BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

In the Matter of the Application of Duke Energy Ohio, Inc., for Approval of its Energy)	Case No. 13-431-EL-POR
Efficiency and Peak Demand Reduction)	
Portfolio of Programs.)	

DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

TIMOTHY J. SEELAUS

ON BEHALF OF

EMC DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, INC.

1	Q.	PLEASE	STATE YOUR	NAME AND	BUSINESS	ADDRESS.
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- 2 A. My name is Timothy J. Seelaus. My business address is 6011 University Boulevard,
- 3 Suite 400, Ellicott City, Maryland 21043.

4 Q. BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED, AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?

- I am the President and founder of EMC2 Development Company, Inc. (EMC 5 A. Development Company or EMC). EMC Development Company is a privately-owned 6 7 small business that qualifies energy efficiency projects for participation in the PJM capacity market on behalf of its customers, aggregates the capacity resources from those 8 9 energy efficiency projects, and bids those resources into various PJM capacity auctions, returning the proceeds of these auctions to its customers, net of costs. 10 **EMC** Development Company operates in multiple states across the entire PJM region. In my 11 12 role as President, I direct and participate in each of these activities on behalf of EMC 13 Development Company's numerous customers.
- 14 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR EDUCATION AND PROFESSIONAL
 15 QUALIFICATIONS.
- I received a BS in civil and environmental engineering from Cornell University, an MS in civil and environmental engineering from Colorado State University and an MBA in finance from MIT's Sloan School of Management. I am a registered Professional Engineer and have more than 30 years of experience in the utility infrastructure markets in North America, Asia, Europe, and Latin America. For the last three years, my business has focused exclusively on energy efficiency as a capacity resource in PJM.
- Q. HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES
 COMMISSION OF OHIO?

- 1 A. No, I have not previously testified before this Commission. This case is the first matter
- 2 before the Commission in which EMC Development Company has filed testimony.
- 3 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?
- 4 A. The purpose of my testimony is to discuss the negative outcomes that will likely result
- from Duke Energy Ohio's proposal in its Application to bid Program Portfolio energy
- 6 efficiency resources into PJM capacity auctions.
- 7 Q. WHAT IS DUKE ENERGY OHIO'S PROPOSAL IN ITS APPLICATION
- 8 REGARDING ITS PROGRAM PORTFOLIO ENERGY EFFICIENCY
- 9 **RESOURCES?**
- 10 A. While the proposal in its Application is unclear, it appears that Duke Energy Ohio is
- proposing to take on the responsibility of qualifying energy efficiency resources that are
- included in its Portfolio Program as eligible for use in PJM markets and bidding those
- resources into PJM capacity auctions on behalf of its customers.
- 14 Q. DO YOU BELIEVE THAT DUKE ENERGY OHIO OR ANY ELECTRIC
- DISTRIBUTION UTILITY (EDU) SHOULD TAKE ON THE RESPONSIBILITY
- OF QUALIFYING ENERGY EFFICIENCY RESOURCES AS ELIGIBLE FOR
- 17 USE IN PJM MARKETS AND BIDDING THOSE RESOURCES INTO PJM
- 18 CAPACITY AUCTIONS ON BEHALF OF ITS CUSTOMERS?
- 19 A. No. The capacity rights associated with energy efficiency resources remain with a
- 20 customer who has undertaken an energy efficiency project, unless the customer
- voluntarily and explicitly agrees to commit the energy efficiency capacity rights
- associated with its energy efficiency project to an EDU for purposes of bidding the
- 23 resource into PJM capacity auctions. Further, urging or directing EDUs to bid ratepayer

energy efficiency resources into PJM capacity auctions is not a sound approach by which
to convey additional energy efficiency resources into the market. The expenses
associated with acquiring, qualifying, measuring and verifying, bidding, and clearing
energy efficiency resources into PJM capacity auctions are significant. EMC generally
does not support EDUs bidding energy efficiency resources into PJM capacity auctions.
Speculation by an EDU in offering energy efficiency resources into capacity auctions can
create undue risks for ratepayers and may also create costly penalties for the EDU, in this
case, Duke Energy Ohio, which will be passed onto Ohio ratepayers. The forward nature
of capacity auctions requires bidders to take risks on energy efficiency resources which
may not be completed at the time of the capacity auction. Any failure by a bidder to
deliver these resources by the applicable delivery year could lead to substantial penalties.
In light of these circumstances, EMC and other qualified third-party aggregators are
better positioned than Duke Energy Ohio and other EDUs to take on these risks, as EMC
can only look to itself to address the costs of such risks, in stark contrast to EDUs, which
may potentially look to ratepayers to absorb penalties in the event that the risks
materialize. Moreover, in its current form and existing circumstances, the PJM capacity
market functions as a transparent, competitive market. There is no reason to disrupt this
effective market construct.
TO THE EXTENT THAT EDUS ARE REQUIRED BY THE COMMISSION OR
ARE AUTHORIZED TO BID A CERTAIN PERCENTAGE OF ENERGY
EFFICIENCY RESOURCES FROM THEIR PORTFOLIO PROGRAMS INTO
PJM CAPACITY AUCTIONS, SHOULD EDUS BE REQUIRED TO

Q.

COMPETITIVELY PROCURE THESE SERVICES?

- A. If directed or authorized to bid a portion of their energy efficiency resources from their Portfolio Program into PJM capacity auctions, EDUs should be required to issue RFPs to secure the best qualified and most cost effective third-party administrator to render the services associated with bidding Portfolio Program resources into PJM capacity auctions. These services include, but are not limited to, performing evaluation, measurement, and verification activities associated with PJM eligibility standards that are more strict than those adopted under Ohio laws and regulations, qualifying, and bidding the energy efficiency resources themselves into the PJM capacity auctions.
- 9 Q. WHAT ARE THE BENEFITS OF UTILIZING A QUALFIED THIRD-PARTY

 10 ADMINISTRATOR RATHER THAN HAVING AN EDU PERFORM THESE

 11 SERVICES ITSELF?

A.

A third-party administrator that has experience qualifying these types of resources for use in PJM markets and bidding them into PJM capacity auctions may have the ability, like EMC Development Company, to aggregate smaller-scale resources for bidding purposes, effectively maximizing the quantity of resources that may be bid into capacity auctions on behalf of ratepayers. Maximizing the eligible, cost-effective resources that are bid into PJM capacity auctions will result in greater returns to ratepayers, better compensating customers for their investments and, to an extent, refunding their investments through an offset to Rider EE-PDR. Further, experienced third-party aggregators like EMC Development Company who are actively aggregating these types of resources have developed an expertise in qualifying resources and adhering to PJM measurement and verification standards. This expertise allows third-party aggregators like EMC Development Company to minimize the costs associated with qualifying

resources, which can be and, in the case of EMC Development Company, are, in fact,
incorporated into their PJM sell offers. Finally and, perhaps uniquely compared to other
aggregators and most certainly EDUs, EMC Development Company has a large portfolio
which is spread across the entire PJM footprint. This large portfolio allows EMC
Development Company to achieve significant economies of scale that will reduce costs
and spread the administrative costs associated with qualifying resources and participating
in the PJM market across a greater pool of resources, further reducing the cost on a per-
resource basis, allowing EMC Development Company to more aggressively offer these
resources.

Q.

A.

WOULD THE USE OF AN EXPERIENCED AGGREGATOR BY DUKE ENERGY OHIO AS A THIRD-PARTY ADMINISTRATOR TO QUALIFY AND BID ENERGY EFFICIENCY RESOURCES INTO PJM CAPACITY AUCTIONS IN ANY WAY SHIFT THE RISKS THAT YOU PREVIOUSLY DISCUSSED?

Yes. Quite simply, EMC Development Company, as the third-party administrator, would bear all of the performance risk at PJM, recovering its costs from the competitive market construct. Unlike EDUs, EMC does not recover its just and prudent costs from ratepayers, but instead earns revenue by minimizing costs in an efficient and effective manner. If EMC fails to perform, it would incur the cost of any penalties, which would not be passed along as program costs to Ohio ratepayers. This alternative properly incentivizes EMC Development Company or any other experienced aggregator to perform by successfully qualifying, bidding, and clearing these resources in a responsible, cost-effective manner. By using the services of a third-party administrator, the risk of performance is placed on the aggregator, as opposed to Ohio ratepayers. A

third-party administrator will also be able to take on the risk of participating in PJM Base Residual Auctions, which historically have higher capacity pricing than PJM Incremental Auctions. This construct provides a greater value to the Ohio ratepayer than would the EDU participating itself. Any deficiency penalties incurred for not meeting the obligations of clearing resources in the Base Residual Auction will be shouldered by the aggregator, while Duke Energy Ohio would pass these deficiency penalties on to its ratepayers. It would not be prudent to allow Duke Energy Ohio to speculate in those future auctions and pass on these types of risks to ratepayers.

9 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

10 A. Yes, it does.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

The undersigned hereby certifies that a true and accurate copy of the foregoing was served this 27th day of August, 2013, by electronic mail if available or by regular U.S. mail, postage prepaid, upon the persons listed below.

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