BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

In the Matter of the Motion to Modify the : Exemption Granted To The East Ohio Gas : Case No.18-1419-GA-EXM Company d/b/a Dominion Energy Ohio.


ON BEHALF OF
THE RETAIL ENERGY SUPPLY ASSOCIATION
November 15, 2019

## I. WITNESS BACKGROUND

## Q1. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS, AND ON WHOSE BEHALF YOU ARE TESTIFYING?

A1. I am James L. Crist, President of Lumen Group, Inc., a consulting firm focused on regulatory and market issues. My business address is 4226 Yarmouth Drive, Suite 101, Allison Park, Pennsylvania, 15101. I am presenting testimony on behalf of the Retail Energy Supply Association ("RESA").

## Q2. DO YOU HAVE ANY QUALIFICATIONS OR OTHER SPECIALIZED KNOWLEDGE THAT WOULD ASSIST THIS COMMISSION IN ITS DELIBERATIONS IN THIS CASE?

A2. Yes.
Q3. WHAT IS YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND?
A3. I have an MBA from the University of Pittsburgh and a B.S. in Chemical Engineering from Carnegie Mellon University. Additionally, I am a Registered Professional Engineer in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

## Q4. BRIEFLY DESCRIBE YOUR RELEVANT BUSINESS QUALIFICATIONS.

A4. I have run a consulting practice for the past 23 years focused on regulated and deregulated energy company strategy, market strategy, and regulatory issues. During 2004 and 2005, I undertook a consulting assignment as the Vice President of Consumer Markets for ACN Energy. ACN is a gas and electric supplier that is active in eight states. Prior to my consulting practice, I worked at three major energy companies for a total of 19 years. Most recently, I was Vice President of

Marketing for Equitable Resources, Inc. In that function, I was responsible for the development of the company's deregulated business strategy. Prior to that, I was Vice President of Marketing for Citizens Utilities Company ("Citizens"), responsible for gas, electric, water and wastewater marketing activities in several service territories within the United States. The gas and electric utility operations were in Vermont, Louisiana, Arizona, Colorado, and Hawaii. Under my direction, Citizens initiated commercial and industrial transportation and supply services at its gas operation in Arizona. As a consultant for Citizens, I designed a demand response program for its electric operations in Arizona.

Before that, during 1988 through 1994, I was the Marketing Director at the Peoples Natural Gas Company ("Peoples") where I was actively involved in many gas transportation programs as the company relaxed transportation requirements so that customers would have supply choices.

From 1977 through 1988, at Consolidated Natural Gas and the East Ohio Gas Company, I held several engineering and technical management positions encompassing work on energy conversion technology, coal gasification, and combined heat \& power ("CHP") systems. I have conducted training sessions on CHP for the Gas Technology Institute ("GTI") and the Association of Energy Engineers, and served as a Project Advisor on GTI's Cogeneration Advisory Committee.

In summary, I have considerable experience in several states involving residential, commercial, and industrial customer utility issues, energy procurement and industry restructuring programs.

In addition to my current consulting practice, I am a Visiting Faculty Scholar at the Katz Graduate School of Business at the University of Pittsburgh.

## Q5. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED BEFORE THIS PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION?

A5. Yes. I testified earlier this year in PUCO Case Nos. 18-298-GA-AIR et al. Additionally, I have appeared before regulatory commissions in Pennsylvania, Arizona, Illinois, New Mexico, Maryland and the U.S. Virgin Islands. I have provided testimony in several gas and electric regulatory proceedings on a variety of issues relating to energy procurement, industry restructuring, and customer choice. A list of my recent appearances is attached as Exhibit JC-1.

## II. RETAIL ENERGY SUPPLY ASSOCIATION

Q6. WOULD YOU DESCRIBE THE RETAIL ENERGY SUPPLY ASSOCIATION?

A6. Founded in 1990, RESA is a broad and diverse group of retail energy suppliers dedicated to promoting efficient, sustainable and customer-oriented competitive retail energy markets. RESA members operate throughout the United States delivering value-added electricity and natural gas service at retail to residential, commercial and industrial energy customers.

## III. PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY

## Q7. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

A7. The purpose of my testimony is to address the issues raised in this proceeding by certain parties and present my recommendations on those issues. My direct testimony will focus on several main areas.
(1) A brief recap of the issues raised in this proceeding.
(2) Explanation of the basis for the Monthly Variable Rate ("MVR") assignment program and the Standard Choice Offer ("SCO"), including the role each play and the relationship of the two.
(3) Examination of the data that shows customers' actions regarding customer choice and selection of gas supplies.
(4) A discussion of the issues raised by other parties, primarily the Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel ("OCC") and the Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy ("OPAE").
(5) An analysis of the customers that are experiencing issues with the MVR program.
(6) Solutions to address the issues that were raised about the MVR program and that will serve to fulfill the goals of the MVR program.
(7) Recommendations concerning OCC's motion and the OPAE's motion.

My recommendations are important in promoting a fair and unbiased marketplace in which customers may shop for gas supply services from competitive retail suppliers working under fair rules and on a level playing field. Ohio has made positive steps in the direction of establishing a level playing field for competitive natural gas suppliers to compete for a customer's patronage in Dominion Energy

Ohio's ("Dominion" or "DEO" or "Company") territory and my recommendations will advance that movement and support existing State policy.

## IV. ISSUES IN THIS PROCEEDING

Q8. WHAT ACTION INITITATED THIS PROCEEDING?
A8. OCC and OPAE, both who originally filed motions in the 2012 case docket (Case No. 12-1842-GA-EXM), filed motions in this proceeding requesting modification of the Commission's January 9, 2013 Order in Case No. 12-1842-GA-EXM (the "2013 Order"). The 2013 Order served to advance the development of retail competition in Ohio by requiring Dominion to cease providing non-residential customers with a wholesale supply service known as the Standard Choice Offer. Under the 2013 Order, customers in certain rate classes (Choice-eligible General Sales Service - Non-Residential, Large Volume General Sales Service, Energy Choice Transportation Service - Non-Residential and Large Volume Energy Choice Transportation Service customers) that don't elect a supplier or go to an aggregation are assigned to an MVR supplier after two months on the Standard Service Offer ("SSO") following the MVR process that was established in the Commission's June 18, 2008 Opinion and Order in Case No. 07-1224-GA-EXM. Once assigned and on an MVR, those customers are free to consider a variety of retail supply offers available through several competitive retail suppliers.

## Q9. WHAT WAS THE RESULT OF THE COMMISSION'S 2013 ORDER?

A9. The SCO has always been an auction process in which suppliers who won were assigned tranches of customers as the default supplier. The Commission in its

June 18, 2008 order in Case No. 07-1224-GA-EXM (the "2008 Order") changed the SCO program to be a default service only for customers who were new to Dominion or were coming out of a terminated opt-out aggregation program. Customers that failed to participate in another aggregation program, select an energy choice supplier, or select the SCO after the termination of their Choice contract or aggregation opt-in contract defaulted to the MVR after two SSO billing cycles. The Commission subsequently, in the 2013 Order, granted DEO's request to discontinue the availability of its SCO to non-residential customers that were eligible to shop for gas supply services under its Choice program. Thus maintaining a default option by retaining the MVR assignment program but further encouraging customers to take an active decision per State policy. As of today, such customers can and should actively shop for and select their gas supplier just as they select other providers of materials, supplies, and services for their commercial and industrial businesses. Such shopping is consistent with the intention of the State policy to develop the retail supply gas marketplace in Ohio.

## Q10. WHAT CUSTOMER GROUPS DID THE 2013 ORDER AFFECT?

A10. The motion that initiated the 2012 case and resulted in the 2013 Order was specific to the non-residential customers (as defined in that case's approved stipulation) that are eligible for Choice service. With the Choice-eligible nonresidential customers no longer on SCO service, they have a variety of choices. They can select service through a Choice supplier or participate in a governmental aggregation program. If they do not make a choice, they are then assigned to an MVR supplier following the process established by the 2008 Order. Residential
customers were not affected by the 2013 Order, retaining their right to choose the SCO. Per the 2008 Order, residential customers returning from shopping or coming out of an opt-in aggregation are assigned to an MVR supplier after two months on the SSO if they do not select the SCO, service through a Choice supplier or join an aggregation program.

## Q11. WHAT IS THE PROCEDURE IN EFFECT FOLLOWING THE 2013 ORDER?

A11. Non-residential Choice-eligible customers can select service through a Choice supplier, or participate in a governmental aggregation program. If they do not take any action, they will be assigned to an MVR supplier after two months on the SSO. Again, residential customers retain the SCO as a choice but the goal should be to eventually eliminate SCO for them also and move toward full retail product choice.

## V. COMPETITIVE MARKET POLICIES IN OHIO AND THE MVR <br> Q12. ARE YOU FAMILIAR WITH OHIO'S POLICIES ON NATURAL GAS SERVICES AND GOODS?

A12. Yes. Ohio Revised Code § 4929.02(A) lists the state policy as to natural gas services and goods. These include the following subsections of Revised Code § 4929.02(A):
(2) Promote the availability of unbundled and comparable natural gas services and goods that provide wholesale and retail consumers with the supplier, price, terms, conditions, and quality options they elect to meet their respective needs;
(4) Encourage innovation and market access for cost-effective supply- and demand-side natural gas services and goods;
(5) Encourage cost-effective and efficient access to information regarding the operation of the distribution systems of natural gas companies in order to promote effective customer choice of natural gas services and goods;
(6) Recognize the continuing emergence of competitive natural gas markets through the development and implementation of flexible regulatory treatment;
(7) Promote an expeditious transition to the provision of natural gas services and goods in a manner that achieves effective competition and transactions between willing buyers and willing sellers to reduce or eliminate the need for regulation of natural gas services and goods under Chapters 4905. and 4909. of the Revised Code; [and]
(8) Promote effective competition in the provision of natural gas services and goods by avoiding subsidies flowing to or from regulated natural gas services and goods.

I have extensive experience since 1988 with the development of Choice programs in several states, and am capable of evaluating if Dominion's actions and the Commission's orders are supportive of the stated goals in Revised Code § 4929.02(A) of developing and expanding the competitive gas supply market Certainly the six paragraphs above provide significant direction that the Commission must support rather than hinder the development of the competitive market.

## Q13. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF THE MVR PROGRAM?

A13. The MVR program supports customer engagement during the transition to a competitive market and provides an incentive to customers to seek and select a gas supplier rather than being assigned one. A supplier provides gas supply on a monthly basis to serve its assigned customers' load which is not predictable and not guaranteed over a long term. The MVR's purpose is not to provide the lowest
available price. Rather, due to the nature of the service it should be consistent with offers on the PUCO Apples-to-Apples chart and bound by generally available market products which incorporate costs to acquire and regulatory costs.

## Q14. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF THE SCO?

A14. The SCO was created as the second step in the transition of DEO to a fully exited construct. The first step was a move from GCR to a wholesale SSO in which DEO took title to gas for default service. The second step was having suppliers serve customers directly and the customer would see the supplier's name on the bill (the SCO). Unlike the SSO, this was to further educate customers that DEO was not their supplier. However, as a transition state the SCO retained the auction and does not include the acquisition and regulatory costs to enroll (even for residential customers who request the SCO today). The SCO is a wholesale-like product in which DEO conducts a competitive wholesale auction for large tranches of gas. SCO pricing contains many subsidies. The SCO is offered to customers by DEO, using the DEO customer contact platform (website, call center) and such costs are a component of DEO's delivery rate which is paid for by all customers, including those customers that have selected a Choice supplier. The SCO supplier has no cost in acquiring customers, no regulatory costs and no regulatory recordkeeping costs. All of these put the retail competitive suppliers' pricing at an economic disadvantage to the SCO.

## Q15. WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE MVR PROGRAM AND THE SCO?

A15. Through the MVR assignment process, customers that are assigned receive a short
term retail product offered by a supplier that is bound to the competitive market offers available on the Apples-to-Apples chart. An MVR product is at a price disadvantage to the SCO due to the substantial price subsidization that the SCO realizes in addition to the use of wholesale auctions of large tranches of gas to set the SCO adder (which with the monthly NYMEX sets the final SCO price for each month). The SCO is a monthly variable product procured through a wholesale auction-like construct which is not tied to general market offers and therefore is not reflective of normal shopping options in a competitive retail market. The MVR product that assigned customers receive is a short term supply solution that motivates and allows customers to select a Choice supplier by bringing costs in line with market offers in order to achieve the State's policy.

## VI. MARKET DATA

## Q16. WHAT CONCLUSIONS CAN BE DRAWN FROM AN EXAMINATION OF SHOPPING DATA?

A16. I examined data available on the PUCO website at the URL https://www.puco.ohio.gov/industry-information/statistical-reports/ohio-customer-choice-activity/. This provides historic data for shopping customers and I am including data from the $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter 2019 as Exhibit JC-2. The reports present data on the number of choice and non-choice customers by utility and by customer classification of residential or commercial/industrial. Although "choice" often refers to residential customers who are obtaining gas supply from a competitive retail natural gas supplier, in the context of this report "choice" refers to all customer classes obtaining supply from a competitive retail natural gas
supplier ("CRNGS"). Non-choice customers are obtaining their supply under arrangements made by the utility.

Of the four large natural gas utilities in Ohio, DEO leads the others in participation at $68.2 \%$ (Residential), and $94.3 \%$ (Commercial/Industrial). If we roll back the calendar by one year and examine the $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter 2018 the results are similar with $65.8 \%$ (Residential), and $95.4 \%$ (Commercial/Industrial), meaning the residential market has reversed the dip that occurred in 2018 in participation of Choice while the Commercial/Industrial market is maintaining its high share of Choice.

## Q17. HAS THE MVR ASSIGNMENT PROGRAM BEEN EFFECTIVE?

A17. Yes. There are a relatively small number of customers that are currently assigned to MVR suppliers. DEO data (DEO response to Direct Energy Int. 1-1 and 1-2, included as Exhibit JC-3) show that 1,392 residential customers are on the MVR for 0-12 months but only 397 customers are on for 13-24 months, meaning that $72 \%$ of those first year MVR customers switched off the MVR. The nonresidential data show that 5,184 residential customers are on the MVR for $0-12$ months but only 1,233 customers are on for 13-24 months, meaning that $77 \%$ of those first year MVR customers switched off the MVR.

Analyzing the data over several years presents even stronger evidence of the effectiveness of the MVR at motivating customers to select competitive choice offers or join governmental aggregation programs. I analyzed the data obtained from Dominion's discovery responses to RESA Set 1, Interrogatories 1-1, 1-2, 1-3 and 1-4 which I include as Exhibits JC-4, along with the previously referenced

Direct Energy Int. 1-1 and 1-2 data. I reviewed a $60-m o n t h$ period from September 2014 through August 2019 and present that data in Table JC-5. At the beginning of the period (September 2014) there were 2,598 residential customers on MVR service. Summing the monthly additions to MVR through August 2019 equals 15,828 , and the residential customer count on MVR that same month is 3,616 . The number of residential customers remaining on MVR after 60 months is 345 (DEO Response to RESA Int. 1-3, Exhibit JC-4). This shows that $79 \%$ of the residential customers that were assigned to an MVR departed the MVR for other services. A similar analysis conducted on the non-residential data show an even greater migration off the MVR of $86 \%$.

The MVR is effective at encouraging a large majority of customers to switch to other retail gas services. It is achieving its purpose, i.e., doing the job it was intended to do, and the process should not be changed.

The Ohio Consumers Council is the "statewide legal representative for Ohio's residential consumers" (www.occ.ohio.gov/content/about-occ). Studying the OCC motion in this proceeding one would think that there is a problem affecting a majority of residential customers. This is misleading, as only 3,488 residential customers were on the MVR as of October 9, 2019 out of approximately 1.1 million residential customers in Dominion's territory which is a miniscule $0.3 \%$. Also, OCC ignores that there is migration on and off the MVR monthly as residential customers and non-residential customers chose service from a Choice provider or join a government aggregation program. In summary, the MVR does exactly what it is intended to do. There is no compelling reason to discontinue the

MVR or change the existing practice of assigning customers to the MVR.

## Q18. DID YOU EXAMINE MVR PRICE DATA?

A18. Yes. For the majority of suppliers, their MVR pricing tracks with retail offers on the Apples-to-Apples website. I reviewed the October 14, 2019, Apples-toApples residential offers, I identified 22 suppliers with MVR posted rates that were not introductory rates. Of that 22 , nine did not offer any other rate on the Apples-to-Apples chart. For those 13 that did offer another rate, commonly a fixed-rate product, prices ranged from $\$ 2.98$ to $\$ 6.25$ per MCF and the supplier's fixed-rate product price generally tracked the supplier's MCF rate.

## VII. ISSUES RAISED BY OCC AND OPAE

## Q19. HAVE YOU REVIEWED OPAE's AND OCC'S CONCERNS STATED IN

 THEIR MOTIONS IN THIS PROCEEDING?A19. Yes. The OCC opined on several issues in its motion, and the OPAE echoed those opinions in its motion filed in this proceeding. Overall, they wish to ignore the purpose of the MVR, which is to motivate customers to select a Choice supplier or join a governmental aggregation program. Instead they characterize the MVR as a "rip off" and selectively present data that show higher MVR pricing than the SCO. They wish to have the SCO be the default service of Choice eligible customers, both residential and non-residential. Their promotion of this concept illustrates a disregard for the purpose of the MVR pricing, which is to promote migration off the MVR onto the many other choices customers have migration which the data shows is happening. The MVR program is fulfilling its
purpose.

## Q20. WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR OCC'S AND OPAE'S OBJECTIONS TO THE MVR?

A20. Simply, it is the MVR price that is the sole item cited by those parties. In its motion the OCC stated, "The rip-off is occurring through some marketers' outrageously high natural gas prices in the so-called "Monthly Variable Rate" program." It continues to provide data as of August 14, 2019, claiming seven marketers were charging MVR prices that ranged from $150 \%$ to $292 \%$ above DEO's SCO, and none was lower than the SCO. I have already explained why the SCO is fundamentally a different structure of gas supply with its use of DEO storage, large volumes, and long contract duration, so it is wholly unlikely that an MVR would be lower than the SCO. I would not expect the MVR program rates to be lower than the SCO; the MVR was always designed to be bound by market offerings for pricing but ultimately to move customers into a choice. Examining the data as of October 28, 2019, a little more than two months after the OCC data, shows that the seven highest priced marketer prices were now relatively lower in comparison to the SCO, charging $122 \%$ to $249 \%$ above the SCO price.

## Q21. WHAT ARE THE MERITS OF THE FIXED RATE PRODUCTS LISTED ON THE PUCO'S APPLES TO APPLES WEBSITE?

A21. Fixed rate products are generally the products that consumers who purchase gas from a Choice supplier prefer. Such products provide stability in gas pricing, and typically lock in prices for a year, although other periods both shorter and longer can be available. The OCC stated in its motion (p. 6) that "Ohioans have many
priorities for their time, including family matters and work, that rise above trying to surmount the steep challenge of understanding and continually monitoring complicated natural gas pricing and contracts." Those are among the reasons that Choice customers find fixed price products attractive. In my experience, reputable marketers usually offer fixed priced products and the majority of their customers select such products.

Given that understanding, I then examined the Apples-to-Apples chart to determine if any of the seven MVR marketers with the highest prices as of October 2019 offered a fixed priced product, and I was not surprised to find that none of them did. This indicates that they are not engaged in efforts to move customers given to them through the MVR process to a fixed price product that offers a higher value to customers. Many of the other marketers however offer both a variable priced product and a fixed-rate product, enabling them to acquire customers through the MVR process and then facilitate those customers transition to a fixed price product. That is how a successful Choice program should function.

## Q22. WHY DO YOU BELIEVE THAT DEO'S MVR PROGRAM IS ACHIEVING ITS PURPOSE?

A22. DEO provides a Standard Service Offer ("SSO") for up to two billing periods to all customers following the termination of their previous Energy Choice service or their governmental aggregation service. At that point the customers have had time to seek out gas suppliers, review competitive offers, and select new Choice suppliers or enroll in a governmental aggregation program. Residential customers
coming out of shopping contracts or out of aggregations can also elect to go to the SCO. If they do not make a choice they will be assigned to an MVR supplier randomly. At that point and given current pricing, seeing that the MVR rate is higher than the SSO rate they had been paying they should be motivated to then select a Choice supplier or a government aggregation program, or select the SCO (residential customers only). In other words, the MVR provides a landing ground for customers once they are no longer eligible to remain on the SSO, provides an opportunity to receive an opt-out if they are in a government aggregation and are between enrollments and also provides encouragement to move from the MVR to a more attractive fixed price or for certain residential customers, to elect the SCO.

## Q23. SHOULD NON RESIDENTIAL CUSTOMERS BE ABLE TO SELECT THE SCO?

A23. No. This could cause a decrease in the percentage of the customers engaged in shopping and ignore the purpose of the MVR. The MVR process purpose is to increase shopping activity and continue to develop the competitive market. The non-residential customers are quite adept at shopping and very few remain on the MVR, as they migrate off that service usually during the first year.

## Q24. HAS DEO RECEIVED COMPLAINTS ABOUT THE MVR PROGRAM FROM ITS CUSTOMERS?

A24. It has not indicated with any certainty if it has. When asked by the OCC through discovery to list customer complaints about the MVR program DEO responded that, "DEO does not track or otherwise segregate customer complaints based on relationship to the MVR." (Dominion Responses to OCC Requests for

Production, RPD-1-6, attached as Exhibit JC-6). It then attached a table listing all the informal complaints it had received over the past three years concerning its Energy Choice program, presumably where any complaints about MVR would be categorized. (OCC RPD-1-6). There were approximately 300 such complaints over a three-year period, or about 100 per year. This represents $0.01 \%$ of DEO's approximately $1,000,000$ residential customer base. This is clearly an insignificant amount of complaints, and refutes the OCC contention that the MVR program is harming customers. OCC in its August 15, 2019 memorandum in support stated at page 2 that "the number of residential customers on the Monthly Variable Rate at any point in time may be few." That hardly serves as a substantial reason to opine that the MVR should be discontinued and in fact supports the point that the MVR program is achieving its purpose to get customers to take action.

## Q25. ARE OPAE AND OCC ASKING THE COMMISSION TO EDUCATE CUSTOMERS ABOUT THE MVR PROGRAM TO DIRECTLY FIX THEIR CONCERNS OF MVR CONFUSION?

A25. No. They identified either in their motions or comments filed in this proceeding what they consider to be a specific need for customers - namely, education about the MVR program - but they do not even make a recommendation to educate the customers. This is troubling for several reasons. First, OCC's and OPAE's positions are not consistent with their own missions. For example, OCC's mission is to advocate for Ohio's residential utility consumers through
representation and education in a variety of forums ${ }^{1}$ Also, one of the four identified benefits that OPAE provides to its members is "access to education. ${ }^{2}$ Second, these parties have not demonstrated that they even tried to fulfill the need for MVR education. For example, OPAE has never tried to educate its membership about the MVR. OPAE admitted that as of September 12, 2019, it did not conduct any education of its members about the MVR program. Similarly, OPAE has not conducted any education of its members on competitive retail natural gas since the Commission's 2008 decision in Case No. 12-1842-GAEXM. (OPAE Responses to RESA Request for Admissions RFA 2-2 and 2-3, attached as Exhibit JC-7). OCC has offered general education but has not tried to target MVR customers. (OCC Response to RESA Interrogatory INT 1-7, attached as Exhibit JC-8). Altogether, this demonstrates that OPAE and OCC have not attempted to fix the confusion that they perceive to exist. Instead, they are rashly seeking to restructure Dominion's Choice program by advocating for elimination of the MVR program and reverting to the SCO - a framework which is now hindering and will hinder retail shopping in Ohio.

## Q26. HAVE ANY OPAE MEMBERS COMPLAINED ABOUT THE DEO MVR PROGRAM?

A26. Not at all. OPAE's responses to several of RESA's Requests for Production of Documents consistently showed that there have been no OPAE member complaints or complaints from the general public about the DEO MVR program.

[^0]OPAE was firm in its claim that it had not provided any information regarding the DEO MVR program, or competitive retail choice programs to either its members or the general public. Its total lack of action in this area is illuminating, and demonstrates that while OPAE may talk of its concern in this proceeding that in practice it is taking no action to resolve its concerns.. I have attached the OPAE responses I referenced as Exhibit JC-9.

## Q27. WHAT OVERSIGHT OF THE COMPETITIVE SUPPLIERS EXISTS?

A27. Although the pricing and products offered to customers by the competitive suppliers are not regulated, there is significant oversight of the industry by the PUCO. The financial security of the supplier, known as a Competitive Retail Natural Gas Supplier or CRNGS, is evaluated and marketing practices must comply with consumer protection regulations. Complaints against a CRNGS may be presented to the PUCO and its decisions could impact the CRNGS financially or restrict or eliminate their right to conduct business in Ohio. There is substantial oversight of the industry and therefore there are remedies that can address the concerns expressed by OCC and OPAE. The radical step of eliminating the MVR and moving all customers to the subsidized SCO is not necessary or wise. However, I believe that changes can be made to the MVR program to better ensure pricing is in line with market offerings.
VIII. SOLUTIONS TO ENHANCE THE CHOICE MARKET

## Q28. WHAT DO THE OCC AND OPAE PROPOSE?

A28. Sadly, they wish to eliminate the MVR and simply move customers to the SCO,
thus reversing the forward movement of a DEO exit over the last 14 years. This does not further State policy, and retaining the subsidies inherent to the SCO should not be done.

## Q29. WHAT COULD BE DONE TO IMPROVE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE CURRENT MVR PROCESS?

A29. OCC has identified, and I agree, that there are some MVR providers charging relatively high prices. More importantly, if I were assigned to such a supplier I would be motivated to seek out a more competitive gas supply solution. As I observed, such suppliers are not even attempting to offer higher value products, such a lower variable price, or risk-managed fixed price products. One action that could be taken would be to require such suppliers to offer lower prices. This however is not a desired requirement as price regulation should not exist in a competitive market. With that said, one concept that could be applied to the MVR program (which assigns customers to a supplier) is to implement a competitive market component to the program which would result in customers only being assigned to MVR suppliers that are at or below the monthly median MVR price of all suppliers. In addition, although perhaps unnecessary given my recommendations, as well as those of other RESA witnesses, the current issue of a few suppliers charging high rates can be further addressed by limiting any supplier that does not qualify for customer assignments in a month to charge previously assigned MVR customers a MVR price of no more than that month's median monthly MVR price.

Q30. WHY ARE YOU RECOMMENDING THAT THE MEDIAN MONTHLY

## MVR PRICE BE USED IN DETERMINING SUPPLIER ELIGIBILITY FOR CUSTOMER ASSIGNMENTS?

A30. The median approach would add a competitive element as a guardrail for the benefit of the assigned customers. Under the median approach, the assignment would still be random but suppliers having a price above the monthly median MVR price would not be assigned customers. Suppliers would then have an incentive to price their MVR rate in line with monthly market variable rates and that in turn would help eliminate the current structure that randomly assigns customers to supplier without price considerations. Some suppliers have taken advantage of that and charge rates that are much higher than other MVR program rates. Also, restricting suppliers that have been assigned customers in prior months but do not qualify for customer assignments in the current month to a maximum MVR price that is no more than the median monthly MVR price will eliminate the scenario of a few suppliers charging MVR assigned customers significantly higher than market prices.

Q31. DOES DEO PROVIDE INFORMATION AND EDUCATIONAL MATERIAL TO ITS CUSTOMERS CONCERNING THE VARIETY OF GAS SUPPLY OPTIONS AVAILABLE?

A31. Yes. According to the response to data request RESA Int. 1-13 (Exhibit JC-10), information is provided to customers through the DEO website, bill stuffers, direct mail, social media and contact center representatives. DEO conducts customer surveys and focus groups specifically to determine awareness of competitive supply choices. I reviewed several of those studies covering as far
back as 2011 and the recommendations that were contained in each of those studies. Recommendations consistently call for increased customer education.

## Q32. WHAT SHOULD BE DONE TO IMPROVE EDUCATION OF CUSTOMERS WITH REGARD TO THE CHOICE PROGRAM?

A32. Apparently OCC and OPAE have given up on the concept of educating customers. The OCC motion at page 6 states:
"Moreover, the PUCO should be highly skeptical about whether it is feasible to reach and adequately inform 1.1 million Dominion residential consumers (and many more decision-makers in Ohio households) on the complexities of buying natural gas. In realty, it is not feasible to educate all those consumers, and PUCO programs should not be created or continued based on a false premise about customers education that the industry may advance."

I do not share the OCC's view the customers do not merit continuous education concerning their energy purchases, and believe there are a host of programs that can be effectively conducted by the PUCO, the Company, and suppliers. DEO explained in its response to data request RESA Int. 1-13 that it educates its customers through discussion with its customer service agents, bill inserts, mailing, advertising, and public educational initiative. This is a robust model (although always open to improvement and change as communication channels change) from which the PUCO, OCC, and OPAE could adopt components and should follow. Customer education must be dynamic and on-going as customers migrate into DEO's service territory continuously, and such new customers would not come in with an understanding of DEO's Choice program.

Q33. DOES OPAE EDUCATE ITS MEMBERS ABOUT COMPETITIVE RETAIL NATURAL GAS SERVICE IN OHIO?

A33. This was asked of OPAE in discovery (OPAE Response to RESA Interrogatory INT 1-11, attached as Exhibit JC-11). OPAE said it had not conducted a formal education program on competitive natural gas service in Ohio since 2008, more than a decade ago. In the same discovery set OPAE further responded that it has not provided formal educational programs regarding competitive retail natural gas service to the general public since approximately 2005.

## Q34. TO MOVE COMPLETELY TO A FULLY COMPETITIVE MARKET,

 WHAT IS THE NEXT STEP DEO MUST TAKE TO EXIT THE MERCHANT FUNCTION?A34. The SCO would be eliminated as an option for customers who are eligible to shop and all choice eligible customers would have the ability to receive service without making a choice. Therefore, all customers would need to take action to select a supplier. The utility would not function as a supplier, nor would the utility arrange a Standard Choice Offer for choice-eligible customers, so all customers would be served by competitive suppliers or through a government aggregation program.
IX. RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING THE MOTIONS OF OCC AND OPAE

Q35. WHAT DO YOU RECOMMEND REGARDING OCC'S REQUEST THAT THE PUCO ELIMINATE THE MVR AND REPLACE IT WITH THE SCO AS THE DEFAULT SERVICE OFFERING TO CUSTOMERS?

A35. I have demonstrated there is no significant reason to do that, it is a reversal of a fourteen-year move to implement state policy, and that the MVR is working as intended to enhance the development of the Choice program.

Q36. WHAT DO YOU RECOMMEND REGARDING OPAE'S REQUEST THAT THE PUCO ELIMINATE THE MVR AND REPLACE IT WITH THE SCO AS THE DEFAULT SERVICE OFFERING TO CUSTOMERS?

A36. OPAE simply echoed the OCC motion and provided absolutely no original thought or evidence regarding the MVP program. I presented data from OPAE that demonstrated that it has not conducted education programs in over a decade, and has not received any complaints about DEO's MVR program. OPAE's wishes to make the SCO the default pricing service for customers should be rejected.

## Q37. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?

A37. Yes, but I reserve the right to modify my testimony.

## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The Public Utilities Commission of Ohio's e-filing system will electronically serve notice of the filing of this document on the parties referenced in the service list of the docket card who have electronically subscribed to this case. In addition, the undersigned certifies that a courtesy copy of the foregoing document is also being served upon the persons below via electronic mail this 15th day of November, 2019.

## /s/ Michael J. Settineri

Michael J. Settineri

| OPAE | $\begin{aligned} & \text { cmooney@ohiopartners.org } \\ & \text { cmooney@opae.org } \\ & \text { drinebolt @ opae.org } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| OCC | terry.etter@occ.ohio.gov bojko@carpenterlipps.com |
| The East Ohio Gas Company d/b/a Dominion Energy Ohio | kennedy@ whitt-sturtevant.com andrew.j.campbell@dominionenergy.com |
| Interstate Gas Supply, Inc. | joe.oliker@igsenergy.com michael.nugent@igsenergy.com bethany.allen@igsenergy.com fdarr2019@ gmail.com |
| Direct Energy Business, LLC and Direct Energy Services, LLC | mfleisher@ dickinsonwright.com cpirik@ dickinsonwright.com |
| Dominion Energy Solutions, Inc. | barthroyer@aol.com |
| Staff of the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio | werner.margard@ohioattorneygeneral.gov |

In the Matter of the Motion to Modify the Exemption Granted To The East Ohio Gas :

## EXHIBITS

OF
JAMES L. CRIST, P.E.

## ON BEHALF OF

THE RETAIL ENERGY SUPPLY ASSOCIATION
November 15, 2019

EXHIBIT JC-1
TO THE DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JAMES CRIST CASE NO. 18-1419-GA-EXM

James Crist Regulatory Experience

1. Vectren Energy Delivery of Ohio, Inc, Approval of an Alternative Rate Plan, 18-49-GA-ALT
2. Duquesne Light Company, General Base Rate Increase, R-2018-3000124, Representing the Duquesne Industrial Intervenors
3. UGI Merger case, Docket A-2018-3000381, Representing the Natural Gas Supplier Parties
4. Columbia of PA General Base Rate Increase, Docket R-2018-2647577, Representing the Pennsylvania State University
5. Columbia of PA Gas Cost Increase, Docket R-2017-2591326, Representing the Pennsylvania State University
6. West Penn Power Company, General Base Rate Increase, Docket R-2016-2537359, Representing the Pennsylvania State University
7. Columbia of PA General Base Rate Increase, Docket R-2016-2529660, Representing the Pennsylvania State University
8. UGI Utilities General Base Rate Increase, Docket R-2015-2518438, Representing Dominion Retail, Inc., Shipley, Choice, LLC, Interstate Gas Supply, Inc., Amerigreen Energy, and Rhoads Energy
9. Columbia of PA General Base Rate Increase, Docket R-2015-2468056, Representing the Pennsylvania State University
10. West Penn Power Company, General Base Rate Increase, Docket R-2014-2428742, Representing the Pennsylvania State University
11. Herman Oil \& Gas Company, General Base Rate Increase, R-2014-2414379, Representing Herman Oil \& Gas Company
12. Columbia of PA General Base Rate Increase, Docket R-2014-2406274, Representing the Pennsylvania State University
13. Ameren Gas- General Base Rate Increase, Docket No. 13-0192, Representing Dominion Retail and Interstate Gas Supply of Illinois
14. Columbia of PA General Base Rate Increase, Docket R-2012-2321748, Representing the Pennsylvania State University, Dominion Retail, Interstate Gas Supply, and Shipley Energy
15. Columbia of PA Petition for Approval of a Distribution System Improvement Charge Docket R-2012-2338282, Representing the Pennsylvania State University
16. PUC PA Generic Investigation Regarding Gas-On-Gas Competition, Docket No. P-2011-2277868, Representing the Pennsylvania State University
17. Ameren Gas- General Base Rate Increase, Docket 11-0282 (Cons.), Representing Dominion Retail and Interstate Gas Supply of Illinois
18. WAPA- Electric Base Rate Case, Docket 575, June 2009, Representing Frenchman's Reef Marriott
19. WAPA- Water Base Rate Case, Docket 576, June 2009, Representing Frenchman's Reef Marriott
20. Public Service of New Mexico 2010 Base Rate Case, Informal rate design workshops pursuant to the stipulation in NMPRC Case No. 08-00273-UT, Representing City of Albuquerque
21. Public Service of New Mexico, Electric base case at Case No. 08-00273-UT, Representing City of Albuquerque
22. Public Service of New Mexico 2009 Renewable Energy Procurement Plan for 2010, Case No. 09-00260-UT, Representing City of Albuquerque and Santa Fe County
23. Public Service of New Mexico, Gas sale case at Case No. 08-00078-UT, Representing City of Albuquerque
24. UGI Utilities, Central Penn Gas, Penn Natural Gas, Gas Cost Increase, Docket No. R-2011-2238953, Representing Shipley Energy, Rhodes Energy, and CenterPoint Energy
25. UGI Utilities- Gas Division, Gas Cost Increase, Docket No. R-2010-2172933, Representing Shipley Energy
26. Columbia of PA General Base Rate Increase, Docket R-2010-2215623, Representing the Pennsylvania State University, Dominion Retail, Interstate Gas Supply, and Shipley Energy
27. Columbia of PA General Base Rate Increase, Docket R-2009-2149262, Representing the Pennsylvania State University, Dominion Retail, Interstate Gas Supply, and Shipley Energy
28. Columbia of PA General Base Rate Increase, Docket R-2008-2011621, Representing Hess Energy, Dominion Retail, Interstate Gas Supply, and Shipley Energy
29. Columbia of PA Gas Cost Increase, Docket R-2008-2028039, Representing Dominion Retail, Interstate Gas Supply, and Shipley Energy
30. PPL Electric Utilities Voluntary Purchase of Accounts Receivables Program and Merchant Function Charge, Docket No. P-2009-2129502
31. Nicor Gas Company, Provision of facilities and services and the transfer of assets between Nicor Gas Company and Nicor Inc., Docket No. 09-0301, Representing Dominion Retail
32. North Shore Gas and Peoples Gas Light and Coke Company, General Base Rate Increase, Dockets 09-0166 and 09-0167, Representing Dominion Retail, Interstate Gas Supply and Nicor Advanced Energy
33. Nicor Gas Company, Base Rate Increase, Docket No. 08-0363, Representing Interstate Gas Supply and Dominion Retail
34. North Shore Gas and Peoples Gas Light and Coke Company, General Base Rate Increase, Dockets 07-0241 and 07-0242, Representing Dominion Retail, Interstate Gas Supply and U.S. Energy Savings
35. WPS Resources, Peoples Energy, Peoples Gas Light and Coke Company, North Shore Gas Company, Application pursuant to Section 7-204 of the Public Utilities Act for authority to engage in a Reorganization, Docket 06-0540, Representing Dominion Retail, Interstate Gas Supply, US Energy Savings, MxEnergy, and Direct Energy Services.
36. Allegheny Energy, Approval of Retail Electric Default Service Program and Competitive Procurement Plan, Docket No. P-2008-2021608, Representing the Pennsylvania State University
37. Allegheny Energy, Generation Rate Cap, Docket No. P-2007-2001828, Representing the Pennsylvania State University
38. Equitable Gas Company, Rate Increase, Docket R-2008-2029325, Representing Independent Oil \& Gas Association and Hess Corp.
39. Equitable Gas Company and Peoples Gas, Merger Case, Docket A-122250F5000, Representing National Energy Marketers, Hess Corporation, and Constellation New Energy.

EXHIBIT JC-2
TO THE DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JAMES CRIST CASE NO. 18-1419-GA-EXM

PUCO $1^{\text {st }}$ Quarter 2019 Shopping Data

# Natural Gas Choice Activity 



1. The Natural Gas Choice Activity dashboard is based on data submitted by Ohio's electric distribution utilities pursuant to ORC 4935.01 and OAC 4901:5 (SG-1 or forecasting data).
2. Data shown are for the last month of each quarter.

Questions: MarketMonitoring@puco.ohio.gov
Residential Customers

| Company | Choice | Non-Choice | Total | \% in Choice |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Columbia Gas of Ohio | 626,178 | 721,666 | $1,347,844$ | $46.5 \%$ |
| Dominion East Ohio Gas | 765,215 | 356,353 | $1,121,568$ | $68.2 \%$ |
| Duke Energy of Ohio | 223,818 | 176,576 | 400,394 | $55.9 \%$ |
| Vectren Energy Delivery of Ohio | 121,219 | 178,743 | 299,962 | $40.4 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 , 7 3 6 , 4 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 4 3 3 , 3 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 1 6 9 , 7 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{5 4 . 8 \%}$ |

## Commercial/Industrial Customers

| Company <br> $\mathbf{A}$ | Choice | Non-Choice | Total | \% in Choice |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Columbia Gas of Ohio | 66,817 | 43,589 | 110,406 | $60.5 \%$ |
| Dominion East Ohio Gas | 81,857 | 4,970 | 86,827 | $94.3 \%$ |
| Duke Energy of Ohio | 17,741 | 21,369 | 39,110 | $45.4 \%$ |
| Vectren Energy Delivery of Ohio | 12,057 | 12,561 | 24,618 | $49.0 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 7 8 , 4 7 2}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 , 4 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 0 , 9 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{6 8 . 4 \%}$ |

Total All Classes

| Company | Choice | Non-Choice | Total | \% in Choice |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Columbia Gas of Ohio | 692,995 | 765,255 | $1,458,250$ | $47.5 \%$ |
| Dominion East Ohio Gas | 847,072 | 361,323 | $1,208,395$ | $70.1 \%$ |
| Duke Energy of Ohio | 241,559 | 197,945 | 439,504 | $55.0 \%$ |
| Vectren Energy Delivery of | 133,276 | 191,304 | 324,580 | $41.1 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{1 , 9 1 4 , 9 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 1 5 , 8 2 7}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 4 3 0 , 7 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{5 5 . 8 \%}$ |

EXHIBIT JC-3
TO THE DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JAMES CRIST CASE NO. 18-1419-GA-EXM

DEO Response to Direct Energy Interrogatories INT 1-1 and INT 1-2

## BEFORE

# THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO 

In the Matter of the Motion to Modify the )<br>Exemption Granted to The East Ohio Gas )<br>Company d/b/a Dominion Energy Ohio. )

## RESPONSES AND OBJECTIONS OF THE EAST OHIO GAS COMPANY D/B/A DOMINION ENERGY OHIO TO FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES AND REQUESTS FOR THE PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS OF DIRECT ENERGY SERVICES, LLC AND DIRECT ENERGY BUSINESS MARKETING, LLC

In accordance with Ohio Adm. Code 4901-1-18, 4901-1-19(A), and 4901-1-20(C), The East Ohio Gas Company d/b/a Dominion Energy Ohio (DEO) hereby provides its responses and objections to the First Set of Interrogatories and Requests for Production of Documents of Direct Energy Services, LLC and Direct Energy Business Marketing, LLC (collectively, Direct Energy), which were served on October 8, 2019.

## I. GENERAL OBJECTIONS

DEO's responses to the Direct Energy's First Set of Interrogatories and Requests for Production of Documents are subject to the following general objections:

1. DEO objects to the Instructions for Answering to the extent such instructions purport to impose discovery obligations that are inconsistent with or go beyond the Commission's rules for discovery.
2. DEO objects to each discovery request to the extent such request seeks the disclosure of information subject to attorney-client privilege or that constitutes attorney work product.
3. DEO objects to each discovery request that purports to require a detailed, narrative response. Under applicable Commission rules and the Ohio Rules of Civil Procedure, "[a]n interrogatory seeks an admission or seeks information of major significance in the trial or
in the preparation for trial. It does not contemplate an array of details or outlines of evidence, a function reserved by the rules for deposition." Penn Central Transp. Co. v. Armco Steel Corp., 27 Ohio Misc. 76, 77 (Montgomery Cty. 1971).

## II. INTERROGATORIES

INT-1-1. Please identify, for residential customers who received MVR service as of October 2018 as identified in the attached Direct Energy Exhibit A, the number of customers served by each MVR supplier (identified as "Supplier A," "Supplier B," etc.) and the MVR rate offered by that supplier:
a. For customers with an account receiving MVR service for 0-12 months;
b. For customers with an account receiving MVR service for 13-24 months;
c. For customers with an account receiving MVR service for 25-36 months;
d. For customers with an account receiving MVR service for 37-48 months;
e. For customers with an account receiving MVR service for 49-60 months; and
f. For customers with an account receiving MVR service for over 60 months.

RESPONSE: DEO objects that this request is vague and undefined, and overbroad and unduly burdensome to answer. DEO also objects to this request to the extent it calls for the creation of new analysis or the manual compilation of data that DEO does not maintain in the regular course of business in the form requested. Subject to and without waiving these objections, DEO answers as follows:

DEO's broker change orders, i.e., the enrollment records, identify (1) the new supplier; (2) the prior supplier; (3) the new rate; and (4) the date of enrollment. The broker change orders, however, do not identify the prior rate, whether that prior rate was fixed or variable, the duration that the customer was served under
that prior rate, or otherwise indicate the type or terms of service for the prior rate. Without information on prior service type and prior enrollment date on the broker change order records, DEO cannot easily run a query on its stored data to determine the prior service type and prior enrollment date for customers currently taking service on the Market Variable Rate (MVR), and has not otherwise developed and tested a program to accurately and reliably extract that data from its systems. To provide the October 2018 data included in Direct Energy Exhibit A, DEO identified and examined data for the broker change orders associated with those specific accounts to determine the approximate duration that the customer had been served under the MVR. The results of that manual review and analysis produced the segregated data in Direct Energy Exhibit A. (A similar manual process was utilized to compile the October 2019 data in DEO's Response to RESA INT-1-3.) For its response to Direct Energy INT-1-1, DEO has further segregated the October 2018 data by supplier, the supplier's October 2018 MVR rate, and the number of residential customers. The results of that additional manual review and analysis are included in Direct Energy INT-1-1 Attach. Since it takes a significant amount of time to review data for the broker change orders on an account by account basis, it would be unreasonable and unduly burdensome, and DEO does not intend, to supplement this information or perform additional, new analysis to produce different snapshots of data based on different dates.

Answerer: Larry J. Rice, Manager, Commercial Operations Support Services, Dominion Energy Ohio

INT-1-2. Please identify, for non-residential customers who received MVR service as of October 2018 as identified in the attached Direct Energy Exhibit A, the number of customers served by each MVR supplier (identified as "Supplier A," "Supplier B," etc.) and the MVR rate offered by that supplier:
a. For customers with an account receiving MVR service for 0-12 months;
b. For customers with an account receiving MVR service for 13-24 months;
c. For customers with an account receiving MVR service for 25-36 months;
d. For customers with an account receiving MVR service for 37-48 months;
e. For customers with an account receiving MVR service for 49-60 months; and
f. For customers with an account receiving MVR service for over 60 months.

RESPONSE: DEO objects that this request is vague and undefined, and overbroad and unduly burdensome to answer. DEO also objects to this request to the extent it calls for the creation of new analysis or the manual compilation of data that DEO does not maintain in the regular course of business in the form requested. Subject to and without waiving these objections, DEO answers as follows: DEO's broker change orders, i.e., the enrollment records, identify (1) the new supplier; (2) the prior supplier; (3) the new rate; and (4) the date of enrollment. The broker change orders, however, do not identify the prior rate, whether that prior rate was fixed or variable, the duration that the customer was served under that prior rate, or otherwise indicate the type or terms of service for the prior rate. Without information on prior service type and prior enrollment date on the broker change order records, DEO cannot easily run a query on its stored data to
determine the prior service type and prior enrollment date for customers currently taking service on the Market Variable Rate (MVR), and has not otherwise developed and tested a program to accurately and reliably extract that data from its systems. To provide the October 2018 data included in Direct Energy Exhibit A, DEO identified and examined data for the broker change orders associated with those specific accounts to determine the approximate duration that the customer had been served under the MVR. The results of that manual review and analysis produced the segregated data in Direct Energy Exhibit A. (A similar manual process was utilized to compile the October 2019 data in DEO's Response to RESA INT-1-4.) For its response to Direct Energy INT-1-2, DEO has further segregated the October 2018 data by supplier, the supplier's October 2018 MVR rate, and the number of non-residential customers. The results of that additional manual review and analysis are included in Direct Energy INT-1-2 Attach. Since it takes a significant amount of time to review data for the broker change orders on an account by account basis, it would be unreasonable and unduly burdensome, and DEO does not intend, to supplement this information or perform additional, new analysis to produce different snapshots of data based on different dates.

Answerer: Larry J. Rice, Manager, Commercial Operations Support Services, Dominion Energy Ohio

October 2018 Snapshot of MVR Customers Aging
Residential

Supplier A
Supplier B
Supplier C
Supplier D
Supplier E
Supplier F
Supplier G
Supplier H
Supplier I
Supplier J
Supplier K
Supplier L
Supplier M
Supplier N
Supplier O
Supplier P
Supplier Q
Supplier R
Supplier S
Supplier T

|  |  | Direct INT-1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | a. | b. | c. | d. | e. | f. |
|  | 18 Rate | 0-12 Mths | 13-24 Mths | 25-36 Mths | 37-48 Mths | 49-60 Mths | >60 Mths |
| \$ | 4.6924 | 67 | 18 | 10 | 7 | 10 | 26 |
| \$ | 6.2900 | 67 | 25 | 15 | 8 | 12 | 90 |
| \$ | 4.6710 | 81 | 35 | 17 | 12 | 10 | 47 |
| \$ | 3.5210 | 88 | 24 | 17 | 11 | 2 | 45 |
| \$ | 3.0910 | 78 | 31 | 23 | 13 | 8 | 6 |
| \$ | 4.2900 | 79 | 27 | 13 | 12 | 9 | 44 |
| \$ | 4.5000 | 30 |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$ | 4.8100 | 67 | 31 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 29 |
| \$ | 2.9900 | 75 | 42 | 10 | 10 | 5 | 3 |
| \$ | 6.0900 | 70 | 16 | 6 |  |  |  |
| \$ | 4.9170 | 75 | 22 | 11 | 8 | 3 | 9 |
| \$ | 4.4500 | 55 | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| \$ | 4.9900 | 75 | 20 | 7 | 8 | 4 | 3 |
| \$ | 5.2900 | 70 | 20 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 20 |
| \$ | 3.6000 | 48 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| \$ | 5.0350 | 68 | 21 | 10 | 5 | 6 | 20 |
| \$ | 6.5000 | 68 | 11 | 11 | 6 | 5 | 6 |
| \$ | 9.2500 | 75 | 12 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 3 |
| \$ | 3.6310 | 85 | 7 |  |  |  |  |
| \$ | 3.8850 | 71 | 28 | 17 | 12 | 8 | 55 |
|  |  | 1,392 | 397 | 186 | 129 | 95 | 406 |

October 2018 Snapshot of MVR Customers Aging
Non-Residential

Supplier A
Supplier B
Supplier C
Supplier D
Supplier E
Supplier F
Supplier G
Supplier H
Supplier I
Supplier J
Supplier K
Supplier L
Supplier M
Supplier N
Supplier O
Supplier P
Supplier Q
Supplier R
Supplier S
Supplier T

|  |  | Direct INT-2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | a. | b. | c. | d. | e. | f. |
|  | 18 Rate | 0-12 Mths | 13-24 Mths | 25-36 Mths | 37-48 Mths | 49-60 Mths | >60 Mths |
| \$ | 4.6924 | 258 | 79 | 101 | 51 | 48 | 158 |
| \$ | 6.2900 | 271 | 84 | 95 | 51 | 81 | 308 |
| \$ | 4.6710 | 283 | 68 | 99 | 48 | 41 | 158 |
| \$ | 3.5210 | 279 | 90 | 91 | 44 | 50 | 198 |
| \$ | 3.0910 | 295 | 83 | 89 | 48 | 57 | 195 |
| \$ | 4.2900 | 266 | 76 | 95 | 46 | 57 | 152 |
| \$ | 4.5000 | 50 |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$ | 4.8100 | 260 | 65 | 89 | 47 | 45 | 156 |
| \$ | 2.9900 | 282 | 76 | 93 | 33 | 50 | 5 |
| \$ | 6.0900 | 253 | 70 | 42 |  |  |  |
| \$ | 4.9170 | 251 | 65 | 73 | 42 | 45 | 172 |
| \$ | 4.4500 | 271 | 23 |  |  |  |  |
| \$ | 4.9900 | 264 | 65 | 85 | 23 | 48 | 146 |
| \$ | 5.2900 | 282 | 63 | 81 | 39 | 36 | 141 |
| \$ | 3.6000 | 226 |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$ | 5.0350 | 274 | 69 | 95 | 50 | 47 | 347 |
| \$ | 6.5000 | 263 | 55 | 56 | 27 | 49 | 173 |
| \$ | 9.2500 | 296 | 85 | 75 | 36 | 38 | 142 |
| \$ | 3.6310 | 264 | 31 |  |  |  |  |
| \$ | 3.8850 | 296 | 86 | 99 | 43 | 51 | 213 |
|  |  | 5,184 | 1,233 | 1,358 | 628 | 743 | 2,664 |

# EXHIBIT JC-4 <br> TO THE DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JAMES CRIST CASE NO. 18-1419-GA-EXM 

DEO Response to RESA Interrogatories INT 1-1, INT 1-2, INT 1-3, and INT 1-4.

## BEFORE

# THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO 

In the Matter of the Motion to Modify the )<br>Exemption Granted to The East Ohio Gas )<br>Case No. 18-1419-GA-EXM<br>Company d/b/a Dominion Energy Ohio. )

## RESPONSES AND OBJECTIONS TO THE RETAIL ENERGY SUPPLY ASSOCIATION'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES AND REQUESTS FOR THE PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS OF THE EAST OHIO GAS COMPANY D/B/A DOMINION ENERGY OHIO

In accordance with Ohio Adm. Code 4901-1-18, 4901-1-19(A), and 4901-1-20(C), The East Ohio Gas Company d/b/a Dominion Energy Ohio (DEO) hereby provides its responses and objections to the Retail Energy Supply Association's (RESA) First Set of Interrogatories and Requests for Production of Documents, served on September 24, 2019.

## I. GENERAL OBJECTIONS

DEO's responses to the RESA's First Set of Interrogatories and Requests for Production of Documents are subject to the following general objections:

1. DEO objects to the Instructions for Answering to the extent such instructions purport to impose discovery obligations that are inconsistent with or go beyond the Commission's rules for discovery.
2. DEO objects to each request for production to the extent such discovery requests seek the disclosure of information subject to attorney-client privilege or that constitutes attorney work product.
3. DEO objects to each request for production that purports to require a detailed, narrative response. Under applicable Commission rules and the Ohio Rules of Civil Procedure, "[a]n interrogatory seeks an admission or seeks information of major significance in the trial or in the preparation for trial. It does not contemplate an array of details or outlines of evidence, a
function reserved by the rules for deposition." Penn Central Transp. Co. v. Armco Steel Corp., 27 Ohio Misc. 76, 77 (Montgomery Cty. 1971).

## II. INTERROGATORIES

The Monthly Variable Rate ("MVR") program referenced in this first set of discovery refers to the MVR program that is the subject of this proceeding.

INT-1-1. Identify the number of residential customers that were assigned to a supplier in the Dominion Energy Ohio MVR program in each month of the following years: 2013; 2014; 2015; 2016; 2017; 2018 and January through August 2019.

RESPONSE: DEO objects that this request is overbroad and unduly burdensome to answer. DEO further objects to the request to the extent that it calls for the creation of new analysis or the manual compilation of data that DEO does not maintain in the regular course of business in the form requested. Subject to and without waiving these objections, DEO answers as follows:

The data provided below represents the "gross" number of customers that were assigned to the MVR each month for the time period January 2013 through August 2019. This data does not identify the "net" number of customers that were assigned to the MVR each month, and does not take into account the number of customers who switched from the MVR to a different rate in that month or who were enrolled in MVR but terminated service or were disconnected in that month. Please see DEO's Responses to INT 1-3 and 1-4 for an explanation of the data identified on DEO's broker change orders, i.e., enrollment records.

| Dominion Energy Ohio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Residential MVR Adds by Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| Jan | 285 | 344 | 122 | 188 | 223 | 680 | 382 |
| Feb | 210 | 394 | 182 | 269 | 808 | 341 | 356 |
| Mar | 173 | 200 | 167 | 293 | 274 | 396 | 525 |
| Apr | 104 | 90 | 76 | 81 | 138 | 276 | 645 |
| May | - | 16 | 4 | 8 | 22 | 14 | 664 |
| Jun | 81 | 236 | 109 | 176 | 176 | 190 | 588 |
| Jul | 670 | 226 | 211 | 345 | 274 | 339 | 471 |
| Aug | 156 | 154 | 170 | 185 | 192 | 307 | 347 |
| Sep | 134 | 130 | 141 | 203 | 162 | 294 |  |
| Oct | 159 | 161 | 134 | 233 | 171 | 339 |  |
| Nov | 168 | 120 | 129 | 179 | 303 | 404 |  |
| Dec | 199 | 187 | 198 | 273 | 490 | 363 |  |

Answerer: Larry J. Rice, Manager, Commercial Operations Support Services, Dominion Energy Ohio

INT-1-2. Identify the number of non-residential customers that were assigned to a supplier in the Dominion Energy Ohio MVR program in each month of the following years: 2013; 2014; 2015; 2016; 2017; 2018 and January through August 2019.

RESPONSE: DEO objects that this request is overbroad and unduly burdensome to answer.
DEO further objects to the request to the extent that it calls for the creation of new analysis or the manual compilation of data that DEO does not maintain in the regular course of business in the form requested. Subject to and without waiving these objections, DEO answers as follows:

The data provided below represents the "gross" number of customers that were assigned to the MVR each month for the time period January 2013 through August 2019. This data does not identify the "net" number of customers that were assigned to the MVR each month, and does not take into account the number of
customers who switched from the MVR to a different rate in that month or who were enrolled in MVR but terminated service or were disconnected in that month. Please see DEO's Responses to INT 1-3 and 1-4 for an explanation of the data identified on DEO's broker change orders, i.e., the enrollment records.

| Dominion Energy Ohio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Non-Residential MVR Adds by Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2013 |  | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| Jan | 25 | 1,859 | 1,708 | 1,569 | 1,560 | 2,034 | 1,827 |
| Feb | 30 | 1,233 | 1,187 | 1,420 | 1,431 | 1,458 | 1,034 |
| Mar | 6,945 | 733 | 1,022 | 1,157 | 857 | 1,111 | 1,028 |
| Apr | 10,389 | 1,161 | 832 | 811 | 697 | 973 | 860 |
| May | 9 | 806 | 655 | 1,109 | 828 | 1,574 | 810 |
| Jun | 400 | 1,770 | 633 | 1,303 | 649 | 1,383 | 764 |
| Jul | 591 | 875 | 490 | 1,272 | 548 | 611 | 654 |
| Aug | 549 | 549 | 527 | 532 | 554 | 574 | 659 |
| Sep | 457 | 514 | 509 | 471 | 520 | 653 |  |
| Oct | 627 | 646 | 649 | 635 | 650 | 666 |  |
| Nov | 753 | 779 | 664 | 759 | 687 | 714 |  |
| Dec | 1,610 | 1,689 | 1,339 | 1,467 | 1,652 | 1,758 |  |

Answerer: Larry J. Rice, Manager, Commercial Operations Support Services, Dominion Energy Ohio

INT-1-3. Identify both the median and mean length of time residential customers participated in the Dominion Energy Ohio MVR program from January 2013 to present.

RESPONSE: DEO objects that this request is overbroad and unduly burdensome to answer. DEO does not maintain or track this information in the regular course of business, and it cannot be readily reported. This information cannot be determined without performing a manual review and compilation of information associated with individual customer account records each month and repeating such review over
multiple months for each account. Subject to and without waiving these objections, DEO answers as follows:

The snapshot of data provided below is based on customer accounts enrolled in MVR as of October 9, 2019. DEO's broker change orders, i.e., the enrollment records, identify the (1) new supplier; (2) the prior supplier; (3) the new rate; and (4) the date of enrollment. The broker change orders, however, do not identify the prior rate, whether that prior rate was fixed or variable, the duration that the customer was served under that prior rate, or otherwise indicate the type or terms of service for the prior rate. To provide the October 9, 2019 snapshot of data below, DEO performed the same analysis that it performed when it previously provided similar data to Staff on October 17, 2018. (Counsel for all parties received the October 2018 data on October 2, 2019.) Without information on prior service type and prior enrollment date on the broker change order records, DEO cannot easily run a query on its stored data to determine the prior service type and prior enrollment date for customers currently enrolled in MVR, and has not otherwise developed and tested a program to accurately and reliably extract that data from its systems. For the customer accounts enrolled in MVR as of October 9, 2019, DEO identified and examined data for the broker change orders associated with those specific accounts to determine the approximate duration that the customer had been served under the MVR. The results of that manual review and analysis produced the data below. Since it takes a significant amount of time to review data for the broker change orders on an account by account basis, it would be unreasonable and unduly burdensome, and DEO does not intend, to
supplement this information or perform additional, new analysis to produce different snapshots of data based on different dates.

|  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $0-12$ months | 2,366 | $67.8 \%$ |
| $13-24$ months | 377 | $10.8 \%$ |
| $25-36$ months | 208 | $6.0 \%$ |
| $37-48$ months | 102 | $2.9 \%$ |
| $49-60$ months | 90 | $2.6 \%$ |
| $60+$ months | 345 | $9.9 \%$ |
|  | 3,488 |  |

Answerer: Larry J. Rice, Manager, Commercial Operations Support Services, Dominion Energy Ohio

INT-1-4. Identify both the median and mean length of time non-residential customers participated in the Dominion Energy Ohio MVR program from January 2013 to present.

RESPONSE: DEO objects that this request is overbroad and unduly burdensome to answer. DEO does not maintain or track this information in the regular course of business, and it cannot be readily reported. This information cannot be determined without performing a manual review and compilation of information associated with individual customer account records each month and repeating such review over multiple months for each account. Subject to and without waiving these objections, DEO answers as follows:

The snapshot of data provided below is based on customer accounts enrolled in MVR as of October 9, 2019. DEO's broker change orders, i.e., the enrollment records, identify the (1) new supplier; (2) the prior supplier; (3) the new rate; and
(4) the date of enrollment. The broker change orders, however, do not identify the prior rate, whether that prior rate was fixed or variable, the duration that the customer was served under that prior rate, or otherwise indicate the type or terms of service for the prior rate. To provide the October 9, 2019 snapshot of data below, DEO performed the same analysis that it performed when it previously provided similar data to Staff on October 17, 2018. (Counsel for all parties received the October 2018 data on October 2, 2019.) Without information on prior service type and prior enrollment date on the broker change order records, DEO cannot easily run a query on its stored data to determine the prior service type and prior enrollment date for customers currently enrolled in MVR, and has not otherwise developed and tested a program to accurately and reliably extract that data from its systems. For the customer accounts enrolled in MVR as of October 9, 2019, DEO identified and examined data for the broker change orders associated with those specific accounts to determine the approximate duration that the customer had been served under the MVR. The results of that manual review and analysis produced the data below. Since it takes a significant amount of time to review data for the broker change orders on an account by account basis, it would be unreasonable and unduly burdensome, and DEO does not intend, to supplement this information or perform additional, new analysis to produce different snapshots of data based on different dates.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| $0-12$ months | 3,870 | $41.7 \%$ |
| $13-24$ months | 1,548 | $16.7 \%$ |
| $25-36$ months | 674 | $7.3 \%$ |
| $37-48$ months | 613 | $6.6 \%$ |
| $49-60$ months | 387 | $4.2 \%$ |
| $60+$ months | 2,195 | $23.6 \%$ |
|  | 9,287 |  |

Answerer: Larry J. Rice, Manager, Commercial Operations Support Services, Dominion Energy Ohio

INT-1-5. Identify both the median and mean length of time residential customers participated in the Dominion Energy Ohio MVR program from January 2018 to present.

RESPONSE: See the Objections and Response to INT-1-3.

INT-1-6. Identify both the median and mean length of time non-residential customers participated in the Dominion Energy Ohio MVR program from January 2018 to present.

RESPONSE: See the Objections and Response to INT-1-4.

INT-1-7. Identify both the median and mean length of time residential customers participated in the Dominion Energy Ohio MVR program from January 2013 to December 2015.

RESPONSE: See the Objections and Response to INT-1-3.

EXHIBIT JC-5
TO THE DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JAMES CRIST CASE NO. 18-1419-GA-EXM

## Summary Chart of MVR Participation

Total MVR Residential

| 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3,087 | 2,838 | 2,100 | 1,986 | 2,125 | 2,667 | 2,757 |
| 3,218 | 2,901 | 2,148 | 2,047 | 2,242 | 3,376 | 2,947 |
| 3,277 | 3,264 | 2,178 | 2,173 | 2,585 | 4,369 | 2,919 |
| 3,300 | 3,292 | 2,007 | 2,348 | 2,595 | 3,167 | 2,717 |
| 3,216 | 3,096 | 2,073 | 2,329 | 2,550 | 2,741 | 2,848 |
| 3,097 | 2,509 | 1,973 | 1,917 | 2,304 | 2,465 | 3,270 |
| 2,814 | 2,426 | 1,889 | 1,861 | 2,275 | 2,253 | 3,242 |
| 2,932 | 2,592 | 2,004 | 2,109 | 2,457 | 2,460 | 3,616 |
| 3,424 | 2,598 | 2,080 | 2,159 | 2,581 | 2,511 | 3,492 |
| 3,420 | 2,435 | 2,148 | 2,254 | 2,558 | 2,711 | 3,565 |
| 3,418 | 2,480 | 2,085 | 2,240 | 2,480 | 2,627 |  |
| 2,998 | 2,175 | 2,007 | 2,125 | 2,392 | 2,772 |  |

Total MVR Nonresidential

| 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 334 | 13,295 | 12,176 | 11,480 | 11,938 | 11,664 | 10,871 |
| 336 | 14,208 | 13,522 | 12,160 | 13,245 | 12,807 | 12,125 |
| 351 | 15,431 | 13,439 | 13,207 | 13,401 | 13,973 | 11,972 |
| 15690 | 15,811 | 11,387 | 14,136 | 13,397 | 13,639 | 11,150 |
| 17683 | 14,673 | 12,881 | 13,899 | 12,708 | 12,315 | 9,910 |
| 15256 | 12,996 | 12,608 | 12,634 | 12,271 | 12,630 | 10,214 |
| 14116 | 13,471 | 12,038 | 12,898 | 12,505 | 12,593 | 9,525 |
| 14151 | 13,704 | 12,181 | 12,010 | 11,839 | 12,874 | 9,843 |
| 14178 | 13,720 | 11,796 | 12,898 | 12,026 | 11,964 | 9,487 |
| 13902 | 13,118 | 11,932 | 13,007 | 11,857 | 12,320 | 9,433 |
| 13967 | 13,240 | 11,696 | 12,761 | 11,649 | 11,826 |  |
| 12906 | 11,945 | 11,387 | 11,938 | 10,785 | 11,486 |  |

MVR Residential Adds


MVR Non-Residential Add

|  | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jan | 25 | 1,859 | 1,708 | 1,569 | 1,560 | 2,034 | 1,827 |
| Feb | 30 | 1,233 | 1,187 | 1,420 | 1,431 | 1,458 | 1,034 |
| Mar | 6,945 | 733 | 1,022 | 1,157 | 857 | 1,111 | 1,028 |
| Apr | 10,389 | 1,161 | 832 | 811 | 697 | 973 | 860 |
| May | 9 | 806 | 655 | 1,109 | 828 | 1,574 | 810 |
| Jun | 400 | 1,770 | 633 | 1,303 | 649 | 1,383 | 764 |
| Jul | 591 | 875 | 490 | 1,272 | 548 | 611 | 654 |
| Aug | 549 | 549 | 527 | 532 | 554 | 574 | 659 |
| Sep | 457 | 514 | 509 | 471 | 520 | 653 |  |
| Oct | 627 | 646 | 649 | 635 | 650 | 666 |  |
| Nov | 753 | 779 | 664 | 759 | 687 | 714 |  |
| Dec | 1,610 | 1,689 | 1,339 | 1,467 | 1,652 | 1,758 |  |
| 22385 |  | 12614 | 10215 | 12505 | 10633 | 13509 | 7636 |
|  |  | 3628 | 10215 | 12505 | 10633 | 13509 | 7636 |


| Residential Customer Count Balance |  | Nonresidential Customer Count Balance |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Sep-14 | 2,598 | Sep-14 | 13,720 |
| Tot ADD | 15828 | Tot ADD | 58126 |
| over 60 mo | 345 | over 60 mo | 2195 |
| Aug-19 | 3,616 | Aug-19 | 9,843 |

Percent in
and out

Note 1: 79.3\% of residential customers going into MVR from Sept. 2014 to August 2019 have made a choice and left MVR
Note 2: $\mathbf{8 6 . 8 \%}$ of non-residential customers going into MVR from Sept. 2014 to August 2019 have made a choice and left the MVR
Note 3: Over 60 month count from DEO Responses to RESA INT 1-3 and 1-4 which is an approximation for over 60 month count as of August 2019.

EXHIBIT JC-6
TO THE DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JAMES CRIST CASE NO. 18-1419-GA-EXM

DEO Response to OCC Request for Production of Documents RPD 1-6

## BEFORE

# THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO 

In the Matter of the Motion to Modify the )
Exemption Granted to The East Ohio Gas )
Case No. 18-1419-GA-EXM
Company d/b/a Dominion Energy Ohio. )

## RESPONSES AND OBJECTIONS TO THE OFFICE OF THE OHIO CONSUMERS' COUNSEL'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES AND REQUESTS FOR THE PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS OF THE EAST OHIO GAS COMPANY D/B/A DOMINION ENERGY OHIO

In accordance with Ohio Adm. Code 4901-1-18, 4901-1-19(A), and 4901-1-20(C), The East Ohio Gas Company d/b/a Dominion Energy Ohio (DEO) hereby provides its responses and objections to the Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel's First Set of Interrogatories and Requests for Production of Documents, served on September 27, 2019.

## I. GENERAL OBJECTIONS

DEO's responses to the OCC's First Set of Interrogatories and Requests for Production of
Documents are subject to the following general objections:

1. DEO objects to the Instructions for Answering to the extent such instructions purport to impose discovery obligations that are inconsistent with or go beyond the Commission's rules for discovery.
2. DEO objects to each request for production to the extent such discovery requests seek the disclosure of information subject to attorney-client privilege or that constitutes attorney work product.
3. DEO objects to each request for production that purports to require a detailed, narrative response. Under applicable Commission rules and the Ohio Rules of Civil Procedure, "[a]n interrogatory seeks an admission or seeks information of major significance in the trial or in the preparation for trial. It does not contemplate an array of details or outlines of evidence, a

RPD-1-5. Please provide copies of all discovery received by the Company from other parties in this proceeding, and the Company's responses to that discovery.

RESPONSE: See DEO's Objections and Response to RPD 1-1.

RPD-1-6. Please provide copies of all complaints Dominion has received from residential customers regarding the Monthly Variable Rate program since the program started in 2013.

RESPONSE: DEO objects that this request is vague and undefined, overbroad and unduly burdensome to answer, and seeks information that is neither relevant to the subject matter of this proceeding nor reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. DEO also objects to this request to the extent it seeks information that is publicly available or that DEO does not maintain, and is not required to maintain, in the regular course of business in the form requested. DEO also objects to OCC's characterization of when the MVR program began. The Commission's March 3, 2009 Entry in Case No. 07-1224-GA-ATA approved the tariff covering MVR Commodity Service, Original Sheet B-MVR. Subject to and without waiving these objections, DEO responds as follows:

The request does not make clear either what is meant by "complaint" nor what is meant by "regarding the MVR program." DEO does not track or otherwise segregate customer complaints based on relationship to the MVR. Formal complaints involving DEO are publicly available through the Commission's DIS website. See the accompanying file marked as "OCC RPD-1-6 Attach" for a list
of informal Commission complaints that DEO has logged as pertaining to the Energy Choice program for the past three years. The reference numbers for the informal complaints correspond to numbers assigned to the complaints by the Commission. Informal Commission complaints are publicly available to OCC via public records requests.

RPD-1-7. Please provide all documents Dominion used in responding to OCC INT-1-001.
RESPONSE: DEO objects that this request is vague and undefined, overbroad and unduly burdensome to answer, and seeks information that is neither relevant to the subject matter of this proceeding nor reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Subject to and without waiving these objections, DEO responds as follows: See DEO's Response to OCC INT-1-1, and DEO's Response and Objections to RESA INT 1-1.

RPD-1-8. Please provide all documents Dominion used in responding to OCC INT-1-002.
RESPONSE: DEO objects that this request is vague and undefined, overbroad and unduly burdensome to answer, and seeks information that is neither relevant to the subject matter of this proceeding nor reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Subject to and without waiving these objections, DEO responds as follows: See DEO's Response to OCC INT-1-2, and DEO's Response and Objections to RESA INT 1-3.

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EXHIBIT JC-7
TO THE DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JAMES CRIST CASE NO. 18-1419-GA-EXM

OPAE Response to RESA Request for Admissions RFA 2-2 and RFA 2-3

## BEFORE <br> THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

In the Matter of the Motion to Modify the ) Exemption Granted to The East Ohio Gas Company d/b/a Dominion Energy ) Ohio.

Case No. 18-1419-GA-EXM

OHIO PARTNERS FOR AFFORDABLE ENERGY'S RESPONSES TO
THE RETAIL ENERGY SUPPLY ASSOCIATION'S
SECOND SET OF INTERROGATORIES, REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS, AND REQUESTS FOR ADMISSION

October 28, 2019

Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy ("OPAE") herein responds to the Retail Energy Supply Association ("RESA") Second Set of Interrogatories, Requests for Production of Documents, and Requests for Admission. All responses were prepared by OPAE's counsel.

## INTERROGATORIES

INT 2-1. Identify any person OPAE intends to call as a witness in this proceeding. To the extent OPAE claims that it has not made a final determination as to which witnesses OPAE intends to call, please supplement this response as soon as such a determination is made.

RESPONSE:
OPAE will call David C. Rinebolt as a witness in this proceeding.

## REQUESTS FOR ADMISSION

RFA 2-1. Admit that, as of October 2, 2019, OPAE was not aware of any complaints from any of its members regarding the MVR program.

## RESPONSE:

Admit.
RFA 2-2.
Admit that, as of September 12, 2019, OPAE had not conducted any education of its members on competitive retail natural gas service after the issuance of the Commission's June 18, 2008 Order in Case No. 12-1842-GA-EXM.

## RESPONSE:

Admit.

RFA 2-3.
Admit that, as of September 12, 2019, OPAE had not conducted any education of its members about the MVR program.

## RESPONSE:

Admit.

Respectfully submitted,
/s/Colleen L. Mooney
Colleen L. Mooney
Reg. No. 0015668
Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy
P.O. Box 12451

Columbus, OH 43212-2451
Telephone: (614) 488-5739
e-mail: cmooney@opae.org
(electronically subscribed)

EXHIBIT JC-8
TO THE DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JAMES CRIST CASE NO. 18-1419-GA-EXM

OCC Response to RESA Interrogatories INT 1-7

## BEFORE <br> THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

In the Matter of the Motion to Modify the ) Exemption Granted to The East Ohio Gas ) Company d/b/a Dominion Energy Ohio.

Case No. 18-1419-GA-EXM

# OCC'S OBJECTIONS AND RESPONSES TO THE RETAIL ENERGY SUPPLY ASSOCIATION'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES, REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS AND REQUESTS FOR ADMISSIONS 

(October 7, 2019)

The Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel ("OCC"), by and through its counsel, hereby submits its Responses and Objections to the First Set of Interrogatories and Requests for Production of Documents submitted to OCC by the Retail Energy Supply Association ("RESA") in the above-captioned case. OCC's responses to these discovery requests are being provided subject to, and without waiver of, the general objections stated below, and the specific objections posed in response to each interrogatory and request for production of documents. The general objections are hereby incorporated by reference into the individual response made to each discovery request. OCC's responses to these discovery requests are submitted without prejudice to, and without waiving any general objections not expressly set forth therein.

The provisions of any response below shall not waive OCC's objections. The responses below, while based on diligent investigation and reasonable inquiry by OCC and its counsel, reflect only the current state of OCC's knowledge and understanding and belief with respect to the matters about which the discovery requests seek information, based upon the information and discovery to date. OCC's investigation is not yet complete and is continuing as of the date of the responses below. OCC anticipates the possibility that it may discover additional information

Person(s) responsible for responding: OCC's counsel.

INT 1-5. Why does OCC believe that " $[t]$ he number of residential consumers on the Monthly Variable Rate at any point in time may be few" as stated at page 2 of OCC's August 15, 2019 memorandum in support?

RESPONSE: OCC receives monthly aggregate data from one supplier, Dominion Energy Ohio, with the number of residential customers on the monthly variable rate.

Person(s) responsible for responding: OCC's counsel.

INT 1-6. Has OCC communicated to residential consumers that are or were on the Monthly Variable Rate about the Monthly Variable Rate?

RESPONSE: Objection. This interrogatory is overly broad because it does not set a time period regarding any communication. Without waiving OCC's objections, OCC responds as follows: Yes.

Person(s) responsible for responding: OCC's counsel.

INT 1-7. What steps has OCC taken to educate residential consumers about the Monthly Variable Rate?

RESPONSE: OCC has offered general education to the public without targeting specific MVR customers through a variety of means, including but not limited to fact sheets, website information, and, on a limited basis, personal contact with consumers on a limited basis. OCC does not believe it is even feasible for all residential consumers to be reached and adequately educated on the complexities of buying natural gas. Ohioans have many priorities for their time, including family and work, that rise above trying to surmount the steep challenge of understanding and continually monitoring complicated natural gas pricing and contracts. The difficulty of this challenge for consumers is reflected in the Columbia shadow-
billing data where Columbia customers who purchased from natural gas marketers have paid about $\$ 1.6$ billion more than they would have paid under the Columbia's competitively priced Standard Choice Offer rate.

Person(s) responsible for responding: As to objections: OCC's counsel.

EXHIBIT JC-9
TO THE DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JAMES CRIST CASE NO. 18-1419-GA-EXM

OPAE Response to RESA Requests for Production of Documents RPD 1-1 to RPD 1-15

## BEFORE <br> THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

In the Matter of the Motion to Modify the Exemption Granted to The East Ohio Gas Company d/b/a Dominion Energy Ohio.

Case No. 18-1419-GA-EXM
)

# OHIO PARTNERS FOR AFFORDABLE ENERGY'S RESPONSES TO THE RETAIL ENERGY SUPPLY ASSOCIATION'S 

FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES, REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS AND REQUESTS FOR ADMISSIONS

October 2, 2019

Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy ("OPAE") herein responds to the Retail Energy Supply Association's ("RESA") First Set of Interrogatories and Requests for Production of Documents.

## INTERROGATORIES

INT 1-1. Do any members of OPAE take natural gas distribution service from Dominion Energy Ohio as commercial customers?

## RESPONSE:

Yes.

## REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS

RESA requests that Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy produce true and accurate copies of the following documents:

RPD 1-1. Provide all documents in OPAE's possession that relate or refer to any OPAE member complaints regarding the Dominion Energy Ohio MVR program.

RESPONSE:
OPAE has no such documents.

RPD 1-2. Provide all documents in OPAE's possession that relate to or refer to any complaint from a member of the public regarding the Dominion Energy Ohio MVR program.

## RESPONSE:

OPAE has no such documents.

RPD 1-3. Provide any educational materials OPAE or its agents provided since April 1, 2013 to its members regarding competitive retail natural gas service in Ohio.

## RESPONSE:

Not applicable.

RPD 1-4. Provide any educational materials OPAE or its agents provided since April 1,2013 to a member of the public regarding competitive retail natural gas service in Ohio.

## RESPONSE:

Not applicable.

RPD 1-5. Provide all documents produced, created and/or disseminated by OPAE since April 1, 2013 regarding the Dominion Energy Ohio MVR program.

## RESPONSE:

Not applicable.

RPD 1-6. Provide all documents produced, created and/or disseminated by OPAE since January 1, 2017 regarding the Dominion Energy Ohio MVR program.

## RESPONSE:

OPAE has no such documents.

RPD 1-7. Provide any educational materials OPAE or its agents provided since January 1,2017 to its members regarding competitive retail natural gas service in Ohio.

## RESPONSE:

OPAE has no such documents.

RPD 1-8. Provide any educational materials OPAE or its agents provided since January 1, 2017 to a member of the public regarding competitive retail natural gas service in Ohio.

## RESPONSE:

OPAE has no such documents.

RPD 1-9. Provide all documents produced, created and/or disseminated by OPAE since January 1, 2017 regarding the Dominion Energy Ohio MVR program.

## RESPONSE:

OPAE has no such documents.

RPD 1-10. Provide any surveys and results of any surveys conducted by or for OPAE regarding competitive retail natural gas service in Ohio.

## RESPONSE:

OPAE is currently working on a survey and will supplement this response when it is available.

RPD 1-11. Provide any surveys and results of any surveys conducted by or for OPAE regarding the Dominion Energy Ohio MVR program.

## RESPONSE:

OPAE is currently working on a survey and will supplement this response when it is available.

RPD 1-12. Provide all documents evidencing, relating to or referring to communications with the Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel about the Dominion Energy Ohio MVR program on or after January 1, 2017.

## RESPONSE:

OPAE has had no such communications with the Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel.

RPD 1-13. Provide all documents evidencing, relating to or referring to OPAE's belief that price gouging is taking place under the Dominion Energy Ohio MVR program.

## RESPONSE:

Objection. Any such information available to OPAE is in the public record at the Commission's Docketing Division for this proceeding and prior Dominion proceedings.

RPD 1-14. Provide all documents evidencing, relating to or referring to the Dominion Energy Ohio MVR program.

## RESPONSE:

Objection. This request is overly broad. Without waiving this objection, all such documents are in the public record at the Commission's Docketing Division for this proceeding and prior Dominion proceedings.

RPD 1-15. Provide all documents in OPAE's possession and created or received since January 1, 2017 that relate to or refer to any complaint from a member of the public regarding the Dominion Energy Ohio MVR program.

## RESPONSE:

OPAE has no such documents.

EXHIBIT JC-10
TO THE DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JAMES CRIST CASE NO. 18-1419-GA-EXM

DEO Response to RESA Interrogatories INT 1-13

## BEFORE

# THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO 

In the Matter of the Motion to Modify the )<br>Exemption Granted to The East Ohio Gas )<br>Case No. 18-1419-GA-EXM<br>Company d/b/a Dominion Energy Ohio. )

## RESPONSES AND OBJECTIONS TO THE RETAIL ENERGY SUPPLY ASSOCIATION'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES AND REQUESTS FOR THE PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS OF THE EAST OHIO GAS COMPANY D/B/A DOMINION ENERGY OHIO

In accordance with Ohio Adm. Code 4901-1-18, 4901-1-19(A), and 4901-1-20(C), The East Ohio Gas Company d/b/a Dominion Energy Ohio (DEO) hereby provides its responses and objections to the Retail Energy Supply Association's (RESA) First Set of Interrogatories and Requests for Production of Documents, served on September 24, 2019.

## I. GENERAL OBJECTIONS

DEO's responses to the RESA's First Set of Interrogatories and Requests for Production of Documents are subject to the following general objections:

1. DEO objects to the Instructions for Answering to the extent such instructions purport to impose discovery obligations that are inconsistent with or go beyond the Commission's rules for discovery.
2. DEO objects to each request for production to the extent such discovery requests seek the disclosure of information subject to attorney-client privilege or that constitutes attorney work product.
3. DEO objects to each request for production that purports to require a detailed, narrative response. Under applicable Commission rules and the Ohio Rules of Civil Procedure, "[a]n interrogatory seeks an admission or seeks information of major significance in the trial or in the preparation for trial. It does not contemplate an array of details or outlines of evidence, a

INT-1-13. How does Dominion Energy Ohio educate customers about the MVR program?
RESPONSE: DEO objects that this request is vague and undefined, and overbroad and unduly burdensome to answer. Subject to and without waiving these objections, DEO answers as follows:

DEO informs customers regarding its Energy Choice program, including the MVR, through a variety of means, including its tariffs, information provided by customer service agents, bill inserts and mailings, websites (including www.DominionGasChoice.com), and through other generally available information. In addition, DEO also educates customers on its Energy Choice program through advertisements and other public educational initiatives in its service territory. See the Objections and Response to RPD 1-3 for examples of the messaging that DEO has provided to customers on its Energy Choice program.

Answerer: Vicki H. Friscic, Director Regulatory and Pricing, Dominion Energy Ohio

INT-1-14. Has Dominion Energy Ohio provided any data on the MVR program to the Staff of the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio?

RESPONSE: DEO objects that this request is vague and undefined, and overbroad and unduly burdensome to answer. DEO further objects that this request seeks information that is neither relevant to the subject matter of this proceeding nor reasonably calculated to lead to the discovery of admissible evidence. Subject to and without waiving these objections, DEO answers as follows:

See the October 17, 2018 email provided to counsel for all parties on October 2, 2019. In addition, see the accompanying document marked as "RESA INT-1-14

EXHIBIT JC-11
TO THE DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JAMES CRIST CASE NO. 18-1419-GA-EXM

OPAE Response to RESA Interrogatories INT 1-11

## BEFORE <br> THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

In the Matter of the Motion to Modify the Exemption Granted to The East Ohio Gas Company d/b/a Dominion Energy Ohio.

Case No. 18-1419-GA-EXM
)

# OHIO PARTNERS FOR AFFORDABLE ENERGY'S RESPONSES TO THE RETAIL ENERGY SUPPLY ASSOCIATION'S 

FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES, REQUESTS FOR PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS AND REQUESTS FOR ADMISSIONS

October 2, 2019

Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy ("OPAE") herein responds to the Retail Energy Supply Association's ("RESA") First Set of Interrogatories and Requests for Production of Documents.

## INTERROGATORIES

INT 1-1. Do any members of OPAE take natural gas distribution service from Dominion Energy Ohio as commercial customers?

## RESPONSE:

Yes.

INT 1-8. Are any OPAE members currently taking competitive retail natural gas service from a supplier in Dominion Energy Ohio's service territory?

## RESPONSE:

All Dominion distribution customers take competitive retail natural gas from a supplier in Dominion's service territory.

INT 1-9. How many OPAE members are currently taking competitive retail natural gas service from a supplier in the Dominion Energy Ohio service territory?

## RESPONSE:

See response to Interrogatories Nos. 2 and 8.

INT 1-10. Does OPAE receive natural gas distribution service from Dominion Energy Ohio? If so, under what rate class?

## RESPONSE:

No.

INT 1-11. Does OPAE educate its members about competitive retail natural gas service in Ohio?

## RESPONSE:

No, OPAE has not conducted a formal education program on competitive retail natural gas service in Ohio since approximately 2008.

INT 1-12. How does OPAE educate its members about competitive retail natural gas service in Ohio?

## RESPONSE:

Not applicable.

This foregoing document was electronically filed with the Public Utilities

## Commission of Ohio Docketing Information System on

11/15/2019 5:00:33 PM
in

## Case No(s). 18-1419-GA-EXM

Summary: Testimony of James L. Crist, P.E. electronically filed by Mr. Michael J. Settineri on behalf of Retail Energy Supply Association


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ See http://www.occ.ohio.gov/content/mission-vision (accessed October 30, 2019).
    ${ }^{2}$ See http://www.opae.org/ (accessed October 30, 2019).

