BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

- - -

In the Matter of the
Application Seeking
Approval of Ohio Power
:

Company's Proposal to : Case No. 14-1693-EL-RDR

Enter into an Affiliate:
Power Purchase Agreement:
for Inclusion in the Power:
Purchase Agreement Rider.:

In the Matter of the : Application of Ohio Power :

Company for Approval of : Case No. 14-1694-EL-AAM

Certain Accounting : Authority. :

PROCEEDINGS

before Ms. Greta See and Ms. Sarah Parrot, Attorney Examiners, at the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, 180 East Broad Street, Room 11-D, Columbus, Ohio, called at 9:00 a.m. on Friday, October 16, 2015.

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VOLUME XII

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3020 1 Friday Morning Session, 2 October 16, 2015. 3 4 EXAMINER PARROT: Let's go on the record. Good morning, everyone. This is a 5 6 continuation of the hearing in Case No. 7 14-1693-EL-RDR. Let's take brief appearances, starting 8 9 with the company. 10 MR. NOURSE: On behalf of the Ohio Power 11 Company, Steven T. Nourse, Matthew J. Satterwhite, 12 Matthew S. McKenzie, Daniel R. Conway, Christopher 13 Miller. 14 MR. KURTZ: Good morning, your Honors. 15 For OEG, Michael Kurtz --16 MR. DARR: On behalf of IEU Ohio, Frank 17 Darr. 18 MR. SETTINERI: Good morning, your 19 Honors. On behalf of PJM Power Providers Group, 20 Electric Power Supply Association, Constellation 21 NewEnergy, and Exelon Generation, LLC, and the Retail 2.2 Energy Supply Association, M. Howard Petricoff, 2.3 Michael Settineri, and Gretchen Petrucci. 24 MR. MAYES: I'm Jeffrey Mayes, general

counsel for Monitor Analytics for PJM.

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MR. MARGARD: On behalf of the staff of
 1
 2
      the Public Utilities Commission, Steven L. Beeler,
 3
     Werner L. Margard, assistant attorneys general.
 4
                  MR. MICHAEL: Good morning, your Honors.
      On behalf of AEP Ohio's Residential Utility
 5
      Consumers, Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel,
 6
 7
     William J. Michael, Kevin Moore, Jodi Bair, and as
     outside counsel, Dane Stinson.
 8
 9
                  MS. WILLIAMS: Good morning, your Honors.
10
      Laurie Williams on behalf of Sierra Club.
11
                  MR. DOUGHERTY: Good morning, your
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      Honors. On behalf of the Ohio Environmental Council
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     and the Environmental Defense Fund, Trent Dougherty.
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                  EXAMINER PARROT: Anyone else I missed in
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      the back? Very good.
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                  I believe we have our first witness
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     today. Mr. Mayes.
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                  MR. MAYES: Your Honor, the Market
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     Monitor presents --
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                  MR. CONWAY: Your Honor, I --
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                  EXAMINER PARROT: You have a matter you
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     wish to address, Mr. Conway?
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                  MR. CONWAY: Yes. Thank you. Yesterday
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     afternoon, sometime after 3:00, counsel for the
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      company received material revisions to OCC Witness
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Mr. Wilson's testimony. Mr. Wilson, as you know, is scheduled to testify today this afternoon.

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What we received in the mail, an email last night, was a revised exhibit, JFW-2 and Figure 23 to the testimony, which, in our view, capture the central points of Mr. Wilson's most significant criticisms and OCC's in this case most significant criticisms of our proposals.

There was no mention from OCC's counsel that these revisions were coming and no notice was provided, and, apparently, OCC intends to present the revisions as supplemental testimony as errata today when Mr. Wilson takes the stand.

I would just point out that in conjunction with the Revised Exhibit JFW-2, as well as Figure 2, OCC supplied five separate emails with zip files connected to them that provide all of the revised data and support, allegedly, that's necessary to show what happened in these exhibits to change the bottom line from \$1.4 billion reported cost of the PPA rider to \$1.6 billion.

So the revisions that OCC is attempting to shoehorn into the record at the last minute amount to a \$200 million change in its position from what it filed in Mr. Wilson's testimony. As I mentioned,

it's not errata. It's a supplement. It's an expansion of OCC's position. It's essentially a new exhibit. It's essentially new testimony, and on the eve of the witness taking the stand, we get this revision, over two months after the testimony was required to be prefiled by OCC, after discovery has run its course, and it's over and two and a half weeks after the hearing commenced. We're being ambushed, frankly, your Honor, and we object to it.

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We don't know, as we stand here today, what OCC has done to change its position by \$200 million, and we have no way of finding out and adequately preparing to address it by the time Mr. Wilson is scheduled to take the stand today.

It's not errata. This is not changing typos or bad grammar in the testimony. It's not correcting a simple arithmetic error. It took five zip files of information to support the changes that are being proposed.

Presenting at hearing a different,
previously unseen version of an exhibit or testimony
is prejudicial to the party that stands in opposition
to it. The proper course is to exclude the new
exhibit and testimony and allow OCC and Mr. Wilson to
proceed with their existing testimony and exhibits.

Anything else would prejudice us.

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We are not prepared, again, and cannot be prepared, again, to address this new testimony. We are prepared to address the testimony that was prefiled that we did conduct discovery on. Today is our opportunity to conduct cross-examination of the witnesses who oppose our position. It's not an opportunity for those witnesses or the parties that they represent to revise or supplement their positions.

So we would -- particularly without even asking for permission, your Honor. So we object to it, and we request that you rule on it as soon as possible that its improper, and I imagine, your Honors, that you haven't even seen it.

EXAMINER PARROT: We haven't seen it, Mr. Conway, so I can't rule on anything just yet.

MR. CONWAY: So there's another flaw in the process. They haven't even notified the Bench what they propose to do, nor have they asked permission to do it from the Bench, so its contrary to your pretrial scheduling orders.

Thank you.

EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Michael?

MR. MICHAEL: Your Honor, despite the

implications of Mr. Conway's discussion, OCC was made aware of some arithmetical errors in Mr. Wilson's testimony yesterday. We addressed it as soon as we were made aware of it and sent it to counsel for AEP Ohio as soon as we were able to do so, and that was about mid-afternoon. It wasn't last night. So as soon as we were made aware of the errors, we addressed it, and we sent it off to counsel for AEP Ohio.

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As Mr. Conway did get one thing right, it basically changes the cost that Mr. Wilson arrived at, a dollar figure. There's no conceptual difference. There's no substantive difference. Directionally, it's the same as it was in his direct testimony that was filed originally. And if the issue is accurate information and a full and complete record, then OCC believes it is important to allow Mr. Wilson to make arithmetical corrections to his testimony.

And he's subject to cross-examination. I mean, AEP Ohio has a number of very well-trained and experienced lawyers, and Mr. Wilson is going to have to defend what his numbers are. So it wasn't ambush. It wasn't intentional. As soon as we got it, we sent it to him, and, quite frankly, I'm surprised he would

even imply anything else.

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MR. CONWAY: Your Honor, there were five zip files of workpapers that were submitted along with the changes. There's no narrative explanation even in the email about what it was about. It absolutely is an ambush at the last minute, what OCC and Mr. Wilson are attempting to do.

There is absolutely no way that we could figure out what he did to increase his conceptual position by \$200 million. If it is just a conceptual point that Mr. Wilson has made, then he should be happy with just relying upon the testimony, and OCC should be happy about relying on the testimony that he's already supplied, and if he wants to reduce his number by \$200 million, we'd have no objection to changes that he's making.

I'm sure that's not going to be something that's going to be offered up by OCC, but I think its disingenuous on Mr. Michael's part to suggest that this is no big deal, that this is simply some simple matter that needs to be corrected at the last second.

It's not.

It's time for us to do our cross-examination, and we're entitled to cross-examine the testimony and the version of OCC's

position we got two months ago that we discovered, did discovery on, and that we are prepared to cross-examine on. We should not be forced to deal with this new supplemental revised testimony that they've come up with.

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MR. MICHAEL: And just to affirm for your Honors, it's not supplemental testimony. Its Table 2 in his direct testimony with revised numbers. It is an exhibit to his testimony with revised numbers. So to say that it's testimony just isn't accurate. Its revisions to numbers that appear in his tables.

I fully agree that he's subject to cross-examination, vigoros cross-examination, about it. But it's about numbers in his tables. It's not testimony.

MR. CONWAY: This is not just about numbers. The table and the figures in his testimony, Figure 2, is the ultimate point of his testimony, his view about the impact of the PPA rider on customers. So it is actually the summit of his testimony. It's the point of it.

The exhibit isn't even an expanded version of Figure 2. It is also the summit, the point of his testimony, so this is absolutely a revision, a supplement to his previous position.

And, your Honors, I'd like to distribute to you a few citations to support my argument and my position. The courts in Ohio have routinely agreed that providing revised testimony, new exhibits, on the eve of trial is unacceptable and should be precluded.

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MR. SETTINERI: Your Honors, if I may, I would just note AEP Witness Allen also revised his numbers prior to going into cross-examination. If I recall, the numbers in that paragraph were essentially his testimony as well as to the impacts to customers.

MR. CONWAY: And, your Honor, the difference is those numbers, first of all, were the result of cross-examination of Mr. Bradish, but prior to Mr. Allen, concerning allocations regarding transmission costs that the company contends the customers would save if its proposals -- would potentially save it its proposal is adopted.

I would also note that the direction of the changes were the company's position on what it would cost -- the cost saved by customers through the adoption of its proposal were less than what Mr. Allen had included in his original testimony, so directionally it went exactly the opposite way, and

if there was an objection to it, it could have been made at the time.

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And it wasn't our main point, as this is the main point of Mr. Wilson and it wasn't Mr. Bradish's main point, as is the case here.

And I would just point out that with regard to the only comparable situation in this case truly, which is Mr. Chernick's supplemental testimony, at least Sierra Club prefiled his revised testimony in advance of the hearing and in advance of his cross-examination, about two and a half weeks, with a motion, and discovery was permitted to be conducted on it before the cross-examination. So there is nothing in this case that compares to what we are facing with what OCC is attempting to do with Mr. Wilson's testimony.

MR. MICHAEL: I just want to reiterate for your Honors, once again, that to the degree that Mr. Conway is trying to imply that in any way, shape, or form that we held on to this information or didn't produce it as soon as we knew about it, he's flat-out, absolutely wrong. As soon as we knew about it, we sent it over to him mid-afternoon yesterday, and had we had it two weeks beforehand, we would have sent it two weeks beforehand, but we sent it as soon

as we had it.

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Mr. Wilson's going to be subject to cross-examination and, again, it's numbers in a table that are directionally the same as his original testimony.

MR. CONWAY: One last point, your Honor, which is Mr. Michael's comment about not intentionally trying to sandbag us is, frankly, beside the point, because that's inevitably, in any case, the result of what's happening here. The point of the rule about precluding such testimony and exhibits is to avoid, prevent the prejudice, the undue surprise to the party who's being affected, and that's us. It doesn't matter what the intention was of the party who did it.

Thank you.

MR. DARR: Your Honor?

EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Darr.

MR. DARR: One other possibility here, which neither side of this debate would want to have to require Mr. Wilson to have to come back, but the third possibility, to assure that the record is complete, is to afford AEP sufficient time to review the testimony and require Mr. Wilson to come back at a later time. And I know that's probably not

acceptable to either party, but it would assure that the record is fairly developed.

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MR. CONWAY: And, your Honor, we were prepared to go forward with the cross-examination today, and I think it is not an adequate alternative to simply allowing us to go forward today according to the schedule that's already been set. I don't think that's an appropriate alternative, although I will say that at least Mr. Darr's recognizing the problem that we face.

EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Michael, did vou have a response to Mr. Darr's suggestion?

MR. MICHAEL: That would be acceptable to us, your Honor. Reiterating what I indicated earlier, our initial position is that it's not necessary, and to the degree Mr. Conway feels that OCC sandbagged is beside the point. He shouldn't have implied it in his arguments, guite frankly, which he did do.

But, in any event, if your Honors feel in the interest of justice and in the interest of the public and in the interest of full record to give AEP Ohio more time to look at the numbers and bring Mr. Wilson back, we would not object to that.

EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Michael, to whom

did you circulate this information yesterday?

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parties.

MR. MICHAEL: I circulated it to all counsel for AEP Ohio. There were, if I'm not mistaken, one, if not two, confidential pieces that consistent with our agreement with counsel for AEP Ohio, I sent to just them, and they were going to review it and circulate it to the rest of the

MR. CONWAY: That is not accurate. We never agreed to review it and circulate it to any parties. We are still in shock here, your Honors, about what we got yesterday evening, still trying to come to grips with it, and where we are right now is at the point where we're objecting to it, and we have no interest in furthering OCC's plan, Mr. Wilson's plan, to revise and supplement his testimony.

MR. MICHAEL: And just the bottom line is, your Honor, AEP Ohio's counsel has all the documents.

EXAMINER PARROT: Do the other

intervenors or the staff have the document?

MR. MICHAEL: The public table -- Table

2, which is in Mr. Wilson's public testimony, has
been sent to all the parties. There was a

confidential JFW-2 exhibit and workpapers that were

sent to only AEP Ohio's counsel, and I consulted with my co-counsel in this case, Ms. Bair, who's been kind of quarterbacking the production of confidential information, and she confirmed for me that the pattern and practice has been consistent with discussions with Mr. Nourse that we will produce confidential documentation to the company first, and then they would resend it out, which is what we did in this case.

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EXAMINER PARROT: Did you send it to the Bench, any of it?

MR. MICHAEL: No, your Honor. I did not.

EXAMINER PARROT: We're going to defer

ruling on this issue until a further point in our

Mr. Conway, thank you for bringing the issue to our attention.

MR. CONWAY: Thank you, your Honor.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you for your patience, Mr. Mayes. I'll turn it over to you.

MR. MAYES: The market monitor calls its witness, Dr. Joseph E. Bowring. He's the president of Monitoring Analytics and the market monitor for PJM.

process today.

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1	JOSEPH E. BOWRING
2	being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was
3	examined and testified as follows:
4	DIRECT EXAMINATION
5	By Mr. Mayes:
6	Q. Dr. Bowring, do you have a copy of the
7	document filed by the market monitor in this
8	proceeding?
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. On September 11, 2015, the direct
11	testimony of Joseph E. Bowring on behalf of the
12	independent market monitor for PJM?
13	A. Yes.
14	Q. And is this testimony prepared by you?
15	A. Yes.
16	Q. And is this testimony the same testimony
17	that you would make today as you would when it was
18	filed?
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. Do you have any corrections to the
21	testimony?
22	A. No.
23	MR. MAYES: Your Honor, I would ask that
24	this document be marked as IMM 1.
25	EXAMINER PARROT: So marked.

3035 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 1 2 MR. MAYES: Your Honor, I would like to 3 make Dr. Bowring available for cross-examination. 4 EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you, Mr. Mayes. 5 Mr. Dougherty? 6 MR. DOUGHERTY: No questions. 7 EXAMINER PARROT: Ms. Williams? MS. WILLIAMS: No questions, your Honor. 8 9 Thank you. 10 EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Michael? 11 MR. MICHAEL: No questions, your Honor. 12 EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Settineri? 13 MR. SETTINERI: No questions, your Honor. 14 EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Darr? 15 MR. DARR: No questions, your Honor. 16 EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Kurtz? 17 MR. KURTZ: Thank you, your Honor. 18 19 CROSS-EXAMINATION 20 By Mr. Kurtz: 21 Good morning, Dr. Bowring. 2.2 Α. Good morning. 2.3 Just by way of very brief foundation, 24 it's obvious your position is that the PPA rider

would constitute a subsidy that's inconsistent with

competition in PJM wholesale markets, and, therefore, the Commission should deny it; is that correct?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Would your conclusion be the same even if the Commission knew, with certainty, that the PPA rider would help consumers in the AEP Ohio service territory?
 - A. Can you just --

MR. MAYES: Your Honor, we object. That includes an assumption.

MR. KURTZ: It was a hypothetical question.

MR. MAYES: It's not a hypothetical question. It includes an assumption about the results of a determination, when, in fact, the testimony is contrary to the proposition it is in the public interest to have subsidies in a regime where there is a competitive market paradigm for regulation.

MR. KURTZ: Can I rephrase?

EXAMINER PARROT: Yes, go ahead.

Q. (By Mr. Kurtz) If you knew, with certainty, that the PPA rider over its term would be a credit to consumers, would your position still be the same?

A. Yes.

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- Q. If you knew, with certainty, that the PPA rider would avoid additional transmission costs, would your position still be the same?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And I take it it would be the same even if -- well, that's fine.

Let me ask you to turn to page 4 of your testimony, line 4. Just to read very briefly, "AEP is requesting that the plants and the contract be returned to the cost of service regime that predated the introduction of competitive wholesale power markets."

When you use the word "predated," does that assume that the cost-of-service regulation regime no longer exists in PJM?

- A. Certainly some areas and some entities in PJM are still subject to cost-of-service regulation.
- Q. Within Ohio -- excuse me. Buckeye Rural Electric Cooperative, is that a member of PJM?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Do they have cost-of-service regulation?
- A. Yes. I think, without exception, munis and co-ops in PJM use, as we would characterize it, cost-of-service regulation.

- Q. And that would include AMP Ohio within Ohio?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Do cost-of-service munis, municipal utilities, and cooperative utilities exist throughout the 13 states that come across PJM?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Now, with respect to investor-owned utilities, the investor-owned utilities still have cost-of-service regulation within the PJM footprint, correct?
- 12 A. Some do, yes.
- 13 Q. That would include utilities in Virginia?
- 14 A. Yes.
- Q. I'll just list them: Virginia, West
 Virginia, Kentucky, Indiana, North Carolina,
 Tennessee, and Michigan.
- 18 A. Yes.
- Q. And do renewable portfolio standards
 exist throughout the PJM footprint, in some of the
 states, at least?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. And those RPS standards require the construction or require the utilization of certain types of generation?

- A. They require load-serving entities to purchase defined portions of renewable energy.
- Q. Do you consider the RPS standards that exist, in at least some of the PJM states, to be a subsidy?
 - A. Yes.

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Q. Same page, line 17, "Such subsidies would negatively affect the incentives to build new generation would likely result in a situation where only subsidized units would ever rebuild."

It's true, isn't it, that merchant generation is being built within the PJM footprint that is not subsidized?

- A. Yes.
 - O. And that exists even within Ohio?
- 16 A. Yes.
- Q. So is it, at least, a slight
 overstatement to say that only subsidized units would
 be built?
 - A. That's not what I said.
 - Q. Would likely result in a situation?
- A. I believe my sentence is not an overstatement.
 - Q. On pages 4 through 5, at the end you describe two paradigms that could result, at least

two broad paradigms that could result in sustainable market design, that being, the market paradigm and the quasi-market paradigm?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And would you agree that the states that we named earlier that have cost-of-service generation for investor-owned utilities and municipal utilities and cooperative utilities comprise a quasi-market paradigm, that being, Virginia, West Virginia, Kentucky, Indiana, North Carolina, Tennessee, and Michigan.
- A. To the extent that's -- and it's almost complete. To the extent that those entities are using cost-of-service regulation, the answer is yes.
- Q. So what would be the market-paradigm states, in your opinion, within PJM?
- A. The rest of the states all are predominantly market paradigm, although, as you pointed out, almost every state has some municipalities and co-ops exceptions.
- Q. Before you filed your testimony, did you review the ESP statute, 4928.143?
 - A. No.
- Q. So at the time you filed your testimony, you did not know that investor-owned utilities under

an ESP could get a cost-of-service surcharge for a new power plant that they were -- that they own or operate?

- A. Certainly been made aware of it, but I don't think I was aware of it at the time I filed this direct.
- Q. Did you know before you filed your testimony that investor-owned utilities under an ESP could get a construction-work-in-progress surcharge for the construction of a new power plant?
 - A. No.

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- Q. Same question, that investor-owned utilities could implement a fuel adjustment charge?
 - A. No.
- Q. Did you know that under an ESP the Commission could put limitations on shopping?
 - A. No.
- Q. I'm going to ask you the ultimate question, I'd like to hear you. You, I guess, believed when you filed your testimony that Ohio was in the market paradigm and not the quasi-market paradigm, hence, the cost-of-service PPA was inconsistent with PJM practices?
- A. I think -- I did think and continue to think that Ohio's predominantly in a market-paradigm

state. There's retail access. There's market-based generation, merchant-based generation being built, yes.

Q. If the Commission concluded or a court of law concluded that Ohio, under an ESP, was, in fact, a quasi-market paradigm state, would the PPA be inconsistent with PJM's markets?

MR. MAYES: Objection. Vague.

EXAMINER PARROT: The witness may answer the question if he's able to.

If you need clarification, Mr. Bowring, please let us know.

THE WITNESS: Sorry, could we have the question again?

(Record read.)

A. And so I'm not sure I ever heard of a commission or court concluding anything about whether someone was a market state, so I'm not sure exactly what you mean. But if the Commission ruled that the proposal was acceptable, it would continue to be an issue for me. I continue to believe it's a subsidy, yes.

MR. KURTZ: Okay. Thank you,

Dr. Bowring.

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THE WITNESS: Thank you.

3043 EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. McKenzie? 1 2 MR. McKENZIE: Yes, your Honor. 3 4 CROSS-EXAMINATION By Mr. McKenzie: 5 Hello again, Dr. Bowring. 6 Q. 7 Α. Hello. Welcome back to Ohio. 8 Ο. 9 Α. Thank you. 10 Now, you submitted testimony in the Q. 11 FirstEnergy case that's proceeding concurrently to 12 this one, correct? 13 Α. Yes. 14 And you were deposed both in that case Q. 15 and in this case, correct? 16 Α. Yes. 17 Q. So I acknowledge that some of this will 18 be repetitive to you, but I just ask you to bear with 19 me. 20 First of all, the testimony that you 21 submitted in the FirstEnergy case was almost 2.2 identical to the testimony you submitted here; is 2.3 that correct? 24 Α. The point was the same, yes. 25 And when you testified in the FirstEnergy Q.

hearing, that was the first time you had testified for the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, correct?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And other than this case and the FirstEnergy case, you've never intervened in any proceeding before this Commission, correct?
 - A. I believe that is correct, yes.
- Q. Let's turn to your testimony, page 2, lines 20 through 21. You say here, "AEP does not believe that the units are profitable and does not appear to believe that current and expected market conditions will make the units profitable."

Did I read that correctly?

- A. Yes.
- Q. And then starting on line 22, you quote statements from AEP Ohio witness testimony; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Now, your statement on lines 20 and 21 about what AEP believes, that's based entirely on your reading of the testimony of AEP Ohio witnesses in this case, correct?
 - A. Testimony and the filing, yes.
- Q. Fair enough. So my question is, your statement about what AEP Ohio believes, that does not

rely on any sources other than the sources in this case, correct?

A. Yes.

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Q. Let's go to line 4 of page 2 of your testimony. You say, "The proposed PPA rider would transfer from AEP (AEPGR) to the ratepayers of AEP on a nonbypassable basis, all responsibility for paying to AEP all costs associated with the PPA Units through the retirement dates of each and any post-retirement period for each, including paying retirement costs and any residual value"?

Do you see that?

- A. Yes.
- Q. When you say ratepayers will be responsible "for paying to AEP all costs associated with the PPA Units," you mean that ratepayers will pay costs net of PJM market revenues, correct?
- A. I mean, the sentence as it is, it is correct; nonetheless, ratepayers, customers of AEP, will be paying the gross costs net of any market net revenues, yes.
- Q. So if the revenues from selling the PPA units' energy, capacity, and ancillary services exceed the PPA costs, ratepayers will actually receive a credit, correct?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And they won't be paying anything for the plants at that point, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And just to be clear, you haven't done any analysis or modeling that calls into question AEP Ohio's projection of a net credit to ratepayers, correct?
- A. I felt that the actions of AEP were more important than the actual decisions to transfer responsibility to the customers, was more critical than evaluating forecasts. I did not do any separate forecast myself or evaluate the forecasts.

That was a long way of answering, sorry.

- Q. Let me ask you about OVEC. You're familiar with OVEC, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Now, you don't know how many OVEC members include the net cost of their OVEC entitlement in retail rates, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And you've never intervened in any state commission proceeding to seek to exclude net OVEC costs and retail rates, correct?
- A. Correct.

Q. Your testimony page 2, line 10, you say, "In addition, the proposed PPA rider would transfer from AEP (AEPGR) to the ratepayers of AEP all responsibility for paying AEP's share of the two generation plants owned and operated by the Ohio Valley Electric Corporation ('OVEC')."

Did I read that correctly?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Is it fair to say you don't know which AEP entity owns the OVEC entitlement at issue here?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And one of the things you do as market monitor is you monitor retirements of generation units in PJM, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You also monitor the additions of new generating units in PJM?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Would you agree with me that a large percentage of the retirements in the last four or five years have been coal-fired units?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And you would also agree that the overwhelming percentage of additions in PJM in the last four or five years have been natural gas-fired

units, correct?

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- A. Yes.
- Q. Let me ask you some questions about the PJM rules. First of all, you would agree that PJM capacity market rules are not perfect, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. For example, capacity prices have been suppressed by a number of market-design features, correct?
- A. Yes. It is important to note, as I do in the testimony, and I'm sure you're aware that the rules recently changed, so much of my former criticism is no longer correct, but I would still agree.
 - Q. Do you no longer think that capacity prices will be suppressed by the market-design features?
- A. There are still market-design features, one in particular which will continue to have a suppressing effect. We're in the middle of doing an analysis of the most recent BRA rate to determine the exact extent, but, yes, there will continue to be some price suppressive effect from market-design features under capacity performance, both words capitalized.

- Q. What is that one particular design feature that will have a suppressing event?
- A. It's the inclusion of demand-side resources, subject to a Supreme Court ruling, based on yesterday's discussion.
- Q. It would be your opinion that the recent changes in the PJM market have alleviated some of the price-suppressive conditions; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. So would you expect that, based on those changes, capacity prices will tend to go up in future years?
- A. Well, they did for '18-'19, for the first auction under capacity performance. I try to stay away from projecting.
- Q. Can you speak in a general manner? Since you don't think there's going to be price-suppressive effects, do you believe that prices will continue to go up compared to what they've been under the old regime?
- A. They certainly have so far, and all else held constant, I would expect they would be higher, yes.
- Q. Is it fair to say that when the capacity performance rules were announced, that you predicted

the capacity prices would roughly triple under the new capacity performance regime?

- A. I don't believe so, but...
- Q. Do you have any specific projection about what the capacity prices will be under the new capacity performance regime?
- A. No. We don't project prices. We did do a sensitivity analysis in PJM prior to capacity performance being made final, but that was not a projection.
- MR. McKENZIE: Your Honor, may we approach?
- 13 EXAMINER PARROT: You may.
- MR. McKENZIE: I'd like to have this document marked as AEP Exhibit 34, please.

16 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- Q. Take your time, Dr. Bowring, and tell me when you're ready.
- 19 A. I'm ready.

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- Q. Do you recall you were interviewed by Bernstein Research, Mr. Hugh Wynne?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And in that interview did you predict that new capacity market architecture would triple capacity prices in PJM?

A. Can you point me to where you're referring to?

Q. Sure. The headline.

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A. Well, I didn't speak the headline. The headline is not a quote from me. If there's something else in my actual words I could look at, but I didn't say that as far as I know.

MR. SETTINERI: Your Honors, at this time I'll object to the use of this document. There has been no foundation laid that the witness is familiar with this exact document, which is not an official transcript. It's a typed transcript from a research facility. Until the witness has said he's familiar with the document, there should be no reference or use of this document.

MR. McKENZIE: I haven't moved the admission of the document yet, your Honor, and I will ask my questions precisely so as not to do that.

MR. SETTINERI: Your Honors, I think the last question referred him to the document.

MR. McKENZIE: Fair enough. I won't do that.

Q. (By Mr. McKenzie) So first let me ask you this, Dr. Bowring, do you recall in the interview with Mr. Wynne that you predicted that the capacity

performance proposal could drive up capacity prices to over \$300?

- A. Are you referring to something?
- Q. No, don't look at the document. Do you recall that you did that?
 - A. No.

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- Q. Would looking at his report of your interview refresh your recollection?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Could you look at the first bullet under highlights, please?

MR. SETTINERI: Your Honor, again, at this time I would renew the objection. The witness is not familiar with this document, it's now being apparently used to refresh. If the witness is not familiar with the document and has never seen the document, it should not be used for this purpose.

The questioning is fine to ask him about his recollection of the interview, but it should stop there, and to have him have the document in front of him to flip through it and read it into the record is not proper.

MR. McKENZIE: Your Honor, my
understanding, that's not an accurate statement of
the rules of evidence. I can use anything to refresh

the witness' recollection. I asked him if this would refresh his recollection. He said yes, so I'm directing him to it.

EXAMINER PARROT: And I'm going to overrule the objection. Let's proceed, please.

Q. (By Mr. McKenzie) So if you look at the first bullet under "Highlights," does that refresh your recollection that you predicted that future capacity prices would go up from 315 to 375 dollars per megawatt-day?

A. No.

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MR. DARR: Objection, your Honor. That's an improper use of the document for refreshing recollection. There's no foundation using it on that basis.

MR. SETTINERI: As well as reading the document into the record in the question.

MR. McKENZIE: I'm not admitting the document in the record. I'm using it to refresh his recollection, and he can answer if it does or it doesn't.

EXAMINER PARROT: I'm going to overrule the objection. Proceed, please.

A. Okay. I'm quite sure that I never gave anyone -- I never do give people specific forecasts

about what a capacity price is going to be.

- Q. Do you recall in this interview that you predicted the capacity prices would be substantially higher on a sustained basis in the capacity market?
 - A. I don't recall.

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Q. I'm going to move on.

I'm sorry, Dr. Bowring if I could ask one important question. Could you turn to page 4, please, of this document?

MR. SETTINERI: Your Honors, again, objection. I'm sorry to delay the process here, but there's been no question that requires refreshing his recollection. Now we're turning to a document that he's not identified.

MR. DARR: We also object.

MR. MAYES: Your Honor, I'm also going to object to the extent there's an assumption in the question that the statement is a prediction. I think the witness has repeatedly made it clear that he does not make statements as predictions and explained himself, the nature of the statements.

MR. McKENZIE: Your Honor, he asked to be pointed to something where he said that, so I'm pointing it to him. The fact that if he was quoted in saying this, that is the point of the impeachment.

MR. DARR: Now we've completely changed the format of this, your Honor. He's being impeached by a document that there's no indication, at this point, of the provenance. I don't know how we get from A to B.

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MR. McKENZIE: Your Honor, he is saying that he did not make the statements in this document. I think that's a fairly incredible claim.

MR. MAYES: Your Honor, I object. He's not making the statement he didn't make the statements in this document. The objection is to the characterization of the statements. The witness can explain his statements. If you want to allow the witness to explain what he means, that's fine. If you're going to phrase the question in a way you presume what the meaning of the statement is, then I object to that.

EXAMINER PARROT: I don't think we have a question pending, do we?

MR. McKENZIE: I don't think we do.

MR. MAYES: We've had repeated questions that said, Is this a prediction of prices? That's not a statement that the witness has made in this document. If the witness is allowed to explain, that's fine, but there's no basis to include in the

question a characterization of the meaning of these statements.

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MR. SETTINERI: Your Honors, there was no question, but he was directing the witness to page 4 of the document, and the witness --

EXAMINER PARROT: I'd like to hear his question before we object to it, please.

MR. McKENZIE: Your Honor, what I'm going to do, he's quoted on page 4. I'm going to read it and ask him if he's properly quoted.

EXAMINER PARROT: Let's do that please, I'm fine with that.

Q. (By Mr. McKenzie) Page 4, if you go down to the fifth paragraph, begins "Joseph Bowring," then the word "Right." You say, "I do believe that if we get the design right, the price will be substantially higher on a sustained basis in the capacity market."

And then if you go to the last two sentences, "So, our view is that the offer caps should be set at net CONE and this view is adopted in PJM's latest proposal. And net CONE these days is in the mid-\$300 range."

Were you accurately quoted there?

A. I don't have any way to verify whether I was, but I believe that the statements are correct.

Q. If you'll bear with me, I just want to make sure I don't ask you questions that Mr. Kurtz already asked.

I believe as foundation you discussed with Mr. Kurtz that Virginia, West Virginia, Kentucky, Indiana, and Michigan all have cost-of-service regulation for generation; is that correct?

A. Yes.

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- Q. You believe that cost-of-service regulation for costs that would otherwise be recovered in the wholesale market is inconsistent with competition at the wholesale level; is that correct?
- A. As I pointed out, there were two possible paradigms, but, yes, the quasi-market approach cost-of-service regulation is inconsistent with completely competitive markets, yes.
- Q. You're familiar with a utility called Dominion in Virginia; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And Dominion owns approximately
 18,000 megawatts of generation capacity, correct?
 - A. Approximately, yes.
 - Q. And Dominion's approximately

18,000 megawatts is roughly 10 percent of the total capacity in PJM, correct?

- A. Roughly, yes.
- Q. Now, Dominion bids its generators into both the PJM energy and capacity markets, correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And being in Virginia, Dominion receives cost-based generation rates from retail customers, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Would you agree that Dominion, through its cost-based rates transfers to its ratepayers all responsibility for paying the cost of generation?
- A. Without looking at the -- without understanding the exact details of regulatory construct there, I can't answer a hundred percent, but certainly the large majority of the risk is transferred to customers.
- Q. And you'd agree that Dominion's cost-based retail generation rates are a subsidy, correct?
- A. No. What I would say is that the requirement that customers pay for all the costs of capacity in a cost-of-service regime constitutes a subsidy. The impact of that subsidy depends on how

3059 Dominion actually offers the units into the capacity 1 2. market. 3 As we went over earlier, you were deposed 4 in this proceeding, correct? Α. Yes. 5 And were you under oath in that 6 Q. 7 deposition? Α. 8 Yes. 9 MR. McKENZIE: May we approach your 10 Honor? 11 EXAMINER PARROT: You may. 12 Q. Dr. Bowring, I've handed you a copy of the transcript of your deposition. Could you please 13 14 turn to page 43, line 4? 15 Α. Yes. Question: "And you would" -- excuse me. 16 Ο. I'll start over. 17 18 Question: "And would you say that 19 Dominion's cost-based retail generation rates are a 20 subsidy?" Answer: "Yes." 21 2.2 That was your testimony, correct? 2.3 MR. DARR: Objection, your Honor. 24 EXAMINER PARROT: Grounds? 25 MR. DARR: At this point it would be

appropriate to also include the question and answer that follows to make sure that the record is complete and fairly represented.

MR. McKENZIE: I disagree, your Honor.

This question is about subsidies. The next question is about anticompetitive suppressive effects.

They're different questions. I asked him exactly the same question. He said no.

EXAMINER PARROT: I believe that

Mr. Mayes may need to revisit this issue during

redirect. We can do that. The witness has already

answered the question as it was posed.

Next question, please.

- Q. (By Mr. McKenzie) Just to be clear, the receipt of cost-based generation rates from retail customers is not inconsistent with PJM rules, correct?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. Now, you're aware that Dominion has recently built and put into service a number of new generation facilities, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. For example, Dominion has recently built and put into service the Bear Garden Plant, correct?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. And that's a 589-megawatt natural gas combined-cycle plant, correct?
 - A. Right.
 - Q. Another Dominion plant that has recently been built and put into service is the Virginia City Hybrid Energy Center, correct?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And another Dominion plant recently built and put into service is the Warren County Power Station, correct?
- 11 A. Yes.

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- Q. And that's a natural gas combined-cycle plant, correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- Q. Now, Dominion is also planning to build a plant called the Brunswick County Power Station, correct?
- 18 A. Yes.
- Q. And that's planned to be a 1,300 megawatt combined-cycle plant, correct?
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. Dominion is also planning to build a
 plant called the Greensville Power Station; is that
 correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. And that's planned to be a 1,585-megawatt natural gas combined-cycle plant, correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Now, you didn't intervene in any Virginia Commission proceeding relating to any of the Dominion plants we discussed, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. I believe Mr. Kurtz asked you about cooperatives in PJM. One of the cooperatives in PJM is the Eastern Kentucky Power Cooperative, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And it owns four generators totaling approximately 3,000 megawatts, correct?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And that cooperative bids its plants in both of the PJM energy and capacity markets, correct?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. But as a cooperative, it recovers the net cost of its generation through cost-based rates, correct?
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. So is it fair to say that Eastern

 Kentucky Power Cooperative transfers to ratepayers

 all responsibility for paying the net costs of its

 generation?

- A. Again, the same caveat I gave before. I don't know the exact details of ratemaking, but by and large, the answer is yes.
- Q. Now, as the market monitor, you have access and get to see the offers that entities make in the PJM capacity markets, correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. So you're aware of how Eastern Kentucky
 Power Cooperative bids its plants; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You've never brought a complaint to PJM or FERC about the way that Eastern Kentucky Power Cooperative bids its plants, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Now, you're aware of an entity called

 American Municipal Power or AMP. I believe Mr. Kurtz

 asked you about AMP?
- A. Yes.
 - Q. That was a compound question. You're aware of AMP, correct?
 - A. Yes and yes.
- Q. And as market monitor, you know how AMP bids its plants in the capacity auction, correct?
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. You've never brought a complaint to PJM

3064 1 or FERC regarding AMP's behavior in the bid processing, correct? 2 3 Α. Yes. 4 Q. You're familiar with PJM's minimum offer price rule; is that right? 5 Α. 6 Yes. 7 Q. That's also called the MOPR sometimes? Α. 8 Yes. So the MOPR does not now and never has 9 Q. 10 applied to existing generation, correct? 11 Α. Yes. 12 Q. So the MOPR does not currently apply to 13 the PPA units; is that right? 14 Α. Yes. 15 And it will not apply to the PPA units if Ο. 16 the PPA proposal is approved, correct? Α. 17 Yes. 18 Now, the new Dominion plants that we 19 discussed earlier, are they or will they be subject 20 to the MOPR?

Yes. 21 Α.

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Q. Now, as market monitor, you previously argued that all of Dominion should be subject to the MOPR; is that correct?

No. I argued that Dominion should be

subject to MOPR as a general matter, and in the most recent revision, the MOPR rules gave Dominion the option to meet certain requirements of the MOPR different than other entities. I did not argue that the entirety of Dominion should be subject to MOPR.

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MR. MAYES: I have an objection to the question that's mainly a clarification. I don't want to object to the whole line of questioning, but that is, when you say "subject to the MOPR," that can be a bit vague because the MOPR is a multi-prong rule that in many ways could be subject to the MOPR, and we need to be specific about what that means.

MR. McKENZIE: Your Honor, there's been a question and he's answered it.

EXAMINER PARROT: Yeah. So let's ask another question. If we face this issue again, let's object before we get the answer and deal with it at that point.

- Q. (By Mr. McKenzie) The settlement that allowed Dominion to fulfill the MOPR rules in a different way than other entities, you did not support that part of the settlement; is that correct?
 - A. That is correct.
- Q. You're, in a general way, familiar with the information that PJM releases about the RPM

3066 capacity auctions; is that correct? 1 2 Α. Yes. 3 MR. McKENZIE: May we approach, your 4 Honor? 5 EXAMINER PARROT: You may. MR. McKENZIE: First of all, your Honor, 6 7 I would like to have two documents marked. The first document is entitled "Capacity Resource Offer Prices 8 9 for 2016/17 Delivery Year," and I would like to have 10 that marked as AEP Ohio Exhibit 35. 11 EXAMINER PARROT: So marked. 12 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 13 MR. McKENZIE: Thank you. 14 And the second document is entitled 15 "Capacity Resource Offer Prices for 2017/18 Delivery 16 Year." I would like that marked AEP Ohio Exhibit 36, 17 please. 18 EXAMINER PARROT: So marked. 19 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 20 EXAMINER PARROT: But the Bench needs 21 copies of that one, please. 2.2 MR. NOURSE: I'm sorry. 2.3 (By Mr. McKenzie) Dr. Bowring, you've Ο. 24 seen these two slides before, correct?

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Α.

Yes.

- Q. You recognize these as slides that are published by PJM, correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And the first one, AEP Ohio Exhibit 35, this one represents bids in the 2016-17 year delivery BRAs; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And if you go down to the first column on the left, that's showing the amount of megawatts that was bid at zero; is that correct?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And then the next column over shows the amount of megawatts or the number of megawatts bid between zero and \$100, correct?
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. The next column is between 100 and 200, and the last column is greater than 200; is that correct?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. And is it fair to say that AEP Ohio
 Exhibit 36 displays the same information, but for the
 22 2017-188 delivery year?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. Thank you. You can set those aside.

 It's fair to say, is it not, that zero

offers in the capacity auction can be consistent with competitive offers?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And there is no PJM rule that prohibits generators from offering at zero, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. I'd like to switch to the topic of renewable PPAs. Excuse me. I'm sorry. I'm crossing off questions that Mr. Kurtz asked.

One question he didn't ask you, you're opposed to state renewable mandates, correct?

- A. No. What I would say is I'm opposed to subsidies. To the extent that those translate into subsidies, then I'm opposed to them.
 - Q. Well -- go ahead.
- A. As a general matter, the way that the requirements are implemented through the sale of RECs does constitute subsidy, and to that extent, I believe they're inconsistent with competition in the wholesale power markets.
- Q. Now, when you prepared your testimony for this proceeding, you were not aware of and did not consider AEP Ohio's 20-year, 99-megawatt PPA with the Timber Road 2 Wind Farm; is that correct?
- A. Yes.

And same question, when you prepared for 1 2 your testimony, you were not aware of and did not 3 consider AEP Ohio's 20-year, 100-megawatt PPA with 4 the Fowler Ridge Wind Farm, correct? 5 Α. Yes. But you would agree that it's relatively 6 7 common for utilities in PJM to purchase renewable generation supply through PPAs, correct? 8 9 Α. It certainly happens. I'm not sure what 10 you mean by "relatively common," but it certainly 11 happens. 12 Could you turn to page 66 of your 13 deposition, please, line 20? 14 Question: "Is it fair to say that it is 15 relatively common for utilities in PJM to purchase 16 renewable generation supply through PPAs?" Answer: "Yes." 17 18 That was your testimony, correct? 19 Α. Yes. 20 Q. When you prepared for your testimony, you 21 were not aware of and did not consider the fact that 2.2 AEP Ohio previously purchased power from the 2.3 Lawrenceburg plant by means of a PPA, correct?

And you don't know whether the net costs

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Yes.

of the Lawrenceburg PPA were recovered by AEP Ohio in its retail rates, correct?

A. Correct.

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Q. I'd like to ask you about some other PPAs. I just ask you bear with me here.

When you prepared your testimony, you were not aware of and did not consider the current PPA in which Virginia Electric and Power Company purchases 242.2 megawatts of contracted capacity from the Birchwood Power Plant, which is a coal facility, correct?

- A. Yes.
- Q. And when you prepared your testimony, you were not aware of and did not consider the PPA in which Atlantic City Electric Company and others purchased 224 megawatts of contracted capacity from the Chambers Cogeneration facility, which is a coal facility, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And when you prepared your testimony, you were not aware of and did not consider the PPA in which Pennsylvania Electric Company purchases
 110 megawatts of contracted capacity from the Culver Power Plant, which is in Culver City, correct?
 - A. Yes.

Q. When you prepared your testimony, you were not aware of and did not consider the PPA in which Monongahela Power Company purchases

50 megawatts of contracted capacity from the Morgantown Energy Facility, coal plant, correct.

A. Yes.

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- Q. And when you prepared your testimony, you did not consider the current PPA in which Virginia Electric and Power Company and others purchase 115.6 megawatts of contracted capacity from the Edgecombe GenCo facility, a coal facility, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And when you prepared your testimony, you did not consider the current PPA in which Monongahela Power Company purchases 80 megawatts of contracted capacity from Grant Town GenCo facility, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You are at least aware generally of the current PPA in which Northern Virginia Electric Cooperative purchases 92.6 megawatts of contracted capacity from the James River GenCo facility, correct?
 - A. Generally.
- Q. But you don't know if this PPA is a cost-based rate or some other kind of rate, correct?

A. Correct.

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- Q. And you did not consider this PPA in developing your testimony, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Again, you're at least generally aware of the current PPA in which Atlantic City Electric Company purchases 229 megawatts of contracted capacity from the Logan plant, a coal plant, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. But you don't know if this PPA is a cost-based rate or some other kind of rate, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And you did not consider this PPA in developing your testimony, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Again, you are at least generally aware of the current PPA in which Metropolitan Edison Company purchases 112 megawatts of contracted capacity from the North Hamilton plant, which is a coal plant, correct?
- A. Yes.
- Q. You don't know if this PPA is a cost-based rate or some other kind of rate, correct?
- A. Yeah.
- Q. And you did not consider this PPA in

developing your testimony, correct?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Two more. You were at least generally aware of the current PPA in which the Virginia Electric and Power Company purchases 167.2 megawatts of contracted capacity from the Roanoke Valley 1 unit and 45.1 megawatts of contracted capacity from the Roanoke Valley 2 unit, which are both coal units, correct?
- A. Yes.
- Q. But you do not know if this PPA is a cost-based rate or some other kind of rate, correct?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And did you not consider this PPA in developing your testimony, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You were at least generally aware of the current PPA in which the Virginia Electric and Power Company purchases 190 megawatts of contracted capacity from the Spruance GenCo, a coal facility, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. But you do not know if this PPA is a cost-based rate or some other kind of rate, correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

Q. And you did not consider this PPA in developing your testimony, correct?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Now, you're familiar with what we call the Commission's AEP ESP III order, in which the Commission approved AEP Ohio's PPA rider as a placeholder and established some factors to consider the PPA proposal, correct?
 - A. Generally, yes.
- Q. And you don't have an opinion one way or the other about whether that order was correctly decided, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. So let me ask you about the Commission's factors. You believe that the "financial need of the generating plant" is an appropriate factor for the Commission to consider in evaluating this PPA proposal, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You believe that supply diversity is an appropriate factor for the Commission to consider?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. You believe that compliance with
 environmental regulations is an appropriate factor,
 correct?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And you believe that impact of closure of generation plants on electric prices and economic development within the state is an appropriate factor for the Commission to consider, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Is it true that PJM just filed a request to raise the maximum offer price from \$1,000 per megawatt to \$2,000 per megawatt?
 - A. Yes, subject to all the relevant details.
- Q. Fair enough. Would you say that that indicates that PJM is concerned that they're going to need to rely on some of the most expensive resources in constrained locations this winter?
 - A. No.
- Q. Okay. Do you know why it was requested to be raised?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Why?
- A. Because there was concern that the cost of gas in January 2014 and February of 2015 exceeded levels consistent with \$1,000 per megawatt offers from certain gas-fired units, and it was -- the goal was if gas costs were to get to that level, to permit those gas costs to set the price of energy at a level

consistent with those costs but not above the level of those costs.

Q. Let me turn you to your testimony, page 3, line 19, please.

You say here, "If AEP's proposal remains internally consistent, I would expect that the proposed PPA rider would require ratepayers to pay any performance penalties associated with assets included in the PPA rider. I would also expect that AEP would retain any performance payments at other AEP units not included in the PPA rider, even if paid for, in part, by these ratepayer penalties."

Do you see that?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Just to be clear, you're not implying that you think AEP will somehow manipulate the capacity performance bonus/penalties, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. You're of the opinion in your testimony that AEP Ohio will have an incentive to bid the PPA units in the capacity auction at a price of zero; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Now, the only way that a bid of zero by the PPA units could change the capacity price in

their locational area would be if without the PPA the units would have bid at or above the clearing price, correct?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Now, some have speculated that the PPA proposal, if approved, will cause AEP Ohio to bid the PPA units higher than they otherwise would because of the PPA. You do not find that to be a plausible scenario, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And as market monitor, you pay very close attention to generators' bids to see whether they are manipulating the market through high capacity bids, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And you have various avenues and procedures you could follow if you believe that a generator is manipulating the market through high bids; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. I think Mr. Kurtz asked you about Senate Bill 221, which is the ESP -- at least the ESP statute, RC 4928.143. Do you remember that he asked you those questions?
- 25 A. Yes.

Q. And I believe he asked you whether you reviewed that ESP statute before you filed your testimony, and you did not; is that correct?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And again, I think we went over this with Mr. Kurtz, if you'll just bear with me. Senate Bill 221, the ESP statute, allows AEP Ohio and other utilities to include as part of an SSO a nonbypassable charge recovering cost of building new generation, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Now, in your testimony you distinguish between the market paradigm and the quasi-market paradigm, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And you favor the market paradigm, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Let's go to your testimony, page 5, line
 4. You say, "In the quasi-market paradigm, customers
 absorb the risks associated with investment in and
 ownership of generation assets through guaranteed
 payments under either guaranteed long-term contracts
 or the cost-of-service approach." Do you see that?
 - A. Yes.

1 Now, assuming that, as we discussed, 2 Senate Bill 221 and, in particular, the ESP statute 3 4928.143, allows a utility to include in SSO rates a 4 nonbypassable charge recovering the cost of new generation. Would you agree that this part of Senate 5 Bill 221, the ESP statute, represents the 6 7 quasi-market paradigm? That outcome would be consistent 8 Α. Yes. 9 with the quasi-market paradigm, yes. 10 MR. DARR: Can I have that question and 11 answer read back, please? 12 (Record read.) 13 MR. DARR: Thank you, your Honor. 14 apologize for interrupting. 15 And the statute is consistent with the Ο. 16 quasi-market paradigm. MR. DARR: Objection. 17 18 EXAMINER PARROT: Can you rephrase, 19 please. 20 0. Your understanding of the statute is, 21 that it represents the quasi-market paradigm. 2.2 MR. DARR: Same objection, your Honor. 2.3 Actually, the problem with the question is one of 24 form, and it's the reference to statute. Are you 25 talking about all of the 143, talking about just a

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      part of 143. Thank you.
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                  EXAMINER PARROT: Try it one more time.
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                  MR. McKENZIE: I thought we covered it.
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             Q.
                   (By Mr. McKenzie) Senate Bill 221,
      particularly, the ESP statute 4928.143, in your
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      understanding that represents the quasi-market
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      paradigm, correct?
                  MR. SETTINERI: Objection.
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                  EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. McKenzie, are you
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      talking about the statute overall, or any particular
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      section of it?
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                  MR. McKENZIE: Let me talk about the
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      statute overall first.
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                  EXAMINER PARROT: Let's answer that
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      question.
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                  The outcome of the statute if it were
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      implemented would be consistent with the quasi-market
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      paradigm.
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                  MR. McKENZIE: I'm fine with that.
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                  No further questions, your Honor.
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                  EXAMINER PARROT:
                                    Thank you,
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      Mr. McKenzie.
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                  Mr. Margard.
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                  MR. MARGARD: No questions. Thank you,
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      your Honor.
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3081 1 EXAMINER PARROT: Would you like a moment 2 to see if you have any redirect? 3 MR. MAYES: Yes, your Honor. 4 EXAMINER PARROT: Go off the record for a few minutes. 5 6 (Recess taken.) 7 EXAMINER PARROT: Let's go back on the 8 records. 9 Any redirect? 10 MR. MAYES: Yes, your Honor. 11 12 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 13 By Mr. Mayes: 14 First question, Dr. Bowring, you received 15 some questions about the effects of offer caps on 16 markets. Do you have a general opinion on the 17

effects of offer caps on markets?

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Α. Yes. The fact that offer caps were increased, and, in fact, they were increased not to Net CONE, but to B times Net CONE, where B is a number less than 1. In fact, the current B is .85. The fact that offer caps are raised to .85, that's Net CONE, does not mean that clearing prices will go to that level. That determines how high they can go, but it's not the indicative that prices in the

auction will go to that level.

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- Q. You were asked about the compatibility of zero-dollar offers with competition. Are all zero-dollar offers noncompetitive?
- A. No. In the prior capacity market paradigm, that is, before capacity performance, zero offers could be consistent with competitive offers, in fact, required as competitive offers when net revenues exceeded the going-forward cost of those units. So in some cases zero offers were actually the offer caps and were required and were, by definition, the competitive offer.
- Q. You were shown some charts that indicated --
- A. I'm sorry. But under the capacity performance paradigm, that's no longer true, and the offer cap is no longer set by avoidable cost minus net revenues, but is set, as I just indicated, by B times Net CONE. So the probability of the requirement of zero offers has gone away with the change in the capacity market design.
- Q. So you were also shown some charts that related to prior base residual auctions in PJM, and they showed the level of zero-dollar offers. Do you have an opinion on whether those levels should be

assumed to continue on to the new capacity performance design from future auctions?

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A. Exhibit 35 and 36 covered 2016-17 base residual auction and 2017-18 base residual auction.

The 2018-19 base residual auction was the first under capacity performance, and going forward, capacity performance rules will be the binding rules.

And as I just indicated, zero offers are no longer required under the capacity performance set of rules, and, in addition, zero offers are much less likely to be consistent with a competitive offer than under the prior set of rules

- Q. Dr. Bowring, we had a number of questions about the fuel types of units. Is fuel diversity a good reason to subsidize units?
- A. From a market and economist's perspective, if a unit is uneconomic, it does not make sense to subsidize it for the sake of what have been termed "fuel diversity." Markets produce the cheapest way to produce power, and it's in the interest of all to let the market work and to let the market choose the most profitable, lowest-cost option for producing power. So fuel diversity, if fuel diversity means keeping uneconomic units in service, it is not a rational goal in a market environment.

Q. Do you have a view on whether PPAs generally are consistent with competition?

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- A. A PPA is just a contract. There's nothing inconsistent with competition that are long-term contracts. PPAs can be designed in any number of ways. PPAs can simply be arm's-length commercial contracts, or they can be, as in this case, a vehicle for providing subsidy. So the simple fact of the existence of a PPA does not imply anything necessary about its contents.
- Q. Dr. Bowring, can you please explain how the situation of Dominion in Virginia differs from Ohio?
- A. On a very high level, Dominion is, as we've discussed, a full cost-of-service, regulated, vertically integrated utility, and when power plants are built in that paradigm, in that model, they are built and operated for the entire life under the cost-of-service regime, and retail rates are set by that regime.

The difference in Ohio clearly is that units were at one point in the cost-of-service -- under the cost-of-service paradigm, were shifted to markets, and now are proposed to be shifted back. In addition, of course, in Ohio there is retail choice,

so that's really the fundamental difference.

- Q. Can you describe any participation of the market monitor in Ohio regulatory affairs in addition to this proceeding and the related FE proceeding?
- A. As market monitor, we interact regularly with all state commissions. The state commissions belong to an organization called OPSI, with whom we regularly act. There was an OPSI annual meeting earlier this week, which I spoke at several times. In addition, I was invited by legislature of Ohio to come testify about energy matters about six or eight months ago.
- Q. And, finally, Dr. Bowring, to your knowledge, has anything happened that would change your general understanding and opinion that Ohio is a market-paradigm state?

A. No.

MR. MAYES: Thank you, your Honor. That concludes redirect.

EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you, Mr. Mayes.

Mr. Dougherty?

MR. DOUGHERTY: No questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Michael?

MR. MICHAEL: No questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Settineri?

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3086 1 MR. SETTINERI: No questions 2 EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Darr? 3 MR. Darr: No questions. 4 EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Yurick? 5 MR. YURICK: Nothing. 6 EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Kurtz? 7 MR. KURTZ: Very briefly. 8 9 RECROSS-EXAMINATION 10 By Mr. Kurtz: 11 Dr. Bowring, fuel diversity is not 12 consistent with an efficient market and, therefore, it's not a good reason to subsidize a unit or favor 13 14 one type of generation over another. Is that more or 15 less what you testified to on redirect? 16 I believe what I said is that units that 17 are noneconomic, they're losing money, requiring 18 companies to subsidize them for the sake of what is 19 termed "fuel diversity" is not reasonable. It's not 20 consistent with wholesale -- with competitive 21 markets. 2.2 Shouldn't a regulator, this Commission, 2.3 or any commission, also have engineering efficiency 24 in mind in addition to economic efficiency?

I think to the extent they affect market

is entirely consistent. The reason the gas-fired power plants are currently the lowest-cost option is the combination of engineering efficiency and lower-cost inputs. So it's a combination of engineering and economic efficiency.

- Q. I guess I want to ask if the economic efficiency, to the fullest extent, located all the generation in PJM on the East Coast and none in Ohio, would it be appropriate for this Commission or any Commission to be concerned about that?
- A. Not if that provided the lowest cost of power to customers.
- Q. You were contrasting Dominion versus

 Ohio, and one of the issues is Dominion has been and
 still is fully regulated, and Ohio was, and then it
 was deregulated, and we had Senate Bill 221; is that
 fair?
- MR. DARR: Objection, misstates the redirect examination.
- 20 MR. KURTZ: I'm asking him if I misstated it, please correct me.
- EXAMINER PARROT: On that basis, I'm going to allow it.
- A. I would -- for clarification, I would stand on my earlier answer. I covered those general

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- Q. If the legislature in Ohio wanted to amend the state statutory structure and completely reregulate Ohio's generation, would that be allowed under the PJM rules?
- A. PJM has no say in Ohio legislative matters, nor do I, for that matter.
- Q. Could Ohio completely reregulate, hypothetically, and be consistent with the PJM competitive market?
- 11 A. It could continue to be in the PJM market 12 if it is completely reregulated, yes.
 - Q. But to the extent that ESP is a partial reregulation, that is prohibited?
 - A. I don't think it requires anything, doesn't require partial reregulation, but there are a range of options, as we've discussed today, a range of options on the market to quasi-market scale, and most of them are consistent with the PJM rules.

MR. KURTZ: Thank you, Doctor.

21 EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. McKenzie?

MR. McKENZIE: Just a couple of

23 questions.

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25 RECROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. McKenzie:

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- Q. Just to be clear, zero offers are still allowed under the capacity performance construct, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And PJM hasn't published an update to any of these charts for the 2018-19 delivery year, to your knowledge, has it?
- A. I don't know, but we will be coming out with a report fairly soon.
- Q. And you know how generators bid in the 2018-19 auction, right, but that's confidential, so you can't tell us today?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. There were some questions about fuel diversity. To be clear, you agree that fuel diversity is a factor that the Commission -- that's appropriate for the Commission to consider in this proceeding, correct?
- MR. DARR: Objection, asked and answered.

 EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.
- A. Yes.
- Q. I just want to make sure I understand.

 Are you saying there are no reliability issues
 related to fuel diversity?

A. Yes. Fuel diversity is typically the term used when people really mean reliability, and there are no issues about reliability in this case, as far as I can tell.

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- Q. So you don't think that having a mix of fuel types on the PJM system adds to the reliability of the PJM system?
- A. Well, think about the reverse. Think about five or ten years ago when it was much more predominantly coal than gas. There were no concerns about fuel diversity then. So it's really about the reliability of supply. So simply having different fuels is not a basis for or requirement of reliability.
- Q. You're aware that there have been gas-supply constraints, especially during winter periods, in PJM, correct?
- A. All fuels have issues. Coal has issues. Gas has issues. Oil has issues.
- Q. You're saying there are coal-supply issues that are the same as gas-supply issues in PJM?
- A. Not the same, but they parallel. There are frozen coal piles. There are issues with trains, issue withs barge traffic. There are issues with oil in terms of delivery, getting delivery by trucks, and

in the case of gas, there are certainly pipeline constraints, so there are issues.

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- Q. Just so I have your precise opinion, you're saying you do not believe that having a mix of different fuel types has any reliability benefit for the PJM system?
- A. What I'm saying is that market outcomes are the rational way to provide whatever the appropriate level of fuel diversity is, and imposing that is really not consistent with competitive wholesale power markets.
- Q. So the answer to my question is, no, you don't believe there are any reliability benefits from having diverse fuels on the PJM system?
- MR. MAYES: Objection. The witness has answered the question. The attorney doesn't need to answer the question.
- MR. McKENZIE: He actually didn't.
- 19 EXAMINER PARROT: Overruled.
- THE WITNESS: I was going say I thought I answered it, but I'll try again.
- 22 EXAMINER PARROT: One more time, please.
- THE WITNESS: Sure, of course.
- Sorry, ask me again.
- Q. (By Mr. McKenzie) So the answer is no,

you do not believe that fuel diversity will improve reliability on the PJM system?

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- A. That's not what I said. I said it's not appropriate to impose arbitrary fuel diversity rules on a competitive market which will result in other competitive markets.
- Q. So let me ask you, do you believe that fuel diversity will have reliability improvement on the PJM system?
 - A. I don't know what that means.
- Q. Do you believe that having a mix of different generators that are fueled by different fuels will improve the reliability of generation supply in PJM?
- A. Entirely depends on the certainty of supply and whether there's any difference in certainty supply among the various fuel types.
- Q. And there are differences between fuel types in terms of certainty in supply, correct?
- A. I'm not sure that's been demonstrated.

 There are difficulties with the delivery of all types of fuel.
 - Q. I'm asking your opinion, do you think there are differences?
 - A. There are differences, but whether one

is -- one can be proven more to be reliable in delivery than another I don't think has been demonstrated.

- Q. And as PJM market monitor, you pay attention to fuel-supply issues in PJM?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Given what you know about fuel supply in PJM, do you believe that having a diverse set of fuel types for generators in PJM will improve reliability in PJM?
- A. Not other than diversity which results from market incentives, so I don't believe it's appropriate to impose it. And its -- I don't know. I have not evaluated whether the relationship between coal deliverability and gas deliverability matters. As I said, there's difficulties, so my answer is I don't think it's appropriate to impose fuel-diversity rules on the market.
- Q. And I know you don't think it's appropriate to impose fuel-diversity rules on the market. My question is, do you think fuel diversity would improve reliability?
- MR. MAYES: I renew the objection.
- 24 That's already been answered.
- 25 EXAMINER PARROT: I'm not sure it had

been. Overruled.

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- I don't think there's any evidence to Α. 3 that.
 - Q. Do you believe that natural gas-fired plants are more, less, or the same in terms of reliability when compared to coal plants?
 - It depends on the nature of the fuel delivery system for the individual plant. So if you have a coal plant on a river that depends on barge traffic that can freeze, that doesn't look as good as a gas unit which is on an interstate pipeline which has very reliable service.
 - Is it fair to say that you cannot think of any action that the Commission could take that would improve system reliability yet be inconsistent with competitive markets?
 - I have to think about that for a second. So I'm going to repeat it. So you asked me if I can think of any action the Commission would take that would improve reliability but be inconsistent with competitive markets?
 - Ο. Let me break it down.
 - Α. Okay. Thank you.
- 24 We'll have two variables, reliability, Q. 25 improve or --

A. Disimprove.

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- Q. Thank you, disimprove reliability. And the other variable is consistent with competition or inconsistent with competition. I believe you've testified that you think that most things that are consistent with competition will also improve reliability; is that fair to say?
- A. Yes. But we have to remember that these markets are -- this has been pointed out -- heavily ruled, and one of the rules has to do with how much capacity has to be purchased, so that's what the market is all about, the requirements of how much capacity.

So the market -- I'm not saying that the market by itself would produce a reliable outcome, but the market under the PJM rules will because it's required to purchase the level of capacity consistent with reliability.

- Q. Can you --
- A. You could buy more than enough capacity. You could buy 50 percent more capacity than you needed. That would improve reliability but be inconsistent with the competitive outcome.
- Q. Now, you were asked some questions about the PPAs that we went over, and I believe you said

something along the lines of -- correct me if I'm wrong -- the simple fact that PPAs exist doesn't necessarily imply anything about them; is that correct?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Now, of the PPAs we discussed, you don't know whether any of them are cost-based rates or some other kind of rate, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And you don't know whether any of the utilities that are the purchaser in those PPAs include them in retail rates, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. I believe you distinguished that Dominion situation because those plants were built under cost-of-service rates and have continued to be under cost-of-service rates; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. To be clear, the PPA units were all built under cost-of-service rates, correct?
- A. They were taken out of cost-of-service rates, yes.
 - Q. And you didn't review Senate Bill 221 before submitting your testimony, correct?
- 25 A. Yes.

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                  MR. McKENZIE: No further questions.
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                  EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Margard?
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                  MR. MARGARD: No. Thank you, your Honor.
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                  EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Mayes, would you
      like to move your exhibit into the record?
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                  MR. MAYES: Yes, your Honor. I would
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     move the exhibit, the direct testimony of Joseph E.
      Bowring, on behalf of the Independent Market Monitor
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     marked as IMM-1 and entered into the record.
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                  EXAMINER PARROT: Are there any
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     objections to the admission of IMM Exhibit No. 1?
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                  MR. McKENZIE: No, your Honor.
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                  EXAMINER PARROT: Hearing none, it is
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      admitted.
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                  (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
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                  EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you very much,
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      Dr. Bowring.
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                  MR. McKENZIE: Your Honor, we would move
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     the admission of AEP Ohio Exhibits 34, 35, 36.
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                  EXAMINER PARROT: Any objection?
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                  MR. DARR: Objection to 34, your Honor.
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     First of all, the provenance has never been
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     established; second, it was used for the purpose of
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     refreshing recollection almost exclusively until
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      counsel for AEP decided to try to use it for
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impeachment, improperly.

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in?

Given all of those things -- first of all, the document for purposes of refreshing recollection is not generally accepted as an exhibit. It's simply used for the purpose of refreshing recollection. I believe counsel for AEP indicated that when he first offered the witness the document.

Second of all, there was never any attempt to establish the provenance of the document whatsoever.

Third, obviously, while it contains what are purported to be the statements of Dr. Bowring, the statements were never, in fact, identified as his with one exception, which has already been read into the record; thus, it is neither proper nor necessary for this document to be included as part of the record in this case.

EXAMINER PARROT: Hang on just a minute.

Anyone else on this side want to weigh

MR. SETTINERI: I will join that motion, your Honor.

MS. WILLIAMS: I support that motion as well, your Honor.

25 EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. McKenzie?

MR. McKENZIE: Your Honor, yes, I did begin to use it to refresh his recollection, but when he verified the quote, he gave the document its proper authenticity. He also gave the background saying he remembered being interviewed, so when he verified the quote, it was used to impeach his prior statement that he doesn't make predictions, and it's a prior inconsistent statement of the witness, so also an opponent-party admission.

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MR. MAYES: Your Honor, I haven't objected, but just to clarify, this isn't a deposition transcript. This is a press article that would have the accuracy of any press article, and I think we all can evaluate how accurate press articles are for what it is. It is what it is.

The witness spoke to the specific passage in the present time, but I would not want to see this document be treated as though it were a formal deposition.

MR. McKENZIE: If I may, your Honor, I think it is telling that Dr. Bowring's counsel has not objected, as he just confirmed. When Dr. Bowring confirmed the quote, it gave the document its evidentiary foundation, and I think the Commission is well aware this is not a deposition under oath and

can give it the appropriate weight that it should have.

MS. WILLIAMS: Your Honor, may I respond to that?

EXAMINER PARROT: Yes.

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MS. WILLIAMS: He keeps saying

Dr. Bowring confirmed the quote, and I believe what

Dr. Bowring testified was that he didn't remember

saying that, but he confirmed the belief of the

statement, which I think is different.

EXAMINER PARROT: That's my recollection as well, Ms. Williams.

MR. DARR: Additionally, your Honor, I believe one of Dr. Bowring's statements was that the caption of this article didn't accurately represent his position, and yet it was represented as such by counsel for AEP. There are a whole lot of problems with putting this document wholesale into the record.

To the extent that he's asked for comments and gotten a response on those comments, that's in the record, and there's no reason to add the document to the mess.

MR. MCKENZIE: Your Honor, if I may, I'm reading from the transcript. I asked, "Were you accurately quoted here?" The answer was, "I don't

3101 have any way to verify whether I was, but I believe 1 that the statements are correct." 2 3 EXAMINER PARROT: He talks about the statements and the document itself. That doesn't do 4 5 anything to really speak to the document, Mr. McKenzie. 6 7 With that, we're going to leave the 8 record as it stands, but I see no need to admit 9 Company Exhibit No. 34. 10 We will admit Company Exhibit No. 35 and 11 36 into the record. 12 (EXHIBITS ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.) 13 EXAMINER SEE: Mr. Dougherty, your next 14 witness. 15 MR. DOUGHERTY: Ohio Environment Counsel 16 and Environment Defense Fund calls Diane Munns. 17 18 DIANE MUNNS 19 being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was 20 examined and testified as follows: 21 DIRECT EXAMINATION 2.2 By Mr. Dougherty: 2.3 Ms. Munns, can you state your name and 24 address for the record, please?

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Α.

My name is Diane Munns. My business

address is 257 Park Avenue South, 17th Floor, New York, New York.

- Q. And did you file direct testimony in this proceeding?
 - A. T did.

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MR. DOUGHERTY: Your Honor, I'd like marked as OEC/EDF Exhibit 2 the direct testimony of Diane Munns, reserving Exhibit 1 for Mr. Finnigan's testimony.

EXAMINER SEE: The exhibit will be so marked.

12 (EXHIBIT WAS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- Q. (By Mr. Dougherty) Ms. Munns, do you have in front of you what has just been marked as OEC/EDF Exhibit 2?
- 16 A. I do.
 - Q. Is that your direct testimony in this proceeding?
- 19 A. It is.

MR. DOUGHERTY: And, your Honors, before
I ask her the question whether she has any
corrections I would like to make a correction. When
the attorney has to play the role of legal assistant
and legal secretary, sometimes issues come up.

25 Attachments DM-2 and DM-3 have been

transposed on the filing. It's obvious in her testimony what she is referring to so I would like to make the changes to what is referenced as DM-2 should be DM-3 and DM-3 should be DM-2.

- Q. And, Ms. Munns, do you have any corrections you would like to make to the testimony?
- A. I do. On page 1 of my testimony, line

 12, I'd like to strike the word "reduce." It should

 read "it claims will be needed to improve reliability

 and price stability."
- Q. And notwithstanding that correction, if I asked you the same questions today, would your answers be the same?
 - A. They would.

MR. DOUGHERTY: Your Honors, I would like to move for the admission of OEC/EDF Exhibit 2 pending cross-examination.

EXAMINER PARROT: Any cross for this witness, Ms. Williams?

MS. WILLIAMS: No, your Honor.

EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Michael?

MR. MICHAEL: No, your Honor.

EXAMINER SEE: Mr. Darr?

MR. DARR: Just a couple questions, your

25 Honor.

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CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Darr:

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- Q. Ms. Munns, I take it from your testimony that it is the position of the EDF that the rider should not be approved, correct?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. And your proposal that there be costs incurred associated with system improvements for Volt/Var and CVR additions is premised only on the assumption that the PPA would be -- or, PPA proposal would be approved, correct?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. Now, the EDF has taken a position in other proceedings that the company should adopt some sort of Volt/Var optimization, correct, other proceedings associated with AEP-Ohio?
- A. I am not personally aware of that, but it wouldn't surprise me.
 - Q. So you're not --
 - A. I have not done that.
- Q. You're not familiar with the other proceedings where EDF or others may have sought to encourage AEP Ohio to engage in Volt/Var optimization?

3105 1 I'm not pursuing it. Α. 2 MR. DARR: No further questions, your 3 Honor. 4 EXAMINER SEE: Mr. Yurick? 5 MR. YURICK: Nothing. EXAMINER SEE: Mr. Miller? 6 7 MR. MILLER: I do have some questions. EXAMINER SEE: Let's go off the record 8 9 for a second. 10 (Off the record.) 11 EXAMINER SEE: Let's go back on the 12 record. Mr. Kurtz, do you have any 13 14 cross-examination for this witness? 15 MR. KURTZ: No, your Honor. Sorry for 16 the delay. EXAMINER SEE: Mr. Miller? 17 18 MR. MILLER: Yes, I have some questions, 19 your Honor. 20 EXAMINER SEE: Go ahead, please. 21 2.2 CROSS-EXAMINATION 2.3 By Mr. Miller: 24 Ms. Munns, feel free to stop me if I talk 25 too fast or ask me to talk louder. I'm accused of

1 low talking in this room.

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You are currently employed by the Environmental Defense Fund; is that correct?

- A. I am, correct.
- Q. And you served, as I understand it, as the senior director for external affairs and regulatory policy?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And I guess your title is Clean Energy Program. Is that a separate program in the EDF?
 - A. It is a separate program within EDF.
- Q. And your position primarily focuses on policy issues for the EDF in the area of clean energy?
- 15 A. External affairs and the clean energy 16 policy.
- Q. You have a Bachelor's degree from the University of Iowa?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. In what course of study, ma'am?
- 21 A. It was in social work.
- Q. And you don't have an undergraduate degree in economics?
- 24 A. No.
- Q. Or any post-secondary education in

3107 1 economics? 2 Α. No. 3 Ο. Do you have an undergraduate degree in 4 electrical engineering? Α. 5 I do not. And there's no post-secondary education 6 7 in electrical engineering? Α. 8 No. 9 You've spent the majority of your career, 10 I think if I read your CV correctly, in one capacity 11 or another at the Iowa Utilities Board? 12 Α. I did. 13 And you haven't been deposed by any of Ο. 14 the parties in this proceeding in regards to this 15 matter? 16 I have not. Α. And is this the first time you've 17 Q. 18 appeared in front of this Commission? 19 Α. It is. 20 Ο. And you indicate in your testimony you 21 previously submitted testimony in Illinois, North 2.2 Carolina, and Hawaii? 2.3 Α. And in Kansas. 24 And in Kansas. Q.

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Α.

Yes.

- Q. Can you tell me, first of all, based on your experience in Iowa, is Iowa a deregulated state with regards to electric service?
 - A. No, it's fully regulated.
 - O. And then North Carolina?
 - A. Regulated.
- 7 Q. Hawaii?

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- A. I believe it's fully regulated.
- 9 Q. Illinois?
- 10 A. Illinois is deregulated.
- 11 Q. And Kansas?
- 12 A. I believe Kansas is regulated.
- Q. And are you sure or --
- A. I'm pretty sure.
- 15 Q. So Illinois is.
- 16 A. Illinois is deregulated.
- Q. And then so of all those jurisdictions we just discussed, only Illinois is a deregulated state.
- 19 A. That is correct.
- 20 Q. Is this the first time you've ever 21 submitted testimony in any regulatory proceeding 22 regarding a PPA rider?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. And in the course of preparing your testimony for this case, did you review the PUCO's

orders and entries in what is commonly referred to as the AEP Ohio ESP III proceeding?

A. I did not.

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- Q. And so you didn't review the February 25 order in that case?
 - A. I did not.
 - Q. You didn't review the entry on rehearing in that case on April 22?
 - A. I did not.
- 10 Q. You didn't review the second entry on rehearing on May 28 this year?
- 12 A. I did not.
- Q. And it sounds like you certainly didn't review the third entry on rehearing in July of this year?
- 16 A. I did not.
 - Q. Are you aware that AEP Ohio proposed a PPA rider in that ESP III case?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. Do you know if the PUCO approved the ESP proposed by AEP in that case?
- A. I know generally what was done. I don't
 believe it was, but I'm not sure. My testimony
 doesn't go particularly to whether or not the PPA
 rider should be included. If you read it, it says if

the Commission determines that it is appropriate, then conditions should be put on.

- Q. But, to your knowledge, you're not certain whether they approved it or denied it.
 - A. I'm not.

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- Q. And so you wouldn't have any idea what factors the Commission may have instructed the company to review if they wanted to have a future PPA rider?
- A. No, my testimony doesn't purport to go to the merits of that issue.
- Q. In the course of your preparing your testimony for this, case did you review AEP Ohio's amended application for the PPA, which would be the documents the company filed in regards to this proceeding?
- A. I did not. Again, my testimony doesn't go to that issue.
- Q. So you didn't review any of the testimony that's been provided in the record in regards to the witnesses the company's put on?
 - A. I did not.
- Q. Is it your testimony that the PUCO should approve AEP's proposed rider?
 - A. No.

- Q. Is your testimony that they should disapprove the proposed rider?
- A. It's not my testimony. We have another witness, John Finnigan, who will testify to that issue for EDF.
- Q. Your testimony talks a lot about -- I'm going to use the acronyms. Stop me, there's a lot of acronyms. The VVO and the CVR.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And you discuss significant discussions here in your testimony about VVO and CVR with regards to how it works. Are VVO and CVR alternatives to the PPA rider as proposed by the company in this case?
- A. We're not putting them forward as alternatives. We are saying if the Commission determines that these plants should be included, then it should require conditions that the company do a cost-benefit analysis, a potential study to determine those circuits and those places where it should be deployed.
- Q. And so is fair to say that to get to a study, perhaps such as deployment of VVO and CVR, the Commission would have to approve the rider?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. So when considering the PPA rider with

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the concept -- I guess let's say concept because you didn't read the details of the rider itself -- did you personally perform any analysis regarding the financial need of the affiliate PPA plants that have been proposed?

A. I did not.

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- Q. And you didn't perform any analysis regarding the necessity of those plants in light of reliability concerns or supply diversity?
- A. I did not. It's my understanding they were put forward as necessary for reliability and price stability.
- Q. When considering the concept of the PPA in this case, you didn't perform any analysis regarding how the affiliate plants that have been proposed would comply with environmental regulations?
- A. I did not. Again, my testimony doesn't go to the merits of that issue.
- Q. And then same question but sort of a little bit different scenario. You didn't take a look at what impact or effect the inclusion of those plants and continued operation of those plants as proposed by the company have on electric prices in the state?
 - A. I did not.

- Q. And same question, economics development, you don't know any impacts?
 - A. I did not.

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- Q. So you didn't consider any of the factorings the Commission previously recommended be reviewed and studied by the company included in its proposal when it proposed a PPA?
 - A. I did not.
- Q. Have you compared any costs of proposed PPA rider to the cost of the deployment that you're sort of suggesting in regards to the VVO and CVR?
 - A. I have not done a specific analysis.
- Q. I think in your testimony -- and I want to ask you. Is it your testimony if the Commission approves that PPA proposal, then the Commission should require the company to install all cost-effective VVO and CVR throughout the entire service territory?
 - A. It is.
- Q. Are you aware that should the company implement VVO and CVR, under those circumstances that the cost of the implementation would be recovered from ratepayers?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And is it your testimony that the amount

of VVO and CVR investment which would be cost-effective depends upon the characteristics of a utility's service territory?

- A. Yes. I'm familiar with that, which is why I recommended that a potential study be done in advance of deployment.
- Q. In your testimony, I think in regards to those characteristics, you list a number of factors such as circuits and substations, length of circuits, numbers of customers on the circuit, deployment of AMI meters; is that a fair representation?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Do you happen to know how many substations AEP Ohio has in its service territory?
 - A. I do not.
- Q. Do you happen to know how many circuits they would have in their service territory?
 - A. I do not.
- Q. Do you know how many different types of circuits they would have, characteristics, length?
 - A. I do not, no.
- Q. Do you know how many customers are served by those circuits?
- A. I do not.
- 25 Q. Do you know if AEP has deployed any AMI

meters in the service territory?

A. I do not.

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- Q. Do you have any sense of assuming that they deploy them how long those meters would take to deploy?
 - A. I don't.
- Q. And so you haven't researched the system architecture of AEP's distribution system in its circuit territory at all.
- A. I have not. I would like to clarify, that this technology can be deployed without deployment of AMI.
- Q. Okay. You haven't researched or performed any independent analysis regarding the impact of AEP's rates in regards to deployment of this VVO and CVR system you're suggesting?
- A. I haven't done any independent analysis. I relied on, I believe, what is included as attachment DM-2 which is a presentation. I'm not sure I have the right one.
- Q. Are you referring to the Volt/Var Optimization --
- 23 A. Yes, yes.
- Q. -- American Electric Power by Mr. Tom
 Weaver?

A. Yes.

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- Q. In regards to this presentation do you have any idea how broad, in other words, how much of AEP's system this covers?
- A. I believe that was a pilot but I also believe that representations that were made in here show multiple benefits from deployment of this technology.
- Q. And so you believe it shows benefits to the technologies VVOs and CVR, but you don't have any idea how large a portion of the system it covered for AEP?
- A. No. Which is why I made a recommendation that a potential study be done to see how extensive the deployment should be.
- Q. Your testimony indicates that AEP should perform that comprehensive cost-benefit analysis to determine if VVO and CVR would be cost-effective, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Do you have any knowledge of whether or not AEP has ever performed such a cost analysis with regards to those products?
 - A. I don't.
 - Q. And you haven't performed that analysis?

A. I have not.

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- Q. You don't have any idea, do you, what VVO and CVR deployment would cost the company?
- A. I don't, which is why I recommended that a potential study be done in advance.
- Q. And you talk a lot about cost-effectiveness, and I think you indicate that these opportunities are based -- the effectiveness of these opportunities are based on the cost-effectiveness of the actual deployment?
 - A. Uh-huh. Yes.
- Q. And so you haven't -- we talked about this. You haven't looked at size or scope and architecture and things like that. Do you have any idea how large deployment would be cost-effective?
- A. Again, I don't, which is why I recommend that a potential study be done.
- Q. And do you have any sense of in regards to cost-effectiveness whether portions of system installations of VVO and CVR are more effective cost-wise than would be a total system-wide deployment?
 - A. Can you repeat the question?

 MR. MILLER: Can it be read back.

 (Record read.)

- A. I don't, until a potential study.
- Q. So, in summary, a study needs to be done to make any determinations at all whether this is cost-effective?
- A. I think a system-wide study needs to be done. I think, and this is demonstrated by the AEP pilot, that the circuit level results averaged across 11 circuits showed that the energy reduction initial results from AEP Ohio project 2.9 percent, peak demand reduction 2 to 3 percent. This is from page 6 of Exhibit, let's see, DM-2.
 - Q. I'm sorry.

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- A. It's from page 6 of DM-2. So it isn't like I have -- like there's no evidence that there's any application or benefit from this. There has been a pilot study done, and I'm saying take that pilot, do a technical potential study across the rest of the circuits to determine where those kinds of savings could be achieved.
- Q. Is it reasonable to assume that -- strike that. Let me ask this question differently.

Would it be appropriate to say that circuits in AEP's system differ in size, length, performance?

A. Yes. And I think I acknowledge that

that's why you do a study, to determine where it is cost-effective, but on the 11 circuits where the pilot was done, there were significant benefits.

- Q. And do you have any idea from your review of the report or the presentation, I guess I should call it, do you have any idea whether those 11 circuits are representative of the majority of circuits in the company's service territory?
 - A. I do not.

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- Q. And so is it reasonable to believe that different circuits would require different costs in regards to deploying these products?
- A. As I have testified, you need to do a potential study across your circuits. I don't know whether or not you can group circuits, whether there are representative circuits or how specifically those are done, but there are firms that do such potential studies.
- Q. And so, just to sum up, you have no idea and you have no thoughts on and have done no analysis on what the specifics are of the circuits in the system, but you believe that the company should deploy a comprehensive study to be able to make a determination as to whether these products are cost-effective at all?

- A. I wouldn't say I have no idea because I'm relying on the pilot that was done by AEP that show that there are, based on 11 circuits where they did this, it says testing demonstrates 2 to 4 percent energy and demand reduction is achievable. That's from the AEP from Mr. Weaver's.
- Q. So on those circuits those were the results?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. I think in your testimony you had a little bit of a swap on the numbering for the exhibits but on DM-3, which is the final exhibit, you describe and talk a little bit about SmartGrid Modernization Project that was deployed by FirstEnergy?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. That project, did it include VVO?
- A. I believe there was a conservation component to it.
 - Q. Did it include CVR, do you know?
- 21 A. That would be the conservation.
- Q. So it did include CVR but it didn't include VVO?
- A. VVO is a technology. CVR is a something you can turn on within the technology. The

technology has several different functionalities that can be used. Conservation voltage reduction is one of them.

- Q. And so are VVO and CVR ever used interchangeably?
- A. I know these are confusing acronyms. VVO is the technology and CVR is the function. I think sometimes people do use them, but as I said, the technology really has to do with information and intelligence on the -- about what's going on on your distribution system. Conservation voltage optimization is one of the things that you can do with that information.
- Q. In regards to the FirstEnergy project that you describe or talk about in accordance with the exhibit, how much did that project cost, do you know?
- A. Here we go. I believe this is DM-3. It looks like it went across specific -- across several different states. Says on page 1 of that exhibit, at a glance, total project cost 114,940,274, total project cost. There was a federal share of approximately 57 million.
 - Q. So that project cost almost \$115 million?
 - A. Yes.

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- And I think you indicated there was a 1 Q. federal share of 57 million? 2 3 Α. Yes. 4 Q. That would be 50 percent was paid by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act? 5 Looks to be approximately. 6 7 And I think you talk about other ARRA Ο. funded studies across the country, you refer to 8 9 those.
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And I think you indicated there are a number of them. Do you know how many?
- 13 A. 26.
- 14 Q. 26 of them?
- 15 A. Yes.

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- Q. Of those 26, do you have any knowledge about the breadth of those deployments in the service territory of the companies?
 - A. I believe they were all done on a pilot basis.
 - Q. None of them were full-service-territory deployments to your knowledge?
- A. Not to my knowledge.
- Q. Do you have any idea what percentage of service-territory-wide VVO or CVR projects have been

deployed or how many have been deployed across the United States?

A. I do not.

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- Q. Do you happen to know what percentage of VVO and CVR deployments have been funded by ARRA money?
- A. Well, I believe there were those 26 pilots that I made reference to. I believe that I also testified that it has been, that this technology has been deployed in states where part of the share was not picked up.
- Q. Just to clarify, when you say "part of the share was not picked up," those projects were funded by the company at issue or some other entity?
 - A. By the company. By customers.
 - Q. But you don't know how many.
- 17 | A. I don't.
 - Q. Are you aware of any companies that have system-wide deployment of these products?
 - A. I'm not certain. I believe BG&E may have done system-wide. I also believe that there are companies that are in the process of deploying.
 - Q. Do you know, would FirstEnergy have deployed this project without those ARRA funds?
 - A. I do not know.

- Q. And you don't have any idea whether they would have found the project to be cost-effective without having a \$57 million influx of money from the federal government?
 - A. I do not know.

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- Q. In your opinion, would a full-service-territory VVO and CVR implementation ever fail to be cost-effective?
- A. I don't believe that there has been any evidence of that. If you go to page 8 of my testimony, and this is information from DOE, it shows that this particular technology deployment CVR, that the levelized cost of energy of this comes in mid-range in energy efficiency. I believe that's the Department of Energy's. It is 3 cents. I think the only thing that is more cost-effective is possibly L.E.D. lighting, and this is from their review of the studies to date.
- Q. And when we talk about cost-effectiveness, is it fair to say that the reference to cost-effective means that the cost to put it in is at least immediately or shortly thereafter outweighed by the benefits of the product?
 - A. Yes; the benefits outweigh the cost.
 - Q. Your testimony indicates that VVO and CVR

- can be used as a compliance option under the Clean Power Plan.
- A. That's my testimony, and I believe that is also AEP, what they had in their slides. Again, Mr. Weaver's. Let me find it for you. Yes, page 11, future application of VVO helped meet EPA 111(d) reductions on page 11. That's one, two, three -- fourth bullet.
- Q. And it looks like this presentation was given on December 3, that's at least the date, 2014?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And of course the 111(d) rules weren't final then.
 - A. No.
 - Q. And so would it be fair to say that Mr. Weaver was most likely indicating that that was a possibility, not a certainty?
 - A. He didn't indicate that it was a possibility but it has been -- come to pass in the rules that were issued. On page 10 of my testimony I make reference to the final version of the rules and where the EPA...
 - Q. Let's talk a little bit about the rules. Is it your understanding that when the rule gets promulgated, published, that the states will have an

opportunity to involve themselves with part of the process?

- A. Correct, there will be state plans.
- Q. And the states will in the planning process, make determinations about compliance and perhaps timing and some other things?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. So the CPP sets certain goals and objectives regarding required performance under the plan, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. And it allows individual states to choose how they will meet those set goals?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Has the state of Ohio -- do you know, has the state of Ohio implemented its plan yet?
- A. No. No, the rules haven't been -- the final rules have not yet been published. There's a period of time for putting a plan together after that.
 - Q. Is there any opportunity to change the rules between now and publication date?
- 23 A. No.
- Q. But the state would be formulating a plan subject to the publication of those rules.

A. Yes.

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- Q. And the state has implemented its plan, has it? Do you know anything about what the state's doing with regards to developing a plan to aid its participation in CPP?
 - A. I do not.
- Q. So isn't it true that an Ohio plan, when its developed and implemented, that could have an impact on exactly how and when the VVO and CVR are used to develop the options under the CPP?
- A. It will look at all of the options. I would hope it would look at the most cost-effective options for the sake of customers.
 - Q. When you say "it," ma'am.
 - A. The state.
- Q. But the state would possibly look at all the options and determine for whatever reason that VVO and CVR are not appropriate.
- A. I would hope that it would look at all the options. Certainly a potential study would give them the information that they need as to how many -- how much, how many circuits and what place it would make sense to deploy technology such that it would be a cost-effective compliance measure under 111(d) compared to other options.

Q. Would the state be required to allow VVO and CVR to be applied to meet those tests --

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A. You mean under the EPA rules? The EPA rules are not directive on which technologies or how to meet the reduction requirement.

And so the state -- let's start again.

- Because the rule hasn't been published and the state hasn't formulated its plan, it hasn't implemented its plan, we don't know whether or not VVO and CVR will actually be items in that plan that would count towards reduction, do we?
- A. We don't know whether or not they will be in the Ohio plan. We do know that under the final rules that they will be eligible for inclusion and as a means in which to meet those, and we do know that AEP, through Mr. Weaver's presentation, have at least thought about it or are thinking about it as a means for 111(d) compliance.
- Q. And so it's your testimony that VVO and CVR would be ideal in the plan, but at this point in time we have no guarantee that they will be.
- A. We have no guarantee, but I would think again that a forward-looking state would look at the opportunity, understanding from the numerous pilots that were done under the ARRA study, that there is

significant potential for both cost savings, energy savings, and emission reduction such that it would take the steps at this time to be in a position to understand where it would be cost-effective to make those deployments.

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- Q. But until that plan's deployed, formulated, instituted in the state of Ohio, the company cannot be certain that these types of deployments are contributory towards reduction?
- A. I would think that with the evidence that has been gathered as to the potential for this study, they can know that this is the right place to look for emission reductions and to, as a prudent matter, go ahead and do the -- look at the potential so that it would be in the position to do those things that are most cost-effective for its customers in coming up with the plan.
- Q. But we can't be certain that the state will count CVO -- CVR and VVO.
- A. We know that CVR and VVO are eligible under the EPA rules. We know from the numerous studies that have taken place that significant potential consists. We know that the way to go about determining what that potential is is through a potential study, that there are firms that do those

studies.

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So it would be -- we do know that the prudent course of action is to go ahead and get in a position where you can do the most cost beneficial thing for customers within the state of Ohio.

- Q. And you said "prudent." Are you using "prudent" as legal term of art? Or is it prudent as a good idea?
- A. I think prudent goes beyond a good idea to a way of managing your resources compared to other options.
- Q. So are you saying that "we," meaning the company, have an obligation to look at VVO and CVR?
- A. I'm saying, and why it's in this proceeding, that I believe it is prudent. I believe it's the best practice at this point to do that. If the company doesn't do it, then I believe that the regulators should ask the company to go ahead and do that.

20 MR. MILLER: Nothing further.

21 EXAMINER SEE: Mr. Beeler?

MR. BEELER: Nothing, your Honor. Thank

23 you.

24 EXAMINER SEE: Any redirect,

25 Mr. Dougherty?

3131 MR. DOUGHERTY: Can I have a very brief, 1 2 don't need to jump out of the room, but very brief? 3 EXAMINER SEE: Opportunity with your 4 witness? Yes. 5 MR. DOUGHERTY: Thank you. 6 (Off the record.) 7 MR. DOUGHERTY: No redirect, your Honor. 8 EXAMINER SEE: Thank you. 9 Thank you, Ms. Munns. 10 THE WITNESS: Thank you. MR. DOUGHERTY: I will re-move for 11 OEC/EDF Exhibit 2 to be admitted into the record. 12 13 EXAMINER SEE: Are there any objections 14 to the admission of OEC/EDF Exhibit 2? 15 Hearing none, OEC/EDF Exhibit 2 is 16 admitted into the record. 17 (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.) 18 EXAMINER PARROT: You may call your next 19 witness. 20 MR. DOUGHERTY: Yes. OEC/EDF would like 21 to call John Finnigan. 2.2 2.3 JOHN FINNIGAN 24 being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was 25 examined and testified as follows:

Ohio Power Company Volume XII 3132 1 DIRECT EXAMINATION 2 By Mr. Dougherty: 3 Mr. Finnigan, can you state your name and 0. 4 business address for the record please? 5 Α. John Finnigan, 128 Winding Brook Avenue, Terrace Park, Ohio, 45174. 6 7 And did you file testimony in this Q. proceeding? 8 9 Α. Yes. 10 MR. DOUGHERTY: Your Honors, I would like 11 marked OEC/EDF Exhibit 1, the direct testimony of 12 John Finnigan. 13 EXAMINER PARROT: So marked. 14 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 15 Mr. Finnigan, do you have in front of you Q. what's been marked OEC/EDF Exhibit 1? 16 17 Α. Yes. 18 And is that your direct testimony? Ο. 19 Α. Yes. 20 Q. Do you have any changes to make to this testimony? 21 2.2 Α. No. 2.3 You are an attorney, correct? Ο.

However, your testimony is not to provide

Yes.

Α.

Q.

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      legal conclusions; is that correct?
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                  Yes, that's correct. My testimony is
 3
      directed towards questions of energy policy which are
 4
      at issue in this case.
 5
                  And if I asked you the same questions
             Ο.
      today, would your answers be the same?
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 7
             Α.
                  Yes.
                  MR. DOUGHERTY: Your Honor, I'd like to
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     move for the admission of OEC/EDF Exhibit 1, pending
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      cross-examination.
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                  EXAMINER PARROT: Thank you,
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     Mr. Dougherty.
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                  Any questions, Ms. Williams?
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                  MS. WILLIAMS: No, your Honor.
                  EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Michael?
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                  MR. MICHAEL: No, your Honor.
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                  EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Darr?
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                  MR. DARR: No, ma'am.
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                  EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Yurick?
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                  MR. YURICK: Nothing.
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                  EXAMINER PARROT: Ms. Cohn?
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                  MS. COHN: No, your Honor.
                  EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Nourse?
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                  MR. NOURSE: Thank you, your Honor.
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CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Nourse:

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- Q. Good morning, almost afternoon.

 Hello, John, how are you -- Mr. Finnigan,
 excuse me. You're with the Clean Energy Program?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And can you describe what the general goal or purpose of the Clean Energy Program, part of EDF, would be?
- A. Yes. The Clean Energy Program is intended to promote greater deployment of clean energy across the country. We focus primarily on state proceedings, like in this case. We operate primarily in nine states across the country. These are more larger states and also states where they have higher levels of greenhouse gas emissions, and we advocate for policies like renewable energy, energy efficiency, demand response, grid modernization, financing programs, and so forth, that would lead to greater deployment of clean energy.
- Q. Okay. And would it be a goal or an accurate statement of the Clean Energy Program that you want to convert the power grid from a system of centralized fossil fuel power plants to an intelligent, efficient, connected network that

integrates vastly increased amounts of renewable energy and energy efficiency?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And would EDF/OEC and the Clean Energy
 Program be happy to see these coal plants retire that
 we're talking about today?
 - A. No, they would be ecstatic to see that.
- Q. And do those organizations support gas, natural gas-fired electric generation?
- A. As compared to coal, yes, because the greenhouse gas emissions are much less, about half as compared to gas -- or as compared to coal, I should say.
- Q. So does EDF support deployment of natural gas generation?
- A. As compared to coal, yes, that's correct. However, EDF generally supports clean energy, so there are other resources that have even lower greenhouse gas emissions than gas, so those are the ones that we generally advocate for.

We do have a separate gas program that addresses different issues associated with the deployment of natural gas units. This program mostly has to do with the ways in which gas is drilled from the ground in terms of reducing methane emissions and

also with replacement of cast iron bare steal pipelines that are currently used in natural gas distribution systems.

- Q. Is it fair to say, from EDF's standpoint, between gas-fired generation and coal generation, gas is the lesser of two evils?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. But gas is still an evil?
- A. Well, it depends on the circumstances. I wouldn't say that gas is an evil, period. I think it's clear that we need gas generation to meet our reliability needs in this country, so I would not say gas is an evil.
- Q. Are you saying that the country does not need coal generation?
- A. I think the long-term prospects of the country are that coal generation can be avoided, yes, and I think that's the trend that we're seeing right now. In fact, I think that's one of the underlying premises for this case, is that the company apparently is having trouble recovering revenues for these coal plants in the competitive market, and the company itself has suggested that there might be a need to retire these coal plants at some point some years in the future, so I think we're certainly

trending that way in terms of our country's energy market.

- Q. Well, the need you talked about in your prior answer, that's an economic need, correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Have you testified in other regulatory proceedings?
 - A. No.
- Q. And just to be clear, page 1 of your testimony, line 14, says, "John worked for Duke." It sounds like a third-party reference there. That's talking about you?
- A. Yes. You could substitute "I" and say,
 "I worked for Duke." I worked for Duke Energy for
 about 15 years, yes, that's right.
- Q. All right. Now, the primary purpose of your testimony is to talk about the factors from the Commission's, PUCO's, ESP III order involving AEP Ohio, correct?
- A. Yes.
- Q. So you're very familiar with the order in its context of a decision in that case?
- A. As far as it concerns those four factors, yes.
- Q. Now, does that mean you read the Opinion

and Order and formed your opinion based on that, or did you --

- A. I didn't read the -- I'm sorry. I didn't mean to interrupt you.
- Q. Did you familiarize yourself with the record, evidentiary record or anything else in that proceeding?
- A. I'm familiar with some parts of the evidentiary record. In fact, we appeared and filed testimony in that case. I didn't exhaustively review the record. What I focused on in terms of that case was the Commission's opinion where it went through and discussed all the evidence that was offered by all the parties in the case and then concluded that it would approve the PPA rider at a zero-cost basis in that proceeding and then allow AEP the opportunity to do what they're doing here and propose to include costs.
 - Q. Do you have the order with you?
 - A. No.

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- Q. I'm going to provide you with a copy. I don't think we need to mark this as an exhibit. So I've got a full copy as well as an excerpt which has a little larger print on it.
- A. I'll take the one with the larger print.

3139 1 The excerpt has the entire section, the Q. 2 PPA conclusion section, of the Opinion and Order. 3 Mr. Finnigan, let me ask you first --4 MR. DOUGHERTY: Can I get a copy just to make sure what you're talking about? 5 MR. NOURSE: Sure. We're good. 6 7 MR. DOUGHERTY: Thank you. 8 0. (By Mr. Nourse) Okay. Mr. Finnigan, you 9 have a copy of the Opinion and Order. That's the 10 same Opinion and Order you reviewed in addressing 11 your testimony, correct? 12 Α. Well, this is an excerpt. 13 And I gave you a full copy in case you 14 wanted to check any of that. As the front page 15 indicates, it's the Opinion and Order and gave the 16 date and docket number. 17 Right. I don't see the date on here. 18 Can you direct me to that? 19 Q. Look at the full copy. Look at the 20 signature page. I'll represent to you that the 21 excerpt is just a larger print of the same document.

- Α. I understand. Okay. Thank you.
- So if you turn to page 22 --0.
- Α. Okay.

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-- and the first full paragraph, is it Q.

your understanding that the Commission found that the ESP statute "authorizes electric utilities to include, in an ESP, terms related to 'bypassability' of charges to the extent such charges have the effect of stabilizing or providing certainty regarding retail electric service?"

A. Yes.

Q. And then the Commission cites the DP&L case, and then goes on to say that "both shopping and SSO customers may benefit from the PPA rider because it would have a stabilizing effect on the price of retail electric service, irrespective of whether customer is served by a CRES provider or the SSO."

MR. DARR: Objection, your Honor.

- A. I would agree with anything the Commission said in this order is what they said.
- Q. That's a foundation for my next question. So I read that correctly?
- 19 A. Yes.
 - Q. And you agree with that?
- 21 A. No.
- 22 O. Now --
- A. I mean, I agree that they said that, but
 I don't personally agree that that's a sound policy
 conclusion or that's appropriate.

Q. Correct, thank you. So turn to page 25.

And in the first full paragraph, the first half of the paragraph, the Commission said they're not persuaded about the benefits in the OVEC proposal, and they go on, "Nevertheless, the Commission does believe that a PPA rider proposal, if properly conceived, has the potential to supplement the benefits derived from the staggering and laddering of the SSO auctions, and to protect customers from price volatility in the wholesale market."

Then there's another sentence that says,

"We recognize that there may be value for consumers
in a reasonable PPA rider proposal that provides for
a significant financial hedge that truly stabilizes
rates, particularly during periods of extreme
weather."

Do you see that? Did I read that correctly?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Do you agree with that conclusion?
- A. I don't agree with that conclusion.
- Q. And in the same paragraph the Commission goes on to say, "rate stability is an essential component of the ESP." Do you see that?
 - A. Yes, I see that.

- Q. Do you agree with that?
- A. I think yes, rate stability is an essential component of an ESP.
- Q. Okay. Thank you. Now, and so before we go on, I'll just note that the bottom of that page and the following page, page 26, is the section that goes on to list the factors that you -- is the primary purpose of your testimony discusses, correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. So let's go through those briefly, Mr. Finnigan. You start discussing the first factor in your testimony bottom of page 3, and that's the "Financial Need of the Generating Plant," correct?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. And would you agree -- if you need to refer to the Commission's order, feel free -- that the first factor is specific to the generating plant?
- A. Can you point me to where in the order you would like to reference me?
- Q. Sure. Its about two-thirds, three-quarters of the way down page 25, and the exact language says "financial need of --
 - A. Is it the first paragraph or the second?
- Q. No, it's in the second paragraph. These are the factors that you're addressing in your

testimony, right?

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- A. Right.
- Q. They begin three-quarters of the way down the page, and there's the first factor, "financial need of the generating plant."
- A. Yes. Okay. So does that factor relate to the financial capabilities of the utility or the company's parent that owns the generating plant? It says the generating plant, as you mentioned, but the Commission has never really applied this before. And in my testimony I conclude that the appropriate way to address this for the Commission would be to consider the financial condition of the parent company as a whole, because AEP is a large company with a huge amount of shareholders' equity, and they clearly are not in financial need of any subsidy to keep this plant going.

And so I am simply saying that regardless of this phrase in the order, when the Commission actually applies this in practice to determine how these four factors should be applied, it ought to consider the financial condition of the parent company.

Q. Okay. And I'll quote your last answer. You're saying that's your opinion "regardless of the

phrase in the order."

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- A. Yes, that's right.
- Q. And I think your answer confirms this, but let me make it clear. Doesn't that interpretation or application of the test create a self-defeating outcome?
- A. Well, I don't know what you mean by "self-defeating," but I think, as applied to the circumstances of this case, it might be different if there were a utility that didn't have the same amount of net worth that AEP has.

But I just think that under the circumstances of this case, it's simply a matter if you consider the financial condition of the parent company, that there is no financial need for a subsidy for these units.

- Q. So your position is that AEP Corporation should use profits from other operations to keep these coal plants open?
- A. I think they -- if they want to, yes.

 And I think that that's certainly their decision to make. But I'm not going to what AEP as a corporation should or should not do in terms of how they run their business. I'm simply stating, very narrowly, that the parent company does not have financial need,

and that's the test that should be applied by the Commission.

- Q. Now, on page 5 you're still talking about the first factor. At the top of the page there in 1 through 5, you're referencing Pablo Vegas' testimony and the capacity market prices listed in his testimony, correct?
 - A. Yes. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. Are you criticizing the company for not updating its testimony when the capacity prices came out after it was filed?
- A. Well, I don't know if I would call it "criticizing," but I think if the purpose is to develop a full and fair record in this case, then the most recent prices should be used.
- Q. And, first of all, do you know if the recent prices are in the record in this case?
 - A. Yes, in my testimony.
- Q. Well, your testimony's not in the record yet.
- A. No, not yet.

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- Q. So do you know if its in the record already?
- A. Well, yes, because I think they were referenced in the questions asked of Mr. Bowring. In

fact, I think they might have been AEP exhibits in connection with his testimony. But aside from that, I have not participated in the rest of the hearing, so I don't know.

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- Q. You answered my next question. And I'm a little bit confused about your criticism. That's why I wanted to clarify. On the immediate following page, page 6, you seem to set out at the bottom, starting on line 17, sort of a strong-end argument that if the company tries to supplement its testimony, it should be prohibited from doing that. You even make a due-process argument there, and you're kind of addressing the remedy for what could happen if that occurs.
- A. Could you point me to where I say they should be prohibited from doing that?
- Q. You're saying if AEP tries to supplement its testimony, that would be unfair to intervenors' due process. Is that an endorsement of that or is that in opposition?
- A. No. It takes no opinion on it. What I simply say in the following sentences is that if they do attempt to do that, then to respect the other parties' due process rights, that they should be allowed time to do their own analysis incorporating

these new prices. But I don't say here that the company should be prohibited from doing it.

- Q. Okay. Well, in any event, is this paragraph moot as we sit here today --
 - A. No.

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- Q. -- in the middle of the hearing?
- A. No, I don't believe it's moot. I still hold this opinion.
- Q. Now, with respect to this whole issue of updating capacity prices, is that a major driver in your opinion of the outcome of your recommended outcome in the case?
- A. It's one major driver, but I don't know that I've ranked what the most important drivers are. I think all of the things I talk about in my testimony are important considerations, and this is one of several important considerations.
- Q. You spend multiple pages on this. I'm trying to understand. Do you think if capacity prices go up, does that make you want to support the PPA?
- A. No. I just think that it's one question that the Commission should take into account in terms of determining the financial need of the plants, that since these newer prices, Mr. Vegas testified in his

testimony that the new capacity performance rules would account for 85 percent of the capacity in PJM going forward, and these new prices are of an order of magnitude of maybe 30 percent higher than the prices that he cited for the ten-year average in his testimony.

But that's such a significant difference that I think that's something that should be taken into account in determining the financial need of these plants.

- Q. Have you done any analysis yourself on the financial need of the plants?
 - A. No.

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- Q. You really don't know how relevant or whether there's any significant impact of these numbers you're quoting, do you?
- A. Well, yes, I think so, because he said that the ten-year average price was \$93 a megawatt-hour, and these new prices are of an order of magnitude much greater than this, and this is the paradigm that's going to be used going forward, so I think that information tells me that that's a material difference in the prices that that would be likely to have a significant impact on any calculation of the financial need of these plants.

Q. You haven't done an analysis of capacity prices or the overall economics of the PPA, correct?

- A. I have not.
- Q. At the top of page 6 you make some references to Attachment JF-4, which is an investor relations presentation from AEP.
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And let me try to understand what you're saying here. You're saying -- correct me if I'm wrong. You're saying because AEP Ohio's financial presentation did not include a statement that there's going to be a write-off associated with the PPA units, that that must be that they're not uneconomic. Is that what you're saying?
- A. No, that's not what I'm saying. What I'm saying simply is that the fact that this financial presentation did not reference any impending plans to retire the plants and incur a write-off, that that's an indication that the company doesn't have any plans to do it during the period of time covered by this financial presentation, which is 2015 through 2017.

However, I did notice in reviewing the testimony that the company filed, and this is the testimony of Mr. Toby Thomas, that he said that the company doesn't plan to retire the plants within the

next few years, so I think his testimony is consistent with the fact that there's nothing in this financial presentation indicating that the company intends to do a write-off.

- Q. Mr. Finnigan, are you aware whether this presentation contains a discussion of the PPA filing in this case?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And so are you also aware that AEP has publicly talked about its current consideration of selling, transferring, or otherwise disposing of these PPA units?
 - A. Yes, I've heard that.
- Q. And would either of those things require us to do any kind of a disclosure in financial statements?
- A. I'm not an SEC attorney, so I don't have any opinion on it.
 - Q. But you see the PPA rider in that, and it was totally discussed as a pending case in that document?
 - A. Yes, it was.
- Q. So do you think AEP would announce a retirement of a unit that they're pursuing -- actively pursuing an agreement about?

1 MR. DARR: Objection, your Honor.

2 Requires speculation.

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EXAMINER PARROT: I'll allow the question.

- A. My understanding is that if the company had any plans to retire the plants in the time horizon covered by this financial presentation, 2015 to 2017, that that would be a material factor that they would be required to disclose.
- Q. So do you think we would be here talking about this case if we planned to retire the units, Mr. Finnigan?
- A. I don't know what the company's plans are or would be under that circumstance.
- Q. In line 14 you conclude from all this there's no imminent risk of retirement. Is that the standard the Commission used in its order, imminent risk of retirement?
- A. The standard that the Commission talked about is financial need, and I simply concluded from this presentation that the company does not appear to have any imminent plans to retire the plants in the time horizon covered by this presentation, which runs through 2017, so there would appear to be no financial need for the plants to receive subsidy

during that period of time.

Q. Mr. Finnigan, on page 6, line 14 you say, "These plants are not at imminent risk of retirement, as demonstrated by AEP's financial presentation to investors. AEP therefore failed to meet its burden of proof on this first factor."

Did I read that correctly?

- A. Yes. You have read that correctly.
- Q. So is this another example where you're coming up with your own test regardless of the language that's in the order?
- A. No, not at all. This is perfectly consistent with what's in the order, and that's the factor of financial need. And what I'm suggesting is that there's no financial need at the present time, and if the company really does intend to retire these plants at some point in the future after 2017, then it could come back and apply for approval of the PPA rider at this time.

But my point is that it's premature to do so at this time because the company does not appear to have any plans to retire the plants in the immediate future, and that's also consistent with what the company witness said, Mr. Toby Thomas.

Q. Yes. And you agreed that you didn't do

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any analysis of financial need, correct?

- A. I didn't do any economic analysis.
- Q. So you're relying on the lack of a write-off disclosure in the financial report as your basis to say that there's no imminent risk of retirement; therefore, the first factor fails, right?
- A. Well, that's one factor, but I discuss other factors.
- Q. Let's turn to page 7. We're going to discuss the second factor, "Necessity of generating facility in light of future reliability concerns including supply diversity." Do you see that?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And do you address supply diversity in your testimony?
- A. Do you want to point me to a particular line?
- Q. Well, actually, I'll withdraw that question. What I wanted to ask you was down in line 7 through 9, page 7, where you're saying the reliability issue is a red herring; see that?
 - A. I see that.
- Q. And is this another example where you disagree with the Commission's factor as stated in the order, that future reliability concerns should be

considered?

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A. Well, I think you have to read that answer in its entire context, but the Commission mentioned that as a factor, reliability. As I mentioned, I disagree with the Commission's order that was issued that we discussed earlier. But I go on in my testimony to explain that there are two different considerations of reliability. One is reliability of the electric delivery, and that's something that the company clearly is responsible for, and that's something that the Commission ought to be concerned about.

But the issue of reliability in terms of resource adequacy is something that the Commission does not need to be concerned about because that's determined at the wholesale market level, and that's PJM's responsibility. And PJM has a very strong, well-operating market construct to ensure that there is resource adequacy and reliability for the entire footprint served by PJM and to do so at the most economic prices which benefits Ohio consumers.

- Q. So you're saying the only reliability issue that the Commission should be concerned with is electric delivery?
 - A. No, I'm not saying that's the only issue.

I'm saying that they should defer to PJM on resource adequacy because they approved -- when they approved AEP's original ESP plan, they authorized AEP to go into PJM with the understanding that PJM would be the entity that would manage resource adequacy.

So this is the construct that the Commission has already approved and passed ESP orders, and since they've done that, they should allow PJM to do their role which is to manage the adequacy of resource -- of the resources and to manage reliability from that perspective.

- Q. I want to clarify your testimony on this, Mr. Finnigan. So on line 7 through 9 you say, "The issue of reliability is a red herring because the AEP is not responsible for resource adequacy. Instead, PJM has this responsibility." Do you see that?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. I'm not sure why it says "the AEP," but would you still agree with that sentence that it is what you intended if we change that to "the Commission"?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Now, let's talk about supply diversity.

 On line 16 you start your discussion of supply

 diversity. Now, are you suggesting that the state of

Ohio has no interest in supply diversity?

- A. No, I'm not saying they have no interest but I'm saying that they approve the market construct where this would be managed at the regional level, and they should allow PJM to do their job and manage it on the regional level and not interfere with the wholesale market in terms of the supply diversity that its rules will engender.
- Q. Do you believe PJM considers the Commission's consideration on reliability to be interference?
- A. I don't know.
- Q. Are you aware that this General Assembly in Ohio has adopted alternative energy portfolio standards?
- 16 A. Yes.

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- Q. And does that mandate supply diversity by
- 19 A. Yes, for those types of resources.
- Q. Do you think that's unlawful?
- 21 A. No.
- Q. Do you think it's interference with PJM's reliability function?
- A. I have no opinion on that topic.
- 25 Q. Let's talk about a third factor that

starts on page 8. Third factor is whether the generating plants comply with environmental regulations. Do you see that?

A. Yes.

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- Q. Down in line 18 you say "It's questionable whether AEP will make the necessary investment to meet current and future environmental laws and regulations. The Commission therefore should not approve AEP's proposal based on this factor," the third factor, right?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And what's your basis for saying it's questionable whether AEP would make environmental investments?
- A. I think it really depends on what type of PPA rider the Commission might approve in this proceeding. I think that if the Commission were to approve the proposals submitted by AEP in its entirety, I do not expect that it would be questionable that AEP would make these investments because under that construct the company would get full cost-of-service recovery for these investments for the life of the plant and there would be no ongoing prudency review, just the upfront review in approving this proposal.

So the company would have no reason not to make investments under that outcome. However, there's been some discussion, some witnesses, including the staff's witness, have proposed shorter duration PPAs, and if a shorter duration PPA is approved by the Commission as the outcome in this proceeding, then I do think it's in doubt that the company would make the needed investments.

In fact, I think there have been news reports or interviews that Mr. Vegas has given saying that himself. So I think it all depends on what the outcome is in terms of what proposal the Commission approves.

- Q. So first of all, if there's an environmental regulation that exists or is passed in the future, that would have to be met in order to run compliance, correct?
- A. Yes, unless the company wanted to be filing, that's right.
 - Q. Okay.

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- A. Or there might be some paradigm where they didn't buy allowances to offset emissions in lieu of doing an environmental investment.
- Q. But that would be one form of the compliance, correct?

A. That would be one form of compliance but it would be doing so without making a long-term capital investment where they've got to recover the costs over 40 years. It would be a matter of doing it on a more short-term basis, give the company more flexibility in its operations.

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- Q. Let's talk about you say current and future environmental laws and regulations. Let's talk about the current part of that. So is your belief that you don't think investments that will be made relate to any specific environmental rules that exist today, in other words, CSAPR, MATS? Does it relate it anything specific?
- A. No, I don't relate this to any specific regulation.
- Q. Do you have any knowledge of whether the company has already submitted evidence in this case suggesting that the PPA units are either compliant already or that funded programs are already in progress to comply with all existing environmental laws?
- A. My understanding is that the company has made that representation in their testimony.
- Q. Let's talk about the fourth factor starting on page 9 of your testimony. Fourth factor

as you state here is the impact that the plant's closure would have on electric prices and resulting effect on economic development in the state, correct?

A. Yes.

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- Q. With respect to the first part about the effect on electric prices, has your analysis considered the price tag associated with transmission improvements that would need to be made if these plants were closed?
- A. I'm aware that the company claims that there would need to be a \$1.6 billion investment in transmission improvements if the plants did close. However, I did not perform an economic analysis to weigh all the costs and benefits in terms of economic development. I'm simply citing some factors that the company did not take into account in performing their analysis of the economic factors. So those are the ones that I describe in my testimony.
- Q. Well, what you just referenced is actually relating to economic development in the second part of this factor.
 - A. Right.
- Q. So let's talk about that then. On lines
 14 through 21, page 9, you list three categories that
 you believe are not addressed. Do you see that?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And so let me ask you about that. Actual direct impact of closing the plants on economic development, okay? You agree that there will be adverse economic impacts of closing the plants on the Ohio economy.
- A. Not on a net basis I don't agree with that.
- Q. So are you suggesting that these three factors you mention have been quantified or you've done some quantitative analysis about those?
- A. I haven't done any quantitative analysis of these factors. I'm simply stating that I reviewed the company's testimony in terms of the economic benefits that they rely on to prove this fourth factor, and I'm simply saying that these are important factors that the company didn't take into account in performing their analysis and that they would likely be material factors.

So I'm saying that the company's representation that it's met this fourth prong of the test is not -- should not be relied on by the Commission.

Q. Well, you just stated though that it's not on a net basis, that's why I asked you about your

quantitative analysis. You don't have any basis to say what the net of anything is when it comes to these factors, do you?

- A. No. I'm simply saying that the company should have accounted for these factors in doing their economic analysis, and by not doing so, their economic analysis should not be relied on.
- Q. And finally, Mr. Finnigan, on page 11 you have this last Q and A, last substantive Q and A about Ms. Munns' testimony we just heard. So does this suggest that if the company did the study that Ms. Munns advocates that EDF would endorse the PPA proposal?
- A. No, it doesn't suggest that at ail. We oppose the PPA proposal. We're simply saying that if the Commission decides to approve it contrary to our recommendations, then this is a condition that the Commission should attach to its approval.

MR. NOURSE: Thank you, Mr. Finnigan.

EXAMINER PARROT: Mr. Beeler?

MR. BEELER: No questions, your Honor.

Thank you.

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23 EXAMINER PARROT: Would you like a

moment, Mr. Dougherty?

MR. DOUGHERTY: No redirect.

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                  EXAMINER PARROT: Would you like to move
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      your exhibit?
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                  MR. DOUGHERTY: Yes, I would. I'd like
 4
      to admit OEC/EDF Exhibit 1.
                  MR. NOURSE: No objection.
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 6
                  EXAMINER PARROT: Very good, OEC/EDF
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      Exhibit 1 admitted.
 8
                  Thank you very much, Mr. Finnigan.
 9
                  THE WITNESS: Thank you, your Honor.
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                  (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
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                  EXAMINER SEE: Mr. Conway?
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                  MR. CONWAY: Yes, your Honor, I would
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      like on the record to report that I have been
14
      informed by the company that they have been looking
15
      at what Mr. Wilson did in his revised or supplemental
16
      Exhibit JFW-2 and Table 2, and I can report back to
17
      you that we are not able to find in his workpapers
18
      either the ultimate spreadsheet Exhibit JFW-2 or how
19
      the values in the revised JFW-2 tie back to the
20
      source information in the workpapers, which is not
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      necessarily to say they aren't in there somewhere but
      we have not been able to find it.
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                  And my report to you is that this
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      highlights the concern that underlays the objection
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      that I made at the outset of the hearing, which is
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that this amounts to an unfair surprise, and we are not going to be in a position to figure out what he's done, what we think about what he's done, or what we might do to cross-examine him about what he's done in these revisions. And that's the basis of the objection. Thank you.

7 EXAMINER SEE: Did you want to respond, 8 Mr. Michael?

MR. MICHAEL: I'd only respond, your

Honor, Mr. Conway has the opportunity to ask each and
every question that he wants to about Mr. Wilson's

Table 2, and to the degree he's unable to find out
prior to the cross-examination of Mr. Wilson, perhaps
he can do so during his cross-examination.

MR. CONWAY: That is a completely inadequate response, on the opportunity to conduct cross-examination, your Honor, for reasons I already outlined in some detail.

EXAMINER SEE: Mr. Michael.

MR. MICHAEL: Yes, your Honor.

EXAMINER SEE: Mr. Wilson is present?

MR. MICHAEL: Yes, your Honor, he is.

EXAMINER SEE: Do you want to inquire

with your witness what his availability is for next

week?

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3165 1 MR. MICHAEL: I'd be happy to, your 2 May I have a moment off the record with him? 3 EXAMINER SEE: Yes, you may. 4 MR. MICHAEL: Thank you, your Honor. EXAMINER SEE: We're off the record. 5 (Off the record.) 6 7 EXAMINER SEE: Let's go back on. 8 I think, Mr. Conway, you indicated that 9 you required an opportunity to explore the source of 10 the revisions to Mr. Wilson's testimony; is that 11 correct? 12 MR. CONWAY: What I indicated, your 13 Honor, is that we have been unable to make the 14 connection between the values in the revised JFW-2 15 and source information through the review of the 16 workpapers, the electronic workpapers we were 17 provided, and we would like to take his deposition to 18 find out what he did in a narrative fashion. 19 We'd also like to have produced to us the 20 actual spreadsheet, the live spreadsheet that is 21 Exhibit JFW-2, as well as any other intermediate 2.2 spreadsheets that go from more -- other electronic 2.3 links that go between JFW-2 and source information. 24 That's what we'd like to have. 25 And we'd like to have a ruling on that on

the primary request that his testimony be -- his revised testimony be -- and just I point out again they didn't file a motion, didn't ask for leave to do it, and I think it's inappropriate, which is the basis for the objection or slash motion I made earlier. So I'd like a ruling on the objection/motion.

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EXAMINER SEE: And your response, Mr. Michael?

MR. MICHAEL: I don't think I have anything further to add, your Honor, than the discussion that we had this morning. Mr. Wilson has some arithmetic alterations to a table in his direct testimony and exhibit to his testimony. Updated versions of both were provided to counsel for AEP Ohio as soon as we were able to produce them.

Mr. Conway has every right and will have every opportunity to cross-examine Mr. Wilson based on his updated table and I think in the interest of a full and accurate record our focus should be on accurate numbers and let AEP Ohio ask questions of Mr. Wilson about it.

EXAMINER SEE: To that end the Bench has determined that like previously in this proceeding, we're going to give the company an opportunity to

depose Mr. Wilson on the revisions to his testimony and we will reschedule Mr. Wilson for next Wednesday, October 21st to follow the witness that is currently scheduled on that day.

With that, is there anything further?

Then we are adjourned for today and we will reconvene Monday at 9:00 a.m.

MR. MICHAEL: Thank you, your Honor.

MR. CONWAY: Thank you, your Honor.

EXAMINER SEE: Just to be clear, it is expected that the OCC witness will provide the underlying core spreadsheets necessary to get to his new JFW Table 2.

MR. CONWAY: And I'd like to have those before the deposition starts.

EXAMINER SEE: Yes, before it starts.

We are now off the record.

(Thereupon, the hearing adjoined at

19 12:47 p.m.)

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CERTIFICATE

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the proceedings taken by me in this matter on Friday, October 16, 2015, and carefully compared with my original stenographic notes.

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Julieanna Hennebert,
Registered Professional
Reporter RMR, and Notary
Public in and for the
State of Ohio.

My commission expires February 19, 2018.

Rosemary Foster Anderson,
Registered Professional
Reporter and Notary Public
in and for the State of Ohio.

My commission expires April 5, 2019.

22 (rfa-79515)

Armstrong & Okey, Inc., Columbus, Ohio (614) 224-9481

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Summary: Transcript In the Matter of the application of Ohio Power Company hearing held on 10/16/15 - Volume XII electronically filed by Mr. Ken Spencer on behalf of Armstrong & Okey, Inc. and Anderson, Rosemary Foster Mrs.