BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

- - -

In the Matter of the 2018 :

Long-Term Forecast Report : Case No. 18-501-EL-FOR

of Ohio Power Company and : Related Matters. :

In the Matter of the :
Application of Ohio Power :
Company for Approval to :

Enter Into Renewable : Case No. 18-1392-EL-RDR

Energy Purchase :
Agreements for Inclusion :
in the Renewable :
Generation Rider. :

In the Matter of the :

Application of Ohio Power: Case No. 18-1393-EL-ATA

Company for Approval to : Amend its Tariffs. :

DDAGEEDING

PROCEEDINGS

before Ms. Sarah Parrot and Ms. Greta See, Attorney Examiners, and Commissioners Lawrence K. Friedeman and Thomas W. Johnson, at the Public Utilities

Commission of Ohio, 180 East Broad Street, Rooms 11-A and 11-B, Columbus, Ohio, called at 10:09 a.m. on

Tuesday, December 4, 2018.

ARMSTRONG & OKEY, INC.
222 East Town Street, Second Floor
Columbus, Ohio 43215-5201
(614) 224-9481 - (800) 223-9481

- - -

2 1 APPEARANCES: 2 American Electric Power Service Corporation By Mr. Steven T. Nourse 3 and Ms. Christen M. Blend 1 Riverside Plaza, 29th Floor 4 Columbus, Ohio 43215 5 Ice Miller, LLP By Mr. Christopher L. Miller 6 and Mr. Jason M. Rafeld 250 West Street, Suite 700 7 Columbus, Ohio 43215 Porter Wright Morris & Arthur, LLP 8 By Mr. Eric B. Gallon 9 and Mr. L. Bradfield Hughes 41 South High Street, 29th Floor 10 Columbus, Ohio 43215 11 On behalf of Ohio Power Company. 12 Mike DeWine, Ohio Attorney General By Mr. Thomas W. McNamee, 13 Principal Assistant Attorney General Public Utilities 14 30 East Broad Street, 16th Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215 15 On behalf of the Staff of the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio. 16 17 McNees Wallace & Nurick, LLC By Mr. Frank P. Darr 18 Fifth Third Center, Suite 1700 21 East State Street 19 Columbus, Ohio 43215 20 On behalf of Industrial Energy Users-Ohio. 21 Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy 22 By Mr. Christopher J. Allwein and Ms. Colleen Mooney 23 P.O. Box 12451 Columbus, Ohio 43215 2.4 On behalf of Ohio Partners for Affordable 25 Energy.

```
3
 1
     APPEARANCES: (Continued)
 2.
            Carpenter Lipps & Leland LLP
            By Ms. Kimberly W. Bojko
            and Mr. Brian W. Dressel
 3
            280 North High Street, Suite 1300
 4
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
 5
                 On behalf of Ohio Manufacturers'
                 Association Energy Group.
 6
            IGS Energy and IGS Solar, LLC.
 7
            By Mr. Joseph Oliker
            and Mr. Michael Nugent
 8
            6100 Emerald Parkway
            Dublin, Ohio 43016
 9
                 On behalf of IGS Energy and IGS Solar,
10
                 LLC.
            Bruce J. Weston, Ohio Consumers' Counsel
11
            Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel
12
            By Ms. Maureen R. Willis,
            Mr. William J. Michael,
13
            and Mr. Christopher Healey
            Assistant Consumers' Counsel
            65 East Street, 7th Floor
14
            Columbus, Ohio 43215-4313
15
                 On behalf of Residential Utility
16
                 Consumers of Ohio Power Company.
17
            Carpenter Lipps & Leland LLP
            By Ms. Angela Paul Whitfield
18
            280 North High Street, Suite 1300
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
19
                 On behalf of The Kroger Company.
20
            Ohio Environmental Council
21
            By Ms. Miranda Leppla
            1145 Chesapeake Avenue, Suite I
22
            Columbus, Ohio 43212
                 On behalf of the Ohio Environmental
23
                 Council.
2.4
25
```

```
4
 1
     APPEARANCES: (Continued)
 2.
            Kegler, Brown, Hill & Ritter, LPA
            By Mr. Robert Dove
 3
            Capitol Square, Suite 1800
            65 East State Street
            Columbus, Ohio 43215-4294
 4
 5
                 On behalf of the Natural Resources
                 Defense Council.
 6
            Whitt Sturtevant, LLP
 7
            By Mr. Mark A. Whitt
            and Ms. Rebekah J. Glover
 8
            The KeyBank Building, Suite 1590
            88 East Broad Street
 9
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
                 On behalf of Direct Energy, LP. and
10
                 Retail Energy Supply Association.
11
            Benesch, Friedlander, Coplan & Aronoff, LLP
12
            By Mr. John F. Stock
            and Ms. Orla E. Collier
13
            41 South High Street, 26th Floor
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
14
                 On behalf of the Ohio Coal Association.
15
            Dickinson Wright, PLLC
16
            By Ms. Christine M.T. Pirik,
            Mr. Terrence O'Donnell,
            Mr. William V. Vorys,
17
            and Ms. Cristina N. Luse
18
            150 East Gay Street, Suite 2400
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
19
                 On behalf of Mid-Atlantic Renewable
                 Energy Coalition.
20
21
            Kravitz, Brown & Dortch, LLC
            By Mr. Michael D. Dortch
22
            and Mr. Justin M. Dortch
            65 East State Street, Suite 200
23
            Columbus, Ohio 43215
24
                 On behalf of Calpine Retail Holdings,
                 LLC.
25
```

```
5
 1
     APPEARANCES: (Continued)
 2
            Vorys, Sater, Seymour & Pease, LLP
            By Mr. Michael J. Settineri
 3
            and Ms. Gretchen L. Petrucci
            52 East Gay Street
 4
            Columbus, Ohio 43216
                 On behalf of PJM Power Providers Group
 5
                 and the Electric Power Supply
 6
                 Association.
 7
 8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

			6
1	INDEX		
2			
3	WITNESSES	PAGE	
4	Eddie Smith	18	
5	Lee Blackburn	21	
6	Scott R. Stevenson	22	
7	Bradley Holmes	23	
8	David Cruz	26	
9	Frida Etchell	27	
10	S. Mercy Hamerly	28	
11	Benjamin J. Cross	30	
12	Robert McCollister	32	
13	David Greene	35	
14	Debbie Phillips	37	
15	Charles Lynd	41	
16	Tony Logan	44	
17	Mary Counter	46	
18	David Palmer	47	
19	Randi Pokladnik, Ph.D.	49	
20	Nicholas Moore	53	
21	Trampas Puckett	56	
22	Tim Wagner	59	
23	Will Koehler	60	
24	Stacie Hutton	62	
25	Brian Damant	66	

Armstrong & Okey, Inc., Columbus, Ohio (614) 224-9481

		7	
1	INDEX (Continued)		
2			
3	WITNESSES	PAGE	
4	Alan Stockmeister	67	
5	Mark Johnson	70	
6	John Molinaro	75	
7	Randy Drewyor	78	
8	Bill Paolillo	80	
9	Patricia Marida	82	
10	Dan Shirey	86	
11	Ned Ford	87	
12	Kaniz Siddiqui	92	
13	Kelsey Starr	93	
14	Steven Heyman	96	
15	Jerry Duke	97	
16	Sister Barbara Kane, OP	98	
17	Rachael Belz	100	
18	Michael Wathen	104	
19	Guy Neshon	105	
20	Jeff Sunday	107	
21	Catherine Hope-Cunningham	111	
22	Michael Campbell	113	
23	Jim Hartman	116	
24	Darin Hadinger	117	
25	Kathy McGlone	120	

Armstrong & Okey, Inc., Columbus, Ohio (614) 224-9481

			8
1	INDEX (Continued)		
2			
3	WITNESSES	PAGE	
4	Michael Steere	121	
5	Anastazia Vanisko	124	
6	Sarah Savron	127	
7	Laurel Hobden	130	
8	Cathy Cowan Becker	132	
9	Robin Craft	136	
10	Chelsea Miller	138	
11	Carolyn Harding	140	
12	John McDermott	141	
13	Tim Kreps	148	
14	Cathy Cowan Becker (Continued)	150	
15	Aaron Jones	151	
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			

Tuesday Morning Session,
December 4, 2018.

2.1

_ _ _

EXAMINER PARROT: The Public Utilities

Commission of Ohio has called for hearing, at this

time and place, Case No. 18-501-EL-FOR which is

captioned "In the Matter of the 2018 Long-Term

Forecast Report of Ohio Power Company and Related

Matters"; Case No. 18-1392-EL-RDR, captioned "In the

Matter of the Application of Ohio Power Company for

Approval to Enter into Renewable Energy Purchase

Agreements for Inclusion in the Renewable Generation

Rider"; and Case No. 18-1393-EL-ATA, captioned "In

the Matter of the Application of Ohio Power Company

for Approval to Amend its Tariffs."

Good morning, everyone. My name is Sarah Parrot, with me today is Greta See. We are the Attorney Examiners assigned by the Commission to hear these cases. Also with us, today, is Commissioner Larry Friedeman.

COMMISSIONER FRIEDEMAN: I just want to take a moment to thank you all for showing up today. I never thought the term "standing room only" would be used in conjunction with a PUCO public hearing, but I guess there's a first for everything. I'm

really gratified by your involvement in the process. Thank you for that. And I, for one, look forward to hearing all of your comments. So, once again, welcome and thank you.

2.1

EXAMINER PARROT: We also have with us today, Commission personnel from the Commission's Public Affairs, and Service Monitoring and Enforcement Departments, and they are here to assist members of the general public. I believe we have Kim Norris and Jill Kocher from Public Affairs, as well as Maureen Harbolt from the SMED Department. These individuals are available to address procedural questions about these cases or questions concerning general utilities matters.

At this time, I would like to take appearances on behalf of the parties, and we will start with Ohio Power Company.

MR. NOURSE: Thank you, Your Honor. On behalf of Ohio Power Company, Steven T. Nourse and Christen M. Blend, 1 Riverside Plaza, Columbus, Ohio 43215; with the law firm of Ice Miller, Christopher Miller and Jason Rafeld, 250 West Street, Suite 700, Columbus, Ohio 43215; with the law firm of Porter Wright Morris & Arthur, Brad Hughes and Eric Gallon, 41 South High Street, 29th Floor, Columbus, Ohio

43215.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

13

17

25

I'd also like to mention, we have

Customer Service Representatives here, Your Honor, if

any -- if anyone has questions about their bills or

any other customer-service issues that don't relate

to this matter, we've got people here, we're happy to

try to help with that. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you, Mr. Nourse.

On behalf of the Commission staff.

MR. McNAMEE: Thank you, Your Honor. On

11 behalf of the Commission Staff of the Public

12 Utilities Commission of Ohio, I'm Thomas McNamee.

The address is 30 East Broad Street, 16th Floor,

14 Columbus, Ohio 43215. And I will step to the back to

15 get out of the way here.

16 EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you, Mr. McNamee.

Ohio Energy Group.

18 Industrial Energy Users-Ohio.

19 MR. DARR: On behalf of Industrial Energy

20 Users-Ohio, the law firm McNees Wallace & Nurick, 21

21 | East State Street, 17th Floor, Columbus, Ohio.

22 | Appearing on behalf of the firm is Frank Darr,

23 D-a-r-r.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you, Mr. Darr.

Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy.

1 MR. ALLWEIN: Good morning, Your Honors, 2 Commissioner Friedeman, members of the public, Staff. On behalf of Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy, 3 Christopher Allwein, A-1-1-w-e-i-n, and Colleen 4 5 Mooney, 65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215. 6 EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you. 7 Sierra Club. 8 Ohio Manufacturers' Association Energy 9 Group 10 MS. BOJKO: Thank you, Your Honor. 11 behalf of the Ohio Manufacturers' Association Energy 12 Group, Kimberly W. Bojko and Brian W. Dressel, with 13 the law firm of Carpenter Lipps & Leeland, 280 North High Street, Suite 1300, Columbus, Ohio 43215. 14 EXAMINER PARROT: Interstate Gas Supply 15 16 and IGS Solar. 17 MR. OLIKER: Good morning, Your Honors. 18 On behalf of IGS Energy and IGS Solar, LLC, Joseph 19 Oliker and Michael Nugent, 6100 Emerald Parkway, 20 Dublin, Ohio 43016. 2.1 EXAMINER PARROT: Ohio Consumers' 22 Counsel. 23 Thank you, Your Honor. MS. WILLIS: 24 behalf of the residential customers of Ohio Power 25 Company, Bruce J. Weston, Consumers' Counsel, by

```
Maureen R. Willis, William Michael, and Christopher
 1
     Healey, 65 East State Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.
 2
 3
                 EXAMINER PARROT: The Kroger Company.
                 MS. WHITFIELD: Good morning, Your
 4
 5
     Honors. On behalf of The Kroger Company, Angie Paul
 6
     Whitfield with the law firm of Carpenter Lipps &
 7
     Leland, 280 North High Street, Suite 1300, Columbus,
     Ohio 43215.
 8
 9
                 EXAMINER PARROT: Ohio Environmental
10
     Council.
11
                 MS. LEPPLA: Good morning, Your Honors,
12
     and Commissioner Friedeman. Miranda Leppla, 1145
13
     Chesapeake Avenue, Suite I, Columbus, Ohio 43215.
14
                 EXAMINER PARROT: Natural Resources
15
     Defense Council.
16
                 MR. DOVE: Good morning, Your Honors.
17
     Robert Dove, on behalf of NRDC, with the law firm of
18
     Kegler Brown Hill & Ritter, 65 East State Street,
19
     Suite 1800, Columbus, Ohio 43215. And NRDC would
20
     like to thank all of the members of the public who
2.1
     came out today.
22
                 EXAMINER PARROT: Direct Energy.
23
                 MS. GLOVER: Thank you, Your Honor.
                                                      On
24
    behalf of Direct Energy and the Retail Energy Supply
25
     Association, Mark Whitt and Rebekah Glover of the law
```

firm of Whitt Sturtevant, 88 East Broad Street, Suite
1590, Columbus, Ohio.

EXAMINER PARROT: Ohio Coal Association.

MR. STOCK: Thank you, Your Honor. On behalf the Ohio Coal Association, the law firm of Benesch, Friedlander, Coplan & Aronoff, by Orla Collier and John Stock, 41 South High Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

EXAMINER PARROT: Retail Energy Supply Association was Ms. Glover.

One Energy Enterprises.

Ohio Hospital Association.

Mid-Atlantic Renewable Energy Coalition.

MR. O'DONNELL: Good morning, Your

15 Honors. On behalf of Mid-Atlantic Renewable Energy

16 Coalition, the law firm of Dickinson Wright, Terrence

17 O'Donnell, Christine Pirik, and Christina Luse,

18 L-u-s-e; and Dickinson Wright is at 150 East Gay

19 Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

20 EXAMINER PARROT: Calpine Retail

21 Holdings.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

MR. J. DORTCH: Good morning, Your

Honors. On behalf of Calpine Retail Holdings, LLC,

Justin Dortch and Michael Dortch of the law firm

25 Kravitz, Brown & Dortch, LLC, 65 East State Street,

Suite 200, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

2.1

EXAMINER PARROT: PJM Power Providers

Group and Electric Power Supply Association.

MR. SETTINERI: Good morning, Your Honor. On behalf of PJM Power Providers Group and Electric Power Supply Association, Mike Settineri and Gretchen Petrucci, with the law firm of Vorys, Sater, Seymour and Pease, 52 East Gay Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you.

Did I miss anyone that is here today on behalf of a party to the case?

All right. A little bit about what brought us all here today.

On April 16, 2018, Ohio Power Company filed its Long-Term Forecast Report for 2018 in Case No. 18-501-EL-FOR. The Company amended the report on September 19, 2018, with information intended to demonstrate the need for at least 900 megawatts of renewable energy projects in the state of Ohio.

On September 27th, 2018, in Case

No. 18-1392-ELR-DR and Case No. 18-1393-EL-ATA, Ohio

Power Company filed an application seeking approval

of the inclusion of two solar energy resources

totaling 400 megawatts of nameplate capacity in the

Company's Renewable Generation Rider, as well as

approval to establish a new Green Power Tariff under which customers may purchase renewable energy certificates for the solar energy resources' environmental attributes.

2.1

Pursuant to an entry issued on November 13, 2018, today's hearing in these consolidated cases has been called to permit interested members of the public to offer comments on Ohio Power Company's proposals.

Following the conclusion of the public testimony, the hearing will then be continued to January 15, 2019, at 10:00 a.m., here at the offices of the Commission. At that time, Ohio Power Company, the Commission Staff, and the Intervenors in these cases will provide testimony and other evidence regarding the Company's Long-Term Forecast Report as amended.

Today's hearing, as I'm sure you've noticed, is being transcribed by a court reporter.

If you plan to testify, please speak clearly so that the court reporter can accurately reflect your comments on the record. Also, if you have prepared a written statement, it would be helpful to provide that copy to the court reporter.

When you arrived, you were offered the

opportunity to sign up to testify. After I finish with this introduction, I will begin calling the witnesses forward that have signed the sign-up sheet. I will ask each witness to come up to the podium and face the court reporter. Before you give your comments, I will ask you to state your name and address. I will also ask you to take an oath or affirmation that what you're about to say is the truth. Your testimony will then be considered part of the official record in these cases and it will be reviewed by the Commission before a final decision is made.

2.1

If you decide that you do not wish to testify when I call your name, simply pass to the next witness. Also, once you finish testifying, or if you're merely here to observe today, feel free to leave at any time you wish.

The Commission appreciates your participation in today's hearing and we want everyone who wishes to make a public statement to have the opportunity to do so. We ask that you please be considerate of others waiting to testify and keep your statements to a reasonable period of time.

At this time, I'm going to begin calling witnesses forward, and our first witness is Eddie

Smith.

2.1

2 | Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Please state your name and record -- your name and address for the record, and proceed.

7 | - -

EDDIE SMITH

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. SMITH: My name is Eddie Smith,

E-d-d-i-e S-m-i-t-h. I live at 109 Main Street in

The Plains, Ohio.

Thank you, Your Honors, and good morning to Commissioner Friedeman and members of the PUCO Staff.

My name is Eddie Smith. I'm a Township
Trustee, elected in Athens Township in Athens County,
Ohio. I'm not here today to speak on behalf of the
board or any action or position the board has taken,
but I am here today to speak as an elected official
in my community, who represents many of the values of
the voters in my community.

What I have to say today is really

simple. I want to highlight that consumers in Ohio, particularly in my community, want renewable energy and they are willing to pay more for it. Rational consumers are not only concerned about prices; rational consumers are also concerned about how their consumption today affects their consumption in the future.

2.1

Junk food is a really great example of this. Junk food is cheap and tasty, but if it's all you consume, then you won't live very long and your consumption will end sooner than you'd like it to.

Energy is really no different. An economy consuming a diet rich in junky fossil fuel and cheap resources, won't be able to consume very long. And sure, we can attach renewable energy credits, RECs, to fossil fuel energy and title that energy as "renewable" because there is an offsetting or equivalent amount of energy coming into the grid somewhere else, but there's some big policy problems with this. RECs only hold economic value because RECs represent the avoided carbon emissions from displaced marginal generation units on the RTO's dispatch curve.

But when wind RECs are generated at night at the same time that locational marginal prices,

LMPs, are negative, and the grid is incentivizing more load, not less, then we really have a problem here because we're not really avoiding any emissions and that means that those RECs really don't hold any underlying economic value.

2.1

In fact, like junk bonds or junk food, those can be called junk RECs because the value of the underlying for that asset is really nonexistent, and transferring those types of RECs to fossil fuel energy is a little like eating Doritos off of -- hell, off of fine china and calling it a nutritious dinner.

So, in conclusion, I want to restate that, in my opinion, the most important consumer interest fact of the day here today is that consumers have expressed their consumer interest and the tradeoffs they are willing to make. Consumers have expressed that consumers want to consume more renewable energy and that they are willing to pay more for it. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

All right. Thank you, Mr. Smith.

Lee Blackburn.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

2.1

- - -

LEE BLACKBURN

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. BLACKBURN: Yes. My name is Lee

Blackburn. I live at 148 Pincott Street, it's

P-i-n-c-o-t-t Street, Southwest, in Pataskala, Ohio.

P-a-t-a-s-k-a-l-a.

After careful review of Case No. 18-501 as amended, as well as Navigant's "Voice of the Customer," I have -- I am here today to support the above-referenced case. Not only does the Navigant study indicate a strong majority of customers believing that AEP Ohio should make greater use of renewable energy, they -- these customers also are relying on AEP to follow through and achieve those expectations.

The development of 900 megawatts of renewable energy in Ohio will reduce the need to import energy from other states, provide jobs in a profoundly-deprived area, promote energy diversity, lower energy costs and, most importantly, reduce

22 carbon emissions. For these and other reasons, I ask 1 2 the Commission to decide in favor of AEP Ohio's 3 request. Thank you. EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions? 4 5 Thank you, Mr. Blackburn. 6 Scott Stevenson. 7 MR. STEVENSON: Good morning, Your Honor. 8 EXAMINER PARROT: Good morning. Please 9 raise your right hand. 10 (Witness sworn.) 11 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name 12 and address. 13 14 SCOTT STEVENSON 15 presented himself as a public witness, and being 16 first duly sworn, testified as follows: 17 DIRECT TESTIMONY 18 MR. STEVENSON: Scott Stevenson. 1188 19 Dublin Road, Columbus, Ohio 43215. 20 I'm Scott Stevenson. I'm the Director of 2.1 Organizing for the International Union of Operating 22 Engineers here in Ohio. We represent over 16,000 23 members and their families, many of whom live in the 24 areas of these projects. On behalf of our 25 membership, I would like to express our wholehearted

support for these projects. They'll create thousands of workhours for those in the community that work on them, and the ones that don't, will benefit from the monies that flow back into the communities.

We've worked on every type of energy project in the state, from pipelines, to dams, to windmills, to solar farms. After these projects are completed, our members that live in the area consistently report back that they have a long-term and positive impact on their communities.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

Thank you very much.

MR. STEVENSON: Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Our next witness is Bradley Holmes.

16 Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

20

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

17

18

19

24

21 BRADLEY HOLMES

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. HOLMES: Bradley Holmes. 29487 North

Village Lane, Solon, Ohio.

2.1

So I'm testifying on behalf of my support for the project as an Ohio resident and recent college grad. I just got my degree from Bowling Green State University in Environmental Policy and Ethics, and a minor in Sociology, and it helps me understand, you know, with my experience in the classroom and outside of the classroom, the deep relationship between things like energy systems, environmental sustainability, and social health.

So, with that, there's two general reasons I want to lend my support for the project being approved. The first is as simple as environmental. More renewables equals less pollution. It can help us pull away from things like coal that's continuing to put pollution in the state; both in our air and water. And it can help update our energy grid; something that we desperately need in Ohio.

With that, the social reasons. More renewable energy projects like this will normalize these projects within the brains and the hearts of Ohioans across the state. It can enhance the long-term interest in more projects like this which, as a young person, I have a lot of interest in

```
maintaining more long-term renewable energy projects; without them, we're failing ourselves, to say the least.
```

And another kind of similar reason is a cultural shift. With changing perceptions and with changing feelings about non-renewables versus renewables, bringing more renewables can, you know, inspire more folks to get behind projects like this. So this is a great opportunity for Ohio, and I hope that the Utilities Commission approves the project.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

12 Thank you.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

14

15

13 David Cruz.

MR. GREENE: There are two David Greenes?

MR. CRUZ: "Cruz."

MR. GREENE: Oh.

17 EXAMINER PARROT: David Cruz, C-r-u-z.

18 Sorry.

19 Please raise your right hand.

20 (Witness sworn.)

21 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name

22 and address.

MR. CRUZ: David Cruz. 17677 Hampton

24 | Place, Strongsville, Ohio 44136.

25 EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you. Please

proceed.

- - -

2.1

DAVID CRUZ

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. CRUZ: All right. Well, hi. My name is David Cruz, and I'm here to speak in favor of this AEP proposal.

As Ohio has moved away from coal, we have seen a major decrease in the amount of carbon dioxide emissions from Ohio's energy sector. Now, this fell by 50-million metric tons from 2005 to 2015, and that is a significant amount. This means that we can have better plant life, and we can also, according to a 2008 Stanford study, have longer lives; so that, I believe, is a big deal.

However, with this being known in 2017, coal fueled 58 percent of Ohio's net electricity generation. So what are we supposed to do? We clearly need a change and we have to start moving away from coal a lot faster than what we're doing right now.

So, thankfully, we have AEP who has decided to step up and do the right thing. I believe

1 that this plan is going to be, you know, a 2 game-changer for our state as far as this renewable energy is concerned. And also this plan would help 3 create 80 direct jobs and over 1,700 indirect jobs 4 5 annually. It would just boost the state's gross 6 domestic product by at least 1 billion a year. And, 7 therefore, I believe that this plan makes a lot of sense. And, in all honesty, this would put Ohio 8 9 among the elites of the other states that are using 10 this type of renewable energy. So, thank you. 11 EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions? 12 Thank you. 13 Frida Etchell. And I apologize if I 14 mispronounce names today. 15 Please raise your right hand. 16 (Witness sworn.) 17 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name 18 and address. 19 MS. ETCHELL: Frida Etchell. 1415 Clarence Avenue, Apartment 201, Lakewood, Ohio 44107. 20 2.1 EXAMINER PARROT: Please proceed. 22 23 FRIDA ETCHELL 24 presented herself as a public witness, and being 25 first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

1

24

25

2 MS. ETCHELL: Good morning. As an Ohio 3 resident and college student, I support AEP's proposal to bring more renewable energy here to our 4 5 state. I'm used to budgeting out my money very 6 carefully as every dollar makes a difference to me. 7 Though I hear this proposal would increase utility bills by a few cents, I believe this is a small price 8 9 to pay for ultimately cheaper utility bills down the 10 line. Having more renewable energy in Ohio is 11 something I can get behind. And knowing that 12 students, like me, will be able to save money on 13 utility bills in the future, really makes this 14 worthwhile all the way around. Thank you. 15 EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions? 16 All right. Thank you. 17 S. Mercy Hamerly. 18 Please raise your right hand. 19 (Witness sworn.) 20 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name 2.1 and address. 22 23

S. MERCY HAMERLY

presented herself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MS. HAMERLY: My name is Mercy Hamerly, and I live at 3616 Seven Oaks Trail in Richfield, Ohio.

So I'm 19 years old. I've lived in Ohio my whole life. And when I was 12, my dad lived to a house -- or, moved to a house in the Cuyahoga Valley National Park. And so, I spent my teen years, very lucky, able to have a trail behind my backyard. And he actually installed solar panels on the garage as well.

I think it's really critical that we utilize clean energy to preserve our national parks because, you know, if we don't, we'll certainly experience backlash within my lifetime and definitely within the lifetimes of, if I choose to have any, children. So, yeah.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you.

Any questions?

Benjamin Cross.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

MR. CROSS: Thank you, Your Honor.

- - -

2.1

BENJAMIN J. CROSS

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

2.1

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. CROSS: My name is Benjamin Cross. I live at 1791 Huckleberry Drive, Aiken, South Carolina. That's A-i-k-e-n, South Carolina.

You recognize that's not from Ohio. I actually work as an independent contractor, supporting Ohio University and its support to what's called the Southern Ohio Diversification Initiative which is re-purposing the former Portsmouth DOE Portsmouth site in Piketon, Ohio.

One of the visions we have for that site is for it to become an integrated energy system and a closed-loop manufacturing complex because of the tremendous infrastructure that's there, co-located to some of the greatest natural resources in the world, and so our interest is very much you want to integrate energy systems together.

Renewable needs to be a part of that integrated system. It can't just all be one energy form. I am a strong promotor of what I call comprehensive, synergistic integration of energy systems. That is where the future needs to be. We

have to have them all working together. It's not pitting once against the other. It's unifying them together to work together.

2.1

Also, I'd like to say you have the integration of diversity. When -- diversity is just like the investments you have; you want to make sure you have a diversified portfolio. When you have gray hair like mine, it becomes very important that you have that diversified portfolio and not have all your eggs in one basket.

So solar needs to be a strong part of that piece when, you name it, all the different energy sources need to be a part of that integration piece because we're moving towards -- we need to have sustainable energy systems as we move forward, and they'll be moving more toward renewable systems, but we got to have them all working together. We need "cooperatition" not competition.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you.

Any questions?

Robert "McCollisk." It trails off at the end there.

MR. McCOLLISTER: It's okay. It's

"McCollister."

25 EXAMINER PARROT: Please raise your right

32

1 hand.

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

2 (Witness sworn.)

3 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name

4 and address.

5 MR. McCOLLISTER: Robert McCollister.

2911 State Route 93, Ironton, Ohio 45638.

EXAMINER PARROT: Please proceed.

8 | - - -

ROBERT McCOLLISTER

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. McCOLLISTER: I'm here in support of this project because, as Americans and Ohioans, we've reached a historic crossroads. Are we going to continue to power our civilization as we have in the past, with fossil fuels that pollute our atmosphere and threaten our climate, or are we going to make the transition to renewable energy. This transition is underway already around the world; I just want Ohio to lead it.

The energy revolution is underway for two simple reasons. First of all, we've come to understand that the fossil fuels that have powered our Industrial Revolution have begun to change our

climates in ways that will profoundly affect our human civilization.

2.

2.1

2.2

Just last week, or about a week and a half ago, the Fourth National Climate Assessment told us that climate change is going to bring increased heat and drought, rising seas, more powerful storms, the spread of infectious diseases, and it will dramatically slow our economy.

As the Governor of Washington, Jay

Inslee, likes to say, "We're the first generation of
people to feel the effects of climate change, but the
last that can do something to stop it."

But the second more hopeful reason is that the advance of technology has provided us with tools to solve the climate crisis and create jobs and economic growth at the same time. Nearly five times as many people now work in the solar industry as work in coal mines.

About 2.6 million Americans work in the wind, solar, and energy-efficiency industries.
62 percent of new U.S. electrical generating capacity came from wind and solar in 2017.

The simple fact is that fossil fuels are commodities whose price will rise and fall with supply and demand, but wind and solar are

technologies that will only grow cheaper over time. The transition is underway. Ohio needs to lead the way.

2.1

But the real reason I'm here is I'm a lifelong resident of southern Ohio. I'm from Ironton, Ohio, at the very southern tip of the state. The Appalachian counties in Ohio have been devastated over the last several decades. When the steel industry collapsed, my hometown died. My dad was a steelworker. And when the Dayton Malleable shut its doors in the late 1970s, 1,200 people lost their jobs. Ironton is now half the size that it once was.

The Appalachian counties in Ohio really need a kickstart to their economy, and I think this project is the kind of catalyst that can really create economic growth. It can provide a model, a template. 1,300 jobs during the construction phase, 113 permanent jobs, but it can be a model for this kind of renewable energy development all over southern Ohio, which has enormous potential especially for solar power.

More and more industries want to be associated with this kind of renewable energy. That can help us attract those kinds of industries as well. For once, I want southern Ohio to be at the

cutting edge of technological change, not some forgotten backwater.

You know, Ohio has always led the way.

General Grant and General Sherman led the way to

victory in the Civil War; the Wright Brothers led us

into the skies; John Glenn was the first American to

orbit the earth; and Neil Armstrong stepped on the

moon. It's time for Ohio to lead the way in this

kind of development as well. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you.

Any questions?

David Greene.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

17

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

19

20

2.1

2.2

23

24

25

18 DAVID GREENE

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. GREENE: My name is David Greene. My address is 806 Francis Avenue, Columbus, 43209.

I'm here to speak on behalf and underscore some of the other points that have been

made. I think Ohio lags seriously behind in wind energy. Other states, surrounding us, have 10 times as much wind energy as us. They wouldn't be doing this if it wasn't practical. Ohio needs to get involved and needs clean energy. We have terrible air quality. This is one solution for our air-quality problem. Clean energy, long-term reliable energy that is only going to get cheaper. Wind and solar are getting cheaper all the time. A variety of energy sources is important also.

2.1

AEP is taking the lead in this, and I think it's important, kind of breaking the ice. I think Ohio will get more wind energy, Ohio will get more solar energy, it's only a matter of time, but why should we wait? I think this is a good program and I think you should do it. I think it's important and I think other speakers will say the same thing.

So that's basically the issue, are we going to get involved, are we going to be competitive with the other states around us. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

All right. Thank you.

Debbie Phillips.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

- - -

2.1

DEBBIE PHILLIPS

presented herself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MS. PHILLIPS: Debbie Phillips. I live at 4240 Baker Road, Albany, Ohio 45710.

Good morning, Your Honors, and
Commissioner Friedeman. Thank you for the
opportunity to testify today in support of AEP's
proposal to construct significant renewable energy
generation capacity in Ohio.

I have the privilege of serving as the CEO of Rural Action, a nonprofit organization engaged in asset-based community development in rural Ohio. Since 1991, we have been working to build a more just economy by developing the region's assets in ways that are environmentally, socially, and economically sustainable. We are a membership-based organization, working in sectors that hold promise for our region, including: sustainable agriculture, sustainable forestry, sustainable energy, zero waste, watershed restoration, environmental education and social

enterprise.

2.1

Our Board of Directors voted unanimously to support this filing because we believe it is directly and deeply connected to efforts toward a just transition in southern Ohio. As the energy economy changes, people who have been employed in the coal-producing region of the country too often have been left behind. The jobs that are anticipated as part of this project are critically important to Ohio, and the fact that the proposal is to locate the projects close to two recently-closed coal-fired power plants creates the potential that some of the affected workers may be able to find jobs.

Ohio has long been centrally important to the nation's energy economy. As consumers demand increased access to renewable energy sources, this project will help Ohio stay competitive in a changing sector. In our community, citizens have demonstrated clear support for renewable energy sources, through an electric aggregation plan, and by passing a fee on the local ballot which is designed to deploy solar in a local municipality.

Further, the renewable energy sector has demonstrated dramatic job growth, leading to the development of strong, local businesses in our part

of Ohio. We know that the potential jobs are there, and a project of this scale has the potential to increase demand in a way that could contribute to the possibility of manufacturing jobs which would be important in a region that lacks access to good jobs.

2.1

The filing includes customer surveys and cost modeling that demonstrate projected cost savings for consumers. While there will be a cost to consumers, the projected savings outweigh the cost. The estimated net benefit to customers over 20 years is estimated to be \$218 million. This competitively-priced energy can help Ohio remain a leader in the energy sector, create jobs, and help stimulate indirect jobs as well.

Ohio, along with other Midwestern states, has seen a steady decline in coal-fired electricity generation. Market forces have driven this trend, and in too many cases there have not been comparable jobs available for displaced workers. The permanent jobs created by this project are critically important for many reasons.

We also support renewable energy projects intrinsically. Diversity of energy-generation sources contributes to security and resiliency for our communities, our economy, and our country. It is

critically important for us to address our impact on climate overall. Increasingly, damaging storms and changing weather patterns are impacting everyone, from farmers to insurers; and adding significant renewable energy sources to the mix is the right thing to do.

2.1

As a leader in sustainable community development, I am also concerned about how a lack of opportunity affects individuals, families, and our region as a whole. Beyond the economic impact of job losses, Ohio is suffering disproportionately from the impacts of the opiate epidemic. Access to quality jobs is an essential part of any effort to combat this, along with other dangers of hopelessness and despair. Ohio's focus on treatment and recovery is laudable, but it must be tied to economic-development efforts that contribute to communities that offer work with dignity. These jobs are important to Ohio, and deserve our support.

This proposal will be good for Ohio, good for consumers, good for resiliency and dependability of our grid, and good for economic development. It will bring jobs, meet consumer demand, provide more diversity in Ohio's in-state generation capacity, create opportunity, and help Ohio to lead in the

41

energy sector.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

I encourage you to approve the filing, and I would be happy to answer any questions you may have for me.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

Thank you.

MS. PHILLIPS: Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Charles Lynd.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

11 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name

12 and address.

MR. LYND: Charles Lynd. 5384 Woodville

14 | Court, Columbus, Ohio 43230.

15 EXAMINER PARROT: Please proceed with

16 your testimony.

17

18 CHARLES LYND

19 presented himself as a public witness, and being

20 | first duly sworn, testified as follows:

21 DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. LYND: I grow up in Ironton, Ohio, in

23 | Lawrence County, in the heart of Appalachia. We were

24 once the center of the nation's pig iron industry.

25 As a child, I played in the slag heaps across the

street from my cousin's home, a block from the Solvay
Coke processing plant, fed by long trains of West
Virginia coal. We were in awe of the industry and
proud of its accomplishments.

2.1

It was, of course, very dirty. I remember vividly that our bathwater always turned gray from soot as I watched it drain from the tub. When I turned the garden hose on the white clapboards of our house, the black soot seeped out endlessly. My aunt and uncle lived across the street from the slag heaps and both died of cancer in their 60s.

That was the old world of mid-20th-century America. Fossil fuel industries were king, and computers were about to digitize our money and create a global economy that has steadily eroded our local economies, including the one that once thrived in Ironton, where my grandfather served as President of the Board of Trade.

Across Ohio, we lost half our Union-wage manufacturing jobs. Most Ohio cities and towns suffered lower tax revenues. Downtowns were hollowed out and replaced by sprawling chain-store operations and low-wage service-economy jobs. Small farms were lost as commodity agriculture required increased investments and financing of equipment and chemicals

to compete in the global economy.

2.1

2.2

But enough doom and gloom. Today, the PUCO has the opportunity to contribute to the reversal of this outdated 20th-century world and endorse AEP Ohio's proposal to invest in clean energy that will drive a new 21st-century economy.

I understand there will be resistance from both investors and workers and even some public officials who are wedded to the old world that we built with energy from coal, oil, nuclear, and fracked gas operations.

But now we know: The pollution and waste from these systems simply cannot continue due to their role in causing the climate crisis that threatens future generations. As numerous studies have documented, the window for transitioning to clean energy and a new, more localized economy may be as short as 12 years.

The PUCO is to be commended for its

PowerForward Initiative as it plans to explore all
opportunities available to move into this new world
of energy and economies that work for all of our
communities.

The PUCO should enthusiastically support AEP's investments in clean, renewable energy. The

44

proposed developments will actually lower electricity 1 2 bills while helping to revitalize local economies in our struggling Appalachian communities. Now is the 3 time to position Ohio as a leader in the 21st 4 5 century. Thank you very much. 6 EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you. 7 Any questions? Tony Logan. 8 9 MR. LOGAN: Good morning, Your Honor. 10 EXAMINER PARROT: Good morning. Please 11 raise your right hand. 12 (Witness sworn.) 13 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name 14 and address. 15 16 TONY LOGAN 17 presented himself as a public witness, and being 18 first duly sworn, testified as follows: 19 DIRECT TESTIMONY 20 MR. LOGAN: My name is Tony Logan. 2.1 at 4740 Hayden Run Road, Columbus, Ohio 43221. 2.2 I'm with the firm Renewables Space, LLC, and I'm Immediate Past State Director of the United 23 24 States Department of Agriculture's Rural Development 25 Agency in Ohio.

As someone who is both an industry watcher and an AEP customer, I enthusiastically support AEP's strategic goal of deploying a mix, a balance of electric generation sources across their service territory. Further, AEP's leadership in the adoption of a robust solar renewable energy portfolio, linked to local job creation, will, I believe, put them squarely on the right side of history.

2.1

And ultimately, this solar initiative will prove to be a benefit to AEP's ratepayers as well, both in terms of stabilizing electric rates and for the social good that it will achieve in the Appalachian region.

As a longtime advocate for fortifying the economies of the small towns and rural communities in the Appalachian region, I believe this project represents one of the best opportunities for sustainable growth and job creation that our state has encountered in generations.

I hope the Commission will lend their support to this forward-looking proposal. And, heck, I hope the other utilities will soon follow their -- your lead. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

46

Thank you very much.

Mary Counter.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

2.2

23

24

25

1

2

3

4

5

6

- - -

MARY COUNTER

presented herself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MS. COUNTER: My name is Mary Counter.

My address is 1070 Oberlin Drive, Columbus, Ohio

43221.

AEP is fulfilling commitments made to environmental activists with this solar power plant. Promises made, promises kept. As long as the plan proceeds as promised, I am for this plant.

Commitment to environment and reducing dependence on fossil fuels is a win for all of us. Combine that with jobs that do not involve death from toxins over time, such as what happens with coal, and this is a great proposition that we have looked for from AEP.

 $$\operatorname{\textsc{This}}$$ is fulfillment of an agreement AEP made with the Sierra Club, in 2015, to close or

re-purpose power plants, while guaranteeing a profit on selected coal-fired plants.

Every company and citizen must do their part to make clean energy the only energy. This is a major step in the right direction. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

Thank you.

David Palmer.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

13

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

14 DAVID PALMER

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

17 DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. PALMER: My name is David Palmer. I live at 471 East Dunedin Road, that's D-u-n-e-d-i-n, Columbus, Ohio 43214.

Thank you for allowing me and the rest of us here today to speak in favor of the renewable energy project. My name is -- there are a lot of reasons to support the use and nurturing of renewable energy. I have been told that the proposal may

result in increases to the average energy bill on the order of about 28 cents per bill. To me, that is a very small price for an investment that can gain us quite a lot, things like cleaner air and water for ourselves and future Ohioans, that we can preserve the natural beauty of Ohio's farmlands, parks and waters, for ourselves, visitors, tourists, and our children. We can have safer energy, without the threat of costly and damaging spills and pipeline and railway accidents.

2.1

But, moreover, renewable energy gives

Ohio a chance to lead. The proposal under

consideration today can bring jobs to Ohio and create
energy here in Ohio for Ohioans. Renewable energy is
the way forward into the future, and by supporting
the proposal to add renewable energy here in our
state, we can build a future of opportunity, and keep
Ohio clean, beautiful, and prosperous. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you.

Any questions?

Thank you.

Randi Pokladnik. I'm sorry, I'm sure I messed that one up.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

49 1 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name 2 and address. 3 4 RANDI POKLADNIK, PH.D. 5 presented herself as a public witness, and being 6 first duly sworn, testified as follows: 7 DIRECT TESTIMONY 8 DR. POKLADNIK: My name is Randi 9 Pokladnik. I live at 86200 Tappan Highland Road in 10 Uhrichsville, Ohio 44683. 11 My name is Dr. Randi Pokladnik. I have a 12 Ph.D. in Environmental Studies. I live in 13 Uhrichsville with my husband. We are both AEP 14 customers and we have our own 8.4 kilowatt 15 residential solar system on our garage. 16 I want to express my heartfelt support 17 for this renewable energy project that AEP has 18 proposed, which will help move Ohio away from fossil 19 fuels and towards a clean, green future. 20 Both the 100-megawatt and 300-megawatt 2.1 solar arrays would be constructed in Highland County, 2.2 an Appalachian county, and would create jobs with at 23 least 113 of these becoming permanent positions. It 24 would make Ohio a solar leader in the Midwest, with

more solar generation than the surrounding five

25

states.

2.1

Many times, Ohio's regulations have not welcomed renewable energy into the state. There have been several new laws that stymie the development of renewable energy. Especially troublesome is HB 114 which would decrease Ohio's Renewable Energy Portfolio by changing the renewable energy target and by dropping the energy efficiency target.

The 2014 setback regulations for wind turbines in Ohio are some of the strictest setback laws in the nation. Because of these, developers dropped plans for more than 3,300 megawatts of new wind power for the state. These projects, according to the report by Wind Solar Alliance, would have powered close to a million homes and created 13,000 jobs, as well as provided \$660 million in tax payments to local schools and governments.

Renewable energy provides a better choice for citizens concerned about jobs, and will also provide endless clean energy for our future. A recent report, cited in an article in "Fortune" magazine, said that "Solar and wind jobs have grown at a rate of about 20 percent annually and are each creating jobs at a rate 12 times faster than that of the rest of the U.S. economy."

A 2016 report, from the U.S. Department of Energy, reveals solar energy accounts for the largest proportion of employers in the electric power generation sector. Although solar production accounts for only 2 percent of our nation's electricity, solar energy employed 374,000 people over the 2015-2016 year, making up 43 percent of that sector's workforce, while the traditional oil, gas, and coal fuels employed 187,000 combined, making up just 22 percent of that sector's workforce.

2.1

A 2017 U.S. Energy and Employment Report stated that "clean electricity jobs, including wind and solar, outstrip the number of paychecks provided by fossil fuels by at least 5 to 1."

The U.S. Bureau of Labor reported that the median annual wage for a wind turbine technician was \$53,000 in 2017, and a solar photovoltaic installer's salary was \$49,000 in that same year.

Other jobs that are associated with renewable energy include: component manufacturing, project development, construction and maintenance, financing, engineering, sales and distribution, systems analysis, operations, and energy efficiency such as Energy Star appliances, recycling, and green building.

A recent report in "Forbes" magazine stated that 30 million tons of carbon emissions are avoided yearly through the use of solar power. In 2014, the use of wind energy kept an estimated 139 tons of carbon out of our atmosphere.

2.1

Certainly, Ohio's citizens are in favor of increasing energy production from renewable sources. AEP polled its customers and found that 86 percent of residential customers think it is important to increase the Company's renewable energy generation. A March 2018 poll, by Ohio's Sierra Club, found that 70 percent of Ohioans support going to 100-percent renewable energy by 2030.

The AEP projects offer hope and a new direction for our economy just as the government has released its sobering climate assessment report. If significant steps are not taken to rein in global warming, damages will reduce the American economy by as much as 10 percent by the end of the century.

I live in Harrison County, an area that has been transformed from a rural, forested region, to one of pipelines, fracking well pads, and injection wells. Local residents must worry about their water wells becoming polluted or their air being toxic. I, for one, would welcome renewable

energy; an energy source that would bring jobs and economic growth to the region, without bringing the countless externalities associated with fossil fuels

At a time when we see the effects of climate change on a daily basis, a significant part of the answer to stave off climate change shines on us and blows across the land. Please support AEP's renewable projects. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

Thank you.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

Nicholas Moore.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

16

17 NICHOLAS MOORE

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. MOORE: Nicholas Moore. My address is 34 East Northwood, Columbus, Ohio 43201.

So, good morning. First, I want to thank the Commissioners for hearing our public comments;

Commissioners Trombold, Johnson, Friedeman, Conway,

and Haque.

2.1

My name is Nicholas. I'm a student at
The Ohio State University. I will be earning a
Bachelor's degree in Natural Resource Management this
upcoming spring. During my college career, I have
had tremendous opportunities to work with the Federal
Bureau of Land Management, the Ohio Chapter Sierra
Club, and the Columbus Recreation and Parks
Department. Today, however, I'm speaking just as a
citizen of Columbus, who wishes to serve his
community for many years to come.

I trust that many members of the Commission are already very familiar with why environmentalists are in support of this proposal.

Many have already given very good examples. I'm here to speak about why the Commission should support this, even if they do not consider themselves part of this group.

Ohioans in the Appalachian region are in dire trouble right now. I've seen it myself. I have family that lives in this region. I used to go there every summer for homecoming, and every year I go there, the towns are just a shade of themselves.

The coal jobs are just not going to last forever. Coals plants are closing every year. It's

just a dying industry. Even by the most optimistic estimates, those resources are finite.

2.1

This proposal will alleviate that problem for many people that live in the Appalachian area. It's going to create hundreds of sustainable jobs. The sun is not going anywhere, and the wind is never going to stop blowing. Renewable energy jobs just have much more potential to grow in the long term. This amendment is just simply an investment into the future.

Expansion to our state's infrastructure will always be necessary, especially when technologies are changing. Renewable energy is much cheaper to produce after the initial investment, and it is done without adding pollutants into our living space. It is not a liberal or conservative issue. It is an American issue. All of us agree that cheaper energy is better, and that clean air is better than dirty air.

To prove this point, I want to bring up a city of 70,000 in the heart of oil and gas country:

Georgetown, Texas. It is one of the first cities in the United States to be 100-percent powered by renewable energy. This accomplishment was driven by Republican Mayor Dale Ross. Their transition to

renewables was both an environmental and a business decision. It has driven down energy prices and will provide their citizens with stable prices for more than 20 years.

This amendment is an opportunity for Ohio to take steps towards a similar leadership role. I ask you to join me in its support, and I challenge you to continue to support renewable energy in the future. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

11 Thank you.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

14

2.1

22

23

24

12 Trampas Puckett.

13 Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

17

18 TRAMPAS PUCKETT

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. PUCKETT: My name is a Trampas

Puckett. My address is 2909 Euclid Avenue, West

Portsmouth, Ohio.

I'm here -- I'm here in support of AEP's

proposal for the solar field. I'd also like to thank all of you for taking the time out of your day to hear everybody's testimony, and hopefully this will persuade you guys to move forward with helping AEP move this forward. I'm here on behalf -- I am the Board Chair for the Scioto Community Action Organization of Southern Ohio.

2.1

As you all have heard from all of the other testimony, I'm going to be brief about it because everything has pretty much been covered by other people up here.

The thing is, in southern Ohio, we all need the renewable energy resources that they're willing to put out there for us. We all know that live down in that area, the coal jobs aren't what they used to be; they're no longer available. The steel mills aren't in the area any longer. We actually had two coal-fired power plants close down here within the last year.

Renewable energy is the only way to go in the long run. The cost of that, just like has been stated earlier, the technology is increasing, it's getting better, the cost will get cheaper over the long run for the residents of Ohio. And AEP is meeting their commitment of renewable energy.

The other part of it is the jobs that it will create in Highland County. Just simply put, building the plant will create a lot of construction jobs in the short term. Long term, it will have people working on those plants, keeping them up, keeping everything moving, keeping the power flowing.

2.1

The other part of it is, looking a little deeper into this project, the manufacturing side of it, getting the manufacturing facility that will create these solar panels to be used. Those projects, along with other projects throughout the United States, throughout the world, to help create the need for jobs in southern Ohio is very much needed.

I know a lot of counties down there rank highest among the state in unemployment, among poverty. And with that being said, getting these projects moving forward, getting the manufacturing put down there somewhere in southern Ohio, will definitely help the economy, for all the people involved in it.

And on the same note, it will help all the residents in Ohio have more efficient renewable energy to look forward to. And hopefully we have your support going forward to move AEP's proposal.

59

Thank you.

1

4

7

8

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

2 EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions for

3 Mr. Puckett?

All right. Thank you.

5 Tim Wagner.

6 Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name

9 and address.

10

11 TIM WAGNER

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

14 DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. WAGNER: My name is Tim Wagner. I live at 1376 Melrose Avenue, Columbus, Ohio 43224.

I'm here to speak in support of AEP's proposed big step into renewable energy, and my point of view is improving public health. And over my lifetime, I've seen extreme degradation in our water supply, our air supply, an extreme increase in radiation in our environment, and all of these are contributing to our health crisis and our skyrocketing health costs. Part of the cause of these degradations are the emissions from these power

plants, both coal-burning and nuclear power, and renewable energy is a very health-conscious approach to replacing these sources of electricity.

I applaud AEP for taking this big step, and I encourage the PUCO to be in support of this proposal. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

All right. Thank you.

Will Koehler.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

14

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

15 WILL KOEHLER

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. KOEHLER: Will Koehler. 55 West
Weisheimer Road, W-e-i-s-h-e-i-m-e-r, Columbus, Ohio
43214.

Thank you for hearing my testimony. I'm a power customer, and I want the power I use to come from clean, renewable sources, because it makes me feel good. Just like recycling, buying locally, it

makes me feel good because I know that my actions are contributing to a sustainable future. I'm a resident of the state, and I want as many people as possible to get their energy from renewable sources because it means my air and water are cleaner.

2.1

I own an electric car. I don't want to buy a fossil -- I don't want to drive a fossil-fuel-powered car; that's why I bought the electric car. I like my electricity to come from renewable sources; wind and solar. Sometimes I like to say I drive a wind-powered car.

And I work in technology, and I recognize that technology companies want their data centers and other facilities to be powered by renewable sources. Amazon, when they located their first three data centers in central Ohio, had to go to Indiana for their wind power. They're looking at expanding to 15 additional data centers. They should be able to buy that wind power and solar power locally.

And I think other people have made the case very well that renewables are the future. And working in technology, I like cool stuff, I like the future, and I'm excited to see that renewables mean more renewables being available. And I want to thank AEP for making this investment in our future, and I

```
62
 1
     fully support it.
 2
                 EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?
 3
                 All right. Thank you.
                 Stacie Hutton.
 4
                 MS. HUTTON: Good morning.
 5
 6
                 EXAMINER PARROT: Good morning. Please
 7
     raise your right hand.
 8
                 (Witness sworn.)
 9
                 EXAMINER PARROT: State your name and
10
     address, please.
11
                 MS. HUTTON: Stacie Hutton. My address
12
     is 995 Ballater Drive, Delaware, Ohio 43015.
13
                 EXAMINER PARROT: Please proceed.
14
15
                         STACIE HUTTON
     presented herself as a public witness, and being
16
17
     first duly sworn, testified as follows:
18
                        DIRECT TESTIMONY
19
                 MS. HUTTON: Well, thank you for this
20
     opportunity, and I thank all of you, Your Honors, for
2.1
     your service.
2.2
                 I am on the Board of Trustees at the
23
     University of Rio Grande in southern Ohio, and I have
24
    been an educator for over two decades.
25
                 When I first heard about this project, I
```

was so excited because I could imagine the degree programs that could evolve, you know, for instance, solar-technician-type degree programs that would be good for not only a traditional college student but also for adult learners. And I also imagine some fantastic opportunities for workforce development.

And so, I couldn't help but get excited about this.

2.1

But I have to be honest with you, I also thought about my mom. I grew up in southern Ohio.

And my mom was a single parent. And it was -- it was a time in America when there wasn't a whole lot of jobs. And we didn't have a whole lot of money, so she had a lot of used cars that were unreliable, and sometimes we would make it to our destination and sometimes we wouldn't. But my mom was always the smartest person in the room, and so she invented this coat hanger/clothespin contraption that would somehow start the car. Remember cars that used to be carburated? The engine was carburated where you had to pump the gas? Remember that? Anybody? Okay, I'm showing my age here.

So mom would have me come up to the driver's seat and she'd say, "Now, Stacie, when I stick this in, I want you to pump the gas." And see, I'm a little kid, I thought it was fun, right, so I'd

be pumping the gas. And sometimes that car would come on and we would get there, and sometimes we wouldn't.

2.1

Now, eventually my mom figured out that this was not the most reliable way to get a job and this was not going to get her to where she needed to be, but an education would. So you know what my mom did, she went to the local career center and she got a six-week certification as a clerk typist, and she got a job at Public Debt in Parkersburg, West Virginia, and things got a lot better for us, and she bought a car with a fuel-injection engine and that thing would start and I loved it.

What does my mom have to do with this project? My mom has everything to do with this project. You see, she made the connection between jobs and education, and education and jobs, and because she made that connection, I made that connection. So I watched her get a job -- excuse me -- get an education, get a job, and how that impacted our lives. And so, you know what, I went into the Army, I went to ROTC, and I went to Rio Grande, and I got an education, and here I am.

I want others to make that connection, and I am not confident that is happening in the

```
65
     southern Ohio region that I love so much.
 1
 2
     Nationwide, 65 percent of kids go on to higher
     education. In southern Ohio, that's hovering around
 3
     35 percent and that's a shame.
 4
 5
                 With the potential for 4,000 jobs that
 6
     this could create, the degree programs it could
 7
     spring up, the workforce development that could
     happen, I think others will make the connection, that
 8
     my mom and I did, between jobs and education.
9
10
                 I thank you all for listening and for
11
     your support.
                    Thank you.
12
                 EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you.
13
                 Any questions?
14
                 All right.
15
                 Brian Damant.
16
                 MR. DAMANT: Good morning.
17
                 EXAMINER PARROT: Good morning.
18
                 MR. DAMANT: My name is Brian Damant.
19
                 EXAMINER PARROT: Please raise your right
20
    hand.
2.1
                 (Witness sworn.)
22
                 EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Name and
23
     address, please.
24
25
```

BRIAN DAMANT

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

2.1

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. DAMANT: I'm located at 947 Goodale Boulevard, Columbus, Ohio 43212.

I'm the Chapter Manager of the Central Ohio Chapter of the National Electrical Contractors Association. Our association holds bargaining rights with five locals of the IBEW. Through this relationship, we've created a business model that both benefits the employer as well as the electrician, and through this relationship, also, the employers fund a highly-qualified, highly-recognized apprenticeship program that does comprehensive training for the electrician through their whole career so it's not just a four-year or five-year program.

Part of this is for the Hecate project in Highland County is supported -- or, that area is supported by Local 575 which we have a relationship with. The Local Union that serves that area, we have probably 25 employers as well as a strong workforce of 300-plus electricians. We are ready to meet the needs of AEP and the customers for this project, and

67 we think the project should be constructed and get 1 2 the energy on the grid that will service the southern Ohio area. With that, I will answer any questions. 3 EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions from the 4 5 Company? Anybody else? 6 MR. DAMANT: Thanks. 7 EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you. 8 Alan Stockmeister. 9 MR. STOCKMEISTER: Good morning. 10 EXAMINER PARROT: Please raise your right hand. 11 12 (Witness sworn.) 13 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address. 14 15 MR. STOCKMEISTER: My name is Alan Stockmeister. My address is 213 Redondo Drive in 16 17 Jackson, Ohio. 18 EXAMINER PARROT: Please proceed. 19 20 ALAN STOCKMEISTER 2.1 presented himself as a public witness, and being 22 first duly sworn, testified as follows: 23 DIRECT TESTIMONY 24 MR. STOCKMEISTER: I've been a lifelong 25 resident of Jackson. Jackson, as you know, is a city

in southeastern Ohio; part of the region known as Appalachian Ohio. In fact, over one third of our counties in Ohio are in the Appalachian region; 32 counties in all. In development terms and infrastructure terms, Appalachian Ohio is widely recognized and designated as a distressed and high-risk region.

2.1

I am, in fact, second-generation, and my son, who is behind me in the audience, is third-generation of a family that has been involved in many businesses and business ventures, developing and creating jobs in Appalachian Ohio. For over 72 years, we have put our belt on the line to be successful. Successful not only meaning in dollars, but also in creating jobs for our friends, neighbors, and residents of southeastern Ohio.

I followed the motto from James A.

Rhodes, the former governor, four-term governor from Jackson, whose mission was jobs, jobs, jobs, and who also, like the last one of the previous speakers, another motto was for education, to put a diploma in one hand and a job in the other.

As a Member and Trustee of the Foundation for Appalachian Ohio, and as Chair of the Southeastern Ohio Economic Initiative, a group of

which is a group of Appalachian CEOs, I'm here today to represent those organizations and support the AEP solar project and to advocate for Appalachia.

2.1

This solar project is critical to the future of our community. The economic development resulting from this solar project will ensure that the region has access to competitively-priced solar energy and that it will remain at the forefront of America's energy and industry.

With October unemployment rates in the other two-thirds of our county -- the counties in the other two-thirds of our state running as low 2.7 percent, ours in the Appalachian counties are pegged at 6.5 percent. Five of these counties exceed 6 percent. A report from ARC stated that the poverty rate in Appalachian Ohio was 19.2 percent, which is 25 percent higher than Ohio's average and 34 percent higher than the U.S. average. Income levels is 21 percent less. Philanthropy in our counties is 10 times less than in the other counties representing Ohio.

Going back to poverty. The best way to measure poverty and to improve poverty is jobs. The more jobs, the less poverty. It's a pretty simple equation. I can go on and on and on, but just think

and dream. This project means 150 sustainable 1 2 manufacturing jobs in Appalachian Ohio, in addition to roughly 4,000 jobs created and sustained through 3 construction phases in the two solar projects. 4 5 means industry can follow, actually be attracted. 6 Clean renewable energy. Again, more development of industry means more jobs and less poverty. In our 7 lovely rural, forested areas, renewable energy. This 8 9 is a tremendous project for our Appalachia, a real 10 winner. It is our future and it is in your hands. 11 Please, please, please. 12 EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions? 13 Mark Johnson. 14 Please raise your right hand. 15 (Witness sworn.) 16 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name 17 and address. 18 MR. JOHNSON: My name is Mark Johnson. I 19 reside at 330 Red Bud Road, Chillicothe, Ohio. 20 EXAMINER PARROT: Go ahead. 2.1 22 MARK JOHNSON 23 presented himself as a public witness, and being 24 first duly sworn, testified as follows: 25 DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. JOHNSON: I'm the Business Manager for the Tri-State Building and Construction Trades. We will represent the construction workforce that could perceivably build this project.

2.1

I may reside in Chillicothe, Ohio, but I live in Appalachia. My office is based in Ashland, Kentucky. I commute there many, many mornings. There's some mornings our region goes from Logan, Ohio, to Logan, West Virginia, to Hazard, Kentucky, to Hillsborough, Ohio, and everything in between. All 33 counties are in Appalachia.

I want to be clear: Our people are suffering. When I first got this job in 2009, we had seven large coal-fired power-generating facilities.

Today, I've got three left burning coal. These provided millions and millions of manhours for our people. And not only that, the demise of the coal industry is the demise of our region, and no one has seen it any more than I have.

I would challenge any of you to go down to Logan, West Virginia, or to Holden, West Virginia, or Williamson, West Virginia, or Paintsville, Kentucky, or Salyersville, Kentucky, and look those people in the eyes. It's a forgotten land and those people need help, but this project is one of the

first bright spots as far as the new economy jobs to ever come to Appalachia, and I stand and wholeheartedly support this project.

2.1

I represent 20,000 construction workers and 16,000 active members. Across America, construction is booming, there is a need for workers, and we, in our area, don't have that, it's not that way in our region. What we do is export our people. If you want to see a mass exodus every morning, just go north of Chillicothe on Route 23. It's bumper-to-bumper traffic. It's mostly our people coming here to work.

I, myself, I'm a native of Portsmouth,

Ohio. The reason I have a home in Chillicothe, Ohio
is because I spent my working career right here in
this town. In Portsmouth, Ohio, I still own a home,
but it's not the same as it once was. They have the
highest -- lowest median income, the highest opioid
addiction rate.

Huntington, West Virginia is another town. It's the same thing. It's suffering from the coal industry. The Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad was founded there in Huntington. Just last year, they pulled up -- the CSX pulled up their headquarters there in Huntington. 300 jobs gone. West Virginia

and eastern Kentucky is number one in moving railroad tracks.

2.1

And the opioid addiction is rampant and it's all because of lack of opportunity, and these people need help, and this is just one glimmer of hope in that help.

In the manufacturing sector of this project, I would wholeheartedly recommend those go to those counties that have the highest unemployment and the lowest median incomes. And it just breaks my heart when I look at these people in the eyes. We have families of our own, our own members. You know, I would say out of the 16,000 active members, at a minimum, 8,000 are living outside their home in a motel tonight. And I can't say enough about that, about the need down there.

This is a Veterans Initiative, and every project that the Building Trades Union has is a Veterans Initiative. We have an organization called the Helmets to Hardhats. For people that aren't aware of the Helmets to Hardhats, it offers careers to honorably-discharged veterans and that's how we're going to put these veterans to work on this project, and it has a website for people that's not aware of. There's no test to get into the building trades

unions if you're an honorably-discharged veteran.

The test is have a DD-214 in your pocket.

2.1

And we roll out the red carpet, we offer careers and opportunities for people that's down and out. And yeah, you may not live in your home or get to sleep in your home every night, but we offer careers to people. Once this project is completed, these people will not just be put out to pasture somewhere; they will have careers elsewhere. Big chance they may be driving to Cincinnati or Columbus or wherever the work is at. It seems like corporate America has forgotten about Appalachia. We would welcome the manufacturing sector and I'd definitely roll out the red carpet for this project.

And I want to be clear: We are for all means of producing energy. Our people are suffering and we need to work. And I just can't say enough of how much we support American Electric Power. They used to be the biggest customer of our membership. Today, that's no longer true. Probably the biggest customer is Marathon Petroleum at the refinery there in Catlettsburg. But anyway, they have always been a partner to us, and they have worked well to see that this project went to southern Ohio, and I just can't say enough that we support this project. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you.

Any questions for Mr. Johnson?

Okay. John Molinaro.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

2.1

JOHN MOLINARO

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. MOLINARO: John Molinaro. I reside at 87 University Estate Boulevard, in Athens, Ohio 45701.

I also serve as the President and CEO of Appalachian Partnership, Incorporated. I'm here, today, representing Appalachian Partnership and its subsidiary, Appalachian Partnership for Economic Growth, which is the Jobs Ohio Network Partner for 25 of the Appalachian counties in Ohio, including the area where this project would be sited. The two organizations are business-led. They're led by at least 80 percent of the board members must be members who are leaders in the region's business community.

And I'm here to talk in support of these

filings. There are many reasons we support these filings. I'll highlight just three of the most significant. Our region has lost literally thousands of coal-powered-generation jobs, including a major layoff this year in Adams County immediately to the south of the project area.

2.1

The jobs that would be created by this project are ideal bridge jobs for those workers. They're directly transferable in terms of the employment skills of many of the workers from those power plants. They're located close enough that the commute is reasonable. And we need bridge jobs. We can do our job of helping that county recover and bringing new jobs, but that takes time. The bridge jobs are absolutely essential to that effort.

This proposal also creates 150 permanent manufacturing jobs as part of the commitment of the larger of the two solar providers that would be working with AEP. Those jobs would also -- are also committed for Appalachian Ohio and it would be a very good source of permanent employment and very well within our mission to help ensure that those occur.

And finally, this -- our Appalachian

Partnership for Economic Growth subsidiary, and I

think perhaps others in the Jobs Ohio Network,

regularly run into barriers in attracting e-commerce and foreign firms to Ohio because of the lack of renewable-energy resources available and sourced in Ohio to offer those firms. Most of the e-commerce ventures require renewable energy. Many of the foreign direct-investment projects we see require renewable energy and we lose those opportunities when we can't provide that from Ohio generating sources. So we are very strongly in favor of this project.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

Thank you.

I would just note that Commissioner Tom Johnson has now joined us, as well, up here.

COMMISSIONER JOHNSON: I just wanted to say to John, thank you for testifying. He's a friend of mine.

MR. MOLINARO: Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Our next witness is Randy Drewyor.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

2.1

RANDY DREWYOR

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

2.1

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. DREWYOR: Randy Drewyor. 44 North High Street, Mowrystown, Ohio 45155.

I'm the Treasurer and CFO of the Bright Local School District. On behalf of Bright Local, I would like to express my appreciation to the PUCO for the opportunity to participate in this hearing.

Bright Local School District is a small district in southern Highland County. We have about 700 students spread out over 120 square miles. The real estate valuation in our district consists of less than 1 percent commercial real property and the rest equally split between residential and agriculture. This is not an unusual situation for many school districts in Appalachian Ohio, including the other districts in my area that will be directly impacted by these projects.

We work very hard to be good stewards of our taxpayers' money. Due to our limited tax base, every day consists of decisions that involve tradeoffs between vital educational services. For example, to replace an aging bus fleet or replace an

aging roof or do we hire needed staff.

2.1

In our district, 1 mill of levy tax only produces about \$95,000 in revenue. By contrast, on average, in an Ohio school district, 1 mill of levy tax generates about \$400,000. Needless to say, we need to watch every penny and look for every opportunity to save money and generate additional revenue.

We view these projects as a way to help future-proof our district, providing a revenue stream that is not tied to agricultural or residential property values.

In addition to the district -- the direct impact to the district, the economic development potential is huge in an area where employment opportunities is limited.

The presence of these projects is a symbol of hope and progress in an area that has seen very little. There are very many good reasons to support these projects.

The bottom line for the Bright Local School District is these projects have the potential to provide financial security without providing additional financial pressure on our local taxpayers and the state budget.

Again, I would like to express my 1 2 appreciation for the opportunity to be here and be 3 involved in the conversation to bring a 21st-century economy to our community specifically and to 4 5 Appalachian Ohio in general. Thank you. 6 EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions? 7 All right. Thank you. Bill Paolillo. I think I messed that one 8 9 up too. 10 Good morning. 11 MR. PAOLILLO: Good morning. 12 EXAMINER PARROT: Please raise your right 13 hand. 14 (Witness sworn.) 15 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name 16 and address. 17 18 BILL PAOLILLO 19 presented himself as a public witness, and being 20 first duly sworn, testified as follows: 2.1 DIRECT TESTIMONY 22 MR. PAOLILLO: Bill Paolillo. 3386 West 23 Bath Road. 24 Today, I go and I represent the U.S. 25 Green Building Council, the State of Ohio, the

```
Vice-Chair, and its 8,132 LEED-certified
 1
 2
     professionals. Really, it's three things:
 3
                 No. 1, okay, the U.S. Green Building
     Council, what we're about is creating green jobs, all
 4
 5
     right, you're talking about this is going to create
 6
     jobs, all right, in excess of a thousand jobs
 7
     overall, both temporary and the 115 manufacturing
     jobs that would be permanent.
 8
9
                 No. 2. the cost, it's been analyzed, it
10
     will save over $200 million for the consumers.
11
                 And 3., this a great kickoff to the
12
     PowerForward Initiative. I mean, when you talk about
13
     a bell-cow project that everyone is going to be
14
     looking at, not just here in Ohio but all over the
15
     states, so.
16
                 Could I -- could I ask your permission?
17
     Could I ask the people back here to go and stand up
18
     if they support the project?
19
                 EXAMINER PARROT: I think it's clear that
```

20 the crowd is in favor of these projects.

2.1 MR. PAOLILLO: There you go. All right. 22 Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you. Anything else? I didn't want to cut you off.

23

24

25

MR. PAOLILLO: No, that's all right.

82 1 EXAMINER PARROT: Okay. 2 Any questions? Thank you very much. 3 Patricia Marida. 4 5 Good morning. Please raise your right 6 hand. 7 (Witness sworn.) 8 EXAMINER PARROT: All right. State your 9 name and address, please. 10 MS. MARIDA: Patricia Marida, 11 M-a-r-i-d-a. 1710 Dorsetshire Road, 12 D-o-r-s-e-t-s-h-i-r-e, Road, Columbus, 43229. 13 EXAMINER PARROT: Please go ahead. Thank 14 you. 15 16 PATRICIA MARIDA 17 presented herself as a public witness, and being 18 first duly sworn, testified as follows: 19 DIRECT TESTIMONY 20 MS. MARIDA: Okay. Commissioners, Your 2.1 Honors, I'm here, I want to thank American Electric 22 Power for their proposal to add 900 megawatts of wind and solar to the grid in Ohio. 23 24 I volunteer with the antinuclear

community at the state, national, and international

25

level. They are working with Canadians for the protection of our Great Lakes from the threats of nuclear accidents.

2.1

2.2

I wish to remind AEP, as well as the PUCO, that affirming this proposal will be a great leap forward in transitioning from unsustainable fossil fuels and nuclear power to renewables and efficiency.

Now, Ohio needs a plan for this transition. All of the above, and catch as catch can, are not plans. Ohio cannot arrive at a clean, sustainable energy grid without careful analysis and implementation of the measures needed to accomplish this goal. New solar, especially in communities where jobs are badly needed, will be part of such a plan as well as new wind.

A report released on November 23rd this year, by the U.S. Global Change Research Program, found that climate change is affecting the natural environment, agriculture, energy production and use, land and water resources, transportation, and human health and welfare across the United States and its territories.

The United Nations Intergovernmental

Panel on Climate Change just released its special

report on global warming, stating that the world has 12 years to turn things around. Limiting temperature increase will require unprecedented changes in society but will have huge benefits.

2.1

We can and must do this for ourselves and our kids and our grandkids. So in light of these two reports, adding 900 megawatts of wind and solar in Ohio is hardly a radical idea.

So, here are some recent headlines:

November 19th. "solar and wind now the cheapest power source," says Bloomberg New Energy Finance, and they go on to say "Unsubsidized solar and onshore winds are now the cheapest source of new bulk power in all major economies, except Japan, thanks to falling technology costs."

On November 23rd, in Business World, the headline was "Green Jobs Boost: China Leads the Way as Renewable Energy Employment Set to Top 28 Million by 2050." And that article goes on to say, "Last year, global renewable energy employment reached 10.3 million." That's across the world. "A 5.3 percent increase over the previous year."

On November 26th, in Clean Technica, the headline is "Solar and Storage Minigrids are Electrifying Towns Across the Philippines." And the

article goes on to say "These are towns that previously had unreliable electric at best."

2.1

And on that same day, November 26th, in a report from The Energy Mix, the headline was "Solar, Wind, Storage Become 'Default Choice' for U.S. Utilities." And that article goes on to say that "Trends have become even more pronounced in the last two years and have nearly knocked gas from the California queue entirely."

So I'd like to invite the people that are here also to come to the Statehouse hearings on the wind and solar setback rule -- on the wind setback rule. Because it's one of the strictest setbacks, it's really limited wind development in Ohio, and we need to oppose that and get that rule overturned.

So, in the light of the serious consequences of inaction, as well as the benefits to Ohioans and society as a whole from cheaper, innovative, far-less-polluting wind and solar, how can the Public Utilities approve -- not approve -- excuse me -- how can the Public Utilities Commission not approve this plan. Thank you very much.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you.

Any questions?

Okay. Thank you very much.

1 Dan Shirey.

Good morning.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

DAN SHIREY

6

2

3

4

5

7

10

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

presented himself as a public witness, and being
first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. SHIREY: My name is Dan Shirey. 2602

Tick Ridge Koenig Hill Road, Otway, Ohio 45657.

I'm the Business Manager of the
International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers,
Local Union 575. Our jurisdiction encompasses 10
counties in Ohio, including Highland County in which
this project would be located.

I come before you today to give full support for this project. This project would support approximately 400 living-wage jobs for the membership that I represent alone. This is also a veteran-preferred project that would employ those that have served this country.

The part of the state that this project would be located desperately needs the economic

impact this project would create. Wouldn't it be great if southern Ohio could be known for one of the largest solar arrays east of the Mississippi, rather than overdose deaths per capita.

Again, I urge the Commission to approve this project. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

All right. Thank you.

Ned Ford.

Good morning.

MR. FORD: Good morning.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

15 | - - -

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

16 NED FORD

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. FORD: My name is Ned Ford. I live at 9533 North Cincinnati-Columbus Road, in Waynesville, Ohio 45068.

I have spent the last 35 years promoting cost-effective clean energy in Ohio. Up until five years ago that meant that I worked on energy

efficiency.

2.1

Five years ago there was a hearing before the legislature in which one of the wind-industry advocates came forward and said that wind was sold in Ohio, in 2012, for 4.2 cents a kilowatt-hour. Now, I need to put that in context because I don't think everybody knows what we pay for electricity.

Wholesale prices are set by auctions that are conducted by the Ohio utilities under a process that's been created over the last five or six years, and there are probably 15 or 20 contracts in effect right now, the cheapest of which is 4.2 cents per kilowatt hour, and the most expensive is 6 cents.

I'm afraid I do not know what AEP's contracts are for, but it's in that range.

A year ago, I wouldn't have thought that I would be here supporting a solar project in Ohio; wind, yes. There's a utility in Colorado called Xcel. Xcel has, like AEP, about a 14-state service footprint and it is about the same size as AEP as utilities go. They put out a request for proposals for about 2,000 to 2,600 megawatts of power, not specifying what type it was. They received 18,000 megawatts of proposed resources, most of which were wind and solar.

And the reason I'm bringing this up is because in a brilliant move, unparalleled anywhere else in this country, somebody figured out that you cannot put those prices out before the public so everybody can see them. What they did was they averaged them, and so somehow the public was able to learn that the average price of the wind bid was 1.9 cents a kilowatt-hour and the average price of the solar bid was 2.9 cents a kilowatt-hour. Now,

Colorado has better wind and solar than Ohio. I don't have any access to prices like that here in Ohio other than the reference to 2012.

2.1

In this case, you could do something like that. You could figure out some way to give the public some information that they sorely need, because some of the witnesses here, who are in favor of this project, are doubtful about the cost-effectiveness. We have a State agency, putting a handout on the table outside in the hallway, denying the cost-effectiveness of this project.

I know for a fact that we have the ability to build an infinite amount of wind and solar in Ohio, and it will reduce the cost of electricity all the way, but I cannot give you public references to those facts. I work in this area, I talk to

people, I see things that I'm not able to report to the public; you do too.

2.1

The most important thing here is that this isn't one project. This is the cutting edge of a revolution in the electric industry unlike anything that has existed in this country or the world for over 60 years. 60 years ago was the last time there was an opportunity to lower rates by building new power plants. We now have three technologies, not just one, that will do that.

What you do in this case will affect the State of Ohio. And before the 2014 legislation that slowed down renewable energy in Ohio, Ohio was the second-largest or the largest manufacturer of wind and solar technology in this country. We have been hurt by that legislation. This is the first opportunity, I've seen in a while, to set us back on the right path.

There is over a half-trillion dollars, that's a thousand times a half-billion dollars, to be spent on clean energy in this country in the next 20 years. Ohio can be, should be, needs to be one of the leading manufacturing states, and this project will help us all understand that.

Now, I could talk all day and I won't.

The one thing I want to seal this with is I attended a hearing in Preble County. If you want to know where Preble County is, look to Indiana, it's there.

They had a Power Siting Board table at the hearing, by the developers there, who were proposing a solar project. The Power Siting Board has received 1,290 megawatts of proposed new utility-scale solar this year. That is seven times the amount of solar that is already existing in Ohio all together. Every single one of those projects is going to lower the price of electricity, and we could be building that much every six months for the next 20 years.

So I beg the Commission and the Company to do what is right here and make this happen. Thank you.

17 EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions for

Mr. Ford?

2.1

All right. Thank you very much.

I believe it's Kaniz "Siddi."

MS. SIDDIQUI: "Saddiqui."

EXAMINER PARROT: Sorry. Good morning.

MS. SIDDIQUI: Good morning.

EXAMINER PARROT: Please raise your right

25 hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name.

- - -

2.1

KANIZ SIDDIOUI

presented herself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MS. SIDDIQUI: My name is Kaniz Siddiqui, and my address is 5043 Catalpa Creek Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio 45242.

I'm here -- we have heard enough here why solar and wind energy is absolutely an essential part of the energy in this country. I'm here to support AEP for their wonderful projects and in the right location because we know that solar industry or wind industry is going to be one of the biggest industries in this country whether we like it not.

The way we have been dragged, from horse and buggies, to the car industry, we will be, whether we like it not, we will be in the sustainable and renewable energy field because that's where we have a source that's absolutely clean, doesn't affect the heart or atmosphere or the health of the population, so that is the way to go.

But one thing I really appreciate also

that AEP, whatever their consideration, they have 1 2 decided to do it in an area that needs economy boost in Ohio, you know, state, and so I full-heartedly 3 support the AEP project and that's why I'm here. 4 5 Thank you. 6 EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you. 7 Any questions? 8 Kelsey Starr. Please raise your right hand. 9 10 (Witness sworn.) 11 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name 12 and address. 13 14 KELSEY STARR 15 presented herself as a public witness, and being 16 first duly sworn, testified as follows: 17 DIRECT TESTIMONY 18 MS. STARR: My name is Kelsey Starr. My 19 address is 115 North Ogden Avenue, Columbus, Ohio 20 43204. 2.1 I come to represent myself, and the 22 interests of my peers, and my children who are not 23 old enough yet to advocate for themselves. I'm 24 honored to be present at this time in history to have

the opportunity to speak my heart on this issue, so

25

thank you.

2.1

I feel deeply emotionally invested in the future of energy. With advancements in technology and innovation, the degree and risk of pollution to our land, water, and air by conventional methods is no longer necessary or sustainable.

I support the initiative of this project.

I have an appreciation for the ways the fossil-fuel industry of the past grew our way of life into what it is now with great sacrifice.

established in the Appalachian region for at least since the early 1600s, according to my genealogical records. My own paternal grandmother, able to relate to that classic country song, "A Coal Miner's Daughter." My own biological great-grandfather died in a coal-mining accident long before I ever got to meet him.

We, as a society and a species, are learning. And as countless research continues to show how critical it is that we make a societal paradigm shift, I believe it is our moral obligation to the future generations to move forward with initiatives now which support and create a sustainable future.

Fracking, pipelines, coal mines, these are all ways of the past that represent finite resources with dire consequences that our children and grandchildren are left to deal with. I do not need to restate other testimony offered regarding the devastation that pollution and carbon emissions have on our health and our future.

It was once said to me that we are the ancestors of the future and what we do now will change the landscape of the future generations. And this is the time for action to dissolve our dependence on energy sources that are poisoning the land which all life depends on, and take actions we can be proud of. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

All right. Thank you.

Steven Heyman.

MR. HEYMAN: Hello.

EXAMINER PARROT: Please raise your right

hand.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

(Witness sworn.)

22 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name

23 and address.

MR. HEYMAN: Steven, S-t-e-v-e-n, Heyman,

25 H-e-y-m-a-n. 341 East Dunedin Road, Columbus, Ohio.

EXAMINER PARROT: Please proceed.

2.1

STEVEN HEYMAN

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. HEYMAN: As the son of an environmental health scientist, who got his Ph.D. in air and water pollution in 1964, and was way ahead of the curve, unfortunately he's not here so he could speak for himself. As a child, we'd go fishing, and we went down to Lake Hope and we were trying to fish and there were no fish. I asked my dad why. He said, well, it's the acid runoff from the coal mines. There's sulfur in coal and the sulfur is converted into sulphuric acid. Obviously that's not very good for anything but rhododendrons and hydrangeas.

There are a lot of different compounds that cause problems with the combustion of coal. It causes carbon monoxide which will combine with our blood cells and keep us from collecting any oxygen and then we die. Carbon dioxide, nitric oxide, sulphuric acid, arsenic, mercury, and lead.

Arsenic, mercury, and lead end up in the ground, they end up in our waters, they end up in

Lake Erie, they end up in all the streams, they end up in the fish, and none of those things are healthy for us.

I very much approve of AEP's renewable energy, both solar and wind.

I'm a sailor. On my boat, I have both wind and solar power. One day, there was a flood on the Portage River, and the owner of the docks unplugged all the boats, and so I go there to use my boat and I can't start it. I wasn't allowed to leave my wind generator running, but it was a really windy day, about 35 miles an hour. I turned my wind generator on and, within 2 or 3 minutes, I was able to start my boat. I love wind energy.

Please approve this plan. And I thank you for your time.

17 EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you.

Any questions?

Jerry Duke.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

18

20

(Witness sworn.)

21 EXAMINER PARROT: All right. Please 22 state your name and address.

23

24 JERRY DUKE

25 | presented himself as a public witness, and being

98 first duly sworn, testified as follows: 1 2 DIRECT TESTIMONY 3 MR. DUKE: My name is Jerry Duke. I live at 1389 London Drive, in Columbus, 43221. 4 5 I stand today in favor of the proposal. 6 As an average residential consumer, I am willing to 7 pay the little bit extra that may be required to initiate this project and get it off the ground. 8 9 As a casual observer can readily see, fossil fuels are not a renewable resource, they are 10 11 finite, and we need to develop and expand the 12 infrastructure of renewable energy so that the people 13 of Ohio can continue to have cheap, available energy for the foreseeable future. Thank you. 14 15 EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions? 16 All right. Thank you, Mr. Duke. 17 Barbara Kane. 18 Good morning. Please raise your right 19 hand. 20 (Witness sworn.) 2.1 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name 2.2 and address. 23 24 SISTER BARBARA KANE, OP 25 presented herself as a public witness, and being

first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

3 | SISTER KANE: I am Sister Barbara Kane.

4 | I live at 2320 Airport Drive, Columbus, Ohio 43219.

I am a Dominican Sister of Peace and, as a religious sister, we believe that our world is sacred and a way to experience the divine. The Dominican Sisters of Peace strongly support this project that will provide an energy source that will not damage this sacred space.

We believe that alternative energy can attenuate the impact of climate change and reduce the negative impact of disastrous climate events which impact so many people around our nation right now.

Our world can heal, but it needs us to take efforts to help it and this project is a step in the right direction. We encourage the PUCO to approve this project, and we encourage all Ohio energy companies to invest in alternative, clean energy sources. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you very much.

Any questions?

Rachael Belz.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

25

1

2

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

2.2

23

24

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

presented herself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

2.1

DIRECT TESTIMONY

RACHAEL BELZ

MS. BELZ: My name is Rachael Belz. My business address is 2330 Victory Parkway, Cincinnati, Ohio 45206.

Good afternoon. I'm Rachael Belz. I'm the Executive Director of Ohio Citizen Action. We have 32,000 members throughout Ohio; nearly a fourth of them reside in the AEP service territory.

I'm here today to provide testimony in favor of American Electric Power's application, 18-501-EL-FOR, to add renewable generating facilities to their energy portfolio.

Ohio Citizen Action has worked on consumer and environmental community issues in Ohio for over four decades. Today, because there are so many speakers who've already testified to the environmental benefits, the jobs benefits, the benefits to the region and many other needs, for the sake of brevity I'm going to keep my comments

strictly to the consumer need for these projects. We also reserve the right to add to these comments in the official docket at a later time.

2.1

Ohio Citizen Action, from the very beginning, founded as Ohio Public Interest Campaign, fought for the consumer and oftentimes against what the largest utilities in the state wanted. That was under regulated markets, deregulated markets, the hybrid of regulation and deregulation we have now. We've had to fight so many utility battles over the years because we felt that what the utilities were often proposing was most unfair often to the most modest energy users.

But this proposal for American Electric

Power to add renewable generating facilities to their

mix is a good deal for their customers, first and

foremost. Why? Because with renewable prices

falling globally, we should be investing in some of

the least expensive and most sustainable technology

out there. And pragmatically, we should be vying for

investing in it in nearly every way we can think of:

utility-scale, rooftop solar, rural co-ops,

municipals and cities investing directly in

renewables, and on and on and on. While there

certainly needs to be smart guidance, the

opportunities are more abundant than we've seen in a decade or more.

2.1

As our organization has worked on issues over the decades, involving Ohio's fleet of old and uneconomic coal and nuclear plants, it's clear to see that we're a lot closer to retiring most of the rest of the fleet than has really been discussed. This means we're a lot closer to needing these projects, and more just like them, than we've been planning.

It's pretty obvious that the legislature does not have a realistic grasp of energy policy in Ohio. Will the incoming administration? Who knows? These issues are too big to be cast to the political winds every election cycle.

So what does that mean for right now?

What does that mean for the proposal AEP has in front of you? It means we ask you to be bold. You need to really listen to the will of the AEP customers here today, and those sending in written comments who couldn't come, as well as interested parties throughout the state, who are finally in agreement with at least one big utility project in Ohio. And not just in agreement. Actually really excited. I can't tell you how many people we've talked with about AEP's proposal, who are thrilled to be able to

be for something, instead of always having to fight against things of which they don't agree.

2.1

We understand that in order to make these investments, customers will likely be paying a small amount more on their energy bill. Many of our members have expressed they would like to see that type of an investment even if that's the case.

watch these and all investments that Ohio energy customers are being asked to fund, just like we always have. But this proposal makes good business sense. It's forward-looking and it would bring jobs and benefits to parts of the state that everybody here says needs it more than any other place in the state, and I agree.

These proposals are smart investments that would help give certainty to renewable energy developers that Ohio is finally moving into just the 21st century. It will enable us to take advantage of the cleanest, cheapest, and the most sustainable energy investments ever proposed in our state, and then hopefully do that over and over and over again. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions? Thank you, Ms. Belz.

Michael Wathen.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

2.1

MICHAEL WATHEN

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. WATHEN: It's Michael Wathen. 1357
Hillcrest Road, Cincinnati, Ohio 45224.

I am -- I have rooftop solar, I have net metering, I have an electric car, and I also live downwind from some of the most polluting plants, coal-fired plants in that southwest region of Ohio. I would like to see them gone, I really would, just for the sake of the air.

Also, my wife, she -- about every six months she changes energy suppliers because of the way the Ohio law is set up that you can change your electric supplier. And some of the claims that these energy suppliers say, I wonder how -- how accurate it is that they're getting sustainable energy which is what we look for and, if it is sustainable energy,

105 it's probably coming across, not from Ohio, but from 1 2 Indiana or someplace else like that. So I would like to see this very close to Cincinnati and that's why 3 I'm in favor of the proposal. Thank you. 4 EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions? 5 6 Thank you. 7 I believe it's maybe Gary Neshan --Neshon. 8 9 FROM THE AUDIENCE: It's "Guy." 10 EXAMINER PARROT: Address is 4800 . . . 11 Please raise your right hand when you're 12 ready. 13 (Witness sworn.) 14 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name 15 and address. 16 MR. NESHON: Guy Neshon. 4800 Balboa 17 Place, Westerville, Ohio. 18 EXAMINER PARROT: Please proceed. 19 MR. NESHON: Huber Ridge. 20 EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you. 2.1 22 GUY NESHON 23 presented himself as a public witness, and being 24 first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

25

MR. NESHON: I've been listening to the entire meeting -- well, there's a lot more left. I'm from --

EXAMINER PARROT: I'm sorry to interrupt. Would you mind stepping over to the microphone. I'm seeing folks, at the back, waving that they're not able to hear. Right there to your left.

MR. NESHON: I don't have a right eye, so I make mistakes because I don't see most of it.

Can you hear me?

Good.

2.1

I've been impressed with this meeting and at least a hundred people very eager to express their interest in what the meeting is about. I have seen you working hard to find more people and more ways to do what you're trying to do. I would like to see more people doing more things like this, and I could see that this state would grow again. This state has spent the last 100 years growing, but there has been a slow going downhill with what's going on in the last 30 years, 40 years, but now people are trying to make it grow again and, if you only want to see, just look out there and you can see this area grow.

I was here when I first came here, and you've grown a lot, and I -- I -- I am impressed. I

1 would like to see more happen. Is there anything that I can say? Well, where did I come from? 2 England, Belgium, and then America. And in going --3 living through three countries -- well, I'm still 4 5 living in one -- it's amazing what's happened in Ohio 6 and will happen in Ohio and that much I have seen is 7 that in Ohio things will happen. This state was built to do exactly what it's doing. The history of 8 Ohio is very long and just keeps growing. Thank you 9 10 very much and I'm honored to sign up. Thank you. 11 EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you. 12 Any questions? 13 Thank you very much 14 MR. NESHON: Thank you. Thank you. 15 EXAMINER PARROT: Jeff Sunday. 16 Please raise your right hand. 17 (Witness sworn.) 18 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name 19 and address. 20 2.1 JEFF SUNDAY 22 presented himself as a public witness, and being 23 first duly sworn, testified as follows: 24 DIRECT TESTIMONY 25 MR. SUNDAY: Jeff Sunday. 5600 Norcross

Road, Columbus, Ohio 43229.

2.1

That's a bit of a hard act to follow, but I'm going to try.

Kudos to you. Thank you for being able to sit here this long, through this whole process.

Also, thank you for having us here.

Again, my name is Jeff Sunday. I'm an Ohio -- AEP Ohio customer.

Well, I already probably have a parking ticket by now, so I'm going to try and keep my -- I was going to keep my comments short, but I already got the ticket so I'm just going to go with it.

So, I'm sure it comes as no shock to anyone in this room that these days the things which make national news are teaming with controversy. The one I want to reference today, which I feel is most relevant to this public hearing, is the release of the Fourth National Climate Assessment. Now, I said it was controversial because the news makes money for calling it that, but really it was compiled by more than 1,000 people, including 300 of the field's leading scientists.

It's relevant because it predicts the dire consequences of our future, affected by how we power our world, and it concludes that there is "no

convincing alternative explanation other than human activities, especially emissions of greenhouse gases." Additionally, 80 to 90 percent of publishing scientists agree with the findings that climate change is anthropogenic.

2.1

So what makes this relevant? Why is this -- why is a national report relevant to why we are here?

Well, we are here today to talk about AEP Ohio's proposal to develop 400 megawatts of solar energy projects in Appalachian Ohio. A proposal for solar and wind renewables which, if you haven't guessed already, I am in favor of, as all Ohioans should be.

I'm a resident here in Columbus, I grew up in this area, and have been living in Ohio almost my entire adult life. I am so deeply proud of this state and its contributions to this great nation.

We, as Americans, have always been innovators; people looking for answers to problems that affect our society. We are the ones pushing progress and take the bold step forward when no one else will.

As Ohioans, I believe we have been at the forefront of this progress. It was an Ohioan who was

the first person in space. It was an Ohioan who was the first person to step foot on the moon. It was an Ohioan to first give us electric light. And yes, it was even an Ohioan who was the first and currently-only person to win two Heisman trophies.

Sorry; a Buckeye fan.

2.1

2.2

Now it is Ohio's turn to lead again. I can only try to convince -- I could try to convince you with more scientific data, talk numbers until the rest of my time is up, but I don't think that is what will persuade you to approve this proposal.

I would venture a guess that many of us here in this room have children to whom we want to leave a better world. I, myself, have a two-year-old daughter. These projects are our way of ensuring that we take that most crucial next step forward, leaving them a world with cleaner water -- cleaner air and water, and a better environment in which to grow up. Thank you for your time.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

Thank you, Mr. Sunday.

Catherine Hope-Cunningham.

Please raise your right hand.

Armstrong & Okey, Inc., Columbus, Ohio (614) 224-9481

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name

and address.

2.1

_ _ _

3 CATHERINE HOPE-CUNNINGHAM

presented herself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MS. HOPE-CUNNINGHAM: My name is Catherine Hope-Cunningham. 667 Ridenour Road, Columbus, Ohio 43230.

I am sitting in the back of room where it's kind of hard to hear and so I hope it's okay if I use my teacher voice. I was a middle school teacher. I haven't been a teacher since 2005, but, nevertheless, my teacher voice.

I want to thank you for the opportunity to speak. I am the owner of a 5.8-kilowatt residential system, and I'm also an ETA-certified solar energy consultant, but it's not me or my residential solar system that I'm here to testify about.

I'd like to tell you about a much-loved family member who lives in a state north of Ohio, a state that has 12 percent less average sunlight than Ohio does. He has had a very hard life. In 40 years, I've never seen this family member smile.

He's had health problems, which then led to employment problems, money problems, layered on with more health problems, and he was caught in a cycle of helplessness.

2.1

Four months ago, for the first time ever, I saw him smile. He had posted a video of himself working on an installation crew for a megawatt project in New York. I cried when I saw this image. Then I saw another post of another megawatt installation somewhere else in New York. And then another. And then one in Pennsylvania. And then another. When the source of energy is freely available, the projects could be endlessly replicable.

What used to be posts of despair and feeling lost, are now replaced with posts of purpose and posts of pride. We've never seen him this happy. After decades of chronic problems, he's now traveling the east coast, working in the outdoors, hauling and installing solar panels. He's gainfully employed, has money, purpose, improved health, and a reason to hope. There are not words to describe this transformation or my gratitude in witnessing it.

It's worth noting that when I took my solar certification class, of those 12 people in that

class, 3 of them were from southeastern Ohio, they were people who had lost their jobs in the coal industry. The solar industry is providing jobs for unemployed in Ohio. By extension then, more solar projects translates to more jobs for Ohioans.

I think we can all agree that we'd like to see Ohio be a leader in energy. Right now, we're falling behind a state that has 12 percent less average sunlight than we do in Ohio.

I support a path forward that includes renewable energy as a much greater portion of Ohio's energy portfolio, making Ohio more competitive in the energy industry. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

Thank you.

Michael Campbell.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

- - -

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21 MICHAEL CAMPBELL

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

24 DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. CAMPBELL: Michael Campbell. 64 West

Rich Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

2.1

I'm here to advocate for the AEP proposal. I think it takes us in the right direction.

A little bit of a personal note on my end. I am an Ohioan by marriage, not by birth. My wife's family is from Alliance, Ohio. What I've seen, since she and I have been married for a number of years, is her family has needed money in the past and they've signed lease agreements to pipelines that have gone through their land of which have leaked once.

Her sister, who also lives in Massillon,
Ohio, can't drink her water; so they rely on bottled
water full-time. And I'm not going to debate the
merits of why they can't drink their water, but they
have a lot of fracking. They have an active mine
right across from their house.

And it only takes enough of this evidence before I hope you, as Commissioners of this great state, start to think of new ways to change the state for the better. I have a lot of stats that have already been, you know, issued by folks in this room earlier, so I won't echo those same claims of job growth, revenue, et cetera, health, yadda yadda, but

I really want us to move forward in leading states by example, rather than following and being okay with the past and with what we currently have in place today.

Ohio takes about 53 percent, I believe, still of coal for their net electricity generation in the state. About 3 percent of that is renewables. If you look at neighboring states like Michigan, where they've gone from above 50 percent in coal down to 37 percent, and upped their renewables closer to 10 percent, with more aggressive goals than we have by this plan by this Commission, they're going to far exceed our percentages from net electricity generation by renewables by 2020 as our goal here by 2027.

I'm asking for this Commission to consider more aggressive timelines to improve those numbers. By all the benefits you hear from this group before you today and everyone who is for this, to try to do better for this state and make us a leader not a laggard in this area.

With that, again, I reiterate I approve of AEP's proposal, and I thank you all for your time.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you.

Any questions?

2.1

All right. Thank you very much.

Jim Hartman.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

2.1

JIM HARTMAN

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. HARTMAN: It's Jim Hartman. 196 South Grant Avenue, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

The very first speaker who came up here, mentioned the low cost of the proposed Green Power Tariff. And I wanted to tell the Commission that I am getting my electricity from the City of Columbus. You know, they have their own power system, I believe they get their power from AEP, and they offered us a chance to sign up for a renewable energy surcharge on our electric bills. I jumped at the chance. It was sort of an opportunity to reduce my moral hazard associated with keeping my downtown condo warm.

And I wanted to point out that the cost of this, you know, this sort of green add-on is insignificant. It's -- I think it's like a dollar.

117 So, you know, all of -- all of the testimony I'm 1 2 hearing, sounds good to me, and I support the 3 proposal. Thanks. 4 EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you. 5 Any questions? 6 Thank you very much. 7 Darin Hadiger -- Hadinger. 8 Sorry. 9 MR. HADINGER: It's okay. 10 EXAMINER PARROT: I'm not the best at 11 translating handwriting. 12 (Witness sworn.) 13 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name 14 and address. 15 16 DARIN HADINGER 17 presented himself as a public witness, and being 18 first duly sworn, testified as follows: 19 DIRECT TESTIMONY 20 MR. HADINGER: Darin Hadinger. 2443 2.1 Edgevale Road, Columbus, Ohio 43221. 2.2 Thank you, Commissioners. 23 I have a unique perspective; perhaps 24 maybe more than most people in this room.

worked on all sides of this. I've worked on over

25

5-billion worth of pollution controls for AEP. I designed, I engineered, I built, I managed, I started them up. In doing that for AEP, I can tell you the cost. I cleaned coal. The inside of my hardhat was pitch black. Imagine what my lungs look like. I remember one day, being on top of a platform after 19-1/2 hours in, and seeing coal just dropping and not stopping. I stopped dead in my tracks, going "What the hell am I doing? How is this helping my daughter moving forward?"

2.1

This is not to cut on AEP. AEP is a great company, and I'm in full support of them.

They're an active veteran supportive company. I just think it's time to make this transition. If the Coal Museum in Kentucky can put solar on there, I think that sends a very clear message.

While, certainly, there's not just one form of energy that's going to serve us. I'd like to quote something fun. Vice Admiral Denny McGinn who said, you know, there's not a silver bullet, but there's a lot of silver buckshot. This is part of the silver buckshot approach.

This allowed me to transition into the clean energy economy for a very personal and, you know, professional reasons, but I've also had the

advantage of teaching after that. I've taught in Appalachia. I've had people on meth, I've had people on pain pills, I've had veterans, I've had foster kids. You know what I taught them? Renewable energy. Some people refer to it as alternative energy. I'll just call it renewable, sustainable building.

2.1

I've watched those people when they come out of there, some who had spent jail-time, some who had the sweats in my class, come out of there working in the field as business owners, project managers, and developers within three to six months and their lives turn around.

So, do I know it can happen? Absolutely.

Is it needed down there? Absolutely.

I spent a lot of time in Appalachia at all those plants, some of them which are being closed down now. The time to put solar is now.

I have a company now, Pivot Solar. We have a program, Solar by Soldiers, and we have one, Second Chance Solar. The latter focuses on incarcerated and restored citizens. With Solar by Soldiers we'll be working, if this project moves ahead, along with IBEW and Helmets to Hardhats, in training and employing veterans. I have five other

states that I'm putting them in right now; I should be putting them in Ohio.

So I encourage you to consider this so we can keep this work base here and we can keep it without the, you know, hills and valleys that we've had, and let's make it sustainable. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

All right. Thank you.

Kathy McGlone.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

13

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

14 KATHY McGLONE

presented herself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MS. McGLONE: Kathy McGlone. 4754 Widner, W-i-d-n-e-r, Court, Columbus, Ohio 43220.

I'm here for the Keep Wayne Wild and the Columbus Bill of Rights. AEP should be commended on their solar wind project and it should be approved by the PUCO. With the detrimental affects of global warming, we need clean energy more now than ever.

This project will create 3,900

much-needed jobs in Appalachia during construction, and 113 permanent jobs. These jobs will not be unhealthy as is the current case with the horizontal fracking and the coal industry, both of which are non-renewable.

The Appalachian solar project in Highland County is a clean-energy project. The majority of the residential users, 86 percent, believe that our electricity should come from renewable resources.

The current source of energy is for -- you know, for generations, decades -- for decades, generations have passed on being coal miners; their grandpa, their dad. Now, that has to change for decades, for the generations to be renewable energy. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

Thank you.

Michael Steere.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

2.1

23 MICHAEL STEERE

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. STEERE: My name is Michael Steere.

I live at 1671 Coventry Road, Cleveland Heights,

44118.

2.1

Thanks for your time. Thanks, everyone, for being here.

I am not from Ohio. I came here to study engineering at Case Western Reserve University, and I'd like to remain here, but Ohio needs to change for that to happen.

Not only is this project the first necessary step in adapting to the challenges for tomorrow, but Ohio will see direct benefits in the process of this. So, needless to say, the threat of climate change is looming and the impacts are imminent.

The U.S., as many people know, is the second-largest emitter of fossil fuels; second only to China. And according to the EPA, Ohio is the fifth-largest emitter in the country; releasing 229 million metric tons in 2014. So approval of this one project, 900 megawatts, would reduce that number, that emissions number, by 5 to 10 million tons, by replacing coal, which is our state's primary energy source right now.

Some people have brought up the National Climate Assessment, released a week ago by the White House, which shows that in Cleveland, where I live, we'll see an increase in summer temperatures of 5.3 degrees by 2050. That, alone, will drive up demand for electricity as we cool our homes and the source of that energy should not exacerbate the situation; so we need to ensure it comes from renewable sources.

2.1

The best part about this shift in energy generation is that renewable energy development relies less on tech and more on labor and manufacturing which offers us more jobs in the present while protecting the future.

Compared to the coal industry which the Census Bureau's Business Patterns Program cited as providing only 76,000 jobs nationwide in 2014, renewables vastly outperformed.

The Federal Government's Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy reports 100,000 jobs provided by the wind industry alone, and 260,000 provided by solar.

Beyond that, the Bureau of Labor
Statistics reports that the fastest-growing
occupation in the country is, in fact, wind power

technician, with projected growth of 108 percent by 2024; just six years from now.

Here, in Ohio, we have huge potential for these developments and a great demand for the jobs, as many people have mentioned. And people all over the country, and even the world, see Ohio as a sample and cross-section of the United States; so our actions here have even greater implications than their direct effects. There's no reason we should not become a leader in the industry, and approving this project will be a major move toward a better future for Ohio and beyond. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you.

Any questions?

All right. Thank you.

Anastazia Vanisko.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

21 ANASTAZIA VANISKO

presented herself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

24 DIRECT TESTIMONY

MS. VANISKO: I'm Anastazia Vanisko,

A-n-a-s-t-a-z-i-a. I live at 2666 East 128th Street, No. 3, Cleveland, Ohio 44120.

2.1

Hello, Commissioners. Thank you so much for your time.

So, I'm here, continuing with the current trend in support of AEP's proposal. I believe Ohio should be moving toward using more renewable energy sources as a state, especially as we see our neighboring states surpass us in their own renewable energy development.

This proposal if approved -- and again, I think it should be -- would set a precedent in the state that I want my own electricity provider, FirstEnergy, to follow and to take note of and then use it as encouragement to build renewable energy facilities of their own.

And as a young professional, something on my mind recently is if Ohio is somewhere I want to stay in the long-term, and whether or not my energy comes from renewable sources is a factor in that decision, and that's important to me because there's a lack of jobs in the coal industry as well as the evidence that continuing to use coal hurts both our health and our wallets.

And on the note of our wallets, I did

overhear someone, as I was testifying, saying that this proposal passes on the cost to the ratepayers. And as a ratepayer myself, if I only need to pay an extra 28 cents on my bill to help build these facilities that, over time, over the course of their lifetime will save me and other consumers millions of dollars on our energy bills, I am all for willing to pay that small increase, and that's because, to me, choosing to invest in renewable sources, instead of coal, shows that a state and its utilities are willing to invest in its residents instead of in their own pockets.

These 900 megawatts of renewable energy are a long overdue step towards meeting our renewable standards here in Ohio, so please vote to approve this proposal. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

Thank you.

Sarah Savron.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

2.1

SARAH SAVRON

presented herself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

2.1

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MS. SAVRON: Sarah Savron. 2565 Bethany Lane, Hinckley, Ohio 44233.

So, I'm from a small town in Medina

County, and I came out to testify today because,

frankly, I'm concerned about the people and the

state of the country in general and that's because of

climate change. Current trend, I'm supporting

renewable energy coming to Ohio.

And also, as we heard earlier, the Fourth Climate Assessment -- National Climate Assessment came out a couple of weeks ago by the Trump Administration, and that took 13 federal agencies and thousands of people, scientists, coming together to make that, and it covered many different concerns and short-term and long-term effects of climate change.

So, Donald Trump says he doesn't believe the report that his own administration has put out, and I fear that really we're not -- the people in this room particularly are not being represented well in this democracy and that's why we're all here.

So, there's been a lot of coverage of

economic, ecological, and health-related issues with climate change. I want to remind you guys also about and draw your attention to the changes to energy infrastructure.

2.1

A quote in the article said that there will be more frequent severe heat waves and other extreme effects in many parts of the United States and it will -- those will be expected to increase stresses on the energy system, amplifying the risk of more frequent and longer-lasting power outages and fuel shortages. And current infrastructure is typically designed for historical climate conditions, therefore, they don't -- the development patterns of them don't typically account for a changing climate which is happening; so they're extremely vulnerable to those future risks from weather extremes and climate change.

Plus, the report goes on that the infrastructure's age, and deterioration, make failure and interrupted service from extreme weather even more likely. And it's expected -- climate change is expected to increase the cost of maintaining, repairing, and replacing infrastructure.

So I paraphrased that and condensed it, so I'll leave the quote for you.

But going along with that, Ohio's coal and nuclear plants particularly were built several, several decades ago, and are already costing us more, so there's just no way they're going to last through this.

2.1

So I want to say that people my age, I'm 21, Millennials in general suffer a lot of issues with depression. Suicide rates are very high with us. And I can tell you that myself, and a lot of people I know, stay up at night, wondering why we were thrown into this situation. And I just hope that when you guys make decisions like this that affect all of us and future generations, that you think about how the next 50 years will look.

And I hope you recognize that this is a really big chance for you guys to prove that the government is here to help us and represent us, and that your decision today will possibly help the next generation deal with the biggest climate shift in all of human history.

Really, the time was a long time ago.

Yesterday. But as others have been saying, let this be the catalyst for something bigger.

And I'll leave behind the report for you guys because there's so many relevant details in it,

130 and I hope you look at that, I couldn't specify 1 2 because there's too many people here. And that's it. 3 Thank you. EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions? 4 5 MS. SAVRON: Are we putting things here? 6 EXAMINER PARROT: Yeah, you can leave it. 7 There's a stack right there. Thank you. I believe it's Laurel "Hobson." 8 9 Please raise your right hand. 10 (Witness sworn.) 11 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name 12 and address. 13 14 LAUREL HOBDEN 15 presented herself as a public witness, and being 16 first duly sworn, testified as follows: 17 DIRECT TESTIMONY 18 MS. HOBDEN: Laurel Hobden. 946 Joos 19 Avenue, Columbus, Ohio 43229. 20 Last year, Ohio released over 2.1 133-million pounds of air pollutants, ranking us No. 1 in all of the states. Cincinnati and Cleveland 2.2 23 are ranked amongst the 25 most-polluted cities in the 24 The Natural Resources Defense Council ranked 25 Ohio 2nd out of the 20 states highest in toxic

emissions from the U.S. electric-production sector. So it's not surprising that Ohio ranked 4th in the nation for states with the highest level of health issues related to pollution. A study by the American Thoracic Society also determined that more than 1,500 deaths a year, in Ohio, are due to air pollution. Fossil-fuel use is killing us. We can do better.

2.1

Solar generates jobs and clean energy.

In 2017, solar-energy use employed 373,000 workers, creating 2 percent of the energy used last year in the United States. Whereas, in 2017, natural-gas use employed 362,000 workers in the U.S., creating 43 percent of the energy used. And coal energy production employed 163 and created 25 percent of the energy used.

The United States Energy Information

Administration has stated fossil fuel production is

declining 25 percent per year; whereas, employment in
the renewable-energy sector is estimated to grow by

25 percent per year.

Solar projection -- solar production is job intensive, with jobs that can't be outsourced. Solar is a growing industry that should be supported.

Our national climate scientists have stated that global temperature rise must be halted in

the next 12 years if we want to have a habitable planet.

A 2018 Sierra Club poll found that 70 percent of Ohioans support Ohio going to 100-percent renewable energy by 2030.

The question is simple: Do we want growth and health, or death and decline?

Let's choose renewable energy, build the solar projects, and make this just the beginning.

Help Ohio become a Midwest leader in renewable energy production. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

Thank you.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

23

Cathy Cowan Becker.

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

19

20 CATHY COWAN BECKER

presented herself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MS. COWAN BECKER: Cathy Cowan Becker.

25 My address is 4275 White Spruce Lane, Grove City,

Ohio 43123.

2.1

So, thank you, all, for giving me the opportunity to testify today and to listen to this long line of people wishing to testify on this proposal.

I am a volunteer with the Ready for 100 Columbus campaign. The Ready for 100 campaign is a campaign to ask the City of Columbus to commit to transitioning to 100-percent renewable energy by 2050 or before.

Across the country, 99 cities, including Cleveland, along with seven counties and two states, have committed to getting 100 percent of their energy from renewables by 2050 or before. Six cities are already there. Mayors in more than 200 additional cities, including Cincinnati, have pledged support for a community-wide transition to 100-percent renewable energy.

I am here to strongly support AEP's proposal to build 400 megawatts of solar energy in Highland County. According to AEP's filings, the two Appalachian solar projects will create 3,900 jobs and at least 113 permanent jobs. This will provide opportunity for an area of Ohio that needs it most.

When completed, the 300-megawatt Highland

solar project and the 100-megawatt Willowbrook solar project will be the two largest solar-generation facilities in Ohio history. These projects will make Ohio a solar leader in the Midwest, with more solar generation than any of our surrounding five states.

2.1

These clean-energy projects are what AEP customers want. AEP polled its own customers and found 86 percent of residential customers think it is important for the company to increase its renewable energy production. This is also consistent with a March 2018 poll by the Sierra Club that found that 70 percent of Ohioans support transitioning to 100-percent renewable energy by 2030.

According to the Bureau of Labor

Statistics, the fastest-growing jobs in the country

are wind turbine service technician and solar panel

installer. Why would we not want these jobs in Ohio?

If AEP can build facilities to produce 400 megawatts of solar energy and 500 megawatts of wind energy in Ohio, Ready for 100 will have a much easier time persuading the City of Columbus and other cities to commit to transitioning to 100-percent renewable energy.

This would provide a lot more direct renewable energy for these cities to use, as opposed

to buying renewable energy certificates, which other speakers have spoken to, that come from out of state, often a long way away. This would build our industry for solar energy right here in Ohio and to be used directly here in Ohio. It would be an investment in our state that a lot of cities are really ready to start using.

2.1

2.2

It is crucial that cities across the country make the commitment to 100-percent renewable energy. Currently, we have no federal leadership in addressing climate change, but, even if we did, cities would still have to do their part because 70 percent of carbon emissions come from urban areas.

Science tells us we are running out of time to take the action necessary to deal with climate change. Already, carbon emissions have raised global temperatures by over 1-degree Celsius. In order to hold global temperature rise to 1.5-degrees Celsius, which is what the most recent report from the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change calls for, we have to get to zero emissions by 2050 or before.

It's going to take people using all tactics in all areas of the world to deal with global climate change, but we, in Ohio, must do our part.

136 Our industrial state has lagged in addressing carbon 1 2 emissions and our state legislature has tried to get what little -- has tried to gut what little we have 3 done. 4 5 The Appalachian solar facilities, 6 proposed by AEP, would turn Ohio from a laggard to a 7 leader on climate, while creating jobs and strengthening our economy. There's no downside. 8 9 Let's allow AEP, a forward-looking utility, to help 10 lead Ohio into the 21st century. 11 EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you. 12 Rubin Craft. Sorry. "Robin." 13 Please raise your right hand. 14 (Witness sworn.) 15 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name 16 and address. 17 18 ROBIN CRAFT 19 presented herself as a public witness, and being 20 first duly sworn, testified as follows: 2.1 DIRECT TESTIMONY MS. CRAFT: Robin Craft. 8678 U.S. 22 23 Highway 42 North, Plain City, Ohio 43064. 24 I'm here, like so many others, in support 25 of this proposal. I am an AEP customer. I'm a small

business owner. I'm also an electric-car owner. I'm a healthcare professional, namely a pharmacist, and I'm someone who is trying to do small things daily to ebb the looming threat of global climate change. One of my small things today include showing up to this hearing, to express my support for AEP's investment in renewable energy and to state that I, as a consumer, want clean-energy projects in Ohio.

2.1

All of the latest reports, as many people have mentioned, show that we must mobilize if we hope to prevent portions of our earth from becoming uninhabitable, if we hope to stop more and more natural disasters and the loss of untold lives, if we hope to slow the extinction of species that may well include us; ironically, the ones who are doing all the damage.

While the scientific reports may seem grim, I cannot lose hope because I love my home. AEP's investment in renewable energy also gives me hope. And I applaud AEP's efforts to move forward to make the Buckeye State green, clean, and healthy. We need to support this project and more projects that move us toward renewable energy, and I would ask the Commission to please support this project. Thank you.

Proceedings

```
138
 1
                 EXAMINER PARROT:
                                   Thank you.
 2
                 Any questions?
 3
                 Laura Dailey.
                 Chelsey Miller.
 4
 5
                 Chelsey Miller.
 6
                 Carolyn Harding.
 7
                 I'm sorry, is that . . .
 8
                 Chelsey?
 9
                 MS. MILLER: (Nods head.)
10
                 EXAMINER PARROT: Okay. Please raise
11
     your right hand.
12
                  (Witness sworn.)
13
                 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name
14
     and address.
15
16
                          CHELSEY MILLER
17
     presented herself as a public witness, and being
18
     first duly sworn, testified as follows:
19
                        DIRECT TESTIMONY
20
                 MS. MILLER: My name is Chelsey Miller.
2.1
     I live at 5640 Reservoir Road, in Lima, Ohio 45801.
22
                 I had a longer testimony but, after
23
     listening to everybody, I've kind of changed it.
24
                 I'm going to start out by saying that
25
     climate change is scary. I don't know about you, but
```

I lay awake a lot at night with anxiety; anxiety about our future as humankind. Every time it snows, I wonder if it's going to be the last time I see it. That might be farfetched, but it's really not, because it's coming.

I live across the street from Procter & Gamble. Did you know that they strive to be environmentally-friendly? They receive 100-percent of their energy from a wind farm in Texas.

I have two kids and I am currently a college student. In fact, I have a final today at 3:30. I found it imperative to be here, to lend my voice in honor of AEP's proposal.

It would be a letdown to the impoverished area of Appalachia, it would be a letdown to ourselves, our families, our future, if we cannot let this opportunity -- we cannot let this opportunity slip through our fingers. Now is the time to act. Thank you for letting me be a part of this place in history.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

Thank you.

23 Carolyn Harding.

MS. HARDING: Hi.

25 EXAMINER PARROT: Please raise your right

1 hand.

2.1

2 (Witness sworn.)

3 EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name 4 and address.

CAROLYN HARDING

presented herself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MS. HARDING: Carolyn Harding. 156 North Roosevelt Avenue, Bexley, Ohio 43209.

Thank you, Commissioners, for hearing us.

I'm Carolyn Harding. I'm a Columbus-area citizen activist and organizer with Radioactive Waste Alert, and the local ballot initiative, the Columbus Community Bill of Rights, to keep fracking and frack-toxic radioactive waste out of Columbus water and out of our water supply, and I'm here to support the AEP renewable energy projects.

Ohio has put far too much money, time, and power into the oil and gas industry. And in this arena, Ohio is on the wrong side of history. Coal and natural gas fracking energy has huge toxic and radioactive waste streams that harm our kids, our families, our communities, our livestock, our water

supplies, and all natural communities.

The people -- you good people -- the people of Ohio want clean and safe water, air, soil, and jobs. The people of Ohio want the right to protect our communities. We want to have a voice regarding all facilities that impact our communities.

With local self-governance in mind, the AEP renewable and sustainable energy project will be a sea change for a thriving, smart, 21st-century Ohio.

Public Utilities Commissioners, the three out of the five that are here, listen to the people, take leadership, and support the AEP renewable energy projects. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?

Thank you.

MS. HARDING: Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: John McDermott.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name

and address.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

JOHN McDERMOTT

24 presented himself as a public witness, and being

25 | first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

2.1

MR. McDERMOTT: John McDermott. 910 West Rich Street, Columbus, Ohio 43222.

I want to thank everybody, I'm probably one of the last testimonies, for sticking around, so I appreciate that.

So I'm an apprentice electrician in Local IBEW 683. I'm just working right down the street at Nationwide, so I was glad this meeting was so convenient.

But anyway, I just wanted to say I'm very supportive of renewable energy projects, but I'm extremely critical of their implementation, and I invite everybody in the audience and all ratepayers to do the same, because all that money in savings, it's unclear to me how that's actually going to be spent. Especially the \$607 million in tax savings that AEP received, and initially they asked to send that money to their investors. The PUCO said no. So they got to give it back to us. That's just one example of being critical of these types of savings.

And so, with that said, I wanted to mention that as a Union member, maybe it's kind of controversial to say something like this, but Unions are good for living wages. Also, part of our wages

goes to training and schooling to make sure that we have great electricians in the future to keep doing this type of work.

2.1

In order to reduce projects -- the fastest part of how, you know, if you talk about soft costs like permitting, and hard costs like materials, the fastest way to reduce the cost on a utility, on a solar or renewable project, is to make sure you have plenty of labor and you get the job done on time because you can deliver the power faster and you can adhere to the contract. So making sure that we have enough great electricians and construction people will drive down these costs in the future. And by supporting Unions and living-wage jobs, you know, you can afford that training and afford to live in that industry.

And so, my big questions are about payback period and revenue schedule because at least in residential it takes about 7 to 10 years to pay back on a system but then the system operates at 100-percent efficiency for another 5 years, so about 15 years is how long and then it starts degrading a little bit. So I'd love to see how they're going to be paying back these things and how this money, after however many years and it still generates the

electricity, where those revenues are going to go to, because I'd like to know.

2.1

And so, I'd also like to hear about the payback period on this. You know, how long is it going to take for these systems to pay for themselves and then, additionally, where does that money go.

And so, another big question is how will tax break money be spent. You know, the ones for higher tax brackets and for companies of this nature that generate this much profit, that tax break is permanent. So there will be \$600 million, you know, plus or minus however-many-million every year. So, you know, how will that money go back to us, the ratepayer?

You know, because, you know, to the gentleman that talked about the Colorado projects being cheap, I'd say people in Bowling Green, Ohio, and those who live next to Lake Erie and Highland County for solar, would disagree and say Ohio is pretty cheap to build things here too. So let's do it here. Instead of a company in Lima, buying their energy from Texas, the energy credits, let's have them get it from here.

And so with that, with that tax break, there's \$263 million that's going to go to automatic

rate reductions over six years, and then there's going to be a \$278-million credit over the next 20 years that will go towards distribution equipment and then system upgrades. So there's about \$150 million that's unaccounted for in this current tax savings. How will that tax savings be spread out for the rest of its duration as law, as federal law?

2.1

So my last things where I'm going to end are policy suggestions. I'd like us to double-down on energy efficiency which is about half of the renewable portfolio standard required. And so, if you look at this, the lights in this room, about 20 percent or less is LED. You'll notice these are all LED lights, and then in the PUCO room, the rest of them are not. So you have a lot of energy savings potentially in this room alone.

And then my big question about policy suggestions is, you know, how will storage be implemented. If we want to have 100-percent renewable, we got to have storage, and there's been no talk about this for these current projects.

And so, with that said, our fracking, the way fracking is taxed and all that natural gas that we're pumping out of the ground is taxed, it's one of the lowest rates in the country. So my suggestion

there is to increase that tax. I know that's not on your side but, if it comes across your desk, maybe you encourage it in order to use that additional tax revenue to support the transition to renewable energy and especially storage research and development.

2.1

The last policy suggestion that I would like to mention is to encourage some type of program that locks in the current rate that municipals spend now. So they buy so many megawatts of electricity a year, and by starting to generate their own electricity through renewable energy projects they begin to buy less electricity which makes their rate per kilowatt increase; so it de-incentivizes a city like Columbus which does this.

I've talked to Erin Prosser, from the City of Columbus, and she said we have no interest in doing renewable energy generation projects in the City of Columbus and that's because by generating electricity their rate would increase, and so for the average customer who is also paying for all the street lighting in the city, all those municipal customers, they have to, you know, generate electricity with renewable energy and then pay more for the electricity they buy.

Well, if AEP and other utilities worked

out a deal and said, hey, you guys can generate your 1 2 own electricity because we're going to have a substantial demand, especially with electric 3 vehicles, if you could -- if they could lock in that 4 5 current price and buy less electricity in the future 6 but be able to generate some additionally, I think it 7 would encourage cities like Columbus, who have no intention to generate electricity, to do so. 8 9 So those are my three suggestions, so 10 thanks. 11 EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions? 12 All right. Thank you. 13 All right. That concludes the list of 14 individuals that have signed up to testify. Is there 15 anyone I missed or anyone else that's wishing to 16 speak? I see a hand. 17 Please raise your --18 MR. KREPS: Good morning. 19 EXAMINER PARROT: Good morning. Well, 20 good afternoon. Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state your name and address.

24

25

2.1

22

23

TIM KREPS

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

2.1

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. KREPS: Tim Kreps. 10185 Juliana Circle, Powell, Ohio.

I've been listening to a lot of comments. I didn't sign up, at first, to testify because I figured everything would be said. We've been hearing about things along follow the money, along that theme. That's important that you look at that, following the money, where things can be saved, jobs in the future, all of those wonderful things that were spoken about earlier.

As a retired teacher, way back in 1969, on the first Earth Day, I helped organize and implement things for our school system. Looking at all of the statistics and all of the science that was told to us then about what would happen in the future, I know some of you aren't that old to be able to look back and take a look at those things, but what I've noticed is that many of those things that were suggested that might happen in the future, have happened.

It was hard for me to believe while

teaching, in 1969, the population of the world would double in 35 years. That was an amazing piece of information that was just hard to wrap our heads around and, yet, it did.

2.1

So I would challenge the PUCO to look at the science, to read those articles, and be aware of the information that is out there that has already taken place, the global warming, the raising of the water table, the warming of climate as we're coming into this country here, and it's going to change the production of food; these things have happened as stated in the National Climate Assessment.

Please consider the past, the information that is true today, and where we are heading in the future, for us and for my grandkids. Thanks very much.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you.

Any questions for Mr. Kreps?

Thank you, Mr. Kreps.

Is there anyone else who would wish to offer testimony?

MS. COWAN BECKER: I've already

23 testified, but can I testify -- say one more thing?

EXAMINER PARROT: Quickly, please.

MS. COWAN BECKER: Okay.

2.1

CATHY COWAN BECKER

presented herself as a public witness, and being previously duly sworn, further testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY (CONTINUED)

MS. COWAN BECKER: So again, my name is Cathy Cowan Becker, with the Ready for 100 Columbus campaign. I just wanted to clarify some things that were said about the City of Columbus in earlier testimony.

We have been talking in regular communication with City officials and energy officials in Columbus, and they absolutely are interested in having solar energy generation within Columbus.

The recent Franklin County Energy Study recommends building a gigawatt of solar in Franklin County. It talks about how almost over 90 percent of the money that people in Franklin County spend on energy goes out of the county because there are no renewable energy generations here in the county and they want to build that here.

And Columbus agrees with that, and they have actually made several new hires within the Sustainable Columbus Department of the Public

Utilities Program. One of those hires will be actively inventorying land in Columbus that the City owns, land and buildings, as to where they can put solar energy generation.

So the City is moving forward with this but, you know, obviously that wouldn't be enough to power directly 100 percent even if they put solar panels on all of the City land. So that's why we really support the AEP proposal because we want to get solar energy across Ohio that Columbus and other cities can use to be powered directly with solar energy. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you.

Anyone else that hasn't yet stepped up to the podium and wishes to do so?

Please raise your right hand.

(Witness sworn.)

EXAMINER PARROT: Please state and, if necessary, spell your name, and provide your address.

2.1

AARON JONES

presented himself as a public witness, and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:

DIRECT TESTIMONY

MR. JONES: Aaron Jones, A-a-r-o-n

J-o-n-e-s. I am a lead volunteer in a community garden and I have been for a few years, so I come before you as a resident in Columbus, Ohio, and as a human being on earth.

2.1

In just my short 30 years, my observation of how climate has changed:

As a child in Michigan, I would regularly have cancelation of school days for blizzards at like 6, 7, 8. And by age 9, we had less. We had less of that. And less by 10, 11, 12. I went to school just outside of our small town, right in farm country for most of my time;

And by the 5th grade in elementary, by 5th grade, I went and I moved to a city school, and I found it rather difficult to breathe in the winter, as all of the molecules from the car emissions were filling my lungs.

So just in my own experience and what my body is telling me, fossil fuels clearly aren't the answer. They clearly affect us.

And as somebody who is studying to be an herbalist, I know that from my teacher and her experience that respiratory issues are very high in Ohio in general because of the valley region and how all of the emissions settle in in Ohio.

So, clearly, renewables is the way to go, and I fully support this with AEP's initiative, and I hope you do too. Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any questions?
All right. Thank you.

Anyone else?

Okay. Well, I wish to thank everyone for your attendance and participation today. The Commission appreciates your time and your thoughts on these projects. The testimony that has been offered will be submitted on the record for the Commission's consideration in these proceedings. And, with that, the hearing is continued to January 15th, 2019, pursuant to the November 13th, 2018 Entry. Thank you.

(Thereupon, the proceedings concluded at

1:07 p.m.)

CERTIFICATE

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the proceedings taken by me in this matter on Tuesday, December 4, 2018, and carefully compared with my original stenographic notes.

Τ Τ

Carolyn M. Burke, Registered Professional Reporter, and Notary Public in and for the State of Ohio.

My commission expires July 17, 2023.



This foregoing document was electronically filed with the Public Utilities

Commission of Ohio Docketing Information System on

12/14/2018 10:23:14 AM

in

Case No(s). 18-0501-EL-FOR, 18-1392-EL-RDR, 18-1393-EL-ATA

Summary: Transcript In the Matter of the 2018 Long-Term Forecast Report of Ohio Power Company and Related Matters; In the Matter of the Application of Ohio Power Company for Approval to Enter Into Renewable Energy Purchase Agreements for Inclusion in the Renewable Generation Rider and In the Matter of the Application of Ohio Power Company for Approval to Amend its Tariffs, hearing held on December 4th, 2018. electronically filed by Mr. Ken Spencer on behalf of Armstrong & Okey, Inc. and Burke, Carolyn