# Large Filing Separator Sheet

Case Number: 14-1693-EL-RDR

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Section: 2 of 3

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Cont'd

Sierra Club #45 and 46

IGS #9 and 10

OCC #21, 22, 23 and 24

IEU #18



GL 45 (

# Residential Apples to Apples Comparison Chart

American Electric Power (AEP)

To best utilize this offer comparison tool, it is suggested that you have your most current utility bill available for reference. Compare the supplier offers contained in the chart with the "Price to Compare" shown on your electric bill.

The offer prices below reflect that of the generation portion of your bill. Your distribution and transmission rates are determined through your local utility company.

### Steps to Switching

four simple steps to choosing a supplier

#### 1. Compare offers

Find your Price to Compare on your utility bill and use that number to compare to other offers listed on PUCO's Apples to Apples comparison chart. Since your Price to Compare is made up of several different factors it can vary from month-to-month. To get a better understanding of your average Price to Compare take a look at a few of your recent bills. After determining your Price to Compare, use our Apples to Apples chart to identify offers based on cost, contract length or other incentives.

#### 2. Contact suppliers

Contact the suppliers that you are most interested in and ask the questions provided below. To sign up simply call that supplier. The supplier will contact your local electric utility for you.

#### 3. Read and understand the supply contract

Make sure you carefully read and understand all of the terms and conditions of your supply contract. The supplier should be able to answer any questions you have.

#### 4. Receive confirmation

Your local electric utility will send you a letter confirming the supplier you have chosen. If the information is correct, you do not have to do anything. If the information is not correct, contact the utility and request that the switch be stopped. You have seven days from the postmark date of the letter to make any changes.

- 12 month offer - 24 month offer - 36 month offer



AEP Energy Inc (855) 300-7192

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 6 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0589 per kWh

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy Partnert SM) This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio, \*Exclusive AEP Energy Website Offer For New

Customers Only\*

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer

AEP Energy Inc

(855) 300-7192 Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

6% Renewable

\$0.0605 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy Partnert SM) This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Obio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

AEP Energy Inc (855) 300-7192

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

Monthly Fee: \$0 \$0.0615 per kWh

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy PartnertSM) This offer is for residential customers of AEP Ohio only.

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

AEP Energy Inc

(855) 300-7142

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0675 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy Partner(SM) 100% Wind Product This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio.

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

Agera Energy, LLC (844) 692-4372

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0749 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Tennmation Fee: \$200

Additional Information: The 'Agera Fixed Advantage 24' gives you two full years of guaranteed price protection against rising energy costs and a simple, fixed rate for energy. This option provides you with two years of worry-free energy use and no variations in your monthly rate and no long-term communenti

This is not a promouonal offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Agera Energy, LLC

(844) 692-1372

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0779 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$100

Additional Information: The 'Agera Fixed Advantage 12' gives you one full year of guaranteed price protection against rising energy costs and a simple, fixed rate for energy. This option provides you with a year of worry-free energy use and no variations in your monthly rate and no long-term commitment!

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

AP Gas & Electric OH LLC

(877) 544-4857

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

4% Renewable

\$0,0890 per kWh

Mootbly Fee \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$25

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer

Thus is not a introductory offer.

Capital Energy LLC

(855) 322-7448

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length, 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0608 per kWh

Monthly Fee: 50

Early Termination Fee. \$10

Additional Information: This offer is innited to Residential customer of AEP Ohio.

This is not a promotional offer

Thus is not a introductory offer.



Capital Energy LLC

(\$55) 322-7448

Rate Type: Fixed Term Langdy 17 months 0% Renewable

\$0.0633 per kWh Monthly Fee, Su Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: This offer is limited to Residential customer of AEP Ohto. Visit our website at www capitalenergyohio com for more details on switchingl

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Censtar Energy Corp

(877) 529-6701 Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0849 per kWh

Monthly Fee: Su

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information: 24 month fixed price

This is not a premotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Censtar Energy Corp.

(877) 529-6701

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

055 Renewable

\$0.0859 per kWh Monthly Fee: Su

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a premouonal offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Champion Energy Services, LLC

(877) 653-5090

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0 0650 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information. Lock your self in with a low fixed rate. With no monthly fees or minimum use fee,

This is a promotional offer. Receive a \$50 Visa gift card when you sign up using promo code ApplestoApples50GC

This is not a introductory offer.

Champion Energy Services, LLC

(877) 653-5090

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

S0 0720 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information, Lock your self in with a low fixed rate. With no monthly fees or minimum use fee,

This is a promotional offer. Receive a \$50 Visa gift card when you sign up using promo code ApplestoApples5uGC

This is not a introductory offer.

Constellation New Energy Inc

(888) 898-4323

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length northes:

0% Renewable

\$61539 per kWh

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a miroductory offer.

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$25

Constellation NewEnergy Inc

(888) 898-4323

Rate Type: Fixed

Tenn Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0659 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0

Additional Information: None Provided

Early Termination Fee. \$25

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a miroductory offer.

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Rate Type, Fixed

Tenn Length: 18 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0705 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$99

Additional Information: For new enrollment only. Eliminate market volatility and provide yourself price certainty with a fixed rate throughout the initial term of your contract. This rate excludes utility-related charges and taxes

Thus is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Rate Type, Fixed

Tenn Length, 12 months

0% Renewable



\$0.0715 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$99

Additional Information: For new enrollment only. Enjoy a fixed rate for 6 months and leave behind seasonal price changes from your utility.

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer

Direct Energy Services LLC (877) 698-7551

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 6 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0735 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$99

Additional Information: For new enrollment only. Enjoy a fixed rate for 6 months and leave behind the seasonal price changes and variable rates from your utility.

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

∪% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$200 \$0.0789 per kWh

Additional Information: For new customers only. Choose a Comfort and Control Plan from Direct Energy and receive a Nest Learning Thermostat, Lock in your electricity rate for 24 months. Nest features help you use up to 15% less electricity.

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length; 34 months.

0% Renewable

\$6.0799 Fer EWh \*\*

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$200

Additional Information: For new enrollment only, Choose a Comfort and Control Plan from Direct Energy and receive a Nest Learning Thermostat, Lock in your electricity rate for 36 months. Nest features help you use up to 15% less electricity.

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Discount Power Inc

(877) 507-7350 Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

.y \$0 0650 per kWh

Mootbly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Early Termination Fee. \$25

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promouonal offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Discount Power Inc

(877) 507-7350

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 18 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

0% Renewable

\$0,0660 per kWb

Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a introductory offer.

This is not a promotional offer.

DP&L Energy

(800) 319-1356

Term Length: 32 months

0% Renewable

Rate Type: Fixed \$0,0709 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$199

Additional Information: This offer is for AEP residential customers only for term through May 2018.

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

DP&L Lucrgy

(800) 319-1356

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length, 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0719 per kWh

Montbly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$99

Additional Information: For AEP residential customers in Obio Power and Columbus Southern Power

This is not a promotional offer

Thus is not a introductory offer

DP&L Energy (800) 319-1356

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length, 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0729 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$99



Additional Information: For AEP residential customers in Onio Power and Columbus Southern Power only

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Dynegy Energy Services East LLC

(855) 289-7012

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length 21 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0654 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Tempulation Fee: \$25

Additional Information: We Make the Right Choice Easy - \$0.0659/kWh through June 2017 - Residential Customers of AEP Ohio only.

This is not a promouonal offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Everyday Energy (\$77) 811-7023

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0899 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 24 months offer for our AEP Onio customers

This is not a promouonal offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Everyday Energy

(\$77) 811-7023 Rate Type: Fixed

Term Longth, 24 months

100% Ronewable

\$0.0929 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 24 month offer for our AEP CS customers.

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Everyday Energy (877) 811-7023

(877) 811-7023 Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0939 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 12 months offer for our AEP Obio customers

This is not a premotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

IGS Energy (800) 280-4474

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 6 months

0% Renewable

Sú 0629 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: Sú

Additional Information: Fixed rate of \$0.0619 per KWH for 6 billing cycles.

This is a promotional offer. Earn 5e/gal in Fuel Rewards® Savings for every \$50 you spend with IGS Energy on your utility bill.

This is not a introductory offer.

IGS Evergy

(800) 280-4474

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0639 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$100

Additional Information: Fixed rate of \$0,0629 per KWH for 12 billing cycles.

This is a promotional offer. Earn 5c/gal in Fuel Rewards@ Savings for every \$50 you spend with IGS Energy on your utility bill.

Thus is not a introductory offer.

IGS Energy

(800) 280-4474

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0 0659 per kWh

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: Fixed rate of \$0.0649 per KWH for 12 billing cycles.

This is a promotional offer. Earn 5e/gal in Fuel Rewards Savings for every \$50 you spend with IGS Energy on your utility bill.

Thus is not a introductory offer.

IGS Energy

(800) 280-4474

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

0 0679 oer kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$0

Additional Information: Fixed rate for 12 Billing Cycles, 100% Green Energy.

This is a promotional offer. Earn 56/gal in Fuel Rewards Savings for every \$50 you spend with IGS Energy on your utility bill.

This is not a introductory offer.



Just Energy (866) 587-8674

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length 30 hiombs

(Ps. Renewable

Sto 0729 penkWin Talk

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$50

Additional Information: Fixed Price Program with an Intro Price which will be 5% below Utility for the first month

This is not a promouonal offer. This is a introductory offer.

Just Energy

(866) 587-8674

Rate Type: Variable

Term Length: I month

0% Renewable

\$0.0585 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: AEP - Onto Power ONLY, Month to Month Variable Program with an Intro Period where the Intro Price will 5% below Utility for the first month. Thereafter a month to month Variable Rate

This is not a promotional offer This is a introductory offer.

Just Energy (866) 587-8674

Rate Type: Variable \$0.0585 per kWh

Term Length: I month

Monthly Fee. 50

42% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information, AEP - Columbus Southern Power ONLY, Month to Month Variable Program with an Intro Period where the Intro Price will 5% livelow Utility for the first month. Thereafter a month to month Variable Rate

This is not a promotional offer This is a introductory offer.

Lykins Energy Solutions

(800) 875-8820

Rate Type, Fixed

Tenn Length, 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0610 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: This is a fixed rate with no pass through charges or hidden fees. This contract will NOT auto-renew at a higher price This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer

Lykins Energy Solutions

(800) 875-8820

Rate Type, Fixed

Tenn Length, 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0510 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: This is a fixed rate with no pass through charges or hidden fees. This contract will NOT auto-renew at a higher price

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Lykins Energy Solutions

(800) \$75-8\$20

Rate Type: Fixed ---

0% Renewable

\$6.0610-per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is a fixed rate with no pass through charges or hidden fees. This contract will NOT auto-renew at a higher price

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Nordic Energy Services LLC

(630) 321-0888

Rate Type: Fixed \$0.0590 per kWh Term Length: 3 months

0% Renewable

Monthly Fee: \$0 Additional Information: Fixed for three months then rate defaults to an hourly LMP index rate + \$ 0175/kWh

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-9086

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 8 months

25% Renewable

\$0.0839 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: 8 month fixed rate, 25% Renewable Energy, New Customers Only,

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-9086



Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

25% Renewable

\$0.0869 per kWh

Monthly Fee \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$10

Additional Information, 12 month fixed rate, 25% Renewable Energy, New Customers Only This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-9086

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 8 months

100% Renowable

\$0.0934 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$10

Additional Information, 8 month fixed rate, 100% Renewable Energy, New Customers Only This is not a premotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-4085

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0964 per kWh

Monthly Fee \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$10

Additional Information: 12 month fixed rate, 100% Renewable Energy, New Customers Only,

This is not a promotional offer This is not a miroductory offer

Perigee Energy LLC

(866) 878-3492 Rate Type; Fixed

Tenn Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

30 0675 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$25

Additional Information; None Provided This is not a promotional offer This is not a naroductory offer.

Perigre Energy LLC

(866) 878-3492

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 9 mouths

0% Renewable

\$0.0619 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Tennination Fee: \$25

Additional Information: \$0.06190/kWh for Months 1-3 \$0.06990/kWh for Months 4-9

This is not a promotional offer

This is a munductory offer.

Public Power LLC (888) 354-44) 5

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0729 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: This is a 12-month fixed offer for customers of AEP.

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Public Power LLC (888) 354-4415

Rate Type, Variable

Term Length, 1 month

0% Renewable

\$0,0999 per kWh

Monthly Fee, 30

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information; None Provided This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer

SmartEnergy Holdings LLC

(800) 782-7274

Rate Type, Variable

Term Length. I month

4% Renewable

\$0.0570 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: AEP Ohio Power variable price product

This is not a promotional offer This is a introductory offer.

SmartEnergy Holdings LLC

(800) 782-7274

Rate Type, Variable

Term Length: 1 month

4% Renewable

\$0.0570 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0



Additional Information: AEP Columbus Southern variable price offer

This is not a promotional offer.

This is a introductory offer.

Source Power & Gas LLC

(888) 557-0065

Rate Type: Fixed \$0.0740 per kWh

Tenn Length, 12 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

0% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$150

Early Termination Fee: \$250

This is not a introductory offer Source Power & Gas LLC

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer.

(888) 557-0065

Rate Type: Fixed

Turin Length; 24 months

0% Renewable

-\$0.0767 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Stor Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed \$0.0729 per kWh Term Length: 24 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

0% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$95

Additional Information: For residential customers of American Electric Power - Onio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC (855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed MATERIAL AND A STATE OF THE STA Term Length Commonths STATES

Monthly Fee: \$0

0% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$125

Additional Information: For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0769 per kWh

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee; \$50

Additional Information. For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer. Thus is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

100% Renewable

\$0,0769 perkWh Mootbly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee. \$95

Additional Information: 100% Wind For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length of months

100% Renewable

Early Termination Fee. \$125

SA 0769 perkWhite Monthly Fee. Sú Additional Information: 100% Wind For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length, 12 months

100% Renewable

50 0799 per kWh

Montbly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$50

Additional Information: 100% Wind For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.



Titan Gas and Power

(\$88) 251-7006

Rate Type: Fixed \$0.0685 per kWh Term Length: 12 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

5% Renewable

Early Termination Pee: \$16

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promouonal offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Titan Gas and Power

(\$88) 251-7006

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 3 months

5% Renewable

\$0 0720 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information; None Provided This is not a premotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Titan Gas and Power

(\$88) 251-7006

Rate Type: Fixed \$0.0720 per kWh Tenn Length: e months

5% Renewable

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a premeuonal offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Titan Gas and Power

(888) 251-7006

Rate Type: Variable \$0.0760 per kWh

Term Length: I month

Monthly Fee: \$0

5% Renewable

Farly Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information, None Provided This is not a premotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Town Square Energy East LLC

(800) 282-3331

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 3 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0595 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information. This offer is fired until Your Tord Meter Read with Town Square Energy

This is not a promouonal offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Town Square Energy East LLC

(800) 282-3331

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 4 months

0% Renewable

30 0679 per kWh

Monthly Fee: S0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: \$0.0679 until Your December Meter Read Cycle

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Town Square Energy East LLC

(800) 282-3331

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 16 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0799 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: Settle down and try this Low Rate at 7,996 until Your December 2016 Billing Cycle!

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer

Verde Energy USA Ohio LLC

(800) 388-3862

Rate Type. Fixed

Term Length: 6 months

100% Renewable

30 0949 per kWb Monthly Pee: \$0 Early Termination Fee, \$0

Additional Information: Fixed for 6 billing cycles, Month-to-month thereafter. New enrollments receive a \$75 cash bonus, a 20% discount on energy saving products and free access to Verde Energy Savings Solutions where customers can monitor and analyze their energy use.

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length \$6 months

100% Renewable



Ont Expent Wit -- -

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 36 month freed rate for our AEP-Columbus Southern customers.

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508

Rate Type, Fixed Term Length genomins 160% Renewable

## (VIII) per killing Monthly Fee: Str Early Termination Fee: \$0

Abditional Information: This is the current 36 month Pixed rate for AEP-Ohio

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508

Rate Type: Variable

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0591 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$150

Additional Information: 5% below the Utility Price Index on your energy supply charge guaranteed for 12 months!

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508

Rate Type: Variable

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0591 per l:Wh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$150

Early Termination Fee: \$125

Additional Information: 5% below the Utility Price Index on your energy supply charge guaranteed for 12 months

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

NOOM Energy Ohio LLC

(888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length, 15 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

0% Renewable

\$0,0699 per kWh

Additional Information: SureLock 15 This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

XOOM Energy Ohio LLC

(888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Fixed

Tenn Length: 12 months

50% Renewable

\$0.0749 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Tennination Fee: \$100

Additional Information: SimpleClean 12 50%

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

XOOM Energy Ohio LLC

(858) 997-8979

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length, 24 months

0% Renessable

\$0.0749 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Tennination Fee: \$200

Additional Information: SureLock 24 This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

XOOM Energy Ohio LLC (888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Variable

Term Length: 1 month

50% Renewable

\$0.0939 per kWh

Additional Information: SimpleClean This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$0

XOOM Energy Ohio LLC

(888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Variable \$0.0695 per kWh

Term Length: I month Monthly Fee: \$0

0% Renewable

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: None Provided This is a promotional offer. SimpleFlex

This is a introductory offer.



#### **Chart Definitions**

Apples to Apples Charts: The PUCO's electric and natural gas offer comparison charts, the only comparisons in the state for which suppliers are required to provide accurate and up-to-date information about their latest offers.

ccf: Hundred cubic feet. Used to measure natural gas.

Customer Charge: Charge billed each month to recover a portion of the ongoing fixed costs of providing service to a consumer's home or business. See Fixed Delivery Charge.

**Fixed Delivery Charge**: Charge billed each month to recover a portion of the ongoing fixed costs of providing service to a consumer's home or business. See Customer Charge.

Electric Distribution Utility (EDU): The local electric distribution utility that delivers electricity to your home or business.

Supply Charge: The price of electricity or natural gas offered by a supplier.

Fixed Price: A fixed electricity or natural gas rate that will remain the same, for a set period of time.

Gas Cost Recovery (GCR) Charge: The actual cost of natural gas that a local distribution company (LDC) pays to purchase natural gas for your use. That cost is then passed through to you on a dollar-for-dollar basis with no mark-up or profit to the LDC. Only the actual costs of the natural gas are recovered through this process.

Generation Charge: The charge for producing electricity. If you purchase electricity from a supplier, your generation charge will depend on the contract between you and your supplier.

Kilowatt Hour (kwh): A 1,000-watt unit of energy for one hour. This is the standard measurement for the amount of electricity a customer uses.

Local Distribution Company (LDC): The local natural gas distribution utility that delivers natural gas to your home or business.

mef: Thousand cubic feet. Used to measure natural gas.

Monthly Fee: A fixed monthly fee that a supplier may include in the terms and conditions of their contract that is in addition to a rate based on usage.

**NYMEX:** The New York Mercantile Exchange, a public market where natural gas and other commodities are sold and traded.

**Price to Compare**: The price for an electric supplier to beat in order for you to save money. It will be shown on residential customer's electric utility bill. You can use this amount to compare with prices offered by suppliers.

Renew. (Renewable) Content: The percentage of the contracted generation supply that is provided by a renewable energy source.



Renewable Energy: Electricity or natural gas that is made from environmentally friendly fuel resources, such as wind, water, biomass, biogas, waste heat or solar. Sometimes referred to as "green" energy.

Standard Choice Offer (SCO): Each year, Columbia Gas of Ohio, Dominion East Ohio and Vectren Energy Delivery of Ohio conduct auctions to secure natural gas supplies for customers who do not participate in the retail choice program. The auction establishes a SCO rate for choice-eligible customers. The SCO rate is based on the NYMEX month-end settlement price for natural gas, plus a retail price adjustment determined in the auctions. The retail price adjustment reflects the winning bidders' price to deliver natural gas from the production area to the utility's service area.

Standard Service Offer: The electric generation service a customer will receive from their local electric utility if they do not choose an electric supplier.

**Transmission:** The transporting of high-voltage electricity from generation at a power plant to local electric utilities.

Transmission Charge: Charge for transporting electricity from the generation plant to the local electric utility.

**Transportation Cost:** Cost related to the actual transportation of natural gas through the natural gas transmission pipeline to the LDC.

Variable Price: A variable rate can change, by the hour, day, month, etc., according to the terms and conditions of the supplier's contract.



# Residential Apples to Apples Comparison Chart

American Electric Power (AEP)

To best utilize this offer comparison tool, it is suggested that you have your most current utility bill available for reference. Compare the supplier offers contained in the chart with the "Price to Compare" shown on your electric bill.

The offer prices below reflect that of the generation portion of your bill. Your distribution and transmission rates are determined through your local utility company.

# Steps to Switching

four simple steps to choosing a supplier

## 1. Compare offers

Find your Price to Compare on your utility bill and use that number to compare to other offers listed on PUCO's Apples to Apples comparison chart. Since your Price to Compare is made up of several different factors it can vary from month-to-month. To get a better understanding of your average Price to Compare take a look at a few of your recent bills. After determining your Price to Compare, use our Apples to Apples chart to identify offers based on cost, contract length or other incentives.

#### 2. Contact suppliers

Contact the suppliers that you are most interested in and ask the questions provided below. To sign up simply call that supplier. The supplier will contact your local electric utility for you.

#### 3. Read and understand the supply contract

Make sure you carefully read and understand all of the terms and conditions of your supply contract. The supplier should be able to answer any questions you have.

#### 4. Receive confirmation

Your local electric utility will send you a letter confirming the supplier you have chosen. If the information is correct, you do not have to do anything. If the information is not correct, contact the utility and request that the switch be stopped. You have seven days from the postmark date of the letter to make any changes.



AEP Energy Inc (\$55) 300-7192

Rate Type, Fixed

·Term Length 6 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0589 per kWh

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy Paraner(SM) This offer is lanited to residential customers of AEP Ohio, \*Exclusive AEP Energy Website Offer For New

Customers Only\*

This is not a promotional effer This is not a introductory offer

AEP Energy Inc (855) 300-7192

Raic Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0605 per kWh

Monthly Lee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy Partner(SM) This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Obio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

AEP Energy Inc (855) 300-7192

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0615 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy PartnertSM) This offer is for residential customers of AEP Ohio only.

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

AEP Energy Inc (855) 300-7192

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0675 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy PartnertSM) 100% Wind Product This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Agera Energy, LLC (844) 692-4372

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0749 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$200

Additional Information: The 'Agera Fixed Advantage 24' gives you two full years of guaranteed price protection against rising energy costs and a simple, fixed rate for energy. This option provides you with two years of worry-free energy use and no variations in your monthly rate and no long-term commitments

This is not a prometional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Agera Energy, LLC (844) 692-4372

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0779 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$100

Additional Information: The 'Agera Fixed Advantage 12' gives you one full year of guaranteed price protection against rising energy costs and a simple, fixed rate for energy. This option provides you with a year of worry-free energy use and no variations in your monthly rate and no long-term commitment!

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

AP Gas & Electric OH LLC

(877) 544-4857

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

4% Renewable

\$0,0890 per kWh

Montbly Fee \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$25

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Capital Energy LLC

(855) 322-7448 Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length, 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0 0608 per kWh

Monthly Fee: 30

Early Termination Fee. \$10

Additional Information: This offer is limited to Residential customer of AEP Ohio.

This is not a promotional offer

Thus is not a introductory offer.



Capital Energy LLC

(855) 322-7448

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.063\$ per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: This offer is limited to Residential customer of AEP Obio. Visit our website at www capitalenergyohio.com for more details on switching!

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Censtar Energy Corp

(877) \$29-6701

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0849 per kWh

Monthly Fee. Su

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information: 24 month fixed price

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Censtar Energy Corp (877) \$29-6701

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0859 per kWh Monthly Fee: Su

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Champion Energy Services, LLC (877) 653-5090

Rate Type: Fixed 30 0650 per kWh Term Lengthi 24 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

0% Repewable

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Addusqual toformation, Lock your self in with a low fixed rate. With no monthly fees or minimum use fee,

This is a promounnal offer. Receive a \$50 Visa gift card when you sign up using promo code ApplestoApples50GC

This is not a introductory offer.

Champion Energy Services, LLC

(877) 653-5090

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0720 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$25

Additional Information. Lock your self in with a low fixed rate. With no monthly fees or minimum use fee.

This is a promouonal offer. Roceive a \$50 Visa gift card when you sign up using promo code Applesto Apples 50GC

This is not a introductory offer.

Constellation New Energy Inc

(888) 898-4323

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Lengt**irsi**o montas

(% Renewable

€ \$0.063\$ per kWh

Additional Information, None Provided This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Constellation New Energy Inc

(888) 895-4323

Rate Type: Fixed

Tenn Leagth: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0659 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$25

Additional Information, None Provided

This is not a promotional offer.

Thus is not a introductory offer.

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length, 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0 0705 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$99

Additional Information: For new enrollment only. Enjoy a fixed rate for 6 months and leave behind seasonal price changes from your utility.

This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Rate Type, Fixed

Terra Length: 18 months

0% Renewable

\$0.071/5 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$99



Additional Information: For new enrollment only. Eluminate market volatility and provide yourself price certainty with a fixed rate throughout the initial term of your contract. This rate excludes utility-related charges and taxes

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551 Rate Type: Fixed

Tenn Length, 6 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0735 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$99

Additional Information: For new enrollment only, Enjoy a fixed rate for 6 months and leave behind the seasonal price changes and variable rates from your utility This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Term Length; 24 months

49% Renewable

Rate Type: Fixed \$0.0789 per kWh

Monthly Fee: S0

Early Termination Fee: \$200

Additional Information: For new customers only, Choose a Comfort and Control Plan from Direct Evergy and receive a Nest Learning Thermostat. Lock in your electricity rate for 24 months. Nest features help you save up to 10-12% on heating bills and 15% on cooling bills.

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 69\$-7551

Rate Type: Fixed\_\_\_\_ 0799 par kWh

Term Length Tombs

0% Renewable

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$200

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information: For new enrollment only, Choose a Comfort and Control Plan from Direct Energy and receive a Nest Learning Thermostat, Lock in your electricity rate for 36 months. Nest features help you save up to 10-12% on heating bills and 15% on cooling bills.

Thus is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer

Discount Power Inc

(877) 507-7350 Rate Type, Fixed

Tenn Length, 24 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

0% Renewable

\$0,0650 per kWh

Additional Information: None Provided

Thus is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Discount Power Inc (877) 507-7350

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 18 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

0% Renewable

\$0.0660 per EWh

Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a introductory offer

This is not a promotional offer.

DP&L Energy (800) 319-1356

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 32 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0709 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$199

Additional Information: This offer is for AEP residential customers only for term through May 2018

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

DP&L Energy

(800) 319-1356 Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0:0719 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$99

Additional Information: For AEP residential customers in Ohio Power and Columbus Southern Power

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

DP&L Energy

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(800) 319-1356

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0729 per &Wh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$99



Additional Information: For AEP residential customers in Ohio Power and Columbus Southern Power only

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Dynegy Energy Services East LLC (855) 289-70 (2

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 21 months

626 Renewable

\$0.0654 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information: We Make the Right Choice Easy - \$0.0659/kWh through June 2017 - Residential Customers of AEP Ohio only.

This is not a premeuonal offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Everyday Energy (877) 8 11-7023

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length: 24 months 100% Renewable

\$0.0899 per kWh Monthly Fee: 50 Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 24 munths offer for our AEP Onio customers

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Everyday Energy (\$77) \$11-7023

Rate Type: Fixed Su 0929 per kWh Tenn Length, 24 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

100% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 24 month offer for our AEP CS enstomers.

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Everyday Energy (877) 81 i-7023

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0939 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 12 months offer for our AEP One customers.

This is not a premotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

IGS Energy (800) 280-4474

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0 0639 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$100

Additional Information: Fixed rate of \$0.0629 per KWH for 12 billing cycles.

This is a promotional offer. Earn Se/gal in Puel Rewards/F Savings for every \$50 you spend with IGS Energy on your utility bill.

This is not a introductory offer.

IGS Energy (800) 280-4474

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0 0659 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$0

Additional Information: Fixed rate of \$0.0649 per KWH for 12 billing cycles.

This is a promotional offer. Earn 5e/gal in Fuel Rewards # Savings for every \$50 you spend with IGS Energy on your utility bill.

Tius is not a introductory offer

IGS Energy

(800) 280-4474

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

S0 \$679 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: Fixed rate for 12 Billing Cycles, 100% Green Energy.

This is a promotional offer. Earn 5d/gal in Fuel Rewards & Savings for every \$50 you spend with IOS Energy on your utility bill.

This is not a introductory offer.

Just Energy (866) 587-8674

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length Semonths -: Monthly Fee 50

6% Renewable

**2014**799 per kWh<sup>™</sup>

Early Termination Fee. \$50

Additional Information: Fixed Price Program with an Intro Price which will be 5% below Utility for the first month

This is not a promotional offer

This is a introductory offer.



Just Energy (866) 587-8674

Rate Type Variable

Term Length: I month

0% Renewable

\$0.0585 per kWh

Monthly Fee: 90

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: AEP - Ohio Power ONLY. Month to Month Variable Program with an Intro Period where the Intro Price will 5% below Utility for the first month. Thereafter a month to month Variable Rate

This is not a promotional offer. This is a introductory offer.

Just Energy (866) 587-8674

Rate Type: Variable

Term Length, 1 month

0% Renewable

\$0.0585 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: AEP - Columbus Southern Power ONLY. Month to Month Variable Program with an Intro Period where the Intro Price will 5% below Utility for the first month. Thereafter a month to month Variable Rate

Thus is not a promotional offer This is a miroductory offer.

Lykins Energy Solutions

(800) 875-8820

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length, 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0610 per kWh

Monthly Fee: 30

Early Termination Fee. \$10

Additional Information: This is a fixed rate with no pass through charges or hidden fees. This contract will NOT auto-renew at a higher price.

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Lykins Energy Solutions

(800) 875-8820

Rate Type, Pixed

Term Longth, 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.6610 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: This is a fixed rate with no pass through charges or hidden fees. This contract will NOT auto-renew at a higher price

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Lykins Energy Solutions

(800) 875-8820

Rate Type: Fixed

Tenn Lengtiff Tennonths 1990

0% Renewable

\$6.0610 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: This is a fixed rate with no pass through charges or hidden fees. This contract will NOT auto-renew at a higher price

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Nordic Energy Services LLC

(630) 321-08\$8

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 3 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0590 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: Fixed for three morths then rate defaults to an hourly LMP index rate + \$ 0175/kWh

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-9086

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 8 months

25% Renewable

\$0.0839 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: 8 month fixed rate, 25% Renewable Energy, New Customers Only,

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

North American Power and Gas LLC

(8\$\$) 313-90\$6

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

25% Renewable

\$0.0869 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

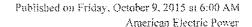
Early Termination Fee \$10

Additional Information: 12 month fixed rate, 25% Renewable Energy. New Customers Only,

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

North American Power and Gas LLC (8\$\$) 313-9086





Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 8 months

100% Renewable

50 0934 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information, 8 month fixed rate, 100% Renewable Energy, New Customers Only This is not a premouonal offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

North American Power and Gas LLC

(\$88) 313-4086

Rate Type: Fixed \$0,0964 per kWh Term Length, 12 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

100% Renewable

Early Termination Fee, \$10

Additional Information, 12 month fixed rate, 190% Renewable Energy, New Customers Only

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer

Perigee Energy LLC

(866) 878-3492

Rate Type: Fixed \$0.0675 per kWh Term Length, 12 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

(19% Renewable

Early Termination Fee, \$25

Additional Information, None Provided This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

Perigre Energy LLC (866) 875-3492

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length 9 mourbs

Monthly Fee. \$6

0% Renewable

\$0,0619 per kWh

Early Tempiration Fee: \$25

Additional Information: \$0.06190/kWh for Months 1-3 \$0.06990/kWh for Months 4-9

This is not a promotional offer This is a nitroductory offer.

Public Power LLC (888) 354-4415

Rate Type, Fixed 50 0729 per kWh Term Length: 12 months

Monthix Fee: \$0

6% Renewable

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: This is a 12-month fixed offer for customers of AEP.

This is not a promotional offer

Thus is not a introductory offer.

Public Power LLC (888) 354-4415

Rate Type, Variable \$0,0999 per kWh

Term Leugth, 1 menth

Monthly Fee, \$0

0% Renewable

Early Termination Fee; \$0

Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

SmartEnergy Holdings LLC (800) 443-4440

Rate Type, Variable

\$0.0570 per kWh

Term Length, 1 month

Monthly Fee. 50

4% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: AEP Ohio Power variable price product

This is not a promotional offer This is a introductory offer.

SmartEnergy Holdings LLC

(800) 443-4440

Rate Type: Variable \$0,0570 per kWh

Term Length. I month Monthly Fee: \$0

4% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: AEP Columbus Southern variable price offer

Thus is not a promotional offer This is a introductory offer.

Source Power & Gas LLC

(888) 557-0065

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0740 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$150



Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a promouonal offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Source Power & Gas LLC

(888) 557-0065

\$0.0767 per kWh

Rate Type: Fixed

Teno Length, 24 months 0% Renewable

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length: 24 months

Monthly Fee: \$0 \$0.0729 per kWh

Additional Information: For residential customers of American Electric Power - Obio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC

(\$55) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed 52-30:0729 per kWh Term Length: chancolles-

Monthly Fee: \$0

Monthly Fee: 50

0% Renewable

0% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$125

Early Termination Fee: \$250

Early Termination Fee: \$95

Additional Information: For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed \$0 0769 per kWh

Term Length: 24 months Monthly Fee: \$0

100% Renewable

Early Termination Fee; \$95

Additional Information: 100% Wind For residential oustomers of American Electric Power - Olivo

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed -

Term Length: Committee :

100% Renewable

\$0 0769 per kWh

Monthly Fee. S0

Early Termination Fee: \$125

Additional Information: 100% Wind For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

036 Renewable

\$0,0769 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$50

Additional Information: For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer,

Star Energy Partners LLC (855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

Monthly Fee: 30 \$0 0799 per kWh

Early Termination Fee, \$50

Additional Information: 100% Wind For residential customers of American Electric Power - Olio

This is not a promotional offer Thus is not a introductory offer.

Titan Gas and Power

(888) 251-7006

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length, 12 months

5% Renewable

\$0,0685 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$10

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

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Than Gas and Power

(888) 251-7006

Rate Type: Fixed Tenn Length, 3 months 5% Renewable

\$0.0720 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Titan Gas and Power

(\$88) 251-7006

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length 6 months

Monthly Fee: 50 Early Termination Fee: \$10

\$110720 per kWh Additional Information: None Provided This is not a premouonal offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Titan Gas and Power

(888) 251-7006

Rate Type: Variable Term Length: I month

\$0.0760 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a premotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Town Square Energy East LLC

(800) 282-3331

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length: 3 months

\$0.0589 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: SU

Additional Information. This offer is Fixed until Your Third Meter Read with Town Square Energy

This is not a premotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Town Square Energy East LLC

(800) 282-3331

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length: 12 months

\$0,0699 per kWh Monthly Fee. \$0

Additional Information, \$0.0699 until Your Twelfih Meter Read Cycle

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer,

Town Square Energy East LLC

,⁄8001.282-3331

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

5% Renewable

5% Renewable

u% Renewable

0% Renewable

Early Termination Fee, \$0

50 0799 per kWh Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termmation Fee, \$0

Additional Information, Settle down and try this Low Rate at 7.99¢ until Your Twenty-fourth Billing Cycle!

This is not a premotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Verde Energy USA Okio LLC

(800) 385-3862 .

Rate Type: Fixed \$0,0949 per kWh Term Length: 6 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

100% Renewable

Early Termination Fee, \$0

Additional Information: Freed for 6 bitting cycles, Month-to-month thereafter. New enrollments receive a \$75 cash bonus, a 20% discount on energy saving products and free access to Verde Energy Savings Solutions where customers can monitor and analyze their energy use.

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508

Rate Type: Fixed 6.0779 per kWh Term Length Comonths Monthly Fee: \$0

100% Renewable Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 36 month fixed rate for our AEP-Culumbus Southern customers.

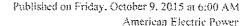
This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length: barnoutls

100% Renewable





A CONTROL WITH THE PARTY

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 36 month Fixed rate for AEP-Ohio

Tius is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508

Rate Type, Variable

Term Length. 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0591 per kWh

Monthly Fee: 50

Early Termination Fee: \$150

Additional Information: 5% below the Utility Price Index on your energy supply charge guaranteed for 12 months!

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508

Rate Type: Variable

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

\$0,0591 per t/Wh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee. \$150

Additional Information: 5% below the Utility Price Index on your energy supply charge guaranteed for 12 months!

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

XOOM Energy Ohio LLC

(88S) 997-897\)

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 15 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0699 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$125

Additional Information: Surel, oel: 15 This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

XOOM Energy Ohio LLC

(888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length, 12 months

50% Renewable

\$0.0749 per kWh

Monthly Fee: 50

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$100

Additional Information: SimpleClean 12 50%

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

XOOM Energy Ohio LLC

(888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0749 per kWh Additional Information: SureLock 24

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

XOOM Energy Ohio LLC

(888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Variable

Term Length: I month

Monthly Fee: \$0

50% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$200

\$0.0939 per kWh Additional Information: SimpleClean

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Early Termination Fee. \$0

XOOM Energy Okio LLC

(888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Variable

Term Length: I month

0% Renewable

\$0.0695 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: None Provided This is a promouonal offer. SimpleFlex

This is a introductory offer,



#### Chart Definitions

Apples to Apples Charts: The PUCO's electric and natural gas offer comparison charts, the only comparisons in the state for which suppliers are required to provide accurate and up-to-date information about their latest offers.

cef: Hundred cubic feet. Used to measure natural gas.

**Customer Charge:** Charge billed each month to recover a portion of the ongoing fixed costs of providing service to a consumer's home or business. See Fixed Delivery Charge.

**Fixed Delivery Charge**: Charge billed each month to recover a portion of the ongoing fixed costs of providing service to a consumer's home or business. See Customer Charge.

Electric Distribution Utility (EDU): The local electric distribution utility that delivers electricity to your home or business.

Supply Charge: The price of electricity or natural gas offered by a supplier.

Fixed Price: A fixed electricity or natural gas rate that will remain the same, for a set period of time.

Gas Cost Recovery (GCR) Charge: The actual cost of natural gas that a local distribution company (LDC) pays to purchase natural gas for your use. That cost is then passed through to you on a dollar-for-dollar basis with no mark-up or profit to the LDC. Only the actual costs of the natural gas are recovered through this process.

Generation Charge: The charge for producing electricity. If you purchase electricity from a supplier, your generation charge will depend on the contract between you and your supplier.

**Kilowatt Hour (kwh)**: A 1,000-watt unit of energy for one hour. This is the standard measurement for the amount of electricity a customer uses.

Local Distribution Company (LDC): The local natural gas distribution utility that delivers natural gas to your home or business.

mef: Thousand cubic feet. Used to measure natural gas.

Monthly Fee: A fixed monthly fee that a supplier may include in the terms and conditions of their contract that is in addition to a rate based on usage.

**NYMEX:** The New York Mercantile Exchange, a public market where natural gas and other commodities are sold and traded.

**Price to Compare**: The price for an electric supplier to beat in order for you to save money. It will be shown on residential customer's electric utility bill. You can use this amount to compare with prices offered by suppliers.

Renew. (Renewable) Content: The percentage of the contracted generation supply that is provided by a renewable energy source.



Renewable Energy: Electricity or natural gas that is made from environmentally friendly fuel resources, such as wind, water, biomass, biogas, waste heat or solar. Sometimes referred to as "green" energy.

Standard Choice Offer (SCO): Each year, Columbia Gas of Ohio, Dominion East Ohio and Vectren Energy Delivery of Ohio conduct auctions to secure natural gas supplies for customers who do not participate in the retail choice program. The auction establishes a SCO rate for choice-eligible customers. The SCO rate is based on the NYMEX month-end settlement price for natural gas, plus a retail price adjustment determined in the auctions. The retail price adjustment reflects the winning bidders' price to deliver natural gas from the production area to the utility's service area.

**Standard Service Offer:** The electric generation service a customer will receive from their local electric utility if they do not choose an electric supplier.

**Transmission:** The transporting of high-voltage electricity from generation at a power plant to local electric utilities.

Transmission Charge: Charge for transporting electricity from the generation plant to the local electric utility.

**Transportation Cost:** Cost related to the actual transportation of natural gas through the natural gas transmission pipeline to the LDC.

Variable Price: A variable rate can change, by the hour, day, month, etc., according to the terms and conditions of the supplier's contract.



# Residential Apples to Apples Comparison Chart

American Electric Power (AEP)

To best utilize this offer comparison tool, it is suggested that you have your most current utility bill available for reference. Compare the supplier offers contained in the chart with the "Price to Compare" shown on your electric bill.

The offer prices below reflect that of the generation portion of your bill. Your distribution and transmission rates are determined through your local utility company.

## Steps to Switching

four simple steps to choosing a supplier

#### 1. Compare offers

Find your Price to Compare on your utility bill and use that number to compare to other offers listed on PUCO's Apples to Apples comparison chart. Since your Price to Compare is made up of several different factors it can vary from month-to-month. To get a better understanding of your average Price to Compare take a look at a few of your recent bills. After determining your Price to Compare, use our Apples to Apples chart to identify offers based on cost, contract length or other incentives.

#### 2. Contact suppliers

Contact the suppliers that you are most interested in and ask the questions provided below. To sign up simply call that supplier. The supplier will contact your local electric utility for you.

#### 3. Read and understand the supply contract

Make sure you carefully read and understand all of the terms and conditions of your supply contract. The supplier should be able to answer any questions you have.

#### 4. Receive confirmation

Your local electric utility will send you a letter confirming the supplier you have chosen. If the information is correct, you do not have to do anything. If the information is not correct, contact the utility and request that the switch be stopped. You have seven days from the postmark date of the letter to make any changes.



AEP Energy Inc (855) 300-7192

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 6 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0585 per kWh

Monthly Fee. St

Early Termination Fee, \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy Partner(SM) This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Olito. \*Exclusive AEP Energy Website Offer For New

Customers Only\*\*

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer

AEP Energy Inc

(855) 300-7192

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length: 12 months 0% Renewable

\$0.0605 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy PartnertSM) This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Obio

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer

AEP Energy Inc (855) 300-7192

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0615 per kWh

Monthly Lee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy Partner(SM) This offer is for residential customers of AEP Obto only

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

AEP Energy Inc (855) 300-7192

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0675 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy PartnertSM) 100% Wind Product This offer is limited to residemial customers of AEP Ohio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Agera Energy, LLC

(844) 692-4372

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

3)

\$0.0749 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termmation Fee: \$200

Additional Information: The 'Agera Fixed Advantage 24' gives you two full years of guaranteed price protection against rising energy costs and a simple, fixed rate for energy. This option provides you with two years of worry-rice energy use and no variations in your monthly rate and no long-term commitments

This is not a promouonal offer. This is not a introductory offer

Agera Energy, LLC

(844) 692-4372

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0779 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$100

Additional Information: The 'Agera Fixed Advantage 12' gives you one full year of guaranteed price protection against rising energy costs and a simple, fixed rate for energy. This option provides you with a year of worry-free energy use and no variations in your mouthly rate and no long-term commitment.

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Capital Energy LLC

(855) 322-7448

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

(% Renewable

\$0 0608 per kWh

Montbly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$10

Additional Information: This offer is limited to Residential customer of AEP Ohio

This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

Capital Energy LLC

(855) 322-7448 Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length, 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0633 per-kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$10

Additional Information: This offer is limited to Residential customer of AEP Ohio. Visit our website at www.capitalenergyohio.com for more details on switchingly This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.



Censtar Energy Corp

(877) 529-670]

\$0.0849 per kWh

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length 24 months

0% Renewable Monthly Fee. St Early Termination Pee: \$25

Additional Information: 24 month fixed price

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Censtar Energy Corp

(877) 529-6701 \$0.0859 per kWh

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length: 12 months

Monthly Fee: Su

0% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Champion Energy Services, LLC

(\$77) 653-5090 Rate Type Fixed

Tenn Length, 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0650 per kWh Monthly Fee: 50

Additional Information: Lock your self in with a low fixed rate. With no monthly fees or minimum use fee,

This is a promouonal offer. Receive a \$50 Visa gift card when you sign up using promo code ApplestoApples50GC

This is not a introductory offer.

Champion Energy Services, LLC

(877) 653-5090

Rate Type: Fixed \$0 0720 per kWh Term Length: 12 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

0% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: Lock your self in with a low fixed rate. With no monthly tees or minimum use fee

This is a promouonal offer. Receive a \$50 Visa gift card when you sign up using promo code Applesto Apples 50GC

This is not a introductory offer.

Constellation New Energy Inc

(888) 898-4323

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length Comonths and

0% Renewable

50,0639 per kWiry Monthly Fee: \$0

Additional Information, None Provided This is not a premotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Constellation NewEnergy Inc

(888) 898-4323

Rate Type, Fixed

Tenn Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0659 per kWh

Montbly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$25

Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a promotional offer.

Thus is not a miroductory offer.

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

0% Renewable

Rate Type: Fixed \$0,0705 per kWh

Monthly Fee \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$99

Additional Information. For new enrollment only, Enjoy a fixed rate for 6 months and leave behind seasonal price changes from your tuiting

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Rate Type, Fixed Tenn Length: 18 months

\$0.0715 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$99

Additional Information: For new enrollment only. Eliminate market volatility and provide yourself price certainty with a fixed rate throughout the initial term of your contract. This rate excludes utility-related charges and taxes

This is not a premotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 6 months

0% Renewable



\$0.0735 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$99

Additional Information: For new enrollment only. Enjoy a fixed rate for 6 months and leave behind the seasonal price changes and variable rates from your utility.

Thus is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length, 24 months

0% Renewable

.\$0.07\$9 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$200

Additional Information: For new customers only. Choose a Comfort and Control Plan from Direct Energy and receive a Nest Learning Thermostat, Lock in your

electricity rate for 24 months. Nest features help you save up to 10-12% on heating bills and 15% on cooling bills.

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 648-7551

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length months : 1 2 2

(% Renewable

\$0\_0799 per kWh Monthly Fee: §0 Early Termination Fee. \$200

Additional Information: For new enrollment only. Choose a Comfort and Control Plan from Direct Energy and receive a Nest Learning Thermostat. Lock in your

electricity rate for 36 months. Nest features help you save up to 10-12% on heating bills and 15% on cooling bills

This is not a premouonal offer. This is not a introductory offer

Discount Power Inc

(\$77) 507-7350

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0650 per kWh

Mouthly Feet St

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information, None Provided

This is not a promotional order.

This is not a introductory offer

Discount Power Inc (877) 507-7350

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 18 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0660 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

DP&L Energy (800) 319-1356

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 44 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0689 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$199

Additional Information: For DP&L residential customers only and the term is through May 2019

This is not a premotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

DP&L Energy

(800) 319-1356

Term Length: 32 months

0% Renewable

Rate Type: Fixed \$0,0709 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$199

Additional Information. This offer is for AEP residential customers only for term through May 2018.

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

DP&L Energy

(800) 319-1356 Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length, 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0719 per kWh

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$99

Additional Information: For AEP residential customers in Ohio Power and Columbus Southern Power

This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

DP&L Energy

(800) 319-1356 Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length, 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0729 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$99



Additional Information: For AEP residential customers in Ohio Power and Columbus Southern Power only

This is not a promountal offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Dynegy Energy Services East LLC

(855) 289-7012

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 21 months

0% Renewable

S0.0654 per kWh

Monthly Fee: SU

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information. We Male the Right Choice Easy - \$0.0659/kWh through June 2017 - Residential Customers of AEP Ohio only

This is not a premouenal effer.

This is not a introductory offer

Everyday Energy (\$77) 811-7023

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

100% Renewable

Su.0899 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 24 months offer for our AEP Onto customers

This is not a premeuenal offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Everyday Energy

(\$77) 811-7023

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length, 24 months 100% Renewable

\$0.0929 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee; \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 24 month offer for our AEP CS customers.

This is not a promouonal offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Everyday Energy

(877) 81 I-7023 Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

\$0 0939 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information. This is the current 12 months offer for our AEP Obio customers

This is not a promouonal offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

IGS Energy 800) 280-4474

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0619 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$100

Additional Information. Fixed rate for 12 billing cycles

This is a promotional offer. Earn 5c/gal in Puel Rewards P Savings for every \$50 you spend with IGS Energy on your utility bill.

This is not a introductory offer.

IGS Energy

(800) 280-4474

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

50 0649 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$0

Additional Information. Fixed rate for 12 billing cycles.

This is a promotional offer. Earn 5e/gal in Fuel Rewards® Savings for every \$50 you spend with IGS Energy on your utility bill.

This is not a introductory offer,

IGS Energy

(800) 280-4474

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

\$0,0669 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$0

Additional Information: Fixed rate for 12 Billing Cycles, 190% Green Energy,

This is a promotional offer. Earn 5c/gal in Fuel Rewards& Savings for every \$50 you spend with IGS Energy on your utility bill.

This is not a introductory offer.

Just Energy

(866) 587-8674 Raie Type, Fixed,

Term Length 30

0% Renewable

50 6799 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$50

Addiuonal Information: Fixed Price Program with an Intro Price which will be 5% below Utility for the first month.

This is not a promotional offer

Thus is a introductory offer.



Just Energy

(866) 587-8674

Rate Type: Variable Tenn Length: I month 0% Renewable

\$0.0581 per kWh Monthly Fee: 50 Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: AEP - Obio Power ONLY, Month to Month Variable Program with an Intro Period where the Intro Price will 5% below Utility for the first

month. Thereafter a month to month Variable Rate

This is not a promotional offer. This is a introductory offer.

Just Energy (866) 587-8674

Rate Type: Variable \$0.0581 per kWh

Term Length: 1 month

Morahly Fee, \$0

0% Renewable

Early Tempination Fee: \$6

Additional Information, AEP - Columbus Southern Power ONLY, Month to Month Variable Program with an Intro Period where the Intro Price will 5% below

Utility for the first month. Thereafter a month to month Variable Rate

This is not a promotional offer This is a introductory offer.

Lykins Energy Solutions

(800) 875-8820

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Lenath, 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0600 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$10

Additional Information: This is a fixed rate with no pass through charges or hidden fees. This contract will NOT auto-renew at a higher price.

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Lykins Energy Solutions

(800) 875-8820

Rate Type, Fixed

Tenn Length, 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0508 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: This is a fixed rate with no pass through charges or hidden fees. This contract will NOT auto-renew at a higher price

This is not a premotional offer This is not a introductory offer

Lykins Energy Solutions

(800) \$75-8820

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Longth Commonths 79

0% Renewable

6 Carontorper leWhereast

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: This is a fixed rate with no pass through charges or hidden fees. This contract will NOT auto-renew at a higher price

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer

Nordic Energy Services LLC

(630) 321-0888

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 3 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0590 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: Fixed for three months then rate defaults to an hourly LMP index rate + \$ 0175/kWh

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-9086

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 8 months

25% Renewable

\$0.0839 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: 8 month fixed rate, 25% Renewable Energy, New Customers Only

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-9086

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

25% Renewable

\$0.0869 per EWh

Mouthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: 12 month fixed rate, 25% Renewable Energy. New Customers Only,

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-9086



Rate Type: Fixed

Term Longth: 8 months

100% Renewable

\$0,0934 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$10

Additional Information, 8 month fixed rate, 100% Renewable Energy, New Customers Only

This is not a premotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-9086

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Lensch: 12 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0964 per kWh

Monthly Feet \$0

Early Ternunation Fee. \$10

Additional Information, 12 month fixed rate, 190% Renewable Energy, New Customers Only,

This is not a promotional offer. Thus is not a introductory offer.

Perigee Energy LLC

(866) 878-3492

Rate Type, Fixed

Tenn Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0675 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$25

Additional Information, None Provided This is not a premotional offer Thus is not a introductory offer.

Perigee Energy LLC (856) 878-3492

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 9 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0619 per kWh

Monthly Fee. 80

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information: \$0.06190/kWh for Months 1-3 \$0.06990/kWh for Months 4-9

This is not a promotional offer This is a introductory offer.

Public Power LLC (888) 354-4415

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0 0729 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: This is a 12-month fixed offer for customers of AEP.

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Public Power LLC

(888) 354-4415

Rate Type, Variable

Term Length, I month

0% Renewable

\$0.0999 per kWh

Monthly Fee, 80

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

SmartEnergy Holdings LLC

(800) 443-4440

Rate Type, Variable

Term Length, I month

Monthly Fee, \$0

4% Renewable

\$0.0570 per kWh Additional Information: AEP Ohio Power variable price product

iThus is not a promotional offer

Early Termination Fee: \$0

This is a introductory offer.

SmartEnergy Holdings LLC

(800) 443-4440

Rate Type, Variable

Term Length. I month

4% Renewable

1\$0.0570 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: AEP Columbus Southern variable price offer

This is not a promotional offer This is a introductory offer

Source Power & Gas LLC

(888) 557-0065

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

6% Renewable

\$0.0740 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$150



Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

Source Power & Gas LLC

(888) 557-0065 Rate Type: Fixed

\$0,0767 per kWh

Tenn Leagth: 24 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

0% Renewable

Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a premotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: Compaths Term

02% Renewable

\$0.0709 per kWh te Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$125

Early Termination Fee: \$250

Additional Information: For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0709 per kWh

Monthly Fee: 50

Early Termination Fee: \$95

Additional Information: For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

100% Renewabie

Sú 0729 per kWh Monthly Fee: Su Early Termination Fee: \$95

Additional Information: 100% Wind For residential austomers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length Sinonths . . .

100% Renewable

5000729 per kWh Monthly Fee: So Early Termination Fee: \$125

Additional Information: 100% Wind For residential customers of American Electric Power - Oluo

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer,

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0769 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$50

Additional Information: For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer,

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

30 0799 per kWh Monthly Fee: 50 Parly Termination Fee. \$50

Additional Information: 100% Wind For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

Titan Gas and Power (888) 251-7006

Term Length, 12 months

5% Renewable

Rate Type, Fixed

\$0,0685 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$10

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer

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Titan Gas and Power

(\$88) 251-7006

Rate Type: Fixed \$0.0720 per kWh Term Length, 3 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

5% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$10

This is not a premetional offer. This is not a introductory offer,

Additional Information: None Provided

Titzn Gas and Power (888) 251-7006

Rate Type: Fixed \$0 0720 per kWh

Term Length: o months

Monthly Fee: \$0

5% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a premotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Titan Gas and Power

(888) 251-7006

Rate Type: Variable

Term Length: I month

5% Renewable

\$0.0766 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a premotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Pown Square Energy East LLC

800) 282-3331

Rate Type: Fixed \$0.0589 per kWh Term Length: 3 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

0% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This offer is Fixed until Your Third Meter Read with Town Square Energy

This is not a premouonal offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Town Square Energy East LLC

(800) 282-3331

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0 0699 par kWh Monthly Fee, \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information, \$0.0609 until Your Twelfth Meler Read Cycle

This is not a prometional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Town Square Energy East LLC

(800) 282-3331

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0799 per kWh

Monthly Fee. \$0

Barly Termination Fee \$0

Additional Information: Settle Jown and try this Low Rate at 7.99% until Your Twenty-fourth Billing Cycle!

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Verde Energy USA Ohio LLC

(800) 385-3862 Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 6 months

100% Renewable

\$0,0949 per kWh

Monthly Feet \$0

Early Termination Fee, S0

Additional Information: Fixed for 6 billing cycles, Month-to-month thereafter. New enrollments receive a \$75 cash bonus, a 10% discount on energy saving products and free access to Verde Energy Savings Solutions where customers can monitor and analyze their energy use.

This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length franchis

100% Renewable

\$0,0779 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 36 month fixed rate for our AEP-Columbus Southern customers.

Thus is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508 Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length Symonths

100% Renewable

104



Por LWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 36 month Fixed rate for AEP-Ohio

This is not a promotional eiter This is not a introductory offer

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508

Rate Type, Variable

Term Length, 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0591 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$150

Additional Information: 5% below the Utility Price Index on your energy supply charge guaranteed for 12 months

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508

Rate Type: Variable

Term Length: 12 months.

100% Renewable

\$0.0591 per l:Wh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$150

Additional Information: 5% below the Utility Price Index on your energy supply charge guaranteed for 12 months!

This is not a promotional offer, This is not a introductory offer

XOOM Energy Ohio LLC

(888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 15 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0699 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0

Additional Information: SureLock 15 This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

**XOOM Energy Ohio LLC** 

(888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

50% Renewable

\$0.0749 per kWh

Monthly Fee: 50

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$100

Early Termination Fee: \$200

Early Termination Fee: \$125

Additional Information: SimpleClean 12 50%

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

XOOM Evergy Okio LLC (888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0749 per kWh

Additional Information: SureLock 24 This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

XOOM Energy Ohio LLC

(888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Variable

· Term Length: I month

\$0.0939 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 50% Kenewable

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: SimpleClean This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

XOOM Energy Ohio LLC

(888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Variable \$0.0695 per kWh

Term Length: I month

0% Renewable

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$6

Additional Information: None Provided This is a promotional offer. SimpleFlex

This is a introductory offer.



#### **Chart Definitions**

Apples to Apples Charts: The PUCO's electric and natural gas offer comparison charts, the only comparisons in the state for which suppliers are required to provide accurate and up-to-date information about their latest loffers.

cef: Hundred cubic feet. Used to measure natural gas.

Customer Charge: Charge billed each month to recover a portion of the ongoing fixed costs of providing service to a consumer's home or business. See Fixed Delivery Charge.

Fixed Delivery Charge: Charge billed each month to recover a portion of the ongoing fixed costs of providing service to a consumer's home or business. See Customer Charge.

Electric Distribution Utility (EDU): The local electric distribution utility that delivers electricity to your home or business.

Supply Charge: The price of electricity or natural gas offered by a supplier.

Fixed Price: A fixed electricity or natural gas rate that will remain the same, for a set period of time.

Gas Cost Recovery (GCR) Charge: The actual cost of natural gas that a local distribution company (LDC) pays to purchase natural gas for your use. That cost is then passed through to you on a dollar-for-dollar basis with no mark-up or profit to the LDC. Only the actual costs of the natural gas are recovered through this process.

Generation Charge: The charge for producing electricity. If you purchase electricity from a supplier, your generation charge will depend on the contract between you and your supplier.

Kilowatt Hour (kwh): A 1,000-watt unit of energy for one hour. This is the standard measurement for the amount of electricity a customer uses.

Local Distribution Company (LDC): The local natural gas distribution utility that delivers natural gas to your home or business.

mef: Thousand cubic feet. Used to measure natural gas.

Monthly Fee: A fixed monthly fee that a supplier may include in the terms and conditions of their contract that is in addition to a rate based on usage.

**NYMEX:** The New York Mercantile Exchange, a public market where natural gas and other commodities are sold and traded.

Price to Compare: The price for an electric supplier to beat in order for you to save money. It will be shown on residential customer's electric utility bill. You can use this amount to compare with prices offered by suppliers.

Renew. (Renewable) Content: The percentage of the contracted generation supply that is provided by a renewable energy source.



Renewable Energy: Electricity or natural gas that is made from environmentally friendly fuel resources, such as wind, water, biomass, biogas, waste heat or solar. Sometimes referred to as "green" energy.

Standard Choice Offer (SCO): Each year, Columbia Gas of Ohio, Dominion East Ohio and Vectren Energy Delivery of Ohio conduct auctions to secure natural gas supplies for customers who do not participate in the retail choice program. The auction establishes a SCO rate for choice-eligible customers. The SCO rate is based on the NYMEX month-end settlement price for natural gas, plus a retail price adjustment determined in the auctions. The retail price adjustment reflects the winning bidders' price to deliver natural gas from the production area to the utility's service area.

Standard Service Offer: The electric generation service a customer will receive from their local electric utility if they do not choose an electric supplier.

**Transmission:** The transporting of high-voltage electricity from generation at a power plant to local electric utilities.

Transmission Charge: Charge for transporting electricity from the generation plant to the local electric utility.

**Transportation Cost:** Cost related to the actual transportation of natural gas through the natural gas transmission pipeline to the LDC.

Variable Price: A variable rate can change, by the hour, day, month, etc., according to the terms and conditions of the supplier's contract.



# Residential Apples to Apples Comparison Chart

American Electric Power (AEP)

To best utilize this offer comparison tool, it is suggested that you have your most current utility bill available for reference. Compare the supplier offers contained in the chart with the "Price to Compare" shown on your selectric bill.

The offer prices below reflect that of the generation portion of your bill. Your distribution and transmission rates are determined through your local utility company.

# Steps to Switching

four simple steps to choosing a supplier

# 1. Compare offers

Find your Price to Compare on your utility bill and use that number to compare to other offers listed on PUCO's Apples to Apples comparison chart. Since your Price to Compare is made up of several different factors it can vary from month-to-month. To get a better understanding of your average Price to Compare take a look at a few of your recent bills. After determining your Price to Compare, use our Apples to Apples chart to identify offers based on cost, contract length or other incentives.

# 2. Contact suppliers

Contact the suppliers that you are most interested in and ask the questions provided below. To sign up simply call that supplier. The supplier will contact your local electric utility for you.

#### 3. Read and understand the supply contract

Make sure you carefully read and understand all of the terms and conditions of your supply contract. The supplier should be able to answer any questions you have.

## 4. Receive confirmation

Your local electric utility will send you a letter confirming the supplier you have chosen. If the information is correct, you do not have to do anything. If the information is not correct, contact the utility and request that the switch be stopped. You have seven days from the postmark date of the letter to make any changes.



AEP Energy Inc (855) 300-7192

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 6 months

0% Renewable

30 0585 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy Partner(SM) This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio, \*Exclusive AEP Energy Website Offer For New

Customers Only\*

This is not a promotional effer This is not a introductory offer

AEP Energy loc

(855) 300-7192 Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0599 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy Partner(SM) This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Obio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

AEP Energy Inc (855) 300-7142

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0615 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy Partner(SM) This offer is for residential customers of AEP Obio only.

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

AEP Energy Inc (855) 300-7142

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

100% Renewable

\$9.0675 per kWh Monthly Fee. \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy Partner(SM) 100% Wind Product This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Agera Energy, LLC (844) 692-4371

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0749 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termmation Fee: \$200

Additional Information: The 'Agera Fixed Advantage 24' gives you two full years of guaranteed price protection against rising energy costs and a simple, fixed rate for energy. This option provides you with two years of worry-free energy use and no variations in your monthly rate and no long-term commitment

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Agera Energy, LLC

(844) 692-4372

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0779 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$100

Additional Information: The 'Agera Fixed Advantage 12' gives you one full year of guaranteed price protection against rising energy costs and a simple, fixed rate for energy. This option provides you with a year of worry-free energy use and no variations in your monthly rate and no long-term commitment.

This is not a promotional offer. Tius is not a introductory offer.

Capital Energy LLC

(855) 322-7448

Rate Type: Fixed

Tenn Length: 24 months

(%6 Renewable

\$0,0608 per kWh

Montbly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$10

Additional Information: This offer is limited to Residential customer of AEP Ohio.

This is not a premotional offer This is not a nitroductory offer.

Capital Energy LLC

(855) 322-7448

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length, 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0633 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$10

Additional Information: This offer is limited to Residential customer of AEP Ohio. Visit our website at www.capitalenergyohio.com for more details on switching! This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.



Censtar Energy Corp (\$77) 529-6701

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0849 per kWh Monthly Fee, Su Early Termination Fee: \$25

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information: 24 month fixed price

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Censtar Energy Corp

(\$77) 529-6701

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

02% Renewable

\$0.0859 per kWh Monthly Fee: Su

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a pronouonal offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Champion Energy Services, LLC

(877) 653-5990

\$0.0640 per kWh

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: Lock your self in with a low fixed rate. With no monthly fees or minimum use fee. This is a promotional offer. Use promo code APPLESTOAPPLES to receive our special discount rate

This is not a introductory offer

Champion Energy Services, LLC

(877) 653-5090

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0 0670 per kWh Monthly Fee, \$0 Early Termination Fee, \$0

Additional Information, Lock your self in with a low fixed rate. With no monthly fees or minimum use fee,

This is a promotional offer. Use promo code APPLESTOAPPLES to receive a special discount rate

This is not a introductory offer.

Champion Energy Services, LLC

(877) 653-5090

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length 6 menths 12 Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

480 0690 per kWh Additional Information: Lock your self in with a low fixed rate. With no morally fees or minimum use fee. This is a promotional offer. Use promo code APPLESTOAPPLES to receive our special discount rate

This is not a introductory offer.

Constellation NewEnergy Inc

(888) 895-4323

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Lengto: Mimonths

0% Renewable

\$0.0639 per kWh Monthly Feet \$0 Early Termination Fee, \$25

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

Constellation New Energy Inc

(888) 898-4323

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

50 0659 par kWh

Montbly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$25

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer. This is not a meroductory offer.

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length, 12 months

0% Renewable

Monthly Fee: 30 \$0,0705 per kWb

Early Termination Fee, \$99

Additional Information: For new enrollment only. Enjoy a fixed rate for 6 months and leave behind seasonal price changes from your utility.

This is not a promotional offer Thus is not a introductory offer.

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-755 L

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 18 months

0%. Renewable

\$0 0715 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$99



Additional Information: For new estellment only. Etiramate market volatility and provide yourself price certainty with a fixed rate throughout the initial term of your contract. This rate excludes utility-related charges and taxes.

This is not a promoughal offer. This is not a introductory offer

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Rate Type: Fixed \$0.0735 per kWh Temb Length, 6 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

0% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$99

Additional Information: For new enrollment only, Enjoy a fixed rate for 6 months and leave behind the seasonal price changes and variable rates from your utility

This is not a promouonal offer.

This is not a introductory offer

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551 Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0789 per kWh Monthly Fee: 50 Early Termination Fee: \$200

Additional Information: For new customers only, Choose a Comfort and Control Plan from Direct Energy and receive a Nest Learning Thermostat. Lock in your electricity rate for 24 months. Nest features help you save up to 10-12% on bearing bills and 15% on cooling bills.

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Direct Evergy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length 26 months 37

0% Renewable

PROTEST KWIT Monthly Fee, \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$200

Additional Information: For new enrollment only. Choose a Comfort and Control Plan from Direct Energy and receive a Nest Learning Thermostat. Lock in your electricity rate for 36 months. Next features help you save up to 10-12% on heating bills and 15% on cooling bills.

Thus is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Discount Power Inc

(877) 507-7350 Rate Type, Fixed \$0.0650 per kWh

Tenn Length: 24 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

6% Renewable Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional ofter This is not a introductory offer.

Discount Fower Inc

(877) 507-7350

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 18 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0660 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer

DP&L Energy

(800) 319-1356 Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 44 months

u% Renewable

\$0.06\$9 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$199

Additional Information: For DP&L residential customers only and the term is through May 2019

This is not a promotional offer, This is not a introductory offer

DP&L Energy (800) 319-1356

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 32 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0709 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$199

Additional Information: This offer is for AEP residential customers only for term through May 2018

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

DP&L Energy (800) 319-1356

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

<sup>©</sup> \$0,0719 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$99



Additional Information: For AEP residential customers in Ohio Power and Columbus Southern Power

This is not a promouonal offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

DP&L Energy (800) 319-1356

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0729 per kWh

Monthly Fee: Su

Early Termination Fee: \$99

Additional Information: For AEP residential customers in Ohio Power and Columbus Southern Power only

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Dynegy Energy Services East LLC

(855) 289-7012

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 26 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0639 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information: We Make the Right Choice Easy - \$0.0639/kWh through December 2017 - Residential Customers of AEP Ohio only

This is not a premounal offer. This is not a introductory offer

Everyday Energy <sub>|</sub> (877) 811-7023

Rate Type: Fixed

Tenn Length: 24 months

100% Renewable

\$0 0899 per kWh

Monthly Fee: 50

Early, Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 24 months offer for our AEP Obio customers

This is not a premouenal offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Everyday Energy (877) 811-7023

(Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24-months

100% Renewable

180 0429 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 24 month offer for our AEP CS customers.

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Everyday Energy

(877) 811-7023 |Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0939 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Montbly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$50

Additional Information. This is the current 12 months offer for our AEP Onio customers.

This is not a promotional offer.

Thus is not a introductory offer.

FirstEnergy Solutions Corp

(888) 254-6359

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length; 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0 0662 per kWh

Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer

IGS Evergy (800) 280-4474

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0619 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$100

Additional Information: Fixed rate for 12 billing cycles.

This is a promotional offer. Earn 5d/gal in Fuel Rewards® Savings for every \$50 you spend with IGS Energy on your utility bill.

Thus is not a introductory offer.

IGS Energy (800) 280-4474

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0649 per kWh

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: Fixed rate for 12 billing cycles.

This is a promotional offer. Earn 5e/gal in Fuel Rewards& Savings for every \$50 you spend with IGS Energy on your utility bill

Thus is not a introductory offer.

250



IGS Energy (800) 280-4474

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length, 12 months 100% Renewable

\$0.0669 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: Fixed rate for 12 Billing Cycles, 100% Green Energy

This is a promoughal offer. Earn 5c/gal in Puel Rewards & Savings for every \$50 you spend with IGS Energy on your utility bill.

This is not a introductory offer

Just Energy (\$66) \$87-8674

Rate Type: Fixed Term Lengta demonstrate por 0% Renewable

Sc 1979) Her Kildler Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$50

Additional Information: Fixed Price Program with an Intro Price which will be 5% below Utility for the first month

This is not a promouonal offer. This is a introductory offer.

Just Energy

(866) 587-8674 Rate Type: Variable

Term Length: I month

0% Renewable

Su 0581 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Early Tempination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: AEP - Obio Power ONLY, Month to Month Variable Program with an Intro Period where the Intro Price will 5% below Utility for the first month. Thereafter a month to month Variable Rate

This is not a promotional offer.

This is a introductory offer.

Just Energy (866) 587-8674

Rate Type, Varioble

Term Length, 1 month

0% Renewable

\$0.0581 per kWh Monthly Fee. 50

Additional Information: AEP - Columbus Southern Power ONLY, Month to Month Variable Program with an Intro Period where the Intro Price will 5% below

Utility for the first month. Thereafter a month to month Variable Rate

This is not a promotional offer This is a introductory offer.

Lykins Energy Sulutions

(800) 875-8820

Rate Type, Fixed

Tenn Length, 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0600 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: This is a fixed rate with no pass through charges or hidden fees. This contract will NOT auto-tenew at a higher price

Tius is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer

Lykins Energy Solutions

(800) \$75-8820

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

<sup>1</sup> 0% Renewable

\$0.0608 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: This is a fixed rate with no pass through charges or hidden fees. This contract will NOT auto-renew at a higher price

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Lykins Energy Solutions

(800) \$75-8\$20

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: Samenibs

0% Renewable

\$0,0610 penkWh Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee \$10

Additional Information: This is a fixed rate with no pass through charges or hidden fees. This contract will NOT auto-renew at a higher price

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Nordic Energy Services LLC

(630) 321-0888

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length: 3 months 0% Renewable

\$0.0590 per EWh Monthly Fee, \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: Fixed for three months then rate defaults to an hourly LMP index rate + \$.0175/kWh

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-9086



Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 8 months

25% Renewable

Su 0729 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: Fixed 8 month rate-25% Renewable Energy-Offer is for EnergyChoiceOhio website shoppers ONLY.

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer,

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-9085

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 8 months

25% Renewable

50 0839 per kWh

Monthly Fee: 30

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information, 8 month fixed rate, 25% Renewable Energy, New Customers Only,

This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-4085

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Leneth: 12 months

25% Renewable

\$0.0869 per kWh

Monthly Fee \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$10

Additional Information: 12 month fixed rate, 25% Renewable Energy, New Customers Only

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a mirroductory offer

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-9086

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 8 months

100% Renewable

30 0934 per kWh

Monthly Fee: 90

Early Termination Fee, \$10

Additional Information: 8 month fixed rate, 100% Renewable Energy, New Customers Only,

This is not a premerioual offer This is not a natioductory offer.

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-9086

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

\$0.096-I per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Terramotion Fee. \$10

Additional Information: 12 month fixed rate, 100% Renewable Energy, New Customers Only,

This is not a promononal offer

Thus is not a introductory offer,

Perigee Energy LLC

(866) 878-3492

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length, 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0675 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$25

Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

Perigee Energy LLC

(866) 878-3492 Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 9 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0619 per kWh

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information: \$0.06190/kWh for Months 1-3 \$0.06990/kWh for Months 4-9

This is not a promotional offer

This is a introductory offer.

ΞK

Public Power LLC (888) 354-4415

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0729 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is a 12-month fixed offer for customers of AEP

This is not a promotional ofter

This is not a introductory offer.

Public Power LLC

(888) 354-4415

Rate Type, Variable

Term Length: I month

0% Renewable

\$0.0999 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0



Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

SmartEnergy Holdings LLC (800) 443-4440

Rate Type: Variable \$0.0570 per kWh

Tenn Length: I mouth

Monthly Fee: \$0

4% Renewable

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: AEP Ohio Power variable price product

This is not a promotional offer.

This is a introductory offer

SmartEnergy Holdings LLC (\$00) 443-4440

Rate Type: Variable

Term Length: I month

4% Renewable

\$0 0570 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: AEP Columbus Southern variable price offer

This is not a promouonal offer. This is a introductory offer,

Source Power & Gas LLC

(888) 557-0065

Rate Type: Fixed

Tenn Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0740 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$150

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Source Power & Gas LLC

(888) 557-0065

Rate Type: Fixed \$0 0767 per kWh Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

Monthly Pee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$250

Additional Information, None Provided This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0689 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$95

Additional Information: For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Star Energy Partners LLC (855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0699 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$95

Additional Information, 100% Wind For residential customers of American Electric Power - Olivo

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC (855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length 36 months

0% Renewable

A MANAGEMENT OF THE SECOND SEC Monthly Fee. S0 Early Termination Fee. \$125

Additional Information: For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Lengthe 16 months

100% Renewable

0042958-KWII

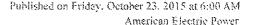
Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$125

Additional Information: 100% Wind For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer





Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length: 12 months 0% Renewable

\$0.0769 per l:Wh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$50

Additional Information: For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0799 per kWh

Monthly Feet Su

Early Termination Fee; \$50

Additional Information, 100% Wind For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a premotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

THINK ENERGY

(888) 923-3633 Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0650 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: \* Fixed price for 12 months \* NO monthly fee \* Price includes Gross Receipts Tax (GRT) \* www.mythinkenergy.com \* 1 (888) 923-3633

This is not a premeuonal offer. This is not a introductory offer

THINK ENERGY

(\$88) 923-3633 Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 18 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0650 per kWh Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: • Fixed price for 18 months • NO monthly fee • Price includes Gross Receipts Tay (GRT) • www.mythinkenergy.com • 1 (888) 923-3633

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

THINK ENERGY

(888) 923-3633 Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length; 6 months

0% Renewable

Monthly Fee: \$0 \$0,0660 per kWh

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: • Fixed price for a months: • NO monthly fee • Price includes Gross Receipts Tax (GRT) • www.mythinkenergy.com • 1 (888) 923-3653

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Titan Gas and Power 1 (888) 251-7006

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

5% Renewable

' \$6 0650 par kWh

Monthly Fee: \$4)

Early Termination Fee, \$10

Additional Information, None Provided

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

! Titan Gas and Power

(888) 251-7006 Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 6 months

5% Renewable

\$0,0720 per kWh

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Titan Gas and Power (888) 251-7006

Term Langtin 3 months

5% Renewable

Rate Type, Fixed \$9,0750 per kWh

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

Titan Gas and Power

(888) 251-7006

Rate Type, Variable \$0 0700 per kWh

Term Length, 1 month

Early Termination Fee: \$0

5% Renewable

Monthly Fee, \$0



Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

Town Square Energy East LLC

(800) 282-3331

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 3 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0589 per kWh

Monthly Fee: 50

Early Termination Fee \$0

Additional Information: This offer is Fixed until Your Third Meter Read with Town Square Energy.

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Town Square Energy East LLC

(800) 282-3331

Rate Type: Fixed

Teno Length, 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0699 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: \$0.0699 until Your Twelfth Meter Read Cycle.

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Town Square Energy East LLC

(\$00) 282-3331

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0799 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: Settle down and try this Low Rate at 7.99c until Your Twenty-fourth Billing Cyclet

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Verde Energy USA Ohio LLC

(800) 388-3862

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length, 6 months

100% Renewable

Monthly Fee. \$0 \$0.0949 per kWh Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: Fixed for 6 billing cycles. Month-to-month thereafter. New enrollments receive a \$75 cash bonus, a 10% discount on energy saving products and free access to Verde Energy Savings Solutions where customers can monitor and analyze their energy use

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508

Rate Type: Fixed \$0.0779 per kWh Term Lengther Cananchs

100% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Monthly Fee, \$0 Additional Information. This is the current 36 month fixed rate for our AEP-Columbus Southern customers

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length of months ----

100% Renewable

##5070779-peckWh-----Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee, \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 36 month Fixed rate for AEP-Ohio

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508

Rate Type: Variable

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0591 per kWh

Early Termination Fee: \$150

Monthly Fee, \$0 Additional Information: 5% below the Utility Price Index on your energy supply charge guaranteed for 12 months!

This is not a promotional offer Tius is not a introductory offer.

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508

Rate Type, Variable

Term Langth, 12 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0591 per kWh

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$150

Additional Information: 5% below the Utility Price Index on your energy supply charge guaranteed for 12 months!

This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer



XOOM Energy Ohio LLC

(888) 947-8979

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length, 15 months

\$0.0699 per £Wh

Monthly Fee: \$9 Additional Information: SureLock: 15

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Early Termination Fee: \$125

Early Tennination Fee: \$100

XOOM Energy Ohio LLC

(888) 097-8079

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length, 12 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

50% Renewable

0% Renewable

\$0,0749 per &Wh Additional Information: SimpleClean 12 50%

I This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

XOOM Energy Ohio LLC

(888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Fixed \$0.0749 per kWh Term Length: 24 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

0% Renessable

Early Tennination Fee: \$200

Additional Information: SureLock 24 This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

XOOM Energy Onio LLC

(888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Variable \$0.0939 per kWh

Term Length: I mouth

Monthly Fee: \$0

50% Renewable

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: SimpleClean This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

XOOM Energy Obio LLC (888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Variable

\$0.0695 per kWh

Additional Information: None Provided

Term Length: I month Monthly Fee: 50

0% Renewable

Early Termination Fee. \$0

This is a promotional offer. SimpleFley

This is a introductory offer.



#### **Chart Definitions**

Apples to Apples Charts: The PUCO's electric and natural gas offer comparison charts, the only comparisons in the state for which suppliers are required to provide accurate and up-to-date information about their latest offers.

cef: Hundred cubic feet. Used to measure natural gas.

Customer Charge: Charge billed each month to recover a portion of the ongoing fixed costs of providing service to a consumer's home or business. See Fixed Delivery Charge.

**Fixed Delivery Charge**: Charge billed each month to recover a portion of the ongoing fixed costs of providing service to a consumer's home or business. See Customer Charge.

Electric Distribution Utility (EDU): The local electric distribution utility that delivers electricity to your home or business.

Supply Charge: The price of electricity or natural gas offered by a supplier.

Fixed Price: A fixed electricity or natural gas rate that will remain the same, for a set period of time.

Gas Cost Recovery (GCR) Charge: The actual cost of natural gas that a local distribution company (LDC) pays to purchase natural gas for your use. That cost is then passed through to you on a dollar-for-dollar basis with no mark-up or profit to the LDC. Only the actual costs of the natural gas are recovered through this process.

Generation Charge: The charge for producing electricity. If you purchase electricity from a supplier, your generation charge will depend on the contract between you and your supplier.

**Kilowatt Hour (kwh)**: A 1,000-watt unit of energy for one hour. This is the standard measurement for the amount of electricity a customer uses.

Local Distribution Company (LDC): The local natural gas distribution utility that delivers natural gas to your home or business.

mef: Thousand cubic feet. Used to measure natural gas.

Monthly Fee: A fixed monthly fee that a supplier may include in the terms and conditions of their contract that is in addition to a rate based on usage.

**NYMEX:** The New York Mercantile Exchange, a public market where natural gas and other commodities are sold and traded.

**Price to Compare**: The price for an electric supplier to beat in order for you to save money. It will be shown on residential customer's electric utility bill. You can use this amount to compare with prices offered by suppliers.

**Renew.** (Renewable) Content: The percentage of the contracted generation supply that is provided by a renewable energy source.



Renewable Energy: Electricity or natural gas that is made from environmentally friendly fuel resources, such as wind, water, biomass, biogas, waste heat or solar. Sometimes referred to as "green" energy.

Standard Choice Offer (SCO): Each year, Columbia Gas of Ohio, Dominion East Ohio and Vectren Energy Delivery of Ohio conduct auctions to secure natural gas supplies for customers who do not participate in the tretail choice program. The auction establishes a SCO rate for choice-eligible customers. The SCO rate is based ton the NYMEX month-end settlement price for natural gas, plus a retail price adjustment determined in the auctions. The retail price adjustment reflects the winning bidders' price to deliver natural gas from the production area to the utility's service area.

Standard Service Offer: The electric generation service a customer will receive from their local electric utility if they do not choose an electric supplier.

**Transmission:** The transporting of high-voltage electricity from generation at a power plant to local electric lutilities.

Transmission Charge: Charge for transporting electricity from the generation plant to the local electric utility.

Transportation Cost: Cost related to the actual transportation of natural gas through the natural gas transmission pipeline to the LDC.

**Variable Price:** A variable rate can change, by the hour, day, month, etc., according to the terms and conditions of the supplier's contract.



# Residential Apples to Apples Comparison Chart

American Electric Power (AEP)

To best utilize this offer comparison tool, it is suggested that you have your most current utility bill available for reference. Compare the supplier offers contained in the chart with the "Price to Compare" shown on your electric bill.

The offer prices below reflect that of the generation portion of your bill. Your distribution and transmission rates are determined through your local utility company.

# Steps to Switching

four simple steps to choosing a supplier

#### 1. Compare offers

Find your Price to Compare on your utility bill and use that number to compare to other offers listed on PUCO's Apples to Apples comparison chart. Since your Price to Compare is made up of several different factors it can vary from month-to-month. To get a better understanding of your average Price to Compare take a look at a few of your recent bills. After determining your Price to Compare, use our Apples to Apples chart to identify offers based on cost, contract length or other incentives.

#### 2. Contact suppliers

Contact the suppliers that you are most interested in and ask the questions provided below. To sign up simply call that supplier. The supplier will contact your local electric utility for you.

#### 3. Read and understand the supply contract

Make sure you carefully read and understand all of the terms and conditions of your supply contract. The supplier should be able to answer any questions you have.

#### 4. Receive confirmation

Your local electric utility will send you a letter confirming the supplier you have chosen. If the information is correct, you do not have to do anything. If the information is not correct, contact the utility and request that the switch be stopped. You have seven days from the postmark date of the letter to make any changes.



AEP Energy Inc (855) 300-7192

Rate Type, Fried

Term Lengtir 6 months

(9% Renewable

30 0575 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy Partner(SM) This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio. \*Exclusive AEP Energy Website Offer For New

Customers Only\*

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

AEP Energy Inc (855) 300-7192

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0599 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy Parmer(SM) This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

AEP Energy Inc (855) 300-7192

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Longth; 24 months

(Pa Renewable

\$0.0615 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy Partner(SM) This offer is for residential customers of AEP Obio only

This is not a promotional effer This is not a introductory offer

AEP Energy Inc (855) 300-7192

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0675 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Tennination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: America's Energy Partner(SM) 100% Wind Product This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio

This is not a promotional ofter. This is not a introductory offer

Agera Energy, LLC

(844) 642-4372

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0749 per kWh

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$200

Additional Information: The 'Agera Fixed Advantage 24' gives you two full years of guaranteed price protection against rising energy costs and a simple, fixed rate for energy. This option provides you with two years of worry-free energy use and no variations in your monthly rate and no long-term commitment!

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Agera Energy, LLC (844) 692-1372

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

034 Renewable

\$0.0779 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$100

Additional Information: The 'Agera Fixed Advantage 12' gives you one full year of guaranteed price protection against rising energy costs and a simple, fixed rate for energy. This option provides you with a year of worry-free energy use and no variations in your monthly rate and no long-term communent!

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Capital Energy LLC

(855) 322-7448

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

(19% Renewable

50 0603 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$10

Additional Information: This offer is limited to Residential customer of AEP Onio.

This is not a promotional offer Thus is not a introductory offer.

Capital Energy LLC

(855) 322-7448

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length, 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0 0608 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$10

Additional Information: This offer is limited to Residential customer of AEP Ohio. Visit our website at www.capitalenergyohio.com for more details on switching! This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer



Censtar Energy Corp

(877) 529-670 Ī

\$0.0849 per kWh

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length 24 months

> Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$25

0% Renewable

0% Renewable

Additional Information: 24 month fixed price

This is not a promouonal offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Censtar Energy Corp

(877) 529-6701

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length; 12 months

\$0.0859 per kWh Monthiy Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information; None Provided This is not a promouonal offer. This is not a introductory offer

Champion Energy Services, LLC

(\$77) 653-5090

(877) 653-5090

Rate Type: Fixed Temp Length: 24 months 0% Renewable

\$0.0640 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: Lock your self in with a low fixed rate. With no monthly fees or minimum use fee. This is a promotional offer. Use promo code APPLESTOAPPLES to receive our special discount rate

This is not a introductory offer.

Champion Energy Services, LLC

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length: 12 months 0% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$0 \$0 0670 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0

Additional Information: Lock your self in with a low fixed rate. With no monthly fees or minimum use fee. This is a promotional offer. Use promo code APPLESTOAPPLES to receive a special discount rate

This is not a introductory offer.

Champion Energy Services, LLC (877) 653-5090

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length of months 0% Renewable

Su 9690 peckWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$0

additional Information. Lock your self in with a low fixed rate. With no monthly fees or minimum use fee. This is a promotional offer. Use promo code APPLESTOAPPLES to receive our special discount rate

This is not a introductory offer

Constellation NewEnergy Inc

(888) 895-4323

Term Length Comonths 1979 0% Renewable Rate Type: Fixed

\$0.6639.per-kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee. \$25

Additional Information, None Provided This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Constellation NewEnergy Inc

(888) 898-4323

Rate Type: Fixed Term Length: 12 months 0% Renewable

\$0,0659 per kWh Early Termination Fee. \$25 Monthly Fee: \$6

Additional Information, None Provided This is not a promotional offer. Thus is not a introductory offer.

Direct Energy Services LLC (877) 698-7551

Rate Type, Fixed Term Length, 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0705 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee. \$99

Additional Information: For new enrollment only. Euroy a fixed rate for 6 months and leave behind seasonal price changes from your utility.

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Rate Type, Fixed Term Length: 18 months 0% Renewable

\$0 0715 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$99



Additional Information: For new enrollment only. Eluminate market volatility and provide yourself price certainty with a fixed rate throughout the initial term of your contract. This rate excludes utility-related charges and taxes.

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Teno Length, e-months

0% Renewable

Rate Type: Fixed \$0.0735 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$99

Additional Information: For new enrollment only. Enjoy a fixed rate for 6 months and leave behind the seasonal price changes and variable rates from your utility

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

6% Renewable

\$0.0789 per kWh

Monthly Fee: St

Early Termination Fee: \$200

Additional Information: For new customers only. Choose a Comfort and Control Plan from Direct Energy and receive a Nest Learning Thermostat. Lock in your electricity rate for 24 months. Nest features help you save up to 10-12% on hearing bills and 15% on cooling bills.

This is not a premotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Direct Energy Services LLC

(877) 698-7551

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length at months

0% Renewable

90199 perkWh

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$200

Additional Information: For new enrollment only. Choose a Comfort and Control Plan from Direct Energy and receive a Nest Learning Thermostat. Lock in your electricity rate for 36 months. Nest features help you save up to 10-12% on heating bills and 15% on cooling bills.

Tius is not a promonobal offer This is not a introductory offer

Discount Power Inc (1877) 507-7350

Rate Type: Fixed \$0.0650 per kWh Term Length, 24 months

Monthly Fee: 50

0% Renewable

Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

Discount Power Inc

(877) 507-7350

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 18 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0660 per kWh

3/34

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

DP&L Energy (800) 319-1356

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 32 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0709 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$199

Additional Information: This offer is for AEP residential customers only for term through May 2018

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

DP&L Energy (800) 319-1356

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0719 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$99

Additional Information: For AEP residential customers in Ohio Power and Columbus Southern Power

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

OP&L Energy

[(800) 319-1356

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0729 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$99



Additional Information: For AEP residential customers in Ohio Power and Columbus Southern Power only

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Dynegy Energy Services East LLC

(855) 289-7012

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 26 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0639 per LWh

Monthly Fee: SU

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information: We Make the Right Choice Easy + \$0.0639/kWh through December 2017 + Residential Customers of AEP Ohio only.

This is not a premountal offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Everyday Energy (877) 811-7023

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

100% Renewable

\$0.6899-per kWh

Monthly Pee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 24 months offer for our AEP Onto customers.

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Everyday Energy (877) 811-7023

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length, 24 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0929 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 24 month offer for our AEP CS customers.

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Everyday Energy (877) 811-7023

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

\$0,0939 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information. This is the current 12 months offer for our AEP Obio customers

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

FirstEnergy Solutions Corp

(888) 254-6359

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0 0662 per kWh

Montbly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$50

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer. Tius is not a introductory offer.

IGS Energy

(800) 280-4474 Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0619 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$100

Additional Information: Fixed rate for 12 billing eveles.

This is a promotional offer. Earn 5c/gal in Fuel Rewards Savings for every \$50 you spend with IGS Energy on your utility bill.

This is not a introductory offer.

IGS Energy (800) 280-4474

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

\$0,0639 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$100

Additional Information: Fixed rate for 12 Billing Cycles, 100% Green Energy.

This is a promotional offer Earn 5c/gal in Fuel Rewards# Savings for every \$50 you spend with IGS Energy on your utility bill.

This is not a introductory offer.

Just Energy (866) 587-8674

Rate Type, Fixed

Tenn Lens Autoriths

0% Renewable

SAVE REMOVE Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee. \$50

Additional Information: Fixed Price Program with an Intro Price which will be 5% below Utility for the first month,

This is not a promotional offer

This is a introductory offer.



Just Energy (866) 587-8674

Rate Type: Variable Term Length: Lmonth 0% Renewable

\$0.0581 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: AEP - Obio Power ONLY, Month to Month Variable Program with an Intro Period where the Intro Price will 5% below Utility for the first

month. Thereafter a month to month Variable Rate

This is not a promotional offer. This is a introductory ofter.

Just Energy (866) 587-8674

Rate Type: Variable \$4.0581 per kWh

Term Length: I month

Monthly Fee, \$0

0% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information, AEP - Columbus Southern Power ONLY, Month to Month Variable Program with an later Period where the Intro Price will 5% below

Utility for the first month. Thereafter a month to month Variable Rate

This is not a promotional offer This is a introductory offer.

Lykins Energy Solutions (800+875-8820

Rate Type. Fixed

Term Length, 12 months

Monthly Fee: 30

6% Renewable Early Termination Fee. \$10

\$0.0600 per kWh Additional Information: This is a fixed rate with no pass through charges or hidden fees. This contract will NOT auto-renew at a higher price.

This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer

Lykins Energy Solutions

J(800) 875-8820

Rate Type Fixed

Tenn Length. 24 months

0% Renewable

\$0,060\$ per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: This is a fixed rate with no pass through charges or hidden fees. This contract will NOT outo-renew at a higher price

This is not a promotional offer

!This is not a introductory offer.

Lykins Energy Salutions

(800) 875-8820

[Rate Type, Fixed

Tenn Length 36 months

0% Renewable

\$60,0610 per kWh.25 Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: Tius is a fixed rate with no pass through charges or hidden fees. This contract will NOT auto-renew at a higher price This is not a promotional ofter

This is not a introductory offer

Nordic Energy Services LLC

(630) 321-0888

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 3 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0590 per EWh Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: Fixed for three months then rate defaults to an hourly LMP index rate + \$ 0175/kWh This is not a promotional effer.

This is not a introductory offer.

North American Power and Gas LLC (888) 313-9086

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: S months

25% Renewable

\$0,0729 per kWh Monthly Fee \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: Fixed 8 month rate-25% Renewable Energy-Offer is for EnergyChoiceOhio website shoppers ONLY

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-9086

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 8 months

25% Renewable

\$0.0839 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Tegmination Fee. \$10

Additional Information: 8 month fixed rate, 25% Renewable Energy New Customers Only,

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-9086



Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

25% Renewable

\$0.0869 per kWh

Monthly Feet \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information, 12 month fixed rate, 25% Renewable Energy, New Customers Only

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-9086

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: S months

100% Renewable

\$0,0934 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee, \$10

Additional Information: 8 month fixed rate, 100% Renewable Energy, New Customers Only

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

North American Power and Gas LLC

(888) 313-9086

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0964 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$10

Additional Information: 12 month fixed rate, 190% Renewable Energy, New Customers Only,

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Perigee Energy LLC

(866) 875-3492

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length, 12 months

0% Renewable Early Termination Fee. \$25

\$0,0675 per kWh

Additional Information: None Provided This is not a promotional offer Thus is not a introductory offer.

Perigee Energy LLC

(866) 878-3492 Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 9 months

例6 Renewable

\$0.0619 per kWb

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$25

Additional Information: \$0.06190/kWh for Months 1-3 \$0.06990/kWh for Months 4-9

This is not a promotional offer This is a introductory offer.

Public Power LLC

(888) 354-4415

Rate Type. Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0620 per kWh

Monthly Fee: 50

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information. This is a 12-month fixed offer for customers of AEP.

Thus is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Public Power LLC

(888) 354-4415

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0,0649 per kWh

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$0

Additional Information: This is a 12-month fixed orfer for customers of AEP- Columbus Southern,

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer.

Public Power LLC (888) 354-4415

Rate Type, Variable

Tenn Length, 1 month

0% Renewable

\$0.0616 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: This is a 1-month variable offer for customers of AEP

This is not a promotional offer This is not a introductory offer

Public Power LLC

(888) 354-4415

Rate Type: Variable

Term Length. I month

0% Renewable

\$0.0899 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0



Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

SmartEnergy Holdings LLC

(\$00) 443-4440

Rate Type: Variable Term Length: I month

S0.0570 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0

Additional Information: AEP Ohio Power variable price product

This is not a promotional offer.

This is a introductory offer.

SmartEnergy Holdings LLC

(\$(00) 443-4440

Rate Type: Variable

Term Length: I month \$0.0570 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0

Additional Information: AEP Columbus Southern variable price offer

This is not a promotional offer. This is a introductory offer,

Source Power & Gas LLC

(888) 557-0065

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

Su.0740 per kWh Monthly Fee: \$0

Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a prometional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Source Power & Gas LLC

(888) 557-0065

Rate Type: Fixed \$0 0767 per kWh Term Length: 24 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

Additional Information, None Provided This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

\$0 0689 per kWh

Term Length 24 months

Monthly Fee: S0

Additional Information, For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC (855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

\$0 0699 per kWh

Term Length: 24 months

Montbly Fee: \$0

100% Renewable

4% Renewable

4% Renewable

0% Renewable

0% Renewable

0% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$150

Early Termination Fee: \$250

Early Termination Fee \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$95

Early Termination Fee: \$95

Additional Information: 100% Wind For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 36 months

0% Renewable

**43**0 0709 per kWh Monthly Fee. \$0

Additional Information: For residential customers of American Electric Power - Onio This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length 36 momhs

100% Renewable

50.0729 per kWh Monthly Fee. \$0 Early Termination Fee. \$125

Early Termination Fee. \$125

Additional Information: 100% Wind For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohto

This is not a promotional offer

Thus is not a introductory offer



Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Term Length: 12 months Rate Type: Fixed

0% Renessable

\$0.0769 per EWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$50

Additional Information: For residential customers of American Electric Power - Ohio

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Star Energy Partners LLC

(855) 427-7827

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0799 per kWh

Monthly Fee: Su

Early Termination Fee: \$50

Additional Information: 100% Wind For residential customers of American Lilectric Power - Ohio

This is not a premetional offer.

This is not a ingroductory offer.

THINK ENERGY

(\$88) 923-3633

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 6 months

6% Renewable

Su 0580 per kWh

Monthly Fee. Su

Early Termination Fee: Su

Additional Information: \* Fixed price for 6 months \* NO monthly fee \* Price includes Gross Receipts Tax (GRT) \* www.mythinkenergy.com \* 1 (888) 923-3633

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

THINK ENERGY

(888) 923-3633

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0600 per kWb Monthly Fee: \$0 Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: • Fixed price for 12 months • NO monthly fee • Price includes Gross Receipts Tax (GRT) • www.mythinkenergy.com • 1 (888) 923-3633

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

THINK ENERGY

(888) 923-3633

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 18 months

\$0,0600 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: • Fixed price for 18 months • NO monthly fee • Price includes Gross Receipts Tax (GRT) • www mythinkenergy com • 1 (888) 923-3633

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Titan Gas and Power

(888) 251-7006

Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

5% Renewable

\$0,0650 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee, \$10

Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Titan Gas and Power

(\$88) 251-7006

Term Length: 6 months

5% Renewable

Rate Type: Fixed \$0.0720 per kWh

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Titan Gas and Power

(888) 251-7006 Rate Type, Fixed

Term Length: 3 months

5% Renewable

\$0.0750 per kWb

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Tennination Fee: \$10

Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.

Titan Gas and Power

(888) 251-7006 Rate Type, Variable \$0,0700 per kWb

Term Leogth, I month Monthly Fee, \$0

5% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$0



Additional Information: None Provided

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer

Town Square Energy East LLC

(800) 282-3331

Rate Type Fixed

Term Length: 3 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0589 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: This offer is Fixed until Your Third Meter Rend with Town Square Energy,

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Town Square Energy East LLC

(800) 282-3331

Rate Type: Fixed S0 0699 per EWh

Term Length, 12 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

0% Renewable
Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: \$0.0499 until Your Twelfth Meter Read Cycle.

This is not a promotional offer.

This is not a introductory offer.

Town Square Energy East LLC

(800) 282-3331

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 24 months

0% Renewable

§0.0709 per EWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: Settle down and try this Low Rate at 7.99e until Your Twenty-fourth Billing Cycle!

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Verde Energy USA Ohio LLC

(800) 388-3862

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length, 6 months

100% Renowable

\$0.0949 per kWh

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$0

Additional Information: Fixed for 6 billing cycles. Month-to-month thereafter. New enrollments receive a \$75 cash bonus, a 10% discount on energy saving products and free access to Verde Energy Savings Solutions where customers can monitor and analyze their energy use

This is not a premouonal offer.

This is not a introductory offer

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(\$66) 663-2308

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 36-months

100% Renewable

86-0779 per KWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: This is the current 36 month fixed rate for our AEP-Columbus Southern customers

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508

Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length Semonths, 37

100% Renewable

**SP**\$0.0779 per kWh

Monthly Fee: \$0

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information. This is the current 36 month Fixed rate for AEP-Ohio

This is not a promotional offer.

Thus is not a introductory offer.

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

Z(866) 663-2508

Rate Type: Variable

Term Length: 12 months

0% Renewable

\$0.0591 per kWh

Monthly Fee, \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$150

Additional Information: 5% below the Utility Price Index on your energy supply charge guaranteed for 12 months!

This is not a premotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

Viridian Energy PA, LLC

(866) 663-2508

Rate Type, Variable

Term Length, 12 months

100% Renewable

\$0.0591 per kWh

Monthly Fee. \$0

Early Termination Fee: \$150

Additional Information: 5% below the Utility Price Index on your energy supply charge guaranteed for 12 months!

This is not a promotional offer

This is not a introductory offer.



XOOM Energy Ohio LLC

(888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Fixed \$0.0699 per LWh Term Length, 15 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

0% Renewable

Early Termination Fee: \$125

Early Tennination Fee: \$100

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer

Additional Information: SureLock 15

XOOM Energy Ohio LLC

(888) 997-8979 Rate Type: Fixed

Term Length: 12 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

50% Renewable

\$0.0749 per kWh Additional Information: SimpleClean 12 50%

This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

XOOM Energy Ohio LLC (888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Fixed \$0.0749 per kWh

Terro Length; 24 months

Monthly Fee: \$0

0% Renewable

Early Terraination Fee: \$200

Additional Information: SureLock 24 This is not a promotional offer. This is not a introductory offer.

XOOM Energy Ohio LLC

(888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Variable \$0.0939 per kWh

Term Length: I month

Monthly Fee: §0

50% Renewable

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: SimpleClean This is not a promouonal offer. This is not a introductory offer.

XOOM Energy Obio LLC

(888) 997-8979

Rate Type: Variable \$0.0695 per kWh

Term Length: I month Monthly Fee: 50

0% Ronewabie

Early Termination Fee. \$0

Additional Information: None Provided This is a promouonal offer. SimpleFlex

This is a introductory offer.



#### **Chart Definitions**

Apples to Apples Charts: The PUCO's electric and natural gas offer comparison charts, the only comparisons in the state for which suppliers are required to provide accurate and up-to-date information about their latest offers.

cef: Hundred cubic feet. Used to measure natural gas.

Customer Charge: Charge billed each month to recover a portion of the ongoing fixed costs of providing service to a consumer's home or business. See Fixed Delivery Charge.

**Fixed Delivery Charge:** Charge billed each month to recover a portion of the ongoing fixed costs of providing service to a consumer's home or business. See Customer Charge.

Electric Distribution Utility (EDU): The local electric distribution utility that delivers electricity to your home or business.

Supply Charge: The price of electricity or natural gas offered by a supplier.

Fixed Price: A fixed electricity or natural gas rate that will remain the same, for a set period of time.

Gas Cost Recovery (GCR) Charge: The actual cost of natural gas that a local distribution company (LDC) pays to purchase natural gas for your use. That cost is then passed through to you on a dollar-for-dollar basis with no mark-up or profit to the LDC. Only the actual costs of the natural gas are recovered through this process.

Generation Charge: The charge for producing electricity. If you purchase electricity from a supplier, your generation charge will depend on the contract between you and your supplier.

Kilowatt Hour (kwh): A 1,000-watt unit of energy for one hour. This is the standard measurement for the amount of electricity a customer uses.

Local Distribution Company (LDC): The local natural gas distribution utility that delivers natural gas to your home or business.

mef: Thousand cubic feet. Used to measure natural gas.

Monthly Fee: A fixed monthly fee that a supplier may include in the terms and conditions of their contract that is in addition to a rate based on usage.

**NYMEX:** The New York Mercantile Exchange, a public market where natural gas and other commodities are sold and traded.

**Price to Compare**: The price for an electric supplier to beat in order for you to save money. It will be shown on residential customer's electric utility bill. You can use this amount to compare with prices offered by suppliers.

Renew. (Renewable) Content: The percentage of the contracted generation supply that is provided by a renewable energy source.



Renewable Energy: Electricity or natural gas that is made from environmentally friendly fuel resources, such as wind, water, biomass, biogas, waste heat or solar. Sometimes referred to as "green" energy.

**Standard Choice Offer (SCO):** Each year, Columbia Gas of Ohio, Dominion East Ohio and Vectren Energy Delivery of Ohio conduct auctions to secure natural gas supplies for customers who do not participate in the retail choice program. The auction establishes a SCO rate for choice-eligible customers. The SCO rate is based on the NYMEX month-end settlement price for natural gas, plus a retail price adjustment determined in the auctions. The retail price adjustment reflects the winning bidders' price to deliver natural gas from the production area to the utility's service area.

Standard Service Offer: The electric generation service a customer will receive from their local electric utility if they do not choose an electric supplier.

**Transmission:** The transporting of high-voltage electricity from generation at a power plant to local electric utilities.

Transmission Charge: Charge for transporting electricity from the generation plant to the local electric utility.

Transportation Cost: Cost related to the actual transportation of natural gas through the natural gas transmission pipeline to the LDC.

Variable Price: A variable rate can change, by the hour, day, month, etc., according to the terms and conditions of the supplier's contract.

# SC 46

# **AEP Ohio Electric Apples to Apples Chart**

# **Current Supplier Offers**

Publication Date: January 6, 2014

The chart below reflects the current supplier rate offers provided by the suppliers to residential customers in the AEP Ohio service area.

Please refer to your most recent bill for your current price to compare.

#### Price to Compare

In order for you to save money, the new supplier's rate needs to be lower than the Price to Compare rate shown on your bill. The Price to Compare is calculated based on the total amount you would no longer pay your utility company for the generation portion of your electric supply if you choose another supplier, divided by the

The calculation determining the Price to Compare varies by utility company. As always, you will still be responsible for the utility company distribution charges and any related riders on your utility bill. Please consult the utility's web site for specific information. As with any contract, read and understand all terms and conditions before signing up with a supplier.

Please be advised that if you are currently enrolled in the Percentage of Income Payment Plan (PIPP PLUS), you are not eligible to enroll with or switch to an alternate supplier.

If you are currently enrolled with an alternate supplier, and want to enroll with a different supplier prior to the expiration of your current contract, you may be subject to an Early Termination Fee.

#### **Electric Apples to Apples Charts**

Published offers are subject to change without prior notice. Consumers should verify offers with the supplier before signing a contract. As with all contracts, consumers should carefully read and understand all terms and conditions before signing any forms or agreeing to enroll with a supplier for electric service.

Note: The electric apples to apples charts reflect the most recent available offers from marketers in each service territory, and are updated on a weekly basis.

Before choosing a supplier, please review the information on the **Choosing an Electric Supplier** page.

The PUCO is not responsible for selections you make based on the information contained herein.

Step 1: Compare the supplier offers contained in the chart with the "Price to Compare" shown on your electric bill,

Note: The "Tariff" code referenced in some of the Offer Details can be found on your monthly electric bill, under the charges from the utility.

Step 2: In order for you to save money, the new supplier's rate needs to be lower than the Price to Compare rate shown on your bill.

AEP Ohio Service Area Offers			
Supplier Name	Current Offer	Contract Term	Offer Details
AEP Energy 155 West Nationwide Blvd. Suite 500 Columbus. OH 43215 (855) 300-7192 http://www.aepenergv.com/	Fixed Price of \$0.0599 per kWh	Through May 2014	Enroll online at  http://www.aepenergy.com/aep10-web  This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio.  Early Termination Fee: \$10 per remaining month
AEP Energy 155 West Nationwide Blvd. Suite 500 Columbus, OH 43215 (855) 300-7192 <a href="http://www.aepenergy.com/">http://www.aepenergy.com/</a>	Fixed Price of \$0.0679 per kWh	12 Months	Enroll online at  http://www.aepenergy.com/aep12-web  This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio.  Early Termination Fee: \$10 per remaining month
AEP Energy 155 West Nationwide Blvd. Suite 500 Columbus, OH 43215 (855) 300-7192 http://www.aepenergy.com/	Fixed Price of \$0,0699 per kWh	24 Months	Euroll online at  http://www.aepenergy.com/aep24-web  This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio.  Early Termination Fee: \$10 per remaining month
AEP Energy 155 West Nationwide Blvd. Suite 500 Columbus, OH 43215 (855) 300-7192 http://www.aepenergy.com/	100% Wind Product, S0.0709 per kWh		Enroll only online at  http://www.aepenergv.com/aepgreen-web  This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio.  Early Termination Fee: \$10 per remaining month
AP Gas & Electric 6161 Savoy Drive, Suite 500 Houston, TX 77036 877-544-4857 http://www.apge.com	\$0.0649 per kwh	12 Months	To Enroll call 888-797-4537 Early Termination Fee: None
Border Energy Electric Services, Inc. 888-901-8461 http://www.borderenergyelectric.com/	Guaranteed 10% discount off the AEP price-to-compare through May 31, 2014	Through May 31, 2014	Enroll online at <a href="http://signup.borderenergyinc.com/AEPOhio">http://signup.borderenergyinc.com/AEPOhio</a> ex.aspx  Early Termination Fee: \$100  This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP
Constellation Energy 1-866-577-4700 www.home.constellation.com	\$0.0739 per kWh	12 Months	Enroli online at  http://www.constellation.com/pages/ohpuc.aspx This offer is for electric residential customers in AEP area.  Early Termination Fee: \$25
Direct Energy 888-566-9988 http://directenergy.gesc.com/Products/\$ignup.aspx? sc=RES&state=OH&promo=OHPUC	Fixed Price of \$0.0649 per kwh	6 Billing Cycles from enrollment	This offer is for residential RS customers of AEP Columbus Southern Power and Ohio Power only. Early Termination Fee: None
Dominion Energy Solutions (855) 215-3908 http://www.dominionenergy.com	Fixed Price of \$0.0619 per kWh	Through the June 2014 meter read date	This offer is for residential customers of AEP Ohio only, and is limited to the first 10,000 customer who enroll. Enroll online at <a href="http://www.dominionenergy.com">http://www.dominionenergy.com</a> Early Termination Fee: None
Dominion Energy Solutions (855) 215-3908 http://www.dominionenergy.com	Fixed Price of \$0.0685 per kWh	Through the December 2014 meter read date	This offer is for residential customers of AEP Ohio only, and is limited to the first 10,000 customer who enroll.  Enroll online at <a href="http://www.dominionenergy.com">http://www.dominionenergy.com</a> Early Termination Fee: None
DP&L Energy 1065 Woodman Drive Dayton, OH 45432 800-319-1356 http://www.dplenergy.com	Fixed Price of \$0.0649 per kwh.	12 Month	This offer is for AEP Residential Customers only. online at <a href="http://www.dplenergy.com">http://www.dplenergy.com</a> or call 800-319-1356 Early Termination Fee: \$99 2

DP&L Energy 1065 Woodman Drive Dayton, OH 45432 800-319-1356 http://www.dplenergy.com	Fixed Price of \$0.0659 per kwh.	18 Month	For AEP residential customers only. Enroll online at <a href="http://dplenergv.com">http://dplenergv.com</a> or call 800-319-1356 Early Termination Fee: \$99	
DP&L Energy 1065 Woodman Drive Dayton, OH 45432 800-319-1356 http://www.dplenergy.com	Fixed Price of \$0.0679 per kwh.	24 Month	For AEP Residential Customers only. Enroll online at <a href="http://www.dplenergv.com">http://www.dplenergv.com</a> or call 800-319-1356 Early Termination Fee; \$99	
Duke Energy Retail 139 East 4th Street EX 320 Cincinnati, Ohio 45202 855-289-7012 httn://www.DukeEnergyRetail.com	Fixed Price of \$0.0589	Through May 2014 meter read	We Make the Right Choice Easy SM - \$0.0589/kWh through May 2014 - AEP Residential customer in Ohio Power and Columbus Southern Power - Early Termination Fee None Enroll in less than 3 minutes. www.DukeEnergyRetail.com/aep	
Duke Energy Retail 139 East 4th Street EX 320 Cincinnati, Ohio 45202 855-289-7012 http://www.DukeEnergyRetail.com	Fixed price of \$0.0668 per kwh	Through December 2014 meter read	We Make the Right Choice Easy SM  - \$0.0668/kWh through December 2014  - AEP Residential customer in Ohio Power and Columbus Southern Power  - Early Termination Fee \$50  Enroll in less than 3 minutes.  www.DukeEnergyRetail.com/aep	
FirstEnergy Solutions 866-271-2265 http://www.FES.com	\$0.0679 per kwh	Through December 2015	Savings off PTC offer for AEP Residential customers Columbus Southern Power rate zone (rate codes 013 at 014) and in Ohio Power Rate zone (rate codes 015 at 022) only. <a href="http://www.FES.com">http://www.FES.com</a> Early Termination Fee: \$100	
FirstEnergy Solutions 866-271-2265 http://www.FES.com	\$0.0689 per kwh	Through December 2015	Cash back offer for AEP Residential customers in Columbus Southern Power rate zone (rate codes 013 and 014) and in Ohio Power Rate zone (rate codes 015 and 022) only, 3% off generation portion of bill.  http://www.FES.com Early Termination Fee: \$100	
FirstEnergy Solutions 866-271-2265 http://www.FES.com	\$0.0695 per kwh	Through December 2015	Green offer is for AEP Residential customers in Columbus Southern Power rate zone (rate codes 013 and 014) and in Ohio Power Rate zone (rate codes 015 and 022) only. http://www.FES.com Early Termination Fee: \$100	
FTR Energy 877-811-7023 www.ftrenergyservices.com	Variable Price of \$0,0659 per kwh	Month to month	This offer is for residential RS customers of AEP-Columbus Southern. Enroll online at www.ftrenergyservices.com Early Termination Fee: None	
FTR Energy 877-811-7023 www.ftrenergyservices.com	Variable Price of \$0.0593 per kwh	Introductory Rate	This is a 1- month promotional offer for residential RS customers of AEP-Columbus Southern. Enroll online at www.ftrenergyservices.com Early Termination Fee: None	
FTR Energy 877-811-7023 <u>www.ftrenergyseryices.com</u>	Fixed Price of \$0.0649 per kwh	Fixed 6-month	This is a 6 month fixed offer for residential RS customers of AEP-Columbus Southern. Enroll online at www.ftrenergyservices.com Early Termination Fee: None	
FTR Energy 877-811-7023 www.ftrenergyservices.com	Variable Price of \$0.0599 per kwh	Month to Month	This offer is for residential RS customers of AEP-Ohio Power. Enroll online at www.ftrenergyservices.com Early Termination fee: None	
FTR Energy 877-811-7023 www.ftrenergyservices.com	Variable Price of \$0.0539 per kwh	Introductory Rate	This is a 1-month promotional offer for residential RS customers of AEP-Ohio Power. Enroll online at www.ftrenergyservices.com Early Termination Fee: None	

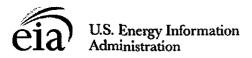
FTR Energy	Fixed Price of \$0.0699	Fixed 6-month	: This is a fixed offer for residential RS customers of AEI
877-811-7023	per kwh	Pixed 6-monu	: This is a fixed offer for residential RS customers of AER :-Ohio Power. Enroll online at
www.ftrenergyservices.com		4	www.ftrenergyservices.com
		ri menana	Early Termination Fee:None
Glacial Energy of Ohio	Fixed price of \$0.0719	12 Months	This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP
Park One Center	per kWh	12 Monnis	OHIO. Enroll ordine at
6100 Oak Tree Boulevard, Suite 200		3	http://www.glacialenergy.com
Independence, OH 44131 888-452-2425		;	Early Termination Fee: \$50
http://www.glacialenergy.com			:
Glacial Energy of Ohio	\$ 0.07390 per kWh	12 Months	This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP
Park One Center	Glacial Pure Wind		OHIO. Enroll online at
6100 Oak Tree Boulevard, Suite 200 Independence, OH 44131	Renewable Energy Certificates	TAL DAY	http://www.glacialenergy.com Early Tennination Fee: \$50
888-452-2425	Cermicales		Early Tellmination ree. 530
http://www.glacialenergy.com		4	
Glacial Energy of Ohio	Fixed price of \$0.07599	24 Month	This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP
Park One Center	per kWh	4	OHIO. Enroll online at
6100 Oak Tree Boulevard, Suite 200 Independence, OH 44131			http://www.glacialenergy.com Early Termination Fee: \$150
888-452-2425			Early Tellimination I Ce. 3150
http://www.glacialenergy.com			
Glacial Energy of Ohio	\$ 0.07799 per kWh	24 Month	This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP
Park One Center	Glacial Pure Wind		OHIO. Enroll online at
6100 Oak Tree Boulevard, Suite 200 Independence, OH 44131	Renewable Energy Certificates	:	http://www.glacialenergy.com Early Termination Fee: \$150
888-452-2425			, and the second
http://www.glacialenergy.com			}
IGS Energy	Fixed Offer of \$0.0649	Fixed Offer	Enroll Online at
6100 Emerald Pkwy	per kWh	through May 2014	http://www.igsenergv.com/
Dublin, OH 43016 (888) 995-0992		1	This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP
http://www.igsenergy.com/		ris some	Ohio.
		9	Early Termination Fee: None
IGS Energy	Guaranteed Savings of	Fixed Offer	Enroll Online at
6100 Emerald Pkwy	10% off AEP's Price to	Through May 2014	http://www.igsenergy.com/
Dublin, OH 43016	Compare		:
(888) 995-0992		\$	This offer is limited to residential customers (CSP: R-R,
http://www.igsenergv.com/			OHP: RS) of AEP Ohio. Early Termination Fee: None
			Larry Tellimation Fee. None
IGS Energy	Fixed Green Offer of	Fixed Offer	Enroll Online at
6100 Emerald Pkwy	\$0,0699 per kWh	through May 2014	http://www.igsenergy.com/
Dublin, OH 43016			: This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP
(888) 995-0992 http://www.igsenergy.com/			Ohio.
mtp.a/www.agsenergy.com/		M. Caracter Page	Early Termination Fee: None
		-	
Integrys Energy Services, Inc. 1-888-340-2017	\$0.0669 per kwh	6 Months	This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP.
1-888-340-2017 http://integrysenergy.com/aep		6 6 6	Enroll online at <a href="http://www.integrysenergy.com/aep">http://www.integrysenergy.com/aep</a> .  Early Termination Fee: \$25
Integrys Energy Services, Inc.	\$0.0699 per kwh	12 Months	This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP.
1-888-340-2017			Enroll online at http://www.integrysenergy.com/aep.
http://integrysenergy.com/aep			Early Termination Fee: \$25
Integrys Energy Services, Inc. 1-888-340-2017	\$0.0719 per kwh	24 Months	This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP. Enroll online at http://www.integrysenergy.com/aep.
http://integrysenergy.com/aep		3100000	Early Termination Fee: \$25
Just Energy	5% Discount Off AEP's	Month to Month	5% off Utility's Price to Compare for the first month.
PO Box 2210	Price to Compare	-	This offer is limited to residential customers of
Buffalo, NY 14240-2210 866-587-8674		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Columbus Southern Power and Ohio Power Call Just
www.justenergv.com		Value	Energy for details. Early Termination Fee: None
North American Power	\$0.0619 per kWh	6 Month Fixed	Enroll online at
20 Glover Avenue	-		https://napower.com
Norwalk, CT 06851	25% Renewable Energy		Early Termination Fee: \$10 per each month remaining
888-313-9086 https://napower.com		· ·	on the contract
<del></del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	AEP Residential customers in Ohio Power and
		The state of the s	Columbus Southern Power Effective as of December 2013

North American Power 20 Glover Avenue Norwalk, CT 06851 888-313-9086 https://napower.com	\$0.0659 per kWh 25% Renewable Energy	12 Month Fixed	Enroll online at  https://napower.com  Early Termination Fee: \$10 per each month remaining on the contract AEP Residential customers in Ohio Power and Columbus Southern Power Effective as of December 2013
North American Power 20 Glover Avenue Norwalk, CT 06851 888-313-9086 https://napower.com	\$0.0814 per kWh 100% Renewable Energy .	6 Month Fixed	Enroll online at  https://napower.com  Early Termination Fee: \$10 per each month remaining on the contract  AEP Residential customers in Ohio Power and Columbus Southern Power  Effective as of December 2013
North American Power 20 Glover Avenue Norwalk, CT 06851 888-313-9086 https://napower.com	\$0.0854 per kWh 100% Renewable Energy	12 Month Fixed	Enroll online at  https://napower.com  Early Termination Fee: \$10 per each month remaining on the contract AEP Residential customers in Ohio Power and Columbus Southern Power Effective as of December 2013
North American Power 20 Glover Avenue Norwalk, CT 06851 888-313-9086 https://napower.com	\$0.0669 per kWh for current market-based general variable price. 25% Rnewable Energy	Month to Month	Enroll online at  https://napower.com  Early Termination Fee: None  AEP Residential customers in Ohio Power and  Columbus Southern Power  Effective as of December 2013
North American Power 20 Glover Avenue Norwalk, CT 06851 888-313-9086 https://napower.com	50.0864 per kWh for current market-based variable price.	Month to Month	Enroll online at  https://napower.com  Early Termination Fee: None  AEP Residential customers in Ohio Power and Columbus Southern Power  Effective as of December 2013
North American Power 20 Glover Avenue Norwalk, CT 06851 888-313-9086 https://napower.com	\$0.0669 per kwh for new customers - one month introduction/promotional, then a market-based variable price.  25% Renewable Energy	Month to Month	Enroll online at  https://napower.com  Early Termination Fee: None  AEP Residential customers in Ohio Power and Columbus Southern Power Effective as of December 2013
North American Power 20 Glover Avenue Norwalk, CT 06851 888-313-9086 https://napower.com	\$0.0864 per kwh for new customers - one month introduction/promotional, then a market-based variable price.	2	Enroll online at  https://napower.com  Early Termination Fee: None AEP Residential customers in Ohio Power and Columbus Southern Power Effective as of December 2013
Perigee Energy LLC 3 Sugar Creek Center Blvd. Sugar Land, TX 77478 866-878-3492 http://www.perigeeenergy.com	\$0.0660 per kwh	12 Months	Enroll online at  http://www.perigeeenergy.com/ This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio, Early Termination Fee: \$25
Perigee Energy LLC 3 Sugar Creek Center Blvd. Sugar Land, TX 77478 866-878-3492 http://www.perigeeenergy.com	\$0.0663 per kwh	14 Months	Enroll online at <a href="http://www.perigeeenergy.com/">http://www.perigeeenergy.com/</a> This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio. Early Termination Fee: \$25
Perigee Energy LLC 3 Sugar Creek Center Blvd. Sugar Land, TX 77478 866-878-3492 http://www.perigeeenergy.com	\$0.0671 per kwh	18 Months	Enroll online at http://www.perigeeenergy.com/ This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio. Early Termination Fee: \$25

Perigee Energy LLC 3 Sugar Creek Center Blvd. Sugar Land, TX 77478 866-878-3492 http://www.perigeeenergy.com	\$0.0675 per kwh	:	Enroll online at <a href="http://www.nerigeeenergy.com/">http://www.nerigeeenergy.com/</a> This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio.  Early Termination Fee: \$25
Public Power, LLC 1055 Washington Blvd., 7th Floor Stamford, CT 06901 (888) 354-4415 www.PPandU.com	Variable price of \$0.06999 per kwh	Month to month	This offer is for residential RS customers of AEP- Ohio Power only. Enroll online at <a href="http://www.PPandU.com">http://www.PPandU.com</a> Early Termination Fee: None
Public Power, LLC 1055 Washington Blvd., 7th Floor Stamford, CT 06901 (888) 354-4415 www.PPandU.com	Variable price of \$0.07999 per kwh	Month to month	This offer is for residential RS customers of AEP-Columbus Southern Power only. Enroll online at <a href="http://www.PPandU.com">http://www.PPandU.com</a> Early Termination Fee: None
Public Power, LLC 1055 Washington Blvd., 7th Floor Stamford. CT 06901 (888) 354-4415 www.PPandU.com	Variable price of \$0.06299 per kwh	Introductory Rate	This is a 2 -month promotional offer for residential RS customers of AEP- Ohio Power only. Enroll online at http://www.PPandU.com  Early Termination Fee: None
Public Power, LLC 1055 Washington Blvd., 7th Floor Stamford, CT 06901 (888) 354-4415 www.PPandU.com	Variable price of \$0.06499 per kwh	Introductory Rate	This is a 2-month promotional offer for residential RS customers of AEP- Columbus Southern Power only.  Enroll online at <a href="http://www.PPandU.com">http://www.PPandU.com</a> Early Termination Fee: None
Public Power, LLC 1055 Washington Blvd., 7th Floor Stamford, CT 06901 (888) 354-4415 www.PPandU.com	Fixed Price of \$0.06499 per kwh	Fixed 6 Months	This is a fixed offer for residential RS customers of AEP - Ohio Power only. Enroll online at http://www.PPandU.com Early Termination Fee: None
Public Power, LLC 1055 Washington Blvd., 7th Floor Stamford, CT 06901 (888) 354-4415 www.PPandU.com	Fixed Price of \$0.07499 per kwh	TO THE CONTRACT OF THE CONTRAC	This is a fixed offer for residential RS customers of AEP - Columbus Southern Power only. Enroll online at http://www.PPandU.com  Early Termination Fee: None
Public Power, LLC Public Power, LLC 1055 Washington Blvd., 7th Floor Stamford, CT 06901 (888) 354-4415 www.PPandU.com	Variable price of \$0.07199 per kwth	Month to Month	This is a Green offer for residential RS customers of AEP- Ohio Power only. Enroll online at <a href="http://www.PPandU.com">http://www.PPandU.com</a> Early Termination Fee: None
Public Power, LLC 1055 Washington Blvd., 7th Floor Stamford, CT 06901 (888) 354-4415 www.PPandU.com	Variable price of \$0.8199 per kwh	Month to Month	This is a Green offer for residential RS customers of AEP- Columbus Southern Power only. Enroll online at <a href="http://www.PPandU.com">http://www.PPandU.com</a> Early Termination Fee: None
Verde Energy USA 101 Merritt 7, 2nd Floor Norwalk, CT 06851 800-388-3862 www.lowcostpower.com	Introductory fixed price of \$0,0659 per kWh for 12 billing cycles and variable thereafter.	for 12 billing cycles, Month-to- month thereafter	This offer is limited to residential customers of Ohio Power & Columbus Southern Power.  Early Termination Fee: None New enrollments receive a \$50 cash bonus, a 20% discount on energy saving products and free access to Verde Energy Savings Solutions where customers can monitor and analyze their energy use.  Please contact Verde Energy USA for more information or go to <a href="https://www.lowcostpower.com">www.lowcostpower.com</a> to enroll.
XOOM Energy 11208 Statesville Road Suite 200 Huntersville, NC 28078 (888) 997-8979 http://xoomenergv.com/en	\$0.0589 per kwh (SimpleFlex)	Through May 2014	Enroll only online at  http://xoomenergv.com/en This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio. Early Termination Fee: None

XOOM Energy 11208 Statesville Road Suite 200 Huntersville, NC 28078 (888) 997-8979 http://xoomenergy.com/en 50% Renewable \$0,0599 per kwh (SimpleClean) Monthly

Enroll only online at <a href="http://xoomenergy.com/en">http://xoomenergy.com/en</a>
This offer is limited to residential customers of AEP Ohio.
Early Termination Fee: None



# Analysis & Projections World Shale Resource Assessments

Last updated: September 24, 2015

This series of reports provides an initial assessment of world shale oil and shale gas resources. The first edition was released in 2011 and updates are released on an on-going basis. Four countries were added in 2014: Chad, Kazakhstan, Oman and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) and are available as supplemental chapters to the 2013 report Technically Recoverable Shale Oil and Shale Gas Resources.

The most current version of each country chapter is linked in the table of countries below. Archived editions are provided in links in the sidebar column to the right.

### Countries assessed by date

Unproved technically recoverable

Region Country		,			
		wet shale gas (trillion cubic feet)	tight oil (billion barrels)	Date updated	
North America					
	Canada	572.9	8.8	5/17/13	
	Mexico	545.2	13.1	5/17/13	
	U.S. <sup>1</sup>	622.5	78.2	4/14/15	
Australia			<i>*************************************</i>	***************************************	
	Australia <sup>2</sup>	429.3	15.6	5/17/13	
South America					
	Argentina	801.5	27.0	5/17/13	
	Bolivia	36.4	0.6	5/17/13	
	Brazil	244.9	5.3	5/17/13	
	Chile	48.5	2.3	5/17/13	
	Colombia	54.7	6.8	5/17/13	
	Paraguay	75.3	3.7	5/17/13	
***************************************	Uruguay <sup>3</sup>	4.6	0.6	5/17/13	
	Venezuela	167.3	13.4	5/17/13	
Eastern Europe	***************************************	***************************************	·		

bbl = barrels; Tcf = trillion cubic feet.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes data from U.S. Geological Survey, Assessment of Potential Oil and Gas Resources in Source Rocks of the Alaska North Slope, Fact Sheet 2012-3013, February 2012.

U.S. Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Outlook 2015 Assumptions Report. Table 9.3 used for tight oil and Table 9.2 dry unproved natural gas (shale gas) resource estimate was multiplied by 1.045 so as to include natural gas plant liquids for an unproved wet natural gas volume.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2,3</sup>Corrected data inaccuracy in EIA/ARI 2013 world shale report. See Attachment A.

	Bulgaria	16.6	0.2	5/17/13
	Lithuania/Kaliningrad	2.4	1.4	5/17/13
	Poland	145.8	1.8	5/17/13
***************************************	Romania	50.7	0.3	5/17/13
	Russia	284.5	74.6	5/17/13
~	Turkey	23.6	4.7	5/17/13
<	Ukraine	127.9	1.1	5/17/13
Western Europ	e			~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
	Denmark	31.7	0.0	5/17/13
	France	136.7	4.7	5/17/13
	Germany	17.0	0.7	5/17/13
	Netherlands	25.9	2.9	5/17/13
	Norway	0.0	0.0	5/17/13
	Spain	8.4	0.1	5/17/13
************************	Sweden	9.8	0.0	5/17/13
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	United Kingdom	25.8	0.7	5/17/13
North Africa				>>************************************
	Algeria	706.9	5.7	5/17/13
	Egypt	100.0	4.6	5/17/13
	Libya	121.6	26.1	5/17/13
	Mauritania	0.0	0.0	5/17/13
	Morocco	11.9	0.0	5/17/13
	Tunisia	22.7	1.5	5/17/13
,.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	West Sahara	8.6	0.2	5/17/13
Sub-Saharan A	**************************************			
	Chad	44.4	16.2	12/29/14
	South Africa	389.7	0.0	5/17/13
Asia				
	China	1115.2	32.2	5/17/13
	India	96.4	3.8	5/17/13
	Indonesia	46.4	7.9	5/17/13
	Mongolia	4.4	3.4	5/17/13
	Pakistan	105.2	9.1	5/17/13
	Thailand	5.4	0.0	5/17/13
Caspian	- 1 144114411	V. I		
- wobsett	Kazakhstan	27.5	10.6	12/29/14
Middle East	- 100 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	-1,-		
	Jordan	6.8	0.1	5/17/13
	Oman	48.3	6.2	12/29/14
***************************************	United Arab	205.3	22.6	12/29/14
	Emirates	200.0	٠٠.٠	12120117

bbl = barrels; Tcf = trillion cubic feet.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes data from U.S. Geological Survey, Assessment of Potential Oil and Gas Resources in Source Rocks of the Alaska North Slope, Fact Sheet 2012-3013, February 2012.

U.S. Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Outlook 2015 Assumptions Report. Table 9.3 used for tight oil and Table 9.2 dry unproved natural gas (shale gas) resource estimate was multiplied by 1.045 so as to include natural gas plant liquids for an unproved wet natural gas volume.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2,3</sup>Corrected data inaccuracy in EIA/ARI 2013 world shale report. See Attachment A.

46 Countries' total

7,576.6

418.9

bbl = barrels; Tcf = trillion cubic feet.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>1Includes data from U.S. Geological Survey, Assessment of Potential Oil and Gas Resources in Source Rocks of the Alaska North Slope, Fact Sheet 2012-3013, February 2012.

U.S. Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Outlook 2015 Assumptions Report. Table 9.3 used for tight oil and Table 9.2 dry unproved natural gas (shale gas) resource estimate was multiplied by 1.045 so as to include natural gas plant liquids for an unproved wet natural gas volume.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2,3</sup>Corrected data inaccuracy in EIA/ARI 2013 world shale report. See Attachment A.

elp.com/articles/print/volume-84/issue-2/generation/Ingrsquos-effect-on-the-supply-demand-equation.html

# LNG'S EFFECT ON THE SUPPLY/DEMAND EQUATION

03/01/2006

Many market participants view liquefied natural gas (LNG) as a wave of supply analogous to the famous Banzai Pipeline on Oahu in the Hawaiian Islands. Some believe it will swamp the U.S. market and crash prices to levels under \$4 per MMBtu indefinitely. We hold a different viewpoint on LNG's likely contribution to the North American supply/demand equation.

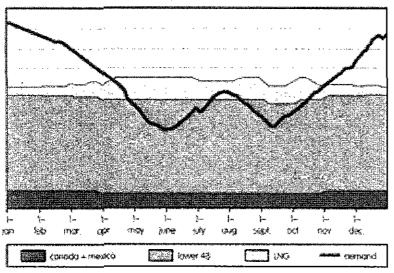
We believe LNG will act more like the ocean tides rising and falling on a reasonably predictable cycle with occasional "spring" tides that are noticeably higher than the normal level. It will have a complex impact on price in North America; sometimes it will act like baseload supply, and sometimes it will behave like a true marginal supply source.

We think a significant number of the proposed LNG regasification facilities will be constructed and that they will be situated mostly along the Gulf of Mexico with a couple in the Canadian Atlantic provinces and along Baja, Mexico. Unfortunately, siting difficulties are likely to deter most of the proposed projects along the East and West coasts. Successful regasification facility siting and increased LNG imports into those areas could relieve pipeline-congestion points and defer pipeline and storage upgrades as demand grows.

#### how much LNG and when?

Ultimately, we believe as much as 20 Bcf/day of physical regasification capacity will be available to the market by 2020. The key questions are: How much LNG will be delivered and when?

The chart provides an illustration of how we believe the annual supply demand balance in the United States will stack up between 2010 and 2015. Greater LNG deliveries will occur in the spring, summer and fall and diminished deliveries will be the norm in winter.



annual U.S. natural gas supply/demand balance 2010-2015

Driving the pattern is the degree of storage capacity in the U.S. relative to other countries.

Click here to enlarge image

This pattern is driven by our country's degree of storage capacity relative to other countries. Many countries that are large LNG importers have little or no underground storage and rely on storing LNG in its liquid form plus an assured stream of tanker deliveries. They can be slightly more flexible in receiving LNG in the non-winter months when heating demand is lower. The United States needs to create price incentives to encourage sufficient summer LNG deliveries to match the degree of storage withdrawal depicted by the area under the curve during high-demand winter months. Lower-48 production and Canadian imports will no longer be sufficient to meet demand and refill storage.

The simple reality is that North American supply and demand will react to LNG influence as greater volumes are imported into the pipeline grid. Prices will fluctuate in new and potentially unpredictable ways as gas goes the way of oil and becomes linked to a global market. Overall, North American price levels and locational basis prices will be impacted by the ultimate location and activity of LNG regasification facilities. The attractiveness of natural gas as a fuel for industrial applications and as a fuel for power generation will depend both on price and on perceptions of reliability. Reliability will be viewed through the prism of both physical security and price volatility. LNG may become the key determinant in the market's perception of natural gas both short and long term, but we still doubt that its marginal delivered cost will become the North American marginal price for any sustained time period. We concur with most industry

analysts that most successfully sited regasification facilities will be along the Gulf of Mexico corridor, so generic price discussion of LNG landed into the U.S. remains anchored to a Henry Hub price view.

#### it's a supply, not a demand, problem

Lack of growth in supply has caused U.S. natural gas consumption to remain relatively static for the past six years despite strong GDP growth, increases in gas home heating, and the introduction of more than 2,000 individual gas-consuming turbines representing more than 200,000 MW of new electric generating capacity. Market forces, through higher prices, have been working to ration demand to match our static gas supply. Otherwise, supply growth would have been met by the increased consumptive capability of the nation's end users. This demonstrates that we do not have a demand problem in the United States, we have a supply problem.

Whenever natural gas falls below \$5 per MMBtu it will begin to displace coal in the power generation market segment due to today's higher coal prices, SOx and NOx allowance prices, and the impending impact of mercury rules. The introduction of large amounts of gas-fired capacity creates a large potential demand waiting to enter the market during any periods of lower prices. However, these markets are interrelated and also will respond to changes in demand at the margins of the industry. The other source of additional electric power demand on natural gas remains the competitive interplay of residual oil-based generation and gas-fired capacity. During periods of higher priced crude oil and residual fuel oil, a noticeable amount of generation will switch to natural gas, creating demand on the margins of the market.

Industrial demand also has pent-up consumptive capability that can reemerge in an environment of lower natural gas prices, particularly if world oil prices and naphtha-based petrochemicals remain relatively high-priced. This is not a suggestion that the methanol- and ammonia gas-intensive industries will reopen shuttered operations, but a belief that the petrochemical complex in general has latent North American capacity that could ramp up and result in greater gas consumption.

Since the price decisions of both of these demand sources regarding natural gas potentially involve very large capital investments, LNG's impact on long-term prices and perceptions is as important as the actual impact upon short-term price movements.

The demand side of the equation still sees an "elephant in the room" regarding the LNG's viability as a major supply source. The question remains how good is the interchangeability between LNG and the historical, delivered natural gas quality delivered in different regions around North America. FERC, the Natural Gas Council and industry participants have expended enormous amounts of effort and advocacy in the attempt to resolve key questions regarding whether quality/interchangeability limits need to be imposed on LNG imports, and if so, what limits make sense from an economic, safety and reliability standpoint. This is a particularly important issue to the power generation community since the push toward lower emission standards and higher efficiencies has resulted in technology changes to combustion turbines. These design changes make combustion turbines much more sensitive to fluctuations in natural gas composition, particularly over short time periods. If interchangeability standards are too loose, end-use equipment will suffer, and, conversely, interchangeability standards that are too tight will make some LNG sources difficult and expensive to deliver into the U.S. market.

Delivered LNG will also impact the production side of North America's supply. There is a positive correlation between the forward NYMEX 12-month strip and drilling activity. At prices near \$5 per MMBtu, marginal drilling prospects will be deferred and production will quickly decline. Ample data for production response is available from the prior periods of short-term drilling declines. With even higher decline rates in today's mix of production sources, declines in drilling activity should continue to show up in production data with a very short lag period. These declines in production will need to be made up by more LNG imports or a rebound in drilling from the higher prices that result from tightening the supply/demand balance. Basis differentials will be as critical in the future as they are today in determining whether producers commit risk capital for drilling. Lower wellhead prices for producers in south Texas, the Midcontinent and Rocky Mountains will drive their investment behavior consistent with the past few years. Discussions of \$5 natural gas in the Gulf Coast will translate as \$3 to \$4 gas in the Rockies. Will these prices be sufficient to drive high investments into unconventional resources and the associated pipeline infrastructure?

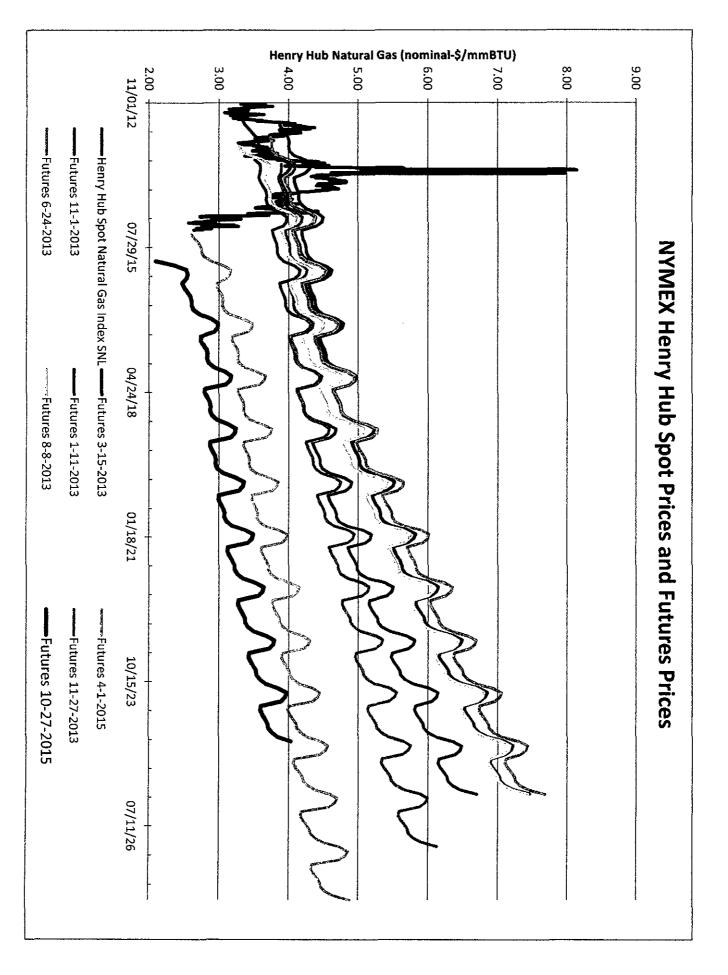
#### unlocking Alaska's natural gas

The other remaining question for long-term North American supply is the unlocking of Alaska natural gas via the Alaskan pipeline. The magnitude, siting difficulty and construction risk of this pipeline investment stagger the imagination. The producers who hold title to the majority of stranded natural gas in Alaska are also primary participants in the LNG investment chain trying to bring natural gas to North America. Their price views will be the major determinant that

decides how much investment is appropriate for a given price outlook. If LNG has pushed Gulf Coast prices to levels under \$5 per MMBtu when the 4+ Bcf/d of Alaska natural gas is slated to hit the market, netback realizations in Alaska are likely to be inadequate to handle royalty, tax and profit expectations.

The logic utilized in this article suggests that \$5 per MMBtu will serve as a relatively hard price floor, broken through only during "spring" tide periods when weather and economic activity have created an imbalance between supply and demand. Consequently, our longer-term price outlook is closer to \$6 per MMBtu at the Henry Hub on a cash basis.

Keith Barnett is managing director, fundamental analysis and economic forecasting, at AEP. He has served in a variety of operational, transactional, and analytic roles during a 25-year career in the natural gas and electric power industries. Karl Bletzacker is staff natural gas analyst at AEP. He previously served as the COO of National Gas and Oil Company, an Ohio natural gas and power distribution utility.



# OHIO POWER COMPANY'S RESPONSES TO OHIO CONSUMERS' COUNSEL'S DISCOVERY REQUESTS PUCO CASE NO. 14-1693-EL-RDR THIRD SET

# **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION**

RFA-3-015 Admit that when the revenues accruing to AEP Ohio from the liquidation of PPA entitlements into the PJM Market exceed all costs associated with the PPA, AEP Ohio will credit customers the difference through the PPA Rider.

## **RESPONSE**

Admit.

Prepared by: William A. Allen

# OHIO POWER COMPANY'S RESPONSES TO OHIO CONSUMERS' COUNSEL'S DISCOVERY REQUESTS PUCO CASE NO. 14-1693-EL-RDR THIRD SET

# **REQUEST FOR ADMISSION**

RFA-3-016 Admit that when the revenues accruing to AEP Ohio resulting from the liquidation of PPA entitlements into the PJM Market are less than all costs associated with the PPA, AEP Ohio will charge customers the difference through the PPA Rider.

# **RESPONSE**

Admit.

Prepared by: William A. Allen

OCC 24

# OHIO POWER COMPANY'S RESPONSES TO OHIO CONSUMERS' COUNSEL'S DISCOVERY REQUESTS PUCO CASE NO. 14-1693-EL-RDR THIRD SET

#### REQUEST FOR ADMISSION

RFA-3-017 Admit that AEP Ohio's Retained Revenue will always equal all costs associated with the PPA.

#### **RESPONSE**

Deny. The Company disagrees with OCC's definition of "Retained Revenue" in these discovery requests. Revenue from selling energy, capacity, and ancillary services into the PJM Market will not always equal the cost of the PPAs. As shown on Exhibit WAA-1, the revenues received by AEP Ohio from the liquidation of of the capacity, energy and ancillaries associated with both the Affiliate PPA and the OVEC entitlements combined with the net PPA Rider Credit or Charge will equal AEP Ohio's expenses associated with the Affiliate PPA and OVEC entitlements. Due to the true-up procedure described on page 9 of the testimony of Company witness Allen, these values will not be equal on a monthly basis but the will be equal over the term of the PPA Rider.

Prepared by: William A. Allen

#### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For The Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2015

# [ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For The Transition Period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_

Commission File Number		ants; States of Incorporess and Telephone Nun		I.R.S. Employer Identification Nos.
1-3525	AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER	R COMPANY, INC. (A	New York Corporation)	13-4922640
1-3457	APPALACHIAN POWER COMP	ANY (A Virginia Corpo	oration)	54-0124790
1-3570	INDIANA MICHIGAN POWER	COMPANY (An Indiana	Corporation)	35-0410455
1-6543	OHIO POWER COMPANY (An	Ohio Corporation)		31-4271000
0-343	PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY (	OF OKLAHOMA (An O	klahoma Corporation)	73-0410895
1-3146	SOUTHWESTERN ELECTRIC P	`	Delaware Corporation)	72-0323455
	1 Riverside Plaza, Columbus, Ohio	o 43215-2373		
	Telephone (614) 716-1000			
Exchange Act of	k mark whether the registrants (1) 1934 during the preceding 12 month n subject to such filing requirement	is (or for such shorter pe	quired to be filed by Sec riod that the registrants	ction 13 or 15(d) of the Securities were required to file such reports),
			Yes X	No
Interactive Data	k mark whether the registrants hav File required to be submitted and p nths (or for such shorter period tha	osted pursuant to Rule 4	05 of Regulation S-T (§2	232.405 of this chapter) during the
			Yes X	No
accelerated files	k mark whether American Electric or a smaller reporting company. ny" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange	See the definitions of "le	is a large accelerated arge accelerated filer,"	filer, an accelerated filer, a non- "accelerated filer" and "smaller
Large accelerat	od filer $X$ Accel	lerated filer		
Non-accelerated	filer Small	ler reporting company		
Service Comparaccelerated files	k mark whether Appalachian Pow ty of Oklahoma and Southwestern s or smaller reporting companies. ny" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange	Electric Power Compa See the definitions of "I	nv are large accelerat	ed filers, accelerated filers, non-
Large accelerat	ed filer Accel	lerated filer		
Non-accelerated	filer X Small	ler reporting company		
Indicate by chec	k mark whether the registrants are s	shell companies (as defir	ned in Rule 12b-2 of the	Exchange Act).
·			Yes	No X
Appalachian Po	ver Company, Indiana Michigan Pe	ower Company, Ohio Po	wer Company, Public S	Service Company of Oklahoma an

Appalachian Power Company, Indiana Michigan Power Company, Ohio Power Company, Public Service Company of Oklahoma and Southwestern Electric Power Company meet the conditions set forth in General Instruction H(1)(a) and (b) of Form 10-Q and are therefore filing this Form 10-Q with the reduced disclosure format specified in General Instruction H(2) to Form 10-Q.

Number of shares
of common stock
outstanding of the
registrants as of
October 22, 2015

American Electric Power Company, Inc.	490,817,402
	(\$6.50 par value)
Appalachian Power Company	13,499,500
•	(no par value)
Indiana Michigan Power Company	1,400,000
	(no par value)
Ohio Power Company	27,952,473
	(no par value)
Public Service Company of Oklahoma	9,013,000
•	(\$15 par value)
Southwestern Electric Power Company	7,536,640
• •	(\$18 par value)

# AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES INDEX OF QUARTERLY REPORTS ON FORM 10-Q September 30, 2015

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This combined Form 10-Q is separately filed by American Electric Power Company, Inc., Appalachian Power Company, Indiana Michigan Power Company, Ohio Power Company, Public Service Company of Oklahoma and Southwestern Electric Power Company. Information contained herein relating to any individual registrant is filed by such registrant on its own behalf. Each registrant makes no representation as to information relating to the other registrants.

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# GLOSSARY OF TERMS

When the following terms and abbreviations appear in the text of this report, they have the meanings indicated below.

Term	Meaning	
AEGCo	AEP Generating Company, an AEP electric utility subsidiary.	
AEP or Parent	American Electric Power Company, Inc., an electric utility holding company.	
AEP Consolidated	AEP and its majority owned consolidated subsidiaries and consolidated affiliates.	
AEP Credit	·	
ALF Citum	AEP Credit, Inc., a consolidated variable interest entity of AEP which securitizes accounts receivable and accrued utility revenues for affiliated electric utility companies.	
AEP Energy	AEP Energy, Inc., a wholly-owned retail electric supplier for customers in Ohio, Illinois and other deregulated electricity markets throughout the United States.	
AEPRO	AEP River Operations, LLC.	
AEP System	American Electric Power System, an electric system, owned and operated by AEP subsidiaries.	
AEP Transmission Holdco	AEP Transmission Holding Company, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of AEP.	
AEPSC	American Electric Power Service Corporation, an AEP service subsidiary providing management and professional services to AEP and its subsidiaries.	
AEPTCo	AEP Transmission Company, LLC, a subsidiary of AEP Transmission Holdco and an intermediate holding company that owns seven wholly-owned transmission companies.	
AGR	AEP Generation Resources Inc., a nonregulated AEP subsidiary in the Generation & Marketing segment.	
AFUDC	Allowance for Funds Used During Construction.	
AOCI	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income.	
APCo	Appalachian Power Company, an AEP electric utility subsidiary.	
Appalachian Consumer Rate Relief Funding	Appalachian Consumer Rate Relief Funding LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of APCo and a consolidated variable interest entity formed for the purpose of issuing and servicing securitization bonds related to the under-recovered ENEC deferral balance.	
APSC	Arkansas Public Service Commission.	
ASU	Accounting Standards Update.	
CAA	Clean Air Act.	
CLECO	Central Louisiana Electric Company, a nonaffiliated utility company.	
$CO_2$	Carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases.	
Cook Plant	Donald C. Cook Nuclear Plant, a two-unit, 2,191 MW nuclear plant owned by I&M.	
CRES provider	Competitive Retail Electric Service providers under Ohio law that target retail customers by offering alternative generation service.	
CWIP	Construction Work in Progress.	
DCC Fuel	DCC Fuel IV LLC, DCC Fuel VI LLC, DCC Fuel VII and DCC Fuel VIII LLC, consolidated variable interest entities formed for the purpose of acquiring, owning and leasing nuclear fuel to I&M.	
DHLC	Dolet Hills Lignite Company, LLC, a wholly-owned lignite mining subsidiary of SWEPCo.	
EIS	Energy Insurance Services, Inc., a nonaffiliated captive insurance company and consolidated variable interest entity of AEP.	
ENEC	Expanded Net Energy Charge.	
Energy Supply	AEP Energy Supply LLC, a nonregulated holding company for AEP's competitive generation, wholesale and retail businesses, and a wholly-owned subsidiary of AEP.	
ERCOT	Electric Reliability Council of Texas regional transmission organization.	
ESP	Electric Security Plans, a PUCO requirement for electric utilities to adjust their rates by filing with the PUCO.	

Term	Meaning		
ETT	Electric Transmission Texas, LLC, an equity interest joint venture between AEP and Berkshire Hathaway Energy Company formed to own and operate electric		
EAC	transmission facilities in ERCOT.		
FAC FASB	Fuel Adjustment Clause.		
	Financial Accounting Standards Board.		
Federal EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency.		
FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. Flue Gas Desulfurization or scrubbers.		
FGD			
FTR	Financial Transmission Right, a financial instrument that entitles the holder to receive compensation for certain congestion-related transmission charges that arise when the power grid is congested resulting in differences in locational prices.		
GAAP	Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America.		
I&M	Indiana Michigan Power Company, an AEP electric utility subsidiary.		
IEU	Industrial Energy Users-Ohio.		
IGCC	Integrated Gasification Combined Cycle, technology that turns coal into a cleaner-burning gas.		
IMT	International Marine Terminals, an equity method investment of AEPRO.		
Interconnection Agreement	An agreement by and among APCo, I&M, KPCo and OPCo, which defined the sharing of costs and benefits associated with their respective generation plants. This agreement was terminated January 1, 2014.		
IRS	Internal Revenue Service.		
IURC	Indiana Utility Regulatory Commission.		
KGPCo	Kingsport Power Company, an AEP electric utility subsidiary.		
KPCo	Kentucky Power Company, an AEP electric utility subsidiary.		
KPSC	Kentucky Public Service Commission.		
KWh	Kilowatthour.		
LPSC	Louisiana Public Service Commission.		
MISO	Midwest Independent Transmission System Operator.		
MMBtu	Million British Thermal Units.		
MPSC	Michigan Public Service Commission.		
MTM	Mark-to-Market.		
MW	Megawatt.		
MWh	Megawatthour.		
$NO_x$	Nitrogen oxide.		
Nonutility Money Pool	Centralized funding mechanism AEP uses to meet the short-term cash requirements of certain nonutility subsidiaries.		
NSR	New Source Review.		
OCC	Corporation Commission of the State of Oklahoma.		
Ohio Phase-in-Recovery Funding	Ohio Phase-in-Recovery Funding LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of OPCo and a consolidated variable interest entity formed for the purpose of issuing and servicing securitization bonds related to phase-in recovery property.		
OPCo	Ohio Power Company, an AEP electric utility subsidiary.		
OPEB	Other Postretirement Benefit Plans.		
OTC	Over the counter.		
OVEC	Ohio Valley Electric Corporation, which is 43.47% owned by AEP.		
PIRR	Phase-In Recovery Rider.		
РЈМ	Pennsylvania - New Jersey - Maryland regional transmission organization.		
PM	Particulate Matter.		
PSO	Public Service Company of Oklahoma, an AEP electric utility subsidiary.		
PUCO	Public Utilities Commission of Ohio.		
PUCT	Public Utility Commission of Texas.		
Registrant Subsidiaries	AEP subsidiaries which are SEC registrants; APCo, I&M, OPCo, PSO and SWEPCo.		

Term	Meaning		
Risk Management Contracts	Trading and nontrading derivatives, including those derivatives designated as cash flow and fair value hedges.		
Rockport Plant	A generation plant, consisting of two 1,310 MW coal-fired generating units near Rockport, Indiana. AEGCo and I&M jointly-own Unit 1. In 1989, AEGCo and I&M entered into a sale-and-leaseback transaction with Wilmington Trust Company, an unrelated, unconsolidated trustee for Rockport Plant, Unit 2.		
RPM	Reliability Pricing Model.		
RSR	Retail Stability Rider.		
RTO	Regional Transmission Organization, responsible for moving electricity over large interstate areas.		
Sabine	Sabine Mining Company, a lignite mining company that is a consolidated variable interest entity for AEP and SWEPCo.		
SEC	U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.		
SEET	Significantly Excessive Earnings Test.		
SNF	Spent Nuclear Fuel.		
$SO_2$	Sulfur dioxide.		
SPP	Southwest Power Pool regional transmission organization.		
SSO	Standard service offer.		
Stall Unit	J. Lamar Stall Unit at Arsenal Hill Plant, a 534 MW natural gas unit owned by SWEPCo.		
SWEPCo	Southwestern Electric Power Company, an AEP electric utility subsidiary.		
TCC	AEP Texas Central Company, an AEP electric utility subsidiary.		
Texas Restructuring Legislation	Legislation enacted in 1999 to restructure the electric utility industry in Texas.		
TNC	AEP Texas North Company, an AEP electric utility subsidiary.		
TRA	Tennessee Regulatory Authority.		
Transition Funding	AEP Texas Central Transition Funding I LLC, AEP Texas Central Transition Funding II LLC and AEP Texas Central Transition Funding III LLC, wholly-owned subsidiaries of TCC and consolidated variable interest entities formed for the purpose of issuing and servicing securitization bonds related to Texas Restructuring Legislation.		
Transource Energy	Transource Energy, LLC, a consolidated variable interest entity formed for the purpose of investing in utilities which develop, acquire, construct, own and operate transmission facilities in accordance with FERC-approved rates.		
Transource Missouri	A 100% wholly-owned subsidiary of Transource Energy.		
Turk Plant	John W. Turk, Jr. Plant, a 600 MW coal-fired plant in Arkansas that is 73% owned by SWEPCo.		
Utility Money Pool	Centralized funding mechanism AEP uses to meet the short-term cash requirements of certain utility subsidiaries.		
VIE	Variable Interest Entity.		
Virginia SCC	Virginia State Corporation Commission.		
WPCo	Wheeling Power Company, an AEP electric utility subsidiary.		
WVPSC	Public Service Commission of West Virginia.		

#### FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This report made by AEP and its Registrant Subsidiaries contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Many forward-looking statements appear in "Item 7 – Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of the 2014 Annual Report, but there are others throughout this document which may be identified by words such as "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "believe," "will," "should," "could," "would," "project," "continue" and similar expressions, and include statements reflecting future results or guidance and statements of outlook. These matters are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected. Forward-looking statements in this document are presented as of the date of this document. Except to the extent required by applicable law, we undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement. Among the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements are:

- The economic climate, growth or contraction within and changes in market demand and demographic patterns in our service territory.
- Inflationary or deflationary interest rate trends.
- Volatility in the financial markets, particularly developments affecting the availability or cost of capital to finance new capital projects and refinance existing debt.
- The availability and cost of funds to finance working capital and capital needs, particularly during periods when the time lag between incurring costs and recovery is long and the costs are material.
- Electric load, customer growth and the impact of competition, including competition for retail customers.
- Weather conditions, including storms and drought conditions, and our ability to recover significant storm restoration costs.
- The cost of fuel and its transportation and the creditworthiness and performance of fuel suppliers and transporters.
- Availability of necessary generation capacity and the performance of our generation plants.
- Our ability to recover fuel and other energy costs through regulated or competitive electric rates.
- Our ability to build transmission lines and facilities (including our ability to obtain any necessary regulatory
  approvals and permits) when needed at acceptable prices and terms and to recover those costs.
- New legislation, litigation and government regulation, including oversight of nuclear generation, energy
  commodity trading and new or heightened requirements for reduced emissions of sulfur, nitrogen, mercury,
  carbon, soot or particulate matter and other substances or additional regulation of fly ash and similar combustion
  products that could impact the continued operation, cost recovery and/or profitability of our generation plants
  and related assets.
- Evolving public perception of the risks associated with fuels used before, during and after the generation of electricity, including nuclear fuel.
- A reduction in the federal statutory tax rate could result in an accelerated return of deferred federal income taxes to customers
- Timing and resolution of pending and future rate cases, negotiations and other regulatory decisions, including
  rate or other recovery of new investments in generation, distribution and transmission service and environmental
  compliance.
- · Resolution of litigation.
- Our ability to constrain operation and maintenance costs.
- Our ability to develop and execute a strategy based on a view regarding prices of electricity and other energyrelated commodities.
- · Prices and demand for power that we generate and sell at wholesale.
- Changes in technology, particularly with respect to new, developing, alternative or distributed sources of generation.
- Our ability to recover through rates or market prices any remaining unrecovered investment in generation units that may be retired before the end of their previously projected useful lives.
- Volatility and changes in markets for capacity and electricity, coal and other energy-related commodities, particularly changes in the price of natural gas and capacity auction returns.
- Changes in utility regulation and the allocation of costs within regional transmission organizations, including ERCOT, PJM and SPP.
- The market for generation in Ohio and PJM and our ability to recover investments in our Ohio generation assets.
- Our ability to successfully and profitably manage our competitive generation assets, including our evaluation of strategic alternatives for these assets as some of the alternatives could result in a loss.

- Changes in the creditworthiness of the counterparties with whom we have contractual arrangements, including participants in the energy trading market.
- Actions of rating agencies, including changes in the ratings of our debt.
- The impact of volatility in the capital markets on the value of the investments held by our pension, other postretirement benefit plans, captive insurance entity and nuclear decommissioning trust and the impact of such volatility on future funding requirements.
- Accounting pronouncements periodically issued by accounting standard-setting bodies.
- Other risks and unforeseen events, including wars, the effects of terrorism (including increased security costs), embargoes, cyber security threats and other catastrophic events.

The forward looking statements of AEP and its Registrant Subsidiaries speak only as of the date of this report or as of the date they are made. AEP and its Registrant Subsidiaries expressly disclaim any obligation to update any forward-looking information. For a more detailed discussion of these factors, see "Risk Factors" in Part I of the 2014 Annual Report and in Part II of this report.

# AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### **EXECUTIVE OVERVIEW**

#### Customer Demand

Our weather-normalized retail sales volumes for the third quarter of 2015 increased by 0.9% from the third quarter of 2014. Our third quarter 2015 industrial sales increased 0.7% compared to the third quarter of 2014 primarily due to increased sales to customers in oil and gas related sectors. Weather-normalized commercial and residential sales increased 1.3% and 0.8% in the third quarter of 2015, respectively, from the third quarter of 2014.

Our weather-normalized retail sales volumes for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 increased 0.1% compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Industrial sales volumes increased 0.8% compared to 2014, while weather-normalized commercial sales increased by 1.0%. Weather-normalized residential sales decreased 1.1% in comparison to the first nine months of 2014.

#### Merchant Fleet Alternatives

AEP is evaluating strategic alternatives for its merchant generation fleet, included in the Generation & Marketing segment, which primarily includes AGR's generation fleet and AEGCo's Lawrenceburg Plant, both of which operate in PJM as well as a purchased power agreement related to a 54.7% interest in the Oklaunion Plant which operates in ERCOT. Potential alternatives may include, but are not limited to, continued ownership of the merchant generation fleet, executing a purchased power agreement with a regulated affiliate for certain merchant generation units in Ohio, a spin-off of the merchant generation fleet or a sale of the merchant generation fleet. We have not made a decision regarding the potential alternatives, nor have we set a specific time frame for a decision. Certain of these alternatives could result in a loss which could reduce future net income and cash flow and impact financial condition.

#### Disposition of AEP River Operations

In October 2015, we signed an agreement to sell our commercial barge transportation subsidiary, AEPRO, to a nonaffiliated party. The sale of AEPRO is subject to regulatory approval including federal clearance pursuant to the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976. Upon close of the sale, the nonaffiliated party will acquire AEPRO by purchasing all of the common stock of AEP Resources, Inc., the parent company of AEPRO. The nonaffiliated party will assume certain assets and liabilities of AEPRO, excluding the equity method investment in International Marine Terminals (IMT) which is a bulk commodity transfer facility jointly owned with Kinder Morgan L.P. "C", pension and benefit assets and liabilities and debt obligations. We expect to net approximately \$400 million in cash after taxes, debt retirement and transaction fees. The sale is expected to close in the fourth quarter of 2015. An after tax gain ranging from approximately \$100 million to \$150 million is expected from the sale subject to working capital and other adjustments.

AEPRO's assets and liabilities have been recorded as Assets Held for Sale and Liabilities Held for Sale, respectively, on our condensed balance sheets as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. The results of operations of AEPRO have been classified as Discontinued Operations on our condensed statements of income. See "AEPRO (AEP River Operations Segment)" section of Note 6 for additional information.

#### Merchant Portion of Turk Plant

SWEPCo constructed the Turk Plant, a base load 600 MW pulverized coal ultra-supercritical generating unit in Arkansas, which was placed into service in December 2012 and is included in the Vertically Integrated Utilities segment. SWEPCo owns 73% (440 MW) of the Turk Plant and operates the facility.

The APSC granted approval for SWEPCo to build the Turk Plant by issuing a Certificate of Environmental Compatibility and Public Need (CECPN) for the SWEPCo Arkansas jurisdictional share of the Turk Plant (approximately 20%). Following an appeal by certain intervenors, the Arkansas Supreme Court issued a decision that reversed the APSC's grant of the CECPN. In June 2010, in response to an Arkansas Supreme Court decision, the APSC issued an order which reversed and set aside the previously granted CECPN. This share of the Turk Plant output is currently not subject to cost-based rate recovery and is being sold into the wholesale market. Approximately 80% of the Turk Plant investment is recovered under cost-based rate recovery in Texas, Louisiana, and through SWEPCo's wholesale customers under FERC-based rates.

If SWEPCo cannot ultimately recover its investment and expenses related to the Turk Plant, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

#### Ohio Electric Security Plan Filings

2009 - 2011 ESP

In August 2012, the PUCO issued an order in a separate proceeding which implemented a PIRR to recover OPCo's deferred fuel costs in rates beginning September 2012. In June 2015, the Supreme Court of Ohio issued a decision that reversed, as requested by OPCo, the PUCO order on the carrying cost rate issue and dismissed the appeal filed by the IEU. In June 2015, the IEU filed a motion for reconsideration with the Supreme Court of Ohio related to the accumulated deferred income tax credit. In September 2015, the Supreme Court of Ohio denied the IEU's request for reconsideration and in October 2015 this matter was remanded back to the PUCO for reinstatement of the WACC rate.

June 2012 - May 2015 Ohio ESP Including Capacity Charge

In August 2012, the PUCO issued an order which adopted and modified a new ESP that established base generation rates through May 2015. This ruling was generally upheld in PUCO rehearing orders in January and March 2013.

In July 2012, the PUCO issued an order in a separate capacity proceeding which stated that OPCo must charge CRES providers the RPM price and authorized OPCo to defer a portion of its incurred capacity costs not recovered from CRES providers up to \$188.88/MW day. The OPCo RPM price collected from CRES providers, which includes reserve margins, was approximately \$34/MW day through May 2014 and \$150/MW day from June 2014 through May 2015. In December 2012, various parties filed notices of appeal of the capacity costs decision with the Supreme Court of Ohio, which has scheduled oral arguments for the fourth quarter of 2015.

As part of the August 2012 ESP order, the PUCO established a non-bypassable RSR, effective September 2012. The RSR was collected from customers at \$3.50/MWh through May 2014 and at \$4.00/MWh for the period June 2014 through May 2015, with \$1.00/MWh applied to the recovery of deferred capacity costs. In April and May 2013, OPCo and various intervenors filed appeals with the Supreme Court of Ohio challenging portions of the PUCO's ESP order, including the RSR. In April 2015, the PUCO issued an order that approved, with modifications, OPCo's July 2014 application to collect the unrecovered portion of the deferred capacity costs. In May 2015, the PUCO granted intervenors requests for rehearing. As of September 30, 2015, OPCo's net deferred capacity costs balance was \$392 million, including debt carrying costs. Through September 30, 2015, OPCo has collected \$183 million in deferred capacity costs, and related carrying charges.

In November 2013, the PUCO issued an order approving OPCo's competitive bid process with modifications. The PUCO also approved the unbundling of the FAC into fixed and energy-related components and an intervenor proposal to blend the \$188.88/MW day capacity price in proportion to the percentage of energy planned to be auctioned. Additionally, the PUCO ordered that intervenor concerns related to the recovery of the fixed fuel costs through potentially both the FAC and the approved capacity charges be addressed in subsequent FAC proceedings.

In January 2014, the PUCO denied all rehearing requests and agreed to issue a supplemental request for an independent auditor in the 2012 - 2013 FAC proceeding to separately examine the recovery of the fixed fuel costs, including OVEC. In March 2014, the PUCO approved OPCo's request to implement riders related to the unbundling of the FAC. In October 2014, the independent auditor, selected by the PUCO, filed its report for the period August 2012 through May 2015 with the PUCO. If the PUCO ultimately concludes that a portion of the fixed fuel costs are also recovered through OPCo's \$188.88/MW day capacity charge, the independent auditor has recommended a methodology for calculating a refund of a portion of certain fixed fuel costs. The retail share of these fixed fuel costs is approximately \$90 million annually. A hearing related to this matter has not been scheduled. Management believes that no over-recovery of costs has occurred and disagrees with the findings in the audit report.

If OPCo is ultimately not permitted to fully collect all components of its ESP rates, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

#### June 2015 - May 2018 ESP Including PPA Application

In December 2013, OPCo filed an application with the PUCO to approve an ESP that included proposed rate adjustments and the continuation and modification of certain existing riders effective June 2015 through May 2018. The proposal also included a purchased power agreement (PPA) rider that would allow retail customers to receive a rate stabilizing charge or credit by hedging market-based prices with a cost-based PPA.

In February 2015, the PUCO issued an order approving OPCo's ESP application, subject to certain modifications, with a return on common equity of 10.2% on capital costs for certain riders. The order included (a) approval of the Distribution Investment Rider (DIR) with modified rate caps established by the PUCO, (b) authorization to establish a zero rate rider for OPCo's proposed PPA, (c) the option for OPCo to reapply in a future proceeding with a more detailed PPA proposal and (d) a directive to continue to pursue the transfer of the OVEC contractual entitlement to AGR or to otherwise divest of its interest in OVEC. In May 2015, the PUCO issued an order on rehearing that increased the DIR rate caps and deferred ruling on all requests for rehearing related to the establishment of the PPA rider. In July 2015, the PUCO granted OPCo's and various intervenors' requests for rehearing related to the May 2015 order. In July 2015, intervenors filed appeals with the Supreme Court of Ohio that included opposition to the authorization of a PPA rider and the modifications to a transmission rider.

In October 2014, OPCo filed a separate application with the PUCO to propose a new extended PPA with AGR for 2,671 MW for inclusion in the PPA rider. In May 2015, OPCo filed an amended PPA application between OPCo and AGR that (a) included OPCo's OVEC contractual entitlement, (b) addressed the PPA requirements set forth in the PUCO's February 2015 order, (c) updated supporting testimony to reflect a current analysis of the PPA proposal and (d) included the 2,671 MW to be available for capacity, energy and ancillary services, produced by AGR over the lives of the respective generating units. A hearing at the PUCO related to the PPA commenced in September 2015. In October 2015, the PUCO staff submitted testimony that opposed the PPA application as currently proposed but concluded that, with changes, a PPA could be in the public interest.

If OPCo is ultimately not permitted to fully collect all components of its ESP rates, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition. See "Ohio Electric Security Plan Filings" section of Note 4.

#### 2012 Texas Base Rate Case

Upon rehearing in January 2014, the PUCT reversed its initial ruling and determined that AFUDC was excluded from the Turk Plant's Texas jurisdictional capital cost cap. As a result, in the fourth quarter of 2013, SWEPCo reversed \$114 million of previously recorded regulatory disallowances. The resulting annual base rate increase was approximately \$52 million. In May 2014, intervenors filed appeals of the order with the Texas District Court. In June 2014, SWEPCo intervened in those appeals and filed initial responses. If certain parts of the PUCT order are overturned it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition. See the "2012 Texas Base Rate Case" section of Note 4.

#### 2012 Louisiana Formula Rate Filing

In 2012, SWEPCo initiated a proceeding to establish new formula base rates in Louisiana, including recovery of the Louisiana jurisdictional share of the Turk Plant. In February 2013, a settlement was approved by the LPSC that increased SWEPCo's Louisiana total rates by approximately \$2 million annually, effective March 2013. The March 2013 base rates are based upon a 10% return on common equity and cost recovery of the Louisiana jurisdictional share of the Turk Plant and Stall Unit, subject to refund. The settlement also provided that the LPSC will review base rates in 2014 and 2015 and that SWEPCo will recover non-fuel Turk Plant costs and a full weighted-average cost of capital return on the prudently incurred Turk Plant investment in jurisdictional rate base, effective January 2013. In December 2014, the LPSC approved a settlement agreement related to the staff review of the cost of service. The settlement agreement reduced the requested revenue increase by \$3 million, primarily due to the timing of both the allowed recovery of certain existing regulatory assets and the establishment of a regulatory asset for certain previously expensed costs. If the LPSC orders refunds based upon the pending prudence review of the Turk Plant investment, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition. See the "2012 Louisiana Formula Rate Filing" section of Note 4.

#### 2015 Oklahoma Base Rate Case

In July 2015, PSO filed a request with the OCC to increase annual revenues by \$137 million to recover costs associated with its environmental compliance plan and to recover investments and other costs that have increased since the last base rate case. The annual increase consists of (a) a base rate increase of \$89 million, which includes \$48 million in increased depreciation expense that reflects, among other things, recovery through June 2026 of Northeastern Plant, Units 3 and 4, (b) a rider or base rate increase of \$44 million to recover costs for the environmental controls being installed on Northeastern Plant, Unit 3 and the Comanche Plant and (c) a request to include environmental consumable costs in the FAC, estimated to be \$4 million annually. The rate increase includes a proposed return on common equity of 10.5% to be effective in January 2016, except for the \$44 million for environmental investments, which is effective in March 2016, after the Northeastern Plant, Unit 3 environmental controls go in service.

In addition, the filing also notified the OCC that the incremental replacement capacity and energy costs, including the first year effects of new PPAs, estimated to be \$35 million, will be incurred related to the environmental compliance plan due to the closure of Northeastern Plant, Unit 4 in April 2016, which would be recovered through the FAC.

In October 2015, testimony was filed by OCC staff and intervenors with recommendations that included increases to base rates and/or the proposed environmental rider ranging from \$10 million to \$31 million, based upon returns on common equity ranging from 8.75% to 9.3%, and increases to depreciation expense ranging from \$23 million to \$46 million. Additionally, recommendations by certain intervenors included (a) no recovery of PSO's investment in Northeastern Plant, Unit 3 environmental controls, (b) no recovery of the plant balances at the time the units are retired in 2016 and 2026, (c) denial of returns on the book values after the retirement dates, or to be set at only the cost of debt, and (d) the disallowance of the capacity costs associated with the PPAs. Additionally, certain intervenors did not support an increase in depreciation expense for the Northeastern Plant, Units 3 and 4 to permit cost recovery by Unit 3's 2026 retirement date as the proposals called for no change in existing cost recovery by 2040. Hearings at the OCC are scheduled for December 2015. If any of these costs are not recoverable, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition. See the "2015 Oklahoma Base Rate Case" section of Note 4.

#### 2015 Kingsport Base Rate Case

In September 2015, KGPCo filed a request with the TRA to increase base rates by \$12 million annually based upon a proposed return on common equity of 10.66% with the new rates expected to be implemented by July 2016. See the "2015 Kingsport Base Rate Case" section of Note 4.

#### New Virginia Legislation Affecting Biennial Reviews

In February 2015, amendments to Virginia law governing the regulation of investor-owned electric utilities were enacted. Under the amended Virginia law, APCo's existing generation and distribution base rates are frozen until after the Virginia SCC rules on APCo's next biennial review, which APCo will file in March 2020 for the 2018 and 2019 test years. These amendments also preclude the Virginia SCC from performing biennial reviews of APCo's earnings for the years 2014 through 2017. APCo's financial statements adequately address the impact of these amendments. The new law provides that APCo will absorb its Virginia jurisdictional share of incremental generation and distribution costs incurred during 2014 through 2017 that are associated with severe weather events and/or natural disasters and costs associated with potential asset impairments related to new carbon emission guidelines issued by the Federal EPA.

#### Kentucky Fuel Adjustment Clause Review

In January 2015, the KPSC issued an order disallowing certain FAC costs during the period of January 2014 through May 2015 while KPCo owned and operated both Big Sandy Plant, Unit 2 and its one-half interest in the Mitchell Plant. As a result of this order, KPCo recorded a regulatory disallowance of \$36 million in December 2014. In February 2015, KPCo filed an appeal of this order with the Franklin County Circuit Court. In September 2015, the Franklin County Circuit Court issued an order that dismissed all appeals filed related to this FAC review, as agreed to by the parties to the stipulation agreement in the "2014 Kentucky Base Rate Case" discussed in Note 4.

#### PJM Capacity Market

AGR is required to offer all of its available generation capacity in the PJM Reliability Pricing Model (RPM) auction, which is conducted three years in advance of the delivery year.

Through May 2015, AGR provided generation capacity to OPCo for both switched and non-switched OPCo generation customers. For switched customers, OPCo paid AGR \$188.88/MW day for capacity. For non-switched OPCo generation customers, OPCo paid AGR its blended tariff rate for capacity consisting of \$188.88/MW day for auctioned load and the non-fuel generation portion of its base rate for non-auctioned load. As of June 2015, AGR's generation resources are compensated through the PJM capacity auction. Shown below are the RPM results through the June 2017 through May 2018 period:

	PJM	
PJM Auction Period	Auction Price	
	(per MW day)	_
June 2013 through May 2014	\$27.73	
June 2014 through May 2015	125.99	
June 2015 through May 2016	136.00	
June 2016 through May 2017	59.37	
June 2017 through May 2018	120.00	

In June 2015, FERC approved PJM's proposal to create a new Capacity Performance (CP) product, intended to improve generator performance and reliability during emergency events by allowing higher offers into the RPM auction and imposing greater charges for non-performance during emergency events. PJM will procure approximately 80% CP and 20% Base Capacity for the June 2018 through May 2019 and June 2019 through May 2020 periods, while transitioning to 100% CP with the June 2020 through May 2021 period. FERC also approved transition incremental auctions to procure CP for the June 2016 through May 2017 and June 2017 through May 2018 periods.

In the third quarter of 2015, PJM conducted the two transition auctions. The transition auctions allowed generators, including AGR, to re-offer cleared capacity that qualifies as CP. Shown below are the results of the two transition auctions:

	Capacity Performance Transition
PJM Auction Period	Incremental Auction Price
	(per MW day)
June 2016 through May 2017	\$134.00
June 2017 through May 2018	151.50

AGR cleared 7,169MW at \$134/MW-day for the June 2016 through May 2017 period, replacing the original auction clearing price of \$59.37/MW-day. AGR cleared 6,495MW for the June 2017 through May 2018 period at \$151.50/MW-day, replacing the original auction clearing price of \$120/MW-day.

In August 2015, PJM held its first Base Residual Auction implementing CP rules for the June 2018 through May 2019 period. PJM cleared approximately 81% of the capacity for the June 2018 through May 2019 period as CP and 19% as Base Capacity. AGR cleared 7,209 MW at \$164.77/MW-day. Shown below are the results for the June 2018 through May 2019 period:

	Capacity Performance	Base Capacity
PJM Auction Period	Auction Price	Auction Price
	(per MW day)	(per MW day)
June 2018 through May 2019	\$164.77	\$150.00

The FERC order exempted Fixed Resource Requirement entities, including APCo, I&M, KPCo and WPCo, from the CP rules through the June 2018 through May 2019 period. In July 2015, AEP filed a request seeking rehearing of the FERC order approving CP, and will continue to advocate for further improvements through the PJM stakeholder process.

#### Welsh Plant, Units 1 and 3 - Environmental Projects

To comply with pending Federal EPA regulations, SWEPCo is currently constructing environmental control projects to meet Mercury and Air Toxics Standards for Welsh Plant, Units 1 and 3 at a cost of approximately \$410 million, excluding AFUDC. Management currently estimates that the total environmental projects to be completed through 2024 for Welsh Plant, Units 1 and 3 will cost approximately \$700 million, excluding AFUDC. As of September 30, 2015, SWEPCo has incurred costs of \$303 million, including AFUDC, and has remaining contractual construction obligations of \$62 million related to these projects. SWEPCo will seek recovery of these project costs from customers through filings at the state commissions and the FERC. See "Mercury and Other Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Regulation" and "Climate Change, CO<sub>2</sub> Regulation and Energy Policy" sections of "Environmental Issues" below. As of September 30, 2015, the net book value of Welsh Plant, Units 1 and 3 was \$529 million, before cost of removal, including materials and supplies inventory and CWIP. If any of these costs are not recoverable, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

#### LITIGATION

In the ordinary course of business, we are involved in employment, commercial, environmental and regulatory litigation. Since it is difficult to predict the outcome of these proceedings, we cannot predict the eventual resolution, timing or amount of any loss, fine or penalty. We assess the probability of loss for each contingency and accrue a liability for cases that have a probable likelihood of loss if the loss can be estimated. For details on our regulatory proceedings and pending litigation see Note 4 - Rate Matters, Note 6 - Commitments, Guarantees and Contingencies and the "Litigation" section of "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the 2014 Annual Report. Additionally, see Note 4 - Rate Matters and Note 5 - Commitments, Guarantees and Contingencies included herein. Adverse results in these proceedings have the potential to reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

#### Rockport Plant Litigation

In July 2013, the Wilmington Trust Company filed a complaint in U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York against AEGCo and I&M alleging that it will be unlawfully burdened by the terms of the modified NSR consent decree after the Rockport Plant, Unit 2 lease expiration in December 2022. The terms of the consent decree allow the installation of environmental emission control equipment, repowering or retirement of the unit. The plaintiff further alleges that the defendants' actions constitute breach of the lease and participation agreement. The plaintiff seeks a judgment declaring that the defendants breached the lease, must satisfy obligations related to installation of emission control equipment and indemnify the plaintiff. The New York court granted our motion to transfer this case to the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Ohio. In October 2013, a motion to dismiss the case was filed on behalf of AEGCo and I&M. In January 2015, the court issued an opinion and order granting the motion in part and denying the motion in part. The court dismissed certain of the plaintiffs' claims. Several claims remain, including the claim for breach of the participation agreement and a claim alleging breach of an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing. In June 2015, AEGCo and I&M filed a motion for partial judgment on the claims seeking dismissal of the breach of participation agreement claim as well as any claim for indemnification of costs associated with this case. Plaintiffs subsequently filed an amended complaint to add another claim under the lease and also filed a motion for partial summary judgment. We will continue to defend against the remaining claims. We are unable to determine a range of potential losses that are reasonably possible of occurring.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES**

We are implementing a substantial capital investment program and incurring additional operational costs to comply with environmental control requirements. We will need to make additional investments and operational changes in response to existing and anticipated requirements such as CAA requirements to reduce emissions of SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>x</sub>, PM and hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) from fossil fuel-fired power plants, rules governing the beneficial use and disposal of coal combustion products, proposed and final clean water rules and renewal permits for certain water discharges that are currently under appeal.

We are engaged in litigation about environmental issues, have been notified of potential responsibility for the cleanup of contaminated sites and incur costs for disposal of SNF and future decommissioning of our nuclear units. We, along with various industry groups, affected states and other parties have challenged some of the Federal EPA requirements in court. We are also engaged in the development of possible future requirements including the items discussed below and reductions of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions to address concerns about global climate change. We believe that further analysis and better coordination of these environmental requirements would facilitate planning and lower overall compliance costs while achieving the same environmental goals.

See a complete discussion of these matters in the "Environmental Issues" section of "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the 2014 Annual Report. We will seek recovery of expenditures for pollution control technologies and associated costs from customers through rates in regulated jurisdictions. Environmental rules could result in accelerated depreciation, impairment of assets or regulatory disallowances. If we are unable to recover the costs of environmental compliance, it would reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

#### Environmental Controls Impact on the Generating Fleet

The rules and proposed environmental controls discussed in the next several sections will have a material impact on the generating units in the AEP System. We continue to evaluate the impact of these rules, project scope and technology available to achieve compliance. As of September 30, 2015, the AEP System had a total generating capacity of approximately 32,100 MWs, of which approximately 18,200 MWs are coal-fired. We continue to refine the cost estimates of complying with these rules and other impacts of the environmental proposals on our generating facilities. Based upon our estimates, investment to meet these requirements ranges from approximately \$2.8 billion to \$3.3 billion through 2020. These amounts include investments to convert some of our coal generation to natural gas.

The cost estimates will change depending on the timing of implementation and whether the Federal EPA provides flexibility in the final rules. The cost estimates will also change based on: (a) the states' implementation of these regulatory programs, including the potential for state implementation plans (SIPs) or federal implementation plans (FIPs) that impose more stringent standards, (b) additional rulemaking activities in response to court decisions, (c) the actual performance of the pollution control technologies installed on our units, (d) changes in costs for new pollution controls, (e) new generating technology developments, (f) total MWs of capacity retired and replaced, including the type and amount of such replacement capacity and (g) other factors. In addition, we are continuing to evaluate the economic feasibility of environmental investments on both regulated and nonregulated plants.

In May 2015, we retired the following plants or units of plants:

Company	Plant Name and Unit	Generating Capacity
		(in MWs)
AGR	Kammer Plant	630
AGR	Muskingum River Plant	1,440
AGR	Picway Plant	100
APCo	Clinch River Plant, Unit 3	235
APCo	Glen Lyn Plant	335
APCo	Kanawha River Plant	400
APCo/AGR	Sporn Plant	600
I&M	Tanners Creek Plant	995
KPCo	Big Sandy Plant, Unit 2	800
Total		5,535

As of September 30, 2015, the net book value of the AGR units listed above was zero. The book value of the regulated plants in the table above has been approved for recovery, except for \$147 million which is pending regulatory approval.

Subject to the factors listed above and based upon our continuing evaluation, we intend to retire the following units of plants during 2016:

Company	Plant Name and Unit	Generating Capacity			
	,	(in MWs)			
PSO	Northeastern Station, Unit 4	470			
SWEPCo	Welsh Plant, Unit 2	528			
Total		998			

As of September 30, 2015, the net book value of the PSO and SWEPCo units listed above before cost of removal, including related materials and supplies inventory and CWIP balances, was \$177 million. Volatility in fuel prices, pending environmental rules and other market factors could also have an adverse impact on the accounting evaluation of the recoverability of the net book values of coal-fired units. For Northeastern Station, Unit 4 and Welsh Plant, Unit 2, we are seeking regulatory recovery of remaining net book values.

We are in the process of obtaining permits following the KPSC's approval for the conversion of KPCo's 278 MW Big Sandy Plant, Unit 1 to natural gas. We expect to begin conversion of Big Sandy Plant, Unit 1 in the fourth quarter of 2015. We expect to begin operations as a natural gas unit in the second quarter of 2016. As of September 30, 2015, the net book value before cost of removal, including related materials and supplies inventory and CWIP balances, of Big Sandy Plant, Unit 1 was \$110 million.

We are also in the process of obtaining permits following the Virginia SCC and WVPSC's approval for the conversion of APCo's 470 MW Clinch River Plant, Units 1 and 2 to natural gas. In September 2015, we retired the coal-related assets of Clinch River Plant, Units 1 and 2. Of the coal-related assets retired in September 2015, \$14 million is pending regulatory approval. We expect to begin operations as a natural gas unit in the first quarter of 2016 for Clinch River



Plant, Unit 1 and the second quarter of 2016 for Clinch River Plant, Unit 2. As of September 30, 2015, the net book value before cost of removal, including related materials and supplies inventory and CWIP balances, of Clinch River Plant, Units 1 and 2 was \$148 million.

To the extent existing generation assets and the cost of new equipment and converted facilities are not recoverable, it could materially reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

#### Clean Air Act Requirements

The CAA establishes a comprehensive program to protect and improve the nation's air quality and control sources of air emissions. The states implement and administer many of these programs and could impose additional or more stringent requirements.

The Federal EPA issued the Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR) in 2005 requiring specific reductions in SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> emissions from power plants. The Federal EPA issued the Cross-State Air Pollution Rule (CSAPR) in August 2011 to replace CAIR. The CSAPR was challenged in the courts. In 2012, a panel of the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit issued a decision vacating and remanding CSAPR to the Federal EPA with instructions to continue implementing CAIR until a replacement rule is finalized. That decision was appealed to the U.S. Supreme Court, which reversed the decision and remanded the case to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit. The U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit ordered CSAPR to take effect on January 1, 2015 while the remand proceeding was still pending. In July 2015, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit remanded the rule to the Federal EPA. All of the states in which our power plants are located are covered by CSAPR. See "Cross-State Air Pollution Rule (CSAPR)" section below.

The Federal EPA issued the final maximum achievable control technology (MACT) standards for coal and oil-fired power plants in 2012. See "Mercury and Other Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Regulation" section below.

The Federal EPA issued a Clean Air Visibility Rule (CAVR), detailing how the CAA's requirement that certain facilities install best available retrofit technology (BART) will address regional haze in federal parks and other protected areas. BART requirements apply to facilities built between 1962 and 1977 that emit more than 250 tons per year of certain pollutants in specific industrial categories, including power plants. CAVR will be implemented through SIPs or, if SIPs are not adequate or are not developed on schedule, through FIPs. The Federal EPA proposed disapproval of SIPs in a few states, including Arkansas. In March 2012, the Federal EPA disapproved certain portions of the Arkansas regional haze SIP. In April 2015, the Federal EPA published a proposed FIP to replace the disapproved portions, including revised BART determinations for the Flint Creek Plant that are consistent with the environmental controls currently under construction. In June 2012, the Federal EPA published revisions to the regional haze rules to allow states participating in the CSAPR trading programs to use those programs in place of source-specific BART for SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> emissions based on its determination that CSAPR results in greater visibility improvements than source-specific BART in the CSAPR states. This rule is being challenged in the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit. In July 2015, we submitted comments to the proposed Arkansas FIP and participate in comments filed by industry associations of which we are members. We support compliance with CSAPR programs as satisfaction of the BART requirements.

In 2009, the Federal EPA issued a final mandatory reporting rule for CO<sub>2</sub> and other greenhouse gases covering a broad range of facilities emitting in excess of 25,000 tons of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions per year. The Federal EPA issued a final endangerment finding for greenhouse gas emissions from new motor vehicles in 2009. The Federal EPA determined that greenhouse gas emissions from stationary sources will be subject to regulation under the CAA beginning January 2011 and finalized its proposed scheme to streamline and phase-in regulation of stationary source CO<sub>2</sub> emissions through the NSR prevention of significant deterioration and Title V operating permit programs through the issuance of final federal rules, SIP calls and FIPs. This rule was overturned by the U.S. Supreme Court. The Federal EPA proposed to include CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in standards that apply to new and existing electric utility units. See "Climate Change, CO<sub>2</sub> Regulation and Energy Policy" section below.

The Federal EPA also issued new, more stringent national ambient air quality standards (NAAQS) for PM, SO<sub>2</sub> and ozone. In October 2015, the Federal EPA announced a lower final NAAQS for ozone of 70 parts per billion. States are in the process of evaluating the attainment status and need for additional control measures in order to attain and maintain the new NAAQS and may develop additional requirements for our facilities as a result of those evaluations. We cannot currently predict the nature, stringency or timing of those requirements.

Notable developments in significant CAA regulatory requirements affecting our operations are discussed in the following sections.

#### Cross-State Air Pollution Rule (CSAPR)

In 2011, the Federal EPA issued CSAPR. Certain revisions to the rule were finalized in 2012. CSAPR relies on newly-created SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> allowances and individual state budgets to compel further emission reductions from electric utility generating units in 28 states. Interstate trading of allowances is allowed on a restricted sub-regional basis. Arkansas and Louisiana are subject only to the seasonal NO<sub>x</sub> program in the rule. Texas is subject to the annual programs for SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> in addition to the seasonal NO<sub>x</sub> program. The annual SO<sub>2</sub> allowance budgets in Indiana, Ohio and West Virginia were reduced significantly in the rule. A supplemental rule includes Oklahoma in the seasonal NO<sub>x</sub> program. The supplemental rule was finalized in December 2011 with an increased NO<sub>x</sub> emission budget for the 2012 compliance year. The Federal EPA issued a final Error Corrections Rule and further CSAPR revisions in 2012 to make corrections to state budgets and unit allocations and to remove the restrictions on interstate trading in the first phase of CSAPR.

Numerous affected entities, states and other parties filed petitions to review the CSAPR in the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit. In 2012, the court issued a decision vacating and remanding CSAPR to the Federal EPA with instructions to continue implementing CAIR until a replacement rule is finalized. The majority determined that the CAA does not allow the Federal EPA to "overcontrol" emissions in an upwind state and that the Federal EPA exceeded its statutory authority by failing to allow states an opportunity to develop their own implementation plans before issuing a FIP. The petition for review filed by the Federal EPA and other parties in the U.S. Supreme Court was granted in June 2013. In April 2014, the U.S. Supreme Court issued a decision reversing in part the decision of the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit and remanding the case for further proceedings consistent with the opinion. The Federal EPA filed a motion to lift the stay and allow Phase I of CSAPR to take effect on January 1, 2015 and Phase II to take effect on January 1, 2017. The court granted the Federal EPA's motion. The parties filed briefs and presented oral arguments. In July 2015, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit found that the Federal EPA over-controlled the SO<sub>2</sub> and/or NO<sub>x</sub> budgets of 14 states. The U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit remanded the rule to the Federal EPA to timely revise the rule consistent with the court's opinion while CSAPR remains in place. The Federal EPA is reviewing the decision and will take further action once their review is complete. Separate appeals of the Error Corrections Rule and the further revisions were filed but no briefing schedules have been established.

#### Mercury and Other Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Regulation

In 2012, the Federal EPA issued a rule addressing a broad range of HAPs from coal and oil-fired power plants. The rule establishes unit-specific emission rates for units burning coal on a 30-day rolling average basis for mercury, PM (as a surrogate for particles of nonmercury metals) and hydrogen chloride (as a surrogate for acid gases). In addition, the rule proposes work practice standards, such as boiler tune-ups, for controlling emissions of organic HAPs and dioxin/furans. The effective date of the final rule was April 16, 2012 and compliance was required within three years. The final rule contains a slightly less stringent PM limit for existing sources than the original proposal and the revised rule provides alternative work practice standards for operators during start-up and shut down periods. We have obtained a one-year administrative extension at several units to facilitate the installation of controls or to avoid a serious reliability problem. In addition, the Federal EPA issued an enforcement policy describing the circumstances under which an administrative consent order might be issued to provide a fifth year for the installation of controls or completion of reliability upgrades. We remain concerned about the availability of compliance extensions, the inability to foreclose citizen suits being filed under the CAA for failure to achieve compliance by the required deadlines and the lack of coordination among the Mercury and Air Toxics Standards (MATS) schedule and other environmental requirements.

Petitions for administrative reconsideration and judicial review of the final rule were filed. In 2012, the Federal EPA published a notice announcing that it would accept comments on its reconsideration of certain issues related to the new source standards, including clarification of the requirements that apply during periods of start-up and shut down, measurement issues and the application of variability factors that may have an impact on the level of the standards. The Federal EPA issued revisions to the new source standards consistent with the proposed rule, except the start-up and shut down provisions in March 2013. A final rule on reconsideration was issued in 2014 and a proposed rule containing technical corrections was issued in early 2015. In April 2014, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit denied all of the petitions for review of the April 2012 final rule. Industry trade groups and several states filed petitions for further review in the U.S. Supreme Court and the court granted those petitions in November 2014.

In June 2015, the U.S. Supreme Court reversed the decision of the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit and remanded the MATS rule for further proceedings consistent with its decision that the Federal EPA was unreasonable in refusing to consider costs in its determination whether to regulate emissions of HAPs from power plants. The case has been remanded to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit for further proceedings consistent with the U.S. Supreme Court's decision. We will continue to evaluate the impact of this decision and until further action by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, the rule remains in place.

#### Climate Change, CO2 Regulation and Energy Policy

Several states have adopted programs that directly regulate CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from power plants. The majority of the states where we have generating facilities have passed legislation establishing renewable energy, alternative energy and/or energy efficiency requirements that can assist in reducing carbon emissions. We are taking steps to comply with these requirements, including increasing our wind power purchases and broadening our portfolio of energy efficiency programs.

In the absence of comprehensive federal climate change or energy policy legislation, President Obama issued a memorandum to the Administrator of the Federal EPA directing the agency to develop and issue a new proposal regulating carbon emissions from new electric generating units under the CAA. The new proposal was issued in September 2013 and requires new large natural gas units to meet a limit of 1,000 pounds of CO<sub>2</sub> per MWh of electricity generated and small natural gas units to meet a limit of 1,100 pounds of CO<sub>2</sub> per MWh. New coal-fired units are required to meet a limit of 1,100 pounds of CO<sub>2</sub> per MWh, with the option to meet a 1,000 pound per MWh limit if they choose to average emissions over multiple years.

The Federal EPA was also directed to develop and issue a separate proposal regulating carbon emissions from modified and reconstructed electric generating units (EGUs) and to issue guidelines for existing EGUs before June 2014, to finalize those standards by June 2015 and to require states to submit plans implementing the guidelines no later than June 2016.

In August 2015, the Federal EPA announced the final standards for new, modified and reconstructed fossil fired steam generating units and combustion turbines, guidelines for the development of state plans to regulate CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from existing sources and proposed two options for a federal plan. The rules will become effective 60 days following publication. The final standard for new combustion turbines is 1,000 pounds of CO<sub>2</sub> per MWh and the final standard for new fossil steam units is 1,400 pounds of CO<sub>2</sub> per MWh. Reconstructed turbines are subject to the same standard as new units and no standard for modified combustion turbines was issued. Reconstructed fossil steam units are subject to a standard of 1,800 pounds of CO<sub>2</sub> per MWh for larger units and 2,000 pounds of CO<sub>2</sub> per MWh for smaller units. Modified fossil steam units will be subject to a site specific standard no lower than the standards that would be applied if the units were reconstructed.

The final emissions guidelines for existing sources are based on a series of declining performance standards that are implemented beginning in 2022 through 2029. Affected units must achieve a standard of 771 pounds of CO<sub>2</sub> per MWh for existing natural gas combined cycle units and 1,305 pounds of CO<sub>2</sub> per MWh for existing fossil steam units by 2030. The Federal EPA also developed a set of rate-based and mass-based state goals and has proposed "model" rules that can be adopted by the states that would allow sources within "trading ready" state programs to trade, bank or sell

allowances or credits issued by the states or Federal EPA. The Federal EPA intends to finalize either a rate-based or mass-based trading program that can be enforced in states that fail to submit approved plans by the deadlines established in the final guidelines. States are required to submit final plans or an extension request by September 2016 to the Federal EPA. States receiving an extension request must submit final plans by September 2018. We are reviewing the pre-publication version of the final rule and evaluating the rule's impacts as well as the anticipated actions by states where our assets are located. The final rule was already challenged in the courts and we expect additional lawsuits once the rule is published in the Federal Register.

In 2012, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit issued a decision upholding, in all material respects, the Federal EPA's endangerment finding, its regulatory program for CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from new motor vehicles and its plan to phase in regulation of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from stationary sources under the Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) and Title V operating permit programs. In June 2014, the U.S. Supreme Court determined that the Federal EPA was not compelled to regulate CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from stationary sources under the Title V or PSD programs as a result of its adoption of the motor vehicle standards, but that sources otherwise required to obtain a PSD permit may be required to perform a Best Available Control Technology (BACT) analysis for CO<sub>2</sub> emissions if they exceed a reasonable level. The Federal EPA removed those provisions of the final rule from the Code of Federal Regulations that were inconsistent with the U.S. Supreme Court's decision but continues to apply a 75,000 ton per year threshold to trigger the need for a BACT analysis. Petitions were filed with the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit seeking to amend the judgment in the case to require Federal EPA to establish a reasonable minimum level. Those petitions were denied.

Federal and state legislation or regulations that mandate limits on the emission of CO<sub>2</sub> could result in significant increases in capital expenditures and operating costs, which in turn, could lead to increased liquidity needs and higher financing costs. Excessive costs to comply with future legislation or regulations might force our utility subsidiaries to close some coal-fired facilities and could lead to possible impairment of assets.

#### Coal Combustion Residual Rule

In 2010, the Federal EPA published a proposed rule to regulate the disposal and beneficial re-use of coal combustion residuals (CCR), including fly ash and bottom ash generated at coal-fired electric generating units and also FGD gypsum generated at some coal-fired plants. The proposed rule contained two alternative proposals. One proposal would impose federal hazardous waste disposal and management standards on these materials and another would allow states to retain primary authority to regulate the beneficial re-use and disposal of these materials under state solid waste management standards, including minimum federal standards for disposal and management. Both proposals would impose stringent requirements for the construction of new coal ash landfills and existing unlined surface impoundments.

In the final rule, the Federal EPA elected to regulate CCR as a non-hazardous solid waste and issued new minimum federal solid waste management standards. On the effective date, the rule applies to new and existing active CCR landfills and CCR surface impoundments at operating electric utility or independent power production facilities. The rule imposes new and additional construction and operating obligations, including location restrictions, liner criteria, structural integrity requirements for impoundments, operating criteria and additional groundwater monitoring requirements. The rule does not apply to inactive CCR landfills and inactive surface impoundments at retired generating stations or the beneficial use of CCR. The rule is self-implementing so state action is not required. Because of this self-implementing feature, the rule contains extensive record keeping, notice and internet posting requirements. Because we currently use surface impoundments and landfills to manage CCR materials at our generating facilities, we will incur significant costs to upgrade or close and replace these existing facilities at some point in the future as the new rule is implemented.

In February 2014, the Federal EPA completed a risk evaluation of the beneficial uses of coal fly ash in concrete and FGD gypsum in wallboard and concluded that the Federal EPA supports these beneficial uses. Currently, approximately 40% of the coal ash and other residual products from our generating facilities are re-used in the production of cement and wallboard, as structural fill or soil amendments, as abrasives or road treatment materials and for other beneficial uses. Encapsulated beneficial uses are not materially impacted by the new rule but additional demonstrations may be required to continue land applications in significant amounts except in road construction projects.

The final rule was published in the Federal Register in April 2015 and becomes effective six months after publication. The final rule provides for a staggered compliance schedule for the implementation of the rule's many requirements. We recorded a \$95 million increase in asset retirement obligations in the second quarter of 2015 primarily due to the publication of the final rule. Given the schedule for implementation, we will continue to evaluate the rule's impact on operations.

#### Clean Water Act (CWA) Regulations

In 2014, the Federal EPA issued a final rule setting forth standards for existing power plants that is intended to reduce mortality of aquatic organisms pinned against a plant's cooling water intake screen (impingement) or entrained in the cooling water. Entrainment is when small fish, eggs or larvae are drawn into the cooling water system and affected by heat, chemicals or physical stress. The final rule affects all plants withdrawing more than two million gallons of cooling water per day. The rule offers seven technology options to comply with the impingement standard and requires site-specific studies to determine appropriate entrainment compliance measures at facilities withdrawing more than 125 million gallons per day. Additional requirements may be imposed as a result of consultation with other federal agencies to protect threatened and endangered species and their habitats. Facilities with existing closed cycle recirculating cooling systems, as defined in the rule, are not expected to require any technology changes. Facilities subject to both the impingement standard and site-specific entrainment studies will typically be given at least three years to conduct and submit the results of those studies to the permit agency. Compliance timeframes will then be established by the permit agency through each facility's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for installation of any required technology changes, as those permits are renewed over the next five to eight years. Petitions for review of the final rule were filed by industry and environmental groups and are currently pending in the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit.

In addition, the Federal EPA developed revised effluent limitation guidelines for electricity generating facilities. A pre-publication copy of the final rule was announced and made available in September 2015. In addition to other requirements, in the final rule the Federal EPA establishes limits on flue gas desulfurization wastewater, zero discharge for fly ash and bottom ash transport water and flue gas mercury control wastewater. Compliance with the final rule is as soon as possible after November 2018 and no later than December 2023. These new requirements will be implemented through each facility's wastewater discharge permit. We continue to review the final rule in detail to evaluate whether our plants are currently meeting the proposed limitations, what technologies have been incorporated into our long-range plans and what additional costs might be incurred.

In June 2015, the Federal EPA and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers jointly issued a final rule to clarify the scope of the regulatory definition of "waters of the United States" in light of recent U.S. Supreme Court cases. The CWA provides for federal jurisdiction over "navigable waters" defined as "the waters of the United States." This jurisdictional definition applies to all CWA programs, potentially impacting generation, transmission and distribution permitting and compliance requirements. Among those programs are: permits for wastewater and storm water discharges, permits for impacts to wetlands and water bodies and oil spill prevention planning. The final definition continues to recognize traditional navigable waters of the U.S. as jurisdictional as well as certain exclusions. The rule also contains a number of new specific definitions and criteria for determining whether certain other waters are jurisdictional because of a "significant nexus." We believe that clarity and efficiency in the permitting process is needed. We remain concerned that the rule introduces new concepts and could subject more of our operations to CWA jurisdiction, thereby increasing the time and complexity of permitting. The final rule is being challenged in both courts of appeal and district courts. Challengers include industry associations of which we are members. The U.S. Court of Appeal for the Sixth Circuit has granted a nationwide stay of the rule pending jurisdictional determinations.

#### **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

#### **SEGMENTS**

Our primary business is the generation, transmission and distribution of electricity. Within our Vertically Integrated Utilities segment, we centrally dispatch generation assets and manage our overall utility operations on an integrated basis because of the substantial impact of cost-based rates and regulatory oversight. Intersegment sales and transfers are generally based on underlying contractual arrangements and agreements.

Our reportable segments and their related business activities are outlined below:

### Vertically Integrated Utilities

 Generation, transmission and distribution of electricity for sale to retail and wholesale customers through assets owned and operated by AEGCo, APCo, I&M, KGPCo, KPCo, PSO, SWEPCo and WPCo.

#### Transmission and Distribution Utilities

- Transmission and distribution of electricity for sale to retail and wholesale customers through assets owned and operated by OPCo, TCC and TNC.
- OPCo purchases energy and capacity to serve SSO customers and provides transmission and distribution services for all connected load.

#### **AEP Transmission Holdco**

 Development, construction and operation of transmission facilities through investments in our wholly-owned transmission subsidiaries and transmission only joint ventures. These investments have PUCT-approved or FERC-approved returns on equity.

#### Generation & Marketing

- Nonregulated generation in ERCOT and PJM.
- Marketing, risk management and retail activities in ERCOT, PJM and MISO.

#### **AEP River Operations**

- Commercial barging operations that transport liquids, coal and dry bulk commodities primarily on the Ohio, Illinois and lower Mississippi Rivers.
- In October 2015, we signed an agreement to sell AEPRO to a nonaffiliated party. The AEP River Operations segment is comprised entirely of AEPRO. However, we will retain AEPRO's investment in IMT. See "AEPRO (AEP River Operations Segment)" section of Note 6 for additional information.

The table below presents Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders by segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2015			2014		2015		2014
	(in millio					ns)		
Vertically Integrated Utilities	\$	274	\$	219	\$	780	\$	651
Transmission and Distribution Utilities		113		92		288		279
AEP Transmission Holdco		46		43		147		114
Generation & Marketing		91		117		360		378
AEP River Operations		4		11		16		17
Corporate and Other (a)		(9)		11		(13)		4
Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders	\$	519	\$	493	\$	1,578	\$	1,443

(a) While not considered a reportable segment, Corporate and Other primarily includes the purchasing of receivables from certain AEP utility subsidiaries. This segment also includes Parent's guarantee revenue received from affiliates, investment income, interest income and interest expense and other nonallocated costs.

#### AEP CONSOLIDATED

#### Third Quarter of 2015 Compared to Third Quarter of 2014

Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders increased from \$493 million in 2014 to \$519 million in 2015 primarily due to:

- Successful rate proceedings in various jurisdictions.
- · An increase in revenues due to annual formula rate adjustments.
- An increase in weather-related usage.
- A decrease in expenses due to a settlement and revision of certain asset retirement obligations.
- · An increase in transmission investment which resulted in higher revenues and income.

These increases were partially offset by:

- A decrease in generation revenues due to lower capacity revenue.
- A decrease in off-system sales margins due to lower market prices and reduced sales volumes.
- · An increase in employee-related expenses.

### Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders increased from \$1.4 billion in 2014 to \$1.6 billion in 2015 primarily due to:

- Successful rate proceedings in various jurisdictions.
- An increase in revenues due to annual formula rate adjustments.
- An increase in weather-related usage.
- A decrease in expenses due to a settlement and revision of certain asset retirement obligations.
- An increase in transmission investment which resulted in higher revenues and income.
- · Favorable retail, trading and marketing activity.

These increases were partially offset by:

- A decrease in generation revenues due to lower capacity revenue.
- A decrease in off-system sales margins due to lower market prices and reduced sales volumes.
- · A decrease in weather normalized sales.

Our results of operations by operating segment are discussed below.

#### **VERTICALLY INTEGRATED UTILITIES**

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
Vertically Integrated Utilities		2015	2014		2015		2014	
	(in millions)			ıs)		_		
Revenues	\$	2,471	\$	2,450	\$	7,159	\$	7,288
Fuel and Purchased Electricity		931		1,010		2,695		3,038
Gross Margin		1,540		1,440		4,464		4,250
Other Operation and Maintenance		653		615		1,844		1,809
Depreciation and Amortization		264		257		802		772
Taxes Other Than Income Taxes		97		95		288		278
Operating Income		526		473		1,530		1,391
Interest and Investment Income		1		2		4		3
Carrying Costs Income		4		1		9		2
Allowance for Equity Funds Used During Construction		16		12		46		33
Interest Expense		(130)		(133)		(392)		(396)
Income Before Income Tax Expense and Equity Earnings		417		355		1,197		1,033
Income Tax Expense		142		135		416		380
Equity Earnings of Unconsolidated Subsidiaries				<del></del>		2		1
Net Income		275		220		783		654
Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests		1		1		3		3
Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders	\$	274	\$	219	\$	780	\$	651

# Summary of KWh Energy Sales for Vertically Integrated Utilities

	Three Mont Septemb		Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2015	2014	2015	2014					
		(in millions of KWhs)							
Retail:									
Residential	9,019	8,505	26,070	26,126					
Commercial	7,008	6,743	19,315	18,980					
Industrial	8,882	8,962	26,178	26,319					
Miscellaneous	616	608_	1,739	1,740					
Total Retail	25,525	24,818	73,302	73,165					
		<del></del> -							
Wholesale (a)	6,577	8,632	20,748	27,418					

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes off-system sales, municipalities and cooperatives, unit power and other wholesale customers.

Heating degree days and cooling degree days are metrics commonly used in the utility industry as a measure of the impact of weather on revenues. In general, degree day changes in our eastern region have a larger effect on revenues than changes in our western region due to the relative size of the two regions and the number of customers within each region.

Summary of Heating and Cooling Degree Days for Vertically Integrated Utilities

		Three Months Ended September 30,		is Ended er 30,				
	2015	2015 2014		2014				
		(in degree days)						
Eastern Region								
Actual - Heating (a)	_	2	2,138	2,248				
Normal – Heating (b)	5	5	1,748	1,736				
Actual - Cooling (c)	702	559	, 1,104	921				
Normal – Cooling (b)	728	733	1,057	1,062				
Western Region								
Actual - Heating (a)	_	_	1,049	1,233				
Normal – Heating (b)	1	1	912	921				
Actual - Cooling (c)	1,472	1,246	2,190	1,926				
Normal - Cooling (b)	1,398	1,399	2,114	2,109				

<sup>(</sup>a) Eastern Region and Western Region heating degree days are calculated on a 55 degree temperature base.

<sup>(</sup>b) Normal Heating/Cooling represents the thirty-year average of degree days.

<sup>(</sup>c) Eastern Region and Western Region cooling degree days are calculated on a 65 degree temperature base.

#### Third Quarter of 2015 Compared to Third Quarter of 2014

# Reconciliation of Third Quarter of 2014 to Third Quarter of 2015 Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders from Vertically Integrated Utilities (in millions)

Third Quarter of 2014	\$ 219
Changes in Gross Margin:	
Retail Margins	128
Off-system Sales	(24)
Transmission Revenues	(10)
Other Revenues	 6
Total Change in Gross Margin	 100
Changes in Expenses and Other:	
Other Operation and Maintenance	(38)
Depreciation and Amortization	(7)
Taxes Other Than Income Taxes	(2)
Interest and Investment Income	(1)
Carrying Costs Income	3
Allowance for Equity Funds Used During Construction	4
Interest Expense	 3
Total Change in Expenses and Other	 (38)
Income Tax Expense	 (7)
Third Quarter of 2015	\$ 274

The major components of the increase in Gross Margin, defined as revenues less the related direct cost of fuel, including consumption of chemicals and emissions allowances, and purchased electricity were as follows:

- Retail Margins increased \$128 million primarily due to the following:
  - The effect of successful rate proceedings in our service territories which include:
    - A \$40 million increase primarily due to increases in rates in West Virginia, offset by decreases in rates in Virginia and formula rates in both jurisdictions.
    - A \$25 million increase for SWEPCo primarily due to revenue increases from rate riders in Louisiana and Texas.
    - A \$20 million increase for I&M primarily due to rate increases from Indiana rate riders and annual formula rate adjustments.
    - An \$11 million increase for PSO primarily due to revenue increases from rate riders.

For the increases described above, \$30 million relate to riders/trackers which have corresponding increases in expense items below.

A \$51 million increase in weather-related usage.

- A \$19 million decrease primarily due to lower weather-normalized retail sales in our western region.
- Margins from Off-system Sales decreased \$24 million primarily due to lower market prices and decreased sales volumes.
- Transmission Revenues decreased \$10 million primarily due to decreased PJM revenues, partially offset by an increase in SPP margins.
- Other Revenues increased \$6 million primarily due to a 2014 MPSC order disallowing \$4 million of 2012 to 2014 lost revenue related to Demand Side Management (DSM).

Expenses and Other and Income Tax Expense changed between years as follows:

- Other Operation and Maintenance expenses increased \$38 million primarily due to the following:
  - A \$20 million increase in employee-related expenses.
  - A \$17 million increase in recoverable expenses, primarily PJM expenses currently fully recovered in rate recovery riders/trackers, partially offset by lower River Transportation Division (RTD) barging costs.
  - A \$5 million increase in SPP transmission services.
  - A \$4 million increase in storm expenses.

- An \$8 million decrease due to a 2014 accrual for expected environmental remediation costs at I&M.
- Depreciation and Amortization expenses increased \$7 million primarily due to amortization related to an advanced metering rider implemented in November 2014 in Oklahoma as well as an overall higher depreciable base.
- Allowance for Equity Funds Used During Construction increased \$4 million primarily due to increases in environmental construction and transmission projects.
- Income Tax Expense increased \$7 million primarily due to an increase in pretax book income, partially offset by the regulatory accounting treatment of state income taxes and other book/tax differences which are accounted for on a flow-through basis.

#### Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

## Reconciliation of Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders from Vertically Integrated Utilities (in millions)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	\$ 651
Changes in Gross Margin:	
Retail Margins	340
Off-system Sales	(118)
Transmission Revenues	(9)
Other Revenues	 1_
Total Change in Gross Margin	214
Changes in Expenses and Other:	
Other Operation and Maintenance	(35)
Depreciation and Amortization	(30)
Taxes Other Than Income Taxes	(10)
Interest and Investment Income	1
Carrying Costs Income	7
Allowance for Equity Funds Used During Construction	13
Interest Expense	 4
Total Change in Expenses and Other	(50)
Income Tax Expense	(36)
Equity Earnings	 1
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015	\$ 780

The major components of the increase in Gross Margin, defined as revenues less the related direct cost of fuel, including consumption of chemicals and emissions allowances, and purchased electricity were as follows:

- Retail Margins increased \$340 million primarily due to the following:
  - The effect of successful rate proceedings in our service territories which include:
    - A \$108 million increase primarily due to increases in rates in West Virginia and Virginia, as well as an
      adjustment due to the amended Virginia law impacting biennial reviews.
    - A \$74 million increase for I&M primarily due to rate increases from Indiana rate riders and annual formula rate adjustments.
    - A \$68 million increase for SWEPCo primarily due to increases in municipal and cooperative revenues
      due to annual formula rate adjustments and revenue increases from SWEPCo rate riders in Louisiana and
      Texas.
    - A \$27 million increase for PSO primarily due to revenue increases from rate riders.

For the increases described above, \$77 million relate to riders/trackers which have corresponding increases in expense items below.

A \$52 million increase in weather-related usage.

- A \$25 million decrease in weather-normalized load primarily due to lower residential sales in the eastern region.
- Margins from Off-system Sales decreased \$118 million primarily due to lower market prices and decreased sales volumes.
- Transmission Revenues decreased \$9 million primarily due to decreased PJM revenues, partially offset by an increase in SPP margins.

Expenses and Other and Income Tax Expense changed between years as follows:

- Other Operation and Maintenance expenses increased \$35 million primarily due to the following:
  - A \$54 million increase in recoverable expenses, primarily PJM expenses and vegetation management expenses currently fully recovered in rate recovery riders/trackers, partially offset by lower RTD barging costs.
  - A \$13 million increase in SPP and PJM transmission services.

- An \$18 million decrease in vegetation management expenses and storm expenses.
- A \$14 million decrease due to a 2014 accrual for expected environmental remediation costs and a 2015 reduction of an environmental liability at I&M.
- Depreciation and Amortization expenses increased \$30 million primarily due to amortization related to an advanced metering rider implemented in November 2014 in Oklahoma as well as an overall higher depreciable base.
- Taxes Other Than Income Taxes increased \$10 million primarily due to an increase in property taxes.
- Carrying Costs Income increased \$7 million primarily due to increased riders and trackers in our jurisdictions, including the Indiana and Michigan Life Cycle Management Riders, the Kentucky Environmental Surcharge Rider, the Indiana Dry Sorbent Injection Rider, as well as an increase in carrying charges related to West Virginia ENEC deferrals.
- Allowance for Equity Funds Used During Construction increased \$13 million primarily due to increases in environmental construction and transmission projects.
- Income Tax Expense increased \$36 million primarily due to an increase in pretax book income, partially offset by the regulatory accounting treatment of state income taxes.

## TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION UTILITIES

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
Transmission and Distribution Utilities		2015		2014		2015	*	2014
· .				(in mi	llio	ns)		
Revenues	\$	1,189	\$	1,231	\$	3,520	\$	3,580
Fuel and Purchased Electricity		229		377		920		1,123
Amortization of Generation Deferrals		55		27		122		83
Gross Margin		905		827		2,478		2,374
Other Operation and Maintenance		348		329		956		920
Depreciation and Amortization		198		182		536		499
Taxes Other Than Income Taxes		122		117		362		344
Operating Income		237	_	199		624		611
Interest and Investment Income		2		3		5		9
Carrying Costs Income (Expense)		(2)		6		10		20
Allowance for Equity Funds Used During Construction		3		3		11		8
Interest Expense		(68)	_	(68)		(206)		(210)
Income Before Income Tax Expense		172		143		444		438
Income Tax Expense		59		51		156		159
Net Income		113	_	92		288		279
Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests		_				_		
Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders	\$	113	\$	92	\$	288	\$	279

## Summary of KWh Energy Sales for Transmission and Distribution Utilities

	Three Mont Septeml		Nine Montl Septemb		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
		(in millions	of KWhs)		
Retail:					
Residential	7,590	7,194	20,486	20,280	
Commercial	7,033	6,796	19,320	19,012	
Industrial	5,665	5,489	16,754	16,262	
Miscellaneous	194	187	532	540	
Total Retail (a)	20,482	19,666	57,092	56,094	
Wholesale (b)	497	575	1,460	1,727	

<sup>(</sup>a)

Represents energy delivered to distribution customers. Ohio's contractually obligated purchases of OVEC power sold into PJM. (b)

Heating degree days and cooling degree days are metrics commonly used in the utility industry as a measure of the impact of weather on revenues. In general, degree day changes in our eastern region have a larger effect on revenues than changes in our western region due to the relative size of the two regions and the number of customers within each region.

Summary of Heating and Cooling Degree Days for Transmission and Distribution Utilities

	Three Mont Septemb		Nine Month Septemb			
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
		(in degree	days)			
Eastern Region						
Actual - Heating (a)	_	1	2,575	2,540		
Normal – Heating (b)	. 6	7	2,073	2,074		
Actual - Cooling (c)	620	581	970	943		
Normal - Cooling (b)	666	663	956	946		
Western Region						
Actual - Heating (a)	_		320	302		
Normal – Heating (b)			192	200		
Actual – Cooling (d)	1,476	1,367	2,380	2,309		
Normal - Cooling (b)	1,355	1,346	2,381	2,358		

- (a) Heating degree days are calculated on a 55 degree temperature base.
- (b) Normal Heating/Cooling represents the thirty-year average of degree days.
- (c) Eastern Region cooling degree days are calculated on a 65 degree temperature base.
- (d) Western Region cooling degree days are calculated on a 70 degree temperature base.

#### Third Quarter of 2015 Compared to Third Quarter of 2014

# Reconciliation of Third Quarter of 2014 to Third Quarter of 2015 Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders from Transmission and Distribution Utilities (in millions)

Third Quarter of 2014	\$	92
Changes in Gross Margin:		
Retail Margins		117
Off-system Sales		(9)
Transmission Revenues		(33)
Other Revenues		3
Total Change in Gross Margin		78
Changes in Expenses and Other:		•
Other Operation and Maintenance		(19)
Depreciation and Amortization		(16)
Taxes Other Than Income Taxes		(5)
Interest and Investment Income		(1)
Carrying Costs Income		(8)
Total Change in Expenses and Other		(49)
Income Tax Expense		(8)
Third Quarter of 2015	<u>\$</u>	113

The major components of the increase in Gross Margin, defined as revenues less the related direct cost of purchased electricity and amortization of generation deferrals were as follows:

- Retail Margins increased \$117 million primarily due to the following:
  - A \$65 million increase in Ohio transmission and PJM revenues primarily due to the energy supplied as result
    of the Ohio auction and a regulatory change which resulted in revenues collected through a non-bypassable
    transmission rider, partially offset by a corresponding decrease in Transmission Revenues below.
  - A \$33 million Ohio regulatory provision recorded in 2014.
  - A \$7 million increase in revenues associated with the Ohio Distribution Investment Rider (DIR).
  - A \$7 million increase in revenues associated with the *gridSMART*®, Enhanced Service Reliability and Retail Stability Riders. These riders have corresponding increases in other expense items below.
  - A \$6 million increase in TCC and TNC revenues primarily due to the recovery of ERCOT transmission expenses, offset in Other Operation and Maintenance expenses below.
  - A \$4 million increase in commercial sales in Ohio.
  - A \$4 million increase in weather-related usage in Texas.

These increases were partially offset by:

- A \$14 million decrease in base rates due to the discontinuance of seasonal rates in Ohio.
- A \$14 million decrease in revenues associated with the recovery of 2012 storm costs under the Ohio Storm
  Damage Recovery Rider which ended in April 2015. This decrease in Retail Margins is primarily offset by
  a decrease in Other Operation and Maintenance expenses below.
- Margins from Off-system Sales decreased \$9 million primarily due to losses from a legacy OPCo power contract.
- Transmission Revenues decreased \$33 million primarily due to:
  - A \$37 million decrease in Network Integrated Transmission Service (NITS) revenue due to OPCo assuming
    the responsibility for items determined to be cost-based transmission-related charges that were the
    responsibility of the CRES providers prior to June 2015, partially offset by a corresponding increase in Retail
    Margins above.

This decrease was partially offset by:

A \$5 million increase primarily due to increased transmission investment in ERCOT.

Expenses and Other and Income Tax Expense changed between years as follows:

- Other Operation and Maintenance expenses increased \$19 million primarily due to the following:
  - A \$24 million increase primarily due to PJM and ERCOT expenses fully recovered in rate recovery riders/ trackers.
  - A \$7 million increase in employee-related expenses.

- A \$14 million decrease due to the completion of the amortization of 2012 deferred Ohio storm expenses in April 2015. This decrease was offset by a corresponding decrease in Retail Margins above.
- Depreciation and Amortization expenses increased \$16 million primarily due to the following:
  - A \$7 million increase due to an increase in the depreciable base of transmission and distribution assets.
  - A \$4 million increase in amortization of TCC's securitization transition asset, partially offset in Other Revenues above.
  - A \$3 million increase in Ohio *gridSMART*® capital carrying charges primarily due to a rider rate increase effective June 2015. This increase was offset by a corresponding increase in Retail Margins above.
- Taxes Other Than Income Taxes increased \$5 million primarily due to an increase in property taxes.
- Carrying Costs Income decreased \$8 million primarily due to the collection of carrying costs on deferred capacity charges beginning June 2015.
- Income Tax Expense increased \$8 million primarily due to an increase in pretax book income.

#### Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

# Reconciliation of Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders from Transmission and Distribution Utilities (in millions)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	\$	279
Changes in Gross Margin:		
Retail Margins	<del></del>	161
Off-system Sales		(13)
Transmission Revenues		(54)
Other Revenues		10
Total Change in Gross Margin		104
Changes in Expenses and Other:		
Other Operation and Maintenance		(36)
Depreciation and Amortization		(37)
Taxes Other Than Income Taxes		(18)
Interest and Investment Income		(4)
Carrying Costs Income		(10)
Allowance for Equity Funds Used During Construction		3
Interest Expense		4_
Total Change in Expenses and Other		(98)
Income Tax Expense		3
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015	<u>\$</u>	288

The major components of the increase in Gross Margin, defined as revenues less the related direct cost of purchased electricity and amortization of generation deferrals were as follows:

- Retail Margins increased \$161 million primarily due to the following:
  - A \$91 million increase in Ohio transmission and PJM revenues primarily due to the energy supplied as result
    of the Ohio auction and a regulatory change which resulted in revenues collected through a non-bypassable
    transmission rider, partially offset by a corresponding decrease in Transmission Revenues below.
  - A \$33 million Ohio regulatory provision recorded in 2014.
  - A \$24 million increase in TCC and TNC revenues primarily due to the recovery of ERCOT transmission expenses, offset in Other Operation and Maintenance expenses below.
  - A \$22 million increase in revenues associated with the Ohio DIR.
  - A \$5 million increase in weather-related usage in Texas.

- A \$19 million decrease in the Energy Efficiency (EE), Peak Demand Reduction Cost Recovery Rider (PDR) revenues in Ohio and associated deferrals. This decrease was offset by a corresponding decrease in Other Operation and Maintenance expenses below.
- An \$11 million decrease in revenues associated with the recovery of 2012 storm costs under the Ohio Storm Damage Recovery Rider which ended in April 2015. This decrease in Retail Margins is primarily offset by a decrease in Other Operation and Maintenance expenses below.
- Margins from Off-system Sales decreased \$13 million primarily due to losses from a legacy OPCo power
- Transmission Revenues decreased \$54 million primarily due to the following:
  - A \$44 million decrease in NITS revenue primarily due to OPCo assuming the responsibility for items
    determined to be cost-based transmission-related charges that were the responsibility of the CRES providers
    prior to June 2015, partially offset by a corresponding increase in Retail Margins above.

- A \$12 million decrease in Ohio revenues related to a lower annual transmission formula rate true-up.
- A \$9 million OPCo transmission regulatory settlement in 2015.

These decreases were partially offset by:

- An \$18 million increase primarily due to increased transmission investment in ERCOT.
- Other Revenues increased \$10 million primarily due to \$5 million of increased pole attachment revenue for OPCo and a \$3 million increase in Texas securitization revenues, offset in Depreciation and Amortization below.

Expenses and Other changed between years as follows:

- Other Operation and Maintenance expenses increased \$36 million primarily due to the following:
  - A \$36 million increase primarily due to PJM and ERCOT expenses fully recovered in rate recovery riders/ trackers.
  - A \$13 million increase in distribution expenses including system improvements and vegetation management expenses.
  - An \$8 million increase in PJM and SPP transmission services.
  - A \$6 million increase due to PUCO ordered contributions to the Ohio Growth Fund.

- A \$19 million decrease in EE and PDR costs and associated deferrals. This decrease was offset by a
  corresponding decrease in Retail Margins above.
- A \$6 million decrease in remitted Universal Service Fund surcharge payments to the Ohio Department of Development to fund an energy assistance program for qualified Ohio customers. This decrease was offset by a corresponding decrease in Retail Margins above.
- Depreciation and Amortization expenses increased \$37 million primarily due to the following:
  - A \$19 million increase due to an increase in the depreciable base of transmission and distribution assets.
  - An \$11 million increase in amortization of TCC's securitization transition asset, partially offset in Other Revenues.
- Taxes Other Than Income Taxes increased \$18 million primarily due to increased property taxes.
- Carrying Costs Income decreased \$10 million primarily due to the collection of carrying costs on deferred capacity charges beginning June 2015.

# AEP TRANSMISSION HOLDCO

AEP Transmission Holdco		Three Mor Septen			Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2015	2014		2015		2014	
				(in mi	illions)			
Transmission Revenues	\$	88	\$	55	\$	245	\$	140
Other Operation and Maintenance		11		7		27		. 18
Depreciation and Amortization		12		6		30		17
Taxes Other Than Income Taxes		17		10		. 50		23
Operating Income		48		32		138		82
Allowance for Equity Funds Used During Construction		14		12		40		33
Interest Expense		(10)		(6)		(27)		(16)
Income Before Income Tax Expense and Equity Earnings		52		38		151		99
Income Tax Expense		23		17		66		47
Equity Earnings of Unconsolidated Subsidiaries		17		22		63		62
Net Income		46		43		148		114
Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests						1		_
Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders	\$	46	\$	43	\$	147	\$	114

# Summary of Net Plant in Service and CWIP for AEP Transmission Holdco

		As of Septembe						
		2015		2014				
	(in millions)							
Net Plant in Service	\$	2,253	\$	1,308				
CWIP		1,298		1,050				

#### Third Quarter of 2015 Compared to Third Quarter of 2014

# Reconciliation of Third Quarter of 2014 to Third Quarter of 2015 Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders from AEP Transmission Holdco (in millions)

Third Quarter of 2014	\$	43
Changes in Transmission Revenues:		
Transmission Revenues		33
Total Change in Transmission Revenues		33
Changes in Expenses and Other:		
Other Operation and Maintenance		(4)
Depreciation and Amortization		(6)
Taxes Other Than Income Taxes		(7)
Allowance for Equity Funds Used During Construction		2
Interest Expense		(4)
Total Change in Expenses and Other		(19)
Income Tax Expense		(6)
Equity Earnings		(5)
Third Quarter of 2015	<u>\$</u>	46

The major components of the increase in transmission revenues, which consists of wholesale sales to affiliates and non-affiliates, were as follows:

• Transmission Revenues increased \$33 million primarily due to an increase in projects placed in-service by our wholly-owned transmission subsidiaries.

Expenses and Other, Income Tax Expense and Equity Earnings changed between years as follows:

- Other Operation and Maintenance expenses increased \$4 million primarily due to increased transmission investment.
- Depreciation and Amortization expenses increased \$6 million primarily due to higher depreciable base.
- Taxes Other Than Income Taxes increased \$7 million primarily due to increased property taxes.
- Interest Expense increased \$4 million primarily due to higher outstanding long-term debt balances.
- Income Tax Expense increased \$6 million primarily due to an increase in pretax book income and by the recording of federal and state income tax adjustments in the third quarter of 2015 compared to the third quarter of 2014.
- Equity Earnings decreased \$5 million primarily due to increased expense related to cross-arms on ETT transmission lines.

### Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

## Reconciliation of Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders from AEP Transmission Holdco (in millions)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	\$	114
Changes in Transmission Revenues:		
Transmission Revenues		105
Total Change in Transmission Revenues		105
Changes in Expenses and Other:		
Other Operation and Maintenance		(9)
Depreciation and Amortization		(13)
Taxes Other Than Income Taxes		(27)
Allowance for Equity Funds Used During Construction		7
Interest Expense		(11)
Total Change in Expenses and Other		(53)
Income Tax Expense		(19)
Equity Earnings		1
Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests		(1)
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015	<u>\$</u>	147

The major components of the increase in transmission revenues, which consists of wholesale sales to affiliates and non-affiliates, were as follows:

 Transmission Revenues increased \$105 million primarily due to an increase in projects placed in-service by our wholly-owned transmission subsidiaries.

Expenses and Other and Income Tax Expense changed between years as follows:

- Other Operation and Maintenance expenses increased \$9 million primarily due to increased transmission investment.
- Depreciation and Amortization expenses increased \$13 million primarily due to higher depreciable base.
- Taxes Other Than Income Taxes increased \$27 million primarily due to increased property taxes.
- Allowance for Equity Funds Used During Construction increased \$7 million primarily due to increased transmission investment.
- Interest Expense increased \$11 million primarily due to higher outstanding long-term debt balances.
- Income Tax Expense increased \$19 million primarily due to an increase in pretax book income.

# **GENERATION & MARKETING**

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Mon Septen		ths Ended ber 30,	
Generation & Marketing		2015		2014		2015		2014
			_	(in mi	llion	s)		
Revenues	\$	835	\$	901	\$	2,806	\$	3,065
Fuel, Purchased Electricity and Other		564		529		1,771		1,894
Gross Margin		271		372		1,035		1,171
Other Operation and Maintenance		61		122		277		363
Depreciation and Amortization		51		56		152		169
Taxes Other Than Income Taxes		10		12_		30	_	37
Operating Income		149		182		576		602
Interest and Investment Income				2		2		4
Interest Expense		_(10)		(12)		(31)		_(35)
Income Before Income Tax Expense		139		172		547		571
Income Tax Expense		48		55		187		193
Net Income		91		117		360		378
Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests								
Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders	\$	91	\$	117	\$	360	\$	378

# Summary of MWhs Generated for Generation & Marketing

		Three Months Ended September 30,		is Ended er 30,					
	2015	2014	2015	2014					
	(in millions of MWhs)								
Fuel Type:		-	•						
Coal	7	16	23	37					
Natural Gas	3	2	10	6					
Wind	1	<del></del>	1	_					
Total MWhs	11	18	34	43					

### Third Quarter of 2015 Compared to Third Quarter of 2014

# Reconciliation of Third Quarter of 2014 to Third Quarter of 2015 Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders from Generation & Marketing (in millions)

Third Quarter of 2014	\$ 117
Changes in Gross Margin:	
Generation	(96)
Retail, Trading and Marketing	(6)
Other	1
Total Change in Gross Margin	 (101)
Changes in Expenses and Other:	
Other Operation and Maintenance	61
Depreciation and Amortization	5
Taxes Other Than Income Taxes	2
Interest and Investment Income	(2)
Interest Expense	2
Total Change in Expenses and Other	68
Income Tax Expense	 7
Third Quarter of 2015	\$ 91

The major components of the decrease in Gross Margin, defined as revenues less the related direct cost of fuel, including consumption of chemicals and emissions allowances, purchased electricity and certain cost of service for retail operations were as follows:

- Generation decreased \$96 million primarily due to lower capacity revenue due to the termination of the Power Supply Agreement between AGR and OPCo on May 31, 2015.
- Retail, Trading and Marketing decreased \$6 million primarily due to decreased wholesale trading and marketing performance.

Expenses and Other changed between years as follows:

- Other Operation and Maintenance expenses decreased \$61 million primarily due to a settlement and revision of certain asset retirement obligations and decreased plant outage and maintenance costs.
- Depreciation and Amortization expenses decreased \$5 million primarily due to reduced plant in-service.
- **Income Tax Expense** decreased \$7 million primarily due to a decrease in pretax book income, partially offset by the recording of federal and state income tax adjustments.

#### Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

## Reconciliation of Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders from Generation & Marketing (in millions)

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	\$ 378
Changes in Gross Margin:	
Generation	(172)
Retail, Trading and Marketing	40
Other	(4)
Total Change in Gross Margin	 (136)
Changes in Expenses and Other:	
Other Operation and Maintenance	86
Depreciation and Amortization	17
Taxes Other Than Income Taxes	7
Interest and Investment Income	(2)
Interest Expense	4
Total Change in Expenses and Other	 112
Income Tax Expense	 6
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015	\$ 360

The major components of the decrease in Gross Margin, defined as revenues less the related direct cost of fuel, including consumption of chemicals and emissions allowances, purchased electricity and certain cost of service for retail operations were as follows:

- Generation decreased \$172 million primarily due to lower capacity revenue due to the termination of the Power Supply Agreement between AGR and OPCo on May 31, 2015.
- Retail, Trading and Marketing increased \$40 million primarily due to favorable wholesale trading and marketing performance as well as an increase in retail volumes.

Expenses and Other changed between years as follows:

- Other Operation and Maintenance expenses decreased \$86 million primarily due to a settlement and revision of certain asset retirement obligations and decreased plant outage and maintenance costs.
- Depreciation and Amortization expenses decreased \$17 million primarily due to reduced plant in-service.
- Taxes Other Than Income Taxes decreased \$7 million primarily due to a decrease in property taxes.
- Income Tax Expense decreased \$6 million primarily due to a decrease in pretax book income, partially offset by the recording of federal and state income tax adjustments.

#### AEP RIVER OPERATIONS

#### Third Quarter of 2015 Compared to Third Quarter of 2014

Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders from our AEP River Operations segment decreased from \$11 million in 2014 to \$4 million in 2015 primarily due to a loss on AEPRO's equity investment in IMT due to bankruptcy of an IMT customer.

#### Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders from our AEP River Operations segment decreased from \$17 million in 2014 to \$16 million in 2015 primarily due to a loss on AEPRO's equity investment in IMT due to bankruptcy of an IMT customer, partially offset by lower fuel prices and reduced consumption.

#### CORPORATE AND OTHER

### Third Quarter of 2015 Compared to Third Quarter of 2014

Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders from Corporate and Other decreased from income of \$11 million in 2014 to a loss of \$9 million in 2015 primarily due to an increase in reserves for our captive insurance program as well as the impact of a 2014 tax adjustment.

#### Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders from Corporate and Other increased from income of \$4 million in 2014 to a loss of \$13 million in 2015 primarily due to an increase in reserves for our captive insurance program as well as the impact of a 2014 tax adjustment.

#### **AEP SYSTEM INCOME TAXES**

#### Third Quarter of 2015 Compared to Third Quarter of 2014

Income Tax Expense increased \$11 million primarily due to an increase in pretax book income and by the recording of federal and state income tax adjustments in the third quarter of 2015 compared to the third quarter of 2014, partially offset by the regulatory accounting treatment of state income taxes.

#### Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

Income Tax Expense increased \$44 million primarily due to an increase in pretax book income and by the recording of federal and state income tax adjustments in 2015 compared to 2014, partially offset by the regulatory accounting treatment of state income taxes.

#### **FINANCIAL CONDITION**

We measure our financial condition by the strength of our balance sheet and the liquidity provided by our cash flows.

#### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

#### Debt and Equity Capitalization

	September 30, 2015				December	31, 2014
			(dollars in	m	illions)	
Long-term Debt, including amounts due within one year (a)	\$	19,507	51.3%	\$	18,684	50.7%
Short-term Debt		_782	2.1		1,346	3.6
Total Debt (a)		20,289	53.4		20,030	54.3
AEP Common Equity		17,699	46.6		16,820	45.7
Noncontrolling Interests		10			4	_
Total Debt and Equity Capitalization	\$	37,998	100.0%	\$	36,854	100.0%

(a) Amounts include debt related to AEPRO that have been classified as Liabilities Held for Sale on the condensed balance sheets. See "AEPRO (AEP River Operations Segment)" section of Note 6 for additional information.

Our ratio of debt-to-total capital improved from 54.3% as of December 31, 2014 to 53.4% as of September 30, 2015 primarily due to an increase in our common equity from earnings.

#### Liquidity

Liquidity, or access to cash, is an important factor in determining our financial stability. We believe we have adequate liquidity under our existing credit facilities. As of September 30, 2015, we had \$3.5 billion in aggregate credit facility commitments to support our operations. Additional liquidity is available from cash from operations and a receivables securitization agreement. We are committed to maintaining adequate liquidity. We generally use short-term borrowings to fund working capital needs, property acquisitions and construction until long-term funding is arranged. Sources of long-term funding include issuance of long-term debt, sale-and-leaseback or leasing agreements or common stock.

#### Commercial Paper Credit Facilities

We manage our liquidity by maintaining adequate external financing commitments. As of September 30, 2015, our available liquidity was approximately \$3.6 billion as illustrated in the table below:

	A	Maturity				
	(in millions)					
Commercial Paper Backup:						
Revolving Credit Facility	<b>\$</b> .	1,750	June 2017			
Revolving Credit Facility		1,750	July 2018			
Total		3,500	-			
Cash and Cash Equivalents		178				
Total Liquidity Sources	<del>~</del>	3,678				
Less: AEP Commercial Paper Outstanding		32				
Letters of Credit Issued	-	33				
Net Available Liquidity	<u>.\$</u>	3,613				

We have credit facilities totaling \$3.5 billion to support our commercial paper program. The credit facilities allow us to issue letters of credit in an amount up to \$1.2 billion.

We use our commercial paper program to meet the short-term borrowing needs of our subsidiaries. The program is used to fund both a Utility Money Pool, which funds the utility subsidiaries, and a Nonutility Money Pool, which funds the majority of the nonutility subsidiaries. In addition, the program also funds, as direct borrowers, the short-term debt requirements of other subsidiaries that are not participants in either money pool for regulatory or operational reasons. The maximum amount of commercial paper outstanding during the first nine months of 2015 was \$788 million. The weighted-average interest rate for our commercial paper during 2015 was 0.45%.

#### Other Credit Facilities

We issue letters of credit under two uncommitted facilities totaling \$150 million. As of September 30, 2015, the maximum future payment for letters of credit issued under the uncommitted facilities was \$122 million with maturities ranging from October 2015 to September 2016. An uncommitted facility gives the issuer of the facility the right to accept or decline each request we make under the facility.

#### Securitized Accounts Receivable

Our receivables securitization agreement provides a commitment of \$750 million from bank conduits to purchase receivables. The agreement expires in June 2017.

#### Debt Covenants and Borrowing Limitations

Our credit agreements contain certain covenants and require us to maintain our percentage of debt to total capitalization at a level that does not exceed 67.5%. The method for calculating outstanding debt and capitalization is contractually defined in our credit agreements. Debt as defined in the revolving credit agreements excludes securitization bonds and debt of AEP Credit. As of September 30, 2015, this contractually-defined percentage was 50.6%. Nonperformance under these covenants could result in an event of default under these credit agreements. As of September 30, 2015, we complied with all of the covenants contained in these credit agreements. In addition, the acceleration of our payment obligations, or the obligations of certain of our major subsidiaries, prior to maturity under any other agreement or instrument relating to debt outstanding in excess of \$50 million, would cause an event of default under these credit agreements. This condition also applies in a majority of our non-exchange traded commodity contracts and would similarly allow lenders and counterparties to declare the outstanding amounts payable. However, a default under our non-exchange traded commodity contracts does not cause an event of default under our credit agreements.

The revolving credit facilities do not permit the lenders to refuse a draw on any facility if a material adverse change occurs.

Utility Money Pool borrowings and external borrowings may not exceed amounts authorized by regulatory orders and we manage our borrowings to stay within those authorized limits.

#### Dividend Policy and Restrictions

The Board of Directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.56 per share in October 2015. Future dividends may vary depending upon our profit levels, operating cash flow levels and capital requirements, as well as financial and other business conditions existing at the time. Our income primarily derives from our common stock equity in the earnings of our utility subsidiaries. Various financing arrangements and regulatory requirements may impose certain restrictions on the ability of our utility subsidiaries to transfer funds to us in the form of dividends.

We do not believe restrictions related to our various financing arrangements and regulatory requirements will have any significant impact on Parent's ability to access cash to meet the payment of dividends on its common stock.

#### Credit Ratings

We do not have any credit arrangements that would require material changes in payment schedules or terminations as a result of a credit downgrade, but our access to the commercial paper market may depend on our credit ratings. In addition, downgrades in our credit ratings by one of the rating agencies could increase our borrowing costs. Counterparty concerns about the credit quality of AEP or its utility subsidiaries could subject us to additional collateral demands under adequate assurance clauses under our derivative and non-derivative energy contracts.

#### **CASH FLOW**

Managing our cash flows is a major factor in maintaining our liquidity strength.

		1aea 0,				
		2015		2014		
	(in millions)					
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	\$	_163	\$	118		
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	<del></del>	3,910		3,715		
Net Cash Flows Used for Investing Activities		(3,248)		(3,079)		
Net Cash Flows Used for Financing Activities		(647)		(560)		
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		15		76		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$	178	\$	194		

Cash from operations and short-term borrowings provides working capital and allows us to meet other short-term cash needs.

#### **Operating Activities**

	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		2015		2014	
				)	
Net Income	\$	1,564	\$	1,430	
Depreciation and Amortization		1,528		1,418	
Other		818		867	
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	\$	3,910	\$	3,715	

Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities were \$3.9 billion in 2015 consisting primarily of Net Income of \$1.6 billion and \$1.5 billion of noncash Depreciation and Amortization. Other changes represent items that had a current period cash flow impact, such as changes in working capital, as well as items that represent future rights or obligations to receive or pay cash, such as regulatory assets and liabilities. Deferred Income Taxes increased primarily due to provisions in the Taxpayer Relief Act of 2014 and an increase in tax/book temporary differences from operations. The reduction in Fuel, Materials and Supplies balances reflects a decrease in fuel inventory due to the cold winter weather and plants retired during the second quarter of 2015.

Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities were \$3.7 billion in 2014 consisting primarily of Net Income of \$1.4 billion and \$1.4 billion of noncash Depreciation and Amortization partially offset by \$106 million of Ohio capacity deferrals as a result of the PUCO's July 2012 approval of a capacity deferral mechanism. Other changes represent items that had a current period cash flow impact, such as changes in working capital, as well as items that represent future rights or obligations to receive or pay cash, such as regulatory assets and liabilities. Deferred Income Taxes increased primarily due to provisions in the Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 and an increase in tax/book temporary differences from operations. The reduction in Fuel, Material and Supplies balances reflects a decrease in fuel inventory due to the cold winter weather and increased generation.

#### Investing Activities

	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
•		2015			
	<del></del>	(in mi	llions	)	
Construction Expenditures	\$	(3,283)	\$	(2,897)	
Acquisitions of Nuclear Fuel		(53)		(109)	
Acquisitions of Assets/Businesses		(1)		(45)	
Other		89		(28)	
Net Cash Flows Used for Investing Activities	\$	(3,248)	\$	(3,079)	

Net Cash Flows Used for Investing Activities were \$3.2 billion in 2015 primarily due to Construction Expenditures for environmental, distribution and transmission investments.

Net Cash Flows Used for Investing Activities were \$2.9 billion in 2014 primarily due to Construction Expenditures for environmental, distribution and transmission investments. We also purchased transmission assets for \$38 million.

#### Financing Activities

	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
•	2	2015	2	2014	
		(in mi	llions)		
Issuance of Common Stock, Net	\$	68	\$	63	
Issuance of Debt, Net		236		195	
Dividends Paid on Common Stock		(783)		(736)	
Other		(168)		(82)	
Net Cash Flows Used for Financing Activities	\$	(647)	\$	(560)	

Net Cash Flows Used for Financing Activities in 2015 were \$647 million. Our net debt issuances were \$236 million. The net issuances included issuances of \$2.1 billion of senior unsecured notes, \$140 million of pollution control bonds and \$757 million of other debt notes offset by retirements of \$907 million of senior unsecured notes, \$308 million of securitization bonds, \$229 million of pollution control bonds and \$687 of other debt notes and a decrease in short term borrowing of \$564 million. We paid common stock dividends of \$783 million. Other includes a make whole premium payment on the extinguishment of long-term debt of \$93 million in addition to capital lease principal payments of \$74 million. See Note 12 - Financing Activities for a complete discussion of long-term debt issuances and retirements.

Net Cash Flows Used for Financing Activities in 2014 were \$560 million. Our net debt issuances were \$195 million. The net issuances included issuances of \$650 million of senior unsecured notes, \$343 million of pollution control bonds and \$224 million of other debt notes and an increase in short-term borrowing of \$525 million offset by retirements of \$951 million of senior unsecured and other debt notes, \$312 million of pollution control bonds and \$273 million of securitization bonds. We paid common stock dividends of \$736 million. See Note 12 - Financing Activities for a complete discussion of long-term debt issuances and retirements.

In October 2015, KPCo drew the remaining \$25 million on an existing \$75 million variable rate credit facility due in 2018.

In October 2015, Transource Missouri drew \$6 million on an existing \$300 million variable rate credit facility due in 2018.

#### BUDGETED CONSTRUCTION EXPENDITURES

In July 2015, we increased our forecast for construction expenditures by \$200 million to approximately \$4.6 billion for 2015. The increase is primarily for transmission investment in the Vertically Integrated Utilities, Transmission and Distribution Utilities, and AEP Transmission Holdco segments.

#### **OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS**

Our current guidelines restrict the use of off-balance sheet financing entities or structures to traditional operating lease arrangements that we enter in the normal course of business. The following identifies significant off-balance sheet arrangements:

	September 30, 2015			December 31, 2014	
		(in mi	llions)		
Rockport Plant, Unit 2 Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$	1,110	\$	1,184	
Railcars Maximum Potential Loss from Lease Agreement		19		19	

For complete information on each of these off-balance sheet arrangements, see the "Off-balance Sheet Arrangements" section of "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the 2014 Annual Report.

#### **CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATION INFORMATION**

A summary of our contractual obligations is included in our 2014 Annual Report and has not changed significantly from year-end other than the debt issuances and retirements discussed in the "Cash Flow" section above.

### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES, NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

See the "Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates" section of "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the 2014 Annual Report for a discussion of the estimates and judgments required for regulatory accounting, revenue recognition, derivative instruments, the valuation of long-lived assets, the accounting for pension and other postretirement benefits and the impact of new accounting pronouncements.

#### ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

#### New Accounting Pronouncements Adopted During the First Quarter of 2015

The FASB issued ASU 2014-08 "Presentation of Financial Statements and Property, Plant and Equipment" changing the presentation of discontinued operations on the statements of income and other requirements for reporting discontinued operations. Under the new standard, a disposal of a component or a group of components of an entity is required to be reported in discontinued operations if the disposal represents a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results when the component meets the criteria to be classified as held-for-sale or is disposed. The amendments in this update also require additional disclosures about discontinued operations and disposal of an individually significant component of an entity that does not qualify for discontinued operations. We adopted ASU 2014-08 effective January 1, 2015.

#### Pronouncements Effective in the Future

The FASB issued ASU 2014-09 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" clarifying the method used to determine the timing and requirements for revenue recognition on the statements of income. Under the new standard, an entity must identify the performance obligations in a contract, determine the transaction price and allocate the price to specific performance obligations to recognize the revenue when the obligation is completed. The amendments in this update also require disclosure of sufficient information to allow users to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flow arising from contracts. The FASB deferred implementation of ASU 2014-09 under the terms in ASU 2015-14, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date." The new accounting guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017 with early adoption permitted for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. We are analyzing the impact of this new standard and, at this time, cannot estimate the impact of adoption on revenue or net income. We plan to adopt ASU 2014-09 effective January 1, 2018.

The FASB issued ASU 2015-01 "Income Statement – Extraordinary and Unusual Items" eliminating the concept of extraordinary items for presentation on the face of the income statement. Under the new standard, a material event or transaction that is unusual in nature, infrequent or both shall be reported as a separate component of income from continuing operations. Alternatively, it may be disclosed in the notes to financial statements. The new accounting guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted if applied from the beginning of a fiscal year. As applicable, this standard may change the presentation of amounts in the income statements. We plan to adopt ASU 2015-01 effective January 1, 2016.

The FASB issued ASU 2015-03 "Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs" to simplify the presentation of debt issuance costs on the balance sheets. Under the new standard, debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability will be presented on the balance sheets as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with discounts. We include debt issuance costs in Deferred Charges and Other Noncurrent Assets on the condensed balance sheets. Debt issuance costs represent less than 1% of total long-term debt. The new accounting guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015 with early adoption permitted. We intend to early adopt ASU 2015-03 for the 2015 Form 10-K.

The FASB issued ASU 2015-05 "Customer's Accounting for Fees Paid in a Cloud Computing Arrangement" providing guidance to customers about whether a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license. The new accounting guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015 with early adoption permitted. We are analyzing the impact of this new standard and, at this time, cannot estimate the impact of adoption on net income. We plan to adopt ASU 2015-05 effective January 1, 2016.

The FASB issued ASU 2015-11 "Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory" to simplify the guidance on the subsequent measurement of inventory, excluding inventory measured using last-in, first-out or the retail inventory method. Under the new standard, inventory should be at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The new accounting guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016 with early adoption permitted. We are analyzing the impact of this new standard and, at this time, cannot estimate the impact of adoption on net income. We plan to adopt ASU 2015-11 effective January 1, 2017.

The FASB issued ASU 2015-13 "Application of the Normal Purchases and Normal Sales Scope Exception to Certain Electricity Contracts within Nodal Energy Markets" clarifying whether a contract for the purchase or sale of electricity on a forward basis should be eligible to meet the physical delivery criterion of the normal purchases and normal sales scope exception when either the delivery location is within a nodal energy market or the contract necessitates transmission through a nodal energy market and one of the contracting parties incurs charges (or credits) for the transmission of electricity based in part on locational marginal pricing differences payable to (or receivable from) an independent system operator. Under the new standard, the use of locational marginal pricing by an independent system operator does not cause a contract to fail to meet the physical delivery criterion of the normal purchases and normal sales scope exception. As a result, an entity may elect to designate that contract as a normal purchase or normal sale. The new accounting guidance is effective upon issuance and applied prospectively. We have analyzed the impact of this new standard and determined that it will have no impact on the accounting of our contracts. Additionally, adoption has no impact on net income. We adopted ASU 2015-13 upon its issuance date.

#### Future Accounting Changes

The FASB's standard-setting process is ongoing and until new standards have been finalized and issued, we cannot determine the impact on the reporting of our operations and financial position that may result from any such future changes. The FASB is currently working on several projects including financial instruments, leases, insurance, hedge accounting, consolidation policy and balance sheet classification of deferred taxes. The ultimate pronouncements resulting from these and future projects could have an impact on future net income and financial position.

#### QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

#### Market Risks

Our Vertically Integrated Utilities segment is exposed to certain market risks as a major power producer and through its transactions in power, coal, natural gas and marketing contracts. These risks include commodity price risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. In addition, we are exposed to foreign currency exchange risk as we occasionally procure various services and materials used in our energy business from foreign suppliers. These risks represent the risk of loss that may impact us due to changes in the underlying market prices or rates.

Our Transmission and Distribution Utilities segment was exposed to FTR price risk as it related to RTO congestion during the June 2012 - May 2015 Ohio ESP period. Additional risks include energy procurement risk and interest rate risk.

Our Generation & Marketing segment conducts marketing, risk management and retail activities in ERCOT, PJM and MISO. This segment is exposed to certain market risks as a marketer of wholesale and retail electricity. These risks include commodity price risk, interest rate risk and credit risk. These risks represent the risk of loss that may impact us due to changes in the underlying market prices or rates. In addition, our Generation & Marketing segment is also exposed to certain market risks as a major power producer and through its transactions in wholesale electricity, natural gas and coal trading and marketing contracts.

We employ risk management contracts including physical forward purchase-and-sale contracts and financial forward purchase-and-sale contracts. We engage in risk management of power, coal, natural gas and, to a lesser extent, heating oil, gasoline, diesel and other commodity contracts to manage the risk associated with our energy business. As a result, we are subject to price risk. The amount of risk taken is determined by the Commercial Operations, Energy Supply, and Finance groups in accordance with our established risk management policies as approved by the Finance Committee of our Board of Directors. Our market risk oversight staff independently monitors our risk policies, procedures and risk levels and provides members of the Commercial Operations Risk Committee (Regulated Risk Committee) and the Energy Supply Risk Committee (Competitive Risk Committee) various reports regarding compliance with policies, limits and procedures. The Regulated Risk Committee consists of AEPSC's Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Executive Vice President of Generation, Senior Vice President of Commercial Operations and Chief Risk Officer. The Competitive Risk Committee consists of AEPSC's Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Chief Risk Officer in addition to Energy Supply's President and Vice President. When commercial activities exceed predetermined limits, we modify the positions to reduce the risk to be within the limits unless specifically approved by the respective committee.

The following table summarizes the reasons for changes in total MTM value as compared to December 31, 2014:

### MTM Risk Management Contract Net Assets (Liabilities) Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

'	Vertically Integrated Utilities		Transmission and Distribution <u>Utilities</u>		Generation & Marketing		Total
				(in mill	ions)	)	<u>,</u>
Total MTM Risk Management Contract Net Assets as of December 31, 2014	\$	36	\$	46	\$	140	\$ 222
Gain from Contracts Realized/Settled During the Period and Entered in a Prior Period		(30)		(5)		(22)	(57)
Fair Value of New Contracts at Inception When Entered During the Period (a)						54	54
Changes in Fair Value Due to Market Fluctuations During the Period (b)		_				(17)	(17)
Changes in Fair Value Allocated to Regulated Jurisdictions (c)		23		(27)			 (4)
Total MTM Risk Management Contract Net Assets as of September 30, 2015	\$	29	\$	14	\$	155	198
Commodity Cash Flow Hedge Contracts							(17)
Interest Rate and Foreign Currency Cash Flow Hedge Contracts							(1)
Fair Value Hedge Contracts							1
Collateral Deposits							43
Elimination of Affiliated MTM Risk Management Contracts							(4)
Total MTM Derivative Contract Net Assets as of September 30, 2015							\$ 220

- (a) Reflects fair value on primarily long-term structured contracts which are typically with customers that seek fixed pricing to limit their risk against fluctuating energy prices. The contract prices are valued against market curves associated with the delivery location and delivery term. A significant portion of the total volumetric position has been economically hedged.
- (b) Market fluctuations are attributable to various factors such as supply/demand, weather, etc.
- (c) Relates to the net gains (losses) of those contracts that are not reflected on the condensed statements of income. These net gains (losses) are recorded as regulatory liabilities/assets.

See Note 9 – Derivatives and Hedging and Note 10 – Fair Value Measurements for additional information related to our risk management contracts. The following tables and discussion provide information on our credit risk and market volatility risk.

#### Credit Risk

We limit credit risk in our wholesale marketing and trading activities by assessing the creditworthiness of potential counterparties before entering into transactions with them and continuing to evaluate their creditworthiness on an ongoing basis. We use Moody's Investors Service, Standard & Poor's and current market-based qualitative and quantitative data as well as financial statements to assess the financial health of counterparties on an ongoing basis.

We have risk management contracts with numerous counterparties. Since open risk management contracts are valued based on changes in market prices of the related commodities, our exposures change daily. As of September 30, 2015, our credit exposure net of collateral to sub investment grade counterparties was approximately 7%, expressed in terms of net MTM assets, net receivables and the net open positions for contracts not subject to MTM (representing economic risk even though there may not be risk of accounting loss). As of September 30, 2015, the following table approximates our counterparty credit quality and exposure based on netting across commodities, instruments and legal entities where applicable:

Counterparty Credit Quality	Bo C	oosure efore redit lateral	Credit Net Collateral Exposu				Number of Counterparties >10% of Net Exposure		et Exposure of unterparties >10%
		-	(in r	nillions	, exc	ept numl	ber of counterpart	ies)	
Investment Grade	\$	727	\$	1	\$	726	2	\$	269
Split Rating		25				25	1		25
Noninvestment Grade		1		1			<del></del>		_
No External Ratings:									
Internal Investment Grade		123				123	3		66
Internal Noninvestment Grade		83		18		65	2		36
Total as of September 30, 2015	\$	959	\$	20	\$	939	8	\$	396
Total as of December 31, 2014	\$	817	\$	21	<u>\$</u>	796	8	\$	347

In addition, we are exposed to credit risk related to our participation in RTOs. For each of the RTOs in which we participate, this risk is generally determined based on our proportionate share of member gross activity over a specified period of time.

#### Value at Risk (VaR) Associated with Risk Management Contracts

We use a risk measurement model, which calculates VaR, to measure our commodity price risk in the risk management portfolio. The VaR is based on the variance-covariance method using historical prices to estimate volatilities and correlations and assumes a 95% confidence level and a one-day holding period. Based on this VaR analysis, as of September 30, 2015, a near term typical change in commodity prices is not expected to materially impact net income, cash flows or financial condition.

The following tables show the end, high, average and low market risk as measured by VaR for the periods indicated:

# VaR Model Trading Portfolio

Nine Months Ended						Twelve Months Ended										
September 30, 2015							D	ecembe	r 31, 2	014						
End	H	ligh	Average	Low		End	ŀ	ligh	Ave	rage		Low				
(in millions)								(in mi	llions)							
\$ -	- \$	1 :	\$ —	\$ -	- \$		\$	3	\$	1	\$					

### VaR Model Non-Trading Portfolio

Nine Months Ended							Twelve Months Ended										
September 30, 2015								]	Decembe	ber 31, 2014							
Enc	d		High	Avera	age		Low	I	End		High	Ave	erage		Low		
	(in millions)										(in mi	llions	)				
\$	1	\$	2	\$	1	\$	_	\$	2	\$	3	\$	1	\$	_		

We back-test our VaR results against performance due to actual price movements. Based on the assumed 95% confidence interval, the performance due to actual price movements would be expected to exceed the VaR at least once every 20 trading days.

As our VaR calculation captures recent price movements, we also perform regular stress testing of the trading portfolio to understand our exposure to extreme price movements. We employ a historical-based method whereby the current trading portfolio is subjected to actual, observed price movements from the last several years in order to ascertain which historical price movements translated into the largest potential MTM loss. We then research the underlying positions, price movements and market events that created the most significant exposure and report the findings to the Risk Executive Committee, Regulated Risk Committee, or Competitive Risk Committee as appropriate.

#### Interest Rate Risk

We utilize an Earnings at Risk (EaR) model to measure interest rate market risk exposure. EaR statistically quantifies the extent to which our interest expense could vary over the next twelve months and gives a probabilistic estimate of different levels of interest expense. The resulting EaR is interpreted as the dollar amount by which actual interest expense for the next twelve months could exceed expected interest expense with a one-in-twenty chance of occurrence. The primary drivers of EaR are from the existing floating rate debt (including short-term debt) as well as long-term debt issuances in the next twelve months. As calculated on debt outstanding as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the estimated EaR on our debt portfolio for the following twelve months was \$34 million and \$33 million, respectively.

# AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

# For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 (in millions, except per-share and share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,			
REVENUES		2015	_	2014		2015	_	2014	
Vertically Integrated Utilities	- \$	2,436	\$	2,432	\$	7,082	\$	7,217	
Transmission and Distribution Utilities	Ψ.	1,164	4	1,163	J	3,378	Þ	3,388	
Generation & Marketing		802		538		2,289		1,932	
Other Revenues		30		28		90		22	
TOTAL REVENUES		4,432	_	4,161		12,839	_	12,559	
EXPENSES		_							
Fuel and Other Consumables Used for Electric Generation	-	955		1,080		2,782		3,291	
Purchased Electricity for Resale		731		449		2,050		1,560	
Other Operation		691		685		1,955		1,985	
Maintenance		312		313		923		929	
Depreciation and Amortization		535		499		1,528		1,418	
Taxes Other Than Income Taxes		248		230	_	733	-	679	
TOTAL EXPENSES		3,472		3,256		9,971	_	9,862	
OPERATING INCOME		960		905		2,868		2,697	
Other Income (Expense):									
Interest and Investment Income		2		1		6		5	
Carrying Costs Income		1		7		18		22	
Allowance for Equity Funds Used During Construction		33		27		97		74	
Interest Expense	_	(221)		(217)		(659)	_	(650)	
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE AND EQUITY EARNINGS		775		723		2,330		2,148	
Income Tax Expense		275		264		827		783	
Equity Earnings of Unconsolidated Subsidiaries		12		24		61		65	
zaniy zaningo or onconsorrance saccie	_						_		
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		512		483		1,564		1,430	
INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS, NET OF TAX	_		_	11		18	_	16	
NET INCOME		520		494		1,582		1,446	
Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	_	1		1_	_	4	_	3	
EARNINGS ATTRIBUTABLE TO AEP COMMON SHAREHOLDERS	<u>\$</u>	519	<u>\$</u>	493	\$	1,578	<u>\$</u>	1,443	
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF BASIC AEP COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING	4	90,648,929	4	88,912,892	_	490,155,315	_	488,361,017	
BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO AEP COMMON SHAREHOLDERS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	\$	1.04	\$	0.99	\$	3.18	\$	2.92	
BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO AEP COMMON SHAREHOLDERS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	\$	0.02	\$	0.02	\$	0.04	\$	0.03	
TOTAL BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO AEP COMMON SHAREHOLDERS	\$	1.06	\$	1.01	\$	3.22	\$	2.95	
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF DILUTED AEP COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING	4	90,800,335	4	88,970,647	_	490,411,020	_	488,597,178	
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO AEP COMMON SHAREHOLDERS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	\$	1.04	\$	0.99	\$	3.18	\$	2.92	
DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO AEP COMMON SHAREHOLDERS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	\$	0.02	\$	0.02	\$	0.04	\$	0.03	
TOTAL DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO AEP COMMON SHAREHOLDERS	\$	1.06	\$	1.01	<u>\$</u>	3.22	\$	2.95	
CASH DIVIDENDS DECLARED PER SHARE	<u>.\$</u>	0.53	<u>\$</u>	0.50	\$	1.59	\$	1.50	

# AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

# For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

(in millions) (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended					Nine Months Ended			
	September 30,				September 30,				
	2015 2014			2014		2015	2014		
Net Income	\$ 5	20	\$	494	\$	1,582	\$	1,446	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS), NET OF TAXES									
Cash Flow Hedges, Net of Tax of \$3 and \$1 for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, Respectively, and \$6 and \$3 for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, Respectively		(6)		(2)		(11)		6	
Securities Available for Sale, Net of Tax of \$1 and \$0 for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, Respectively, and \$1 and \$0 for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, Respectively		(1)		_		(1)		1	
Amortization of Pension and OPEB Deferred Costs, Net of Tax of \$0 and \$1 for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, Respectively, and \$0 and \$2 for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, Respectively		_		1		1		3	
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)		<u>(7)</u>	<del>,</del>	(1)		(11)		10	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	5	13		493		1,571		1,456	
Total Comprehensive Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests		1		1		4		3	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO AEP COMMON SHAREHOLDERS	<b>\$</b> 5	12	\$	492	\$	1,567	\$	1,453	

# AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

# or the Nine Wouths Ended September (in millions)

(Unaudited)

			AEI	P C								
	Common Stock				Accumulated Other							
	Shares	A	mount		Paid-in Retained Capital Earnings		Comprehensive Income (Loss)		Noncontrolling Interests		Total	
TOTAL EQUITY - DECEMBER 31, 2013	508	\$	3,303	\$	6,131	\$	6,766	\$	(115)	\$	1	\$ 16,086
Issuance of Common Stock	2		9		54							63
Common Stock Dividends							(733)				(3)	(736)
Other Changes in Equity					6		(6)				3	3
Net Income							1,443				3	1,446
Other Comprehensive Income				_					10			10
TOTAL EQUITY - SEPTEMBER 30, 2014	510	<u>\$</u>	3,312	<u>\$</u>	6,191	\$	7,470	\$	(105)	\$	4	\$ 16,872
TOTAL EQUITY - DECEMBER 31, 2014	510	\$	3,313	\$	6,204	\$	7,406	\$	(103)	\$	4	\$ 16,824
Issuance of Common Stock	1		9		59						•	68
Common Stock Dividends							(780)				(3)	(783)
Other Changes in Equity					19						5	24
Net Income							1,578				4	1,582
Other Comprehensive Loss									(11)			(11)
Pension and OPEB Adjustment Related to Mitchell Plant									5			5
TOTAL EQUITY - SEPTEMBER 30, 2015	511	\$	3,322	\$	6,282	\$	8,204	\$	(109)	\$	10	\$ 17,709

# AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

### **ASSETS**

# September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 (in millions) (Unaudited)

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014		
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 178	\$ 163		
Other Temporary Investments (September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 Amounts Include \$307 and \$371, Respectively, Related to Transition Funding, Ohio Phase-in-Recovery Funding, Appalachian Consumer Rate Relief Funding and EIS)	315	. 386		
Accounts Receivable:				
Customers	662	637		
Accrued Unbilled Revenues	147	146		
Pledged Accounts Receivable – AEP Credit	987	987		
Miscellaneous	84	85		
Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	(27)	(20)		
Total Accounts Receivable	1,853	1,835		
Fuel	376	581		
Materials and Supplies	729	736		
Risk Management Assets	143	178		
Regulatory Asset for Under-Recovered Fuel Costs	105	127		
Margin Deposits	85	95		
Assets Held for Sale	608	103		
Prepayments and Other Current Assets	156	274		
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	4,548	4,478		
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Electric:				
Generation	25,665	25,727		
Transmission	13,305	12,433		
Distribution	17,812	17,157		
Other Property, Plant and Equipment (September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 Amounts Include Plant to be Retired, Coal Mining and Nuclear Fuel, December 31, 2014 Amount Includes 2015 Plant Retirement)	4,036	5,074		
Construction Work in Progress	4,008	3,215		
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	64,826	63,606		
Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	19,588	19,971		
TOTAL PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT – NET	45,238	43,635		
OTHER NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Regulatory Assets	4.950	4,264		
Securitized Assets	1.841	2,072		
Spent Nuclear Fuel and Decommissioning Trusts	2,047	2,096		
Goodwill	53	53		
Long-term Risk Management Assets	353	294		
Assets Held for Sale	_	522		
Deferred Charges and Other Noncurrent Assets	2,069	2,219		
TOTAL OTHER NONCURRENT ASSETS	11,313	11,520		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 61,099	\$ 59,633		

# AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

## September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014

(dollars in millions) (Unaudited)

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,274	\$ 1,258
Short-term Debt:		
Securitized Debt for Receivables – AEP Credit	750	744
Other Short-term Debt	32	602
Total Short-term Debt	782	1,346
Long-term Debt Due Within One Year (September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 Amounts Include \$424 and \$431, Respectively, Related to Transition Funding, DCC Fuel, Ohio Phase-in-Recovery Funding, Appalachian Consumer Rate Relief Funding and Sabine)	1,826	2,500
Risk Management Liabilities	75	92
Customer Deposits	335	324
Accrued Taxes	748	863
Accrued Interest	236	238
Regulatory Liability for Over-Recovered Fuel Costs	74	55
Liabilities Held for Sale	474	85
Other Current Liabilities	1,234	1,206
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	7,058	7,967
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Long-term Debt	<del></del>	
(September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 Amounts Include \$2,004 and \$2,260, Respectively, Related to Transition Funding, DCC Fuel, Ohio Phase-in-Recovery Funding, Appalachian Consumer Rate Relief Funding, Transource Energy and Sabine)	17,600	16,101
Long-term Risk Management Liabilities	201	131
Deferred Income Taxes	11,425	10,892
Regulatory Liabilities and Deferred Investment Tax Credits	3,762	3,892
Asset Retirement Obligations	1,944	1,951
Employee Benefits and Pension Obligations	535	630
Liabilities Held for Sale	_	350
Deferred Credits and Other Noncurrent Liabilities	865	895
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	36,332	34,842
TOTAL LIABILITIES	43,390	42,809
Rate Matters (Note 4)		
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 5)		
EQUITY		
Common Stock - Par Value - \$6.50 Per Share:	<b></b>	
2015 2014		
Shares Authorized 600,000,000 600,000,000		
Shares Issued 511,141,256 509,739,159		4
(20,336,592 Shares were Held in Treasury as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014)	3,322	3,313
Paid-in Capital	6,282	6,204
Retained Earnings	8,204	7,406
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(109)	,
TOTAL AEP COMMON SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	17,699	16,820
Noncontrolling Interests	10	4
TOTAL EQUITY	17,709	16,824
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$ 61,099	\$ 59,633

# AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

# For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

(in millions) (Unaudited)

		Nine Months Ended Sept		
Open ATRIC ACTUITIES	2015		2014	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net Income	\$	1,582 \$	1,446	
Income from Discontinued Operations	•	18	16	
Income from Continuing Operations	-	1,564	1,430	
Adjustments to Reconcile Income from Continuing Operations to Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			.,	
Depreciation and Amortization		1,528	1,418	
Deferred Income Taxes		529	385	
Carrying Costs Income		(18)	(22)	
Allowance for Equity Funds Used During Construction		(97)	(74)	
Mark-to-Market of Risk Management Contracts		18	15	
Amortization of Nuclear Fuel		102	114	
Pension Contributions to Qualified Plan Trust		(92)	(70)	
Property Taxes		247	220	
Fuel Over/Under-Recovery, Net		93	(77)	
Deferral of Ohio Capacity Costs, Net		35	(106)	
Change in Other Noncurrent Assets		(106)	`(41)	
Change in Other Noncurrent Liabilities		(1)	271	
Changes in Certain Components of Working Capital:		( )		
Accounts Receivable, Net		(18)	(19)	
Fuel, Materials and Supplies		194	222	
Accounts Payable		(13)	(40)	
Accrued Taxes, Net		(68)	20	
Other Current Assets		11		
Other Current Liabilities		2	69	
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	-	3,910	3,715	
. •				
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	•	(3,283)	(2,897)	
Construction Expenditures Change in Other Towns and Japanese Not		81	37	
Change in Other Temporary Investments, Net Purchases of Investment Securities		(1,489)	(791)	
Sales of Investment Securities		1,437	746	
Acquisitions of Nuclear Fuel		(53)	(109)	
·		(1)	(45)	
Acquisitions of Assets/Businesses Other Investing Activities		60	(20)	
		(3,248)	(3,079)	
Net Cash Flows Used for Investing Activities		(5,240)	(5,077)	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-	68	63	
Issuance of Common Stock, Net		2,931	1,206	
Issuance of Long-term Debt		(564)	1,206 525	
Change in Short-term Debt, Net		(2,131)	(1,536)	
Retirement of Long-term Debt		(93)	(1,550)	
Make Whole Premium on Extinguishment of Long-term Debt		(74)	(85)	
Principal Payments for Capital Lease Obligations		(783)	• •	
Dividends Paid on Common Stock		(1)	(736) 3	
Other Financing Activities		(647)	(560)	
Net Cash Flows Used for Financing Activities			` ` '	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		15	76	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period		163	118	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$	178 \$	194	
CASH FLOWS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS				
Operating Activities	\$	10 \$	10	
Investing Activities		2	(2)	
Financing Activities		(12)	(8)	
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents from Discontinued Operations				
Cash and Cash Equivalents from Discontinued Operations - Beginning of Period	_			
Cash and Cash Equivalents from Discontinued Operations - End of Period	\$	<u> </u>		

# AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES INDEX OF CONDENSED NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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# AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES CONDENSED NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING MATTERS

#### General

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and footnotes were prepared in accordance with GAAP for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X of the SEC. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete annual financial statements.

In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements reflect all normal and recurring accruals and adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of our net income, financial position and cash flows for the interim periods. Net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 is not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2015. The condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and should be read in conjunction with the audited 2014 consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, which are included in our Form 10-K as filed with the SEC on February 20, 2015.

#### Revenue Recognition

Electricity Supply and Delivery Activities - Transactions with PJM

Revenues are recognized from retail and wholesale electricity sales and electricity transmission and distribution delivery services. For regulated and nonregulated operations, we recognize the revenues on the statements of income upon delivery of the energy to the customer and include unbilled as well as billed amounts.

APCo, I&M, KPCo and WPCo sell power produced at their generation plants to PJM and purchase power from PJM to supply their retail load. These power sales and purchases for each subsidiary's retail load are netted hourly for financial reporting purposes. On an hourly net basis, each subsidiary records sales of power to PJM in excess of purchases of power from PJM as revenue on the statements of income. Also, on an hourly net basis, each subsidiary records purchases of power from PJM to serve retail load in excess of sales of power to PJM as Purchased Electricity for Resale on the statements of income. Upon termination of the Interconnection Agreement on January 1, 2014, each subsidiary manages and accounts for its purchases and sales with PJM individually based on market prices.

AEP's nonregulated subsidiaries also purchase power from PJM and sell power to PJM. With the exception of certain dedicated load bilateral power supply contracts, these transactions are reported as gross purchases and sales.

## Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing net earnings available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is calculated by adjusting the weighted average outstanding common shares, assuming conversion of all potentially dilutive stock options and awards.

The following tables present our basic and diluted EPS calculations included on our condensed statements of income:

			е Мо 15	nths En	nded September 30, 2014				
		(in n	illio	ns, exce	pt po	)			
			\$/	share			\$/:	share	
Income from Continuing Operations	\$	512			\$	483			
Less: Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests		1				1			
Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders from Continuing Operations	\$	511			\$	482			
Weighted Average Number of Basic Shares Outstanding		490.6	\$	1.04		488.9	\$	0.99	
Weighted Average Dilutive Effect of Restricted Stock Units		0.2				0.1			
Weighted Average Number of Diluted Shares Outstanding	_	490.8	\$	1.04		489.0	\$	0.99	
		Nine Months Ended September 30,							
		Nine	Mon	ths End	led S	Septemb	er 30	,	
			Mon 15	ths Enc	led S	-	er 30 14	, 	
		20	15			-	14 data)		
		20	15 tillio			20	14 data)		
Income from Continuing Operations	<u> </u>	20	15 tillio	ns, exce		20	14 data)		
Income from Continuing Operations Less: Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	<b>\$</b>	(in m	15 tillio	ns, exce	pt pe	20 er share	14 data)		
		(in m	15 tillio	ns, exce	pt pe	20 er share 1,430	14 data)		
Less: Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests  Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders from		20 (in m 1,564 4	15 tillio	ns, exce	pt pe	20 er share 1,430 3	14 data)		
Less: Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests  Earnings Attributable to AEP Common Shareholders from  Continuing Operations		20 (in m 1,564 4 1,560	15 nillion \$/	ns, exce share	pt pe	20 er share 1,430 3 1,427	14 data) \$/s	share	

There were no antidilutive shares outstanding as of September 30, 2015 and 2014.

### Supplementary Cash Flow Information

Cash Flow Information		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 2014							
	(in millions)								
Cash Paid (Received) for:									
Cash Paid for Interest, Net of Capitalized Amounts	\$	639	\$	649					
Net Cash Paid for Income Taxes		116		109					
Noncash Investing and Financing Activities:									
Noncash Acquisitions Under Capital Leases		97		80					
Construction Expenditures Included in Current Liabilities as of September 30,		579		515					
Construction Expenditures Included in Noncurrent Liabilities as of September 30,		66							
Acquisition of Nuclear Fuel Included in Current Liabilities as of September 30,		31		<del></del>					

#### 2. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Upon issuance of final pronouncements, we review the new accounting literature to determine its relevance, if any, to our business. The following final pronouncements will impact our financial statements.

## ASU 2014-08 "Presentation of Financial Statements and Property, Plant and Equipment" (ASU 2014-08)

In April 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-08 changing the presentation of discontinued operations on the statements of income and other requirements for reporting discontinued operations. Under the new standard, a disposal of a component or a group of components of an entity is required to be reported in discontinued operations if the disposal represents a strategic shift that has (or will have) a major effect on an entity's operations and financial results when the component meets the criteria to be classified as held-for-sale or is disposed. The amendments in this update also require additional disclosures about discontinued operations and disposal of an individually significant component of an entity that does not qualify for discontinued operations. This standard must be prospectively applied to all reporting periods presented in financial reports issued after the effective date.

The new accounting guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2014. If applicable, this standard will change the presentation of our financial statements but will not affect the calculation of net income, comprehensive income or earnings per share. We adopted ASU 2014-08 effective January 1, 2015.

## ASU 2014-09 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (ASU 2014-09)

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09 clarifying the method used to determine the timing and requirements for revenue recognition on the statements of income. Under the new standard, an entity must identify the performance obligations in a contract, determine the transaction price and allocate the price to specific performance obligations to recognize the revenue when the obligation is completed. The amendments in this update also require disclosure of sufficient information to allow users to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flow arising from contracts.

The FASB deferred implementation of ASU 2014-09 under the terms in ASU 2015-14, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date." The new accounting guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016. As applicable, this standard may change the amount of revenue recognized in the income statements in each reporting period. We are analyzing the impact of this new standard and, at this time, cannot estimate the impact of adoption on revenue or net income. We plan to adopt ASU 2014-09 effective January 1, 2018.

## ASU 2015-01 "Income Statement - Extraordinary and Unusual Items" (ASU 2015-01)

In January 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-01 eliminating the concept of extraordinary items for presentation on the face of the income statement. Under the new standard, a material event or transaction that is unusual in nature, infrequent or both shall be reported as a separate component of income from continuing operations. Alternatively, it may be disclosed in the notes to financial statements.

The new accounting guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Early adoption is permitted if applied from the beginning of a fiscal year. As applicable, this standard may change the presentation of amounts in the income statements. We plan to adopt ASU 2015-01 effective January 1, 2016.

## ASU 2015-03 "Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs" (ASU 2015-03)

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-03 simplifying the presentation of debt issuance costs on the balance sheets. Under the new standard, debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability will be presented on the balance sheets as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with discounts. We include debt issuance costs in Deferred Charges and Other Noncurrent Assets on the condensed balance sheets. Debt issuance costs represent less than 1% of total long-term debt.

The new accounting guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015 with early adoption permitted. We intend to early adopt ASU 2015-03 for the 2015 Form 10-K.

#### ASU 2015-05 "Customer's Accounting for Fees Paid in a Cloud Computing Arrangement" (ASU 2015-05)

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-05 providing guidance to customers about whether a cloud computing arrangement includes a software license. The new accounting guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2015 with early adoption permitted. We are analyzing the impact of this new standard and, at this time, cannot estimate the impact of adoption on net income. We plan to adopt ASU 2015-05 effective January 1, 2016.

#### ASU 2015-11 "Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory" (ASU 2015-11)

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-11 simplifying the guidance on the subsequent measurement of inventory, excluding inventory measured using last-in, first-out or the retail inventory method. Under the new standard, inventory should be at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The new accounting guidance is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016 with early adoption permitted. We are analyzing the impact of this new standard and, at this time, cannot estimate the impact of adoption on net income. We plan to adopt ASU 2015-11 effective January 1, 2017.

# ASU 2015-13 "Application of the Normal Purchases and Normal Sales Scope Exception to Certain Electricity Contracts within Nodal Energy Markets" (ASU 2015-13)

In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-13 clarifying whether a contract for the purchase or sale of electricity on a forward basis should be eligible to meet the physical delivery criterion of the normal purchases and normal sales scope exception when either the delivery location is within a nodal energy market or the contract necessitates transmission through a nodal energy market and one of the contracting parties incurs charges (or credits) for the transmission of electricity based in part on locational marginal pricing differences payable to (or receivable from) an independent system operator. Under the new standard, the use of locational marginal pricing by an independent system operator does not cause a contract to fail to meet the physical delivery criterion of the normal purchases and normal sales scope exception. As a result, an entity may elect to designate that contract as a normal purchase or normal sale.

The new accounting guidance is effective upon issuance and applied prospectively. We have analyzed the impact of this new standard and determined that it will have no impact on the accounting of our contracts. Additionally, adoption has no impact on net income. We adopted ASU 2015-13 upon its issuance date.

## 3. <u>COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</u>

## Presentation of Comprehensive Income

The following tables provide the components of changes in AOCI for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014. All amounts in the following tables are presented net of related income taxes.

## Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) by Component For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2015

	Cash	Flow Hedges			
	Commodity	Interest Rate and Foreign Currency	Securities Available for Sale	Pension and OPEB	Total
		(i	n millions)		
Balance in AOCI as of June 30, 2015	\$ _(5)	\$ (18)	\$ 8	\$ (87)	\$ (102)
Change in Fair Value Recognized in AOCI	(3)	_	(1)		(4)
Amounts Reclassified from AOCI	(3)			_	(3)
Net Current Period Other Comprehensive Loss	(6)		(1)	<del></del>	(7)
Balance in AOCI as of September 30, 2015	\$ (11)	\$ (18)	\$ 7	\$ (87)	\$ (109)

## Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) by Component For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2014

	Cash	Flow Hedges			
	Commodity	Interest Rate and Foreign Currency	Securities Available for Sale	Pension and OPEB	Total
		(i	n millions)		
Balance in AOCI as of June 30, 2014	\$ 6	\$ (21)	\$ 8	\$ (97)	\$ (104)
Change in Fair Value Recognized in AOCI	3		<del>-</del>		3
Amounts Reclassified from AOCI	(6)	1	<del></del>	1	(4)
Net Current Period Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(3)	1		1	(1)
Balance in AOCI as of September 30, 2014	\$ 3	\$ (20)	\$ 8	\$ (96)	\$ (105)

## Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) by Component For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

	Cash I	Flow Hedges			
	Commodity	Interest Rate and Foreign Currency	Securities Available for Sale	Pension and OPEB	Total
		(i	n millions)		
Balance in AOCI as of December 31, 2014	\$1	\$ (19)	\$ 8	\$ (93)	\$ (103)
Change in Fair Value Recognized in AOCI	(2)	<u> </u>	(1)		(3)
Amounts Reclassified from AOCI	(10)	1		_ 1	(8)
Net Current Period Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(12)	1	(1)	1	(11)
Pension and OPEB Adjustment Related to Mitchell Plant				5	5
Balance in AOCI as of September 30, 2015	\$ (11)	\$ (18)	\$ 7	\$ (87)	\$ (109)

## Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) by Component For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014

	Cash I	low Hedges			
	Commodity	Interest Rate and Foreign Currency	Securities Available for Sale	Pension and OPEB	Total
		(i	n millions)		
Balance in AOCI as of December 31, 2013	<b>\$</b>	\$ (23)	\$ 7	\$ (99)	\$ (115)
Change in Fair Value Recognized in AOCI	(8)		1		$\overline{(7)}$
Amounts Reclassified from AOCI	11	3	_	3	17
Net Current Period Other Comprehensive Income	3	3	1	3	10
Balance in AOCI as of September 30, 2014	<b>\$</b> 3	\$ (20)	\$ 8	\$ (96)	\$ (105)

## Reclassifications from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following tables provide details of reclassifications from AOCI for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014. The amortization of pension and OPEB AOCI components are included in the computation of net periodic pension and OPEB costs. See Note 7 for additional details.

## Reclassifications from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

	Amount of (Gain) Loss Reclassified from AOCI								
	Three Months Ended September 3								
	2		014						
Gains and Losses on Cash Flow Hedges		(in millions)							
Commodity:									
Generation & Marketing Revenues	\$	(19) \$							
Purchased Electricity for Resale		<u> 14</u>	(9)						
Subtotal – Commodity		(5)	(9)						
Interest Rate and Foreign Currency:									
Interest Expense			2_						
Subtotal - Interest Rate and Foreign Currency			2						
Reclassifications from AOCI, before Income Tax (Expense) Credit		(5)	(7)						
Income Tax (Expense) Credit		(2)	(2)						
Reclassifications from AOCI, Net of Income Tax (Expense) Credit		(3)	(5)						
Pension and OPEB									
Amortization of Prior Service Cost (Credit)		(5)	(5)						
Amortization of Actuarial (Gains)/Losses		5	7						
Reclassifications from AOCI, before Income Tax (Expense) Credit			2						
Income Tax (Expense) Credit			1						
Reclassifications from AOCI, Net of Income Tax (Expense) Credit			1						
Total Reclassifications from AOCI, Net of Income Tax (Expense) Credit	\$	(3) \$	<u>(4)</u>						

## Reclassifications from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

		Amount of (Gain) I Reclassified from A	
-		Months Ended Septe	
Cains and Laure on Carl Plans W. days			2014
Gains and Losses on Cash Flow Hedges Commodity:	_	(in millions)	
Generation & Marketing Revenues	\$	(36) \$	
Purchased Electricity for Resale	Φ.	20	20
Regulatory Assets/(Liabilities), Net (a)		20	=
Subtotal – Commodity		(16)	(3) 17
Subtotal - Colliniouity		(10)	
Interest Rate and Foreign Currency:			
Interest Expense		1	6
Subtotal - Interest Rate and Foreign Currency		1	6
Reclassifications from AOCI, before Income Tax (Expense) Credit		(15)	23
Income Tax (Expense) Credit		(6)	9
Reclassifications from AOCI, Net of Income Tax (Expense) Credit		(9)	14
Pension and OPEB			
Amortization of Prior Service Cost (Credit)		(15)	(15)
Amortization of Actuarial (Gains)/Losses		16	21
Reclassifications from AOCI, before Income Tax (Expense) Credit	-	1	<u>6</u>
Income Tax (Expense) Credit		_	3
Reclassifications from AOCI, Net of Income Tax (Expense) Credit		1	3
Total Reclassifications from AOCI, Net of Income Tax (Expense) Credit	\$	(8) \$	17

<sup>(</sup>a) Represents realized gains and losses subject to regulatory accounting treatment recorded as either current or noncurrent on the condensed balance sheets.

#### 4. RATE MATTERS

As discussed in the 2014 Annual Report, our subsidiaries are involved in rate and regulatory proceedings at the FERC and their state commissions. The Rate Matters note within our 2014 Annual Report should be read in conjunction with this report to gain a complete understanding of material rate matters still pending that could impact net income, cash flows and possibly financial condition. The following discusses ratemaking developments in 2015 and updates the 2014 Annual Report.

## Regulatory Assets Pending Final Regulatory Approval

	•	nber 30, 015	December 31, 2014		
Noncurrent Regulatory Assets	_	(in mi	llions)		
Regulatory Assets Currently Earning a Return					
Storm Related Costs	\$	24	\$	20	
Material and Supplies Related to Retired Plants		20			
West Virginia Vegetation Management Program				20	
Regulatory Assets Currently Not Earning a Return					
Asset Retirement Obligation Costs Related to Retired Plants		59		_	
Virginia Peak Demand Reduction/Energy Efficiency		12		9	
Ormet Special Rate Recovery Mechanism		10		10	
Storm Related Costs		7		100	
Carbon Capture and Storage Product Validation Facility		_		13	
IGCC Pre-Construction Costs				11	
Other Regulatory Assets Pending Final Regulatory Approval	. <u> </u>	27_		43	
Total Regulatory Assets Pending Final Regulatory Approval	\$	159	\$	226	

If these costs are ultimately determined not to be recoverable, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

## **OPCo Rate Matters**

#### Ohio Electric Security Plan Filings

2009 - 2011 ESP

The PUCO issued an order in March 2009 that modified and approved the ESP which established rates at the start of the April 2009 billing cycle through 2011. The order also provided a phase-in FAC, which was authorized to be recovered through a non-bypassable surcharge over the period 2012 through 2018.

In August 2012, the PUCO issued an order in a separate proceeding which implemented a PIRR to recover deferred fuel costs in rates beginning September 2012. The PUCO ruled that carrying charges should be calculated without an offset for accumulated deferred income taxes and that a long-term debt rate should be applied when collections begin. In November 2012, OPCo appealed that PUCO order to the Supreme Court of Ohio claiming a long-term debt rate modified the previously adjudicated 2009 - 2011 ESP order, which granted a weighted average cost of capital (WACC) rate. In November 2012, the IEU filed an appeal of the PUCO decision that included the argument that carrying costs should be reduced due to an accumulated deferred income tax credit. In June 2015, the Supreme Court of Ohio issued a decision that reversed the PUCO order on the carrying cost rate issue and dismissed the appeal filed by the IEU. In June 2015, the IEU filed a motion for reconsideration with the Supreme Court of Ohio related to the accumulated deferred income tax credit. In September 2015, the Supreme Court of Ohio denied the IEU's request for reconsideration and in October 2015 this matter was remanded back to the PUCO for reinstatement of the WACC rate.

In August 2012, the PUCO issued an order which adopted and modified a new ESP that established base generation rates through May 2015. This ruling was generally upheld in rehearing orders in January and March 2013.

In July 2012, the PUCO issued an order in a separate capacity proceeding which stated that OPCo must charge CRES providers the RPM price and authorized OPCo to defer a portion of its incurred capacity costs not recovered from CRES providers up to \$188.88/MW day. The OPCo RPM price collected from CRES providers, which includes reserve margins, was approximately \$34/MW day through May 2014 and \$150/MW day from June 2014 through May 2015. In December 2012, various parties filed notices of appeal of the capacity costs decision with the Supreme Court of Ohio, which has scheduled oral arguments for the fourth quarter of 2015.

As part of the August 2012 ESP order, the PUCO established a non-bypassable RSR, effective September 2012. The RSR was collected from customers at \$3.50/MWh through May 2014 and at \$4.00/MWh for the period June 2014 through May 2015, with \$1.00/MWh applied to the recovery of deferred capacity costs. In April 2015, the PUCO issued an order that approved, with modifications, OPCo's July 2014 application to collect the unrecovered portion of the deferred capacity costs. The order included approval to continue the collection of deferred capacity costs at a rate of \$4.00/MWh beginning June 1, 2015 for approximately 32 months, with carrying costs at a long-term cost of debt rate. Additionally, the order stated that an audit will be conducted of the May 31, 2015 capacity deferral balance, which was \$444 million. In May 2015, the PUCO granted intervenors requests for rehearing. As of September 30, 2015, OPCo's net deferred capacity costs balance of \$392 million, including debt carrying costs, was recorded in Regulatory Assets on the condensed balance sheet. Through September 30, 2015, OPCo has collected \$183 million in deferred capacity costs, and related carrying charges.

In 2013, the PUCO issued its Orders on Rehearing for the ESP which generally upheld its August 2012 order. The PUCO clarified that a final reconciliation of revenues and expenses would be permitted for any over- or under-recovery on several riders including fuel. In addition, the PUCO addressed certain issues around the energy auctions while other SSO issues related to the energy auctions were deferred to a separate docket related to the competitive bid process (CBP). In 2013, OPCo and various intervenors filed appeals with the Supreme Court of Ohio challenging portions of the PUCO's ESP order. Oral arguments at the Supreme Court of Ohio were held in May 2015.

In November 2013, the PUCO issued an order approving OPCo's CBP with modifications. The PUCO also approved the unbundling of the FAC into fixed and energy-related components and an intervenor proposal to blend the \$188.88/MW day capacity price in proportion to the percentage of energy planned to be auctioned. Additionally, the PUCO ordered that intervenor concerns related to the recovery of the fixed fuel costs through potentially both the FAC and the approved capacity charges be addressed in subsequent FAC proceedings.

In January 2014, the PUCO denied all rehearing requests and agreed to issue a supplemental request for an independent auditor in the 2012 - 2013 FAC proceeding to separately examine the recovery of the fixed fuel costs, including OVEC. In March 2014, the PUCO approved OPCo's request to implement riders related to the unbundling of the FAC. In October 2014, the independent auditor, selected by the PUCO, filed its report for the period August 2012 through May 2015 with the PUCO. If the PUCO ultimately concludes that a portion of the fixed fuel costs are also recovered through OPCo's \$188.88/MW day capacity charge, the independent auditor has recommended a methodology for calculating a refund of a portion of certain fixed fuel costs. The retail share of these fixed fuel costs is approximately \$90 million annually. A hearing related to this matter has not been scheduled. Management believes that no over-recovery of costs has occurred and disagrees with the findings in the audit report.

If OPCo is ultimately not permitted to fully collect all components of its ESP rates, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

In December 2013, OPCo filed an application with the PUCO to approve an ESP that included proposed rate adjustments and the continuation and modification of certain existing riders, including the Distribution Investment Rider (DIR), effective June 2015 through May 2018. The proposal also included a purchased power agreement (PPA) rider that would allow retail customers to receive a rate stabilizing charge or credit by hedging market-based prices with a cost-based PPA. The PPA would initially be based upon the OVEC contractual entitlement and could, upon further approval, be expanded to include other contracts involving other Ohio legacy generation assets.

In February 2015, the PUCO issued an order approving OPCo's ESP application, subject to certain modifications, with a return on common equity of 10.2% on capital costs for certain riders. The order included (a) approval of the DIR, with modified rate caps established by the PUCO, (b) authorization to establish a zero rate rider for OPCo's proposed PPA, (c) the option for OPCo to reapply in a future proceeding with a more detailed PPA proposal and (d) a directive to continue to pursue the transfer of the OVEC contractual entitlement to AGR or to otherwise divest of its interest in OVEC. In May 2015, the PUCO issued an order on rehearing that increased the DIR rate caps and deferred ruling on all requests for rehearing related to the establishment of the PPA rider. In July 2015, the PUCO granted OPCo's and various intervenors' requests for rehearing related to the May 2015 order. In July 2015, intervenors filed appeals with the Supreme Court of Ohio that included opposition to the authorization of a PPA rider and the modifications to a transmission rider.

In October 2014, OPCo filed a separate application with the PUCO to propose a new extended PPA with AGR for 2,671 MW for inclusion in the PPA rider. In May 2015, OPCo filed an amended PPA application between OPCo and AGR that (a) included OPCo's OVEC contractual entitlement, (b) addressed the PPA requirements set forth in the PUCO's February 2015 order, (c) updated supporting testimony to reflect a current analysis of the PPA proposal and (d) included the 2,671 MW to be available for capacity, energy and ancillary services, produced by AGR over the lives of the respective generating units. A hearing at the PUCO related to the PPA commenced in September 2015. In October 2015, the PUCO staff submitted testimony that opposed the PPA application as currently proposed but concluded that, with changes, a PPA could be in the public interest.

If OPCo is ultimately not permitted to fully collect all components of its ESP rates, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

## Significantly Excessive Earnings Test Filings

In January 2011, the PUCO issued an order on the 2009 SEET filing. The order gave consideration for a future commitment to invest \$20 million to support the development of a large solar farm. In January 2013, the PUCO found there was not a need for the large solar farm. The PUCO noted that OPCo remains obligated to spend \$20 million on this solar project or another project. In September 2013, a proposed second phase of OPCo's gridSMART® program was filed with the PUCO which included a proposed project to satisfy this PUCO directive. A decision from the PUCO is pending.

In June 2015, OPCo submitted its 2014 SEET filing with the PUCO. Management believes its financial statements adequately address the impact of 2014 SEET requirements.

## Corporate Separation

In October 2012, the PUCO issued an order which approved the corporate separation and transfer of OPCo's generation assets and associated generation liabilities at net book value to AGR. In June 2013, the IEU filed an appeal with the Supreme Court of Ohio claiming the PUCO order approving the corporate separation was unlawful. A decision from the Supreme Court of Ohio is pending. In December 2013, corporate separation of OPCo's generation assets was completed. If any part of the PUCO order is overturned, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

#### 2009 Fuel Adjustment Clause Audit

In January 2012, the PUCO issued an order in OPCo's 2009 FAC that the remaining \$65 million in proceeds from a 2008 coal contract settlement agreement be applied against OPCo's under-recovered fuel balance. In April 2012, on rehearing, the PUCO ordered that the settlement credit only needed to reflect the Ohio retail jurisdictional share of the gain not already flowed through the FAC with carrying charges. As a result, OPCo recorded a \$30 million net favorable adjustment on the statement of income in 2012. The January 2012 PUCO order also stated that a consultant should be hired to review the coal reserve valuation and recommend whether any additional value should benefit ratepayers.

In September 2014, the Supreme Court of Ohio upheld the PUCO order on appeal. A review of the coal reserve valuation by an outside consultant has not been initiated by the PUCO. If the PUCO ultimately determines that additional amounts should benefit ratepayers as a result of the consultant's review of the coal reserve valuation, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

## 2012 and 2013 Fuel Adjustment Clause Audits

In May 2014, the PUCO-selected outside consultant provided its final report related to its 2012 and 2013 FAC audit which included certain unfavorable recommendations related to the FAC recovery for 2012 and 2013. These recommendations are opposed by OPCo. In addition, the PUCO will consider the results of the final audit of the recovery of fixed fuel costs that was issued in October 2014. See the "June 2012 - May 2015 ESP Including Capacity Charge" section above. If the PUCO orders a reduction to the FAC deferral or a refund to customers, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

#### **Ormet**

Ormet, a large aluminum company, had a contract to purchase power from OPCo through 2018. In 2013, Ormet filed for bankruptcy and subsequently shut down operations. In March 2014, the PUCO issued an order in OPCo's Economic Development Rider (EDR) filing allowing OPCo to include \$39 million of Ormet-related foregone revenues in the EDR effective April 2014. The order stated that if the stipulation agreement between OPCo and Ormet is subsequently adopted by the PUCO, OPCo could file an application to modify the EDR rate for the remainder of the period requesting recovery of the remaining \$10 million of Ormet deferrals which, as of September 30, 2015, is recorded in Regulatory Assets on the condensed balance sheet. In April 2014, an intervenor filed testimony objecting to \$5 million of the remaining foregone revenues. A hearing at the PUCO related to the stipulation agreement was held in May 2014.

In addition, in the 2009 - 2011 ESP proceeding, intervenors requested that OPCo be required to refund the Ormet-related revenues under a previous interim arrangement (effective from January 2009 through September 2009) and requested that the PUCO prevent OPCo from collecting Ormet-related revenues in the future. Through September 2009, the last month of the interim arrangement, OPCo had \$64 million of deferred FAC costs related to the interim arrangement, excluding \$2 million of unrecognized equity carrying costs. The PUCO did not take any action on this request. The intervenors raised this issue again in response to OPCo's November 2009 filling to approve recovery of the deferral under the interim agreement.

To the extent amounts discussed above are not recoverable, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

## **SWEPCo Rate Matters**

#### 2012 Texas Base Rate Case

In 2012, SWEPCo filed a request with the PUCT to increase annual base rates primarily due to the completion of the Turk Plant. In 2013, the PUCT issued an order affirming the prudence of the Turk Plant but determined that the Turk Plant's Texas jurisdictional capital cost cap established in a previous Certificate of Convenience and Necessity case also limited SWEPCo's recovery of AFUDC in addition to limits on its recovery of cash construction costs. Additionally,

the PUCT deferred consideration of the requested increase in depreciation expense related to the change in the 2016 retirement date of the Welsh Plant, Unit 2. As of September 30, 2015, the net book value of Welsh Plant, Unit 2 was \$83 million, before cost of removal, including materials and supplies inventory and CWIP.

Upon rehearing in January 2014, the PUCT reversed its initial ruling and determined that AFUDC was excluded from the Turk Plant's Texas jurisdictional capital cost cap. As a result, in the fourth quarter of 2013, SWEPCo reversed \$114 million of previously recorded regulatory disallowances. The resulting annual base rate increase was approximately \$52 million. In March 2014, the PUCT issued an order related to the January 2014 PUCT ruling and in April 2014, this order became final. In May 2014, intervenors filed appeals of that order with the Texas District Court. In June 2014, SWEPCo intervened in those appeals and filed initial responses.

If certain parts of the PUCT order are overturned or if SWEPCo cannot ultimately recover its Texas jurisdictional share of the Turk Plant investment, including AFUDC, or its retirement-related costs and potential fuel or replacement power disallowances related to Welsh Plant, Unit 2, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

### 2012 Louisiana Formula Rate Filing

In 2012, SWEPCo initiated a proceeding to establish new formula base rates in Louisiana, including recovery of the Louisiana jurisdictional share (approximately 29%) of the Turk Plant. In February 2013, a settlement was filed and approved by the LPSC. The settlement increased SWEPCo's Louisiana total rates by approximately \$2 million annually, effective March 2013, which consisted of an increase in base rates of approximately \$85 million annually offset by a decrease in fuel and other rates of approximately \$83 million annually. The March 2013 base rates are based on a 10% return on common equity and cost recovery of the Louisiana jurisdictional share of the Turk Plant and Stall Unit. The rates are subject to refund based on the staff review of the cost of service and the prudency review of the Turk Plant. The settlement also provided that the LPSC review base rates in 2014 and 2015 and that SWEPCo recover nonfuel Turk Plant costs and a full weighted-average cost of capital return on the prudently incurred Turk Plant investment in jurisdictional rate base, effective January 2013. In December 2014, the LPSC approved a settlement agreement related to the staff review of the cost of service. The settlement agreement reduced the requested revenue increase by \$3 million, primarily due to the timing of both the allowed recovery of certain existing regulatory assets and the establishment of a regulatory asset for certain previously expensed costs. If the LPSC orders refunds based upon the pending prudence review of the Turk Plant investment, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

#### 2014 Louisiana Formula Rate Filing

In April 2014, SWEPCo filed its annual formula rate plan for test year 2013 with the LPSC. The filing included a \$5 million annual increase, which was effective August 2014. SWEPCo also proposed to increase rates by an additional \$15 million annually, effective January 2015, for a total annual increase of \$20 million. This additional increase reflects the cost of incremental generation to be used to serve Louisiana customers in 2015 due to the expiration of a purchased power agreement attributable to Louisiana customers. In December 2014, the LPSC approved a partial settlement agreement that included the implementation of the \$15 million annual increase in rates effective January 2015. These increases are subject to LPSC staff review and are subject to refund. If any of these costs are not recoverable, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

## 2015 Louisiana Formula Rate Filing

In April 2015, SWEPCo filed its formula rate plan for test year 2014 with the LPSC. The filing included a \$14 million annual increase, which was effective August 2015. This increase is subject to LPSC staff review and is subject to refund. If any of these costs are not recoverable, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

## Welsh Plant, Units 1 and 3 - Environmental Projects

To comply with pending Federal EPA regulations, SWEPCo is currently constructing environmental control projects to meet Mercury and Air Toxics Standards for Welsh Plant, Units 1 and 3 at a cost of approximately \$410 million, excluding AFUDC. Management currently estimates that the total environmental projects to be completed through 2024 for Welsh Plant, Units 1 and 3 will cost approximately \$700 million, excluding AFUDC. As of September 30, 2015, SWEPCo has incurred costs of \$303 million, including AFUDC, and has remaining contractual construction obligations of \$62 million related to these projects. SWEPCo will seek recovery of these project costs from customers through filings at the state commissions and the FERC. As of September 30, 2015, the net book value of Welsh Plant, Units 1 and 3 was \$529 million, before cost of removal, including materials and supplies inventory and CWIP. If any of these costs are not recoverable, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

#### APCo and WPCo Rate Matters

## 2014 West Virginia Base Rate Case

In May 2015, the WVPSC issued an order on APCo and WPCo's base rate case. Upon implementation of the order in May 2015, and consistent with the WVPSC authorized total revenue, annual base rates were authorized to be increased by \$99 million based upon a 9.75% return on common equity. The order included a delayed billing of \$25 million of the annual base rate increase to residential customers until July 2016. The order provided for carrying charges based upon a WACC rate for the \$25 million delayed billing through June 2016, and stated recovery would be addressed in the next ENEC case scheduled for 2016. Additionally, the order included approval of (a) an initial vegetation management rider of \$45 million annually, (b) revised deprecation rates, including recovery of plants to be retired and (c) the recovery of \$89 million in previously recorded regulatory assets, which will predominantly be recovered over five years.

#### 2015 Virginia Regulatory Asset Proceeding

In January 2015, the Virginia SCC initiated a proceeding to address the proper treatment of APCo's authorized regulatory assets. In February and March 2015, briefs related to this proceeding were filed by various parties. As of September 30, 2015, APCo's authorized regulatory assets under review in this proceeding were \$11 million. If any of these costs, or any additional costs that may be subject to review, are not recoverable, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

#### New Virginia Legislation Affecting Biennial Reviews

In February 2015, amendments to Virginia law governing the regulation of investor-owned electric utilities were enacted. Under the amended Virginia law, APCo's existing generation and distribution base rates are frozen until after the Virginia SCC rules on APCo's next biennial review, which APCo will file in March 2020 for the 2018 and 2019 test years. These amendments also preclude the Virginia SCC from performing biennial reviews of APCo's earnings for the years 2014 through 2017. APCo's financial statements adequately address the impact of these amendments. The new law provides that APCo will absorb its Virginia jurisdictional share of incremental generation and distribution costs incurred during 2014 through 2017 that are associated with severe weather events and/or natural disasters and costs associated with potential asset impairments related to new carbon emission guidelines issued by the Federal EPA.

#### **PSO Rate Matters**

#### 2015 Oklahoma Base Rate Case

In July 2015, PSO filed a request with the OCC to increase annual revenues by \$137 million to recover costs associated with its environmental compliance plan for the Federal EPA's Regional Haze Rule and Mercury and Air Toxics Standards, and to recover investments and other costs that have increased since the last base rate case. The annual increase consists of (a) a base rate increase of \$89 million, which includes \$48 million in increased depreciation expense that reflects, among other things, recovery through June 2026 of Northeastern Plant, Units 3 and 4, (b) a rider or base

rate increase of \$44 million to recover costs for the environmental controls being installed on Northeastern Plant, Unit 3 and the Comanche Plant and (c) a request to include environmental consumable costs in the FAC, estimated to be \$4 million annually. The rate increase includes a proposed return on common equity of 10.5% to be effective in January 2016, except for the \$44 million for environmental investments, which is effective in March 2016, after the Northeastern Plant, Unit 3 environmental controls go in service. The total estimated cost of the environmental controls to be installed at Northeastern Plant, Unit 3 and the Comanche Plant is \$219 million, excluding AFUDC. As of September 30, 2015, PSO has incurred costs of \$162 million related to these projects, including AFUDC.

In addition, the filing also notified the OCC that the incremental replacement capacity and energy costs, including the first year effects of new PPAs, estimated to be \$35 million, will be incurred related to the environmental compliance plan due to the closure of Northeastern Plant, Unit 4 in April 2016, which would be recovered through the FAC. As of September 30, 2015, the net book value of Northeastern Plant, Unit 4 was \$94 million, before cost of removal, including materials and supplies inventory and CWIP.

In October 2015, testimony was filed by OCC staff and intervenors with recommendations that included increases to base rates and/or the proposed environmental rider ranging from \$10 million to \$31 million, based upon returns on common equity ranging from 8.75% to 9.3%, and increases to depreciation expense ranging from \$23 million to \$46 million. Additionally, recommendations by certain intervenors included (a) no recovery of PSO's investment in Northeastern Plant, Unit 3 environmental controls, (b) no recovery of the plant balances at the time the units are retired in 2016 and 2026, (c) denial of returns on the book values after the retirement dates, or to be set at only the cost of debt, and (d) the disallowance of the capacity costs associated with the PPAs. Additionally, certain intervenors did not support an increase in depreciation expense for the Northeastern Plant, Units 3 and 4 to permit cost recovery by Unit 3's 2026 retirement date as the proposals called for no change in existing cost recovery by 2040. Hearings at the OCC are scheduled for December 2015.

If any of these costs are not recoverable, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

#### 2014 Oklahoma Base Rate Case

In April 2015, the OCC issued an order that approved a non-unanimous stipulation agreement between PSO, the OCC staff and certain intervenors. The approved stipulation provides for no overall change to the transmission rider or to annual revenues, other than additional revenues through a separate rider related to advanced metering costs, and that the terms of the stipulation be effective November 2014. The advanced metering rider provides \$24 million of revenues over 14 months beginning in November 2014 and increases to \$27 million in 2016. The stipulation also included (a) new depreciation rates for advanced metering investments and existing meters, also effective November 2014, (b) a return on common equity of 9.85% to be used only in the formula to calculate AFUDC, factoring of customer receivables and for riders with an equity component and (c) recovery of regulatory assets for 2013 storms and regulatory case expenses. The advanced metering cost rider was implemented in November 2014.

#### **I&M** Rate Matters

#### Tanners Creek Plant

In October 2014, I&M filed an application with the IURC seeking approval of revised depreciation rates for Rockport Plant, Unit 1 and the Tanners Creek Plant. Upon retirement of the Tanners Creek Plant, I&M proposed that, for purposes of determining its depreciation rates, the net book value of the Tanners Creek Plant be recovered over the remaining life of the Rockport Plant. The new depreciation rates would result in a decrease in I&M's Indiana jurisdictional electric depreciation expense which I&M proposed to reduce customer rates through a credit rider. In May 2015, the IURC issued an order approving I&M's request for revised depreciation rates.

In May 2015, Tanners Creek Plant was retired. Upon retirement, \$265 million was reclassified as Regulatory Assets on the condensed balance sheet related to the net book value of Tanners Creek Plant and is being amortized over 29 years. An additional \$38 million was reclassified as Regulatory Assets on the condensed balance sheet for related asset retirement obligations and materials and supplies, which are currently not being amortized, pending regulatory approval.

#### Transmission, Distribution and Storage System Improvement Charge (TDSIC)

In October 2014, I&M filed petitions with the IURC for approval of a TDSIC Rider and approval of I&M's seven-year TDSIC Plan for eligible transmission, distribution and storage system improvements totaling \$787 million. In April 2015, I&M filed a notice with the IURC to exclude \$117 million related to certain projects. In September 2015, the IURC granted I&M's motion to withdraw its application for reconsideration and/or rehearing and I&M withdrew its appeal with the Indiana Court of Appeals.

#### **KPCo Rate Matters**

## Plant Transfer

In October 2013, the KPSC issued an order that approved a modified settlement agreement which included the approval to transfer to KPCo a one-half interest in the Mitchell Plant, comprising 780 MW of average annual generating capacity. In December 2013, the transfer of a one-half interest in the Mitchell Plant to KPCo was completed. In December 2013, the Attorney General filed an appeal of the order with the Franklin County Circuit Court. In April 2015, the Franklin County Circuit Court issued an order that affirmed the KPSC's October 2013 order. In May 2015, the Attorney General filed an appeal with the Franklin County Circuit Court of the April 2015 order that had affirmed the KPSC's order.

Consistent with KPCo's December 2012 plant transfer filing that was approved by the KPSC, Big Sandy Plant, Unit 2 was retired in May 2015. Upon retirement, \$194 million was reclassified as Regulatory Assets on the condensed balance sheet related to the net book value of Big Sandy Plant, Unit 2 and the related asset retirement obligations, costs of removal and materials and supplies. These regulatory assets will be amortized over 25 years, effective July 2015.

If any part of the KPSC order is overturned, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

#### Kentucky Fuel Adjustment Clause Review

In January 2015, the KPSC issued an order disallowing certain FAC costs during the period of January 2014 through May 2015 while KPCo owned and operated both Big Sandy Plant, Unit 2 and its one-half interest in the Mitchell Plant. As a result of this order, KPCo recorded a regulatory disallowance of \$36 million in December 2014. In February 2015, KPCo filed an appeal of this order with the Franklin County Circuit Court. In September 2015, the Franklin County Circuit Court issued an order that dismissed all appeals filed related to this FAC review, as agreed to by the parties to the stipulation agreement in the "2014 Kentucky Base Rate Case" discussed below.

#### 2014 Kentucky Base Rate Case

In December 2014, KPCo filed a request with the KPSC for a net increase in rates of \$70 million. In April 2015, a non-unanimous stipulation agreement between KPCo and certain intervenors was filed with the KPSC. The parties to the stipulation recommended a net revenue increase of \$45 million, which consisted of a \$68 million increase in rider rates, offset by a \$23 million decrease in annual base rates, to be effective July 2015. The proposed net increase reflects KPCo's ownership interest in the Mitchell Plant, riders to recover the Big Sandy Plant retirement and operational costs and the inclusion of an environmental compliance plan. Additionally, the agreement included (a) recovery of \$12 million of deferred storm costs, (b) any difference between the actual off-system sales margins and the \$15 million

included in the proposed annual base rates to be shared with 75% to the customer and 25% to KPCo and (c) dismissal of the KPCo and the Kentucky Industrial Utility Customers appeals of the KPSC order in the KPCo fuel adjustment clause review. See "Kentucky Fuel Adjustment Clause Review" discussed above.

In June 2015, the KPSC issued an order that approved a modified stipulation agreement. The order approved a net revenue increase of \$45 million, as proposed in the stipulation agreement, and contained modifications that included (a) approval to recover \$2 million of IGCC and certain carbon capture study costs, both over 25 years, (b) no deferral of certain PJM costs and (c) denial of the recovery of certain potential purchased power costs through a rider.

## **KGPCo Rate Matters**

## 2015 Kingsport Base Rate Case

In September 2015, KGPCo filed a request with the TRA to increase base rates by \$12 million annually based upon a proposed return on common equity of 10.66% with the new rates expected to be implemented by July 2016. If KGPCo does not recover its costs, it could reduce future net income and cash flows and impact financial condition.

#### 5. COMMITMENTS, GUARANTEES AND CONTINGENCIES

We are subject to certain claims and legal actions arising in our ordinary course of business. In addition, our business activities are subject to extensive governmental regulation related to public health and the environment. The ultimate outcome of such pending or potential litigation against us cannot be predicted. We accrue contingent liabilities only when we conclude that it is both probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. When we determine that it is not probable, but rather reasonably possible that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements, we disclose such contingencies and the possible loss or range of loss if such estimate can be made. Any estimated range is based on currently available information and involves elements of judgment and significant uncertainties. Any estimated range of possible loss may not represent our maximum possible loss exposure. Circumstances change over time and actual results may vary significantly from estimates.

For current proceedings not specifically discussed below, management does not anticipate that the liabilities, if any, arising from such proceedings would have a material effect on our financial statements. The Commitments, Guarantees and Contingencies note within our 2014 Annual Report should be read in conjunction with this report.

### **GUARANTEES**

We record liabilities for guarantees in accordance with the accounting guidance for "Guarantees." There is no collateral held in relation to any guarantees. In the event any guarantee is drawn, there is no recourse to third parties unless specified below.

#### Letters of Credit

We enter into standby letters of credit with third parties. As Parent, we issue all of these letters of credit in our ordinary course of business on behalf of our subsidiaries. These letters of credit cover items such as gas and electricity risk management contracts, construction contracts, insurance programs, security deposits and debt service reserves.

We have two revolving credit facilities totaling \$3.5 billion, under which we may issue up to \$1.2 billion as letters of credit. As of September 30, 2015, the maximum future payments for letters of credit issued under the revolving credit facilities were \$33 million with maturities ranging from December 2015 to November 2016.

We issue letters of credit under two uncommitted facilities totaling \$150 million. As of September 30, 2015, the maximum future payments for letters of credit issued under the uncommitted facilities were \$122 million with maturities ranging from October 2015 to September 2016. An uncommitted facility gives the issuer of the facility the right to accept or decline each request we make under the facility.

We have \$477 million of variable rate Pollution Control Bonds supported by bilateral letters of credit for \$483 million. The letters of credit have maturities ranging from March 2016 to July 2017.

## Guarantees of Third-Party Obligations

#### **SWEPCo**

As part of the process to receive a renewal of a Texas Railroad Commission permit for lignite mining, SWEPCo provides guarantees of mine reclamation of \$115 million. Since SWEPCo uses self-bonding, the guarantee provides for SWEPCo to commit to use its resources to complete the reclamation in the event the work is not completed by Sabine. This guarantee ends upon depletion of reserves and completion of final reclamation. Based on the latest study completed in 2010, we estimate the reserves will be depleted in 2036 with final reclamation completed by 2046 at an estimated cost of \$58 million. Actual reclamation costs could vary due to period inflation and any changes to actual mine reclamation. As of September 30, 2015, SWEPCo has collected \$65 million through a rider for final mine closure and reclamation costs, of which \$16 million is recorded in Deferred Credits and Other Noncurrent Liabilities and \$49 million is recorded in Asset Retirement Obligations on our condensed balance sheets.

Sabine charges SWEPCo, its only customer, all of its costs. SWEPCo passes these costs to customers through its fuel clause.

## Indemnifications and Other Guarantees

#### Contracts

We enter into certain types of contracts which require indemnifications. Typically these contracts include, but are not limited to, sale agreements, lease agreements, purchase agreements and financing agreements. Generally, these agreements may include, but are not limited to, indemnifications around certain tax, contractual and environmental matters. With respect to sale agreements, our exposure generally does not exceed the sale price. As of September 30, 2015, there were no material liabilities recorded for any indemnifications.

#### Master Lease Agreements

We lease certain equipment under master lease agreements. Under the lease agreements, the lessor is guaranteed a residual value up to a stated percentage of either the unamortized balance or the equipment cost at the end of the lease term. If the actual fair value of the leased equipment is below the guaranteed residual value at the end of the lease term, we are committed to pay the difference between the actual fair value and the residual value guarantee. Historically, at the end of the lease term the fair value has been in excess of the unamortized balance. As of September 30, 2015, the maximum potential loss for these lease agreements was \$35 million assuming the fair value of the equipment is zero at the end of the lease term.

#### Railcar Lease

In June 2003, AEP Transportation LLC (AEP Transportation), a subsidiary of AEP, entered into an agreement with BTM Capital Corporation, as lessor, to lease 875 coal-transporting aluminum railcars. The lease is accounted for as an operating lease. In January 2008, AEP Transportation assigned the remaining 848 railcars under the original lease agreement to I&M (390 railcars) and SWEPCo (458 railcars). The assignments are accounted for as operating leases for I&M and SWEPCo. The initial lease term was five years with three consecutive five-year renewal periods for a maximum lease term of twenty years. I&M and SWEPCo intend to renew these leases for the full lease term of twenty years via the renewal options. The future minimum lease obligations are \$11 million and \$12 million for I&M and SWEPCo, respectively, for the remaining railcars as of September 30, 2015.

Under the lease agreement, the lessor is guaranteed that the sale proceeds under a return-and-sale option will equal at least a lessee obligation amount specified in the lease, which declines from 83% under the current five year lease term to 77% at the end of the 20-year term of the projected fair value of the equipment. I&M and SWEPCo have assumed the guarantee under the return-and-sale option. The maximum potential losses related to the guarantee are \$9 million and \$10 million for I&M and SWEPCo, respectively, assuming the fair value of the equipment is zero at the end of the current five-year lease term. However, we believe that the fair value would produce a sufficient sales price to avoid any loss.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL CONTINGENCIES**

#### The Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (Superfund) and State Remediation

By-products from the generation of electricity include materials such as ash, slag, sludge, low-level radioactive waste and SNF. Coal combustion by-products, which constitute the overwhelming percentage of these materials, are typically treated and deposited in captive disposal facilities or are beneficially utilized. In addition, our generation plants and transmission and distribution facilities have used asbestos, polychlorinated biphenyls and other hazardous and nonhazardous materials. We currently incur costs to dispose of these substances safely.

In 2008, I&M received a letter from the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) concerning conditions at a site under state law and requesting I&M take voluntary action necessary to prevent and/or mitigate public harm. I&M started remediation work in accordance with a plan approved by MDEQ. In 2014, I&M recorded an accrual for remediation at certain additional sites in Michigan. As a result of receiving approval of completed

remediation work from the MDEQ in March 2015, I&M's accrual for all of these sites was reduced. As of September 30, 2015, I&M's accrual for all of these sites is approximately \$8 million. As the remediation work is completed, I&M's cost may change as new information becomes available concerning either the level of contamination at the sites or changes in the scope of remediation. We cannot predict the amount of additional cost, if any.

## **NUCLEAR CONTINGENCIES**

I&M owns and operates the two-unit 2,191 MW Cook Plant under licenses granted by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission. We have a significant future financial commitment to dispose of SNF and to safely decommission and decontaminate the plant. The licenses to operate the two nuclear units at the Cook Plant expire in 2034 and 2037. The operation of a nuclear facility also involves special risks, potential liabilities and specific regulatory and safety requirements. By agreement, I&M is partially liable, together with all other electric utility companies that own nuclear generation units, for a nuclear power plant incident at any nuclear plant in the U.S. Should a nuclear incident occur at any nuclear power plant in the U.S., the resultant liability could be substantial.

## **OPERATIONAL CONTINGENCIES**

#### Rockport Plant Litigation

In July 2013, the Wilmington Trust Company filed a complaint in U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York against AEGCo and I&M alleging that it will be unlawfully burdened by the terms of the modified NSR consent decree after the Rockport Plant, Unit 2 lease expiration in December 2022. The terms of the consent decree allow the installation of environmental emission control equipment, repowering or retirement of the unit. The plaintiff further alleges that the defendants' actions constitute breach of the lease and participation agreement. The plaintiff seeks a judgment declaring that the defendants breached the lease, must satisfy obligations related to installation of emission control equipment and indemnify the plaintiff. The New York court granted our motion to transfer this case to the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Ohio. In October 2013, a motion to dismiss the case was filed on behalf of AEGCo and I&M. In January 2015, the court issued an opinion and order granting the motion in part and denying the motion in part. The court dismissed certain of the plaintiffs' claims. Several claims remain, including the claim for breach of the participation agreement and a claim alleging breach of an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing. In June 2015, AEGCo and I&M filed a motion for partial judgment on the claims seeking dismissal of the breach of participation agreement claim as well as any claim for indemnification of costs associated with this case. Plaintiffs subsequently filed an amended complaint to add another claim under the lease and also filed a motion for partial summary judgment. We will continue to defend against the remaining claims. We are unable to determine a range of potential losses that are reasonably possible of occurring.

#### Natural Gas Markets Lawsuits

In 2002, the Lieutenant Governor of California filed a lawsuit in Los Angeles County California Superior Court against numerous energy companies, including AEP, alleging violations of California law through alleged fraudulent reporting of false natural gas price and volume information with an intent to affect the market price of natural gas and electricity. AEP was dismissed from the case. A number of similar cases were also filed in California and in state and federal courts in several states making essentially the same allegations under federal or state laws against the same companies. AEP (or a subsidiary) is among the companies named as defendants in some of these cases. We settled, received summary judgment or were dismissed from all of these cases. The plaintiffs appealed the Nevada federal district court's dismissal of several cases involving AEP companies to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. In April 2013, the appellate court reversed in part, and affirmed in part, the district court's orders in these cases. The appellate court reversed the district court's holding that the state antitrust claims were preempted by the Natural Gas Act and the order dismissing AEP from two of the cases on personal jurisdiction grounds and affirmed the decision denying leave to the plaintiffs to amend their complaints in two of the cases. Defendants in these cases, including AEP, filed a petition seeking further review with the U.S. Supreme Court on the preemption issue. AEP also subsequently filed a separate petition with the U.S. Supreme Court seeking review of the personal jurisdiction issue. In July 2014, the U.S. Supreme Court granted the defendants' previously filed petition for further review with the U.S. Supreme

Court on the preemption issue. Oral argument occurred in January 2015. In April 2015, the U.S. Supreme Court affirmed the judgment of the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit on the preemption issue, holding that the plaintiffs' state antitrust claims were not preempted by the Natural Gas Act. The U.S. Supreme Court denied AEP's petition for review of the personal jurisdiction issue shortly thereafter. The cases have been remanded to the district court for further proceedings. We will continue to defend the cases. We believe the provision we have is adequate. We are unable to determine the amount of potential additional losses that are reasonably possible of occurring.

#### Wage and Hours Lawsuit

In August 2013, PSO received an amended complaint filed in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Oklahoma by 36 current and former line and warehouse employees alleging that they have been denied overtime pay in violation of the Fair Labor Standards Act. Plaintiffs claim that they are entitled to overtime pay for "on call" time. They allege that restrictions placed on them during on call hours are burdensome enough that they are entitled to compensation for these hours as hours worked. Plaintiffs also filed a motion to conditionally certify this action as a class action, claiming there are an additional 70 individuals similarly situated to plaintiffs. Plaintiffs seek damages in the amount of unpaid overtime over a three-year period and liquidated damages in the same amount.

In March 2014, the federal court granted plaintiffs' motion to conditionally certify the action as a class action. Notice was given to all potential class members and an additional 44 individuals opted in to the class, bringing the plaintiff class to 80 current and former employees. Two plaintiffs have since dismissed their claims without prejudice, leaving 78 plaintiffs. We will continue to defend the case. We do not believe a loss is probable. If there is an unfavorable outcome contrary to our expectations, we estimate possible losses of up to \$30 million.

#### National Do Not Call Registry Lawsuit

In May 2014, AEP Energy was served with a complaint filed in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois, alleging violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act (TCPA). The plaintiff alleges that he received telemarketing calls on behalf of AEP Energy despite having registered his telephone number on the National Do Not Call Registry. Plaintiff seeks to represent a class of persons who allegedly received such calls. Plaintiff seeks statutory damages under the TCPA on behalf of himself and the alleged class as well as injunctive relief. As a result of a mediation held in October 2014, the parties reached an agreement in principle, subject to final documentation and preliminary and final court approval. In April 2015, we filed a motion with the court for preliminary approval of the settlement. In September 2015, the court granted final approval of the settlement, reserving decision on the appropriate fee for plaintiff's counsel.

#### Gavin Landfill Litigation

In August 2014, a complaint was filed in the Mason County, West Virginia Circuit Court against AEP, AEPSC, OPCo and an individual supervisor alleging wrongful death and personal injury/illness claims arising out of purported exposure to coal combustion by-product waste at the Gavin Plant landfill. The lawsuit was filed on behalf of 77 plaintiffs, consisting of 39 current and former contractors of the landfill and 38 family members of those contractors. Eleven of the family members are pursuing personal injury/illness claims and the remainder are pursuing loss of consortium claims. The plaintiffs seek compensatory and punitive damages, as well as medical monitoring. In September 2014, we filed a motion to dismiss the complaint, contending the case should be filed in Ohio. In August 2015, the court denied our motion. We appealed that decision to the West Virginia Supreme Court. We will continue to defend against the claims. We are unable to determine a range of potential losses that are reasonably possible of occurring.

#### 6. DISPOSITION, ASSETS AND LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

#### DISPOSITION

## **2015**

#### Muskingum River Plant (Generation & Marketing Segment)

In August 2015, AGR sold its retired Muskingum River Plant site including its associated asset retirement obligations to a nonaffiliated party. AGR paid \$48 million and the nonaffiliated party took ownership of the Muskingum River Plant site assets and assumed responsibility for environmental liabilities and AROs, including ash pond closure, asbestos abatement and decommissioning and demolition. As a result of the sale, a net gain of \$32 million was recognized and recorded in Other Operation on the condensed consolidated statements of income. The cash paid was recorded in Operating Activities on the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

#### ASSETS AND LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE

#### AEPRO (AEP River Operations Segment)

During the third quarter of 2015, we evaluated bids from prospective buyers, selected a buyer and received approval from AEP's Board of Directors to proceed with the sale to the nonaffiliated party. In October 2015, we signed an agreement to sell our commercial barge transportation subsidiary, AEPRO, to a nonaffiliated party. The sale of AEPRO is subject to regulatory approval including federal clearance pursuant to the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976. Upon close of the sale, the nonaffiliated party will acquire AEPRO by purchasing all of the common stock of AEP Resources, Inc., the parent company of AEPRO. The nonaffiliated party will assume certain assets and liabilities of AEPRO, excluding the equity method investment in IMT, pension and benefit assets and liabilities and debt obligations. We will retain ownership of our captive barge fleet that delivers coal to the company's regulated coal-fueled power plant units owned or leased by AEGCo, APCo, I&M, KPCo and WPCo. We signed a contract with the nonaffiliated party to dispatch and schedule our captive barge fleet for the company's regulated coal-fueled power plant units. We also contracted with the nonaffiliated party to barge coal for AGR. These agreements with the nonaffiliated party extend through the end of 2016. The sale is expected to close in the fourth quarter of 2015.

Upon evaluation, management concluded that the AEPRO business met the classification as held for sale in the third quarter of 2015. Accordingly, AEPRO's assets and liabilities have been recorded as Assets Held for Sale and Liabilities Held for Sale, respectively, on our condensed consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and as shown in the following table:

	Septem	ber 30, 2015	Decemb	er 31, 2014						
Assets:	(in millions)									
Accounts Receivable	\$	55	\$	91						
Property, Plant and Equipment - Net		506		482						
Other Classes of Assets That Are Not Major		47		52						
Total Assets Classified as Held for Sale on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets										
Liabilities:										
Long-term Debt	\$	81	\$	83						
Obligations Under Capital Leases		228		189						
Other Classes of Liabilities That Are Not Major		165		163						
Total Liabilities Classified as Held for Sale on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	\$	474	\$	435						

#### **DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS**

Management periodically assesses the overall AEP business model and makes decisions regarding our continued support and funding of our various businesses and operations. When it is determined that we will seek to exit a particular business or activity and we have met the accounting requirements for reclassification, we will reclassify the operations of those businesses or operations as discontinued operations. The assets and liabilities of these discontinued operations are classified as Assets Held for Sale and Liabilities Held for Sale until the time they are sold. In the third quarter of 2015, AEPRO was determined to be discontinued operations and has been classified as such for third quarter 2015 reporting. Results of operations of AEPRO have been classified as discontinued operations in our condensed consolidated statements of income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 as shown in the following table:

	Th	ree Moi Septen			Ni	nded 80,		
	2	015	2	2014	2	015	2014	
				(in mi	llions	<u></u>		
Other Revenues	\$	129	\$	141	\$	372	\$	435
Other Operation Expense		96		102		273		342
Maintenance Expense		4		8	20			24
Depreciation and Amortization Expense		9	8		27			23
Other Expense		8		7		24		22
Total Expenses		117		125	34			411
Pretax Income of Discontinued Operations		12		16		28		24
Income Tax Expense		4		_ 5		10		8
Total Income on Discontinued Operations as Presented on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income	\$	8	\$	11	\$	18	\$	16

## 7. BENEFIT PLANS

We sponsor a qualified pension plan and two unfunded nonqualified pension plans. Substantially all of our employees are covered by the qualified plan or both the qualified and a nonqualified pension plan. We sponsor OPEB plans to provide health and life insurance benefits for retired employees.

## Components of Net Periodic Benefit Cost

Expected Return on Plan Assets

Amortization of Net Actuarial Loss

Net Periodic Benefit Cost (Credit)

Amortization of Prior Service Cost (Credit)

The following tables provide the components of our net periodic benefit cost (credit) for the plans for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

		Pensio	n Plai	ns	Other Postretirement Benefit Plans						
	Three ]	Months En	ded S	eptember 30,	Three N	ptember 30,					
	2	015		2014	2(	015		2014			
				(in mi	llions)						
Service Cost	\$	23	\$	18	\$	3	\$	4			
Interest Cost		51		55		15		16			
Expected Return on Plan Assets		(69)		(65)		(28)		(28)			
Amortization of Prior Service Cost (Credit)		1	1			(18)		(18)			
Amortization of Net Actuarial Loss		27		31		5		` <b>6</b>			
Net Periodic Benefit Cost (Credit)	\$	33	\$	40	\$	(23)	\$	(20)			
		Pensio	n Plar	is	Other Postretirement Benefit Plans						
	Nine N	Ionths End	ed Se	ptember 30,	Nine M	onths End	ed Se	ptember 30,			
	2	015		2014	20	)15		2014			
				(in mi	llions)						
Service Cost	\$	70	\$	54	\$	9	\$	11			
Interest Cost		154		166		43		50			

(206)

2

80

100

(196)

2

93

119

(83)

(52)

14

(69)

(84)

(52)

17

(58)

#### 8. BUSINESS SEGMENTS

Our primary business is the generation, transmission and distribution of electricity. Within our Vertically Integrated Utilities segment, we centrally dispatch generation assets and manage our overall utility operations on an integrated basis because of the substantial impact of cost-based rates and regulatory oversight. Intersegment sales and transfers are generally based on underlying contractual arrangements and agreements.

Our reportable segments and their related business activities are outlined below:

## **Vertically Integrated Utilities**

 Generation, transmission and distribution of electricity for sale to retail and wholesale customers through assets owned and operated by AEGCo, APCo, I&M, KGPCo, KPCo, PSO, SWEPCo and WPCo.

#### Transmission and Distribution Utilities

- Transmission and distribution of electricity for sale to retail and wholesale customers through assets owned and operated by OPCo, TCC and TNC.
- OPCo purchases energy and capacity to serve SSO customers and provides transmission and distribution services for all connected load.

#### **AEP Transmission Holdco**

 Development, construction and operation of transmission facilities through investments in our wholly-owned transmission only subsidiaries and transmission only joint ventures. These investments have PUCTapproved or FERC-approved returns on equity.

## Generation & Marketing

- Nonregulated generation in ERCOT and PJM.
- Marketing, risk management and retail activities in ERCOT, PJM and MISO.

## **AEP River Operations**

- Commercial barging operations that transports liquids, coal and dry bulk commodities primarily on the Ohio,
   Illinois and lower Mississippi Rivers.
- In October 2015, we signed an agreement to sell AEPRO to a nonaffiliated party. The AEP River Operations segment is comprised entirely of AEPRO. However, we will retain AEPRO's investment in IMT. See "AEPRO (AEP River Operations Segment)" section of Note 6 for additional information.

The remainder of our activities is presented as Corporate and Other. While not considered a reportable segment, Corporate and Other primarily includes the purchasing of receivables from certain AEP utility subsidiaries. This segment also includes Parent's guarantee revenue received from affiliates, investment income, interest income and interest expense and other nonallocated costs.

The tables below present our reportable segment income statement information for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 and reportable segment balance sheet information as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. These amounts include certain estimates and allocations where necessary.

	Vertically Integrated Utilities			Distr	smission and ibution ilities		AEP ansmission Holdco		neration & arketing		Ope	P River erations	rporate d Other (a)		conciling justments	Cons	solidated
Three Months Ended September 30, 2015									(în n	illic	ons)						
Revenues from: External Customers	\$	2,436		\$	1,164	\$	27	\$	802		\$	_	\$ 3	\$	— (c)	\$	4,432
Other Operating Segments		35			25		61		33				21		(175)		
Total Revenues	\$	2,471	:	\$	1,189	\$	88	\$	835		\$		\$ 24	\$	(175)	\$	4,432
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations	\$	275		\$	113.	\$	46	\$	91		\$	(4)	\$ (9)	\$		\$	512
Income from Discontinued Operations, Net of Tax		_			~		_		_			8	_		<del></del>		8
Net Income (Loss)	\$	275	:	\$	113	\$	46	\$	91		\$	4	\$ (9)	\$		\$	520
	Inte	rtically egrated filities		Transmission and AEP Distribution Transmiss. Utilities Holdco		ansmission –	Generation & Marketing		AEP River Operations			rporate d Other (a)	Reconciling Adjustments				
Thur. Months		·							(in n	illio	ns)						
Three Months Ended September 30, 2014																	
Revenues from: External Customers	\$	2,432	(b)	\$	1,163	\$	21	\$	538	(b)	\$		\$ 7	\$	— (c)	\$	4,161
Other Operating Segments		18	(b)		68		34		363	(b)			19		(502)		_
Total Revenues	\$_	2,450		\$	1.231	\$_	55	\$	901		\$		\$ 26	\$	(502)	\$	4,161
Income from Continuing Operations	\$	220		\$	92	\$	43	\$	117		\$	_	\$ 11	\$	_	\$	483
Income from Discontinued Operations, Net of Tax		_										11					11
Net Income	\$	220		\$	92	\$_	43	\$	117		\$	<u>II</u>	\$ 11	\$		\$	494

	Vertically and Integrated Distribution Utilities Utilities		Vertically and AEP Gen ntegrated Distribution Transmission			neration & arketing		Ope	P River	rporate I Other (a)	Reconciling Adjustments			Consolidated					
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015									(in n	931116	ons)								
Revenues from: External Customers	\$	7,082		\$	3,378	\$	74	\$	2,289		\$	_	\$ 16	\$	(c	:) \$	12,839		
Other Operating Segments		77			142		171		517			_	58		(965)				
Total Revenues	\$	7,159	•	\$	3,520	\$	245	\$	2,806		\$	=	\$ 7.4	\$	(965)	\$	12.839		
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations	\$	783		\$	288	\$	148	\$	360		\$	(2)	\$ (13)	\$	_	\$	1,564		
Income from Discontinued Operations, Net of Tax					· _				_			18	***		<del>_</del>		18		
Net Income (Loss)	\$	783		\$ 	288	\$	148	\$	360		\$	16	\$ (13)	\$		\$	1,582		
	Int	rtically egrated tilities		Transmission and Distribution Utilities		and ribution Tran		AEP Transmission Holdco			neration & arketing			River	rporate l Other (a)		conciling justments	_0	Consolidated
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014									(in n	ıillic	ons)								
Revenues from: External Customers Other	\$	7,217	(b)	\$	3,388	\$	54	\$	1,932	(b)	\$	_	\$ 19	\$	(51) (c	;) \$	12,559		
Operating Segments		71	(b)		192		86		1,133	(b)		_	55		(1,537)				
Total Revenues	\$	7.288		\$	3,580	\$	140	\$	3,065		\$		\$ 74	\$	(1,588)	\$	12,559		
Income from Continuing Operations	\$	654		S	279	\$	114	\$	378		\$	1	\$ 4	\$	_	\$	1,430		
Income from Discontinued Operations, Net of Tax									_			16	_		_		16		
Net Income	\$	<u>65</u> 4		\$	279	\$	114	\$	378		<u>\$</u>		\$ 4	\$		\$	1,446		

	In	ertically tegrated Itilities		ansmission and istribution Utilities	Tr	AEP ansmission Holdeo			EP River		Corporate and Other (a)		Reconciling Adjustments		Co	Consolidated		
	_		_				(in millions)											
September 30, 2015	_														-			
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	\$	39,981	\$	13,707	\$	3,594	\$	7,474	\$	_		\$	349	\$	(279) (d)	\$	64,826	
Accumulated Depreciation and																		
Amortization	_	12,483	_	3,603		43		3,390					178		(109) (d)		19,588	
Total Property, Plant and Equipment - Net	\$	27,498	\$	10,104	\$	3,551	\$	4,084	\$	_		\$	171	\$	(170) (d)	\$	45,238	
1101	=	21,.50	Ť	10,101	=		<b>=</b>	1,00	Ě		:	=		<u></u>	(1,10)	<u></u>	.,,,,,,,,,	
Assets Held for Sale	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	608		\$	_	\$	_	\$	608	
Total Assets		35,272		14,441		4,362		5,531		772	(f)		21,810		(d) (21,089) (e)		61,099	
Long-term Debt Due Within One Year:																		
Affiliated Nonaffiliated	\$	949	\$	— 724	\$	_	\$	151	\$	_		\$	2	\$	_	\$	1,826	
Long-term Debt:																		
Affiliated		20		-		_		32		_					(52)		_	
Nonaffiliated		9,900	_	4,888	_	1,323		641				_	848			_	17,600	
Total Long- term Debt	\$	10,869	\$	5,612	\$	1,323	\$	824	\$		:	\$	850	<u>\$</u>	(52)	\$	19,426	
Liabilities Held for Sale	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	474		\$	_	\$	_	\$	474	(g)

	In	ertically tegrated Itilities	_	ransmission and distribution Utilities	Tr	AEP ansmission Holdco		neration & arketing	AEP River		Corporate and Other (a)		Reconciling Adjustments		Consolidated		
December 31, 2014								(18	mı	lions)							
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	- \$	39,402	\$	13,024	\$	2,714	\$	8,394	\$	_		\$	343	\$	(271) (d)	\$	63,606
Accumulated Depreciation and																	
Amortization		12,773		3,481		25		3,603					188		(99) (d)		19,971
Total Property, Plant and Equipment -	•	04.400		0.543	•	2 (80	•	4 701	•				155	_	(170) (1)		40.60-
Net	<u>\$</u>	26,629	\$	9,543	\$	2,689	\$	4,791	\$			\$	155	\$	(172) (d)	<u>\$</u>	43,635
Assets Held for Sale	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	625		\$	_	\$	_	\$	625
Total Assets		33,750		14,495		3,575		6,329		749 (	<b>(f)</b>		21,081		(d) (20,346) (e)		59,633
Long-term Debt Due Within One Year:																	
Affiliated Nonaffiliated	\$	111 1,352	\$	405	\$	_	\$	86 740	\$			\$	3	\$	(197) —	\$	<del></del>
Long-term Debt:																	
Affiliated Nonaffiliated		20 8,634		5,256		1,153		32 217					841		(52) —		16,101
Total Long- term Debt	\$	10,117	<u>\$</u>	5,661	\$	1,153	\$	1,075	\$			\$	844	<u>\$</u> _	(249)	<u>\$</u>	18,601
Liabilities Held for Sale	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	_	\$	435		\$	_	\$	_	\$	435 (g)

<sup>(</sup>a) Corporate and Other primarily includes the purchasing of receivables from certain AEP utility subsidiaries. This segment also includes Parent's guarantee revenue received from affiliates, investment income, interest income and interest expense and other nonallocated costs.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes the impact of corporate separation of OPCo's generation assets and liabilities that took effect December 31, 2013, as well as the impact of the termination of the Interconnection Agreement effective January 1, 2014.

<sup>(</sup>c) Reconciling Adjustments for External Customers primarily include eliminations as a result of corporate separation in Ohio.

<sup>(</sup>d) Includes eliminations due to an intercompany capital lease.

<sup>(</sup>e) Reconciling Adjustments for Total Assets primarily include the elimination of intercompany advances to affiliates and intercompany accounts receivable along with the elimination of AEP's investments in subsidiary companies.

<sup>(</sup>f) Amounts include intercompany advances to affiliates and intercompany accounts receivable that will be settled prior to or upon the close of the sale of AEPRO.

<sup>(</sup>g) Amounts include debt related to AEPRO. See "AEPRO (AEP River Operations Segment)" section of Note 6 for additional information.

#### 9. DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING

#### **OBJECTIVES FOR UTILIZATION OF DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS**

We are exposed to certain market risks as a major power producer and participant in the wholesale electricity, natural gas, coal and emission allowance markets. These risks include commodity price risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and, to a lesser extent, foreign currency exchange risk. These risks represent the risk of loss that may impact us due to changes in the underlying market prices or rates. We manage these risks using derivative instruments.

#### STRATEGIES FOR UTILIZATION OF DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS TO ACHIEVE OBJECTIVES

#### Risk Management Strategies

Our strategy surrounding the use of derivative instruments primarily focuses on managing our risk exposures, future cash flows and creating value utilizing both economic and formal hedging strategies. Our risk management strategies also include the use of derivative instruments for trading purposes, focusing on seizing market opportunities to create value driven by expected changes in the market prices of the commodities in which we transact. To accomplish our objectives, we primarily employ risk management contracts including physical and financial forward purchase-and-sale contracts and, to a lesser extent, OTC swaps and options. Not all risk management contracts meet the definition of a derivative under the accounting guidance for "Derivatives and Hedging." Derivative risk management contracts elected normal under the normal purchases and normal sales scope exception are not subject to the requirements of this accounting guidance.

We enter into power, coal, natural gas, interest rate and, to a lesser extent, heating oil, gasoline and other commodity contracts to manage the risk associated with our energy business. We enter into interest rate derivative contracts in order to manage the interest rate exposure associated with our commodity portfolio. For disclosure purposes, such risks are grouped as "Commodity," as they are related to energy risk management activities. We also engage in risk management of interest rate risk associated with debt financing and foreign currency risk associated with future purchase obligations denominated in foreign currencies. For disclosure purposes, these risks are grouped as "Interest Rate and Foreign Currency." The amount of risk taken is determined by the Commercial Operations and Finance groups in accordance with our established risk management policies as approved by the Finance Committee of our Board of Directors.

The following table represents the gross notional volume of our outstanding derivative contracts as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

#### **Notional Volume of Derivative Instruments**

		mber 30, 2015		mber 31, 2014	Unit of Measure
Primary Risk Exposure					
Commodity:					
Power		371		334	MWhs
Coal		4		3	Tons
Natural Gas		46		106	<b>MMBtus</b>
Heating Oil and Gasoline		9		6	Gallons
Interest Rate	\$	114	\$	152	USD
Interest Rate and Foreign Currency	\$	560	\$	815	USD

#### Fair Value Hedging Strategies

We enter into interest rate derivative transactions as part of an overall strategy to manage the mix of fixed-rate and floating-rate debt. Certain interest rate derivative transactions effectively modify our exposure to interest rate risk by converting a portion of our fixed-rate debt to a floating rate. Provided specific criteria are met, these interest rate derivatives are designated as fair value hedges.

## Cash Flow Hedging Strategies

We enter into and designate as cash flow hedges certain derivative transactions for the purchase and sale of power and natural gas ("Commodity") in order to manage the variable price risk related to the forecasted purchase and sale of these commodities. We monitor the potential impacts of commodity price changes and, where appropriate, enter into derivative transactions to protect profit margins for a portion of future electricity sales and energy purchases. We do not hedge all commodity price risk.

Our vehicle fleet and barge operations are exposed to gasoline and diesel fuel price volatility. We enter into financial heating oil and gasoline derivative contracts in order to mitigate price risk of our future fuel purchases. We discontinued cash flow hedge accounting for these derivative contracts effective March 31, 2014. In March 2014, these contracts were grouped as "Commodity" with other risk management activities. We do not hedge all fuel price risk.

We enter into a variety of interest rate derivative transactions in order to manage interest rate risk exposure. Some interest rate derivative transactions effectively modify our exposure to interest rate risk by converting a portion of our floating-rate debt to a fixed rate. We also enter into interest rate derivative contracts to manage interest rate exposure related to future borrowings of fixed-rate debt. Our forecasted fixed-rate debt offerings have a high probability of occurrence as the proceeds will be used to fund existing debt maturities and projected capital expenditures. We do not hedge all interest rate exposure.

At times, we are exposed to foreign currency exchange rate risks primarily when we purchase certain fixed assets from foreign suppliers. In accordance with our risk management policy, we may enter into foreign currency derivative transactions to protect against the risk of increased cash outflows resulting from a foreign currency's appreciation against the dollar. We do not hedge all foreign currency exposure.

# ACCOUNTING FOR DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND THE IMPACT ON OUR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accounting guidance for "Derivatives and Hedging" requires recognition of all qualifying derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities on the condensed balance sheets at fair value. The fair values of derivative instruments accounted for using MTM accounting or hedge accounting are based on exchange prices and broker quotes. If a quoted market price is not available, the estimate of fair value is based on the best information available including valuation models that estimate future energy prices based on existing market and broker quotes, supply and demand market data and assumptions. In order to determine the relevant fair values of our derivative instruments, we also apply valuation adjustments for discounting, liquidity and credit quality.

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will fail to perform on the contract or fail to pay amounts due. Liquidity risk represents the risk that imperfections in the market will cause the price to vary from estimated fair value based upon prevailing market supply and demand conditions. Since energy markets are imperfect and volatile, there are inherent risks related to the underlying assumptions in models used to fair value risk management contracts. Unforeseen events may cause reasonable price curves to differ from actual price curves throughout a contract's term and at the time a contract settles. Consequently, there could be significant adverse or favorable effects on future net income and cash flows if market prices are not consistent with our estimates of current market consensus for forward prices in the current period. This is particularly true for longer term contracts. Cash flows may vary based on market conditions, margin requirements and the timing of settlement of our risk management contracts.

According to the accounting guidance for "Derivatives and Hedging," we reflect the fair values of our derivative instruments subject to netting agreements with the same counterparty net of related cash collateral. For certain risk management contracts, we are required to post or receive cash collateral based on third party contractual agreements and risk profiles. For the September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 condensed balance sheets, we netted \$4 million and \$4 million, respectively, of cash collateral received from third parties against short-term and long-term risk management assets and \$47 million and \$35 million, respectively, of cash collateral paid to third parties against short-term and long-term risk management liabilities.

The following tables represent the gross fair value impact of our derivative activity on our condensed balance sheets as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

#### Fair Value of Derivative Instruments September 30, 2015

	Mana	lisk gement tracts	1	Hedging C	ontrac	ts	of	Amounts Risk gement	An	Gross nounts et in the	Net Amounts of Assets/Liabilities Presented in the		
Balance Sheet Location	Commodity (a)		Commodity (a)		Interest Rate and Foreign Currency (a)		As Lial	sets/ pilities gnized	State Fir	ement of nancial ition (b)	Statement of Financial Position (c)		
						(in π	aillions)						
Current Risk Management Assets	\$	311	\$	9	\$	2	\$	322	\$	(179)	\$	143	
Long-term Risk Management Assets		443		3_				446	_	(93)	_	353	
Total Assets		754		12		2		_768		(272)		496	
Current Risk Management Liabilities		267		7		1		275		(200)		75	
Long-term Risk Management Liabilities		293		22		1		316		(115)		201	
Total Liabilities		560		29		2		591		(315)		276	
Total MTM Derivative Contract Net Assets (Liabilities)	\$	194	\$	(17)	\$		\$	177	<u>\$</u>	43	<u>\$</u>	220	

## Fair Value of Derivative Instruments December 31, 2014

	Мапа	isk gement tracts	16	ledging C	ontract	s	of.	Amounts Risk gement	Απ	ross nounts et in the	Net Amounts of Assets/Liabilitie Presented in the	
Balance Sheet Location	Commodity (a)		Commodity (a)		Interest Rate and Foreign Currency (a)		Assets/ Liabilities Recognized		Statement of Financial Position (b)		Statement of Financial Position (c)	
						(in m	illions)					
Current Risk Management Assets	\$	392	\$	30	\$	3	\$	425	\$	(247)	\$	178
Long-term Risk Management Assets		367		3				370	_	(76)		294
Total Assets	-	759		33		3		795		(323)		472
Current Risk Management Liabilities		329		23		1		353		(261)		92
Long-term Risk Management Liabilities		208		8		9		225		(94)		131
Total Liabilities		537		31		10		578		(355)		223
Total MTM Derivative Contract Net Assets (Liabilities)	\$	222	\$	2	\$	(7)	\$	217	<u>\$</u>	32	\$	249

<sup>(</sup>a) Derivative instruments within these categories are reported gross. These instruments are subject to master netting agreements and are presented on the condensed balance sheets on a net basis in accordance with the accounting guidance for "Derivatives and Hedging."

<sup>(</sup>b) Amounts primarily include counterparty netting of risk management and hedging contracts and associated cash collateral in accordance with the accounting guidance for "Derivatives and Hedging."

<sup>(</sup>c) There are no derivative contracts subject to a master netting arrangement or similar agreement which are not offset in the statement of financial position.

The table below presents our activity of derivative risk management contracts for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

## Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized on Risk Management Contracts For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 and 2014

	T	hree Months September			Nine Months Ended September 30,			
Location of Gain (Loss)	2(	15	2014	_2015	2014			
		-	(in milli	ons)				
Vertically Integrated Utilities Revenues	\$	— \$	7 \$	7	\$ 29			
Transmission and Distribution Utilities Revenues		(1)	<del></del>	(1)				
Generation & Marketing Revenues		1	21	60	69			
Other Operation Expense				(1)				
Maintenance Expense		(1)		(2)	<del>_</del>			
Purchased Electricity for Resale		1		4	_			
Regulatory Assets (a)			(6)		(6)			
Regulatory Liabilities (a)		(20)	(7)	33	111_			
Total Gain (Loss) on Risk Management Contracts	\$	(20) \$	15 \$	100	\$ 203			

(a) Represents realized and unrealized gains and losses subject to regulatory accounting treatment recorded as either current or noncurrent on the condensed balance sheets.

Certain qualifying derivative instruments have been designated as normal purchase or normal sale contracts, as provided in the accounting guidance for "Derivatives and Hedging." Derivative contracts that have been designated as normal purchases or normal sales under that accounting guidance are not subject to MTM accounting treatment and are recognized on the condensed statements of income on an accrual basis.

Our accounting for the changes in the fair value of a derivative instrument depends on whether it qualifies for and has been designated as part of a hedging relationship and further, on the type of hedging relationship. Depending on the exposure, we designate a hedging instrument as a fair value hedge or a cash flow hedge.

For contracts that have not been designated as part of a hedging relationship, the accounting for changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative instrument is held for trading purposes. Unrealized and realized gains and losses on derivative instruments held for trading purposes are included in revenues on a net basis on the condensed statements of income. Unrealized and realized gains and losses on derivative instruments not held for trading purposes are included in revenues or expenses on the condensed statements of income depending on the relevant facts and circumstances. Certain derivatives that economically hedge future commodity risk are recorded in the same expense line item on the condensed statements of income as that of the associated risk. However, unrealized and some realized gains and losses in regulated jurisdictions for both trading and non-trading derivative instruments are recorded as regulatory assets (for losses) or regulatory liabilities (for gains) in accordance with the accounting guidance for "Regulated Operations."

## Accounting for Fair Value Hedging Strategies

For fair value hedges (i.e. hedging the exposure to changes in the fair value of an asset, liability or an identified portion thereof attributable to a particular risk), the gain or loss on the derivative instrument as well as the offsetting gain or loss on the hedged item associated with the hedged risk impacts Net Income during the period of change.

We record realized and unrealized gains or losses on interest rate swaps that qualify for fair value hedge accounting treatment and any offsetting changes in the fair value of the debt being hedged in Interest Expense on our condensed statements of income. The following table shows the results of our hedging gains (losses) during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine	Months End	led September 30,	
	2015		20	14		2015		2014
Gain (Loss) on Fair Value Hedging Instruments	\$	4	\$	(2)	\$	7	\$	2
Gain (Loss) on Fair Value Portion of Long-term Debt		(4)		2		(7)		(2)

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, hedge ineffectiveness was immaterial.

#### Accounting for Cash Flow Hedging Strategies

For cash flow hedges (i.e. hedging the exposure to variability in expected future cash flows attributable to a particular risk), we initially report the effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative instrument as a component of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) on our condensed balance sheets until the period the hedged item affects Net Income. We recognize any hedge ineffectiveness in Net Income immediately during the period of change, except in regulated jurisdictions where hedge ineffectiveness is recorded as a regulatory asset (for losses) or a regulatory liability (for gains).

Realized gains and losses on derivative contracts for the purchase and sale of power and natural gas designated as cash flow hedges are included in Revenues or Purchased Electricity for Resale on our condensed statements of income, or in Regulatory Assets or Regulatory Liabilities on our condensed balance sheets, depending on the specific nature of the risk being hedged. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, we designated power derivatives as cash flow hedges but did not designate natural gas derivatives as cash flow hedges.

We reclassify gains and losses on heating oil and gasoline derivative contracts designated as cash flow hedges from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) on our condensed balance sheets into Other Operation expense, Maintenance expense or Depreciation and Amortization expense, as it relates to capital projects, on our condensed statements of income. The impact of cash flow hedge accounting for these derivative contracts was immaterial and discontinued effective March 31, 2014.

We reclassify gains and losses on interest rate derivative hedges related to our debt financings from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) on our condensed balance sheets into Interest Expense on our condensed statements of income in those periods in which hedged interest payments occur. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, we designated interest rate derivatives as cash flow hedges.

The accumulated gains or losses related to our foreign currency hedges are reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) on our condensed balance sheets into Depreciation and Amortization expense on our condensed statements of income over the depreciable lives of the fixed assets designated as the hedged items in qualifying foreign currency hedging relationships. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, we did not designate any foreign currency derivatives as cash flow hedges.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, hedge ineffectiveness was immaterial or nonexistent for all cash flow hedge strategies disclosed above.

For details on designated, effective cash flow hedges included in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) on our condensed balance sheets and the reasons for changes in cash flow hedges for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, see Note 3.

Cash flow hedges included in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) on the condensed balance sheets as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 were:

## Impact of Cash Flow Hedges on the Condensed Balance Sheet September 30, 2015

	Com	modity	and Fo Curre	reign	Total
	<u> </u>		(in mil	lions)	
Hedging Assets (a)	\$	7	\$	— \$	7
Hedging Liabilities (a)		24		1	25
AOCI Loss Net of Tax		(11)		(18)	(29)
Portion Expected to be Reclassified to Net Income During the Next Twelve Months		1		(1)	_

## Impact of Cash Flow Hedges on the Condensed Balance Sheet December 31, 2014

•	Commodity		Interest Ra and Foreig Currency	gn	Total
	·	·	(in million	is)	
Hedging Assets (a)	\$	16	\$	— \$	16
Hedging Liabilities (a)		14		1	15
AOCI Gain (Loss) Net of Tax		1		(19)	(18)
Portion Expected to be Reclassified to Net Income During the Next Twelve Months		4		(2)	2

(a) Hedging Assets and Hedging Liabilities are included in Risk Management Assets and Liabilities on the condensed balance sheets.

The actual amounts that we reclassify from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) to Net Income can differ from the estimate above due to market price changes. As of September 30, 2015, the maximum length of time that we are hedging (with contracts subject to the accounting guidance for "Derivatives and Hedging") our exposure to variability in future cash flows related to forecasted transactions was 87 months.

#### Credit Risk

We limit credit risk in our wholesale marketing and trading activities by assessing the creditworthiness of potential counterparties before entering into transactions with them and continuing to evaluate their creditworthiness on an ongoing basis. We use Moody's, Standard and Poor's and current market-based qualitative and quantitative data as well as financial statements to assess the financial health of counterparties on an ongoing basis.

When we use standardized master agreements, these agreements may include collateral requirements. These master agreements facilitate the netting of cash flows associated with a single counterparty. Cash, letters of credit and parental/affiliate guarantees may be obtained as security from counterparties in order to mitigate credit risk. The collateral agreements require a counterparty to post cash or letters of credit in the event an exposure exceeds our established threshold. The threshold represents an unsecured credit limit which may be supported by a parental/affiliate guaranty, as determined in accordance with our credit policy. In addition, collateral agreements allow for termination and liquidation of all positions in the event of a failure or inability to post collateral.

#### Collateral Triggering Events

Under the tariffs of the RTOs and Independent System Operators (ISOs), we are obligated to post an additional amount of collateral for a limited number of derivative and non-derivative contracts primarily related to our competitive retail auction loads and guaranties for contractual obligations if our credit ratings decline below a specified rating threshold. The amount of collateral required fluctuates based on market prices and our total exposure. On an ongoing basis, our risk management organization assesses the appropriateness of these collateral triggering items in contracts. AEP and its subsidiaries have not experienced a downgrade below a specified rating threshold that would require the posting of additional collateral. The following table represents our exposure if our credit ratings were to decline below a specified rating threshold as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	2015			ber 31, )14
		(in mi	llions)	
Fair Value of Contracts with Credit Downgrade Triggers  Amount of Collateral AEP Subsidiaries Would Have been Required to Post for Derivative Contracts as well as Derivative and Non-Derivative Contracts Subject to the Same Master Netting Arrangement	\$	_	\$	
Amount of Collateral AEP Subsidiaries Would Have Been Required to Post Attributable to RTOs and ISOs Amount of Collateral Attributable to Other Contracts (a)		35 299		36 281

(a) Represents the amount of collateral AEP subsidiaries would have been required to post for other significant non-derivative contracts including AGR jointly owned plant contracts and various other commodity related contracts.

In addition, a majority of our non-exchange traded commodity contracts contain cross-default provisions that, if triggered, would permit the counterparty to declare a default and require settlement of the outstanding payable. These cross-default provisions could be triggered if there was a non-performance event by Parent or the obligor under outstanding debt or a third party obligation in excess of \$50 million. On an ongoing basis, our risk management organization assesses the appropriateness of these cross-default provisions in our contracts. The following table represents: (a) the fair value of these derivative liabilities subject to cross-default provisions prior to consideration of contractual netting arrangements, (b) the amount this exposure has been reduced by cash collateral we have posted and (c) if a cross-default provision would have been triggered, the settlement amount that would be required after considering our contractual netting arrangements as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

		mber 30, 2015		mber 31, 2014
		<u></u>		
Liabilities for Contracts with Cross Default Provisions Prior to Contractual Netting Arrangements	\$	307	\$	235
Amount of Cash Collateral Posted		10		9
Additional Settlement Liability if Cross Default Provision is Triggered		251		178

### 10. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

#### Fair Value Hierarchy and Valuation Techniques

The accounting guidance for "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurement). Where observable inputs are available for substantially the full term of the asset or liability, the instrument is categorized in Level 2. When quoted market prices are not available, pricing may be completed using comparable securities, dealer values, operating data and general market conditions to determine fair value. Valuation models utilize various inputs such as commodity, interest rate and, to a lesser degree, volatility and credit that include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets, market corroborated inputs (i.e. inputs derived principally from, or correlated to, observable market data) and other observable inputs for the asset or liability. The amount of risk taken is determined by the Commercial Operations, Energy Supply and Finance groups in accordance with our established risk management policies as approved by the Finance Committee of our Board of Directors. Our market risk oversight staff independently monitors our risk policies, procedures and risk levels and provides members of the Commercial Operations Risk Committee (Regulated Risk Committee) and the Energy Supply Risk Committee (Competitive Risk Committee) various reports regarding compliance with policies, limits and procedures. The Regulated Risk Committee consists of AEPSC's Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Executive Vice President of Generation, Senior Vice President of Commercial Operations and Chief Risk Officer. The Competitive Risk Committee consists of AEPSC's Chief Operating Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Risk Officer in addition to Energy Supply's President and Vice President.

For our commercial activities, exchange traded derivatives, namely futures contracts, are generally fair valued based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets and are classified as Level 1. Level 2 inputs primarily consist of OTC broker quotes in moderately active or less active markets, as well as exchange traded contracts where there is insufficient market liquidity to warrant inclusion in Level 1. We verify our price curves using these broker quotes and classify these fair values within Level 2 when substantially all of the fair value can be corroborated. We typically obtain multiple broker quotes, which are nonbinding in nature, but are based on recent trades in the marketplace. When multiple broker quotes are obtained, we average the quoted bid and ask prices. In certain circumstances, we may discard a broker quote if it is a clear outlier. We use a historical correlation analysis between the broker quoted location and the illiquid locations. If the points are highly correlated, we include these locations within Level 2 as well. Certain OTC and bilaterally executed derivative instruments are executed in less active markets with a lower availability of pricing information. Illiquid transactions, complex structured transactions, FTRs and counterparty credit risk may require nonmarket based inputs. Some of these inputs may be internally developed or extrapolated and utilized to estimate fair value. When such inputs have a significant impact on the measurement of fair value, the instrument is categorized as Level 3. The main driver of our contracts being classified as Level 3 is the inability to substantiate our energy price curves in the market. A significant portion of our Level 3 instruments have been economically hedged which greatly limits potential earnings volatility.

We utilize our trustee's external pricing service in our estimate of the fair value of the underlying investments held in the nuclear trusts. Our investment managers review and validate the prices utilized by the trustee to determine fair value. We perform our own valuation testing to verify the fair values of the securities. We receive audit reports of our trustee's operating controls and valuation processes. The trustee uses multiple pricing vendors for the assets held in the trusts.

Assets in the nuclear trusts, Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Temporary Investments are classified using the following methods. Equities are classified as Level 1 holdings if they are actively traded on exchanges. Items classified as Level 1 are investments in money market funds, fixed income and equity mutual funds and domestic equity securities. They are valued based on observable inputs primarily unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Items classified as Level 2 are primarily investments in individual fixed income securities and cash equivalents funds. Fixed income securities do not trade on an exchange and do not have an official closing price but their valuation inputs are based on observable market data. Pricing vendors calculate bond valuations using financial models and

matrices. The models use observable inputs including yields on benchmark securities, quotes by securities brokers, rating agency actions, discounts or premiums on securities compared to par prices, changes in yields for U.S. Treasury securities, corporate actions by bond issuers, prepayment schedules and histories, economic events and, for certain securities, adjustments to yields to reflect changes in the rate of inflation. Other securities with model-derived valuation inputs that are observable are also classified as Level 2 investments. Investments with unobservable valuation inputs are classified as Level 3 investments.

## Fair Value Measurements of Long-term Debt

The fair values of Long-term Debt are based on quoted market prices, without credit enhancements, for the same or similar issues and the current interest rates offered for instruments with similar maturities classified as Level 2 measurement inputs. These instruments are not marked-to-market. The estimates presented are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that we could realize in a current market exchange.

The book values and fair values of Long-term Debt as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

		Septembe	r 3	0, 2015	December 31, 2014					
	Bool	(Value (a)		Fair Value	Bo	ok Value (a)		Fair Value		
	<del></del>			(in mi	illions	)		·		
Long-term Debt	\$	19,507	\$	21,257	\$	18,684	\$	21,075		

(a) Amounts include debt related to AEPRO that have been classified as Liabilities Held for Sale on the condensed balance sheets. See "AEPRO (AEP River Operations Segment)" section of Note 6 for additional information.

## Fair Value Measurements of Other Temporary Investments

Other Temporary Investments include funds held by trustees primarily for the payment of securitization bonds and securities available for sale, including marketable securities that we intend to hold for less than one year and investments by our protected cell of EIS.

The following is a summary of Other Temporary Investments:

	September 30, 2015								
Other Temporary Investments	Cost		Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized Losses		Fair Value		
Restricted Cash (a)	\$	201	\$	_	\$ —	\$	201		
Fixed Income Securities - Mutual Funds		90					90		
Equity Securities - Mutual Funds		14		10			24		
Total Other Temporary Investments	\$	305	\$	10	\$	\$	315		

Other Temporary Investments	December 31, 2014									
	Cost		Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized Losses			Fair Value		
			(in millions)							
Restricted Cash (a)	\$	280	\$	_	\$		\$	280		
Fixed Income Securities - Mutual Funds		81						81		
Equity Securities - Mutual Funds		13		12		_		25		
Total Other Temporary Investments	\$	374	\$	12	\$		\$	386		

(a) Primarily represents amounts held for the repayment of debt.

The following table provides the activity for our fixed income and equity securities within Other Temporary Investments for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,						
	2015		2014			2015	2014				
		(in millions)									
Proceeds from Investment Sales	\$		\$	· —	\$		\$				
Purchases of Investments		10		_		10		1			
Gross Realized Gains on Investment Sales		_		_		_		-			
Gross Realized Losses on Investment Sales		_		_				_			

As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, we had no Other Temporary Investments with an unrealized loss position. As of September 30, 2015, fixed income securities were primarily debt based mutual funds with short and intermediate maturities. Mutual funds may be sold and do not contain maturity dates.

For details of the reasons for changes in Securities Available for Sale included in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, see Note 3.

## Fair Value Measurements of Trust Assets for Decommissioning and SNF Disposal

Nuclear decommissioning and spent nuclear fuel trust funds represent funds that regulatory commissions allow us to collect through rates to fund future decommissioning and spent nuclear fuel disposal liabilities. By rules or orders, the IURC, the MPSC and the FERC established investment limitations and general risk management guidelines. In general, limitations include:

- Acceptable investments (rated investment grade or above when purchased).
- Maximum percentage invested in a specific type of investment.
- Prohibition of investment in obligations of AEP or its affiliates.
- Withdrawals permitted only for payment of decommissioning costs and trust expenses.

We maintain trust records for each regulatory jurisdiction. These funds are managed by external investment managers who must comply with the guidelines and rules of the applicable regulatory authorities. The trust assets are invested to optimize the net of tax earnings of the trust giving consideration to liquidity, risk, diversification and other prudent investment objectives.

I&M records securities held in trust funds for decommissioning nuclear facilities and for the disposal of SNF at fair value. I&M classifies securities in the trust funds as available-for-sale due to their long-term purpose. Other-than-temporary impairments for investments in both fixed income and equity securities are considered realized losses as a result of securities being managed by an external investment management firm. The external investment management firm makes specific investment decisions regarding the equity and fixed income investments held in these trusts and generally intends to sell fixed income securities in an unrealized loss position as part of a tax optimization strategy. Impairments reduce the cost basis of the securities which will affect any future unrealized gain or realized gain or loss due to the adjusted cost of investment. I&M records unrealized gains and other-than-temporary impairments from securities in the trust funds as adjustments to the regulatory liability account for the nuclear decommissioning trust funds and to regulatory assets or liabilities for the SNF disposal trust funds in accordance with their treatment in rates. Consequently, changes in fair value of trust assets do not affect earnings or AOCI. The trust assets are recorded by jurisdiction and may not be used for another jurisdiction's liabilities. Regulatory approval is required to withdraw decommissioning funds.

The following is a summary of nuclear trust fund investments as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	September 30, 2015							December 31, 2014				
	Fair Value		Uni	Gross Other-Than- nrealized Temporary Gains Impairments		Fair Value		Gross Unrealized Gains		Other-Than- Temporary Impairments		
		,				(în mi	llio	ns)				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	164	\$		\$		\$	20	\$		\$	_
Fixed Income Securities:												
United States Government		704		45		(2)		697		45		(5)
Corporate Debt		62		4		(1)		48		4		(1)
State and Local Government		<u>50</u>		. 1				208		. 1		
Subtotal Fixed Income Securities		816		50		(3)		953		50		(6)
Equity Securities - Domestic		1,067		516		(80)		1,123		599		(79)
Spent Nuclear Fuel and Decommissioning Trusts	\$	2,047	\$	566	\$	(83)	\$	2,096	\$	649	\$	(85)

The following table provides the securities activity within the decommissioning and SNF trusts for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Thr	ee Months En	ided :	September 30,	ie Months Ended September 30,			
		2015		2014		2015	_	2014
				(in mi	lions	)		
Proceeds from Investment Sales	\$	921	\$	263	\$	1,437	\$	746
Purchases of Investments		938		281		1,479		790
Gross Realized Gains on Investment Sales		15		8		34		25
Gross Realized Losses on Investment Sales		13		1		23		10

The adjusted cost of fixed income securities was \$766 million and \$903 million as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. The adjusted cost of equity securities was \$551 million and \$524 million as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

The fair value of fixed income securities held in the nuclear trust funds, summarized by contractual maturities, as of September 30, 2015 was as follows:

	Fixed	Value of Income urities			
	(in millions)				
Within 1 year	\$	166			
1 year - 5 years		336			
5 years – 10 years		140			
After 10 years		174			
Total	\$	816			

## Fair Value Measurements of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The following tables set forth, by level within the fair value hierarchy, our financial assets and liabilities that were accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. As required by the accounting guidance for "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement requires judgment and may affect the valuation of fair value assets and liabilities and their placement within the fair value hierarchy levels. There have not been any significant changes in our valuation techniques.

# Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis September 30, 2015

	_ Le	vel 1	Level 2	Level 3		Other	Total
Assets:				(in mil	lions)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents (a)	\$	12	\$4	\$		\$ 162	\$ 178
Other Temporary Investments		,					
Restricted Cash (a)	_	189	6			6	201
Fixed Income Securities - Mutual Funds		90					90
Equity Securities - Mutual Funds (b)		24	_				24
Total Other Temporary Investments		303	6			6	315
Risk Management Assets							
Risk Management Commodity Contracts (c) (d)	_	17	478		248	(256)	487
Cash Flow Hedges:						( ,	
Commodity Hedges (c)			10		1	(4)	7
Fair Value Hedges			1			1	2
Total Risk Management Assets		17	489		249	(259)	496
Spent Nuclear Fuel and Decommissioning Trusts							
Cash and Cash Equivalents (e)	-	157				7	164
Fixed Income Securities:		20,				•	
United States Government			704				704
Corporate Debt		_	62				62
State and Local Government		_	50		_		50
Subtotal Fixed Income Securities			816				816
Equity Securities - Domestic (b)		1,067	_				1,067
Total Spent Nuclear Fuel and Decommissioning Trusts		1,224	816		<u> </u>	7	2,047
Total Assets	\$	1,556	\$ 1,315	\$	249 \$	(84)	\$ 3,036
Liabilities:							
Risk Management Liabilities	_						
Risk Management Commodity Contracts (c) (d)	_ \$	33	\$ 440	\$	76 \$	(299)	\$ 250
Cash Flow Hedges:							
Commodity Hedges (c)		_	22		6	(4)	24
Interest Rate/Foreign Currency Hedges			1			<u>-</u>	1
Fair Value Hedges		_	. —		,	1	. i
Total Risk Management Liabilities	\$	33	\$ 463	\$	82 \$	(302)	\$ 276

# Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis December 31, 2014

Assets:	<u>L</u>	evel 1	L	evel 2		evel 3 nillions)	Other		`otal
Cash and Cash Equivalents (a)	\$	17	<u>\$</u>	1	<u>\$</u>		\$ 145	\$	163
Other Temporary Investments	_								
Restricted Cash (a)	_	234		9		_	37		280
Fixed Income Securities - Mutual Funds		81		·		_	<del></del>		81
Equity Securities - Mutual Funds (b)		25		=					<u>25</u>
Total Other Temporary Investments		340	_	9			37		386
Risk Management Assets	_								
Risk Management Commodity Contracts (c) (f)		37		528		190	(302)		453
Cash Flow Hedges:									
Commodity Hedges (c)				32		_	(16)		16
Fair Value Hedges			_	1			2		3
Total Risk Management Assets		37	_	561		190	(316)		472
Spent Nuclear Fuel and Decommissioning Trusts									
Cash and Cash Equivalents (e)		9		_		_	11		20
Fixed Income Securities:									
United States Government		_		697			_		697
Corporate Debt				48		_	_		48
State and Local Government				208					208_
Subtotal Fixed Income Securities		_		953		_			953
Equity Securities – Domestic (b)		1,123		=					1,123
Total Spent Nuclear Fuel and Decommissioning Trusts		1,132	_	953			11		2,096
Total Assets	\$	1,526	<u>s_</u>	1.524	<u>_\$</u>	190	\$ (123)	<u>\$</u>	3,117
Liabilities:									
Risk Management Liabilities	_								
Risk Management Commodity Contracts (c) (f)	\$	65	\$	432	\$	36	\$ (334)	\$	199
Cash Flow Hedges:									
Commodity Hedges (c)				27		3	(16)		14
Interest Rate/Foreign Currency Hedges		_		1					1
Fair Value Hedges				7			2		9_
Total Risk Management Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	65	<u>\$</u>	467	<u>\$</u>	39.	\$ (348)	<u> </u>	<u>223                                   </u>

- (a) Amounts in "Other" column primarily represent cash deposits in bank accounts with financial institutions or with third parties. Level 1 and Level 2 amounts primarily represent investments in money market funds.
- (b) Amounts represent publicly traded equity securities and equity-based mutual funds.
- (c) Amounts in "Other" column primarily represent counterparty netting of risk management and hedging contracts and associated cash collateral under the accounting guidance for "Derivatives and Hedging."
- (d) The September 30, 2015 maturity of the net fair value of risk management contracts prior to cash collateral, assets/(liabilities), is as follows: Level 1 matures (\$4) million in 2015 and (\$12) million in periods 2016-2018; Level 2 matures \$5 million in 2015, \$28 million in periods 2016-2018, \$3 million in periods 2019-2020 and \$2 million in periods 2021-2032; Level 3 matures \$2 million in 2015, \$63 million in periods 2016-2018, \$25 million in periods 2019-2020 and \$82 million in periods 2021-2032. Risk management commodity contracts are substantially comprised of power contracts.
- (e) Amounts in "Other" column primarily represent accrued interest receivables from financial institutions. Level 1 amounts primarily represent investments in money market funds.
- (f) The December 31, 2014 maturity of the net fair value of risk management contracts prior to cash collateral, assets/(liabilities), is as follows: Level 1 matures \$(18) million in 2015 and (\$10) million in periods 2016-2018; Level 2 matures \$31 million in 2015, \$52 million in periods 2016-2018, \$12 million in periods 2019-2020 and \$1 million in periods 2021-2030; Level 3 matures \$50 million in 2015, \$29 million in periods 2016-2018, \$9 million in periods 2019-2020 and \$66 million in periods 2021-2030. Risk management commodity contracts are substantially comprised of power contracts.

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

The following tables set forth a reconciliation of changes in the fair value of net trading derivatives and other investments classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2015	Net Risk Management Assets (Liabilities)			
	(in millions)			
Balance as of June 30, 2015	\$	203		
Realized Gain (Loss) Included in Net Income (or Changes in Net Assets) (a) (b)		11		
Unrealized Gain (Loss) Included in Net Income (or Changes in Net Assets) Relating		_		
to Assets Still Held at the Reporting Date (a)		6		
Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) Included in Other Comprehensive Income		(2)		
Purchases, Issuances and Settlements (c)		(29)		
Transfers into Level 3 (d) (e)		8		
Transfers out of Level 3 (e) (f)		(5)		
Changes in Fair Value Allocated to Regulated Jurisdictions (g)		(25)		
Balance as of September 30, 2015	\$	167		
Three Months Ended September 30, 2014	Net Risk Management Assets (Liabilities)			
	(in millions)			
Balance as of June 30, 2014	\$	132		
Realized Gain (Loss) Included in Net Income (or Changes in Net Assets) (a) (b)		(9)		
Unrealized Gain (Loss) Included in Net Income (or Changes in Net Assets) Relating				
to Assets Still Held at the Reporting Date (a)		10		
Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) Included in Other Comprehensive Income		(3)		
Purchases, Issuances and Settlements (c)		(5)		
Transfers into Level 3 (d) (e)		(9)		
Transfers out of Level 3 (e) (f)		(1)		
Changes in Fair Value Allocated to Regulated Jurisdictions (g)		14_		
Balance as of September 30, 2014	<u>\$</u>	129		
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015	Net Risk Manage Assets (Liabiliti			
	(in millions)			
Balance as of December 31, 2014	\$	151		
Realized Gain (Loss) Included in Net Income (or Changes in Net Assets) (a) (b)		14		
Unrealized Gain (Loss) Included in Net Income (or Changes in Net Assets) Relating				
to Assets Still Held at the Reporting Date (a)		54		
Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) Included in Other Comprehensive Income		(4)		
Purchases, Issuances and Settlements (c)		(60)		
Transfers into Level 3 (d) (e)		28		
Transfers out of Level 3 (e) (f)		(17)		
Changes in Fair Value Allocated to Regulated Jurisdictions (g)	<del></del>	1		
Balance as of September 30, 2015	\$	167		

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014	Net Risk Management Assets (Liabilities)				
	(in millions)				
Balance as of December 31, 2013	\$	117			
Realized Gain (Loss) Included in Net Income (or Changes in Net Assets) (a) (b)		91			
Unrealized Gain (Loss) Included in Net Income (or Changes in Net Assets) Relating to Assets Still Held at the Reporting Date (a)		(3)			
Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) Included in Other Comprehensive Income		12			
Purchases, Issuances and Settlements (c)		(103)			
Transfers into Level 3 (d) (e)		(9)			
Transfers out of Level 3 (e) (f)		(8)			
Changes in Fair Value Allocated to Regulated Jurisdictions (g)		32			
Balance as of September 30, 2014	\$	129			

- (a) Included in revenues on the condensed statements of income.
- (b) Represents the change in fair value between the beginning of the reporting period and the settlement of the risk management commodity contract.
- (c) Represents the settlement of risk management commodity contracts for the reporting period.
- (d) Represents existing assets or liabilities that were previously categorized as Level 2.
- (e) Transfers are recognized based on their value at the beginning of the reporting period that the transfer occurred.
- (f) Represents existing assets or liabilities that were previously categorized as Level 3.
- (g) Relates to the net gains (losses) of those contracts that are not reflected on the condensed statements of income. These net gains (losses) are recorded as regulatory liabilities/assets.

The following tables quantify the significant unobservable inputs used in developing the fair value of our Level 3 positions as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

# Significant Unobservable Inputs September 30, 2015

						Input/Range				
	Fair Value		Fair Value Valuation			Unobservable			Weighted	
		Assets	Lia	bilities	Technique	Input	Low	High	_A	verage
		(in mi	illions	<u> </u>						
Energy Contracts	\$	226	\$	79	Discounted Cash Flow	Forward Market Price (a)	\$ 13.03	\$165.93	\$	36.37
						Counterparty Credit Risk (b)		481		
FTRs		23		3	Discounted Cash Flow	Forward Market Price (a)	(10.67)	11.60		1.31
Total	\$	249	\$	82				•		

# Significant Unobservable Inputs December 31, 2014

			Significant			Significant	Input/Range					
	Fair Value			;	Valuation	Unobservable			Weighted			
		Assets	ssets Liabilities		Technique	Input	Low	Low High		Average		
		(in mi	llions	)								
Energy Contracts	\$	157	\$	37	Discounted Cash Flow	Forward Market Price (a)	\$11.37	\$159.92	\$	57.18		
						Counterparty Credit Risk (b)		303				
FTRs		33		_2	Discounted Cash Flow	Forward Market Price (a)	(14.63)	20.02		0.96		
Total	\$	190	\$	39								

- (a) Represents market prices in dollars per MWh.
- (b) Represents average price of credit default swaps used to calculate counterparty credit risk, reported in basis points.

The following table provides sensitivity of fair value measurements to increases (decreases) in significant unobservable inputs related to Energy Contracts and FTRs as of September 30, 2015:

# Sensitivity of Fair Value Measurements September 30, 2015

Significant Unobservable Input	Position	Change in Input	Impact on Fair Value Measurement		
Forward Market Price	Buy	Increase (Decrease)	Higher (Lower)		
Forward Market Price	Sell	Increase (Decrease)	Lower (Higher)		
Counterparty Credit Risk	Loss	Increase (Decrease)	Higher (Lower)		
Counterparty Credit Risk	Gain	Increase (Decrease)	Lower (Higher)		

## 11. INCOME TAXES

## AEP System Tax Allocation Agreement

We, along with our subsidiaries, file a consolidated federal income tax return. The allocation of the AEP System's current consolidated federal income tax to the AEP System companies allocates the benefit of current tax losses to the AEP System companies giving rise to such losses in determining their current tax expense. The tax benefit of the Parent is allocated to our subsidiaries with taxable income. With the exception of the loss of the Parent, the method of allocation reflects a separate return result for each company in the consolidated group.

#### Valuation Allowance

We assess the available positive and negative evidence to estimate whether sufficient future taxable income will be generated to use existing deferred tax assets. On the basis of this evaluation, we recorded a valuation allowance of \$165 million attributable to the unrealized capital loss associated with the excess tax basis of the stock over the book value of our investment in the operations of AEPRO. The assets and liabilities of AEPRO have been recorded as Assets Held for Sale and Liabilities Held for Sale, respectively, on our condensed balance sheets as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. See "AEPRO (AEP River Operations Segment)" section of Note 6 for additional information regarding the assets and liabilities classified as held for sale. As of September 30, 2015, valuation allowances totaling \$221 million for unrealized capital losses have been recorded in order to recognize only the portion of the deferred tax assets that, more likely than not, will be realized.

#### Federal and State Income Tax Audit Status

We are no longer subject to U.S. federal examination for years before 2011. The IRS examination of years 2011, 2012 and 2013 started in April 2014. Although the outcome of tax audits is uncertain, in our opinion, adequate provisions for federal income taxes have been made for potential liabilities resulting from such matters. In addition, we accrue interest on these uncertain tax positions. We are not aware of any issues for open tax years that upon final resolution are expected to materially impact net income.

We, along with our subsidiaries, file income tax returns in various state, local and foreign jurisdictions. These taxing authorities routinely examine our tax returns. We are currently under examination in several state and local jurisdictions. However, it is possible that we have filed tax returns with positions that may be challenged by these tax authorities. We believe that adequate provisions for income taxes have been made for potential liabilities resulting from such challenges and that the ultimate resolution of these audits will not materially impact net income. We are no longer subject to state, local or non-U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2009.

# State Tax Legislation

House Bill 32 was passed by the state of Texas in June 2015 permanently reducing the Texas income/franchise tax rate from 0.95% to 0.75% effective January 1, 2016, applicable to reports originally due on or after the effective date. The Texas income/franchise tax rate had been scheduled to return to 1% in 2016. The enacted provision did not materially impact net income, cash flows or financial condition.

# 12. FINANCING ACTIVITIES

## Long-term Debt

The following table details long-term debt outstanding as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

Type of Debt	Septem	Decemi	December 31, 2014						
	(in millions)								
Senior Unsecured Notes	\$	13,801	\$	12,647					
Pollution Control Bonds		1,874		1,963					
Notes Payable (a)		374		357					
Securitization Bonds		2,072		2,380					
Spent Nuclear Fuel Obligation (b)		266		266					
Other Long-term Debt		1,151		1,101					
Fair Value of Interest Rate Hedges		_		(6)					
Unamortized Discount, Net		(31)		(24)					
Total Long-term Debt Outstanding (a)		19,507	-	18,684					
Long-term Debt Due Within One Year (a)		1,907		2,503					
Long-term Debt (a)	\$	17,600	\$	16,181					

- (a) Amounts include debt related to AEPRO that have been classified as Liabilities Held for Sale on the condensed balance sheets. See "AEPRO (AEP River Operations Segment)" section of Note 6 for additional information.
- (b) Pursuant to the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982, I&M, a nuclear licensee, has an obligation to the United States Department of Energy for spent nuclear fuel disposal. The obligation includes a one-time fee for nuclear fuel consumed prior to April 7, 1983. Trust fund assets related to this obligation were \$309 million and \$309 million as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, and are included in Spent Nuclear Fuel and Decommissioning Trusts on the condensed balance sheets.

Long-term debt and other securities issued, retired and principal payments made during the first nine months of 2015 are shown in the tables below:

Company	Type of Debt	Principa Amoun		Interest Rate	Due Date
Issuances:		(in million	ıs)	(%)	
APCo	Pollution Control Bonds	\$	86	1.90	2019
APCo	Senior Unsecured Notes	3	350	4.45	2045
APCo	Senior Unsecured Notes	3	300	3.40	2025
I&M	Notes Payable	1	.11	Variable	2019
I&M	Other Long-term Debt	]	.00	Variable	2018
PSO	Senior Unsecured Notes	1	.25	3.17	2025
PSO	Senior Unsecured Notes	1	25	4.09	2045
SWEPCo	Pollution Control Bonds		54	1.60	2019
SWEPCo	Senior Unsecured Notes	2	00	3.90	2045
Non-Registrant:					
AEPTCo	Senior Unsecured Notes		60	4.01	2030
AEPTCo	Senior Unsecured Notes		50	3.66	2025
AEPTCo	Senior Unsecured Notes		40	3.76	2025
AGR	Other Long-term Debt	4	00	Variable	2017
KPCo	Other Long-term Debt		25	Variable	2018
TCC	Senior Unsecured Notes	2	250	3.85	2025
TNC	Senior Unsecured Notes		50	3.75	2025
TNC	Senior Unsecured Notes		25	3.27	2022
Transource Missouri	Other Long-term Debt		20	Variable	2018
WPCo	Senior Unsecured Notes	1	13	3.36	2022
WPCo	Senior Unsecured Notes	1	22	3.70	2025
WPCo	Senior Unsecured Notes		50	4.20	2035
Total Issuances		\$ 2,9	<u>56</u> (a)	)	

<sup>(</sup>a) Amount indicated on the statement of cash flows is net of issuance costs and premium or discount and will not tie to the issuance amount.

Company	Type of Debt	Principal Amount Paid	Interest Rate	Due Date
Total Retirements and Principal Payments:		(in millions)	(%)	
APCo	Securitization Bonds	\$ 23	2.008	2024
APCo	Senior Unsecured Notes	350	7.95	2020
APCo	Senior Unsecured Notes	300	3.40	2015
1&M	Other Long-term Debt	94	Variable	2015
I&M	Other Long-term Debt	1	6.00	2025
I&M	Notes Payable	18	Variable	2016
I&M	Notes Payable	21	Variable	2017
I&M	Notes Payable	26	Variable	2019
I&M	Notes Payable	16	Variable	2019
I&M	Notes Payable	1	Variable	2016
I&M	Notes Payable	1	2.12	2016
OPCo	Pollution Control Bonds	86	3.125	2015
OPCo	Securitization Bonds	45	0.958	2018
SWEPCo	Notes Payable	3	4.58	2032
SWEPCo	Pollution Control Bonds	54	3.25	2015
SWEPCo	Senior Unsecured Notes	100	5.375	2015
SWEPCo	Senior Unsecured Notes	150	4.90	2015
Non-Registrant:				
AEGCo	Senior Unsecured Notes	7	6.33	2037
AEP Subsidiaries	Notes Payable	5	Variable	2017
AEP Subsidiaries	Notes Payable	1 (a)	7.59	2026
AEP Subsidiaries	Notes Payable	1 (a)	8.03	2026
AGR	Other Long-term Debt	500	Variable	2015
AGR	Pollution Control Bonds	50	Variable	2015
AGR	Pollution Control Bonds	39	Variable	2015
TCC	Securitization Bonds	81	5.09	2015
TCC	Securitization Bonds	76	6.25	2016
TCC	Securitization Bonds	27	0.88	2017
TCC	Securitization Bonds	57	5.17	2018
Total Retirements and Principal Payments		\$ 2,133 (a)		

<sup>(</sup>a) Amount includes principal payments of debt related to AEPRO that has been classified as Discontinued Operations on the condensed statement of cash flows.

In October 2015, KPCo drew the remaining \$25 million on an existing \$75 million variable rate credit facility due in 2018.

In October 2015, Transource Missouri drew \$6 million on an existing \$300 million variable rate credit facility due in 2018.

As of September 30, 2015, trustees held on our behalf, \$475 million of our reacquired Pollution Control Bonds.

#### **Dividend Restrictions**

#### Parent Restrictions

The holders of our common stock are entitled to receive the dividends declared by our Board of Directors provided funds are legally available for such dividends. Our income primarily derives from our common stock equity in the earnings of our utility subsidiaries.

Pursuant to the leverage restrictions in our credit agreements, we must maintain a percentage of debt to total capitalization at a level that does not exceed 67.5%. The payment of cash dividends indirectly results in an increase in the percentage of debt to total capitalization of the company distributing the dividend. The method for calculating outstanding debt and capitalization is contractually defined in the credit agreements. None of AEP's retained earnings were restricted for the purpose of the payment of dividends.

#### Utility Subsidiaries' Restrictions

Various financing arrangements and regulatory requirements may impose certain restrictions on the ability of our utility subsidiaries to transfer funds to us in the form of dividends. Specifically, several of our public utility subsidiaries have credit agreements that contain a covenant that limits their debt to capitalization ratio to 67.5%.

The Federal Power Act prohibits the utility subsidiaries from participating "in the making or paying of any dividends of such public utility from any funds properly included in capital account." The term "capital account" is not defined in the Federal Power Act or its regulations. Management understands "capital account" to mean the book value of the common stock. This restriction does not limit the ability of the utility subsidiaries to pay dividends out of retained earnings.

#### Short-term Debt

Our outstanding short-term debt was as follows:

	Se	eptember 3	December 31, 2014			
Type of Debt		tanding nount	Interest Rate (a)	Outstanding Amount		Interest Rate (a)
	(in millions)			(in n	nillions)	
Securitized Debt for Receivables (b)	\$	750	0.28%	\$	744	0.22%
Commercial Paper		32	0.44%		602	0.59%
Total Short-term Debt	\$	782		\$	1,346	

- (a) Weighted average rate.
- (b) Amount of securitized debt for receivables as accounted for under the "Transfers and Servicing" accounting guidance.

### Credit Facilities

For an additional discussion of credit facilities, see "Letters of Credit" section of Note 5.

# Securitized Accounts Receivable + AEP Credit

AEP Credit has a receivables securitization agreement with bank conduits. Under the securitization agreement, AEP Credit receives financing from the bank conduits for the interest in the receivables AEP Credit acquires from affiliated utility subsidiaries. AEP Credit continues to service the receivables. These securitized transactions allow AEP Credit to repay its outstanding debt obligations, continue to purchase our operating companies' receivables and accelerate AEP Credit's cash collections.

Our receivables securitization agreement provides a commitment of \$750 million from bank conduits to purchase receivables. The agreement was increased in June 2014 from \$700 million and expires in June 2017.

Accounts receivable information for AEP Credit is as follows:

	Three Mor Septen				onths ember	Ended er 30,	
_	2015		2014	2015		2014	
_			(dollars in	millions)			
Effective Interest Rates on Securitization of Accounts Receivable	0.30%		0.21%	0.28	%	0.22%	
Net Uncollectible Accounts Receivable Written Off \$	13	\$	16	\$ 27	\$	32	
			Sep	otember 30, 2015		ember 31, 2014	
			<u>—</u> —	(in mi	llions)	<del></del>	
Accounts Receivable Retained Interest and Pledged as C Uncollectible Accounts	Collateral Les	S	\$	970	\$	975	
Total Principal Outstanding				750		744	
Delinquent Securitized Accounts Receivable				50		44	
Bad Debt Reserves Related to Securitization/Sale of Acc	counts Recei	vable	e	16		13	
Unbilled Receivables Related to Securitization/Sale of A	accounts Rec	eiva	ble	277		335	

Customer accounts receivable retained and securitized for our operating companies are managed by AEP Credit. AEP Credit's delinquent customer accounts receivable represents accounts greater than 30 days past due.

## 13. VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES

The accounting guidance for "Variable Interest Entities" is a consolidation model that considers if a company has a controlling financial interest in a VIE. A controlling financial interest will have both (a) the power to direct the activities of a VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and (b) the obligation to absorb losses of the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE. Entities are required to consolidate a VIE when it is determined that they have a controlling financial interest in a VIE and therefore, are the primary beneficiary of that VIE, as defined by the accounting guidance for "Variable Interest Entities." In determining whether we are the primary beneficiary of a VIE, we consider factors such as equity at risk, the amount of the VIE's variability we absorb, guarantees of indebtedness, voting rights including kick-out rights, the power to direct the VIE, variable interests held by related parties and other factors. We believe that significant assumptions and judgments were applied consistently.

We are the primary beneficiary of Sabine, DCC Fuel, AEP Credit, Transition Funding, Ohio Phase-in-Recovery Funding, Appalachian Consumer Rate Relief Funding, a protected cell of EIS and Transource Energy. In addition, we have not provided material financial or other support to any of these entities that was not previously contractually required. We hold a significant variable interest in DHLC and Potomac-Appalachian Transmission Highline, LLC West Virginia Series (West Virginia Series).

Sabine is a mining operator providing mining services to SWEPCo. SWEPCo has no equity investment in Sabine but is Sabine's only customer. SWEPCo guarantees the debt obligations and lease obligations of Sabine. Under the terms of the note agreements, substantially all assets are pledged and all rights under the lignite mining agreement are assigned to SWEPCo. The creditors of Sabine have no recourse to any AEP entity other than SWEPCo. Under the provisions of the mining agreement, SWEPCo is required to pay, as a part of the cost of lignite delivered, an amount equal to mining costs plus a management fee. In addition, SWEPCo determines how much coal will be mined each year. Based on these facts, management concluded that SWEPCo is the primary beneficiary and is required to consolidate Sabine. SWEPCo's total billings from Sabine for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$41 million and \$41 million, respectively, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$124 million and \$121 million, respectively. See the tables below for the classification of Sabine's assets and liabilities on the condensed balance sheets.

I&M has nuclear fuel lease agreements with DCC Fuel, which was formed for the purpose of acquiring, owning and leasing nuclear fuel to I&M. DCC Fuel purchased the nuclear fuel from I&M with funds received from the issuance of notes to financial institutions. Each DCC Fuel entity is a single-lessee leasing arrangement with only one asset and is capitalized with all debt. Each is a separate legal entity from I&M, the assets of which are not available to satisfy the debts of I&M. Payments on the leases for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$29 million and \$28 million, respectively, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$86 million and \$84 million, respectively. The leases were recorded as capital leases on I&M's balance sheet as title to the nuclear fuel transfers to I&M at the end of the respective lease terms, which do not exceed 54 months. Based on our control of DCC Fuel, management concluded that I&M is the primary beneficiary and is required to consolidate DCC Fuel. The capital leases are eliminated upon consolidation. See the tables below for the classification of DCC Fuel's assets and liabilities on the condensed balance sheets.

AEP Credit is a wholly-owned subsidiary of AEP. AEP Credit purchases, without recourse, accounts receivable from certain utility subsidiaries of AEP to reduce working capital requirements. AEP provides a minimum of 5% equity and up to 20% of AEP Credit's short-term borrowing needs in excess of third party financings. Any third party financing of AEP Credit only has recourse to the receivables securitized for such financing. Based on our control of AEP Credit, management concluded that we are the primary beneficiary and are required to consolidate AEP Credit. See the tables below for the classification of AEP Credit's assets and liabilities on the condensed balance sheets. See "Securitized Accounts Receivable – AEP Credit" section of Note 12.

Transition Funding was formed for the sole purpose of issuing and servicing securitization bonds related to Texas Restructuring Legislation. Management has concluded that TCC is the primary beneficiary of Transition Funding because TCC has the power to direct the most significant activities of the VIE and TCC's equity interest could potentially be significant. Therefore, TCC is required to consolidate Transition Funding. The securitized bonds totaled \$1.5 billion and \$1.8 billion as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. Transition Funding has securitized transition assets of \$1.4 billion and \$1.6 billion as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. The securitized transition assets represent the right to impose and collect Texas true-up costs from customers receiving electric transmission or distribution service from TCC under recovery mechanisms approved by the PUCT. The securitization bonds are payable only from and secured by the securitized transition assets. The bondholders have no recourse to TCC or any other AEP entity. TCC acts as the servicer for Transition Funding's securitized transition assets and remits all related amounts collected from customers to Transition Funding for interest and principal payments on the securitization bonds and related costs. See the tables below for the classification of Transition Funding's assets and liabilities on the condensed balance sheets.

Ohio Phase-in-Recovery Funding was formed for the sole purpose of issuing and servicing securitization bonds related to phase-in recovery property. Management has concluded that OPCo is the primary beneficiary of Ohio Phase-in-Recovery Funding because OPCo has the power to direct the most significant activities of the VIE and OPCo's equity interest could potentially be significant. Therefore, OPCo is required to consolidate Ohio Phase-in-Recovery Funding. The securitized bonds totaled \$187 million and \$232 million as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. Ohio Phase-in-Recovery Funding has securitized assets of \$92 million and \$110 million as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. The phase-in recovery property represents the right to impose and collect Ohio deferred distribution charges from customers receiving electric transmission and distribution service from OPCo under a recovery mechanism approved by the PUCO. In August 2013, securitization bonds were issued. The securitization bonds are payable only from and secured by the securitized assets. The bondholders have no recourse to OPCo or any other AEP entity. OPCo acts as the servicer for Ohio Phase-in-Recovery Funding's securitized assets and remits all related amounts collected from customers to Ohio Phase-in-Recovery Funding for interest and principal payments on the securitization bonds and related costs. See the table below for the classification of Ohio Phase-in-Recovery Funding's assets and liabilities on the condensed balance sheets.

Appalachian Consumer Rate Relief Funding was formed for the sole purpose of issuing and servicing securitization bonds related to APCo's under-recovered ENEC deferral balance. Management has concluded that APCo is the primary beneficiary of Appalachian Consumer Rate Relief Funding because APCo has the power to direct the most significant activities of the VIE and APCo's equity interest could potentially be significant. Therefore, APCo is required to consolidate Appalachian Consumer Rate Relief Funding. The securitized bonds totaled \$345 million and \$368 million as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. Appalachian Consumer Rate Relief Funding has securitized assets of \$333 million and \$350 million as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively. The phase-in recovery property represents the right to impose and collect West Virginia deferred generation charges from customers receiving electric transmission, distribution and generation service from APCo under a recovery mechanism approved by the WVPSC. In November 2013, securitization bonds were issued. The securitization bonds are payable only from and secured by the securitized assets. The bondholders have no recourse to APCo or any other AEP entity. APCo acts as the servicer for Appalachian Consumer Rate Relief Funding's securitized assets and remits all related amounts collected from customers to Appalachian Consumer Rate Relief Funding for interest and principal payments on the securitization bonds and related costs. See the tables below for the classification of Appalachian Consumer Rate Relief Funding's assets and liabilities on the condensed balance sheets.

The securitized bonds of Transition Funding, Ohio Phase-in-Recovery Funding and Appalachian Consumer Rate Relief Funding are included in Long-term Debt Due Within One Year - Nonaffiliated and Long-term Debt - Nonaffiliated on the condensed balance sheets. The securitized assets of Transition Funding, Ohio Phase-in-Recovery Funding and Appalachian Consumer Rate Relief Funding are included in Securitized Assets on the condensed balance sheets.

Our subsidiaries participate in one protected cell of EIS for approximately ten lines of insurance. EIS has multiple protected cells. Neither AEP nor its subsidiaries have an equity investment in EIS. The AEP System is essentially this EIS cell's only participant, but allows certain third parties access to this insurance. Our subsidiaries and any allowed third parties share in the insurance coverage, premiums and risk of loss from claims. Based on our control and the structure of the protected cell of EIS, management concluded that we are the primary beneficiary of the protected cell and are required to consolidate the protected cell of EIS. Our insurance premium expense to the protected cell for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$13 million and \$16 million, respectively, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 was \$27 million and \$33 million, respectively. See the tables below for the classification of the protected cell's assets and liabilities on the condensed balance sheets. The amount reported as equity is the protected cell's policy holders' surplus.

Transource Energy was formed for the purpose of investing in utilities which develop, acquire, construct, own and operate transmission facilities in accordance with FERC-approved rates. AEP has equity and voting ownership of 86.5% with the other owner having 13.5% interest. Management has concluded that Transource Energy is a VIE and that AEP is the primary beneficiary because AEP has the power to direct the most significant activities of the entity. Therefore, AEP is required to consolidate Transource Energy. AEP's equity interest could potentially be significant. In January 2014, Transource Missouri (a wholly-owned subsidiary of Transource Energy) acquired transmission assets from the non-controlling owner and issued debt and received a capital contribution to fund the acquisition. The majority of Transource Energy's activity resulted from the asset acquisition, construction projects, debt issuance and capital contribution. AEP provided capital contributions to Transource Energy of \$32 million and \$23 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and the year ended December 31, 2014, respectively. AEP and the other owner of Transource Energy are required to ensure a specific equity level in Transource Missouri upon completion of projects or if a project is abandoned by the RTO. See the tables below for the classification of Transource Energy's assets and liabilities on the condensed balance sheets.

The balances below represent the assets and liabilities of the VIEs that are consolidated. These balances include intercompany transactions that are eliminated upon consolidation.

# AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES

September 30, 2015 (in millions)

	EPCo	E	&M DCC Fuel	AEP redit	Tr	TCC ansition unding		O Pha Rec	PCo bhio se-in- overy nding	Appa Con Rate	PCo lachian sumer Relief iding	- (	tected Cell FEIS		isource iergy
ASSETS															
Current Assets	\$ 61	\$	104	\$ 977	\$	197		\$	20	\$	11	\$	163	\$	12
Net Property, Plant and Equipment	144		193	_		_			-		_		_		184
Other Noncurrent Assets	 60		101	1		1,454	(a)		<u>175</u> (b)	·	341 (	c)	3		5
Total Assets	\$ 265	\$	398	\$ 978	\$	1,651		\$	195	\$	352	\$	166	\$	201
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY															
Current Liabilities	\$ 40	\$	98	\$ 875	\$	283		\$	47	\$	25	\$	49	\$	47
Noncurrent Liabilities	225		300	1		1,350			147		325		76		80
Equity			_ —	102		18			_1_		2		41		74
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 265	\$	398	\$ 978	\$	1,651		\$	195	\$	352	\$	166	<u>\$</u>	201

- (a) Includes an intercompany item eliminated in consolidation of \$70 million.
- (b) Includes an intercompany item eliminated in consolidation of \$81 million.
- (c) Includes an intercompany item eliminated in consolidation of \$4 million.

# AMERICAN ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITIES

December 31, 2014 (in millions)

	EPCo	D	&M CC Tuel	AEP redit	Tra	TCC ansition anding		Pha Rec	PCo hio se-in- overy iding		Appa Cons Rate	Co lachian sumer Relief iding		C	ected Cell EIS		nsource nergy
ASSETS																	
Current Assets	\$ 68	\$	97	\$ 980	\$	239		\$	33		\$	18		\$	149	\$	2
Net Property, Plant and Equipment	145		158	_		_			_			_					98
Other Noncurrent Assets	 52_		80	 		1,654	(a)		210	(b)		358 (	c)		2		4
Total Assets	\$ 265	\$	335	\$ 980	\$	1.893		\$	243		\$	376	;	\$	151	<u>\$</u>	104
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY																	
Current Liabilities	\$ 36	\$	86	\$ 894	\$	322		\$	47		\$	27		\$	44	\$	21
Noncurrent Liabilities	228		249	_		1,553			195			347			62		55
Equity	 1		_=	 86		18			1			2			45		28
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 265	.\$	335	\$ 980	\$	1.893		\$	243		\$	376		\$	151	\$	104

- (a) Includes an intercompany item eliminated in consolidation of \$75 million.
- (b) Includes an intercompany item eliminated in consolidation of \$97 million.
- (c) Includes an intercompany item eliminated in consolidation of \$4 million.

DHLC is a mining operator that sells 50% of the lignite produced to SWEPCo and 50% to CLECO. SWEPCo and CLECO share the executive board seats and voting rights equally. Each entity guarantees 50% of DHLC's debt. SWEPCo and CLECO equally approve DHLC's annual budget. The creditors of DHLC have no recourse to any AEP entity other than SWEPCo. As SWEPCo is the sole equity owner of DHLC, it receives 100% of the management fee. SWEPCo's total billings from DHLC for the three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$30 million and \$24 million, respectively, and for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$59 million and \$31 million, respectively. We are not required to consolidate DHLC as we are not the primary beneficiary, although we hold a significant variable interest in DHLC. Our equity investment in DHLC is included in Deferred Charges and Other Noncurrent Assets on the condensed balance sheets.

Our investment in DHLC was:

	Sej	ptember 3	5	D	ecember_31	i, 2014		
	As Repo the Balan			ximum posure		orted on nce Sheet		ximum posure
				(ìn mi	llions)			
Capital Contribution from SWEPCo	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8	\$	8
Retained Earnings		6		6		4		4
Advance Due to Parent		40		40		56		56
Guarantee of Debt				55				48
Total Investment in DHLC	\$	54	\$	109	\$	68	\$	116

We and FirstEnergy Corp. (FirstEnergy) have a joint venture in Potomac-Appalachian Transmission Highline, LLC (PATH). PATH is a series limited liability company and was created to construct, through its operating companies, a high-voltage transmission line project in the PJM region. PATH consists of the "West Virginia Series (PATH-WV)," owned equally by subsidiaries of FirstEnergy and AEP, and the "Allegheny Series" which is 100% owned and controlled by a subsidiary of FirstEnergy. Provisions exist within the PATH-WV agreement that make it a VIE. We are not required to consolidate PATH-WV as we are not the primary beneficiary, although we hold a significant variable interest in PATH-WV. Our equity investment in PATH-WV is included in Deferred Charges and Other Noncurrent Assets on our condensed balance sheets. We and FirstEnergy share the returns and losses equally in PATH-WV. Our subsidiaries and FirstEnergy's subsidiaries provide services to the PATH companies through service agreements. The entities recover costs through regulated rates.

In August 2012, the PJM board cancelled the PATH Project, the transmission project that PATH was intended to develop, and removed it from the 2012 Regional Transmission Expansion Plan. In September 2012, the PATH Project companies submitted an application to the FERC requesting authority to recover prudently-incurred costs associated with the PATH Project. In November 2012, the FERC issued an order accepting the PATH Project's abandonment cost recovery application, subject to settlement procedures and hearing. The parties to the case have been unable to reach a settlement agreement and in March 2014, settlement judge procedures were terminated. Hearings at FERC were held in March and April 2015. In September 2015, the Administrative Law Judge who conducted the hearings issued an Initial Decision, with recommendations on various issues in the case. The Initial Decision has no binding effect. Additional briefing is scheduled during the fourth quarter of 2015, after which the case will be pending before FERC.

### Our investment in PATH-WV was:

	_	September 3	5_	J	December 31	1, 2014		
	As Reported on the Balance Sheet			ximum posure	As Reported on the Balance Sheet			aximum xposure
				(in mi	llions)			
Capital Contribution from AEP	\$	19	\$	19	\$	19	\$	19
Retained Earnings		2		2		2		2
Total Investment in PATH-WV	\$	21	\$	21	\$	21	<u>\$</u>	21_

As of September 30, 2015, our \$21 million investment in PATH-WV is included in Deferred Charges and Other Noncurrent Assets on the condensed balance sheet. We believe the financial statements adequately address the impact of the Initial Decision. If we cannot ultimately recover our investment related to PATH-WV, it could reduce future net income and cash flows.

## 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

## Asset Retirement Obligations (ARO)

We record ARO in accordance with the accounting guidance for "Asset Retirement and Environmental Obligations" for our legal obligations for asbestos removal and for the retirement of certain ash disposal facilities, closure and monitoring of underground carbon storage facilities at Mountaineer Plant, wind farms and certain coal mining facilities, as well as for nuclear decommissioning of our Cook Plant. We have identified, but not recognized, ARO liabilities related to electric transmission and distribution assets as a result of certain easements on property on which we have assets. Generally, such easements are perpetual and require only the retirement and removal of our assets upon the cessation of the property's use. We do not estimate the retirement for such easements because we plan to use our facilities indefinitely. The retirement obligation would only be recognized if and when we abandon or cease the use of specific easements, which is not expected.

We recorded an increase in our asset retirement obligations in the second quarter of 2015, primarily related to the final Coal Combustion Residual Rule, which was published in the Federal Register in April 2015. The Federal EPA now regulates the disposal and beneficial re-use of coal combustion residuals (CCR), including fly ash and bottom ash generated at coal-fired electric generating units and also FGD gypsum generated at some coal-fired plants. The Federal EPA regulates CCR as a non-hazardous solid waste and established minimum federal solid waste management standards. Noncash increases related to the CCR Rule are recorded as Property, Plant and Equipment. The following is a reconciliation of the aggregate carrying amount of ARO, including a \$95 million second quarter increase and other adjustments recorded in the third quarter:

	Carrying Amount of ARO						
	(in millions)						
ARO as of December 31, 2014	\$	2,019					
Accretion Expense		76					
Liabilities Incurred		48					
Liabilities Settled (a)		(126)					
Revisions in Cash Flow Estimates (b)		30					
ARO as of September 30, 2015	\$	2,047					

- (a) Amount includes settlement of liabilities of \$81 million associated with the sale of the Muskingum River Plant site. See the "Muskingum River Plant" section of Note 6.
- (b) Amount includes a \$20 million reduction in the ARO liability due to the execution of a joint use agreement with a third party.

As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, our ARO liability included \$1.31 billion and \$1.27 billion, respectively, for nuclear decommissioning of the Cook Plant. As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the fair value of assets that are legally restricted for purposes of settling the nuclear decommissioning liabilities totaled \$1.74 billion and \$1.79 billion, respectively, and are recorded in Spent Nuclear Fuel and Decommissioning Trusts on the condensed balance sheets.

## 15. <u>DISPOSITION PLANT SEVERANCE</u>

AEP retired several generation plants or units of plants during 2015. These plant closures resulted in involuntary severances. The severance program provides two weeks of base pay for every year of service along with other severance benefits.

The disposition plant severance activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 is described in the following table:

	Disposition Plant Severance Activity					
•	(in millions)					
Balance as of December 31, 2014	\$	29				
Incurred		3				
Settled		(21)				
Adjustments						
Balance as of September 30, 2015	\$	11_				

We recorded a charge of \$29 million to Other Operation expense in 2014 primarily related to employees at the disposition plants. These expenses, net of adjustments, relate primarily to severance benefits and are included primarily in Other Operation expense on the condensed statements of income. Of the cumulative expense, approximately 32% was within the Generation & Marketing segment and 68% was within the Vertically Integrated Utilities segment. The remaining liability is included in Other Current Liabilities on the condensed balance sheets. We incurred additional charges during the second quarter of 2015 as severance plans were finalized after the plants were retired. We do not expect additional severance costs to be incurred related to this initiative.