

BEFORE THE  
PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

In the Matter of the Application of Ohio )	
Edison Company, The Cleveland Electric )	
Illuminating Company and The Toledo )	
Edison Company for Authority to Provide )	Case No. 14-1297-EL-SSO
for a Standard Service Offer Pursuant to R.C. )	
4928.143 in the Form of an Electric Security )	
Plan )	

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**SECOND SUPPLEMENTAL TESTIMONY OF**

**EILEEN M. MIKKELSEN**

**ON BEHALF OF**

**OHIO EDISON COMPANY**  
**THE CLEVELAND ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING COMPANY**  
**THE TOLEDO EDISON COMPANY**

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**MAY 4, 2015**

1 **INTRODUCTION**

2 **Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, POSITION, AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.**

3 **A.** My name is Eileen M. Mikkelsen. I am employed by FirstEnergy Service Company as the  
4 Director of Rates and Regulatory Affairs for the FirstEnergy Corp. Ohio utilities (Ohio  
5 Edison Company (“Ohio Edison”), The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company (“CEI”)  
6 and The Toledo Edison Company (“Toledo Edison”) (collectively, the “Companies”). My  
7 business address is 76 South Main Street, Akron, Ohio 44308.

8 **Q. HAVE YOU PROVIDED WRITTEN TESTIMONY BEFORE IN THESE**  
9 **PROCEEDINGS?**

10 **A.** Yes. I submitted written direct testimony on August 4, 2014 in which I provided an  
11 overview and support of the application for the Companies’ fourth electric security plan  
12 entitled Powering Ohio’s Progress (also referred to as “ESP IV”). My testimony also  
13 addressed a number of policy issues and included some specific recommendations related  
14 to the Powering Ohio’s Progress filing. I also submitted supplemental testimony on  
15 December 22, 2014 in which I provided an overview of the Stipulation and explained why  
16 the terms and conditions of the Stipulation are more favorable in the aggregate than the  
17 expected results that would otherwise apply under a market rate offer (“MRO”). My  
18 supplemental testimony also discusses the criteria the Commission has used in the past  
19 when considering stipulated agreements and how the Stipulation in this proceeding meets  
20 these criteria.

21 **Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR SECOND SUPPLEMENTAL TESTIMONY**  
22 **IN THIS PROCEEDING?**

1 A. The purpose of my second supplemental testimony is to provide an overview of how the  
2 Companies' Application addresses the factors identified in the Commission's February 25,  
3 2015 Opinion and Order in AEP Ohio's third electric security plan case, Case No. 13-  
4 2385-EL-SSO ("AEP Ohio Order"), to provide an introduction of the supplemental  
5 witnesses and an overview of how their supplemental testimony further addresses the  
6 factors identified in the AEP Ohio Order, to illustrate the impact closure of the Plants  
7 would have on electric prices and to address certain issues raised in the AEP Ohio Order  
8 as they relate to the Retail Rate Stability Rider ("Rider RRS") proposed in the Companies'  
9 Application.

10 **AEP OHIO ORDER FACTORS**

11 **Q. HAVE YOU REVIEWED THE AEP OHIO ORDER IN CASE NO. 13-2385-EL-**  
12 **SSO RELATED TO AEP OHIO'S PROPOSED PPA RIDER AND THE**  
13 **PROPOSED TRANSACTION?**

14 A. Yes. I reviewed the AEP Ohio Order in that regard and during that review I noted that the  
15 Commission identified certain factors that the Commission will balance, but not be bound  
16 by, in deciding whether to approve the AEP Ohio request for cost recovery in a future  
17 proceeding.

18 **Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE FACTORS LISTED IN THE AEP OHIO ORDER**  
19 **RELATED TO AEP OHIO'S PROPOSED PPA RIDER.**

20 A. The AEP Ohio Order included four factors related to the PPA Rider: 1) financial need of  
21 the generating plant; 2) necessity of the generating facility, in light of future reliability  
22 concerns, including supply diversity; 3) description of how the generating plant is  
23 compliant with all pertinent environmental regulations and its plan for compliance with

1 pending environmental regulations; and 4) the impact that a closure of the generating plant  
2 would have on electric prices and the resulting effect on economic development within the  
3 state.

4 **Q. DID THE COMPANIES' APPLICATION AND DIRECT TESTIMONY IN THIS**  
5 **PROCEEDING ADDRESS THE FACTORS IDENTIFIED IN THE AEP OHIO**  
6 **ORDER?**

7 **A.** Yes. The Companies' Application and testimony in this proceeding addressed the factors  
8 identified in the AEP Ohio Order.

9 **Q. HOW DOES THE COMPANIES' APPLICATION AND DIRECT TESTIMONY**  
10 **ADDRESS THE FIRST AEP OHIO ORDER FACTOR, FINANCIAL NEED OF**  
11 **THE GENERATING PLANT?**

12 **A.** Mr. Moul's testimony addresses the financial need of the Davis-Besse Nuclear Power  
13 Station ("Davis-Besse") and the W.H. Sammis Plant ("Sammis") (collectively, the  
14 "Plants") and how markets have not and are not providing sufficient revenue to ensure the  
15 continued operation of the Plants. Mr. Ruberto's Attachment JAR-1 (Revised) illustrates  
16 the financial need of the plants that are included in the Economic Stability Program by  
17 demonstrating that the aggregate market revenues from the Plants and the FES 4.85%  
18 interest in the Ohio Valley Electric Cooperative ("OVEC") are less than the projected  
19 costs of the Plants and OVEC in the near term. More generally, Mr. Rose's testimony  
20 addresses the developments which have lowered market prices over the past few years  
21 contributing to the financial need of the Plants and OVEC.

1   **Q.    ARE THE COMPANIES FILING SUPPLEMENTAL TESTIMONY TO**  
2       **FURTHER ADDRESS THE FIRST AEP OHIO ORDER FACTOR?**

3   **A.**    Yes. Mr. Moul's supplemental testimony further illustrates the financial need of the  
4       Plants and OVEC and describes in more detail why simply covering avoidable costs does  
5       not assure the continued operation of the Plants. In addition, Dr. Makovich's  
6       supplemental testimony describes the "missing money" problem that exists in the U.S.  
7       power market today and how the "missing money" problem contributes to the financial  
8       need at both Davis-Besse and Sammis.

9   **Q.    HOW DOES THE APPLICATION AND DIRECT TESTIMONY ADDRESS THE**  
10       **SECOND AEP OHIO ORDER FACTOR, NECESSITY OF THE GENERATING**  
11       **FACILITY, IN LIGHT OF FUTURE RELIABILITY CONCERNS, INCLUDING**  
12       **SUPPLY DIVERSITY?**

13   **A.**    Mr. Moul's direct testimony discusses the necessity of maintaining the reliability benefits  
14       of resource diversity, both from a fuel source and asset class perspective. Mr. Strah's  
15       direct testimony explains how the continued operation of the Plants and OVEC is needed  
16       to promote stability and certainty for the Companies' delivery system. Mr. Cunningham's  
17       direct testimony (as adopted by Mr. Phillips and referred to hereafter as "Mr. Phillips'  
18       direct testimony") describes: (1) a conservative estimate of the transmission investment  
19       that would be necessary to maintain reliability based on PJM planning criteria if the Plants  
20       were to close; (2) the increase in transmission system power losses that would occur; and  
21       (3) the increased risk of transmission system instability due to the greater distance  
22       between generation sources and load if the Plants were to close.

1 **Q. ARE THE COMPANIES FILING SUPPLEMENTAL TESTIMONY TO FURTHER**  
2 **ADDRESS THE SECOND AEP OHIO ORDER FACTOR?**

3 **A.** Yes. Mr. Moul's supplemental testimony discusses the need to continue to operate the  
4 Plants in light of future reliability concerns, including supply diversity. Mr. Phillips'  
5 supplemental testimony describes why the continued operation of Sammis and Davis-  
6 Besse are necessary from a reliability perspective even if transmission upgrades  
7 identified in the transmission impact study were to occur. Mr. Phillips highlights the  
8 important role generating plants play in the real time operation of the transmission  
9 system. Dr. Makovich's supplemental testimony describes the value of power supply  
10 diversity and why preserving a diverse power supply is important to retail customers.

11 **Q. HOW DOES THE APPLICATION AND DIRECT TESTIMONY ADDRESS THE**  
12 **THIRD AEP OHIO ORDER FACTOR, DESCRIPTION OF HOW THE**  
13 **GENERATING PLANT IS COMPLIANT WITH ALL PERTINENT**  
14 **ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS AND ITS PLAN FOR COMPLIANCE**  
15 **WITH PENDING ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS?**

16 **A.** Mr. Harden's direct testimony addresses the Sammis and Davis-Besse environmental  
17 compliance.

18 **Q. ARE THE COMPANIES FILING SUPPLEMENTAL TESTIMONY TO FURTHER**  
19 **ADDRESS THE THIRD AEP OHIO ORDER FACTOR?**

20 **A.** Yes. Mr. Evans' supplemental testimony provides additional information regarding the  
21 current compliance for the Plants with all pertinent environmental regulations. Mr. Evans  
22 also describes the plan for compliance with pending environmental regulations that are  
23 final and awaiting action by the state or the Companies.

1   **Q.    HOW DOES THE APPLICATION AND DIRECT TESTIMONY ADDRESS THE**  
2       **FOURTH AEP OHIO ORDER FACTOR, IMPACT THAT A CLOSURE OF THE**  
3       **GENERATING PLANT WOULD HAVE ON ELECTRIC PRICES AND THE**  
4       **RESULTING EFFECT ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE**  
5       **STATE?**

6   **A.**   Mr. Phillips’ direct testimony describes the incremental transmission investment that  
7       would need to be recovered from customers if all the lines were reconductored. Mr.  
8       Ruberto’s direct testimony describes the \$2 billion in rate stabilization credits that  
9       customers would forego if the Plants and OVEC were to close. Ms. Murley’s direct  
10      testimony describes the economic benefit associated with the continued operation of the  
11      Sammis and Davis-Besse plants.

12   **Q.    ARE THE COMPANIES FILING ADDITIONAL TESTIMONY TO FURTHER**  
13      **ADDRESS THE FOURTH AEP OHIO FACTOR?**

14   **A.**   Yes. Mr. Phillips’ supplemental testimony describes the range of investment that would  
15      be necessary to maintain reliability if Davis-Besse and Sammis were removed from the  
16      transmission grid. These investments would increase electric prices.

17      My second supplemental testimony describes the impact on electric prices for the  
18      Companies’ customers and customers of other Electric Distribution Utilities (“EDUs”),  
19      municipal electric systems and rural cooperatives that would result from the investments  
20      described in Mr. Phillips’ supplemental testimony and from foregoing the benefits of  
21      Rider RRS as described in Mr. Ruberto’s direct testimony. In addition, I summarize a  
22      number of factors raised by the Companies’ witnesses that could also exert upward  
23      pressure on electric prices.

1 Dr. Makovich's supplemental testimony describes the value of supply diversity and  
2 addresses why the retirements of existing base load power plants, like Davis-Besse and  
3 Sammis, can increase electric prices.

4 Ms. Murley's supplemental testimony further describes the economic development  
5 impact on the State of Ohio if Davis-Besse and Sammis were to close.

6 **IMPACT OF PLANT CLOSURE ON ELECTRIC PRICES**

7 **Q. IF SAMMIS AND DAVIS-BESSE WERE TO CLOSE, WOULD IT HAVE AN**  
8 **EFFECT ON ELECTRIC PRICES?**

9 **A.** Yes. Information provided by Mr. Phillips and Mr. Ruberto demonstrates that if the  
10 Plants close, electric prices will increase.

11 **Q. HOW WOULD ELECTRIC PRICES INCREASE IF THE INVESTMENTS**  
12 **DESCRIBED IN MR. PHILLIPS' DIRECT AND SUPPLEMENTAL**  
13 **TESTIMONY WERE NECESSITATED BY CLOSURE OF THE PLANTS?**

14 **A.** Mr. Phillips' testimony provides that if Sammis and Davis-Besse closed additional  
15 transmission investments of at least \$436.5 million would need to be made to maintain  
16 reliability. Mr. Phillips further describes the difficulty in estimating today precisely how  
17 the dollars spent to maintain reliability would be allocated to various Companies since  
18 the final allocation is very dependent upon the solution chosen. By way of recent  
19 example, Mr. Phillips points to the recent experience with cost allocations resulting from  
20 the transmission projects necessitated by the retirement of 2,400 MWs of coal plants in  
21 Ohio between 2012 and 2015. Assuming costs associated with the transmission projects



1 needed to maintain reliability if the Plants were to retire were allocated in a similar  
2 fashion, my Attachment EMM-1 shows the estimated nominal increase in revenue  
3 requirements for the Companies' customers arising from the increased transmission  
4 spend is \$1.7 billion. The net present value of the revenue requirement associated with  
5 the increased transmission spend for the Companies' customers is \$534 million. Mr.  
6 Phillips further testified that the initial conservative estimate for transmission investments  
7 of \$436.5 million assumed all of the overloaded facilities were remedied by  
8 reconductoring when it was very likely that lines would need to be rebuilt or perhaps  
9 even replaced with more expensive new facilities. This would necessarily increase the  
10 cost of the transmission upgrades. Under that set of assumptions, Mr. Phillips' estimates  
11 the transmission investments could be nearly \$1.1 billion. Using the same allocation  
12 assumptions but the higher investment, my Attachment EMM-2 shows the estimated  
13 nominal increase in revenue requirements for the Companies' customers under the  
14 rebuild or replace scenario would be \$4.1 billion. The net present value of the revenue  
15 requirement associated with the rebuild or replace scenario for the Companies' customers  
16 would be \$1.3 billion.

17 If the Plants were to close, the electric prices for the Companies' customers could  
18 increase between \$1.7 billion and \$4.1 billion related to additional transmission  
19 investment, depending on the final determination by PJM and the transmission owners  
20 regarding the ultimate combination of new facilities and reductored or rebuilt existing  
21 facilities.

1     **Q.    WOULD THERE BE OTHER EFFECTS ON ELECTRIC PRICES IF THE**  
2           **PLANTS WERE TO CLOSE?**

3     **A.**    Yes. In addition to the increases in transmission related prices, customers would be  
4           deprived of the benefit from the retail rate stabilization credits shown in Attachment  
5           JAR-1 (Revised) to Mr. Ruberto's testimony. As a result, customers' future rates would  
6           increase nominally by \$2.018 billion dollars. The net present value of the foregone retail  
7           rate stability credits is \$770 million.

8     **Q.    IN TOTAL, WHAT IS THE ESTIMATED IMPACT ON ELECTRIC PRICES**  
9           **ASSOCIATED WITH TRANSMISSION INVESTMENT AND FOREGONE**  
10          **RETAIL RATE STABILITY CREDITS?**

11    **A.**    Taking these two elements together, the Companies' customers could see an increase in  
12          electric prices ranging from \$3.7 billion to \$6.1 billion and a net present value increase  
13          ranging from \$1.3 billion to \$2.1 billion

14    **Q.    WOULD THERE BE OTHER EFFECTS ON ELECTRIC PRICES IF SAMMIS**  
15          **AND DAVIS-BESSE CLOSED?**

16    **A.**    Yes. There likely would be additional upward pressure on electric prices beyond the  
17          impacts noted above if the Plants closed. This upward pressure is less readily  
18          quantifiable but nevertheless would contribute to higher electric prices. As the  
19          Companies' witnesses have shown, there would likely be at least five other adverse  
20          impacts on electric prices as a result of the closure of the Sammis and Davis-Besse.

1 First, as Mr. Rose points out, as coal plants retire and demand grows, natural gas plants  
2 increasingly will set the marginal price in the energy markets. Because natural gas plants  
3 have higher variable costs than coal plants, like Sammis, the expected result would be an  
4 increase in energy prices. Mr. Rose further points out that retirements of units will also  
5 result in an increase in capacity prices. Dr. Makovich concludes that the retirement of  
6 Sammis and Davis-Besse in combination with thousands of megawatts of other coal-fired  
7 generation in Ohio and elsewhere would result in retail power prices in Ohio that are  
8 higher and more volatile than would otherwise occur.

9 Second, as Mr. Strah discusses, plant closures may lead to increased load shedding,  
10 which adversely affects the Companies' delivery system. As Mr. Strah describes, when  
11 "cold" load is brought back for an entire circuit, there is a higher likelihood of equipment  
12 and line failures, which would require the Companies to incur additional costs which  
13 would, in turn, need to be recovered from customers.

14 Third, as Mr. Phillips points out, even with additional reliability related transmission  
15 investment, there will be higher transmission system line losses which will result in  
16 higher electric prices. Further, Mr. Phillips also describes the outages that will be  
17 necessary during the transmission upgrades which could result in higher congestion costs.

18 Fourth, as Ms. Murley demonstrates, the Plants' closure will have an impact on economic  
19 development in the areas of those plants and in Ohio. If the Plants close, I would expect  
20 the demand for energy and capacity in our service territories would be reduced. If  
21 demand is reduced, revenue requirements would need to be recovered over fewer billing  
22 determinants which, all else equal, would result in higher electric prices.

1 Fifth, the limitation on the State's flexibility to implement the Clean Power Plan because  
2 of the retirement of a zero carbon resource -- namely Davis-Besse -- could result in an  
3 overall higher cost to comply.

4 **Q. ARE THE TRANSMISSION RELATED PRICE INCREASES LIMITED TO THE**  
5 **COMPANIES' CUSTOMERS?**

6 **A.** No. Electric customers of other utilities, municipal electric systems and rural electric  
7 cooperatives would be impacted, at a minimum, by higher transmission rates. As Mr.  
8 Phillips states, the transmission investment required to maintain reliability if the Plants  
9 were to close is allocated such that some of the costs for the transmission upgrades will  
10 be paid for by other electric customers in Ohio and in other states. Precisely what share  
11 of these costs other electric customers would be required to pay would depend upon the  
12 final solutions chosen to remedy the transmission reliability concerns.

13 Some of the other effects on electric prices described above may also put additional  
14 upward pressure on the electric prices paid by electric customers of other utilities,  
15 municipal electric systems and rural electric cooperatives in the State of Ohio and  
16 beyond.

17 **ISSUES RAISED IN AEP OHIO ORDER RELATED TO PROPOSED RIDER RRS**

18 **Q. WAS AEP OHIO ORDERED TO INCLUDE CERTAIN OTHER ADDITIONAL**  
19 **PROVISIONS IN ITS PPA RIDER PROPOSAL?**

20 **A.** Yes, AEP Ohio was directed in its PPA rider proposal to:

- 21 1. Provide for rigorous Commission oversight of the rider;

1           2. Commit to full information sharing with the Commission and its Staff; and

2           3. Include an alternative plan to allocate the rider's financial risk between both the  
3           Company and its ratepayers.

4   **Q.   HAVE THE COMPANIES ADDRESSED THESE PROVISIONS IN THEIR**  
5   **DIRECT TESTIMONY AND APPLICATION?**

6   **A.**   Yes. In my direct testimony, I provide a detailed explanation of the rigorous Commission  
7           oversight proposed for Rider RRS. In addition to addressing the Commission's concerns  
8           about Commission oversight and information sharing by the Companies, the review  
9           process also serves as a mechanism to allocate the financial risk associated with Rider  
10          RRS between the Companies and the customers. The Companies' proposal contemplates  
11          that the Commission would conduct periodic reviews to assure itself that actions taken by  
12          the Companies when selling the output from the Plants and OVEC into the PJM market  
13          were not unreasonable. Further, the Commission would review the actual costs to assure  
14          itself they are not unreasonable. The Companies, not their customers, would be  
15          responsible for the adjustments made to Rider RRS based on actions deemed  
16          unreasonable by the Commission.

17   **Q.   WHAT IS YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF HOW THE SEVERABILITY**  
18   **PROVISION SET FORTH ON PAGES 25-26 OF THE AEP OHIO ORDER**  
19   **WOULD APPLY TO THE COMPANIES?**

20   **A.**   I understand that this provision would be triggered if, after the Commission approves the  
21          Companies' Electric Security Plan IV ("ESP IV"), including the Economic Stability

1 Program, and the Companies accept the Commission's Order, then a court of competent  
2 jurisdiction invalidates the Rider RRS in whole or in part, the provision would require the  
3 Companies to continue all other provisions of the ESP IV as previously approved by the  
4 Commission and accepted by the Companies.

5 **Q. HOW WOULD THE COMPANIES ADDRESS THE SEVERABILITY ISSUE?**

6 A. I understand that the Commission is trying to make sure that there is an ESP in place for  
7 customers to rely on if any or all of Rider RRS is rejected by a court of competent  
8 jurisdiction. From the Companies' standpoint, the terms of the stipulation filed on  
9 December 22, 2014 ("Stipulation"), were agreed to as part of an overall package - - the  
10 principal piece of which was Rider RRS. The Companies propose, in light of the  
11 foregoing concern, to rely upon a common practice that would allow parties to work to  
12 return the party negatively impacted by the court's order to a position as close to its  
13 original position. Similarly, in this case, should a court reject Rider RRS, the Companies'  
14 proposal would require the Signatory Parties to work in good faith and on an expedited  
15 basis, not to exceed 60 days, to cure any court determined deficiency. The Companies  
16 would then file (or jointly file with Signatory Parties) the modified Rider RRS, or its  
17 successor provision, with the Commission for expedited approval, and such approval  
18 shall not be withheld if the modified Rider RRS, or its successor provision, provides a  
19 reasonable remedy to cure the deficiency. During this process, the ESP IV would either  
20 remain in effect or, depending on timing, go into effect including all the agreed upon  
21 stipulated provisions, consistent with the Commission's prior approval of the ESP IV.  
22 The Companies' agreement to permit the Stipulation provisions to go into effect in this

1 manner (rather than terminate pursuant to the terms of the Stipulation) is contingent upon  
2 the Signatory Parties supporting the modified Rider RRS, or its successor provision. This  
3 proposed resolution is appropriate because the Companies and the Signatory Parties have  
4 worked hard to create an ESP IV, each recognizing that Rider RRS is a critical  
5 component for the Companies. The Signatory Parties would have an opportunity to  
6 express any concerns with the modified Rider RRS, or its successor provision to the  
7 Commission. However, if such concerns are not accepted by the Commission, then any  
8 Signatory Party that opposed the modified Rider RRS or its successor provision would  
9 forfeit its Stipulation provisions.

10 **CONCLUSION**

11 **Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?**

12 **A.** Yes. I reserve the right to supplement my testimony.

# Attachment EMM-1

## Estimated Revenue Requirement Associated with Avoided Transmission Investment

(\$ in Millions)

(1)	Full Transmission Upgrade (\$M)	\$436.50	Source: Phillips Supplemental Testimony
(2)	Companies' Allocation	82.00%	Source: Phillips Supplemental Testimony
(3)	Companies' Allocated Amount (\$M)	\$357.93	Calculation: (1) x (2)
(4)			
(5)	Assume book life of investment	42 years	Source: ATSI Formula Rate Filing (Attachment H)
(6)	Assume tax life of investment	15 years	Assumed tax life of investment
(7)			
(8)	Assume debt ratio	40.32%	Source: ATSI Formula Rate Filing (Attachment H)
(9)	Assume equity ratio	59.68%	Source: ATSI Formula Rate Filing (Attachment H)
(10)	Assume debt cost	5.68%	Source: ATSI Formula Rate Filing (Attachment H)
(11)	Assume equity cost	12.38%	Source: ATSI Formula Rate Filing (Attachment H)
(12)	Overall ROR	9.68%	Calculation: ((8) x (10)) + ((9) x (11))
(13)			
(14)	State Income Tax Rate	1.40%	Source: ATSI Formula Rate Filing (Attachment H)
(15)	Federal Income Tax rate	35.00%	Source: ATSI Formula Rate Filing (Attachment H)
(16)	Composite Income Tax Rate	35.91%	Calculation: (15) + ((1 - (15)) x (14))
(17)	Property Tax	3.18%	Source: ATSI Formula Rate Filing (Attachment H)

(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)	(G)	(H)	(I)	(J)	(K)	(L)	(M)	(N)
Revenue Requirement Calculation													
Year	Net Book Balance	Book Depr. Expense	Tax Depreciation		DIT Expense	ADIT	Rate Base Balance	Interest Expense	Equity Return	CIT Expense	Property Tax	Revenue Req.	Present Value
			Rate	Expense									
1	\$357.93	\$8.52	8.750%	\$31.32	\$8.19	\$0.00	\$357.93	\$8.19	\$26.44	\$6.63	\$11.39	\$69.37	\$63.25
2	\$349.41	\$8.52	9.125%	\$32.66	\$8.67	\$8.19	\$341.22	\$7.81	\$25.21	\$5.46	\$11.39	\$67.06	\$55.75
3	\$340.89	\$8.52	8.213%	\$29.40	\$7.50	\$16.86	\$324.03	\$7.42	\$23.94	\$5.92	\$11.39	\$64.68	\$49.03
4	\$332.36	\$8.52	7.391%	\$26.46	\$6.44	\$24.35	\$308.01	\$7.05	\$22.76	\$6.31	\$11.39	\$62.47	\$43.17
5	\$323.84	\$8.52	6.652%	\$23.81	\$5.49	\$30.79	\$293.05	\$6.71	\$21.65	\$6.64	\$11.39	\$60.40	\$38.06
6	\$315.32	\$8.52	5.987%	\$21.43	\$4.64	\$36.28	\$279.04	\$6.39	\$20.62	\$6.92	\$11.39	\$58.47	\$33.59
7	\$306.80	\$8.52	5.905%	\$21.14	\$4.53	\$40.92	\$265.88	\$6.09	\$19.64	\$6.48	\$11.39	\$56.65	\$29.68
8	\$298.28	\$8.52	5.905%	\$21.14	\$4.53	\$45.45	\$252.83	\$5.79	\$18.68	\$5.94	\$11.39	\$54.85	\$26.20
9	\$289.75	\$8.52	5.905%	\$21.14	\$4.53	\$49.98	\$239.78	\$5.49	\$17.72	\$5.40	\$11.39	\$53.04	\$23.10
10	\$281.23	\$8.52	5.905%	\$21.14	\$4.53	\$54.50	\$226.73	\$5.19	\$16.75	\$4.86	\$11.39	\$51.24	\$20.35
11	\$272.71	\$8.52	5.905%	\$21.14	\$4.53	\$59.03	\$213.67	\$4.89	\$15.79	\$4.32	\$11.39	\$49.44	\$17.90
12	\$264.19	\$8.52	5.905%	\$21.14	\$4.53	\$63.56	\$200.62	\$4.59	\$14.82	\$3.78	\$11.39	\$47.63	\$15.72
13	\$255.66	\$8.52	5.905%	\$21.14	\$4.53	\$68.09	\$187.57	\$4.29	\$13.86	\$3.24	\$11.39	\$45.83	\$13.79
14	\$247.14	\$8.52	5.905%	\$21.14	\$4.53	\$72.62	\$174.52	\$3.99	\$12.89	\$2.70	\$11.39	\$44.03	\$12.08
15	\$238.62	\$8.52	5.905%	\$21.14	\$4.53	\$77.15	\$161.47	\$3.70	\$11.93	\$2.15	\$11.39	\$42.22	\$10.56
16	\$230.10	\$8.52	0.738%	\$2.64	-\$2.11	\$81.68	\$148.42	\$3.40	\$10.97	\$8.26	\$11.39	\$40.42	\$9.22
17	\$221.58	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$79.57	\$142.00	\$3.25	\$10.49	\$8.94	\$11.39	\$39.54	\$8.22
18	\$213.05	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$76.51	\$136.54	\$3.12	\$10.09	\$8.71	\$11.39	\$38.78	\$7.35
19	\$204.53	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$73.45	\$131.08	\$3.00	\$9.68	\$8.49	\$11.39	\$38.03	\$6.58
20	\$196.01	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$70.39	\$125.62	\$2.87	\$9.28	\$8.26	\$11.39	\$37.27	\$5.88
21	\$187.49	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$67.33	\$120.16	\$2.75	\$8.88	\$8.03	\$11.39	\$36.52	\$5.25
22	\$178.97	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$64.27	\$114.70	\$2.62	\$8.47	\$7.81	\$11.39	\$35.76	\$4.69
23	\$170.44	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$61.21	\$109.23	\$2.50	\$8.07	\$7.58	\$11.39	\$35.01	\$4.18
24	\$161.92	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$58.15	\$103.77	\$2.37	\$7.67	\$7.36	\$11.39	\$34.25	\$3.73
25	\$153.40	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$55.09	\$98.31	\$2.25	\$7.26	\$7.13	\$11.39	\$33.50	\$3.33
26	\$144.88	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$52.03	\$92.85	\$2.12	\$6.86	\$6.90	\$11.39	\$32.74	\$2.97
27	\$136.35	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$48.97	\$87.39	\$2.00	\$6.46	\$6.68	\$11.39	\$31.99	\$2.64
28	\$127.83	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$45.91	\$81.93	\$1.87	\$6.05	\$6.45	\$11.39	\$31.23	\$2.35
29	\$119.31	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$42.85	\$76.46	\$1.75	\$5.65	\$6.23	\$11.39	\$30.48	\$2.09
30	\$110.79	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$39.79	\$71.00	\$1.62	\$5.25	\$6.00	\$11.39	\$29.72	\$1.86
31	\$102.27	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$36.72	\$65.54	\$1.50	\$4.84	\$5.77	\$11.39	\$28.97	\$1.65
32	\$93.74	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$33.66	\$60.08	\$1.37	\$4.44	\$5.55	\$11.39	\$28.22	\$1.47
33	\$85.22	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$30.60	\$54.62	\$1.25	\$4.04	\$5.32	\$11.39	\$27.46	\$1.30
34	\$76.70	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$27.54	\$49.16	\$1.12	\$3.63	\$5.10	\$11.39	\$26.71	\$1.16
35	\$68.18	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$24.48	\$43.69	\$1.00	\$3.23	\$4.87	\$11.39	\$25.95	\$1.02
36	\$59.66	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$21.42	\$38.23	\$0.87	\$2.82	\$4.64	\$11.39	\$25.20	\$0.91
37	\$51.13	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$18.36	\$32.77	\$0.75	\$2.42	\$4.42	\$11.39	\$24.44	\$0.80
38	\$42.61	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$15.30	\$27.31	\$0.62	\$2.02	\$4.19	\$11.39	\$23.69	\$0.71
39	\$34.09	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$12.24	\$21.85	\$0.50	\$1.61	\$3.96	\$11.39	\$22.93	\$0.63
40	\$25.57	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$9.18	\$16.39	\$0.37	\$1.21	\$3.74	\$11.39	\$22.18	\$0.55
41	\$17.04	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$6.12	\$10.92	\$0.25	\$0.81	\$3.51	\$11.39	\$21.42	\$0.49
42	\$8.52	\$8.52	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$3.06	\$3.06	\$5.46	\$0.12	\$0.40	\$3.29	\$11.39	\$20.67	\$0.43
Total	\$0.00	\$357.93			\$0.00		\$0.00	\$134.84	\$435.30	\$243.91	\$478.49	\$1,650.47	\$533.68

Net Present Value \$533.68

- (B) Balance at beginning of year
- (C) Calculation: Line 3 / Line 5
- (D) Source: MACRS tax depreciation schedule
- (E) Calculation: Column D x Line 3
- (F) Calculation: (Column E - Column C) x Line 16
- (G) Calculation: Prior Year Column F + Prior Year Column G
- (H) Calculation: Column B - Column G
- (I) Calculation: Column H x Line 8 x Line 10
- (J) Calculation: Column H x Line 9 x Line 11
- (K) Calculation: Column J x Line 16 / (1-Line 16) - Column F
- (L) Calculation: Line 3 x Line 17
- (M) Calculation: Column C + Column F + Column I + Column J + Column K + Column L
- (N) Calculation: Net present value of Column M based on Line 12



## Attachment EMM-2

### Estimated Revenue Requirement Associated with Avoided Transmission Investment

(\$ in Millions)

(1)	Full Transmission Upgrade (\$M)	\$1,086.50	Source: Phillips Supplemental Testimony
(2)	Companies' Allocation	82.00%	Source: Phillips Supplemental Testimony
(3)	Companies' Allocated Amount (\$M)	\$890.93	Calculation: (1) x (2)
(4)			
(5)	Assume book life of investment	42 years	Source: ATSI Formula Rate Filing (Attachment H)
(6)	Assume tax life of investment	15 years	Assumed tax life of investment
(7)			
(8)	Assume debt ratio	40.32%	Source: ATSI Formula Rate Filing (Attachment H)
(9)	Assume equity ratio	59.68%	Source: ATSI Formula Rate Filing (Attachment H)
(10)	Assume debt cost	5.68%	Source: ATSI Formula Rate Filing (Attachment H)
(11)	Assume equity cost	12.38%	Source: ATSI Formula Rate Filing (Attachment H)
(12)	Overall ROR	9.68%	Calculation: ((8) x (10)) + ((9) x (11))
(13)			
(14)	State Income Tax Rate	1.40%	Source: ATSI Formula Rate Filing (Attachment H)
(15)	Federal Income Tax rate	35.00%	Source: ATSI Formula Rate Filing (Attachment H)
(16)	Composite Income Tax Rate	35.91%	Calculation: (15) + ((1 - (15)) x (14))
(17)	Property Tax	3.18%	Source: ATSI Formula Rate Filing (Attachment H)

(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)	(G)	(H)	(I)	(J)	(K)	(L)	(M)	(N)
Revenue Requirement Calculation													
Year	Net Book Balance	Book Depr. Expense	Tax Depreciation		DIT Expense	ADIT	Rate Base Balance	Interest Expense	Equity Return	CIT Expense	Property Tax	Revenue Req.	Present Value
			Rate	Expense									
1	\$890.93	\$21.21	8.750%	\$77.96	\$20.38	\$0.00	\$890.93	\$20.39	\$65.82	\$16.51	\$28.36	\$172.67	\$157.43
2	\$869.72	\$21.21	9.125%	\$81.30	\$21.58	\$20.38	\$849.34	\$19.44	\$62.75	\$13.58	\$28.36	\$166.92	\$138.76
3	\$848.50	\$21.21	8.213%	\$73.17	\$18.66	\$41.95	\$806.55	\$18.46	\$59.59	\$14.73	\$28.36	\$161.01	\$122.04
4	\$827.29	\$21.21	7.391%	\$65.85	\$16.03	\$60.61	\$766.68	\$17.55	\$56.64	\$15.71	\$28.36	\$155.50	\$107.47
5	\$806.08	\$21.21	6.652%	\$59.27	\$13.67	\$76.64	\$729.44	\$16.69	\$53.89	\$16.53	\$28.36	\$150.35	\$94.74
6	\$784.87	\$21.21	5.987%	\$53.34	\$11.54	\$90.31	\$694.56	\$15.90	\$51.31	\$17.22	\$28.36	\$145.53	\$83.61
7	\$763.65	\$21.21	5.905%	\$52.61	\$11.27	\$101.84	\$661.81	\$15.15	\$48.90	\$16.12	\$28.36	\$141.01	\$73.87
8	\$742.44	\$21.21	5.905%	\$52.61	\$11.27	\$113.12	\$629.32	\$14.40	\$46.50	\$14.78	\$28.36	\$136.52	\$65.21
9	\$721.23	\$21.21	5.905%	\$52.61	\$11.27	\$124.39	\$596.83	\$13.66	\$44.09	\$13.43	\$28.36	\$132.03	\$57.50
10	\$700.02	\$21.21	5.905%	\$52.61	\$11.27	\$135.67	\$564.35	\$12.92	\$41.69	\$12.09	\$28.36	\$127.54	\$50.64
11	\$678.80	\$21.21	5.905%	\$52.61	\$11.27	\$146.94	\$531.86	\$12.17	\$39.29	\$10.74	\$28.36	\$123.06	\$44.55
12	\$657.59	\$21.21	5.905%	\$52.61	\$11.27	\$158.22	\$499.37	\$11.43	\$36.89	\$9.40	\$28.36	\$118.57	\$39.14
13	\$636.38	\$21.21	5.905%	\$52.61	\$11.27	\$169.49	\$466.89	\$10.69	\$34.49	\$8.05	\$28.36	\$114.08	\$34.33
14	\$615.17	\$21.21	5.905%	\$52.61	\$11.27	\$180.77	\$434.40	\$9.94	\$32.09	\$6.71	\$28.36	\$109.59	\$30.07
15	\$593.95	\$21.21	5.905%	\$52.61	\$11.27	\$192.04	\$401.91	\$9.20	\$29.69	\$5.36	\$28.36	\$105.10	\$26.30
16	\$572.74	\$21.21	0.738%	\$6.58	-\$5.26	\$203.32	\$369.42	\$8.45	\$27.29	\$20.55	\$28.36	\$100.61	\$22.95
17	\$551.53	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$198.06	\$353.47	\$8.09	\$26.11	\$22.25	\$28.36	\$98.41	\$20.47
18	\$530.32	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$190.44	\$339.87	\$7.78	\$25.11	\$21.69	\$28.36	\$96.53	\$18.31
19	\$509.10	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$182.83	\$326.28	\$7.47	\$24.11	\$21.13	\$28.36	\$94.65	\$16.37
20	\$487.89	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$175.21	\$312.68	\$7.16	\$23.10	\$20.56	\$28.36	\$92.77	\$14.63
21	\$466.68	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$167.59	\$299.09	\$6.85	\$22.10	\$20.00	\$28.36	\$90.89	\$13.07
22	\$445.47	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$159.97	\$285.49	\$6.53	\$21.09	\$19.44	\$28.36	\$89.02	\$11.67
23	\$424.25	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$152.35	\$271.90	\$6.22	\$20.09	\$18.87	\$28.36	\$87.14	\$10.41
24	\$403.04	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$144.74	\$258.30	\$5.91	\$19.08	\$18.31	\$28.36	\$85.26	\$9.29
25	\$381.83	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$137.12	\$244.71	\$5.60	\$18.08	\$17.75	\$28.36	\$83.38	\$8.28
26	\$360.61	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$129.50	\$231.11	\$5.29	\$17.07	\$17.19	\$28.36	\$81.50	\$7.38
27	\$339.40	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$121.88	\$217.52	\$4.98	\$16.07	\$16.62	\$28.36	\$79.62	\$6.58
28	\$318.19	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$114.27	\$203.92	\$4.67	\$15.07	\$16.06	\$28.36	\$77.75	\$5.85
29	\$296.98	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$106.65	\$190.33	\$4.36	\$14.06	\$15.50	\$28.36	\$75.87	\$5.21
30	\$275.76	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$99.03	\$176.73	\$4.04	\$13.06	\$14.93	\$28.36	\$73.99	\$4.63
31	\$254.55	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$91.41	\$163.14	\$3.73	\$12.05	\$14.37	\$28.36	\$72.11	\$4.12
32	\$233.34	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$83.79	\$149.54	\$3.42	\$11.05	\$13.81	\$28.36	\$70.23	\$3.65
33	\$212.13	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$76.18	\$135.95	\$3.11	\$10.04	\$13.25	\$28.36	\$68.35	\$3.24
34	\$190.91	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$68.56	\$122.35	\$2.80	\$9.04	\$12.68	\$28.36	\$66.48	\$2.88
35	\$169.70	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$60.94	\$108.76	\$2.49	\$8.04	\$12.12	\$28.36	\$64.60	\$2.55
36	\$148.49	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$53.32	\$95.16	\$2.18	\$7.03	\$11.56	\$28.36	\$62.72	\$2.26
37	\$127.28	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$45.71	\$81.57	\$1.87	\$6.03	\$10.99	\$28.36	\$60.84	\$2.00
38	\$106.06	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$38.09	\$67.97	\$1.56	\$5.02	\$10.43	\$28.36	\$58.96	\$1.76
39	\$84.85	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$30.47	\$54.38	\$1.24	\$4.02	\$9.87	\$28.36	\$57.08	\$1.56
40	\$63.64	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$22.85	\$40.78	\$0.93	\$3.01	\$9.31	\$28.36	\$55.21	\$1.37
41	\$42.43	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$15.24	\$27.19	\$0.62	\$2.01	\$8.74	\$28.36	\$53.33	\$1.21
42	\$21.21	\$21.21	0.000%	\$0.00	-\$7.62	\$7.62	\$13.59	\$0.31	\$1.00	\$8.18	\$28.36	\$51.45	\$1.06
Total	\$0.00	\$890.93			\$0.00		\$0.00	\$335.64	\$1,083.50	\$607.13	\$1,191.02	\$4,108.22	\$1,328.40

Net Present Value \$1,328.40

- (B) Balance at beginning of year  
 (C) Calculation: Line 3 / Line 5  
 (D) Source: MACRS tax depreciation schedule  
 (E) Calculation: Column D x Line 3  
 (F) Calculation: (Column E - Column C) x Line 16  
 (G) Calculation: Prior Year Column F + Prior Year Column G  
 (H) Calculation: Column B - Column G  
 (I) Calculation: Column H x Line 8 x Line 10  
 (J) Calculation: Column H x Line 9 x Line 11  
 (K) Calculation: Column J x Line 16 / (1-Line 16) - Column F  
 (L) Calculation: Line 3 x Line 17  
 (M) Calculation: Column C + Column F + Column I + Column J + Column K + Column L  
 (N) Calculation: Net present value of Column M based on Line 12

**This foregoing document was electronically filed with the Public Utilities**

**Commission of Ohio Docketing Information System on**

**5/4/2015 5:29:54 PM**

**in**

**Case No(s). 14-1297-EL-SSO**

Summary: Testimony Second Supplemental Testimony of Eileen M. Mikkelsen electronically filed by Mr. Nathaniel Trevor Alexander on behalf of Ohio Edison Company and The Cleveland Illuminating Company and The Toledo Edison Company