service schedules to confirm the reasonableness of the balances. Specifically, these schedules included the Company's plant in-service by major plant groupings on Schedule B-2, plant in service by account and subaccount on Schedule B-2.1, and gross additions, retirements and transfers on Schedule B-2.3. In addition, the Company-provided breakout by year of the gross additions, retirements, and transfers on Workpaper WPB-2.3. The information on WPB-2.3 ties into the aforementioned B schedules and is the schedule we used as the starting point to confirm the total Company plant in-service balances.

We reviewed the gross additions, retirements, and transfers on WPB-2.3 and compared them to DEO's historical plant records generated from the Peoplesoft system, which the Company provided in response to LARKIN-DR-01-001. We were able to tie out the majority of the amounts reflected on WPB-2.3 to the historical plant records. However, for 2018, we noted a number of significant differences between the retirements listed in the historical plant records to what DEO included on WPB-2.3.

As explained in the Company's response to LARKIN-DR-01-40, as of December 31, 2018, there was an "On-Top" retirement entry recorded only within the general ledger and not within DEO's fixed asset system. The entry applied to the various Company plant accounts in which we noted the discrepancies described above. Since this entry was not in the fixed asset system, it was not in the historical plant records provided, but it was recorded to the general ledger.

Larkin's review of the Company's historical plant balances are discussed in more detail in Chapter 6 of this report. In addition, Larkin is recommending adjustments to CEP-related plant in-service, which are discussed in Chapter 9 of this report.

Conclusion

Based upon our review of the Company's historical plant records for the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018, coupled with the Company's explanation and documentation provided with respect to the 2018 On-Top retirement (discussed in Chapter 6), we are satisfied as to the accuracy of the Company's historical plant records. We do have some adjustments to CEP plant which are discussed in Chapter 9.

2) Depreciation Reserve

Requirement: Determine total Company depreciation reserve for each account, from the date certain balance (i.e., March 31, 2012) approved in DEO's previous application to increase rates forward through December 31, 2018.

Requirement: Audit DEO's depreciation reserve to determine the proper value for non-AMRP and non-Rider AU investments by account and subaccount.

DEO's historical total Company depreciation reserve balances from the date certain period of April 1, 2012 through December 31, 2018 are reflected on Company Exhibit I - CEP Section A, B, C and D Schedules of Standard Filing Requirements in the B schedules.

Larkin reviewed the information provided on the plant in-service schedules to confirm the reasonableness of the balances. Specifically, these schedules included the Company's depreciation reserve by major plant groupings on Schedule B-3, jurisdictional reserve groupings by account Schedule B-3.2-Proposed, and depreciation reserve accruals, salvage, retirements and cost of removal on Schedule B-3.3. In addition, the Company provided a breakout by year of the depreciation reserve accruals, salvage, retirements, and cost of removal on Workpaper WPB-3.3. The information on WPB-3.3 ties into the aforementioned B schedules and is the schedule we used to confirm the total Company depreciation reserve balances.

We reviewed the depreciation reserve accruals, salvage, retirements and cost of removal on WPB-3.3 and compared them to DEO's historical depreciation reserve records, which the Company provided in response to LARKIN-DR-01-002. We were able to tie out the majority of

the amounts reflected on WPB-3.3 to the historical depreciation reserve records. However, for 2018, we noted a number of significant differences between the retirements listed in the historical depreciation reserve records and the amounts that DEO included on WPB-3.3. The amounts and accounts of the discrepancies in the depreciation reserve records were similar to those noted with the 2018 retirements discussed above with regard to the plant records. In the telephone interview conducted on January 21, 2020, in response to our inquiry, the Company confirmed that the 2018 retirements discrepancies in the depreciation reserve relates to the same On-Top retirement discussed above with respect to the historical plant balances.

Based upon our review of the Company's historical depreciation reserve records for the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018, coupled with the Company's explanation and documentation provided with respect to the 2018 On-Top retirement discussed above (and in Chapter 6), we are satisfied as to the accuracy of the Company's historical depreciation reserve records.

Larkin found that the depreciation rates listed on Company Exhibit I, Schedule B-3.2-Proposed for the distribution and general plant accounts are the same depreciation rates reflected in the Company's CEP filing. These depreciation rates were approved by the Commission in its Opinion and Order dated November 13, 2013 in DEO's last rate case (Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR et al.) and were in effect for the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018.¹

Conclusion

We found that the Commission approved depreciation rates from Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR et al., were used in DEO's calculations. Therefore, we are not recommending any adjustments to the methodology used by DEO to calculate its depreciation reserve, deferred depreciation or annualized depreciation expense. We do have some adjustments, which affect these items, which are discussed in Chapter 9.

3) Historical Records

Requirement: Provide a determination as to the accuracy and completeness of DEO's historical plant records and continuing property records.

Pursuant to our analysis, Larkin found that the Company was able to provide detailed historical plant records (and continuing property records)² to support its plant in-service balances.

For the projects work order detail that the Company provided, Larkin performed detailed transaction testing. The results of this analysis are discussed in Chapter 6 of this report. The Company should continue to address the unitization backlog, as described in Chapter 6.

¹ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-003.

² According to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-006, the Company's continuing property records are what the historical plant records and depreciation reserve records that were provided in LARKIN-DR-01-001 and LARKIN-DR-01-002, respectively.

4) Classification - Capital vs. Expense

Requirement: Ensure plant in-service transactions were properly classified as a capital expenditure

Through reviewing Company records and our transactional detail testing of sampled work orders and plant records, Larkin found that the costs included in the sampled projects are capital in nature, and that the scope of work and cost detail tied to the applicable FERC 300 accounts to which the work applied in accordance with the FERC Uniform System of Accounts. The projects were classified to the proper distribution and general equipment FERC accounts. The Company should continue to address the unitization backlog, as described in Chapter 6.

5) Subaccounts - Allocations and Depreciation

Requirement: Identify subaccounts and/or functions for the determination of allocation factors and/or depreciation expense.

Depreciation Accrual Rates

Schedule B-3.2 - Proposed from Exhibit I of the Company's standard filing requirements ("SFR") filing reflects the production, distribution, General and Common plant at the summary FERC 300 account level of the total Company jurisdictional net plant in-service. This depreciation schedule ties to Schedule B-2.1 and reflects the summary FERC 300 accounts with total Company amounts and the allocators (see additional discussion below) used to calculate the adjusted jurisdictional plant balances. Larkin confirmed that the calculations of depreciation expense for these accounts reflect the most recent Commission approved depreciation rates as discussed in its Opinion and Order dated November 13, 2013 in Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR et al. ³

Included in the total Company plant in-service balances are the distribution and general plant accounts that the Company reflected in its CEP filing. As such, the Commission approved depreciation rates from Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR et al. that DEO used for calculating its CEP related deferred depreciation expense and annualized depreciation expense in its CEP filing are summarized in the exhibit below:

³ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-003.

Exhibit 2-1. Summary of Commission Approved Depreciation Rates

FERC Account	Company Account	Account Title	Depreciation Rate
		Distribution	
374	2740	Land and Land Rights	0.00%
374	2741	Rights of Way	1.54%
374	2742	City Gate Check Station	0.00%
375	2750	Structures & Improvements	2.09%
376	2761, 2764	Mains - Cast Iron & Copper	2.72%
376	2762, 65, 67, 69	Mains - Steel	1.87%
376	2763, 2766, 2768	Mains - Plastic	2.08%
378	2780	System Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment	2.35%
378	2781	System Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment-Elec	7.00%
378	2782	District Regulating Equipment	2.40%
379	2790	Meas. & Reg. - City Gate	6.67%
380	2801	Services- Cast Iron & Copper	3.11%
380	2802,2804, 2808	Services-Steel	2.88%
380	2803,05, 06, 07	Services-Plastic	3.59%
381	2810,2811	Meters	2.22%
381	2812	Utility of the Future Meters	5.00%
382	2820,2821	Meter Installations	2.00%
383	2830	House Regulators	2.00%
384	2840	House Regulator Installations	2.00%
385	2850	Large Industrial Meas. & Reg. Equipment	2.63%
385	2851	Large Industrial Meas. & Reg. Equipment - Comm	4.20%
387	2870	Other Equipment - Other	6.67%
387	2871	Street Lighting Equipment	2.67%
390	2900	Structures & Improvements	3.33%
394	2940	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	4.00%
395	2950	Laboratory Equipment	6.67%
396	2960	Power Operated Equipment	6.36%
397	2970	Communication Equipment	6.67%
		General	
391	2911	Electronic Data Processing	20.00%
	2030	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	20.00%
	20310	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant - Enable	10.00%
Depreciation rates approved in Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR.			

As shown in the exhibit above, for purposes of calculating CEP related (1) deferred depreciation expense, and (2) annualized depreciation expense, the Company reflected the Commission approved depreciation rates for the distribution and general plant accounts listed. Larkin

confirmed that the depreciation rates listed above were in effect for the entire period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018.⁴

The Company's calculations of its deferred depreciation expense and annualized depreciation expense are shown on Exhibit J, Schedule 5a - Def Dep - Dist Impr and Schedule 5b - Def Dep - Info Tech. Specifically, for each distribution and general plant account included in CEP, the Company multiplied the net of the CEP plant assets and CEP retirements⁵ by the depreciation rates shown in the exhibit above, on a monthly basis, for each year 2013 through 2018.

Conclusion

We reviewed the Company's calculations for deferred depreciation expense and annualized depreciation expense and conclude that (1) the Company's methodology for calculating depreciation, and (2) the Commission approved depreciation rates from Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR et al., that were used in DEO's calculations, are reasonable. Therefore, we are not recommending any adjustments to the methodology by which DEO calculated its deferred depreciation or annualized depreciation expense.

However, as discussed in Chapter 9 of this report, we are recommending certain adjustments that impact the deferred and annualized depreciation in the context of those specific adjustments. These adjustments impacted the overall amounts of deferred and annualized depreciation expense flowing through the Company's CEP revenue requirement.

Composite Depreciation Rate For Amortization of Deferred Costs/Regulatory Assets

To calculate the Amortization of Regulatory Assets on Exhibit J, Schedule No. 1 from its CEP filing, the Company multiplied its proposed regulatory asset amount totaling \$44,981,818 by 2.54% to derive an amortization of regulatory asset amount of \$1,142,538. Note B on Company Schedule No. 1 states that: "For purposes of this calculation Duke Energy Ohio used a composite depreciation rate calculated using data from the 2015 FERC Form 2." Specifically, the 2.54% was calculated as follows:

Exhibit 2-2. DEO Calculation of Composite Depreciation Rate

Description	Amount
Depreciation & Amortization	\$ 49,194,937
Total Gas Plant in Service	\$ 1,935,849,008
Composite Depreciation Rate	2.54%
Source: 2015 FERC Form 2	

We asked the Company to explain why it used its 2015 FERC Form 2 data to calculate its proposed composite depreciation rate of 2.54% for all years rather than use more recent FERC Form 2 data. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-044, DEO explained that in order to remain

⁴ These depreciation rates were in effect from March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018 on a total Company basis, including for the non-CEP FERC 300 plant accounts. Also see DEO's response to LARKIN-DR-01-003.

⁵ These amounts are reflected on Company Exhibit J, WP4.1 - Assets by FERC and WP4.2 - Retirements by FERC.

consistent when calculating the \$1.50 cap, it used the 2.54% composite rate as a simplifying assumption in its application. As discussed in the direct testimony of Company witness Jay Brown, in Orders in Case Nos. 13-2417-GA-UNC and 13-2418-GA-AAM dated October 1, 2014, the Commission authorized the Company to accrue CEP accruals until the accrued deferrals would cause the rates charged to residential customers to exceed \$1.50 per month.

As discussed below, we are recommending the use of a 2.25% composite depreciation rate, which excludes negative net salvage/cost of removal to calculate the amortization of the deferred regulatory assets. It should be noted that using the 2.25% composite rate does not exceed the \$1.50 per residential customer cap.

Conclusion

We disagree with the Company's use of the 2.54% composite depreciation rate, which includes negative net salvage/cost of removal, for purposes of calculating the amortization of regulatory assets.⁶ In our view, using a composite rate calculated that includes negative net salvage/cost of removal is not a reasonable methodology for determining an estimate of the remaining life of the CEP assets, or by which to calculate the amortization of CEP regulatory assets. Larkin, in consultation with Staff, recommends using a 2.25% rate that excludes negative net salvage and is therefore a better estimate of the useful life of the CEP assets. The calculation of the 2.25% rate is shown on Attachment LA-1, Schedule 7. As shown on Attachment LA-1 Schedule 1, we applied the 2.25% rate to the adjusted regulatory asset balance (after reflecting certain recommended adjustments). This results in an adjusted annual amortization of regulatory assets of \$1,007,416, which is \$135,122 lower than DEO's proposed amount of \$1,142,538.

Depreciation Offset

The Company's CEP related revenue requirement on Exhibit J, Schedule No. 1 includes a line item titled "2012 Rate Case Depreciation Offset" ("depreciation offset") in the amount of \$225,989,904, and is reflected as an offset to CEP plant in-service. The Company's calculation of the depreciation offset is shown on Exhibit J, Schedule 11 from the Company's filing. The starting point on Schedule 11 is total Company depreciation expense from the Company's FERC Form 2 filings for each year 2013 through 2018. From these amounts, DEO then subtracted (1) Rider AMRP depreciation expense, (2) Rider AU depreciation expense, and (3) production depreciation expense.⁷ The net CEP depreciation offset for 2013 through 2018 is the \$225,989,904 reflected on Company Schedule No. 1 as an offset to CEP plant in-service.

In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-125, the Company stated that the rationale for the depreciation offset is that it is an estimate of the accumulated depreciation that would have accrued between January 1, 2013 and December 31, 2018. In addition, DEO explained that if the estimated accumulated depreciation had not been reflected as an offset to plant in-service, rate base would have been overstated, as Schedule No. 1 from Exhibit J would only reflect additions and not the corresponding accumulated depreciation that has accrued since the 2012 rate case.

⁶ According to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-126, the Company used the 2.54% composite depreciation rate to calculate the estimated rate impacts to customers.

⁷ Note A on Schedule 11 states that the depreciation offset does not include investments recovered through Rider AMRP or Rider AU.

Conclusion

We conclude that the methodology used by DEO for the depreciation offset adjustment is reasonable. We are not recommending any adjustments to the Company's methodology.

Allocation Factors

Exhibit I, CEP Sections A and B Schedules from the Company's SFR indicate that 100% of DEO's investment is jurisdictional. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-63, the Company confirmed that the balances presented in Exhibit I CEP Section A and B Schedules (which include CEP) are not allocated to other DEO divisions (e.g., to DEO's electric operations).

The Enable Project, which is discussed in detail in Chapter 7 of this report, was a very substantial Duke Energy initiative to review and upgrade information technology over several of its business units, with a total cost of approximately \$236.02 million. Enable Project cost was allocated to the DEO gas distribution utility using an allocation factor of 5.43%, which was from the Company's 2014 cost allocation manual. Larkin recommends applying the annual allocation factors, and has calculated an adjustment relating to this, which is described in Chapters 7 and 9 and which reduces the Enable Project cost allocated to the DEO gas utility by \$133,123.

6) Physical Inspections

<i>Requirement: Perform physical inspections to confirm the assets used and usefulness.</i>

As discussed in more detail in the Field Inspections and Table Top Review subsection of Chapter 6, actual physical inspections of the Company's facilities were not conducted due to travel restrictions resulting from the coronavirus pandemic ("COVID-19"). In lieu of actual physical inspections being conducted, Larkin was able to conduct a substitution/replacement to field inspections via a combination of table top reviews with the Company and by Company personnel performing video walkthroughs of certain Company facilities. Table top reviews involved reviewing as-built diagrams and work orders and web-based conferences with Company representatives (and PUCO Staff). Such reviews were conducted for four major projects: Dicks Creek Station ("Dicks Creek"), Kellogg Eastern Gas Operations Center ("Eastern Gas Ops Center"), Line A000b and Line D. The accounting detail, work order and as-built documentation for each project was reviewed and Company personnel were asked questions in a series of on-line meetings/conference calls. Video walkthroughs were conducted for two of these projects which had significant costs, above ground utility assets that were included in the CEP: Dicks Creek Station and the Kellogg Eastern Gas Operations Center.

Larkin concludes that table top reviews and video walkthroughs in conjunction with the review of supporting accounting, work orders and as-built documentation provides an adequate basis for concluding that the reviewed assets are used and useful and provide benefit to the Company's ratepayers. The assets did not appear to be over built. Company personnel were knowledgeable about the projects.

As explained in more detail in the Field Inspections and Table Top Review subsection of Chapter 6, with one exception as it relates to the Eastern Kellogg Gas Operations Center (removal of fitness room costs), Larkin did not find anything in either the video walkthroughs or the table top reviews that was determined to be imprudent or unreasonable.

7) Necessity, Reasonableness, and Prudence

Requirement: Identify and assess the necessity, reasonableness and prudence of DEO's non-AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures and assets for the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2018, with an emphasis on CEP expenditures and assets.

The necessity, reasonableness and prudence of DEO's CEP expenditures was considered throughout the entire audit, including the variance analysis, transactional testing, and table top reviews and onsite video walkthroughs. Our work in those areas is discussed in various sections of our report, including Chapters 6, 7, 8 and 9.

Other than our recommended adjustments, Larkin did not find anything to indicate that the remaining CEP related capital expenditures and assets for the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2018, were unnecessary, unreasonable, or imprudent. As described in Chapter 9 of this report, we are recommending adjustments to CEP costs for (1) incentive and stock-based compensation, (2) property taxes, (3) costs related to the employee fitness room at the Eastern Gas Ops Center, (4) the correction of errors in CEP plant in-service, revising the rate used to amortize the regulatory asset balances, (5) the allocation factor used for including Enable Project costs in CEP, and (6) removing AMI meter module equipment that DEO conceded should have been included in Rider AU. Larkin has identified certain concerns with significant replacements of meters and related communication equipment prior to the end of their expected useful life (in Chapter 8) and with significant change orders related to the Enable Project (in Chapter 7) which may deserve additional regulatory review in DEO's next gas utility rate case.

8) Policies and Practices

Requirement: Identify and assess the necessity, reasonableness, and prudence of DEO's policies and practices for plant additions, new construction, plant replacement, and plant retirements.

Requirement: Utilize Larkin's familiarity and experience with natural gas distribution utility operations and capital spending practices to identify and assess the reasonableness and prudence of any other DEO capital spending policies and practices or lack of such practices not specifically identified herein.

Larkin did not perform a management audit, but we reviewed the Company's processes and controls in order to determine whether they were sufficient and did not adversely affect the plant balances in DEO's gas utility plant in-service. Based on the documents reviewed, Larkin obtained an understanding of the Company's processes and controls that affect the plant balances. In addition, Larkin reviewed internal audit reports that were conducted that could impact the Company's plant in-service balances.⁸ Larkin also reviewed the opinions on internal controls over financial reporting in the Company's annual financial statement audits. There have been no FERC audits conducted from 2012 through 2018.⁹ During a telephone interview with the Company on January 21, 2020 (which was based on our review of several internal audit reports),

⁸ The internal audit reports were provided in response to LARKIN-DR-01-41.

⁹ The response to LARKIN-DR-01-28 referred to DEO's annual financial statement audits as it relates to the Company's SOX compliance audits of internal controls. This response also indicated there have been no FERC audits conducted during the period 2012-2019.

the Company described a formal system it has in place to track the internal audit reports, and hold the Company accountable when issues are encountered. The Internal Audit Department goes back and validates that management implements corrections and/or mitigates any issues disclosed by the Internal Audit Department.

There were no major events during the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2018 that impacted the Company's plant in-service balances.¹⁰

Additional details of the policies and procedures reviews are included in Chapter 6 of this report

Larkin reviewed the Company's capitalization policies that were in effect during the audit period. The Company provided five different versions of its capitalization guidelines, with the initial version effective as of January 1, 2010 and the subsequent updated versions that were applicable during the review period becoming effective on January 1 of 2014, 2016, 2017, and 2018. The Company explained that significant changes in capitalization policy during the period 2012 through 2018 was for 2016 and forward and relates to customer accounting for fees paid in a Cloud Computing Arrangement pursuant to FASB guidance in Accounting Standards Update 2015-05 ("ASU 2015-05"), which clarifies the circumstances under which a cloud computing customer would account for the arrangement as a license of internal-use software under ASC 350-40. As it relates to DEO's gas utility and/or CEP investments in 2016 and forward, the change discussed above would only affect DEO's accounting to the extent that cloud based applications were capitalized. The Company confirmed in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-137 that no amounts related to cloud computing were capitalized for DEO Gas in either 2016, 2017, or 2018 nor were amounts that were capitalized for cloud computing for DEO affiliates in 2016, 2017, and 2018 charged or allocated to DEO Gas.

Larkin's review of work orders for CEP includable projects also did not reveal any capitalized cloud computing projects being included in CEP plant in-service. A Duke Energy system project - the Enable Project - of which a portion of the cost was allocated to the DEO gas utility and included in DEO gas utility plant, is discussed in Chapters 7 and 9 of this report.

9) Causes for Increased Non-AMRP and Non-Rider AU Spending

Requirement: Identify and assess the necessity, reasonableness, and prudence of the principal causes for increases in DEO's non-AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures coinciding with the CEP program.

The Company provided a listing of its project work orders for the period April 1, 2012 through December 31, 2018 in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-35. The project work orders included in this listing were designated as either CEP, AMRP, AU, or non-rider related (i.e., not CEP, AMRP nor AU). The non-rider related projects are broken out by (1) intangible plant; (2) production plant; (3) distribution plant; and (4) general plant. For each category of plant, the amount of non-rider related capital expenditures fluctuated significantly during the period 2013 through 2018.

¹⁰ See the response to LARKIN-R-01-46.

For each category of plant, the amount of non-rider related capital expenditures fluctuated significantly during the period 2013 through 2018. On an overall basis, the only years in which there was net increase in non-rider related capital expenditures were 2016 and 2018 with decreases in the other years. In addition, the years in which there were significant increases in capital costs, they related to large projects, such as the ones addressed in the table top reviews, rather than an influx of several projects. We conclude that the non-rider related capital expenditures during the period 2013 through 2018 were reasonable and prudent.

Additional details of our review of the Company's capital spending in non-rider related projects are included in Chapter 6 of this report.

10) Cost Containment

Requirement: Identify and assess the reasonableness and prudence of DEO's cost containment strategies and practices in the use of outside contractors and internal labor for non-AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures and assets for the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2018, with an emphasis on CEP expenditures and assets.

Labor costs are a major contributor to the CEP project costs. Materials and contractor costs are also significant contributors to the cost of CEP projects. As discussed in Chapter 6 of our report, we sampled dozens of project work orders for detailed testing and we observed that outside contractor labor costs comprise a significant portion of the costs included in the CEP projects.

The Company has no written guidelines and/or policies and procedures regarding the use of outside contractors vs. Company personnel as it relates to non-Rider AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures. Generally, internal crews (DEO employees) work on projects when pipe is 100 feet in length or less. If the work requires specialized knowledge or the pipe length being replaced or installed is greater than 100 feet, the Company employs outside contractors for such work, which is supervised by DEO employees.

With regard to cost containment strategies related to using outside contractors, the Company competitively bids out work that consists of street improvements, main replacements, pressure improvements, and main extensions (8,000 feet or less and eight inches in diameter or less) for distribution main. DEO has four contractors that perform this work. In addition, the Company has set pricing for this type of work established in blanket contracts. If a project involves installing or replacing pipe that is longer than 8,000 feet, or greater than eight inches in diameter, the job is bid out to a pool of approved contractors. The Company typically uses external crews on blanket projects.¹¹

An analysis of historical project data is the basis for the Company's practice of competitively bidding out work to the outside contractors to work on main extension projects. Approximately 85% of DEO's distribution projects are 8,000 feet or less. The contractors used by the Company are large enough to efficiently perform work of this size at competitive pricing.

¹¹ Per the telephone interview conducted on January 24, 2020.

In the event a project falls outside the scope of blanket projects (i.e. greater than 8,000 feet for distribution mains), the Company has an approved bidder list that is managed by its sourcing group who works in conjunction with the operations group in an open-bid process. In addition, the Company has a robust RFP process for both blanket work orders and major individual projects.

In terms of internal labor cost containment strategies that DEO has in place, internal labor is managed on a project-by-project basis depending on deliverables and is monitored through the approval of timesheets. Specifically, supervisors and managers direct the work of internal labor with respect to which projects are worked on and how resources are allocated based on the annual budget and specific work scope of each Company crew. DEO internal labor is used to perform operations and management type work more so than work on capital projects.¹²

Conclusion

We conclude that DEO has implemented effective cost containment strategies regarding the use of outside contractors and internal labor for non-Rider AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures and for CEP includable projects and assets during the period 2013 through 2018.

11) Recommended Adjustments

Requirement: Recommend and support specific adjustments to the non -AMRP and non-Rider AU plant in-service balance based on any findings of lack of necessity, unreasonableness, or imprudence.

Our recommended adjustments are discussed in detail in Chapter 9 of this report and are shown on Attachment LA-1 and are summarized below. Larkin recommends the following adjustments:

- Remove the earnings-based portion of incentive compensation and stock-based compensation. As discussed in further detail in Chapter 9 of this report, we recommend that the cumulative amounts of incentive and stock-based compensation totaling \$775,173 (after factoring in the related depreciation, accumulated depreciation, and accumulated deferred income tax (ADIT)) for the period 2013 through 2018 be removed from the CEP rider. In addition, we recommend that the Company's calculation reflecting the impact of removing the earnings-based incentive and stock-based compensation on the PISCC deferral in the amount of \$142,980 also be adopted. This adjustment is shown on Attachment LA-1, Schedule 3.
- Increase the regulatory asset for property taxes and increase annualized property tax expense. As discussed in further detail in Chapter 9 of this report, after reflecting the correction of errors in the Company's calculations for the property tax deferral, our recalculated deferred property tax regulatory asset totals \$13,182,085. When compared to the amount from the Company's filing of \$13,046,753, our recommended adjustment increases the deferred property tax regulatory asset by \$135,332. In addition, after reflecting the correction of the errors related to annualized property tax expense, our

¹² Per the telephone interview conducted on January 24, 2020.

recalculated annualized property tax expense totals \$5,738,579. When compared to the Company's as-filed amount of \$5,705,526, our recommended adjustment increases the annualized property tax expense by \$33,053. This adjustment is shown on Attachment LA-1, Schedule 4.

- Remove the construction costs and equipment costs associated with the employee fitness center at the Eastern Gas Ops Center. As discussed in further detail in Chapter 9 of this report,

[REDACTED]

This adjustment is shown on Attachment LA-1, Schedule 5.

- Remove and/or add projects during the period 2013 through 2015 that were erroneously included and/or excluded from the CEP plant in-service balances. Specifically, as discussed in further detail in Chapter 9 of this report, the Company conceded that due to incorrect data filtering methods in its system, for each year 2013 through 2015, the following adjustments should be made to the CEP plant in-service balances:
 - a. For 2013, the CEP plant in-service balances should be decreased by \$40,622.
 - b. For 2014, the CEP plant in-service balances should be increased by \$14,661.
 - c. For 2015, the CEP plant in-service balances should be decreased by \$531,609.

In addition to adjusting the 2013 through 2015 CEP balances by the amounts shown above, the related deferred depreciation expense, ADIT and PISCC should also be adjusted by the amounts shown in the exhibit below (which includes the referenced adjustments to the CEP plant in-service balances):

Exhibit 2-3. Summary of Impacts of Error Corrections

Description	2013	2014	2015	Total
Net Plant in Service	\$ (40,622)	\$ 14,661	\$ (531,609)	\$ (557,570)
Deferred Depreciation Expense	\$ (4,266)	\$ 1,218	\$ (43,284)	\$ (46,350)
Deferred Tax - Liberalized Depreciation	\$ (5,750)	\$ 1,994	\$ (69,120)	\$ (72,876)
Post In-Service Carrying Cost	\$ (10,805)	\$ 3,237	\$ (110,724)	\$ (118,293)

The cumulative amounts shown under the "Total" column represent the adjustments that are reflected on Attachment LA-1, Schedule 6.

- We disagree with the Company's use of the 2.54% composite depreciation rate (based on 2015 FERC Form 2 data) for calculating the amortization of regulatory assets. The 2.54% rate includes the impact of negative net salvage. As such, it is not a reasonable methodology for determining an estimate of the useful life of the CEP assets, or by which to calculate the amortization of regulatory assets. Larkin, in consultation with Staff, recommends using a 2.25% rate because this rate excludes the impact of negative net salvage and is therefore a better estimate of the average useful life of the CEP assets. The 2.25% rate is shown on Attachment LA-1, Schedule 7. We applied the 2.25% rate to the adjusted regulatory asset balance. This results in an adjusted amortization of regulatory

assets amount of \$1,007,416, which is \$135,122 lower than the \$1,142,538 that DEO proposed.

- Adjust Duke Energy Enable Project Costs allocated to the DEO gas utility by applying DEO gas utility annual allocation factors, rather than using a 2014 factor for all years. In the Company's CEP filing, the Duke Energy Enable Project costs for all applicable years were allocated to the DEO gas utility based on a 5.43% allocation factor which was from the Company's 2014 Cost Allocation Manual. We recommend that the recoverable Enable project costs that are included in the CEP be based on the CAM percentage allocation applicable to the DEO gas utility in each year 2013 through 2018. As shown on Attachment LA-1, Schedule 8, the result of our recommendation decreases CEP plant in-service by \$133,123, deferred depreciation expense by \$18,467, annualized depreciation expense by \$13,852, and PISCC by \$9,443.
- Remove the costs associated with AMI meter module replacements from 2013, 2014 and 2015 which the Company stated were projects that should have been included in Rider AU, but were not labeled properly so these projects were captured in CEP. The costs that were removed totaled \$1,802. For this adjustment, because of the small plant adjustment amount, we did not attempt to reflect the impacts to deferred or annualized depreciation expense, or the PISCC, which would be even smaller. This adjustment is shown on Attachment LA-1, Schedule 9.

Interviews

As noted above, Larkin conducted a series of telephone interviews with Duke Energy Ohio personnel on January 21, 24, and 31, 2020 and February 3-4, 2020. The Company personnel interviewed are summarized in the exhibit below by interview date, job title, and department:

Exhibit 2-4. Interviews Conducted

Interview Date	Title	Department
Various	Rates & Regulatory Strategy Manager	OH/KY Rate Recovery & Analysis
1/21/2020	Manager Accounting II	US Asset Accounting
1/21/2020	Manager Accounting II	US Asset Accounting
1/21/2020	Director Regulated Business Audit	Internal Audit
1/21/2020	Director Customer & Corporate Audit	Internal Audit
1/24/2020	Director Gas Distribution Finance	Regulatory Utility Gas Ops Finance
1/31/2020	Director Rates & Regulatory Planning	OH/KY Rates & Regulatory Strategy
1/31/2020	Director Regional FIN Forecasting & Analysis	Finance Forecasting & Analysis
1/31/2020	Financial Manager	Midwest & Gas FIN Forecasting
2/3/2020	Senior Tax Analyst	EY Indirect Tax Group
2/3/2020	Manager, Natural Gas Damage Prevention	Gas Asset Risk Management
2/3/2020	Developmental Assignment Leader	Asset Risk Management
2/4/2020	Director, Allocations & Reporting	Corporate Accounting

Follow-up interviews to clarify responses to audit discovery were conducted via telephone and/or through Microsoft Team Meetings, as needed, during the audit.

Audit Report Outline

The outline of the remainder of this audit report is organized as follows:

- Chapter 3 Duke Energy Ohio Background
- Chapter 4 Capital Expenditure Program
- Chapter 5 Financial Review - Overview
- Chapter 6 Detailed Analysis, Findings and Recommendations
- Chapter 7 Enable Project
- Chapter 8 Meters and Communication Equipment
- Chapter 9 Adjustments to Duke Energy Ohio's CEP Costs

3 DUKE ENERGY OHIO BACKGROUND

Overview

Duke Energy ("Duke") is headquartered in Charlotte, North Carolina and is a Fortune 150 company. Duke is one of the largest electric power holding companies in the United States, supplying and delivering energy to approximately 7.7 million U.S. customers. It has approximately 51,000 MW of electric generating capacity in North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Indiana, Kentucky, and Ohio from a diverse mix of coal, nuclear, natural gas, oil, and renewable resources. Duke's service area covers approximately 95,000 square miles in the Southeast and Midwest. It also has natural gas distribution services in the Carolinas, Ohio, Tennessee, and Kentucky. Duke's commercial and international businesses own and operate diverse power generation assets in North America and Latin America, including a portion of renewable energy assets.

In 1997, Duke Power merged with PanEnergy Corporation, a central player in the natural gas industry, and formed Duke Energy. Three years prior that, Cincinnati Gas & Electric Company and PSI Energy Inc. merged, forming Cinergy Corporation. In 2006, Duke merged with Cinergy Corporation, using the Duke Energy name, and expanded its service area into Ohio, Kentucky, and Indiana. On January 3, 2007, Duke spun off its gas business to Spectra Energy.

In 2012, Duke and Progress Energy combined, further expanding Duke's services to Florida and forming one of the largest electric utilities in the United States. In early 2015, Duke purchased a majority interest in REC Solar in San Luis Obispo, California. Duke also acquired a majority share of Phoenix Energy Technologies, which is based in Irvine, California.

On October 26, 2015, Duke announced the acquisition of Piedmont Natural Gas ("Piedmont"), which expanded Duke's territory into Tennessee. Duke completed the acquisition in October 2016, with Piedmont retaining its name as a subsidiary of Duke. Duke and Piedmont are also key partners in the \$5 billion Atlantic Coast Pipeline that will be the first major natural gas pipeline to serve Eastern North Carolina.

DEO provides transmission and distribution services for natural gas to approximately 533,000 customers.

Pursuant to the Commission's Opinion and Order in Case Nos. 13-2417-GA-UNC and 13-2418-GA-AAM, DEO submits Annual Information Filings ("AIFs") related to the CEP and are filed by April 30 of each year. The AIFs should disclose the CEP regulatory asset balance at December 31 of each year; the calculations used to determine the monthly deferred amounts, including a breakdown of investments in PISCC, depreciation expense and property tax expense for each budget type; a breakdown of the rate impacts by customer class; capital budget for the calendar year in which the informational filing is made and the succeeding year; estimates of the effect that the deferred amounts would have on residential customer bills, if they were included in rates; schedules showing the calculations and inputs for the CEP deferrals; and explanations

for any substantial deviations between the planned, estimated CEP expenditures and actual expenditures, where such substantial deviation would reasonably impede Staff's ability to monitor or review the filing.

As part of the approval of the CEP, the Commission ordered that DEO should be granted the accounting authority to defer PISCC on program investments for assets placed in service but not yet reflected in rates using the Company's cost of long-term debt as approved in its most recent gas distribution case; defer depreciation expense and property tax expense directly associated with the assets placed into service; and establish a regulatory asset to which PISCC, depreciation expense, and property tax expense will be deferred for future recovery. DEO also agreed to compute the PISCC deferral on a net plant basis. The Commission also ordered that the CEP should be subject to a cap for the period during which deferrals are being accrued. DEO should be allowed to accrue deferrals under the CEP until the accrued deferrals, if included in DEO's residential service rates, would cause the rates charged to residential customers to increase by more than \$1.50 per month. If deferrals exceed the \$1.50 per month threshold, DEO will stop accruing future CEP deferrals until it files for authority to recover existing deferred accruals.

4 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE PROGRAM

On December 20, 2013, in Case Nos. 13-2417-GA-UNC and 13-2418-GA-AAM, DEO filed an application for authority to implement an information CEP pursuant to R.C. 4909.18 and 4929.111 whereby DEO sought to implement the CEP to install, upgrade, or replace information technology systems. In addition to seeking approval of its proposed CEP, the Company also sought authority to change its accounting methods. Specifically, the Company requested authority to (1) capitalize PISCC on CEP assets placed into service, but not yet recovered in rates; (2) defer depreciation expense and property tax expense directly attributable to the CEP; and (3) establish a regulatory asset to which PISCC, depreciation expense and property tax expense would be deferred for recovery in a subsequent and separate proceeding. The Company asserted that any accrual for deferral of PISCC, depreciation expense and property tax expense related to CEP would be recorded in accordance with the system of accounts established by the Commission under R.C. 4905.13. Furthermore, DEO informed the Commission that the PISCC would be based on the Company's cost of long-term debt as approved in DEO's most recent natural gas distribution rate case (i.e., Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR).¹³

In response to DEO's application to implement a CEP, Staff made nine comments and recommendations, which are discussed on pages 3-7 of the Commission's Finding and Order dated October 1, 2014 in Case Nos. 13-2417-GA-UNC and 13-2418-GA-AAM. On September 12, 2014, the Company and Staff filed joint surreply comments, which, in consideration of certain modifications to DEO's application and Staff's comments and recommendations, resulted in DEO and Staff reaching a comprehensive agreement with regard to the Company's proposed CEP. The following summary lists the provisions of the agreement between DEO and Staff:¹⁴

- The CEP should be enlarged to include those programs delineated in R.C. 4929.111(A)(1) through (A)(3), initiated in and for 2013 and succeeding years.
- The proposed CEP meets DEO's obligation under R.C. 4905.22 to furnish necessary and adequate services and facilities that are just and reasonable.
- DEO should be granted authority to defer PISCC on program investments for assets placed in service but not yet reflected in rates, using the Company's cost of long-term debt as approved in its most recent gas distribution case; defer depreciation expense and property tax expense directly associated with the assets placed in service; and establish a regulatory asset to which PISCC, depreciation expense, and property tax expense will be

¹³ On page 13, Section C, subsection 2 of the Commission's Opinion and Order dated November 13, 2013 in Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR, et al., it states that DEO shall use 5.32% as its cost of debt for determining carrying charges for future gas deferral requests until the cost of debt is reset as part of the resolution of DEO's next gas distribution rate case.

¹⁴ The provisions of the joint agreement between DEO and Staff are discussed on pages 8-11 of the Commission's Finding and Order dated October 1, 2014 in Case Nos. 13-2417-GA-UNC and 13-2418-GA-AAM.

deferred for future recovery. DEO agrees to compute the PISCC deferral on a net plant basis.

- The CEP will not result in incremental revenue and, consequently, there is no need to adjust the deferred amounts to account for incremental revenue. For any future CEP that generates incremental revenue, the regulatory asset created to defer the total monthly PISCC, depreciation expense, and property tax expense associated with DEO's CEP should be reduced by any incremental revenue directly attributable to the capital investments made under the programs pursuant to the formula adopted in Vectren
- The CEP should be subject to a cap for the period during which deferrals are being accrued. Specifically, DEO should be allowed to accrue deferrals under the CEP until the accrued deferrals, if included in DEO's residential service rates, would cause the rates charged to residential customers to increase by more than \$1.50 per month. If deferrals exceed the \$1.50 per month threshold, DEO will stop accruing future CEP deferrals until it files for authority to recover existing accrued deferrals. DEO is not precluded from submitting an application to the Commission for a subsequent adjustment to the cap in response to changes in applicable laws, regulations, or compliance activities related to pipeline safety.
- DEO will file annual informational filings regarding its CEP on April 30, beginning in 2015. Within 30 days after each annual filing, Staff and any interested parties may file comments. If no comments are filed, DEO's CEP and related ongoing deferral authority shall be deemed approved. If comments are filed within 30 days, DEO shall be permitted 10 days to file reply comments. The Commission shall determine whether that year's filing shall be approved.
- DEO's annual filings shall consist of the following information: the CEP regulatory asset balance at December 31 of each year; calculations used to determine monthly deferred amounts, including a breakdown of investments in PISCC, depreciation expense, and property tax expense for each budget type; a breakdown of rate impact by customer class; capital budget for the calendar year in which the informational filing is made and the succeeding year; estimate of the effect that the deferred amounts would have on residential customer bills, if they were included in rates; schedules showing the calculations and inputs for deferrals; and explanation of any substantial deviation between the planned, estimated CEP expenditures and actual expenditures, where such substantial deviation would reasonably impede Staff's ability to monitor or review the filing. The first annual filing will include all of the above information, except for schedules showing the calculations and inputs for deferrals and explanation of any substantial deviation in estimated and actual CEP expenditures, for the 2013 and 2014 calendar years. All subsequent annual filings shall pertain to the immediately preceding calendar year.
- For purposes of these proceedings, DEO will not seek recovery of costs under the CEP more than one time in each calendar year.
- The parties recommend that the Commission find that the approvals requested in these proceedings under R.C. 4909.18 and 4929.111 to establish a CEP and for related

accounting authority are not for an increase in rates. Accordingly, the parties contend that the application, as modified by the joint surreply comments, should be considered an application not for an increase in rates and may be approved without a hearing.

- DEO and Staff agree that the joint surreply comments address the establishment of a CEP and accounting authority for related deferrals and that recovery of deferred amounts shall be considered in a separate proceeding.

As discussed on page 11, Section 19 of the Commission's Finding and Order dated October 1, 2014 in Case Nos. 13-2417-GA-UNC and 13-2418-GA-AAM, the Commission stated:

R.C. 4929.111(A) provides that a natural gas company may file an application with the Commission under R.C. 4909.18, 4929.05, or 4929.11 to implement a CEP for any of the following:

- a. Any infrastructure expansion, infrastructure improvement, or infrastructure replacement programs;
- b. Any program to install, upgrade, or replace information technology systems; and
- c. Any program reasonably necessary to comply with any rules, regulations, or orders of the Commission or other governmental entity having jurisdiction.

The Commission ultimately approved DEO's application for a CEP in its Finding and Order dated October 1, 2014, as modified by the joint surreply comments noted above, subject to the Commission's review of the Company's annual informational filings and any comments or reply comments received in response.

5 FINANCIAL REVIEW- OVERVIEW

Capital Expenditure Program – Duke Calculated Revenue Requirement

On May 3, 2019, in Case No. 19-1791-GA-ALT, DEO filed an application with the Commission pursuant to R.C. 4909.18, 4929.05, 4929.11 and 4929.111 in which it requested authority to implement an alternative regulation plan to establish Rider CEP., The purpose of which is to recover its PISCC, incremental depreciation expense, and property tax expense currently being deferred pursuant to the Company's CEP Deferral, as well as a return on and of the underlying assets for which the aforementioned expenses are directly attributable to DEO's CEP. DEO's application proposed that the Rider CEP rate design will be based on the billing determinants and revenue requirement authorized by the Commission in DEO's most recent gas rate case (i.e., Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR, et al.).

DEO proposes to recover its CEP Deferral, and the corresponding assets to which the related expenses are directly attributable, by its calculated revenue requirement, which is based on cumulative plant investment for the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2018. As discussed on page 3 of the direct testimony of Company witness Jay Brown, pursuant to the Commission's Finding and Order in Case Nos. 13-2417-GA-UNC and 13-2418-GA-AAM, the Company was authorized to accrue CEP deferrals until the accrued deferrals, if included in rates, would cause residential customers rates to increase by more than \$1.50 per month. Mr. Brown asserted in his testimony at page 3 that DEO had not reached the \$1.50 per month cap with the deferrals of incremental depreciation expense, property tax expense, and PISCC as of December 31, 2018.

The Company filed several exhibits with its Application including Exhibit J - Additional Schedules Supporting the Application ("Exhibit J"). Included with Exhibit J is Schedule No. 1, which reflects the Company's calculated revenue requirement for the CEP deferral.

The Company's proposed revenue requirement and our recommended revenue requirement is shown on Attachment LA-1, Schedule No. 1, which is replicated in Exhibit 5-1 below.

Exhibit 5-1. Duke Energy Ohio CEP Revenue Requirement Calculation

Line	Description	Company Reference	Company Total (A)	Adjustments (B)	Adjusted (C) = (A) + (B)
Plant In-Service					
1	Additions	Schedule No. 4 Ln 9 (Sum of 2013 - 2018)	\$ 341,830,234	\$ (898,452)	\$ 340,931,782
2	Original Cost Retired	Schedule No. 4 Ln 15 (Sum of 2013 - 2018)	\$ 44,354,944	\$ -	\$ 44,354,944
3	Total Plant In-Service		\$ 297,475,290	\$ (898,452)	\$ 296,576,838
Less: Accumulation Provision for Depreciation					
4	Depreciation Expense	Schedule Nos. 5a & 5b	\$ 21,273,627	\$ (71,992)	\$ 21,201,635
5	2012 Rate Case Depreciation Offset	Schedule No. 11 Ln 5	\$ 225,989,904	\$ -	\$ 225,989,904
6	Original Cost Retired	Schedule No. 4 Ln 15 (Sum of 2013 - 2018)	\$ 44,354,944	\$ -	\$ 44,354,944
7	Total Accumulated Provision for Depreciation		\$ (202,908,587)	\$ 71,992	\$ (202,836,595)
8	Net Plant In-Service	Ln 3 + Ln 7	\$ 94,566,703	\$ (826,461)	\$ 93,740,242
Regulatory Assets					
9	Deferred Depreciation Expense	Schedule No. 3 Ln 1	\$ 21,273,627	\$ (71,992)	\$ 21,201,635
10	Post in Service Carrying Costs	Schedule No. 3 Ln 2	\$ 29,592,179	\$ (288,978)	\$ 29,303,201
11	Property Tax	Schedule No. 3 Ln 3	\$ 13,046,753	\$ 135,332	\$ 13,182,085
12	Cumulative Offset for Incremental Revenue	Schedule No. 3 Ln 4	\$ (18,930,741)	\$ -	\$ (18,930,741)
13	Total Regulatory Assets		\$ 44,981,818	\$ (225,637)	\$ 44,756,181
Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes					
14	Accumulated Deferred Income Tax on Post in Service Carrying Costs	Line 10 x 21%	\$ (6,214,358)	\$ 60,685	\$ (6,153,672)
15	Accumulated Deferred Income Tax on Property Tax	Line 11 x 21%	\$ (2,739,818)	\$ (28,420)	\$ (2,768,238)
16	Accumulated Deferred Income Tax on Cumulative Offset for Incremental Revenue	Line 12 x 21%	\$ 3,975,456	\$ -	\$ 3,975,456
17	Accumulated Deferred Income Tax on Liberalized Depreciation	Schedule 12 Ln 6	\$ (36,809,812)	\$ 72,876	\$ (36,736,936)
18	Total Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes		\$ (41,788,532)	\$ 105,141	\$ (41,683,390)
19	Less: Earnings Based Capitalized Incentives Impact on Rate Base			\$ (775,173)	\$ (775,173)
20	Net Rate Base		\$ 97,759,989	\$ (1,722,130)	\$ 96,037,860
21	Approved Pre-tax Rate of Return		9.16%	9.16%	9.16%
22	Annualized Return on Rate Base	Line 20 x Line 21	\$ 8,954,815	\$ (157,747)	\$ 8,797,068
Operating Expenses					
23	Total Regulatory Assets	Line 13 Above	\$ 44,981,818		\$ 44,756,181
24	Composite Depreciation Rate	2.54%			2.25%
25	Amortization of Regulatory Assets	Line 23 x Line 24	\$ 1,142,538	\$ (135,122)	\$ 1,007,416
26	Annualized Depreciation	Schedule 5a & Schedule 5b	\$ 9,093,544	\$ (29,779)	\$ 9,063,765
27	Annualized Property Tax Expense	Schedule 7	\$ 5,705,526	\$ 33,053	\$ 5,738,579
28	Total Annualized Operating Expenses		\$ 15,941,608	\$ (131,848)	\$ 15,809,760
29	Total Revenue Requirement	Sum Ln 22 - 28	\$ 24,896,423	\$ (289,595)	\$ 24,606,828
Allocation %					
30	Rate RS / RFT / RSLI	Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR, Schedule E-3.2f, page 7 of 14	72.35%		72.35%
31	Rate GS / FT Small		7.46%		7.46%
32	Rate GS / FT Large		15.62%		15.62%
33	Rate IT		4.57%		4.57%
34	Total Allocation		100.00%		100.00%
Annual Revenue Requirement					
35	Rate RS / RFT / RSLI / RFTLI	Ln 29 x Ln 30	\$ 18,011,940	\$ (209,514.73)	\$ 17,802,425
36	Rate GS / FT Small	Ln 26 x Ln 31	\$ 1,858,070	\$ (21,613.05)	\$ 1,836,457
37	Rate GS / FT Large	Ln 26 x Ln 32	\$ 3,888,199	\$ (45,227.50)	\$ 3,842,971
38	Rate IT / GGIT	Ln 26 x Ln 33	\$ 1,138,215	\$ (13,239.70)	\$ 1,124,975
39	Total Annual Revenue Requirement	Sum Ln 32 - 35	\$ 24,896,423	\$ (289,595)	\$ 24,606,828
Annual Bills Issued					
40	Rate RS / RFT / RSLI / RFTLI	Schedule 3 Ln 25	4,836,307		4,836,307
41	Rate GS / FT Small	Schedule 3 Ln 26	255,797		255,797
42	Rate GS / FT Large	Schedule 3 Ln 27	85,973		85,973
43	Rate IT / GGIT	Schedule 3 Ln 28	881		881
Estimated Monthly Rate Impact					
44	Rate RS / RFT / RSLI / RFTLI	Ln 35 ÷ Ln 40	\$ 3.72	\$ (0.04)	\$ 3.68
45	Rate GS / FT Small	Ln 36 ÷ Ln 41	\$ 7.26	\$ (0.08)	\$ 7.18
46	Rate GS / FT Large	Ln 37 ÷ Ln 42	\$ 45.23	\$ (0.53)	\$ 44.70
47	Rate IT / GGIT	Ln 38 ÷ Ln 43	\$ 1,291.96	\$ (15.03)	\$ 1,276.93

As shown in column A of the exhibit above at lines 1-3, the Company's revenue requirement calculation starts with total plant in-service, adjusted for retirements for adjusted plant in-service totaling \$297,475,290. This amount is then offset by the accumulated provision for depreciation (lines 4-7), which is comprised of depreciation expense of \$21,273,627, the 2012 rate case depreciation offset of \$225,989,904 (see additional discussion below) and the original cost retired of \$44,354,954 for a total accumulated provision for depreciation of \$202,908,587, which results in net plant in-service of \$94,566,703 as shown on line 8. As shown in column C, after reflecting our recommended adjustments to plant in-service and accumulated depreciation, our adjusted net plant in service is \$93,740,242, or \$826,461 lower than what DEO proposed.

The Company's revenue requirement calculation in column A then includes the CEP Deferral regulatory assets (lines 9-13) for depreciation expense of \$21,273,627, PISCC of \$29,592,179

and property tax expense of \$13,046,753. In addition, the Company included an offset for incremental revenue in the credit amount of \$18,930,741, which results in the regulatory assets netting to \$44,981,818. According to Mr. Brown's direct testimony, the offset for incremental revenue relates to revenue earned that is attributed to the CEP investments being requested for recovery in Rider CEP.¹⁵ As shown in column C, after giving effect to our recommended adjustments, our adjusted regulatory assets total \$44,756,181, or \$225,637 lower than DEO's proposed amount.

Lines 14-18 of the Company's revenue requirement calculation include an offset for ADIT that have been calculated for the PISCC, deferred property tax expense and the offset for incremental revenue using the federal corporate income tax rate of 21%. In addition, DEO included an offset for liberalized depreciation for a total ADIT offset of \$41,788,532. As shown in column C, after giving effect to our recommended adjustments, our adjusted ADIT totals \$41,683,390 or \$105,141 lower than DEO's proposed amount.

The sum of all the items discussed above as proposed by DEO results in a net rate base amount of \$97,759,989. The Company then multiplied this amount by 9.16%, which is the approved pre-tax rate of return that was set in accordance with the Stipulation in Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR. Note A at the bottom of Exhibit J, Schedule No. 1 states that upon the Tax Cut and Jobs Act of 2017 ("TCJA") being enacted, the pre-tax rate of return was adjusted to reflect the reduction of the federal corporate income tax rate from 35% to 21%.¹⁶ Applying the pre-tax rate of return to the net rate base results in an annualized return on rate base of \$8,954,815, as shown on line 21 of Exhibit 4-1. As shown in column B, we have reduced rate base by an additional \$775,173, which relates to our recommendation to remove earnings-based incentive compensation and stock-based compensation from CEP plant in-service. As shown in column C, after reflecting that adjustment and our adjusted ADIT, we recommend a net rate base amount of \$96,037,860. Upon applying the 9.16% rate of return, our recommended annualized return on rate base is \$8,797,068.

Lines 22-25 of column A Exhibit 5-1 above reflect the Company's proposed operating expenses for (1) the amortization of the regulatory assets of \$1,142,538 (see additional discussion below), (2) annualized depreciation of \$9,093,544, and (3) annualized property tax expense of \$5,705,526 for total annualized operating expenses of \$15,941,608. The sum of this amount and the annualized return on rate base of \$8,954,815 results in a total revenue requirement of \$24,896,423 as shown on line 26 of Exhibit 4-1. As shown in column C, after giving effect to our recommended adjustments to operating expenses, we are recommending a total revenue requirement of \$24,606,828, which is \$289,595 lower than DEO's proposed revenue requirement.

Lines 30-47 show how the Company's proposed and Larkin's proposed revenue requirements would be allocated among the Company's rate classes, including the estimated monthly rate impacts.

¹⁵ See the direct testimony of DEO witness Jay Brown at page 5, lines 20-22.

¹⁶ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-42 for the calculation of the 9.16% pre-tax rate of return.

2012 Depreciation Offset

As noted above, the Company's CEP revenue requirement calculation includes the 2012 depreciation offset in the amount of \$225,989,904. According to the DEO's response to LARKIN-DR-01-125, the 2012 depreciation offset is an estimate of the accumulated depreciation accrued from January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2018 related to plant balances. The Company stated that if the estimated accumulated depreciation had not been reflected as an offset, rate base would have been overstated because the Company's revenue requirement calculation would only reflect additions and not the corresponding accumulated depreciation that has accrued since the Company's most recent rate case (i.e., Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR). The 2012 depreciation offset is discussed in more detail in a later section of our report.

Amortization of Regulatory Assets

As noted above, the operating expenses in the Company's CEP revenue requirement calculation includes the amortization of the regulatory assets (which total \$44,981,818) in the amount of \$1,142,538. Note B at the bottom of Exhibit J, Schedule No. 1 states: "For purposes of this calculation, Duke Energy Ohio used a composite depreciation rate calculated using data from the 2015 FERC Form 2." Specifically, the 2015 composite depreciation rate used by DEO is 2.54%, which was calculated by dividing the 2015 depreciation and amortization of \$49,194,937 (page 337 of the 2015 FERC Form 2) and dividing it by the 2015 total gas plant in-service of \$1,935,849,008 (page 209 of the 2015 FERC Form 2). The Company's use of the 2015 composite depreciation rate and our recommendation to use a composite depreciation rate of 2.25% is discussed in more detail in Chapter 9 of our report.

As discussed in Chapters 6, 7, 8, and 9 of our report, based on our review of the Company's CEP filing and workpapers, we are recommending adjustments which will impact the Company's revenue requirement calculation for the CEP Deferral.

6 DETAILED ANALYSIS, FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Review Period

Larkin's review was focused on whether DEO has accurately accounted for its plant in-service and depreciation reserve as of December 31, 2018, and whether those investments were used and useful, necessary, reasonable, and prudent. Our review included all capital assets from the Company's most recent rate case (i.e., a date certain of March 31, 2012 as set forth in Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR) through December 31, 2018, with a focus on CEP expenditures from January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2018.

The following sections discuss Larkin's review of the Company's processes and controls, variance analysis and detailed transaction testing. We have also included a summary of our findings and recommendations, including recommended adjustments.

Larkin did not perform a management audit, but did review DEO's processes and controls to ensure that they were sufficient and did not adversely affect the plant balances in distribution and general net plant in-service. Based on the documents we reviewed, Larkin obtained an understanding of the Company's processes and controls. In addition, Larkin reviewed internal audit reports that were conducted on various areas of DEO's operations such that they could affect the utility plant in-service balances. In addition to reviewing the Company's formal policies and procedures, Larkin conducted telephone interviews, which focused on understanding the processes and any changes that have been made during the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018.

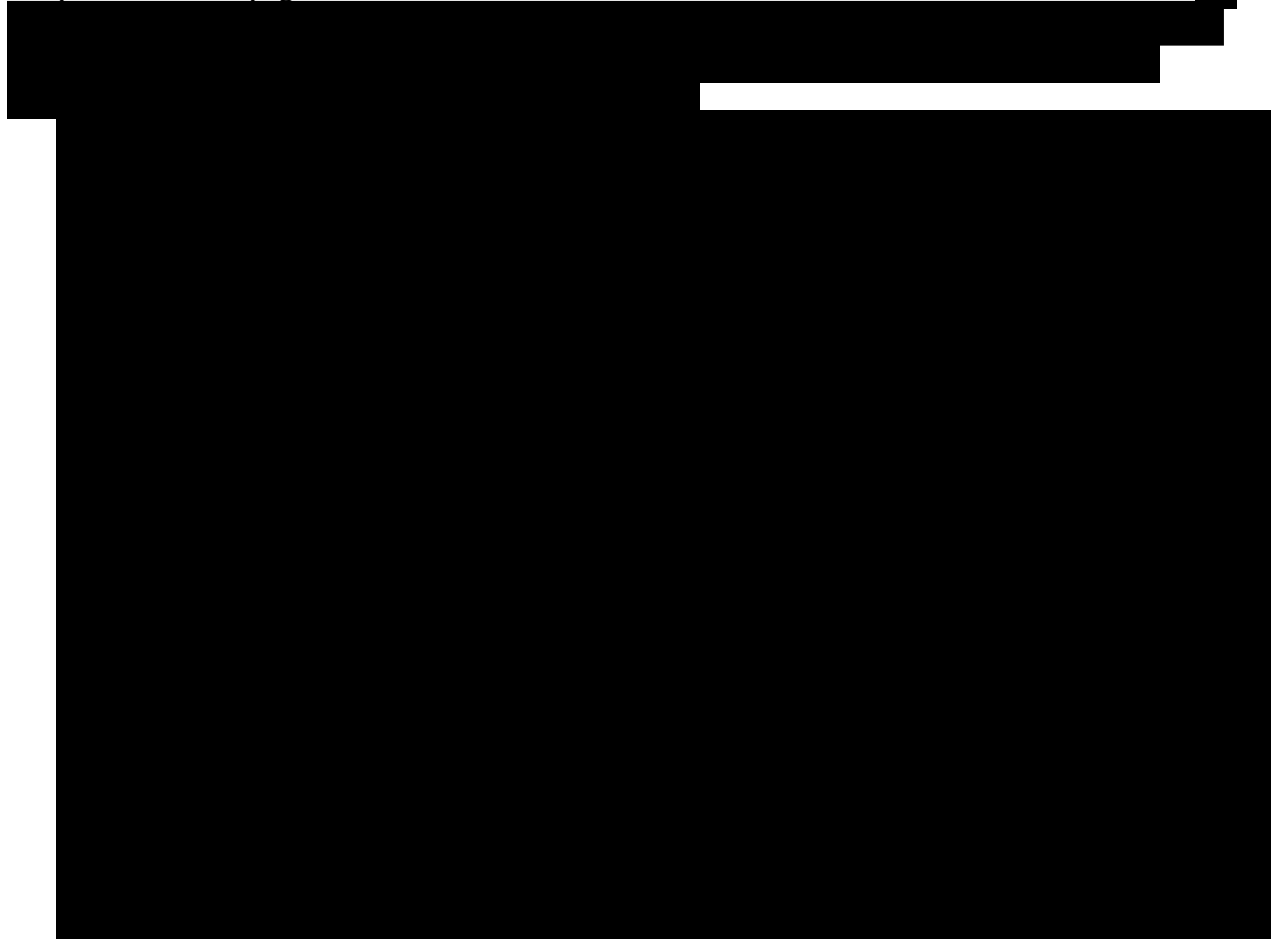
Capitalization and Budgeting Policies

We requested that DEO provide its capital budgeting and planning activities, including (1) forecasting methods; (2) risk assessment practices; and (3) prioritization methods for addressing risk. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-009, the Company stated:

Duke Energy's Financial Planning and Analysis ("FP&A") department manages an annual budgeting process that includes input from multiple groups across the Company. The process uses a "bottoms-up" approach that consists of several phases. To start, each functional organization that performs work for Duke Energy Ohio receives capital budget guidelines provided by Duke Energy's FP&A Department. In coordination with their budgeting partners, the functions then develop capital budgets, which are informed and prioritized by business objectives. The results of these budgets are reviewed by the respective leaders in each function.

During the budget process, functional teams work to develop capital budgets and prioritize investments based on many factors, including: regulatory and compliance requirements, customer requirements, system reliability, the integrated resource plan for each jurisdiction, capital constraints, and business objectives. As part of this work, the Company then engages in a capital optimization process, which compares and prioritizes capital projects across functions.

The Company's written guidelines and/or policies and procedures related to capital spending (i.e., plant additions, new construction, plant replacement, and plant retirements) during the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018 are contained in the Duke Energy Capitalization Guidelines (Consolidated Guidelines), which were provided in the confidential response to LARKIN-DR-01-010. DEO provided five different versions of the capitalization guidelines, which were dated as follows: January 1, 2010 ("2010 version"); January 1, 2014 ("2014 version"), January 1, 2016 ("2016 version"), January 1, 2017 ("2017 version") and January 1, 2018 ("2018 version"). Each version of the capitalization guidelines were voluminous at upwards of 200 pages. In addition, the Executive Brief section of each version stated that



¹⁷ The attachments provided in response to LARKIN-DR-01-60 (for 2013-2018) indicate that DEO calculates AFUDC in accordance with FERC Order No. 561, which was issued on October 22, 1993.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

With all of these different versions of its capitalization guidelines, we asked the Company to clarify (i.e., identify and explain any significant changes in capitalization policy during the period 2012 through 2018), and specifically, how such changes during that period affected the accounting for DEO gas utility and/or CEP investments in any year. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-87, the Company stated that one significant change resulting from new FASB or FERC guidance was follows:

2016 forward: Customer's Accounting for Fees Paid in a Cloud Computing Arrangement. The FASB guidance in ASU 2015-05 which clarifies the circumstances under which a cloud computing customer would account for the arrangement as a license of internal-use software under ASC 350-40.

As it relates to DEO's gas utility and/or CEP investments in 2016 and forward, DEO stated that the change noted in the passage above would only affect DEO's accounting to the extent that cloud based applications were capitalized.¹⁸ The Company confirmed in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-137 that no amounts related to cloud computing were capitalized for DEO Gas in either 2016, 2017, or 2018. In addition, while there amounts capitalized for cloud computing for DEO affiliates in 2016, 2017 and 2018, none of these amounts were charged or allocated to DEO Gas.

There were no major events during the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2018 that impacted the Company's plant in-service balances.¹⁹

Conclusion

¹⁸ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-87(b).

¹⁹ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-46.

Larkin concluded that the Company's capitalization guidelines, policies, and procedures are not unreasonable.

Internal Audits

We requested that DEO identify and provide all internal audits that were conducted for the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018 in the following areas: (1) CEP; (2) capital expenditures; (3) continuing property records; (4) capitalization of costs; (5) accounting for overhead costs; and (6) property taxes. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-21, the Company stated that no internal audits had been conducted in the foregoing areas during the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018.

Based on the foregoing, we expanded our request by asking DEO to provide a listing of (1) all internal audits that were conducted by or of the Company in 2012-2019; (2) all internal audits that were conducted by or of any affiliates that charged costs to DEO in 2012-2019; (3) all of the Company's SOX compliance audits on internal controls that were conducted on the Company in 2012-2019; and (4) all FERC audits that were conducted on the Company in 2012-2018. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-28, the Company provided a confidential list of all internal audits conducted for the first and second categories listed above. With regard to DEO's SOX compliance audits on internal controls, the Company referred to the opinion on internal controls over financial reporting that is provided as part of its annual financial statement audit each year. In addition, DEO stated that there were no FERC audits conducted in years 2012 through 2019.

We reviewed the confidential listings and selected several internal audits for each year 2013 through 2018, which the Company provided in its confidential response to LARKIN-DR-01-41. Of all the internal audit reports we selected and reviewed, the vast majority had no reportable conditions. However, there were a few internal audit reports, that we discussed with the Company during the telephone interview conducted on January 21, 2020. During the interview, the Company stated that it has a formal system in place to track the internal audit reports and holds the Company accountable when issues are encountered and that the Internal Audit Department goes back and validates that management implements corrections and/or mitigates any issues disclosed by the Internal Audit Department.

Larkin also reviewed the opinions on internal controls over financial reporting in the Company's annual financial statement audits and found no issues reported. With regard to CEP, the Company stated during the telephone interview that CEP "exists on a spreadsheet" and is limited to certain individuals, and that there is no formal program for CEP for which an internal audit can be conducted.

Internal controls over the CEP spreadsheet and updating it periodically should be established.

Historical Plant Balances

Larkin reviewed the information provided on the plant in-service schedules to confirm the reasonableness of the balances. Specifically, these schedules included the Company's plant in-service by major plant groupings on Schedule B-2, plant in service by account and subaccount on

Schedule B-2.1, and gross additions, retirements and transfers on Schedule B-2.3. In addition, the Company provided a breakout by year of the gross additions, retirements, and transfers on Workpaper WPB-2.3. The information on WPB-2.3 ties into the aforementioned B schedules and is the schedule we used to confirm the total Company plant in-service balances.

We reviewed the gross additions, retirements, and transfers on WPB-2.3 and compared them to DEO's historical plant records, which the Company provided in response to LARKIN-DR-01-001. We were able to tie out the majority of the amounts reflected on WPB-2.3 to the historical plant records. However, for 2018, we noted a number of significant differences between the retirements listed in the historical plant records to what DEO included on WPB-2.3. We asked DEO to reconcile each of the discrepancies noted. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-40, the Company provided the following explanation:

As of December 31, 2018, there was a retirement entry that was recorded only within the general ledger and not within the fixed asset system. The entry applies to the various Company plant accounts as shown below. The second column shows the grouping within WPB-2.3a where the on-top was reflected. This entry was not in the fixed asset system so is not in the historical plant records within DR01-001, but had to be added to WPB-2.3 so that it can tie to the G/L.

The schedule referenced in the passage above is replicated in the following exhibit:

Exhibit 6-1. 2018 Retirement Entries

Category	Company Account	Per WPB 2.3	ARC Failure Adjustment
Common	19000	1900	\$ (4,193,293)
	19100	1910	\$ (312,525)
	19700	1970	\$ (720,579)
	19800	1980	\$ (8,586)
		Common	\$ (5,234,984)
Distribution	27401	2741	\$ (111,953)
	27500	2750	\$ (61,317)
	27602	combined below	\$ (1,571,655)
	27605	combined below	\$ (3,930,096)
	27607	combined below	\$ (963,009)
		2762, 2765, 2767, 2769	\$ (6,464,760)
	27603	combined below	\$ (2,106,594)
	27608	combined below	\$ (1,205,778)
		2763, 2768	\$ (3,312,372)
	27800	2780	\$ (2,462,673)
	27801	2781	\$ (460,749)
	27802	2782	\$ (405,506)
	27900	2790	\$ (108,563)
	28003	combined below	\$ (8,473)
	28006	combined below	\$ (1,271)
		2803, 2805, 2806, 2807	\$ (9,744)
General	28500	2850	\$ (3,204)
	19000	2900	\$ (2,140)
	29100	2910	\$ (150,291)
	29500	2950	\$ (1,396)
	29700	2970	\$ (3,652)
Intangibles	20300	2030	\$ (6,560)
Manufactured	20500	2050	\$ (39,372)
	21100	2110	\$ (267,186)
		Gas	\$ (13,871,438)
Source: LARKIN-01-40			

As shown in the exhibit above, the adjustment related to the discrepancies totals \$13,871,438 (see additional discussion below).

The response to LARKIN-DR-01-001 included Attachment H, which the Company stated is a reconciliation to FERC by rider and other exclusions. This reconciliation is replicated in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 6-2. Reconciliations to FERC by Rider and Other Exclusions

Line No.	Description	Beginning Balance	4/1/2012/12/31/2012	Year 2013	Year 2014	Year 2015	Year 2016	Year 2017	Year 2018	Ending Balance
1	Production Plant	\$ 11,408,390	\$ 4,440,233	\$ 1,135,320	\$ (168,071)	\$ 905,949	\$ 17,729,779	\$ (17,104,469)	\$ 787,658	\$ 19,134,791
2	Distribution Plant	\$ 1,528,869,449	\$ 61,097,124	\$ 92,161,053	\$ 85,160,983	\$ 57,419,101	\$ 99,882,033	\$ 61,848,646	\$ 78,778,689	\$ 2,065,217,077
3	General Plant	\$ 28,540,790	\$ 29,009,755	\$ 7,472,398	\$ 4,454,435	\$ 948,756	\$ 7,885,075	\$ 16,327,880	\$ 17,604,224	\$ 112,243,311
4	Common Plant	\$ 316,993,656	\$ 9,594,656	\$ 54,319,406	\$ 20,778,068	\$ (54,111,529)	\$ (3,036,587)	\$ 17,426,176	\$ 4,334,919	\$ 366,298,764
5	Total Additions, Retirements & Transfers B schedules	\$ 1,885,812,285	\$ 104,141,768	\$ 155,088,177	\$ 110,225,415	\$ 5,162,278	\$ 122,460,299	\$ 78,498,232	\$ 101,505,490	\$ 2,562,893,944
6	CEP B SCH Year End Balances	\$ 1,885,812,285	\$ 1,989,954,053	\$ 2,145,042,229	\$ 2,255,267,644	\$ 2,260,429,922	\$ 2,382,890,222	\$ 2,461,388,454	\$ 2,562,893,944	
7	CEP B SCH Year End Balances w/o Common	\$ 1,568,818,629	\$ 1,663,365,741	\$ 1,764,134,511	\$ 1,853,581,858	\$ 1,912,855,665	\$ 2,038,352,552	\$ 2,099,424,608	\$ 2,196,595,179	
8	Reconciling Item 375 / 2750 / Structures & Improvements					\$ (72,132)	\$ (16,844,341)			
9	Reconciling Item 381 / 2810, 2811 / Meters					\$ 23,065,474				
10	FERC Form 2 Gas Plant in Service		\$ 1,663,365,740	\$ 1,764,134,512	\$ 1,853,581,859	\$ 1,935,849,008	\$ 2,021,508,212	\$ 2,099,424,610	\$ 2,196,595,180	
11	Incremental Gas Plant In-service		\$ 94,547,112	\$ 100,768,771	\$ 89,447,347	\$ 82,267,149	\$ 85,659,204	\$ 77,916,397	\$ 97,170,571	
12	Reconciling Items									
13	CEP			\$ 17,677,711	\$ 22,792,911	\$ 37,470,981	\$ 49,913,859	\$ 79,568,151	\$ 90,051,676	\$ 297,475,290
14	AMRP	\$ 67,056,748	\$ 65,237,342	\$ 59,952,369	\$ 38,324,708					
15	Rider AU	\$ 12,416,689	\$ 23,333,565	\$ 5,033,648	\$ (151,995)					
16	Less Rider AU Common	\$ (5,531,194)	\$ (8,291,903)	\$ (2,796,044)	\$ 2,580					
17	Less Rider AU Acct 17001	\$ (866,164)	\$ (7,988,510)	\$ (675,242)	\$ 2,518					
18	Production plant is not included in Rider CEP	\$ 4,440,233	\$ 1,135,320	\$ (168,071)	\$ 905,949	\$ 17,729,779	\$ (17,104,469)	\$ 787,658		
19	Plant placed in service 4/1/12 - 12/31/12 is not included in Rider CEP	\$ 17,302,659								
20	Accelerated Service Line Replacement Program is not included in Rider CEP				\$ 1,685,700	\$ 10,511,649	\$ 8,317,312	\$ 11,798,827		
21	Asset Retirement Obligation Costs are not included in Rider CEP	\$ (416,600)	\$ (1,052,563)	\$ -	\$ 2,499,347	\$ 1,942,551	\$ 4,836,617	\$ 550,864		
22	Business Unit 75027 in Account 20300 - Misc Intangible Plant is not included in CEP	\$ 144,740	\$ 0	\$ 418,084	\$ 309,628	\$ 3,408,085	\$ 90,045	\$ 7,600,586		
23	2018 Retirement On-Top entry not included in Rider CEP							\$ (13,558,319)		
24	Projects started prior to 2013 placed in Service after 2013 not included in Rider CEP		\$ 9,662,268	\$ 3,137,406	\$ 648,700	\$ 265,939	\$ 304,318			
25	Other	\$ -	\$ 1,055,540	\$ 1,752,285	\$ 569,031	\$ 1,887,343	\$ 1,904,422	\$ (60,722)		
26	Total	\$ 94,547,112	\$ 100,768,771	\$ 89,447,347	\$ 82,267,149	\$ 85,659,204	\$ 77,916,397	\$ 97,170,571		
26	Source LARKIN-DR-01-001, Attachment H									

By way of explanation, the amounts shown on lines 1-5 in the exhibit above are the historical total Company plant in-service amounts for the period April 1, 2012 through December 31, 2018. These amounts tie back to Company Exhibit I, Schedule B-2.1 - Plant In-Service By Accounts and Subaccounts. Lines 6 and 7 show the cumulative year-end balances with and without common plant included. The Company stated that the reconciling items on lines 8 and 9 reflect CEP filing data that is off by one year. The 2015 reconciling item of \$23,065,474 relates to what the Company referred to an "un-retirement".²⁰ The 2016 reconciling item of \$16,844,341 relates to the construction costs associated with the Kellogg Eastern Gas Operations Center, which was placed into service in 2017.²¹ After reflecting the reconciling items, the totals tie to the Company's filed FERC Form 2's as shown on line 10. Line 11 reflects the incremental gas plant in-service (i.e., lines 1-3 and the reconciling items on lines 8-9).

As shown on line 12, the Company has broken out the amounts included in CEP, which total \$297,475,290, which tie out to Exhibit J, Schedule No. 1 from DEO's CEP filing. In addition, Rider AMRP and Rider AU amounts as well as various other items that have been excluded from CEP expenditures are shown on lines 13-24 with the totals on line 25 equaling the total Company incremental gas plant in-service amounts on line 11.

With regard to Rider AMRP and Rider AU (and common allocations to Rider AU), those riders ceased as of 2014 and 2015, respectively. Therefore, as explained in the response to LARKIN-DR-01-47, once those riders ended, projects that would have been included in them shifted over to CEP.

With regard to the other reconciling items shown on lines 17-24 in the exhibit above, DEO provided the following explanations:

²⁰ This "un-retirement" is discussed in further detail in Chapter 8 of this report.

²¹ As discussed in Chapter 6 under the Field Inspections and Table Top Reviews section, this facility was the subject of a table top review and video walkthrough.

- Line 17: During the telephone interview on January 21, 2020, the Company stated that it took the conservative approach that production plant should not be included in CEP.
- Line 18: Plant into service prior to 2013 is not included in CEP.
- Line 19: Per the response to LARKIN-DR-01-50, the Service Line Replacement Program costs were excluded from CEP because the Company had previously proposed that these costs be recovered through a separate rider (Rider ASRP), but that this rider was never implemented.
- Line 20: Per the response to LARKIN-DR-01-50, Asset Retirement Obligation ("ARO") costs were excluded because (1) DEO already charges depreciation to a separate regulatory asset account, and (2) ARO costs have been removed from rate base in previous rate cases.
- Line 21: Per the response to LARKIN-DR-01-50, Business Unit 75027 was excluded in error.
- Line 22: See below.
- Line 23: Per the response to LARKIN-DR-01-50, projects prior to 2013 were excluded because the CEP deferral was approved for 2013 and forward. While the projects listed on line 23 were placed into service after 2013, the Company took a conservative approach and chose not to defer the costs of these projects since the start date was prior to 2013.
- Line 24: Per the response to LARKIN-DR-01-50, the Company did not identify the additional excluded items embedded in the "Other" category.

With regard to the 2018 Retirement On-Top entry in the amount of \$13,558,319, this relates to the 2018 retirement adjustment discussed above and broken out in Exhibit 6-1. According to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-50, this On-Top entry was excluded because only data from PowerPlan (DEO's plant accounting system) is queried to identify CEP projects. The exhibit below reconciles the difference between the \$13,871,438 shown in Exhibit 6-1 above and the \$13,558,319 On-Top Entry.

Exhibit 6-3. Reconciliation of 2018 On-Top Entry

Description	Amount
LARKIN-DR-01-40 Attachment	\$ (13,871,438)
LARKIN-DR-01-001 Attachment H	\$ (13,558,319)
Difference	\$ (313,119)
Intangibles - Acct 20300 Inadvertently Excluded	\$ (6,560)
Manufactured - Accts 20500 & 21100	\$ (306,558)
Unexplained Difference	\$ (1)
Total	\$ (313,119)
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-85	

The response to LARKIN-DR-01-85 stated that the \$13,558,319 On-Top entry was excluded from the 2018 CEP costs of \$90,051,676 as On-Top entries have historically been excluded from CEP deferral calculations. In addition, the Company chose to exclude common plant from CEP due to the complexity of tracking allocated assets with various annual allocation factors.²²

Conclusion

Based on the foregoing, including the Company's explanations for the discrepancies discussed above, we are satisfied that the Company's historical plant records are accurate.

As discussed in Chapter 9 of this report, we are recommending adjustments which impact the CEP plant balances, which in turn, impact the total Company plant balances. The impacts of our recommended CEP-related adjustments to the total Company plant balances are shown on Attachment LA-2.

Detailed Transactional Testing

For the period 2013 through 2018, the Company provided a list of 3,216 work orders, which are identified by Project ID number in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-35. Of the 3,216 total work orders, 1,737 were CEP-related as shown in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 6-4. Summary of Project ID Work Orders

Description	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total
CEP-Related Projects	146	199	266	474	319	333	1,737
Non-CEP Projects	395	386	258	157	122	161	1,479
Total Projects	541	585	524	631	441	494	3,216
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-35							

Using the list of Project ID work orders summarized above, we selected a sample of project work orders in accordance to the sampling guidelines discussed below.

Audit Sampling

Larkin used the guidance provided in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Audit Guide-Audit Sampling dated March 1, 2014 ("AICPA Audit Sampling Guide" or "Sampling Guide"). Paragraphs 3.96 and 4.07 of the AICPA Audit Sampling guide listed a number of key items that are commonly documented for audit samples. Each of these items is discussed below.

²² See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-50(d).

The objectives of the test and the accounts and assertions affected.

The objectives of this audit test are to ascertain whether the balances recorded by DEO for the CEP expenditures have been appropriately recorded and the costs relate to the CEP and are reasonable and prudent with respect to the capital expenditures that qualify as CEP. This objective is thus deeper than merely matching the amount of the vendor invoice with the amount recorded by DEO in the general ledger. The detail of the capital expenditures need to be reviewed, with an understanding of how it relates to the CEP, and whether the costs are necessary, reasonable, and prudent.

The definition of the population and the sampling unit, including how the auditor considered the completeness of the population.

The Sample Guide at paragraph 4.06 indicates that:

The population consists of the items constituting the account balance or class of transactions of interest subject to audit sampling. It is best practice for the auditor to determine at the beginning of the sampling application that the population from which he or she selects the sample is appropriate for the specific audit objective, because sample results can be projected only to the population from which the sample was selected.

The Sample Guide at paragraph 4.07 includes the following guidance about testing debit and credit balance items:

Because the nature of the transactions resulting in debit balances, credit balances, and zero balances typically differ, the audit considerations might also differ because the risks and relevant assertions may differ. Therefore, the auditor usually considers whether the population to be sampled should include all those items together. For example, a retailer's accounts-receivable balance may include both debit and credit balances. The debit balances may result from customer sales on credit, whereas the credit balances might result from advance payments or credit memos and therefore represent liabilities. The audit objectives and assertions for testing those debit and credit balances might be different (for example, the auditor might be more concerned about completeness of credit balances versus existence for the debit balances). If the amount of credit balances is significant, the auditor might find it more effective and efficient to perform separate tests of the debit balances and the credit balances. In that case, the debit and credit balances might be defined as separate populations for the purpose of audit sampling.

The AICPA Audit Sampling Guide at paragraph 4.13 states that:

A sampling unit is any of the individual elements that constitute the population. The auditor identifies a sampling unit for a particular audit sampling application. A sampling unit might be a customer account balance, an individual transaction,

or an individual entry within a transaction (for example, an individual line item included on a sales invoice)

The Sampling Guide at paragraph 4.14 indicates that the effectiveness and efficiency in relation to the objective of the test should be considered, and the ease of applying alternative procedures may also be a consideration.

The definition of a misstatement.

A misstatement is defined as a CEP expenditure amount in the project ID listings provided by DEO which cannot be verified to selected invoices or other documentation. A misstatement also includes vendor dollars recorded by DEO to the CEP which are determined to not be necessary and/or determined to be unreasonable for the CEP expenditures.

The risk of incorrect acceptance or level of desired assurance (confidence).

AU section 350, Audit Sampling (AICPA, Professional Standards), discusses the specific terms and risk of assessing control risk too low (when sampling for tests of controls) and risk of incorrect acceptance (for substantive testing). Paragraph 1.289(a) of the Sampling Guide, indicates that in the case of a test of details, there is a risk that a material misstatement does not exist when, in fact, it does. The auditor is primarily concerned with this type of erroneous conclusion because it affects audit effectiveness and is more likely to lead to an inappropriate audit opinion.

The risk of incorrect rejection, if used.

The risk of incorrect rejection for substantive tests refers to a situation where a test of details suggests that a material misstatement exists when, in fact, it does not. This type of erroneous conclusion affects audit efficiency because it would usually lead to additional work to establish that inclusion conclusions were incorrect. (See, e.g., paragraph 1.289(b) of the Sampling Guide.)

Estimated and tolerable misstatement.

The AICPA Professional Standards at AU-C section 530, Audit Sampling suggests that the auditor examine separately those items of high risk or for which accepting some sampling risk is not justified. According to paragraph .A15 of AU-C section 530, “the auditor might first separately examine those items deemed to be of relatively high risk and then use audit sampling ... to form an estimate of some characteristic of the remaining population.” For example, individually material items or high risk items might be selected and tested 100 percent before sampling the remainder.

Paragraph 6.17 of the Sample Guide states that:

Items in the population with negative balances require special consideration, usually because they have different risk characteristics. One way is to exclude them from the selection process and test them separately. Another approach is to change the sign of the negative items and add them to the positive population before selection, thereby testing the entire population in one sample. The latter approach is typically used only when there are few negative items and few or no misstatements expected, as the evaluation of misstatements involving negative items that were included in the population may necessitate the assistance of a statistical sampling specialist to interpret the results. Some auditors therefore use only the former approach.

The audit sampling technique used.

The sampling technique used involved stratifying the population by the dollar amounts of the CEP-related project IDs (work orders). To facilitate the verification of work orders charged to CEP expenditures for each year 2013 through 2018, the population of work orders was stratified each year into the following groups by work order dollar amounts:

- 1) Work orders ranging between 60%-70% of the total CEP expenditures for each year (see below) were all selected for review.
- 2) Work orders between \$100,000 and \$2.6 million.
- 3) Work orders between \$10,000 and \$100,000.
- 4) Work orders below \$10,000 and credit up to -\$10,000.
- 5) Work orders showing credits of -\$10,000 or more. All (i.e., 100%) of the credit balance items of more than \$10,000 were selected for review.

With regard to category 1, the percentage of work orders selected for each year 2013 through 2018 were as follows:

Exhibit 6-5. Percentage of Work Orders Selected For Sampling - 2013 through 2018

Description	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Work Orders Selected for Sample	\$ 15,271,964	\$ 16,572,912	\$ 25,837,584	\$ 40,778,619	\$ 49,796,410	\$ 58,253,757
Total Work Orders	\$ 21,836,708	\$ 26,323,191	\$ 42,285,969	\$ 68,466,517	\$ 77,798,257	\$ 95,136,703
Percentage of Work Order Selected	70%	63%	61%	60%	64%	61%

For categories 1 and 5, all work orders (a 100% sample based on auditor judgment) were selected for review. For categories 2, 3 and 4, work orders were randomly selected from each of those populations by applying a random-number generator in Excel to the listing of CEP-related work orders provided by DEO.

For each year 2013 through 2018, we requested that the Company provide the following information for each Project ID work order selected in our sample:

- A detailed description, scope, and objective of the work, including service area location and any other identifiers, such as budget mapping.
- Work order justification and approval at the highest approval level available based on the nature of the work order.
- Estimated in-service date and actual in-service date.
- For non-blanket work orders, and blanket work orders where the specific blanket work orders can be specifically identified as part of the larger project or program, provide budget and total cost with any explanation of variances in excess of 10%.
- Supporting cost detail for each addition to plant (run of charges by FERC account and units). The detail should be by charge code (or charge code description) with amounts by year and month. Examples of charge codes descriptions would include such information as payroll, contractor charges, overheads, other allocations, materials and supplies, transportation, and employee expenses.
- Supporting detail for retirements, cost of removal and salvage, if applicable, charged or credited to plant. Provide the description, units, amount, and date recorded.

The Company provided the Project ID work orders from our selected samples for each year in its responses to LARKIN-DR-01-64 (2013); LARKIN-DR-01-65 (2014); LARKIN-DR-01-66 (2015); LARKIN-DR-01-67 (2016); LARKIN-DR-01-68 (2017); and LARKIN-DR-01-69 (2018).

Based on our review of the Project ID work order detail provided in the responses listed above, Larkin is satisfied that the Company's work order system is generally functioning as intended. However, as discussed below, there have been problems with projects being properly unitized once they are completed and placed into service.

Insurance Recoveries

The Company has not had any significant distribution or general plant events that resulted in an insurance claim recovery of \$50,000 or greater during the period 2013 through 2018 nor were there any pending distribution or general plant insurance claims as of December 31, 2018 that are recorded or accrued that would be charged to capital.²³

Unitization Backlog

In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-37(g), the Company described its unitization process as follows:

CEP assets are unitized using the same unitization process as other assets. Unitization is a cost allocation process which provides costs and quantities for individual retirement units charged to a capital project. Unitization occurs for

²³ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-61.

projects which have been moved from work in progress-CWIP account 107 to completed construction-not classified-account 106; and are closed for all charges. The cost of an asset is derived from actual charges. The costs are allocated (break down) to the utility accounts using the latest "as-built" or the latest "estimate" on the project. The resulting unitization journal moves the project cost from the completed construction-not classified account 106 to the completed construction-classified account 101-Plant in service.

Upon reviewing the work order detail (identified by Project ID number) that was provided in response to LARKIN-DR-01-35, we noted that for each year 2013 through 2018, there were many completed projects that have not been unitized. In response to our inquiry for why so many projects have not been unitized, in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-70, the Company provided the following explanation:

The unitization process entails manual touchpoints in order to finalize the projects constructed and/or retired, and ensure the reasonableness of our asset records. Historically, this activity has fallen behind due to either lack of staffing focus on this effort, or overcoming other setbacks such as system conversions. In 2019, the Central Project Accounting group began a coordinated effort to address the lagging unitizations and we achieved more unitizations in 2019 than what was achieved in the preceding 4 years (2015-2018). This also exceeded the unitization amounts accomplished in 2014 when Duke employed a significant focus to catch up the unitization backlog. We will continue this focus and execution in 2020 and beyond in order to address the remainder of the backlog.

We recommend that the Company continue its efforts to address the unitization backlog discussed above in order for the Company to properly reflect completed projects that are in-service as unitized.

Field Inspections and Table Top Reviews

For the field inspections and table top reviews, Larkin selected four projects, several of which had multiple assets. The following criteria were used for the field inspection and/or table top review:

- The assets were operational (used and useful) and providing service to DEO's ratepayers.
- The purpose of the project was reasonable.
- The assets that were installed were in accordance with the original scope of work, and no assets were installed that were not in the original scope of work.
- The equipment that was installed matched the equipment that was capitalized.
- Company personnel understood the scope of work and were able to provide Larkin and Staff with detailed answers to questions about the work.
- Problems identified during the process of construction were identified and discussed.

- The project was not overbuilt.

The four projects selected for field inspections and/or table top reviews included (1) the Dicks Creek Project, (2) the Kellogg Eastern Gas Operations Center, (3) Line A000b, and (4) Line D000b.

The physical onsite field inspections for Dicks Creek and the Eastern Gas Ops Center were scheduled to be conducted by Larkin and the Commission Staff on Monday, March 16, 2020. However, due to the COVID-19, on March 14, 2020, management at DEO restricted anyone other than Company personnel to be on its premises, thus the onsite field visit was cancelled. As the COVID-19 pandemic worsened over the weeks that followed, resulting in statewide stay-home orders (for both Michigan and Ohio), Larkin, Staff, and the Company discussed ways in which the onsite field visits could be conducted remotely. Through these discussions, it was ultimately determined that the most efficient manner in which to conduct the field inspections for Dicks Creek and the Eastern Gas Ops Center, in lieu of physically visiting these facilities, was through a combination of (1) table top reviews and review of as-built diagrams using Microsoft Team Meetings, and (2) a member of DEO personnel conducting walkthroughs of both Dicks Creek and the Eastern Gas Ops Center while filming the walkthroughs using his cell phone, which was viewable to Larkin and Staff using Microsoft Team Meetings. As it relates to Line A000b and Line D000b, since both of these projects are essentially underground with no portion of either viewable, the review of these projects were conducted via table top reviews and a review of the as-built documentation using Microsoft Team Meetings.

The table top reviews/reviews and the video walkthroughs were conducted on April 9-10, 2020. A discussion of each of the four projects selected for field inspections is in the section below.

Dicks Creek Project (consists of two separate Project ID work orders)

Type of Inspection: Video onsite field visit and table top reviews of as-built diagrams and work orders

Location: 632 Todhunter Road, Monroe, OH 45050

First Project ID Number: G8160 - STA 120 Dicks Creek Reg Sta Replace

Project Description: Replace gas heater, 1st and 2nd stage regulation/piping, add filter/separator; abandon gas plant connections.

Project Cost: \$12,487,188

In-Service Date: 2018

Second Project ID Number: R1489 - Dicks Creek SCADA

Project Description: Install SCADA and Odorizer building with 4,000 gallon odorant tank. Nes station RTU. Civil design build cement pads.

Project Cost: \$1,905,809

In-Service Date: 2018

During the table top review held on April 9, 2020, the Company stated that the Dicks Creek project, which was approved in the 2013-2014 time period, was related to replacing a gas heater, two regulator pressure skids (one at 438 psi and the other at 225 psi), installing a new filter separator, installing a new odorant tank and installing an ultrasonic metering skid. The facility that was replaced was an older propane peak shaving plant which had an undersized heater for the volume of gas flowing through. The Company stated that the driver for this project, as determined by Integrity Management, was to separate propane from natural gas and increasing capacity through the station.

The Company stated that project was approved in during the 2013-2014 time frame on a Delegation of Authority ("DOA") basis and that final approval was signed off on by the Company's Vice President. The Issued For Construction ("IFC") was approved on May 16, 2017.²⁴

As noted above, a second project built in conjunction with Dicks Creek is identified by Project ID number R1489 and relates to installing a SCADA²⁵ system to be used exclusively for natural gas.

As previously discussed, the Company provided a comparison of its budgeted CEP expenditures to the actual CEP expenditures for each year 2013 through 2018.²⁶ For 2018, the budget to actual comparison for distribution improvement reflected a total unfavorable variance of \$26.5 million. The response to LARKIN-DR-01-49 stated that the \$26.5 million variance was mainly driven by work on the Dicks Creek project, which had significant delays in 2018. We requested that DEO identify and explain these significant delays. In its supplemental response to LARKIN-DR-01-49, the Company stated that the in-service date for Dicks Creek was pushed out to September 2018 for the following reasons:

- The tie-in work began in Spring 2018 as planned, however the tie-ins were completed with in-company resources and the tie-ins were performed sequentially and not in parallel. This partly contributed to the delay until September 2018.
- During tie-in planning, tie-in to pipeline LP05 was excavated at the planned tie-in point. This pipe was listed as 12" on the IFC prints. However, upon excavation at the tie-in point it was discovered as 8". System planning requested the 8" segment (approx. 200') of LP05 within the station be replaced so this station outlet was 12: without the existing 8" bottleneck. This caused additional pipeline work at the end of the project to construct, hydrotest, and tie-in new piping.

Based on the Company's responses above regarding the delays with Dicks Creek construction, we requested that DEO identify and provide copies of any change orders associated with the project. In its confidential responses to LARKIN-DR-01-103 and LARKIN-DR-01-158, the

²⁴ The IFC means that the drawings and specifications have been approved by the local governing agencies and that these are the plans by which the project will be constructed.

²⁵ SCADA is an acronym for supervisory control and data acquisition, a computer system for gathering and analyzing real time data.

²⁶ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-49.

Company provided the requested change order documentation, which we reviewed. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Dicks Creek Video Walkthrough

As noted above, due to the COVID-19 pandemic, travel to Ohio for an onsite field visit planned for March 16, 2020 was cancelled. Therefore, on April 10, 2020, a member of DEO conducted a video walkthrough of the Dicks Creek facility, which we were able to view through Microsoft Team Meetings.

The video walkthrough initially covered the equipment at the Dicks Creek station inlet, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

²⁷ See the confidential response to LARKIN-DR-01-146.

The video walkthrough proceeded to the filter separator, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

The video walkthrough proceeded to the heater, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

The video walkthrough proceeded to the first stage pressure regulation skid, [REDACTED]

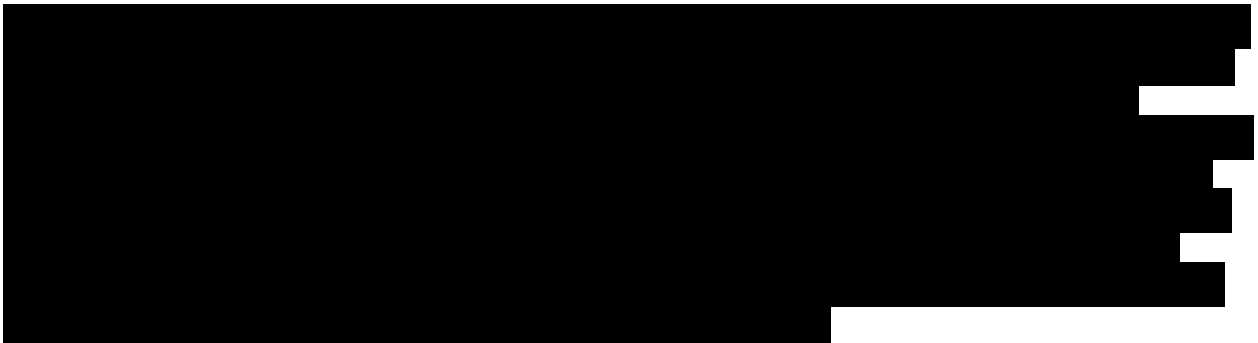
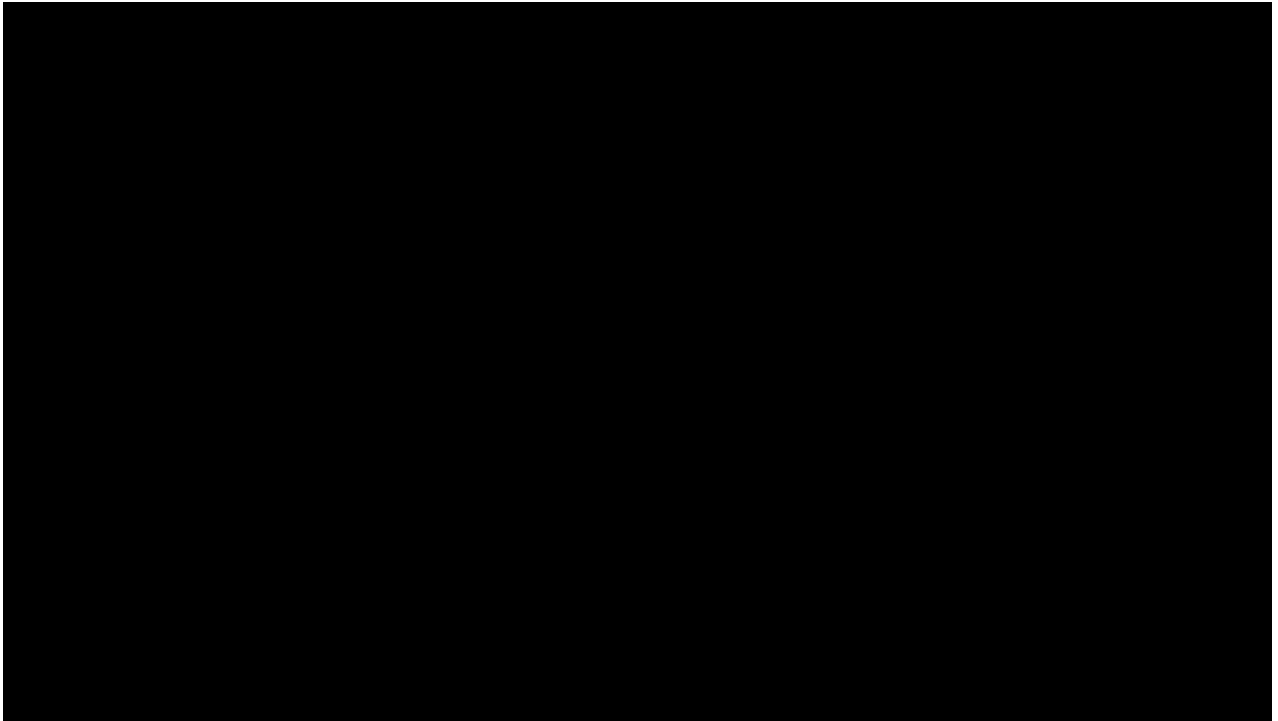
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

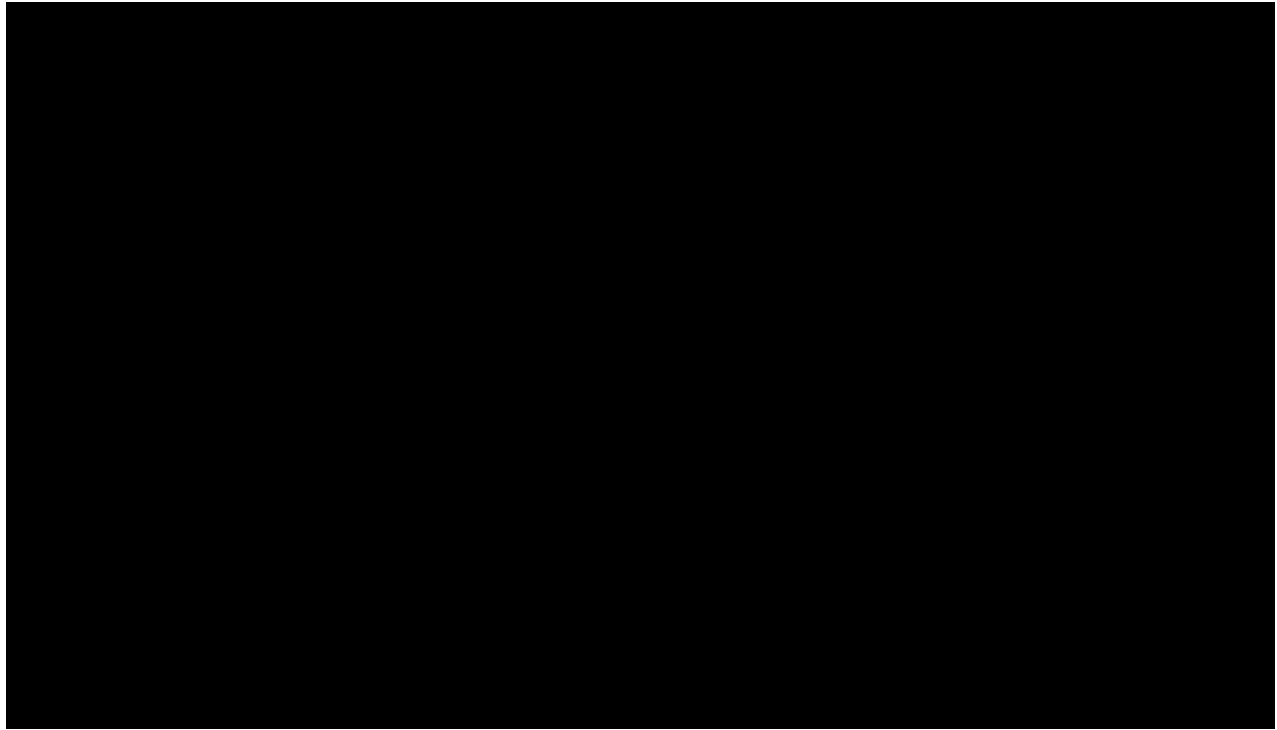
The video walkthrough proceeded to the intermediate station piping and valves, [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

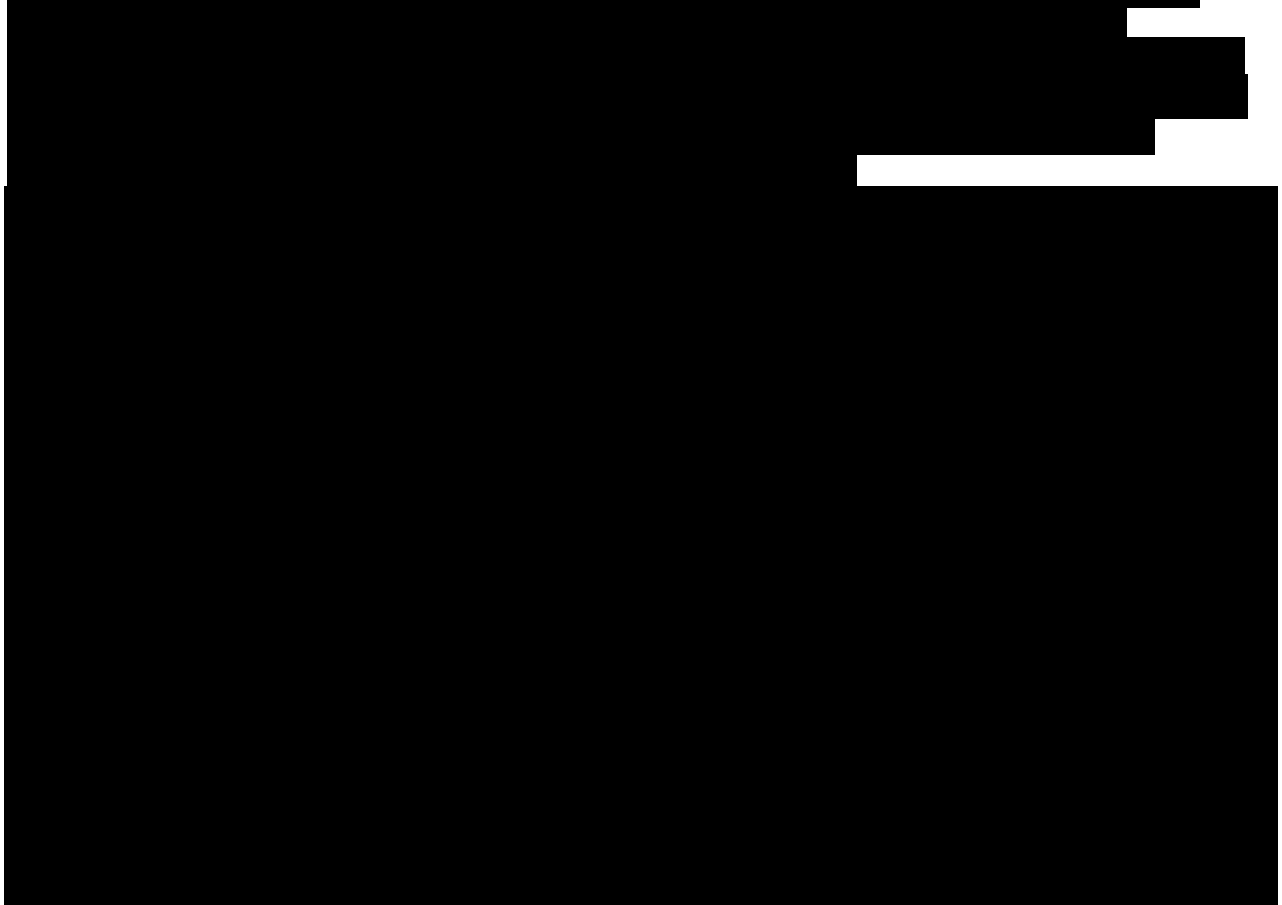


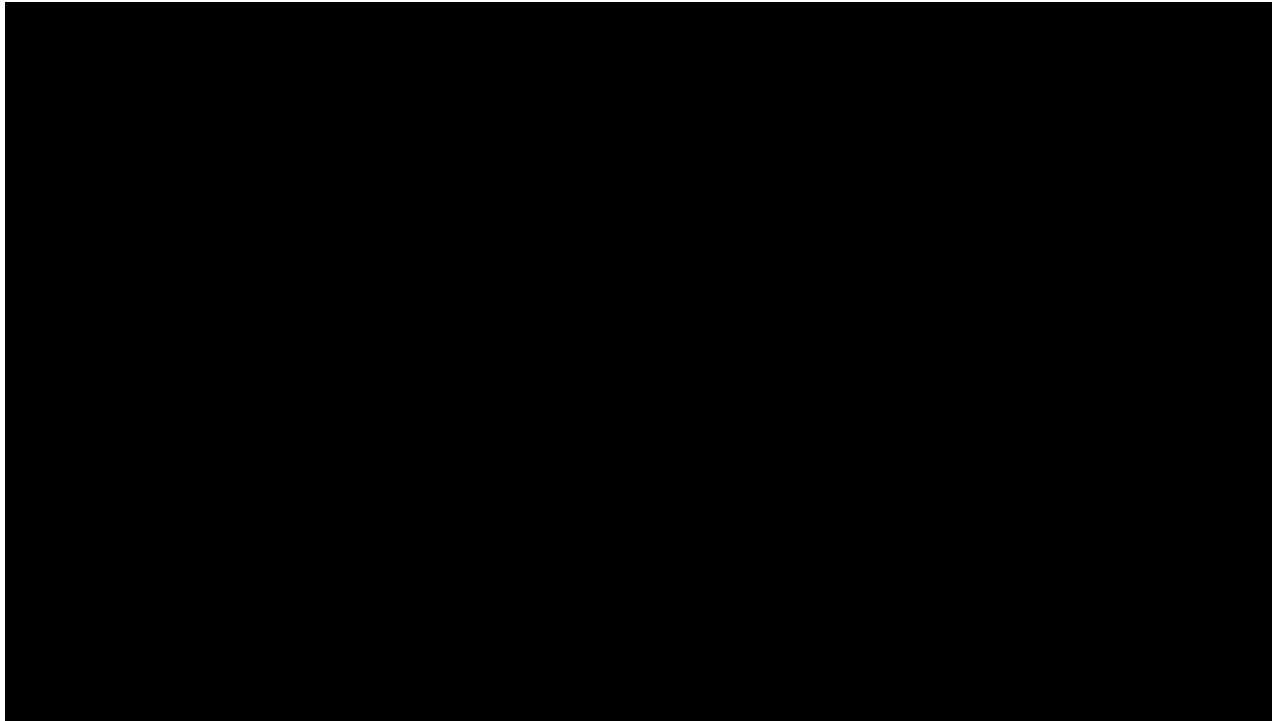
The photograph below shows a closer view of the odorant tank and RTU and odorant pump building.





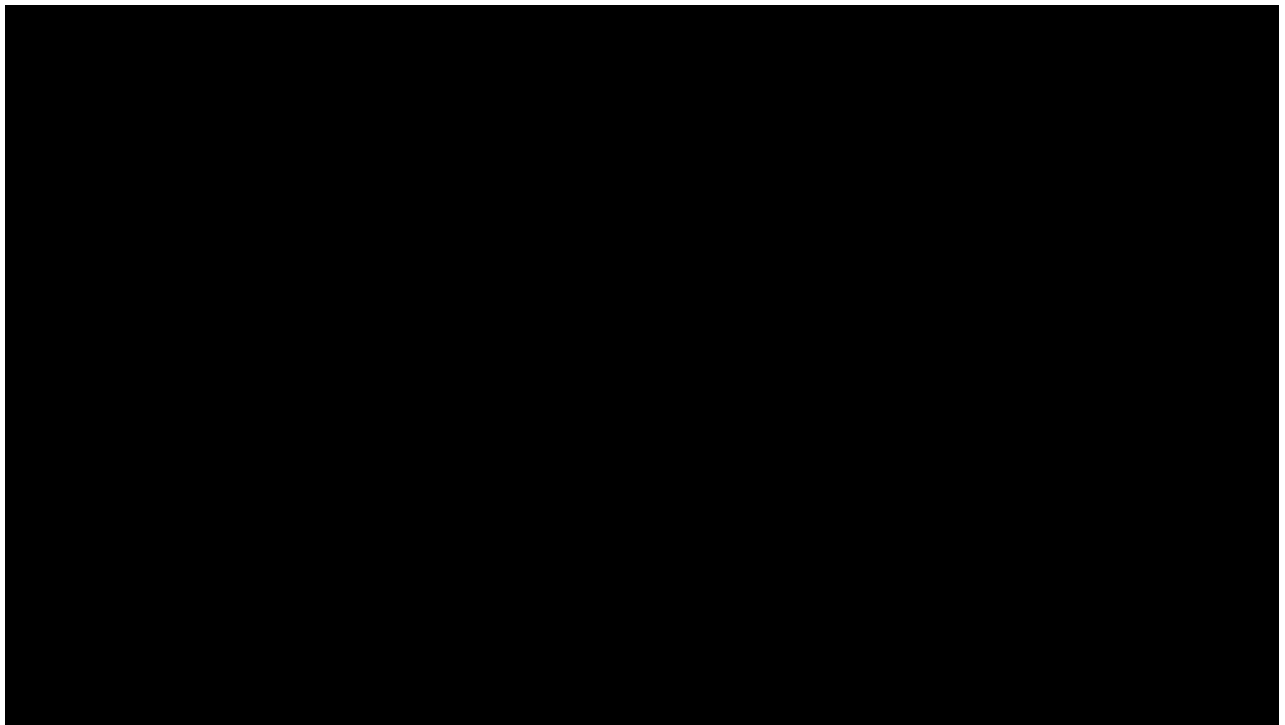
The photographs below show different angles of the ultrasonic metering skid.





The outlet of the meter skid which leads to the second stage pressure regulation skid is [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

The video walkthrough proceeded to the second stage pressure regulation skid [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

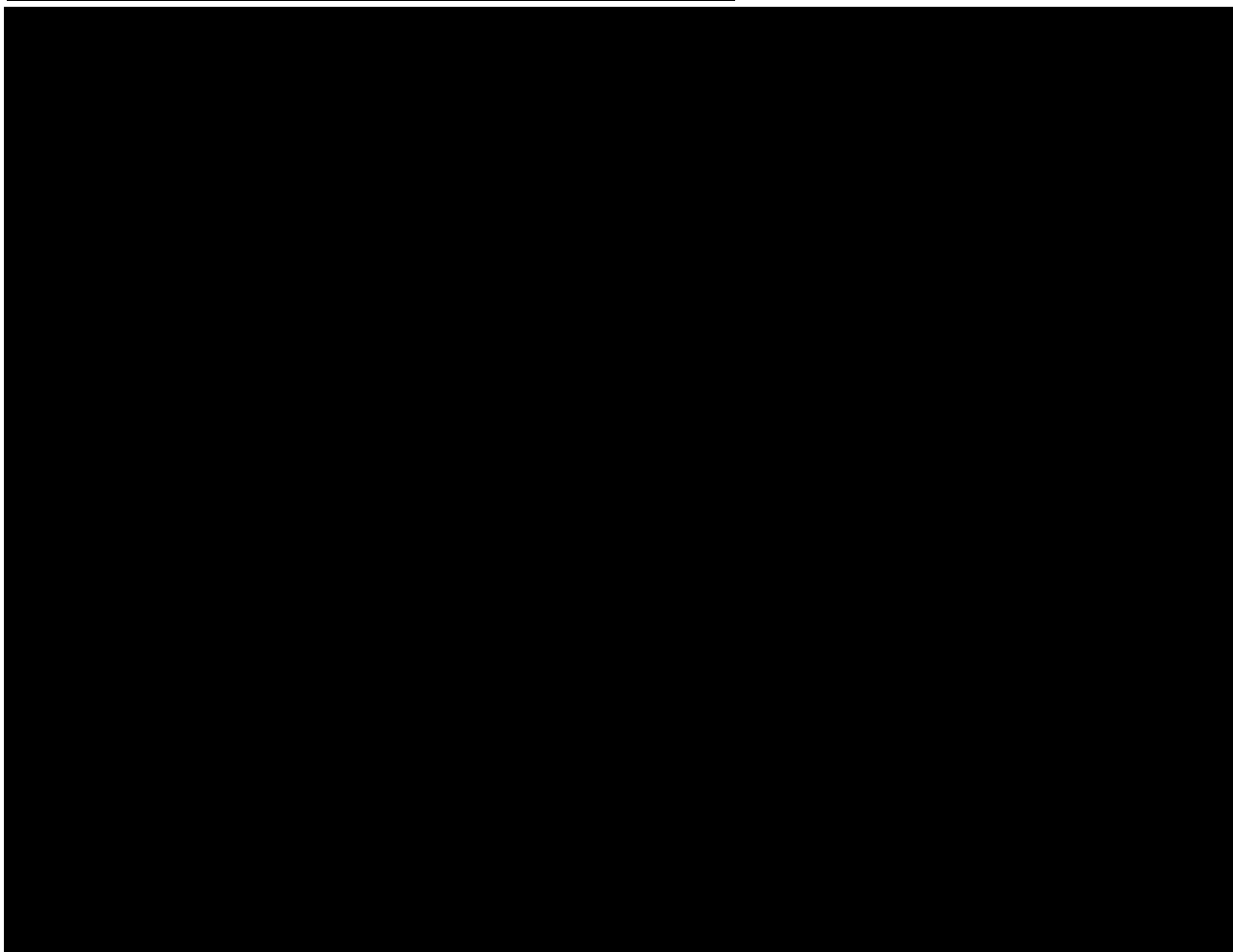
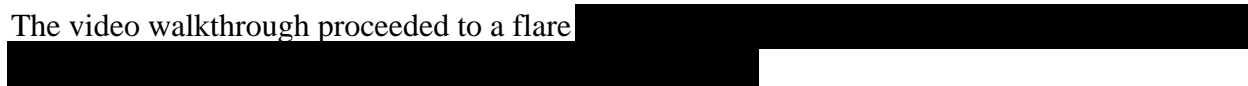




This portion of the video walkthrough also included seeing the outlet of the second stage skid, which included



The video walkthrough proceeded to a flare



The video walkthrough of Dicks Creek concluded with viewing three large buildings on the premises, [REDACTED]

Conclusion

The Dicks Creek facility and equipment is used and useful and prudent. However, according to the work order detail provided in response to LARKIN-DR-01-69, neither Project ID number G8160 nor R1489 were unitized. Therefore, we recommend that the Company continue its efforts to address the unitization backlog previously discussed in order to get this project, and all other completed projects that are in-service, properly unitized.

Kellogg Eastern Gas Operations Center (consists of two separate Project ID work orders)

Type of Inspection: Video onsite field visit and table top reviews of as-built diagrams and work orders

Location: 4612 Kellogg Ave, Cincinnati, OH 45226

First Project ID Number: T1666 - EGO New Eastern Gas Ops Center

Project Description: EGO New Eastern Gas Ops Center - Building Only

Project Cost: \$16,844,341

In-Service Date: 2017

Second Project ID Number: P6956 - 4612 Kellogg Ave. Land Purchase

Project Description: Purchase of 6.9 acres located at 4612 Kellogg Avenue in Cincinnati, Ohio for relocation of existing Gas Operations facility on River Road in Cincinnati. LU #1668170 - includes building which was demolished.

Project Cost: \$296,177

In-Service Date: 2017

During the table top discussion that was conducted on April 9, 2020, the Company stated that the Eastern Gas Ops Center project was initiated to replace an aging outdated facility (see additional discussion below). According to DEO, the Eastern Gas Ops Center houses different groups for DEO's gas operations, including: gas field crews, technical crews, sales, work management, welding group, and management staff. The interior of the Eastern Gas Ops Center facility is comprised of the following areas:

- Sixteen work spaces (cubicles)
- Eight enclosed offices
- Three conference rooms

- Employee fitness room
- Men's and women's locker rooms
- Break area
- Warehouse space which includes truck storage space, storage shelves for large items, storage space for materials and a weld shop for fabrication and grinding

The exterior of the Eastern Gas Ops Center includes a large parking lot, a truck storage canopy, and a large materials storage area (see additional discussion below).

The primary driver for constructing the Eastern Gas Ops Center was that the existing facility was a peak shaving plant that had been built in the 1890's as a coal gasification facility and as such, there are still coal tar pits on the site that need to be environmentally remediated. As a result of these environmental remediation efforts, the DEO personnel at the coal shaving plant were relocated to the Eastern Gas Ops Center, which is approximately 10 miles from the peak shaving plant. The Company stated that while the majority of the old site has been remediated, there are portions of the facility that cannot be remediated because it is an active peak shaving plant. To address the remaining remediation issue as it relates to the peak shaving plant, the Company currently has a separate central corridor project pending in which DEO wants to construct a high pressure distribution line, which will run from north to south. DEO stated that it was in the process of getting the project approved by the Ohio Power Siting Board. Based upon receiving this approval, the Company hopes to start construction on this separate line project in early 2021 with the goal of having it in-service by late 2021. Once this new pipeline is in-service, the Company wants to run it for at least a year to make sure it functions properly. Once this new line is proven to function as intended, the Company intends to complete the remediation and ultimately retire the peak shaving plant.

As noted in the summary above, the Eastern Gas Ops Center was broken into two projects. Specifically, with Project ID number P6956, the Company purchased a 6.9 acre tract of land at 4612 Kellogg Avenue in Cincinnati, Ohio²⁸ on which it built the Eastern Gas Ops Center. Part of the cost of this land purchase included the demolition of an existing shed type building that was on the premises. Project ID number T1666 was related to the construction of the new building.

During the table top discussion on April 9, 2020, the Company stated that from a geographical perspective, the land is located near the Ohio River and sits next to Lunken Airport. DEO stated that the land is located in a flood zone, but that the new building was built up higher than the flood zone and includes a floodwall. In response to our inquiry as to why it would construct the building by a flood zone, the Company stated that prior to the building being constructed, the land was prepped so that the building would be above flood level. DEO stated that in the event the flooding is high enough to shut down Kellogg Road, there is a secondary entrance [REDACTED] that is not subject to flooding.

²⁸ According to the supplemental response to LARKIN-DR-01-164(b), the original owner of the land was TNC Properties, LLC.

The Eastern Gas Ops Center serves the eastern portion of its Ohio gas operations exclusively and is run using three scheduled shifts for its employees, all of whom are Ohio-based. However, the Ohio-based crews can respond to emergency situations (e.g., grade 1 pipe leaks) in Kentucky, including fixing such leaks and then monitoring to ensure that gas is not still leaking after the repairs have been made. Company personnel in Kentucky can also respond to emergency situations in Ohio as well.

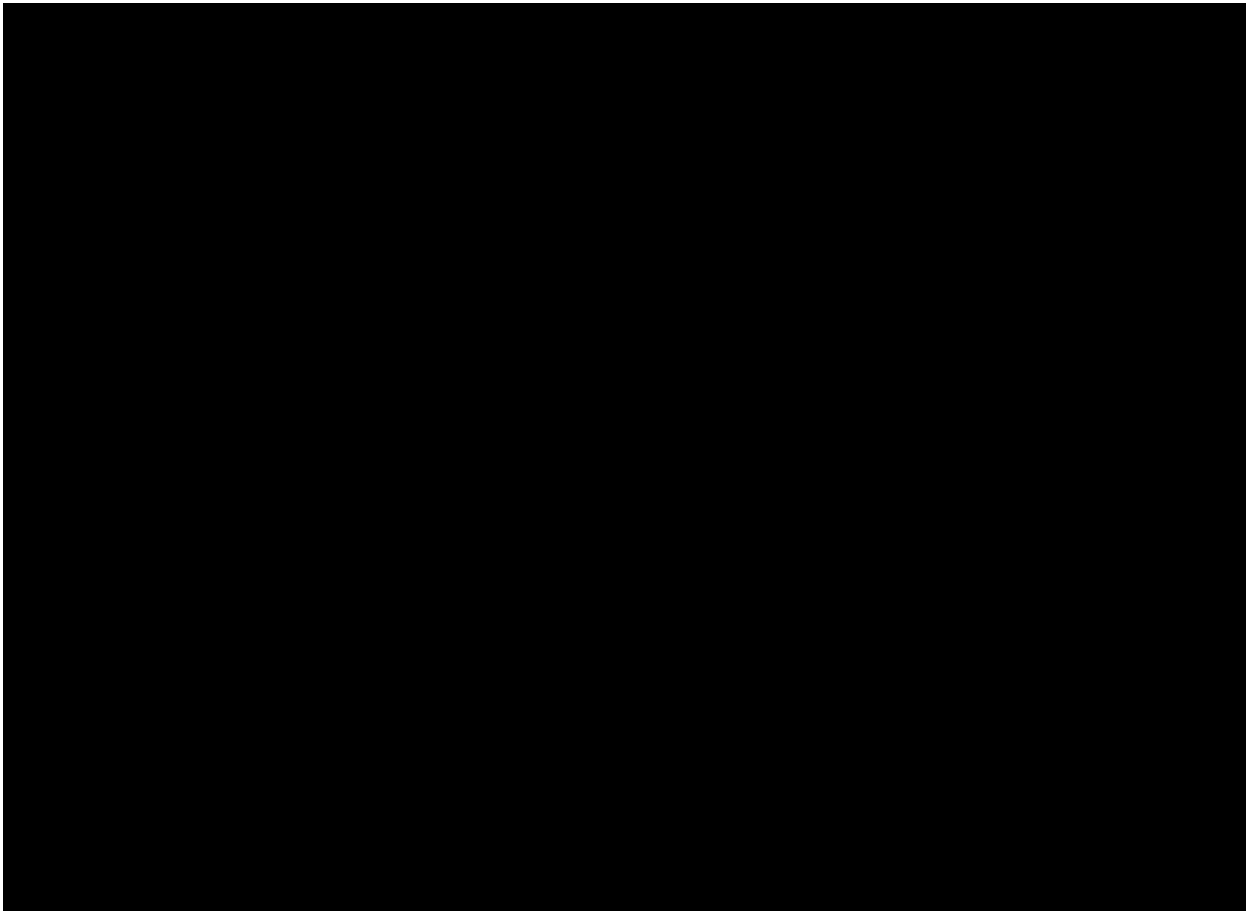
During the table top reviews, we asked the Company to identify specific problems that the construction of the Eastern Gas Ops Center facility addressed. In response to our inquiry, the Company indicated the following:

- Relocating the crews that had previously been stationed at the peak shaving plant due to this older facility being environmental remediated (discussed above).
- The Eastern Gas Ops Center is a permanent location.
- The Eastern Gas Ops Center provides back office support.
- The Eastern Gas Ops Center provides gas marketing support.

Upon reviewing the work order detail for Project ID number P6956, which was for the purchase of the 6.9 acres on which the facility was constructed, we noted a large credit in the amount of \$16,260,426, which was offset against the \$296,177 purchase price for the land for a net credit in the amount of \$15,964,249. Upon our inquiry, the Company stated that the Eastern Gas Ops Center was originally set up as a single project with the costs of the land and the costs of the building under one project ID number. However, for FERC accounting, it was necessary to set up a separate project ID (i.e., work order) for the land purchase exclusively. Therefore, the Company posted a journal entry to move the costs associated with constructing the Eastern Gas Ops Center facility from Project ID number P6956 to Project ID number T1666. Upon reviewing the work order detail for Project ID number T1666, we noted many costs shown as positive amounts that matched the credit amounts listed in the work order detail for Project ID number P6956.

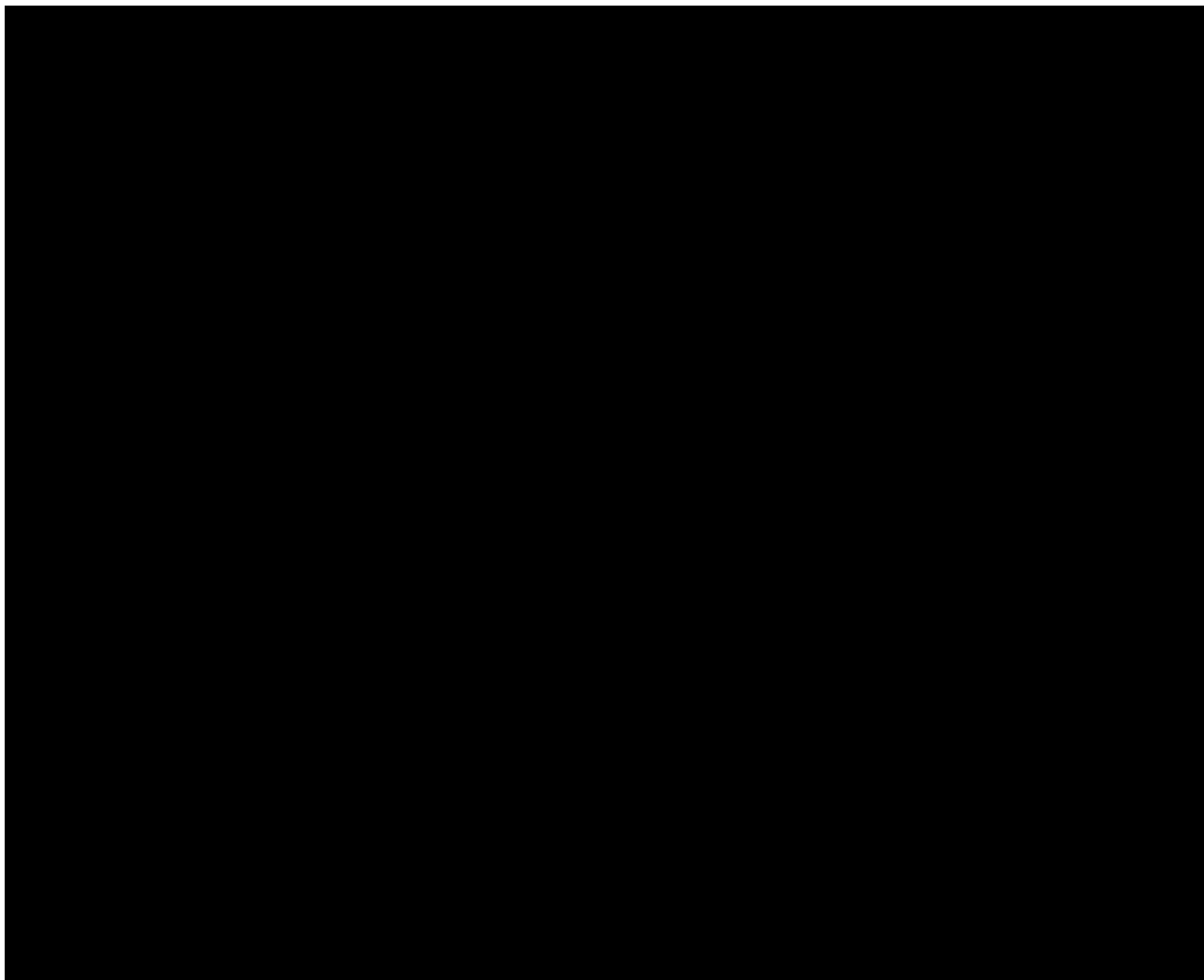
Eastern Gas Ops Center Video Walkthrough

On April 10, 2020, a member of DEO conducted a video walkthrough of the Eastern Gas Ops Center, which we were able to view through Microsoft Team Meetings. At the start of the video walkthrough, the Company employee conducting the walkthrough entered the building from its main entrance off of Kellogg Avenue, [REDACTED]



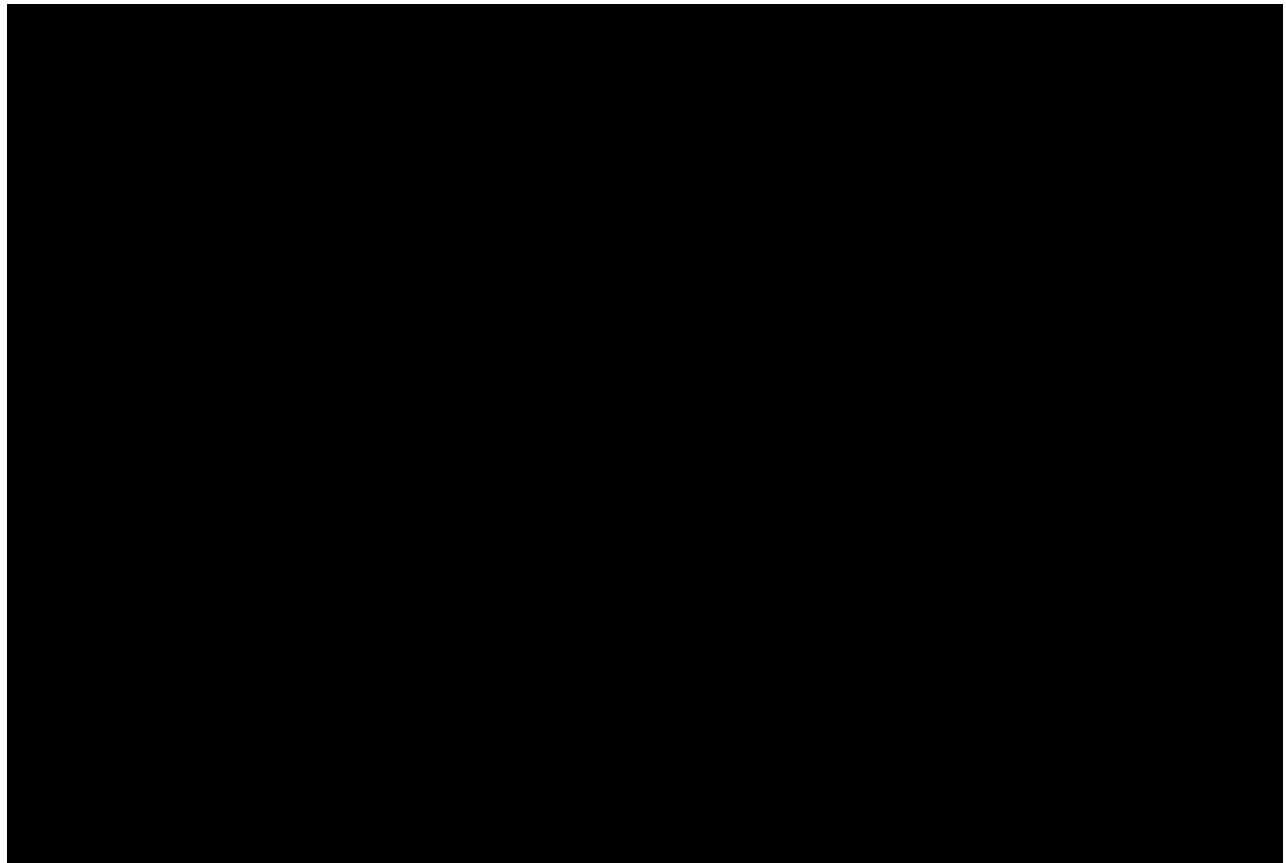
The interior video walkthrough began in the main lobby then proceeded to the conference rooms, one of which was a small room for team meetings while a larger conference room²⁹ (with 128 seating capacity) is used for things such as meetings with outside contractors. The larger conference room is [REDACTED]

²⁹ The Company stated that the larger conference room can be split into two separate rooms with an accordion style partition.

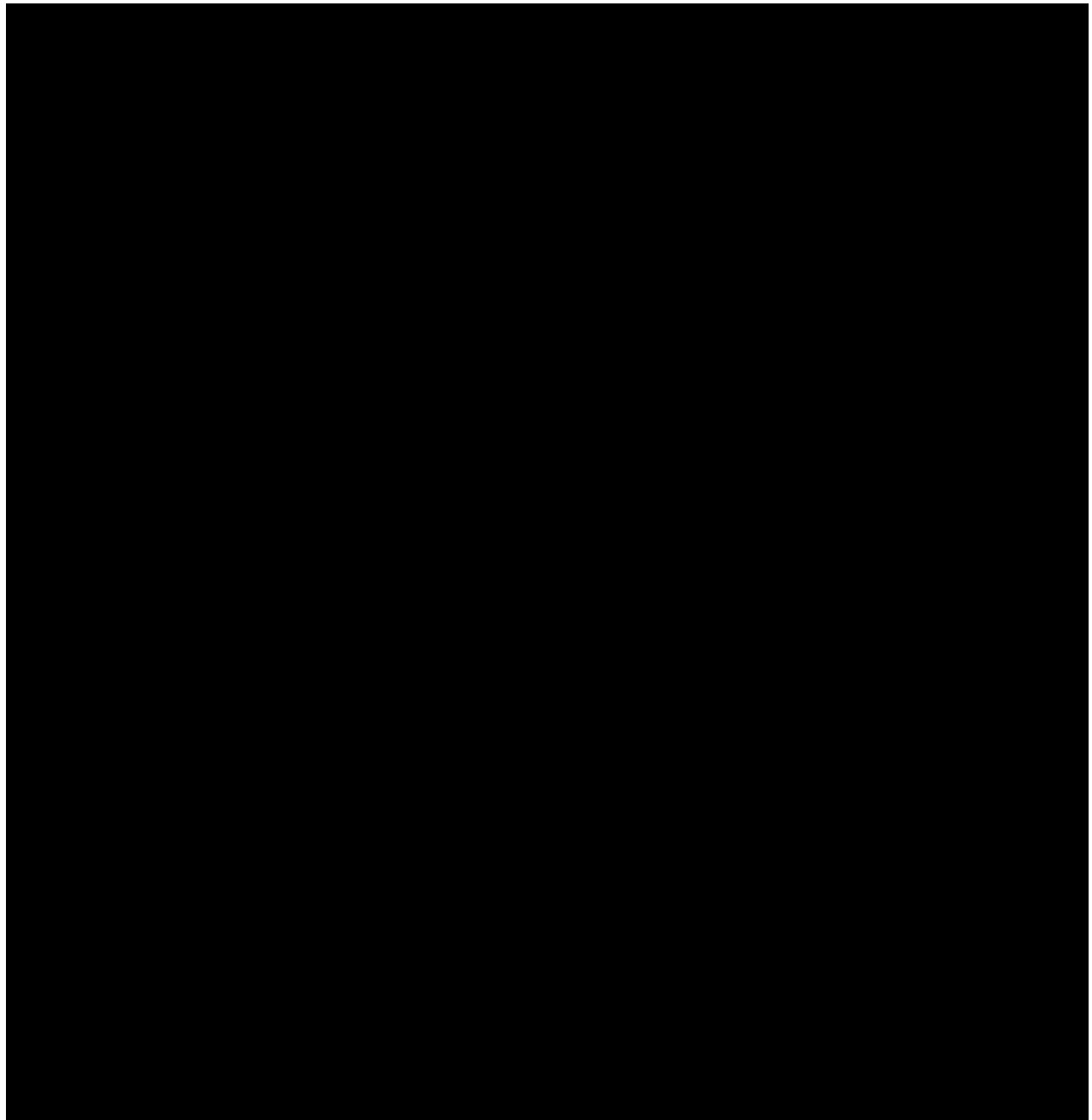


The video walkthrough also included a view of the workspaces and enclosed offices. The cubicles in the workstations are used by work management personnel while the closed offices are for management and supervisors. In terms of number of employees at the Eastern Gas Ops Center, the Company stated that this facility has [REDACTED]

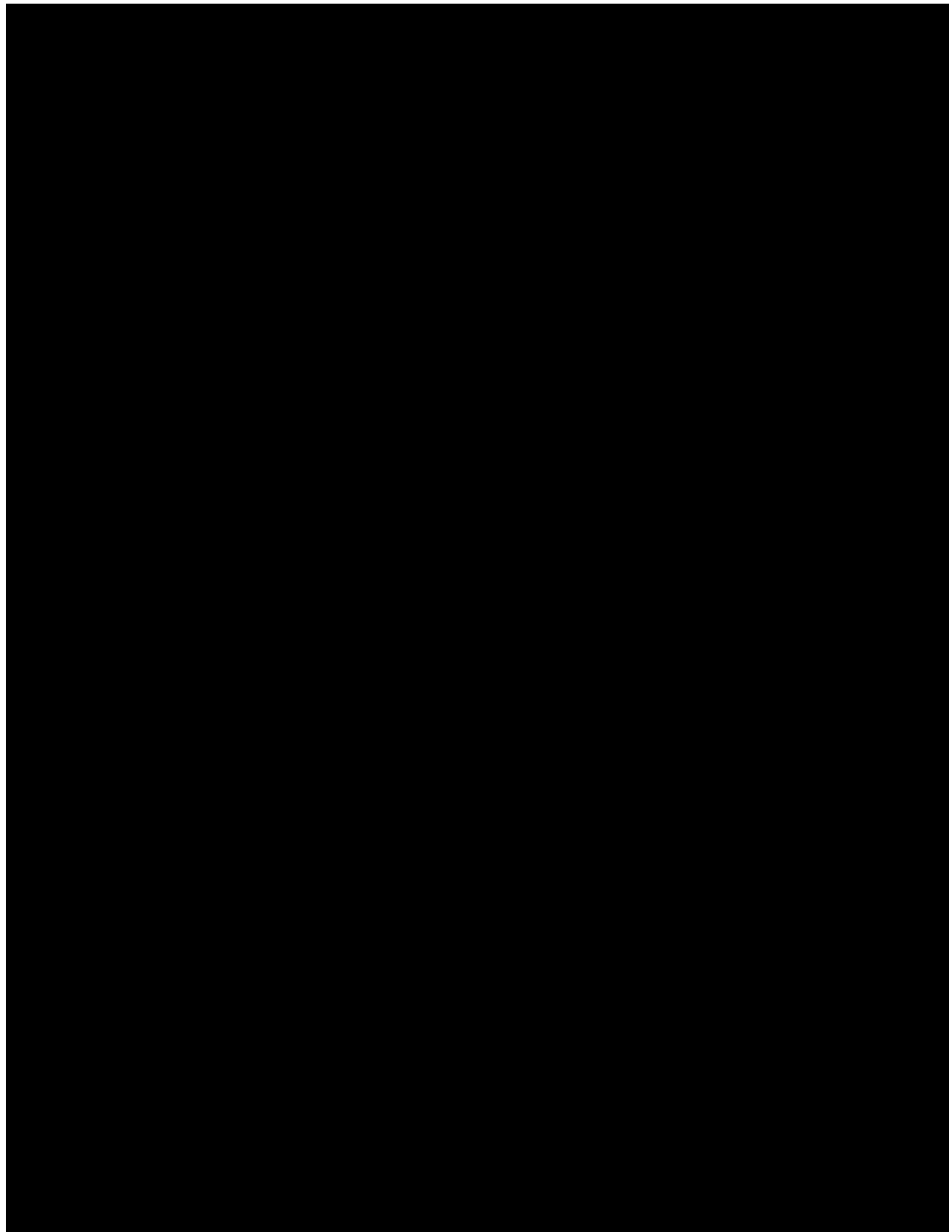
[REDACTED] view of the workstations and enclosed offices [REDACTED]

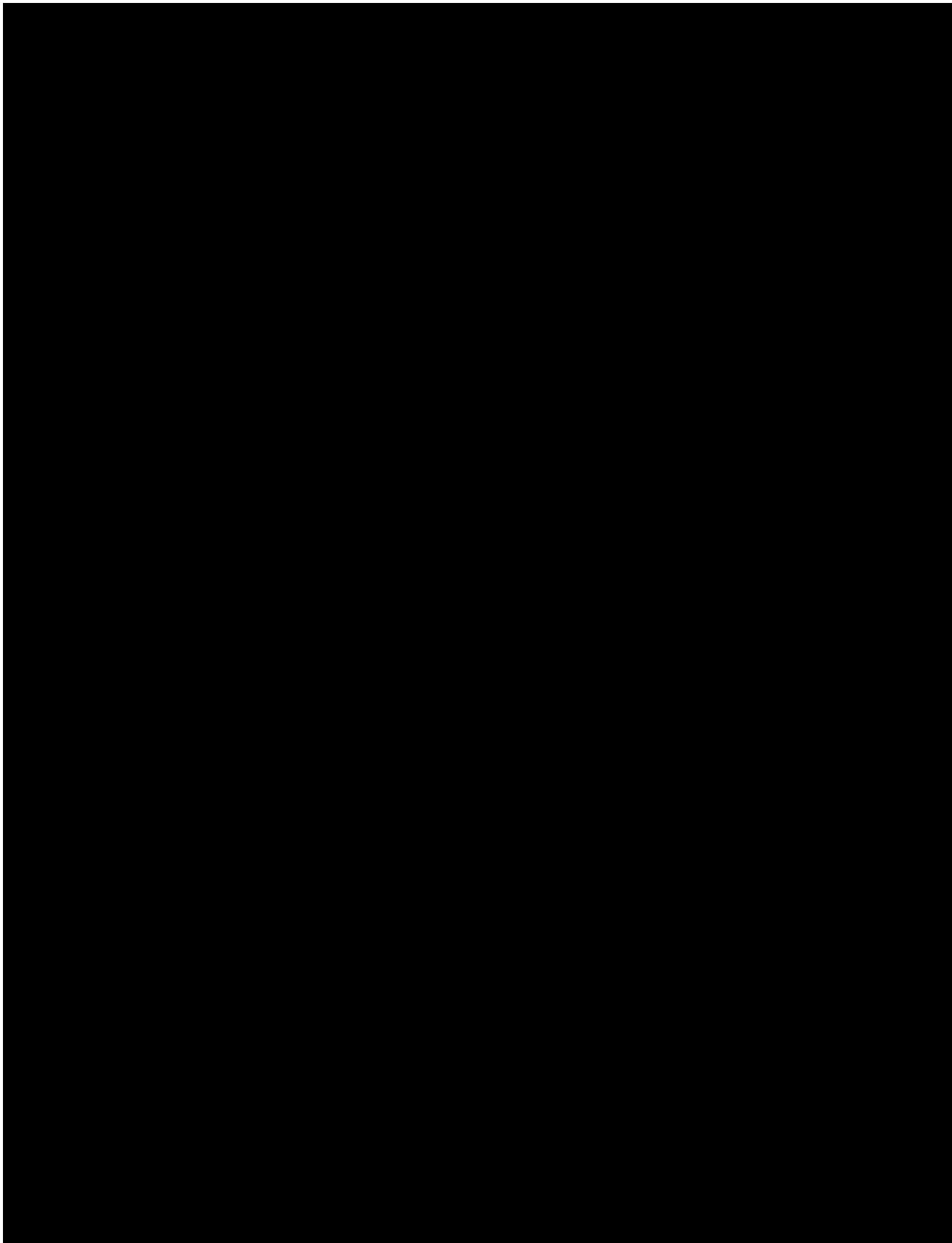


[REDACTED] s currently kept locked by corporate security due to the COVID-19 shutdown [REDACTED] n lieu of the video walkthrough going inside the employee fitness room, in its confidential supplemental response to LARKIN-DR-01-164, the Company provided the following diagram of the fitness room:




various [REDACTED] 1,106 square feet and contains [REDACTED]





According to the supplemental response to LARKIN-DR-01-164(d), the costs of the employee fitness center are part of the overall costs of the Eastern Gas Ops Center and thus are included in the CEP deferral and proposed rider. As discussed in further detail in Chapter 9, we are recommending that the portion of the Eastern Gas Ops Center costs that relates to the employee fitness room be removed from recoverable CEP costs.

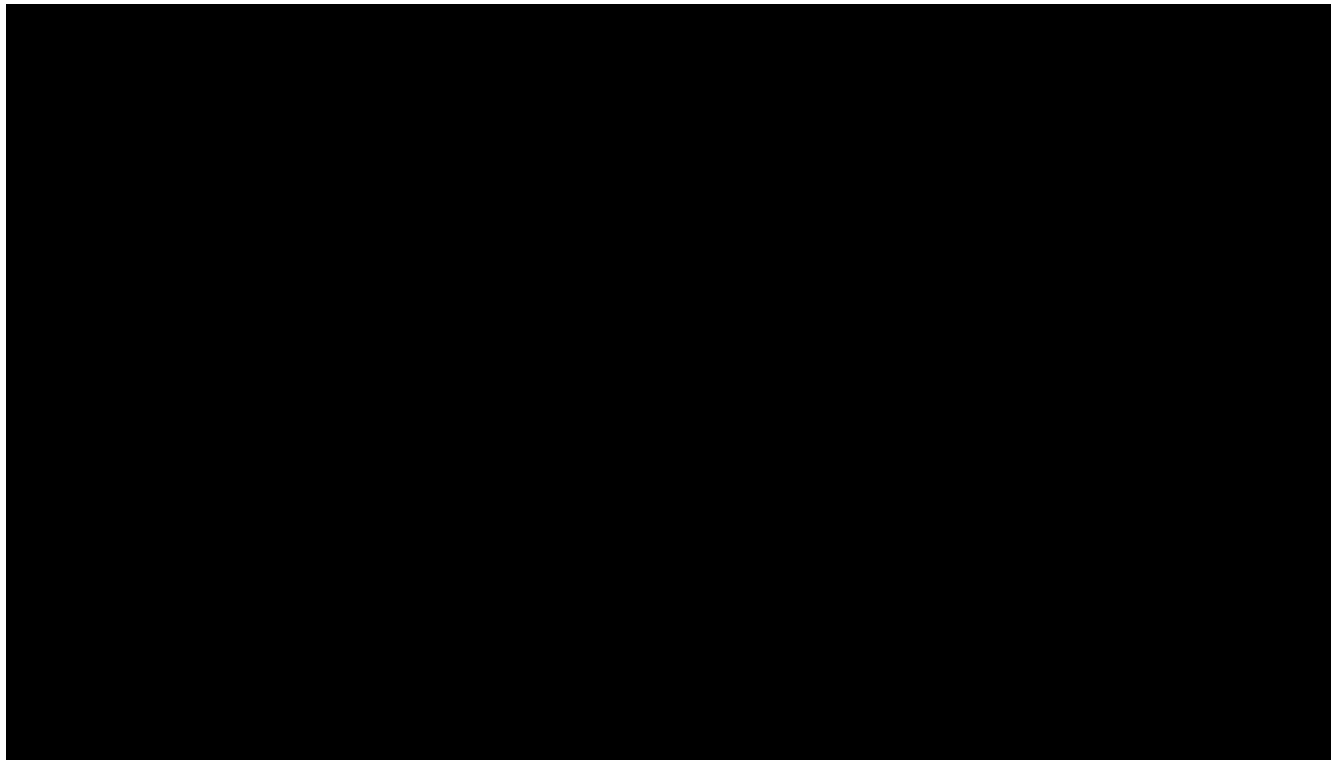
From the employee fitness room, the video walkthrough proceeded to the warehouse area. [REDACTED]



The Company stated that the square footage of the [REDACTED] square feet³⁰ and is comprised of [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] EO stated that meter testing is performed at its Queensgate facility.

From the warehouse, the video walkthrough proceeded outside into a large fenced-in area in the back of the facility, [REDACTED]

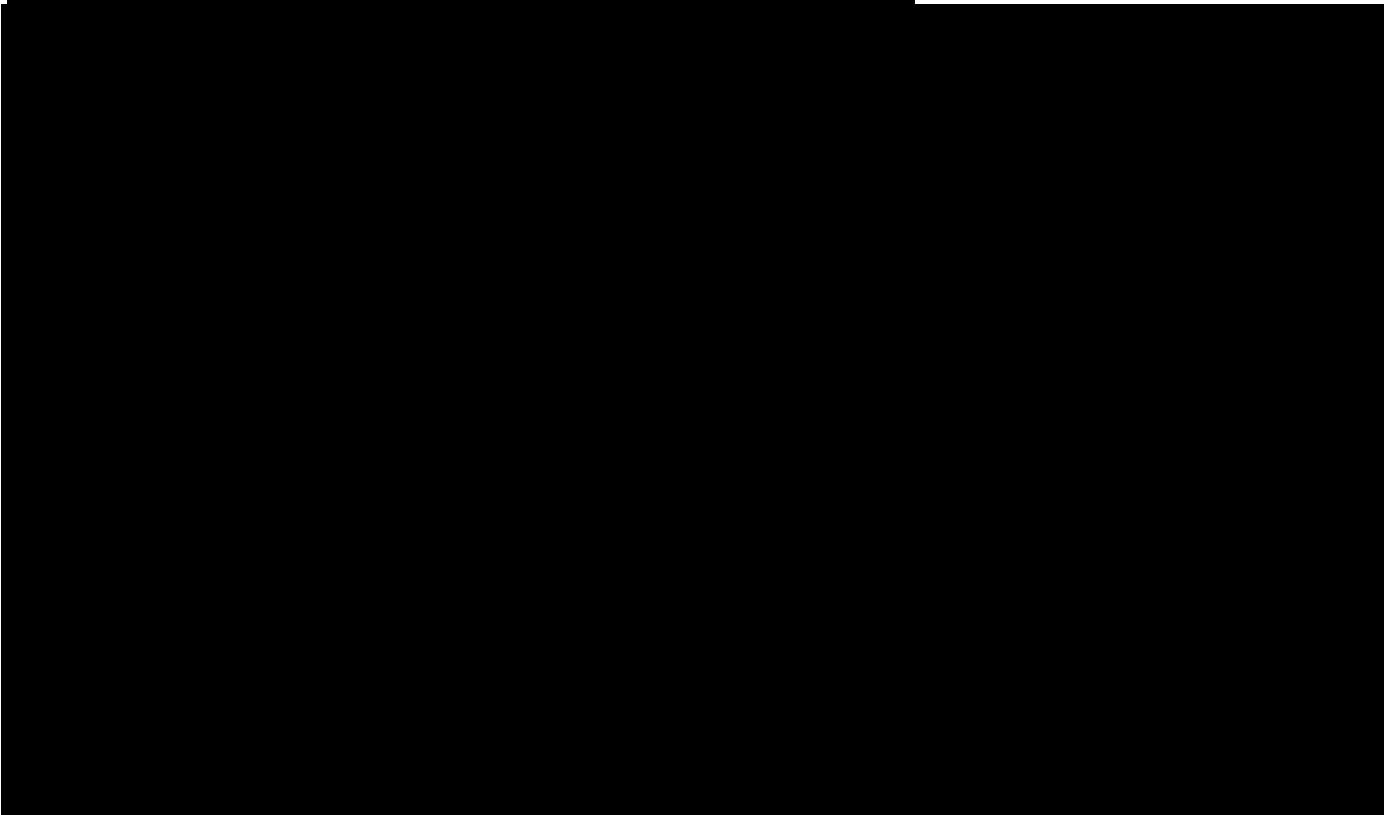
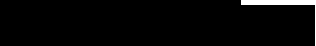
³⁰ See the supplemental response to LARKIN-DR-01-164.



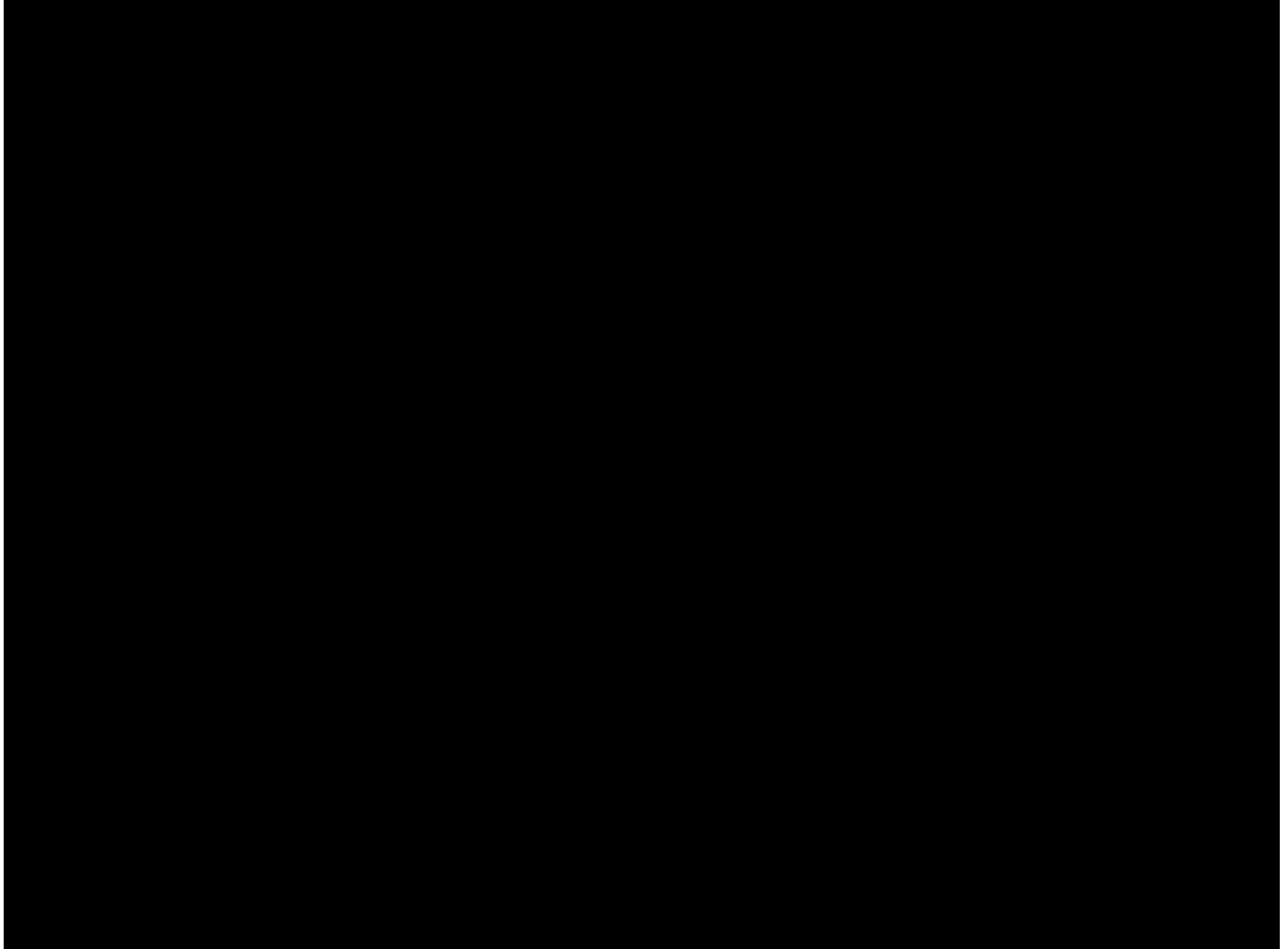
This area included bins filled with



urther away from the building on the north side is a



The photograph below is of the north side of the Eastern Gas Ops Center building.



he north side of the building contains additional
is of the south side of the building. DEO stated that it



Conclusion

The Eastern Gas Ops Center is used and useful and prudent. However, as discussed in further detail in Chapter 7, we recommend that the costs of the Eastern Gas Ops Center that relate to the employee fitness center (i.e., the construction costs of the fitness center portion of the building and the exercise equipment) be removed from the recoverable CEP expenditures. In our view, these types of costs are not an appropriate use of ratepayer funds. In addition, according to the work order detail provided in response to LARKIN-DR-01-68, Project ID number T1666 was unitized in March 2018 and Project ID number P6956 was unitized in April 2018. While these projects were unitized, this process occurred in the year following the Eastern Gas Ops Center being placed into service. Therefore, we recommend that the Company continue its efforts to address the unitization backlog previously discussed in order to get all other completed projects that are in-service, properly unitized.

Line A000b

Type of Inspection: Table Top Review using As-Built Diagram and work order

Location: Liberty Twp., Butler County, Ohio (per as-built diagram)

Project ID Number: S5948 - Line A000b, Seg 5020 Replacement

Project Description: INT 10932026 Line A000b, Seg 5020 Replacement, Replace 2000' of Line A000b with new 20" steel.

Project Cost: \$3,201,481

In-Service Date: 2018

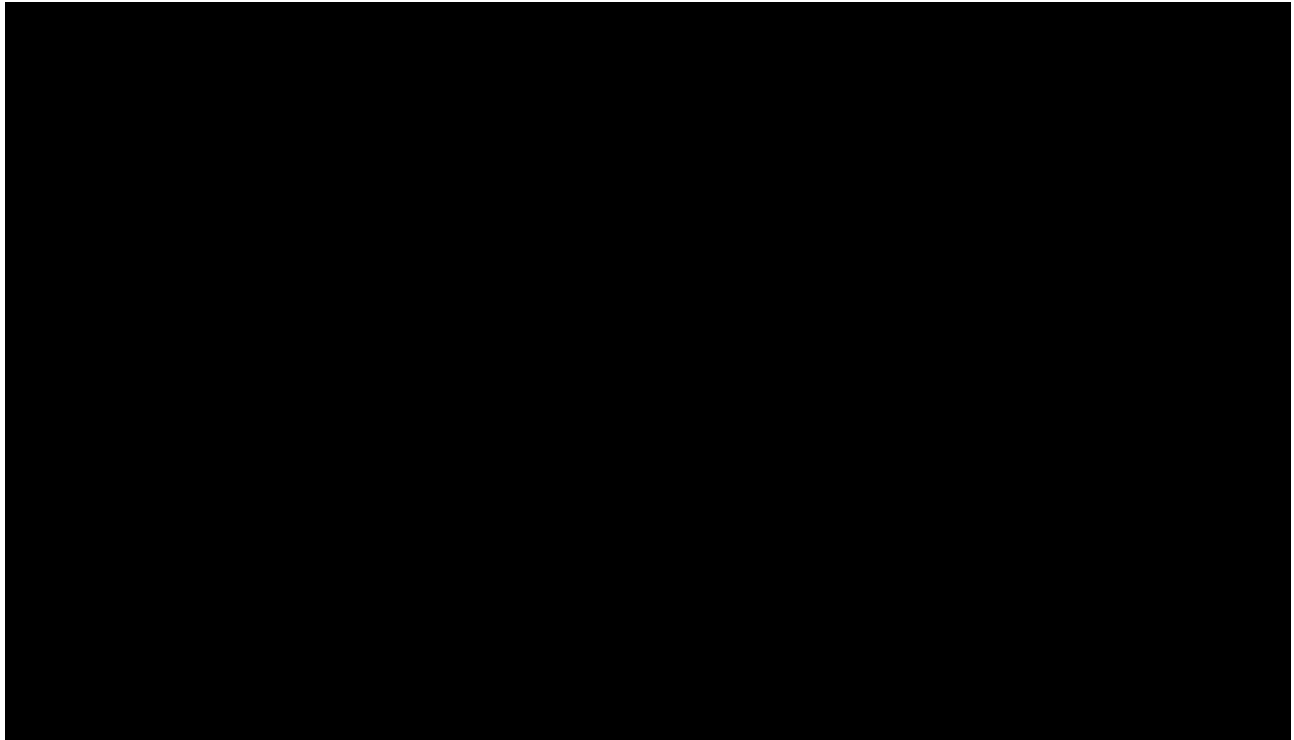
During the table top discussion that was conducted on April 9, 2020, the Company stated that the Line A000b project ("Line A") was related to replacing 2,000 feet of 18 inch pipe that had been installed in the 1950's by DEO's predecessor company, Cincinnati Gas & Electric, with 20 inch steel pipe. The Company stated that its Integrity Management Group made the decision to replace the 18 inch pipe due to [REDACTED] in addition, this 2,000 foot section of pipe was the only part of the DEO system to have 18 inch pipe, which the Company considered to be an odd diameter. Therefore, the Integrity Management Group decided to replace it with the 20 inch continuous steel pipe to be consistent with the other pipe on the same easement. As shown on page 1 of the as-built diagram for Line A, which was provided in the confidential response to LARKIN-DR-01102, the new pipe was [REDACTED]

It is important to note while there were no issues with the old 18 inch pipe from a leak perspective, the Integrity Management Group was uncomfortable with keeping 18 inch [REDACTED] pipe of an [REDACTED] so the decision was made to replace it with the 20 inch steel pipe. The old 18 inch pipe was retired in place. We requested that the Company identify and provide the risk rankings prepared by the Integrity Management Group, which ranked the risk associated the 18 inch pipe that was involved with the Line A pipe replacement project, including showing in detail how the risk of that pipe was determined, and how that risk was compared and evaluated in comparison to the risks associated with other pipeline segments on Duke Energy Ohio's natural gas distribution system. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-163, the Company stated:

[REDACTED]

The response to LARKIN-DR-01-163 included what DEO stated was a recent dashboard which showed the relative risk of the feeder lines (high pressure distribution). This dashboard is replicated in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 6-6. Feeder Line Risk Management Dashboard for Line A000b



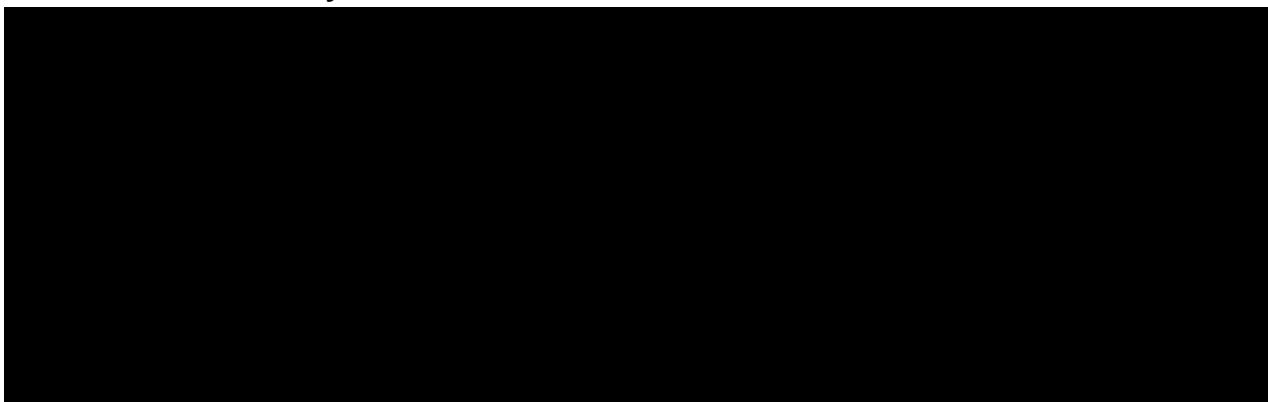
As shown in the exhibit above, Line A000b was the [REDACTED] risk ranked feeder line in the system. The Company explained that the factors listed below are used to calculate feeder risk:³¹

- Use GIS data to find each factor
- Use the data factors to get a likelihood of failure score and a consequence of failure score
- Multiply the likelihood and consequence to get a risk of failure score
- Look at the sum of all segments for a particular pipeline to get the total risk score for that feeder line

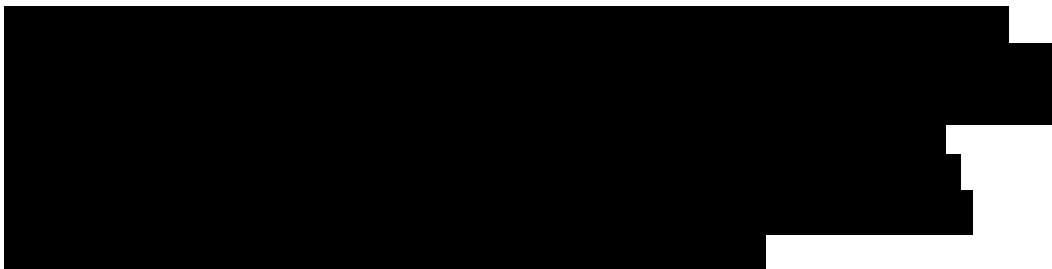
The Company provided the following breakdown of the risk related to Line A000b:

³¹ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-163.

Exhibit 6-7. Summary of the Breakdown of Risk Related to Line A000b

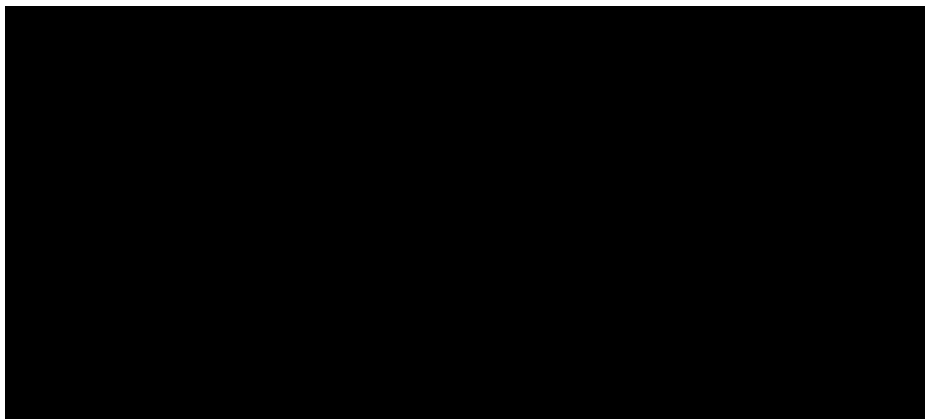


The Company's Integrity Management Group summarized the risk ranking with Line A000b as follows:



In addition to the breakdown shown in the exhibit above, the Integrity Management Group's risk ranking for Line A000b included the following likelihood of breakdown by component:

Exhibit 6-8. Risk of Breakdown By Component Related to Line A000b



According to the work order detail that was provided in response to LARKIN-DR-01-69, the Line A project was not a blanket project, but rather an individual project. The Line A project has not been unitized as of the date of the response to LARKIN-DR-01-69. As previously discussed, in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-70, the Company stated that its unitization process has fallen behind historically due to either a lack of staff focusing on unitization or because of delays caused by system conversions. Beginning in 2019, the Central Project Accounting Group

initiated a coordinated effort to address the unitization backlog which resulted in more unitizations in 2019 than was achieved during the period 2015 through 2018. DEO contends that it will continue to focus on addressing the unitization backlog in 2020 and beyond.

Since Line A is essentially completely underground, there was no way for DEO personnel to conduct a video walkthrough of the line nor were any photographs of Line A provided for the same reason. Therefore, we relied upon the table top discussion with DEO, the as-built diagram and work order detail for our review of this project.

Conclusion

Line A000b was installed, is used and useful, and prudent. However, according to the work order detail provided in response to LARKIN-DR-01-69, the Line A000b project has not yet been unitized. Therefore, we recommend that the Company continue its efforts to address the unitization backlog previously discussed in order to get this project, and all other completed projects that are in-service, properly unitized.

Line D

Type of Inspection: Table Top Review using As-Built Diagram

Location: City of Cincinnati, Hamilton County, Ohio (per as-built diagram)

Project ID Number: R0984 - WP27 Engineering for D replace

Project Description: WP27 Engineering for "D" replacement eMax 8075968 CDC

Project Cost: \$4,883,418

In-Service Date: 2018

During the table top discussion that was conducted on April 9, 2020, the Company stated that the Line D000b project was related to replacing three miles of 20 inch and 24 inch pipe that was installed in 1948, with 20 inch and 24 inch pipe that has steel covered coating. The Company stated that slightly more than 50% of the old pipe was replaced with the 24 inch steel pipe with the remainder being 20 inch pipe. The Integrity Management Group decided to replace the older pipe as it was spiral welded and there was a concern that it could rupture if subjected to pressure testing. Similar to the pipe replaced by the Line A project, the old spiral welded pipe was also retired in place.

As shown on page 1 of the as-built diagram for Line D, which was provided in the Company's response to LARKIN-DR-01-101, the new pipe was [REDACTED]

According to the work order detail that was provided in response to LARKIN-DR-01-69, the Line D project was not a blanket project, but rather an individual project, which was unitized in November 2019.

Similar to Line A, since Line D is underground, there was no way for DEO personnel to conduct a video walkthrough of the line nor were any photographs of Line D provided for the same

reason. Therefore, we relied upon the table top discussion with DEO, the as-built diagram and work order detail for our review of this project.

Conclusion

Equipment reviewed is confirmed to be installed, used and useful and prudent. According to the work order detail provided in response to LARKIN-DR-01-69, the Line D project was unitized in November 2019. While this project was unitized, this process occurred in the year following it being placed into service. Therefore, we recommend that the Company continue its efforts to address the unitization backlog previously discussed in order to get all other completed projects that are in-service, properly unitized.

Capital Spending and Cost Containment

Capital Spending

The Company has identified the following criteria for designating capital projects and/or assets as CEP related:³²

- The capital project is set up in DEO's gas delivery business segment.
- The capital project has charges incurred after January 2013.
- The capital project is not a service line replacement nor does it qualify as Rider AMPR or Rider AU projects.
- The capital project is not manufactured production plant.
- The capital project is recorded in plant in-service accounts (i.e., FERC account 106 - Plant In-Service Not Classified or FERC account 101 - Plant In-Service Classified).
- The capital asset is placed into service with the utility accounts associated with Gas Distribution Plant, General Plant, or Intangible Plant.

We requested that DEO explain how the deferred CEP assets are moved to utility plant in-service once the deferral has been established. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-38, the Company stated that the CEP assets are in plant in-service accounts 106 and/or 101 and that there is no entry to record the deferral of CEP assets.

In terms of retirements, in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-38, DEO stated that the retirement of CEP assets follows the same methodology as with other assets. Specifically, the retirement of an asset is performed at the same time the new replacement asset is placed into service, or when an asset is no longer used for utility operations. The retirements are performed using the Work Management feeder system for gas distribution plant, or specially performed for intangible and general plant. The specific journal entry to record retirement is to debit FERC account 108 -

³² See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-37(a).

Accumulated Provision for Depreciation and to credit FERC account 101 - Plant In-Service Classified.³³

DEO's CEP capital spending has increased significantly since the inception of the CEP in 2013 as shown in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 6-9. Summary of CEP capital spending and Percentage Change

Budget Category	12/31/2013	12/31/2014	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	Total CEP Plant in Service
Distribution Improvement	\$ 17,677,711	\$ 22,792,060	\$ 37,018,650	\$ 46,362,944	\$ 64,219,840	\$ 89,519,414	\$ 277,590,619
Information Technology	\$ -	\$ 851	\$ 452,331	\$ 3,550,915	\$ 15,348,312	\$ 532,262	\$ 19,884,671
Total CEP In-Service Activity - Net Assets	\$ 17,677,711	\$ 22,792,911	\$ 37,470,981	\$ 49,913,859	\$ 79,568,151	\$ 90,051,676	\$ 297,475,290
Percentage Increase		28 94%	64 40%	33 21%	59 41%	13 18%	

Source: Schedule J - CEP Additional Supporting Schedules Supporting the Application, Schedule 4

As shown in the exhibit above, the CEP expenditures have increased in each subsequent year, with the largest percentage increases occurring from 2014 to 2015 and from 2016 to 2017. We requested that DEO explain why its CEP expenditures increased by the percentages shown in the exhibit above. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-47(a), the Company stated that in 2013 and 2014, a large amount of non-Rider AMRP and non-Rider AU projects did not qualify for the CEP deferral due to them being placed into service and/or begun prior to 2013. In addition, upon the Rider AMRP and Rider AU projects slowing down and/or stopping altogether in 2014 and 2015, the annual budget funding became available for projects that were outside of those two riders, which increased the percentage of CEP projects.

Budget to Actual Variance Analysis

For each year 2013 through 2018, we requested that the Company provide a comparison of its budgeted CEP expenditures to the actual CEP expenditures included in the Company's filing and to provide explanations for any variances between the budgeted and actual amounts of CEP expenditures. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-49, the Company provided the requested comparison for each year.

The budget to actual CEP expenditures for 2013 are shown in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 6-10. Summary of 2013 Budget to Actual Variances

Category	Capital Budget	Actual Additions	Total Variance
Distribution Improvement	\$ 31,600,000	\$ 21,877,330	\$ 9,722,670
Information Technology	\$ 2,000,000	\$ -	\$ 2,000,000
Compliance with Rules, Regulations and Orders	\$ 200,000	\$ -	\$ 200,000
Total CEP Investment	\$ 33,800,000	\$ 21,877,330	\$ 11,922,670

Source: LARKIN-DR-01-49

³³ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-37(c).

As shown in the exhibit above, for distribution improvement, the Company had a favorable variance of \$9,722,670, which the Company stated was mainly due to a combination of a reduction in public improvement relocation projects and projects that were carried over to 2014. For Information Technology, the Company had a favorable variance of \$2,000,000, which the Company stated related to a delay in starting information technology projects. No explanation was provided for the \$200,000 favorable variance for Compliance with Rules, Regulations and Orders. For 2013, the overall budget to actual comparison was a favorable variance totaling \$11,922,670.

The budget to actual CEP expenditures for 2014 are shown in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 6-11. Summary of 2014 Budget to Actual Variances

Category	Capital Budget	Actual Additions	Total Variance
Distribution Improvement	\$ 45,900,000	\$ 26,307,679	\$ 19,592,321
Information Technology	\$ 3,600,000	\$ 851	\$ 3,599,149
Compliance with Rules, Regulations and Orders	\$ 2,000,000	\$ -	\$ 2,000,000
Total CEP Investment	\$ 51,500,000	\$ 26,308,530	\$ 25,191,470
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-49			

As shown in the exhibit above, for distribution improvement, the Company had a favorable variance of \$19,592,321, which the Company stated was mainly driven by the cancellation and delay of significant projects as well as various projects carried over to 2015. For Information Technology, the Company had a favorable variance of \$3,599,149, which the Company stated related to planned project carryover to 2015. For Compliance with Rules, Regulations and Orders, the Company had a favorable variance of \$2,000,000, which the Company stated was mainly due to project timing. For 2014, the overall budget to actual comparison was a favorable variance totaling \$25,191,470.

The budget to actual CEP expenditures for 2015 are shown in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 6-12. Summary of 2015 Budget to Actual Variances

Category	Capital Budget	Actual Additions	Total Variance
Distribution Improvement	\$ 56,800,000	\$ 40,683,326	\$ 16,116,674
Information Technology	\$ 5,400,000	\$ 452,331	\$ 4,947,669
Compliance with Rules, Regulations and Orders	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 1,681,921	\$ 1,318,079
Total CEP Investment	\$ 65,200,000	\$ 42,817,578	\$ 22,382,422
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-49			

As shown in the exhibit above, for distribution improvement, the Company had a favorable variance of \$16,116,674, which the Company stated was mainly driven by the cancellation and delay of significant projects as well as various projects carried over to 2016. For Information Technology, the Company had a favorable variance of \$4,947,669, which the Company stated related to planned project carryover to 2016. For Compliance with Rules, Regulations and

Orders, the Company had a favorable variance of \$1,318,079, which the Company stated was mainly due to project timing. For 2015, the overall budget to actual comparison was a favorable variance totaling \$22,382,422.

The budget to actual CEP expenditures for 2016 are shown in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 6-13. Summary of 2016 Budget to Actual Variances

Category	Capital Budget	Actual Additions	Total Variance
Distribution Improvement	\$ 60,800,000	\$ 62,833,451	\$ (2,033,451)
Information Technology	\$ 3,800,000	\$ 4,472,237	\$ (672,237)
Compliance with Rules, Regulations and Orders	\$ 3,100,000	\$ 1,160,829	\$ 1,939,171
Total CEP Investment	\$ 67,700,000	\$ 68,466,517	\$ (766,517)
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-49			

As shown in the exhibit above, for distribution improvement, the Company had an unfavorable variance of \$2,033,451, which the Company stated was mainly driven by increased spend on expansion projects. For Information Technology, the Company had an unfavorable variance of \$672,237, which the Company stated was mainly driven by project timing. For Compliance with Rules, Regulations and Orders, the Company had a favorable variance of \$1,939,171, which the Company stated was mainly due to project timing. For 2016, the overall budget to actual comparison was an unfavorable variance totaling \$766,517.

The budget to actual CEP expenditures for 2017 are shown in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 6-14. Summary of 2017 Budget to Actual Variances

Category	Capital Budget	Actual Additions	Total Variance
Distribution Improvement	\$ 64,700,000	\$ 71,096,101	\$ (6,396,101)
Information Technology	\$ 2,100,000	\$ 15,359,485	\$ (13,259,485)
Compliance with Rules, Regulations and Orders	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 767,989	\$ 432,011
Total CEP Investment	\$ 68,000,000	\$ 87,223,575	\$ (19,223,575)
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-49			

As shown in the exhibit above, for distribution improvement, the Company had an unfavorable variance of \$6,396,101, which the Company stated was mainly due to the new Eastern Gas Ops Center building spend in 2017, which was partially offset by under-spending on Public Improvement projects and M&R station projects, which had more in budgeted placeholders versus what was placed into service in 2017. For Information Technology, the Company had an unfavorable variance of \$13,259,485, which the Company stated was due to additional costs and an extended schedule for the Enable Project.³⁴ For Compliance with Rules, Regulations and Orders, the Company had a favorable variance of \$432,011, which the Company stated was

³⁴ The Enable Project is discussed in detail in Chapter 8 of this report.

mainly due to project timing. For 2017, the overall budget to actual comparison was an unfavorable variance totaling \$19,223,575.

The budget to actual CEP expenditures for 2018 are shown in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 6-15. Summary of 2018 Budget to Actual Variances

Category	Capital Budget	Actual Additions	Total Variance
Distribution Improvement	\$ 68,100,000	\$ 94,566,061	\$ (26,466,061)
Information Technology	\$ -	\$ 570,642	\$ (570,642)
Compliance with Rules, Regulations and Orders	\$ 1,200,000	\$ -	\$ 1,200,000
Total CEP Investment	\$ 69,300,000	\$ 95,136,703	\$ (25,836,703)
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-49			

As shown in the exhibit above, for distribution improvement, the Company had an unfavorable variance of \$26,466,061, which the Company stated was mainly driven by work on the Dicks Creek Station, which had significant delays into 2018. This Dicks Creek variance was partially offset by the Mason Station project due to Central Corridor project delays. In addition, there were significant costs related to AMI in Ohio as well as Line D, which had significant trailing charges in 2018 although it was placed into service in December 2017. For Information Technology, the Company had an unfavorable variance of \$570,642, which the Company stated was related to trailing charges on the Enable Project as well as the DEE vehicle network project. For Compliance with Rules, Regulations and Orders, the Company had a favorable variance of \$1,200,000, which the Company stated was mainly driven by the Line D and Line A000b projects. Both of the line projects were budgeted under this category, but the actual expenditures were captured in the Distribution Improvement category. For 2018, the overall budget to actual comparison was an unfavorable variance totaling \$25,836,703.

The exhibit below provides a summary of the budget to actual variances on CEP expenditures over the 2013 through 2018:

Exhibit 6-16. Summary of 2013 - 2018 Budget to Actual Variances

Description	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total
Distribution Improvement	\$ 9,722,670	\$ 19,592,321	\$ 16,116,674	\$ (2,033,451)	\$ (6,396,101)	\$ (26,466,061)	\$ 10,536,052
Information Technology	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 3,599,149	\$ 4,947,669	\$ (672,237)	\$ (13,259,485)	\$ (570,642)	\$ (3,955,547)
Comp. with Rules, Regs. and Orders	\$ 200,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 1,318,079	\$ 1,939,171	\$ 432,011	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 7,089,261
Total Budget to Actual Variances	\$ 11,922,670	\$ 25,191,470	\$ 22,382,422	\$ (766,517)	\$ (19,223,575)	\$ (25,836,703)	\$ 13,669,766
Note: Positive amounts reflect favorable variances and negative amounts reflect unfavorable variances							

As shown in the exhibit above, during the overall the 2013-2018 period, (1) the budget to actual comparison for the distribution improvement projects was a favorable variance of \$10,536,052; (2) the budget to actual comparison for the information technology projects was an unfavorable variance of \$3,955,547; and (3) the budget to actual comparison for the Compliance with Rules, Regulations and Orders projects was a favorable variance of \$7,089,261 for an overall favorable variance of \$13,669,766 over the six-year period.

Conclusion

As noted above, from 2013 through 2015, all three categories of the Company's CEP expenditures were significantly under budget, resulting in favorable variances for each of those years.

For 2016, the Company exceeded its budgeted CEP expenditures in distribution improvement and information technology categories of CEP expenditures, but the resulting unfavorable variances were relatively modest given the magnitude of the overall budgeted CEP capital expenditures.

For both 2017 and 2018, the Company exceeded its budgeted CEP expenditures by a significant amount. For 2017, the unfavorable variance was primarily driven by cost overruns associated with the Eastern Gas Ops Center and the Enable Project. For 2018, the unfavorable variance was primarily driven by cost overruns and delays associated with the Dicks Creek Station project. As previously discussed in this chapter, the Eastern Gas Ops Center and Dicks Creek Station were the subject of table top reviews and video walkthroughs conducted by Company personnel. The Enable Project is discussed in detail in Chapter 7 of this report.

Based on the foregoing, it appears that if not for the cost overruns and delays associated with large projects, including the Eastern Gas Ops Center and Enable Project in 2017 and Dicks Creek Station in 2018 (all of which are discussed in detail in Chapters 6 and 7 of this report), the budget to actual analysis for those years would have been more in line with the previous years of the audit period (2013-2016), thus Larkin is satisfied that the CEP-related construction activity was not unreasonable.

Causes for Increased Non-AMRP and Non-Rider AU Spending

As previously discussed in this chapter, in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-35, the Company provided a listing of its project work orders for the period April 1, 2012 through December 31, 2018. The project work orders included in this listing were designated as either CEP, AMRP, AU, or non-rider related (i.e., not CEP, AMRP, nor AU). The non-rider related projects are discussed in this section. The exhibit below provides a summary of the non-rider related projects for the period 2013 through 2018, which coincides with the CEP program costs:

Exhibit 6-17. Summary of Non-Rider Related Capital Projects For 2013-2018

Description	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total
Intangible Plant	\$ 325,379	\$ 1,044,975	\$ 1,495,406	\$ 20,667,978	\$ (16,134,242)	\$ 7,636,594	\$ 15,036,089
Increase/(Decrease) by Year		\$ 719,596	\$ 450,430	\$ 19,172,572	\$ (36,802,220)	\$ 23,770,836	
Production Plant	\$ 1,156,069	\$ 95,731	\$ 165,100	\$ 472,056	\$ 92	\$ 1,691,285	\$ 3,580,333
Increase/(Decrease) by Year		\$ (1,060,338)	\$ 69,369	\$ 306,957	\$ (471,964)	\$ 1,691,193	
Distribution Plant	\$ 6,552,106	\$ 2,185,946	\$ 1,030,015	\$ 2,117,701	\$ 4,679	\$ 12,384	\$ 11,902,830
Increase/(Decrease) by Year		\$ (4,366,160)	\$ (1,155,931)	\$ 1,087,686	\$ (2,113,022)	\$ 7,705	
General Plant	\$ 25,317,128	\$ 12,284,690	\$ 6,957,527	\$ 8,801,720	\$ 38,894,970	\$ 15,121,632	\$ 107,377,668
Increase/(Decrease) by Year		\$ (13,032,438)	\$ (5,327,163)	\$ 1,844,193	\$ 30,093,250	\$ (23,773,338)	
Total Non-Rider Expenditures	\$ 33,350,682	\$ 15,611,342	\$ 9,648,047	\$ 32,059,455	\$ 22,765,499	\$ 24,461,895	\$ 137,896,921
Total Increase/(Decrease) by Year		\$ (17,739,339)	\$ (5,963,295)	\$ 22,411,408	\$ (9,293,956)	\$ 1,696,396	
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-35							

As shown above, the non-rider related projects are broken out by (1) intangible plant; (2) production plant; (3) distribution plant; and (4) general plant. For each category of plant, the amount of non-rider related capital expenditures fluctuated significantly during the period 2013 through 2018.

A discussion of each plant category is below with a focus on the years in which the non-rider related capital expenditures significantly increased over the prior year.

Intangible Plant

As shown in the exhibit, capital expenditures increased significantly from 2013 to 2014 and from 2015 to 2016.

The increase from 2013 to 2014 was primarily driven by two projects related to what is referred to as an EPIS Upgrade (Project ID numbers EGISUPGSO and PCTA214) with costs totaling \$626,891 and a project related to IVR Software and Licenses (Project ID number PCTAIVRSW) with costs totaling \$252,570 with the overall costs of these three projects totaling \$879,461.

The increase from 2015 to 2016 was primarily driven by Project ID number P6956, which shows costs related to the land purchase at 4612 Kellogg Avenue, which as discussed above is where the Eastern Gas Ops Center is located. During the table top review of the Eastern Gas Ops Center on April 9, 2020, the Company stated that the Eastern Gas Ops Center was originally set up as a single project with the costs of the land and the costs of the building under one project ID number. However, for FERC accounting, it was necessary to set up a separate project ID (i.e., work order) for the land purchase exclusively. As such, the large decrease between 2016 and 2017 is primarily driven by a credit amount of \$16,260,426, which reflects reversing the 4612 Kellogg Avenue land purchase from intangible plant in 2017.

Production Plant

The increase from 2015 to 2016 was primarily driven by two projects. Project ID number K4108, which has the description "Replace Compressor RTU at East Work" had costs totaling \$208,306 and Project ID number Q3810, which has the description "had costs totaling \$101,389.

The increase from 2017 to 2018 is primarily driven by two projects. Project ID number P8052, which has the description "Replace Shutdown and Isolation Valve" had costs totaling \$915,767 and Project ID number T7915 had the description "East Works 4' Vap Line Replacement" had costs totaling \$774,860.

Distribution Plant

The increase from 2015 to 2016 was primarily by Project ID number G8170, which had the description "Mason Normac Replacement", had costs totaling \$920,823.

The increase from 2017 to 2018 was primarily driven by Project ID number G1545, which has the description "EMAX 1243678 130A S Marshall", had costs totaling \$13,487.

General Plant

The large increase from 2016 to 2017 was driven by several projects in 2017, which are summarized in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 6-18. Summary of Large Non-Rider Related Capital Projects For 2017

FERC Account	Project ID Number	Project Description	Rider	WO Completion Date	In-Service Date	Unitization Date	Work Type	Blanket Project	Charges
390	OHF15053B	OH-4MA-Annex-Elev Equip	Non Rider Related	201709	2017	201805	additions	N	\$ 2,306,677
390	OHP140713	Office Renovations @ Little Miami	Non Rider Related	201710	2017	201907	Replacement	N	\$ 2,989,488
390	OMW150215	AHU#4 Replacement at 4th & Main	Non Rider Related	201704	2017	201804	Replacement	N	\$ 3,032,320
390	OMW160100	Ops Center Renovation	Non Rider Related	201711	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 4,608,834
390	OMW16029A	Dana Ops Center Renovation	Non Rider Related	201712	2017	201803	additions	N	\$ 5,949,307
390	OMW16029B	Dana Ops Center Renovation Phase 2	Non Rider Related	201708	2017	201805	additions	N	\$ 1,660,743
390	OMW16029C	Dana Ops Center Renovation Phase 3	Non Rider Related	201703	2017	201803	Replacement	N	\$ 3,238,781
390	OSTW10006	Annex Renovation	Non Rider Related	201709	2017	201805	Replacement	N	\$ 3,667,084
391	OSTW10006	Annex Renovation	Non Rider Related	201709	2017	201805	Replacement	N	\$ 1,872,488
397	OMW16029C	Dana Ops Center Renovation Phase 3	Non Rider Related	201703	2017	201803	Replacement	N	\$ 924,208
									\$ 30,249,931

Source: LARKIN-DR-01-35

As shown in the exhibit above, five of the projects were related to the Dana Ops Center renovation with costs totaling \$16,384,874. In addition, the Annex Renovation had costs totaling \$5,539,573 with the three remaining projects totaling \$8,328,485.

Conclusion

For each category of plant, the amount of non-rider related capital expenditures fluctuated significantly during the period 2013 through 2018 as shown in Exhibit6-17 above. On an overall basis, the only years in which there was net increase in non-rider related capital expenditures was 2016 and 2018 with decreases in the other years. In addition, the years in which there were significant increases in capital costs, they typically related to individual projects rather than an influx of several projects. On that basis, we conclude that the non-rider related capital expenditures during the period 2013 through 2018 were reasonable and prudent.

Cost Containment

Labor costs are a major contributor to the CEP project costs. Specifically, as discussed above in the section of our report in which we sampled project work orders, labor costs, and outside contractor labor costs in particular, comprise a significant portion of the costs included in the CEP projects. As such, we requested that the Company provide its written guidelines and/or

policies and procedures regarding the use of outside contractors rather than using internal labor on its non-AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures (i.e., CEP costs). In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-14, the Company stated:

There are no written guidelines and/or policies and procedures regarding the use of outside contractors vs. Company personnel as it relates to non-Rider AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures. Generally, internal crews will work projects if the pipe is 100 feet long in length or less. If the work requires specialized knowledge or the pipe is greater than 100 feet in length, the Company will have one of our contractors perform the work. This is an internal guideline for gas but there is nothing in writing.³⁵

We asked the Company to explain the basis of it employing outside contractors to perform work on projects in which the pipe is greater than 100 feet in length and how that criteria was determined. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-30, the Company stated that it uses the 100 feet length from an efficiency standpoint. If the pipe is 100 feet or less, internal resources are typically used for the engineering and construction of projects. Specifically, the Company will design, order materials and install and prepare as-built diagrams on the back-end, which can be accomplished in a short time frame (i.e., 30-45 days from beginning to end). However, if it is necessary to hire an outside contractor, the process typically takes three months from beginning to end.

In terms of other criteria used by DEO in determining whether to have outside contractors perform work on projects rather than internal labor (such as for projects that do not involve pipe), in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-30, the Company stated:

The Company typically will bid out most new regulator station installations to contractors due to volume of work. The regulator, reliefs, heater startups and Remote Terminal Unit telemetry equipment point to point (SCADA verifications) are set up and completed by our Technical Field Operations (TFO) Gas System Operation crews due to Operator Qualification requirements. TFO Management also writes the Work Authorization Permits to gas up new stations once Maximum Allowable Operating Pressure (Engineering provides this data with new station designs) verification have been verified by Major Project Teammates.

According to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-113, the TFO Gas System Operations is comprised of Gas Technical Services, Gas Measurement Center, Gas System Operations Mechanics, and Management Staff. During the telephone interview conducted on January 24, 2020, the Company stated that the TFO group is involved with some capital work, but primarily focuses on O&M inspection work. Major Projects Teammates are discussed below.

With regard to cost containment strategies as it relates to the use of outside contractors, the Company competitively bids out work that consists of street improvements, main replacements, pressure improvements, and main extensions (8,000 feet or less and eight inches in diameter or less) for distribution main. DEO stated that there are four contractors that perform this work. In addition, the Company has set pricing for this type of work established in blanket contracts.

³⁵ The response to LARKIN-DR-01-16 indicated that this also applies to the use of internal labor on projects.

Specifically, if it is greater than 8,000 feet or greater than eight inches in diameter, the job is bid out to a pool of approved contractors.³⁶ The Ohio Service Line Replacement Program is also bid out with set pricing in place. However, as noted above, costs related to the Ohio Service Line Replacement Program are currently not included in CEP. During the January 24, 2020 telephone interview, the Company stated that it typically uses external crews on blanket projects.

We asked DEO to explain the basis for the Company's practice of competitively bidding out work to the four outside contractors referenced above to work on projects in which main extensions are 8,000 feet or less and to explain how and when this criteria was determined. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-31, the Company stated that the criteria is based on reviewing historical project data. Specifically, DEO stated that 85% of its distribution projects are 8,000 feet or less. The contractors used by the Company are large enough to efficiently perform work of this size and they give the Company the best pricing. DEO indicated that the most recent review was completed in July 2019 with projects dating back to 2015. The four contractors are AMS Construction, RLA Utilities, KS Energy, and Premier. The set pricing relates only to these four contractors, although there was an initial open bid pricing process with several contractors. AMS Construction, RLA Utilities, and KS Energy focus on mains and services while Premier focuses on the Service Line Replacement Program.³⁷

In the event a project falls outside the scope of blanket projects (i.e. greater than 8,000 feet for distribution mains), the Company indicated it has an approved bidder list that is managed by its sourcing group who works in conjunction with the operations group in an open-bid process. For distribution main projects that are greater than 8,000 feet, in addition to the four contractors listed above, the Company also identified Infrasource, Miller Pipeline, and Intren as being on the approved bidders list.

As it relates to Major Projects, we asked the Company to explain the criteria used for projects bid out, contracted by, and supervised by the Major Projects Group. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-110, the Company stated:

Natural Gas Major Projects was created in early 2017 shortly after the acquisition of Piedmont Natural Gas. The organization was formed during the integration of both companies to align with best practices. At that time, we competitively bid (to at least 3 approved bidders) every project for both Engineering and Construction services or we followed our sourcing policy requiring a VP to sign off on any contract that wasn't competitively bid and cost more than \$250,000. We would then evaluate the bids based on Cost, Schedule, Project Execution Plan, Organization & Key Personnel, Corporate Responsibility and Safety. Major project competitively bids out on every project they manage, so there are no blanket contracts for engineering and construction.

³⁶ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-15.

³⁷ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-31.

The staffing of the Major Projects group is comprised of the following personnel: Project Manager, Project Engineer, Implementation Superintendent, Project Controls, QA Analyst, and Land Agent.³⁸

In addition to the foregoing, the Company has a robust RFP process for both blanket work orders and major individual projects.³⁹

In terms of cost containment strategies that DEO has in place pursuant to the use of internal labor, the Company stated that internal labor is managed on a project by project basis depending on deliverables and is monitored through the approval of timesheets.⁴⁰ Specifically, supervisors and managers direct the work of internal labor with respect to which projects are worked on and how resources are allocated based on the annual budget and specific work scope of each Company crew. In addition, charges by internal labor on the timesheets are approved by each manager on a semi-monthly basis or every two weeks depending on whether the employee is exempt or non-exempt. Factors including weather, compliance due dates, or customer needs can determine an employee's work schedule.⁴¹ During the January 24, 2020 telephone interview, the Company stated that internal labor is typically more available to perform operations and management type work.

Conclusion

Based on the foregoing, Larkin concludes that DEO has implemented effective cost containment strategies with regard to the use of outside contractors and internal labor.

Incremental Revenue Offset

As part of its CEP revenue requirement calculation, the Company included a line item on Company Exhibit J, Schedule No. 1, which it referred to as Cumulative Offset for Incremental Revenue. This revenue offset, in a credit amount of \$18,930,741 is included as an offset to the, deferred regulatory assets on Schedule No. 1 and represents the incremental revenues associated with the CEP investments and treated as an offset to deferred expenses. The Company's revenue offset of \$18,930,741 is summarized on Exhibit J, Schedule 8 and replicated in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 6-19. Summary of DEO's Incremental Offset to Revenue

Rate Category	12/31/2013	12/31/2014	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018
Rate RS / RFT / RSLI	\$ (986,239)	\$ (2,797,652)	\$ (5,043,990)	\$ (7,939,172)	\$ (11,838,788)	\$ (16,835,653)
Rate GS / FT Small	\$ (56,999)	\$ (56,999)	\$ (56,999)	\$ (56,999)	\$ (56,999)	\$ (56,999)
Rate GS / FT Large	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,875,220)	\$ (2,038,089)	\$ (2,038,089)	\$ (2,038,089)
Rate IT	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Incremental Revenue - (Increase)	\$ (1,043,238)	\$ (2,854,651)	\$ (6,976,209)	\$ (10,034,260)	\$ (13,933,876)	\$ (18,930,741)
Source: Exhibit J, Schedule 8 from DEO's Filing						

³⁸ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-111.

³⁹ See the responses to LARKIN-DR-01-109 and LARKIN-DR-01-110.

⁴⁰ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-17.

⁴¹ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-32.

The Company's detailed calculations for each year 2013 through 2018 are shown on Exhibit J, Workpapers 8.1 through 8.6, respectively. Specifically, for each year, using the baseline number of customers from DEO's last rate case (Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR) the Company's revenue offset is based on the monthly changes in customer counts (from the actual number of bills) for each of the rate classes shown in the exhibit above. The Company then multiplied the difference between the baseline and actual customers by the fixed monthly rate for cost recovery⁴² for each rate class to determine the annual increase/(decrease) in revenue.

For each year 2013 through 2018, using the data from our sample selections previously discussed, we asked the Company whether any of the projects from our sample that were designated as "additions" were related to adding new customers and whether they were revenue generating. In each of its responses to LARKIN-DR-01-151 through LARKIN-DR-01-156 (with each response representing the period 2013-2018), the Company provided attachments which indicated that several projects in each year were related to adding new customers and were revenue generating. We have summarized the number of new customers and the costs of those projects in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 6-20. Summary of New Customers and Revenue Producing CEP Projects For 2013-2018

Year	Number of New Customers	Total of Revenue Producing Projects
2013	11	\$ 296,443
2014	256	\$ 564,944
2015	170	\$ 765,506
2016	72	\$ 1,559,668
2017	132	\$ 824,247
2018	31	\$ 486,439
Total	672	\$ 4,497,248
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-151 through 156		

As shown in the exhibit, the number of new customers from the projects designated as additions totaled 672 during the period 2013 through 2018 and the project costs totaled \$4,497,248.

Conclusion

In our view, the Company's methodology for applying the incremental revenue offset to deferred CEP expenses is reasonable. We are not recommending any adjustments to remove revenue generating CEP investments.

⁴² DEO's Schedule 8 workpapers state that the fixed cost rates were derived by removing the equity return and taxes from the rates derived in Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR.

7 ENABLE PROJECT

Enable Project Costs

In a PowerPoint presentation dated March 2018, the Company described the Enable Project as a process-centric effort to standardize the highly disparate processes within each business unit to accomplish the following:

- Drive higher levels of productivity and efficiency equating to ~\$75 million in annual value.
- Better define the needed information systems.
- Deploy the needed information systems and consistent processes.
- Create measurable, sustainable value for all affected business units.

In addition, the Company's presentation indicated that Enable project's objective is to drive sustainable, organizational value through improved efficiency and optimized performance by (1) overseeing 20 million assets; (2) managing 500,000 inventory items; (3) having more than 17,000 users; (4) transacting \$5.6 billion in goods and services; (5) executing 1.3 million work orders; and (6) controlling \$1 billion in inventory.

With regard to the specific functions and/or modules of the Enable system used by DEO's gas operations, in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-131, the Company stated:

As part of the Enable Project, a suite of tools that manages the work, assets, resources and inventory was implemented for the gas business. The major types of work managed through this suite of tools includes construction, maintenance and inspections. In general, these work types follow the same flow through the suite of tools. Work is initiated in the Work Request Tool via the customer systems; the work order is set up in the Maximo system and continually attributed as the work order progresses. The work order then triggers engineers to design the work in the Gas Integration Manager (GIM) tool, to schedule the work to crews in Asset & Resource Management (ARM) Scheduler, and initiate requisition of materials in Maximo. The work order from Maximo then appears in the Field Mobile Application for crews to perform and subsequently complete the work, and when the work order is closed the information posts to systems of record including financial systems and the Geographic Information Systems (GIS) mapping system.

The Enable system was initially placed into service on August 7, 2017 and has a 10-year useful life.⁴³

The Enable Project was a Duke Energy initiative to review and upgrade information technology over several of its business units. The Enable project affected several Duke Energy business units including: Transmission, Distribution, Vegetation Management, Fossil/Hydro Operations, Gas Operations, Supply Chain, and Fleet Operations.⁴⁴

The total Enable Project costs that were charged across the impacted Duke Energy business units are shown in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 7-1. Summary of Enable Project Costs Charged to all Duke Energy Business Units

Description	2015	2016	2017	2018	Grand Total
Enable Project Costs Across All Business Units	\$ 30,777,252	\$ 76,355,683	\$ 124,267,684	\$ 4,623,818	\$ 236,024,436
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-157					

From 2015 and 2018, Enable Project costs totaling \$236,024,436 were charged to Duke Energy's impacted business units. The amount of these costs that were allocated to DEO's gas utility are discussed below.

For each year 2013 through 2018, we had requested that DEO provide a comparison of its budgeted CEP expenditures to the actual CEP expenditures and to provide explanations for any variances. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-49, the Company provided the requested budget to actual comparisons. For the period ending December 31, 2017, the DEO gas utility's budget to actual analysis indicated an unfavorable variance totaling \$13,259,485 related to information technology. In its explanation for this large variance, the Company stated that it was due to additional costs and extended schedule related to the Enable project.

In order to obtain a better understanding of the \$13.3 million variance noted above, we requested additional information regarding the reasons for this variance. In its supplemental response to LARKIN-DR-01-49, the Company stated:

Enable was initially budgeted at the enterprise level. There was no specific budget for gas operations. Initially, gas operations was going to receive a partial implementation as compared to electric but at a later point in the project, the scope was expanded to include additional processes. Ohio Gas operations was assigned 5.43% which is calculated as Ohio Gas meters as a percentage of Duke Energy total enterprise meters, which is in accordance with the Company's meter-based CAM.

During the January 31, 2020 interviews, the Company stated that the allocation of the Enable Project was based on customer counts. We requested that the Company provide the calculations

⁴³ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-131.

⁴⁴ This information was contained in DEO's Enable Overview PowerPoint presentation dated March 2018.

of the allocation of the Enable project's cost among Duke Energy's various entities/business units, including the 5.43% noted in the passage above for DEO's gas utility operations. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-115, the Company explained that the allocation of the Enable project was determined using the "DEMS" operating unit from the 2014 version of the Company's Cost Allocation Manual ("CAM"), which allocates costs based on meters across Duke Energy's business units. Specifically, the Enable Project costs were allocated among the Company's eight business units listed in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 7-2. Summary of Duke Energy Business Units

Business Unit	Business Unit No.	Percentage
Power Delivery	20017	31.52%
Carolinas	50126	19.09%
Florida	50226	21.71%
DEO Electric	75023	8.97%
Kentucky - Electric	75084	1.78%
Indiana - Electric	75115	10.26%
Kentucky - Gas	75086	1.24%
DEO Gas	75026	5.43%
	Total	100.00%
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-115		

As shown in the exhibit, Business Unit 75026, which reflects the 5.43% allocation noted in the passage above relates to the Company's Ohio gas distribution utility. The exhibit below shows the Enable projects/applications costs that were allocated to DEO's gas utility:

Exhibit 7-3. Enable Project Costs Allocated to DEO's Gas Utility

EF Project ID Description	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2018	Grand Total
Software					
ArcGIS / ESRI	\$ 53,145	\$ 303,871	\$ 293,360	\$ 11,531	\$ 661,908
ARM Scheduler	\$ 82,384	\$ 156,404	\$ 370,514	\$ 15,294	\$ 624,595
Centralized Design Tool	\$ 18,826	\$ 119,078	\$ 213,895	\$ 11,501	\$ 363,301
ECOM Data Hub	\$ 17,131	\$ 107,204	\$ 238,485	\$ 7,084	\$ 369,905
EGIS (EGIS, Job Mgr, GSDS)	\$ 292,604	\$ 620,031	\$ 1,168,222	\$ 36,068	\$ 2,116,925
Expert Designer	\$ 81,667	\$ 116,235	\$ 268,223	\$ 23,200	\$ 489,325
Maximo	\$ 691,525	\$ 1,499,574	\$ 1,997,688	\$ 87,058	\$ 4,275,845
Mobility	\$ 355,021	\$ 809,899	\$ 1,456,679	\$ 46,674	\$ 2,668,273
PowerPlan	\$ 20,630	\$ 130,915	\$ 29,784	\$ -	\$ 181,330
WMSP, WRT, and AST	\$ 45,444	\$ 147,364	\$ 341,112	\$ 12,654	\$ 546,575
Software Total	\$ 1,658,378	\$ 4,010,576	\$ 6,377,963	\$ 251,064	\$ 12,297,982
Hardware					
ArcGIS / ESRI	\$ 38	\$ 2	\$ 1,004	\$ 0	\$ 1,044
ARM Scheduler	\$ 30	\$ 1	\$ 87	\$ 0	\$ 119
Centralized Design Tool	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53	\$ 0	\$ 53
ECOM Data Hub	\$ -	\$ 476	\$ 1,789	\$ 0	\$ 2,266
EGIS (EGIS, Job Mgr, GSDS)	\$ 1,777	\$ 936	\$ 604	\$ 1	\$ 3,318
Expert Designer	\$ 214	\$ 9	\$ 56	\$ 0	\$ 280
Maximo	\$ 2,165	\$ 7,729	\$ 14,173	\$ 2	\$ 24,068
Mobility	\$ 8,602	\$ 126,383	\$ 351,931	\$ 5	\$ 486,921
WMSP, WRT, and AST	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 76	\$ 0	\$ 76
Hardware Total	\$ 12,826	\$ 135,537	\$ 369,772	\$ 9	\$ 518,145
Grand Total	\$ 1,671,205	\$ 4,146,114	\$ 6,747,735	\$ 251,073	\$ 12,816,127
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-157(g)					

As shown in the exhibit above, Enable project software costs allocated to DEO's gas operations totaled \$12,297,982 and the hardware related costs totaled \$518,145 for an overall total of \$12,816,127 charged to DEO's gas distribution utility.

According to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-157(h), for each year 2015 through 2018, the amounts shown above were based on using the 5.43% allocation factor from the 2014 CAM. The exhibit below shows how the Company applied the 5.43% allocation factor in determining the Enable Projects costs to be charged to DEO's gas distribution utility:

Exhibit 7-4. Enable Project Costs Allocated to DEO's Gas Utility - Per Company

Description	2015	2016	2017	2018	Grand Total
Enable Project Costs Charged Across All Business Units	\$ 30,777,252	\$ 76,355,683	\$ 124,267,684	\$ 4,623,818	\$ 236,024,436
Multiplied by 5.43% from the 2014 CAM	5.43%	5.43%	5.43%	5.43%	
Total Charged to DE Ohio Gas Delivery If % Updated Each Year	\$ 1,671,205	\$ 4,146,114	\$ 6,747,735	\$ 251,073	\$ 12,816,127

Source: LARKIN-DR-01-157

As shown above, the Company applied the 5.43 % 2014 CAM allocation factor to the total Company Enable Project costs to derive the portion allocated to DEO's gas distribution utility. The calculations provided by the Company did not separate the total Company software and hardware costs.

We disagree with the Company's methodology of allocating Enable Project costs to DEO's gas distribution utility based on the 2014 CAM 5.43% allocation factor. We recommend that the recoverable Enable project costs in CEP be based on the CAM percentage allocation applicable to DEO as updated each year through 2018. According to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-157, the CAM allocations to DEO's gas utility were 5.41%, 5.34%, and 5.30% for 2015, 2016, and 2017, respectively. The exhibit below shows how the Enable Project costs would have been allocated to DEO's gas distribution utility if the CAM percentage allocation had been updated each year:

Exhibit 7-5. Enable Project Costs Allocated to DEO's Gas Utility - As Recommended

Description	2015	2016	2017	2018	Grand Total
Enable Project Costs Charged Across All Business Units	\$ 30,777,252	\$ 76,355,683	\$ 124,267,684	\$ 4,623,818	\$ 236,024,436
Multiplied by Each Year's CAM Allocation Factor for DEO Gas	5.43%	5.41%	5.34%	5.30%	
Total Charged to DE Ohio Gas Delivery If % Updated Each Year	\$ 1,671,205	\$ 4,130,842	\$ 6,635,894	\$ 245,062	\$ 12,683,004
Per Company Using 5.43% in Each Year	\$ 1,671,205	\$ 4,146,114	\$ 6,747,735	\$ 251,073	\$ 12,816,127
Difference	\$ -	\$ (15,271)	\$ (111,841)	\$ (6,011)	\$ (133,123)

Source: LARKIN-DR-01-157 Supplemental

As shown above, by using the annual updated CAM allocation percentages, the total Enable Project costs allocated to DEO's gas distribution utility is \$12,683,004, or \$133,123 less than the Company's amount of \$12,816,127.⁴⁵ As discussed in further detail in Chapter 9 of this report, we recommend that the allocation of Enable Project costs to DEO's gas distribution utility be calculated using the annual updated CAM percentages.

⁴⁵ Note 1 on the LARKIN-DR-01-157 Supplemental Attachment states that due to the complexity of Enable charging and the timing of the CAM spreadsheet, updating the percentage each year would require using the prior year's CAM.

Enable Project Budget Overruns and Change Orders

As discussed above, for the period ending December 31, 2017, the Company's budget to actual analysis resulted in an unfavorable variance totaling \$13,259,485 which the Company indicated was due to additional costs and an extended schedule for the Enable project.

To understand what caused the budget overruns on this project, we requested that DEO identify and provide a complete copy of each change order for the Enable Project. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-105, the Company provided 131 confidential attachments. While some of these attachments were the original Bids and/or Statements of Work from the various vendors that worked on the Enable Project, the vast majority of these attachments were change orders for the project. The change orders provided totaled [REDACTED]

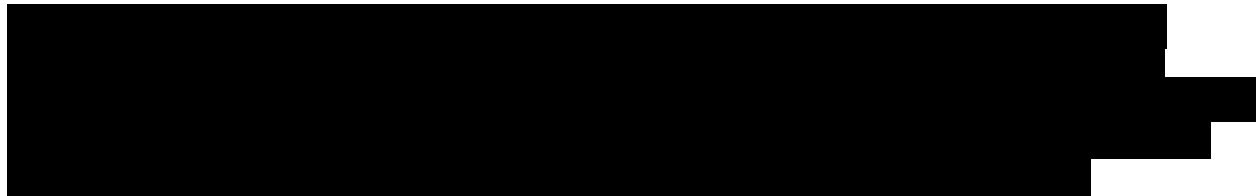
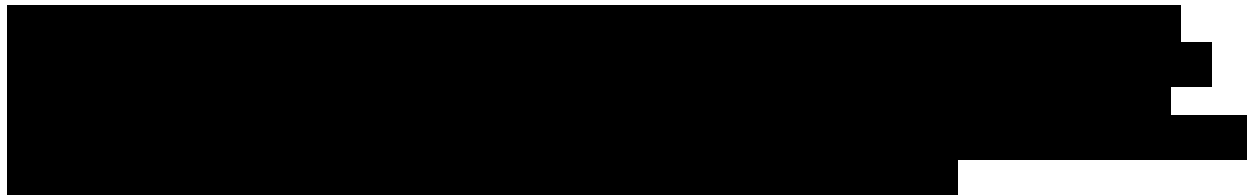
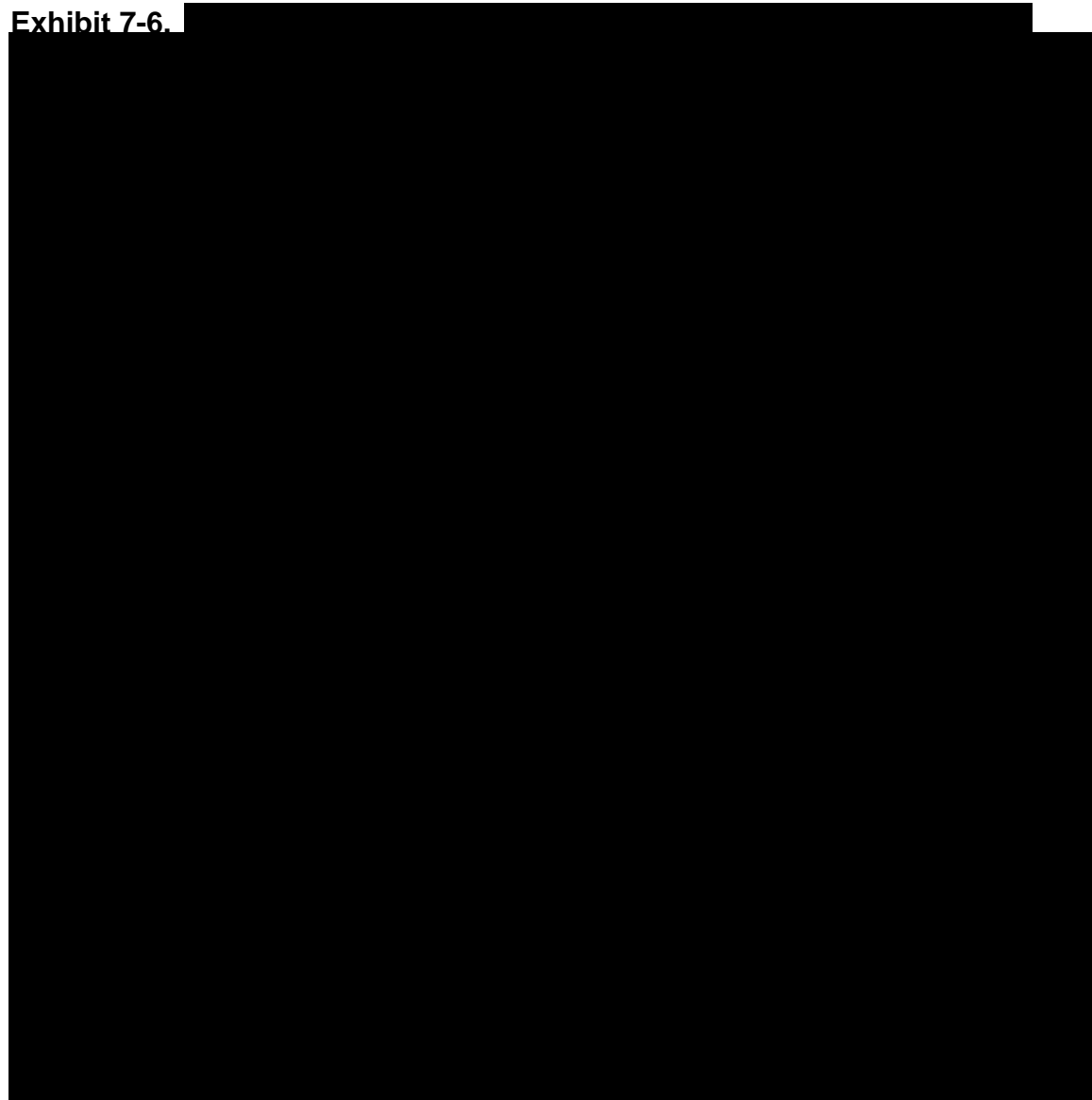
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

⁴⁶ The 131 voluminous confidential attachments to LARKIN-DR-01-105 were provided on a CD, which Larkin received on April 17, 2020. In addition, problems were initially encountered with opening the files, but this was eventually resolved.

Exhibit 7-6.



Conclusion

Larkin did not perform a management audit. As it relates to the significant budget overruns with regard to the Enable Project, based on the information we reviewed, we found that DEO had documentation to support the Enable Project costs. We did not find imprudence. As such, we are not recommending any adjustments nor are we making a finding of imprudence. However, given the magnitude of the actual costs of this project, and the change orders in excess of \$31 million, we recommend that the costs of the Duke Energy Enable Project be subject to ongoing regulatory scrutiny. Specifically, due to the sheer volume of costs associated with this project, coupled with the fact that they were allocated across several of Duke Energy's business units (in addition to DEO's gas utility), our opinion is that ongoing and additional regulatory scrutiny of the Duke Energy Enable Project costs charged to DEO may be warranted.

8 METERS AND COMMUNICATION EQUIPMENT

This chapter of our report discusses the following topics as it relates to AMI meters and related communication equipment:

- The costs associated with AMI meter module replacements from 2013, 2014 and 2015 that should have been included in Rider AU
- Rider AU costs excluded from CEP
- An "Unretirement" in the amount of \$23,065,474
- Gas Meters Installed and Retired
- Replacement of gas meter communication equipment

AMI Meter Module Replacements

In order to determine which meter-related projects should have been included in Rider AU versus CEP, we asked the Company to distinguish between (1) costs that are includable in Rider AU, and (2) costs that it included in the CEP. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-78, DEO stated that Rider AU costs were distinguished through certain project class codes that were assigned to Smart Grid projects and that Rider AU costs were only distinguished through 2015 since that was conclusion of the Smart Grid initiative. We requested further clarification of the criteria DEO used to identify projects to include in Rider AU and those to include in the CEP.

Upon reviewing the listing of the Company's CEP-related project work orders (previously discussed in Chapter 6), we noted several projects in each year 2013 through 2018, which appeared to relate to the replacement of meters and/or for AMI as shown in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 8-1. AMI Module Projects Included in CEP

FERC Account	Project ID Number	Project Description	Rider	Work Order Completion Date	In-Service Date	Unitization Date	Work Type	Blanket Project	Charges
2013 Projects									
381	20062	METERS - PURCHASE NEW GAS METERS	CEP	201212	2013	200412	Replacement	Y	\$ 308,408 46
381	20062	METERS - PURCHASE NEW GAS METERS	CEP	201312	2013	200412	Replacement	Y	\$ 22,400 06
381	AMIMODCHG	AMI MODULE INSTALL/REMOVE	CEP	201303	2013	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 890 46
2014 Projects									
381	20062	METERS - PURCHASE NEW GAS METERS	CEP	201312	2014	200412	Replacement	Y	\$ 151,791 21
381	20062	METERS - PURCHASE NEW GAS METERS	CEP	201412	2014	200412	Replacement	Y	\$ 5,032 13
381	AMIMODCHG	AMI MODULE INSTALL/REMOVE	CEP	201401	2014	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 879 77
2015 Projects									
381	20062	METERS - PURCHASE NEW GAS METERS	CEP	201412	2015	200412	Replacement	Y	\$ 172,989 03
381	AMIMODCHG	AMI MODULE INSTALL/REMOVE	CEP	201504	2015	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 31 27
2016 Projects									
381	SETMETER	Set or Remove Meter Ohio	CEP	201601	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 1,388,723 09
380	MCAP10	Replace AMRP M-C Plastic	CEP	201601	2016	201708	Replacement	Y	\$ 277,589 94
376	R1488	AMRP 2015 Small Segments	CEP	201511	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 257,321 63
381	CHGMTRSM	Change Small Meter Ohio	CEP	201601	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 243,820 16
380	CMAP10	Replace AMRP C-M Plastic	CEP	201601	2016	201910	Replacement	Y	\$ 232,515 98
381	CHGMTRLG	Change Large Meter Ohio	CEP	201601	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 73,363 15
380	CMAP10	Replace AMRP C-M Plastic	CEP	201610	2016	201910	Replacement	Y	\$ 65 60
380	MCAP10	Replace AMRP M-C Plastic	CEP	201610	2016	201708	Replacement	Y	\$ 19 78
387	MCAP10	Replace AMRP M-C Plastic	CEP	201610	2016	201708	Replacement	Y	\$ 15 12
376	P7607	AMRP 2015 Small Segments Jan-Jul	CEP	201507	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (103,377 99)
2017 Projects									
381	SETMETER	Set or Remove Meter Ohio	CEP	201701	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	2,573,139 31
381	CHGMTRSM	Change Small Meter Ohio	CEP	201701	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	193,803 64
381	CHGMTRLG	Change Large Meter Ohio	CEP	201701	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	141,246 87
380	MCAP10	Replace AMRP M-C Plastic	CEP	201701	2017	201708	Replacement	Y	107,589 12
394	SGOGPGMTR	Smart Grid Ohio Gap Gas Meter	CEP	201501	2017	201512	additions	Y	90,161 20
380	CMAP10	Replace AMRP C-M Plastic	CEP	201705	2017	201910	Replacement	Y	29,873 10
387	MCAP10	Replace AMRP M-C Plastic	CEP	201701	2017	201708	Replacement	Y	15,291 31
380	MCAP10	Replace AMRP M-C Plastic	CEP	201708	2017	201708	Replacement	Y	14,851 59
2018 Projects									
381	SETMETER	Set or Remove Meter Ohio	CEP	201801	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	2,634,723 83
381	CHGMTRSM	Change Small Meter Ohio	CEP	201801	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	170,062 70
381	CHGMTRLG	Change Large Meter Ohio	CEP	201801	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	144,539 25
380	CMSTRCAR	Curb to Meter for Streetcar Project	CEP	201405	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	11,849 45

Source: LARKIN-DR-01-35

We requested that DEO explain why these projects were included in the CEP expenditures rather than in Rider AU. The Company's response to LARKIN-DR-01-72 stated that the projects cited as relating to meters were blanket projects used to purchase and install meters. In addition, the response to LARKIN-DR-01-72, stated that Rider AU covered investments were specifically related to Smart Grid. The gas utility meters were not removed or replaced with smart meters. Rather, communication devices were added to the existing meters.

As part of the response to LARKIN-DR-01-72, the Company stated that for 2013, 2014 and 2015, project additions identified by Project ID number AMIMODCHG should have been included in Rider AU, but that this project was not labeled properly so these projects were not captured in Rider AU. DEO included them in CEP because they relate to infrastructure for gas operations, and had not been included in Rider AU, due to the incorrect labeling. These three projects are summarized in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 8-2. AMI Module Projects That Should Have Been Included in Rider AU

Year	FERC Account	Project ID Number	Project Description	Rider	Work Order Completion Date	In-Service Date	Unitization Date	Work Type	Blanket Project	Charges
2013	381	AMIMODCHG	AMI Module Install/Remove	CEP	March 2013	2013	Not Unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 890 46
2014	381	AMIMODCHG	AMI Module Install/Remove	CEP	January 2014	2014	Not Unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 879 77
2015	381	AMIMODCHG	AMI Module Install/Remove	CEP	April 2015	2015	Not Unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 31 27
Total										\$ 1,801 50

Source: LARKIN-DR-01-35

The three AMI projects that should have been included in Rider AU totaled \$1,802. Because these projects should have been included in Rider AU, but were not due to improper labeling by the Company, we have removed the costs associated with these three projects from CEP plant in-service as shown on Attachment LA-1, Schedule 9. For this adjustment, because of the small plant adjustment amount, we did not attempt to reflect the impacts to deferred or annualized depreciation expense, or the PISCC, which would be even smaller.

Rider AU Costs Excluded from CEP

The Company provided a reconciliation of the components of its historical plant records (i.e., by rider and other exclusions), including amounts designated as relating to CEP and Rider AU.⁴⁷ For Rider AU, the reconciliation included the following amounts for the period April through December 2012 as well as calendar years 2013 through 2015:

Exhibit 8-3. Rider AU Costs Excluded from CEP

Description	Apr-Dec 2012	2013	2014	2015
Rider AU	\$ 12,416,689	\$ 23,333,565	\$ 5,033,648	\$ (151,995)
Less Rider AU Common	\$ (5,531,194)	\$ (8,291,903)	\$ (2,796,044)	\$ 2,580
Less Rider AU Acct 17001	\$ (866,164)	\$ (7,988,510)	\$ (675,242)	\$ 2,518
Net Rider AU	\$ 6,019,331	\$ 7,053,152	\$ 1,562,362	\$ (146,897)

Source: LARKIN-DR-01-001(h) Attachment

As shown in the exhibit above, the Company's historical plant records included Rider AU related projects netting to \$6.019 million (2012 from April-December), \$7.053 million (2013), \$1.562 million (2014), and a credit amount of \$146,897 (2015).

In LARKIN-DR-01-84, we requested further clarification of the criteria DEO used to identify projects to include in Rider AU and those amounts included in the CEP, including:

- The criteria used by DEO to identify amounts in Rider AU for the period March through December 2012 and for each year 2013 and 2014.

⁴⁷ This reconciliation, which was provided in the response to LARKIN-DR-01-001 as Attachment H, is discussed in more detail in Chapter 6 of this report.

- For each year 2015 through 2018, we asked DEO what work orders and costs have been included in CEP that prior to December 31, 2014 would have been included in Rider AU.
- We asked DEO to explain what caused the Company to cease treating work orders and costs as belonging in Rider AU starting on January 1, 2015.
- We asked DEO to explain whether there is any difference in the carrying charges or return that was applied to amounts in Rider AU and the CEP for any of the years 2013 through 2015.

With regard to the first bullet point above, in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-84, the Company stated that it identified projects as Rider AU through 2015. Specifically, project class codes were used to identify projects' in-service expenditures that would be used in Rider AU.⁴⁸

Regarding the second bullet point above, the Company stated that no work orders for costs incurred during the period 2015 through 2018 were included in Rider AU because the Commission authorized DEO to include costs related to the initial AMI deployment in Rider AU, and that this initial deployment was completed in 2014.

Regarding the third bullet point above, and pursuant to the previous statement, the Company stopped including expenditures in Rider AU because the Smart Grid project had been completed. The Company stated it was only authorized to include the costs of the initial AMI deployment in Rider AU.

Finally, with regard to the fourth bullet point above, DEO stated that there were no differences in the carrying charges or return for Rider AU or CEP during the period 2013 through 2015.

The "Top End" \$23,065,474 "Unretirement"

The aforementioned reconciliation (from the response to LARKIN-DR-01-001) of the components of DEO's historical plant records by rider and other exclusions that was referenced above included the following line item for 2015: "Reconciling Item - 381/2810, 2811/Meters" in the amount of \$23,065,474.

We noted that this amount was included as an adjustment to the Company's 2015 reported FERC Form 2 amounts as shown in an attachment that was provided with DEO's response LARKIN-DR-01-004.⁴⁹

In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-24, the Company stated that the \$23,065,474 was for a journal entry related to the retirement of smart grid meters that was not recorded in PowerPlan.

⁴⁸ Also see the response to LARKIN-DR-01-78.

⁴⁹ LARKIN-DR-01-004 requested the Company's detailed monthly general ledger data for its plant accounts for the period 2012 through 2018.

We requested additional information regarding this journal entry and in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-88 the Company stated:

The Company has performed additional research on this item and needs to update the description of the purpose of the entry that was provided in LARKIN-DR-01-001 and LARKIN-DR-01-24. In December 2015, \$23M of gas meters were incorrectly retired in PowerPlan, the fixed asset system. This was discovered through the close process, after any updates in the subledger could be made for December 2015 accounting. As such, an on-top entry was recorded to reverse the retirement that processed in PowerPlan. The original incorrect entry that PowerPlan recorded was a debit to Account 108 - Accumulated Depreciation and a credit to Account 101 - Plant in Service. The correcting on-top entry was a debit to Account 101 and a credit to Account 108 to reverse the PowerPlan activity. As such, the entry is needed to reconcile the PowerPlan data to the General Ledger and FERC Form as of December 31, 2015. An "Unretirement" entry was processed in PowerPlan in January 2016 and the "on-top" entry was also reversed in January 2016. As such, the reconciling item was no longer needed as of December 31, 2016.

In previous Data Requests, this on-top has incorrectly been described as a retirement entry, but it is really an "un-retirement". Additionally, while the entry references "SG" which typically indicates Smart Grid, the incorrect retirements and associated reversal were not related to smart grid meters. The incorrect retirement was of gas meters. The Smart Grid initiative did not involve actual meter assets, but instead involved communication modules added to meters.

In addition to the foregoing passage, in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-88, the Company stated that none of the on-top entry for the \$23,065,474 "un-retirement" was included in the CEP investment for 2015,⁵⁰ or in Rider AU (since it related to normal gas meters and not Smart Grid meters). In addition, none of this amount was allocated to common plant. We confirmed that this was not included in CEP costs.

We recommend that Staff be aware of this unusual "un-retirement" entry and, as needed, make follow-up inquiries in future DEO rate cases to determine whether and how it is impacting DEO's rate base.

Gas Meters Installed and Retired

In order to obtain clarity on whether and how DEO meter costs are allocated to the Company's electric and gas utility operations, we asked that, for portions of DEO's Ohio service territory that include the provision of both electric utility service and gas distribution service, if there are any costs related to the electric utility AMI or smart meter program, or related investment in

⁵⁰ Also see the response to LARKIN-DR-01-138, which stated that the transaction type (i.e., PPRTRV-URET) used to book this "unretirement" was excluded from the CEP additions and retirements.

communications equipment charged or allocated to DEO's gas utility operations during the period 2012 through 2018. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-89, the Company stated:

A part of the electric utility AMI or smart meter program included costs that were charged to Common utility plant accounts. A portion of these Common costs were allocated to Gas Operations through inclusion in Rider AU costs for 2012-2015. All other costs that did not go through the AU will get included in rate base during the next gas rate case. Depreciation Expense on Common projects is allocated between Electric and Common based on an allocation percentage that is based on FERC Form 1 data. Generally, approximately 40% is allocated to Gas operations.

A summary of the costs that were included in Rider AU for 2012 through 2015 is shown in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 8-4. Costs Included in Rider AU

2012	2013	2014	2015
\$ 2,835,210	\$ 12,959,400	\$ 3,641,519	\$ (5,098)
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-89			

During the telephone interviews with DEO personnel, the Company stated that the CEP expenditures do not include any allocations for common plant.

During our review of the 2013 project work orders that were provided in response to LARKIN-DR-01-35, we noted two projects under ID number 20064 which had the description "To Include All Labor Materials And" in the amounts of \$93,874 and \$46,937.

Upon our inquiry as to what this project related to, in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-73, the Company stated that this was a blanket project to install gas analog meters in 2013 and was designated as CEP since meters are part of the infrastructure for gas operations. These meters were not included in Rider AU as they were not smart gas modules that were installed for purposes of AMI.

In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-135, DEO explained that the term "analog meter" applies only to electric meters and that all gas meters in DEO's system are diaphragm meters (see additional discussion below). In addition, the Company's response stated that Project ID 20064 was a blanket work order used to record gas meter costs in 2013 and that there are no smart meters installed on the Company's gas system.

The exhibit below shows (1) the total gas meters in service in each year 2012-2018;(2) the net number of gas meters installed, retired or replaced in each year 2013-2018; and (3) the incremental cost of the gas meters installed in each year 2013-2018:

Exhibit 8-5. Summary of Meters in Service, Net Installs, Retirements and Replacements and Meter Costs

Description	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Total Meters in service	452,966	452,292	453,127	454,695	457,084	459,524	461,370
Net Installs, Retirements, Replacements	(674)	835	1,568	2,389	2,440	1,846	
End of Year Meters in Service	452,292	453,127	454,695	457,084	459,524	461,370	461,370
Cost of Gas Meters Installed		\$ 641,367	\$ 641,367	\$ 2,324,966	\$ 2,328,118	\$ 3,329,430	\$ 3,668,230
Average Cost Per Installed Meter		\$ 1.42	\$ 1.41	\$ 5.09	\$ 5.07	\$ 7.22	\$ 7.95

Source: LARKIN-DR-91 and LARKIN-DR-01-135; average cost per meter calculated by dividing cost by end-of-year installed meters.

As shown in the exhibit above, with the exception of 2013, the net number of meters installed, retired, or replaced increased each year.

According to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-161, the reasons for the installation of new gas utility meters in each year are not tracked, but such reasons would have been due to (1) serving new customers; (2) increasing load on a customer's premises; (3) system improvements; (4) obsolescence; (5) replacing defective meters. The costs shown in the exhibit relate to the total net cost of gas meter installs, retirements and replacements, which are recorded in Company account 281 - Meters (FERC Account 381).⁵¹

We had requested that DEO provide a breakout between (1) the installed meters, retired meters, and meters replaced, and (2) the costs associated with the net installs, retirements and replacements. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-161(e) the Company stated that the data is not available to separate the quantity between the meter installations, retirements, or replacements. In addition, with regard to breaking out the costs, the Company stated:

From an accounting perspective, when a new meter is installed at a new customer location, an addition is recorded on the books. When a meter at a customer location is replaced, a retirement is recorded for the meter removed from the location and an addition is recorded for the meter that is installed to replace the previous meter. If a meter is removed from a customer location and is not replaced with another meter, then only a meter retirement is processed. The costs of additions and retirements were provided in DR-01-135. This data is from the fixed asset system.⁵²

The meter costs indicated in the response to LARKIN-DR-01-135 are shown in the exhibit above. As for what is included in CEP from 2013 through 2018, only the incremental costs relating to the meters installed and old meters retired would be included in CEP (to the extent they were not part of Rider AU or booked to Common utility accounts).⁵³

⁵¹ According to LARKIN-DR-01-161(c), these amounts exclude the related labor costs, which are recorded in Company account 282 - Meter Installations (FERC Account 382).

⁵² See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-161(f).

⁵³ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-161(g).

As it relates to gas meter retirements, the exhibit below shows (1) the number of gas diaphragm meters retired in each year 2013-2018, and (2) the original cost of the gas diaphragm meters that were retired in each year 2013-2018.

Exhibit 8-6. Summary of Meter Retirements and Associated Costs

Description	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Quantity of Gas Meters Retired	(5,982)	(5,736)	(31,432)	(235,845)	(53,507)	(20,475)
Original Cost of Gas Meters Retired	\$ (354,295)	\$ (443,552)	\$ (1,594,546)	\$ (11,556,377)	\$ (3,502,660)	\$ (1,482,044)
Average Cost of Meters Retired	\$ 59.23	\$ 77.33	\$ 50.73	\$ 49.00	\$ 65.46	\$ 72.38

Source: LARKIN-DR-01-135; average cost of meters retired calculated by Larkin

As shown above, the number of gas meter retirements increased substantially from 2014 to 2015 and then increased by a very large amount in 2016 before gradually decreasing in 2017 and 2018.

We requested that DEO explain the reason(s) why the gas meters were retired (e.g., meters reaching the end of their useful lives, meters were defective and failed, thus had to be replaced, the meter technology was obsolete, etc.). However, in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-161(l), the Company merely stated that retirements are processed in the fixed asset system when meters are no longer installed in the field. In addition, DEO stated that meters can be removed from customer locations for a variety of reasons, including meters being defective or failing, or after an extensive period of inactivity.

The original cost of the retirements noted in the exhibit above are included in Exhibit J, Schedule 4 - Monthly CEP Investments from the Company's filing.⁵⁴ According to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-37(c), the accounting entry to record the retirement of a CEP project is to debit FERC account 108 - Accumulated Provision for Depreciation and to credit FERC account 101 - Plant In-Service Classified.

The high number of gas meter retirements in years after DEO completed its smart meter deployment could warrant further investigation.

Replacement of Gas Meter Communication Equipment

In order to obtain an overall understanding of the Company's Ohio gas distribution system Advanced Meter Infrastructure ("AMI") systems, we requested that the Company explain the AMI systems it has installed for Ohio gas distribution utility, including a description of changes to the AMI equipment for (1) retirements, and (2) replacements that have occurred during each year in the period 2013 through 2018. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-92, the Company stated that it implemented an initial AMI deployment for its electric and gas systems between 2008 and 2014 and that it has been recovering the costs of this initial deployment through a combination of base rates and through Rider AU. In addition, the Company is currently in the process of replacing the original AMI equipment from the initial deployment (which ended in

⁵⁴ See the response to LARKIN-DR-010161(m).

2014) with new assets which are included in the CEP. According to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-93, DEO stated that the majority of its residential gas AMI meters installed during the initial deployment (i.e., 2008-2014) were wirelessly connected to a communication node device for data backhaul to the Company. In 2012, DEO began deploying a wireless mesh AMI system primarily for its small commercial customers, which enabled the gas AMI modules to communicate wirelessly to electric AMI meters and then to communication devices for data backhaul. However, in 2017 and 2018, the Company began replacing communication node devices and the connected electric and gas AMI meters with the wireless mesh AMI system.



On page 3 of the Direct Testimony of Company witness Donald L. Schneider, Jr. dated March 16, 2017 in Case No. 17-32-EL-AIR, Mr. Schneider stated that the Company has two AMI metering environments, which include node and mesh environments.⁵⁵ Specifically, the node environment is comprised of Echelon electric meters, Badger gas communication modules and communication nodes, originally manufactured by Ambient, but which was subsequently acquired by Ericsson. In addition, the mesh environment is comprised of Itron electric meters, Itron gas communications module, Itron range extenders, and Cisco Connected Grid Routers ("CGRs").

We asked the Company to explain how it distinguishes between (1) gas analog meters; (2) "smart" meters; (3) Smart Grid meters; (4) AMI meters; (5) "normal" meters; and (6) any other types of meters on the DEO gas utility system. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-139 stated the following:

For Duke Energy Ohio Gas, all meters on the system are diaphragm meters and are not considered "smart" meters. Starting in 2008, the Smart Grid initiatives added "smart" gas communication modules to the gas meters so that they could communicate with the Smart Grid network. These modules were recorded in Utility Account 397 - Communication Equipment (Company account 297). The gas meters themselves did not change as part of this initiative. All costs related to meters are recorded within Utility Accounts 381 - Meters and 382 - Meter Installations (Company accounts 281 and 282).

As of each year-end December 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018, we requested that DEO identify and provide specific information concerning its AMI communications equipment, including: (1) a description of gas AMI communications equipment installed by type; (2) the cost of gas AMI communications equipment installed by type; (3) for each year 2013-2018, gas AMI equipment (other than meters) retired by type and the reason(s) for such retirements; and (4) for each year 2013-2018, gas AMI equipment (other than meters) purchased in total and by type of equipment. In its confidential response to LARKIN-DR-01-94(a), the Company stated:

⁵⁵ In its responses to LARKIN-DR-01-92 and LARKIN-DR-01-93, DEO referred to Mr. Schneider's Direct Testimony in Case No. 17-32-EL-AIR for an outline of the Company's business plan for replacing the communications node devices.



We requested that DEO explain why its AMI technology on the gas meters was changed. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-129, the Company explained that all of its legacy Badger AMI gas modules are being changed as part of the transition from the originally deployed Echelon/Badger/Ambient AMI solution to the Company's current standard AMI solution called Itron Openway. DEO cited the following three factors as reasons for this change:⁵⁷

- The Ambient communication nodes use 2G technology. Verizon has indicated that it will end 2G communication at some point in 2022.
- The new customer billing system called Customer Connect, which is scheduled to be deployed in Ohio during the third quarter of 2022, will not be integrated with the Energy Data Management System ("EDMS") and all of the Echelon and Badger meter data reads go through EMDS.
- The Company is deploying a single AMI solution across all of its jurisdictions in order to take advantage of efficiencies and to consolidate customer programs.

The exhibit below shows the costs that DEO incurred by year for its current communication nodes:

⁵⁶ As discussed previously in Chapter 6, the project ID numbers (work orders) for each year 2013 through 2018 were provided in DEO's response to LARKIN-DR-01-35.

⁵⁷ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-129(a).

Exhibit 8-7. Summary of Meter Communication Node Costs

Project ID Number	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Grand Total
Z3020 - Badger	\$ 4,164,303	\$ 2,469,031	\$ 7,894,957	\$ 8,738,173	\$ (13,772,941)	\$ 2,985,689	\$ 12,925					\$ 12,492,137
SGGASMTR - Badger	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 473,520	\$ 3,078,438	\$ (2,630,969)	\$ 462,078	\$ 146,740	\$ (52,224)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,477,583
SGOGPGMOD - Itron	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 431,120	\$ 3,736,117	\$ 232,065	\$ (148,892)				\$ 4,250,410
SGOGPGMTR - Itron	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,110	\$ 509,500	\$ 118,799	\$ (10,026)	\$ -	\$ 90,161	\$ -	\$ 721,544
SG000584G - Itron	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,965,480	\$ 3,524,130	\$ 7,489,610

Source: LARKIN-DR-01-129

As shown in the exhibit above, the costs associated with Project ID number Z3020, which related to the Badger AMI gas modules, totaled \$12,492,137 between 2008 and 2014. Of this amount, the Company recorded \$5,785,959 in FERC Account 381 - Meters and \$6,706,178 in FERC Account 397 - Communications. According to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-129(f), Project ID Z3020 related to the installation of (1) Echelon electric meters, (2) Badger gas modules, and (3) Ambient communication modes. DEO stated that the costs for these modules were not recorded separately.

The costs associated with Project ID number SGGASMTR, which also related to the Badger AMI gas modules, totaled \$1,477,583 between 2010 and 2015 all of which was recorded in FERC Account 381 - Meters. Similar to Project ID Z3020, the response to LARKIN-DR-01-129(f) indicated that Project ID SGGASMTR also covered the installation of the Echelon electric meters, Badger gas modules, and Ambient communication nodes.

The costs associated with Project ID number SGOGPGMOD, which related to the Itron Openway deployment, totaled \$4,250,411 between 2012 and 2015 all of which was recorded in FERC Account 397 - Communications. According to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-129(g), Project ID number SGOGPGMOD related to the Itron Openway gap deployment to replace meters, modules, and CGRs that were not covered in the initial Echelon deployment.

The costs associated with Project ID number SGOGPGMTR, which also related to the Itron Openway deployment, totaled \$721,544 between 2012 and 2015. Of this amount, the Company recorded \$631,383 in FERC Account 381 - Meters and \$90,161 in FERC Account 397 - Communications. Similar to Project ID SGOGPGMOD, the response to LARKIN-DR-01-129(g) indicated that Project ID SGOGPGMTR also related to the Itron Openway deployment to replace meters, modules, and connected grid routers ("CGRs") that had not been included in the initial Echelon deployment.

Finally, the costs associated with Project ID number SG000584G, which related to converting Echelon electric meters and Badger gas modules to Itron Openway, totaled \$7,489,610 between 2017 and 2018 (see additional discussion below). Of this amount, the Company recorded \$33,357 in FERC Account 381 - Meters and \$7,456,253 in FERC Account 397 - Communications. According to LARKIN-DR-01-129(g), Project ID number SG000584G converted some of the Echelon electric meters and Badger gas modules to Itron Openway for the purpose of clearing nodes.

In order to determine whether the projects listed in the exhibit above are included in the CEP expenditures, for each year 2013 through 2018, we compared the Project ID numbers discussed above to the work order detail that was provided in LARKIN-DR-01-35. The results of this review are summarized in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 8-8. Summary of Meter Communication Equipment Projects

Project ID Number	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total	Rider*
Z3020	\$ 2,985,689	\$ 12,925	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,998,614	AU
SGGASMTR	\$ 462,078	\$ 146,740	\$ (52,224)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 556,594	NR
SGOGPGMOD	\$ 3,736,117	\$ 232,065	\$ (148,892)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,819,290	AU
SGOGPGMTR	\$ 509,500	\$ 118,799	\$ (10,026)	\$ -	\$ 90,161	\$ -	\$ 708,434	NR & CEP
SG000584G	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,489,610	\$ 7,489,610	CEP

Notes/Source:
Amounts from LARKIN-DR-01-129
* The "NR" designation indicates "Non-Rider Related" per the response to LARKIN-DR-01-35

As shown in the exhibit above, none of the costs associated with Project ID numbers Z3020, SGGASMTR or SGOGPGMOD were included in CEP expenditures.

With regard to Project ID number SGOGPGMTR, the Company indicated that the costs incurred in years 2013 through 2015 were non-Rider related, but that the \$90,161 incurred in 2017 was included in the CEP expenditures.

For Project ID number SG000584G, according to the work order detail provided in LARKIN-DR-01-35, all of the \$7,489,610 incurred was included in CEP in 2018, although the response to LARKIN-DR-01-129 indicated that \$3,965,480 of that amount was incurred in 2017.

Based on what is reflected in the exhibit above, we requested confirmation from DEO that the \$90,161 in 2017 and the costs totaling \$7,489,610 in 2018 are the only costs included in Exhibit J, Schedule 4 - Monthly CEP Investments from the Company's filing. In its response to LARKIN-R-01-162(a), the Company stated:

The three 2018 amounts totaling \$7,489,610 for Project SG000584G are the only costs included in the CEP filing related to the Company changing the Badger AMI gas modules from the Echelon/Badger/Ambient AMI solution to the Itron Openway. As described in LARKIN-DR-01-93 Attachment page 12, the project was driven by Ericsson's decision to stop manufacturing the nodes, and higher than expected failure rates of the nodes. The 2017 amount of \$90,161 for Project SGOGPGMTR is related to installation of the Itron Openway gas modules, however the project did not replace Badger AMI gas modules. Project SGOGPGMTR was for all of the customers accounts that were not included in the initial Echelon Badger deployment as described in LARKIN-DR-01-93 Attachment 8 and 9. The material included Itron Openway electric meters, Itron Openway gas modules, Cisco connected grid routers (CGRs), and Itron range extenders.

With regard to Project ID number SG000584G included in CEP for 2018, the bulk of the total cost of \$7,489,610, i.e., \$7,456,253 had the following description: "SG DEO AMI BC - Tech Transition - Gas. Communication nodes will be removed. OpenWay AMI meters will be installed."

The response to LARKIN-DR-01-77 explained that this project was included in CEP expenditures because it relates to gas infrastructure specific to the communication nodes used to transmit meter data to the smart grid network. In addition, the response to LARKIN-DR-01-77 stated:

The original smart grid project involved installing communication modules on the gas meters that would communicate with the Echelon smart grid network; however, in 2017, DEO had to move to an Itron smart grid network because the Echelon network was no longer supported. the gas modules that were originally installed had to be replaced with Itron gas modules to function properly with the Itron network.

As discussed above, the Company's legacy Badger AMI gas modules are being changed as part of the transition from the originally deployed Echelon/Badger/Ambient AMI solution to the Company's current standard AMI solution called Itron Openway.

We asked DEO to identify, by year, the costs for the communication nodes that were removed. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-129, the Company indicated communication nodes were removed in 2015 and 2016 only as summarized in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 8-9. Summary of Meter Communication Equipment Removed by Project

Project ID Number	FERC Account	2015	2016	Total
Z3020	381	\$ (372,363)	\$ -	\$ (372,363)
SGGASMTR	381	\$ (17,454,706)	\$ 16,322,006	\$ (1,132,700)
SGGASMTR	381	\$ (6,635,473)	\$ 5,610,769	\$ (1,024,704)
SGGASMTR	382	\$ (502,408)	\$ -	\$ (502,408)
SGGASMTR	382	\$ (242,277)	\$ -	\$ (242,277)
SGOGPGMTR	381	\$ (147,806)	\$ -	\$ (147,806)
Total		\$ (25,355,033)	\$ 21,932,775	\$ (3,422,258)
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-129				

As shown in the exhibit above, for 2015, the removal of the communication nodes resulted in an overall credit amount of \$25,355,033, while 2016 reflects an overall positive charge amount of \$21,932,775 for a net credit amount totaling \$3,422,258. The Company stated that as part of the

transition from the Echelon/Badger/Ambient AMI solution to the Itron Openway AMI solution, the removed communication nodes are being replaced with CGRs.⁵⁸

We requested that DEO (1) explain why the 2016 retirement amounts for the removed communication nodes were positive, and (2) whether the removal of the communication nodes are reflected in the CEP.

In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-162(d), the Company stated that the positive retirement amounts in 2016 were driven by the "un-retirement" that was previously discussed and that the related transaction was recorded as a debit to plant in-service and a credit to accumulated depreciation, thus reversing the impacts of the retirement recorded in error in 2015. In addition, since the un-retirement was processed as part of Project SGGASMTR, it was not included in CEP.

The response to LARKIN-DR-01-77 indicates that the work to replace the communication nodes did not commence until 2017.

We requested that DEO explain why it removed communication nodes in 2015 and 2016. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-162(b), the Company stated that it employs an auto-retirement process for FERC account 397 - Communication Equipment rather than recording a specific retirement each time communication related items are replaced. In other words, the assets recorded in FERC account 397 are accounted for as retirements at the end of their expected useful life, which is 15 years for DEO gas, even if the communications equipment is actually removed and replaced before the end of the 15-year period, as appears to have been the case with some of the DEO gas utility meter communication modules..

As it relates to the estimated useful life of the DEO gas AMI system, the response to LARKIN-DR-01-130(b) indicated that the Badger AMI gas module, which was installed as part of the Echelon/Badger/Ambient AMI solution, was expected by the Company to have a 20-year life. This is based on the life expectancy of the internal battery. In addition, the Ambient communications node (also installed pursuant to the Echelon/Badger/Ambient AMI solution) was expected by the Company to have a 10-year useful life. Finally, the Itron Openway (the AMI solution DEO is changing to) was designed for a 20-year life.⁵⁹

In terms of the components of the DEO gas AMI system that are shared with the electric AMI system, the response to LARKIN-DR-01-130(c) stated that both the Echelon/Badger/Ambient AMI solution and the Itron AMI solution use the Ambient node and the Cisco Connected Grid Router, respectively, as a shared device for electric and gas. However, the Echelon/Badger/Ambient AMI solution has a separated head-end system for gas data, but the Itron AMI solution uses a common head-end system for both gas and electric. In addition, both of these AMI solutions use a Meter Data Management ("MDM") system, which is common to gas and electric. These shared assets are recorded as common assets whereby depreciation

⁵⁸ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-129(e).

⁵⁹ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-130(b).

expense is allocated between gas and electric based on allocation factors (e.g., ratio of gross plant for gas and electric).

As discussed above, the Company has explained that the reason it is changing its communication nodes from the Echelon network to the Itron Openway network is because the Echelon network is no longer supported. Against this backdrop, we have identified a concern regarding the systems' compatibility with 5G wireless technology.⁶⁰ Pursuant to this concern, we asked the Company to explain whether the currently installed DEO gas AMI system is compatible with wireless 5G technology. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-130(a), the Company stated:

The Badger Gas AMI system requires a communication backhaul (Ambient communications node), and the currently deployed communication backhaul is not compatible with 5G wireless. The Itron Gas AMI system also requires a communication backhaul (Connected Grid Router - CGR), which is 4G technology. From what we know today, these are not 5G compatible. To the best of our knowledge, there is not a readily available 5G modem that could be used in the CGRs, so we cannot definitively answer this question "yes" or "no".

The foregoing response was troubling because it left open the question of whether it will be necessary for DEO to upgrade and/or replace its meter communication nodes again and before the expiration of their currently expected useful life in the event the Itron Openway AMI solution is not compatible with 5G.

The communication node in the current Echelon/Badger/Ambient AMI solution has a 3G wireless modem that is not 5G compatible and will no longer be supported by the end of 2022.⁶¹

In the event the Itron OpenWay is not 5G compatible, we asked the Company how it plans to address this issue when the current 3G technology sunsets in 2022. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-162 the Company stated:

Itron's OpenWay solution uses cellular communications on its OpenWay CENTRON LTE meters and OpenWay Connected Grid Routers (CGRs). All of the OpenWay LTE meters in service utilize 4G modems and Verizon's 4G network, and are not impacted by Verizon's 3G end of life. Likewise, the majority of the OpenWay CGRs leverage 4G modems and 4G network and are not impacted by the 3G network end of life. Remaining 3G CGRs will be updated with 4G modems or replaced with 4G CGRs by the end of Q3 2020. The 4G modems in both Itron's OpenWay CENTRON meters and OpenWay CGRs will be supported by Verizon's 4G LTE network until, at a minimum, 2030. These modems are not 5G capable, but are backwards compatible with Verizon's 5G network. Itron will introduce a 5G compatible cellular solution for possible

⁶⁰ 5G is the fifth generation of wireless communication standards.

⁶¹ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-130(e).

deployment on the Company's network in 2021. This new meter will operate on Verizon's 4G Cat-M1 network, and will be "5G Ready".

Conclusion

Larkin did not perform a management audit. As it relates to the issues pertaining to the gas meters installed, retired, or replaced during the period 2013 through 2018, coupled with the replacement of the gas meter communication nodes, based on the information we reviewed, we found that DEO had documentation for CEP-includable costs and did not find imprudence. As such, we are not recommending adjustments for DEO's gas meters costs nor are we making a finding of imprudence or unreasonableness. However, due to the complexities surrounding these issues, the significant costs involved, and the apparent replacement of meters and related communications equipment prior to the end of its expected useful life, we recommend that the Company's AMI meters and related communication devices continue to be subject to ongoing regulatory scrutiny. Specifically, due to the level of costs associated with the meters and related communication equipment, coupled with the potential for additional meters and/or communication equipment needing to be replaced prior to the existing equipment being fully depreciated, as well as the impact on DEO's electric utility (in addition to the gas utility), our opinion is that this area warrants ongoing regulatory scrutiny of these costs.

9 ADJUSTMENTS TO DUKE ENERGY OHIO'S CEP COSTS

Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation

We are recommending adjustments to remove a net amount of \$775,173 from CEP costs for the earnings portion of incentive compensation and stock-based compensation, and related impacts on depreciation and ADIT. PISCC is also reduced by \$142,980 related to this adjustment.

As part of our review of the costs associated with DEO's CEP expenditures for the period 2013 through 2018, Larkin asked the Company whether any costs for incentive compensation and/or stock-based compensation have been charged to the CEP related capital expenditures or to other costs. Specifically, we asked DEO to identify by amount and account, the amounts of incentive compensation and/or stock-based compensation included in CEP expenditures for each of the following periods: March 31, 2012, December 31, 2012, December 31, 2013, December 31, 2014, December 31, 2015, December 31, 2016, December 31, 2017, and December 31, 2018. In addition, we asked DEO to identify and quantify any amounts of incentive and/or stock-based compensation that relates to the Company's stock price, dividends or financial goals.

In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-022, the Company stated that incentive compensation is recorded to a project by resource type and that the resource type detail is available when such costs are still reflected in construction work in progress ("CWIP"). However, upon the CEP projects being unitized, they are unitized in total rather than by resource type. As a result, DEO has to make manual calculations in order to determine the amounts of incentive compensation and stock-based compensation included in CEP plant in-service. The exhibit below summarizes the resource types that are associated with incentive compensation and the percentage of each resource type that relates to DEO's earnings:

Exhibit 9-1. Summary of Resource Types for Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation

Resource Type	Percentage Related to Earnings
18400 - Incentives Allocated	30%
18401 Incentives Allocated-Union	30%
1E002 - Exec Short Term Incentive	50%
1E200 - Phantom Stock	100%
1E202 - Performance Award	75%
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-022	

As shown in the exhibit above, the percentage of resource types 18400 and 18401 that relate to DEO's earnings is 30%. It should be noted that the response to LARKIN-DR-01-022 indicated

that the 30% of incentive compensation related to the Company's earnings was prior to 2018. In response to our inquiry as to what percentage of resource types 18400 and 18401 were related to DEO's earnings during 2018, in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-148, the Company stated that the response to LARKIN-DR-01-022 should have stated that the 30% related to earnings prior to 2019. The percentage of resource types 1E002, 1E200 and 1E202 that are related to the Company's earnings are 50%, 100% and 75%, respectively. In addition, according to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-29(j), resource types 1E200 - Phantom Stock and 1E202 - Performance Award are stock-based and are part of DEO's Long-Term Incentive Program.

In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-29, the Company indicated that the amounts (by resource type) in the exhibit below reflect DEO's estimates of the unadjusted earnings-based incentive compensation that are included in the CEP deferral:

Exhibit 9-2. Earnings Based Incentive Compensation and Stock-Based Compensation Included in CEP Plant In-Service

Resource Type	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
18400 - Incentives Allocated	\$ 50,266	\$ 45,913	\$ 31,532	\$ 28,541	\$ 64,329	\$ 13,595
18401 Incentives Allocated-Union	\$ 67,155	\$ 58,203	\$ 58,596	\$ 52,137	\$ 42,332	\$ 50,626
1E002 - Exec Short Term Incentive	\$ 324	\$ 1,964	\$ (931)	\$ 203	\$ 929	\$ 40
1E200 - Phantom Stock	\$ 1,741	\$ 6,840	\$ (2,560)	\$ 609	\$ 1,709	\$ 106
1E202 - Performance Award	\$ 57	\$ 421	\$ (71)	\$ 17	\$ 4	
Total	\$ 119,543	\$ 113,340	\$ 86,567	\$ 81,507	\$ 109,303	\$ 64,367
Cumulative Total	\$ 119,543	\$ 232,882	\$ 319,449	\$ 400,957	\$ 510,259	\$ 574,626
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-29						

As shown in the exhibit above, the Company's CEP expenditures included incentive compensation totaling \$119,543 (2013), \$113,340 (2014), \$86,567 (2015), \$81,507 (2016), \$109,303 (2017), and \$64,367 (2018) for a cumulative total of \$574,626 as of December 31, 2018.

We had asked about incentive compensation included in CEP expenditures from 2012. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-29, the Company stated that the CEP deferral only included CEP in-service projects started and placed into service after 2013.

According to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-76, the amounts of incentive compensation listed above are embedded in the electronic version of Exhibit J - Additional Schedules Supporting the Application on the tab titled "WP4.1 - Assets by FERC" from the Company's filing.

The Company stated that incentive compensation is recorded to CEP projects by resource type when such costs are recorded to CWIP. Pursuant to this, we asked DEO to quantify the amount of incentive compensation it recorded to retirement work in progress ("RWIP"). Specifically, we asked the Company for the total amount of incentive compensation recorded to RWIP as well as the portion related to earnings-based incentives. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-117, the Company identified the following amounts of total incentive compensation and the portion related to earnings-based incentives:

Exhibit 9-3. RWIP Earning Based Incentive Compensation

Year	Total RWIP Incentive Compensation	RWIP Earnings Based Incentive Compensation
2013	\$ 108,823	\$ 32,647
2014	\$ 101,597	\$ 30,479
2015	\$ 126,617	\$ 37,985
2016	\$ 103,676	\$ 31,103
2017	\$ 120,438	\$ 36,131
2018	\$ 146,109	\$ 43,833
Total	\$ 707,260	\$ 212,178

Source: LARKIN-DR-01-117

As shown in the exhibit above, during the period 2013 through 2018, the Company recorded total incentive compensation of \$707,260 and incentive compensation related to earnings-based incentives totaling \$212,178. However, the Company stated that RWIP was inadvertently not offset against accumulated depreciation in its Rider CEP application. Therefore, there was zero impact of RWIP (including the related incentive compensation) in the CEP deferrals in DEO's filing.⁶² We have not made an adjustment to include RWIP (net of earnings-based incentive and stock-based compensation) in CEP, but it would not be unreasonable to do so since it is related to CEP and was inadvertently omitted from inclusion by DEO.

The Company provided descriptions of its incentive compensation plans (by resource type) in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-29, which are discussed below.

Resource Types 18400 - Incentives Allocated and 18401 - Incentives Allocated-Union

The incentive compensation plan that relates to these two resource types is the Short-Term Incentive Plan ("STIP"), which is available to all employees at DEO.⁶³ The response to LARKIN-DR-01-29 states that the STIP program promotes a corporate culture that is performance-oriented and is based on goals, including corporate goals and individual goals. Specifically, all of DEO's employees under the STIP are subject to the following corporate and individual goals:

- Corporate Component - The corporate goals include Earnings Per Share, O&M Expense control, Reliability, Safety/Environmental, Customer Satisfaction and Safety.
- Team or Individual Component - Business unit ("team") or individual goals are typically lower-level tactical and operational goals that provide more specific direction for employees. Almost all employees have a component of their incentive assigned to team goals while executives typically have individual goals.
- Safety Component - As an added focus on safety and to reinforce the Company's zero tolerance for controllable work-related employee fatalities, fewer life altering injuries,

⁶² See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-117(c).

⁶³ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-148.

and no significant operational events, the STIP program rewards all employees, exempt and non-exempt, with an additional 5 percent of their short-term incentive payout, if more stringent goals are met.

Resource Type 1E002 - Executive Short-Term Incentive

According to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-29, prior to 2016, the Company's executives participated in the Cash Equity Incentive Plan ("CEIP"), which was a sub-plan of the Duke Energy Short-Term Incentive Plan, but that starting with the 2016 plan year, executive short-term incentive compensation was covered by the Duke Energy STIP discussed above. The CEIP was the plan in effect for the period 2013 through 2015, and similar to the STIP discussed above, the CEIP was intended to reward performance based on the achievement of corporate, individual and/or team goals. Specifically, the CEIP included the following goals:

- Target opportunity was expressed as a percentage of base pay.
- Performance is measured based on corporate goals (50%), team goals (25%), and individual goals (25%).
- Corporate Component - Corporate measures include adjusted diluted earnings per share, an operations and maintenance cost-control measure, and a composite of several reliability measures.
- Team Component - CEIP participants had a component of their incentive aligned and operational, team or functional goals.
- Individual Component - CEIP participants had an incentive component aligned with individual performance. An employee's overall rating on his or her annual performance appraisal was a factor in the payout for this component.
- Safety Component - an enterprise-wide safety goal and penalty applied based on the number of serious injuries and fatalities ("SIF's"). This measure focused on incident severity, including serious injuries for employees and work-related fatalities for employees and contractors.
- Performance period is a calendar year. At the end of the performance period, performance will be assessed on each measure/goal to determine the goal accomplishment level.

Resource Type 1E200 - Phantom Stock

According to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-29, phantom stock for DEO's incentive purposes is actually restricted stock and is a form of stock-based compensation. Restricted stock units vest according to an installment-based vesting schedule over a period of generally three years while the employee continues employment with Duke Energy. Upon the shares vesting, they are placed in the employee's brokerage account less any shares that were used to pay for taxes on the vested amount.

Resource Type 1E202 - Performance Award

Phantom stock, as discussed above, is actually restricted stock, which, along with the performance award, represents stock-based compensation. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-29, the Company provided a confidential copy of its 2018 Executive Long-Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP"). As they represent stock-based compensation, Resource types 1E200 - Phantom Stock (restricted stock) and 1E202 - Performance Award are discussed in the LTIP as discussed below.

As discussed on page 1 of the 2018 LTIP, the Company's LTIP consists of stock-based awards for restricted stock units (RSUs) and performance shares. In addition, on page 1 of the 2018 LTIP it states that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

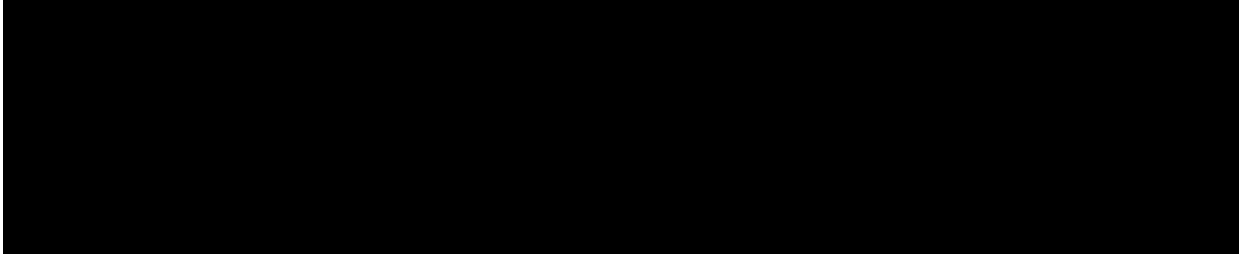
[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]



As noted above, the amounts for incentive compensation included in CEP projects that are identified by the resource types noted above are initially recorded to CWIP prior to those CEP projects being placed into plant in-service. Once a project is placed into service, the incentive compensation charges are not allocated by resource type.⁶⁴

During the telephone interview conducted on January 31, 2020, the Company stated that the manual calculations of incentive compensation include related overhead allocations for payroll taxes and fringe benefits. We requested that DEO provide a listing of all overheads (i.e., labor loadings, etc.) and any other indirect items that were charged to the CEP-related work orders and to include a description of the types of charges and how they were applied. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-62 provided the requested listing of overheads by resource type, indirect cost type (i.e., overheads), whether it is an allocation or a loader, and the calculation methodology for each indirect cost type. Included in this listing were the indirect cost types for payroll taxes and fringe benefits, both of which are described below.

For payroll taxes, which is classified as a loader (rather than an allocation), the resource type is 1825X and has the following description:

Payroll taxes include state unemployment, federal unemployment, social security and Medicare. Payroll taxes are accrued as they are incurred. Actual payroll taxes are charged to the appropriate payroll tax account. These costs are then allocated via a loading factor that is based on labor. This allows the proper distribution of payroll tax between operating and capital projects as well as among Affiliates.

For fringe benefits, which is also classified as a loader, the resource type is 1835X and has the following description:

Fringe benefits are employee benefits such as retirement, and medical and dental insurance. These costs are generally accrued as they are earned. Actual fringe benefit costs are charged to the appropriate administrative and general FERC account. These costs are then allocated via a loading factor that is based on labor. This allows the proper distribution of fringe benefits between operating and capital projects as well as among Affiliates.

In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-124, the Company confirmed that resource types 1825X (payroll taxes) and 1835X (fringe benefits) are allocated to DEO Gas based on payroll dollars, which includes the resource types listed above for incentive compensation and stock-based compensation.

⁶⁴ See the response to LARKIN-DR-01-76(b).

The amounts for incentive and stock-based compensation (including the related payroll taxes and fringe benefits) are initially included in the costs of CEP projects by resource type and recorded to CWIP prior to those CEP projects being placed into service.

We requested that the Company identify where the gross plant incentives, payroll tax impacts, and fringe benefits are reflected in its filing. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-149, the Company stated:

See LARKIN-D01-149 Attachment. As part of a negotiated settlement in Case No. 17-0032-EL-AIR the Company agreed to make a similar adjustment with Rider DCI. It is the Company's position that incentive costs are appropriately included within capital assets as per Generally Accepted Accounting Principles but, if under similar circumstances as in the settlement previously mentioned above, the Company would create a single new line item (#8 in LARKIN-DR-01-149 Attachment) as an offset to Plant In-Service for the total adjustment and add a schedule (Schedule 13 in LARKIN-DR-01-149 Attachment) to the filing to provide a quarterly breakdown of the capitalized incentives being removed and calculate the depreciation and accumulated deferred income taxes specifically related to those incentives.

The costs for incentive compensation and stock-based compensation, including the related overheads (i.e., payroll taxes and fringe benefits), that were charged to the CEP expenditures for each year of the 2013-2018 review period, which were provided in the supplemental response to LARKIN-DR-01-22, are summarized in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 9-4. Payroll Tax and Fringe Benefit Impacts of Earnings Based Incentive Compensation and Stock-Based Compensation

Description	Period	Quarterly Spend (Capital)					
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Gross Plant Incentives	Q1	\$23,958	\$23,793	\$16,046	\$14,093	\$12,577	\$13,076
	Q2	\$29,385	\$22,637	\$21,150	\$27,087	\$27,553	\$8,607
	Q3	\$24,427	\$30,185	\$25,232	\$14,419	\$45,564	\$23,858
	Q4	\$41,774	\$36,724	\$24,139	\$25,908	\$23,608	\$18,825
Cumulative Gross Plant Incentives		\$119,543	\$232,882	\$319,449	\$400,957	\$510,259	\$574,626
Payroll Tax Rate		7.69%	7.10%	7.39%	7.48%	7.05%	6.34%
Payroll Tax Impact		\$9,193	\$8,047	\$6,397	\$6,097	\$7,706	\$4,081
Cumulative Payroll Tax Impact		\$9,193	\$17,240	\$23,637	\$29,734	\$37,440	\$41,521
Fringe Benefit Rate		51.15%	28.95%	34.38%	24.32%	20.45%	24.82%
Fringe Benefit Impact		\$61,146	\$32,812	\$29,762	\$19,823	\$22,352	\$15,976
Cumulative Fringe Benefit		\$61,146	\$93,958	\$123,720	\$143,542	\$165,895	\$181,870
Total Cumulative Gross Plant Incentives		\$189,882	\$344,080	\$466,806	\$574,233	\$713,594	\$798,017
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-22 Supplemental							

It should be noted that the cumulative amounts of incentive and stock-based compensation expense for the 2013-2018 period comprise what is reflected in the CEP plant in-service in the Company's filing. In other words, the 2018 cumulative amounts for (1) gross plant incentives of

\$574,626; (2) payroll tax impacts of \$41,521; and (3) fringe benefits of \$181,870, for an overall total of \$798,017, is what is included in DEO's CEP related revenue requirement in Exhibit J, Schedule No. 1.

The amounts from Company Schedule 13 (from the response to LARKIN-DR-01-149) which show the quarterly breakdown of the capitalized incentives described in the passage above are summarized in the following exhibit:

Exhibit 9-5. Quarterly Breakdown of Earnings Based Incentive Compensation and Stock-Based Compensation and Impacts to Depreciation, Accumulated Depreciation and ADIT

Description	Period	2013 (A)	2014 (B)	2015 (C)	2016 (D)	2017 (E)	2018 (F)
Gross Plant Incentives	Q1	\$ (38,054)	\$ (32,371)	\$ (22,749)	\$ (18,575)	\$ (16,036)	\$ (17,151)
	Q2	\$ (46,675)	\$ (30,797)	\$ (29,984)	\$ (35,701)	\$ (35,130)	\$ (11,289)
	Q3	\$ (38,800)	\$ (41,067)	\$ (35,771)	\$ (19,004)	\$ (58,095)	\$ (31,292)
	Q4	\$ (66,353)	\$ (49,963)	\$ (34,222)	\$ (34,147)	\$ (30,101)	\$ (24,691)
Cumulative Gross Plant Incentives		\$ (189,882)	\$ (344,080)	\$ (466,806)	\$ (574,233)	\$ (713,594)	\$ (798,017)
Depreciation Expense	Q1	\$ (121)	\$ (344)	\$ (519)	\$ (651)	\$ (761)	\$ (866)
	Q2	\$ (148)	\$ (394)	\$ (587)	\$ (796)	\$ (1,021)	\$ (1,168)
	Q3	\$ (123)	\$ (377)	\$ (621)	\$ (795)	\$ (1,039)	\$ (1,323)
	Q4	\$ (211)	\$ (580)	\$ (847)	\$ (1,064)	\$ (1,268)	\$ (1,442)
Accumulated Depreciation	Q1	\$ 121	\$ 947	\$ 2,818	\$ 5,523	\$ 8,939	\$ 13,133
	Q2	\$ 269	\$ 1,341	\$ 3,405	\$ 6,319	\$ 9,959	\$ 14,301
	Q3	\$ 392	\$ 1,718	\$ 4,026	\$ 7,114	\$ 10,999	\$ 15,624
	Q4	\$ 603	\$ 2,298	\$ 4,873	\$ 8,178	\$ 12,267	\$ 17,066
Accumulated Deferred Income Tax	Q1	\$ 50	\$ 383	\$ 1,106	\$ 2,088	\$ 3,245	\$ 4,581
	Q2	\$ 110	\$ 538	\$ 1,322	\$ 2,365	\$ 3,580	\$ 4,935
	Q3	\$ 161	\$ 686	\$ 1,554	\$ 2,640	\$ 3,924	\$ 5,353
	Q4	\$ 247	\$ 914	\$ 1,865	\$ 3,004	\$ 4,327	\$ 5,777
Total Adjustment to Net Rate Base	Q1	\$ (189,711)	\$ (342,750)	\$ (462,882)	\$ (566,621)	\$ (701,410)	\$ (780,303)
	Q2	\$ (189,502)	\$ (342,201)	\$ (462,079)	\$ (565,549)	\$ (700,054)	\$ (778,781)
	Q3	\$ (189,329)	\$ (341,676)	\$ (461,227)	\$ (564,479)	\$ (698,672)	\$ (777,040)
	Q4	\$ (189,032)	\$ (340,868)	\$ (460,068)	\$ (563,050)	\$ (697,000)	\$ (775,173)
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-149							

For each year 2013 through 2018, after factoring in the related depreciation expense, accumulated depreciation, and ADIT, the cumulative total adjustment amount of \$775,173 shown for the fourth quarter of 2018 reflects the amount that DEO referred to as the single new line item to be offset against plant in-service in the Company's CEP revenue requirement calculation. As shown in the exhibit above, the methodology the Company used for calculating the incentive-based offset to CEP plant in-service factors in depreciation expense, accumulated depreciation and ADIT. Therefore, in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-160(a), DEO confirmed that the individual line items for depreciation and ADIT in its CEP revenue requirement calculation (i.e., Exhibit J, Schedule No. 1) should not also be adjusted to calculate the impact of removing the earnings-based incentive and stock-based compensation from CEP plant in-service.

The Company's approach appears to be reasonable. We have reflected this adjustment for purposes of removing earnings-based incentive and stock-based compensation from the CEP expenditures.

With regard to the incentive compensation amounts under resource types 18400, 18401 and 1E002, the basis for our recommendation is that incentive compensation expense that is tied to a utility's financial performance should not be borne by ratepayers. Specifically, the portion of incentive compensation expense that is directly attributable to meeting financial performance goals, such as net income or earnings per share, is not properly recoverable from ratepayers for several reasons. First, if the financial goals are set properly, achieving the necessary performance should be self-supporting. That is, measures that achieve additional cost savings, improves sales, or otherwise improves financial results of the Company should provide the income necessary to fund the awards. Second, the payouts for financial goal achievement can be distinguished from incentive compensation that is measured for improving the quality of service, efficiency, or safety goals. Finally, the incentive to improve financial performance is not necessarily consistent with ratepayers' interests.

With regard to the stock-based compensation expense amounts under resource types 1E200 and 1E202, the basis for our recommendation is that stock-based compensation expenses for performance shares and RSUs should not be charged to DEO's ratepayers. The cost of these stock-based compensation programs is incurred to improve the Duke Energy financial performance for the benefit of shareholders, not to improve customer service or meet other regulated utility service requirements. In fact, the objectives of maximizing shareholder value on the one hand and minimizing costs to ratepayers on the other hand, are generally opposed to each other. In addition, the hypothetical stock performance pursuant to the performance shares should not be considered expense for ratemaking purposes because dividends are considered in the determination of the required return on common equity and stock performance is a component of shareholder return.

Impact on PISCC Deferral

Since the amounts of earnings-based incentive and stock-based compensation are embedded in Exhibit J on the tab "WP4.1 - Assets by FERC" (per the response to LARKIN-DR-01-76), it appeared to Larkin that the PISCC deferral should also be adjusted to reflect the impact of removing the earnings-based incentive and stock-based compensation from CEP plant in-service. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-160(b), the Company disagreed where it stated:

The practice of including earnings based incentives in capital projects is in accordance with GAAP and FERC accounting guidelines. There has been no stipulation or Commission order to modify our accounting practices to remove earnings based capitalized incentives from past CEP deferrals or gross plant balances in general. The Stipulation and Order and Opinion in Case No. 17-0032-EL-AIR required the Company to remove capitalized incentives from assets included in Rider DCI and Rider PF. It did not retroactively adjust past gross plant balances or regulatory assets. Therefore, the removal of earnings based incentives should not be reflected in the PISCC deferral amount of \$29,592,179.

Despite the Company's position on this matter as discussed in the passage above, for transparency purposes, DEO provided an attachment in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-160(c) which reflects a calculation of the impact of the retroactive removal of earnings-based incentive and stock-based compensation from the PISCC deferral. As shown on that attachment, the Company's calculation decreases the PISCC deferral by \$142,980.

Larkin recommends that the impact of removing the earnings-based incentive and stock-based compensation from the assets included in CEP expenditures should also have a related impact on the PISCC deferral amount. As noted above, the earnings-based incentive and stock-based compensation amounts previously discussed are embedded in Exhibit J on the tab "WP4.1 - Assets by FERC. The calculation of the PISCC deferral in Exhibit J, Schedule 6 from the Company's filing is derived in part by the amounts shown on WP4.1 - Assets by FERC. Therefore, in our view, the PISCC deferral should be adjusted to reflect the impact of removing the earnings-based incentive and stock-based compensation from CEP plant in-service.

Conclusion

We recommend that the cumulative amounts of incentive and stock-based compensation totaling \$775,173 (after factoring in the related depreciation, accumulated depreciation, and ADIT) for the period 2013 through 2018 be removed from the CEP rider. In addition, we recommend that the Company's calculation reflecting the impact of removing the earnings-based incentive and stock-based compensation on the PISCC deferral in the amount of \$142,980 also be adopted. Our recommended adjustments are shown on Attachment LA-1, Schedule 3.

Property Taxes

We are recommending an adjustment for deferred and annualized property taxes related to correcting an error that was identified during the review process.

As discussed on page 4 of the direct testimony of Company witness Jay Brown, the Company's Rider CEP revenue requirement shown on Exhibit J, Schedule No. 1 is comprised of an annualized return on rate base and also provides for annualized operating expenses. Specifically, the CEP rate base includes the CEP deferral regulatory asset, a portion of which includes cumulative deferred property tax balance for eligible CEP investments of \$13,046,753 and the operating expenses include annualized property tax expense totaling \$5,705,526. These amounts are summarized on Exhibit J, Schedule 7 and the underlying calculations for these amounts are reflected on Company workpapers 7.1 through 7.15 from the Company's filing.

We reviewed workpapers 7.1 through 7.15 and noted that the amounts for the additions and retirements on Company workpapers WP4.1 - Assets by FERC and WP4.2 - Retirements by FERC for each year 2013 through 2018 flow through to property tax workpapers 7.1 through 7.15 depending on the year of the CEP plant additions and plant retirements. These amounts are then multiplied by three different percentages in order to derive the amounts of deferred property taxes regulatory asset as well as the annualized property tax expense. The three percentages include (1) the "percent good", (2) a valuation percentage, and (3) DEO's average personal property tax rate. With regard to the "percent good", Note 1 on the property tax workpapers states that these percentages are from the Ohio Department of Taxation Annual Natural Gas

Property Tax Report on Schedule C(2). With regard to the valuation percentage, Note 2 on the Company's workpapers states that this percentage, which is 25% in each year 2013-2018, is also from the Ohio Department of Taxation Annual Natural Gas Property Tax Report on Schedule G. Finally, with regard to DEO's average personal property tax rate, the response to LARKIN-DR-01-51(d) states in part:

These rates are determined by using the Gas Property assessed value for each tax year multiplied by the most recent tax rates available from the Ohio Department of Taxation at the time of the request. Once a tax value is determined by each district the total tax is summed up, the summation of tax is divided by total assessed value to get the average tax rate for Ohio gas assets that year.

Our review of the Company's property tax calculation workpapers raised questions about the percentages used for the "percent good" as well as the average personal property tax rates used by DEO in its computations of the deferred property tax regulatory asset and annualized property tax expense included in its revenue requirement. Specifically, as to the "percent good" percentages used, we noted that these percentages fluctuated between 98.3%, 95.0% and 91.7% for the distribution improvement plant additions⁶⁵ depending on the year in which the property taxes were calculated. Pursuant to our inquiry about these fluctuations between years, in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-51(a), the Company stated in part:

The percentages should fluctuate due to when the CEP investments took place and should follow the schedules on pages Schedule C - Distribution on the Ohio Department of Taxation Annual Natural Gas Property Tax Reports.

However, in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-51(b), the Company indicated the Excel workpapers in which the "percent good" percentages are reflected were not updated in error and that they should have been updated for each current year. In addition, with regard to the average personal property tax rates used by DEO, the passage above from the response to LARKIN-DR-01-51(d) explains how those average rates are determined. However, the Company stated that, similar to the "percent good" percentages, the average personal property tax rates were not updated in error and the year in which the property tax was expensed should use the average rate for the corresponding year.

To correct for these errors, the Company provided updated "percent good" and average personal property tax rates to use in calculating the deferred property tax regulatory asset as well as the annualized property tax expense. The exhibit below replicates Attachment 7 from the response to LARKIN-DR-01-51, and shows the rates used in the Company's filing and the updated amounts that should have been used:

⁶⁵ For each year 2013 through 2018, the "percent good" used for retirements was 15%, which was derived from the Ohio Department of Taxation Annual Natural Gas Property Tax Reports.

Exhibit 9-6. Summary of Corrected Property Tax Rates

Company Workpaper	Description	Percent Good	Percent Good (Updated)	DEO Avg. Personal Property Tax Rate	DEO Avg. Gas Personal Property Tax Rate (Updated)
WP 7 1	2013 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2014	98 3%	98 3%	9 7713%	9 7713%
WP 7 2	2013 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2015	95 0%	95 0%	9 7713%	9 8358%
WP 7 3	2013 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2016	91 7%	91 7%	9 8358%	9 8863%
WP 7 4	2013 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2017	91 7%	88 3%	9 8358%	10 1944%
WP 7 5	2013 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2018	91 7%	85 0%	9 8358%	10 1956%
WP 7 6	2014 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2015	98 3%	98 3%	9 7713%	9 8358%
WP 7 7	2014 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2016	95 0%	95 0%	9 8358%	9 8863%
WP 7 8	2014 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2017	91 7%	91 7%	9 8358%	10 1944%
WP 7 9	2014 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2018	91 7%	88 3%	9 8358%	10 1956%
WP 7 10	2015 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2016	98 3%	98 3%	9 8358%	9 8863%
WP 7 11	2015 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2017	95 0%	95 0%	9 8358%	10 1944%
WP 7 12	2015 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2018	95 0%	91 7%	9 8358%	10 1956%
WP 7 13	2016 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2017	98 3%	98 3%	9 8358%	10 1944%
WP 7 14	2016 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2018	98 3%	95 0%	9 8358%	10 1956%
WP 7 15	2017 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2018	98 3%	98 3%	9 8358%	10 1956%

Source: LARKIN-DR-01-51(7) Attachment

As shown in the exhibit above, the updated "percent good" percentages and the average personal property tax rates are substantially different than the percentages/rates reflected in the Company's filing. We compared the updated "percent good" percentages to the corresponding Ohio Department of Taxation Annual Natural Gas Property Tax Reports. No exceptions were noted. In addition, we reviewed the annual calculations of each average personal property tax rates which were provided in LARKIN-DR-01-51(8) Attachment through LARKIN-DR-01-51(12) Attachment. We conclude that these calculations are reasonable.

Using the updated percentages for the "percent good" and the updated average personal property tax rates, we recalculated the deferred property tax regulatory asset, which is compared to the Company's calculation from its filing as shown in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 9-7. Deferred Property Tax Expense Adjustment

	12/31/2013	12/31/2014	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018
Per Larkin						
Distribution Improvement - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ 508,954	\$ 1,626,811	\$ 3,707,679	\$ 7,312,983	\$ 12,554,735
Information Technology - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21	\$ 11,031	\$ 130,523	\$ 627,350
Total CEP - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ 508,954	\$ 1,626,832	\$ 3,718,710	\$ 7,443,506	\$ 13,182,085
Per Company Filing						
Distribution Improvement - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ 509,951	\$ 1,621,109	\$ 3,704,813	\$ 7,214,597	\$ 12,433,247
Information Technology - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20	\$ 10,974	\$ 126,630	\$ 613,506
Total CEP - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ 509,951	\$ 1,621,129	\$ 3,715,787	\$ 7,341,227	\$ 13,046,753
Adjustment to Property Tax Regulatory Asset						
Distribution Improvement - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,702	\$ 2,866	\$ 98,386	\$ 121,488
Information Technology - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ 57	\$ 3,893	\$ 13,844
Total CEP - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,703	\$ 2,923	\$ 102,279	\$ 135,332

As shown in the exhibit above, our recalculated deferred property tax regulatory asset totals \$13,182,085. When compared to the amount from the Company's filing of \$13,046,753, our recommended adjustment increases the deferred property tax regulatory asset by \$135,332.

In addition, the updated percentages for the "percent good" and the updated average personal property tax rates, we recalculated the annualized property tax expense, which is compared to the Company's calculation from its filing as shown in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 9-8. Annualized Property Tax Expense Adjustment

Per Larkin	12/31/2013	12/31/2014	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018
Distribution Improvement - Annualized Property Tax Expe	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Information Technology - Annualized Property Tax Expen	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total CEP - Annualized Property Tax Expense	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Per Company Filing						
Distribution Improvement - Annualized Property Tax Expe	\$ -	\$ 509,951	\$ 1,111,158	\$ 2,083,704	\$ 3,509,784	\$ 5,218,650
Information Technology - Annualized Property Tax Expen	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20	\$ 10,954	\$ 115,656	\$ 486,876
Total CEP - Annualized Property Tax Expense	\$ -	\$ 509,951	\$ 1,111,178	\$ 2,094,658	\$ 3,625,440	\$ 5,705,526
Adjustment to Property Tax Regulatory Asset						
Distribution Improvement - Annualized Property Tax Expe	\$ -	\$ (509,951)	\$ (1,111,158)	\$ (2,083,704)	\$ (3,509,784)	\$ (5,218,650)
Information Technology - Annualized Property Tax Expen	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (20)	\$ (10,954)	\$ (115,656)	\$ (486,876)
Total CEP - Annualized Property Tax Expense	\$ -	\$ (509,951)	\$ (1,111,178)	\$ (2,094,658)	\$ (3,625,440)	\$ (5,705,526)

As shown in the exhibit above, our recalculated annualized property tax expense totals \$5,738,579. When compared to the amount from the Company's filing of \$5,705,526, our recommended adjustment increases the annualized property tax expense by \$33,053.

Our adjustments to the deferred property tax regulatory asset and annualized property tax expense is shown on Attachment LA-1, Schedule 4.

Eastern Gas Operations Center Employee Fitness Room

We are recommending that costs for a fitness room at the Company's Eastern Gas Ops Center be removed from CEP costs. In our view, the costs associated with the employee fitness center are not an appropriate use of ratepayer funds.

As discussed in Chapter 6, on April 10, 2020, using Microsoft Team Meetings, Larkin and Staff participated in a video walkthrough by DEO personnel of the Company's Eastern Gas Ops Center. A portion of this walkthrough centered on the employee fitness room.

With regard to the employee fitness room and related equipment, we requested that DEO provide the following information: (1) how much of the cost for Project ID T1666 relates to the fitness room; (2) the actual or approximate square footage of the employee fitness room; (3) an itemization of the types of equipment and furniture in the fitness room; and (4) the cost of the equipment and furniture in the fitness room.

In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-164, the Company stated that

We recommend that the costs of the Eastern Gas Ops Center facility that relate to the employee fitness center (i.e., the fitness center related construction costs and the cost of the exercise equipment) be removed from recoverable CEP expenditures.

The Company supplemented the response to LARKIN-DR-01-164 in order to quantify the

Our recommended adjustments to remove the costs of the employee fitness center are shown on AttachmentLA-1, Schedule 5.

Correction of Errors in CEP Filing

We are recommending the following adjustments for corrections to DEO's CEP filing:

- Net Plant In-Service: (\$557,570)
- Deferred Depreciation Expense: (\$46,350)
- Deferred Tax - Liberalized Depreciation: (\$72,876)
- Post In-Service Carrying Cost: (\$118,293)

As discussed in Chapter 6, the Company provided an overall listing of its project work detail for each year of the 2013-2018 review period in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-35. This comprehensive work order listing included all of the Company's projects during that period, including projects related to (1) CEP, (2) AMRP, (3) Rider AU, and (4) non-Rider related projects. Accordingly, we compared the projects designated as CEP-related from the project work order listing to what the Company reflected in its Rider CEP filing for its CEP investments during the 2013-2018 review period. Specifically, using the information from Company Exhibit J, Schedule 4 - Monthly CEP Investments, we compared the gross CEP assets (i.e., CEP net in-service assets plus adding back retirements) to the total CEP-related projects from the work order listing as shown in the exhibit below:

Exhibit 9-9. Comparison of Gross CEP Assets to CEP-Related Projects from Work Orders

Line No.	Description	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total
1	Total CEP In-Service Activity - Net Assets	\$ 17,677,711	\$ 22,792,911	\$ 37,470,981	\$ 49,913,859	\$ 79,568,151	\$ 90,051,676	\$ 297,475,290
2	Add Back Retirements	\$ 4,199,618	\$ 3,515,619	\$ 5,346,597	\$ 18,552,658	\$ 7,655,424	\$ 5,085,027	\$ 44,354,944
3	Total CEP In-Service Activity - Gross Assets	\$ 21,877,330	\$ 26,308,530	\$ 42,817,578	\$ 68,466,517	\$ 87,223,575	\$ 95,136,703	\$ 341,830,234
4	2013-2018 Work Order Total for CEP	\$ 21,836,708	\$ 26,323,191	\$ 42,285,969	\$ 68,466,517	\$ 77,798,257	\$ 95,136,703	\$ 331,847,345
5	Difference	\$ 40,622	\$ (14,661)	\$ 531,609	\$ -	\$ 9,425,319	\$ (0)	\$ 9,982,889

Source: Lines 1&2 from Exhibit J, Schedule 4 - Monthly CEP Investments; Line 4 from LARKIN-DR-01-35 Attachment

As shown in the exhibit above, the comparison of the CEP investments from the Company's Rider CEP filing to the CEP-related project work orders reflected variances of \$40,622, \$14,661, \$531,609, and \$9,425,319 in 2013, 2014, 2015, and 2017, respectively. We asked DEO to explain and reconcile these discrepancies.

In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-75, DEO stated that the large discrepancy noted for 2017 related to projects that were incorrectly labeled in the response to LARKIN-DR-01-35 and that they should have been designated as CEP. The Company provided the reconciliation in the exhibit below for these projects, which DEO stated were caused by incorrect data filtering methods, which resulted in the understatement of the 2017 CEP work order total.

Exhibit 9-10. Summary of 2017 Projects That Should Have Been Included in CEP Plant In-Service

2017 Project ID	Amount
ARCGS	\$ 650,376
ARMS	\$ 609,301
ECOMS	\$ 362,821
EGISS	\$ 2,080,857
EXPDS	\$ 466,126
MAXS	\$ 4,188,787
PPS	\$ 181,330
SDDTS	\$ 351,800
WRTS	\$ 533,921
Total	\$ 9,425,319
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-75	

As shown in the exhibit, the projects listed total the variance of \$9,425,319 noted in Attachment LA-1 above for 2017.

With regard to the variances of \$40,622, \$14,661, \$531,609 noted for 2013, 2014 and 2015, the Company stated that these discrepancies were related to activities that were incorrectly included in the CEP plant balances. In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-136, DEO clarified that the following adjustments should be made to Exhibit J, Schedule 4 - Monthly CEP Investments:

- For 2013, the CEP balances should be decreased by \$40,622.
- For 2014, the CEP balances should be increased by \$14,661.
- For 2015, the CEP balances should be decreased by \$531,609.

In its response to LARKIN-DR-01-159, the Company confirmed that there should be corresponding adjustments to accumulated depreciation, ADIT and the PISCC. For each year 2013 through 2015, the exhibit below summarizes the fallout impacts of adjusting the net CEP plant balances for these three items:

Exhibit 9-11. Impacts of Adjusting CEP Plant Balances on Deferred Depreciation, Deferred Taxes and PISCC

Description	2013	2014	2015	Total
Net Plant in Service	\$ (40,622)	\$ 14,661	\$ (531,609)	\$ (557,570)
Deferred Depreciation Expense	\$ (4,266)	\$ 1,218	\$ (43,284)	\$ (46,332)
Deferred Tax - Liberalized Depreciation	\$ (5,750)	\$ 1,994	\$ (69,120)	\$ (72,876)
Post In-Service Carrying Cost	\$ (10,805)	\$ 3,237	\$ (110,724)	\$ (118,293)
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-159				

As shown in the exhibit above, in addition to the aforementioned adjustments to net plant in-service, for deferred depreciation expense, the impact of the error corrections are a reduction of \$4,266 (2013), an increase of \$1,218 (2014), and a decrease of \$43,284 (2015) for an overall decrease of \$46,332.⁶⁶ The impact of the error corrections also decreased annualized depreciation by \$11,622 as shown on Attachment LA-1, Schedule 6.

For Deferred Tax - Liberalized Depreciation, the impact of the error corrections is a decrease of \$5,750 (2013), an increase of \$1,994 (2014), and a decrease of \$69,120 (2015) for an overall decrease of \$72,876.

For PISCC, the impact of the error corrections a decrease of \$10,805 (2013), an increase of \$3,237 (2014), and a decrease of \$110,724 (2015), for an overall decrease of \$118,293.

We reflected the adjustments noted above, on Attachment LA-1, Schedule 6.

Composite Depreciation Rate Excluding Negative Net Salvage for Amortization of CEP Regulatory Assets

As previously discussed, we disagree with the Company's use of the 2.54% composite depreciation rate (based on 2015 FERC Form 2 data) for calculating the amortization of regulatory assets.

The 2.54% rate includes the impact of negative net salvage. As such, it is not a reasonable methodology for determining an estimate of the useful life of the CEP assets, or by which to calculate the amortization of regulatory assets.

Larkin, in consultation with Staff, recommends using a 2.25% rate because this rate excludes the impact of negative net salvage and is therefore a better estimate of the average useful life of the CEP assets. The 2.25% rate is shown on Exhibit LA-1, Schedule 7. We applied the 2.25% rate to the adjusted regulatory asset balance. This results in an adjusted amortization of regulatory assets amount of \$1,007,416, which is \$135,122 lower than the \$1,142,538 that DEO proposed.

Enable Project - Allocation of Costs to DEO Gas Utility

As discussed in Chapter 7, we disagree with the Company's methodology of allocating Enable Project costs to DEO's gas distribution utility which was based on the 2014 CAM 5.43% allocation factor for all years.

We recommend that the recoverable Enable project costs in CEP be based on the CAM percentage allocation applicable to the DEO gas utility for each year. According to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-157, the CAM allocations to DEO's gas utility were 5.41%, 5.34%, and 5.30% for 2015, 2016, and 2017, respectively. The exhibit below shows how the Enable Project costs would have been allocated to DEO's gas distribution utility if the CAM percentage allocation had been updated each year:

⁶⁶ The calculations for this adjustment on Attachment LA-1, Schedule 6 resulted in a slight rounding difference, thus the total decrease to deferred depreciation expense on that schedule is \$46,350.

Exhibit 9-12. Impact of Using Annual Updated CAM Allocation Rates For Enable Project Costs Allocated to DEO Gas Distribution Utility

Description	2015	2016	2017	2018	Grand Total
Enable Project Costs Charged Across All Business Units	\$ 30,777,252	\$ 76,355,683	\$ 124,267,684	\$ 4,623,818	\$ 236,024,436
Multiplied by Each Year's CAM Allocation Factor for DEO Gas	5 43%	5 41%	5 34%	5 30%	
Total Charged to DE Ohio Gas Delivery If % Updated Each Year	\$ 1,671,205	\$ 4,130,842	\$ 6,635,894	\$ 245,062	\$ 12,683,004
Per Company Using 5 43% in Each Year	\$ 1,671,205	\$ 4,146,114	\$ 6,747,735	\$ 251,073	\$ 12,816,127
Difference	\$ -	\$ (15,271)	\$ (111,841)	\$ (6,011)	\$ (133,123)
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-157 Supplemental					

As shown above, by using the annual updated CAM allocation percentages, the total Enable Project costs allocated to DEO's gas distribution utility is \$12,683,004, or \$133,123 less than the Company's amount of \$12,816,127.

As shown on Attachment LA-1, Schedule 8, the result of our recommendation decreases CEP plant in-service by \$133,123, deferred depreciation expense by \$18,467, annualized depreciation expense by \$13,852 and PISCC by \$9,443.

AMI Meter Modules

As discussed in Chapter 8, in its response to LARKIN-DR-01-72, the Company stated that for 2013, 2014 and 2015, project additions identified by Project ID number AMIMODCHG should have been included in Rider AU, but these projects were not captured in Rider AU because they were not labeled properly. DEO included them in CEP because they relate to infrastructure for gas operations. We have removed the costs associated with these three projects from CEP plant in-service as shown on Attachment LA-1, Schedule 9. For this adjustment, because of the small plant adjustment amount, we did not attempt to reflect the impacts to deferred or annualized depreciation expense, or the PISCC, which would be even smaller.

**Duke Energy Ohio - Gas
Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Attachment LA-1
Accompanying the Report of Larkin & Associates PLLC**

Number	Description	No. of Pages	Confidential	Exhibit Page No.
	Revenue Requirement Summary Schedules			
1	Revenue Requirement Calculation	1	No	2
2	Summary of Adjustments	1	Yes	3
	Adjustment Schedules			
3	Remove Earnings Based Portion of Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation	2	No	4-5
4	Property Tax Expense	1	No	6
5	Eastern Gas Operation Center - Employee Fitness Room	2	Yes	7-8
6	Correction of Errors to CEP Plant Balances	3	No	9-11
7	Calculation of Composite Depreciation Rate	1	No	12
8	Enable Project Allocation Factor	2	No	13-14
9	AMI Meter Modules Included in CEP in Error	1	No	15
	Total Pages (Including Contents Page)	15		

Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Revenue Requirement Calculation

Attachment LA-1
Schedule No. 1
Page 1 of 1

Line	Description	Company Reference	Company Total (A)	Adjustments (B)	Adjusted (C) = (A) + (B)
Plant In-Service					
1	Additions	Schedule No. 4 Ln 9 (Sum of 2013 - 2018)	\$ 341,830,234	\$ (898,452)	\$ 340,931,782
2	Original Cost Retired	Schedule No. 4 Ln 15 (Sum of 2013 - 2018)	\$ 44,354,944	\$ -	\$ 44,354,944
3	Total Plant In-Service		<u>\$ 297,475,290</u>	<u>\$ (898,452)</u>	<u>\$ 296,576,838</u>
Less: Accumulation Provision for Depreciation					
4	Depreciation Expense	Schedule Nos. 5a & 5b	\$ 21,273,627	\$ (71,992)	\$ 21,201,635
5	2012 Rate Case Depreciation Offset	Schedule No. 11 Ln 5	\$ 225,989,904	\$ -	\$ 225,989,904
6	Original Cost Retired	Schedule No. 4 Ln 15 (Sum of 2013 - 2018)	\$ 44,354,944	\$ -	\$ 44,354,944
7	Total Accumulated Provision for Depreciation		<u>\$ (202,908,587)</u>	<u>\$ 71,992</u>	<u>\$ (202,836,595)</u>
8	Net Plant In-Service	Ln 3 + Ln 7	<u>\$ 94,566,703</u>	<u>\$ (826,461)</u>	<u>\$ 93,740,242</u>
Regulatory Assets					
9	Deferred Depreciation Expense	Schedule No. 3 Ln 1	\$ 21,273,627	\$ (71,992)	\$ 21,201,635
10	Post in Service Carrying Costs	Schedule No. 3 Ln 2	\$ 29,592,179	\$ (288,978)	\$ 29,303,201
11	Property Tax	Schedule No. 3 Ln 3	\$ 13,046,753	\$ 135,332	\$ 13,182,085
12	Cumulative Offset for Incremental Revenue	Schedule No. 3 Ln 4	\$ (18,930,741)	\$ -	\$ (18,930,741)
13	Total Regulatory Assets		<u>\$ 44,981,818</u>	<u>\$ (225,637)</u>	<u>\$ 44,756,181</u>
Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes					
14	Accumulated Deferred Income Tax on Post in Service Carrying Costs	Line 10 x 21%	\$ (6,214,358)	\$ 60,685	\$ (6,153,672)
15	Accumulated Deferred Income Tax on Property Tax	Line 11 x 21%	\$ (2,739,818)	\$ (28,420)	\$ (2,768,238)
16	Accumulated Deferred Income Tax on Cumulative Offset for Incremental Revenue	Line 12 x 21%	\$ 3,975,456	\$ -	\$ 3,975,456
17	Accumulated Deferred Income Tax on Liberalized Depreciation	Schedule 12 Ln 6	\$ (36,809,812)	\$ 72,876	\$ (36,736,936)
18	Total Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes		<u>\$ (41,788,532)</u>	<u>\$ 105,141</u>	<u>\$ (41,683,390)</u>
19	Less: Earnings Based Capitalized Incentives Impact on Rate Base			\$ (775,173)	\$ (775,173)
20	Net Rate Base		<u>\$ 97,759,989</u>	<u>\$ (1,722,130)</u>	<u>\$ 96,037,860</u>
21	Approved Pre-tax Rate of Return		9.16%	9.16%	9.16%
22	Annualized Return on Rate Base	Line 20 x Line 21	<u>\$ 8,954,815</u>	<u>\$ (157,747)</u>	<u>\$ 8,797,068</u>
Operating Expenses					
23	Total Regulatory Assets	Line 13 Above	\$ 44,981,818		\$ 44,756,181
24	Composite Depreciation Rate		2.54%		2.25%
25	Amortization of Regulatory Assets	Line 23 x Line 24	<u>\$ 1,142,538</u>	<u>\$ (135,122)</u>	<u>\$ 1,007,416</u>
26	Annualized Depreciation	Schedule 5a & Schedule 5b	\$ 9,093,544	\$ (29,779)	\$ 9,063,765
27	Annualized Property Tax Expense	Schedule 7	\$ 5,705,526	\$ 33,053	\$ 5,738,579
28	Total Annualized Operating Expenses		<u>\$ 15,941,608</u>	<u>\$ (131,848)</u>	<u>\$ 15,809,760</u>
29	Total Revenue Requirement	Sum Ln 22 - 28	<u>\$ 24,896,423</u>	<u>\$ (289,595)</u>	<u>\$ 24,606,828</u>
Allocation %					
30	Rate RS / RFT / RSLI	Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR, Schedule E-3.2f, page 7 of 14	72.35%		72.35%
31	Rate GS / FT Small		7.46%		7.46%
32	Rate GS / FT Large		15.62%		15.62%
33	Rate IT		4.57%		4.57%
34	Total Allocation		100.00%		100.00%
Annual Revenue Requirement					
35	Rate RS / RFT / RSLI / RFTLI	Ln 29 x Ln 30	\$ 18,011,940	\$ (209,514.73)	\$ 17,802,425
36	Rate GS / FT Small	Ln 26 x Ln 31	\$ 1,858,070	\$ (21,613.05)	\$ 1,836,457
37	Rate GS / FT Large	Ln 26 x Ln 32	\$ 3,888,199	\$ (45,227.50)	\$ 3,842,971
38	Rate IT / GGIT	Ln 26 x Ln 33	\$ 1,138,215	\$ (13,239.70)	\$ 1,124,975
39	Total Annual Revenue Requirement	Sum Ln 32 - 35	<u>\$ 24,896,423</u>	<u>\$ (289,595)</u>	<u>\$ 24,606,828</u>
Annual Bills Issued					
40	Rate RS / RFT / RSLI / RFTLI	Schedule 3 Ln 25	4,836,307		4,836,307
41	Rate GS / FT Small	Schedule 3 Ln 26	255,797		255,797
42	Rate GS / FT Large	Schedule 3 Ln 27	85,973		85,973
43	Rate IT / GGIT	Schedule 3 Ln 28	881		881
Estimated Monthly Rate Impact					
44	Rate RS / RFT / RSLI / RFTLI	Ln 35 + Ln 40	\$ 3.72	\$ (0.04)	\$ 3.68
45	Rate GS / FT Small	Ln 36 + Ln 41	\$ 7.26	\$ (0.08)	\$ 7.18
46	Rate GS / FT Large	Ln 37 + Ln 42	\$ 45.23	\$ (0.53)	\$ 44.70
47	Rate IT / GGIT	Ln 38 + Ln 43	\$ 1,291.96	\$ (15.03)	\$ 1,276.93

Notes and Source:

Col. A: Exhibit J, Schedule 1 from the Company's CEP filing

Col. B: Schedule 2

Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Summary of Adjustments

Attachment LA-1
Schedule No. 2
Page 1 of 1

Line No.	Description	Total Adjustments	Remove Earnings Based Portion of Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation	Sch. 3	Sch. 4	Sch. 5	Correction of Errors to CEP Plant Balances	Sch. 6	Impact of Using ASL Composite Depreciation Rate	Sch. 7	Enable Project Allocation	Sch. 8	Remove AMI Meter Modules Included in CEP in Error	Sch. 9
Plant In-Service														
1	Additions													
2	Original Cost Retired													
3	Total Plant In-Service													
Less Accumulation Provision for Depreciation														
4	Depreciation Expense													
5	2012 Rate Case Depreciation Offset													
6	Original Cost Retired													
7	Total Accumulated Provision for Depreciation													
8	Less: Earnings Based Capitalized Incentives													
9	Net Plant In-Service													
Regulatory Assets														
10	Deferred Depreciation Expense													
11	Post in Service Carrying Costs													
12	Property Tax													
13	Cumulative Offset for Incremental Revenue													
14	Total Regulatory Assets													
Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes														
15	Accumulated Deferred Income Tax on Post in Service Carrying Costs													
16	Accumulated Deferred Income Tax on Property Tax													
17	Accumulated Deferred Income Tax on Cumulative Offset for Incremental Revenue													
18	Accumulated Deferred Income Tax on Liberalized Depreciation													
19	Total Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes													
20	Net Rate Base													
21	Approved Pre-tax Rate of Return													
22	Annualized Return on Rate Base													
Operating Expenses														
23	Amortization of Regulatory Assets - Note A													
24	Annualized Depreciation													
25	Annualized Property Tax Expense													
26	Total Annualized Operating Expenses													
27	Total Revenue Requirement													

Notes and Source:

A: The impact of our adjustments on the amortization of regulatory assets is shown on Schedule 1 - Revenue Requirement (lines 23-25)

Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Remove Earnings Based Portion of Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation

Attachment LA-1
Schedule No. 3
Page 1 of 2

Line No.	Description	Period	2013 (A)	2014 (B)	2015 (C)	2016 (D)	2017 (E)	2018 (F)
1	Gross Plant Incentives	Q1	\$ (38,054)	\$ (32,371)	\$ (22,749)	\$ (18,575)	\$ (16,036)	\$ (17,151)
2		Q2	\$ (46,675)	\$ (30,797)	\$ (29,984)	\$ (35,701)	\$ (35,130)	\$ (11,289)
3		Q3	\$ (38,800)	\$ (41,067)	\$ (35,771)	\$ (19,004)	\$ (58,095)	\$ (31,292)
4		Q4	\$ (66,353)	\$ (49,963)	\$ (34,222)	\$ (34,147)	\$ (30,101)	\$ (24,691)
5	Cumulative Gross Plant Incentives		<u>\$ (189,882)</u>	<u>\$ (344,080)</u>	<u>\$ (466,806)</u>	<u>\$ (574,233)</u>	<u>\$ (713,594)</u>	<u>\$ (798,017)</u>
6	Depreciation Expense	Q1	\$ (121)	\$ (344)	\$ (519)	\$ (651)	\$ (761)	\$ (866)
7		Q2	\$ (148)	\$ (394)	\$ (587)	\$ (796)	\$ (1,021)	\$ (1,168)
8		Q3	\$ (123)	\$ (377)	\$ (621)	\$ (795)	\$ (1,039)	\$ (1,323)
9		Q4	\$ (211)	\$ (580)	\$ (847)	\$ (1,064)	\$ (1,268)	\$ (1,442)
10	Accumulated Depreciation	Q1	\$ 121	\$ 947	\$ 2,818	\$ 5,523	\$ 8,939	\$ 13,133
11		Q2	\$ 269	\$ 1,341	\$ 3,405	\$ 6,319	\$ 9,959	\$ 14,301
12		Q3	\$ 392	\$ 1,718	\$ 4,026	\$ 7,114	\$ 10,999	\$ 15,624
13		Q4	\$ 603	\$ 2,298	\$ 4,873	\$ 8,178	\$ 12,267	\$ 17,066
14	Accumulated Deferred Income Tax	Q1	\$ 50	\$ 383	\$ 1,106	\$ 2,088	\$ 3,245	\$ 4,581
15		Q2	\$ 110	\$ 538	\$ 1,322	\$ 2,365	\$ 3,580	\$ 4,935
16		Q3	\$ 161	\$ 686	\$ 1,554	\$ 2,640	\$ 3,924	\$ 5,353
17		Q4	\$ 247	\$ 914	\$ 1,865	\$ 3,004	\$ 4,327	\$ 5,777
18	Total Adjustment to Net Rate Base	Q1	\$ (189,711)	\$ (342,750)	\$ (462,882)	\$ (566,621)	\$ (701,410)	\$ (780,303)
19		Q2	\$ (189,502)	\$ (342,201)	\$ (462,079)	\$ (565,549)	\$ (700,054)	\$ (778,781)
20		Q3	\$ (189,329)	\$ (341,676)	\$ (461,227)	\$ (564,479)	\$ (698,672)	\$ (777,040)
21		Q4	\$ (189,032)	\$ (340,868)	\$ (460,068)	\$ (563,050)	\$ (697,000)	\$ (775,173)

Notes and Source

Cols. A-F: Amounts from the response to LARKIN-DR-01-149

Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Remove Earnings Based Portion of Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation
Impact on PISCC deferral

Attachment LA-1
Schedule No. 3
Page 2 of 2

Line No.	Description	Quarterly Spend (Capital)					
		2013 (A)	2014 (B)	2015 (C)	2016 (D)	2017 (E)	2018 (F)
1	Gross Plant Incentives	Q1 (38,054)	(32,371)	(22,749)	(18,575)	(16,036)	(17,151)
2		Q2 (46,675)	(30,797)	(29,984)	(35,701)	(35,130)	(11,289)
3		Q3 (38,800)	(41,067)	(35,771)	(19,004)	(58,095)	(31,292)
4		Q4 (66,353)	(49,963)	(34,222)	(34,147)	(30,101)	(24,691)
5	Cummulative EBCI	(189,882)	(344,080)	(466,806)	(574,233)	(713,594)	(798,017)
6	Long Term Debt Rate	5.32%					
7	Annual PISCC	(5,051)	(14,203)	(21,570)	(27,692)	(34,256)	(40,209)
8	Cumulative PISCC	(5,051)	(19,254)	(40,824)	(68,515)	(102,772)	(142,980)

Notes and Source

Cols. A-F: Amounts from the response to LARKIN-DR-01-160

Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Property Tax Expense

Attachment LA-1
Schedule No. 4
Page 1 of 1

Line No.	Description	12/31/2013 (A)	12/31/2014 (B)	12/31/2015 (C)	12/31/2016 (D)	12/31/2017 (E)	12/31/2018 (F)
	Property Tax Regulatory Asset						
	Per Larkin						
1	Distribution Improvement - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ 508,954	\$ 1,626,811	\$ 3,707,679	\$ 7,312,983	\$ 12,554,735
2	Information Technology - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21	\$ 11,031	\$ 130,523	\$ 627,350
3	Total CEP - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ 508,954	\$ 1,626,832	\$ 3,718,710	\$ 7,443,506	\$ 13,182,085
	Per Company Filing						
4	Distribution Improvement - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ 509,951	\$ 1,621,109	\$ 3,704,813	\$ 7,214,597	\$ 12,433,247
5	Information Technology - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20	\$ 10,974	\$ 126,630	\$ 613,506
6	Total CEP - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ 509,951	\$ 1,621,129	\$ 3,715,787	\$ 7,341,227	\$ 13,046,753
	Adjustment to Property Tax Regulatory Asset						
7	Distribution Improvement - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,702	\$ 2,866	\$ 98,386	\$ 121,488
8	Information Technology - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ 57	\$ 3,893	\$ 13,844
9	Total CEP - Deferred Property Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,703	\$ 2,923	\$ 102,279	\$ 135,332
	Annualized Property Tax Expense						
	Per Larkin						
	Distribution Improvement - Annualized Property Tax Expense	\$ -	\$ 508,954	\$ 1,117,857	\$ 2,080,868	\$ 3,605,304	\$ 5,241,752
	Information Technology - Annualized Property Tax Expense	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21	\$ 11,010	\$ 119,492	\$ 496,827
	Total CEP - Annualized Property Tax Expense	\$ -	\$ 508,954	\$ 1,117,878	\$ 2,091,878	\$ 3,724,796	\$ 5,738,579
	Per Company Filing						
	Distribution Improvement - Annualized Property Tax Expense	\$ -	\$ 509,951	\$ 1,111,158	\$ 2,083,704	\$ 3,509,784	\$ 5,218,650
	Information Technology - Annualized Property Tax Expense	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20	\$ 10,954	\$ 115,656	\$ 486,876
	Total CEP - Annualized Property Tax Expense	\$ -	\$ 509,951	\$ 1,111,178	\$ 2,094,658	\$ 3,625,440	\$ 5,705,526
	Adjustment to Property Tax Regulatory Asset						
	Distribution Improvement - Annualized Property Tax Expense	\$ -	\$ (997)	\$ 6,699	\$ (2,836)	\$ 95,520	\$ 23,102
	Information Technology - Annualized Property Tax Expense	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ 56	\$ 3,836	\$ 9,951
	Total CEP - Annualized Property Tax Expense	\$ -	\$ (997)	\$ 6,700	\$ (2,780)	\$ 99,356	\$ 33,053

Notes and Source:

Cols. A-F: See Schedule 4 worksheets

**Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Eastern Gas Operation Center - Employee Fitness Room**

**Attachment LA-1
Schedule No. 5
Page 1 of 2**

Line No.	Description	Amount (A)	Reference
1	Remove Employee Fitness Room Construction Costs		A
2	Remove Employee Fitness Room Equipment		A
3	Total Adjustment to Remove Employee Fitness Room Costs		
4	Adjustment to Deferred Depreciation Expense		B
5	Adjustment to Annualized Depreciation Expense*		C
6	Adjustment to Post In-Service Carrying Costs		B

Notes and Source:

A: Amounts from the supplemental response to LARKIN-DR-01-164

B: See page 2

C: See Depreciation Workpaper

Duke Energy Ohio Capital Expenditure Program Eastern Gas Operation Center - Employee Fitness Room																									Attachment LA-1 Schedule No. 5 Page 2 of 2	
Line No.	Description	Cumulative Total (A)	Rate (B)	Apr 2017 (C)	May 2017 (D)	Jun 2017 (E)	Jul 2017 (F)	Aug 2017 (G)	Sep 2017 (H)	Oct 2017 (I)	Nov 2017 (J)	Dec 2017 (K)	Jan 2018 (L)	Feb 2018 (M)	Mar 2018 (N)	Apr 2018 (O)	May 2018 (P)	Jun 2018 (Q)	Jul 2018 (R)	Aug 2018 (S)	Sep 2018 (T)	Oct 2018 (U)	Nov 2018 (V)	Dec 2018 (W)		
1	Fitness Center Cost																									
2	Calculated Depreciation																									
3	Calculated PISCC																									

Notes and Source
Cols. A-V: Amounts from the supplemental response to LARK N-DR-01-164

**Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Correction of Errors to CEP Plant Balances**

**Attachment LA-1
Schedule No. 6
Page 1 of 3**

Line No.	Description	2013 CEP Plant Balances (A)	2014 CEP Plant Balances (B)	2015 CEP Plant Balances (C)	Total Adjustment (D)	Reference
1	Adjustment to Net Plant Balances	<u>\$ (40,622)</u>	<u>\$ 14,661</u>	<u>\$ (531,609)</u>	<u>\$ (557,570)</u>	Line 10
2	Adjustment to Deferred Depreciation Expense				\$ (46,350)	Depr Workpaper
3	Adjustment to Annualized Depreciation Expense				\$ (11,622)	Depr Workpaper
4	Adjustment to Deferred Tax - Liberalized Depreciation				<u>\$ 72,876</u>	Page 2
5	Adjustment to Post In-Service Carrying Costs				<u>\$ (118,293)</u>	Page 3

Notes and Source

Line 1: The derivation of these amounts is shown below.

Description	2013	2014	2015	Total	Reference
6 Total CEP In-Service Activity - Net Assets	\$ 17,677,711	\$ 22,792,911	\$ 37,470,981		Exh. J, Sch. 4
7 Add Back Retirements	\$ 4,199,618	\$ 3,515,619	\$ 5,346,597		Exh. J, Sch. 4
8 Total CEP In-Service Activity - Gross Assets	\$ 21,877,330	\$ 26,308,530	\$ 42,817,578		
9 2013-2018 Work Order Total for CEP	\$ 21,836,708	\$ 26,323,191	\$ 42,285,969		LARKIN-DR-01-35
10 Difference (see below for additional detail)	<u>\$ 40,622</u>	<u>\$ (14,661)</u>	<u>\$ 531,609</u>	<u>\$ 557,570</u>	

The response to LARK N-DR-01-75 states that the variances shown on line 10 were caused by incorrect data filtering methods, which resulted in an under/overstatement in the CEP work order totals. The breakout of each variance, by project number, is shown below.

	2013	2014	2015
11 Project No. 20062	\$ 18,753	\$ 9,980	
12 Project No. 20063	\$ 21,869		
13 Project No. G9141		\$ (26,212)	
14 Project No. G9870		\$ 1,568	
15 Project No. G6985			\$ (4,095)
16 Project No. G8592			\$ (279,308)
17 Project No. G9106			\$ 809,305
18 Project No. H1006			\$ (6,921)
19 Project No. H1123			\$ 14,499
20 Project No. H1360			\$ 1,107
21 Project No. H1647			\$ (7,925)
22 Project No. H1667			\$ 21,534
23 Project No. H1676			\$ (5,135)
24 Project No. H1711			\$ 505
25 Project No. I1110			\$ (11,957)
26 Total	<u>\$ 40,622</u>	<u>\$ (14,663)</u>	<u>\$ 531,609</u>

Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Correction of Errors to CEP Plant Balances
Deferred Tax - Liberalized Depreciation

Attachment LA-1
Schedule No. 6
Page 2 of 3

Line No.	Descript ion	2013 (A)	2014 (B)	2015 (C)	2016 (D)	2017 (E)	2018 (F)	Total (G)
1	Plant Additions (excluding Land)	\$ 21,877,330	\$ 26,308,530	\$ 42,817,578	\$ 68,466,517	\$ 86,927,435	\$ 93,776,160	\$ 340,173,550
2	Deprecia ion Expense - Plant	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
3	MACRS Depr/Amort (Calculated Below)	\$ 11,346,482	\$ 14,548,870	\$ 23,794,105	\$ 39,280,166	\$ 56,790,223	\$ 29,177,944	\$ 174,937,790
4	Difference Between Book Depr & Tax Depr	\$ (11,346,482)	\$ (14,548,870)	\$ (23,794,105)	\$ (39,280,166)	\$ (56,790,223)	\$ (29,177,944)	\$ (174,937,790)
5	Federal Income Tax Rate	21%	21%	21%	21%	21%	21%	21%
6	Adjusted Deferred Tax-Liberalized Deprecia ion	\$ (2,382,761)	\$ (3,055,263)	\$ (4,996,762)	\$ (8,248,835)	\$ (11,925,947)	\$ (6,127,368)	\$ (36,736,936)
7	Original Deferred Tax - Liberalized Deprecia ion	\$ (2,387,186)	\$ (3,053,973)	\$ (5,054,849)	\$ (8,253,026)	\$ (11,929,823)	\$ (6,130,954)	\$ (36,809,812)
8	Adjustment to Deferred Tax - Liberalized Depreciation	\$ 4,425	\$ (1,289)	\$ 58,086	\$ 4,191	\$ 3,877	\$ 3,586	\$ 72,876
9		\$ 11,346,482						\$ 11,346,482
10		\$ 819,713	\$ 13,729,157					\$ 14,548,870
11		\$ 750,441	\$ 1,072,463	\$ 21,971,201				\$ 23,794,105
12		\$ 688,550	\$ 957,364	\$ 1,692,481	\$ 35,941,772			\$ 39,280,166
13		\$ 632,616	\$ 860,763	\$ 1,516,953	\$ 3,280,728	\$ 50,499,163		\$ 56,790,223
14		\$ 585,450	\$ 778,178	\$ 1,370,746	\$ 3,028,031	\$ 5,064,626	\$ 18,350,912	\$ 29,177,944
15		\$ 542,892	\$ 723,428	\$ 1,255,969	\$ 2,445,763	\$ 4,802,824	\$ 7,575,338	\$ 17,346,214
16		\$ 498,896	\$ 674,037	\$ 1,151,039	\$ 1,893,159	\$ 3,346,793	\$ 6,484,337	\$ 14,048,260
17		\$ 486,745	\$ 600,905	\$ 1,057,375	\$ 1,751,968	\$ 1,932,478	\$ 5,606,597	\$ 11,436,067
18		\$ 486,641	\$ 564,706	\$ 968,907	\$ 1,628,185	\$ 1,762,395	\$ 4,913,779	\$ 10,324,613
19		\$ 486,745	\$ 564,586	\$ 938,884	\$ 1,478,701	\$ 1,628,705	\$ 4,583,689	\$ 9,681,309
21		\$ 486,745	\$ 564,586	\$ 938,884	\$ 1,416,627	\$ 1,499,034	\$ 3,639,133	\$ 8,545,008
22		\$ 486,641	\$ 564,706	\$ 938,693	\$ 1,416,914	\$ 1,498,804	\$ 3,184,691	\$ 8,090,449
23		\$ 486,745	\$ 564,586	\$ 938,884	\$ 1,416,627	\$ 1,499,034	\$ 3,184,044	\$ 8,089,919
24		\$ 475,437	\$ 564,706	\$ 938,693	\$ 1,416,914	\$ 1,498,804	\$ 3,184,691	\$ 8,079,245
25		\$ 464,341	\$ 551,463	\$ 938,884	\$ 1,416,627	\$ 1,499,034	\$ 3,184,044	\$ 8,054,393
26		\$ 464,237	\$ 538,466	\$ 895,326	\$ 1,416,914	\$ 1,498,804	\$ 3,184,691	\$ 7,998,438
27		\$ 464,341	\$ 538,345	\$ 852,165	\$ 1,347,468	\$ 1,499,034	\$ 3,184,044	\$ 7,885,396
28		\$ 464,237	\$ 538,466	\$ 851,974	\$ 1,278,618	\$ 1,261,283	\$ 3,184,691	\$ 7,579,269
29		\$ 232,171	\$ 538,345	\$ 852,165	\$ 1,278,331	\$ 1,024,072	\$ 3,036,598	\$ 6,961,682
30		\$ 232,171	\$ 269,233	\$ 851,974	\$ 1,278,618	\$ 1,023,843	\$ 2,889,850	\$ 6,313,518
31				\$ 426,083	\$ 1,278,331	\$ 1,024,072	\$ 2,889,203	\$ 5,617,689
32					\$ 639,309	\$ 1,023,843	\$ 2,889,850	\$ 4,553,002
33						\$ 512,036	\$ 1,444,925	\$ 3,401,239
34								\$ 1,444,925
35	Total	\$ 21,836,708	\$ 26,323,193	\$ 42,285,969	\$ 68,466,517	\$ 86,927,435	\$ 93,776,160	\$ 339,615,983

Notes and Source:

Cols. A-C: Corrected amounts from he response to LARKIN-DR-01-159

Cols. D-F: Amounts from Exhibit J, Schedule 12 from DEO's filing

Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Correction of Errors to CEP Plant Balances
Post In-Service Carrying Costs

Attachment LA-1
Schedule No. 6
Page 3 of 3

Line No.	Description	December 2013 (A)	November 2014 (B)	December 2014 (C)	January 2015 (D)	June 2015 (E)	August 2015 (F)	Grand Total (G)
1	27603 - Gas Mains - Dist Lines/Plas		\$ (26,212)	\$ 1,568	\$ 529,997		\$ 1,107	\$ 506,461
2	27605 - Gas Mains - Feeder Lines/St					\$ 505		\$ 505
3	28100 - Meters	\$ (133,198)		\$ (87,096)				\$ (220,293)
4	28101 - Leased Meters	\$ 151,950		\$ 97,076				\$ 249,026
5	28300 - House Regulators	\$ (531,673)						\$ (531,673)
6	28301 - House Regulators Leased	\$ 553,542						\$ 553,542
7	<u>Grand Total</u>	<u>\$ 40,622</u>	<u>\$ (26,212)</u>	<u>\$ 11,548</u>	<u>\$ 529,997</u>	<u>\$ 505</u>	<u>\$ 1,107</u>	<u>\$ 557,568</u>
8	Month of Adjustment	Dec-2013	Nov-2014	Dec-2014	Jan-2015	Jun-2015	Aug-2015	Total
9	Monthly Rate	0.44%	0.44%	0.44%	0.44%	0.44%	0.44%	
10	Months	60	49	48	47	42	40	
11	<u>PISCC adjustment</u>	<u>\$ (10,805)</u>	<u>\$ 5,694</u>	<u>\$ (2,458)</u>	<u>\$ (110,434)</u>	<u>\$ (94)</u>	<u>\$ (196)</u>	<u>\$ (118,293)</u>

Notes and Source:

Amounts above from the response to LARKIN-DR-01-159

Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Calculation of Composite Depreciation Rate

Attachment LA-1
Schedule No. 7
Page 1 of 1

FERC ACCT / COMPANY ACCT / ACCOUNT TITLE
Direct Weighting Method

Line No.	Description	CEP \$'s (A)	Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR Authorized Accrual Rate (B)	Average Service Life (C)	Dollars Weighted (D) = AxC
Distribution Plant					
1	374 / 2740 / Land	\$ 1,656,720			
2	374 / 2741 / Rights of Way	\$ (2,668)	1.54%	65	\$ (173,410)
3	374 / 2742 / City Gate Check Station				
4	375 / 2750 / Structures & Improvements	\$ 17,482,414	2.09%	55	\$ 961,532,772
5	27601 - Gas Mains - Dist Lines/Cast	\$ (69,225)	2.72%	46	\$ (3,184,344)
6	27602 - Gas Mains - Dist Lines/Stee	\$ 20,199,255	1.87%	67	\$ 1,353,350,079
7	27603 - Gas Mains - Dist Lines/Plas	\$ 65,371,311	2.08%	60	\$ 3,922,278,679
8	27605 - Gas Mains - Feeder Lines/St	\$ 32,371,195	1.87%	67	\$ 2,168,870,054
9	27607 - Capex Gas Mains - Dist Stee	\$ 665,240	1.87%	67	\$ 44,571,074
10	27608 - Capex Gas Mains - Dist Plas	\$ 798,137	2.08%	60	\$ 47,888,200
11	378 / 2780 / System Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment - General	\$ 24,331,612	2.35%	49	\$ 1,192,248,985
12	378 / 2781 / System Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment - Electronic	\$ 2,330,725	7.00%	15	\$ 34,960,869
13	378 / 2782 / District Regulating Equipment	\$ 1,786,290	2.40%	48	\$ 85,741,940
14	379 / 2790 / Meas. & Reg - City Gate	\$ 1,113,061	6.67%	15	\$ 16,695,908
15	28001 - Services - M-C C Iron & C	\$ (1,805,405)	3.11%	37	\$ (66,800,001)
16	28002 - Services - M-C Steel	\$ 1,945,262	2.88%	40	\$ 77,810,466
17	28003 - Services - M-C Plastic	\$ 64,300,923	3.59%	32	\$ 2,057,629,538
18	28005 - Capex Services M-C Plastic	\$ 14,852	3.59%	32	\$ 475,251
19	28006 - Services C-M Plastic	\$ 40,033,351	3.59%	32	\$ 1,281,067,222
20	28007 - Capex Services C-M Plastic	\$ -			\$ -
21	28008 - Services C-M Steel	\$ 1,163,546	2.88%	40	\$ 46,541,835
22	381 / 2810, 2811 / Meters	\$ (6,764,136)	2.22%	45	\$ (304,386,109)
23	381 / 2812 / Utility of the Future Meters	\$ -			
24	382 / 2820, 2821 / Meter Installations	\$ (886,267)	2.00%	50	\$ (44,313,340)
25	383 / 2830, 2831 / House Regulators	\$ (1,036,739)	2.00%	50	\$ (51,836,970)
26	384 / 2840, 2841 / House Regulator Installations	\$ 75,069	2.00%	50	\$ 3,753,434
27	385 / 2850 / Large Industrial Meas. & Reg. Equipment	\$ 15,089	2.63%	40	\$ 603,576
28	385 / 2851 / Large Industrial Meas. & Reg. Equipment - Comm				
29	387 / 2870 / Other Equipment - Other				
30	387 / 2871 / Street Lighting Equipment	\$ (120,401)	2.67%	45	\$ (5,418,037)
31	388 / / Gas ARO				
General Plant & Intangible					
32	000 / 2030 / Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	\$ 9,810,837	Various	5	\$ 49,054,186
33	000 / 20301 / Miscellaneous Intangible Plant-Enable	\$ 9,629,709	Various	5	\$ 48,148,546
34	389 / 2890 / Land				
35	390 / 2900 / Structures & Improvements	\$ (288,800)	3.33%	30	\$ (8,663,993)
36	391 / 2910 / Office Furniture & Equipment				
37	391 / 2911 / Electronic Data Processing Equipment	\$ 444,124	20.00%	5	\$ 2,220,622
38	392 / 2920 / Transportation Equipment				
39	392 / 2921 / Trailers				
40	394 / 2940 / Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	\$ 4,194,274	4.00%	25	\$ 104,856,840
41	395 / 2950 / Laboratory Equipment	\$ (54,460)	6.67%	15	\$ (816,903)
42	396 / 2960 / Power Operated Equipment	\$ 1,005,255	6.36%	11	\$ 11,057,806
43	397 / 2970 / Communication Equipment	\$ 7,765,141	6.67%	15	\$ 116,477,118
44	398 / 2980 / Miscellaneous Equipment				
45	Total General Plant	<u>\$ 297,475,290</u>			<u>\$ 13,142,241,893</u>
46		<u>\$ (1,656,720)</u>			44.426697 ASL
47		<u>\$ 295,818,570</u>			<u>2.25 %</u>

Notes and Source

The calculations above were provided by PUCO Staff

**Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Enable Project Allocation Factor**

**Attachment LA-1
Schedule No. 8
Page 1 of 1**

Line No.	Description	2015 (A)	2016 (B)	2017 (C)	2018 (D)	Total (E)	Reference
1	Total Charged to DE Ohio Gas Delivery	\$ 1,671,205	\$ 4,146,114	\$ 6,747,735	\$ 251,073	\$ 12,816,127	
2	Divided by 5.43% (2014 CAM Allocation % Used)	5.43%	5.43%	5.43%	5.43%		
3	Total Charged Across All Business Units	\$ 30,777,252	\$ 76,355,683	\$ 124,267,684	\$ 4,623,818	\$ 236,024,436	L1 / L2
4	Multiplied by % from Each Year's CAM - Note A	5.43%	5.41%	5.34%	5.30%		
5	Total Charged to DE Ohio Gas Delivery If % Updated Each Year	\$ 1,671,205	\$ 4,130,842	\$ 6,635,894	\$ 245,062	\$ 12,683,004	L3 x L4
6	Total Charged to DE Ohio Gas Delivery If % Updated Each Year	\$ 1,671,205	\$ 4,130,842	\$ 6,635,894	\$ 245,062	\$ 12,683,004	Line 5
7	Total Charged to DE Ohio Gas Delivery	\$ 1,671,205	\$ 4,146,114	\$ 6,747,735	\$ 251,073	\$ 12,816,127	Line 1
8	Difference in Allocation Methods	\$ -	\$ (15,271)	\$ (111,841)	\$ (6,011)	\$ (133,123)	L6 - L7
9	Adjustment to Deferred Depreciation Expense					\$ (18,467)	Page 2
10	Adjustment to Annualized Depreciation Expense					\$ (13,852)	Depr Worksheet, p2
11	Adjustment to Post In-Service Carrying Costs					\$ (9,443)	Page 2

Notes and Source

Cols. A-E: Amounts from the supplemental response to LARKIN-DR-01-157

Note A: According to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-157, due to the complexity of Enable charging and the timing of the CAM spreadsheet, updating the percentage each year requires using the prior year's CAM

Line No.	Description	Cumulative Total (A)	Rate (B)	Aug 2017 (C)	Sep 2017 (D)	Oct 2017 (E)	Nov 2017 (F)	Dec 2017 (G)	Jan 2018 (H)	Feb 2018 (I)	Mar 2018 (J)	Apr 2018 (K)	May 2018 (L)	Jun 2018 (M)	Jul 2018 (N)	Aug 2018 (O)	Sep 2018 (P)	Oct 2018 (Q)	Nov 2018 (R)	Dec 2018 (S)
1	Enable Project Software	(127,741)																		
2	Calculated Depreciation - FERC 303	(17,032)	10.00%	\$ (127,741)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)
3	Enable Project Hardware	(5,382)																		
4	Calculated Depreciation - FERC 391	(1,435)	20.00%	\$ (5,382)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)
5	Total Calculated Depreciation	<u>(18,467)</u>																		
6	Calculated PISCC	<u>(9,443)</u>	5.32%	\$ (133,123)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)

Notes and Source
Amounts on lines 7-9 below are from the response to LARKIN-DR-35

Description	FERC Account	Enable Project Costs	Percentage
7 Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	303	\$ 12,297,982	95.96%
8 Electronic Data Processing	391	\$ 518,136	4.04%
9 Total Enable Project Costs in CEP		<u>\$ 12,816,118</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
10 Difference in Allocation Methods		\$ (133,123)	
11 Percentage of Enable Project to FERC 303		<u>\$ 95.96%</u>	
12 Difference in Allocation Methods to FERC 303		<u>\$ (127,741)</u>	
13 Difference in Allocation Methods		\$ (133,123)	
14 Percentage of Enable Project to FERC 391		<u>\$ 4.04%</u>	
15 Difference in Allocation Methods to FERC 391		<u>\$ (5,382)</u>	

**Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
AMI Meter Modules Included in CEP in Error**

**Attachment LA-1
Schedule No. 9
Page 1 of 1**

<u>Line No.</u>	<u>Project Description</u>	<u>Year (A)</u>	<u>FERC Account (B)</u>	<u>Project ID Number (C)</u>	<u>Work Order Completion Date (D)</u>	<u>Work Type (E)</u>	<u>Amount (F)</u>
1	AMI Module Install/Remove	2013	381	AMIMODCHG	March 2013	Replacement	\$ (890)
2	AMI Module Install/Remove	2014	381	AMIMODCHG	January 2014	Replacement	\$ (880)
3	AMI Module Install/Remove	2015	381	AMIMODCHG	April 2015	Replacement	\$ (31)
							<u>\$ (1,802)</u>

Notes and Source

Cols. A-F: The amounts above are from the responses to LARKIN-DR-01-35 and LARKIN-DR-01-72

Duke Energy Ohio - Gas
Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Attachment LA-2
Total Company Plant and Depreciation Reserve Balances

Number	Description	No. of Pages	Confidential	Exhibit Page No.
	Plant In-Service and Depreciation Reserve Schedules			
1	Plant In-Service By Accounts and Subaccounts	2	Yes	2-3
2	Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	2	Yes	4-5
	Adjustment Schedules			
3	Eastern Gas Operation Center - Employee Fitness Room	2	Yes	6-7
4	Enable Project Allocation Factor	2	No	8-9
5	Remove Earnings Based CEP Related Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation	2	No	10-11
6	Remove Earnings Based Non-CEP Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation	2	No	12-13
	Total Pages (Including Contents Page)	13		

Duke Energy Ohio - Total Company
Plant In-Service By Accounts and Subaccounts
As of December 31, 2018

Attachment LA-2
Schedule 1
Page 1 of 2

Line No.	FERC Account Number	Company Account Number	Account Title	Total Company Amount (A)	Recommended Adjustments (B)	Adjusted Total Company Amount (C)	Allocation Percentage (D)	Adjusted Total (E)
Manufactured Production Plant								
1	304	2040	Land and Land Rights	\$ 474,358	\$ 6	\$ 474,364	100%	\$ 474,364
2	304	2041	Rights of Way	\$ 4,147	\$ -	\$ 4,147	100%	\$ 4,147
3	305	2050	Structures & Improvements	\$ 5,275,043	\$ (3,860)	\$ 5,271,184	100%	\$ 5,271,184
4	311	2110	Liquefied Petroleum Gas Equipment	\$ 13,237,049	\$ (4,412)	\$ 13,232,637	100%	\$ 13,232,637
5	320	2200	Other Equipment	\$ 144,194	\$ (297)	\$ 143,896	100%	\$ 143,896
6			Total Manufactured Gas Production Plant	\$ 19,134,791	\$ (8,563)	\$ 19,126,228		\$ 19,126,228
Distribution Plant								
7	374	2740	Land and Land Rights	\$ 2,664,021	\$ (6,595)	\$ 2,657,425	100%	\$ 2,657,425
8	374	2741	Rights of Way	\$ 8,868,619	\$ 292	\$ 8,868,911	100%	\$ 8,868,911
9	374	2742	City Gate Check Station	\$ 3,663	\$ -	\$ 3,663	100%	\$ 3,663
10	375	2750	Structures & Improvements	\$ 18,732,489	\$ (250,773)	\$ 18,481,716	100%	\$ 18,481,716
11	376	2761, 2764	Mains - Cast Iron & Copper	\$ 4,804,331	\$ 6,577	\$ 4,810,908	100%	\$ 4,810,908
12	376	2762, 65, 67, 69	Mains - Steel	\$ 494,220,451	\$ (268,732)	\$ 493,951,719	100%	\$ 493,951,719
13	376	2763, 2768	Mains - Plastic	\$ 773,628,950	\$ (421,263)	\$ 773,207,687	100%	\$ 773,207,687
14	378	2780	System Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment	\$ 37,121,227	\$ (52,760)	\$ 37,068,467	100%	\$ 37,068,467
15	378	2781	System Meas. & Reg. Station Equip-Electronic	\$ 8,184,188	\$ (11,076)	\$ 8,173,112	100%	\$ 8,173,112
16	378	2782	District Regulating Equipment	\$ 6,305,762	\$ (4,010)	\$ 6,301,752	100%	\$ 6,301,752
17	379	2790	Meas. & Reg.- City Gate	\$ 3,632,273	\$ (8,779)	\$ 3,623,493	100%	\$ 3,623,493
18	380	2801	Services- Cast Iron & Copper	\$ 4,110,530	\$ 7,806	\$ 4,118,336	100%	\$ 4,118,336
19	380	2802, 2804, 2808	Services-Steel	\$ 24,802,473	\$ (17,271)	\$ 24,785,202	100%	\$ 24,785,202
20	380	2803, 05, 06, 07	Services-Plastic	\$ 553,191,382	\$ (415,547)	\$ 552,775,834	100%	\$ 552,775,834
21	381	2810, 2811	Meters	\$ 40,076,717	\$ 14,411	\$ 40,091,128	100%	\$ 40,091,128
22	381	2812	Utility of the Future Meters	\$ 25,879	\$ (52)	\$ 25,828	100%	\$ 25,828
23	382	2820, 2821	Meter Installations	\$ 27,122,879	\$ 5,110	\$ 27,127,989	100%	\$ 27,127,989
24	383	2830, 2831	House Regulators	\$ 22,744,670	\$ 2,702	\$ 22,747,371	100%	\$ 22,747,371
25	384	2840, 2841	House Regulator Installations	\$ 16,889,144	\$ (196)	\$ 16,888,948	100%	\$ 16,888,948
26	385	2850	Large Industrial Meas. & Reg. Equipment	\$ 2,820,996	\$ (48)	\$ 2,820,948	100%	\$ 2,820,948
27	385	2851	Large Industrial Meas. & Reg. Equipment - Comm	\$ 728,946	\$ -	\$ 728,946	100%	\$ 728,946
28	387	2870	Other Equipment - Other	\$ 299,591	\$ (231)	\$ 299,360	100%	\$ 299,360
29	387	2871	Street Lighting Equipment	\$ 1,132,638	\$ (1,078)	\$ 1,131,560	100%	\$ 1,131,560
30	388		Gas ARO	\$ 13,105,258	\$ (22,871)	\$ 13,082,387	100%	\$ 13,082,387
25			Total Distribution Plant	\$ 2,065,217,077	\$ (1,444,385)	\$ 2,063,772,691		\$ 2,063,772,690
General Plant								
26	000	2030	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	\$ 38,535,480	\$ (57,277)	\$ 38,478,203	100%	\$ 38,478,203
27	000	20301	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant-Enable	\$ 9,629,709	\$ (152,835)	\$ 9,476,874	100%	\$ 9,476,874
28	389	2890	Land	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	100%	\$ -
29	390	2900	Structures & Improvements	\$ 1,743,587	\$ 1,073	\$ 1,744,660	100%	\$ 1,744,660
30	391	2910	Office Furniture & Equipment	\$ 374,759	\$ (4,935)	\$ 369,824	100%	\$ 369,824
31	391	2911	Electronic Data Processing Equipment	\$ 2,841,734	\$ (3,551)	\$ 2,838,183	100%	\$ 2,838,183
32	392	2920	Transportation Equipment	\$ 2,697,193	\$ (6,964)	\$ 2,690,229	100%	\$ 2,690,229
33	392	2921	Trailers	\$ 475,441	\$ 440	\$ 475,881	100%	\$ 475,881
34	394	2940	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	\$ 12,426,179	\$ (11,238)	\$ 12,414,941	100%	\$ 12,414,941
35	395	2950	Laboratory Equipment	\$ 9,512	\$ 117	\$ 9,629	100%	\$ 9,629
36	396	2960	Power Operated Equipment	\$ 66,838	\$ 397	\$ 67,235	100%	\$ 67,235
37	397	2970	Communication Equipment	\$ 43,400,908	\$ (40,761)	\$ 43,360,147	100%	\$ 43,360,147
38	398	2980	Miscellaneous Equipment	\$ 41,970	\$ (109)	\$ 41,861	100%	\$ 41,861
39			Total General Plant	\$ 112,243,310	\$ (275,644)	\$ 111,967,666		\$ 111,967,667
40			Total Gas Plant	\$ 2,196,595,178	\$ (1,728,592)	\$ 2,194,866,585		\$ 2,194,866,585
Common Plant								
41		370	Common AMI Meters	\$ 78,660	\$ 5,259	\$ 83,919	100%	\$ 83,919
42		3010	Organization	\$ 60,936	\$ -	\$ 60,936	100%	\$ 60,936
43		1030	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	\$ 50,088,343	\$ 150,500	\$ 50,238,843	100%	\$ 50,238,843
44		1890	Land and Land Rights	\$ 2,241,719	\$ (313)	\$ 2,241,406	100%	\$ 2,241,406
45		1891	Rights of Way	\$ 37,969	\$ -	\$ 37,969	100%	\$ 37,969
46		1900	Structures & Improvements	\$ 203,544,186	\$ (175,584)	\$ 203,368,602	100%	\$ 203,368,602
47		1910	Office Furniture & Equipment	\$ 10,014,274	\$ (15,383)	\$ 9,998,891	100%	\$ 9,998,891
48		1911	Electronic Data Processing	\$ 130,625	\$ 1,801	\$ 132,426	100%	\$ 132,426
49		1920	Transportation Equipment	\$ 735,331	\$ (1,694)	\$ 733,637	100%	\$ 733,637
50		1921	Trailers	\$ (688,110)	\$ 3,029	\$ (685,081)	100%	\$ (685,081)
51		1930	Stores Equipment	\$ 469,805	\$ (639)	\$ 469,166	100%	\$ 469,166
52		1940	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	\$ 2,708,934	\$ (885)	\$ 2,708,049	100%	\$ 2,708,049
53		1950	Laboratory Equipment	\$ (0)	\$ 61	\$ 61	100%	\$ 61
54		1960	Power Operated Equipment	\$ 111,852	\$ 110	\$ 111,962	100%	\$ 111,962
55		1970	Communication Equipment	\$ 95,565,793	\$ (68,028)	\$ 95,497,766	100%	\$ 95,497,766
56		1980	Miscellaneous Equipment	\$ 1,046,650	\$ (1,577)	\$ 1,045,073	100%	\$ 1,045,073
57		1990, 1991	ARO Common General plant	\$ 151,797	\$ (136)	\$ 151,662	100%	\$ 151,662
58			Total Common Plant	\$ 366,298,764	\$ (103,479)	\$ 366,195,285		\$ 366,195,287
59		34 90%	Common Plant Allocated to Gas	\$ 127,838,269	\$ (36,114)	\$ 127,802,155	100%	\$ 127,802,155
60			Total Gas Plant Including Allocated Common	\$ 2,324,433,447	\$ (1,764,706)	\$ 2,322,668,740		\$ 2,322,668,740

Notes and Source:

Col. A: Amounts from Exhibit I, Schedule B-2.1 from the Company's filing
Col. B: Page 2 of this schedule

Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Plant In-Service Summary of Adjustments

Attachment LA-2
Schedule 1
Page 2 of 2

Line No.	FERC Account Number	Company Account Number	Account Title	Eastern Gas Operations Center - Employee Fitness Room (1)	Enable Project Allocation (2)	Remove Earnings Based Portion of Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation For CEP (3)	Remove Earnings Based Portion of Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation Non-CEP (4)	Recommended Adjustments (5)
Manufactured Production Plant								
1	304	2040	Land and Land Rights			\$	6	\$ 6
2	304	2041	Rights of Way			\$	-	\$ -
3	305	2050	Structures & Improvements			\$	(3,860)	\$ (3,860)
4	311	2110	Liquefied Petroleum Gas Equipment			\$	(4,412)	\$ (4,412)
5	320	2200	Other Equipment			\$	(297)	\$ (297)
6			Total Manufactured Gas Production Plant	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (8,563)	\$ (8,563)
Distribution Plant								
7	374	2740	Land and Land Rights			\$ (4,317)	\$ (2,278)	\$ (6,595)
8	374	2741	Rights of Way			\$ 7	\$ 285	\$ 292
9	374	2742	City Gate Check Station			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
10	375	2750	Structures & Improvements			\$ (45,556)	\$ 741	\$ (44,815)
11	376	2761, 2764	Mains - Cast Iron & Copper			\$ 180	\$ 6,397	\$ 6,577
12	376	2762, 65, 67, 69	Mains - Steel			\$ (138,724)	\$ (130,008)	\$ (268,732)
13	376	2763, 2768	Mains - Plastic			\$ (172,427)	\$ (248,836)	\$ (421,263)
14	378	2780	System Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment			\$ (63,404)	\$ 10,644	\$ (52,760)
15	378	2781	System Meas. & Reg. Station Equip-Electronic			\$ (6,073)	\$ (5,002)	\$ (11,076)
16	378	2782	District Regulating Equipment			\$ (4,655)	\$ 644	\$ (4,010)
17	379	2790	Meas. & Reg.- City Gate			\$ (2,900)	\$ (5,879)	\$ (8,779)
18	380	2801	Services- Cast Iron & Copper			\$ 4,705	\$ 3,102	\$ 7,806
19	380	2802, 2804, 2808	Services-Steel			\$ (8,101)	\$ (9,170)	\$ (17,271)
20	380	2803, 05, 06, 07	Services-Plastic			\$ (271,917)	\$ (143,630)	\$ (415,547)
21	381	2810,2811	Meters			\$ 17,626	\$ (3,215)	\$ 14,411
22	381	2812	Utility of the Future Meters			\$ -	\$ (52)	\$ (52)
23	382	2820,2821	Meter Installations			\$ 2,309	\$ 2,800	\$ 5,110
24	383	2830,2831	House Regulators			\$ 2,702	\$ -	\$ 2,702
25	384	2840,2841	House Regulator Installations			\$ (196)	\$ (0)	\$ (196)
26	385	2850	Large Industrial Meas. & Reg. Equipment			\$ (39)	\$ (9)	\$ (48)
27	385	2851	Large Industrial Meas. & Reg. Equipment - Comm			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
28	387	2870	Other Equipment - Other			\$ -	\$ (231)	\$ (231)
29	387	2871	Street Lighting Equipment			\$ 314	\$ (1,392)	\$ (1,078)
30	388		Gas ARO			\$ (22,871)	\$ (22,871)	\$ (22,871)
25			Total Distribution Plant	\$ -	\$ (690,468)	\$ (547,960)	\$ (547,960)	\$ (547,960)
General Plant								
26	000	2030	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant			\$ (25,565)	\$ (31,711)	\$ (57,277)
27	000	20301	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant-Enable			\$ (127,741)	\$ (25,093)	\$ (152,835)
28	389	2890	Land			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
29	390	2900	Structures & Improvements			\$ 753	\$ 321	\$ 1,073
30	391	2910	Office Furniture & Equipment			\$ (5,382)	\$ 447	\$ (4,935)
31	391	2911	Electronic Data Processing Equipment			\$ (1,157)	\$ (2,394)	\$ (3,551)
32	392	2920	Transportation Equipment			\$ -	\$ (6,964)	\$ (6,964)
33	392	2921	Trailers			\$ -	\$ 440	\$ 440
34	394	2940	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment			\$ (10,930)	\$ (309)	\$ (11,238)
35	395	2950	Laboratory Equipment			\$ 142	\$ (25)	\$ 117
36	396	2960	Power Operated Equipment			\$ (2,620)	\$ 3,016	\$ 397
37	397	2970	Communication Equipment			\$ (20,235)	\$ (20,526)	\$ (40,761)
38	398	2980	Miscellaneous Equipment			\$ -	\$ (109)	\$ (109)
39			Total General Plant	\$ -	\$ (133,123)	\$ (84,706)	\$ (57,815)	\$ (275,644)
40			Total Gas Plant	\$ (133,123)	\$ (775,173)	\$ (614,338)	\$ (614,338)	\$ (614,338)
Common Plant								
41	0		Common AMI Meters			\$ -	\$ 5,259	\$ 5,259
42	0		Organization			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
43	1030		Miscellaneous Intangible Plant			\$ -	\$ 150,500	\$ 150,500
44	1890		Land and Land Rights			\$ (313)	\$ (313)	\$ (313)
45	1891		Rights of Way			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
46	1900		Structures & Improvements			\$ (175,584)	\$ (175,584)	\$ (175,584)
47	1910		Office Furniture & Equipment			\$ (15,383)	\$ (15,383)	\$ (15,383)
48	1911		Electronic Data Processing			\$ 1,801	\$ 1,801	\$ 1,801
49	1920		Transportation Equipment			\$ (1,694)	\$ (1,694)	\$ (1,694)
50	1921		Trailers			\$ 3,029	\$ 3,029	\$ 3,029
51	1930		Stores Equipment			\$ (639)	\$ (639)	\$ (639)
52	1940		Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment			\$ (885)	\$ (885)	\$ (885)
53	1950		Laboratory Equipment			\$ 61	\$ 61	\$ 61
54	1960		Power Operated Equipment			\$ 110	\$ 110	\$ 110
55	1970		Communication Equipment			\$ (68,028)	\$ (68,028)	\$ (68,028)
56	1980		Miscellaneous Equipment			\$ (1,577)	\$ (1,577)	\$ (1,577)
57	1990, 1991		ARO Common General plant			\$ (136)	\$ (136)	\$ (136)
58			Total Common Plant	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (103,479)	\$ (103,479)
59	34	90%	Common Plant Allocated to Gas					\$ (36,114)
60			Total Gas Plant Including Allocated Common					\$ (1,764,706)

Notes and Source:

Col. 1: Schedule 3
Col. 2: Schedule 4
Col. 3: Schedule 5
Col. 4: Schedule 6

Duke Energy Ohio - Total Company
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization
As of December 31, 2018

Attachment LA-2
Schedule 2
Page 1 of 2

Line No.	FERC Account Number	Company Account Number	Account Title	Total Company Plant Investment (A)	Total Company Accumulated Depreciation (B)	Recommended Adjustments (C)	Adjusted Total Company Accumulated Depreciation (D)	Allocation (E)	Adjusted Total Company Accumulated Depreciation (F)
Manufactured Production Plant									
1	304	2040	Land and Land Rights	\$ 474,364	\$ (1,991)		\$ (1,991)	100%	\$ (1,991)
2	304	2041	Rights of Way	\$ 4,147	\$ 4,148		\$ 4,148	100%	\$ 4,148
3	305	2050	Structures & Improvements	\$ 5,271,184	\$ 3,765,529		\$ 3,765,529	100%	\$ 3,765,529
4	311	2110	Liquefied Petroleum Gas Equipment	\$ 13,232,637	\$ 5,789,409		\$ 5,789,409	100%	\$ 5,789,409
5	320	2200	Other Equipment	\$ 143,896	\$ 34,582		\$ 34,582	100%	\$ 34,582
6		108	Retirement Work in Progress	\$ -	\$ (17,369)		\$ (17,369)	100%	\$ (17,369)
7			Total Manufactured Gas Production Plant	\$ 19,126,228	\$ 9,574,308	\$ -	\$ 9,574,308		\$ 9,574,308
Distribution Plant									
8	374	2740	Land and Land Rights	\$ 2,657,425	\$ 3,385		\$ 3,385	100%	\$ 3,385
9	374	2741	Rights of Way	\$ 8,868,911	\$ 1,898,232		\$ 1,898,232	100%	\$ 1,898,232
10	374	2742	City Gate Check Station	\$ 3,663	\$ 287		\$ 287	100%	\$ 287
11	375	2750	Structures & Improvements	\$ 18,481,716	\$ 1,283,444		\$ 1,276,270	100%	\$ 1,276,270
12	376	2761, 2764	Mains - Cast Iron & Copper	\$ 4,810,908	\$ 1,579,343		\$ 1,579,343	100%	\$ 1,579,343
13	376	2762, 65, 67, 69	Mains - Steel	\$ 493,951,719	\$ 196,688,157		\$ 196,688,157	100%	\$ 196,688,157
14	376	2763, 2766, 2768	Mains - Plastic	\$ 773,207,687	\$ 179,492,754		\$ 179,492,754	100%	\$ 179,492,754
15	378	2780	System Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment	\$ 37,068,467	\$ 3,373,516		\$ 3,373,516	100%	\$ 3,373,516
16	378	2781	System Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment-Elec	\$ 8,173,112	\$ 5,265,458		\$ 5,265,458	100%	\$ 5,265,458
17	378	2782	District Regulating Equipment	\$ 6,301,752	\$ 2,582,431		\$ 2,582,431	100%	\$ 2,582,431
18	379	2790	Meas. & Reg. - City Gate Station	\$ 3,623,493	\$ 1,113,446		\$ 1,113,446	100%	\$ 1,113,446
19	380	2801	Services-Cast Iron & Copper	\$ 4,118,336	\$ 5,782,538		\$ 5,782,538	100%	\$ 5,782,538
20	380	2802,2804, 2804	Services-Steel	\$ 24,785,202	\$ 10,711,851		\$ 10,711,851	100%	\$ 10,711,851
21	380	2803,05, 06, 07	Services-Plastic	\$ 552,775,834	\$ 180,950,208		\$ 180,950,208	100%	\$ 180,950,208
22	381	2810,2811	Meters	\$ 40,091,128	\$ (3,755,689)		\$ (3,755,689)	100%	\$ (3,755,689)
23	381	2812	Utility of the Future Meters	\$ 25,828	\$ 3,839		\$ 3,839	100%	\$ 3,839
24	382	2820,2821	Meter Installations	\$ 27,127,989	\$ 11,358,326		\$ 11,358,326	100%	\$ 11,358,326
25	383	2830,2831	House Regulators	\$ 22,747,371	\$ 4,138,524		\$ 4,138,524	100%	\$ 4,138,524
26	384	2840,2841	House Regulator Installations	\$ 16,888,948	\$ 6,112,209		\$ 6,112,209	100%	\$ 6,112,209
27	385	2850	Large Industrial Meas. & Reg. Equipment	\$ 2,820,948	\$ 1,994,371		\$ 1,994,371	100%	\$ 1,994,371
28	385	2851	Large Industrial Meas. & Reg. Equipment - Comm	\$ 728,946	\$ 612,114		\$ 612,114	100%	\$ 612,114
29	387	2870	Other Equipment - Other	\$ 299,360	\$ 236,814		\$ 236,814	100%	\$ 236,814
30	387	2871	Street Lighting Equipment	\$ 1,131,560	\$ 496,304		\$ 496,304	100%	\$ 496,304
31		108	Retirement Work in Progress	\$ -	\$ (29,282,945)		\$ (29,282,945)	100%	\$ (29,282,945)
32	388		Gas ARO	\$ 13,082,387	\$ 3,652,293		\$ 3,652,293	100%	\$ 3,652,293
33			Total Distribution Plant	\$ 2,063,772,690	\$ 586,291,210		\$ 586,284,036		\$ 586,284,036
General Plant									
34	000	2030	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	\$ 38,478,203	\$ 23,420,208		\$ 23,420,208	100%	\$ 23,420,208
35	000	20301	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant-Enable	\$ 9,476,874	\$ 1,270,673	\$ (17,032)	\$ 1,253,641	100%	\$ 1,253,641
36	389	2890	Land	\$ -	\$ -		\$ -	100%	\$ -
37	390	2900	Structures & Improvements	\$ 1,744,660	\$ 810,567		\$ 810,567	100%	\$ 810,567
38	391	2910	Office Furniture & Equipment	\$ 369,824	\$ 174,047		\$ 174,047	100%	\$ 174,047
39	391	2911	Electronic Data Processing Equipment	\$ 2,838,183	\$ 1,001,148	\$ (1,435)	\$ 999,713	100%	\$ 999,713
40	392	2920	Transportation Equipment	\$ 2,690,229	\$ 495,561		\$ 495,561	100%	\$ 495,561
41	392	2921	Trailers	\$ 475,881	\$ 428,396		\$ 428,396	100%	\$ 428,396
42	394	2940	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	\$ 12,414,941	\$ 5,094,730		\$ 5,094,730	100%	\$ 5,094,730
43	395	2950	Laboratory Equipment	\$ 9,629	\$ (47,103)		\$ (47,103)	100%	\$ (47,103)
44	396	2960	Power Operated Equipment	\$ 67,235	\$ 1,733		\$ 1,733	100%	\$ 1,733
45	397	2970	Communication Equipment	\$ 43,360,147	\$ 17,029,853		\$ 17,029,853	100%	\$ 17,029,853
46	398	2980	Miscellaneous Equipment	\$ 41,861	\$ 11,664		\$ 11,664	100%	\$ 11,664
47		108	Retirement Work in Progress	\$ -	\$ (115,172)		\$ (115,172)	100%	\$ (115,172)
48			Total General Plant	\$ 111,967,667	\$ 49,576,304	\$ (18,467)	\$ 49,557,837		\$ 49,557,838
49			Total Gas Plant	\$ 2,194,866,585	\$ 645,441,823	\$ (25,642)	\$ 645,416,181		\$ 645,416,181
Common Plant									
50		1900	Structures & Improvements	\$ 83,919			\$ -	100%	\$ -
51		1910	Office Furniture & Equipment	\$ 60,936			\$ -	100%	\$ -
52		1030	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	\$ 50,238,843	\$ 49,852,772		\$ 49,852,772	100%	\$ 49,852,772
53		1890	Land and Land Rights	\$ 2,241,406	\$ 106,000		\$ 106,000	100%	\$ 106,000
54		1891	Rights of Way	\$ 37,969	\$ -		\$ -	100%	\$ -
55		1900	Structures & Improvements	\$ 203,368,602	\$ 46,804,957		\$ 46,804,957	100%	\$ 46,804,957
56		1910	Office Furniture & Equipment	\$ 9,998,891	\$ 3,190,377		\$ 3,190,377	100%	\$ 3,190,377
57		1911	Electronic Data Processing	\$ 132,426	\$ (72,053)		\$ (72,053)	100%	\$ (72,053)
58		1920	Transportation Equipment	\$ 733,637	\$ 115,516		\$ 115,516	100%	\$ 115,516
59		1921	Trailers	\$ (685,081)	\$ 1,477		\$ 1,477	100%	\$ 1,477
60		1930	Stores Equipment	\$ 469,166	\$ 179,081		\$ 179,081	100%	\$ 179,081
61		1940	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	\$ 2,708,049	\$ 877,498		\$ 877,498	100%	\$ 877,498
62		1950	Laboratory Equipment	\$ 61	\$ (0)		\$ (0)	100%	\$ -
63		1960	Power Operated Equipment	\$ 111,962	\$ 62,658		\$ 62,658	100%	\$ 62,658
64		1970	Communication Equipment	\$ 95,497,766	\$ 38,879,405		\$ 38,879,405	100%	\$ 38,879,405
65		1980	Miscellaneous Equipment	\$ 1,045,073	\$ 256,427		\$ 256,427	100%	\$ 256,427
66		1990, 1991	Retirement Work in Progress - ARO	\$ 151,662	\$ 381,831		\$ 381,831	100%	\$ 381,831
67		108	Retirement Work in Progress	\$ -	\$ (955,274)		\$ (955,274)	100%	\$ (955,274)
68			Total Common Plant	\$ 366,050,432	\$ 139,680,672	\$ -	\$ 139,680,672		\$ 139,680,672
Common Plant Allocated to Gas									
69		34.90%	Original Cost	\$ 127,838,269			\$ 48,748,555	100%	\$ 48,748,555
70		34.90%	Reserve		\$ 48,748,555		\$ 48,748,555	100%	\$ 48,748,555
71			Total Gas Plant Including Allocated Common	\$ 2,322,704,854	\$ 694,190,378	\$ (25,642)	\$ 694,164,736		\$ 694,164,736

Notes and Source:

Cols. A-B: Amounts from Exhibit I, Schedule B-3 from the Company's filing

Col. C: Page 2 of this schedule

Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Summary of Adjustments

Attachment LA-2
Schedule 2
Page 2 of 2

Line No.	FERC Account Number	Company Account Number	Account Title	Eastern Gas Operations Center - Employee Fitness Room (1)	Enable Project Allocation (2)	Remove Earnings Based Portion of Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation For CEP (3)	Remove Earnings Based Portion of Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation Non-CEP (4)	Recommended Adjustments (5)
Manufactured Production Plant								
1	304	2040	Land and Land Rights					\$ -
2	304	2041	Rights of Way					\$ -
3	305	2050	Structures & Improvements					\$ -
4	311	2110	Liquefied Petroleum Gas Equipment					\$ -
5	320	2200	Other Equipment					\$ -
6			Total Manufactured Gas Production Plant	\$ -		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Distribution Plant								
7	374	2740	Land and Land Rights					\$ -
8	374	2741	Rights of Way					\$ -
9	374	2742	City Gate Check Station					\$ -
10	375	2750	Structures & Improvements					\$ -
11	376	2761, 2764	Mains - Cast Iron & Copper					\$ -
12	376	2762, 65, 67, 69	Mains - Steel					\$ -
13	376	2763, 2768	Mains - Plastic					\$ -
14	378	2780	System Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment					\$ -
15	378	2781	System Meas. & Reg. Station Equip-Electronic					\$ -
16	378	2782	District Regulating Equipment					\$ -
17	379	2790	Meas. & Reg. - City Gate					\$ -
18	380	2801	Services- Cast Iron & Copper					\$ -
19	380	2802, 2804, 2808	Services-Steel					\$ -
20	380	2803, 05, 06, 07	Services-Plastic					\$ -
21	381	2810,2811	Meters					\$ -
22	381	2812	Utility of the Future Meters					\$ -
23	382	2820,2821	Meter Installations					\$ -
24	383	2830,2831	House Regulators					\$ -
25	384	2840,2841	House Regulator Installations					\$ -
26	385	2850	Large Industrial Meas. & Reg. Equipment					\$ -
27	385	2851	Large Industrial Meas. & Reg. Equipment - Comm					\$ -
28	387	2870	Other Equipment - Other					\$ -
29	387	2871	Street Lighting Equipment					\$ -
30	388		Gas ARO					\$ -
25			Total Distribution Plant			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
General Plant								
26	000	2030	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant					\$ -
27	000	20301	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant-Enable		(\$17,032)			\$ (17,032)
28	389	2890	Land					\$ -
29	390	2900	Structures & Improvements					\$ -
30	391	2910	Office Furniture & Equipment		(\$1,435)			\$ (1,435)
31	391	2911	Electronic Data Processing Equipment					\$ -
32	392	2920	Transportation Equipment					\$ -
33	392	2921	Trailers					\$ -
34	394	2940	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment					\$ -
35	395	2950	Laboratory Equipment					\$ -
36	396	2960	Power Operated Equipment					\$ -
37	397	2970	Communication Equipment					\$ -
38	398	2980	Miscellaneous Equipment					\$ -
39			Total General Plant	\$ -	\$ (18,467)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (18,467)
40			Total Gas Plant		\$ (18,467)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Common Plant								
41		0	Common AMI Meters					\$ -
42		0	Organization					\$ -
43		1030	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant					\$ -
44		1890	Land and Land Rights					\$ -
45		1891	Rights of Way					\$ -
46		1900	Structures & Improvements					\$ -
47		1910	Office Furniture & Equipment					\$ -
48		1911	Electronic Data Processing					\$ -
49		1920	Transportation Equipment					\$ -
50		1921	Trailers					\$ -
51		1930	Stores Equipment					\$ -
52		1940	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment					\$ -
53		1950	Laboratory Equipment					\$ -
54		1960	Power Operated Equipment					\$ -
55		1970	Communication Equipment					\$ -
56		1980	Miscellaneous Equipment					\$ -
57		1990, 1991	ARO Common General plant					\$ -
58			Total Common Plant	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
59		34 90%	Common Plant Allocated to Gas					\$ -
60			Total Gas Plant Including Allocated Common					\$ (25,642)

Notes and Source:

Col. 1: Schedule 3

Col. 2: Schedule 4

**Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Eastern Gas Operation Center - Employee Fitness Room**

**Attachment LA-2
Schedule No. 3
Page 1 of 2**

Line No.	Description	Amount (A)
1	Remove Employee Fitness Room Construction Costs	
2	Remove Employee Fitness Room Equipment	
3	Total Adjustment to Remove Employee Fitness Room Costs	
4	Adjustment to Deferred Depreciation Expense	
5	Adjustment to Annualized Depreciation Expense	
6	Adjustment to Post In-Service Carrying Costs	

Notes and Source:

Col. A: See Attachment LA-1, Schedule 5, page 1

Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Eastern Gas Operation Center - Employee Fitness Room

Attachment LA-2
Schedule No. 3
Page 2 of 2

Line No.	Description	Cumulative Total	Rate	Apr 2017	May 2017	Jun 2017	Jul 2017	Aug 2017	Sep 2017	Oct 2017	Nov 2017	Dec 2017	Jan 2018	Feb 2018	Mar 2018	Apr 2018	May 2018	Jun 2018	Jul 2018	Aug 2018	Sep 2018	Oct 2018	Nov 2018	Dec 2018
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)	(G)	(H)	(I)	(J)	(K)	(L)	(M)	(N)	(O)	(P)	(Q)	(R)	(S)	(T)	(U)	(V)	(W)
1	Fitness Center Cost																							
2	Calculated Depreciation																							
3	Calculated PISCC																							

Notes and Source

Col. A: See Attachment LA-1, Schedule 5, page 2

**Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Enable Project Allocation Factor**

**Attachment LA-2
Schedule No. 4
Page 1 of 2**

Line No.	Description	2015 (A)	2016 (B)	2017 (C)	2018 (D)	Total (E)	Reference
1	Total Charged to DE Ohio Gas Delivery	\$ 1,671,205	\$ 4,146,114	\$ 6,747,735	\$ 251,073	\$ 12,816,127	
2	Divided by 5.43% (2014 CAM Allocation % Used)	5.43%	5.43%	5.43%	5.43%		
3	Total Charged Across All Business Units	\$ 30,777,252	\$ 76,355,683	\$ 124,267,684	\$ 4,623,818	\$ 236,024,436	L1 / L2
4	Multiplied by % from Each Year's CAM - Note A	5.43%	5.41%	5.34%	5.30%		
5	Total Charged to DE Ohio Gas Delivery If % Updated Each Year	\$ 1,671,205	\$ 4,130,842	\$ 6,635,894	\$ 245,062	\$ 12,683,004	L3 x L4
6	Total Charged to DE Ohio Gas Delivery If % Updated Each Year	\$ 1,671,205	\$ 4,130,842	\$ 6,635,894	\$ 245,062	\$ 12,683,004	Line 5
7	Total Charged to DE Ohio Gas Delivery	\$ 1,671,205	\$ 4,146,114	\$ 6,747,735	\$ 251,073	\$ 12,816,127	Line 1
8	Difference in Allocation Methods	\$ -	\$ (15,271)	\$ (111,841)	\$ (6,011)	\$ (133,123)	L6 - L7
9	Adjustment to Deferred Depreciation Expense					\$ (18,467)	Page 2
10	Adjustment to Annualized Depreciation Expense					\$ (13,852)	Depr Worksheet, p2
11	Adjustment to Post In-Service Carrying Costs					\$ (9,443)	Page 2

Notes and Source

Cols. A-E: See Attachment LA-1, Schedule 8, page 1

Note A: According to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-157, due to the complexity of Enable charging and the timing of the CAM spreadsheet, updating the percentage each year requires using the prior year's CAM

Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Enable Project Allocation Factor

Attachment LA-2
Schedule No. 4
Page 2 of 2

Line No.	Description	Cumulative Total	Rate	Aug 2017	Sep 2017	Oct 2017	Nov 2017	Dec 2017	Jan 2018	Feb 2018	Mar 2018	Apr 2018	May 2018	Jun 2018	Jul 2018	Aug 2018	Sep 2018	Oct 2018	Nov 2018	Dec 2018
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)	(G)	(H)	(I)	(J)	(K)	(L)	(M)	(N)	(O)	(P)	(Q)	(R)	(S)
1	Enable Project Software	(127,741)		\$ (127,741)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)	(1,065)
2	Calculated Depreciation - FERC 303	(17,032)	10.00%																	
3	Enable Project Hardware	(5,382)		\$ (5,382)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)	(90)
4	Calculated Depreciation - FERC 391	(1,435)	20.00%																	
5	Total Calculated Depreciation	<u>(18,467)</u>																		
6	Calculated PISCC	<u>(9,443)</u>	5.32%	\$ (133,123)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)	(590)

Notes and Source

Cols. A-S: See Attachment LA-1, Schedule 8, page 2

Description	FERC Account	Enable Project Costs	Percentage
7 Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	303	\$ 12,297,982	95.96%
8 Electronic Data Processing	391	\$ 518,136	4.04%
9 Total Enable Project Costs in CEP		<u>\$ 12,816,118</u>	<u>100.00%</u>
10 Difference in Allocation Methods		\$ (133,123)	
11 Percentage of Enable Project to FERC 303		<u>\$ 95.96%</u>	
12 Difference in Allocation Methods to FERC 303		<u>\$ (127,741)</u>	
13 Difference in Allocation Methods		\$ (133,123)	
14 Percentage of Enable Project to FERC 391		<u>\$ 4.04%</u>	
15 Difference in Allocation Methods to FERC 391		<u>\$ (5,382)</u>	

Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Remove Earnings Based CEP Related Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation

Attachment LA-2
Schedule No. 5
Page 1 of 2

Line No.	FERC Account Number	Company Account Number	Account Title	Cumulative Net CEP Plant Per Company (A)	Ratio (B)	Estimated Allocation of Earnings Based CEP Related Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation (C)
Distribution Plant						
1	374	2740	Land and Land Rights	\$ 1,656,720	0.56%	\$ (4,317)
2	374	2741	Rights of Way	\$ (2,668)	0.00%	\$ 7
3	374	2742	City Gate Check Station	\$ -	0.00%	\$ -
4	375	2750	Structures & Improvements	\$ 17,482,414	5.88%	\$ (45,556)
5	376	2761, 2764	Mains - Cast Iron & Copper	\$ (69,225)	-0.02%	\$ 180
6	376	2762, 65, 67, 69	Mains - Steel	\$ 53,235,690	17.90%	\$ (138,724)
7	376	2763, 2766, 2768	Mains - Plastic	\$ 66,169,448	22.24%	\$ (172,427)
8	378	2780	System Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment	\$ 24,331,612	8.18%	\$ (63,404)
9	378	2781	System Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment-Elec	\$ 2,330,725	0.78%	\$ (6,073)
10	378	2782	District Regulating Equipment	\$ 1,786,290	0.60%	\$ (4,655)
11	379	2790	Meas. & Reg. - City Gate	\$ 1,113,061	0.37%	\$ (2,900)
12	380	2801	Services- Cast Iron & Copper	\$ (1,805,405)	-0.61%	\$ 4,705
13	380	2802, 2804, 2808	Services-Steel	\$ 3,108,808	1.05%	\$ (8,101)
14	380	2803, 05, 06, 07	Services-Plastic	\$ 104,349,125	35.08%	\$ (271,917)
15	381	2810, 2811	Meters	\$ (6,764,136)	-2.27%	\$ 17,626
16	381	2812	Utility of the Future Meters	\$ -	0.00%	\$ -
17	382	2820, 2821	Meter Installations	\$ (886,267)	-0.30%	\$ 2,309
18	383	2830	House Regulators	\$ (1,036,739)	-0.35%	\$ 2,702
19	384	2840	House Regulator Installations	\$ 75,069	0.03%	\$ (196)
20	385	2850	Large Industrial Meas. & Reg. Equipment	\$ 15,089	0.01%	\$ (39)
21	385	2851	Large Industrial Meas. & Reg. Equipment - Comm	\$ -	0.00%	\$ -
22	387	2870	Other Equipment - Other	\$ -	0.00%	\$ -
23	387	2871	Street Lighting Equipment	\$ (120,401)	-0.04%	\$ 314
24	390	2900	Structures & Improvements	\$ (288,800)	-0.10%	\$ 753
25	394	2940	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	\$ 4,194,274	1.41%	\$ (10,930)
26	395	2950	Laboratory Equipment	\$ (54,460)	-0.02%	\$ 142
27	396	2960	Power Operated Equipment	\$ 1,005,255	0.34%	\$ (2,620)
28	397	2970	Communication Equipment	\$ 7,765,141	2.61%	\$ (20,235)
29			Total CEP Distribution Plant	\$ 277,590,619		\$ (723,357)
General Plant						
30	391	2911	Electronic Data Processing	\$ 444,124	0.15%	\$ (1,157)
31		2030	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	\$ 9,810,837	3.30%	\$ (25,565)
32		20310	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant - Enable	\$ 9,629,709	3.24%	\$ (25,093)
33			Total CEP General Plant	\$ 19,884,671		\$ (51,816)
34			CEP Plant In-Service	\$ 297,475,290	100.00%	\$ (775,173)

Notes and Source:
Col. A: Amounts reflect the net of Exhibit J, Workpapers WP4.1 - Assets by FERC and WP4.2 - Retirements by FERC

33 Earnings Based Adjustment to Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation \$ (775,173)

**Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Remove Earnings Based CEP Related Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation**

Attachment LA-2
Schedule 5
Page 2 of 2

Line No.	Description	Period	2013 (A)	2014 (B)	2015 (C)	2016 (D)	2017 (E)	2018 (F)
1	Gross Plant Incentives	Q1	\$ (38,054)	\$ (32,371)	\$ (22,749)	\$ (18,575)	\$ (16,036)	\$ (17,151)
2		Q2	\$ (46,675)	\$ (30,797)	\$ (29,984)	\$ (35,701)	\$ (35,130)	\$ (11,289)
3		Q3	\$ (38,800)	\$ (41,067)	\$ (35,771)	\$ (19,004)	\$ (58,095)	\$ (31,292)
4		Q4	\$ (66,353)	\$ (49,963)	\$ (34,222)	\$ (34,147)	\$ (30,101)	\$ (24,691)
5	Cumulative Gross Plant Incentives		<u>\$ (189,882)</u>	<u>\$ (344,080)</u>	<u>\$ (466,806)</u>	<u>\$ (574,233)</u>	<u>\$ (713,594)</u>	<u>\$ (798,017)</u>
6	Depreciation Expense	Q1	\$ (121)	\$ (344)	\$ (519)	\$ (651)	\$ (761)	\$ (866)
7		Q2	\$ (148)	\$ (394)	\$ (587)	\$ (796)	\$ (1,021)	\$ (1,168)
8		Q3	\$ (123)	\$ (377)	\$ (621)	\$ (795)	\$ (1,039)	\$ (1,323)
9		Q4	\$ (211)	\$ (580)	\$ (847)	\$ (1,064)	\$ (1,268)	\$ (1,442)
10	Accumulated Depreciation	Q1	\$ 121	\$ 947	\$ 2,818	\$ 5,523	\$ 8,939	\$ 13,133
11		Q2	\$ 269	\$ 1,341	\$ 3,405	\$ 6,319	\$ 9,959	\$ 14,301
12		Q3	\$ 392	\$ 1,718	\$ 4,026	\$ 7,114	\$ 10,999	\$ 15,624
13		Q4	\$ 603	\$ 2,298	\$ 4,873	\$ 8,178	\$ 12,267	\$ 17,066
14	Accumulated Deferred Income Tax	Q1	\$ 50	\$ 383	\$ 1,106	\$ 2,088	\$ 3,245	\$ 4,581
15		Q2	\$ 110	\$ 538	\$ 1,322	\$ 2,365	\$ 3,580	\$ 4,935
16		Q3	\$ 161	\$ 686	\$ 1,554	\$ 2,640	\$ 3,924	\$ 5,353
17		Q4	\$ 247	\$ 914	\$ 1,865	\$ 3,004	\$ 4,327	\$ 5,777
18	Total Adjustment to Net Rate Base	Q1	\$ (189,711)	\$ (342,750)	\$ (462,882)	\$ (566,621)	\$ (701,410)	\$ (780,303)
19		Q2	\$ (189,502)	\$ (342,201)	\$ (462,079)	\$ (565,549)	\$ (700,054)	\$ (778,781)
20		Q3	\$ (189,329)	\$ (341,676)	\$ (461,227)	\$ (564,479)	\$ (698,672)	\$ (777,040)
21		Q4	\$ (189,032)	\$ (340,868)	\$ (460,068)	\$ (563,050)	\$ (697,000)	\$ (775,173)

Notes and Source

Cols. A-F: See Attachment LA-1, Schedule 3

[A]: See allocation to plant accounts on page 2

Duke Energy Ohio
Capital Expenditure Program
Remove Earnings Based Non-CEP Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation

Attachment LA-2
Schedule 6
Page 2 of 2

Line No.	FERC Account Number	Company Account Number	Account Title	Total Company Plant Balances 12/31/2012 (A)	Total Company Plant Balances 12/31/2018 (B)	Difference (C)	Ratio of Difference (D)	Estimated Allocation of Earnings Based CEP Related Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation (E)	Less Estimated Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation in CEP Plant (F)	Estimated Earnings Based Incentive and Stock-Based Compensation in Non-CEP Accounts (G)
Distribution Plant										
1	374	2740	Land	\$ 133,008	\$ 2,664,021	\$ 2,531,013	0.46%	\$ (6,595)	\$ (4,317)	\$ (2,278)
2	374	2741	Rights of Way	\$ 8,980,609	\$ 8,868,619	\$ (111,990)	-0.02%	\$ 292	\$ 7	\$ 285
3	374	2742	City Gate Check Station	\$ 3,663	\$ 3,663	\$ -	0.00%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
4	375	2750	Structures & Improvements	\$ 1,534,498	\$ 18,732,489	\$ 17,197,991	3.14%	\$ (44,815)	\$ (45,556)	\$ 741
5	376	2761, 2764	Mains - Cast Iron & Copper	\$ 7,328,447	\$ 4,804,331	\$ (2,524,116)	-0.46%	\$ 6,577	\$ 180	\$ 6,397
6	376	2762, 65, 67, 69	Mains - Steel	\$ 391,093,612	\$ 494,220,451	\$ 103,126,839	18.85%	\$ (288,732)	\$ (138,724)	\$ (130,008)
7	376	2763, 2768	Mains - Plastic	\$ 611,967,740	\$ 773,628,950	\$ 161,661,210	29.55%	\$ (421,263)	\$ (172,427)	\$ (248,836)
8	378	2780	System Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment - General	\$ 16,874,426	\$ 37,121,227	\$ 20,246,801	3.70%	\$ (52,760)	\$ (63,404)	\$ 10,644
9	378	2781	System Meas. & Reg. Station Equipment - Electronic	\$ 3,933,889	\$ 8,184,188	\$ 4,250,298	0.78%	\$ (11,076)	\$ (6,073)	\$ (5,002)
10	378	2782	District Regulating Equipment	\$ 4,766,775	\$ 6,305,762	\$ 1,538,987	0.28%	\$ (4,010)	\$ (4,655)	\$ (644)
11	379	2790	Meas. & Reg - City Gate	\$ 263,232	\$ 3,632,273	\$ 3,369,041	0.62%	\$ (8,779)	\$ (2,900)	\$ (5,879)
12	380	2801	Services- Cast Iron & Copper	\$ 7,106,296	\$ 4,110,530	\$ (2,995,766)	-0.55%	\$ 7,806	\$ (8,101)	\$ 3,102
13	380	2802, 2804, 2808	Services-Steel	\$ 18,174,607	\$ 24,802,473	\$ 6,627,867	1.21%	\$ (17,271)	\$ (8,101)	\$ (9,170)
14	380	2803, 05, 06, 07	Services-Plastic	\$ 393,723,747	\$ 553,191,382	\$ 159,467,634	29.15%	\$ (415,547)	\$ (271,917)	\$ (143,630)
15	381	2810, 2811	Meters	\$ 45,606,905	\$ 40,076,717	\$ (5,530,188)	-1.01%	\$ 14,411	\$ 17,626	\$ (3,215)
16	381	2812	Utility of the Future Meters	\$ 6,069	\$ 25,879	\$ 19,810	0.00%	\$ (52)	\$ -	\$ (52)
17	382	2820, 2821	Meter Installations	\$ 29,083,834	\$ 27,122,879	\$ (1,960,955)	-0.36%	\$ 5,110	\$ 2,309	\$ 2,800
18	383	2830, 2831	House Regulators	\$ 23,781,409	\$ 22,744,670	\$ (1,036,739)	-0.19%	\$ 2,702	\$ 2,702	\$ -
19	384	2840, 2841	House Regulator Installations	\$ 16,814,075	\$ 16,889,144	\$ 75,069	0.01%	\$ (196)	\$ (196)	\$ (0)
20	385	2850	Large Industrial Meas. & Reg. Equipment	\$ 2,802,486	\$ 2,820,996	\$ 18,510	0.00%	\$ (48)	\$ (39)	\$ (9)
21	385	2851	Large Industrial Meas. & Reg. Equipment - Comm	\$ 728,946	\$ 728,946	\$ -	0.00%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
22	387	2870	Other Equipment - Other	\$ 210,891	\$ 299,591	\$ 88,700	0.02%	\$ (231)	\$ -	\$ (231)
23	387	2871	Street Lighting Equipment	\$ 718,965	\$ 1,132,638	\$ 413,673	0.08%	\$ (1,078)	\$ 314	\$ (1,392)
24	388		Gas ARO	\$ 4,328,442	\$ 13,105,258	\$ 8,776,816	1.60%	\$ (22,871)	\$ -	\$ (22,871)
25			Total Distribution Plant	\$ 1,589,966,573	\$ 2,065,217,077	\$ 475,250,504		\$ (1,238,427)	\$ (690,468)	\$ (547,960)
General Plant										
26	000	2030	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant	\$ 16,555,356	\$ 38,535,480	\$ 21,980,124	4.02%	\$ (57,277)	\$ (25,565)	\$ (31,711)
27	000	20301	Miscellaneous Intangible Plant-Enable	\$ -	\$ 9,629,709	\$ 9,629,709	1.76%	\$ (25,093)	\$ (25,093)	\$ (0)
28	389	2890	Land	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	0.00%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
29	390	2900	Structures & Improvements	\$ 2,155,534	\$ 1,743,587	\$ (411,946)	-0.08%	\$ 1,073	\$ 753	\$ 321
30	391	2910	Office Furniture & Equipment	\$ 546,203	\$ 374,759	\$ (171,444)	-0.03%	\$ 447	\$ -	\$ 447
31	391	2911	Electronic Data Processing Equipment	\$ 1,479,011	\$ 2,841,734	\$ 1,362,723	0.25%	\$ (3,551)	\$ (1,157)	\$ (2,394)
32	392	2920	Transportation Equipment	\$ 24,590	\$ 2,697,193	\$ 2,672,603	0.49%	\$ (6,964)	\$ -	\$ (6,964)
33	392	2921	Trailers	\$ 644,188	\$ 475,441	\$ (168,747)	-0.03%	\$ 440	\$ -	\$ 440
34	394	2940	Tools, Shop & Garage Equipment	\$ 8,113,493	\$ 12,426,179	\$ 4,312,686	0.79%	\$ (11,238)	\$ (10,930)	\$ (309)
35	395	2950	Laboratory Equipment	\$ 54,460	\$ 9,512	\$ (44,948)	-0.01%	\$ 117	\$ 142	\$ (25)
36	396	2960	Power Operated Equipment	\$ 219,039	\$ 66,838	\$ (152,201)	-0.03%	\$ 397	\$ (2,620)	\$ 3,016
37	397	2970	Communication Equipment	\$ 27,758,671	\$ 43,400,908	\$ 15,642,237	2.86%	\$ (40,761)	\$ (20,235)	\$ (20,526)
38	398	2980	Miscellaneous Equipment	\$ -	\$ 41,970	\$ 41,970	0.01%	\$ (109)	\$ -	\$ (109)
39			Total General Plant	\$ 57,550,544	\$ 112,243,311	\$ 54,692,767		\$ (142,521)	\$ (84,706)	\$ (57,815)
40			Total Distribution and General Plant	\$ 1,647,517,117	\$ 2,177,460,388	\$ 529,943,271	98.87%	\$ (1,380,948)	\$ (775,173)	\$ (605,775)

Notes and Source:

Col. A-B: Amounts from Exhibit I, Workpaper WPB-2.3 from DEO's SFR filing

Col. C: Col. B - Col. A

Col. F: See Schedule 3, page 3

Col. G: Col. E - Col. F

[A]: Distribution and General amount from page 1

Attachment LA-3: Data Request Listing

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

Set 1 - Submitted on November 8, 2019

As it applies to the review period, March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018, please provide the following information and documents:

- LA-DR-01-01. Refer to the electronic version of Exhibit I from the Company's Standard Filing Requirements (SFR) at the tab titled "WPB-2.3" Please provide the Company's historical plant records to which the amounts shown on WPB-2.3 can be traced to for each of the following periods: 3/31/2012, 12/31/2012, 12/31/2013, 12/31/2014, 12/31/2015, 12/31/2016, 12/31/2017 and 12/31/2018.
- a. For each period indicated, please provide the requested plant information by individual account and sub-account.
 - b. Pursuant to part "a", identify the non-AMRP and non-Rider AU related plant in service as well as CEP-related expenditures and investments on an account by account basis.
 - c. For the historical plant records requested above, please include a breakdown between all additions, retirements, transfers and/or reclassifications (by account) that have occurred from March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018.
- LA-DR-01-02. Refer to the electronic version of Exhibit I from the Company's SFRs at the tab titled "WPB-3.3." Please provide the Company's historical depreciation reserve records for each of the following periods: 3/31/2012, 12/31/2012, 12/31/2013, 12/31/2014, 12/31/2015, 12/31/2016, 12/31/2017 and 12/31/2018:
- a. For each period indicated, please provide the requested depreciation reserve balance information by individual account and sub-account.
 - b. Pursuant to part "a", identify the non-AMRP and non-Rider AU related depreciation reserve balances as well as CEP-related depreciation reserve balances on an account by account basis.
 - c. For the historical depreciation reserve records requested above, please include a breakdown between all accruals, salvage, retirements, cost of removal and transfers and/or reclassifications (by account) that have occurred from March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018.
- LA-DR-01-03. Refer to the electronic version of Exhibit I from the Company's SFRs at the tab titled "Sch._B-3.2_Proposed."

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- a. Were the depreciation rates shown under column F - Current Accrual Rate" authorized by the Commission? If so, cite by Order date and docket.
- b. Pursuant to part "a", if the depreciation rates that are reflected on the "Sch._B-3.2 Proposed" tab on Exhibit I were not authorized by the Commission, show how they were derived.
- c. To the extent they're not reflected on the "Sch._B-3.2 Proposed" tab on Exhibit I, please provide the depreciation rates that were authorized during the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018.
- d. Were the depreciation rates shown on the "Sch._B-3.2 Proposed" tab under column F developed in a depreciation study? If so, provide a copy of that depreciation study. If not, explain fully why not.

- LA-DR-01-04. Please provide the detailed monthly general ledger information for each year, 2012 through 2018, for each account identified in response to LA-DR-1.
- LA-DR-01-05. Please provide the detailed monthly general ledger information for each year, 2012 through 2018, for each account identified in response to LA-DR-2.
- LA-DR-01-06. Please provide the Company's continuing property records for each of the following periods: 3/31/2012, 12/31/2012, 12/31/2013, 12/31/2014, 12/31/2015, 12/31/2016, 12/31/2017 and 12/31/2018.
- LA-DR-01-07. Please provide the Company's recorded depreciation expense that was associated with the CEP plant in-service assets for each of the following periods: 3/31/2012, 12/31/2012, 12/31/2013, 12/31/2014, 12/31/2015, 12/31/2016, 12/31/2017 and 12/31/2018.
- LA-DR-01-08. Please provide the Company's recorded property tax expense by account that was associated with the CEP plant in-service assets for each of the following periods: 3/31/2012, 12/31/2012, 12/31/2013, 12/31/2014, 12/31/2015, 12/31/2016, 12/31/2017 and 12/31/2018.
- LA-DR-01-09. Please provide the Company's capital budgeting and planning activities, including (1) forecasting methods, (2) risk assessment practices, and (3) prioritization methods for addressing risk.
- LA-DR-01-10. Please provide the Company's capitalization policies that were in effect during the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018.
- LA-DR-01-11. Please provide the Company's Cost Allocation Manual(s) (CAM), or any other documentation that relates to the Company's cost allocation methodologies, that were in effect (including any changes that were

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

implemented) during the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018.

- LA-DR-01-12. Please provide the Company's written guidelines and/or policies and procedures related to capital spending (i.e., plant additions, new construction, plant replacement and plant retirements) during the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018.
- LA-DR-01-13. Please provide any depreciation studies that were performed on behalf of the Company from which the depreciation rates in effect from March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018 were based.
- a. Please provide the relevant Commission Order(s) that approved the depreciation rates that were in effect between March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2018.
- LA-DR-01-14. Please provide the Company's written guidelines and/or policies and procedures regarding the use of outside contractors (versus using Company personnel) as it relates to non-AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures in general and specifically to during the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018.
- LA-DR-01-15. Did the Company have any cost containment strategies in place pursuant to the use of outside contractors as it relates to non-AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures in general and specifically to during the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018? Explain fully.
- LA-DR-01-16. Please provide the Company's written guidelines and/or policies and procedures regarding the use of internal labor as it relates to non-AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures in general and specifically to during the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018.
- LA-DR-01-17. Did the Company have any cost containment strategies in place pursuant to the use of internal labor as it relates to non-AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures and assets during the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018? Explain fully.
- LA-DR-01-18. Please identify and provide all pertinent testimony and workpapers that were filed by DEO and/or any other intervenors pursuant to the establishment of the CEP and the deferral of the post in-service carrying costs (PISCC) for the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018.
- LA-DR-01-19. Please provide all of the Company's CEP related schedules reflecting the CEP formula, including but not limited to the Excel versions of Schedules 1-9 (and associated workpapers) that were filed on May 14, 2019, which relate to PISCC, depreciation expense, property tax expense and incremental revenue (pursuant to Case No. 13-2417-GA-UNC).

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- LA-DR-01-20. Please identify the Company personnel who are most familiar with each of the following aspects of CEP for the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018:
- a. Capital expenditure budgeting
 - b. Accounting
 - c. Depreciation
 - d. Ratemaking and cost recovery
- LA-DR-01-21. Please identify all internal audits associated with the following for the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018:
- a. CEP
 - b. Capital expenditures
 - c. Continuing property records
 - d. Capitalization of costs
 - e. Accounting for overhead costs
 - f. Property taxes
- LA-DR-01-22. Was any cost for incentive compensation or stock-based compensation charged to the CEP related capital expenditures or other costs?
- a. If so, identify by amount and account, such incentive compensation or stock-based compensation included in the CEP for each of the following periods: 3/31/2012, 12/31/2012, 12/31/2013, 12/31/2014, 12/31/2015, 12/31/2016, 12/31/2017 and 12/31/2018.
 - b. Are any of the amounts identified in response to part "a" related to DEO's stock price, dividends or financial goals? If so, please identify, quantify and explain fully.
- LA-DR-01-23. Was any cost for Supplemental Executive Retirement Program (SERP) expense charged to the CEP related capital expenditures or other costs?
- a. If so, identify by amount and account, such SERP costs included in the CEP for each of the following periods: 3/31/2012, 12/31/2012, 12/31/2013, 12/31/2014, 12/31/2015, 12/31/2016, 12/31/2017 and 12/31/2018.

Set 2 - Submitted on November 27, 2019

- LA-DR-01-24. General Ledger Detail. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-004.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- a. Referring to the tab titled "Recon DR-4" on the attachment to this response, please explain fully and in detail the nature of the adjustment in the amount of \$4,983,541 in 2014 that is shown under the column "Adjustments - booked GL only".
- b. Referring to the tab titled "Recon DR-4" on the attachment to this response, please explain fully and in detail the nature of the adjustment in the amount of \$23,065,474 in 2015 that is shown under the column "Adjustments to FERC Page Gas & Common".
- c. Referring to the tab titled "Recon DR-4" on the attachment to this response, please explain fully and in detail the variance in the amount of \$111,003 that is between the amounts reflected in the Company's 2012 FERC Form 1 and on WPB-2.3 for 2012 in the Company's SFR filing.
- d. For each year 2012 through 2018, please identify the accounting system that the Company used for its general ledger function.

LA-DR-01-25. General Ledger Detail. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-005.

- a. Referring to the tab titled "Recon DR-5" on the attachment to this response, please explain fully and in detail the nature of the adjustment in the amount of \$97,413 in 2014 that is shown under the column "Adjustments - booked GL only".
- b. Referring to the tab titled "Recon DR-5" on the attachment to this response, please explain fully and in detail the nature of each of the adjustments from April 1, 2012 through December 31, 2018 that total \$32,503,104 and which are shown under the column "Adjustments to FERC Page Gas & Common".
- c. Referring to the tab titled "Recon DR-5" on the attachment to this response, please explain fully and in detail the variance in the amount of \$17,052 that is between the amounts reflected in the Company's 2018 FERC Form 1 and on WPB-2.3 for 2018 in the Company's SFR filing.

LA-DR-01-26. Depreciation Expense. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-007 and Exhibit J - Additional Schedules Supporting the Application.

- a. Referring to Exhibit J on the tab titled SCH 5a - Def Dep - Dist Impr, please explain fully and in detail why there was \$0 depreciation expense reflected as of March 31, 2012 and December 31, 2012.
- b. Referring to Exhibit J on the tab titled SCH 5b - Def Dep - Info Tech, please explain fully and in detail why there was \$0 depreciation expense as of March 31, 2012, December 31, 2012, December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2014.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- LA-DR-01-27. Property Tax Expense. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-008 and Exhibit J - Additional Schedules Supporting the Application.
- a. Referring to Exhibit J on the tab titled SCH 7 - Deferred Property Tax, please explain fully and in detail why there was \$0 property tax expense reflected as of March 31, 2012, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2013.

Set 3 - Submitted on December 13, 2019

- LA-DR-01-28. Internal Audit Reports. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-021, which indicated that for the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018, there were no internal audits conducted that related to (1) CEP, (2) capital expenditures, (3) continuing property records, (4) capitalization of costs, (5) accounting for overhead costs, and (5) property taxes.
- a. Please provide a listing of all internal audits that were conducted by or of the Company in each year 2012 through 2019.
 - b. Please provide a listing of all internal audits that were conducted by or of any affiliates that charge costs to the Company in each year 2012 through 2019.
 - c. Please provide a listing of all of the Company's SOX compliance audits on internal controls that were conducted in each year 2012 through 2019.
 - d. Please provide a listing of all FERC audits that were conducted on the Company in each year 2012 through 2019.
- LA-DR-01-29. Incentive Compensation. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-022.
- a. Referring to the LARKIN-DR-01-022 Attachment, for 2013 please breakout each quarterly amount of incentive compensation shown (which totals \$119,543) between the resource types listed in the response to LARKIN-DR-01-022.
 - b. Referring to the LARKIN-DR-01-022 Attachment, for 2014 please breakout each quarterly amount of incentive compensation shown (which totals \$232,882) between the resource types listed in the response to LARKIN-DR-01-022.
 - c. Referring to the LARKIN-DR-01-022 Attachment, for 2015 please breakout each quarterly amount of incentive compensation shown (which totals \$319,449) between the resource types listed in the response to LARKIN-DR-01-022.
 - d. Referring to the LARKIN-DR-01-022 Attachment, for 2016 please breakout each quarterly amount of incentive compensation shown

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

(which totals \$400,957) between the resource types listed in the response to LARKIN-DR-01-022.

- e. Referring to the LARKIN-DR-01-022 Attachment, for 2017 please breakout each quarterly amount of incentive compensation shown (which totals \$510,259) between the resource types listed in the response to LARKIN-DR-01-022.
- f. Referring to the LARKIN-DR-01-022 Attachment, for 2018 please breakout each quarterly amount of incentive compensation shown (which totals \$574,626) between the resource types listed in the response to LARKIN-DR-01-022.
- g. Why was there no amount of incentive compensation charged to CEP related capital expenditures in 2012?
- h. Please explain fully and in detail the Exec Short Term Incentive plan.
- i. Please explain fully and in detail Phantom Stock.
- j. Are any of the resource types listed in the response to LARKIN-DR-01-022 related to stock-based compensation? Explain fully.

LA-DR-01-30. Outside Contractors. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-014.

- a. What is the basis for the Company's practice of employing outside contractors (versus using internal labor) to perform work on projects in which the pipe is greater than 100 feet in length and how was this 100 foot criteria determined? Explain fully.
- b. Please explain fully and in detail all other criteria used by the Company (i.e., on projects which do not involve pipe) in determining whether to have internal crews work on capital projects or to have outside contractors work on such projects.

LA-DR-01-31. Outside Contractors. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-015.

- a. What is the basis for the Company's practice of competitively bidding out work to four outside contractors to perform work on projects in which main extensions are 8,000 feet or less (for distribution mains)? In addition, how and when was this criteria determined? Explain fully.
- b. Pursuant to the work described in part "a", please list the four outside contractors that the Company selects from and explain how these four contractors "won the right" to perform such work.
- c. Please explain fully and in detail all other competitive bidding criteria used by the Company (other than the 8,000 feet or less for distribution mains criteria) in selecting outside contractors to work on CEP related projects.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- d. Please quantify and elaborate in detail on the Company's statement that "we have set pricing for this work established in blanket contracts." Does this set pricing relate only to those four specific contractors, or to all outside contractors? Explain fully.
- e. For those distribution main projects which are greater than 8,000 feet, please provide a list of the approved outside contractors that such projects are bid out to.
- f. Please quantify the set pricing that is in place as it relates to the Ohio Service Line Replacement Program to replace copper and bare steel services.
- g. Pursuant to part "d", when was the Ohio Service Line Replacement Program established and how does it impact the CEP program?

LA-DR-01-32. Internal Labor. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-017. As it relates to cost containment strategies for internal labor, please elaborate in detail on the Company's statement that "internal labor is managed project by project depending on deliverables and monitored through the approval of timesheets.

LA-DR-01-33. General Ledger Detail. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-004 and WPB-2.3a from the Company's SFR filing. We had requested that the Company provide its detailed monthly general ledger information for the gross additions, retirements and transfers listed on WPB-2.3a for each year 2012 through 2018. However, what was provided on the LARKIN-DR-01-004 Attachment appears to only be summary information for the following accounts:

Account Number	Description
101000	Property, Plant, & Equipment
101150	Common Plant in Service
101499	Asset Retirement Obligations
102100	Electric Plant Purchased
106000	Comp Const Unclassified
106102	CCNC - Common

- a. For each account listed the table above and for each year 2012 through 2018, please provide the granular transaction general ledger detail which sums to the monthly amounts shown on the "GL BALANCE-PIS" tab on the LARKIN-DR-01-004 Attachment.
- b. Referring to the LARKIN-DR-01-004 Attachment at the tab titled "Recon DR 4", please explain fully and in detail why the amounts recorded in the general ledger (and reported on page 200, line 8 of DEO's FERC Form 2) are different than the amounts reflected on

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

WPB-2.3a from the Company's filing (and reported on page 201, line 8 of DEO's FERC Form 2).

- c. Please confirm that the amounts reflected on WPB-2.3a from the Company's filing will be reflected in the granular general ledger detail requested in part "a" above. If not confirmed, explain fully why not.

LA-DR-01-34.

General Ledger Detail. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-005 and WPB-3.3a from the Company's SFR filing. We had requested that the Company provide its detailed monthly general ledger information for the depreciation reserve accruals, retirements and transfers listed on WPB-3.3a for each year 2012 through 2018. However, what was provided on the LARKIN-DR-01-005 Attachment appears to only be summary information for the following accounts:

Account Number	Description
108000	Accumulated DD&A-PP&E
108101	Accum DD&A- Common PP&E
108151	Common Accum Dep - COR
108301	Accum Depreciation COR
108499	ARO Asset Accum Depreciation
108552	Non-Reg Plant in Svc Res Adj
108600	SCHM Retirement Wip
108620	RWIP - Reg Liab
111100	Acc Prov-Amor Plt In Ser
111110	Common Accum Amort
111503	Accum Amort - DENA
115001	Pur Acctg-Amort Pp&E
115150	Common Accum Dep-Pur Adj

- a. For each account listed the table above and for each year 2012 through 2018, please provide the granular transaction general ledger detail which sums to the monthly amounts shown on the "GL BALANCE-RESERVE" tab on the LARKIN-DR-01-005 Attachment.
- b. Referring to the LARKIN-DR-01-005 Attachment at the tab titled "Recon DR 5", please explain fully and in detail why the amounts recorded in the general ledger (and reported on page 200, line 14 of DEO's FERC Form 2) are different than the amounts reflected on WPB-3.3a from the Company's filing (and reported on page 201, line 14 of DEO's FERC Form 2).
- c. Please confirm that the amounts reflected on WPB-3.3a from the Company's filing will be reflected in the granular general ledger

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

detail requested in part "a" above. If not confirmed, explain fully why not.

LA-DR-01-35. Work Order System. Refer to the capitalization policies that were provided in the confidential response to LARKIN-DR-01-010. Using the LARKIN-DR-01-010(e) confidential attachment as an example, the 2018 capitalization guidelines states the following at page 159: **[BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]**

[END CONFIDENTIAL]

Please provide in Excel format a list of all monthly work orders put in service by year, starting April 1, 2012 through December 31, 2018. Please identify the work orders as either IRP or CEP. For each work order, please include the following information for each year:

- a. Plant accounts charged (FERC 300 accounts).
- b. Project identification numbers (Work Order and project roll-up, if applicable).
- c. Project description. Single line description will be acceptable along with location numbers.
- d. Project description (e.g., Replacement & Betterment, Growth, Support Services, Information Technology, etc.).
- e. Work Order construction completion date (when project became used and useful).
- f. Work Order accounting in-service date.
- g. Unitization Date.
- h. Dollar amount by FERC 300 account number.
- i. Whether the work was an addition or replacement.
- j. Whether the Work Order was a blanket project work order and, if so, associated project identification numbers.

LA-DR-01-36. Work Order System. For each year 2012 through 2018 that the lists of work orders requested in LA-DR-35, please provide a reconciliation of the work order total to the totals in the annual report of utility plant in service filed with the PUCO. Please explain and reconcile any discrepancies. Identify, quantify and explain each reconciling item.

LA-DR-01-37. Work Order Accounting. Please provide a narrative of the CEP accounting with examples of how the following items take place:

- a. A completed project is designated as CEP.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- b. The accounting entry or entries to record the deferral of a CEP project.
- c. The accounting entry or entries to record retirements of a CEP project.
- d. The accounting entry or entries to record the retirement of a non-CEP project, where the replacement is a CEP project.
- e. The accounting entry or entries to record PISCC, depreciation expense on the closed assets, and incremental property taxes.
- f. The accounting entries to retire a CEP project.
- g. How CEP deferred projects are unitized.

LA-DR-01-38. Work Order Accounting. Please explain fully and in detail how the deferred CEP assets are moved to utility plant in service once the proper deferral has been established. Include the following accounting treatments:

- a. How the proper accumulated depreciation reserve balance is determined. Adjusting the depreciation reserve based on using a composite rate of depreciation versus a FERC 300-account based depreciation rate.
- b. How the assets are identified and categorized by FERC 300 account.
- c. How retirements are identified and charged to the proper FERC 300 account reserve.

LA-DR-01-39. Work Order System. Please state whether the items listed on WPB-2.3a are included in the work order listing that was requested in LA-DR-35. If not, explain fully why not.

LA-DR-01-40. Historical Plant Records. Refer to the 2018 historical plant records provided in response to LARKIN-DR-01-001, WPB-2.3a and the table below.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

Account Number	Description	Per WPB-2.3a	Per Retirements in Plant Records (LA-DR-1)	Difference
Common - General Plant				
19000	Structures and Improvements	\$ (5,786,363)	\$ (1,593,070)	\$ (4,193,293)
19100	Office Furniture and Equipment	\$ (350,839)	\$ (38,313)	\$ (312,526)
19700	Communication Equipment	\$ (1,197,179)	\$ (477,600)	\$ (719,579)
19800	Miscellaneous Equipment	\$ (8,586)	\$ -	\$ (8,586)
Gas Distribution Plant				
27401	Rights of Way	\$ (111,953)	\$ -	\$ (111,953)
27500	Structures and Improvements	\$ 61,317	\$ -	\$ 61,317
27602	Gas Mains - Dist Lines/Steel		\$ (328,492)	
27605	Gas Mains - Feeder Lines/St		\$ (198,754)	
	Total	\$ (6,992,006)	\$ (527,246)	\$ (6,464,760)
27603	Gas Mains - Dist Lines/Plas	\$ (3,775,204)	\$ (462,832)	\$ (3,312,372)
27800	System Meas & Reg Station	\$ (2,525,235)	\$ (62,562)	\$ (2,462,673)
27801	System M&R St. Electronic	\$ (460,749)	\$ -	\$ (460,749)
27802	District Regulating Equipment	\$ (405,506)	\$ -	\$ (405,506)
27900	Meas & Reg Sta Equip - City	\$ (124,142)	\$ (15,579)	\$ (108,563)
28003	Services - M-C Plastic		\$ (1,111,235)	
28006	Services C-M Plastic		\$ (282,533)	
	Total	\$ (1,403,513)	\$ (1,393,769)	\$ (9,744)
28500	Ind Meas & Reg St Equipment	\$ (3,204)	\$ -	\$ (3,204)
Gas - General Plant				
29000	Structures and Improvements	\$ (2,140)	\$ -	\$ (2,140)
29100	Office Furniture & Equipment	\$ (181,031)	\$ (30,740)	\$ (150,291)
29500	Laboratory Equipment	\$ (1,396)	\$ -	\$ (1,396)
29700	Communication Equipment	\$ (3,652)	\$ -	\$ (3,652)
Gas - Intangible Plant				
20300	Miscellaneous Intangibles Pl	\$ (6,560)	\$ -	\$ (6,560)
Gas - Manufactured Plant				
20500	Structures and Improvements	\$ (39,372)	\$ -	\$ (39,372)
21100	Liquified Petroleum Gas Equip	\$ (864,254)	\$ (597,070)	\$ (267,184)

As shown in the table above, a number of significant differences were noted between the retirements listed in the 2018 plant records provided in the LARKIN-DR-01-001(g) Attachment and the retirements listed for 2018 on WPB-2.3a.

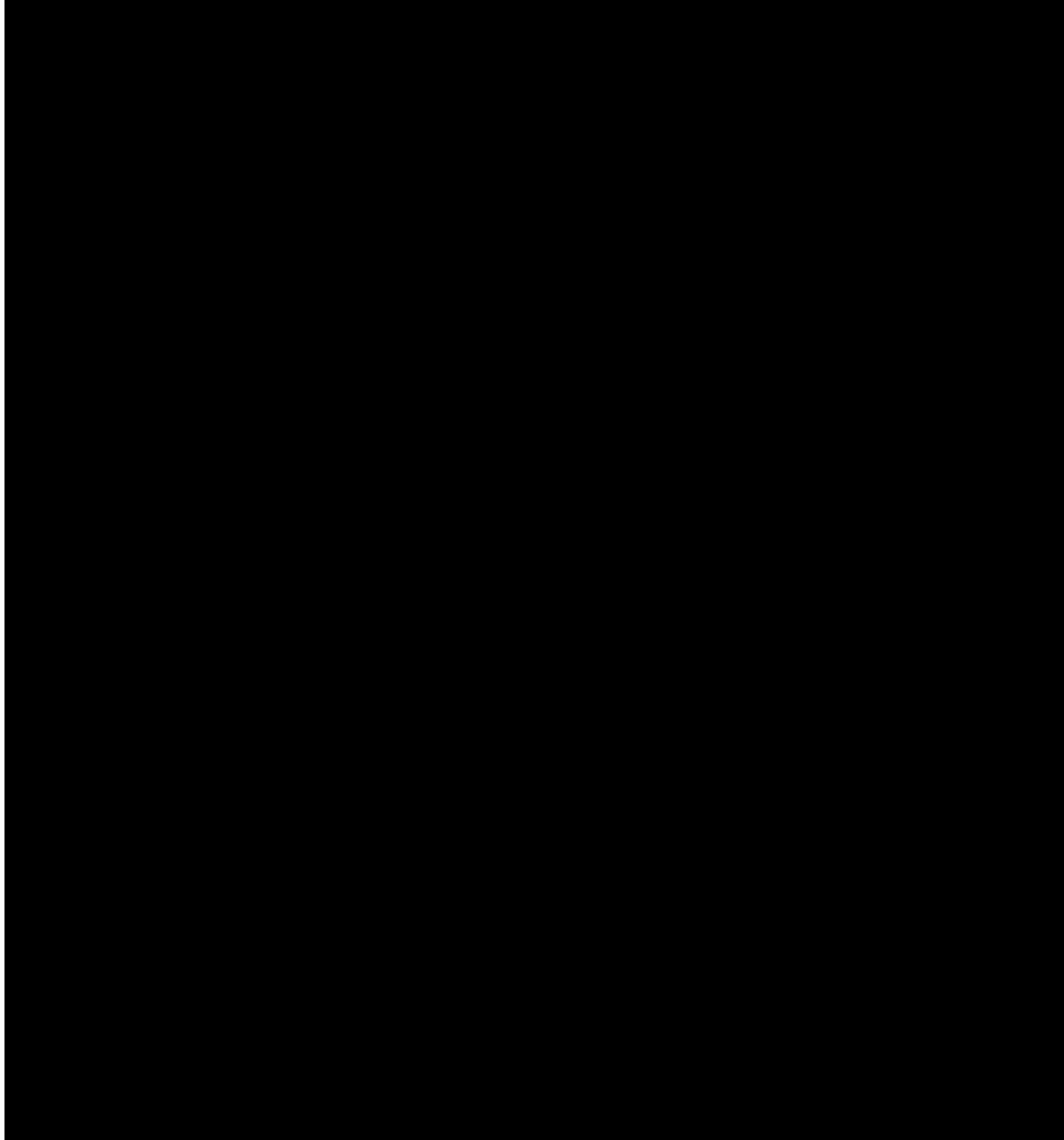
Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- a. Please explain and reconcile these discrepancies. Identify, quantify and explain each reconciling item.

Set 4 - Submitted on January 8, 2020

LA-DR-01-41. Internal Audit Reports. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-021 and the confidential table below.

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[END CONFIDENTIAL]

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- a. Please provide copies of the internal audit reports listed in the table above.
- LA-DR-01-42. Rate of Return. Refer to Exhibit J - CEP Additional Schedules Supporting the Application, Schedule 1, line 20. Note A states: "Approved Pre-Tax Rate of Return set per Stipulation in Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR. Upon the Tax Cut and Jobs Act of 2017 becoming law the Pre-Tax Rate of Return has been adjusted to reflect a reduction of the Corporate tax rate from 35% to 21%."
- a. Based on Note A, please show how the 9.16% pre-tax rate of return was derived. Show detailed calculations.
- LA-DR-01-43. Original Cost Retired. Refer to Exhibit J - CEP Additional Schedules Supporting the Application, Schedule 1, lines 2 and 6. Please explain fully and in detail why the original cost retired amount of \$44,354,944 is reflected in both Plant in Service and Accumulation Provision for Depreciation.
- LA-DR-01-44. Amortization of Regulatory Assets. Refer to Exhibit J - CEP Additional Schedules Supporting the Application, Schedule 1, line 22, which shows that the Amortization of Regulatory Assets amount of \$1,142,538 was derived by multiplying the total regulatory assets of \$44,981,818 by 2.54% and a reference to Note B. Note B states: "For purposes of this calculation Duke Energy Ohio used a composite depreciation rate calculated using data from the 2015 FERC Form 2."
- a. Please show how the 2.54% composite depreciation rate was derived. Show detailed calculations.
- b. Why did the Company use its 2015 FERC Form 2 data to calculate this composite depreciation rate as opposed to using (1) more recent FERC Form 2 data (e.g., from 2018), or (2) some other method of calculating an amortization rate.
- c. Pursuant to part "b", please provide the composite depreciation rate using 2018 FERC Form 2 data. Show detailed calculations.
- d. As soon the data is available, please provide the composite depreciation rate that would be derived using 2019 FERC Form 2 data. Show detailed calculations.
- LA-DR-01-45. Major Additions or Replacements. Please provide a list with a description and total dollar amount of any major CEP additions and/or replacements placed into service during the period 2013 through 2018.
- LA-DR-01-46. Timeline.
- a. Please provide a timeline of major events that occurred from January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2018 that had an impact on the plant-in-service balances. Examples of major events include,

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

among other such events, major sales of assets, acquisitions, mergers, system conversions, and upgrades.

- b. Please provide an explanation of each event and how the event affected plant balances.
- c. Please provide an explanation of what steps were taken to ensure that plant balances were accurate following the impact of the event.

LA-DR-01-47. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-001, specifically the LARKIN-DR-01-001(h) Attachment and the table below, which lists the CEP projects included in the reconciliation that is on the Summary tab of the referenced attachment (and the net plant-in-service included in the Company's revenue requirement calculation per Schedule 1 of Exhibit J - Additional Schedules Supporting the Application).

Description	Year 2013	Year 2014	Year 2015	Year 2016	Year 2017	Year 2018	Ending Balance
CEP Projects	17,677,711	22,792,911	37,470,981	49,913,859	79,568,151	90,051,676	297,475,290
% Increase		28.94%	64.40%	33.21%	59.41%	13.18%	
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-001(h) Attachment							

- a. Referring to the table above, please explain fully and in detail why the CEP expenditures increased by the percentages shown between 2013 and 2018.
- b. For each year 2013 through 2018, please breakout the CEP expenditures in the table above by FERC account.
- c. Please provide an explanation of the difference between CEP expenditures and non-AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures.
- d. How are CEP expenditures distinguished from non-AMRP and non-Rider AU capital expenditures in the Company's work management system? Explain fully.
- e. How are CEP projects identified after placed in service in the plant account system?
- f. How does the Company distinguish between Distribution and Transmission projects? In other words, what criteria does DEO use to determine whether its CEP expenditures are related to Distribution? Explain fully.
- g. Referring to the LARKIN-DR-01-001(h) Attachment at the tab titled "Mains and Services", for each year 2013 through 2018, please reconcile the CEP related gross additions, retirements and transfers which total \$224,998,440 to the CEP expenditures listed

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

in the table above which total \$297,475,290. Identify, quantify and explain each reconciling item.

- LA-DR-01-48. For each year 2013 through 2018, please provide a summary of hazardous leaks per year for (1) mains, and (2) for service lines. Breakout by type of pipe material and by the following causes of failure: corrosion, equipment, excavation, materials and welds, natural forces, operations, and other outside forces.
- a. For those leaks caused by excavation damages, please provide a breakout of such damages caused by (1) DEO hired contractors, (2) DEO internal labor, and (3) independent non-affiliated third party company excavations (such as, but not limited to, contractors installing fiber optic cable for telephone or cable companies).
 - b. For each of the excavation damaged-caused leaks that were caused by third-party nonaffiliated companies and their contractors, (1) identify the costs incurred by DEO related to the repair and/or replacement, (2) describe DEO's efforts to collect the costs from the party that was doing the excavation that caused the leak, (3) identify and quantify the amounts recovered by DEO from the nonaffiliated third party and/or contractor, and (4) show in detail how DEO accounted for (a) the amounts being sought for recovery and (b) the amounts actually recovered.
 - c. Pursuant to part "b", please provide a copy of DEO's procedures for identifying the party that caused excavation damage related leaks and for recouping the cost of repairs and/or replacement from the third party or contractor that was conducting the excavation.

- LA-DR-01-49. Budget to Actual Variances. Refer to the electronic version of Exhibit J - CEP Additional Schedules Supporting the Application at the tab titled "SCH 4 - Monthly CEP Investments" and the table below.

Budget Category	12 Months Ended 12/31/2013	12 Months Ended 12/31/2014	12 Months Ended 12/31/2015	12 Months Ended 12/31/2016	12 Months Ended 12/31/2017	12 Months Ended 12/31/2018	Total CEP Plant in Service
Distribution Improvement	\$ 17,677,711	\$ 22,792,060	\$ 37,018,650	\$ 46,362,944	\$ 64,219,840	\$ 89,519,414	\$ 277,590,619
Information Technology	\$ -	\$ 851	\$ 452,331	\$ 3,550,915	\$ 15,348,312	\$ 532,262	\$ 19,884,671
Total CEP In-Service Activity - Net Assets	\$ 17,677,711	\$ 22,792,911	\$ 37,470,981	\$ 49,913,859	\$ 79,568,151	\$ 90,051,676	\$ 297,475,290

Source: Schedule J - CEP Additional Supporting Schedules Supporting the Application, Schedule 4

- a. For each year 2013 through 2018, please provide a comparison of the Company's budgeted CEP expenditures to the actual CEP expenditures that are reflected in the table above and provide explanations for any variances between the budgeted and actual amounts.
- LA-DR-01-50. CEP Projects to Incremental Gas Plant in Service. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-001, specifically the Excel version of LARKIN-DR-01-001(h) Attachment and the table below.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

Description	Year 2013	Year 2014	Year 2015	Year 2016	Year 2017	Year 2018	Total
CEP Projects	\$ 17,677,711	\$ 22,792,911	\$ 37,470,981	\$ 49,913,859	\$ 79,568,151	\$ 90,051,676	\$ 297,475,290
Incremental Gas Plant in Service	\$ 100,768,771	\$ 89,447,347	\$ 82,267,149	\$ 85,659,204	\$ 77,916,397	\$ 97,170,571	\$ 533,229,439
% of CEP Projects to Incremental Gas Plant in Service	17.54%	25.48%	45.55%	58.27%	102.12%	92.67%	55.79%
Source: LARKIN-DR-01-001(h) Attachment							

- a. For the period 2013 through 2018, please explain fully and in detail the reasons for the fluctuations (in terms of the percentages reflected in the table above) in CEP projects to total incremental gas plant in service.
- b. Referring to the summary tab in the LARKIN-DR-01-001(h) Attachment, please explain fully and in detail why the amounts listed on Excel rows 42-46 were excluded from the CEP expenditures.
- c. Referring to the summary tab in the LARKIN-DR-01-001(h) Attachment, please explain fully and in detail what is embedded in the "Other" category at Excel row 47.
- d. In addition to excluding production plant from Rider CEP (as indicated on Excel row 40), it also appears that the Company did not allocate any common plant to Rider CEP. Please confirm and explain fully why not. If not confirmed, identify where common plant has been included in Rider CEP.

LA-DR-01-51.

Property Tax Expense. Refer to the electronic version of Exhibit J - CEP Additional Schedules Supporting the Application and the table below, which reflects the workpapers showing the Company's calculation of the estimated property tax deferrals for Distribution Improvement and Information Technology additions and retirements. With regard to the percentages shown under column A in the table below (which relate to Distribution Improvement additions), Note 1 on each of the referenced workpapers states: "Per Ohio Department of Taxation Annual Natural Gas Property Tax Report, Schedule C(2) for specific classes of plant."

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

Company Workpaper	Description	% Good 2014	DEO Avg. 2014 Personal Property Tax Rate
		(A)	(B)
WP7.1	2013 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2014	98.3%	9.7713%
WP7.2	2013 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2015	95.0%	9.7713%
WP7.3	2013 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2016	91.7%	9.8358%
WP7.4	2013 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2017	91.7%	9.8358%
WP7.5	2013 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2018	91.7%	9.8358%
WP7.6	2014 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2015	98.3%	9.7713%
WP7.7	2013 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2016	95.0%	9.8358%
WP7.8	2013 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2017	91.7%	9.8358%
WP7.9	2013 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2018	91.7%	9.8358%
WP7.10	2015 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2016	98.3%	9.8358%
WP7.11	2015 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2017	95.0%	9.8358%
WP7.12	2015 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2018	95.0%	9.8358%
WP7.13	2016 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2017	98.3%	9.8358%
WP7.14	2016 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2018	98.3%	9.8358%
WP7.15	2017 CEP Investments - Property Taxes Expensed in 2018	98.3%	9.8358%
Source: Schedule J - CEP Additional Supporting Schedules Supporting the Application			

- a. Pursuant to Note 1, why do the percentages fluctuate between 98.3%, 95.0%, and 91.7% when each of the referenced workpapers list the same categories (e.g., lines 1-29 and lines 31-58 on each workpaper) of Distribution Improvement and Information Technology additions and retirements? Explain fully.
- b. Why is "2014" indicated under the "% Good" column on each of the referenced workpapers despite different years of CEP investments being reflected on the workpapers?
- c. For both the Distribution Improvement additions and retirements, please provide copies of the Ohio Department of Taxation Annual Natural Gas Property Tax Report(s), Schedule C(2) from which the "% Good" percentages noted in the table above (and the 15% shown for retirements) were derived.
- d. Referring to column B in the table above, each of the referenced workpapers state that the property tax rates shown in column B are "Duke Energy Ohio's Average 2014 Personal Property Tax Rate". Based on the foregoing, (1) explain fully and in detail why two different rates (9.7713% and 9.8358%) are reflected as DEO's 2014 average personal property tax rate, and (2) why did the Company use the average 2014 average personal property tax rate for all years, including those unrelated to 2014? Explain fully.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- e. Pursuant to part "d", please show how the 9.7713% and 9.8358% 2014 average personal property tax rates were derived. Show detailed calculations.
- f. For each year 2015 through 2018, please provide DEO's average personal property tax rates and show how each rate was derived. Show detailed calculations.

LA-DR-01-52. Depreciation. Refer to the Direct Testimony of Company witness Brown and the electronic versions of (1) Exhibit I CEP Section A and B Schedules of Standard Filing Requirements at the tab titled "SCH_B-3.2_Proposed", and (2) Exhibit J - CEP Additional Schedules Supporting the Application at the tabs titled "SCH 5a - Def Dep - Distr Impr" and "SCH 5b - Def Dep - Info Tech". On page 7 (lines 16-18), Mr. Brown states: "Deferred expenses, such as deferred depreciation, deferred property taxes, and deferred post-in-service carrying costs, are amortized over the life of the underlying assets using current depreciation rates." In addition, Footnote 1 on Schedules 5a and 5b states "Utility Account specific depreciation rate approved in Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR."

- a. Please provide the relevant pages from the depreciation study (or other documentation) from Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR, which reflects the Commission approved depreciation rates shown on Schedules 5a and 5b from Exhibit J.
- b. Have depreciation rates been changed since the Commission's approval in Case No. 12-1685-GA-AIR?
- c. If depreciation rates have been changed, please explain for each change, when the change was made, what the change was (i.e., new rates by FERC account), and whether it was approved by the Commission.
- d. SCH 5b - Def Dep - Info Tech from Exhibit J indicates a depreciation rate of 20% for Miscellaneous Intangible Plant, but SCH_B-3.2_Proposed from Exhibit I indicates "Various" for Miscellaneous Intangible Plant. Please explain and reconcile this discrepancy.

Set 5 - Submitted on January 10, 2020

LA-DR-01-53. Information Technology. Refer to the electronic version of Exhibit J - CEP Additional Schedules Supporting the Application at the tab titled "WP4.1 - Assets by FERC". With regard to Information Technology, the Company's filing reflects CEP expenditures in the following Company accounts: (1) 2911 - Electronic Data Processing, (2) 2030 -

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

Miscellaneous Intangible Plant, and (3) 20310 - Miscellaneous Intangible Plant - Enable.

- a. Please describe fully and in detail how the investments in each of these accounts relate specifically to the CEP program.
- b. Please confirm that the amounts deferred in these accounts fall under the following component of R.C. 4929.111: "any program to install, upgrade, or replace information technology systems." If not confirmed, explain fully why not.
- c. If the response to part "b" is confirmed, explain in detail the information system(s) that were installed, upgraded or replaced during the period 2013 through 2018.
- d. Pursuant to part "c", are the information systems(s) that were installed, upgraded or replaced during the period 2013 through 2018 related exclusively to CEP for DEO's natural gas operations, or are the system(s) also used by other divisions of DEO (e.g., electric operations)? Explain fully.
- e. Pursuant to part "d", if the information systems are used by other divisions of DEO, please explain fully why the costs are included in CEP expenditures and provide a breakout (by percentage) of how the use of these systems are allocated among DEO's natural gas operations and other divisions.

LA-DR-01-54.

Information Technology. Refer to the electronic version of Exhibit J - CEP Additional Schedules Supporting the Application at the tab titled "WP4.1 - Assets by FERC". With regard to Information Technology, the Company's filing reflects CEP expenditures in the following Company accounts: (1) 2911 - Electronic Data Processing, (2) 2030 - Miscellaneous Intangible Plant, and (3) 20310 - Miscellaneous Intangible Plant - Enable.

- a. What is meant by Miscellaneous Intangible Plant - Enable? Explain fully.
- b. The referenced workpaper indicates that amounts associated with Electronic Data Processing is recorded in FERC account 391. However, there is no FERC account designation for the aforementioned Miscellaneous Intangible Plant accounts. Please provide the FERC account(s) for these items.
- c. Referring to the referenced workpaper, please explain fully and in detail the nature of the following Information Technology related CEP expenditures that occurred in August 2017: (1) \$521,642 in Company account 2911, (2) \$2,504,565 in Company account 2030, and (3) \$8,417,983 in account 20310 for total CEP expenditures of \$11,444,190.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- LA-DR-01-55. CEP Deferral. Refer to (1) the electronic version of Exhibit J - CEP Additional Schedules Supporting the Application at the tab titled "WP4.1 - Assets by FERC", (2) page 4 (lines 5-6) of the Direct Testimony of Company witness Jay P. Brown, and (3) the Commission's Finding and Order dated October 1, 2014 in Case No. 13-2417-GA-UNC, *et al.* Page 11, Section 19 of the Commission's Finding and Order, which cites R.C. 4929.111, provides the criteria under which the CEP deferral may be implemented. The third such criteria states: "Any program reasonably and necessary to comply with any rules, regulations, or orders of the Commission or other governmental entity having jurisdiction."
- a. For the period 2013 through 2018, are any of the deferred CEP expenditures listed on the referenced workpaper, for which the Company is requesting recovery, related to the criteria cited above from the Commission's Finding and Order? If not, explain fully why not.
 - b. If the answer to part "a" is "yes", please quantify and describe in detail each specific CEP investment (Distribution or Information Technology) listed on WP4.1 - Assets by FERC during the period 2013 through 2018 to which this criteria applies.
- LA-DR-01-56. Outside Contractors. Refer to the responses to LARKIN-DR-01-014, LARKIN-DR-01-016 and LARKIN-DR-01-030. Please clarify whether these responses pertained to CEP expenditures during the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018. If not, explain fully why not.
- a. If the answer to the above is "no", please provide any written guidelines and/or policies or procedures regarding the use of outside contractors as it relates to CEP related expenditures during the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018.
- LA-DR-01-57. Outside Contractors. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-015. Please clarify whether this response pertains to CEP expenditures during the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018. If not, explain fully why not.
- a. If the answer to the above is "no", please explain whether the Company has any cost containment strategies in place pursuant to the use of outside contractors as it relates to CEP expenditures during the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018.
- LA-DR-01-58. Internal Labor. Refer to the responses to LARKIN-DR-01-017 and LARKIN-DR-01-032. Please clarify whether these responses pertained to CEP expenditures during the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018. If not, explain fully why not.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- a. If the answer to the above is "no", please explain whether the Company has any cost containment strategies in place pursuant to the use of internal labor as it relates to CEP expenditures during the period March 31, 2012 through December 31, 2018.
- LA-DR-01-59. Tax Cut and Jobs Act of 2017 (TCJA). How has the TCJA effect been reflected in the Company's CEP revenue requirement? Quantify and explain fully.
- LA-DR-01-60. AFUDC. For each year 2013 through 2018, please provide the AFUDC interest rate (debt and equity components) and show how it was derived. Show detailed calculations.
- LA-DR-01-61. Insurance Recovery.
- a. Have there been any significant events during the period 2013 through 2018 which resulted in an insurance claim recovery of \$50,000 or greater related to Distribution or General plant? If so, (1) please provide a list of such events, (2) explain how each recovery was recorded on the Company's books, and (3) explain how it was reflected in the plant balances.
- b. Are there any pending Distribution or General plant insurance claims as of December 31, 2018 that are not recorded or accrued that would be charged to capital? If so, please provide the type of recovery, estimated amount and when receipt of such recovery is expected.
- LA-DR-01-62. Overhead and Indirect Costs. Please provide a list of all overheads (labor loadings, etc.) and any other indirect items charged to DEO CEP related work orders, including descriptions of the type of charge and how that charged item was applied (e.g., calculation with descriptions of factors used in the calculations).
- LA-DR-01-63. Allocations. Refer to the electronic version of Exhibit I CEP Section A and B Schedules of Standard Filing Requirements and specifically the tabs titled "SCH_B-2.1" and "SCH_B-3.1". Both of these schedules indicate that 100% of DEO's investment is jurisdictional. To clarify, please confirm that none of the 300 series FERC accounts, including intangible plant (e.g., IT software) and general plant, are allocated to other DEO divisions (e.g., electric operations). If not confirmed, explain fully why not.

Set 6 - Submitted on January 14, 2020

- LA-DR-01-64. Work Orders. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-035 and specifically, the LARKIN-DR-01-035 Attachment and the table below, which reflects 2013 CEP projects.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

FERC acct	Project ID number	Project Description	Rider	WO Completion Date (YYYYMM)	In-Service Date	Unitization Date (YYYYMM)	work type	Blanket Project?	Charges
380	MCRP10	Replace (non-AMRP) M-C Plastic 2 in	CEP	200812	2013	200812	Replacement	Y	\$ 5,907,986
380	CMRP10	Replace C-M Plastic 2 inch and Unde	CEP	201301	2013	200812	Replacement	Y	\$ 4,336,913
380	MCNEWP10	New M-C Plastic 2 inch and Under OH	CEP	201301	2013	201911	Replacement	Y	\$ 2,819,775
380	CMNEWP10	Greater than 2" C-M Plastic	CEP	201301	2013	201910	Replacement	Y	\$ 2,207,290
383	20063	PURCHASE NEW GAS REGULATORS	CEP	201212	2013	200412	Replacement	Y	\$ 1,003,823
376	G8592	Chester Rd, Greenwood and Lippleman	CEP	201304	2013	201501	Replacement	N	\$ 192,273
376	G9138	Baltimore St & Girard Ave Corrosion	CEP	201304	2013	201803	Replacement	N	\$ 181,224
380	3MCNEW10	Install New M-C 3"	CEP	201301	2013	201611	additions	Y	\$ 162,593
376	G8870	Old St Route 28 Slide Replacement	CEP	201303	2013	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 144,480
376	H0490	Cooper Road Sidewalk Phase 2	CEP	201308	2013	201803	Replacement	N	\$ 109,397
384	20064	TO INCLUDE ALL LABOR MATERIALS AND	CEP	201212	2013	200412	Replacement	Y	\$ 93,874
378	G9967	Reg 402-Erie & Delta (Replace DR66)	CEP	201311	2013	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 86,712
376	H0167	Cooper Rd Sidewalk PID 88828	CEP	201307	2013	201803	Replacement	N	\$ 82,962
376	G9974	West Street Culvert Lebanon	CEP	201306	2013	201803	Replacement	N	\$ 81,767
378	G9986	Reg Station 207 Improvements	CEP	201311	2013	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 57,637
376	H0043	Charity Street Bridge Replacement	CEP	201306	2013	201804	Replacement	N	\$ 47,489
382	20064	TO INCLUDE ALL LABOR MATERIALS AND	CEP	201212	2013	200412	Replacement	Y	\$ 46,937
376	G9206	Kyles Station Rd at Yankee Rd Round	CEP	201304	2013	201804	Replacement	N	\$ 45,181
376	G9427	Jefferson, Willow & W Vorhees Read	CEP	201304	2013	201411	Replacement	N	\$ 37,629
376	H0300	WAR-SR63/SR123 Connector	CEP	201306	2013	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 35,437
376	G8149	STA 820 Inlet Piping	CEP	201305	2013	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 33,944
376	G8034	GM emax 2941138 262 Main W	CEP	201305	2013	201609	additions	N	\$ 33,881
380	3CMNEW10	Install New C-M 3"	CEP	201301	2013	201611	additions	Y	\$ 31,352
376	G8152	STA 821 Inlet Piping	CEP	201308	2013	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 30,684
376	G9960	Kleybolte Ave Normac Rpl	CEP	201305	2013	201806	Replacement	N	\$ 27,652
376	G9108	Disney Street	CEP	201303	2013	201804	Replacement	N	\$ 24,205
376	G8150	STA 820 Outlet Piping	CEP	201305	2013	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 22,614
380	4CMNEW10	Install New C-M 4"	CEP	201301	2013	201911	Replacement	Y	\$ 12,406
376	H1237	Rose Marie Main Replacement	CEP	201312	2013	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 11,961
376	H0664	Liberty-Fairfield Rd Main Extension	CEP	201310	2013	201609	additions	N	\$ 11,540
380	4MCR10	Replace M-C 4" - Ohio	CEP	201302	2013	200812	Replacement	Y	\$ 11,364
378	H0284	STA 637 Duck Creek - Pit Door Rpl	CEP	201309	2013	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 11,353
380	6MCNEW10	Install New M-C 6"	CEP	201301	2013	201611	additions	Y	\$ 11,324
380	4MCNEW10	Install New M-C 4"	CEP	201301	2013	201611	Replacement	Y	\$ 10,235
376	G9997	MEA 6020 Kyles Station	CEP	201309	2013	201406	additions	N	\$ 9,280
376	G9489	1 Letitia Amelia OH MEA	CEP	201304	2013	201609	additions	N	\$ 8,443
376	H0512	Install Main on Red Oak Ct	CEP	201309	2013	201609	additions	N	\$ 7,789
376	H0617	6480 Hayes Rd Main Extension	CEP	201310	2013	201609	additions	N	\$ 7,469
380	3MCR10	Replace M-C 3" - Ohio	CEP	201301	2013	200812	Replacement	Y	\$ 7,146
376	G8153	STA 821 Outlet Piping	CEP	201308	2013	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 6,838
376	G9078	JT emax 3692484 Villages of Daybrk	CEP	201303	2013	201609	additions	N	\$ 6,420
376	G9945	JT 4025980 Carriage Hill Sec 6C	CEP	201311	2013	201609	additions	N	\$ 6,354
376	20075	TO ACCUMULATE CREDITS TO PLANT FOR	CEP	200901	2013	200107	Replacement	Y	\$ (90,338)

For each Project ID (work order) listed above, please provide the following information:

- A detailed description, scope, and objective of the work, including service area location and any other identifiers (budget mapping).
- Work Order justification and approval at the highest approval level available based on the nature of the work order.
- Estimated in-service date and actual in-service date.
- For non-blanket work orders, and blanket work orders where the specific blanket work orders can be specifically identified as part of the larger project or program, provide budget and total cost with any explanation of variances in excess of 10%.
- Supporting cost detail for each addition to plant (run of charges by FERC account and units). The detail should be by charge code (or charge code description) with amounts by year and month. Examples of charge code descriptions would include such

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

information as payroll, contractor charges, overheads, other allocations, materials and supplies, transportation, and employee expenses.

- f. Supporting detail for retirements, cost of removal and salvage, if applicable, charged or credited to plant. Provide the description, units, amount and date recorded.

Notes:

- Please send a sample of the detail that will be provided to make sure it is what we need.
- If you have any questions, please contact Mark Dady or Ralph Smith directly at (734) 522-3420 or msdady@gmail.com and rsmithla@aol.com.
- In the interest of time and associated deadlines, please provide the data in batches as they are completed.

LA-DR-01-65. Work Orders. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-035 and specifically, the LARKIN-DR-01-035 Attachment and the table below, which reflects 2014 CEP projects.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT

Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

FERC acct	Project ID number	Project Description	Rider	WO Completion Date (YYYYMM)	In-Service Date	Unitization Date (YYYYMM)	work type	Blanket Project?	Charges
380	MCPR10	Replace (non-AMRP) M-C Plastic 2 in	CEP	200812	2014	200812	Replacement	Y	\$ 6,396,177
380	CMRP10	Replace C-M Plastic 2 inch and Unde	CEP	201401	2014	200812	Replacement	Y	\$ 3,761,314
380	CMNEWP10	Greater than 2" C-M Plastic	CEP	201401	2014	201910	Replacement	Y	\$ 2,635,014
380	MCNEWP10	New M-C Plastic 2 inch and Under OH	CEP	201401	2014	201911	Replacement	Y	\$ 1,687,633
383	20063	PURCHASE NEW GAS REGULATORS	CEP	201312	2014	200412	Replacement	Y	\$ 1,131,238
394	20073	Purchase Gas Tools Blanket	CEP	201001	2014	200408	Replacement	Y	\$ 961,536
376	G8733	CLE-SR 28-5 01/PID #87761	CEP	201402	2014	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 602,758
376	H0492	HAM-CR 456-0 65	CEP	201405	2014	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 456,653
376	J0110	Gest St	CEP	201409	2014	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 268,504
376	H0848	Stewart Rd Culvert Improvement	CEP	201403	2014	201412	Replacement	N	\$ 157,298
376	H0071	Towne Blvd Widening	CEP	201402	2014	201803	Replacement	N	\$ 124,945
376	H0496	HAM-128-0 00 PID #75890	CEP	201407	2014	201803	Replacement	N	\$ 106,816
376	G9870	Stock Ave CSO 012 Sewer Separation	CEP	201402	2014	201411	Replacement	N	\$ 100,819
376	H0139	Harrison Ave/Queen City Ave	CEP	201311	2014	201803	Replacement	N	\$ 74,164
380	6MCNEW10	Install New M-C 6"	CEP	201403	2014	201611	additions	Y	\$ 70,106
376	H0949	JT emax 4298153 Carriage Hill Sec 7	CEP	201406	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 57,826
376	H0239	West Chester Normac Replacement	CEP	201312	2014	201803	Replacement	N	\$ 57,220
376	G9250	eMax 3550087 10100 Progress Way	CEP	201303	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 54,450
376	G9989	Improve Liberty Fairfield Road	CEP	201310	2014	201803	Replacement	N	\$ 53,145
378	H0001	Reg Station #8L Improvements	CEP	201408	2014	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 52,013
376	H1564	JT 4341043 Oakley Commercial	CEP	201412	2014	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 51,647
376	M2121	Fifth St Reconstruction, City of Lo	CEP	201408	2014	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 51,247
376	P6286	Harrison Ave Improvements, Village	CEP	201411	2014	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 49,530
380	3CMNEW10	Install New C-M 3"	CEP	201401	2014	201611	additions	Y	\$ 45,815
376	H0424	Al Neyer LLC Install 6" PL	CEP	201403	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 41,684
378	H0002	Reg Station #1M Improvements	CEP	201407	2014	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 31,484
380	H1416	501 Race C-M	CEP	201312	2014	201804	additions	N	\$ 30,527
376	O7105	Given Rd, Indian Hill MEA	CEP	201411	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 27,527
376	G6985	EMAX 3020988 Shaker Run 4B	CEP	201408	2014	201502	additions	N	\$ 16,958
376	H1510	Ludlow Place Main Extension	CEP	201404	2014	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 16,805
376	P6520	Newtown Rd MEA	CEP	201411	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 15,010
376	H0948	JT emax 4298153 Carriage Hill Sec 5	CEP	201404	2014	201410	additions	N	\$ 14,549
376	H4113	JT 4767393 Sycamore Place Subd	CEP	201405	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 12,838
376	H1006	GM 4519899 Parks of Whitewater 2A	CEP	201403	2014	201501	additions	N	\$ 12,195
376	P6302	Lynn St MEA	CEP	201411	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 11,927
376	M2114	JT 4857601 Windsor Estates Sec 3	CEP	201412	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 11,436
376	H0693	JT emax 4420066 White Pillars Sec 3	CEP	201404	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 11,212
376	H1123	Hunt Rd Main Extension	CEP	201404	2014	201412	additions	N	\$ 11,195
376	G9371	JT emax 3814873 East Fork Crossing	CEP	201312	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 10,524
376	H0231	JT emax 4095788 Forest Glen Ph 2	CEP	201401	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 10,393
376	H0519	JT emax 4323503 Woodbury Glen Subd	CEP	201402	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 8,255
376	H1394	JT 4620265 TRAILS OF SHAKER RUN ph4	CEP	201405	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 7,991
376	H0226	JT emax 4172881 Knolls of Liberty	CEP	201402	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 7,182
376	P6304	Glen Willow Ln MEA	CEP	201409	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 6,893
380	6CMNEW10	Install New C-M 6"	CEP	201404	2014	not_unitized	additions	Y	\$ (13,088)
376	20075	TO ACCUMULATE CREDITS TO PLANT FOR	CEP	200901	2014	200107	Replacement	Y	\$ (229,267)

For each Project ID (work order) listed above, please provide the following information:

- A detailed description, scope, and objective of the work, including service area location and any other identifiers (budget mapping).
- Work Order justification and approval at the highest approval level available based on the nature of the work order.
- Estimated in-service date and actual in-service date.
- For non-blanket work orders, and blanket work orders where the specific blanket work orders can be specifically identified as part of the larger project or program, provide budget and total cost with any explanation of variances in excess of 10%.
- Supporting cost detail for each addition to plant (run of charges by FERC account and units). The detail should be by charge code (or charge code description) with amounts by year and month.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

Examples of charge code descriptions would include such information as payroll, contractor charges, overheads, other allocations, materials and supplies, transportation, and employee expenses.

- f. Supporting detail for retirements, cost of removal and salvage, if applicable, charged or credited to plant. Provide the description, units, amount and date recorded.

Notes:

- Please send a sample of the detail that will be provided to make sure it is what we need.
- If you have any questions, please contact Mark Dady or Ralph Smith directly at (734) 522-3420 or msdady@gmail.com and rsmithla@aol.com.
- In the interest of time and associated deadlines, please provide the data in batches as they are completed.

LA-DR-01-66.

Work Orders. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-035 and specifically, the LARKIN-DR-01-035 Attachment and the table below, which reflects 2015 CEP projects.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT

Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

FERC acct	Project ID number	Project Description	Rider	WO Completion Date (YYYYMM)	In-Service Date	Unitization Date (YYYYMM)	work type	Blanket Project?	Charges
380	MCRP10	Replace (non-AMRP) M-C Plastic 2 in	CEP	200912	2015	200812	Replacement	Y	\$ 7,129,967
376	P6306	Brent Spence Bridge Gas Main AM-01	CEP	201506	2015	201905	Replacement	N	\$ 5,319,534
380	CMRP10	Replace C-M Plastic 2 inch and Unde	CEP	201501	2015	200812	Replacement	Y	\$ 3,440,471
380	CMNEWP10	Greater than 2" C-M Plastic	CEP	201501	2015	201910	Replacement	Y	\$ 2,733,791
380	MCNEWP10	New M-C Plastic 2 inch and Under OH	CEP	201501	2015	201911	Replacement	Y	\$ 2,115,448
376	H1808	Hilton - Davis Line "A"	CEP	201510	2015	201907	Replacement	N	\$ 1,782,850
381	SETMETER	Set or Remove Meter Ohio	CEP	201504	2015	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 1,307,217
376	P7220	20" HP Main Relocate on MLK	CEP	201504	2015	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 774,531
381	INSREGREL	Install or Remove Regulator/Relief	CEP	201504	2015	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 628,022
376	Q2140	REPLACE F/L 'EE' SEGMENT # 1100, CA	CEP	201510	2015	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 605,753
376	G9887	HAM-27-14 15 Part 1 PID 92555	CEP	201407	2015	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 559,387
376	P6196	Monmouth Ave - Relocate Gas Pipe	CEP	201501	2015	201911	Replacement	N	\$ 408,272
376	P8043	Greenshire Ph 1 Subdivison MEA	CEP	201507	2015	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 221,512
378	K2103	Zimmer Bypass	CEP	201405	2015	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 141,711
378	H0035	Reg 220 Improvements	CEP	201412	2015	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 134,580
376	G9075	MOD 506 Addition	CEP	201409	2015	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 134,014
376	J9106	White St, Lick Run Sewer Separation	CEP	201409	2015	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 122,720
376	O4141	Dawson Rd	CEP	201501	2015	201803	Replacement	N	\$ 112,545
378	H1062	REG 253 Modifications	CEP	201501	2015	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 83,396
376	Q1124	Rumpke Main Extension	CEP	201507	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 82,939
376	G9687	MOD 677 Addition Non-AMRP	CEP	201411	2015	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 77,374
376	P8063	Spring St, Bethel, OH 2" main repla	CEP	201504	2015	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 70,506
376	Q8765	AERONCA STREET MAIN REPLACEMENT	CEP	201507	2015	201803	Replacement	N	\$ 67,739
376	P7730	West Tech Blvd MEA	CEP	201505	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 58,678
376	P3103	Elizabeth Dr, Batavia MEA	CEP	201410	2015	201803	additions	N	\$ 54,320
376	K5111	Liberty Towne Center	CEP	201505	2015	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 53,103
376	P7637	Aston Rd MEA	CEP	201504	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 51,234
380	4CMNEW10	Install New C-M 4"	CEP	201501	2015	201911	Replacement	Y	\$ 45,946
380	3CMNEW10	Install New C-M 3"	CEP	201501	2015	201611	additions	Y	\$ 43,944
376	H0632	Reg 404 - Inlet & Outlet	CEP	201502	2015	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 43,597
376	R2896	Compton Rd MEA	CEP	201510	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 38,160
376	P6145	Morse Ave at Brandywine Dr - Bridge	CEP	201412	2015	201804	Replacement	N	\$ 33,459
376	O0130	800 W 5th St MEA	CEP	201410	2015	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 32,505
376	Q3688	Stonehouse Ln	CEP	201511	2015	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 28,970
376	H1390	STA 812 Outlet Piping	CEP	201410	2015	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 28,900
376	R2897	Potomac Ct MEA	CEP	201510	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 27,954
376	R2282	Eastgate Brew and View Movie Theate	CEP	201509	2015	201804	Replacement	N	\$ 24,167
376	H1260	MOD 476 Addition	CEP	201412	2015	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 20,060
376	Q9760	JT 7575703 Parks of Whitewater	CEP	201509	2015	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 19,732
376	R0093	Hoskins Ln MEA	CEP	201510	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 19,498
376	R0069	JT 7611771 Birdhaven Subdivision	CEP	201510	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 19,304
376	P7636	Clermont Ln MEA	CEP	201504	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 12,628
376	P6757	T/L CG04 - Install Corrosion Monito	CEP	201411	2015	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 12,136
376	P6495	JT 6359913 Willows Bend Sect 3	CEP	201503	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 11,046
376	L2112	N Norwood SP to IP Conversion	CEP	201409	2015	201805	Replacement	N	\$ 10,410
376	H0869	JT emax 4347751 Falling Brook Ph 2	CEP	201401	2015	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 8,048
376	J7111	JT 5039426 Skr Run PH 5A	CEP	201503	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 5,535
376	P6848	JT 6089412 Parks of Whitewater	CEP	201504	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 5,367
376	M2103	W Kemper Rd Rehab #2013045-000	CEP	201408	2015	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (12,158)
376	R0730	Sycamore Plaza Main Replacement	CEP	201512	2015	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (24,587)

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Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

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LA-DR-01-67.

Work Orders. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-035 and specifically, the LARKIN-DR-01-035 Attachment and the table below, which reflects 2016 CEP projects.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT

Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

FERC acct	Project ID number	Project Description	Rider	WO Completion Date (YYYYMM)	In-Service Date	Unitization Date (YYYYMM)	work type	Blanket Project?	Charges
380	MCRP10	Replace (non-AMRP) M-C Plastic 2 in	CEP	200912	2016	200812	Replacement	Y	\$ 7,305,479
380	CMNEWP10	Greater than 2" C-M Plastic	CEP	201601	2016	201910	Replacement	Y	\$ 5,136,330
380	MCNEWP10	New M-C Plastic 2 inch and Under OH	CEP	201601	2016	201911	Replacement	Y	\$ 4,468,278
380	CMRP10	Replace C-M Plastic 2 inch and Unde	CEP	201601	2016	200812	Replacement	Y	\$ 3,938,622
380	MCSTRCAR	Main to Curb for Street Car Project	CEP	201405	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 3,717,309
303	SMARTPH1	Gas Smart Implementation Phase 1	CEP	201512	2016	201706	additions	N	\$ 1,745,024
376	I6117	MOD 680 Harrison	CEP	201512	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 1,723,940
381	SETMETER	Set or Remove Meter Ohio	CEP	201601	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 1,388,723
376	R2219	SR 52 CG75 Replacement	CEP	201610	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 1,244,604
376	O0129	Pippen Rd Imps, C R NO 90 Compton	CEP	201605	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 1,239,081
376	R8276	GO 10000389 Cargill Main Ext	CEP	201608	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 1,024,185
376	R0123	CLE-171-4 89 PID 82582	CEP	201603	2016	201907	Replacement	N	\$ 1,201,833
394	R2220	Stopple equipment for gas pipelines	CEP	201512	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 1,201,639
303	MAOPSFWR	Maximum Allowable Operating Pressur	CEP	201609	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 1,162,892
376	R9779	STI 8363343 Yankee Rd	CEP	201609	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 1,090,573
376	R3656	F/L XX00 Pressure Imp, Route 4	CEP	201606	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 1,027,811
376	R0134	CLE-CR3 AICHOLTZ RD CONNECTOR	CEP	201606	2016	201905	Replacement	N	\$ 1,014,891
376	P6168	Pippin Rd C R 90 Improvements	CEP	201610	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 947,406
376	R5265	STI 7632473 BUT-Oxford State Rd	CEP	201607	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 893,884
376	R9341	STI 6295113 Columbia & Western Row	CEP	201608	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 546,895
376	R0944	WP2 Pressure Test "V000"	CEP	201508	2016	201710	Replacement	N	\$ 488,157
380	MCAPI0	Replace AMRP M-C Plastic	CEP	201601	2016	201708	Replacement	Y	\$ 277,590
376	R2759	Sta 833 Outlet Piping	CEP	201512	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 152,586
376	R2189	Guerley Rd Main Relocation - MSD	CEP	42328	2016	201910	Replacement	N	\$ 124,097
376	R2675	STA 834 INLET PIPING	CEP	201511	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 87,612
376	R7262	GO 9879292.5658 Colonial Dr	CEP	42522	2016	201803	additions	N	\$ 79,442
376	R2677	STA 834 OUTLET PIPING	CEP	201511	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 78,664
381	CHGMTRLG	Change Large Meter Ohio	CEP	201601	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 73,363
380	CMNEWS10	2" or less Steel new C-M	CEP	201603	2016	not_unitized	additions	Y	\$ 57,514
376	S1460	GO 10048200 8665 Koszo Dr	CEP	201607	2016	201803	additions	N	\$ 54,883
376	H0838	MOD 650	CEP	201510	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 52,297
378	P9836	SYSTEM STA 831	CEP	201512	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 51,786
376	S9062	STI 10903009 Cooper & Malsbary Conn	CEP	201610	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 50,824
376	R0732	BUT-CULVERTS-FY2016, PID 88709	CEP	201601	2016	201803	Replacement	N	\$ 47,573
376	R3318	Station 831 Inlet Piping	CEP	201512	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 38,911
376	S9579	GO 10953504 Abington	CEP	201611	2016	201803	additions	N	\$ 38,154
376	S9915	GO 11380408 Creemer St	CEP	201611	2016	201804	additions	N	\$ 33,187
391	PCTAIT82G	INT82G - GeoSpatial Data store	CEP	201509	2016	201609	additions	N	\$ 32,708
391	PCTAIT82F	INT82F-EGIS Web Tool	CEP	201509	2016	201705	additions	N	\$ 30,723
376	R0775	SUMMIT ROAD LANDSLIDE STABILIZATION	CEP	201509	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 28,162
380	LMCNEWS10	Greater than 2" M-C Steel	CEP	201603	2016	not_unitized	additions	Y	\$ 27,659
376	R0622	JT 7971704 Terrace Ridge	CEP	201601	2016	201609	additions	N	\$ 23,600
376	R9336	STI 8082097 N East Street	CEP	201605	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 23,537
376	R3319	Station 831 Outlet Piping	CEP	201512	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 22,200
376	S9628	STI 11118448 High St Recon	CEP	201611	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 13,400
378	R1781	System Sta 832 - Outlet	CEP	201603	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 12,258
376	R7170	STI 9825792 Jackson Ave Impr	CEP	201603	2016	201910	Replacement	N	\$ 11,983
376	Q1852	CARSON RD REHABILITIAION PROJECT	CEP	201506	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 11,486
376	J7114	JT 5039499 Shaker Run PH 4E	CEP	201510	2016	201609	additions	N	\$ 8,186
378	I3104	Bracken Sta 759 Odorizer Pump	CEP	201407	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 7,361
376	R1478	JT 8127946 Gilmar Meadows	CEP	201511	2016	201609	additions	N	\$ 7,226
376	S9605	GO 11220811 1008 Paxton Guinea	CEP	201609	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 5,633
376	G9968	Reg 402 - Inlet & Outlet	CEP	201311	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 5,158
376	G9110	MOD 593	CEP	201312	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 5,068
380	MCNEWP10	New M-C Plastic 2 inch and Under OH	CEP	201610	2016	201911	Replacement	Y	\$ 5,063
376	H0262	MOD 471	CEP	201412	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 5,056
376	Q1132	Beechmont Kroger Expansion	CEP	201602	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (13,635)
303	SGMDMMMS	SG MDM Mass Market Project 2	CEP	201411	2016	201611	additions	N	\$ (14,785)
380	3CMNEW10	Install New C-M 3"	CEP	201601	2016	201611	additions	Y	\$ (27,819)
376	P7607	AMRP 2015 Small Segments Jan-Jul	CEP	201507	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (103,378)
380	CMSTRCAR	Curb to Meter for Streetcar Project	CEP	201405	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (2,978,606)

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- d. For non-blanket work orders, and blanket work orders where the specific blanket work orders can be specifically identified as part of the larger project or program, provide budget and total cost with any explanation of variances in excess of 10%.
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LA-DR-01-68.

Work Orders. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-035 and specifically, the LARKIN-DR-01-035 Attachment and the table below, which reflects 2017 CEP projects.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT

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375	T1666	EGOC New Eastern Gas Ops Center	CEP	201612	2017	201803	additions	N	\$ 16,844,341
376	R0984	WP27 Engineering for "D000b" replac	CEP	201712	2017	201911	Replacement	N	\$ 15,285,576
380	MCRP10	Replace (non-AMRP) M-C Plastic 2 in	CEP	200912	2017	200812	Replacement	Y	\$ 5,466,662
380	CMNEWP10	Greater than 2" C-M Plastic	CEP	201701	2017	201910	Replacement	Y	\$ 5,036,577
380	CMRP10	Replace C-M Plastic 2 inch and Unde	CEP	201701	2017	200812	Replacement	Y	\$ 3,603,972
380	MCNEWP10	New M-C Plastic 2 inch and Under OH	CEP	201701	2017	201911	Replacement	Y	\$ 3,559,282
303	PCTAIT85B	INT85B CTA MWMS Consolidation	CEP	201704	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 2,554,286
376	J9108	Harrison MOD 685	CEP	201712	2017	201909	Replacement	N	\$ 1,570,464
376	S8885	STI 7121405 City of Mason	CEP	201701	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 330,657
374	P6956	4612 Kellogg Ave Land Purchase	CEP	201610	2017	201804	additions	N	\$ 296,177
376	T1946	RPL 11687191 Orchard St Repl	CEP	201705	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 124,440
376	T1665	GO 11853643 3888 Stillwell Beckett	CEP	201704	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 117,905
376	T7852	RPL 20928269 Linton Rd	CEP	201711	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 109,331
376	S7175	PRI 10498937 Reilly Millville	CEP	201701	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 109,156
380	MCAP10	Replace AMRP M-C Plastic	CEP	201701	2017	201708	Replacement	Y	\$ 107,589
376	T0787	GO 11491240 Woodlawn Meadows	CEP	201703	2017	201803	additions	N	\$ 97,135
376	MX2014221	GAS_MAIN_EXT MAPLEWOOD DR	CEP	201711	2017	201905	additions	N	\$ 96,462
303	SG358SGGL	SG 358 - DEE MDM Scale - SGG Licens	CEP	201703	2017	201709	additions	N	\$ 92,243
376	S9801	STI 10798005 RED BNK EXPR MEDPACE	CEP	201702	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 89,486
376	T1217	STI 11397668 Westwood Northern CSO	CEP	201703	2017	201908	Replacement	N	\$ 78,381
376	T8739	GO 21038284 St Peters	CEP	201709	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 57,549
380	CMRS10	2" or less steel C-M Replace	CEP	201701	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 50,039
376	T0735	GO 10652365 223 Kemp Alley	CEP	201704	2017	201804	additions	N	\$ 49,903
376	T4318	GO 11822737 Amayllis Ridge	CEP	201707	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 46,922
376	P6138	But-Oxford State Rd	CEP	201607	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 46,911
376	T1895	GO 11608626 6416 Manchester Rd	CEP	201703	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 46,032
376	T4329	GO 5627256 7447 Gungadin Dr	CEP	201705	2017	201804	additions	N	\$ 42,057
376	T0238	GO 11326499 3402 Kleeman	CEP	201701	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 40,281
376	T1176	GO 11577487 Private Dr 50x STANLEY	CEP	201705	2017	201804	additions	N	\$ 38,084
376	T8260	GO 21145279 Bardean Dr	CEP	201708	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 35,222
378	S9495	STA 11091239 Reg 405 Inlet	CEP	201701	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 33,604
376	S9283	JT 10908562 Whitewater Trails S 1	CEP	201703	2017	201804	additions	N	\$ 33,179
376	T8463	GO 21022361 Beech Ave	CEP	201708	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 31,573
376	T2625	GO 20681592 High St Millville	CEP	201706	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 27,006
378	T0791	STA 11667783 Sta 853 Vista Verde	CEP	201701	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 26,921
376	T1875	GO 11726496 954 Phillips Rd	CEP	201703	2017	201904	additions	N	\$ 23,191
376	S9797	GO 11077690 CRESCENT ST MT ORAB	CEP	201612	2017	201904	additions	N	\$ 21,523
376	S9734	GO 10998163 Anthony Lane	CEP	201612	2017	201904	additions	N	\$ 21,309
376	T0737	GO 10719385 11142 Wood Ave	CEP	201701	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 20,425
376	T1877	GO 20381631 700 Reisling Knoll	CEP	201703	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 16,839
387	MCAP10	Replace AMRP M-C Plastic	CEP	201701	2017	201708	Replacement	Y	\$ 15,291
376	T6069	GO 20024030 6815 Station Rd	CEP	201704	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 11,553
380	LMCSP10	ASRP Greater than 2" M-C Replace	CEP	201704	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 11,456
376	G9541	MOD 656	CEP	201412	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 10,976
380	6MCR10	Replace M-C 6" - Ohio	CEP	201703	2017	200812	Replacement	Y	\$ (11,213)
376	P6168	Pippin Rd C R 90 Improvements	CEP	201610	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (19,045)
376	Q1852	CARSON RD REHABILITIAION PROJECT	CEP	201506	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (22,108)
376	P6306	Brent Spence Bridge Gas Main AM-01	CEP	201506	2017	201905	Replacement	N	\$ (26,491)
380	4CMNEW10	Install New C-M 4"	CEP	201701	2017	201911	Replacement	Y	\$ (51,167)

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Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
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LA-DR-01-69.

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Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT

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378	G8160	STA 120 Dicks Creek Reg Sta Replace	CEP	201809	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 12,487,188
380	MCNEWP10	New M-C Plastic 2 inch and Under OH	CEP	201801	2018	201911	Replacement	Y	\$ 8,838,841
397	SG000584G	SG DEO AMI BC - Tech Transition	CEP	201809	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 7,456,253
380	MCRP10	Replace (non-AMRP) M-C Plastic 2 in	CEP	200912	2018	200812	Replacement	Y	\$ 6,259,813
376	R0984	WP27 Engineering for "D000b" replac	CEP	201712	2018	201911	Replacement	N	\$ 4,817,171
376	S9548	Line A000b, Seg 5020 Replacement	CEP	201809	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 3,201,481
380	CMNEWP10	Greater than 2" C-M Plastic	CEP	201801	2018	201910	Replacement	Y	\$ 2,841,034
380	CMRP10	Replace C-M Plastic 2 inch and Unde	CEP	201801	2018	200812	Replacement	Y	\$ 2,708,104
381	SETMETER	Set or Remove Meter Ohio	CEP	201801	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 2,634,724
376	V0745	Line C338 & C340 ILI Scheduled Digs	CEP	201810	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 2,575,316
376	T0164	STI 11449800 Lick Run VCS	CEP	201809	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 2,258,810
376	MEAPTJT10	Joint Trench plastic main extension	CEP	201602	2018	201909	additions	Y	\$ 2,175,022
376	T0179	STI 11463877 Shepherd Lane	CEP	201711	2018	201910	Replacement	N	\$ 1,993,438
378	R1489	Dicks Creek SCADA	CEP	201811	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 1,905,809
376	T8067	STI 21251312 Mason-Montgomery Rd	CEP	201711	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 1,817,872
376	MX2570764	INSTALL REPLACEMENT PROJECT	CEP	201811	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 1,434,405
394	U1138	Purchase Gas Tools Blanket	CEP	201809	2018	201809	Replacement	Y	\$ 933,916
376	S9991	Struble Rd Extension (Montauk)	CEP	201707	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 772,408
376	T0069	RPL 8947472 East Works "E"	CEP	201710	2018	201908	Replacement	N	\$ 747,890
376	T8672	STI 9052925 Princeton Rd	CEP	201806	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 740,131
376	T1880	INT 11695818 Carlisle Normac Rep	CEP	201710	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 619,547
380	LMCNEWP10	Greater than 2" M-C Plastic	CEP	201801	2018	not_unitized	additions	Y	\$ 500,646
376	T1945	STI 10366150 Kugler Mill Rd	CEP	201705	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 387,667
376	S7064	STI 10222541 Clvrt PID87226	CEP	201708	2018	201912	Replacement	N	\$ 289,472
378	T8023	STA 41 Venice M&R Station	CEP	201806	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 275,477
378	T1653	STA 817 Salem & Sutton - Outlet	CEP	201805	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 247,995
376	T1127	STI 9225864 BUT-CR19-2 34, CIN-DAY	CEP	201805	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 237,094
381	CHGMTRSM	Change Small Meter Ohio	CEP	201801	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 170,063
376	MX2243582	MEA; 2160 FT PL-IP; CLOUGH PK; JARO	CEP	201806	2018	201901	additions	N	\$ 164,734
376	T7755	STI 7549754 Springbo	CEP	201707	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 124,033
376	MX2209811	4" PL-IP main extension to feed 3 n	CEP	201802	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 121,513
380	LCMSP10	ASRP Greater than 2" C-M Install	CEP	201803	2018	not_unitized	additions	Y	\$ 93,180
376	T1576	STI 7992077 HAM-CR 73-0 00	CEP	201708	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 89,557
376	MX1373361	Erkenbrecher Ave	CEP	201803	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 84,513
376	MX2130953	INSTALL GAS MAIN, 7301 DALEVIEW RD,	CEP	201801	2018	201901	additions	N	\$ 68,012
376	MX0740807	1115' 4" PLASTIC MEA - ROAD IMPROVE	CEP	201801	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 63,773
376	MX2488132	INSTALL GAS ONLY APPROACH MAIN - NE	CEP	201805	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 55,651
303	MOBS	Enable Mobility Software	CEP	201708	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 46,674
376	T8215	GO 21003182 Cross Creek	CEP	201709	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 45,701
376	T8085	GO 21085124 Candy Ln	CEP	201706	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 25,677
303	EXPDS	Enable Expert Designer Software	CEP	201708	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 23,200
376	MX8117481	MEA PROJECT; 7731 DONES AVE ; MADEI	CEP	201807	2018	201904	additions	N	\$ 22,822
380	LMCRS10	Greater than 2" M-C REPL Steel	CEP	201802	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 14,073
376	H1001	MOD 665	CEP	201411	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 13,764
380	CMSTRCAR	Curb to Meter for Streetcar Project	CEP	201405	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 11,849
376	MX7773849	INSTALL GAS ONLY APPROACH MAIN - NE	CEP	201810	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 11,580
376	T8655	GO 20668365 Socialville Foster Rd	CEP	201710	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 9,583
381	SG000584G	SG DEO AMI BC - Tech Transition	CEP	201810	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 7,478
376	MX2102443	INSTALL GAS ONLY APPROACH MAIN - NE	CEP	201712	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 6,867
376	R8520	RPL 9593802 Cinti Dayton Rd	CEP	201606	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 5,876
375	T1666	EGOC New Eastern Gas Ops Center	CEP	201612	2018	201803	additions	N	\$ (36,230)
376	H1389	STA 812 - Inlet Piping	CEP	201410	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (43,104)
376	T4677	STI 20989528 Pippin Rd	CEP	201705	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (46,585)
376	R9466	STI 8353391 Turtlecreek Twp	CEP	201609	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (50,263)
376	Q9755	Maple Ave F/L "L000"	CEP	201511	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (85,028)
380	S8740	STI 100004863 Quebec Rd Sewer Sep	CEP	201611	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (85,694)
376	S8740	STI 100004863 Quebec Rd Sewer Sep	CEP	201611	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (85,694)
376	T2811	GO 9023613 Winton Rd	CEP	201712	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (125,531)
380	MCSTRCAR	Main to Curb for Street Car Project	CEP	201405	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (135,282)
376	T2862	RPL 20880718 Westside Ave Repl	CEP	201705	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (156,291)
376	R9469	STI 10049085 Monroe Turtlecreek	CEP	201609	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (190,377)
376	Q9754	Maple Ave	CEP	201512	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (197,196)
376	R0979	WP21 "C314" Pressure Test Pig Launc	CEP	201610	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (503,290)
376	R9779	STI 8363343 Yankee Rd	CEP	201609	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (1,198,761)
376	P6306	Brent Spence Bridge Gas Main AM-01	CEP	201506	2018	201905	Replacement	N	\$ (5,510,964)

For each Project ID (work order) listed above, please provide the following information:

- a. A detailed description, scope, and objective of the work, including service area location and any other identifiers (budget mapping).

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- b. Work Order justification and approval at the highest approval level available based on the nature of the work order.
- c. Estimated in-service date and actual in-service date.
- d. For non-blanket work orders, and blanket work orders where the specific blanket work orders can be specifically identified as part of the larger project or program, provide budget and total cost with any explanation of variances in excess of 10%.
- e. Supporting cost detail for each addition to plant (run of charges by FERC account and units). The detail should be by charge code (or charge code description) with amounts by year and month. Examples of charge code descriptions would include such information as payroll, contractor charges, overheads, other allocations, materials and supplies, transportation, and employee expenses.
- f. Supporting detail for retirements, cost of removal and salvage, if applicable, charged or credited to plant. Provide the description, units, amount and date recorded.

Notes:

- Please send a sample of the detail that will be provided to make sure it is what we need. **Specifically, in order to ensure that the Company is providing what we need, please expedite compiling the detail for the first three Project ID's listed above (in bold) and provide by January 17, 2020.**
- If you have any questions, please contact Mark Dady or Ralph Smith directly at (734) 522-3420 or msdady@gmail.com and rsmithla@aol.com.
- In the interest of time and associated deadlines, please provide the data in batches as they are completed.

Set 7 - Submitted on January 15, 2020

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| LA-DR-01-70. | Work Orders. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-035 and specifically, the LARKIN-DR-01-035 Attachment. For each year 2012 (Apr-Dec) through 2018, please explain fully and in detail why many of the transactions listed by Project ID number listed are not unitized (per column G of the attachment). |
| LA-DR-01-71. | Work Orders. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-035 and specifically to the LARKIN-DR-01-035 Attachment. For each year 2013 through 2018, the attachment includes Project ID number |

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

MCRP10 which has the description "Replace (non-AMRP) M-C Plastic 2 in."

- a. For each year 2013 through 2018, the attachment includes Project ID number MCRP10 which has the description "Replace (non-AMRP) M-C Plastic 2 in." Please provide a detailed explanation of what this project relates to.
- b. How did the Company determine that Project ID number MCRP10 was not related to the AMRP and should be included in CEP expenditures? Explain fully.
- c. For 2014, the attachment includes Project ID number G9677 which has the description "MOD 518 Addition - Non-AMRP." Please provide a detailed explanation of what this project relates to, including how DEO determined that this project was non-AMRP.
- d. For 2015, the attachment includes Project ID number G9687 which has the description "MOD 677 Addition - Non-AMRP." Please provide a detailed explanation of what this project relates to, including how DEO determined that this project was non-AMRP.
- e. For 2016, the attachment includes Project ID numbers G9687 and G9790 which have the descriptions "MOD 485 Addition (Non-AMRP)" and "MOD 533 Addition Non-AMRP." Please provide a detailed explanation of what these projects relates to, including how DEO determined that these projects were non-AMRP.

LA-DR-01-72.

Work Orders. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-035, specifically the LARKIN-DR-01-035 Attachment and the table below.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT

Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

FERC acct	Project ID number	Project Description	Rider	WO Completion Date (YYYYMM)	In-Service Date	Unitization Date (YYYYMM)	work type	Blanket Project?	Charges
2013 Projects									
381	20062	METERS - PURCHASE NEW GAS METERS	CEP	201212	2013	200412	Replacement	Y	\$ 308,408.46
381	20062	METERS - PURCHASE NEW GAS METERS	CEP	201312	2013	200412	Replacement	Y	\$ 22,400.06
381	AMIMODCHG	AMI MODULE INSTALL/REMOVE	CEP	201303	2013	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 890.46
2014 Projects									
381	20062	METERS - PURCHASE NEW GAS METERS	CEP	201312	2014	200412	Replacement	Y	\$ 151,791.21
381	20062	METERS - PURCHASE NEW GAS METERS	CEP	201412	2014	200412	Replacement	Y	\$ 5,032.13
381	AMIMODCHG	AMI MODULE INSTALL/REMOVE	CEP	201401	2014	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 879.77
2015 Projects									
381	20062	METERS - PURCHASE NEW GAS METERS	CEP	201412	2015	200412	Replacement	Y	\$ 172,989.03
381	AMIMODCHG	AMI MODULE INSTALL/REMOVE	CEP	201504	2015	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 31.27
2016 Projects									
381	SETMETER	Set or Remove Meter Ohio	CEP	201601	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 1,388,723.09
380	MCAP10	Replace AMRP M-C Plastic	CEP	201601	2016	201708	Replacement	Y	\$ 277,589.94
376	R1488	AMRP 2015 Small Segments	CEP	201511	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ 257,321.63
381	CHGMTRSM	Change Small Meter Ohio	CEP	201601	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 243,820.16
380	CMAP10	Replace AMRP C-M Plastic	CEP	201601	2016	201910	Replacement	Y	\$ 232,515.98
381	CHGMTRLG	Change Large Meter Ohio	CEP	201601	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	\$ 73,363.15
380	CMAP10	Replace AMRP C-M Plastic	CEP	201610	2016	201910	Replacement	Y	\$ 65.60
380	MCAP10	Replace AMRP M-C Plastic	CEP	201610	2016	201708	Replacement	Y	\$ 19.78
387	MCAP10	Replace AMRP M-C Plastic	CEP	201610	2016	201708	Replacement	Y	\$ 15.12
376	P7607	AMRP 2015 Small Segments Jan-Jul	CEP	201507	2016	not_unitized	Replacement	N	\$ (103,377.99)
2017 Projects									
381	SETMETER	Set or Remove Meter Ohio	CEP	201701	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	2,573,139.31
381	CHGMTRSM	Change Small Meter Ohio	CEP	201701	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	193,803.64
381	CHGMTRLG	Change Large Meter Ohio	CEP	201701	2017	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	141,246.87
380	MCAP10	Replace AMRP M-C Plastic	CEP	201701	2017	201708	Replacement	Y	107,589.12
394	SGOGPGMTR	Smart Grid Ohio Gap Gas Meter	CEP	201501	2017	201512	additions	Y	90,161.20
380	CMAP10	Replace AMRP C-M Plastic	CEP	201705	2017	201910	Replacement	Y	29,873.10
387	MCAP10	Replace AMRP M-C Plastic	CEP	201701	2017	201708	Replacement	Y	15,291.31
380	MCAP10	Replace AMRP M-C Plastic	CEP	201708	2017	201708	Replacement	Y	14,851.59
2018 Projects									
381	SETMETER	Set or Remove Meter Ohio	CEP	201801	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	2,634,723.83
381	CHGMTRSM	Change Small Meter Ohio	CEP	201801	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	170,062.70
381	CHGMTRLG	Change Large Meter Ohio	CEP	201801	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	Y	144,539.25
380	CMSTRCAR	Curb to Meter for Streetcar Project	CEP	201405	2018	not_unitized	Replacement	N	11,849.45

As shown in the table above, for each year 2013 through 2018, the attachment includes projects which appear to relate to AMRP related expenditures and projects related to meters.

- a. For the projects listed above that relate to AMRP, why were they included in CEP expenditures and not the AMRP Rider? Explain fully.
- b. For the projects listed above that relate to meters, why were they included in CEP expenditures and not Rider AU? Explain fully.

LA-DR-01-73. Work Orders. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-035, specifically the LARKIN-DR-01-035 Attachment. For 2013, the attachment includes Project ID number 20064 which has the description "TO INCLUDE ALL LABOR MATERIALS AND" in the amounts of \$93,874 and \$46,937.

- a. Please provide a detailed explanation of what this project relates to, including how it was designated as CEP.

LA-DR-01-74. Work Orders. Refer to the Direct Testimony of Company witness Jay P. Brown and response to LARKIN-DR-01-035, specifically the LARKIN-DR-01-035 Attachment. On pages 3 and 4 of his testimony, Mr. Brown,

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

referencing the Commission's Order in Case No. 13-2417-GA-UNC, et al, states that the Company's CEP deferral includes the following components under R.C. 4929.111:

- Any infrastructure expansion, infrastructure improvement, or infrastructure replacement programs.
- Any program to install, upgrade, or replace information technology systems.
- Any program reasonably necessary to comply with any rules, regulations, or orders of the Commission or other governmental entity having jurisdiction.

For each year 2014, 2016, 2017 and 2018, the attachment to LARKIN-DR-01-035 includes Project ID number DUKEOHG (DUKOHG18 for 2018) which has the description "Fleet Off-Road Vehicles - Gas - OH" in the amounts of \$336,430, \$115,732, \$162,821, and \$4,695, respectively.

- a. Please provide a detailed explanation of what this project relates to, including how it was designated as CEP.
- b. Pursuant to part "a", under which component of R.C. 4929.111 does the Company believe this project relates to? Explain fully.

LA-DR-01-75. CEP Plant-in-Service. Refer to Exhibit J - Additional Schedules Supporting the Application and the response to LARKIN-DR-01-035 (specifically the LARKIN-DR-01-035 Attachment) and the table below.

Description	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Total	Reference
Total CEP In-Service Activity - Net Assets	\$ 17,677,711	\$ 22,792,911	\$ 37,470,981	\$ 49,913,859	\$ 79,568,151	\$ 90,051,676	\$ 297,475,290	Exhibit J - Sch. 4 - Monthly CEP Investments
Add Back Retirements	\$ 4,199,618	\$ 3,515,619	\$ 5,346,597	\$ 18,552,658	\$ 7,655,424	\$ 5,085,027	\$ 44,354,944	Exhibit J - Sch. 4 - Monthly CEP Investments
Total CEP In-Service Activity - Gross Assets	\$ 21,877,330	\$ 26,308,530	\$ 42,817,578	\$ 68,466,517	\$ 87,223,575	\$ 95,136,703	\$ 341,830,234	
2013-2018 Work Order Total for CEP	\$ 21,836,708	\$ 26,323,191	\$ 42,285,969	\$ 68,466,517	\$ 77,798,257	\$ 95,136,703	\$ 331,847,345	LARKIN-DR-01-035 Attachment
Difference	\$ 40,622	\$ (14,661)	\$ 531,609	\$ -	\$ 9,425,319	\$ (0)	\$ 9,982,889	

For each year 2013 through 2018, the Company's filing reflects total gross CEP plant in-service (after adding back retirements) by the amounts shown on lines 1-3 in the table above. However, comparing the CEP related projects in the work order detail that was provided in LARKIN-DR-01-035 results in the variances shown on line 5.

- a. Please explain and reconcile these discrepancies. Identify, quantify and explain each reconciling item.

LA-DR-01-76. Incentive Compensation. Refer to the electronic version of Exhibit J - Additional Schedules Supporting the Application and the response to LARKIN-DR-01-029.

- a. Referring to the LARKIN-DR-01-029 Attachment, for each year 2013 through 2018, are the amounts of incentive compensation (shown by the resource types listed) embedded in the CEP

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

investment detail that is reflected on the tab titled "WP4.1 - Assets by FERC"? If not, explain fully why not.

- b. If the answer to part "a" is "yes", for each year 2013 through 2018, please identify by the FERC accounts listed on the "WP4.1 - Assets by FERC" tab, where the amounts of incentive compensation are reflected in the Company's filing.

Set 8 - Submitted on January 20, 2020

LA-DR-01-77. Work Orders. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-061, project SG000584G SG DEO AMI BC - Tech Transition for \$7,456,253, funding project No. SG000584F with the following project description: "SG DEO AMI BC - Tech Transition - Gas. Communication nodes will be removed. OpenWay AMI meters will be installed."

- a. Why has the Company included this project in CEP costs?
- b. Identify and explain what equipment is being removed.
- c. For the equipment that is being removed, identify (1) the dates it was installed, (2) the cost by account, (3) the amount of recorded depreciation through the date of removal, and (4) the cost of removal.
- d. What was the anticipated useful life of the equipment that is being removed in this project?
- e. How does this project relate to Duke's deployment plans for the installation of an automated gas meter reading system?
- f. Were any of the costs of the equipment that is being replaced included by Duke in Rider AU? If so, how much? And which specific equipment and cost was included in Rider AU?

LA-DR-01-78. Work Orders. How does Duke distinguish between (1) costs that are includible in Rider AU, and (2) costs that it has included in the CEP? Explain fully and provide specific examples.

Set 9 - Submitted on January 21, 2020

LA-DR-01-79. AROs. Please confirm that no costs for Asset Retirement Obligations (AROs) are included in CEP investment.

- a. If this is not confirmed, identify the amounts and specific AROs for each year 2012 through 2018 that are included in CEP investment.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- b. Please breakout any 2012 ARO amounts identified in response to part "a" into (1) 1/1/2012 through 3/31/2012 and (2) 4/1/2012 through 12/31/2012.
- LA-DR-01-80. BU 75027 work orders. Please confirm that no costs identified to work orders designated as Business Unit 75027 (DEO Gas Special) are included in CEP investment.
 - a. If this is not confirmed, identify the amounts and specific costs from each work order with at Business Unit 75027 designation for each year 2012 through 2018 that are included in CEP investment.
 - b. Please breakout any 2012 amounts identified in response to part "a" into (1) 1/1/2012 through 3/31/2012 and (2) 4/1/2012 through 12/31/2012.
- LA-DR-01-81. BU 75080 work orders. Please confirm that no costs identified to work orders designated as Business Unit 75080 (DEO Common) are included in CEP investment.
 - a. If this is not confirmed, identify the amounts and specific costs from each work order with at Business Unit 75080 (Common) designation for each year 2013 through 2018 that are included in CEP investment.
 - b. Please breakout any 2012 amounts identified in response to part "a" into (1) 1/1/2012 through 3/31/2012 and (2) 4/1/2012 through 12/31/2012.
- LA-DR-01-82. AMRP versus CEP inclusion. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-001, Attachment H.
 - a. What criteria did DEO use to identify amounts in the AMRP for the period 3/1/2012 through 12/31/2012 and for each year 2013 through 2015?
 - b. For each year, 2016 through 2018, what work orders and costs have been included in the CEP that prior to 12/31/2015 would have been included in AMRP? Explain and identify the related work orders and costs.
 - c. What caused DEO to cease treating work orders and costs as belonging in the AMRP starting 1/1/2016?
 - d. Is there any difference in the carrying charges or return that is applied to amounts in the AMRP and the CEP for any of the years 2013 through 2015? If so, please indentify, quantify and explain the difference in carrying charge rates for each year for AMRP and CEP.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- LA-DR-01-83. Retirement Work in Progress (RWIP). Please confirm that no costs identified to work orders designated as Retirement Work in Progress are included in CEP investment.
- a. If this is not confirmed, identify the amounts and specific costs from each work order for RWIP for each year 2013 through 2018 that are included in CEP investment.
 - b. Please breakout any 2012 amounts identified in response to part "a" into (1) 1/1/2012 through 3/31/2012 and (2) 4/1/2012 through 12/31/2012.
- LA-DR-01-84. Rider AU versus CEP inclusion. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-001, Attachment H.
- a. What criteria did DEO use to identify amounts in the Rider AU for the period 3/1/2012 through 12/31/2012 and for each year 2013 through 2014?
 - b. For each year, 2015 through 2018, what work orders and costs have been included in the CEP that prior to 12/31/2014 would have been included in Rider AU? Explain and identify the related work orders and costs.
 - c. What caused DEO to cease treating work orders and costs as belonging in the Rider AU starting 1/1/2015?
 - d. Is there any difference in the carrying charges or return that is applied to amounts in the Rider AU and the CEP for any of the years 2013 through 2015? If so, please identify, quantify and explain the difference in carrying charge rates for each year for Rider AU and CEP.
- LA-DR-01-85. 2018 On-Top Retirement. Refer to the responses to LARKIN-DR-01-001, Attachment H and LARKIN-DR-01-040.
- a. Identify and provide the journal entry that resulted in the \$13,558,319?
 - b. Identify exactly what was retired that resulted in the \$13,558,319 On-Top entry.
 - c. Reconcile the \$13,558,319 shown in the response to LARKIN-DR-01-001, Attachment H, with the \$13,871,438 shown in the response to LARKIN-DR-01-040. Identify, quantify and explain each reconciling difference.
 - d. How much of the \$13,558,319 On-Top retirement was included in the \$90,051,676 CEP investment for 2018?

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- e. Was the \$13,558,319 On-Top entry reversed or modified subsequent to 12/31/2018? If not, explain fully why not. If so, identify and provide the reversing or modifying journal entries.
- f. Has the \$13,558,319 On-Top entry been reconciled into PowerPlan? If so, show in detail how and when that was done. If not, explain fully why not.

LA-DR-01-86. Refer to the Depreciation Reserve records that were provided in LARKIN-DR-01-002 and Exhibit I, WPB-3.3 from the Company's filing. Referring to WPB-3.3k, for Company Account 1030 in year 2015, there is the amount of \$11,664 under the column heading "Transfers/Reclassifications", but this amount is not reflected in the historical depreciation reserve records provided in LARKIN-DR-01-002. Please explain and reconcile this discrepancy and provide the support for the \$11,664 amount.

LA-DR-01-87. Capitalization Policy during 2012 through 2018. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-010, Capitalization Guidelines, which were provided for 2010, 2014, 2016, 2017 and 2018.

- a. Please identify and explain any significant changes in capitalization policy during the period 2012 through 2018.
- b. Please identify and explain any significant changes in capitalization policy during the period 2012 through 2018 that affected accounting for the Duke Energy Ohio Gas utility and/or CEP investment amounts in any year.

LA-DR-01-88. \$23,065,474 reconciling item in 2015. Refer to the responses to LARKIN-DR-01-001, Attachment H and the response to LARKIN-DR-01-024(b) concerning the \$23,065,474.

- a. Is any of the \$23,065,474 reconciling item for 2015 on LARKIN-DR-01-001, Attachment H included in the \$37,470,981 CEP for 2015? If so, how much and why?
- b. Is any of the \$23,065,474 allocated common plant? If so, how much? Also explain fully and show in detail how that common cost is allocated among DEO Gas and other entities or business units.
- c. The response to LARKIN-DR-01-024 indicates that the \$23,065,474 is a journal entry related to the retirement of smart grid meters. Provide a copy of the journal entry for the \$23,065,474 retirement.
- d. Identify how many smart meters were retired, the original cost of the retired smart meters, identify and explain when those smart

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

meters were purchased and installed (quantity and cost by year) and explain the reason for the retirement.

- e. What useful life and depreciation rate were being applied to the \$23,065,474 of smart meters prior to their retirement in 2015?
- f. Identify and provide the work orders and cost accounting detail for the \$23,065,474 of smart meters as they were originally placed into public utility service.
- g. Was any portion of the cost of the \$23,065,474 of smart meters that were retired in 2015 previously included in any rider, such as in Rider AU? If "yes" identify how much was included in each Rider and when (i.e., the time periods) it was included in each Rider.

LA-DR-01-89. For portions of DEO's Ohio service territory that include provision of both electric utility service and gas distribution service, is any cost related to the electric utility AMI or smart meter program or related investment in communications equipment being charged or allocated to DEO Gas utility operations in any year, 2012 through 2018.

- a. If "yes" identify the total costs in each year, by account, and by business unit, and show in detail how the allocation is made to the DEO Gas distribution utility.

LA-DR-01-90. Please provide Duke Energy Ohio's FERC Form 2s for the following years: 2013, 2014, 2016 and 2017.

Set 10 - Submitted on January 22, 2020

LA-DR-01-91. Meters. As of each year-end, 12/31/2012 through 12/31/2018, identify and provide the following information concerning Meters in the Company's Ohio gas distribution system:

- a. Number of gas meters by type.
- b. Cost of gas meters by type.
- c. Average unit cost of gas meters by type.
- d. Number of new gas meters installed by type during each year, 2013 through 2018.
- e. Number of gas meters retired by type during each year, 2013 through 2018.
- f. Number of gas meters replaced by type during each year, 2013 through 2018.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- g. Cost of gas meters purchased in each year (2013 through 2018) in total and by type of meter.
 - h. Number of gas meters purchased in each year (2013 through 2018) in total and by type of meter.
- LA-DR-01-92. Gas AMI business plan/business case. Does the Company have any business plan or business case relating to its Ohio gas distribution system AMI systems? If not, explain fully why not. If so, please identify and provide the original Ohio AMI business plan/business case as well as revisions made to it affecting the period 2013 through 2018.
- LA-DR-01-93. Gas AMI system.
 - a. Please provide a description of the AMI systems that the Company has installed for its Ohio gas distribution utility. Include a description of changes to that AMI equipment, including retirements and replacements that have occurred during each year in the period 2013 through 2018.
 - b. Is the same type of Gas AMI system that the Company installed for its Ohio gas distribution utility been installed at any other Duke Energy gas distribution utilities? If not, explain fully why not. If so, which ones?
- LA-DR-01-94. AMI communications equipment/AMI equipment other than meters. As of each year-end, 12/31/2012 through 12/31/2018, identify and provide the following information concerning Gas Advanced Meter Infrastructure communications equipment:
 - a. Description of Gas AMI communications equipment installed by type.
 - b. Cost of Gas AMI communications equipment installed by type.
 - c. Gas AMI equipment (other than meters) retired by type during each year, 2013 through 2018, and the reasons for the retirements.
 - d. Gas AMI equipment (other than meters) purchased in each year (2013 through 2018) in total and by type of equipment.
 - e. A description of warranty terms for Gas AMI communications equipment.
- LA-DR-01-95. Distribution system pipe. As of each year-end, 12/31/2012 through 12/31/2018, identify and provide the following information concerning the Company's Ohio gas distribution system pipe:
 - a. Quantity (approximate number of miles) of distribution system pipe by type and diameter classified as distribution mains.
 - b. Quantity (approximate number of miles) of distribution system pipe by type and diameter classified as distribution services.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- c. Total cost of distribution system mains.
 - d. Cost of distribution system mains by type of pipe.
 - e. Total cost of distribution system services.
 - f. Cost of distribution system services by type of pipe.
- LA-DR-01-96. Provide a copy of the Company's Distribution Integrity Management Plan (DIMP) for 2012 and each revision and DIMP plan re-write through 2018.
- LA-DR-01-97. For each year, 2012 through 2018, identify and explain how the Company has evaluated the risks associated with gas distribution system pipe and prioritized pipe replacement.
- LA-DR-01-98. Excavation damage and cost recovery.
- a. For each year 2013 through 2018, identify the dollar amount of recoveries from insurance for excavation damage. For each year also show those insurance recovery amounts by account.
 - b. For each year 2013 through 2018, identify the dollar amount of recoveries from third parties for excavation damage. For each year also show those insurance recovery amounts by account.
 - c. For each year 2013 through 2018, how much cost for repairing excavation damage has the Company included in its CEP costs for each year?
 - d. Are the amounts for each year that were identified in response to part c, net of recoveries from insurance and third parties? If not, explain fully why not. If so, identify and show in detail the amounts of excavation damage recoveries from insurance and third parties, by account, for each year. Also explain whether any why (or why not) those excavation damage recovery amounts for each year were netted against the excavation damage repair costs for the Company's CEP.
- LA-DR-01-99. Leak reports. Does the Company have any hazardous leak reports for its Ohio gas distribution system for years 2013 through 2018 which have not already been provided in the Company's response to LA-DR-48? If "yes" please identify and provide those hazardous leak reports.

Set 11 - Submitted on January 24, 2020

- LA-DR-01-100. Please provide Excel files for the Duke AMRP schedules filed since 2012.
- LA-DR-01-101. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-49. Please provide as-built documentation for Line D.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- LA-DR-01-102. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-49. Please provide as-built documentation for Line A000b.
- LA-DR-01-103. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-49. Please provide as-built documentation for the Dicks Creek Project.
- a. Were there any change orders issued with respect to the Dicks Creek project? If "yes" please identify and provide a copy of each change order.
- LA-DR-01-104. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-49. Please provide as-built documentation for the Mason Station Project.
- LA-DR-01-105. Enable project. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-49.
- a. Identify the original budgeted cost of the Enable project, and identify and provide the related contracts. If the contracts are voluminous, please highlight the price terms and the delivery dates and completion dates for each work component.
 - b. Identify and provide a complete copy of each change order for the Enable project.
 - c. What was the final cost of the Enable project? Provide the cost in total and broken out by component.
 - d. Please identify the persons who are most knowledgeable about the Enable project, including managing the project, the related change order requests, and causes of project cost increases and delays.
 - e. Were costs for the Enable project included in the budget amounts shown for any year in the response to LARKIN-DR-01-49? If not, explain fully why not. If so, identify the amounts included in the budgeted costs for each year.
 - f. How much Enable project costs were included in the actual amounts shown for each year in the response to LARKIN-DR-01-49?
- LA-DR-01-106. Central Corridor Project. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-49.
- a. Please confirm that there are no costs related to the Central Corridor project included in the CEP deferrals. If this cannot be confirmed, please identify by amount and account, all costs related to the Central Corridor project that are included in the CEP.
 - b. Please confirm that the Central Corridor project is for a new pipeline that has not yet been built or placed into service. If this cannot be confirmed, please explain and identify assets related to the Central Corridor project that were placed into service by December 31, 2018.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- c. Please identify the amounts of cost incurred related to the Central Corridor project and confirm that all such costs have been recorded in Construction Work in Progress through December 31, 2018 and through December 31, 2019 and that no related costs have been recorded in Plant in Service accounts through those dates. If this cannot be confirmed, please explain fully and identify the amounts recorded as Plant in Service through each of those dates.
 - d. Please provide the fact sheet for the Central Corridor project.
- LA-DR-01-107. Please explain the criteria that the Company uses to distinguish between distribution and transmission pipelines for purposes of federal PHMSA regulations and Transmission Integrity Management.
- LA-DR-01-108. Please provide site diagrams and addresses for the following facilities:
 - a. New Eastern Gas Ops Center building.
 - b. Mason Station project.
- LA-DR-01-109. RFP process for blanket work orders.
 - a. Identify and provide each RFP that was issued during years 2012 through 2018 for blanket work order projects.
 - b. Identify and provide the responses that were received to each RFP identified in response to part "a".
 - c. Identify and provide the Company's evaluation of the responses that were identified in the response to part "b".
 - d. Identify and provide the price terms for each vendor/contractor that was selected by the Company to perform work on blanket work orders during the period 2012 through 2018.
- LA-DR-01-110. RFP process for Major Projects.
 - a. Identify and provide each RFP that was issued during years 2012 through 2018 for Major Projects.
 - b. Identify and provided the responses that were received to each RFP identified in response to part "a".
 - c. Identify and provide the Company's evaluation of the responses that were identified in the response to part "b".
 - d. Identify and provide the price terms for each vendor/contractor that was selected by the Company to perform work on Major Projects during the period 2012 through 2018.
- LA-DR-01-111. Major Projects group.
 - a. Explain the staffing and responsibilities of the Major Projects group.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- b. Explain the criteria used for projects that are to be bid out, contracted by and supervised by the Major Projects group.
- LA-DR-01-112. Distribution Projects Specialists.
 - a. Explain the staffing and responsibilities of the Distribution Projects Specialists group.
 - b. Explain the criteria used for projects that are to be bid out, contracted by and supervised by the DPS group.
- LA-DR-01-113. Technical Field Operations (TFO).
 - a. Explain the staffing and responsibilities of the TFO group.
 - b. Explain the criteria used for projects that are to be bid out, contracted by and supervised by the TFO group.

Set 12 - Submitted on January 31, 2020

- LA-DR-01-114. Procedures used to identify excludable amounts of incentive compensation recorded in utility plant accounts. Please identify and provide the desktop procedure referred to by Jay Brown in the January 31, 2020 interviews that was used by the Company in the Annual Rider DCI Audit (Case No. 19-1287-EL-RDR) and in the Company's response to LA-DR-22 in the current Duke Energy Gas CEP audit for identifying capitalized amounts of incentive compensation that have been included in utility plant accounts under GAAP accounting but which should be excluded for Ohio utility ratemaking purposes.
- LA-DR-01-115. Enable project cost allocation details.
 - a. Please show in detail the calculations of the allocation of the Enable project cost among the various entities/business units, including Duke Energy Ohio - Gas utility operations, which was described during the January 31, 2020 interviews as being based on customer counts. Include related documentation showing the customer counts used for each entity/business unit and related allocation details.
 - b. Identify as of which date, the customer counts used in the customer count-based allocation, were taken (e.g., customer counts for each entity/business unit as of *January 2, 2017* - or whatever the date was - were used).
 - c. Was the allocation of Enable project cost impacted by Duke's acquisition of Piedmont Gas? If not, explain fully why not. If so, explain how and show in detail how the cost allocation was made or updated to incorporate Piedmont Gas customer counts.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- LA-DR-01-116. 2018 ROCR report.
- a. As discussed during the January 31, 2020 afternoon interview, provide the 2018 ROCR report showing the budgeted and actual capital spending for 2018, along with the variances and variance explanations.
 - b. Please identify where, within the 2018 ROCR report, the 2018 capital spending actual amount of approximately \$100 million and the related budgeted amount of \$112 million that were mentioned for Duke Energy Ohio or Duke Energy Ohio Gas are shown.
- LA-DR-01-117. Incentive compensation capitalized in Retirement Work in Progress (RWIP).
- a. In each year, 2013 through 2018, how much incentive compensation did Duke Energy Ohio Gas record in RWIP. Identify the amounts and explain and show in detail how they were calculated.
 - b. How much of the capitalized incentive compensation amounts for each year identified in part a relate to earnings-based incentives? Explain and show calculations.
 - c. Explain in detail whether RWIP, and the incentive compensation amounts capitalized into RWIP in each year, 2013 through 2018, had any impact on the CEP deferral amounts being requested by the Company.

Set 13 - Submitted on February 3, 2020

- LA-DR-01-118. Invoicing for excavation damage repair cost. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-48(3) Attachment.
- a. Explain and provide the guidance followed by the Company for recording amounts invoiced for reimbursement of excavation damage repair cost into each of the following accounts:
 - 1) account 107000
 - 2) account 416330
 - 3) account 894000
 - 4) account 874000
 - 5) account 879000
 - 6) account 887000
 - 7) account 495031

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- b. Please confirm that the Company's CEP application reflects only the excavation reimbursement damage invoicing and collections that were recorded in account 107.

- LA-DR-01-119. Amounts collected for excavation damage repair cost. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-48(3) Attachment. For 2018 there are payment amounts totaling \$237,810 (i.e., amounts collected for invoices to DEO contractors and third parties for excavation damage repair costs) that are not identified to an account. Explain and show in what account the payments comprising the \$237,810 were recorded. Specifically indicate how much of the \$237,810 was recorded in account 107 or should have been recorded in account 107.
- LA-DR-01-120. "Natural Forces" Leaks by Material and Cause. Refer to Larkin-DR-01-048(2) Attachment which shows 2013-2018 Leaks by Material and Cause and has a column entitled "Natural Forces." For 2016 through 2018 provide explanations of the "natural forces" related leaks including facility, material and other details (e.g., such as whether it was related to coupling failures, equipment failure, etc.) that is contained in the Company's investigations into each of the leaks that were attributable to "natural forces."
- LA-DR-01-121. DIMP - reports. Refer to Sections 9.2 and 9.3 of the DIMP (provided in response to LARKIN-DR-96). For years 2013 through 2018 please provide the following reports for Duke Energy Ohio Gas.
- a. Annual report to PHMSA.
 - b. Material Fittings Failures reports.
- LA-DR-01-122. Subject Matter Expert (SME) Meetings. Refer to Section 10 of the DIMP (provided in response to LARKIN-DR-96).
- Please provide the ICAM SME meeting documentation for 2013 through 2018 (to the extent it exists) related to the following:
- a. non-leak based threats meetings.
 - b. meetings under DIMP.
- LA-DR-01-123. Excavation Damages. Refer to the LARKIN-DR-48(2) Attachment. During the telephone interview with Jim Collins on February 3, 2020, it was stated that the three primary causes of leaks from excavation related damages included: (1) not using the 811 program, (2) using mechanized equipment when not necessary (i.e., 18-24 inch pipe), and (3) failure to protect pipe once it is exposed through the excavation process.
- Referring to the number of excavation damages listed on the LARKIN-DR-48(2) Attachment:
- a. For the period 2013 through September 2017 (i.e., when excavation damage investigations were conducted in house), please

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

provide any root-cause analysis reports that were prepared pursuant to the three primary causes listed above.

- b. For the period October 2017 through December 2018 (i.e., when excavation damage investigations were conducted by PRG), please provide any root-cause analysis reports that were prepared pursuant to the three primary causes listed above.

Set 14 - Submitted on February 4, 2020

- LA-DR-01-124. Payroll taxes and fringe benefits allocated costs that follow payroll dollars. Refer to the responses to LARKIN-DR-62 and LARKIN-DR-22.
- a. Referring to "Resource Type" 1825X, Payroll Tax Loader, from the response to LARKIN-DR-62, identify the payroll tax rates applicable for each year, 2013 through 2018, that were used, or which can be used to estimate the payroll taxes allocated to the Duke Energy Ohio Gas utility for cost allocations of payroll taxes to Duke Energy Ohio Gas that follow the payroll dollars allocation.
 - b. Referring to "Resource Type" 1835X, Fringes Benefits Loader, from the response to LARKIN-DR-62, identify the Fringe Benefit rates applicable for each year, 2013 through 2018, that were used, or which can be used to estimate the Fringe Benefit allocations to the Duke Energy Ohio Gas utility for cost allocations of Fringe Benefits to Duke Energy Ohio Gas that follow the payroll dollars allocation.
 - c. Referring to the response to LARKIN-DR-62, please confirm that overheads and indirect cost of the "Resource Type" 1825X, Payroll Tax Loader, for the years 2013 through 2018 are allocated to Duke Energy Ohio Gas based on payroll dollars (which include Labor [Resource Type 18000], Unproductive Labor [1800X] and Incentives [4840X, 4E002, 1E200 and 1E202]. Explain as needed if your response is more than a simple confirmation.
 - d. Referring to the response to LARKIN-DR-62, please confirm that overheads and indirect cost of the "Resource Type" 1835X, Fringes Benefits Loader, for the years 2013 through 2018 are allocated to Duke Energy Ohio Gas based on payroll dollars (which include Labor [Resource Type 18000], Unproductive Labor [1800X] and Incentives [4840X, 4E002, 1E200 and 1E202]. Explain as needed if your response is more than a simple confirmation.
 - e. Referring to the response to LARKIN-DR-62, please confirm that none of the costs of the Resource Types (1) 49500 Service

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

Company Overhead-Loader, (2) 78000 Affiliate Loader, or (3) 78000 Non-Labor Overhead Allocator for the years 2013 through 2018 are allocated to Duke Energy Ohio Gas based on payroll dollars for Incentives [resource types 4840X, 4E002, 1E200 and 1E202]. If this is not confirmed, identify the amounts of resource type costs for 49500 Service Company Overhead, 78000 Affiliate Loader, and 78000 Non-Labor Overhead Allocator that are allocated to Duke Energy Ohio Gas based on payroll dollars for Incentives [resource types 4840X, 4E002, 1E200 and 1E202], for each year, 2013 through 2018, and relate those cost allocations to the amounts for incentive compensation that were provided for each year in the response to LARKIN-DR-22.

Set 15 - Submitted on February 5, 2020

- LA-DR-01-125. 2012 Depreciation Offset. Refer to Exhibit J - Additional Schedules Supporting the Application at Schedule No. 11.
- a. Please explain fully and in detail the rationale for reflecting this rate base offset in the Company's filing.
 - b. For each year 2013 through 2018, please provide documentation (beyond the FERC Form 2's) which supports the amounts shown on lines 1-4 of Schedule 11.
- LA-DR-01-126. Amortization of Regulatory Asset. Refer to Exhibit J - Additional Schedules Supporting the Application at Schedule No. 1. As shown on line 22 of Schedule 1, the Company used the composite depreciation rate of 2.54% to calculate the amortization of the regulatory assets totaling \$44.982 million.
- a. Please confirm that the 2.54% composite depreciation rate is not used for any other calculations that are reflected on the schedules and/or workpapers in Exhibit J.
 - b. If part "a" is not confirmed, quantify and explain in detail any other calculations in the Exhibit J schedules and/or workpapers where the 2.54% composite depreciation rate was used.
 - c. Was the 2.54% composite depreciation rate in any other exhibits and/or schedules in the Company's SFR filing? If so, please indicate, by exhibit and schedule, where the 2.54% composite depreciation rate was used.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

Set 16 - Submitted on February 10, 2020

- LA-DR-01-127. Retirements. Refer to Exhibit J - Additional Schedules Supporting the Application at the tab titled "WP4.2 - Retirements by FERC."
- a. For each year 2013 through 2018, for each retirement listed on the referenced workpaper, was the accounting entry to credit plant-in-service and to debit accumulated depreciation?
 - b. If accumulated depreciation was not the debit entry for any of the retirements listed on WP4.2 - Retirements by FERC, identify what account(s) the debits were recorded in, and the related amounts. Explain fully.

Set 17 - Submitted on February 25, 2020

- LA-DR-01-128. Excavation damage. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-048.
- a. Identify and provide the contract with the third party.
 - b. Identify and provide the detail reports from the third party contractor for September 2017 through December 2018 of excavation damage.
 - c. Identify and provide the invoices for excavation damage cost recovery for September 2017 through December 2018.
 - d. Why did Duke Energy change to using a third party contractor for excavation damage tracking and invoicing?
- LA-DR-01-129. AMI. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-49(2) Supplemental, LARKIN-DR-01-093 and LARKIN-DR-01-094.
- a. Explain why the AMI technology on the gas meters was changed.
 - b. Identify the cost in total by year for the current communication nodes.
 - c. Identify the anticipated useful life when the communication nodes were installed.
 - d. Identify the cost in total and by year for the communication nodes that were removed.
 - e. Explain in detail what the removed communication nodes were replaced with and why they were replaced.
- LA-DR-01-130. AMI. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-94.
- a. Is the currently installed Duke Energy Ohio Gas AMI system compatible with wireless 5G technology?

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- b. What is the current estimated useful life of the Duke Energy Ohio Gas AMI system? Explain fully. If different by component, state the expected useful life by component. If different, by plant account, state the expected useful life by plant account for each plant account that is associated with the Duke Energy Ohio Gas AMI system.
- c. What components of the Duke Energy Ohio Gas AMI system are shared with the Duke Energy Ohio electric AMI system?
- d. How are the costs of each of the shared components (identified in response to part c) allocated between Duke Energy Ohio electric and gas? Explain fully and show applicable allocations in detail.
- e. Will components, such as communications systems, being used by the currently installed Duke Energy Ohio Gas AMI system need to be replaced to be compatible with wireless 5G technology? If not, explain fully why not. If so, identify when such replacements are expected to occur.

[BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]

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[END CONFIDENTIAL]

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- o. How much, and at what cost, of the equipment purchased for the original smart grid (SG) deployment for Duke Energy Ohio gas was in service as of each year-end, 12/31/2012 through 12/31/2018? Show amounts by account for each type of original SG deployment plant.
- p. How much of the equipment purchased for the original smart grid (SG) deployment for Duke Energy Ohio gas was retired and/or removed from service as of each year-end, 12/31/2012 through 12/31/2018? Explain and show the retirement entries, by year, related to such retirements of plant from the original smart grid deployment for Duke Energy Ohio.

LA-DR-01-131. Enable system. Refer to the supplemental response to LARKIN-DR-01-049 and the response to LARKIN-DR-01-52.

- a. What functions or modules of the Enable system are used by Duke Energy Ohio gas?
- b. Show in detail how the 5.43% allocation mentioned in the supplemental response to LARKIN-DR-01-49(3) was derived.
- c. What is the anticipated useful life of the Enable system and how was that determined?
- d. Is a ten year life being used for the Enable system, as indicated in the response to LARKIN-DR-01-52(d): "a depreciation rate of 10% for Miscellaneous Intangible Plant - Enable"? If not, what depreciation rate is being used for the Enable system?
- e. When was the Enable system first placed into service for Duke Energy Ohio Gas?

LA-DR-01-132. Depreciation for intangible plant. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-52(d). Please identify the amounts of Intangible Plant as of each year-end, 12/31/2012 through 12/31/2018 to which each of these depreciation rates is being applied:

- a. 10%
- a. 20%
- b. 33.33%
- c. other (explain)

LA-DR-01-133. Information Technology. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-53.

- a. For each year, 2013 through 2018 show the total amounts of Information Technology costs and show in detail how those costs were allocated to Duke Energy Ohio gas.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- b. Do the allocations to Duke Energy Ohio gas for any components of Information Technology costs vary from year to year? If not, explain fully why not. If so, explain why the allocation to Duke Energy Ohio gas for Information Technology cost has changed from year to year.

LA-DR-01-134. TCJA impact. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-53. Was the excess accumulated deferred income tax amount returned to Duke Energy Ohio gas customers? If not, explain fully why not. If so, how and when was it returned?

LA-DR-01-135. Gas meters. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-73.

- a. Why were gas analog meters being installed in 2013?
- b. How many gas analog meters were installed in 2013 and what was the total cost and per-meter cost?
- c. Were gas analog meters installed in any other years, 2014 through 2018?
- d. If the answer to part c is "yes" identify the number of gas analog meters that were installed in each year, 2014 through 2018 and identify the total cost and per-meter cost for each year.
- e. As of 12/31/2018 how many gas analog meters were in service for the Duke Energy Ohio gas utility?
- f. Identify the number of gas analog meters that were retired in each year, 2013 through 2018.
- g. Identify the original cost of the gas analog meters that were retired in each year, 2013 through 2018.
- h. For the gas analog meters that were retired in each year, 2013 through 2018, was the original cost credited to plant in service and debited to accumulated depreciation for those retirements? If not, explain fully why not, and identify the accounting in each year that was used for those retirements.
- i. For the gas analog meters that were retired in each year, 2013 through 2018, were any of those replaced with AMI meters? If not, explain fully why not. If so, identify the number of gas analog meters that were replaced with AMI meters in each year.

LA-DR-01-136. Incorrect filtering affecting CEP plant in service balances. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-75. What corrections in each year, 2013 through 2018, are necessary to correct for the activity that was incorrectly included in the CEP balances? Identify, quantify and explain the corrections for each year.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- LA-DR-01-137. Cloud computing cost capitalization. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-87.
- a. Identify the amounts of cost for Cloud Computing that were capitalized, by plant account, for each year 2016, 2017 and 2018.
 - b. Identify the amounts of capitalized Cloud Computing costs that are included in the CEP, by plant account, for each year.
 - c. What depreciation/amortization has been applied for the amounts of capitalized Cloud Computing costs in each year? Explain fully and show amounts for each year.
- LA-DR-01-138. \$23 million "Unretirement". Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-88.
- a. Did the \$23 million "Unretirement" have any impact on the Company's requested CEP costs in any year? If not, explain fully why not. If so, identify the impact on requested CEP costs in each year.
 - b. How many meters, and what type of meters, were accounted for in the \$23 million "unretirement"?
 - c. How many of the meters identified in response to part b were in-service as of 12/31/2018?
 - d. How many of the meters identified in response to part b had been retired or removed from service as of 12/31/2018?
- LA-DR-01-139. Meter types and quantities. Refer to the responses to LARKIN-DR-01-73 and LARKIN-DR-01-88.
- a. How does the Company distinguish between (1) gas analog meters, (2) "smart" meters, (3) Smart Grid meters, (4) AMI meters, (5) "normal" meters, and (6) any other types of meters on the Duke Energy Ohio gas utility system? Explain fully.
 - b. As of each calendar year-end, 12/31/2012 through 12/31/2018, identify the quantity, total cost and unit cost of each type of meter for the Duke Energy Ohio gas utility system.
- LA-DR-01-140. Excel-based risk model and GIS segmented risk model. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-97.
- a. Please provide the Excel-based risk model used in each year 2012 through 2018 to rank and prioritize projects.
 - b. Please provide the documentation from the GIS segmented risk model used in 2018 to scope the riskiest areas and prioritize pipeline replacement work.
- LA-DR-01-141. Mason Station Project. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-104.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- a. Has any cost for the Mason Station project been included in the Company's requested CEP costs?
- b. If the answer to part a is "yes" please identify the cost by year by plant account.

LA-DR-01-142. Transmission pipelines. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-104.

- a. Does Duke Energy Ohio have any pipe in its Ohio gas system that operates over 20% SMYS?
- b. If the answer to part a is "yes" please identify the approximate locations and cost of such pipe.
- c. Does Duke Energy Ohio have any pipe in its Ohio gas system that runs to a large volume customer's location?
- d. If the answer to part c is "yes" please identify the approximate locations and cost of such pipe.
- e. Please identify in what plant accounts the Company has recorded the costs identified in response to parts b and d, above.

LA-DR-01-143. Recovery of excavation damage cost. Refer to the responses to LARKIN-DR-01-118 and LARKIN-DR-01-119.

- a. Referring to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-119, how did the Company determine which amounts should be credited to account 107000 in years 2015 and 2016?
- b. Referring to the response to LARKIN -DR-01-119, how did the Company determine which amounts should be credited to account 0894000 in years 2013 through 2018?
- c. Referring to the response to LARKIN -DR-01-119, how did the Company determine which amounts should be credited to account 0887000 in years 2017 through 2018?

LA-DR-01-144. Leaks miscoded to "natural forces" and DIMP group meetings. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-120, which states in part that: "Based on this approach, the DIMP group has performed multiple meetings to provide clarity to field personnel of the proper definition of natural forces. The DIMP group believes that the majority of natural force leaks are miscoded and are more appropriately categorized as equipment failure."

- a. Are there minutes or notes of the DIMP group meetings?
- b. If the answer to part a is "yes" please identify and provide them for 2013 through 2018.
- c. Identify by job title and work location the members of the DIMP group.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- LA-DR-01-145. Depreciation offset. Refer to Exhibit J, Additional Schedules Supporting the Application at Schedule no. 11 and the response to LARKIN-DR-01-125. Referring to the FERC Form 2 information for each year:
- a. For each year 2013 through 2018, how much cost of removal/negative net salvage was charged/debited to the accumulated depreciation account(s)? Explain and show amounts for each year.
 - b. For each year 2013 through 2018, how much cost for plant retirements was credited to utility plant in service accounts and charged/debited to the accumulated depreciation account(s)? Explain and show amounts for each year.
 - c. For each year, 2013 through 2018, what amounts for depreciation accruals were credited to the accumulated depreciation account(s)? Explain and show amounts for each year.
 - d. For each year, 2013 through 2018 were any amounts for Retirement Work in Progress charged against the accumulated depreciation account(s)? If "yes" please explain and show amounts for each year.
- LA-DR-01-146. Dick's Creek Change Orders. Refer to the confidential attachment to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-103.

[BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[END CONFIDENTIAL]

Set 18 - Submitted on February 27, 2020

LA-DR-01-147. Property Taxes. Refer to Exhibit J - Additional Schedule Supporting the Application and the confidential response to STAFF-DR-05-001 from Case No. 17-2318-GA-RDR, which states:

[BEGIN CONFIDENTIAL]

[REDACTED]

[END CONFIDENTIAL]

- a. Did the discovery of the inaccurate asset balances noted in the passage above impact the deferred CEP plant balances, or the amounts of CEP-includable deferred property tax on Exhibit J, Schedule 7, including (1) the deferred property tax regulatory asset, and (2) the annualized property tax expense? If not, explain fully why not.
- b. If the answer to part a is "yes", for each year 2013 through 2018, please identify and quantify (by amount and account), the impacts that the Company's amended property tax filing (i.e., updated asset balances) had on the deferred CEP plant balances and the amounts of deferred property taxes that the Company included in the CEP.

Set 19 - Submitted on February 28, 2020

LA-DR-01-148. Incentive Compensation. Refer to the responses to LARKIN-DR-01-022(b) and LARKIN-DR-01-29. With regard to resource types 18400 - Incentives Allocated and 18401 - Incentives Allocated-Union, the

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

Company indicated that the portion related to DEO's stock price, dividends or financial goals is "30% related to earnings prior to 2018." (emphasis added)

- a. What percentage of resource type 18400 - Incentives Allocated related to DEO's stock price, dividends or financial goals during 2018?
- b. What percentage of resource type 18401 - Incentives Allocated-Union related to DEO's stock price, dividends or financial goals during 2018?
- c. Referring to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-29(c), please confirm that the Short-Term Incentive Plan (STIP) relates to resource types 18400 - Incentives Allocated and 18401 - Incentives Allocated - Union. If not confirmed, please describe the incentive compensation plan(s) to which resource types 18400 and 18401 relate.

LA-DR-01-149. Incentive Compensation. Refer to the supplemental response to LARKIN-DR-01-22 and Exhibit J - Additional Schedules Supporting the Application, Schedule No. 1.

- a. Referring to the supplemental attachment to LARKIN-DR-01-22, as it relates to the gross plant incentives which cumulatively totals \$574,626 (for the period 2013-2018), please identify by line item where this amount should be reflected on Schedule No. 1 from the Company's filing?
- b. Referring to the supplemental attachment to LARKIN-DR-01-22, as it relates to the payroll tax impact which cumulatively totals \$41,521 (for the period 2013-2018), please identify by line item where this amount should be reflected on Schedule No. 1 from the Company's filing.
- c. Referring to the supplemental attachment to LARKIN-DR-01-22, as it relates to the fringe benefit impact which cumulatively totals \$181,870 (for the period 2013-2018) please identify by line item where this amount should be reflected on Schedule No. 1 from the Company's filing.
- d. Based on the information shown on the supplemental attachment to LARKIN-DR-01-22, please identify and quantify any other amounts that relate to incentive compensation that should be reflected on Schedule No. 1 from the Company's filing. Show detailed calculations.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

Set 20 - Submitted on March 6, 2020

LA-DR-01-150. Cloud Computing. Refer to the responses to LARKIN-DR-01-87 and LARKIN-DR-01-137.

- a. Were any amounts capitalized for Cloud Computing for affiliates of Duke Energy Ohio - Gas in 2016, 2017 or 2018?
- b. If the answer to part a is "yes", were any of those amounts charged or allocated to Duke Energy Ohio - Gas?
- c. If the answer to part b is "yes", please identify the amounts that were charged or allocated to Duke Energy Ohio - Gas for each year 2016, 2017 and 2018, in total and by account.

LA-DR-01-151. Work Order Detail. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-64 and the table below, which reflects 2013 CEP projects selected for sampling from the referenced response and that are designated as "Additions" under the work type column.

FERC acct	Project ID number	Project Description	Rider	WO Completion Date (YYYYMM)	In-Service Date	Unitization Date (YYYYMM)	work type	Blanket Project?	Charges
380	3MCNEW10	Install New M-C 3"	CEP	201301	2013	201611	additions	Y	\$ 162,593
376	G8149	STA 820 Inlet Piping	CEP	201305	2013	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 33,944
376	G8034	GM emax 2941138 262 Main W	CEP	201305	2013	201609	additions	N	\$ 33,881
380	3CMNEW10	Install New C-M 3"	CEP	201301	2013	201611	additions	Y	\$ 31,352
376	G8152	STA 821 Inlet Piping	CEP	201308	2013	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 30,684
376	G8150	STA 820 Outlet Piping	CEP	201305	2013	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 22,614
376	H0664	Liberty-Fairfield Rd Main Extension	CEP	201310	2013	201609	additions	N	\$ 11,540
380	6MCNEW10	Install New M-C 6"	CEP	201301	2013	201611	additions	Y	\$ 11,324
376	G9997	MEA 6020 Kyles Station	CEP	201309	2013	201406	additions	N	\$ 9,280
376	G9489	1 Letitia Amelia OH MEA	CEP	201304	2013	201609	additions	N	\$ 8,443
376	H0512	Install Main on Red Oak Ct	CEP	201309	2013	201609	additions	N	\$ 7,789
376	H0617	6480 Hayes Rd Main Extension	CEP	201310	2013	201609	additions	N	\$ 7,469
376	G9078	JT emax 3692484 Villages of Daybrk	CEP	201303	2013	201609	additions	N	\$ 6,420
376	G9945	JT 4025980 Carriage Hill Sec 6C	CEP	201311	2013	201609	additions	N	\$ 6,354

- a. Are any of the CEP projects listed above related to the Company adding new customers? If not, explain fully why not.
- b. If the answer to part a is "yes", for each CEP project, please specify the number of new customers that are being served as a result of the addition of each such CEP project.
- c. Are any of the projects listed above related to the Company expanding its gas operations? If not, explain fully why not
- d. If the answer to part c is "yes", for each CEP project, please explain fully and in detail the reason(s) for expanding the Company's gas operations by adding each such project.
- e. Are the CEP projects listed in the table above revenue generating? If so, explain fully.

LA-DR-01-152. Work Order Detail. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-65 and the table below, which reflects 2014 CEP projects selected for sampling from

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

the referenced response and that are designated as "Additions" under the work type column.

FERC acct	Project ID number	Project Description	Rider	WO Completion Date (YYYYMM)	In-Service Date	Unitization Date (YYYYMM)	work type	Blanket Project?	Charges
380	6MCNEW10	Install New M-C 6"	CEP	201403	2014	201611	additions	Y	\$ 70,106
376	H0949	JT emax 4298153 Carriage Hill Sec 7	CEP	201406	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 57,826
376	G9250	eMax 3550087 10100 Progress Way	CEP	201303	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 54,450
376	H1564	JT 4341043 Oakley Commercial	CEP	201412	2014	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 51,647
380	3CMNEW10	Install New C-M 3"	CEP	201401	2014	201611	additions	Y	\$ 45,815
376	H0424	Al Neyer LLC Install 6" PL	CEP	201403	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 41,684
380	H1416	501 Race C-M	CEP	201312	2014	201804	additions	N	\$ 30,527
376	O7105	Given Rd, Indian Hill MEA	CEP	201411	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 27,527
376	G6985	EMAX 3020988 Shaker Run 4B	CEP	201408	2014	201502	additions	N	\$ 16,958
376	H1510	Ludlow Place Main Extension	CEP	201404	2014	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 16,805
376	P6520	Newtown Rd MEA	CEP	201411	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 15,010
376	H0948	JT emax 4298153 Carriage Hill Sec 5	CEP	201404	2014	201410	additions	N	\$ 14,549
376	H4113	JT 4767393 Sycamore Place Subd	CEP	201405	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 12,838
376	H1006	GM 4519899 Parks of Whitewater 2A	CEP	201403	2014	201501	additions	N	\$ 12,195
376	P6302	Lynn St MEA	CEP	201411	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 11,927
376	M2114	JT 4857601 Windsor Estates Sec 3	CEP	201412	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 11,436
376	H0693	JT emax 4420066 White Pillars Sec 3	CEP	201404	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 11,212
376	H1123	Hunt Rd Main Extension	CEP	201404	2014	201412	additions	N	\$ 11,195
376	G9371	JT emax 3814873 East Fork Crossing	CEP	201312	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 10,524
376	H0231	JT emax 4095788 Forest Glen Ph 2	CEP	201401	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 10,393
376	H0519	JT emax 4323503 Woodbury Glen Subd	CEP	201402	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 8,255
376	H1394	JT 4620265 TRAILS OF SHAKER RUN ph4	CEP	201405	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 7,991
376	H0226	JT emax 4172881 Knolls of Liberty	CEP	201402	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 7,182
376	P6304	Glen Willow Ln MEA	CEP	201409	2014	201609	additions	N	\$ 6,893
380	6CMNEW10	Install New C-M 6"	CEP	201404	2014	not_unitized	additions	Y	\$ (13,088)

- a. Are any of the CEP projects listed above related to the Company adding new customers? If not, explain fully why not.
- b. If the answer to part a is "yes", for each CEP project, please specify the number of new customers that are being served as a result of the addition of each such CEP project.
- c. Are any of the projects listed above related to the Company expanding its gas operations? If not, explain fully why not
- d. If the answer to part c is "yes", for each CEP project, please explain fully and in detail the reason(s) for expanding the Company's gas operations by adding each such project.
- e. Are the CEP projects listed in the table above revenue generating? If so, explain fully.

LA-DR-01-153.

Work Order Detail. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-66 and the table below, which reflects 2015 CEP projects selected for sampling from the referenced response and that are designated as "Additions" under the work type column.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

FERC acct	Project ID number	Project Description	Rider	WO Completion Date (YYYYMM)	In-Service Date	Unitization Date (YYYYMM)	work type	Blanket Project?	Charges
376	P8043	Greenshire Ph 1 Subdivison MEA	CEP	201507	2015	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 221,512
376	G9075	MOD 506 Addition	CEP	201409	2015	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 134,014
376	Q1124	Rumpke Main Extension	CEP	201507	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 82,939
376	P7730	West Tech Blvd MEA	CEP	201505	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 58,678
376	P3103	Elizabeth Dr, Batavia MEA	CEP	201410	2015	201803	additions	N	\$ 54,320
376	K5111	Liberty Towne Center	CEP	201505	2015	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 53,103
376	P7637	Aston Rd MEA	CEP	201504	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 51,234
380	3CMNEW10	Install New C-M 3"	CEP	201501	2015	201611	additions	Y	\$ 43,944
376	H0632	Reg 404 - Inlet & Outlet	CEP	201502	2015	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 43,597
376	R2896	Compton Rd MEA	CEP	201510	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 38,160
376	O0130	800 W 5th St MEA	CEP	201410	2015	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 32,505
376	R2897	Potomac Ct MEA	CEP	201510	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 27,954
376	Q9760	JT 7575703 Parks of Whitewater	CEP	201509	2015	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 19,732
376	R0093	Hoskins Ln MEA	CEP	201510	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 19,498
376	R0069	JT 7611771 Birdhaven Subdivision	CEP	201510	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 19,304
376	P7636	Clermont Ln MEA	CEP	201504	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 12,628
376	P6757	T/L CG04 - Install Corrosion Monito	CEP	201411	2015	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 12,136
376	P6495	JT 6359913 Willows Bend Sect 3	CEP	201503	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 11,046
376	H0869	JT emax 4347751 Falling Brook Ph 2	CEP	201401	2015	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 8,048
376	J7111	JT 5039426 Skr Run PH 5A	CEP	201503	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 5,535
376	P6848	JT 6089412 Parks of Whitewater	CEP	201504	2015	201609	additions	N	\$ 5,367

- a. Are any of the CEP projects listed above related to the Company adding new customers? If not, explain fully why not.
- b. If the answer to part a is "yes", for each CEP project, please specify the number of new customers that are being served as a result of the addition of each such CEP project.
- c. Are any of the projects listed above related to the Company expanding its gas operations? If not, explain fully why not
- d. If the answer to part c is "yes", for each CEP project, please explain fully and in detail the reason(s) for expanding the Company's gas operations by adding each such project.
- e. Are the CEP projects listed in the table above revenue generating? If so, explain fully.

LA-DR-01-154. Work Order Detail. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-67 and the table below, which reflects 2016 CEP projects selected for sampling from the referenced response and that are designated as "Additions" under the work type column.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

FERC acct	Project ID number	Project Description	Rider	WO Completion Date (YYYYMM)	In-Service Date	Unitization Date (YYYYMM)	work type	Blanket Project?	Charges
376	R8276	GO 10000389 Cargill Main Ext	CEP	201608	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 1,224,185
376	R2759	Sta 833 Outlet Piping	CEP	201512	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 152,586
376	R2675	STA 834 INLET PIPING	CEP	201511	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 87,612
376	R7262	GO 9879292 5658 Colonial Dr	CEP	42522	2016	201803	additions	N	\$ 79,442
376	R2677	STA 834 OUTLET PIPING	CEP	201511	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 78,664
380	CMNEWS10	2" or less Steel new C-M	CEP	201603	2016	not_unitized	additions	Y	\$ 57,514
376	S1460	GO 10048200 8665 Koszo Dr	CEP	201607	2016	201803	additions	N	\$ 54,883
376	R3318	Station 831 Inlet Piping	CEP	201512	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 38,911
376	S9579	GO 10953504 Abington	CEP	201611	2016	201803	additions	N	\$ 38,154
376	S9915	GO 11380408 Creemer St	CEP	201611	2016	201804	additions	N	\$ 33,187
380	LMCNEWS10	Greater than 2" M-C Steel	CEP	201603	2016	not_unitized	additions	Y	\$ 27,659
376	R0622	JT 7971704 Terrace Ridge	CEP	201601	2016	201609	additions	N	\$ 23,600
376	R3319	Station 831 Outlet Piping	CEP	201512	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 22,200
376	J7114	JT 5039499 Shaker Run PH 4E	CEP	201510	2016	201609	additions	N	\$ 8,186
376	R1478	JT 8127946 Gilmar Meadows	CEP	201511	2016	201609	additions	N	\$ 7,226
376	S9605	GO 11220811 1008 Paxton Guinea	CEP	201609	2016	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 5,633
380	3CMNEW10	Install New C-M 3"	CEP	201601	2016	201611	additions	Y	\$ (27,819)

- a. Are any of the CEP projects listed above related to the Company adding new customers? If not, explain fully why not.
- b. If the answer to part a is "yes", for each CEP project, please specify the number of new customers that are being served as a result of the addition of each such CEP project.
- c. Are any of the projects listed above related to the Company expanding its gas operations? If not, explain fully why not
- d. If the answer to part c is "yes", for each CEP project, please explain fully and in detail the reason(s) for expanding the Company's gas operations by adding each such project.
- e. Are the CEP projects listed in the table above revenue generating? If so, explain fully.

LA-DR-01-155. Work Order Detail. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-68 and the table below, which reflects 2017 CEP projects selected for sampling from the referenced response and that are designated as "Additions" under the work type column.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

FERC acct	Project ID number	Project Description	Rider	WO Completion Date (YYYYMM)	In-Service Date	Unitization Date (YYYYMM)	work type	Blanket Project?	Charges
376	T1665	GO 11853643 3888 Stillwell Beckett	CEP	201704	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 117,905
376	S7175	PRI 10498937 Reilly Millville	CEP	201701	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 109,156
376	T0787	GO 11491240 Woodlawn Meadows	CEP	201703	2017	201803	additions	N	\$ 97,135
376	MX2014221	GAS_MAIN_EXT MAPLEWOOD DR	CEP	201711	2017	201905	additions	N	\$ 96,462
376	T8739	GO 21038284 St Peters	CEP	201709	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 57,549
376	T0735	GO 10652365 223 Kemp Alley	CEP	201704	2017	201804	additions	N	\$ 49,903
376	T4318	GO 11822737 Amaryliss Ridge	CEP	201707	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 46,922
376	T1895	GO 11608626 6416 Manchester Rd	CEP	201703	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 46,032
376	T4329	GO 5627256 7447 Gungadin Dr	CEP	201705	2017	201804	additions	N	\$ 42,057
376	T0238	GO 11326499 3402 Kleeman	CEP	201701	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 40,281
376	T1176	GO 11577487 Private Dr 50x STANLEY	CEP	201705	2017	201804	additions	N	\$ 38,084
376	T8260	GO 21145279 Bardean Dr	CEP	201708	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 35,222
376	S9283	JT 10908562 Whitewater Trails S 1	CEP	201703	2017	201804	additions	N	\$ 33,179
376	T8463	GO 21022361 Beech Ave	CEP	201708	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 31,573
376	T2625	GO 20681592 High St Millville	CEP	201706	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 27,006
376	T1875	GO 11726496 954 Phillips Rd	CEP	201703	2017	201904	additions	N	\$ 23,191
376	S9797	GO 11077690 CRESCENT ST MT ORAB	CEP	201612	2017	201904	additions	N	\$ 21,523
376	S9734	GO 10998163 Anthony Lane	CEP	201612	2017	201904	additions	N	\$ 21,309
376	T0737	GO 10719385 11142 Wood Ave	CEP	201701	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 20,425
376	T1877	GO 20381631 700 Reisling Knoll	CEP	201703	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 16,839
376	T6069	GO 20024030 6815 Station Rd	CEP	201704	2017	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 11,553

- a. Are any of the CEP projects listed above related to the Company adding new customers? If not, explain fully why not.
- b. If the answer to part a is "yes", for each CEP project, please specify the number of new customers that are being served as a result of the addition of each such CEP project.
- c. Are any of the projects listed above related to the Company expanding its gas operations? If not, explain fully why not
- d. If the answer to part c is "yes", for each CEP project, please explain fully and in detail the reason(s) for expanding the Company's gas operations by adding each such project.
- e. Are the CEP projects listed in the table above revenue generating? If so, explain fully.

LA-DR-01-156. Work Order Detail. Refer to the response to LARKIN-DR-01-69 and the table below, which reflects 2018 CEP projects selected for sampling from the referenced response and that are designated as "Additions" under the work type column.

FERC acct	Project ID number	Project Description	Rider	WO Completion Date (YYYYMM)	In-Service Date	Unitization Date (YYYYMM)	work type	Blanket Project?	Charges
376	MEAPJT10	Joint Trench plastic main extension	CEP	201602	2018	201909	additions	Y	\$ 2,175,022
376	S9991	Struble Rd Extension (Montauk)	CEP	201707	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 772,408
380	LMCNEWP10	Greater than 2" M-C Plastic	CEP	201801	2018	not_unitized	additions	Y	\$ 500,646
376	MX2243582	MEA; 2160 FT PL-IP; CLOUGH PK; JARO	CEP	201806	2018	201901	additions	N	\$ 164,734
376	MX2209811	4" PL-IP main extension to feed 3 n	CEP	201802	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 121,513
380	LCMSP10	ASRP Greater than 2" C-M Install	CEP	201803	2018	not_unitized	additions	Y	\$ 93,180
376	MX2130953	INSTALL GAS MAIN, 7301 DALEVIEW RD,	CEP	201801	2018	201901	additions	N	\$ 68,012
376	MX0740807	1115' 4" PLASTIC MEA - ROAD IMPROVE	CEP	201801	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 63,773
376	MX2488132	INSTALL GAS ONLY APPROACH MAIN - NE	CEP	201805	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 55,651
376	T8215	GO 21003182 Cross Creek	CEP	201709	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 45,701
376	T8085	GO 21085124 Candy Ln	CEP	201706	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 25,677
376	MX8117481	MEA PROJECT; 7731 DONES AVE ; MADEI	CEP	201807	2018	201904	additions	N	\$ 22,822
376	MX7773849	INSTALL GAS ONLY APPROACH MAIN - NE	CEP	201810	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 11,580
376	T8655	GO 20668365 Socialville Foster Rd	CEP	201710	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 9,583
376	MX2102443	INSTALL GAS ONLY APPROACH MAIN - NE	CEP	201712	2018	not_unitized	additions	N	\$ 6,867

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- a. Are any of the CEP projects listed above related to the Company adding new customers? If not, explain fully why not.
- b. If the answer to part a is "yes", for each CEP project, please specify the number of new customers that are being served as a result of the addition of each such CEP project.
- c. Are any of the projects listed above related to the Company expanding its gas operations? If not, explain fully why not
- d. If the answer to part c is "yes", for each CEP project, please explain fully and in detail the reason(s) for expanding the Company's gas operations by adding each such project.
- e. Are the CEP projects listed in the table above revenue generating? If so, explain fully.

Set 21 - Submitted on March 11, 2020

LA-DR-01-157. Enable system cost charged to Duke Energy Ohio Gas utility.

- a. Please confirm that the Cost Allocation Manual (CAM) based allocation factors for Duke Energy Ohio Gas (Business Unit 75026) for each year are as follows and provide the related pages from each year's CAM:
 - 1) 2014 CAM: 5.43%
 - 2) 2015 CAM: 5.41%
 - 3) 2016 CAM: 5.34%
 - 4) 2017 CAM: 5.30%
- b. Please identify the Enable system cost for each year, 2014 through 2018.
- c. Please show in detail how the Enable system cost for each year, 2014 through 2018, were allocated to DEO Gas.
- d. Please show in detail how the Enable system cost for each year, 2014 through 2018, would have been allocated to DEO Gas in each year if the CAM allocation percent used had been updated for each year.
- e. Please identify how much Enable system cost is being requested in the CEP for each year, 2013 through 2018.
- f. Please identify how much Enable system cost would be included in the CEP for each year, 2013 through 2018, if the CAM percentage

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

allocation to DEO Gas was updated each year. Include supporting calculations.

- g. Please identify the Enable projects/applications and the related cost for each year, 2014 through 2018, that were determined to benefit the six Duke electric distribution utilities and two gas distribution utilities.
- h. Was the 2014 CAM-based allocation to Duke Energy Ohio Gas of 5.43% used in each year for the costs for the Enable projects/applications identified in response to part g? If not, what allocation percentage was used for each project/application.
- i. Please identify the Enable projects/applications and the related cost for each year, 2014 through 2018, that were determined to benefit the wider range of Duke business units including five electric transmission, seven electric distribution utilities and two gas distribution utilities.
- j. Please identify the CAM allocation percentage for each year for the electric transmission business units for the 2014 through 2018 CAMs.
- k. Please show in detail how the cost of the Enable projects/applications for each year, 2014 through 2018, that were determined to benefit the wider range of Duke business units (including electric transmission, electric distribution utilities and gas distribution utilities, etc.) were allocated to Duke Energy Ohio Gas. Include supporting calculations.
- l. Please show in detail how the cost of the Enable projects/applications for each year, 2014 through 2018, that were determined to benefit the wider range of Duke business units (including electric transmission, electric distribution utilities and gas distribution utilities, etc.) would have been allocated to Duke Energy Ohio Gas in each year if the transmission allocation was updated each year per the annual CAM updates and the Duke Energy Ohio Gas CAM-based allocation was updated each year per the annual CAM updates. Include supporting calculations.

Set 22 - Submitted on March 16, 2020

LA-DR-01-158. Dicks Creek Change Orders. Refer to the responses to LARKIN-DR-01-103 and LARKIN-DR-01-146 and the table below.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

Description	DEO Comments/Reasons for Change Order	Change Order Amount
PO 5138604	12-inch Direct Bury - SOD 205 units at \$300.05 per unit - This item not on original bid	\$ 61,510.23
Equipment and Labor Sheet L32781	T-M for breaking rock & overtime for Friday (7-14-2017) & Saturday (7-15-2017)	\$ 18,164.67
Equipment and Labor Sheet L32783	Installing parking area outside fence, digging around old odorant tank; breaking rock	\$ 9,402.94
Equipment and Labor Sheet L33322	Breaking rock Friday (8-11-2017) and Saturday (8-12-2017); Overtime at cut rate	\$ 7,442.46
Equipment and Labor Sheet L33323	T&M includes premium time; breaking rock; cleaning up & pipe supports; moving valves & piping next to monitor skid and reinstalling	\$ 11,985.02
Equipment and Labor Sheet L32781	T-M for breaking rock & overtime for Friday (7-14-2017) & Saturday (7-15-2017)	\$ 18,164.67
Equipment and Labor Sheet L35097	Breaking rock - premium items (Friday & Saturday)	\$ 10,753.64
Equipment and Labor Sheet L35449	Breaking rock: Spurlino (\$468.91); Pac Van (\$362.70); Gas for job trailer (\$156.09); Rumpke (\$728.53)	\$ 7,950.95
Equipment and Labor Sheet L35451	Install additional flanges not on print	\$ 50,028.32
Equipment and Labor Sheet L35452	Offsets not on print	\$ 41,824.80
	Total	\$ 237,227.70

Source: LARKIN-DR-01-103 and LARKIN-DR-01-146

- a. With regard to PO 5138604, please explain fully and in detail why these items, which totaled \$61,510, were not on the original bid for the Dicks Creek project.
- b. For each of the Equipment and Labor Sheet items listed in the table above, please explain fully and in detail (beyond the Company's comments/reasons listed) the reason for each change order and provide supporting documentation for the amounts shown (beyond what was provided in response to LARKIN-DR-01-103).

Set 23 - Submitted on March 19, 2020

- LA-DR-01-159. Correction of Errors. Refer to Exhibit J - Additional Schedules Supporting the Application and the responses to LARKIN-DR-01-75 and LARKIN-DR-01-136. The response to LARKIN-DR-01-136 indicates that, due to certain incorrectly being included in CEP, the CEP balances in Exhibit J, Schedule 4 - Monthly Investments should be reduced by \$40,622 for 2013, increased by \$14,661 for 2014 and reduced by \$531,609 for 2015.
- a. Please confirm that the adjustments noted above should be reflected in Exhibit J, Schedule 4 - Monthly CEP Investments on the Net Assets line which totals \$297,475,290. If not confirmed, explain fully why not and show where these adjustments should be reflected on Exhibit J, Schedule 4.
 - b. For the 2013 amount of \$40,622, please quantify any amounts related to accumulated depreciation and ADIT and identify where they should be reflected on Exhibit J as a result of this adjustment. Show detailed calculations.
 - c. For the 2014 amount of \$14,661, please quantify any amounts related to accumulated depreciation and ADIT and identify where

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

they should be reflected on Exhibit J as a result of this adjustment. Show detailed calculations.

- d. For the 2015 amount of \$531,609, please quantify any amounts related to accumulated depreciation and ADIT and identify where they should be reflected on Exhibit J as a result of this adjustment. Show detailed calculations.
- e. Please confirm whether each of the adjustment amounts noted above, or the net adjustment of \$557,570, should be multiplied by 5.32% in order to quantify the impact of these adjustments on the Post In-Service Carrying Cost (PISCC) related regulatory asset. If not confirmed, explain fully why not and quantify the impact(s) of these adjustments to the PISCC regulatory asset of \$29,592,179.

LA-DR-01-160. Incentive Compensation. Refer to Exhibit J on the tab titled "WP4.1 - Assets by FERC" and the responses to LARKIN-DR-01-76 and LARKIN-DR-01-149. The response to LARKIN-DR-01-149, part d states: "See Schedule 13 in LARKIN-DR-01-149 Attachment, which includes all additional amounts and calculations that should be reflected in the final offset in Schedule No. 1, including the calculations for book depreciation, accumulated deferred income taxes, and various assumptions that would need to be made, such as composite book and tax life of the underlying assets." In addition, the response to LARKIN-DR-01-76, part a states that the amounts of incentive compensation are embedded in the CEP investment detail on "WP4.1 - Assets by FERC."

- a. Based on the foregoing statement from the response to LARKIN-DR-01-149(d), please confirm that the line items on Schedule No. 1 for depreciation and ADIT should not also be adjusted for the removal of the earnings based capitalized incentives. If not confirmed, explain fully why not.
- b. Since the amounts of incentive compensation are embedded in WP4.1 - Assets by FERC, should not the Post In-Service Carrying Costs (PISCC) amount of \$29,592,179 also be adjusted to reflect the removal of the earnings based capitalized incentives? If not, explain fully why not.
- c. If the answer to part b is "yes", please quantify the impact of removing the earnings based capitalized incentives in the context of the PISCC. Show detailed calculations.

Set 24 - Submitted on April 6, 2020

LA-DR-01-161. Meters. Refer to Exhibit J, Schedule 4 - Monthly CEP Investments, the responses to LARKIN-DR-01-91 and LARKIN-DR-01-135, and the table below.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

Line	Description	Sum of 2012	Sum of 2013	Sum of 2014	Sum of 2015	Sum of 2016	Sum of 2017	Sum of 2018
1	Total Meters in service per LA-DR-91(a)	452,966	452,292	453,127	454,695	457,084	459,524	461,370
2	Net Installs, Retirements, Replacements per LA-DR-91(d)		(674)	835	1,568	2,389	2,440	1,846
3	Number of meters purchased per year per LA-DR-91(h)		6,790	4,227	4,430	8,276	4,926	5,070

- a. Based on the Company's response to LARKIN-DR-01-135(a), please confirm that all of the meters reflected in the table above are gas diaphragm meters. If not confirmed, explain fully why not and identify the type(s) of meters.
- b. Referring to LARKIN-DR-01-135 (parts a & c), please explain fully and in detail the purpose of the new meters in each year 2013-2018 (e.g, to serve new customers, to replace old meters that had reached the end of their anticipated useful life, to replace defective meters, etc.).
- c. Referring to lines 1 and 2 in the table above, are the costs associated with the total meters the costs that were provided in the response to LARKIN-DR-01-135 (part b for 2013 and part d for 2014-2018)? If not, explain fully why not.
- d. If the answer to part c is "no", please quantify the costs of the total DEO gas utility meters on line 1 in the table above for each year 2012 through 2018.
- e. Referring to line 2 in the table above, please provide a breakout showing the (1) installs, (2) retirements, and (3) replacements.
- f. Please provide a breakout of the costs associated with the net installs, retirements and replacements.
- g. Referring to the table above, for each year 2013 through 2018, are the costs associated with the total meters on line 1 (which includes the amounts on line 2) embedded in Exhibit J, Schedule 4 - Monthly CEP Investments? Explain fully.
- h. Referring to the table above, are the amounts shown on line 3 for meters purchased actually in service (since they do not appear to be included in the total meters in service on line 1)? If not, explain fully why not. If so, explain fully.
- i. Please quantify the costs of the purchased meters on line 3 in the table above for each year 2013 through 2018.
- j. For 2013 through 2018, are the costs of the purchased meters on line 3 in the table above included in Exhibit J, Schedule 4 - Monthly CEP Investments? Explain fully.

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

- k. Referring to the LARKIN-DR-01-135(d) and the related Attachment, for each year 2013-2018, please provide the per meter cost for each year as originally requested.
- l. Referring to the LARKIN-DR-01-135 Attachment, for each year 2013-2018, please explain fully and in detail why the gas diaphragm meters listed in part f were retired (e.g., the meters had reached the end of their useful life, the meters were defective and failed and thus had to be replaced before the anticipated end of their useful life, the meter technology was determined by DEO to be obsolete and thus required the replacement of the meters, etc.).
- m. Referring to the LARKIN-DR-01-135 Attachment, for each year 2013-2018, please confirm that the original cost of the gas diaphragm meters listed in part g relates to the retired gas diaphragm meters listed in part f. In addition, please state whether the original costs of the retired gas diaphragm meters listed in part g are embedded in Exhibit J, Schedule 4 - Monthly CEP Investments (and WP4.2 - Retirements by FERC). If not, explain fully why not.

LA-DR-01-162. Meters. Refer to Exhibit J, Schedule 4 - Monthly CEP Investments and the responses to LARKIN-DR-01-35, LARKIN-DR-01-77, LARKIN-DR-01-129 and LARKIN-DR-01-130.

- a. Referring to the LARKIN-DR-01-35 Attachment (2013-2018 project work orders) and the LARKIN-DR-01-129 Attachment for Additions, please confirm that (1) the 2017 amount of \$90,161 for Project SGOGPGMTR, and (2) the three 2018 amounts totaling \$7,489,610 for Project SG000584G are the only costs included in the CEP filing (i.e., Exhibit J, Schedule 4 - Monthly CEP Investment) that relates to the Company changing the Badger AMI gas modules from the Echelon/Badger/Ambient AMI solution to the Itron Openway. If not confirmed, explain fully, and identify the amounts included in the CEP.
- b. The response to LARKIN-DR-01-77 states that the Company's project to replace the communication modules did not start until 2017. Based on the foregoing, why were communication nodes removed in 2015 and 2016 (per the LARKIN-DR-01-129 Attachment for Retirements)? Explain fully.
- c. Referring to the LARKIN-DR-01-129 Attachment for Retirements, for 2015 and 2016, please reconcile the retirements shown by project ID number to the type(s) of communication nodes that were removed.
- d. Referring to the LARKIN-DR-01-129 Attachment for Retirements, why are the 2016 retirement amounts of \$16,322,006 and

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

\$5,610,769 (for a total of \$21,932,775) for work order SGGASMTR positive amounts? Was the \$21,932,775 credited to plant and debited to accumulated depreciation? Explain fully.

- e. Referring to the LARKIN-DR-01-129 Attachment for Retirements, how are the retirements listed for 2015 and 2016 reflected on Exhibit J, Schedule 4 - Monthly CEP Investments (and WP4.2 - Retirements by FERC)? Explain fully.
- f. Referring to LARKIN-DR-01-130, part d, show in detail how the depreciation expense related to the common assets is allocated between DEO electric and gas and state whether any portion allocated to electric is included in the CEP.
- g. Referring to LARKIN-DR-01-130(e), please clarify whether the Itron OpenWay is 5G compatible. In the event Itron OpenWay is not 5G compatible, how does the Company plan to address this issue when the current 3G technology sunsets in 2022? Explain fully.

Set 25 - Submitted on April 9, 2020

- LA-DR-01-163. Line A preexisting pipe risk analysis. Please identify and provide the risk rankings prepared by the Integrity Management Group which ranked the risk associated with approximately 2,000 feet of 18 inch pipe that were involved with the Line A pipe replacement project, showing in detail how the risk of that pipe was determined, and how that risk was compared and evaluated in comparison to the risks associated with other pipeline segments on Duke Energy Ohio's natural gas distribution system. Please include a copy of the related documents with your response.
- LA-DR-01-164. Eastern Gas Ops Center, employee fitness center.
- a. How much of the \$16.844 million cost of the New Eastern Gas Ops Center, Project T1666 (from the response to LARKIN-DR-01-68) is for the employee fitness center at that location?
 - b. What is the actual or approximate square footage of the employee fitness center at that location?
 - c. What equipment and furniture is located in the employee fitness center?
 - d. What is the cost of that fitness center equipment and furniture? Please explain and identify the related cost amounts by account.
 - e. What is the approximate square footage of the finished office and conference room space at the New Eastern Gas Ops Center?

Case No. 19-0791-GA-ALT
Plant in Service and Capital Spending Prudence Audit
Of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas)

Set 26 - Submitted on April 21, 2020

LA-DR-01-165. Enable Project. Refer to the responses to LARKIN-DR-01-35, LARKIN-DR-01-75, LARKIN-DR-01-157 and the table below. The response to LARKIN-DR-01-157(e) states that the Enable Project costs being requested for recovery in the CEP is \$9,425,319 for 2017 and \$204,390 in 2018 for an overall total of \$9,629,709. However, as shown in the table below, which is from the response to LARKIN-DR-01-35, Enable Project costs totaling \$12,816,118, or a difference of \$3,186,409, is included in CEP for 2017 and 2018.

Line No.	FERC Account	Project ID Number	Project Description	Rider	Work Order Completion	In-Service Date	Unitization Date	Work Type	Blanket Project	Charges
2017 Enable Project Costs										
1	303	ARCGS	Enable ArcGIS/ESRI Software	Non Rider Related	201708	2017	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 650,376.25
2	303	ARMS	Enable ARM Scheduler Software	Non Rider Related	201708	2017	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 609,300.60
3	303	ECOMS	Enable ECOM Data Hub Software	Non Rider Related	201708	2017	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 362,820.70
4	303	EGISS	Enable EGIS Software	Non Rider Related	201708	2017	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 2,080,857.24
5	303	EXPDS	Enable Expert Designer Software	Non Rider Related	201708	2017	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 466,125.75
6	303	MAXS	Enable Maximo Software	Non Rider Related	201708	2017	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 4,188,787.27
7	303	PPS	Enable PowerPlan Software	Non Rider Related	201708	2017	201904	additions	N	\$ 181,330.28
8	303	SDDTS	Enable Subdiv Design Tool Software	Non Rider Related	201708	2017	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 351,799.73
9	303	WRTS	Enable WRT & WMSP Software	Non Rider Related	201708	2017	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 533,920.84
10										per LA-DR-157(e)
11	303	MOBS	Enable Mobility Software	CEP	201708	2017	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 2,621,598.97
12	391	ARCGH	Enable ArcGIS/ESRI Hardware	CEP	201708	2017	201904	additions	N	\$ 1,043.68
13	391	ARMH	Enable ARM Scheduler Hardware	CEP	201708	2017	201907	additions	N	\$ 118.31
14	391	ECOMH	Enable ECOM Data Hub	CEP	201708	2017	201907	additions	N	\$ 2,265.74
15	391	EGISH	Enable EGIS Hardware	CEP	201708	2017	201904	additions	N	\$ 3,316.96
16	391	EXPDH	Enable Expert Designer Hardware	CEP	201708	2017	201904	additions	N	\$ 279.74
17	391	MAXH	Enable Maximo Hardware	CEP	201708	2017	201907	additions	N	\$ 24,066.28
18	391	MOBH	Enable Mobility Hardware	CEP	201708	2017	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 486,915.99
19	391	SDDTH	Enable Subdiv Design Tool Hardware	CEP	201708	2017	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 53.04
20	391	WRTH	Enable WRT & WMSP Hardware	CEP	201708	2017	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 76.21
21										Total 2017 per LA-DR-35
										\$ 12,565,053.58
										Total 2017 per LA-DR-35
2018 Enable Project Costs										
22	303	ARCGS	Enable ArcGIS/ESRI Software	CEP	201708	2018	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 11,531
23	303	ARMS	Enable ARM Scheduler Software	CEP	201708	2018	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 15,294
24	303	ECOMS	Enable ECOM Data Hub Software	CEP	201708	2018	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 7,084
25	303	EGISS	Enable EGIS Software	CEP	201708	2018	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 36,068
26	303	EXPDS	Enable Expert Designer Software	CEP	201708	2018	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 23,200
27	303	MAXS	Enable Maximo Software	CEP	201708	2018	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 87,058
28	303	SDDTS	Enable Subdiv Design Tool Software	CEP	201708	2018	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 11,501
29	303	WRTS	Enable WRT & WMSP Software	CEP	201708	2018	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 12,654
30										per LA-DR-157(e)
31	303	MOBS	Enable Mobility Software	CEP	201708	2018	not_utilized	additions	N	\$ 46,674
32										Total 2018 per LA-DR-35
										\$ 251,064
33										Total 2017-2018 per LA-DR-35
										\$ 12,816,117.66
										L12 + L23
34										2017 Enable Costs in CEP per LA-DR-157(e)
35										\$ 9,425,318.66
36										2018 Enable Costs in CEP per LA-DR-157(e)
										\$ 204,390
										Total in CEP per LA-DR-157(e)
										\$ 9,629,709.11
37										Difference also included in CEP per LA-DR-35
										\$ 3,186,408.55
										L33 - L36

Notes

Note A The response to LA-DR-75 indicates that the projects totaling \$9,425,319 were incorrectly labeled in the response to LA-DR-35 and should be in CEP

- Please clarify whether the additional Enable Project costs that total \$3,186,409 are also included in CEP (in addition to the \$9,629,709 per LARKIN-DR-01-157).
- If the answer to part a is "yes", why did the response to LARKIN-DR-01-157(e) state that only the \$9,425,319 (2017) and \$204,390 (2018) were included in CEP? Explain fully.

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Case No(s). 19-0791-GA-ALT

Summary: Report of the Plant in Service and Capital Spending Audit of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc. (Natural Gas) Covering the Period April 1, 2012 through December 31, 2018 electronically filed by Dawn Bisdorf on behalf of Larkin & Associates PLLC