BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

In the Matter of the Adoption of Chapter)	
4901:1-3, Ohio Administrative Code,)	
Concerning Access to Poles, Ducts,)	Case No. 13-579-AU-ORD
Conduits and Rights-of-Way by)	
Public Utilities.)	

REPLY COMMENTS OF THE OHIO TELECOM ASSOCIATION

Scott E. Elisar (Counsel of Record) McNees Wallace & Nurick LLC 21 E. State Street, 17th Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215 (614) 719-2850 (Direct Dial) (614) 395-3925 (Mobile) (614) 469-4653 (Fax) selisar@mwncmh.com

AUGUST 29, 2013

ATTORNEY FOR THE OHIO TELECOM ASSOCIATION

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I. BACKGROUND

Pursuant to the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio's ("Commission") Entry dated July 22, 2013, the Ohio Telecom Association ("OTA") respectfully submits these Reply Comments regarding the Commission's consideration of the newly proposed rules contained in Chapter 4901:1-3 of the Ohio Administrative Code ("O.A.C."), in Case No. 13-579-AU-ORD, which address access to poles, ducts, conduits, and rights-of-way provided by public utilities.

II. INTRODUCTION

The OTA again wishes to express its appreciation to the Commission and Staff for taking the opportunity to review the Commission's current rules regarding access to poles, ducts, conduits, and rights-of-way provided by public utilities. The OTA is generally supportive of Staff's proposed rules, which largely mirror the Federal Communications Commission's ("FCC") rules.

As the OTA stated in its initial Comments, there are many advantages to Ohio mirroring federal regulations. The benefits of aligning Ohio's rules with the FCC's include consistency in enforcement, reduction in confusion, and assuring appropriate

compliance with state and federal regulations. Moreover, as the OTA explained in its Comments, the Commission's proposed rules should also mirror the FCC's as they relate to the establishment of timeframes for access to a public utility's conduits.¹ The FCC has specifically declined to issue rules for conduit occupancy timeframes:

The record does not demonstrate that attachers are, on a large scale, unable to timely or reasonably access ducts, conduits, and rights-of-way controlled by utilities.²

The FCC has appropriately decided that access to conduits presents different and unique issues than access to poles, and therefore, proposing timeframes is simply not practicable or warranted. The Commission should follow the FCC's policy direction on this issue.

Perhaps most importantly, streamlining Ohio's rules to ensure consistency and compliance with FCC guidance is consistent with Governor Kasich's "Common Sense Initiative" established by Executive Order 2011-01K. Also, as discussed in its Comments, the OTA respectfully requests that the Commission make minor changes to Staff's proposed rules to more fully align its rules with the FCC's rules and relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Additionally, the Electric Utilities³ have raised an issue concerning the Commission's authority to issue rules regarding access to poles, ducts, conduits, and

¹ In the Matter of the Adoption of Chapter 4901:1-3, Ohio Administrative Code, Concerning Access to Poles, Ducts, Conduits, and Rights-of-Way by Public Utilities, Case No. 13-579-AU-ORD, (hereinafter "Commission Proposed Rules"), Comments of OTA at 8-9 (July 12, 2013).

² In the Matter of Implementation of Section 224 of the Act and A National Broadband Plan for Our Future, FCC 11-50, ¶45, WC Docket No. 07-245 and GN Docket No. 09-51, Report and Order and Order on Reconsideration at 24-25 (April 7, 2011).

³ As used herein, "Electric Utilities" refers jointly to Ohio Power Company, Ohio Edison Company, The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, The Toledo Edison Company, The Dayton Power and Light Company, and Duke Energy Ohio, Inc.

rights-of-way provided by public utilities. As discussed below, the Commission has the authority under federal and state law to require such access on the same terms and conditions as allowed by the FCC. The Electric Utilities do not dispute this; however, they claim that the Commission must adopt requirements that mirror the FCC's requirements through a case-by-case, utility-by-utility process. The Electric Utilities' interpretation of the Commission's authority is inappropriately narrow and runs counter to the Ohio statutory authority and regulatory precedent on the subject.

III. THE COMMISSION'S JURISDICTION

As the Commission has already found, it has authority under Section 4905.71, Revised Code, to issue rules regarding access to poles, ducts, conduits, and rights-of-way provided by public utilities on the same rates, terms, and conditions as the FCC. In regulatory proceedings dating back to 1996, the Commission has affirmed its jurisdictional oversight concerning this matter.⁴ Within the past year, without any dissenting comments, the Commission again reaffirmed its authority over all public utilities in the regulation of poles, ducts, conduits and rights-of-way.⁵

Furthermore, the Commission's exercise of jurisdiction over all utilities in Ohio is necessary to create uniformity regarding the regulation of poles, ducts, conduits and rights-of-way both within Ohio, and between Ohio and the FCC. As discussed above, uniform rules provide numerous benefits, including consistency in enforcement, reduction in confusion, and assuring appropriate compliance with state and federal

⁴ See, e.g., In The Matter of the Commission Investigation Relative to the Establishment of Local Exchange Competition and Other Issues, Case No. 95-845-TP-COI, Entry on Rehearing at 51 (November 7, 1996).

⁵ In the Matter of the Commission's Review of Chapter 4901:1-7, of the Ohio Administrative Code, Local Exchange Carrier-to-Carrier Rules, Case No. 12-922-TP-ORD, Finding and Order at 11 (October 31, 2012).

regulations. Moreover, a lack of uniformity could lead to disparate and discriminatory enforcement of Ohio law. Accordingly, the Commission should exercise its jurisdiction over all utilities in Ohio to create uniform rules and regulations that mirror the FCC's rules and regulations to the greatest extent possible.

Finally, the Electric Utilities' claim that the Commission cannot issue rules regarding access to poles, ducts, conduits, and rights-of-way provided by public utilities, conflicts with 47 U.S.C. § 224. This federal statute provides that the FCC has jurisdiction to regulate pole attachments, but also confirms that the FCC's regulation does not preempt state action if certain conditions are met. Specifically, 47 U.S.C. § 224(c) ("State regulatory authority over rates, terms, and conditions; preemption; certification; circumstances constituting State regulation") provides the following:

- (1) Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to, or to give the [FCC] jurisdiction with respect to rates, terms, and conditions, or access to poles, ducts, conduits, and rights-of-way as provided in subsection (f) of this section, for pole attachments in any case where such matters are regulated by a State.
- (2) Each State which regulates the rates, terms, and conditions for pole attachments shall certify to the [FCC] that—
 - (A) it regulates such rates, terms, and conditions; and
 - (B) in so regulating such rates, terms, and conditions, the State has the authority to consider and does consider the interests of the subscribers of the services offered via such attachments, as well as the interests of the consumers of the utility services.
- (3) For purposes of this subsection, a State shall not be considered to regulate the rates, terms, and conditions for pole attachments—
 - (A) unless the State has issued and made effective rules and regulations implementing the State's regulatory authority over pole attachments (emphasis added).

Thus, the Commission has jurisdiction to regulate access to poles, ducts, conduits, and rights-of-way provided by public utilities to the extent it has the state regulatory authority

to issue rules regarding pole attachments, which it has under Section 4905.71, Revised Code, and it certifies this to the FCC.

The Electric Utilities' concede that the Commission has the statutory authority to regulate access to poles, ducts, conduits, and rights-of-way provided by public utilities. Therefore, by deduction, the Electric Utilities must also concede that the Commission has authority to promulgate rules regarding access to poles, ducts, conduits, and rights-of-way provided by public utilities.

As has previously been stated in Comments offered in this proceeding, "a pole is a pole." This simple statement captures the basic policy principle that whether a pole is owned by an electric utility or another utility, the Commission has clearly established its jurisdictional oversight over these implements of Ohio's public utilities. It is not necessary to review these issues on a case-by-case, utility-by-utility basis as advanced by the Electric Utilities. The Commission has established its authority to provide the appropriate regulatory oversight in this matter. To proceed in any other manner would be unduly cumbersome, complicated, and a waste of limited Commission resources that would serve no valuable public purpose.

⁶ Commission Proposed Rules, Joint Comments of Electric Utilities at 11 (July 12, 2013).

⁷ Commission Proposed Rules, Comments of the Ohio Cable Telecommunications Association at 8 (July 12, 2013).

IV. CONCLUSION

For the reasons explained above, OTA respectfully requests that the Commission adopt its position with respect to the proposed rules in these Reply Comments.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Scott E. Elisar

Scott E. Elisar (Counsel of Record) McNees Wallace & Nurick LLC 21 E. State Street, 17th Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215 selisar@mwncmh.com

ATTORNEY FOR THE OHIO TELECOM ASSOCIATION

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing *Reply Comments of the Ohio Telecom Association* was served upon the following parties of record this 29th day of August, 2013, *via* electronic transmission.

/s/ Scott E. Elisar Scott E. Elisar

Jon F. Kelly AT&T Services, Inc. 150 East Gay St., Rm. 4-A Columbus, OH 43215 jk2961@att.com

ON BEHALF OF AT&T SERVICES, INC.

Gregory J. Dunn
Christopher L. Miller
Chris W. Michael
Ice Miller LLP
250 West Street
Columbus, OH 43215
Gregory.dunn@icemiller.com
Christopher.miller@icemiller.com
Chris.michael@icemiller.com

ON BEHALF OF DATA RECOVERY SERVICES LLC; THE CITY OF DUBLIN; ONECOMMUNITY

Amy B. Spiller
Elizabeth H. Watts
Duke Energy Ohio, Inc.
139 East Fourth Street
Cincinnati, OH 45201
Amy.spiller@duke-energy.com
Elizabeth.watts@duke-energy.com

ON BEHALF OF DUKE ENERGY OHIO, INC.

Randall V. Griffin
The Dayton Power and Light Company
2065 Woodman Dr.
Dayton, OH 45432
Randall.griffin@aes.com

ON BEHALF OF THE DAYTON POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY

James W. Burk
Carrie M. Dunn
FirstEnergy Service Company
76 S. Main Street
Akron, OH 44308
burkj@firstenergycorp.com
cdunn@firstenergycorp.com

ON BEHALF OF OHIO EDISON COMPANY, THE CLEVELAND ELECTRIC ILLUMINATING COMPANY, THE TOLEDO EDISON COMPANY

Steven T. Nourse
Matthew J. Satterwhite
American Electric Power Service
Corporation
1 Riverside Plaza – 29th Floor
Columbus, OH 43215
stnourse@aep.com
mjsatterwhite@aep.com

ON BEHALF OF OHIO POWER COMPANY

Kimberly W. Bojko Rebecca L. Hussey Mallory M. Mohler Carpenter Lipps & Leland LLP 280 North High Street Suite 1300 Columbus, OH 43215 bjoko@carpenterlipps.com hussey@carpenterlipps.com mohler@carpenterlipps.com

ON BEHALF OF FIBER TECHNOLOGIES NETWORKS, L.L.C

Cassandra Cole Frontier North Inc. 1300 Columbus Sandusky Road North Marion, OH 43302 Cassandra.cole@ftr.com

ON BEHALF OF FRONTIER NORTH INC.

Benita Kahn Stephen M. Howard Vorys, Sater, Seymour and Pease LLP 52 East Gay Street Columbus, OH 43216-1008 bakahn@vorys.com smhoward@vorys.com

Gardner F. Gillespie
John Davidson Thomas
Sheppard Mullin Richter & Hampton
1300 I Street NW, 11th Floor East
Washington, DC 20005-3314
ggillespie@sheppardmullin.com
dthomas@sheppardmullin.com

ON BEHALF OF THE OHO CABLE TELECOMMUNICATIONS ASSOCIATION

Joel E. Sechler
Carpenter Lipps & Leland LLC
280 Plaza Suite 1300
280 North High Street
Columbus, OH 43215
sechler@carpenterlipps.com

D. Zachary Champ Jonathan M. Campbell Alexander B. Reynolds 500 Montgomery St., Suite 500 Alexandria, VA 22314 advocacy@pcia.com

ON BEHALF OF PCIA - THE WIRELESS INFRASTRUCTURE ASSOCIATION AND THE HETNET FORUM

Thomas J. O'Brien
Bricker & Eckler LLP
100 South Third Street
Columbus, OH 43215-4291
tobrien@bricker.com

ON BEHALF OF TW TELECOM OF OHIO LLC

Dylan T. DeVito Omar Guzman Zayo Group LLC 1805 29th Street Boulder, CO 80301 dylan.devito@zayo.com omar.guzman@zayo.com

ON BEHALF OF THE ZAYO GROUP LLC

William Wright
Office of the Ohio Attorney General
Public Utilities Section
180 E. Broad Street, 6th Floor
Columbus, OH 43215
William.wright@puc.state.oh.us

Jay S. Agranoff
Attorney Examiner
Public Utilities Commission of Ohio
180 East Broad Street
Columbus, OH 43215
Jay.agranoff@puc.state.oh.us

This foregoing document was electronically filed with the Public Utilities

Commission of Ohio Docketing Information System on

8/29/2013 10:46:28 AM

in

Case No(s). 13-0579-AU-ORD

Summary: Reply Comments of Ohio Telecom Association electronically filed by Scott E. Elisar on behalf of Ohio Telecom Association