# 4-8186

#### BEFORE

#### THE FUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

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In the Matter of the Application of The Ohio Bell Telephone Company for Approval of an Alternative Form of Regulation.

:

Case No. 93-487-TP-ALT



### Prepared Testimony

of

Lori A. Stemisha

Staff Exhibit 21

1	LQ	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
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3	A.,	My name is Lori A. Sternisha. My business address is 180 East Broad
4		Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215.
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6	2. Q.	BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED?
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8	<b>A</b> _	The Public Utilities Commission of Ohio (PUCO).
9		τ.
10	3- Q-	HOW LONG HAVE YOU BEEN EMPLOYED BY THE PUCO?
п		
12	A.	Five (5) years.
IJ		
14	4 Q.	WHAT IS YOUR PRESENT EMPLOYMENT POSITION WITH THE
15		FUCO?
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17	<b>A</b> _ (	I am an Utility Rate Analyst Coordinator.
17 18	<b>A</b> _ (	I am an Utility Rate Analyst Coordinator.
		I am an Utility Rate Analyst Coordinator. WHAT ARE YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES IN YOUR PRESENT POSITION?
18		
18 19	5. Q.	
18 19 20	5. Q.	WHAT ARE YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES IN YOUR PRESENT POSITION?
18 19 20 21	5. Q.	WHAT ARE YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES IN YOUR PRESENT POSITION? I am involved in the review of telecommunications tariff matters,
18 19 20 21 21	5. Q.	WHAT ARE YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES IN YOUR PRESENT POSITION? I am involved in the review of telecommunications tariff matters, including: reviewing present and proposed tariff schedules and preparing
18 19 20 21 21 22 23	5. Q.	WHAT ARE YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES IN YOUR PRESENT POSITION? I am involved in the review of telecommunications tariff matters, including: reviewing present and proposed tariff schedules and preparing orders for approval of applications to amend tariff schedules; reviewing

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#### 6. Q. WHAT IS YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND / EXPERIENCE:

A. I hold a Bachelor of Science degree in Communication from Ohio University's College of Communication, which I received in June of 1989, Cum Laude. My major was Communication Systems Management with an emphasis on Business Administration. During the summer of 1988, I was employed as a college intern at AT&I's Technical Training Center in Dublin, Ohio.

I joined the Commission in July of 1989 as a Utility Rate Analyst I in the Telecommunications Division. In January of 1990, I was reassigned to the position of Utility Rate Analyst II. In July of 1994, I was promoted to the position of Utility Rate Analyst Coordinator.

#### 15 7. Q. HAVE YOU EVER TESTIFIED IN A COMMISSION PROCEEDING?

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8. Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

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A. My testimony describes and discusses the Staff's position on cell classification and tariff filing procedures as set forth in the March 25, 1994 Staff Report in this case.

Specifically, I will be responding to the objections of the following parties:
American Association of Retired Persons: 27, 38, 39; Ohio Bell: F2, F3, F4,
F5, F6, F7, F8, F9, F10, F11, F12, F13, G4; City of Cleveland: 14, 15;

1 Department of Administrative Services: 2; Department of Defense: C2; City 2 of Edgemont: 26, 43, 44, 47, 49, 50; MCI: 4; Mid-East Telephone Answering Service: 1; Ohio Public Communications Association: 5; Office of 3 4 Consumer's Council: 43, 44, 47, 48; Time-Warner: IV.A2, IV.3, IV.A4; and 5 the Greater Cleveland Welfare Rights Organization: 16. 6. 7 9. Q. DOES STAFF AGREE WITH THE CELL CLASSIFICATION STRUCTURE 8 AS PROPOSED BY OHIO BELL? 9 A. Yes. A four cell structure as proposed by Ohio Bell is appropriate. Those 10 II Cells are known as Cells 1, 2, 3 and 4. 12 10. Q. DOES STAFF AGREE THAT OHIO BELL HAS APPROPRIATELY 13 14 CLASSIFIED ALL OF ITS SERVICES INTO THE CORRECT CELLS? 15 16 A. With the exception of the services and conditions listed in the Staff Report 17 and this Testimony, Staff agrees with the classification of all of Ohio Bell's 18 services. 19 20 11. Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN HOW OHIO BELL HAS DEFINED A CELL 1 SERVICE? 21 22 A. Cell 1 services are basic local exchange services that provide access and 23 local usage and associated service installation or maintenance services not 24 available from competitive sources. Services that are deemed essential by 25 the Commission for the provision of public safety or the protection of 26 privacy are also classified as Cell 1.

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#### 12. Q. IS THE COMMISSION DEFINITION OF CELL 1 DIFFERENT?

A. Yes. As set forth in the Commission's Alternative Regulation Order in Case No. 92-1149-TP-COI, the rules define Cell 1 as a basic local exchange service that provides <u>monopoly</u> access <u>including any bundled basic local</u> <u>exchange service that includes a monopoly access component</u>, or such service as is deemed essential for the provision of public safety or the protection of privacy, all service installation or maintenance services <u>not</u> <u>available from competitive sources</u> and all local usage (emphasis added).

#### 11 13. Q. HOW DOES OHIO BELL DEFINE A CELL 2 SERVICE?

A. Cell Z services are services for which adequate alternatives, not necessarily similar in nature and function, are available from at least one other provider in the relevant market, but which are not fully competitive.

#### 17 14. Q. IS THE COMMISSION DEFINITION OF CELL 2 DIFFERENT?

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A. Yes. The Commission rules define a Cell 2 service as a <u>basic local exchange</u>
 <u>service. or any other public telecommunication service</u> for which an
 adequate alternative, not necessarily similar in nature and function, is
 available from at least one other provider in the relevant market, but
 which is <u>deemed</u> not to be fully competitive <u>by the Commission after its</u>
 review of the information required to be filed by Section XII (C)(3) of the
 Rules (emphasis added).

1 15. O. HOW DOES OHIO BELL DEFINE A CELL 3 SERVICE? 2 3 A. Cell 3 services are discretionary services. These services are not basic local exchange services, but do not properly fit within the other cells. New 4 services introduced during the term of the Plan will be categorized in 5 Cell 3, unless the new service fits the criteria for one of the other cells. 6 7 16. O. IS THE COMMISSION DEFINITION OF CELL 3 DIFFERENT? 8 9 10 A. Yes. The Commission rules define a Cell 3 service as a basic local exchange service, or any other public telecommunication service-introduced during 11 12 the term of the alternative regulation plan and classified in Cell 3 13 pursuant to Section XV of these rules (emphasis added). 14 15 17. Q. HOW DOES OHIO BELL DEFINE A CELL 4 SERVICE? 16 17 A. Cell 4 services are services which are highly competitive and for which 18 functionally equivalent or substitute services are available. 19 Q. IS THE COMMISSION DEFINITION OF CELL 4 DIFFERENT? 20 18. 21 22 A. Yes. The Commission rules define a Cell 4 service as a service which 23 meets the criteria of Section 4927.03 (A)(1)(a) or (b), Revised Code, is 24 available from unaffiliated alternative providers in the relevant market. 25 and is based on the information required to be filed by Section XII(E)(1) of 26 the rules. Upon meeting the criteria set forth above, a non-basic service 27for which exemption or alternative regulatory treatment is sought under

- Section 4927.03 Revised Code, within the context of an alternative regulatory plan, will be deemed by the Commission fully competitive and will be classified in Cell 4 (emphasis added).
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- 19. Q. WHY DOES THE STAFF BELIEVE THAT OHIO BELL'S CELL CLASSIFICATION DEFINITIONS SHOULD BE THE SAME AS THE COMMISSION'S DEFINITIONS? (OBT No. F3)
- A. Staff believes that the omissions by Ohio Bell in its cell classification
  definitions are significant variations to the Commission's intent in its
  Alternative Regulation Order. The definitions provide a guideline to the
  company and the Commission for cell classification and Staff does not
  believe that the company has adequately demonstrated the need to change
  its cell definitions from those in the Order.
  - In addition, the Commission's Entry on Rehearing in Case No. 92-1149-TP-COI (Pages 6 and 7), is clear when it discusses it interpretation of the basic/non-basic service dichotomy based on Chapters 4927.03 and 4927.04 of the Revised Code. Specifically, the Commission states:
    - Thus, we fail to see any justification for calling non-competitive and discretionary services "non-basic" when they neither meet the strict competitive test, nor are basic local exchange services, based on the strict interpretation of the definition by OTA and United. They are still services that are eligible only for alternative rate making under Section 4927.04(A), Revised Code. Therefore, it is not unreasonable to categorize them in appropriate cells under the

umbrella of "basic", as provided in the rules, while leaving "nonbasic" for competitive services that can be treated under Section 4927.03 Revised Code.

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Therefore, at a minimum Staff believes that the Applicant's definitions of Cell 2, 3 and 4 services should be revised to clarify the basic and non-basic distinction as outlined in the Commission's Entry on Rehearing.

9 20. Q. YOU EXPLAINED EARLIER THAT STAFF AGREES WITH THE
10 CLASSIFICATION OF ALL OF OHIO BELL'S SERVICES WITH
11 EXCEPTIONS AS LISTED IN THE STAFF REPORT AND THIS
12 TESTIMONY. WHAT ARE THOSE EXCEPTIONS?

14 A. Staff believes that Flat Rate Usage, Directory Assistance (local and toll), 15 Selective Call Screening and Public and Semi Public - Local Messages, 16 were inappropriately classified and should be classified in Cell 1. In 17 addition, Staff believes that Digital Private Line and Digital Specialized 18 Network Services in two wire centers and Digital Local Distribution 19 Channels in competitive areas, were inappropriately classified and should 20 be classified in Cell 2. In addition, as explained later in this Testimony, 21 Staff is recommending the reclassification of 900/976 Blocking and ISDN 22 Prime access from Cell 3 to Cell 1.

24 21. Q. OHIO BELL OBJECTS TO THE MOVEMENT OF FLAT RATE USAGE
25 INTO CELL 1 BECAUSE IT BELIEVES THE PROPOSED TREATMENT
26 STRIKES A BALANCE BETWEEN THE COSTS AND USAGE OF THE

SERVICE VERSUS THE CUSTOMER'S EXPECTATIONS FOR THE SERVICE. WHY DOESN'T THE STAFF AGREE? (OBT No. F2)

A. Staff believes that flat rate usage fits within the definition of a Cell 1 service as a monopoly service which provides access to the public switched network.

8 22. Q. OHIO BELL OBJECTS TO THE RECLASSIFICATION OF DIRECTORY
9 ASSISTANCE FROM CELL 3 TO CELL 1. WHY DOES STAFF SUPPORT
10 THIS MOVEMENT? (OBT No. F5)

- A. Staff does not believe that Directory Assistance is a discretionary service. If
  a customer does not have access to a directory, or other means of obtaining.
  a number, then Directory Assistance is essential to the completion of his
  or her phone call. Staff does not believe that any of the other methods of
  obtaining a telephone number as mentioned by Ohio Bell are viable
  alternatives to a customer obtaining a number through Ohio Bell's
  Directory Assistance.
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- 23. Q. OHIO BELL BELIEVES SELECTIVE CALL SCREENING IS A
  21 DISCRETIONARY SERVICE AND IS APPROPRIATELY CLASSIFIED IN
  22 CELL 3. PLEASE EXPLAIN WHY STAFF RECOMMENDED
  23 RECLASSIFICATION OF SELECTIVE CALL SCREENING FROM CELL 3
  24 TO CELL 1. (OBT No. F6)
  - A. On August 9, 1991 the FCC released its Report and Order in CC Docket No.
     91-35, amending Part 64 of its rules to require the unblocking of equal

access codes (10XXX) at all call aggregator locations. On July 10, 1992, the FCC released an Order on Reconsideration in CC Docket No. 91-35. In its Order on Reconsideration, the FCC determined that all local exchange companies (LECs) would offer to call aggregators within six months of the release of its Order on Reconsideration, originating line and billed number screening (selective call screening services) where technologically feasible.

Staff believes that because the FCC has required call aggregators to unblock 10XXX, once the LEC provides selective call screening and it is technically feasible for the aggregators, selective call screening is not a discretionary service to those call aggregators. With 10XXX unblocking, an aggregator requires selective call screening service so that toll calls placed from an aggregator location are placed either collect, calling card, or third person basis and not billed to the aggregator's location or a fraudulent telephone number. Without selective call screening, an aggregator or a customer to whose number calls were fraudulently billed, could be subjected to the payment of large sums for toll fraud. Therefore, Staff believes that this service is essential to public protection and privacy.

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22. 24. Q. OHIO BELL AND OPCA CLAIM THAT THE STAFF ERRED BY
 23. RECOMMENDING THAT PUBLIC AND SEMI-PUBLIC LOCAL
 24. MESSAGES BE CLASSIFIED IN CELL 2 RATHER THAN CELL 1. PLEASE
 25. EXPLAIN THE STAFFS POSITION. (OBT No. F7, G4, OPCA No. 4)

A. Consistent with Staff Witness Shields's proposal to freeze certain Cell 1 services for three years, Staff believes that the public and semi-public local message rate (\$.25) should also be included in Cell 1, as recommended in the Staff Report, and subject to the three year freeze. However, after the three year freeze, and after Ohio Bell establishes a pay station line charge, Staff would recommend the inclusion of the public and semi-public local rate in Cell 2. Staff Witness Shields explains the Staff's pay station proposals in greater detail.

O. OHIO BELL, THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE, OFFICE OF 10 25. 11 CONSUMER'S COUNSEL DEPARTMENT AND THE OF 12 ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES OBJECT TO THE STAFFS PROPOSAL TO RECLASSIFY SEVERAL PRIVATE LINE SERVICES IN TWO 13 14 CLEVELAND AND COLUMBUS WIRE CENTERS TO CELL 2 BECAUSE 15 THEY BELIEVE EFFECTIVE COMPETITION EXISTS TO WARRANT CELL 4 TREATMENT. WHY DOESN'T STAFF AGREE? (OBT No. F8; Defense 16 17 -Page 7; OCC No. 47; DAS No. 2)

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A. Staff does not believe that the Applicant has adequately demonstrated effective competition for the services in these wire centers. Staff agrees that the services are relatively competitive but is of the opinion that the degree of competition has not been demonstrated in order to warrant Cell 4 treatment for those wire centers.

25 26. Q. THE APPLICANT OBJECTS TO THE TARIFF FILING RULES FOR NEW
26 SERVICES AS PROPOSED BY THE STAFF IN ITS REPORT. CAN YOU
27 BRIEFLY EXPLAIN THE STAFF PROPOSAL? (OBT No. F10)

A. Yes. The Staff proposal is exactly the same as the tariff filing rules found in the Alternative Regulation Rules as prescribed by the Commission. Most new services will be classified in Cell 3 unless the service meets the criteria for another Cell. As required by the Commission Rules and the Staff Report, a new service application for any of the four cells shall be filed at the Commission, and unless suspended by the Commission, will become automatically effective on the 31st day.

# 27. Q. WHY DOES STAFF BELIEVE THAT THE 30 DAY REVIEW PERIOD IS NECESSARY?

12 A. Staff believes that a thirty day review period is necessary to review the 13 tariffs, costs, and cell classification information. Staff does not believe this 14 review can be effectively accomplished in less than 30 days. Staff would 15 point out, however, that the 30 day review period is half as long as the 16 current regulatory requirements for Ohio Bell which allows automatic 17 time frames only for competitive services and no automatic time frames 18 for non-competitive services. Once again, the 30 day time frame is 19 required by the Alternative Regulation Rules and the Applicant has not 20 adequately demonstrated why it would need to vary from these rules.

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22 28. Q. THE APPLICANT OBJECTS TO TARIFF FILING RULES FOR CELL 4
 23 SERVICES DUE TO THE COMPETITIVE NATURE OF THESE SERVICES
 24 AND BECAUSE THESE SERVICES WILL BE DETARIFFED. DOES STAFF
 25 AGREE? (OBT No. F11, F12)

A. No. Staff believes that at least 30 days notice, as required by the Commission rules, should be provided to Staff to ensure that a service has been properly classified or reclassified into Cell 4.

Further, it should be noted that even under 89-563-TP-COI, if a 5 6 competitive carrier desires detariffing of a service for competitive reasons, essentially Cell 4 treatment, it must apply for a waiver<sup>1</sup>. If it is the first 7 entity to request such a waiver for a certain service, then the approval 8 9 process of the waiver is not subject to automatic time frames. Any other 10 competitive carriers who provide that same service may obtain an **11** identical waiver upon the filing of a "me too" waiver. Any such "me too" 12 waiver requests are subject to a 30-day automatic approval, unless the 13 Commission acts otherwise. Therefore, in order for a competitive carrier 14 to have a particular service detariffed, it is also subject to a timeframe of at 15 least 30 days.

17 29. Q. THE APPLICANT OBJECTS TO THE STAFF PROPOSALS REGARDING 18 RECLASSIFICATION AND WITHDRAWAL OF SERVICES AMONG 19 CELLS 1, 2, AND 3 BECAUSE THEY ARE UNREASONABLE, 20 BURDENSOME, AND NOT FLEXIBLE. DOES STAFF AGREE? (OBT No. 21 F13)

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A. No. As stated previously, Staff's proposals are consistent with the Alternative Regulation Rules and provide the Commission, and any interested parties, an opportunity to review these filings prior to an automatic effective date. Since these are applications which will go into

<sup>1</sup> Case No. 89-563-TP-COI, Entry on Rehearing, December 22, 1993: Appendix A, Pages 1 - 3.

effect automatically, unless the Commission acts otherwise, Staff does not understand how these rules can be burdensome to the Applicant.

30. Q. THE CITY OF EDGEMONT CLAIMS THAT THE STAFF ERRED IN FAILING TO RECOMMEND THAT NO CURRENT CELL 1 SERVICE BE ALLOWED TO BE RECLASSIFIED AS A CELL 3 SERVICE GIVEN THE CELL DEFINITIONS RECOMMENDED TO BE ADOPTED FOR OBT. SHOULD EDGEMONTS POSITION BE ADOPTED? (Edgemont No. 47).

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A. No. As stated previously the cell definitions recommended by Staff to be adopted are those found in the Commission's Alternative Regulation Rules. Although Staff does not understand why Edgemont would broadly object to reclassifying Cell 1 Services to Cell 3, such a proposal by the Applicant is not prohibited by the Rules or the Staff Report. Of course, such a reclassification would be subject to a 30 day automatic time frame and Edgemont, or any other interested party, is permitted to file an application for intervention as outlined by the Rules.

31. Q. THE OFFICE OF CONSUMER'S COUNSEL, CITY OF CLEVELAND, CITY
 OF EDGEMONT, AND GREATER CLEVELAND WELFARE RIGHTS
 ORGANIZATION OBJECT THAT STAFF DID NOT CLASSIFY CALL
 BLOCKING (900 & 976) AS A CELL 1 SERVICE? CAN YOU PLEASE
 EXPLAIN STAFF'S PROPOSALS FOR THIS SERVICE? (OCC No. 43;
 Cleveland No. 17; Edgemont No. 43; GCWRO No. 16).

A. Based on the record thus far, the Staff would like to amend its previous position on this matter to reflect that the charges associated with 900/976 Blocking (including the service and establishment charges) should be reclassified from Cell 3 to Cell 1. Staff believes these charges should be subject to the most restrictive Cell 1 pricing parameters. Staff would like to reiterate that the service will continue to be subject to the guidelines set forth in the Commission's Case No. 86-1044-TP-COI and FCC CC Docket No. 93-22.

32. Q. OHIO BELL OBJECTS TO THE RESTRICTIONS ON PRICING FLEXIBILITY
 SUGGESTED BY THE STAFF FOR CALL BLOCKING (900 & 976). WHY
 DOES STAFF THINK THAT IT IS IMPORTANT TO INCLUDE SUCH
 PRICING RESTRICTIONS? (OBE No. E4)

A. Ohio Bell did not explain why it thought that it is unreasonable to
 continue the pricing constraints as set forth in both the Commission and
 FCC decisions in this matter except that it deprives the Applicant of
 needed pricing flexibility. Staff does not agree that additional pricing
 flexibility is acceptable justification for departure from the aforementioned
 decisions.

33. Q. SEVERAL PARTIES CLAIM THAT THE STAFF ERRED IN FAILING TO
RECOMMEND THAT THE ADVANCED CUSTOM CALLING FEATURE,
CALL SCREENING, BE CLASSIFIED AS CELL 1 BECAUSE IT ENHANCES
PRIVACY FOR CUSTOMERS. WHY DOESN'T STAFF AGREE?
(Cleveland No. 17; OCC No. 44; Edgemont No. 44)

A. Staff believes that this service is discretionary to customers and is not aware of any Commission Orders which have deemed the current call screening service essential to the protection of the customer's privacy. Staff Witness Francis discusses the Commission's treatment of the privacy issues surrounding the Advanced Custom Calling Features. Finally, while the OCC may believe that this service enhances the privacy of customers opting to subscribe to this service, Staff does not believe that the Commission has deemed it essential to the privacy of the Applicant's customers.

34. Q. OCC OBJECTS TO THE STAFF FAILING TO RECOMMEND THAT
 DISTINCTIVE RINGING, REPEAT DIALING, CALL FORWARDING,
 AND CALL WAITING BE SUBJECT TO CONSTRAINTS ON MAXIMUM
 PRICING, BECAUSE IT INCREASES THE NUMBER OF COMPLETED
 CALLS, THEREFORE ENHANCING THE VALUE OF THE NETWORK.
 WHY DOESN'T STAFF AGREE WITH THIS OBJECTION? (OCC No. 45)

A. Staff is not sure what additional constraints on maximum pricing OCC believes is necessary for these services. However, Staff has proposed additional pricing constraints on Cell 3 services beyond what is required by the Alternative Regulation Rules. Staff believes these rules should be consistent for all Cell 3 services as described in the testimony of Staff Witness Shields.

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25 35. Q. THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF RETIRED PERSONS (AARP)
 26 BELIEVES THAT THE STAFF ERRED BY NOT RECOMMENDING A
 27 PROCEDURE FOR WHICH INTERESTED PARTIES CAN BECOME

AWARE OF A NEW SERVICE FILING IN CELL 4. IS THIS CORRECT? (ARRP NO. 27).

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A. No. Staff on Page 60 of the Staff Report in this case recommended that, consistent with the Alternative Regulation Rules, the Applicant provide notice of a new Cell 4 filing to each party to the proceeding in which its Alternative Regulation Plan was approved, and anyone not otherwise represented who requests such notice on the same day that it is filed with the Commission.

11 36. Q. THE AARP BELIEVES THAT THE STAFF SHOULD HAVE
12 RECOMMENDED A PROCEDURE BY WHICH INTERESTED PARTIES
13 COULD BE MADE AWARE OF THE REVIEW PERIOD FOR NEW
14 SERVICES IN CELLS 1, 2, OR 3 WHICH AFFECT PUBLIC SAFETY OR
15 PRIVACY INTERESTS. IN ADDITION, AARP OBJECTS TO ALLOWING
16 NEW SERVICE TARIFFS TO BECOME AUTOMATICALLY EFFECTIVE
17 WITHOUT AN ORDER. DOES STAFF AGREE? (AARP No. 28)

19 A. No. The Commission was very clear in its Order approving its 20 Alternative Regulation Rules (see pages 27 - 28 of the January 7, 1993) 21 Finding and Order) concerning tariff review and its intentions for 22 notification and automatic approval of new service tariffs. The 23 Commission is clear that an interested person may file an objection to a 24 tariff application or a contractual arrangement up to 14 days after the filing 25 of an application. An interested person, just as he or she would do today, 26 would monitor the daily docketing activities at the Commission to 27 determine whether an application had been filed. Further, on Page 31 (see

4. Privacy) of the Order, the Commission explicitly states that it would expect that a Large Local Exchange Company subject to Alternative Regulation, would request, on their own initiative, that the 30 day time frame be suspended if they know or suspect that a particular service would cause a privacy concern. Of course, Staff has every opportunity to suspend a tariff if it discovers privacy issues in an automatic application.

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Further, the Commission on Page 27 of its Alternative Regulation Order discusses the automatic approval process for tariffs and it states that 30 days is a reasonable time period to review tariff filings, however, the Commission indicates that it would not be making a determination that there is nothing wrong with the proposed tariffs; rather, the Commission would be making a determination that the tariff does not appear to be unjust or unreasonable based on the information submitted in the application. Staff sees no reason to depart from the Commission's decisions in these matters.

18 37. Q. AARP BELIEVES THAT THE STAFF ERRED BY FAILING TO
 19 RECOMMEND ALL ISDN SERVICES BE INCLUDED IN CELL 1. DOES
 20 STAFF AGREE? (AARP NO. 39)

A. Staff agrees that the access piece of ISDN should be classified in Cell 1 as Ohio Bell has proposed for ISDN Direct and ISDN Centrex. However, it appears, based upon the testimony of Applicant's Witness Mr. Dan McKenzie's testimony, that the access pieces of ISDN Prime have been classified by the Applicant in Cell 3. Staff would recommend that because access to ISDN Prime, like ISDN Direct, can only be obtained from the

Applicant, that the access pieces of ISDN Prime (Network Access, CO Termination and Distance Extension) should also be classified as a Cell 1 service.

The features associated with ISDN Prime and ISDN Direct have been classified by the Applicant into Cell 3. The features for ISDN Centrex have been classified as Cell 4. Staff agrees with the applicant that the respective ISDN features have been appropriately classified in Cell 3 and Cell 4.

10 38. Q. THE CITIES OF CLEVELAND AND EDGEMONT BELIEVE THAT THE
11 STAFF SHOULD HAVE RECOMMENDED TIMETABLES FOR THE
12 APPLICANT TO WITHDRAW OR RECLASSIFY A SERVICE.
13 SPECIFICALLY, THE CITY BELIEVES THAT SUCH AN APPLICATION
14 SHOULD BE FILED 60 DAYS PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE, WITH
15 OBJECTIONS TO BE FILED 30 DAYS PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE.
16 DOES STAFF AGREE? (Cleveland No. 14; Edgemont No. 49)

- A. No. As stated above, Staff believes that the Commission Rules regarding
   tariff filings are the appropriate guidelines regarding new services,
   reclassification, price changes and withdrawals. The Staff sees no reason to
   deviate from these rules as suggested by the City of Cleveland.
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23 39. Q. AARP, THE CITIES OF CLEVELAND AND EDGEMONT OBJECT TO
24 STAFF PLACEMENT OF INSIDE WIRE MAINTENANCE PLANS IN
25 CELL 4. CLEVELAND BELIEVES IT SHOULD BE PLACED IN ONE OF
26 THE REGULATED CELLS. WHY DOESN'T STAFF AGREE? (AARP No.
27 42; Cleveland No. 15; Edgemont No. 50)

A. The Commission has thoroughly examined the issues associated with Inside Wire Maintenance Plans in Case No. 86-927-TP-COI. The Staff sees no reason to depart from the Commission's decision to deregulate these plans and, therefore, agrees that the Company does not need to place this service into a Cell. To clarify, the applicant has not proposed Cell 4 or any other Cell placement for Inside Wire Maintenance Plans because this service has been deregulated. Staff agrees with such a placement.

Further, the Staff notes that placement of a service into Cell 4 does not indicate that a service has been deregulated, it is only permitted to be detariffed. The Commission will continue its oversight, as indicated in the Staff Report, of Cell 4 services even though these services will be detariffed. Further, as is the case with Inside Wire Maintenance Plans, any generic decisions and guidelines previously applicable to a service will continue to apply regardless of cell classification.

- 40. Q. MCI AND TIME WARNER OBJECT TO THE PLACEMENT OF DIGITAL
  PRIVATE LINES IN CELL 2 BY STAFF. THEY BELIEVE THAT
  SUFFICIENT COMPETITION DOES NOT EXIST TO WARRANT CELL 2
  TREATMENT AND THE LINES SHOULD BE PLACED IN CELL 1. DOES
  STAFF AGREE? (MCI NO. 4; TWAX NO. 4)
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A. As stated previously, one of the criteria Staff utilized in determining
 whether a service had been appropriately classified by the Applicant was
 previous Commission decisions. The Commission found that sufficient
 competition existed for Digital Private Line Service to grant it flexible
 pricing under the 944/1144 guidelines. Staff believes that this treatment is

consistent with the Commission's Cell 2 guidelines, and, therefore is appropriately classified as a Cell 2 service: It is Staff's opinion, however, that the Applicant has not demonstrated sufficient competitive threat to warrant Cell 4 treatment.

- 41. Q. THE MID-EAST TELEPHONE ASSOCIATION (METAS) OBJECTS TO THE
  CLASSIFICATION OF SEVERAL CELL 3 SERVICES WHICH IT BELIEVES
  ARE ESSENTIAL TO THE PROVISION OF ITS SERVICES. IN
  ADDITION, IT ALSO OBJECTS TO THE CLASSIFICATION OF AUTOTAS
  CONCENTRATORS AS A CELL 2 SERVICE. WHY DOES STAFF BELIEVE
  THESE SERVICES ARE APPROPRIATELY CLASSIFIED? (METAS 1, 2)
- 13 A. First, Staff believes that the Custom Calling and Central Office Optional Line Features listed by METAS as essential to the provision of its services 14 15 are discretionary to the general population of Ohio Bell customers, and, 16 therefore, are appropriately classified by Ohio Bell as Cell 3 services and do 17 not meet the definition of a Cell 1 service. Furthermore, Staff believes 18 that it's proposed pricing parameters as explained by Staff Witness Shields, 19 for Cell 3 services provide additional pricing protections beyond what is 20 even required by the Alternative Regulation Rules. Therefore, Staff does not see any additional benefits to classifying these services as Cell 1. 21
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> 23 Staff believes AUTOTAS Concentrators should remain in Cell 2 as an 24 emerging competitive service because the Commission when it approved 25 AUTOTAS Concentrators granted it flexible treatment as a competitive 26 service. As stated above, the pricing parameters proposed by Staff provide 27 additional pricing protections to customers of these services.

42. Q. DOES THE STAFF AGREE WITH METAS THAT CELL 3 SERVICES AND OTHER SERVICES USED IN TELEPHONE SERVICE APPLICATIONS BE PERMITTED TO BE THE SUBJECT OF SPECIAL CONTRACTS BECAUSE OF UNIQUE CIRCUMSTANCES REFERENCED IN SECTION XIII (E) OF THE ALTERNATIVE REGULATION RULES? (METAS 3)

A. Staff, as described in the testimony of Staff Witness Nadia Soliman, does believe that contracts should be permitted for Cell 3 services. Further, as stated by Witness Soliman, Section XIII (E) of the Alternative Regulation Rules would apply for any Cell 1, 2, 3 or 4 service. However, Staff cannot agree, at this time, without a specific application pending, that the services which are used in conjunction with telephone service applications should be permitted to be subject to the special contracts allowed by the Rules. Staff believes that the determination will be made, on a case by case basis, if and when such a contract is filed.

17 43. Q. TIME WARNER OBJECTS TO THE STAFF REPORT'S FAILURE TO
18 RECOMMEND THAT SERVICES WHICH CONTAIN LOCAL NETWORK
19 ACCESS COMPONENTS BUNDLED WITH OTHER CAPABILITIES
20 MUST BE CLASSIFIED AS NON-COMPETITIVE AND CELL 1 SERVICES.
21 ACCORDING TO TIME WARNER, THIS WOULD INCLUDE SERVICES
22 SUCH AS: INTRALATA MTS, WATS AND 800 SERVICES. WHY
23 DOESN'T STAFF AGREE? (TWAX IV A.3)

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A. The services mentioned by Time Warner have already been determined by the Commission, at the time the services were approved, to be competitive services, when they were approved under the 944/1144

guidelines. Staff does not believe that any of the competitive services fit the Commission's definition of a Cell 1 service as a basic local exchange service. Therefore, Staff believes that the Applicant's Cell 2 and Cell 4 services have been appropriately classified, with the exceptions noted in the Staff Report:

7 44. Q. TIME WARNER BELIEVES THAT ALL BOTTLENECK FUNCTIONS
8 AND FEATURES THAT OBT OFFERS AND UPON WHICH
9 COMPETITORS AND ENHANCED SERVICE PROVIDERS RELY IN
10 ORDER TO PROVIDE A SERVICE SHOULD BE CLASSIFIED AS CELL 1
11 SERVICES. DOES STAFF AGREE WITH THIS PROPOSAL? (TWAX No.
12 IV A.2)

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14 A. No. First, this objection is overly broad. Staff cannot respond to this 15 objection unless the specific services are listed. However, as stated in 16 Question 41, Staff does not believe that there is a benefit to reclassifying a 17 service to Cell 1, when such a service is either competitive or discretionary 18 to the general population of customers. Staff believes that the price cap 19 and additional pricing constraints proposed by Staff offer additional 20 protections to competitors beyond the protections that exist today. In 21 addition; the Staff believes its contract proposals offer competitors the 40r 22 opportunity to negotiate a price that may be better to them than those 23 available in the tariff. Finally, a competitor may utilize the complaint 24 statues if it believes Ohio Bell may be acting in an uncompetitive manner.

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## 45. Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

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A. Yes, it does.

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that a true copy of the foregoing Prepared Testimony of Lori A. Sternisha, submitted on behalf of the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, was served by regular U.S. mail, postage prepaid, or hand delivered to the parties of record on this 5th day of August, 1994.

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