

BEFORE

THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

In the Matter of the Alternative Energy)
Portfolio Status Report for 2014 of) Case No. 15-742-EL-ACP
Dominion Retail, Inc.)

FINDING AND ORDER

The Commission finds:

- (1) Dominion Retail, Inc. (Dominion) is an electric services company as defined in R.C. 4928.01(A)(9) and, as such, is subject to the jurisdiction of this Commission.
- (2) R.C. 4928.64(B)(2) establishes benchmarks for electric services companies to acquire a portion of their electricity supply for retail customers in Ohio from renewable energy resources. R.C. 4928.645 provides that an electric utility or electric services company may use renewable energy credits (RECs) and solar energy credits (SRECs) to meet its respective renewable energy and solar benchmarks. Ohio Adm.Code 4901:1-40-01(BB) defines a REC as the environmental attributes associated with one megawatt hour (MWh) of electricity generated by a renewable energy resource, except for electricity generated by facilities as described in Ohio Adm.Code 4901:1-40-04(E).
- (3) Ohio Adm.Code 4901:1-40-05(A) requires each electric services company to annually file by April 15 an alternative energy portfolio status report (AEPS report), unless otherwise ordered by the Commission. The AEPS report must analyze all activities the company undertook in the previous year in order to demonstrate how pertinent alternative energy portfolio benchmarks have been met. Staff then conducts an annual compliance review of the company's filing and the records of the applicable attribute tracking system to ensure that RECs were sourced from generating facilities certified by the Commission and were appropriately associated with electricity generated for the compliance period.

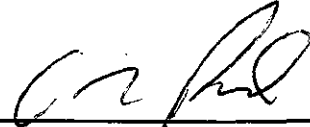
- (4) On April 15, 2015, Dominion filed its 2014 AEPS report, proposing a baseline of 160,104 MWH, which it indicated was its Ohio retail electric sales for 2014. In addition, Dominion reported that it satisfied its 2014 compliance obligations, and stated that it terminated its retail electric operations during 2014 and is no longer a Commission-certified competitive retail electric service (CRES) provider.
- (5) On June 18, 2015, Staff filed its Review and Recommendations for Dominion's AEPS report. Staff reports that Dominion was an electric services company in the state of Ohio, and thus had an AEPS obligation for 2014. Staff reviewed Dominion's attribute tracking system account record to verify compliance, and determined that Dominion has satisfied its 2014 AEPS compliance obligations. Staff also finds that Dominion has since ceased serving Ohio retail electric customers, as its CRES certificate expired on October 30, 2014, and was not renewed; further, Dominion filed an abandonment application for CRES providers in Case No. 14-2111-EL-ABN.
- (6) Upon review of Dominion's 2014 AEPS report and the records of these proceedings, we adopt Staff's recommendations. We find that the Dominion's 2014 proposed compliance baseline is reasonable, and that Dominion has met its compliance obligations for 2014.

It is, therefore,

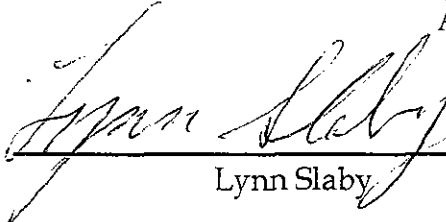
ORDERED, That Dominion's 2014 AEPS report be accepted as filed, as Dominion has met its AEPS compliance obligations for 2014. It is, further,

ORDERED, That a copy of this Finding and Order be served upon all parties of record.

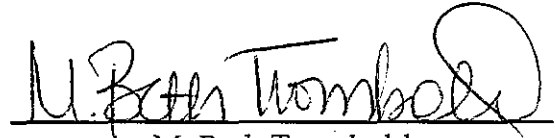
THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO



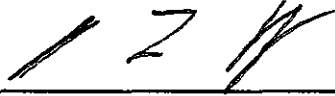
Andre T. Porter, Chairman



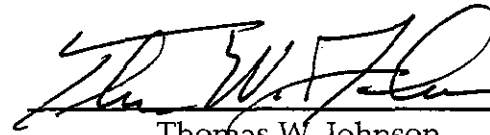
Lynn Slaby



M. Beth Trombold



Asim Z. Haque



Thomas W. Johnson

JML/sc

Entered in the Journal

JAN 27 2016



Barcy F. McNeal
Secretary