BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO
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In the Matter of the 2018 :
Long-Term Forecast Report : Case No. 18-501-EL-FOR of Ohio Power Company and :
Related Matters. :

In the Matter of the :
Application of Ohio Power :
Company for Approval to :
Enter Into Renewable : Case No. 18-1392-EL-RDR
Energy Purchase :
Agreements for Inclusion
in the Renewable :
Generation Rider. :
In the Matter of the :
Application of Ohio Power : Case No. 18-1393-EL-ATA Company for Approval to :
Amend its Tariffs. :

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## PROCEEDINGS

before Ms. Sarah Parrot and Ms. Greta See, Attorney Examiners, at the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, 180 East Broad Street, Room 11-A, Columbus, Ohio, called at 9:10 a.m. on Friday, February 1, 2019.

## VOLUME X

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Friday Morning Session,
February 1, 2019.
EXAMINER PARROT: Let's go on the record.
Good morning, everyone. We are back for
the continuation of the hearing in Case No.
l8-501-EL-FOR, et al. Let's start with brief
appearances and we'll start with the Company and work
our way around the table.
MS. BLEND: Thank you, your Honor. Good
On behalf of Ohio Manufacturers' Association Energy
Group, Kimberly w. Bojko and Brian w. Dressel.
Christen M. Blend and Steven T. Nourse; the law firm
of Ice Miller, by Christopher L. Miller; and the law
firm of Porter Wright Morris \& Arthur, by L. Bradford
Hughes and Eric B. Gallon.

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MS. WHITFIELD: Good morning, your
Honors. On behalf of The Kroger Company, Angie Paul Whitfield and Stephen E. Dutton.

MR. DARR: On behalf of IEU-Ohio, Frank Darr.

MS. LEPPLA: Good morning, your Honors. For the Ohio Environmental Council, Miranda Leppla.

MR. DOVE: For Natural Resources Defense Council, Robert Dove.

MS. GLOVER: For the Retail Energy Supply Association and Direct Energy, Mark Whitt and Rebekah Glover.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you, everyone.
All right. We have several pending pleadings to address this morning.

First, on January 29, 2019, Dr. Dormady filed a motion seeking leave to file a memorandum contra to the joint motion to exclude his testimony, as filed by NRDC and OPAE on January 28, 2019. We find it appropriate under the circumstances to grant Dr. Dormady's motion. Dr. Dormady's memorandum contra to the joint motion is, therefore, accepted for filing and should be regarded as an amicus memorandum.

Next, we will address the joint motion of

NRDC and OPAE to exclude Dr. Dormady's testimony. Following thorough consideration of the pleadings, the joint motion is denied. Although we agree with OCC and others that this Commission is not the proper forum in which to adjudicate alleged ethics violations, this Commission does have authority and broad discretion under R.C. 4901.13 to regulate and conduct its proceedings, including authority to determine whether a witness is qualified to testify. We also note that we have an obligation to take a measured approach in reviewing and deliberating on a motion such as this one, consistent with this Commission's duty to ensure that principles of fundamental fairness and integrity are followed in its proceedings.

Ultimately, we find no basis to exclude Dr. Dormady's testimony upon consideration of his qualifications. We also note that it would be unduly prejudicial to OCC if his testimony were to be excluded at this point in the process.

With respect to the alleged conflict, we note only that if Dr. Dormady testifies on behalf of OCC in these proceedings, he does so at his own election and without any ruling from this Commission on that issue.

Finally, regarding the interlocutory appeal, request for certification, and application for review filed by OCC on January 30, 2019, OCC's request for certification of the appeal to the Commission is denied.

Although OCC asserts that its appeal should be taken immediately to the full Commission, OCC did not attempt to make the showing required under Ohio Administrative Code Rule 4901-1-15(A). Neither did OCC make its case for certification under Ohio Administrative Code Rule 4901-1-15(B).

Although OCC argues that its appeal presents a new or novel question of law, the Commission and its Attorney Examiners have extensive experience in regulating the course of hearings in determining whether a witness is qualified to offer testimony.

As examples, I will point you to the January 2, 1998, Entry in Case No. 97-439-TP-CSS; the November 15, 1988, Entry in Case No. 88-17-GA-GCR; the February 18, 1987, Opinion and Order in Case No. 86-07-EL-EFC; and the July 26, 1978, Opinion and Order in Case No. 76-357-GA-AIT.

Further, although OCC contends that an immediate determination by the Commission is needed
to prevent undue prejudice, OCC made no attempt to demonstrate how that is the case.

As to the merits of OCC's claim that the ruling of the Attorney Examiners was improper, we note -- we note that Ohio Administrative Code 4901-1-12(G) clearly provides that the presiding hearing officer may direct that any motion made at a public hearing be reduced to writing.

All right. At this time $I$ was going to offer OCC the opportunity to call again to the stand Dr. Dormady who I understand is not present today; is that correct, Ms. Grady? Sorry. Ms. Willis.

MS. WILLIS: That's correct. This
morning I received an early morning e-mail from Dr. Dormady indicating that he is not able to make it to the hearing this morning with his apologies. I have attempted, I am attempting to contact Dr. Dormady to find out if he has availability later today as well as we had given availability for the upcoming week for Dr. Dormady, and I will continue to try to communicate with Dr. Dormady to see if those -- if he is still available for next week to be presented for cross-examination.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you for doing that, Ms. Willis.

Anything in response?
MS. BLEND: Your Honor, I just want to
note for the record that Dr. Dormady has been provisionally scheduled for this morning at 9:00 a.m. since Monday of this week.

The Company objects to any delay that's going to be caused as a result of Dr. Dormady's unavailability. It's really not the Company's fault that Dr. Dormady is now unavailable without explanation or unable to make it without explanation. The parties just learned of this development 15 minutes ago this morning. And I think for -- I guess given the circumstances where we are, the Company would move to just exclude Dr. Dormady's testimony based on the fact that he's not here today to testify as previously scheduled.

MS. WILLIS: Your Honor, if I may? I don't know that there's any grounds to exclude a witness because they didn't -- they are unable to show up, especially given the weather conditions this morning, although I don't know that the weather conditions are this specific reason. I will attempt to find out further, but $I$ don't believe there's any grounds to exclude a witness because he was unable to make it.

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I would also say that Dr. Dormady at the -- Friday, when he was supposed to come on, he was present all day long, sat in the lobby all day long, waiting to come on, was then put on and then told to go home because there was a motion with regard to -- an unfounded motion, I may add, with regard to excluding him, so I don't see that there's any grounds. I haven't heard counsel provide any grounds, rule, or precedent that would allow the exclusion of his testimony.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, OMAEG would oppose any motion from the Company. The Company did not move to exclude Mr. Rinebolt's testimony when his plane did not arrive in a timely fashion, and we sat in here for an hour and a half waiting for his arrival.

There have also been other circumstances where expert witnesses were not able to attend. We don't know if there's a health issue. We don't know if there is a medical reason, a family member. We don't know if it's the weather. The weather was very bad outside. I don't think it is unreasonable to give some latitude to an expert witness that is taking their time to come here and give this information to the Commission that he has and to
testify.
I also would note that $I$ agree with
Ms. Willis that he was here on Friday and had we not had the unfounded motion to exclude, he would have already been on the stand. So AEP -- there is no prejudice to AEP; any prejudice is made by them for not opposing that motion at that time as well.

MS. BLEND: Your Honor, I'll just
respond. I don't think the Company's -- you know, Ms. Bojko's comment about the Company's non-opposition to a motion that NRDC made is irrelevant, and I don't appreciate the aspersion she just cast.

I'll note, we believe Dr. Dormady lives in Franklin County, relatively close to downtown. Mr. Kurtz made it from Cincinnati today. Ms. Bojko made it from New Albany. So while I understand the weather is bad, the rest of us were here. This has been scheduled, again, since last Monday. And the grounds for the motion would be the undue delay associated with rescheduling Dr. Dormady for a date in the future. And I'll just leave it at that.

MS. WILLIS: And, your Honor, if I might respond, the undue delay, there is no undue delay. The Company has indicated if it wants to put on
rebuttal testimony, that it will put on that witness next Friday. So we have a whole week here where it's not going to be -- the proceeding is not going to be concluded. It's going to go on. It's just a matter of rescheduling and making sure that he can be fit in next week. I think we have got all week long.

And as I indicated earlier, last week,
Mr. Dormady -- Professor Dormady has availability for this upcoming week. So I don't see that there's any undue delay. We are not ending the hearing today. We are going forward. We're intending to have rebuttal testimony next Friday.

EXAMINER SEE: And confirm for the Bench what days Professor Dormady is available next week.

MS. WILLIS: I have to find that, your Honor. I sent it out to Ms. Blend last week after your Honors asked for his dates of availability. I don't have it offhand. I will try to track my e-mail down.

MS. BLEND: And I will just also note, your Honor, when Ms. Willis sent me Dr. Dormady's availability for next week, it was the afternoon after Attorney Examiner Parrot's scheduling, confirming that he was scheduled for 9 o'clock today. I responded and confirmed for Ms. Willis -- with

Ms. Willis that he was available today. And she had indicated she was simply -- had simply looked for his availability next week because that had been discussed at --

MS. WILLIS: Yes, your Honors had asked for that. That was my understanding, you had asked for his availability for this week and for last -and the next week and that was what $I$ was doing.

EXAMINER PARROT: We have yet to see that.

MS. WILLIS: Yes.
EXAMINER PARROT: If you could send that and provide that now.

MS. WILLIS: I will do that, your Honors.
EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Let's table this issue just for now. Ms. Willis, I am going to ask that you do your best, maybe use your phone --

MS. WILLIS: Your Honors --
EXAMINER PARROT: -- and try to get ahold of Dr. Dormady.

MS. WILLIS: -- Dr. Duann is doing that right as we speak.

EXAMINER PARROT: Very good.
Let's go ahead and discuss the Company's proposal for rebuttal testimony.

MS. BLEND: Your Honor, the Company requests to file rebuttal testimony from Company Witness Kamran Ali on the narrow issue of whether Dr. Ali's generic LMP analysis performed in May 2018 is affected or changes as a result of the specific Highland solar farm project now interconnecting to the Dayton Power \& Light Stuart-Clinton 345 kV line.

Dr. Ali's generic analysis was performed in May 2018. At that time, the planned point of interconnection for the Highland solar farm was the AEP Hillsboro 138 kV substation. Dr. Ali's direct testimony, on cross, explained that while Dr. Ali's testimony and analysis were generic in nature, AEP's transmission started with three known projects so that the inputs that they used in their modeling was more accurate for Ohio or for the parts of the areas in Ohio where these projects were expected to be built.

In October of 2018, after Mr. Ali's
testimony, generic testimony, and analysis was filed, the interconnection point changed with PJM to interconnect to Dayton Power \& Light. The Company did not see a need to update or supplement Dr. -Mr. Ali's testimony because Mr. Ali's LMP analysis was and has been intended to be generic in nature.

But because Intervenor counsel has raised on cross-examination and argues that Dr. -- Mr. Ali's generic LMP analysis is flawed because it didn't model the specific characterization of the Highland solar farm project, including the fact that it's now interconnecting to Dayton Power \& Light, the Company would request the opportunity to file very limited rebuttal testimony looking -- that reruns the LMP analysis based on the current $P$ JM interconnection to The Dayton Power and Light Company's Stuart-Clinton line.

And the Company would be prepared to file that testimony by close of business today. The Company would serve Mr. Ali's confidential workpapers to counsel for all parties who have signed protective agreements today. And we ask that Mr. Ali be scheduled for hearing, regarding his very narrow rebuttal testimony, next Friday, February 8.

The Company would also reserve the right to seek additional rebuttal testimony to respond to any issues that Dr. Dormady would raise if Dr. Dormady -- given the fact that Dr. Dormady is now going to be testifying after we're discussing rebuttal. Thank you.

MR. DARR: If I may?

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EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Darr.
MR. DARR: Thank you, your Honor.
There are two questions raised by the motion presented by AEP seeking to offer the rebuttal testimony to buttress their study prepared by Dr. Ali. First, is it proper rebuttal testimony? The answer to that question is no. And I will go into the details of that here in a moment. The second is whether it would be proper to reopen the record for purposes of allowing AEP to go forward and buttress its direct case. And the answer to that, on equitable grounds, is no as well.

Turning to the first issue. Is this proper rebuttal testimony? Rebuttal testimony addresses an issue raised by an adversary as part of its direct case, the adversary's case. It is not responsive to an issue that comes up -- it is not proper to address rebuttal testimony issues that have been raised with regard to the direct case as presented by the -- by the proponent.

The description that you have here today from AEP is cross-examination resulted in an identification of a problem with the initial study, the direct case. It did not arise as a result of testimony presented by the adversary. Therefore,
responding to that testimony is, in effect, presenting evidence that should have been or could have been presented as part of the direct case. That is not proper rebuttal testimony by any stretch of the imagination.

Now, the second question is whether or not it would be proper to reopen in this circumstance. To reopen the case, AEP has to demonstrate that it is now in possession of information that it was not in possession of when it presented its direct case. By Ms. Blend's own admission, that is not the situation here. It was -it became aware of the problem with its transmission study at least, or should have become aware at least by October. But I would present to the Bench that, in fact, AEP was well aware that the transmission assumptions in this study were wrong, or should have been aware as early as December of 2017.

How do we know that? Because the bid documents associated with this project and which are summarized in discovery presented by -- provided by AEP to the parties in the related case show that as of December 2017, the Stuart station on the DP\&L system was already identified as the interconnection point. And, in fact, AEP was in possession of that
information. That is confirmed by the fact that back as -- as early as December 2017, PJM, itself, had identified this particular project, the solar project at Highland, and had identified it as being an interconnection by DP\&L and specifically at the Stuart interconnect. That is then confirmed repeatedly in the PJM documents as well.

On both grounds, then, on the first ground, is this proper rebuttal testimony? The answer to that is clearly no. They are not responding to an issue that's been raised by a party through its direct case and, in that regard, it is improper rebuttal testimony. And it is improper to reopen, if under these circumstances, because AEP went forward with its direct case fully knowing that the interconnection point was at the wrong spot. If there was a risk with doing that, that was a risk it assumed. And we should not be burdened with rebuttal testimony on this supposedly narrow issue, or allegedly narrow issue, because AEP elected to go forward on information that is inaccurate.

On that basis, we would request that the -- we request that the motion to seek rebuttal testimony be denied.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, OMAEG supports

Mr. Darr's opposition to the motion for rebuttal testimony for the reasons that he stated, but I would like to address a misstatement by Ms. Blend.

Ms. Blend, in her opening remarks for the motion, stated that they did not learn or there was some kind of change after the filing of Mr. Ali's testimony and that is an incorrect statement, and in addition to what Mr. Darr stated, I wanted to add further timeline to -- to this to further flesh out what has happened in this case.

In February 2017, DP\&L was listed as the secondary interconnection point for Hecate for the solar facility at issue in this case. In October and November of 2017, there was discussion at PJM about the interconnection change and that is documented, and the utility, at that time, would have and should have known. And then in December of 2017, the bid documents as Mr. Darr explained. And then on September 13, 2018, prior to the filing of Mr. Ali's testimony, PJM updated its interconnection points and Hecate was specifically listed as a DP\&L project. That was six days prior to Mr. Ali's testimony being filed. Then Mr. Ali's testimony was filed on September 19. And then on October 9, the Application of Hecate was filed at the Ohio Power Siting Board in
order to memorialize that the DP\&L is actually the interconnection point.

So at this point, from October 9 until the beginning of the hearing, the Company had an opportunity to update its testimony just as any other witness can come on the stand and make corrections or update the testimony and as typical practice before the Commission.

The Company chose not to do that, and they, in fact, did rely on a study even though -- you know, over the objections of the Intervenors, they were allowed to rely on the study and use the study to demonstrate the economic benefits related to the location of the solar facility.

A witness is responsible for his
testimony. Just because a witness may not have known of a change or claims to not have known of a change or didn't think it was important enough, per

Ms. Blend, to make a change, Intervenors have a right to question the witness's testimony. They have a right to bring in evidence that challenges the testimony. They have a right to bring in evidence that impeaches a witness's studies, a witness's character, a witness's analysis; this is exactly what the Intervenors did. They brought in evidence that
questioned the validity of the testimony, questioned the results and the credibility of the testimony on cross-examination.

This is proper cross-examination. It does not give rise to the level of rebuttal testimony. It is not something that was a change that they did not know or learn until the cross-examination.

As Mr. Darr stated, for all the rules that he stated, this is not proper rebuttal testimony and we should not allow this type of testimony to correct an error the Company made in relying on a faulty study when they had time to do so during their direct presentation. Thank you.

MS. BLEND: If I could respond briefly, your Honor?

With respect to, first, to the point that this would not be proper rebuttal testimony, I think it is unfair and somewhat a matter of semantics to say that because Intervenors chose as -- as a strategic decision to address this issue or raise evidence regarding this issue through cross-examination as opposed to through affirmative witness testimony, that should foreclose the Company's opportunity to respond to the issue on
rebuttal.
This issue -- the fact of the matter is, the supposed evidence calling into question Mr. Ali's generic LMP analysis was raised for the first time by Intervenors' counsel at the hearing in an attempt to undermine the benefits associated with the LMP analysis performed. This testimony -- rebuttal testimony would properly respond to that evidence introduced at the hearing, and it demonstrates and confirms the LMP analysis is unaffected.

I think the reason that Intervenor counsel is pushing back against the Company's narrow rebuttal testimony request here is because the evidence would show and confirm that Mr. Ali's generic analysis is unaffected by the change in the interconnection point.

I'll also note that it's in the interest of the Commission, in making its decision in this case, to have a full and accurate record before it. And we believe that enabling this limited rebuttal testimony from Mr. Ali would facilitate that.

With respect to the quote-unquote equitable argument, $I$ disagree with the characterization of there being a problem with the Company's direct case or with Mr. Ali's generic
testimony. Again, the Company stands by that testimony. The testimony was intended to be generic in nature and to model the impacts to -- of 650 megawatts of solar and wind interconnecting.

The Company was not anticipating, didn't have reason to believe that specific project characteristics would be utilized on cross-examination, over objection of the Company's counsel, to try to undermine that generic analysis; and so it's fair and it would enhance the -- lend to the development of a complete and accurate record to allow the Company to respond to those characterizations and that cross-examination through rebuttal testimony.

MR. DARR: Briefly, your Honor -- I'm sorry.

MS. BLEND: I have one more thing. The only other point that I'll make is the only testimony, the testimony on this issue right now is that the DP\&L -- if there were congestion between the AEP zone and DP\&L zone, that could impact the analysis, that was on cross-examination, and that the DP\&L zone is distinct from the AEP zone.

So to the extent that Intervenors are going to argue on brief that there is congestion
between the AEP and the DP\&L zone that affects the analysis, without any -- I think it's fair for the Company to have the opportunity to put into the record the evidence that shows otherwise. Thank you.

MR. DARR: Thank you, your Honor. I hope the irony is not lost on anyone else, but when AEP complains about semantics on the definition of whether or not we are dealing with rebuttal, I remind them that they are the ones seeking to redefine need in a way that apparently is broader than what might be implied by the statute.

But leaving that aside, rebuttal is a defined term. Rebuttal is evidence that answers something that's been presented by the adversary. In this case, clearly, that's not what's happening here. What is happening here is that AEP is seeking to reopen the record and correct a mistake it made in its direct case. The documents -- apparently we don't have any disagreement at this point that the documents that AEP provided as part of its discovery demonstrate that it was on notice in December of 2017 that there was a problem. They then elected, after apparently it knew in October of 2018 that the connection point was different, to go forward with testimony in January of 2019. That election blew up
on them.
Mr. Collier asked the key question, after asking a series of questions about how the modeling was done on the transmission study, do you have the right interconnect point? That's basically what it amounted to. And the answer was no.

That's a problem that AEP took on. And we should not be required to have to respond to that at this late stage of the game when AEP made that election.

MS. BLEND: Your Honor, if I may, I have two very, very brief responses to Mr. Darr.

EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead.
MS. BLEND: The first is that rebuttal testimony is not a defined term. The Commission has confirmed, as recently as its April 2, 2015, Order in Duke's ESP, Case No. 14-841-EL-SSO, affirming, over OCC's argument on brief, the Attorney Examiner's decision allowing Duke to file rebuttal testimony that "there is no certain rule as to when rebuttal testimony may or may not be presented. It depends on the circumstances in the given proceeding and it's within the discretion of the Attorney Examiner." So I wanted to just briefly address that issue.

And then with respect to the timing
issue, your Honor, I also just want to point out that the Company's decision-making and the Company's understanding of what the scope of this phase of the proceeding would be, in that it was to be generic in nature and not project-specific, was informed by the October 22, 2018, procedural entry issued in the case that confirmed that issues related to the specific projects would be handled in the Phase II hearing.

So I just wanted to raise those two very brief points. Thank you.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, may I first respond to just a case citation for the Bench's consideration? There actually is a Suburban versus Columbia Gas case, I'm trying to get -- the number is 17-2168, where the Bench ruled that rebuttal was not appropriate and went through an analysis that $I$ would ask the Bench to consider at that time -- at this time, in response to the Duke Order that Ms. Blend just referenced. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Anything else?
MR. OLIKER: Your Honor, if I may be heard just briefly. If we are talking about discretion of the Attorney Examiners, keep in mind if you grant rebuttal in this instance, you encourage or set precedent that any time the Company screws up
their initial case and somebody points it out in cross, they are going to just go back and try to fix it in some type of rebuttal testimony. I don't think it's a very good precedent for purposes of developing the record and the type of behavior that it would encourage in Commission proceedings.

EXAMINER PARROT: And to the point that the Commission is interested in a full and accurate record in being able to render its decision in this case, what would you all say?

MS. BOJKO: I think the Commission has a full and accurate record, and the point of where the connect -- disconnection is does not give the Company the right to go back and rerun an analysis that we then have to address and recross the witness on based on their error in their original case.

It's -- that's the whole point of cross-examination is to impeach a witness, to discredit a witness, to point out flaws in surveys, analyses. That's the whole point of cross. The Intervenors don't have an opportunity to go back and do any kind of rebuttal in order to bolster or correct errors in their testimony.

EXAMINER PARROT: And they don't have the burden of proof in this case either.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, this is -- this is an error that was known and should have been known. It wasn't a change. It is something that was known and should have been known. That is the distinction and that's where the rebuttal lies.

And in the Columbia -- Suburban versus Columbia case, the Examiners in there say that the party with the burden has no right to rebuttal, and the Commission and the Attorney Examiners can decide if it's necessary, given the evidence that was produced before them. They said, in that case, there is no right to rebuttal for the person with the burden.

EXAMINER PARROT: We are just going to take a short recess, consider the citations.

MS. BLEND: Could I possibly just make one final point? I just want to disagree again with the characterization of the Company's direct testimony of Dr. -- Mr. Ali and the rebuttal is correcting an error. As I thought I made clear at the outset, and I want to make clear so you understand, Dr. -- Mr. Ali's rebuttal testimony would have confirmed that his original analysis was correct in response to the -- the evidence that Intervenors put on trying to undermine that regarding the change
in the point of interconnection for this specific project. Thank you.

EXAMINER SEE: And before we go off the record, you want to say something?

MS. WILLIS: I do have an update, your
Honor. Dr. Dormady was sick this morning and is not expected to be well later today nor Monday. But his availability, and I've just about got that confirmed, his availability would be for Wednesday, wide open, and Friday after 1:30 p.m. open as my understanding. It will be confirmed within minutes if that availability that we indicated earlier is still holding true. Thank you.

MS. BOJKO: Your Honor, if you are
considering that when you leave, I just wanted to bring to the Bench's attention, which I am sure you are well aware, many of us will be in the FirstEnergy hearing at least probably Monday through Wednesday is what the schedule is right now.

EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Short
recess.
(Recess taken.)
EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Let's go back on the record.

With respect to whether or not the

Company should be permitted to file rebuttal testimony in these proceedings, we would note that the Examiners do have discretion as to whether or not it's proper to allow rebuttal testimony in a given case and, under the circumstances of this one, in the interest of ensuring the Commission has a full and accurate record on which to base its decision, we are going to allow the Company to file the rebuttal testimony of Mr. Ali.

Ms. Blend, I guess if you are prepared to file that today, that's perfectly acceptable to the Bench.

MS. BLEND: Thank you, your Honor. The Company will begin to file Mr. Ali's rebuttal testimony at the close of business today, and we will also serve his rebuttal workpapers, which are confidential, to counsel for all parties who have executed protective agreements today, and the Company would request that we schedule rebuttal -- hearing regarding rebuttal testimony for Friday, February 8. EXAMINER PARROT: Which brings me to my next issue which is Dr. Dormady's testimony. We are going to deny the request to exclude his testimony given that he is apparently ill. We've coordinated with other Examiners that are involved in other cases
going on next week, and in light of his availability, we are going to ask that he appear at 1:30 on Friday next week, February 8, in Room 11-A.

With that, Ms. Blend, I guess we were thinking that if Mr. Ali is available perhaps on Monday or Tuesday the following week.

MS. BLEND: I have his availability for that week, your Honor. Give me one moment. I apologize.

MR. KURTZ: Can we go off the record? Can we go off the record?

EXAMINER PARROT: Yes.
(Discussion off the record.)
EXAMINER PARROT: Let's go back on the record.

We have agreed on a schedule.
Dr. Dormady is going to appear on Wednesday, February 6, at 2:00 p.m. We are going to ask that he be there and, if he's not, let us know as soon as you know, Ms. Willis.

MS. WILLIS: I will, your Honor.
EXAMINER PARROT: And then we will
reconvene Friday, February 8, at 9:00 a.m. for the Company's rebuttal testimony and specifically the rebuttal testimony of Mr . Ali. And we'll let you

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## 2/11/2019 8:50:12 AM

in

## Case No(s). 18-0501-EL-FOR, 18-1392-EL-RDR, 18-1393-EL-ATA

Summary: Transcript in the matter of the Long-Term Forecast Report of the Ohio Power Company hearing held on 02/01/19 - Volume X electronically filed by Mr. Ken Spencer on behalf of Armstrong \& Okey, Inc. and Gibson, Karen Sue Mrs.

