BEFORE THE OHIO POWER SITING BOARD

- - -

In the Matter of the
Application of Republic
Wind, LLC for a Certificate:
of Environmental:

Compatibility and Public : Case No. 17-2295-EL-BGN

Need for a Wind-Powered :
Electric Generating :
Facility in Seneca and :
Sandusky Counties, Ohio. :

PROCEEDINGS

before Mr. Jay S. Agranoff and Ms. Anna Sanyal,
Administrative Law Judges, at the Ohio Power Siting
Board, 180 East Broad Street, Room 11-A, Columbus,
Ohio, called at 10:00 a.m. on Monday, November 4,
2019.

VOLUME I

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Monday Morning Session,
November 4, 2019.

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ALJ AGRANOFF: The Ohio Power Siting
Board has assigned for hearing at this time and
place, Case No. 17-2295-EL-BGN, which is captioned In
the Matter of the Application of Republic Wind, LLC
for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and
Public Need. My name is Jay Agranoff, with me is
Anna Sanyal, and we are the Administrative Law Judges
assigned by the Board to hear this particular case.

Pursuant to the Entry of September 12, 2019, the evidentiary hearing in this matter was scheduled for a call and continue on October 2, 2019, with the evidentiary hearing to reconvene today, November 4, 2019.

At this particular time, we will take the appearances on behalf of the parties.

On behalf of the Applicant.

MR. PARRAM: Good morning, Your Honor, and thank you. On behalf of the Applicant, Republic Wind, LLC, Devin Parram from the law firm of Bricker & Eckler, 100 South Third Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215. And I also want to make appearances on behalf of my co-counsel, Dylan Borchers, Dane Stinson,

1 Sommer Sheely, Elyse Akhbari, and Kara Herrnstein. 2 We'll be filing a formal Notice of Appearance for those additional co-counsel today, Your Honor. 3 4 ALJ AGRANOFF: Thank you. 5 Why don't we just continue along the 6 table. 7 MS. BAIR: Thank you, Your Honor. 8 behalf of the Staff of the Power Siting Board, Dave 9 Yost, Attorney General, Jodi Bair, Robert Eubanks, 10 Assistant Attorneys General, 30 East Broad Street, 11 Columbus, Ohio. 12 ALJ AGRANOFF: Thank you. 13 MS. LEPPLA: Good morning, Your Honor. On behalf of the Ohio Environmental Council and 14 Environmental Defense Fund, Miranda Leppla and Chris 15 16 Tabner, 1145 Chesapeake Avenue, Suite I, Columbus, 17 Ohio 43212. 18 ALJ AGRANOFF: Thank you. 19 MR. DeVINE: Good morning, Your Honors. 20 Derek DeVine, Seneca County Prosecutor, on behalf of 2.1 Adams Township, Reed Township, Scipio Township, 22 Seneca County, and the Seneca County Park District. 23 ALJ AGRANOFF: Thank you. 24 MR. VAN KLEY: Good morning, Your Honor.

On behalf of the Local Residents, I'm Jack Van Kley

of Van Kley & Walker, 132 Northwoods Boulevard, Suite C-1, Columbus, Ohio.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Thank you.

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MS. MILAM: Good morning, Your Honors.

Amy Milam on behalf of the Ohio Farm Bureau

Federation, 280 North High Street, Columbus, Ohio

43215.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Thank you.

And just so the record is clear, there are other intervenors that have been granted intervention in this particular case, I do not see counsel for them, but I will note that York Township and then individual residents Dennis Hackenburg, and Mike and Tiffany Kessler, have all been granted intervention but are not in attendance today.

I know that, pursuant to communications that have taken place over the last couple weeks, we have established a witness schedule for this particular proceeding, and I will now just go over that particular schedule and make sure that everybody is still on the same page relative to the witnesses that we have slotted for the various days.

For today, we have the Applicant's witnesses, Carr, Rice, and Old.

For tomorrow, we would have the

Applicant's witnesses, Leftwich, Mundt, and Robinson.

On Wednesday, we would have the Applicant's witnesses, Kerlinger, Marcotte, and

4 McGee.

2.1

And then beginning on Tuesday of next week, we would have the Applicant's witnesses, Doyle, MaRous, Baldosser and Rupprecht; and then I believe we're going to have, on cross, witnesses that the Applicant is going to call, Sniffen and Wadsworth.

And then beginning on Wednesday, we're going to have the Intervenor and Staff witnesses, beginning with witness Kerschner, Chappell, Shieldcastle, Boes, Hoepf, actually there are two Hoepf witnesses, and then Zeman, Wright, and Stains.

And then on Friday the 15th, we're going to have Sasowsky, Betts, Newman, and Conway.

Then on Monday the 18th, Staff witnesses, Bellamy, Morrison, Zeto, Collins, Pawley, Butler, O'Dell, and Conklin.

Is that a correct representation of the witness schedule as counsel understands?

MR. VAN KLEY: Yes.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Hearing no objection, we will presume that is the order of witnesses we will be proceeding with in this proceeding.

For the purposes of just making sure everybody understands what our intended schedule on a daily basis will be, I know today we started at 10:00 in order to allow people to arrive in Columbus but, starting tomorrow, we will begin at 9:00 and for each subsequent day we will be beginning at 9:00.

We will try to at least get through, like for today for example, Mr. Carr before a lunch break, and then each day we will try to take a lunch break for about an hour. And hopefully it's my expectation that we should be able to wrap up by 6:00 each day relative to the schedule in order to allow this to occur in an efficient and thorough manner.

Any questions?

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I know that we had an early conversation regarding briefs in this matter, and I just wanted to make reference to the fact, as we had previously discussed, we will finalize the briefing schedule probably towards the end of this hearing in order to allow everybody to better gauge what the time parameters might be with respect to briefs.

There will be a time during this hearing where we will end up discussing information that has been placed under seal due to its confidential nature. If and when we get to that particular

juncture, then only those individuals who have entered into the appropriate confidentiality agreements will be allowed to be in the room once we enter a closed record.

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I'm not sure and I don't -- I'm pretty certain that today we won't be getting to that juncture but, at some point, later in the week when that does happen, to the extent there are individuals in the room who have not entered into the appropriate confidentiality agreement, then they will have to leave the room. And also, as I had previously discussed with the individual who is doing the videotaping, that the videotape will have to be shut off at that point in time.

And also, as I had previously mentioned off the record, there will be no live streaming of this hearing, so I would ask that everybody comply with that particular directive.

I know that we had previously discussed some issues that counsel were still not in agreement on and would possibly need the Bench's assistance in terms of resolution.

Mr. Van Kley, I know there was a discussion that had taken place with respect to witness deposition fees. Has that particular matter

12 now been rectified? 1 2 MR. VAN KLEY: Yes, Your Honor. 3 ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. Thank you. And, Ms. Bair, I know that there had been 4 5 discussion and actually a Notice of Appearance that 6 had been made by counsel for the Ohio Department of 7 Transportation, but yet that individual is not 8 present today. 9 MS. BAIR: No. He would be with 10 Mr. Stains, the witness, so probably next week. 11 you want me to enter an appearance on his behalf? 12 ALJ AGRANOFF: Well, I'm curious as to 13 the extent to which the Ohio Department of 14 Transportation intends to participate in this proceeding and for what purposes. 15 16 The purposes, if you've read MS. BAIR: 17 Mr. Stains' testimony, the airport testimony, and 18 that would be the only role that the Ohio Department 19 of Transportation would have. 20 ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. 2.1 MS. BAIR: Sponsoring that witness. 2.2 ALJ AGRANOFF: So from your perspective 23 then, counsel for the Ohio Department of

Transportation has no intent to be cross-examining

any other witnesses in this proceeding?

24

13 1 MS. BAIR: No, no cross-examination by 2 them. 3 ALJ AGRANOFF: And has no intention of filing a brief --4 5 MS. BAIR: No. 6 ALJ AGRANOFF: -- in this matter. 7 MS. BAIR: No. 8 ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. So again, that 9 individual's participation is limited solely for the 10 purposes of calling Mr. Stains and entering his 11 testimony into the record. 12 That is correct, Your Honor. MS. BAIR: 13 And pursuant to 4906.10, I forget which number it is, 14 the Power Siting Board has to consult with the Ohio 15 Department of Transportation, so that's the purpose 16 of that witness. 17 ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. I know that there 18 are a number of pending motions, as Mr. Parram had 19 referenced earlier, and we might as well delve into 20 those right now. Some are easier than others, so we 2.1 can attempt to address the easy ones first and then 2.2 delve into the more contentious ones. 23 Okay. The first motion that I have was 24 filed on October 30, 2019, it was the Local 25 Residents' unopposed motion for leave to file Direct

Testimony and this was specific to the desire to file Amended Direct Testimony of Witnesses Sasowsky, Hoepf, and Chappell.

2.1

Are there any objections to the aforementioned motion? If not, the motion for leave to file Direct Testimony and -- actually it's, I believe, the Supplemental Direct Testimony or Amended Testimony is granted.

The next motion that I have is filed by Republic Wind, seeking leave to file Supplemental and Updated Testimony for Witnesses Carr, Doyle, and Old.

Any objections to the aforementioned motion? There being none, the motion shall be granted.

Next, there are three motions that were filed on February 2, 2018, as well as three motions that were filed on December 26, 2018, all seeking protective orders of various exhibits to the Application or portions of the Application itself, and I do have some questions with respect to those motions, specifically if counsel for the Applicant could provide me with some clarification.

On February 2, 2018, the motions that were filed were with respect to Exhibit G which pertain to the socioeconomic costs of the project,

and Exhibit W which were the safety manuals. I also notice though, in addition to those motions, there is Exhibit P for which I can't account for when looking at the docket card. Do you know whether Exhibit P to the February 2nd filing was ever included?

6 MR. PARRAM: Can you give me a moment,
7 Your Honor?

ALJ AGRANOFF: Sure.

MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, rather than hold up the entire proceeding to figure this out now, can we possibly, when we have a break, take an opportunity to check and see on that exact exhibit from the initial Application and address it later?

ALJ AGRANOFF: Certainly.

MR. STINSON: Your Honor, that was

16 | Exhibit P as in Paul?

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ALJ SANYAL: Yes.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Yes. That was with respect to the February 27, 2018 Amended Application.

I would also note that you filed, in addition to the requests for the protective status of Exhibit G which was the socioeconomic cost discussion, as well as then Exhibit W which was the safety manuals, and then you also asked for protective status of portions of the Application,

pages 33 through 36, which I believe also dealt with cost information.

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With respect to Exhibit W, which is the safety manuals, there is no redacted version of that exhibit; is that a correct statement?

MR. PARRAM: Yes, Your Honor.

ALJ AGRANOFF: I would ask that if you could please go back and review Exhibit W and see whether or not any of that information is currently available publicly on any websites or information within the industry for which a redacted version could be provided.

MR. PARRAM: Yes, Your Honor. We'll review that and make a determination with appropriate redactions.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. And if you could please do that within a two-week time frame.

MR. PARRAM: We can do that, Your Honor.

ALJ AGRANOFF: I'd appreciate that.

Then with respect to the December 26,

2018 motion for protective treatment, you had again
sought protective status of Exhibit G, the same cost
estimate information; Exhibit W, which again was the
safety manuals; and then the corresponding
Application information that pertains to cost

information.

2.1

I noticed that, although for the February 2, 2018 filing there was a redacted Exhibit G, but yet for the December 26, 2018 filing there was no redacted version of Exhibit G, and I would ask that, to the extent that you are able to provide a similar redacted Exhibit G as you had for February 2, that you do so.

And then with respect to Exhibit W, which again is the safety manual information, if you could please do the same type of exercise that we just discussed relative to the February 2 filing, and see whether or not any of that information can be provided on the public record

MR. PARRAM: Yes, Your Honor.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay.

ALJ SANYAL: Also, Counsel, if you could just use your microphones because it's a little further away from you. Just move it closer.

ALJ AGRANOFF: And then the other thing that I noticed with respect to comparing the docket card for the February 2, 2018 Application to the December 26, 2018 Application, I don't see an exhibit H, M, N, P, U, or V that is part of the public record. So if you could please also check on that

and report back as to what the status of those documents are because your motions for protective treatment don't address H, M, N, P, U, or V.

2.1

MR. PARRAM: We'll check on that, Your Honor.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. Thank you. And if you could possibly, by tomorrow morning, just let me know the status on those exhibits.

MR. PARRAM: Yes, Your Honor.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Thank you.

Okay. With respect to the motions to strike that are pertaining to specific portions of various witness testimonies that have been prefiled in this case, we will deal with those specific motions at the time that the particular witness for which those motions correspond. When that individual is called to testify, we will deal with those motions at that point in time.

However, I do know that, in addition to motions to strike for Witness Carr and Witness Mundt, the Local Residents have also filed a more broader-in-scope motion to strike the testimonies in their entirety for Witnesses Carr, Doyle, Kerlinger, Leftwich, Marcotte, MaRous, McGee, Mundt, Old, Rice, Robinson, Rupprecht. And with respect to those

requests, we will deal with that at this juncture before we actually call the first witness.

2.1

So, at this point in time, Mr. Van Kley, if you would like to elaborate.

MR. PARRAM: Sorry to interrupt, Your Honor. Today we filed a memorandum in opposition to the motion to strike/motion in limine of the Local Residents. I have additional copies for the Bench and the parties. We're prepared to make oral arguments on the motion, but I wanted to be able to provide that to the parties here today.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay.

MR. VAN KLEY: Your Honor, with respect to the more general part of our motion. Since the time that we filed this motion, counsel for Republic has produced a substantial number of documents and it has represented that they have produced all of the documents that we have requested and, based on that representation of counsel, we are withdrawing that portion of our motion in limine at this point.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay.

MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, may I ask a clarifying question? So proceeding forward, the two issues that will be addressed through the Local Residents' motion will just be that portion

specifically striking Mr. Carr's testimony and then Mr. Mundt's testimony; is that accurate?

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ALJ AGRANOFF: We would be dealing with those two remaining issues at the time that those individuals are called to testify, assuming that, Mr. Van Kley, those two are still fair game?

MR. VAN KLEY: Yes, Your Honor.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. And are you -Mr. Van Kley, are you then saying basically then with
respect to the memorandum contra that counsel for
Republic just provided us, that all these issues then
have been resolved or does this go into the issues of
Witness Carr and Witness Mundt as well?

MR. PARRAM: The memorandum contra does address specifically Mr. Mundt in the motion to strike his testimony. There's actually an indication within our memorandum that with respect to Mr. Carr's testimony, when he gets on the stand, I think we may have revisions to his testimony that will actually address Mr. Van Kley's motion.

Then the rest of our memorandum in opposition deals with the remaining 12 witnesses, so to the extent that Mr. Van Kley is withdrawing his motion for those 12 witnesses, I think the remaining issue -- dispute would be just that portion of

Mr. Mundt's testimony which we can address once he's called to the stand.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Mr. Van Kley, do you concur with that representation?

MR. VAN KLEY: Yes, Your Honor.

ALJ SANYAL: Do we have any other motions that we may have missed?

Going once.

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MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, on November 1st, Republic Wind filed a motion to -- motion to file notice of project modification. We're withdrawing that motion.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Are you withdrawing the motion part of it but still having the amendment be considered?

MR. PARRAM: At this stage, Your Honor, it's not going to be considered in this case, so the -- the consideration of the modification is not at issue.

ALJ AGRANOFF: So with respect to the particular turbine that the filing that you were just referencing pertains to, you're saying whatever is currently on the record, prior to the filing of this document, is what will be under consideration?

MR. PARRAM: We will not be filing a

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1 proposed modification, Your Honor.
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ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. Basically then you're just withdrawing this filing.

MR. PARRAM: Yes.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. Anything else that we need to discuss before we call the first witness?

MR. VAN KLEY: Your Honor, with regard to

Mr. Carr's testimony, I just want to let the Bench know that we will have about 10 minutes of cross for Mr. Carr on confidential matters.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay.

MR. VAN KLEY: And I would make a suggestion that given that Mr. Carr is still going to be on the stand by lunch, that perhaps we just excuse everybody, other than attorneys, 10 minutes before the lunch break so we can finish that up and everybody could go to lunch while we're doing that. Just as a logistical matter.

19 ALJ AGRANOFF: Everybody in agreement on 20 that?

MR. PARRAM: That works for me, Your
Honor.

23 ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. Then that's how we'll proceed.

Okay. At this point in time, are you

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     ready to call your first witness?
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                 MR. STINSON: Yes, Your Honor.
                                                 At this
 3
     time we'll call Dalton Carr.
                 ALJ AGRANOFF: Please come forward.
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                 MR. STINSON: If I may approach, Your
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     Honor?
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                 ALJ SANYAL: Then, Mr. Carr, let's move
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     this a little closer to the court reporter.
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                 And then what are you marking this as?
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                 MR. STINSON: I'd like to mark Mr. Dalton
     Carr's Direct Testimony as Applicant Exhibit 13, his
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12
     Supplemental Testimony as Applicant Exhibit 14. And
13
     I've also prepared an errata of some minor changes to
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     his testimony, the typos, et cetera. I'd like to
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    mark that, with the Bench's permission, as Applicant
16
     Exhibit 15, just for clarity of the record.
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                 ALJ AGRANOFF: It shall be so marked.
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                 (EXHIBITS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)
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                 ALJ AGRANOFF: Mr. Stinson, is the errata
20
     pertaining to the Direct or Supplemental or both?
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                 MR. STINSON: Yes, it says "Errata,
22
     Dalton S. Carr, Direct Testimony."
23
                 ALJ SANYAL: And the errata is No. 15?
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                 MR. STINSON: Yes.
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                 ALJ SANYAL: Okay.
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4 the witness.

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(Witness sworn.)

ALJ SANYAL: Now you may proceed,

7 Mr. Stinson.

MR. STINSON: Thank you, Your Honor.

9

DALTON S. CARR

11 being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was

12 examined and testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

14 By Mr. Stinson:

- Q. Mr. Carr, would you please state your full name and address for the record.
- A. Dalton Carr. Business address is 310 4th

 Street Northeast, Suite 300, in Charlottesville,
- 19 Virginia.
- Q. And by whom are you employed and in what position?
- A. I'm employed by Apex Clean Energy as the
 Development Manager.
- Q. Now, I've placed before you two exhibits to begin with. The first is marked Applicant's

- 1 Exhibit 14 and the second is -- the first is
- 2 | Applicant's Exhibit 13, the second is Applicant's
- 3 | Exhibit 14. Could you identify those two documents
- 4 for me?
- 5 A. Could you clarify for me, Mr. Stinson?
- Q. Well, we marked the Direct Testimony as
- 7 Applicant's Exhibit 14 and the Supplemental Testimony
- 8 as Applicant's Exhibit 15.
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. I'm sorry, I said that backwards. 13 and
- 11 | 14 are the Direct and Supplemental.
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. Do you have those before you?
- 14 A. Yes.
- Q. And was that testimony prepared by you or
- 16 under your direct supervision?
- A. Yes, it was.
- 18 Q. And do you have any corrections to that
- 19 testimony this morning?
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. And I've also marked, as Applicant's
- 22 Exhibit 15, what is captioned "Errata, Dalton S.
- 23 | Carr, Direct Testimony."
- MR. STINSON: Your Honor, would you like
- 25 to accept this as the errata or would you like for

Mr. Carr to go through the testimony and explain what those changes are?

ALJ SANYAL: Well, what would be helpful for the parties? Either way we can quickly do it or we can just include this as an exhibit. Do the parties have a preference?

MR. VAN KLEY: I would just as soon use the exhibit rather than going through everything for a second time.

ALJ SANYAL: I would agree. Okay. Let's do that. I think we'll just admit this as an exhibit.

MR. STINSON: Thank you, Your Honor.

- Q. (By Mr. Stinson) Mr. Carr, if I were to ask you the same questions today in the Direct and Supplemental Testimony, would your answers, as corrected by the errata, be the same?
 - A. Yes, they would.
- Q. And are those answers true and accurate to the best of your ability?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. To the best of your knowledge?
- 23 A. Yes.

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MR. STINSON: At this point, Your Honor,
I would tender Applicant's Exhibit 13 through 15 for

admission into the record, subject to cross, and I tender Mr. Carr for cross-examination.

ALJ SANYAL: Okay. We'll admit those after cross. I don't know what order you would like to do cross in. Mr. Van Kley, would you like to go first or?

MR. VAN KLEY: Sure, Your Honor.

ALJ SANYAL: That would probably make the most sense.

MR. VAN KLEY: Sure.

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12 CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Van Kley:

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- Q. Good morning, Mr. Carr.
- A. Good morning.
 - Q. Why don't we talk a little bit about your experience that may be relevant to this case. How long have you been working for Republic Wind?
 - A. I've been working for Apex Clean Energy for just over four years and been involved in development of Republic Wind for that full tenure.
 - Q. How many years again?
 - A. Four years.
- Q. Four years. And during that four years with Apex Clean Energy, you have worked for Republic

Wind during that entire period of time?

A. That's correct.

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- Q. Is Republic Wind a subsidiary of Apex Clean Energy?
- A. Republic Wind is wholly owned by Apex

 Clean Energy.
 - Q. When did Republic Wind, LLC come into existence?
- 9 A. I don't have that figure in front of me.
 10 However, the project has been around for around
 11 10 years.
- Q. By "project," you mean the wind turbine project that is the subject of the Application before the Board?
 - A. The development for this specific project, Republic Wind, LLC, yes.
- Q. Did Republic Wind, LLC come into
 existence about the time you started working for
 Republic Wind, LLC?
- 20 A. No.
- 21 Q. Pardon?
- 22 A. No.
- Q. No? Okay. How long, before you started working for Republic Wind, LLC, approximately did it come into existence?

- A. Again, I don't have that specific number in front of me. However, I believe it's been around for about 10 years. So if we take my four-year tenure away from that, I would guess somewhere around six.
- Q. Prior to the time that you started working for Republic Wind, was Republic Wind, at any time prior to that, owned by a different company besides Apex?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. So Apex purchased Republic Wind,
- 13 A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And along with purchasing Republic Wind, Apex also purchased the rights to develop this project?
- 17 A. That's my understanding, yes.
- Q. Okay. Do you know who was developing the project prior to the time that Republic Wind was sold to Apex?
- A. To my knowledge the prior developer was a company called Nordex.
- Q. Is that the same Nordex that manufactures turbines?
- A. Now, I'm not sure if this was a

subsidiary of Nordex with a specific development arm; however, it is the same name.

- Q. I presume you're familiar with the Application in this case?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And some of the studies that are included in the Application were conducted by Republic Wind prior to the time that Apex purchased the company?
 - A. Yes, I would believe so.
- Q. So, for example, the wildlife surveys that were done in 2011 and 2012 were not conducted under the supervision of Apex, correct?
- A. To my knowledge there were some studies that were performed prior to the purchase of the project by Apex; I'm not sure exactly which studies those were.
- Q. Does Republic Wind intend to construct this project itself if it receives a certificate?
- A. Republic Wind plans to manage the construction of this project.
- Q. Does Republic Wind intend to operate this project after construction is finished?
- A. Apex Clean Energy generally has an operations arm internal to the company. However, that would be a decision made at a later stage.

Q. So, at this point, you don't know whether Apex or a subsidiary of Apex is going to operate this facility?

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A. Again, at this point in the process, the project is essentially where it needs to be.

However, as far as determining an operations management procedure for the future, that determination has not been made.

FROM THE AUDIENCE: I'm sorry. Could you ask him to please speak up and project his voice better?

THE WITNESS: Better?

FROM THE AUDIENCE: Thank you.

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) The design of the project, as it currently stands for consideration by the Board, is not the first design that has been prepared for this project, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. Throughout the preparation of the Application and then some Amended Applications, there have been a number of different layouts for the turbines that have been designed by Republic Wind?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Approximately how many redesigns has this project gone through?

- A. The proposed layout included in the OPSB Application as amended is layout No. 66.
- Q. Now, why have there been 66 different layouts for this project, rather than just one?

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- A. During the development for a project such as this, layouts are responsive to different studies that we perform and also pursuant to those turbine models considered.
- Q. So have there been particular issues that Republic Wind has been trying to work around in order to address them through different layouts?

ALJ SANYAL: Hang on, Mr. Carr, before you respond. We're still having trouble hearing you, so let's move the mic close to you. So pick it up and move it closer. Just pick the whole thing up and just put it in front of and let's do that, because we just have a lot of people who can't hear you.

THE WITNESS: Sure. So the microphone itself has been close. I guess what I'm intending not to do is breathe into it so I have it beside my mouth. I'm sure this piece itself --

ALJ SANYAL: I think people will be okay if they hear you breathing into it.

Armstrong & Okey, Inc., Columbus, Ohio (614) 224-9481

(Laughter all around.)

THE WITNESS: If that's what the crowd

wants.

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2 (Laughter all around.)

ALJ SANYAL: And you may have to repeat the question.

MR. VAN KLEY: Could we have it reread because I've forgotten it.

(Record read.)

- A. In response to this question, I refer to the Application itself as a reference for those impacts discussed regarding studies we've completed for the project. However, as you know, with 66 layouts, those are responsive not only to impacts identified but a number of other issues that come up in development.
- Q. All right. So which issues has Republic Wind been trying to address through changing the layouts?
- A. Again, I would refer to the Application itself as an open discussion of those issues approached and the subject matter areas in which the OPSB requests information and study.
- Q. Well, you need to answer the question.

 I've asked you to identify those issues. If they're in the Application, that's fine, but I need you to list those issues, please.

A. I'm not sure I can provide a comprehensive list of those issues that's inclusive of every issue we consider for these projects but the Application itself includes all those studies; that would be the identification tool for what we are using to design the project itself, the turbine locations.

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- Q. Well, just provide me with a list of the issues that you can remember off the cuff.
- MR. STINSON: Objection, Your Honor. I believe he's answered the question.
 - ALJ SANYAL: Okay. Mr. Carr, what we're going to do, can you just give us a generic list of whatever you may remember. I'm overruling that objection.
- MR. STINSON: Well, again, the objection goes to the fact, too, there's 56 -- 66 different iterations of this, so.
- ALJ SANYAL: Right, and I think
 Mr. Van Kley is not wanting every single item on that
 list. Just whatever generally that you can remember,
 I think that would be fine. I think Mr. Van Kley has
 indicated a general list would be fine. So if you
 can remember five things, that would be fine.
- 25 THE WITNESS: Certainly. So some of the

surveys that have guided our facility's layouts that have arrived us at this layout 66 that was proposed in the Amended Application, I can list a few. One would be the shadow flicker report, one would be the noise impact assessment, the ecological assessment, some of the environmental and wildlife surveys over the years.

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Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) With regard to the ecological issues that have resulted in layout changes, can you generally describe what those ecological issues have been?

MR. STINSON: I'm going to object again, Your Honor, on the basis that this is going through 66 different iterations of changes to applications for whatever reasons and is putting Mr. Carr in a position where he can't answer unless there's more specific — if Mr. Van Kley has a specific question about a change or an iteration to the layout, that would be more appropriate than going back through 66 of them.

MR. VAN KLEY: Your Honor, I asked him just generally what those issues are and, without him answering the question, I don't know what specifics I can ask him about.

ALJ SANYAL: Okay. Mr. Carr, can you --

are you able to answer that question at all? I'm overruling the objection for now. Let's see where this goes.

- A. I can offer a general overview of the studies that were performed. However, regarding the specifics and the findings of those studies, I will defer to Witness Kerlinger who will testify later.
- Q. Was Mr. Kerlinger involved in layout changes?
 - A. No.

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- Q. Okay. So I'm asking you about what issues caused you to redesign the layout for the facility. And with regard to ecological issues, I'm asking you to generally tell me the nature of those ecological issues that resulted in a redesign of the layout.
- MR. STINSON: I'm going to renew the objection on the basis of time. I believe the testimony thus far -- and foundation. The testimony, thus far, is this project has been in some sort of development for the past 10 years, and if we have some kind of a temporal restriction on what Mr. Carr is going to be telling us, I think that helps for the record.

MR. VAN KLEY: Well, Mr. Carr has

indicated he's familiar with the Application. I think he can answer this question. And if there's something that occurred prior to the time he was involved then he can indicate that, but we at least have the right to ask him why these redesigns occurred.

Counsel is trying to prevent us from obtaining that information through these objections but, at this point, I'm making the questions as specific as I can given the limited amount of information the witness has provided me.

ALJ SANYAL: Okay.

MR. STINSON: Counsel is not --

ALJ SANYAL: Thank you, Mr. Stinson.

Give me a moment.

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Okay. I'm going to ask the witness a question and we'll see if that clears up your objections.

Mr. Carr, can you give us a high-level overview of the ecological conditions that prompted some of these layout changes?

MR. STINSON: I'm sorry, Your Honor, but I'm going to object to that also because it's certain changes from what period of time? I -- I can't get my arms around what's being asked as far as this

10-year period and there's some amorphous concept of changes over that period. I'm trying to make the record clear and have the question presented that Mr. Carr can ask -- can answer.

ALJ SANYAL: Okay. Thank you. Your objection will be noted.

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Mr. Carr, to the extent you understand my question, can you please provide an answer, and we can have the question read back.

THE WITNESS: Would you mind reading the question back.

ALJ SANYAL: Yes. Carolyn, will you please.

(Record read.)

THE WITNESS: Some of the work we performed to identify impacts resulting from our proposed turbine layouts and facility's layouts over time were the ecological assessment, the diurnal bird/raptor migration survey, the raptor nest survey, the bald eagle survey, the passerine migration survey, a number of others regarding bats. These surveys helped us identify species and their locations.

We used this information to coordinate with the Ohio Department of Natural Resources and

U.S. Fish and Wildlife to determine buffers for those species and to determine curtailment regimes for those species.

These studies and consultations with these federal and state agencies have helped us to guide both the project boundary itself but, of course, where facilities would land.

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) In fact, at the time that the wildlife surveys for birds were done for the Republic Wind project, the project area looked different than it looks in the current Application, correct?
- MR. STINSON: Again, as to foundation as to what time period we're talking for what studies.
- MR. VAN KLEY: I just identified the time period as 2011 and 2012, and I identified the studies as the bird studies.
- 18 ALJ SANYAL: Does that answer --
- MR. STINSON: If Mr. Carr can answer with that clarification.
- A. The project boundary has changed. It has been reduced in size.
- Q. Okay. Did Republic Wind obtain
 information about eagle nests that led to the company
 re-designing the layout of the project?

- A. To my knowledge the location of the eagle nests, as is covered in the review and studies we have performed, have guided reductions to the project boundary.
- Q. What information did Republic Wind discover about those eagle nests that led to the redesign of the facility?

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A. On this note, regarding specific consultation with the U.S. wildlife -- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service but also Ohio Department of Natural Resources, I will defer to Witness Kerlinger to speak on specific mitigation measures and compliance measures that we've undertaken.

However, generally speaking, the project has been modified, the facility's locations have been modified to accommodate buffers and curtailment regimes as proposed by these agencies.

- Q. Well, Mr. Kerlinger wasn't working for Republic Wind on this project in 2011 and '12, was he?
- A. No. However, to that end, we would be relying on his expertise and knowledge of certain agency requirements.
- Q. Yeah, I'm not asking you about the agency requirements. I'm asking about why you redesigned

the facility as a result of information you found out about eagle nests, so I'm asking about events that occurred back at that time when you redesigned the facility in order to address that issue.

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So my question to you is: First of all, did you find or did Republic Wind find some eagle nests that led to its redevelopment of the layout of of the facility?

- A. I'm generally aware that the location of eagle nests were one of the many factors used in determining where our facilities would be located in each of these layout changes.
- Q. After 2012, did Republic find any eagle nests in the project area that it was not aware of in 2012?
- A. I'm generally aware that consultation with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and ODNR continued beyond 2012, where any updates to potential locations were disclosed and reviewed by those agencies.
- Q. Okay. Going back to the question I actually asked. Did Republic Wind become aware of any eagle nests after 2012, that it was not aware of in 2012, in the project area?
 - A. I'm generally aware of testimony from a

Mr. Shieldcastle wherein it is alleged there is an eagle location within the project boundary if that is what your question is referring to.

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We have confirmed the location of this eagle nest over the past several days, but have also confirmed that any turbine locations sited for the project fall outside what is called the half-mean inter-nest distance which has been proposed by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. This would indicate that the proposed turbine locations fall outside essentially the recommended buffer for this nest.

- Q. Other than that nest, is Republic Wind aware of any other eagle nests inside of the project area?
- A. On this note, I would defer to the Application and any agency correspondence that you may be aware of.
- Q. I'm asking you the question. You need to answer the question. Do you know of any other eagle nests, besides the one you just identified, inside the project area?
- A. I'm not generally aware of another eagle nest.
- Q. You're not generally aware of another eagle nest? What does "generally" mean?

A. As Project Manager for Republic Wind, I'm tasked with overseeing the studies that are performed specifically regarding the submission of the Ohio Power Siting Board Application.

I do understand that some of the wildlife and environmental studies were performed before my time and that my preparation of the Application itself was excluding some of that initial wildlife work and work that may have been performed beyond 2012.

So, generally speaking, to my knowledge of the Application, I'm not aware of another eagle nest in the project boundary aside from that which has been alleged and later confirmed in Mr. Shieldcastle's testimony.

- Q. Did Republic Wind know about the eagle nest that Mr. Shieldcastle described in his testimony prior to the time that Mr. Shieldcastle filed his testimony?
 - A. No.

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- Q. What specifically did Republic Wind do to redesign its layout in order to address eagle issues?
- A. As one of the many factors of those issues and impacts that will impact where we can site our facilities, an eagle's nest, for example, would

impose the buffer recommended by U.S. Fish and Wildlife, the mean -- the half-mean inter-nest distance which, in Republic's case, is 1.17 miles.

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Now, that distance would be one of the inputs for Republic's facility layout wherein no turbines could appear within that range of an identified nest.

Q. So did you have to move some of the turbine locations in order to provide a distance of 1.17 miles between the nearest turbine and the eagle nest?

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$ STINSON: Objection. Just clarification with respect to which nest.

MR. VAN KLEY: Any eagle nest.

A. I do understand that with many, if not most, of these turbine layouts is a redesign, and so it's not so much that you're moving one turbine location so much as the entire facility's layout is re-optimized given the buildable area that we have for each turbine location. And so, if we have a new buffer regarding a new nest location, that buffer is one of the inputs for where these turbines may land. However, it is not so much a nudging of existing turbines so much as it is a redesign of where turbines may land given new buffers.

Q. Did Republic Wind or its consultants discover any Indiana bats in the project area at any time?

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- A. I'm aware of one Indiana bat nest, I believe it's called a roost tree, that was initially internal to the project boundary. The project size was reduced. The turbine and facility's layout was amended and this was to account for a proposed buffer and curtailment regime from or in consultation with ODNR, the Ohio Department of Natural Resources, and U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.
- Q. And where did that -- where did that Indiana bat roost reside?
- A. I'm not at liberty to disclose the exact location of that roost given it's an endangered animal, so my disclosure here would be in violation of U.S. Fish and Wildlife code. However, that nest is outside the project boundary.
- Q. Well, general speaking, what area, give me a general description of the area without violating your responsibility to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.
- A. The identified Indiana bat roost is north and central to the project boundary.
 - Q. That would be north-central to the

current boundary?

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- A. That's correct.
- Q. And how much distance is there between the current project area boundary and the Indiana bat roost?
 - A. I don't have this figure offhand.
 - Q. Can you give me an estimate?
- A. I would not like to speculate on what that distance would be. However, I can attest that the turbine locations, the facility's locations are in compliance with recommendations from the Ohio Department of Natural Resources and U.S. Fish and Wildlife.
- Q. Can you tell me what those recommendations are?
- A. These recommendations are outlined in the Technical Assistance Letter that was shared by U.S. Fish and Wildlife, that should be a document in your possession, but then also a document that I will defer review, and minor details I would defer to Mr. Kerlinger who will testify later.
- Q. Did Republic Wind discover any other species of wildlife that resulted in or was a factor in a redesign of its facility?
- 25 A. It is our intention to reduce and

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- minimize impact for species altogether within the project area resulting from our facility layouts.
- 3 But again, regarding the very fine specifics but then
- 4 also specific regimes taken for different species, I
- 5 | would refer to the TAL but then also Witness
- 6 Kerlinger for his expertise.

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- Q. All right. When was Mr. Kerlinger first hired by Republic Wind for any purpose?
 - A. Mr. Kerlinger was hired in preparation for this hearing.
 - Q. Okay. And when did that occur?
 - A. This would have occurred this year.
 - Q. Would you say March of this year?
- 14 A. I would not for a specific date.
- However, it was this year, following filings made and in preparation for this hearing.
- Q. He was hired in the spring of this year, correct?
- MR. STINSON: Objection, Your Honor.
- 20 He's already answered the question.
- MR. VAN KLEY: No, he hasn't. He just
 said he doesn't know the specific date and I'm asking
 him whether it was in the spring.
- 24 ALJ SANYAL: Your objection is sustained.
- 25 He's answered to the best of his knowledge.

Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) All right. So going back to my question. Were there any other wildlife species, discovered by Republic Wind, that resulted in a layout change for its turbines?

MR. STINSON: I'm going to object to the form of the question with the use of the word "other." I don't think there's a foundation that any specific change was made for one wildlife issue.

MR. VAN KLEY: I asked him whether there was any other species that was discovered that resulted in a layout change. I didn't presume there was a layout change because of it. I'm trying to find out whether there was a layout change because of any other species of wildlife that's been discovered.

MR. STINSON: Can --

MR. VAN KLEY: It's a simple question.

MR. STINSON: Can you reread the prior

question, please?

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MR. VAN KLEY: I'll just rephrase to make sure it's clear.

ALJ SANYAL: Thank you.

Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Mr. Carr, did Republic Wind discover any species of wildlife, besides the Indiana bat or the bald eagle, that resulted in an adjustment of its project area boundaries?

- A. I'm not aware of another species that is on the same protection level as the eagle and the Indiana bat, and we consult with U.S. Fish and Wildlife and the Ohio Department of Natural Resources to determine buffers for these species.
- Q. Okay. Going back to my question. Was there any other species of wildlife discovered by Republic Wind that resulted in an adjustment of the project area boundaries?
- MR. STINSON: Could you reread the prior answer, please?
- 12 (Record read.)

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- MR. VAN KLEY: See, the witness limited his question to just --
- 15 ALJ SANYAL: Mr. Van Kley, I know.
- MR. VAN KLEY: Yeah.
 - ALJ SANYAL: If you could just answer his question specifically and, if you want that question read back, we can have that read back.
 - A. If I could simplify my response for you.

 I'm not aware of any other species for which we applied these sorts of protection buffers. So your question was did we reshape the boundary pursuant to one of these buffers. I'm not aware of another buffer.

Q. Thank you.

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Since 2012 -- let me back up a little bit.

You're aware that Republic Wind obtained a list of eagle nests that are in the vicinity of the project area, from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, around the time that Republic Wind did its wildlife surveys in 2011 and 2012?

- A. I'm generally aware that the project would have consulted with U.S. Fish and Wildlife and the Ohio Department of Natural Resources to understand existing nests prior to performing studies and during this consultation.
- Q. And you're aware that U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service gave Republic Wind a list of the eagle nests in the area that it was aware of at the time?
 - A. That would appear to be accurate.
- Q. Okay. In 2011 or 2012, did Republic Wind do its own survey of the project area in order to see if there were additional eagle nests in that area?
- A. To my knowledge that is the purpose of those studies that we performed in 2011 and 2012.
- Q. Okay. So, since 2012, has Republic Wind done anything to look for other eagle nests in or

near the project area?

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- A. I would defer to the Application for any further studies regarding birds generally, regarding migration, regarding breeding birds in the area. However, I'm not aware of a specific eagle study that was performed beyond the dates you've listed.
- Q. All right. So to answer my question, you're not aware of any surveys that Republic Wind did, after 2012, to look for eagle nests in or near the project area.
- A. Beyond those discussed in the Application, that's correct.
- Q. Okay. And the Application just refers to three eagle nests that were on U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's list, provided to Republic Wind around 2011, 2012, correct?
- A. I'm not aware of that specific figure, but if you're referencing the Application, the Application is correct.
- Q. So unless the Application identifies any eagle nests that were located or identified by Republic Wind, Republic Wind doesn't know -- let me just back up.
- Based on your answer then, is it true
 that Republic Wind is not aware of any other eagle

nests besides the three -- or, besides those identified by the Fish and Wildlife Service and besides the one that is described in Mr. Shieldcastle's testimony?

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A. To my knowledge aside from those listed in the Application per those 2011, 2012 studies, aside from the testimony wherein the alleged and confirmed eagle location exists that is in Shieldcastle's testimony, but I would refer to any correspondence with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service directly that we've shared.

And I believe there might be another nest outside of the project boundary that was discovered outside of any eagle nest survey in recent years. However, again, I don't know the specifics and I would refer to correspondence we've had and the documents shared with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and Ohio Department of Natural Resources.

- Q. All right. With regard to the other eagle nest that you're aware of that was just outside -- that was outside of the project area boundary, can you give me the general description of the area where that was found?
- A. I don't know that information offhand. I would defer to Kerlinger for specifics there.

Q. How did you come to know about this eagle nest?

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- A. If my memory serves, we had a separate study underway. I don't recall which subject-matter area that was. However, the consultants in the field identified an eagle and, to my knowledge, followed it to its nest which landed outside of the current project boundary.
- Q. In which direction from the project was the eagle nest found; north, south, east, et cetera?
- A. Again, I don't know that information offhand. I wouldn't like to speculate.
- Q. Now, what was the name of the consultant that found the nest, what company?
 - A. I believe the consultant's name was Cardno. Again, that's to the best of my knowledge.
 - Q. Why was Cardno looking -- why was Cardno doing fieldwork on the day that it observed the eagle nest?
 - A. Cardno was a consultant that we employed to perform the wetland report, but also to produce the environmental assessment for the project pursuant to Ohio Power Siting Board standards.
 - Q. And did Cardno find this nest while it was doing these studies for Republic Wind?

- A. That is my understanding.
- Q. Did you report the existence of this nest to the Power Siting Board?
- A. We are not asked to report nest locations to the Power Siting Board. We consult and collaborate with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Ohio Department of Natural Resources and --
 - Q. Did you --
- A. -- the nest was reported to those agencies.
- 11 Q. It was reported to them?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. But it was not reported to the Board?
- MR. STINSON: Asked and answered.
- 16 Objection.

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- MR. VAN KLEY: I'll withdraw the
- 18 question.
- ALJ SANYAL: What was the time frame under which that discovery was made?
- 21 THE WITNESS: This nest was identified 22 during the production of Application-specific 23 reports. This would have been prior to the initial
- But again, this nest, among the others

submittal in 2018. I believe that was in February.

that were identified in the area regionally, were used in determining a buffer, in consultation with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and ODNR, which helped guide the project in establishing a boundary and facilities layout that would minimize impact to the species.

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- Q. Did Republic Wind receive any response from the Fish and Wildlife Service after it reported the existence of this eagle nest?
- A. Yes. We continue to collaborate with Fish and Wildlife Service and the Ohio Department of Natural Resources.
- Q. And what was the -- what was the nature of the response that you received from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service? Was it in the form of a letter or an e-mail or some other sort of communication?
- A. Following the reporting of this nest, we would have had, perhaps, exchanges in person in meetings with Fish and Wildlife Service and Ohio Department of Natural Resources. I'm not sure specifically which format any response would take from those agencies so I don't have that answer for you offhand.
- Q. With respect to any response that you may have received from U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

concerning the reporting of this eagle nest, if you had received any written response would you have included it in the docket for this case?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And do you recall submitting anything to the docket in this case concerning that eagle nest?
- A. I would refer to the docket for absolute clarification there. However, the correspondence we had with Fish and Wildlife Service and the Ohio Department of Natural Resources was guidance on, again, this, you know, half-mean inter-nest buffer in helping us to determine the project boundary and where the facilities would land.

MR. VAN KLEY: Your Honor, at this time, I would like to mark the Local Residents first exhibit. I would like to mark it as LR Exhibit 1.

ALJ SANYAL: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MR. VAN KLEY: May I approach the

20 | witness?

21 ALJ SANYAL: Yes, you may do so.

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) All right. Mr. Carr, I
 would like you to take a look at Exhibit No. 1. Do
 you recognize this document?
- 25 A. This appears to be an e-mail exchange

between myself and OPSB Staff.

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- Q. And this e-mail was sent by you, to the Power Siting Board Staff, in response to some information requests from Staff, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. I'd like to direct your attention to your response to Information Request No. 15. The pages are not numbered but it would be the sixth page of this document.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. All right. And that -- the information request was "How many bald eagle nests are currently in vicinity of the project? How close is the nearest nest? How recently was this information obtained through field work?" Do you see that?
 - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. And the response was "There are no documented bald eagle nests within the project area. The closest documented bald eagle nest is approximately 1.9 miles southeast of the nearest turbine, and this data was collected during 2018 raptor nest surveys." Did I read that correctly?
 - A. Yes, you did.
- Q. Now, with respect to the eagle nest referred to in this answer, is that the same eagle

nest that Cardno discovered or is it a different nest?

- A. The response to this question speaks to that nest specifically. I do understand that in previous questions I was asked to speculate who was in the field performing which study. I did inform you, at that time, to the best of my knowledge that was the consultant. However, it was the consultant that performed -- per this response -- it's the consultant that was out there performing the raptor surveys who discovered this specific nest that we discussed previously.
 - Q. And which consultant was that?
- A. I would refer to the Application. I don't have that name offhand. Again, I wouldn't like to speculate which consultant performed that work.
- Q. And this was a raptor survey that was done specifically for the Republic Wind project?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And was the report -- was there a report on the raptor survey conducted by this consultant that was included in the Application for Republic Wind?
- A. To my general knowledge, reports of this nature are pursuant to U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

recommendation and ODNR recommendation, so this report would have been concluded and would have been performed in order to give those agencies the information they needed to collaborate with our project team in the determining ways to minimize the impacts for these species.

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I'm not sure whether the Power Siting
Board is the appropriate recipient of a study like
this. This study was performed in compliance with
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the state agency
as well.

- Q. Okay. So going back to my question. Was this report submitted as part of the Application for Republic Wind?
- A. Again, I'm not sure offhand, per my last answer. I'm not sure offhand. This study was performed in compliance with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Ohio Department of Natural Resources. This is used to continue those conversations with those agencies.
- Q. Okay. My question was, do you know whether this report is part of the docket in this case for the Application.
- MR. STINSON: Objection. He's answered.

 He's not sure.

MR. VAN KLEY: I haven't heard that yet.

He keeps saying he submitted it to U.S. Fish and

Wildlife Service.

ALJ SANYAL: Gentlemen -- okay.

Mr. Van Kley.

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Is this report on the docket? Do you know? Do you know if this report is on the docket?

THE WITNESS: I'm not sure per my answers --

ALJ SANYAL: Okay.

THE WITNESS: -- the two previous times.

ALJ SANYAL: Thank you.

Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) After 2012, did Republic Wind ask the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service whether it was aware of any other eagle nests that were not identified to Republic Wind prior to that time?

- A. My general knowledge is that any correspondence and collaboration that took place between 2012 and 2018 and to the current day would have revealed those nests and, to date, we have acknowledgment from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife surveys -- Service that our surveys are adequate and complete.
 - Q. Okay. Going back to my question. Did

Republic Wind ask U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, after 2012, whether the Fish and Wildlife Service was aware of any other eagle nests in or near the project area?

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A. I'm, again, going to answer to the best of my ability with my general knowledge of these conversations that these subject-matter experts at Apex have had with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

I'm aware that collaboration continued and has continued with every update to the project, and U.S. Fish and Wildlife shared their updated data at every point and we shared updates to our data at every point with regard to these species.

MR. VAN KLEY: Your Honor, could we ask that the witness be directed to answer the question?

ALJ SANYAL: Yeah.

Mr. Carr, I understand you're explaining your answer so if you could just start off by with a yes or a no to that original question and then I'll allow you to supplement your answer. I understand what you're trying to say here but, to the best of your knowledge, do you know whether or not that information was provided?

THE WITNESS: Yes, to my knowledge that information from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

was provided. Now, to qualify that answer, we have subject-matter experts at Apex that we consult with in order to work with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Ohio Department of Natural Resources, and so I don't have this e-mail offhand, I'm not aware of a specific e-mail, so that's why I sought to qualify my response.

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- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) What e-mail are you talking about?
- A. You seem to be asking for correspondence where we have asked explicitly U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service for their data. I don't want to give any false idea that I'm aware of an e-mail or of a document wherein we asked for that specifically, but I did want to express that we have collaborated with this agency over the years and they have continued to provide us with updated information.
- Q. All right. So do you have -- do you have knowledge of a specific request that Republic Wind made to U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, asking Fish and Wildlife Service whether it knew of the discovery of any new eagle nests after 2012?
- A. Per my last response, I do not have knowledge of a specific request.
 - Q. And did Republic Wind make such a request

of the Ohio Department of Natural Resources after 2012?

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A. Again, I'm not -- I'm not aware of a specific request. However, I do understand that collaboration has continued with these agencies, wherein they have shared every bit of updated information they have, and the project has done so, as well.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Over what interval do those communications normally occur?

MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, I apologize, I couldn't hear you.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Oh, I'm sorry. I was asking typically is there monthly-scheduled communications as just a course of practice or does it occur, do these communications occur on an as-needed basis?

MR. STINSON: I'm going to object as well, Your Honor, just for clarification.

FROM THE AUDIENCE: We can't hear you.

MR. STINSON: I object also, Your Honor, just for clarification that Mr. Carr is the Development Manager for this project. He has persons who conducted these studies and are in contact with U.S. Fish and Wildlife and ODOT, and the questions go

to the fact of what they are doing. I think he's indicated that he doesn't have that at his fingertips about what they've done. It's not within his direct knowledge.

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ALJ AGRANOFF: Yes, but my question was not pertaining to a specific correspondence but, rather, just course of practice, whether or not you have scheduled quarterly check-in meetings or are these just kind of on an as-needed basis when something is relevant to share.

THE WITNESS: So earlier-stage correspondence with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Ohio Department of Natural Resources would have been intermittent, periodic, and of course that correspondence and those meetings would have been reported.

However, as we close in on final designs, that's more of an as-needed. We provide both the federal and state agencies with our proposed layout and use this to gather whether there are any recommended changes from those agencies.

And so I suppose the answer is both. We have had intermittent meetings with both of these agencies but also have provided facilities layouts as needed to ensure that the recommendations shared by

U.S. Fish and Wildlife and the Ohio Department of Natural Resources are current.

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ALJ AGRANOFF: Just so I'm clear, when you say "intermittent," meaning scheduled on a periodic basis?

THE WITNESS: Perhaps not so formalized, but yes, scheduled periodically.

Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Has Republic Wind asked any of its participating landowners for the project about whether they know of any eagle nests in or near the project area?

MR. STINSON: Again, Your Honor, I want to object to the breadth of that question because it assumes that Mr. Carr is familiar or the people that work under him to do these reports, they report every issue or every time they speak with someone or conduct some type of investigation.

MR. VAN KLEY: Your Honor, first of all, I object to the coaching from counsel to the witness but, secondly, he is the Project Manager, he is overseeing all of this, I presume that he would know; if he doesn't, he could say so.

ALJ SANYAL: I agree, Mr. Van Kley.

I'm going to overrule your objection.

Mr. Carr, you can answer to the extent

you know.

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- A. To the extent of my knowledge, no, we have not asked specific landowners whether they're aware of nests. I don't believe this is one of the requirements of the studies that are performed, but then, additionally, we are not at liberty to disclose locations ourselves of nests to landowners once we collect that data.
- Q. I didn't ask you whether Republic Wind informed the landowners about any nests. I asked whether Republic Wind asked the landowners about any nests they were aware of. Do you understand that question?

ALJ SANYAL: I think, Mr. Van Kley, he answered that question.

MR. VAN KLEY: I just want to make sure because the part he added to the answer, I think, made it unclear to me as to whether that was the question he was answering rather than the one I asked him.

THE WITNESS: The intention was to qualify and to inform you as well.

Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) To your knowledge did
Republic Wind ask any of the landowners,
participating in this project, as to whether they had

observed any bald eagles in the project area?

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- A. I believe my previous answer will suffice here: Not that I'm aware of.
- Q. After Republic Wind saw

 Mr. Shieldcastle's testimony, did Republic Wind or,
 to your knowledge, any of its consultants,
 communicate with U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service about
 the nest in the project area that was described in

 Mr. Shieldcastle's testimony?
- A. To my knowledge we have identified this nest but the investigation correspondence continues.

 I'm not sure whether this has been reported to

 U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service because it would be a requirement.
 - Q. Since -- when was the last time that you can recall that Republic Wind or any of its consultants looked for Indiana bats in the project area?
 - A. I would refer to the 2015 bast -- sorry -- bat mist netting report that was included in the Application.
 - Q. Since that time, has Republic Wind done anything else to look for bats in the area?
- A. To my knowledge what's included in the Application is the most-updated reports that we have

completed.

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- Q. And is the report for that 2015 survey the last report on bat searches that is in the Application?
- A. To my knowledge if that's the most-recent bat mist net report included in the Application, that is the most-recent work we've done for this project.
- Q. To your knowledge has Republic Wind asked any participating landowners about whether they know of any bat roosts in the project area?
 - A. To my knowledge, no, we have not.
- Q. Are you aware of any communications from participating landowners or any other owners of land in the project area or nearby that have reported bat roosts to Republic Wind?
- A. I do not have that information offhand.

 MR. VAN KLEY: Your Honor, at this time,

 I'd like to mark our second exhibit as LR Exhibit 2.

 May I approach the witness to provide him with the exhibit?

ALJ SANYAL: Yes, you may.

This will be marked as LR Exhibit 2.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

Q. All right. I've handed you what's been marked as LR Exhibit No. 2. Do you recognize this

document?

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- I have not seen this e-mail, no, but it appears to be an e-mail chain between a colleague of mine and a local representative of the Regional Planning Commission.
 - John Arehart is with Apex Clean Energy? Ο.
 - Α. That's correct.
 - Is he your supervisor? Q.
- He is the regional manager of a project such as this. In that way, he is not so much a direct supervisor as he is overseeing the region.
- So he is somebody that -- that is Ο. overseeing the development of the Republic Wind project?
- He is someone who has contacted local constituents in the past but who is not currently overseeing the Republic Wind project development.
- When did Mr. Arehart discontinue those Q. responsibilities?
- Mr. Arehart has been involved in the development throughout the process. He has not been the lead developer for the project since 2015 when I came on.
- I'd like to direct your attention to a 25 paragraph that starts with the words "Adams

Township." It's about two-thirds of the way down the first page of that document.

MR. STINSON: Objection, Your Honor.

Mr. Carr has already indicated he hasn't seen this document. It's objectionable. He's not familiar with it. And I don't want to be at the point where we start reading it into the record. I object to its admission.

ALJ SANYAL: Thank you.

Go ahead.

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MR. VAN KLEY: I'm just going to ask him about the information. If he knows, he can answer; if he doesn't, he doesn't need to. At this point I'm using it in an attempt to prompt any memory that he might independently have.

MR. STINSON: There's absolutely no foundation, Your Honor.

ALJ SANYAL: I agree. I think Mr. Carr has already indicated he's not familiar with this e-mail, so you can ask general questions. If you want to call Mr. Arehart, we can go down that road but, you know, I think cross-examining him on this e-mail is improper.

MR. VAN KLEY: Uh-huh. All right.

ALJ SANYAL: So let's move on.

Armstrong & Okey, Inc., Columbus, Ohio (614) 224-9481

Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Mr. Carr, are you aware of any report by a landowner, either in or near the project area, of a barn on Township Road 32, between County Road 34 and the County Line --

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MR. STINSON: Objection, Your Honor.

He's reading into the record what's in the e-mail
that he wants to introduce into the record. It's
highly inappropriate.

MR. VAN KLEY: I'm just asking him whether he's aware of any barn that -- well, this description. I mean, my question is not evidence in the record; his answer will be. If he has personal knowledge of a barn that may fit this description, then that information is -- is relevant.

ALJ SANYAL: Okay. So I think the problem is you're looking in the e-mail and reading it out. We're done with this e-mail. I will ask him one question and then we move on.

Are you aware of any knowledge of a barn containing bats in the project area?

THE WITNESS: I'm not aware of such a barn.

ALJ SANYAL: Okay.

Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Are you aware that -- well, let me back up a little bit.

Does Republic Wind plan to do any monitoring for bird or bat kills around the turbines after the turbines are built?

- A. Post-construction monitoring is a requirement and will be overseen by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and Ohio Department of Natural Resources. Speaking to the specifics of this monitoring, I would defer to Witness Kerlinger.
- Q. Has Mr. Kerlinger been hired to perform any post-construction monitoring for this facility?
 - A. No.

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- Q. So, to your knowledge, you have no reason to believe that Mr. Kerlinger is aware of whatever plans Republic Wind may have to do post-construction monitoring; is that correct?
- A. Mr. Kerlinger is aware of what's in the Application and the Staff Report and recommended in those conditions of the Staff Report. However, regarding a very specific plan, that will be produced after this point. It would seem he's as aware as I am.
- Q. Has Republic Wind decided whether the post-construction monitoring results for bird and bat kills will be information provided to the public after it starts -- after the project starts

operating?

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- A. I would defer to the requirements set forth in the Power Siting Board's Staff Report, any other affiliated regulations from the Fish and Wildlife Service and Ohio Department of Natural Resources and pursuant, of course, to the final plan of post-construction monitoring. I do not have an answer for that at this point.
- Q. You're not aware of any prohibitions, from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service or ODNR, against releasing this data, are you?
- A. I would defer to Witness Kerlinger for expertise.
- MR. VAN KLEY: Your Honor, we're at a logical breaking point in the questioning. I see it's noon. What's the Bench's will with regard to taking a break?
- ALJ SANYAL: We're not going to break for lunch. It depends on how much you have left. Is this a good time for you to go into the confidential session or are you just wanting a restroom break?
- MR. VAN KLEY: I don't need a restroom break.
- 24 ALJ SANYAL: Because I could use one.
 25 (Laughter all around.)

74 MR. VAN KLEY: Yeah, I mean if -- do you 1 2 intend to take a lunch break? 3 ALJ SANYAL: Yes, yes, we do. 4 MR. VAN KLEY: Okay. 5 MR. STINSON: It may be helpful, Your 6 Honors, if we had an approximation of time, how we 7 can coordinate the remainder of the afternoon. 8 ALJ SANYAL: Yeah, I think -- how much 9 time do you have left? 10 MR. VAN KLEY: Given that I've had to ask 11 each question about three times, I'm barely starting. 12 At this rate, he's going to be on the stand all day 13 unless he starts answering questions 14 straightforwardly. I have -- I have --15 MR. STINSON: Are we off the record? 16 ALJ SANYAL: No. No, we're not. That is 17 on the record. 18 MR. VAN KLEY: I have eight pages of 19 notes for cross-examination and I have covered one. 20 ALJ SANYAL: Okay. Let's go off the 2.1 record. 2.2 (Discussion off the record.) 23 (Recess taken.) 24 ALJ SANYAL: Let's get back on the 25 record. And, Mr. Van Kley, whenever you're ready.

MR. VAN KLEY: I have a request from some of the audience in back, they say the witness can be heard very well but some of the activity on this side of the room they're not able to hear it, so maybe we can have more enunciation into the microphone.

ALJ SANYAL: Well, let's all enunciate into the microphone, please.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Devin, there might be a volume adjuster on yours.

10 ALJ SANYAL: It's right here, everyone,
11 there's a volume.

MR. PARRAM: Oh, is that what it is?

ALJ SANYAL: Uh-huh.

MR. PARRAM: I'll turn it up.

MR. VAN KLEY: Is that the little plus

signal?

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ALJ SANYAL: Yes.

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Mr. Carr, do you have a copy of the Amended Application in this case in front of you, the one dated December 2018?
 - A. We're working on that right now.

FROM THE AUDIENCE: Are we on the record?

ALJ SANYAL: Yes.

- A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Would you turn to page 6 of that

Application, and we're talking about the narrative of the Application at this point. And I'd like to ask you some questions about the project area. If you look down towards the bottom of that page, you'll see a paragraph No. 2, entitled "Area of All Owned and Leased Properties." Do you see that?

A. Yes.

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- Q. All right. So in the first sentence of that paragraph it states that the project is approximately 24,000 acres in size; is that correct?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. And approximately 19,000 acres of that are owned or under lease by Republic Wind; is that correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. Now, do you have the Application Amendment of June 28, 2019 in front of you?
- MR. VAN KLEY: Just let me know when you found it.
- ALJ SANYAL: Mr. Van Kley, I don't have a printed copy. Do you know which section you're looking at?
- 23 MR. VAN KLEY: It should be Company
 24 Exhibit 1E according to his testimony. That's how
 25 it's marked.

THE WITNESS: So that I could be helpful as we're looking for this document, where in my testimony are we referring to?

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MR. VAN KLEY: Where you marked all of the exhibit numbers in the beginning of your testimony.

7 THE WITNESS: Do you have that page or 8 section?

MR. VAN KLEY: I'll get it for you.

ALJ SANYAL: It's on page 7.

MR. VAN KLEY: Yes, it's on page 7 of your testimony in Answer 17. And you refer to it as "Exhibit AA to the Amended Application, December 27, 2018 (Applicant Exhibit 1E)."

ALJ SANYAL: Okay. So you're referring to the December 27, not the June 28 project -
MR. VAN KLEY: No, it's the June 28

update to it. It should be 1F to it, then, I guess.

ALJ SANYAL: Yeah.

MR. VAN KLEY: 1F.

MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, could we take a short break? Someone was supposed to be dropping off a document for us. I want to check and see if they're on their way. We had a couple documents that someone was bringing over. I want to check on the

ETA of that.

document.

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MR. VAN KLEY: Well, can I go on to another topic for a while, while they're waiting on that.

ALJ SANYAL: Would that be helpful?

MR. PARRAM: That would be helpful.

ALJ SANYAL: Yeah, let's move on to another topic.

Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Redirecting your attention back to the Amended Application of December 2018, why don't you now go to page 7 of that

A. Okay.

Q. And do you see Table 3-1 there, entitled "Impact Assumptions"?

A. Yes.

Q. Okay. And that table includes a list of facility components, correct?

A. Yes.

Q. The left column of that table lists all of the facility components for this project, correct?

A. That's correct.

Q. When you refer -- when the Application refers to "components," what's meant by that -- that term? That term includes the components that are

listed in Table 3-1?

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- A. I would imagine so, yes.
- Q. Okay. I see there are some meteorological towers listed as components. Do you see that?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And how many -- how many meteorological towers are presently constructed for Republic Wind, if any, in the project area?
 - A. To my knowledge there are either five or six temporary meteorology -- meteorological towers that are in the project now. The meteorological towers referred to in the Application are those that we seek to construct for the life of the project which would be different from those that currently stand.
 - Q. How tall are these towers?
 - A. The towers we currently have?
 - O. Yes.
- A. The temporary towers that are currently installed, to my knowledge, all but one are 60 meters tall and, to my knowledge, we have one meteorological tower that is 100 meters tall.
- 24 ALJ AGRANOFF: What is the difference 25 between the temporary towers versus the permanent

towers that you seek to install?

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THE WITNESS: The temporary towers are those that help us -- help to guide facility designs in this stage of the process. We've had those on site within the project area for a number of years. The towers that we will install later, for which I'm not certain of those dimensions, those towers will be used to further help guide production of the project once it's in operation.

Q. What's the purpose --

ALJ SANYAL: I have a quick question.

What is the general purpose of both the temporary and permanent towers? What are they used for?

THE WITNESS: So meteorological towers are used to gauge wind speed and direction, and we compile that data to produce information that's functional for us as far as producing power from these wind turbines.

ALJ SANYAL: Thank you.

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) And how many permanent towers are you planning to install?
- A. I would refer to the Application itself, and any amendment thereto, for a number of -- specific number of permanent meteorological towers we plan to install.

- Q. I'll refer you to the Application then.

 On the same page, look at footnote 3 to Table 3-1.

 Do you see there where, in the first sentence of that footnote, it says "the Facility will require up to two permanent meteorological towers"?
- A. The version at my disposal has the term "two" crossed and that's replaced with "three." This would be the December filing.
- Q. Yeah, I'm looking at the December filing that came off the website and it doesn't have that word crossed out.

ALJ SANYAL: Mr. Carr, I think he's referring to the sentence previous in that footnote. So that first sentence has "two."

THE WITNESS: I see. Okay.

- Q. Okay. I'm just trying to reconcile that sentence with the next one in my copy taken off the website from the Board's website, it says "This Amended Application seeks approval for four meteorological tower sites; however, only three will ultimately be constructed." Does the version you're looking at say the same thing?
 - A. Yes.

2.1

Q. Okay. So how many are going to be constructed then permanently?

- A. I would refer to later in this very same section. Although there may be some sort of discrepancy with that footnote, we have a description of major equipment on page 9, and this references up to two permanent meteorological towers. This is in section 2 on page 9. This appears to be the accurate figure.
 - Q. So you think it's two?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. Now, with regard to the temporary meteorological towers that are already in the project area, are those towers fastened to the ground by quide wires?
- A. Yes. The 60-meter towers, installed meteorological towers, those are fixed with guide wires.
- Q. Okay. How is the 100-meter tower stabilized?
- A. To my knowledge that tower has a concrete foundation, I'm not sure the dimensions of that, but it may also be fastened with guide wires. I'm not certain.
- Q. For the towers that are 60-feet -
 24 60-meters tall, how many guide wires are supporting

 25 each one of them?

- A. I don't have that figure offhand.

 However, guide wires are suspending the tower in four directions.
 - Q. Okay. So at least four guide wires?
- A. Certainly.
 - Q. Now, on page 8 of the Application, we have some turbine dimensions provided, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And there are three turbine models listed there, correct?
- 11 A. Yes.

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- Q. Are all three of those turbine models still under consideration for this project?
- 14 A. Yes.
 - Q. Are there additional models that are now under consideration for this project that are not listed on Table 3-2 on page 8 of the Application?
 - A. Yes.
 - O. How many?
 - A. There would be one more turbine model not listed here and various other capacities for these specific turbine models listed. The turbine model that does not appear here, but later in a modification, would be the V136, 3.6-megawatt turbine.

- Q. Is that a Vestas model?
- 2 A. Yes.

- Q. And that model is discussed as being eligible for the project in the amendment of June 29, I think it is, 2019?
- MR. PARRAM: May I approach, Your Honor?

 ALJ SANYAL: Yes, you may.
- 8 A. That's correct.
- 9 Q. Do you now have that amendment of 10 June 2019 in front of you?
- 11 A. I believe what I have in front of me is 12 the Exhibit 1E that we've been discussing previously.
- 13 Q. Maybe 1F?
- A. Give me just one minute?
- 15 Q. Yeah.
- MR. STINSON: If I may approach, Your
- 17 Honor?
- 18 ALJ SANYAL: Yes, you may.
- 19 THE WITNESS: Am I to understand counsel
- 20 asked me to refer to 1F or 1E?
- MR. VAN KLEY: I believe it's 1F.
- MR. STINSON: Just for clarification, 1F
- 23 | was stricken per the errata.
- MR. VAN KLEY: Oh, it was? Okay. So
- 25 | what number is --

MR. STINSON: If you're talking about the supplement of June 28, that's 1E.

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MR. VAN KLEY: Okay. So I was right the first time.

MR. STINSON: Yeah, that's on page 3 of his testimony.

THE WITNESS: So update 1E is the correct section; is that right?

MR. VAN KLEY: I guess so.

Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) All right. Going back to the Amended Application of December 2018, page 6. We started talking about this and you've already answered the question that the project area has approximately 24,000 acres in it, and a total of approximately 19,000 acres are owned and/or under lease by the Applicant.

Now, I'd like you to keep your finger there and go to Exhibit E, 1E, which is the June 28, 2019 Amendment to the Application, and please find the noise report that is in Attachment B to Exhibit 1E. It is RSG's report entitled "Noise Impact Assessment for Republic Wind - Seneca and Sandusky County, Ohio." Just tell me when you've found that.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Mr. Stinson, if you could

point us specifically where in the errata the issue of 1E versus 1F is addressed.

3 ALJ SANYAL: Because I'm now a little 4 lost.

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MR. STINSON: If you're on the errata, the first page -- I mean, I'm sorry, the first page of the errata, third line down says page 3, lines 11 and 12, strike the bullet point and the entire following sentence.

ALJ SANYAL: Right. But if you go to page 7, the June 28, 2019, Notice of Project

Modification is still 1F, right? I'm just trying to make sure I'm referring to the correct document.

MR. STINSON: And where were you on page 7?

ALJ SANYAL: So on page 7, the last bullet point, the June 28, 2019.

MR. STINSON: That would be in error,

Your Honor. That should be 1E.

ALJ SANYAL: So what about the one previous? So the December 27th one, what's that one?

MR. STINSON: I think those are all one off, Your Honor. If we would correct the record at this point?

25 ALJ SANYAL: Sure.

MR. STINSON: If we're looking at page 7, to make these correspond with page 3, Applicant Exhibit D, on page 7, the first bullet, should be 1C, the next bullet should be 1D, and the next bullet should be 1E.

ALJ SANYAL: Thank you.

MR. STINSON: Thank you.

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Okay. Mr. Carr, referring you then to Exhibit 1E. Have you found the noise study that's in Attachment B?
- 11 A. I found Attachment B, Part 1, "Noise 12 Impact Assessment."
 - Q. Okay. Go to page 2 of that report.

 You'll find a heading for "2.0 Project Description."

 Did you find that page?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. Looking at the second paragraph of that section, the first sentence states "The project covers approximately 15,000 acres with up to 58 wind turbine locations and a total project output of at least 200 megawatts." Did I read that right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. Can you reconcile for me the 15,000 acres referred to on this page of Exhibit 1E with the acreage provided on page 6 of the

December 2018 Application where it states that the project area is approximately 24,000 acres with a total of approximately 19,000 acres being owned or under lease by the Applicant?

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- A. It appears that in this case on page 2 of this report within their project description, that RSG, the relevant consultant, didn't apply the correct background for the project. This is evident with the reference to 58 wind turbines which is not accurate for the current layout. However, this report was performed with the correct project boundary and turbine locations, and so this project description isn't inconsistent with the report, it simply seems to be not correct.
- Q. Okay. And the information on page 6 of the Amended Application of December 2018 is correct?
 - A. To my knowledge, yes.
- Q. Would you now go back to the Amended Application of December 2018 and proceed to page 145. And I'd like to refer you to the language beginning on page 144, entitled "(2) Parcel Status Map." Did you find that?
 - A. Where is this referenced on page 144?
- Q. No. 2, Parcel Status Map, about two-thirds of the way down on page 144 of the Amended

Application of December 2018.

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A. I'm not seeing this page listed by parts.

I'm in an "Avian Collision Mortality" section.

ALJ SANYAL: I'm also on that same page.

MR. VAN KLEY: Well, there seems to be a difference between the version that he's reading from and the version that's on the website.

ALJ SANYAL: Mr. Van Kley, we also have the December 28 Amended Application, and when you open it to page 144, the title of that page is "Avian Collision Mortality."

MR. VAN KLEY: Huh, okay.

Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) All right. Would you find the language in the Amended Application that deals with setbacks. It should be somewhere around the same page area as where you were.

ALJ SANYAL: Mr. Van Kley, do you have a page number for us?

MR. VAN KLEY: I don't because apparently the version I printed out had different page numbers or different -- different --

THE WITNESS: To be clear, would these questions be referring to the December filing?

MR. VAN KLEY: Yes.

THE WITNESS: I want to make sure we've

got the same text.

MR. VAN KLEY: Yeah, the December filing.

It is dated December 2018. It is entitled "Amended

Application to the Ohio Power Siting Board."

ALJ AGRANOFF: Why don't we go off the record for a minute and, Mr. Van Kley, if you could possibly sit with the witness and just flip through and see whether or not you can find commonality as to the versions you're looking at.

MR. VAN KLEY: Yeah. Maybe what would be best is if we did this over lunch. I can take a look at the version he has, see how it's different from the version I have, rather than taking up hearing time to do that.

ALJ AGRANOFF: That's fine as long as you're still going to be able to pursue whatever questioning you're --

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$ VAN KLEY: I can move on to a different topic in the meantime.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay.

FROM THE AUDIENCE: Are we back on the record?

23 ALJ AGRANOFF: Yes.

ALJ SANYAL: Yeah.

Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) How many wind-powered

facilities does Apex operate presently?

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- A. I believe this is discussed in my testimony. Do you have somewhere particular in mind?
 - Q. Just tell me how many.
- A. In the interest of time, I believe this is discussed in my application -- or, in my testimony. However, multiple projects are operating that Apex has developed.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Is there a particular portion of his testimony, Mr. Van Kley, that you could have him direct his attention to?

ALJ SANYAL: You may want to look at Question 3.

- Q. Yeah, I see Question 3 says Apex has completed 13 facilities, but it doesn't say how many are being operated by Apex.
- A. I see the section of my testimony that you're referencing there. Our reference to completing 13 wind facilities would be those we developed. I would imagine many of those we are current operators for. However, I don't have that specific figure for you.
- Q. Okay. Are you personally involved in operating any wind-powered facilities?
- 25 A. No.

- Q. Have you ever been?
- A. No.

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- Q. How many wind-powered facilities have you developed?
- A. I've been active in development for three facilities in Ohio. All of which are currently still under development.
- Q. Okay. Have you been involved in developing wind-powered facilities in states other than Ohio?
- A. No.
- Q. Do you have any information concerning whether Apex has ever experienced any blade shear at any of the facilities it's operated?
- A. I'm generally aware that blade shear has occurred rarely with projects. I'm not aware offhand of the specific case.
- Q. Okay. Are you aware of whether blade shear has occurred at any Apex projects?
- A. To answer your question once more, I'm not aware of a specific incident. It's important to note that I'm the Project Manager for the Republic project and been involved in these development projects in Ohio that are referenced in my testimony. However, I'm not involved in operations of wind

farms.

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- Q. All right. Are you aware of any incidents at any wind power facilities at which blade shear has occurred?
- A. Again, I'm generally aware that blade shear has occurred. However, I can't point to a specific instance.
- Q. Do you have any information concerning whether any blades or parts of blades were projected away from the turbine tower during any of those incidents?
- A. I do not have that information offhand, no.
- Q. Are you aware of any incidents at any wind projects in which ice has been thrown from the wind turbines?
- A. I'm generally aware of ice throw as a subject concern, and I'm aware that we produce an ice throw report for the Application. However, I'm not aware of a specific instance, offhand, of ice throw.
- Q. Let's talk about noise from wind turbines.

ALJ SANYAL: Actually, before we move on from that subject, I have a quick question. Just generally, do you know what are the statistics of blade throw in the industry in general? Because on your testimony on page 14, lines 21 to 23, you note that technological improvements have really significantly reduced the instances of blade throw. So are you aware of current statistics of blade throw in general?

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THE WITNESS: This response is in reference specifically to the ice throw report that was included as a response to a data request I believe from OPSB Staff. I don't have that figure offhand, but this statement is reliant on those figures.

ALJ SANYAL: Okay. But do you know about industry statistics at all regarding blade shear or blade throw, what those instances are?

THE WITNESS: I believe the report demonstrated that the case of ice throw is very rare and further discussed some of the finer details of that. However, I'm not familiar with the statistic offhand.

ALJ SANYAL: Okay. Thank you.

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Are you aware of the Timber Road II wind project in Ohio?
 - A. I'm generally aware of its existence.
 - Q. That's an operating project, right?

- A. To my knowledge there is an operating project in Ohio with the name "Timber Road."
- Q. And it's located not far from the Republic Wind project area?

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- A. I'm not sure of the distance specifically but, to my knowledge, the Timber Road project is on the border of Ohio and Indiana, roughly a few -- a few hours' drive from the project area for Republic Wind.
- Q. Are you aware of whether or not that project has ever had a blade throw or blade shear incident?
- A. I'm not aware, offhand, of a specific incident.
- Q. You said something about a study or some information that was submitted to the Power Siting Board about blade shear; am I understanding that correct?
- A. The project completed an ice throw report as requested by the Power Siting Board Staff.
 - Q. Oh, okay. Not a blade shear report?
 - A. Not to my knowledge.
- Q. So what's the basis of your statement that, while rare, such incidents have occurred?

 That's included in your blade shear discussion on

page 14 of your testimony.

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- A. This is general knowledge that blade shear does not occur frequently with projects. This isn't a precise statement of course; however, it's simply a statement that those incidents are rare, which is true.
- Q. Did you look at any reports or studies of blade throw incidents that provided you with the background for this statement?
- A. Over my tenure of development at Apex, and in consultation with subject-matter experts, both at Apex and with consultants we've employed to perform different studies, this is the general understanding. So, along those lines, I've very likely seen specific reports. However, I didn't memorize those reports and don't have a figure to report to you.
- Q. Do you have a name of any of those reports or a title?
 - A. No, I do not.
- Q. How about the name of the author? Do you have any of the authors for any of those reports?
- A. No. I'm not familiar with the specific report that I can cite for you right now.
 - Q. Are you aware of a database that can be

found on the internet called the Caithness Database? C-a-i-t-h-n-e-s-s.

- A. I'm not presently aware of that, no.
- Q. In your discussion of blade shear on page 14 of your testimony, there's a sentence, starting on line 19, that refers to "a control system failure leading to over-speed operation, a lightning strike, or a manufacturing defect in the blade." Do you see that testimony?
 - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Okay. And then the next sentence states that "Technological improvements and mandatory safety standards during turbine design, manufacture, and installation has significantly reduced the instances of blade throw." Do you see that?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. When, to your knowledge, did those technology improvements and mandatory safety standards come into existence?
- A. These improvements would be incremental with technology advancements. We're aware that the systems in place regarding the technology specifically available on each turbine is different with each new iteration from these manufacturers.
 - So, for example, you would not see a

highly-intelligent computer system on a turbine built 15 years ago, but you do see those standards today, and these computers tell us a number of things about how the turbine is operating in order to notify us of any problems that may arise.

- Q. Does Republic Wind intend to incorporate a braking system in its turbines to stop them from rotating if blade shear occurs?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. When did those braking systems come into existence?
- A. Again, my expertise is as a Project
 Manager for the development of this project, not
 operations, nor specific technology for the braking
 of these turbine blades. However, the technology
 exists today and exists for those turbines that we've
 proposed for this project.
- Q. Can you identify any technological improvement or safety standard that will be used by Republic Wind for these turbines that did not exist 10 years ago?
- A. If you can refer to Answer 26 on page 13 of my testimony. It's previous to where you're looking now.
- Q. No, I'm still on page 14 of your

testimony.

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- A. No, I'm asking that you would turn to page 13 --
 - Q. Okay.
 - A. -- for the answer to your question.
- Q. Sure. All right. And what would you like to refer me to?
- A. It begins line 10, for example, as you're requesting some information regarding the safety system. I'll go ahead and read it. In the event a fire would occur, the system control and data acquisition, acronym "SCADA," system would be installed -- to be installed will sense when equipment operation is compromised and report conditions to the control at the O&M building.

This is a system that hasn't always existed for turbines. I'm not sure precisely when this was developed; however, it's something that we intend to install with the turbines we've proposed.

- Q. So do you know whether that system was available 10 years ago?
 - A. No, but it is available now.
- Q. Now, does that system shut off a turbine only if there's a fire or under other circumstances as well?

A. I'm not certain exactly what measures the system performs on its own. However, we have 24-hour surveillance by experts for this system, among others, in which someone could determine that a stop is required.

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- Q. So am I correctly understanding what you're saying then that the SCADA system would not shut off the turbine if blade shear occurred in the absence of a fire?
- A. No. To correct that, I would say I'm not sure exactly the measure that is taken by the system alone, but I can speak to the 24-hour operations oversight of this system. I'm not certain whether the system can operate on its own.
- Q. Well, does Republic Wind intend to include any technology for these turbines that would shut off the turbine if, during a storm, blade shear occurred?
- A. I would defer to the Application and any language we've included. I'm aware that we plan to employ those systems available to meet those conditions that we've received from the Power Siting Board and to ensure the safe operations of these turbines.
 - Q. Do you know what kind of technology will

be used, if any, to shut off a turbine that is damaged in a storm?

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- A. I'm aware that staff, at the O&M building, can certainly do so. Any third-party review or third-party oversight off-site of the project can do so. I would imagine there's a system in place to at least notify those operators of an issue. Again, I'm not sure whether that system is automatic, would automatically shut the turbines down; so the answer is not no, it's an I-don't-know.
- Q. Okay. The staff that you just referred to in your answer, are those staff that are at the Republic Wind facility or are they going to be off-site?
- A. Both. For those projects that Republic Wind operates, we have on-site O&M staff that oversees the operations. We also have staff which oversees those very same operations from a remote operations center in Charlottesville, Virginia.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Just so the record is clear, when you say "O&M staff," operations and maintenance?

THE WITNESS: Operations and maintenance is the acronym.

Q. Will the staff, that will be present at

the facility, have the ability to shut off a turbine?

A. Absolutely.

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- Q. And the off-site staff also would have the ability to turn off a turbine?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. Is there technology that will be used in the project that will tell staff for the facility if blade shear has occurred?
- A. Yes. I would refer, again, to the system control and data acquisition system that would be installed in each turbine.
- Q. How quickly can a turbine be shut down in the event that a staff person sees the need to do so?
- A. My general knowledge is that a turbine can be shut down very quickly. Again, I'm not in operations, I don't know how many seconds it will take. However, to my knowledge, it can be done very quickly.
 - O. In less than a minute?
- A. I believe you're asking me to speculate here. I'm not sure. I would imagine in some cases, yes. I would imagine with some models, perhaps it would take slightly longer. I'm not sure.
- Q. With regard to ice throw, I believe in the Application there's a statement that icing can

lead to vibration. Are you aware that that's true?

A. I'm generally aware of the ice throw potential.

- Q. Now, you're aware that the Application states that if icing causes vibration on the turbine, then the turbine would shut down?
- A. I'm aware that the SCADA system employed at each turbine would make the operators certainly aware of that situation. And if the ice throw report does say that the system would identify that vibration, then I would believe that to be accurate.
- Q. Does a turbine blade always vibrate if it has ice on it?
 - A. I'm not a subject matter in this area -I'm not a subject-matter expert in this area. I
 would refer to that ice throw report which is
 performed by an expert and the information included
 therein.
- Q. So you don't know the answer to that question?
- MR. STINSON: Objection, Your Honor. He answered that question.
- MR. VAN KLEY: Well, he just said he
 would refer to the report. He didn't say whether he
 knew or not.

MR. STINSON: He indicated he isn't a subject-matter expert.

ALJ SANYAL: Your objection is overruled.

Will you specifically respond to the question if you can.

THE WITNESS: I'm not aware whether that is accurate.

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Okay. Is the ice throw study, that you just referred to, included in the Application?
- A. The ice throw study available to you would be that which was a response to a Staff data request and so it was not a requirement of the Application. However, it is an item that we've included in response to Staff.
- Q. Okay. Do you know whether that study is on the Power Siting Board's docket?
 - A. Yes.
- 19 O. It is?
- 20 A. Yes.

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- 21 Q. Okay.
- 22 ALJ AGRANOFF: As part of the Application 23 or as part of a different filing?
- THE WITNESS: This would be a filing in response to a Staff data request.

Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Have you checked the public docket for the Board to determine whether Republic Wind submitted any of its responses to Staff data requests to the docket?

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MR. STINSON: I'm going to object just for foundation to make sure that the witness knows what the public PUCO or OPSB docket is.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. Why don't we go off the record real fast.

(Discussion off the record.)

ALJ SANYAL: Let's get back on the record.

We had discussion about some certain data requests that Mr. Van Kley would like to have those admitted as exhibits so Mr. Van Kley will identify the pertinent data requests and we will identify them as exhibits and admit them in due course. We'll consider admission.

Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Moving on to page 15 of your testimony, this is your original testimony, not your supplemental testimony. On page 15 of your testimony you have a section labeled "Air Ambulance" and I have some questions about that part of your testimony.

If you start with the sentence that's on

line 5 and goes through most of line 7, that sentence states "Once Life Flight notifies our control center of a medical emergency, the Project would initiate a stop on all turbines, which would be shut down in a very short period of time." Do you see that?

A. Yes, I do.

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- Q. Okay. Is that a commitment that's made in the Application anywhere to your knowledge?
- A. I would defer to the Application itself.

 I'm not aware of a specific reference to Life Flight

 and impacts to Life Flight in the Application.
- Q. When you say the turbines would be shut down in a very short period of time, can you quantify that amount of time?
- A. As I stated earlier, I'm not aware of the specific figure I can offer you. I would defer to Witness Marcotte, who is a pilot, who has certainly interacted with projects of this sort. He may have a better answer for you.
- Q. Go to page 22 of your testimony. I would like to refer you to Answer 46, where you recommend that the Board not adopt Condition 40, and Answer 46 states "As Witness Kerlinger discusses, Republic Wind has already performed adequate preconstruction eagle use surveys in consultation with ODNR and U.S. Fish

107 and Wildlife Service. These agencies have 1 2 acknowledged that no further eagle use surveys are necessary. According to Witness Kerlinger, the 3 surveys that have been performed demonstrate that the 4 5 risk of bald eagle collision is extremely low. 6 Further, as Witness Kerlinger will discuss, the 7 development of an Eagle Conservation Plan is voluntary. As such, Republic Wind believes Staff's 8 9 proposed Condition 40 is unnecessary and overburdensome." 10 11 My first question about this answer is, 12 did you write this before you discovered there was an 13 eagle in the middle of the project area -- I mean 14 eagle nest? Yes. 15 Α. Okay. Now that you know there's an eagle 16 Ο. 17 nest in the middle of the project area, is your 18 answer to Question 46 still the same? 19 Α. Yes. 20 Q. Let's go to page 11 of your testimony. 2.1 ALJ SANYAL: I'm sorry, may I have the 22 page number again? 23 MR. VAN KLEY: 11. 24 ALJ SANYAL: Thank you.

I'd like to refer you to the section

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Q.

labeled "Aesthetics/Rural Character."

A. Yes.

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- Q. In lines 19 and 20, you state that the project has been sited "in a rural residential/ agricultural zone, which has a relatively low density of viewers." Do you see that?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. What are the number of viewers in this area relative to when you say that they are of a relatively low density?
- A. Per the Application, this would be a reference to a population that could be classified as rural and one that is similar in nature to other -- other built projects in Ohio.
- Q. Well, when you determined the density of the viewers, did you compare it against the entire population in the state of Ohio?
- A. I believe population density is something that's provided separate from the state as a whole.
- Q. Well, when you say the population is relatively low in its density, are you comparing it to something?
- A. To my knowledge the Application itself
 details why we can classify this area as rural, and I
 believe, as well, details the exact population

density of the project area. Beyond that, I don't have those figures in front of me, so I just want to let you know that.

- Q. Moving further down in this answer, starting on line 24, there's a sentence that says "While some viewers may have adverse reactions to wind turbines, others find them aesthetically pleasing to look at and prefer the slow-spinning turbine blade to other utility structures." Do you see that?
- 11 A. Yes.

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- Q. And you have a footnote 3 after that sentence and the footnote 3 says, see, for example, Testimony of Barbara Baldosser, Testimony of Roger Walters, and Testimony of Evelyn Snavely. Do you see that?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And those are three testimonies that you're citing for the proposition that some viewers think turbines are aesthetically pleasing to look at?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Now, you have a witness in this case whose last name is Baldosser, correct?
- A. Yes.
- 25 | O. Is Barbara Baldosser related to him?

- A. To my knowledge in some way, yes. I'm not familiar with the exact relation.
- Q. Okay. Mr. Baldosser, the witness in this case, is a leasing landowner for the project, right?
- A. I believe Mr. Baldosser has specified that yes, he is.
- Q. Do you know whether Barbara Baldosser is a leasing landowner for this project?
 - A. I don't know offhand. I know that Mr. Baldosser, who is testifying, is.
- Q. Do you know whether Walter -- Roger
 Walters is a participating landowner for this
 project?
- A. I believe in the testimony he offered at this public hearing he said that he was --
- 16 Q. Okay.

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- A. -- but he would not be receiving any turbine.
- Q. Okay. So if he's a participating
 landowner that means that Republic Wind is paying him
 to participate, correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. How about Evelyn Snavely, is she a participating landowner for this project?
- A. I'm not aware of whether she specified in

her testimony that she is. However, the last name is one that is very familiar. I believe we have several family members participating in the project.

- Q. Moving on to page 12 of your testimony.

 I'd like to talk about Answer 24. Here you say that,
 at the local public hearing on September 12, 2019,
 14 of those individuals, who live within the project
 area, testified in support of the project, right?
 - A. That's correct.

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- Q. Of those 14, how many are participating landowners for the project?
- A. I don't want to speculate on the specific number. I'm aware that several of those who testified are participants. However, there are some who are not and that was evident at the hearing.
- Q. With regard to the persons who are not participating landowners but who testified in support of the project, do you know whether those -- any of those persons are related to persons who are participating landowners?
- A. Again, I wouldn't like to speculate offhand. I don't have the family trees in front of me. It's a rural area; I would imagine many folks are related.
 - Q. Go to page 14 of your testimony. On the

top of that page, you have some testimony about karst formations. I'd like to refer you to the sentence that starts on line 5 and then going to the next sentence that ends on line 11, so these two sentences go as follows: "I note that the Staff Report contains no conditions related to Karst formations; however, the report's text (at page 26) states that if these subsequent investigations identify Karst formations, Republic Wind will avoid those locations for siting turbines. To be clear, as explained by Witness McGee, if future geotechnical studies identify that proposed turbine locations are located above karst formations, implementation of mitigation measures (such as grouting) is likely to be the recommended course of action." Do you see that testimony?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. So am I properly understanding what you're saying then to state that if Republic Wind finds karst under a proposed turbine location, it will still put a turbine there?
- A. To reiterate what Witness McGee has stated in his testimony, the point made here is that avoidance may not be the necessary procedure and the project would like the opportunity to investigate whether a mitigation procedure could be put in place

that resolved the impact or resolved the issue. I would defer to Witness McGee with any specifics of this.

- Q. And those mitigation measures could include grouting according to your testimony?
 - A. That's correct.

- Q. What's grouting?
- A. My general understanding of grouting is filling an area that is known to be open space underground. So with karst formation, it's my general understanding that you may have some stability issues that could be mitigated with filling with a certain substance that offers some structural integrity that was not there before. And again, regarding anything more specific, I would defer to Witness McGee.

MR. STINSON: Maybe this is a good time to be thinking of a break, Your Honor.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$ VAN KLEY: That would be fine with me. I'm at a good breaking point.

21 ALJ SANYAL: Okay. Let's go off the record.

(Discussion off the record.)

24 ALJ SANYAL: Let's get back on the 25 record. In the interest of time, we are going to

114 quickly switch witnesses and do cross for Witness 1 2 Rice. And, Ms. Rice, you can actually come to this 3 stand. (Off the record.) 4 5 ALJ AGRANOFF: If you can please stand --6 THE WITNESS: Yes. 7 ALJ AGRANOFF: -- and raise your right 8 hand, please. 9 THE WITNESS: Yes. 10 (Witness sworn.) 11 ALJ AGRANOFF: Please be seated. 12 MR. STINSON: If I may approach, Your 13 Honor? 14 ALJ SANYAL: Yes. 15 MR. STINSON: I'm going to go over here 16 so I can see the witness. 17 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 18 19 JANE E. RICE 20 being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was 2.1 examined and testified as follows: 22 DIRECT EXAMINATION 23 By Mr. Stinson: 24 Ms. Rice, would you state your --Ο. 25 ALJ SANYAL: You may have to press the

- button again. The middle button and then it blinks for a little bit. Is it blinking? Okay. Press it again.
 - Q. (By Mr. Stinson) Okay. Ms. Rice, would you please state your full name for the record.
 - A. Jane Rice.

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- Q. And what is your business address and where are you employed?
- A. I'm employed at Environmental Design & Research. The address is 217 Montgomery Street,

 Suite 1000 --
- Q. And what is your position there? I'm sorry.
- A. That's okay. Suite 1000, Syracuse, New York. I am the Director of Planning.
- Q. Thank you.
- I've placed before you what I've marked
 as Applicant's Exhibit 16. Can you identify that for
 me, please?
- 20 A. Yes. It's my Direct Testimony.
- Q. And was that prepared by you or under your direct supervision?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. Do you have any changes, additions, or deletions to that testimony?

Proceedings 116 1 Α. No. 2 If I were to ask you the same questions Q. 3 today, would your answers be the same? Α. 4 Yes. 5 MR. STINSON: Thank you, Your Honor. will move admission of Applicant's Exhibit 16, 6 7 subject to cross, and tender the witness for cross. ALJ AGRANOFF: If you could give 8 9 Mr. Van Kley back his microphone. 10 MR. DeVINE: He can't object, it's

11 perfect.

12 MR. VAN KLEY: It will speed this up for 13 sure. I thought we had found a way to speed up this 14 hearing.

15 MR. STINSON: You can always stipulate to 16 the testimony.

17 ALJ AGRANOFF: Mr. Van Kley, when you're 18 ready.

19 MR. VAN KLEY: All right.

2.1 CROSS-EXAMINATION

22 By Mr. Van Kley:

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Good morning or good afternoon, Ms. Rice. Q.

> Good afternoon. Α.

25 Q. Is this the first case involving a wind power company that you've testified in?

A. No, sir.

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- Q. How many others have you testified in?
- A. I have attended a hearing, one other, in New York State, and I have submitted written testimony in several others.
- Q. Okay. And in each of those instances in which you've attended or you've submitted testimony, did you provide that testimony on behalf of the wind power companies?
- A. On behalf of the developer for that particular project, yes.
- Q. You've never testified in opposition to a wind power project?
 - A. No, sir.
- Q. With respect to the employees that will be -- that are predicted to be employed by the Republic Wind project, I'd like to talk a little bit about those employees who are going to be permanent employees of the project, and you've calculated how many full-time employees will be employed in that project?
- A. I'm going to have to find that number in my testimony, written testimony. We -- let's see here. Do you have a particular question that you're

referencing?

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- Q. Well, I just want to know how many full-time employees will work for this project in the future.
- A. Okay. Are you referencing -- when we run the JEDI model, we estimate a number of employees during construction as well as during operation.

 Which particular period are you asking about?
- Q. All right. Referring you to Answer 11 in your testimony, you state that your JEDI model estimates the creation of approximately 10 on-site jobs, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And that's the number of people that are anticipated to actually work for the facility?
 - A. Yes, that's correct, on-site.
- Q. And does the project -- does the JEDI model predict that other employees, working for the facility itself, will be working off-site?
- A. The JEDI model does not directly predict the location of the --
- FROM THE AUDIENCE: It just went dead.
- 24 THE WITNESS: I'm no longer live.
- Oh, boy. Okay. We know what to get you

for holidays.

2.1

- A. Can you hear me now?
- Q. Yes.
- A. Okay. Whether the employees are literally physically sitting on site or, in another capacity, operating the facility, sitting off-site, is not part of the estimation by the JEDI model and it's not calculated in that final determination. So it's a long-winded answer to I'm not sure how many will be sitting on-site and how many will be sitting off-site.
- Q. Okay. So the 10 jobs, the 10 on-site jobs to which Answer 11 refers, would it include anybody -- everybody working for the wind power company whose jobs are attributable to this facility?
- A. The answer is they would be attributable -- directly attributable to this facility.
- Q. Okay. And do you know what the projected annual salary will be for those employees?
- A. Again, based on the estimate from the JEDI model, the annual salary, there's an expected payroll impact in my answer to Question 12 or Answer 12 and, again, it's broken out based on construction jobs and then during operations.

So the construction jobs is estimated

- that there would be an annual earnings of \$22.7 million. And with respect to operational jobs, annual earnings is estimated at .6 million if I'm reading this correctly.
 - Q. And that's --
- A. 10 full-time on-site jobs, operations and maintenance jobs, will produce an estimated

 .6 million in annual earnings, yes.
- Q. And that's the total for all 10 employees?
- 11 A. Yes.

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- Q. Now, I believe that your testimony also has a discussion about local tax revenues that would be attributable to this project; Answer 15.
- A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. Did you take into account whether or not there would be any tax subsidies provided to this project at any level of government, whether it's federal, state, or local?
- A. The information provided there was actually -- is stated there, but the PILOT revenue information provided to us is just that, it is provided -- was provided to me by the developer, so I did not take into account any potential subsidies. I do not know whether any subsidies were taken into

- account when determining these PILOT dollar amounts, revenue amounts.
- Q. Are you aware of whether or not the federal government provides any tax subsidies for projects of this nature?
- MR. STINSON: I'm going to object. It's beyond the scope of her direct examination, Your Honor.
- 9 MR. VAN KLEY: Well, it doesn't have to 10 be within the scope of her direct examination.
- 11 ALJ AGRANOFF: The witness can answer if she's aware.
- THE WITNESS: No.
- 14 ALJ AGRANOFF: No, you're not aware, or no substantively?
- THE WITNESS: No, I'm not going to answer.
- 18 (Laughter.)
- 19 THE WITNESS: No, strike that.
- No, I am not aware for this specific
- 21 project.

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Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Do you know whether
this project will be the subject of any tax
abatements by any government, whether federal, state,

A. No, I am not aware.

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- Q. Do you know whether the turbines and other equipment purchased for this project will be manufactured in Ohio?
 - A. No, I do not.
- Q. Do you know whether any of it will be manufactured in the United States?
 - A. No, I do not.
 - Q. Did you do the JEDI model yourself?
- 10 A. I, along with some support from my staff, 11 yes.
- Q. When the JEDI model was performed, did it assume that the equipment for the project would be manufactured in Ohio?
 - A. I don't believe so. I don't believe that assumption is included in the JEDI model.
 - Q. I mean, does the JEDI model take into account -- never mind.
- Did you design the JEDI model that was
 used for this purpose; that is, design the inputs for
 the model?
- 22 A. I did not.
- Q. Okay. Who did that?
- A. We -- the developer, our client. And I'm unclear what you mean by "design the inputs."

Q. Yeah. Give me some idea as to how this model works. I assume that you plug in inputs of information into some formula and then it prevents you -- presents you with some numbers; is that correct in kind of a general way?

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A. Generally the JEDI model requires some basics inputs: Location of the project, year of construction, megawatt capacity or nameplate capacity of the project, number of turbines.

And then what we have -- what we do is we then confirm some of the additional default -- based on all that initial input, the model will generate some default values and we confirm those values with our client and those values then and -- and so the client then either confirms those values are rational and reasonable in light of all of the parameters of the project or they will adjust them accordingly.

And then, based on that response, we either stay with the default inputs or we will change them according to what is provided to us and then we run the model.

- Q. So what economic information, if any, used as an input in the model were provided by Republic Wind?
 - A. Well, a few of the items involve -- well,

let me go here. Some of the costs of -- associated with construction of the project, some equipment costs, maybe material costs, and some development costs.

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So those costs, the client oftentimes has a strong understanding of them and will look at the default inputs provided by the JEDI model and will confirm that they're rational or will adjust them; increase them or decrease them accordingly.

- Q. Where did you obtain the information about the number of operational jobs that would be associated with the project?
- A. That is an output from the JEDI model if I understand your question correctly. The JEDI model, once these inputs that we were just talking about, once they're put into the model, the model then does its calculation and that is part of the jobs output that is estimated through the JEDI model.
- Q. Well, where did you get the figure of 10 on-site jobs that would be employed by the project?
- A. It's an estimated output from the JEDI model.
- Q. You didn't obtain that information from Republic Wind?

A. No.

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- Q. Is there some -- is there some segment of the JEDI model that is designed solely to estimate economic benefits from wind projects?
 - A. I don't understand your question.
- Q. Yeah. I mean, the JEDI model is used for estimating economic benefits from a variety of projects not just wind projects, right?
 - A. Renewable energy, yes.
- Q. Okay. So, and not all of it is related to renewable energy either, right?
- A. So the JEDI -- the version of the JEDI model we used is specifically tailored to wind.
- Q. Okay. And who designed that module or that version of the JEDI model?
- A. The National Renewable Energy Laboratory, otherwise known as NREL.
- Q. Is that -- is NREL associated with a government agency?
 - A. Yes, the federal government.
- 21 Q. Okay. Which agency?
- A. Department of Energy if I have that correct.
- Q. Okay. And the Department of Energy, one of its functions is to promote renewable energy; is

that right?

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- A. I don't know what all of the functions are for the Department of Energy, so I would agree with that but I am not personally aware.
- Q. But you are personally aware that one of the functions for the U.S. Department of Energy is to promote renewable energy?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. With regard to the tax revenues that are described in Answer 15, all of those tax figures came from Republic Wind?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. When you did your work for Republic Wind, did you do anything besides get the information for the JEDI model and then run the model? In other words, did you do any independent research of your own on advantages or disadvantages of wind projects economically?
- A. We did not conduct independent research regarding the advantages or disadvantages economically for the Republic Wind project itself.
- Q. So you didn't do any research to determine whether the Republic Wind project might have some economic costs to the people living around the facility?

127 1 MR. STINSON: Can I have that reread, 2 Your Honor? 3 ALJ AGRANOFF: Yes. THE WITNESS: I don't understand the 4 5 question --6 MR. VAN KLEY: I'll re-ask the question. 7 THE WITNESS: -- so maybe restate it. 8 ALJ AGRANOFF: If you want to rephrase 9 it. 10 MR. VAN KLEY: I'll re-ask the question. 11 ALJ AGRANOFF: Go ahead. 12 (By Mr. Van Kley) Did your model have any Q. 13 inputs that evaluated the cost for this wind project 14 to the people living around it or inside of the 15 project area? 16 The costs associated with the JEDI model Α. 17 were specifically to the -- not the JEDI model, I'm 18 sorry. The cost inputs, which we use for the JEDI 19 model, were specific to costs associated with the 20 project itself, construction, operation, and so 2.1 forth. That's my answer. 2.2 Okay. I'll ask another question. Q. 23 Okay. Α.

as a hypothetical, that this wind project resulted in

So if -- let's just assume for a moment,

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a loss of income for a nearby airport. Is that --1 2 did -- would your model take that cost into account? MR. STINSON: I'm going to object to the 3 form of the question, Your Honor. It's an improper 4 5 hypothetical. 6 ALJ AGRANOFF: Mr. Van Kley. 7 MR. VAN KLEY: Why is it improper? MR. STINSON: There's no facts or 8 9 evidence supporting what the hypothetical is. 10 MR. VAN KLEY: Well --11 ALJ AGRANOFF: Why don't we simply ask 12 did your model take into account costs relative to 13 loss of business to various endeavors within the 14 community. 15 THE WITNESS: The model does not take 16 into account potential losses that may be experienced 17 by any businesses in the study area. 18 (By Mr. Van Kley) Okay. Does your model Q. take into account any decreases in property value 19 20 that might occur to landowners living around the 2.1 project? 22

MR. STINSON: Again, this assumes facts not in evidence that there would be property value decreases, Your Honor.

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MR. VAN KLEY: Well, I'm trying to find

out. I mean --

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ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. Let's just get to the chase in terms of does your model take into account any changes in property values?

THE WITNESS: No. The model focuses on jobs, earnings, and economic output, not on land value.

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) And that would be for the project itself.
- A. Yes.
- Q. So your project or your model did not take into account any losses that might occur for people other than Republic Wind.

MR. STINSON: Same objection, Your Honor.

It assumes there's losses. There's nothing in the

record that shows there's going to be losses.

MR. VAN KLEY: I phrased it as "any losses" so I'm not assuming that.

MR. STINSON: Same objection.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Again, let's just simply phrase it as: Did your model take into account any changes in value for any business and/or property owners?

THE WITNESS: The model takes into account potential jobs, earnings from those jobs, and

the flowing economic output from the construction and operation of the Republic Wind facility and, by so doing that, it does not anticipate -- it does not take into consideration potential losses.

MR. VAN KLEY: Okay. I have no further questions.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. Is there any other cross from any other party?

Okay. I do have a couple of questions and then I'll give you the opportunity to do your redirect

MR. STINSON: Can I have just a second,
Your Honor, before redirect?

14 ALJ AGRANOFF: Yeah. I've got some 15 questions, so.

MR. STINSON: You're going to -- go ahead
if you want to go first.

ALJ AGRANOFF: That way you can pick up any follow-up that you might have as well.

MR. STINSON: I like that.

ALJ AGRANOFF: We'll try to shorten it --

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23 EXAMINATION

24 By ALJ Agranoff:

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Q. The first question that I have, I know

we've been utilizing the term "JEDI" a number of times and I know what "Jedi" is in one context but I don't think you're using it in the context that I was thinking, so just for purposes of clarifying the record, if you could tell us what "JEDI" stands for.

- A. "JEDI" stands for Jobs Economic and Development Impacts.
- Q. Okay. Thank you. And again you said that model was designed by who?
- A. I said NREL. That's N-R-E-L, National Renewable Energy Laboratories.
 - Q. And do they do updates to those models?
 - A. They do, yes.

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- Q. So what was the date of the model that you utilized?
 - A. The date of the model that we utilized, I believe is 2018. Let me doublecheck here. We have it identified in the report. NREL JEDI model 2018, I believe.
- Q. Okay. And, to your knowledge, have there been any updates since the model that you utilized, the 2018 model?
 - A. I have not checked recently.
- Q. My next question has to do with the discussion you have regarding PILOT revenues which I

believe you reference on page 3 and then again on page 6. What is your understanding of the existence of a PILOT program for this project and, if there is such a PILOT program, which counties does that pertain to?

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A. My understanding is that there is an existence, existence of a PILOT program because we included it. We had these conversations at the outset to understand if a PILOT program will be used for each project and typically it is.

And it is my understanding that it would be -- how it gets distributed is another point of decision made by those involved with determining what that program is and how it gets distributed not only between the counties but other municipalities. It is something we don't get involved in, so.

- Q. Okay. And which county -- I assume you're assuming that the PILOT program is on a county-basis?
 - A. That is my assumption, yes.
 - Q. And which county or counties?
- A. My understanding is we're working with the Seneca County and Sandusky Counties -- County.
- Q. To your knowledge, Seneca County and Sandusky County each have an approved PILOT program

for this project?

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- A. I don't know. I would be speculating with a yes.
- Q. But you must have had an assumption that such a program existed in order to have calculated revenues that would be distributed to municipalities.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And to your knowledge, to the extent that let's say a school district was split between two counties, do you know how those monies then would be flowed to a school district?
- A. Again, we do not get involved in any -- at any level with the decision of the distribution of the PILOT payments.
- 15 ALJ AGRANOFF: Mr. Stinson.
- MR. STINSON: May I have a moment just to confer just a second, Your Honor, if I could pass through?
- 19 ALJ SANYAL: We can go off the record.
- 20 (Off the record.)
- 21 MR. STINSON: No redirect, Your Honor.
- ALJ AGRANOFF: Based on my limited
 questions, do any of the parties care to ask anything
- 24 additional?
- MR. STINSON: Well, Your Honor, if -- I

would think if they're going to ask, we would have the opportunity to go last.

ALJ AGRANOFF: And I will afford you the opportunity to ask anything --

MR. STINSON: Okay.

ALJ AGRANOFF: -- additional after they

ask.

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MR. STINSON: Just making sure.

ALJ AGRANOFF: And it was limited to just

10 my questions.

MR. STINSON: Thank you.

12 ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. Thank you.

13 THE WITNESS: Thank you.

14 ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. At this point,

Mr. Van Kley, why don't we go into the closed record

16 and finish that up. And everybody that is --

17 FROM THE AUDIENCE: We can't hear.

ALJ AGRANOFF: We're going to go on a closed record now and, therefore, all the individuals that are sitting in the audience, you will need to leave and certainly use this time to get some lunch.

FROM THE AUDIENCE: What time do you want

23 us back?

24 ALJ SANYAL: Come back in 40 minutes.

25 ALJ AGRANOFF: So let's say 2:45.

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1	FROM THE AUDIENCE: 2:45?
2	ALJ AGRANOFF: 2:45.
3	FROM THE AUDIENCE: Do you think it's
4	possible for somebody to find some batteries for your
5	microphone?
6	ALJ AGRANOFF: We will do our best.
7	(Off the record.)
8	ALJ SANYAL: Let's get back on the record
9	and, Mr. Van Kley, you may proceed.
10	MR. VAN KLEY: Thank you, Your Honor.
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12	DALTON S. CARR
13	being previously duly sworn, as prescribed by law,
14	was examined and further testified as follows:
15	CROSS-EXAMINATION (Continued)
16	By Mr. Van Kley:
17	Q. Mr. Carr, on the ledge of your bench
18	there, to your left, you'll see a document that is
19	labeled safety manual for Nordex. Do you have that?
20	A. Yes.
21	Q. Do you recognize this as the cover page
22	for one of the safety manuals in Exhibit W to the
23	Application?
24	ALJ AGRANOFF: And before we actually get
25	the answer to that, I just want the record to reflect

we are on a closed record at this point in time.

ALJ SANYAL: Thank you.

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MR. STINSON: And I just have -- is this going to be marked as an exhibit?

MR. VAN KLEY: No. This is just a copy of a couple pages out of Exhibit W, so it will not be separately marked as an exhibit. I just handed these two pages out for everybody's convenience.

- A. In response to your question, I would need further pages to be able to identify whether this manual would apply for those turbines we've proposed. As it stands, I see "Wind turbine class Delta4000." I'm not familiar with that term.
- Q. Okay. Would you go to Exhibit W, then, of the Application so that you can compare these two pages to the documents in Exhibit W.

17 ALJ SANYAL: Ms. Van Kley --

- 18 Mr. Van Kley, do you have a copy of Exhibit W for the 19 Bench?
- MR. VAN KLEY: No, I don't have a copy of it at all.
- 22 ALJ SANYAL: Does anybody have a copy we 23 can refer to? Okay.
- 24 THE WITNESS: I'm going to look for the specific manual he's included.

137 1 Yes, this appears to be the same 2 document. 3 MR. VAN KLEY: Okay. Good. All right. (By Mr. Van Kley) Now, referring you to 4 Ο. 5 page 47 of 62 in that document. ALJ AGRANOFF: When you say "that 6 7 document," Exhibit W? 8 MR. VAN KLEY: Well, I better clarify if that's the case. 9 10 (By Mr. Van Kley) All right. Q. 11 Exhibit W has several safety manuals in it, correct? 12 Α. That's correct. 13 Q. Okay. And the two pages that I've 14 provided to you are from one of those safety manuals, 15 right? 16 Α. Yes. 17 Okay. And this is a safety manual Q. 18 provided by Nordex, correct? 19 Α. Yes. 20 Q. Okay. And does this safety manual apply 2.1 to any of the turbine models that are being 22 considered by Republic Wind for its project? 23 Α. Yes. 24 Which one or ones does it apply to? Ο. 25 Α. Unless later amended with additional

- turbine models, turbine manuals, to my understanding this manual is inclusive of all of those capacities proposed for the Nordex N149 turbine.
- Q. Okay. Now, referring you to page 47 of 62 of that safety manual. Do you have that in front of you?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. I'm looking at the part of the page in Section 9.3 that is labeled "Fire." Do you see that?
- 11 A. Yes.

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- Q. And the first paragraph under "Fire" has the word "Danger"; is that right?
- 14 A. Yes.
 - Q. And then the title is "Life-threatening injuries due to falling turbine parts"?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And then the rest of that paragraph states in the case -- "In case of a fire in the tower, in the nacelle or on the rotor, parts may fall off the WT." Does that stand for "wind turbine"?
 - A. I would imagine so, yes.
- Q. And then it says "Keep a safety distance of 500 m around the WT" and it says "Do not enter the WT," correct?

A. That's correct.

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- Q. Okay. And "m" stands for meters?
- A. Ostensibly, yes.
- Q. And so what this is saying then is in case of a fire in a turbine tower, that personnel are advised to stay at least 500 meters away from the tower?
- A. I can't specify whether the notice here of distance would apply to personnel or for general members of the public, but with what I see here it seems to be a general distance that's asked by the manufacturer during this incident.
- Q. Okay. So based on what you see here, the advice is for everybody to stay at least 500 meters away from the tower in case of a fire.
- A. My understanding this appears to be a general recommendation for folks to stay back. I'm not sure if this would apply to emergency responders.
- Q. Now, it says here, in case of a fire in the tower, in the nacelle or on the rotor, parts may fall off the wind turbine, right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Is it your understanding, either based on this information or your own knowledge that, in case of a fire, parts may travel as far as 500 meters away

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     from the tower?
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           A. I do not have knowledge of how far parts
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     will travel.
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                 MR. VAN KLEY: I have no further
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     questions.
                 ALJ AGRANOFF: Any redirect?
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                 MR. STINSON: None, Your Honor.
                 ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. Why don't we take a
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     half-hour lunch break. Thank you.
                  (At 2:20 p.m. a lunch recess was taken
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     until 2:50 p.m.)
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141 1 Monday Afternoon Session, 2 November 4, 2019. 3 ALJ AGRANOFF: We're back on the public 4 5 record now, and is the Company ready to call its next witness? I know we're still in the midst of Mr. Carr 6 7 but we're going to again do something out of order in order to accommodate witness availability and their 8 schedules. 9 10 Mr. Parram --11 MR. PARRAM: Yes, Your Honor. 12 ALJ AGRANOFF: -- are you ready to call 13 your next witness? 14 MR. PARRAM: I am. ALJ AGRANOFF: Please proceed. 15 MR. PARRAM: I would like to call to the 16 17 stand Mr. Isaac Old. 18 ALJ AGRANOFF: Please come to this side, 19 sir. Please raise your right hand. 20 (Witness sworn.) 2.1 ALJ AGRANOFF: Please be seated. 22 Please proceed, Mr. Parram. 23 24 25

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1	ISAAC OLD
2	being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was
3	examined and testified as follows:
4	DIRECT EXAMINATION
5	By Mr. Parram:
6	Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Old.
7	A. Good afternoon.
8	Q. Mr. Old, can you please state and spell
9	your full name for the record.
10	A. First name is Isaac, spelled I-s-a-a-c;
11	last name is Old, spelled O-l-d.
12	Q. And by whom are you employed?
13	A. Resource Systems Group, Incorporated.
14	Q. And what is your business address?
15	A. 55 Railroad Row, White River Junction,
16	Vermont, 05001.
17	Q. Mr. Old, do you have documents in front
18	of you marked Applicant Exhibit 17, Applicant
19	Exhibit 18?
20	A. I do.
21	ALJ AGRANOFF: Mr. Old, if you could
22	please speak into the mic.
23	THE WITNESS: Okay.
24	A. I do.
25	Q. And what is Exhibit 17 and Exhibit 18?

143 Exhibit 17 is my Direct Testimony, and 1 Α. 2 Exhibit 18 is my Direct Supplemental Testimony. 3 ALJ AGRANOFF: The exhibits shall be so marked. 4 5 (EXHIBITS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 6 Mr. Old, were Applicant Exhibit 17 and Ο. 7 Applicant Exhibit 18 prepared by you or under your 8 direction? 9 Α. They were. 10 Q. And if I were to ask you the same 11 questions contained in Applicant Exhibit 17 and 18 12 today, would you have the same answers? 13 Α. T would. 14 And are all of your answers, within Ο. 15 Applicant Exhibit 17 and 18, true and accurate to the 16 best of your knowledge? 17 Α. They are. 18 MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, I would like to 19 move for the admission of Applicant Exhibit 17 and 20 Applicant Exhibit 18, pending cross-examination, and 2.1 I tender Mr. Old for cross.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Thank you.

Mr. Van Kley.

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MR. VAN KLEY: Yes, Your Honor.

Devin, we're going to need Exhibit 1E up

at the bench there and also Exhibit H from the December 2018 Application.

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ALJ AGRANOFF: Mr. Van Kley, whenever you're ready.

(Pause in proceedings.)

MR. VAN KLEY: Okay.

MR. PARRAM: Just one moment, Your Honor.

MR. PARRAM: Thank you for your patience, Your Honor.

ALJ AGRANOFF: No problem. If we can just get clarification. I know, Mr. Van Kley, you were asking about Exhibit H to his testimony?

MR. VAN KLEY: Well, I asked Mr. Parram to find Exhibit H to the Application of December 2018 and also to find Exhibit 1E, Company Exhibit 1E, which we earlier talked to Mr. Carr about this morning.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. And the date for Exhibit H to the Application, this noise impact assessment report, what is the date that you were --

MR. VAN KLEY: December 26, 2018.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. Because was there not another report at one time, December 22nd, 2017?

MR. VAN KLEY: There was an earlier

25 report, I'm not sure what the date of it was, but the

original Application also had an Appendix H, I believe, and then I'm not sure whether there was another Appendix H between that Application and the amendment of December 26, 2018.

ALJ SANYAL: So the December 26, I'm looking at the docket, there is an Exhibit H that was filed with F, G, and H, altogether, and that noise impact study has a date of December 11, 2018, so again, I just want to make sure we're looking at the --

MR. VAN KLEY: That is correct, that is correct. The study itself has a date of December 11, 2018.

14 ALJ SANYAL: Correct.

MR. VAN KLEY: It was filed on December

16 26, 2018.

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17 ALJ SANYAL: Okay.

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19 CROSS-EXAMINATION

20 By Mr. Van Kley:

Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Old. Wind turbines produce sound; is that correct?

A. That is correct.

Q. What equipment, in a wind turbine, produces sound?

A variety of source of equipment --Α. excuse me -- a variety of sources of sound. There's sound generated by mechanical equipment located in the nacelle. There is also air acoustic sound emitted by the blades.

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MR. PARRAM: Mr. Old, will you speak into -- closer to the mic and move it.

- How would you describe the sound that Ο. comes from the mechanical parts of the turbine?
- Α. That can vary. It is -- it depends upon the particular type of turbine and you can have a tonal component or, if it's a little isolated turbine, you may not hear it over the air acoustic sound. Sometimes it's characterized as a grinding, sometimes that's masked, sometimes that's not.
- Ο. Can you describe some of the sounds as being clanking noises?
- Sometimes you can. It's irregular Α. though.
- Ο. And with regard to the sound coming from the blades, those are sounds that are created by the blade moving through the air?
 - That is correct. Α.
- Okay. And how would you describe those Ο. 25 sounds?

- A. Depends upon the conditions. Sometimes it's kind of a swishing sound, sometimes it's more of a whooshing sound. In case of amplitude modulation, it can be kind of a dramatic or more -- more dramatic whooshing sound.
- Q. You're familiar with the use of the term "background sound?"
- A. I'm familiar. Could you define the way that you intend to use it?
- Q. Well, how do you -- do you use that term in your report filed for Republic Wind?
- A. I do.

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- Q. Okay. Why don't you describe the meaning of that term as you used it in your report.
 - A. Sure. We're using the more colloquial form of that term which is more measuring basically the sound that is in an area.
- Q. Okay. And you measured background sound in the Republic Wind project area?
 - A. We did.
 - Q. Okay. And why did you do that?
- A. Generally because the OPSB precedent for wind power projects has based the sound level limit for the project on what's called the "ambient nighttime sound level" and that can be determined by

measuring the background sound level.

- Q. And the purpose for measuring background sound, as you did it for this report, was to find out what existing sound is already available to the project area to mask the sound of the wind turbines; is that accurate?
 - A. Not quite.

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- Q. Okay. Can you explain what was wrong with my question and what you think the answer should be then?
- A. The purpose is to characterize the sound environment. It's not necessarily to find out what sources are masking sources.
- Q. All right. But the sound already existing in the environment is sound that can mask the sound of a new source?
 - A. It may.
- Q. And for this project you wanted to find out how much sound was already available in the project area, right?
 - A. What do you mean by "available"?
- Q. Well, what sound already existed in the project area before the turbines came in.
 - A. That is correct.
 - Q. Okay. Give me an idea as to how you can

translate decibels to what's noticed by a person, okay, and maybe we should start by defining a few terms. I see that you used the term "dBA" in your report; is that right?

A. I did.

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- Q. Okay. And what is dBA as used in the report?
- A. How about I start by defining what a decibel is?
 - Q. That would be fine.
- A. Decibel is a unit-less metric. It is used in a variety of scientific engineering professions. It is a unit-less metric. It's called a "decibel" but it does not have actual scientific units like distance could be measured with a scientific unit of feet or meters. It does not have that. It is a ratio between two -- in acoustics it's the ratio between two pressures. It's actually two energies but the -- what translates it from an -- from pressure to energy cancels out the equation.

Anyways, it's a ratio between the actual pressure that is measured in the environment and a reference pressure.

- Q. Okay.
- A. So it's that ratio, you take the

logarithm of it, you multiply it times 10 and you get a decibel.

2.1

- Q. All right. And decibels is a description that is used to determine how loud a person will perceive a sound to be?
- A. The purpose of the decibel system is to translate this unit of pressure, Pascals, to something that more easily corresponds to the way humans perceive sound. Otherwise, the small differences in perceived level would correspond to factors of 10 in Pascal value.
- Q. Okay. To put things in lay terms, if you -- if you have a decibel increase of -- let me start over because we started out by talking about dBA and we never quite got to the definition, so why don't you tell me what "dBA" means as used in your report.
- A. Okay. So dBA refers to an A-weighted sound pressure level. And the reason why something like A-weighting is used is a human ear is not uniformly sensitive to sounds of all frequencies. Frequency is basically a measure of pitch. It's how many times the sound fluctuates in a given second.
- So your human ear is not equally sensitive to all frequencies. It's most sensitive

between about 500 hertz and about 3 kilohertz, maybe a little bit higher.

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So what you do in a lot of environmental sound sources is you weight the sounds of different frequencies. So for really, really, really high frequencies, you D-weight that sound because your ear is not as sensitive to it. For really, really, really, really, really low frequencies, you do the same because your ear is not sensitive to it. So there are different weightings for different relative levels of sound.

So for relatively low magnitudes of sound you use, for example, an A-weighting uses sensitive — the sensitivity of your ear relative to a 1-kilohertz tone of 40 dB. If you're using high-magnitude sounds, you might use a C-weighting which is relative to 70 dB tone.

- Q. Okay. So, in layperson terms, if you -if you had a dBA level of let's say 40 dBA and then
 you had another reading of 50 dBA, how much louder
 would that sound be perceived to be by the person
 listening to it?
- A. So assuming those are very similar sources as a far as spectral content and that kind of thing, then the 50 dBA source would be about twice as

loud.

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- Q. Now, background sound, as you found it in the Republic Wind project area, included sound from rustling leaves; is that right?
- A. There's very little of that in this case because the monitoring was performed in February, so most trees did not have leaves on them.
- Q. But there was some rustling leaves that provided background sound in your study?
 - A. There's a little bit.
- Q. Okay. Do dry leaves, on the ground, produce a rustling when it's windy?
- A. I can't confirm where the leaves were that were causing the rustling during the monitoring period. They may have, but it was several months after the leaves would have fallen, so -- and there was rainfall during the period. If the leaves were on the ground, they had been wetted several times.
- Q. As a general matter, do leaves on the ground produce a rustling sound?
 - A. They can.
- Q. And trees without leaves, that is deciduous trees without leaves, also produce a sound when the wind blows through them; is that correct?
 - A. They can.

- Q. And bushes do the same if they are deciduous bushes without leaves?
 - A. They can.

2.1

- Q. Do stands with more than one tree produce more sound in the wind than a single tree?
 - A. They might.
- Q. Now, when you did your background study, you selected some locations at which to measure sound, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. How did you go about selecting the locations for these monitor stations?
- A. So when we take a look at a project area of this type, we go and we try and find particular soundscapes, and basically a soundscape is an area where the sounds that are in that environment would be more or less the same, not exactly the same but they'll at least be similar, and so we try and figure out how many unique soundscapes we think there are in the project area.

And after we have chosen those, we start looking within those areas for possible places that would be good for sound-level monitoring. Usually what we are looking for is places that are accessible within those areas.

- Q. Did you personally select the locations for the monitoring stations?
- A. Actually -- so the initial micrositing of them, I did not do the micrositing. The micrositing would take place on site.
 - Q. What is micrositing?

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- A. So, in other words, if you show up at a potential location for sound-level monitoring, you can say you're going to put it on a certain parcel. You try and figure out where on that parcel would be most appropriate; generally avoiding structures, obvious major sound sources and that kind of thing. So micrositing is figuring out where, within a larger area, you're going to put a monitoring station.
- Q. So were you the person then that selected the parcels on which the monitoring stations were located?
- A. I was not. Most of that was done by a person who started work on this project but is no longer at RSG.
 - Q. Okay. Who was that?
 - A. His name is Karl Washburn.
- Q. So who is the person that installed the monitoring stations?
- 25 A. I did that.

- Q. So when you arrived at the parcels on which you intended to put the monitoring stations, then you were the person who microsited the monitoring stations?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Did you consult with Republic Wind about the locations that were going to be used for the monitoring stations?
- A. I performed the on-site installation solo. No one was there with me.
- O. Well --

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- A. No one from Apex or Republic was.
- Q. Okay. Maybe I need to ask the question a little differently.
 - Before the parcels were selected at which the monitoring station would be installed, did Republic Wind consult with or did -- did RSG consult with Republic Wind concerning the locations on which the monitors would be installed?
 - A. So what happened is Karl selected potential locations and sent those locations over to Apex to get permission. So what Apex would do with it, they call up the landowners and try and get permission to install the monitoring equipment. So he'd send it over to them to see if they can get

permission and, if they can't, then they say hey, can you pick another one.

Q. To your knowledge did Republic Wind express any preferences for where the monitoring stations would be placed?

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- A. Not that I'm aware of, other than where they could get access.
- Q. Do you know whether the locations of the turbines proposed at that time were considered in choosing the locations for the monitoring stations?
- A. So the way we do the monitoring does not particularly call out where the turbines are going to be, just where with the project area is. So as long as the soundscapes we're picking out are still within the project area and there aren't any soundscapes that are not covered in the monitoring locations, then we don't try to pick a preference closer or further from turbine locations.
- Q. Did RSG do any modeling in this project before choosing its monitor locations?
 - A. Not that I'm aware of.
- Q. When did RSG do the first model for the turbine locations?
- A. I do not recall. It was after the -- I do not recall a specific date. It wasn't until after

the monitoring was finished.

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Q. All right. Would you turn to the Amended Application that has been marked or the portion of the Amended Application that's been marked as Company Exhibit 1E and get that in front of you. This exhibit has a cover page of June 28th, 2019.

All right. I'd also like you to take out your testimony, your first testimony not your Supplemental Testimony, and go to Answer 10. Do you have Answer 10 of your testimony in front of you?

- A. I do.
- Q. And in Answer 10, you describe the locations at which you set the monitoring stations, is that correct, or at least some of them?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And now looking at Company Exhibit 1E, please go to page 6 of your report and that's about halfway through Exhibit E in a report entitled "Noise Impact Assessment for Republic Wind Seneca and Sandusky County, Ohio" with a date of June 21, 2019. Do you have page 6 of your report in front of you?
 - A. I do.
- Q. Okay. Figure 2 on that page shows the locations of your monitoring stations, correct?
 - A. That is correct.

- Q. What information did you use to place the locations on Figure 2?
 - A. Can you characterize "what information"?
- Q. For example, did you use GPS information or, you know, latitude/longitude information or some other information to accurately identify the locations?
- A. That's -- that's a bit ambiguous. Can you rephrase that?
- Q. Well, you see you have the names of your monitoring stations on Figure 2, right?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. And you have a little triangle next to each title for each monitoring station, right?
- 16 A. That's correct.

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- Q. Is the triangle meant to show the location of each of those monitoring stations?
- 19 A. That is correct.
- Q. Is there any particular part of the triangle where the monitoring station is located such as the tip or is it the entire triangle that marks the location?
- A. It would be the mid point of the triangle.

- Q. How did you know where to put the triangles on this map you have in Figure 2?
- A. So after we set up each of the monitors, I took a GPS point of where it was taken and then I use that to derive a map like this one.
- Q. Now, on this map you see an oddly-shaped line on Figure 2 that is designed to show the outside boundary of the project area for the Republic Wind project; is that correct?
- 10 A. That map has the project boundary, that's correct.
- Q. Now, where did you obtain the information necessary to place the boundaries of the project area on Figure 2?
 - A. That information would have come from Apex.
- MR. VAN KLEY: Your Honor, I'd like to
 mark our next exhibit. I think we're up to No. 3.

 Permission to approach the witness?
- 20 ALJ AGRANOFF: Absolutely.
- 21 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)
- Q. All right. I've handed you what's been marked as Local Residents Exhibit 3. Do you recognize this document?
- 25 A. I do.

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- Q. Okay. And you signed a verification for this document?
 - A. That is correct.

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- Q. And this document consists of answers to interrogatories; is that correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And these interrogatories are signed on behalf of Republic Wind by you?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Did you contribute any of the information in the answers to these interrogatories?
 - A. I did contribute some of the information.
 - Q. Which information did you contribute?
 - A. In Interrogatory 1, I contributed the owner of the parcel on which the "Busy Roadway" monitor was located, and I contributed the parcel number.
- In Interrogatory No. 2, I contributed the name of the landowner and the parcel number.
 - And in Interrogatory 3, I contributed the landowner and the parcel number.
- Q. Okay. You can set that aside for now.

 On page 5 of your noise report in

 Exhibit-- Company Exhibit 1E, I would like to refer

 you to the first paragraph under 4.1, descriptions of

the monitoring stations. You tell me when you're there.

- A. Is this page 5?
- Q. Page 5.

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- A. I am there.
- Q. Okay. Look at the second sentence in the first paragraph of section 4.1, please, you'll see a sentence there that reads as follows: "Each location was selected as representative of a given landscape or soundscape that would be in proximity of one or more of the proposed wind turbines." Do you see that?
 - A. I do see that.
- Q. Okay. Are you using "landscape" and "soundscape" in that sentence in the same manner? In other words are they synonymous or is there a different meaning for the two terms?
- A. I would consider them complimentary terms.
- Q. All right. So what do you mean by the given landscape that would be in proximity of one or more turbines?
 - A. Types of geographical features.
- Q. And did you look for any specific types of geographical features in deciding where to put the

monitoring stations?

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- A. Presence or absence of vegetation; presence or absence of cultivated fields; location of roadways; location of other transportation; whether an area is flatter or has more of a roll to it. For example, the southern part of the project has a little bit more of an elevation to it.
- Q. And then what do you mean by "soundscape" as used in that sentence?
 - A. Areas that have similar sound sources.
- Q. So when we look at each one of these monitoring stations and we'll follow the same order as you describe them in your report, so that means we would start with the "North Boundary." Now, looking at the bottom of page 6, the third to the last line, there starts a sentence that says "The project boundary is located approximately 1,220 meters (4,000 feet) to the east, along TR80 and the border between Seneca and Sandusky Counties." Do you see that?
 - A. I do.
- Q. Okay. So that means that the "North Boundary" monitoring site is located outside of the project area, correct?
- A. For this version of the project boundary,

that is correct.

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- Q. And why do you qualify by saying for this version of the project area it's outside of the boundary of the project area?
- A. The project boundary for this project has changed over time.
- Q. At the time that you did your background sound monitoring for this Application, the project area covered a different portion of Seneca County than it does now; is that correct?
 - A. Can you repeat that question?
- Q. Yeah, I'll repeat it. It wasn't very well worded.

At the time that you did your background sound monitoring, it's true, isn't it, that the project area boundaries are different than they are today?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. And at the time that you did your background monitoring, the "North Boundary" monitoring station was located inside of the boundaries of the project area that was being considered at that time, right?
 - A. I honestly don't remember.
- Q. Okay. Well, when you selected the

locations for the monitoring stations, was it your intent to locate all of them inside of the project area?

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- A. Considering the purpose of the monitoring is to find representative soundscapes as much as everything -- as much as anything, we try and put the monitoring locations within the project area, but if there is an available monitoring location that it's a soundscape inside the project area but just happens to be just outside, then we would go ahead and place it there.
- Q. Well, does that mean, then, for example, that if you found a similar soundscape and landscape in a different county than the project area, that that area would be eligible for the monitoring station?
- A. If a monitoring location is far enough away, that, in and of itself, would be a disqualifier for the simple reason that the meteorology might be substantially different.
- Q. And in this case of the monitoring station named the "North Boundary," that monitoring station was located at a spot that is now 4,000 feet away from the boundary of the project area that exists today, correct?

A. That appears correct.

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- Q. What landscape or soundscape was the "North Boundary" monitoring station designed to measure?
- A. A low-vehicle-traffic area in the northern part of the project area.
- Q. Are there any areas inside of the project area, as it exists today, that have that type of landscape and soundscape?
- A. It would be -- from the mapping I have here in front of me, it would be hard for me to make that distinction. However, from the mapping, I can't see any reason why the land, 4,000 feet to the east, would not be very similar.
- Q. So can you tell me what approximate percentage of land in the project area is fairly represented by the soundscape and landscape of the "North Boundary" monitoring station?
 - A. I don't have a number for you there.
- Q. What sources of sound contributed to the sound that you measured at this monitoring station?

 And if it helps you, you can go to page 20 of your report.
- A. The most prominent sound source was the rail line located approximately a mile to the north.

Q. As a rule of thumb, how far away does a rail line have to be before you would no longer hear the train whistles or other noise from the railroad?

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- A. Rail lines are notorious for being able -- for being audible at a very long distance away. From the analysis we did at this project, train noise of one type or another was audible at all seven monitoring locations at times and we're talking several miles in some cases. I have seen, in the literature, accounts of freight trains being audible at distances of up to 23 miles.
- Q. But the closer you are to the train when it whistles, the louder the sound is going to be, right?
 - A. Assuming normal meteorology, yes.
- Q. Were there any other prevalent sounds that were measured at the "North Boundary" monitoring station?
- A. There were other sounds. Can you please define "prevalent"?
- Q. Well, were there any other sounds that you noticed at that location that stood out to you?
- A. In most places in an area like this, where you have a one-mile road grid, car pass-byes are always going to be a source. And if you listen

- to the recording, you can hear there are car pass-byes, they're just not the same magnitude as train horns.
 - Q. Approximately how many car pass-byes were there per hour at this locations?
 - A. I do not have that number.
 - Q. Do you know whether it's less than 12 on average?
 - A. I don't have that number.
 - Q. Go to page 9 of your report, please. And there you see a map showing the "North Boundary" monitoring station, right?
 - A. That is correct.

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- Q. And the map shows that you placed the monitoring station on the edge of a wooded area, right?
- A. It's kind of a thicket more than anything else.
 - O. Okay. Did the thicket have trees in it?
 - A. There are some trees.
 - Q. Did it have bushes in it?
- 22 A. It does have some bushes.
- Q. And the photograph, at the bottom of page 9, shows where you put your monitoring station, right?

A. That is correct.

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- Q. Okay. How many feet approximately from the nearest tree was the microphone placed?
 - A. Probably about 15 feet.
- Q. And your photograph, on page 9, shows that there were leaves on the ground near the microphone, right?
- A. There are some leaves on the ground, that's correct.
- Q. Let's go to the next monitoring station
 listed in your report which you call the "Mixed
 Residential" monitoring station. Now, that
 monitoring station was located in the Village of Flat
 Rock, right?
 - A. I would say it was located sort of on the edge of Flat Rock.
 - Q. Go to page 7 of your report. Looking at page 7 of your report, under the heading "Mixed Residential," you see in the first sentence where you state that the monitor was in the Village of Flat Rock?
- MR. PARRAM: Is there a question pending?
- A. Was that a question?
- Q. Yes, that's a question. Do you see in your first sentence you see that the monitor was

placed in the Village of Flat Rock?

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- A. That is correct. My characterization of "on the edge" is where in the village.
- Q. Now, what soundscape and landscape do you believe was characterized by the monitor in this area?
- A. The higher-population density, residential area of Flat Rock.
- Q. Okay. Are there any other areas in the project area that are similar in residential density to the location at which you located this monitor?
- A. I haven't gone through and checked the residential densities, so I don't have that answer for you.
- Q. Well, are there any incorporated municipalities in the project area?
 - A. I don't know the answer to that.
- Q. What percentage of the project area do you believe has the same soundscape and landscape as the area in Flat Rock that you were measuring with this monitor?
- MR. PARRAM: Objection. Calls for speculation. He already indicated he didn't know that information.
- 25 ALJ AGRANOFF: Mr. Van Kley.

MR. VAN KLEY: Well, I disagree. I mean 1 2 he said he didn't know what the density of the 3 population was in the rest of the area, but this is a different question. This is a question about what 4 5 part or what percentage of the project area has the 6 same soundscape and landscape. 7 ALJ AGRANOFF: I'll allow the question. 8 If you know the answer. 9 MR. PARRAM: Can we have the last 10 question reread, please? 11 (Record read.) 12 I didn't calculate percentages. Α. 13 Q. Can you give me a general estimate? 14 MR. PARRAM: Objection. Calls for 15 speculation. He already indicated he doesn't know. 16 MR. VAN KLEY: He doesn't know but, 17 perhaps, he has an estimate. 18 MR. PARRAM: He'd just be guessing but 19 with that being said. 20 ALJ AGRANOFF: Is the area, in which you 2.1 performed your test, typical for the project area? MR. PARRAM: Objection, Your Honor, with 2.2 23 all due respect. What's the definition of "typical"? 24 MR. VAN KLEY: I think that's a great

25

question myself.

THE WITNESS: So the purpose of selecting soundscapes is not necessarily to find any one typical. So when you're trying to find a soundscape, basically it is a question of does it exist within the project area and is it associated with a certain amount of population. There are a fairly large number of houses in that area, so that's a soundscape, so we put a sound-level meter there.

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Well, maybe I need to ask you, what research did you do in the project area to determine what the soundscapes and the landscapes were in the area?
- A. It was a review based upon orthographic imagery.
 - Q. On what?

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- A. Orthographic imagery.
- Q. What is that?
- A. Let me direct you to page 9 of the noise study that we're currently referencing. If you look at Figure 3, this particular map was made with orthographic imagery. So it's basically a type of aerial imagery to look at land use and that kind of thing.
- Q. Okay. So go to page 10 and there you see the imagery for monitor station "Mixed Residential,"

right?

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- A. That is correct.
- Q. And it shows some residential density in the upper left-hand corner of that image, right?
 - A. It does.
- Q. And did you look at the entire project area with this -- with imagery in order to determine what soundscapes and landscapes were present?
- A. So one thing I should clarify is I wasn't the one doing the developing of these soundscapes so, to that extent, I'm not going to speculate on what exactly the person who was doing it was looking for, more on the general concept of developing landscapes -- or, excuse me, developing soundscapes.
- Q. So you don't know whether the person who did that work actually looked at all of the landscapes and the soundscapes in the project area using that imagery; is that correct?
- A. I do not know what their eyes exactly looked at, that's correct.
- Q. And if a person looked at the imagery for the entire project area, they would be able to tell what portion of the project area is -- has a similar soundscape and landscape to the imagery portrayed on page 10 of your report, right?

MR. PARRAM: Can I have that question read back, please?

(Record read.)

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- A. This is similar to the previous questions. I haven't done an analysis to figure out exactly what portion of the project has a certain soundscape and what doesn't.
- Q. But you could -- you could obtain that information by looking at the imagery for the entire project area?

MR. PARRAM: Objection. The witness just indicated that he hasn't done that analysis and, by looking at it, he can't make that determination. To speak to what someone else could do, that would just be speculation. If you want to ask Mr. Old what he would determine, that's one thing, but what another individual would is something else.

MR. VAN KLEY: I'm just asking whether this imagery can be used for that purpose. I didn't ask him whether he did it.

ALJ AGRANOFF: If you know.

THE WITNESS: So can you repeat the question again?

MR. VAN KLEY: Yeah.

Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Could a person look at

the imagery of the entire project area in order to determine whether the soundscape and landscape around the "Mixed Residential" monitor is the same as the soundscape and landscape in other parts of the project area?

- A. They wouldn't be able to tell if it's the same.
 - Q. Why not?

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- A. The soundscape depends upon same macro sources such as roadways and that kind of thing but it also depends upon other things like what exactly people do in those areas. So, you know, if someone has kids playing in their yard, they're not going to be able to tell that from orthographic imagery, but that is going to affect the soundscape.
- Q. Did Republic Wind make those determinations before it chose its monitoring stations as to what activities were occurring in each of the areas that it's surveying?
- A. Again, Republic Wind didn't make the determination of where these locations were.
- Q. Oh, I'm sorry, I misphrased the question.

 Did RSG do that?
 - A. So can you repeat the question again?
- 25 Q. Sure.

Did RSG determine what types of noises were prevalent around its monitoring stations before it started monitoring?

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- A. So we did the review of the orthographic imagery to get general ideas on soundscapes, but that's not going to give you the answer to your question of whether something is exactly the same or not.
- Q. All right. What sound sources contributed to the background sound measured at the "Mixed Residential" monitoring station? If you like, you can refer to, let's see, further back in your report where you discuss the findings and I believe you will find that on page 22.
- A. The dominant source at that location was the railway. There were other sound sources.

 Probably the next largest was traffic on the roads, but that was definitely the secondary one. There were also, at times, sound coming from the facility to the southwest and occasionally, during the daytime, you could hear activity from the quarry also located to the southwest.
 - Q. That was the quarry you said?
- A. That's my understanding of what its use is.

Q. Okay. So actually there were two train tracks that contributed noise measured at this location, right?

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- A. So trains at this location were very consistent and so there's the train track running just to the west of there that there was often train sound that could be heard from a great distance so, in other words, it was not close to the monitor but it was still there, and that may have originated from another track and it may have originated elsewhere.
- Q. I'm going to ask you to go to another document. Keep the exhibit you're looking at right now open to where it is. I'm going to provide you with something else you can use to look at potential sources of noise in the area. If you could turn to Exhibit E of the Application, dated December 26, 2018.

MR. VAN KLEY: Your Honors, at this time,
I would like to mark Local Residents Exhibit 4, and
approach the witness with this exhibit.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Please proceed. It will be so marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

ALJ AGRANOFF: Just for clarification purposes, what is this exhibit?

MR. VAN KLEY: This exhibit is a page out of the Application in Exhibit E of the Application of December 26, 2018. I've taken a page out of that exhibit.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay.

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ALJ SANYAL: And just so we're on the same page, is it the transportation study that you're looking at?

MR. VAN KLEY: It is.

ALJ SANYAL: Okay.

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) All right. I've handed you what's been marked as Local Residents Exhibit 4. Would you compare this page to Figure 2 of Exhibit E of the Application of December 26, 2018, and tell me whether it's the same page.
 - A. Compared to which one again?
 - Q. Figure 2 of Exhibit E.

MR. PARRAM: And, Your Honor, I'll object to the extent that this is a map from the Transportation Study that is part of the Amended Application, but it's not clear that Mr. Old is necessarily familiar with or prepared this particular map; so to the extent we're doing compare and contrast from a Transportation Study, that he was not involved with, with another report, I'm not sure

there's foundation for him to be able to compare the two different documents.

ALJ AGRANOFF: I understand. If the witness is unfamiliar, he can certainly say as such.

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Did you find it?
- A. Figure 2?
- Q. Yes.

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A. These actually appear to be different maps.

MR. VAN KLEY: Could I approach the witness to see what map he's looking at?

ALJ AGRANOFF: Certainly.

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) All right. Just keep that in front of you for now. I'll ask some questions about it in just a little bit, but let me ask a few other questions first. Well, actually I do have a question about that map. Looking at Figure 2 of Exhibit E, do you see a train track located north of the area where you placed monitoring station "Mixed Residential"?
- A. So I see one train track running north-south if that's the one that passed closest to the monitor. I see one running east-west that goes through the town of Bellevue and that kind of continues to another one going east-west just to the

- east of the project area. There's one running north-west to southeast to the west of Bellevue.

 There are at least two that are running out from the northeast of Bellevue.
- Q. How close was your monitoring station to the train track that is located just to the west of it?
- MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, just for clarification, are we looking at Local Residents

 Exhibit 4 at this point from the Transportation --
 - A. I am looking at Exhibit 4.
- Q. Yeah, you can use Exhibit 4 to answer my question if you wish, but my question is really designed to ask you what you recall about the distance between your monitoring station and that train track.
- A. So page 7 of the noise assessment, under the "Mixed Residential" section, it says the monitor was 392 meters or about 1,286 feet from the closest point of approach of the rail line.
 - Q. Okay.

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- A. And 515 meters or 1,690 feet from the crossing of that rail line with County Road 29.
- Q. And there actually were two train crossings of roads nearby that monitoring station,

correct? If it helps you to answer the question, you can look at Figure 2 of Exhibit E to see if it marks locations of railroad crossings.

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ALJ AGRANOFF: Mr. Van Kley, just for clarification, when you say "Exhibit E," you're speaking of Applicant's Exhibit 1E?

MR. VAN KLEY: No. I'm sorry. I'm referring to Exhibit E of the Application submitted on December 26, 2018.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. Thank you.

MR. VAN KLEY: As distinguished from Company Exhibit 1E for stated confusion.

- A. So this is the Transportation Study?
- Q. Yeah. So if you're looking at that map which is labeled Figure 2 of the Transportation Study, do you see the locations of the train crossings are marked on it?
 - A. I do see those.
- Q. Okay. And do you see that in the area where you placed the monitoring station for the "Mixed Residential" location, that there are two train crossings located in that area?

MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, just for clarity of the record, is Mr. Old reviewing Local Residents

Exhibit 4 or the actual Exhibit E from the

- transportation report in the Application that's
 before him?
- MR. VAN KLEY: I asked him to look at Exhibit E.
- MR. PARRAM: Okay. So to the extent he's looking at a document, I want to make sure he's looking at the actual Application that we have up there.
- 9 ALJ AGRANOFF: And this is Exhibit E of 10 Amended Application?
- MR. VAN KLEY: Of December 26, 2018.
- 12 ALJ AGRANOFF: Thank you.
- 13 MR. PARRAM: Just because it appears
 14 there may have been a little discrepancy between the
 15 two documents, I just want to make sure what he's
 16 looking at.
 - ALJ AGRANOFF: I understand.
 - A. Yeah, actually it would be helpful if someone can confirm why there's a difference here because these are substantially different.
 - Q. Say that again.
- 22 A. These are substantially different so --
- Q. They are substantially different?
- 24 A. Yup.

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25 | Q. Okay. Well --

1 A. So --

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- Q. Just set -- just set LR 4 to the side. I
 won't ask you any more questions about it for now,
 okay?
 - A. Yeah.
 - Q. So when I refer to Figure 2 of Exhibit E of the Application of December 26, 2018, I want you to look at Figure 2 of that Application.
 - A. Okay.
 - Q. Okay? So going back to --
- 11 A. So repeat the question, please.
- Q. -- my question. Do you see there are two
 train crossings located nearby your monitor for
 "Mixed Residential"?
- 15 A. What are you defining as "nearby" here?
- Q. All right. Let me ask the question in a different way.
- You've already told us how close one
 train crossing is based on page 7 of your report. Do
 you see there's a second one located not far from
 that location on Figure 2?
- MR. PARRAM: Objection. What is "not far"?
- A. And I can't measure with this map any kind of precision.

- Q. Isn't there a scale on that map?
- A. Not with any kind of precision.
- Q. You do see that there are two train crossings identified in the upper right portion of the project area, correct?
- A. So, by "project area," I'm assuming within the blue polygon that's marked out?
 - Q. Yes, sir.

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- A. So actually in this area there are two train crossings that are kind of in the northeast and then there's another one that's sort of in that northern part above by Turbine 37.
 - Q. All right.
- A. And all of those are within the project area.
- Q. I understand you just told me that you can't use the scale on this map with any precision, but can you use the scale to approximate distances?

MR. PARRAM: Objection. Your Honor, to the extent there's a scale and there's a map that is part of the record, there's no need for the witness to guess without any type of precision. The map is what it is and the scale can be -- that type of analysis can be done by a witness on behalf of the Local Residents or that can be done on brief, but

asking the witness to guesstimate on the stand is inappropriate.

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MR. VAN KLEY: Well, I think he can give us an approximate distance based on this map.

ALJ AGRANOFF: If the witness is capable of doing so, you can. If you do not believe you have enough information before you, you can certainly state as such.

- A. I don't have enough information to give you a precise answer of any kind. There are two crossings in the northeastern part of the project area which is also the project area you're going to have three turbines just to the east of those crossings as well.
- Q. Can you take a pen and mark the location of your monitor that is entitled "Mixed Residential" on Figure 2 in front of you? Just mark it with a triangle just like you did in your report.

MR. PARRAM: Objection. Your Honor, again, to the extent we're getting into an area where he can't precisely identify an area on a separate map that he didn't necessarily prepare, this is something for the Local Residents, if they wanted to put on a witness that could specify on their own, it would be different, but the witness has already indicated he

1 | can't do this with any type of precision.

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ALJ AGRANOFF: I'm going to agree. At this point, Mr. Van Kley, if you can please move on.

MR. VAN KLEY: All right.

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) When you set -- when you did the micrositing for this monitoring location, "Mixed Residential," did you take into account the existence of a second train crossing in that area?
- A. Within the parcel that was obtained, there are a couple of factors that went into it. I was trying to get the -- while keeping it close to the Village of Flat Rock, I was trying to keep it in a place where I could actually physically put the monitor but also kind of further on the non-rail-line side of the village.

That rail line is a line, so pushing it away from that means getting it further from the rail -- from -- I was getting it further from the rail line. So getting it, in this case, closer to one would get it further from the other, and vice versa.

- Q. Are you finished with the answer?
- A. Yes.
- Q. So going back to my question, or maybe we should ask a different question which is: When you

put your monitoring station there, did you know about the existence of a second train crossing?

- A. I don't recall that.
- Q. And what about the train track going from west to east that's located north of your monitoring station, were you aware of the existence of that train track when you sited this monitoring station?
- A. Are you referring to the rail line that passes just south of Turbine 37?
- Q. I don't have the turbine numbers on my copy of this document. We're talking about the train track that goes from west to east that is located north of that monitoring station that you earlier identified in your testimony.

MR. PARRAM: Can we point the witness to the exact rail line we're looking at on the map?

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$ VAN KLEY: Sure. I would be happy to do that if I can approach the witness.

ALJ AGRANOFF: You may.

MR. PARRAM: Can I have the question

reread?

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(Record read.)

A. So at the time I was setting up the "Mixed Residential" monitor, I was not aware of that east-to-west rail line.

Q. Now, the building, that is located in the area of your monitoring station, was a care center; is that correct?

ALJ AGRANOFF: Mr. Van Kley, which map are you looking at now?

6 MR. VAN KLEY: I'm just asking him from 7 memory.

- A. That's my understanding of what that building is, yes.
- Q. What is your understanding of what activities occur in that building?
 - A. It's a residential area.
- Q. Okay. Well, you refer, on page 7 of your report, which is in exhibit Company Exhibit 1E, to the "Flat Rock Care Center." Do you see that on page 7?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. Okay. So what is your understanding as to the activities that were occurring in the Flat Rock Care Center at the time you were doing your background sound monitoring?
- A. It's peculiarly worded. Can you ask that again?
- Q. What is your understanding of the activities that were going on in the Flat Rock Care

Center at the time you were monitoring the sound at the "Mixed Residential" monitoring location?

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- A. So I would assume the activities that were going on during the monitoring would be the same as they normally are.
 - O. And what are those activities?
- A. My understanding is it's kind of a senior center, but I don't remember exactly.
- Q. Do you know whether the parking lot for the rock care -- the Flat Rock Care Center has cars going in and out of it during the night?
- A. Most of the parking lot activity is during the daytime. There's very little that occurs at night.
- Q. The sound from the quarry that you mentioned, could be heard from your monitoring station, correct?
- A. That is correct. It could be heard during the daytime but not at night.
- Q. And the train whistles, from the train tracks, could be heard at night?
- A. Day and night. And beyond the whistles, just the passing-by of locomotive and cars.
- Q. How far from the monitoring station was the railroad track located that is north of that

location?

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A. So I refer you again to page 7, under "Mixed Residential."

ALJ AGRANOFF: And this is page 7 of which exhibit?

THE WITNESS: This is Exhibit 1E,

Attachment B, Part 1, it looks like, and it says the monitor was 392 meters or about 1,286 feet from the closest point of approach of the rail line, and 515 meters from the crossing of that rail line with CR29, or 1,690 feet.

- Q. Is that referring to the rail line that's located to the west of the monitoring site or the rail line that was located to the north of the monitoring site?
- A. That is the rail line that is located to the west.
 - Q. Yeah. My question had to deal with the distance between the monitoring station and the rail line that's located to the north.
 - A. Can you point to me that rail line again? For example, the one that's located to the west actually has a southwest-to-northeast bearing.
- Q. You want me to point it out to you on the map again?

A. Yeah.

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- 2 MR. VAN KLEY: Okay. May I --
- 3 ALJ AGRANOFF: You can approach.
 - A. So, as I stated before, I don't have a way of measuring the distance to that rail line with any kind of precision, so I'm not going to attempt to do that.
 - Q. So how many times did you visit the project area personally?
 - A. Once.
- 11 Q. What was the purpose of that visit?
- 12 A. The monitor setup.
- Q. So you didn't take down the monitors?
- 14 A. I did not.
 - Q. Okay. So, during that visit, did you make any effort to investigate sound sources around the area of the monitors?
 - A. I did make an effort to look around in the immediate area but I wouldn't consider something that is beyond, say, a half mile or even -- yeah, beyond a half mile to be the immediate area.
 - Q. Okay. So you didn't -- you didn't look for sound sources beyond a half-mile away from your monitoring stations?
- 25 A. Not during micrositing.

O. You didn't think that was important?

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A. Well, that goes down to the question of what you're trying to do by defining soundscapes. So what I'm trying to do with the micrositing is prevent some kind of local sound source from biasing the measurement one way or the other.

And so if there are, as in the case of this project area, several rail lines running through or near the project area, that is part of the soundscape in the project area. What I'd be looking for is making sure I'm not right next to, say, a crossing.

- Q. So do you think that a train rail, beyond a half mile from your monitoring station, is a significant source of sound that would be measured by that monitor?
- A. A rail line passing, say, at least a half mile from a monitoring location might be a significant source of sound but if there are, as in the case of this project, several rail lines running through or near the project area, then that is part of the soundscape, and so that's not biasing the measurement, that's simply measuring the soundscape.
- Q. If you have two train tracks contributing to noise heard or measured in your monitor, that

means you double the number of train tracks that are contributing noise to that monitor, right?

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- A. If there are multiple train tracks with multiple crossings then that's going to be more sound from trains than one train track with one train crossing.
- Q. And then you indicated, on page 7 of your report, that County Road 21 was 682 feet away from your monitor, you've already stated that, but there's another county Road nearby too, right?
- A. Can you refer me to what you're talking about?
- Q. Isn't County Road 34 in that area?

 Why don't I refer you to your own
 testimony, page 12, Answer 24,
 - A. So County Road 34 is in that area.
- Q. And you characterize both County Road 34 and County Road 29 as well traveled in your testimony?
 - A. That's how I characterize them.
- Q. So the sounds that were measured in the "Mixed Residential" monitor included sounds from at least two county roads, two train tracks, a quarry, and a care center, correct?
- 25 A. During some periods of the day, all of

those, yes.

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- Q. Okay. And are you aware of any other parts of the project area that are -- that are subjected to noise from all of those types of sound sources?
- A. So road traffic in this project area is ubiquitous. There are three rail lines passing -- at least three rail lines passing through the project area or close to it. I don't know if there's another care center in the project area.
- Q. How about a combination of all of those sources, are there any other areas in the project area that are exposed to noise from all of those types of sources, the quarry, two roads, two railroad tracks, and a care center?
- A. I don't know if there's another area -if there's another care center in the project area.
 There are roads throughout the project area.
- I'm going to refer you to page 10 in my Direct Testimony and there's a table there, towards the top of that page, that shows the distances of each of those roads.
- You'll also note, from Figure 2 in the noise assessment of June 2019, that there were roadways that go throughout the project area.

It is also stated, in the monitoring section of the 2019 noise assessment, that railroad sound was audible at all seven monitoring stations.

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Q. And what about the quarry and the care center, any other locations that have those two sources as well as the roads and the trains?

MR. PARRAM: I'll object with respect to the care center. I think he's already asked and answered that question.

ALJ AGRANOFF: I'll sustain the objection.

Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) All right. How about the quarry then, any other areas that are subjected to quarry noise in addition to noise from at least two roads and a care center and two train tracks?

MR. PARRAM: Just for clarity, by "area," we're referring to the monitoring locations?

MR. VAN KLEY: No. I'm referring to the area, the project area.

A. So, I'm not going to speculate how far away the quarry noise might be audible. I do know it's not audible at the other monitoring locations but, beyond that, I do not know how far away it was audible. I should also note that quarry noise was present only during the daytime.

- Q. Going back to page 6 of your report, your noise report that has the map of the monitoring stations, I see that there are no monitoring stations located in the western portion of the project area; is that a correct statement?
 - A. That is correct.

2.1

- Q. Why are there no monitoring stations in that area?
- A. When the monitoring locations were first put out -- were first chosen, the project area did not continue that far west.
- Q. And after the configuration of the project area was revised in the manner shown on Figure 2 of your report, RSG didn't go back out to take more measurements for background-sound purposes?
- A. We did not. When we looked at the project area, we did not see any soundscapes that were not already represented by the current seven monitoring locations.
- Q. Which of the other monitoring -- which of the monitoring stations do you believe are representative of the soundscape and landscape found in the western portion of the project area?
- A. I do not recall what my reasoning was at that time.

MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, I'm sorry. 1 2 was just wondering, I think the witness has been on the stand two hours, approximately two hours. I 3 wanted to see how much more cross or if we need to 4 5 take a quick break. MR. VAN KLEY: There's a lot of cross 6 7 left. 8 MS. BAIR: I have just a few questions. 9 ALJ AGRANOFF: Why don't we take a 10 10-minute break. 11 MR. VAN KLEY: Okay. 12 ALJ AGRANOFF: Thank you. 13 (Recess taken.) 14 ALJ AGRANOFF: Mr. Van Kley, please continue. 15 16 MR. VAN KLEY: Yes. 17 (By Mr. Van Kley) On September 16, 2018, Q. 18 did you have a sound monitor on farmland or on land 19 that is farmed by Beckman Farms in the project area? 20 Α. Can you repeat the question? 2.1 Q. Sure. On September 16, 2018, did you 22 have a sound-monitoring station set up on land that is farmed by Beckman Farms? 23 24 Where is Beckman Farms? What location Α.

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are you referring to?

Q. All right. Well, it's a location in the western part of the project area. Let me ask you a different question then.

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Sometime in 2018, did you have one or more sound-monitoring stations set up on any land in the project area?

- A. So sometime, I don't recall the particular dates or times, sometime in the latter half of 2018 we did monitoring for the transmission line portion of this project and so I don't know what location you're referring to, but about that part of the year we did do monitoring in this area, but I don't know if it's what you're referring to.
- Q. So how many monitoring stations did you have set up for that project?

MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, I'll just object to the extent we're talking about another OPSB project that is not involving this Case 17-2295.

It's outside the scope of this proceeding.

MR. VAN KLEY: It is definitely not. Not if it was set up, not if the monitors were set up in the project area for this project. If they were, then that is highly relevant and useful information to know.

MR. PARRAM: Okay. What are we referring

to when we're talking about "this project"? This current pending case?

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MR. VAN KLEY: I'm talking about any -- any land within the blue lines of the project area as shown on the Application for Republic Wind in this proceeding. If there were any monitoring stations set up on that land, that's information that is extremely relevant to this case because it shows what the background sound levels in the project area were.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. Just so I understand the context of your question, are you leaving it open-ended so that it was either set up for the purposes of this particular project in the case that we're here today for, or any other project --

MR. VAN KLEY: That's right, Your Honor.

ALJ AGRANOFF: -- that still would be within the project area.

MR. VAN KLEY: Yeah. If RSG set up a sound-monitoring station within the boundaries of the project area for the project that's being considered in this case, then that information is going to be relevant to what the background sounds in this project area are, regardless of the purpose for which the sound-monitoring systems were set up, because it

still shows you what the background sound is in the project area.

ALJ AGRANOFF: I'll allow the question for the time being.

THE WITNESS: Can you repeat the question?

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MR. VAN KLEY: Yeah.

- (By Mr. Van Kley) How many monitors for Q. sound did you set up or did RSG set up in the area, within the blue lines of the Republic Wind project area that's being considered in this case, during 2018?
- Α. I do not have any of the information about the monitoring that was performed at that time in front of me. I do not have the exact locations that were monitored and I have not looked at the information regarding that monitoring in quite a long time, so I do not recall the answers to what you're referring to.

MR. VAN KLEY: Okay. Your Honor, I would ask that Republic Wind produce any data that was measured within the confines of the project area. Ιt was not produced in response to our request for information in discovery.

We have now discovered that there is at

least one monitor that was set up in this area for which we have not received the data, and that information is critical to this case especially in light of the fact that, as shown by page 6, Figure 2 of RSG's sound report, that there was no monitoring information produced for the western portion of the project area where at least one monitoring station appears to have been set up in 2018.

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So that's information that should have been produced, and the witness today can't recall the details apparently of that monitoring, so I would ask that that information be produced to us and subjected to cross-examination if it's useful for this case.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Mr. Parram.

MR. PARRAM: Yeah, thank you, Your Honor.

As Mr. Old indicated, to the extent there is monitoring being performed in the western portion of the project area, it relates specifically to another OPSB case, a transmission line case, which RSG is also a consultant in that particular case.

To the extent that Mr. Van Kley is trying to obtain information from a case that is not relevant to this proceeding, we didn't -- the -- the documents that have been produced by Mr. Old and by RSG, relating specifically to the reports, have been

filed in this case with respect to the noise studies that were performed with respect to the transmission -- to this particular case, 17-2295.

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This is an attempt to get additional information about a separate proceeding that we are not involved in today, and Mr. -- and RSG's reports that were submitted in this particular case had nothing to do with any other monitoring in those other locations.

MR. VAN KLEY: But they show what sound level is in the project location -- the project area for the case before the Board today and, therefore, it's still directly relevant.

I would point out that Republic Wind saw fit to submit wildlife reports from a different location, Emerson West, which at the time it was collecting for purposes of filing an application for another wind farm in another case in which it thought that information even outside of the project area was pertinent to this case and they're using it.

Now we discover that there is sound monitoring information for the same project area that we're considering in this case and which, for some reason, wasn't produced, and even now there appears to be an effort by Republic Wind to hide that

information from us.

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So I would ask that that information be produced rather than asserting some sort of legal grounds that it wasn't purposed for this project as opposed to another project. That doesn't make any difference. It has no bearing on whether the information is relevant. If the sound information discloses background sound levels in the project area, it is very obviously relevant.

MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, this is much like the motion to strike or motion in limine that Mr. Van Kley filed where to the extent that he, either through discovery or he didn't depose Mr. Old to try to obtain the information, and through our discovery request, that he propounded upon and stipulated specifically to the project in this particular case, we were responsive with respect to all of that discovery.

And to the extent that Mr. Van Kley is now using this hearing to try to obtain discovery with respect to another proceeding is completely inappropriate. And again, this is another case that Mr. Van Kley, as far as I'm aware, and his clients, as far as I'm aware, have not intervened in that proceeding and they're using this as a particular way

to try to get information about another proceeding.

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But again, with respect to this proceeding and the information Mr. Van Kley asked for, we've submitted the noise reports, we've submitted workpapers, we've submitted correspondence, communications internally with RSG and with Apex with respect to this particular project; so it's completely inappropriate to try to use this as a form to find out information that is not a project that is pending in this particular case.

MR. VAN KLEY: And apparently, even though Republic Wind produced some other information, apparently it withheld this information, and this information is --

MR. PARRAM: It wasn't responsive to your request.

MR. VAN KLEY: It certainly was.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. Hold on. Hold on. Which project does this other information pertain to?

MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, as far as I'm aware, I believe it relates to the transmission line case. I need to confer with my client to verify it, but as far as I'm aware, it's not related to this particular Case 17-2295.

Your Honor, if you want me to take a

recess to confer with my client to verify that, I can, but that's my understanding.

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MR. VAN KLEY: It doesn't make any difference what the purpose of collecting the information was.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay.

MR. VAN KLEY: What's pertinent is whether it shows background sound levels in the project area for this project and it does.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Mr. Van Kley, which discovery request, which interrogatory did -- do you believe is relevant to the information that you're now requesting?

MR. VAN KLEY: Well, it would have been responsive to a request for production of documents.

I don't have those with me. I could provide you with that information tomorrow.

MR. PARRAM: And again, to the extent it should have been addressed through discovery disputes prior to the hearing for a lot of the -- many of the discovery requests that Mr. Van Kley propounded upon Republic Wind were so broad in scope to potentially ask for documents relating to any project related to Apex or Republic Wind in the state of Ohio or throughout the United States or potentially in

Canada.

2.1

So to the extent that Mr. Van Kley provides discovery requests that may encompass a project that does not relate to this particular proceeding, it was objectionable, it was overboard, he did not narrow the scope of his request, and to the extent there was information regarding the noise studies that were performed in this case, we provided that.

ALJ SANYAL: Mr. Parram, just as a note of clarification. This other case you're referring to, is that the 19-1066-EL-BTX case?

MR. PARRAM: Yes.

ALJ SANYAL: The Republic Wind

15 | transmission line case?

MR. PARRAM: Yes. Which Mr. Van Kley presumably can intervene in.

MR. VAN KLEY: In response to
Mr. Parram's argument, we couldn't do any dispute
resolution concerning the withholding of documents
that weren't even disclosed to us. We just
discovered, in the last 15 minutes, that these
records even exist, so --

MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, I --

25 ALJ AGRANOFF: Hold on.

MR. VAN KLEY: -- there's no dispute resolution to be held over it.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay.

2.1

MR. PARRAM: I specifically reached out to Mr. Van Kley to ask whether or not he was going to be deposing any of our clients, any of the witnesses in this case, and he indicated he was not. This is definitely information, assuming that he would be entitled to it to present it at this hearing, he would have obtained it at the deposition.

MR. VAN KLEY: I have no legal obligation to depose anybody, but Mr. Parram has a legal obligation to produce relevant documents that I requested.

ALJ AGRANOFF: At this point in time, I do not know what the scope of your discovery request was, I don't have any of that in front of me, so it makes it extremely difficult to make any kind of judgment relative to the appropriateness of applying the request you made in this case relative to information that arises out of another case, so at this point in time I am unable to make any kind of determination relative to the appropriateness.

We can certainly deal with this, I think, a day from now, maybe, rather than tying up

everybody's time right now, and we might need to have a separate time to either have this laid out by motion or oral argument relative to that request, but from my perspective I don't have enough information right now to make that determination, so.

I would suggest that we move on and I will inform you tomorrow as to how we will best address this.

MR. VAN KLEY: Okay. Shall I resume questions?

ALJ AGRANOFF: Yes, please do.

- (By Mr. Van Kley) Are you aware of a Ο. sandstone-cutting operation, located just east of the railroad track, that your monitoring station was set up next to for the "Mixed Residential" station?
 - I'm not aware of that. Α.
- Q. Let's talk about the monitoring station that's been labeled as "Agricultural Operations." Going back to page 6 of your report, which is in Company Exhibit 1E, do you see the location of the "Agricultural Operations" monitoring station on Figure 2?
 - Α. I do.

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Okay. And that monitoring station is Ο. 25 located or was located outside of the area that is

- currently the project area for this proceeding, correct?
 - A. It is outside of the current project area, that's correct.
 - Q. Do you know how far outside of the project area it is or it was?
 - A. I don't have an exact value. Based upon the road layout, it's going to be something less than a mile.
- Q. Is it more than a half mile?

 MR. PARRAM: Objection. He just
 indicated he doesn't know.
- MR. VAN KLEY: He said it's somewhat less
 than a mile, so I'm asking whether it's more than a
 half mile.
- ALJ AGRANOFF: If the witness has any more definitive quantification, he can certainly answer.
- A. It may be less than -- it may be more than a half mile.
- Q. Can you say that it's more than 1,400 feet away from the project line?
 - A. Probably.

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Q. What sound sources contributed to the background sound at this monitoring station?

- A. The report doesn't say anything more than transient anthropogenic events and that means car pass-byes.
- Q. Now, looking at your testimony, page 5,
 Answer 10, you state that the soundscape/landscape at
 the agricultural operations area represents the
 majority of the area within the proposed project
 boundary, right?
 - A. That's what it says.
 - Q. Well, that's what you wrote, didn't you?
- A. Correct.

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- Q. If that's the case, then why didn't you set up a sound-monitoring station inside the project area?
- A. The project boundary, at the time these monitoring locations were picked, included that location.
- Q. Uh-huh. But you could have gone out there, after the project boundary was changed, and put another monitoring station in there, couldn't you?
- A. Correct. The -- it still does represent the kind of soundscape that you're going to find through a large portion of the project area.
- Q. I mean, you did the sound monitoring

exercises in 2016, right?

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- Define "sound monitoring exercises."
- Yeah. You took -- you did your Ο. background sound measurements for purposes of this Application in 2016, right?
- We collected sound level data in 2016, 6 Α. 7 that's correct.
 - Okay. So you've had three years to Q. collect additional information, right?
- 10 Α. We could have. We didn't consider it 11 necessary.
- Look at page 10 of your report, and when Ο. I say "your report" from now forward I'm continuing 14 to refer to your noise report that is in Company 15 Exhibit 1E. So looking at page 10 of your report, 16 that's the imagery showing the area in which the "Mixed Residential" monitoring location was located, right?
 - Α. That is correct.
- 20 Q. Okay. And you set up your monitor right 2.1 along a row of trees, right, according to that 22 imagery?
 - Α. Just outside of the row, correct.
- 24 Well, if you look at the next page, Ο. 25 page 11, you see a picture of it, of that monitoring

station, right?

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- I see the picture of the monitoring 2 3 station.
 - Q. Yeah, and do you see where in that picture there's trees located next to the monitoring station?
 - I see there are trees near it, correct.
 - Okay. Now, go on the same page to That's the imagery for the "Agricultural Figure 7. Operations" monitoring station, right?
 - What page are you referring to again? Α.
- 12 Q. Page 11, Figure 7.
- 13 Α. That is the map showing the "Agricultural Operations" monitor, that is correct. 14
- 15 Q. Okay. And it's located within trees, 16 right?
- 17 It is located next to a residence which Α. 18 is surrounded by trees.
- 19 Yeah. All right. Let's go to the "Busy Ο. 20 Roadway" monitoring station on page 10, Figure 9.
- 2.1 That monitoring station is located near trees too, 2.2 right?
- It is located on a former home site which 23 Α. 24 included trees.
- 25 Q. Yeah, all right. Let's go to page 13,

- Figure 11. That's where you have imagery showing the location of the "Wooded Area" monitoring location, right?
 - A. You said Figure 13?

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- Q. Figure 11 on page 13.
- A. Yes, the "Wooded Area" monitor is located near trees.
 - Q. All right. If you go to page 14 of your report, Figure 12, you see a picture of that monitoring station, right?
 - A. Can you repeat that question?
- Q. Yeah. If you go to page 14, Figure 12 of your report, there you will see a photograph of your monitor for the wooded area, correct?
- 15 A. That is correct.
- Q. And it's inside the wooded area, right?
- A. The monitor is inside a wooded area, correct.
- MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, I'd be willing
 to stipulate that photographs that have trees in them
 actually have trees in them, if this will expedite
 the process.
- MR. VAN KLEY: I just have two left if it's okay.
- 25 ALJ AGRANOFF: Go right ahead.

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Page 15, the monitoring station for the "Remote Rural Area" is located at the edge of trees, right?
 - A. It is located at the edge of a treeline.
- Q. Okay. And going to page 16, the south boundary monitoring station also located on the edge of a wooded area?
 - A. I see Figure 16.
 - Q. Yes, Figure 16. Or, page 16, Figure 16.
 - A. Was there a question?
- Q. Yes. Is located on the edge of a wooded area, correct? Is the monitor located on the edge of a wooded area?
 - A. The south boundary is, yes.
- 15 Q. Yeah.

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- 16 ALJ AGRANOFF: How many monitoring
- 17 | stations were there?
- 18 THE WITNESS: There were seven in total.
- 19 ALJ AGRANOFF: Were they all either in or
- 20 adjacent to wooded areas?
- 21 THE WITNESS: It appears that all of them
- 22 | were near vegetation.
- MR. VAN KLEY: Well, they were all near
- 24 | trees, weren't they? Didn't we just establish that?
- THE WITNESS: I said vegetation.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Other than trees, what 1 2 other type of vegetation would you potentially reference? 3 THE WITNESS: Some of these appear to be 4 5 more hedges than anything else, bushes. 6 (By Mr. Van Kley) Were there trees in Ο. 7 those hedges? 8 MR. PARRAM: Is there a question pending? 9 MR. VAN KLEY: Yes. I asked if there 10 were trees in the hedges. 11 In some cases there may be, in other Α. 12 cases there might not be. 13 Q. Can you point out any pictures that you 14 took that are in your report that show that there 15 were no trees in the hedges nearby these monitoring 16 sites? 17 MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, the pictures are

MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, the pictures are in the report and you can just look at them and see if there's trees or hedges or bushes.

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MR. VAN KLEY: Yeah, well --

ALJ AGRANOFF: Is there a specific one,

Mr. Van Kley, you would like the witness to focus on?

MR. VAN KLEY: I would like him to focus

on whatever hedgerow he believes has no trees in it.

I did not see any that did not. We just went through

every -- we went through a photograph showing every one of the seven monitoring stations and he has stated that every one of them was close to trees.

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MR. PARRAM: So then why are we still talking about this?

MR. VAN KLEY: Because he now just backtracked and said some of them have no trees next to them.

ALJ AGRANOFF: If the witness could identify a particular photograph for which you do not believe would be situated near or within trees.

THE WITNESS: So my apologies for getting into this kind of semantical argument. You know, I'm not sure the distinction matters for the purpose of this because, for example, Figure 6, those are very small trees and I would consider those more to be bushes than anything else. They are near some kind of vegetation.

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Let's talk about the "Busy Roadway" monitoring station. The location of that station is shown on page 6 of your report, correct?
- A. The "Busy Roadway" monitor is located on -- is located in Figure 2, that's correct.
 - Q. Okay. And there's a highway that was

located near that monitoring station, right?

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- A. It is along Highway 18 which is a road that passes from southwest to northeast through the project area.
- Q. How far from the highway was the monitor placed?
- A. In page 10 of my Direct Testimony, there's a table that includes the distances between all the monitoring locations and the closest road, and this indicates that the monitor was 80 meters away. Which is approximately 262 feet.
 - Q. Where do you find that in your report?
 - A. That's my Direct Testimony.
- Q. Oh, okay. And that's on page 10 of your Direct Testimony?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Go back to Local Residents Exhibit No. 3, which are the interrogatory answers, and I would like to refer you to the answer to Interrogatory 1b.
- 20 ALJ AGRANOFF: This was Local Residents
 21 Exhibit 3?
- MR. VAN KLEY: That's correct, Your

 Honor. Republic Wind's responses to interrogatories.

 It would be on the fifth page of that document.
- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) All right. So I'm

referring you to the answer to Interrogatory 1b, where you provide the parcel number of the parcel on which the "Busy Roadway" monitor was placed, and then your answer to Interrogatory 1a states that the owner of the land was Flat Rock Homes.

So with regard to the location at which you placed the "Busy Roadway" monitor, was the parcel identified in your answers to Interrogatories a and b, the parcel that adjoined County Road 18?

- A. Can you repeat the question, please?
- Q. Sure.

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Did the parcel, that is identified in your answers to Interrogatories 1a and 1b, extend to County Road 18 from your monitor?

- A. So that's my understanding of the parcel number and the owner of the land that the "Busy Road" monitor was located.
- Q. Okay. What percentage of the project area has the same landscape/soundscape as the area represented by the "Agricultural Operations" monitor?
 - A. I don't have a specific number for you.
- Q. Well, in your testimony on page, wherever that was that I was just at. Let me find it. Page 5 of your testimony, Answer 10, you state that the "Agricultural Operations" monitor area represents the

majority of the area within the proposed project boundary, correct?

A. That is correct.

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- Q. And when you stated in your testimony that it represents the majority of the project area, are you talking about a simple majority, that is more than 50 percent, or some other percentage?
- A. That assessment should be taken as qualitative. In other words, a lot of the area within this project is agricultural so this monitor is located at a residence that has agricultural operations going on to represent that area.
- Q. So what do you mean when you say it's qualitative?
- A. In other words, I'm not assigning an exact number to it.
 - Q. So could it be less than 50 percent then?
 - A. I'm not going to assign a number to it.
- Q. Okay. Well, when you -- when you stated that it represents the majority of the area, did you have some sort of figure in mind?
- 22 MR. PARRAM: Objection. He already 23 indicated he doesn't have the figure in mind.
- 24 ALJ AGRANOFF: I'm going to sustain the 25 objection. If you could just give us the context of

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that statement.
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THE WITNESS: Excuse me. Which statement were you referring to?

ALJ AGRANOFF: When you said that it was the majority.

THE WITNESS: Okay. So the context of that is, because this is generally an agricultural area, we picked a monitoring location that was supposed to be representative of generally agricultural locations; so a home that has agricultural equipment around it, has barns around it and that kind of thing.

Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) So when you use the word "majority," you had no quantity in mind, just quality?

MR. PARRAM: Objection. Asked and answered.

MR. VAN KLEY: I don't think it is. I don't think it was answered.

20 ALJ AGRANOFF: I'll allow it.

21 MR. PARRAM: He specifically said 22 qualitative.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Your qualitative use of the term that you had has no quantitative component to it? THE WITNESS: I have not applied a number to it, that's correct.

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ALJ AGRANOFF: Not just a specific number but even "a greater than" or "less than."

out and I didn't try and calculate the percentage of the land use in the project area that was agricultural or that was rural non-agricultural or anything like that. It is based upon looking through the project area, both on the ground level and also looking at aerial imagery of the site, and taking into account that there's a large number of planted fields.

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) And with respect to the "Busy Roadway," what percentage of the project area has a landscape and soundscape similar in nature to the area around the "Busy Roadway"?
- A. Again, I don't have a percentage. It would represent the homes that are along the corridor of that roadway.
- Q. And moving on to the "Wooded Area." That location is also shown on page 6 of your report, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
 - Q. What percentage of the project area is

represented by the landscape/soundscape around the "Wooded Area"?

- A. I don't have a percentage for that one either. There are a number of isolated wooded areas throughout the project area.
- Q. Let's move on to the "Remote Rural Area."

 That monitor was located -- was located outside of

 what is currently the project area, correct?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. Do you know the distance between that monitoring location and the nearest turbine site that is proposed in the current application?
 - A. I don't have that number for you.
- Q. Do you know what percentage of the project area has a similar landscape and soundscape to the remote rural area?
- A. I don't have that percentage.
- Q. There's a railroad track running in a generally north-to-south direction to the east of that monitoring location, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. How far from the track is that -is that monitoring station located?
- A. I don't have an exact distance. It's more than a mile though.

- Q. In fact, that's the same railroad that runs past the area where you put the "Mixed Residential" monitor, correct?
 - A. Can you repeat that question?
- Q. The railroad track that runs north and south past the "Remote Rural" monitoring station is the same train track that runs in a generally north-to-south direction past your "Mixed Residential" monitoring station.
 - A. That is correct.

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- Q. And then for the "South Boundary"

 station, that's also shown on your map on page 6,

 right?
 - A. That is correct.
 - Q. What kind of soundscape/landscape was that designed to measure?
 - A. The southern part of the project area.
 - Q. What kind of land use is in that land area?
- 20 A. It's largely agricultural.
- Q. So when you say it was designed to
 measure the southern part of the project, is that an
 important consideration in determining where to put
 your monitoring sites?
- 25 A. In this case when the other soundscapes

were identified, it was sort of figured out that the bottom part of the project area had more elevation to it, elevation change to it, than the rest.

- Q. Do you know what percentage of the project area has a similar landscape/soundscape?
 - A. I don't have that percentage.
- Q. What kind of sounds were detected by the monitor at this location?
- A. There were sound sources that were largely anthropogenic; so car pass-byes and there were also distant train sounds.
- Q. Go to page 19 of your report. Table 2 on page 19 of your report has the results of your background sound monitoring, correct?
- A. That is correct.

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- Q. So I see that some of the sound data in Table 2 is provided in the Leq metric, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And Leq metric is the average of sound measurements?
- A. The Leq metric is the energetic average. So it's not an arithmetic average; it's a geometric average.
 - Q. What does that mean?
- 25 A. Instead of averaging the numbers, for

example 40, 41, and 42, you'd be measuring the energy that is actually included, that is actually measured by the microphone. The arithmetic average would be the average of those particular numbers.

- Q. So, for example, where you had a nighttime Leq of 40 dBA for the "Agricultural Operations" monitoring station, that 40 Leq is not an average of the sounds measured by the station?
 - A. That is incorrect.

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- Q. Okay. It was or was it not an average?
- A. Can you restate your question?
- Q. Yeah. I'll restate it to make sure it's clearer.

Looking at the Leq of 40 for "Agricultural Operations" at night, is that number a mathematical average of the sounds measured at that station?

A. So that number is -- from an acoustic standpoint, the question doesn't make particularly -- it's not particularly clear.

So what that number is it's a -- it's an average of the energy measured by the microphone so that is an average of, as I mentioned, in decibels, it's a ratio of the measured pressure fluctuations which are measured in Pascals; so it's a measure of

- that. It's not a measure of the actual decibel value. Both of them would be a mathematical average. One's an average of the energy; the other is an average of that particular value.
- Q. I see that the Leq nighttime for the "Mixed Residential" monitoring station was 51 dBA, correct?
- A. Are you referring to the daytime or the nighttime or the combined?
 - Q. Nighttime.

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- A. The nighttime, that's correct.
- Q. And that was the highest of all of the
 Leq values at night for the seven monitoring
 stations, right?
 - A. That is correct.
 - Q. And then you used the Leq calculations for nighttime at the seven monitoring stations in order to come up with an average nighttime Leq of 41 dBA; is that right?
- A. One second.
- Among the stations, so taking 40, 47, 51, 44, 39, 34, 32, the average of those was taken with an arithmetic average.
 - Q. And that average was 41 dBA Leq, correct?
- 25 A. That is correct.

- Q. And then after coming up with the average of 41 dBA Leq, you added 5 dBA Leq to the 41 to come up with what you state is a sound level limit of 46 dBA Leq, right?
- A. That is correct. It's based upon the OPSB precedent for other cases.

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- Q. So if that's the limit that's being used for this project, that would mean that Republic Wind's turbines would be allowed to produce noise as high as 46 dBA Leq at any place in the project area; is that right?
- A. That is correct. I should clarify that this 46 dBA is a one-hour average.
- Q. Okay. So an area like the wooded area, for example, where you have a 32 dBA Leq found by your monitor, Republic Wind would be allowed, under your position, to produce as much as 14 dBA above that 32 dBA background level; is that right?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. By the way, I see that some of the measurements are in terms of L50 dBA. What does that mean?
- A. So an L50 is the sound level that is exceeded 50 percent of the time. So if you were to take a sound level measurement let's say that was an

hour long, for 30 minutes sound levels would be above that and for 30 minutes sound levels would be below that.

- Q. Let's move further on in your report to the results of your modeling and those start on page 66 of your report, correct?
- A. You're referring to the results of the modeling?
 - O. Yes.

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- A. I have the results starting on --
- 11 | Q. 68, I'm sorry, page 68.
- 12 A. I have the results starting on page 42 of the report.
- Q. Okay. Yeah, I'm referring to something different. Go to page 68 of your report, please.
- 16 All right. In there you see Table 8; is that right?
- 17 A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. And what's the purpose of Table 8?
- A. It provides modeled sound levels at
 discrete sensitive receptors throughout the project
 area.
- Q. And by "receptors" you mean homes?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. And there's a column labeled "Status" and under that label you see the abbreviation "Nonpart"?

A. That is correct.

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- Q. What does that mean?
- A. That "nonparticipant" means that that particular -- the owner of the parcel, that that residence is on, has not signed any kind of contract with the developer.
- Q. And then you have a number of turbine model names there, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And those are the turbines under consideration -- those are the turbine models under consideration by Republic Wind?
 - A. That's my understanding, yes.
- Q. And RSG modeled the sound levels expected at each receptor for all of those turbine models?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Do you see there are some darker lines in
 Table 8 that appear to separate groups of receptors?

 So, for example, if you look at the line after

 Receptor ID 22 on page 68 of your report, do you see
 that that line is darker than the other lines around

 it?
 - A. Receptor 22?
- Q. Yeah. Right after Receptor 22 or Receiver ID No. 22 on page 48.

- A. I don't really see what you're referring to. These shouldn't have different weight lines in between them. If there's any difference in weighting of the lines then it's just an artifact of the PDF being made or something like that.
- Q. All right. So just to make sure that the record reflects how to read this table, if you look at the line of modeling results for Receiver ID

 No. 28, you'll see that some of the modeled results are 46 dBA for four of the models that are considered at that location, correct?
 - A. Can you repeat that question?
 - Q. Yeah.

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- Looking at the modeled results for Receiver ID 28, do you see the modeled results of 45, 45, 46, 45, 46, 45, 46?
- 17 A. I see those.
 - Q. Okay. Those are the sound levels that have been modeled to occur at Receiver ID 28 for the specific turbine models that have been modeled in Table 8, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Go back to page 1 of Exhibit Company
 Exhibit 1E and that would actually be the second page
 of the exhibit which has the number 1 on the bottom.

The title on the top of the page reads: "Notice of Project Modifications and Information Update." All right. Under the -- are you there now?

A. I think so, yeah.

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- Q. Now, the array of turbines for which the noise modeling was done was the same array of turbines that was provided in the Amended Application of December 26, 2018, correct?
 - A. I don't have that one in front of me.
- Q. Well, just look at page 1 of Company
 Exhibit 1E. If you go to page 1, which is the second
 page, under the heading towards the middle of the
 page where it says "Wind Turbine Updates." Go to the
 third paragraph and tell me when you've found the
 third paragraph that starts with the words "There is
 no change."
 - A. Okay.
- Q. Okay. So it says "There is no change to the currently proposed turbine locations." Do see that?
 - A. That's what it says.
 - Q. Is that your understanding as well?
- A. I don't -- I don't recall exactly what turbine array was modeled for this December 2018. If that's what it says in there, that's fine.

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            Ο.
                 Now, there was -- there was a noise model
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     presented to the Board that was included in the
     Application of December 26, 2018, correct?
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                 MR. PARRAM: Do you need a reference to
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     the exhibit?
                 MR. VAN KLEY: It's Exhibit H.
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     we took that out at the break.
                 ALJ AGRANOFF: That's Exhibit H of the --
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                 MR. VAN KLEY: The Amended Application of
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     December 26, 2018.
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                 ALJ SANYAL: What page of that are we in?
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                 MR. VAN KLEY: It would be Exhibit H.
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                 ALJ SANYAL: Is there a page number that
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     we're looking at?
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                 MR. VAN KLEY: I was going to ask him a
     general question about the exhibit.
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                 ALJ SANYAL: Okay.
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                 MR. VAN KLEY: Could you not find it?
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     Why don't I just show you my copy of it.
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                 THE WITNESS:
                              Sure.
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                 ALJ AGRANOFF: You can approach.
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                 (By Mr. Van Kley) All right. You have in
            Q.
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     front of you Exhibit H of the Amended Application of
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     December 26, 2018. Is that a copy of a prior model
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     for noise performed by RSG on this project?
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- A. That's what it appears to be.
- Q. Okay. Now, did the model, submitted to the Board in June of 2019, supersede the model that's in Exhibit H of the Amended Application?
 - A. That's my understanding of it, yeah.
 - Q. It is? Okay.

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Go to page 8 of your testimony, and I'd like to direct your attention to the last part of Answer 16, where you refer to selected turbines being placed into noise reduced operations or NRO. Do you see that?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. Now, is there any way that a member of the public could tell that a turbine is operating in an NRO mode?

ALJ AGRANOFF: Just for clarification purposes, "NRO" stands for?

MR. VAN KLEY: Noise reduced operations.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Thank you.

- A. Are you referring to, as a reference, the noise assessment?
- Q. No. If a person is passing by a turbine that's operating, could that person tell that the turbine was operating in an NRO mode?
- A. I'm not aware of any way you would be

able to.

- Q. Okay. Now, does a typical wind power company keep track or keep records of the time in which its turbines run in an NRO mode?
- A. So the different modes that a turbine is in are usually -- they can be output as part of the SCADA data. So if a turbine is NRO mode, you could find out from the SCADA data whether it is.
 - Q. Okay. How would you tell that?
 - A. It varies by manufacturer.
- Q. But the SCADA data is data that is routinely kept by a wind turbine company?
- A. A -- in cases where I've worked, doing compliance monitoring of turbines, usually one of our data requests is the SCADA data to verify what the speeds were at the time of measurements. Beyond that kind of event, I do not know.
- Q. Let's go to page 9 of your testimony and I'd like to refer you to line 21 in Answer 20.
 - A. I'm there.
- Q. All right. So in that line you state
 that -- in lines 20 and 21 you state the same level
 of sound, 41 dBA, is also the average level nighttime
 Leq of over 100 monitoring locations in rural
 agricultural land, correct?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. And your authority or your source for that information is found in footnote 4, right?
 - A. That is correct.
 - Q. Okay. And that's an article by Kaliski,
 Bastasch & O'Neal, entitled "Regulating and
 Predicting Wind Turbine Sound in the United States,
 2018."
- 9 A. That is correct.
- Q. Mr. Kaliski has been an employee of RSG; is that right?
- 12 A. He has been.
- 13 Q. Is he still an employee of RSG?
- 14 A. Currently.
- MR. VAN KLEY: Your Honor, at this point I'd like to mark LR 5.
- 17 ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. That document is
- 18 | what?

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- MR. VAN KLEY: It's the article that's named in footnote 4 of Mr. Old's testimony.
- 21 ALJ AGRANOFF: It shall be so marked.
- 22 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)
- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) I've handed you what's been marked as LR Exhibit 5. Is this a copy of the article that you cite in footnote 4 of your

testimony?

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- A. It is.
- Q. Go to -- these page numbers are not numbered in this article, so count to the seventh page of the article.
- ALJ SANYAL: Does that include the cover page?
- 8 MR. VAN KLEY: Pardon?
- 9 ALJ SANYAL: Does that include the cover
- 10 page?

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- MR. VAN KLEY: Yes.
- 12 ALJ SANYAL: Okay.
- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) At the top of that page you'll see the title, "Receiver Height" on the first paragraph of that page, and I'd like to direct you to the paragraph that is labeled "Background sound level."
- 18 A. So second from the bottom?
- 19 Q. Second paragraph from the bottom.
- 21 paragraph to the sentence that starts at the end of

Directing your attention to the third line of that

- 22 that line with the word "Figure 1," that sentence
- 23 says "Figure 1 shows the equivalent continuous
- 24 average nighttime sound level at over 100 locations
- 25 | throughout the U.S., categorized by land use, and the

mean for each land use." Do you see that?

A. I do.

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- Q. The next sentence says "In agricultural and rural mountainous areas, where most wind projects in the U.S. are located, background sound levels average 41 dBA, with a range from 30 to 58 dBA (n equals 69)." Do you see that?
 - A. I do see that.
- Q. Okay. Then on the next page you'll see a Figure 1, and that Figure 1 plots the 100 -- actually 102 locations, according to the title of that figure, at potential wind turbine sites across the U.S. by land use category, right?
 - A. That's what it says.
- Q. And the land uses that are included in the 102 locations include not only agricultural locations but residential, rural mountains, remote forest, remote rolling, rural rolling, and remote mountains, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. So it's not correct then in your testimony to say that this paper discussed over 100 monitoring locations in rural agricultural land, is it?
- MR. PARRAM: Objection. Mischaracterizes

his testimony.

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- ALJ AGRANOFF: The witness can certainly differ with the representation made and can explain what was intended.
- A. Yes, that would be a poorly-worded sentence on my part.
 - O. Yeah.
- A. It included 100, over 100 locations, and there are over 100 locations shown in Figure 1. A subset of those are in agricultural and rural mountains.
- Q. Do you know how many are in agricultural areas based on this paper?
 - A. Based upon the paper, it says n equals 69; so 69 of them were.
- Q. Well, actually it says there are 69 locations in agricultural and rural mountainous areas, correct?
- 19 A. That is correct.
- Q. So there are fewer than 69 agricultural locations analyzed in this paper.
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. And you don't know how many agricultural locations were analyzed in this paper?
- A. I do not have an exact number for you.

- Q. And the 41 dBA applies to the -- a set of locations that includes both agricultural and rural mountainous areas, right?
 - A. It applies to both, so.

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- Q. Well, it applies to a combination, doesn't it?
- A. It's both because if you look at the horizontal line, the nighttime Leq for each particular location which is -- which is a circle, and then you have the category mean Leq, so this would be the arithmetic average of those Leqs, that is located at about 41 dBA for agricultural.
- Q. Okay. So do you have any idea how many wind turbine sites there are in the United States?
 - A. I don't know how many.
- Q. It's a lot more than 69, isn't it?

 MR. PARRAM: Objection. He indicated he doesn't know.
- ALJ AGRANOFF: He can certainly state whether or not he believes there are more than 69.
- A. I don't know an exact number. There are a lot of wind turbine sites in the United States.
- Q. Do you know how the authors of this paper selected the wind turbine sites to be analyzed in this paper?

- A. I don't know what their criteria was.
- Q. So far as you know, there could be wind turbine sites in the country that were not analyzed in this paper that average higher than 41 dBA; is that right?
 - A. So try rewording that question.
 - Q. Yeah.

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So far as you know, there are other wind turbine sites that were not analyzed in this paper, that's marked as LR Exhibit 5, that have an Leq average of more than 41 dBA.

- A. Well, so this -- this figure shows a variety of wind turbine sites, some of them are higher than 41 dBA -- these monitoring locations within these wind turbine sites, some of these were higher than 41 dBA, some were lower than 41 dBA.
- Q. In fact, the range is 30 to 58 dBA, right?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. So some of the wind turbine sites or at least one of the wind turbine sites analyzed by this paper had an average Leq dBA of 30.
- A. That is correct. So, one clarification.
 You're saying "wind turbine sites." These would be
 particular monitoring locations. So this isn't a

location of a project. It is a monitor within a wind power or proposed wind power project site.

Q. Okay, yeah, thank you for that clarification.

Now go to page 11 of your testimony,

Answer 22. All right. Answer 22 of your testimony
discusses the World Health Organization 2018 Europe
Environmental Noise Guidelines for the European
Region, correct?

- A. That is correct.
- Q. Now, according to your testimony, this report recommended a conditional recommendation of 45 dB Lden which is the average -- which is the annual average day-evening-night level limit for wind turbines, correct?
- 16 A. That is correct.

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- Q. Now, explain, please, what the Lden is.
- A. Sure. The Lden sound level is an annual average sound level, so you've measured the sound over an entire year. And the daytime period receives no weighting, the evening period receives a weighting of 5 dB, and the nighttime period receives a weighting of 10 dB. It's an Leq.
- Q. Okay. So the weighting that you talk about is the addition of decibels to the measured

level that's used in the calculation, right?

- A. Can you repeat the question?
- Q. Yeah.

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Maybe an illustration would make it clearer. If you had -- if you had a daytime level of 45 dBA and a nighttime level of 35 dBA, in order to do the calculation of Lden, you would add 10 decibels to the 35 dBA for nighttime to make it 45 dBA; is that correct?

- A. That would be correct.
- Q. Okay. Now, what would be the result of such a calculation if the sound level was constant for 24 hours and it yielded an Lden of 45 dBA during that time?
 - A. Can you repeat that question?
- 16 Q. Sure.

What would be the sound level that -- let me rephrase it.

What sound level would be constant for 24 hours and yield an Lden of 45 dBA?

- A. Completely constant?
- Q. Yes.
- A. With no variation whatsoever? So no --
- Q. In other words, you have a weighting for nighttime.

A. Well, I'm referring to the measured sound level. So what you're referring to, when you say "constant," is something where you don't have an upwind condition, you don't have a downwind condition, you don't have a crosswind condition, you don't have a higher or lower operational capacity condition; it's at that level the entire time.

Q. Yes.

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- A. It would be about 39 dBA.
- Q. Okay. 38.6 to be exact?
- A. That rounds to 39.
 - Q. Okay. All right. Does that mean WHO is recommending that wind turbine noise have a nighttime Leg of no more than 38.6 dBA?
 - A. That's not what that means at all.
- Q. Well, okay. Are you familiar with the ISO standards for sound measurements?

18 ALJ AGRANOFF: The acronym "ISO"?

MR. VAN KLEY: I better ask him.

- Q. Do you know what "ISO" stands for?
- A. International Organization of
 Standardization. That's what's called ISO because
 the actual term means "equal."
 - Q. Okay.
- 25 A. So you have iso-contours, those are

- 1 | contours for something that is equal.
- Q. Okay. Are you familiar with ISO
- 3 publications on noise?
- 4 A. There are a lot of them.
- Q. Yeah, okay. What about ISO 1996, are you
- 6 familiar with that one?
- 7 A. Not very well.
- Q. Okay. Do you know it well enough to know
- 9 whether it recommends a 45 Lden level for all
- 10 sources?
- 11 A. I do not know it well enough.
- 12 Q. Okay. What about the ANSI standards,
- 13 you're familiar with those, I assume?
- A. Some of them.
- 15 Q. Okay.
- 16 A. There are also a lot of those.
- Q. Yeah. Are you familiar with ANSI 12.9
- 18 | Part. 4?
- 19 A. Somewhat.
- Q. Okay. Do you know whether that standard
- 21 recommends a 45 Lden?
- 22 A. Can you hand me the standard?
- Q. I don't have it with me.
- A. Okay. I'm not going to speculate then.
- Q. Okay. So you can't recall off the top of

your head?

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- It has a variety of compatible land uses. I don't remember the exact levels within those land uses. Most of those land uses have a range associated with them, so they don't recommend a specific number, they recommend a range, so I don't recall what those ranges are but that's how they are set up.
- Ο. Now, on page 10 of your testimony, Answer 21, you discuss the WHO 2009 publication on noise, correct?
 - Α. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. And that stands for -- that publication is entitled "WHO Europe's Night Noise Guidelines for Europe, 2009"?
- That is correct. Α.
- Okay. And that standard makes a Q. recommendation for sound levels for just nighttime, correct?
 - Α. That is correct.
- Ο. And the recommended standard for noise in the WHO 2009 publication is 40 dBA; is that right? 22
- 23 So there are two clarifications I need to Α. 24 make to that.
- 25 First of all, World Health Organization

guidelines are guidelines; they're not standards.

2.1

Second of all, the WHO uses very particular sound level metrics. I've already explained one of them which is the Lden. That's an annual average sound level.

The same thing or something similar goes for the metrics that are explained in WHO 2009. That is the "Lnight, outside" which is the annual average sound level over the nighttime period measured outside of a residence. This is not the same as the relatively short duration metrics that are typically used in Ohio where you're talking about a one-hour average.

So, for example, in a wind power project you're going to have times when you're upwind of the turbine, you're going to have times when you're downwind of the turbine, you're going to have times when the turbine is emitting full sound power, sound power that's 3, 4, 5 dB down from that, and you're going to have periods when the turbine is not operating at all.

To calculate the Lnight for a turbine you have to take into account all of those different conditions. And when you average over that long period, your annual average is going to be different

than what your maximum sound power is.

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So comparing directly between, for example, what the WHO does in 2009 and what it does in its guideline in 2018, those aren't comparable.

MR. VAN KLEY: Your Honor, I'd like to mark the next exhibit as Local Residents

Exhibit No. 6, which would be WHO's Night Noise

Guidelines for Europe 2009.

ALJ AGRANOFF: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Do you recognize Exhibit LR 6 as a copy of WHO's Night Noise Guidelines for Europe 2009?
 - A. One minute.

I recognize it as the WHO 2009 document.

Q. All right. Why don't we go to the Executive Summary which is at the beginning of the report and look at page, it looks like it's roman numeral 18. It's kind of -- the number is kind of cut off in the upper left-hand corner. If you go to 17, you'll find the 17, 17 at the prior page and then just go to 18. The page has a title about a third of the way down that states "Relation With The Guidelines for Community Noise (1999)". You tell me

when you've found that page.

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- A. I found it.
- Q. Okay. If you look above that title that I just read, you'll see that WHO's recommended standard for noise is in the first paragraph of the page, right?
 - A. It is mentioned there.
 - Q. Okay. And that standard --
 - A. Again it's a guideline.
- Q. Okay. Well, the number, however you characterize it, is 40 dB of Lnight, outside, correct?
 - A. Can you rephrase the question?
- Q. Yeah. I'm just reading from the third line of this page of the WHO document and there it states that the recommendation is that populations should not be exposed to night noise levels greater than 40 dB of Lnight, outside during the part of the night when most people are in bed.
 - A. That's what it says.
- Q. Okay. So I want to make sure that I understand what this level is, and you've already given us some description of what it is, I assume; is that right? Is this the level that you were discussing previously where you said it's not the same thing as a dBA Leq?

A. That's not what I said.

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Q. Okay. All right. Let's start over again to make sure I understand it and that the record is clear.

Can you explain what the level -- what a noise level greater than 40 dB of Lnight, outside is?

- A. First, I should explain what the Lnight, outside is an annual average equivalent sound level defined as being A-weighted as measured outside a residence during the nighttime period. So it's an equivalent average sound level. It's just an annual average, not a short duration annual -- not -- it's an Leq. It's an annual Leq, not a short duration Leq such as a one-hour.
- Q. Uh-huh. Okay. Have you finished your explanation of what this means?
 - A. I have.
 - Q. Okay. Good. All right.

The Leq is the same metric that's used -the Leq metric is used in this formula, is that
right, except it's not a one-hour Leq, it's a
different Leq period?

A. The Lnight, outside is an annual average Leq during the nighttime period.

249 MR. VAN KLEY: Your Honor, I'd like to 1 2 mark the next exhibit as LR 6. 3 ALJ SANYAL: I think it's LR 7. MR. VAN KLEY: It is. 4 5 ALJ AGRANOFF: Mr. Van Kley, so we have 6 some sense of duration, how much more do you think 7 you have of cross? MR. VAN KLEY: About five minutes. 8 ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. 9 10 ALJ SANYAL: And, Ms. Bair, you have some 11 cross, correct? 12 MS. BAIR: One minute. 13 ALJ SANYAL: Okay. 14 MR. PARRAM: Two hours. 15 ALJ SANYAL: Two hours. 16 MR. VAN KLEY: Your Honor, may I approach 17 the witness? 18 ALJ AGRANOFF: Yes, you may. 19 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 20 (By Mr. Van Kley) I've handed you what's Q. 2.1 been marked as LR Exhibit No. 7. Do you recognize 2.2 this document? 23 A. It appears to be a series of e-mails. 24 Okay. And you're a party to these Ο. 25 e-mails, correct?

A. That is correct.

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- Q. Okay. Go to the third page of this exhibit which has Bates Stamp No. Republic 009145, and at the top of that page you'll see an e-mail from Dalton Carr to you, correct?
 - A. That's what I see.
- Q. Okay. And this e-mail is dated November 2, 2018, if you look at the prior page.
 - A. Yes, I see it.
- Q. The text of the e-mail states "I'm attaching a zip-file for Republic's updated project boundary. This boundary is much tighter around Republic's proposed facilities, per OPSB request.

 Please incorporate this boundary in your work." Do you see that?
 - A. I see that.
- Q. Okay. Do you know what's referenced by OPSB's request?
 - A. I do not know what's being referenced there. I wasn't part of those conversations.
 - Q. Was the project boundary that you employed, as a consequence of this e-mail, the same as the project boundary that's being considered today?
- A. I don't recall that. I don't recall what

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project boundary was included in this e-mail.

There's been several throughout since I started working on the project.
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Q. Now, looking at the bottom of that page,
I see a black redacted area and then, on the next
page, a half page is redacted. Do you know what the
nature of the document that was redacted was?

MR. PARRAM: Objection.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Basis?

MR. PARRAM: To the extent that we're on the public record, one; to the extent that Mr. Old even has a response, the information may have been redacted for confidentiality purposes.

MR. VAN KLEY: Well, I just asked him what the general nature of it was at this point.

THE WITNESS: I don't even remember what's even in the previous e-mails.

MR. VAN KLEY: Your Honor, I'd like to mark a next exhibit. If my counting is back on schedule, it should be Exhibit 8.

ALJ AGRANOFF: You are correct.

Are we still on the five-minute quesstimation from before?

MR. VAN KLEY: I think so. I think so.

25 | Still working on it.

2.1

(EXHIBIT MARKED IDENTIFICATION.)

- Q. (By Mr. Van Kley) Do you recognize LR Exhibit 8?
 - A. I do.

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- Q. This is a copy of some e-mails to which you are a party, correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. Okay. Directing your attention to the e-mail at the bottom of the first page that is dated May 21, 2019. The text reads: "Hey, Isaac/Eddie, it looks like we are going to propose the V150-5.6 for Republic as well. We are having a discussion with OPSB on Thursday on the topic and would try and potentially file something Friday if allowed. We would need a similar type of memo," then you see a redaction, then after that it says "Frankly, this maybe the only shot with the reduction in turbines to get Republic out of the messy noise reduction scenarios." Did I read that correctly?
 - A. I would say so.
- Q. Okay. Do you know what was redacted in the middle of what I read there?
- ALJ AGRANOFF: Again, based on a prior
 objection, if you can just simply, to the extent you
 can, be very generic.

- A. I don't remember what's in that redaction in that second e-mail.
- Q. Uh-huh. Okay. Do you recall writing a memo as a result of this e-mail?
 - A. I do.
- Q. Okay. And what was -- did you write it or did somebody else write it?
- A. Maybe I should say I recall a memo being written in response to this.
- Q. Okay.

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- 11 A. If it wasn't me, it was either -- it was
 12 Eddie Duncan.
- Q. Okay. Do you recall what the topic of the memo was?
 - A. Sound propagation modeling results for the V150 -- so I don't -- actually it was concerning sound emissions of the Vestas V150 5.6 megawatt.
- That's what it concerned. What exactly the contents of it were, I do not recall.
- Q. Do you recall what was meant by the term
 "messy noise reduction scenarios"?
 - A. The application of NRO to some turbines.
- Q. So was something proposed in an attempt to avoid using NRO?
- A. I don't -- what was proposed, and I do

not recall which one it was, was either a more powerful turbine for which fewer would have to be constructed or a quieter turbine, so one that had lower sound power. I do not recall the sound power of the Vestas V150-5.6 off the top of my head.

MR. VAN KLEY: All right. I have no further questions.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Any other intervenors? I know Staff does. Anybody else that's still here.

(Laughter all around.)

ALJ AGRANOFF: Ms. Bair.

MS. BAIR: Thank you.

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14 CROSS-EXAMINATION

15 By Ms. Bair:

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- Q. I'd like to ask you to go to Exhibit 18.

 It's your Supplemental Testimony. Do you have it up
 there?
- A. One moment. I need to move a few other things. I have my supplemental testimony now.
 - Q. Thank you.

I'd like you to look on page 2 in your discussion. I believe it is Question and Answer 7.

Your statement there is that you discovered that ten receptors were left -- inadvertently left out of the

original part of the filing; is that correct?

A. That is correct.

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- Q. And how did that happen?
- A. I really don't know.
- Q. Okay. Do you have -- do you -- were you aware of when the public hearing was? Were you a part of that?
 - A. I wasn't at the public hearing.
- Q. Do you know if the public hearing was held before you added the 10 receptors to the study? Do you know which one was first?
- 12 ALJ AGRANOFF: For a point of reference,
 13 I believe the public hearing was September 12th.
 - Q. Do you remember if you did the additional 10 receptor study in October?
 - A. I don't recall the exact date. That sounds about correct.
 - Q. Okay. And --
- 19 ALJ AGRANOFF: So that would be 20 subsequent to the public hearing.
- 21 THE WITNESS: Yeah.
- 22 ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay.
- Q. (By Ms. Bair) Are you aware of the Power
 Siting Rule, the Ohio Administrative Code where the
 Applicant, being Republic here, is required to model

- 1 | the noise impact of residences in the project area?
- A. Can you point me to what you're referring to?
 - Q. I'm just asking you if you're aware of the requirements for noise studies when you're filing a power siting case in Ohio.
 - A. I have read the most-recent ones that were passed in, was it April 2018?
- 9 Q. 2017. 2017. And what is that 10 requirement? How do you read that requirement?

MR. PARRAM: Do you have a reference?

12 THE WITNESS: I don't have it in front of

13 me.

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MS. BAIR: I don't have it in front of me either. It's 17(A).

MR. VAN KLEY: Would you like a copy?

MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, I believe we

18 have a copy.

MS. BAIR: Well, I'll read it to you and you see if it sounds familiar.

21 THE WITNESS: I'd like a copy.

MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, I'd rather not test his memory.

24 ALJ AGRANOFF: If you could show the 25 witness.

MS. BAIR: Thank you.

MR. PARRAM: Counsel, which -- what rule were you referring?

MS. BAIR: It should be 4906-4-08(A)(3)(c).

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THE WITNESS: Okay. I see it.

- Q. (By Ms. Bair) That requires the noise impact be measured for all residences within a mile of the project facility; is that correct?
 - A. It says any "noise-sensitive areas."
- 11 Q. So that would mean all of the homes or residences, correct?
 - A. Can you restate that?
 - Q. Does that mean all residences in that area you have to indicate what the noise level would be there?
 - A. Yeah, that's how I would interpret it.
 - Q. Okay. So since this wasn't in the study and not addressed in the Staff Report, those 10 residences were not able to raise that issue at the public hearing, were they?
 - A. So those residences weren't in the discrete modeling results which would be going to --

MR. PARRAM: Can you reread the question?

Just restate the question. Reread the question.

Sorry.

2.1

(Record read.)

A. Okay. So going to Applicant Exhibit 1E, Attachment B, part 1, starting on page 44. So you're correct that those sensitive receptors were not in the discrete modeling results so they weren't modeled individually.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Can I ask a clarifying question? If those receptors were not part of the results, are those receptors always going to be a residence? It could also just be out by a tree, right?

THE WITNESS: Well, a sensitive receptor is, it says -- so, for example, going off the definition in 4906-4-08(3). So (A)(3)(c). The last sentence says "Sensitive receptor, for the purposes of this rule, refers to any occupied building." So it's, most of the time, a residence. That's the definition I'm working off of.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Are those the same as the seven study areas you were discussing before?

THE WITNESS: Those are sound-level monitoring locations so those are different. I didn't include a modeling receptor at those monitoring locations.

ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay.

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THE WITNESS: So that's -- one of the differences is that now we're talking about sound propagation modeling and that is where you predict the sound level at a location with known -- using the location of that residence or sensitive receptor and known characteristics of the noise source and characteristics of the surrounding area. And "monitoring" is just putting a sound-level meter out there and measuring what's in the environment.

So going back to this, they are missing from the discrete receiver table which is found in Table 8. However, starting on page 44, that general area is part of the Figures 42 through 49 which are the sound level contour maps.

- Q. (By Ms. Bair) And have you reviewed Condition 58 in the Supplemental Staff Report?
 - A. I have.
- Q. And do you find that condition acceptable?
- A. So can you hand me the exact wording of that condition, please?
- Q. The Applicant shall not use turbine models Seimens Gamesa SG145, Nordex 9149, Nordex -- I'm sorry, N149, at turbine location 37.

MR. PARRAM: Can you restate the question?

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- Q. Do you agree with Condition 58?
- A. What do you mean by "agree with"?
- Q. By not -- by the Company not using those models that are listed in 58 at that location 37.

MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, I object to the extent his testimony indicates specifically his response to Condition 58.

MS. BAIR: What did you say?

MR. PARRAM: His testimony -- his testimony speaks specifically to his position on Condition 58.

ALJ AGRANOFF: If you could give a reference.

ALJ SANYAL: Yeah. Actually, Ms. Bair, actually Question 11 and Question 12, the witness specifically states that he does not agree with Condition 58.

THE WITNESS: Yeah, so I find that condition inconsistent with the July Staff Report for one; for two, if, for some reason, the sound level emitted at 41 dBA an hour were applied at those receptors, those -- the -- those particular turbine models at the location T37 could be made to apply

261 1 to -- to comply with that. 2 MS. BAIR: Thank you. I have no more 3 questions. ALJ AGRANOFF: Mr. Parram, redirect? 4 5 MR. PARRAM: Did you have questions before? 6 ALJ AGRANOFF: We'll try it this way now. 7 8 MR. PARRAM: All right. May I have a 9 minute, Your Honor? 10 ALJ AGRANOFF: Certainly. 11 ALJ SANYAL: Should we go off the record? 12 MR. PARRAM: Yes, please. 13 ALJ SANYAL: Let's go off the record. 14 (Recess taken.) 15 ALJ AGRANOFF: Let's go back on the 16 record. 17 Is there any redirect? 18 MR. PARRAM: Yes, a few questions, Your 19 Honor. 20 ALJ AGRANOFF: Please proceed. 2.1 22 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 23 By Mr. Parram: 24 Mr. Old, Mr. Van Kley asked you some Ο.

questions, earlier today, about monitors being placed

close to some roadways. Why would monitors be placed close to roadways?

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A. One of the reasons why some of the monitors were placed close to roadways is that most of the residences within the project area are also located near roadways.

I should also mention that not all of the monitors were located near roadways. For example, if you look at page 10 of my Direct Testimony, you've got the north boundary monitor was located 375 meters from a road, the rural monitor was located 350 meters from the road, and the wooded area was located 615 meters from a road.

I should also add that as far as developing a sound level limit for a wind power project, the main thing that's a concern is human response. So what you're concerned with is what the sound levels both in the existing -- preexisting ambient and during project operation are at the -- where people actually live.

- Q. Mr. Van Kley --
- A. Go ahead.
- Q. Mr. Van Kley asked you some questions about the monitoring in the western portion of the project footprint. What is your understanding of the

western portion of the project footprint?

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- A. So Mr. Van Kley never gave a definition of what he meant by the western portion.
- Q. To your understanding are there any turbines in -- well, strike that question.

Mr. Van Kley asked you some questions about the WHO guidelines and there was also some discussion about guidelines versus standards. Could you please explain the difference between guidelines and standards and the importance of the distinction?

A. So my understanding of the distinction between the standard and a guideline is that the guideline is a recommendation and the standard has more legal weight to it.

Why that's important in this case is that, even though these guidelines were developed in the European Union, as far as I know very few of the countries in the European Union have actually adopted -- have actually adopted them as regulatory standards.

- Q. There was some questions about the one-hour Leq versus the annual Leq. Can you please explain the importance of the difference between those two?
- 25 A. Sure.

So a one-hour Leq is the energetic average of sound levels over one hour. The annual average would be over an entire year.

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In this particular case, as it relates to the 2009 Night Noise Guidelines for Europe, that is the -- the annual average Leq is during the nighttime period. There are a couple reasons why that's relevant for wind turbine noise.

One of the reasons is that your maximum one-hour period of wind turbine noise is going to be substantially above the annual average because the annual average will include periods when a residence is upwind of the turbine and sound emissions and sound levels at that residence are lower. It will include crosswind conditions when, again, sound levels will be lower. It will include periods when the turbines are not operating. it will include periods when the turbines are not operating sufficiently to produce the maximum sound power so the sound levels from the turbines are lower and that kind of thing.

We've done -- at RSG we've done a few analyses. We haven't done this for this particular project but we've done a few analyses comparing what the difference between the maximum one-hour Leq is and what the annual average is, and what we found is

that typically the difference -- so the difference can be as low as 40 dB but it can also be as high as 11 dB. So that means if you had a project that, you know, had a maximum one-hour Leq of 46 dBA, the annual average would be between 42 dBA and 35 dBA.

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- Q. Mr. Van Kley asked you a number of questions regarding photographs taken of where certain monitoring locations were within the project area and these -- and a discussion of questions about monitors being close to or, quote/unquote, near to vegetation. Can you explain why monitors may be placed near vegetation?
- A. There are two primary reasons why that occurs in this case. The first is the majority of residences in this area are actually surrounded by trees. The trees are used as a windbreak. So having vegetation, including trees in the area, is representative of that condition.

The second reason is actually just a more practical reason which is you need to be able to lockdown the equipment to something. Occasionally they get vandalized and beaten up and that kind of thing.

Q. So Ms. Bair asked some questions about when -- when Republic Wind and RSG became notified of

10 receptors that were inadvertently not included in the initial noise study for the Application. respect to once that information came to light, did RSG perform additional studies to determine what the noise levels would be at those 10 receptors?

> Α. We did.

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- Q. And what did you ultimately determine with respect to the noise levels at those particular receptors?
- Α. We found that sound levels at all of those receptors were modeled to be 42 dBA or less for all turbine models.
- Q. So for all of those turbine -- so for all 10 of those receptors, the noise levels at each one of those receptors would be below the 46 dBA threshold in this case?

MR. PARRAM: Objection. Leading.

- They were -- so the models were --Α. ALJ AGRANOFF: Wait one minute. Can you rephrase the question?
- 2.1 MR. PARRAM: I'll rephrase the question, 2.2 Your Honor.
- (By Mr. Parram) Just to be clear, did any Q. of those models meet or exceed 46 dBA or would the --25 would the noise levels, projected noise levels

measured at each one of those receptors, were any of those noise levels at 46 dBA?

- A. Can you rephrase the question?
- O. Sure.

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ALJ AGRANOFF: Why don't you just simply ask what was the noise level for those receptors.

- Q. What was the noise levels for those receptors?
- A. So the modeled noise level of those receptors was -- the maximum one-hour Leq was 42 dBA or less at all 10 receptors for all eight turbine models. That is below the 46-dBA derived OPSB precedent sound level for this project.

MR. PARRAM: That's all the questions I have, Your Honor.

16 ALJ AGRANOFF: Thank you.

17 Recross?

18 MR. VAN KLEY: Just a little bit.

19

20 RECROSS-EXAMINATION

- 21 By Mr. Van Kley:
- Q. How many of the homes in the project area have hedgerows next to them?
- A. A lot of them do. I -- actually, one minute. Strike that. So what are you defining as a

hedgerow?

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- Q. However you used the term earlier in your testimony.
 - A. That's not the term I used.
- Q. Didn't you say that some of your monitoring stations were located near hedgerows?

 MR. PARRAM: Was it during the redirect?
 - A. It was, yeah, redirect or was this cross?
- Q. When you -- well, it's cross because I'm asking you about the trees that you said are around many people's homes. I'm trying to figure out how many trees are those. Just a few or a whole hedgerow or a whole forest or what?
- A. I mean you didn't quite answer the question.
 - Q. Well, okay, I'll ask a different question then. Do you know how many homes in the project area have a woods around them?
 - A. What would you consider a "woods"?
 - Q. You don't know what a "woods" means?
 - A. So there's a difference between having a few trees around a residence and the residence being located in a woods or a forest. That implies a large number.
- Q. All right. Go to Company Exhibit 1E,

back to your noise report, page 16, Figure 16, and you'll see a picture of your monitoring equipment next to a wooded area, correct?

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- A. So you are considering that a wooded area.
- Q. Well, I'm going to ask you a question about this. Are you aware of any homes in the project area that are located as close to a woods of the nature that you see in Figure 16 as your monitor is located to this wooded area?

MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, just a clarification. Are we asking are there any homes anywhere in the project area that happen to be as close to wooded areas as in this particular photograph? I'm sorry.

MR. VAN KLEY: Yeah. Does he know of any.

A. So I don't have an orthoimagery map of all the homes in the project area. If you look at Figure 3, in the noise assessment dated June of this year, this is Figure 3, it's the picture of the north boundary monitor. You'll see to the southwest of the monitor there is a large group of trees and there is, within that large group of trees, what appears to be a structure. I do not know whether that is a

sensitive receptor but it's a large group of trees and there appears to be a structure. I don't know how many structures or sensitive receptors that might be in the project area that have a residence in them.

- Q. Are you finished with your answer?
- A. I am finished.
- Q. Okay. All right. Just staying on Figure 3 on page 9 of your report for a moment. To the northwest of your monitoring station do you see what appears to be a home there along the -- along a road?
- 12 A. I do.

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- Q. Okay. Now, do you see any trees encircling that home?
 - A. Are you talking about Figure 3 again?
- 16 Q. Yup.
- 17 A. I do see trees there.
- 18 Q. Yeah. Do they encircle the home?
- A. That's a rather blurry picture. I can't tell you whether they go all the way around the home or not in this picture.
- Q. All right. But at any rate, the number of trees at that home are not as extensive as the number of trees that you put your monitor next to, are they?

A. That is accurate for that particular home.

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- Q. Now, did you make an effort to find any monitoring locations that would work in the project area that were near homes but were not next to a forested area or a wooded area but, instead, maybe just had a few trees?
- A. I would direct you to referencing the same noise study, Figure 6.
 - Q. When you set up your monitors to --
- A. I wasn't finished. There is also Figure 10 which shows a couple of trees but not a large number. There's also Figure 8, showing the same thing.
- Q. When you set up your monitors to measure road noise, did you set them up in locations that were closer to the road than the homes in the area were?
- A. So I did not set up the monitors to measure road noise.
- Q. You did not. Okay. But you did set up monitors near roads, right?
- A. There are some monitors that were within a hundred meters of a road.
 - Q. Okay. And in those instances, were those

homes further back off the road or were those homes closer to the road than your monitors?

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- A. So if you'll look at Figure 7 of the June 2019 noise assessment, you'll see that the "Agricultural Operations" monitor is located in sort of the northwest region of that home site. It is further away from County Road 21 than the residence is, but it's closer to County Road 32 than the residence. The reason why it's located on the northwest corner of that parcel was to keep it a little bit further away from the farming operations and from the driveway for that parcel.
- Q. And you also located it in the area where trees were located, right?
- A. There are multiple trees on that home location; some of them are in front of the house, some of them are behind the house, and some of them are to the sides.
- Q. And your location of the monitor actually was closer to County Road 21 than the house was; isn't that correct?
 - A. No, I'd actually say that it's incorrect.
 - Q. Are you looking at Figure 7?
 - A. I'm looking at Figure 7.
 - Q. And you think that monitor location is

- closer to County Road 21 than the house?
- 2 A. No. I said it is not closer to County
- 3 Road 21 than the house.
- 4 Q. Okay. Is it closer to County Road 34
- 5 | than the house?

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- A. I said that.
- 7 Q. Okay. All right.
- 8 | A. I --
 - Q. You finished your answer.
- 10 A. Huh?
- 11 Q. You finished your answer.
- 12 MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, can he finish
- 13 his answer?
- 14 | THE WITNESS: I actually didn't finish my
- 15 | first answer.
- MR. VAN KLEY: Well, I asked him if it
- 17 | was closer to the road, he said yes. He already said
- 18 | that once. That answers the question.
- 19 THE WITNESS: Your Honor --
- 20 ALJ AGRANOFF: Do you have a
- 21 qualification to your prior response?
- 22 THE WITNESS: I'd only given him one
- 23 | example of a monitor that was at a home site, and he
- 24 asked if there were any.
- 25 ALJ AGRANOFF: Do you mind reading -- can

you please read the question back. (Record read.) THE WITNESS: So I'd direct --ALJ AGRANOFF: Hold on. THE WITNESS: Go ahead. ALJ AGRANOFF: In light of the fact your question was asking for plural --MR. VAN KLEY: Yeah. ALJ AGRANOFF: -- I'll allow him to

ALJ AGRANOFF: -- I'll allow him to distinguish if there were multiple that you were referring to.

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THE WITNESS: Okay. So I would direct you to another example of a monitor that was located at, in this case, a former home site. This is Figure 9 of the noise assessment, June 2019. You can see this is the map of the "Busy Roadway" monitor. If you look just to the northeast of that monitoring location, you'll see a residence that is closer to State Road 18 than the monitoring location is.

I did -- I looked at a few residences along State Route 18 that are not included on this map and there were several residences that are less than 50 meters from State Route 18.

And I'll direct you to page 10 of my Direct Testimony, the table of distances to roadways.

I would point out that the "Busy Roadway" monitor was 80 meters from the road. So there were closer residences along that road.

MR. VAN KLEY: I have no further questions.

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EXAMINATION

By ALJ Agranoff:

- Q. If you could just explain to me just generally as to the significance behind the different reports, the different dates of the reports that ended up being filed in this particular case that you were involved with.
- A. The significance of the different dates is that there were different turbine arrays and then it appears there were two versions of a report with the same, according to the memo introducing it, it's the same turbine array. The difference in those would be the models, the turbine models that were modeled. So there's no difference between any of those in the monitoring section of the report. So it's just the modeling.
- Q. Okay. And that's what prompted the June 2019 filing?
- 25 A. Yeah. So if you look at -- well, from a

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noise-study standpoint, the reason why that noise study is different is because there are different turbine models being modeled. They're more-current models.
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- Q. Okay. And to your knowledge is there the potential, as this case proceeds, that there will now be other new models that will come into consideration, prompting the need for further studies?
- 10 A. I don't know. That's not something I control.
 - Q. But that potential does exist.
- A. Again, I don't control what's being considered.
 - ALJ AGRANOFF: Based on my limited questions, does counsel have any follow-up?
- MR. PARRAM: No, Your Honor.
- MS. BAIR: No, Your Honor.
- 19 ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. Thank you.
- 20 MR. PARRAM: Your Honor, I move for the admission of Company Exhibit 17 and 18 into the record.
- 23 ALJ AGRANOFF: Any objection? In 24 addition, did you want to move for 16?
- MR. STINSON: I'll move 16.

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                 ALJ AGRANOFF: And 15.
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                 MR. PARRAM: I'll let Mr. Stinson do
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     that.
                 ALJ AGRANOFF: So basically 15 through
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     18.
                 With Mr. Carr, until he's completed his
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     testimony, I'm going to withhold any rulings on that.
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                 So is it 15 through 18 is what the
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     Company is currently seeking admission for?
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                 MR. PARRAM: Yes, Your Honor.
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                 ALJ AGRANOFF: Any objections?
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                 I'll take silence is a no, and Exhibits
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     15 through 18, on behalf of the Applicant, shall be
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     admitted as part of the record at this time.
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                (EXHIBITS ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
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                 ALJ AGRANOFF: Mr. Van Kley.
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                 MR. VAN KLEY: Yeah, we'll move into
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     admission Exhibit -- LR Exhibit 3 which consists of
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     the Applicant's response to the Staff's data
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     requests. I'm sorry, I'm sorry. Forget that. No. 3
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     would be the interrogatory answers that Mr. Old
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     testified about.
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                 ALJ AGRANOFF: Any objection?
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                 MR. PARRAM: No, Your Honor.
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                 ALJ AGRANOFF: There being none,
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     LR Exhibit 3 shall be admitted as part of the record
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     at this time.
                 (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
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                 ALJ AGRANOFF: Any of the other exhibits?
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                 MR. VAN KLEY: Not at this time, Your
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     Honor.
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                 ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay. I just want to seek
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     clarification with respect to the motion to strike
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     and motion in limine. If I understood correctly,
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     those motions -- those portions of the motion related
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     to Mr. Mundt and Mr. Carr are still being sought?
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                 MR. VAN KLEY: Well, for Mr. Carr it's
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     moot because they voluntarily deleted the testimony
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     we objected to. For Mr. Mundt, we would reserve --
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                 ALJ AGRANOFF: We'll deal with that
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     tomorrow?
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                 MR. VAN KLEY: Yeah.
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                 ALJ AGRANOFF: Okay.
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                 ALJ SANYAL: And then do you have an
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     estimate on how -- actually, let's just go off the
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     record for a second.
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                 (Discussion off the record.)
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                 ALJ AGRANOFF: We're adjourned. Thanks.
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                 (Thereupon, the proceedings concluded at
25
     7:58 p.m.)
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CERTIFICATE

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the proceedings taken by me in this matter on Monday, November 4, 2019, and carefully compared with my original stenographic notes.

State of Ohio.

Carolyn M. Burke, Registered
Professional Reporter, and
Notary Public in and for the

My commission expires July 17, 2023.



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in

Case No(s). 17-2295-EL-BGN

Summary: Transcript Volume I - In the Matter of the Application of Republic Wind, LLC for a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need for a Wind-Powered Electric Generating Facility in Seneca and Sandusky Counties, Ohio, hearing held on November 4th, 2019. electronically filed by Mr. Ken Spencer on behalf of Armstrong & Okey, Inc. and Burke, Carolyn