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Date of Hearing: March 22, 2013

Case No. 12-426-EL-SSO, et al. - Volume V

PUCO Case Captions:

In the Matter of the Application of The Dayton Power and Light Company for Approval of its Market Rate Offer. Case No. 12-426-EL-SSO

In the Matter of the Application of The Dayton Power and Light Company for Approval of Revised Tariffs. Case No. 12-427-EL-ATA

In the Matter of the Application of The Dayton Power and Light Company for Approval of Certain Accounting Authority. Case No. 12-428-EL-AAM

In the Matter of the Application of The Dayton Power and Light Company for Waiver of Certain Commission Rules. Case No. 12-429-EL-WVR

In the Matter of the Application of The Dayton Power and Light Company to Establish Tariff Riders. Case No. 12-672-EL-RDR

List of exhibits being filed:

OCC Exhibits 15, 17, and 17A

IEU-Ohio Exhibits 22 and 27

RESA Exhibits 1 and 3

Reporter's Signature: Maria Wilado Jones	
Submitted by Armstrong & Okey, Inc.:	

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BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

In the Matter of the :
Application of The Dayton :

Power and Light Company : Case No. 12-426-EL-SSO

for Approval of its
Electric Security Plan.

Electric Security Plan. :

In the Matter of the : Application of the Dayton :

Power and Light Company : Case No. 12-427-EL-ATA

for Approval of Revised :
Tariffs. :

In the Matter of the :
Application of the Dayton :

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Application of the Dayton :

Power and Light Company : Case No. 12-429-EL-WVR

for the Waiver of Certain:

Commission Rules.

In the Matter of the : Application of the Dayton : Cas

Application of the Dayton : Case No. 12-672-EL-RDR

Power and Light Company : to Establish Tariff Riders:

PROCEEDINGS

before Mr. Gregory A. Price and Mr. Bryce A.

McKenney, Hearing Examiners, at the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, 180 East Broad Street, Room 11-C, Columbus, Ohio, called at 9:00 a.m. on Friday,

March 22, 2013.

VOLUME V

BEFORE THE

PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

THE DAYTON POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY

CASE NO. 12-426-EL-SSO

CASE NO. 12-427-EL-ATA

CASE NO. 12-428-EL-AAM

CASE NO. 12-429-EL-WVR

CASE NO. 12-672-EL-RDR

ELECTRIC SECURITY PLAN (ESP) SECOND REVISED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF DONA R. SEGER-LAWSON

- MANAGEMENT POLICIES, PRACTICES, AND ORGANIZATION
- **□** OPERATING INCOME
- **RATE BASE**
- **B** ALLOCATIONS
- □ RATE OF RETURN
- RATES AND TARIFFS
- OTHER

BEFORE THE

PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

ELECTRIC SECURITY PLAN (ESP) SECOND REVISED TESTIMONY OF DONA R. SEGER-LAWSON

ON BEHALF OF THE DAYTON POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY

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1 I. INTRODUCTION

- 2 Q. Please state your name and business address.
- 3 A. My name is Dona R. Seger-Lawson. My business address is 1065 Woodman Drive,
- 4 Dayton, Ohio 45432.
- 5 Q. By whom and in what capacity are you employed?
- 6 A. I am employed by The Dayton Power and Light Company ("DP&L" or "Dayton" or
- 7 the "Company") as Director, Regulatory Operations.
- 8 Q. Will you describe briefly your educational and business background?
- 9 A. I received a Bachelor of Science degree in Business Administration with majors in
- Finance and Management from Wright State University in Dayton, Ohio in 1992. I
- earned a Masters in Business Administration with a Finance Administration
- concentration also from Wright State University in August of 1997. I have been
- employed by DP&L in the Regulatory Operations division since 1992.
- 14 Q. How long have you been Director of Regulatory Operations?
- 15 A. I assumed my present position on August 25, 2002. Prior to that time, I held various
- positions in the Rates/Pricing Services/Regulatory Operations division, my most
- 17 recent prior position being that of Manager, Regulatory Operations, beginning in
- 18 February 2001.
- 19 Q. What are your responsibilities in your current position?

1	A.	I have overall responsibility for all base rate development, for both retail and
2		wholesale electric rates. I am responsible for evaluating regulatory and legislative
3		initiatives, and eommission Commission orders that impact the Company's retail and
4		wholesale rates and overall regulatory operations.
5	Q.	Have you previously provided testimony before the Public Utilities Commission
6		of Ohio ("PUCO" or the "Commission")?
7	Α.	Yes. I have sponsored testimony in Case No. 99-220-GA-GCR; Case No. 00-220-
8		GA-GCR; DP&L's Electric Transition Plan Case, No. 99-1687-EL-ETP; DP&L's
9		Extension of the Market Development Period Case, No. 02-2779-EL-ATA; in
10		Opposition to the Complaints in Case Nos. 03-2405-EL-CSS; and 04-85-EL-CSS; in
11		the Company's Rate Stabilization Period Case, No. 05-276-EL-AIR, and in the
12		Company's Electric Security Plan filing-Case, No. 08-1094-EL-SSO.
13	II.	PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY
14	Q.	What are the purposes of your testimony in this proceeding?
15	A.	The purposes of my testimony are to support the Company's current rates, the Rate
16		Blending Plan, the Request for Waivers, the placeholder for the Alternative Energy
17		Rider-Nonbypassable (AER-N), the competitive retail enhancements and any impacts
18		of the Company's plan on government aggregation efforts. I am sponsoring Schedules
19		1, 1A, and 1B, Schedule 2 and 2B, Schedules 3, 4, 6, Schedule 7, and Schedule 8. I
20		also support the changes to Tariff Sheet Nos. G10 - G18, and the implementation of

Tariff Sheet No. G31.

III. BACKGROUND Q. Are you generally familiar with Ohio SB 221?

- 3 A. Yes. Among other points, I understand that under Ohio SB 221, utilities are permitted
- 4 to file either a Market Rate Offer (MRO) under Ohio Revised Code §4928.142, or an
- 5 Electric Security Plan (ESP) under Ohio Revised Code §4928.143.
- 6 Q. How were DP&L's current Standard Service Offer (SSO) rates established?
- 7 A. DP&L filed an Electric Security Plan (ESP) on October 10, 2008 in Case No. 08-
- 8 1094-EL-SSO. The Commission issued an Opinion and Order in that case on June 24,
- 9 2009 approving DP&L's ESP. DP&L's current ESP rates went into effect in July
- 10 2009.
- 11 Q. Are any of DP&L's current rates seheduled required to expire as of December 31,
- 12 **2012?**
- 13 A. No. DP&L's current rate plan, like other rate plans before it, established rates for a
- period of time. Specifically, Paragraph 1 of the ESP Stipulation reached in Case No.
- 15 08-1094-EL-SSO states "the parties agree to extend DP&L's current rate plan through
- December 31, 2012 except as expressly modified herein." The remainder of the ESP
- Stipulation further states that certain rates will be charged through December 31,
- 18 2012. The ESP Stipulation does not state that any charge will be set to zero on
- January 1, 2013. -Neither does the ESP Stipulation say that DP&L agrees not to
- request to implement new or to continue existing rates for the period beginning
- 21 January 1, 2013.

1	Q.	Under which methodology did DP&L choose to implement SSO rates through
2		this filing?
3	A.	DP&L filed this ESP case under ORC §4928.143, and therefore has put forth its filing
4		under the provisions of the ESP section of the Ohio Revised Code.
5	Q.	Why is DP&L proposing to procure a portion of SSO load through a competitive
6		bid?
7	A.	DP&L has been monitoring SSO cases as they have come before the Public Utilities
8		Commission-of Ohio. Every Ohio electric utility that has had an SSO case ruled on by
9	l	the PUCO in the last 2 years has had all or some portion of the load required to be
10		procured through a competitive bidding process. Although the ESP provisions of the
11	l	Ohio Revised Code do not discuss competitive bid processes, DP&L believes that the
12		current state policy is to establish standard offer rates through some form of
13		competitive bid.
14	Q.	What type of waiver is waivers are the Company seeking?
15	A.	As specified in the Company's application, DP&L is seeking a waiver of Ohio
16		Administrative Code (OAC) §4901:1-35-03(C)(9)(b)), certain information required
17		by OAC §4901:1-36-03 and OAC § 4901:1-36-04(B).
18	<u>Q.</u>	Please explain the waiver request for OAC §4901:1-35-03(C)(9)(b).
19	<u>A.</u>	While DP&L is seeking a placeholder for a nonbypassable charge relating to new
20	I	generation that was used and useful after January 1, 2009, it is proposing to file cost

1 support and full justification for that charge in a separate filing that will be made 2 within six months of a final Commission order in this case. 3 Q. Has the Commission granted similar requests? 4 Yes, the Commission permitted AEP in its SSO Case No. 11-346-EL-SSO, to have a A. 5 placeholder tariff for cost recovery of its Turning Point Solar project. On page 24 of 6 the August 8, 2012 order in that case, AEP was directed to address all of the statutory 7 requirements in a future proceeding but was granted the authority to establish the 8 Generation Resource Rider (GRR) at a rate initially set at zero. DP&L is seeking the 9 ability to file in a future proceeding its cost support and legal arguments to set its non-10 bypassable cost recovery mechanism for the Yankee Solar Generating Facility. 11 Please explain the waiver requests relating to the Transmission Cost Recovery 12 Rider (TCRR). 13 The Appendix to OAC §4901:1-36-03 requires Schedules B-4, B-5, D-1, D-2, D-3 and 14 D-3a...z to be filed as part of a Transmission Cost Recovery Rider (TCRR) 15 application. These schedules require historical data (costs, revenues, typical bills, 16 reconciliation amounts) to be filed. This information does not exist for DP&L's 17 proposed newly established rider TCRR-N. Secondly, OAC § 4901:1-36-04(B) 18 requires that a transmission cost recovery rider be avoidable by all customers who 19 chose alternative generation suppliers. DP&L is seeking authority to split the TCRR 20

requirements into bypassable and non-bypassable components, and DP&L thus

requests a waiver of the requirement that all TCRR components be avoidable. Finally,

A.

DP&L requests a one-month delay in the Commission April 15, 2009 Order in Case

No. 08-777-EL-ORD, which directs that DP&L file its annual TCRR True-up

application no later than February 15 for rates effective May 1. This adjustment will

allow DP&L to file its annual application by March 15 for rates effective June 1,

which will better align with the PJM delivery year.

6 IV. ESP RATE BLENDING PLAN

7 Q. Please explain DP&L's ESP Rate Blending Plan.

PP&L's Rate Blending Plan can be found in Book I of this filing. The Company's Rate Blending Plan describes all changes to DP&L's standard service offer (SSO)SSO rates and DP&L's plan to procure a portion of the SSO load through a competitive bidding process. The competitive bidding price will be blended with DP&L's standard service offerexisting SSO rates to arrive at a new ESP SSO. Some of the rates that make up DP&L's most recent standard service offerSSO price are fixed and do not change. Those rates will simply be adjusted downward by the portion of the SSO load that is part of the Competitive Bidding Process ("CBP"). Other rates/riders are rate "trackers" orthat are adjusted up or down for changes in actual costs and revenues recovered through the rate. It is DP&L's intent that those rates will remain in their current form to the extent possible, but the underlying costs recovered through those rates should decrease over time as more of the SSO load is bid out.

Q. What is the overall impact of the Company's ESP Rate Blending Plan?

A. DP&L's ESP Rate Blending Plan is expected to result in a slight rate decrease increase

for SSO residential customers that consume 1000 kilowatt hours (kWh) or more a month, and a total bill decrease of 2—60-3% for most non-residential SSO tariff classes. Although the amount of the increase or decrease will ultimately depend upon the results of the CBP, using a placeholder for the CBP result, DP&L's estimate is that proposed rates will result in a per-bill increase for a typical residential customer that uses 750 kWh of electricity a month by \$0.972.81, or 0.872.61% from current rates for the first period. Most non-residential customers should experience between 20 and 63% rate decrease from current standard service offer rates in the first year of the Rate Blending Plan. Most tariff classes are expected to experience SSO rate decreases for periods 2 through 5 as market prices are blended into current rates.

Q. What is the expected revenue impact to the Company?

A. DP&L's standard offer generation revenues will decrease overall as a result of this filing by approximately \$5246 M per year for the first year, as a portion of DP&L's SSO load will be sourced through a competitive bid and other adjustments were made to the SSO generation rates. As more SSO supply is sourced through the CBP, DP&L will continue to experience a decrease in SSO generation revenues each year throughout the blending period. DP&L's retail transmission rates will increase as a retail nonbypassable transmission charge will be implemented; however this revenue is offset slightly by a decrease in wholesale transmission revenues from Competitive Retail Electric Service (CRES) Providers operating in DP&L's service territory.

¹ According to DP&L's ESP plan, the first Competitive Bidding Process will take place 8 weeks after a Commission order is issued in this case.

1		DP&L is seeking a rate increase relating to its nonbypassable charge of approximately
2		\$47 <u>65</u> M per year.
3	Q.	Are all rates that are currently in effect impacted by the ESP Rate Blending
4		Plan?
5	A.	No. Several rates or riders that relate to distribution service are not affected by the
6		ESP Rate Blending Plan. Those rates are:
7		1. Energy Efficiency Rider
8		2. Economic Development Rider
9		3. Universal Service Fund Rider
10		4. Excise Tax Rider
11		These rates will remain in their current form and may be trued-up periodically based
12		on how these rates are currently implemented.
13	Q.	Which of DP&L's current rates/riders are part of the Blended SSO rate?
14	A.	The following rates/riders are part of the Blended SSO rate:
15		1. Base Generation Rates
16		2. FUEL Rider
17		3. Reliability Pricing Model (RPM) Rider
18		4. Transmission Cost Recovery Rider - Bypassable (TCRR-B)
19	Q.	Which rates are fixed, and thus simply decrease by the percentage of load that is
20		served through the competitive bidding process?

A. DP&L's base generation rates are fixed. Through this filing DP&L has merged its environmental investment rider into the base generation rates. The base generation rates as proposed in Tariff Sheet Nos. G10 – G18 of this filing reflect the percentage of load that will be supplied by DP&L. In other words, the base generation rate for the period beginning January 1, 2013 and going through May 31, 2014 is designed to reflect 90% of DP&L's base generation rate and environmental investment rider as those charges are in place as of March 1, 2012. The base generation rate will be reduced for each period during the ESP by the percentage of load supplied by the utility. Since the CBP is designed to coincide with the PJM auction year starting in 2014, beginning June 1st, 2014, and for every subsequent June through 2017, the blending mix will shift from ESP to CBcompetitive bid (CB) in increments of 30%. On June 1, 2016, one hundred percent of the SSO will be procured through the CBP. The periods and the corresponding blend percent are summarized in the table below:

Period	ESP %	CB %
January '13 – May '14	90%	10%
June '14 – May '15	60%	40%
June '15 – May '16	30%	70%
Beginning June '16	0%	100%

- Which of the rates/riders that are part of the Blended SSO rate are "trackers" and will continue to be trued-up through the ESP blending period?
- 17 A. The FUEL rider, RPM Rider and TCRR are currently trackers and will continue to be 18 trued-up during the ESP blending period. We expect that the level of these charges

will decrease over time, since the underlying supply costs should decrease as the
 percentage of load that is bid out increases.

Q. Is DP&L proposing any adjustments to current rates?

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4 Yes. The Company is proposing four changes to rates to implement the ESP blending Α. 5 plan. First, DP&L is proposing to split the TCRR into bypassable and non-bypassable 6 rates. This split is explained in more detail by Company Witness Claire Hale. 7 Second, through this filing, the Company plans to merge the Environmental 8 Investment Rider (EIR) into base generation rates. Third, the Company plans to 9 phase-out the maximum charge provisions contained in current Generation tariffs. 10 The plan to phase-out of the maximum charge provision is explained in more detail by 11 Company Witness Nathan Parke. Finally, the Company plans to move from its current 12 FUEL methodology to a system average cost methodology. This policy change is 13 supported by Company Witness Teresa Marrinan.

Q. Are there any new rates included in DP&L's ESP Rate Blending Plan?

A. Yes. There will be six new rates to implement the ESP Rate Blending Plan. First, to implement the results of the CBP, there will be a new Competitive Bidding ("CB")

Rate that will charge customers for the portion of the SSO load that is procured through the auction process. This rate has been designed to keep the Company's current rate structure to the extent practical. This rate CB Rate is supported by Company Witness Emily Rabb—(whose testimony I have adopted in its entirety).

Second, the costs of energy, capacity, and market-based TCRR costs will not likely
match dollar for dollar the revenue recovered from customers through the CB Rate.
Thus the Company plans to implement the Competitive Bid True-up (CBT)
rider.Rider. This rate could be positive or negative depending upon the difference
between the costs associated with procuring the competitive bidding product and the
revenues collected. This <u>CBT</u> Rider is supported by Company Witness Nathan Parke.
Third, the Company is seeking authority to implement a non-bypassable Service
Stability Rider (SSR) which is sponsored by Company Witness Bill Chambers.
Fourth, the costs of conducting the CBP, the costs of implementing the competitive
retail enhancements and any remaining over or under-collection in the true-up trackers
at the end of the blending period will be included in a new Reconciliation Rider
("RR"). This charge is supported by Company Witness Emily Rabb-(whose
testimony I have adopted in its entirety).
Fifth, the Company is seeking approval of a switching tracker that will be
implemented January 1, 2013 and begin recovery January 1, 2014. This charge is
supported by Company Witness Craig Jackson and is discussed in further detail below.
Finally, the Company is proposing a new Alternative Energy Rider - Nonbypassable
(AER-N) as a placeholder to recover costs the Company has incurred from building
and operating a solar generation array known as Yankee Solar Generating Facility.
The Company plans to make a subsequent filing to cost justify that rate.

Has the Company eliminated any rates?

Q.

- 1 A. Yes, the Company is proposing to eliminate its Rate Stabilization Charge (RSC)
- 2 effective January 1, 2013.

3 Q. How will the "tracker" rates be trued-up?

4 DP&L's current FUEL rider is designed to be trued-up based on a seasonal quarter A. 5 basis, meaning the rate changes March 1, June 1, September 1, and December 1. The 6 Company plans to implement all of the tracker riders (FUEL, TCRR-B, RPM, and 7 CBT) on a consistent schedule to minimize the number of times the standard service 8 offer rates will be modified throughout the calendar year. The initial tracker riders 9 will be set via filings on December Imade one month prior to the effective date of this 10 rate plan that will set the rates for the period January 1, 2013 through May 31, 2013. 11 The next set of tracker filings will be submitted on or before May 1, 2013 with a 12 requested implementation date of June 1, 2013. The May 1 filing will true up actual 13 costs through March 31, 2012. A graph of the true-up schedule can be found in 14 Appendix C of this filing.

Q. What happens at the end of the rate blending period?

16 A. The Company plans to remove any under- or over-recovery from the "tracker" rates
17 that are in effect as of the time the SSO load is procured by 100% through the CBP,
18 and place those amounts into a Reconciliation Rider that would recover any rates that
19 are the residual effect of the previous rate structure. The Reconciliation Rider is
20 addressed in detail by Company Witness Emily Rabb- (whose testimony I have
21 adopted in its entirety).

V. COMPETITIVE RETAIL ENHANCEMENTS

- 2 Q. Please describe the competitive retail enhancements the Company plans to
- 3 implement.

- 4 A. In an effort to further promote the policy of the state to encourage competition, the
- 5 Company plans to implement six projects that will improve the interaction of CRES
- 6 Providers with DP&L to ensure a smoother customer choice administrative process.
- 7 Specifically, the Company plans to implement the following modifications to its
- 8 Customer Service System (CSS), Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) systems, and
- 9 Information Technology (IT) systems:
- 1. Eliminate the minimum stay and return to firm provisions in its generation tariffs.
- 2. Implement a web-based portal such that CRES Providers can obtain DP&L
- customer information in more usable and manageable fashion.
- 3. Implement an auto-cancel feature to our Bill-Ready billing function, such that
- when DP&L cancels its usage and related charges, it will also cancel the supplier
- usage and related charges on the customer's bill. This change will eliminate
- customer confusion and will ensure that customer payments are posted to valid
- 17 charges.
- 4. Remove the enrollment verification that requires a CRES Provider to have the first
- four characters of the customer name on the account as well as the correct account
- 20 number.
- 5. Support DP&L's response to Historical Interval (HI) usage data requests via EDI.

1	6.	Provide CRES Providers with a standardized sync list on a monthly basis to ensure
2		that the Company has identified the correct accounts that are served by each CRES
3		Provider.

4 Q. What is the forecasted cost of these projects?

- 5 A. DP&L anticipates that these enhancements will require DP&L to incur approximately 6 \$2.5 million in capital improvements to its CSS, EDI, and IT systems.
- 7 Q. What is the timing associated with implementing these enhancements?
- 8 A. DP&L is working on a schedule for these projects because several of the projects will 9 take a significant amount of planning, programming and administrative 10 implementation. Assuming that the Commission approves rate recovery of these 11 projects, the Company plans to implement most, if not all of these enhancements 12 within 24 months of rate approval.
 - How and when does the Company plan to recover these costs? Q.

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14 A. Through this filing DP&L seeks the authority to recover a revenue requirement based 15 on the implementation costs of these projects through the quarterly adjusted 16 Reconciliation Rider. Assuming that the Commission approves DP&L's ESP as filed, 17 the Company will begin implementation of these competitive enhancements, and once 18 a given project is used and useful, the Company will place that project ininto service 19 and will file for cost recovery in the next quarterly Reconciliation Rider filing.

- Page 15 of 26
- Q. Does the Company or its shareholders benefit from these competitive retail
 enhancements?
- 3 A. No. Neither the Company nor its shareholders benefit from these system
- 4 enhancements. Most of the projects listed above will improve the administrative
- 5 processes of CRES Providers operating in DP&L's service territory.

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6 VI. ALTERNATIVE ENERGY RIDER - NONBYPASSABLE (AER-N)

Q. Ohio Revised Code §4928.143 (B)(2)(c) states that a utility may seek:

"The establishment of a nonbypassable surcharge for the life of an electric generating facility that is owned or operated by the electric distribution utility, was sourced through a competitive bid process subject to any such rules as the commission adopts under division (B)(2)(b) of this section, and is newly used and useful on or after January 1, 2009, which surcharge shall cover all costs of the utility specified in the application, excluding costs recovered through a surcharge under division (B)(2)(b) of this section. However, no surcharge shall be authorized unless the commission first determines in the proceeding that there is need for the facility based on resource planning projections submitted by the electric distribution utility.

Does DP&L's Yankee Solar Generating Facility meet all of those requirements?

Yes. That facility was: 1) owned or operated by the utility, 2) sourced through a competitive bid process, 3) newly used and useful on or after January 1, 2009, and 4) found by the Commission to be needed as a result of the resource planning process.

1	Q.	Did the Commission find there was a need for the Yankee Solar Generating
2		Facility?
3	Α.	Yes. On April 14, 2010 the Commission issued an order in Case No. 10-505-EL-FOR
4		(DP&L's Long-term Forecast Report), and stated in part at Finding 11 "[t]here is a
5		need for a 1.1 MW solar generation facility, known as Yankee 1."
6	Q.	Is the Company seeking a non-bypassable charge for the life of the Yankee Solar
7		Generating Facility?
8	A.	Yes. The Company is seeking authority for a placeholder tariff for the Alternative
9		Energy Rider - Non-bypassable (AER-N) in Tariff Sheet No. G31 and asking for the
10		rate to be initially set to zero.
11	Q.	When will the Company file its cost support for this AER-N?
12	A.	DP&L plans to file its cost support for the AER-N within six months of the
13		Commission order approving the Company's ESP filed in this case.
14	VII.	SWITCHING TRACKER
15	Q.	Can you describe the Company's plans to implement a switching tracker?
16	A.	Yes, as supported by Company Witness Craig Jackson, the Company plans to
17		implement a switching tracker that would defer for later recovery from customers the
18	1	difference between the eurrent-level of switching as of the initial ESP filing date (62%
19	I	of retail load) and the actual level of switching.

Q.	For this purpose, how will the Company measure the level of switching?
A.	Each month, DP&L will compare the actual monthly switching rate to the August 30,
	2012 switching rate reflected in Workpaper 8 pages 5 and 6-by tariff class, as a
	percentage of distribution sales. The percentage of additional switching occurring
	after August 30, 2012 will be multiplied by distribution load contained on Workpaper
	8 page 1 and 2 and will equal the quantity of additional switched load in megawatt
	hours (MWh) subject to the switching tracker.
Q.	What will be used to calculate the cost of the switching tracker?
Α.	The costs subject to the switching tracker will equal the difference between the
	Blended SSO rate and the CB rate in effect based on tariff class. That difference (\$\frac{\\$}{\sis}\$
	calculated as dollars per MWh) (\$/MWh) and multiplied by the quantity of additional
	switched load in MWh and will be the amount that will be included in the switching
	tracker regulatory asset account for the month.
Q.	How does the Company propose to recover the switching tracker?
A.	The Company seeks to recover the balance from all customers beginning January 1,
	2014 until the deferral balance plus carrying costs are at a zero balance.
VIII.	OTHER
Q.	Why did DP&L select Charles River Associates to manage the Competitive
	Q. A. VIII.

Bidding Process (CBP) for DP&L?

1 A. Charles River Associates (CRA) has significant experience managing commodity 2 auctions and specifically managing electric power auctions in Ohio. CRA has worked 3 with the PUCO in administering and conducting the structured procurement auctions 4 for both FirstEnergy's Ohio electric distribution utilities and Duke Energy Ohio. It 5 was a logical business choice for DP&L to select CRA to manage DP&L's CBP since 6 this will be the first experience DP&L will have in conducting such an auction. 7 Q. Is DP&L opposed to choosing a different auction manager for future power 8 auctions? 9 A. No, DP&L is not opposed to choosing a different auction manager in the future. The 10 Company suggests an RFP process be used in the future to select the CBP auction 11 manager. DP&L and the PUCO have issued RFPs in the past to select a FUEL auditor 12 and such a process could be used for the CBP auction manager. DP&L as well as the 13 PUCO and interested stakeholders have an interest in making sure the CBP auction 14 manager is qualified and experienced in conducting such an auction. 15 Q. Does DP&L have an Operational Support Plan that was approved by the PUCO? 16 Yes. DP&L filed in 99-1987-EL-ETP its original Operational Support Plan. That A. 17 plan was approved by PUCO order dated September 21, 2000. Since that time, 18 DP&L's operational support plan Operational Support Plan has been carried out in the 19 form of the Company's Alternative Generation Supplier Coordination Tariff, Tariff 20 Sheet No. G8. DP&L's Tariff Sheet No. G8 governs the relationship between DP&L 21 and CRES Providers who are doing business in DP&L's service territory.

1 Is DP&L proposing to modify its Tariff Sheet No. G8, and therefore its Q. 2 Operational Support Plan, through this filing? 3 A. No. DP&L is not supporting requesting any changes to the Company's Tariff Sheet 4 No. G8. 5 Q. Ohio Administrative Code §4901:1-35-03(C)(6) and (7) require the utility to 6 discuss how its ESP plan impacts governmental aggregation programs. How 7 does DP&L's plan address governmental aggregation programs? 8 A. DP&L's ESP plan does not provide disincentives for municipal corporations or 9 townships to implement governmental aggregation programs. DP&L has had a 10 number of communities pass ballot issues allowing them to implement opt out 11 governmental aggregation programs, and has several communities that have moved 12 forward with government aggregation efforts in 2012. There is nothing in DP&L's ESP plan that would provide disincentives for governmental aggregation programs to 13 14 go forward with their plans to aggregate. 15 O. Do you adopt the testimony of Company Witness Emily Rabb? 16 Yes. Ms. Rabb is on maternity leave and will not be available to testify on the topics 17 covered by her original testimony at the February 11 hearing date; therefore I am adopting her testimony as filed on October 5, 2012. 18 IX. 19 SCHEDULES AND WORKPAPERS 20 Q. What is contained on Schedules 1 and 1A?

1	A.	Schedule 1 contains a summary of DP&L's rates that are part of the blending process,
2		while Schedule 1A contains a listing of all of DP&L's rates that are in effect as of
3		September 1, 2012.
4	<u>Q.</u>	Have you changed anything on Schedules 1 and 1A?
5	<u>A.</u>	Yes, current rates were updated to reflect rates as of December 1, 2012. Specifically,
6		the FUEL rider and the Economic Development Rider were both updated to reflect
7		rates that are currently in effect.
8	Q.	What is contained on Schedule 1B?
9	A.	Schedule 1B shows the revenues that are generated by the current rates that are part of
10		the blending process being applied to forecasted SSO billing determinants.
11	Q.	What is the source of the forecasted SSO billing determinants?
12	A.	The forecasted SSO billing determinants can be found on Workpaper 8 and are
13		supported by Company Witness Aldyn Hoekstra.
14	Q.	Please explain what information is provided on Schedule 2.
15	A.	Schedule 2 contains a summary of the changes that were made to the current rates that
16		are subject to the blending process. The change to each rate/rider is supported by its
17		own separate Schedule or short series of Schedules and sponsored by various
18		Company witnesses.

Are you sponsoring Schedule 2B? If so, what does it contain?

19

Q.

1	A.	Yes. Schedule 2B shows that aside from adding the EIR rate to the base generation
2		rates, the Company is not proposing any other adjustments to its base generation rates.
3	Q.	What is contained on Schedule 3?
4	A.	Schedule 3 contains a summary of the rates that are part of the blending process after
5		the adjustments are made.
6	Q.	How are these rates calculated?
7	A.	The rates contained on Schedule 3 are the sum of the rates contained on Schedule 1
8		and the rates contained on Schedule 2.
9	Q.	What is contained on Schedule 4?
10	A.	Schedule 4 shows the adjusted rates from Schedule 3 multiplied by the percentage of
11		SSO load supplied by the utility, or the ESP percentage for the period. There is a
12		separate page for each period during the ESP.
13	Q.	Why does Schedule 4, pages 4 and 5 contain rates that are all zero?
14	A.	Pages 4 and 5 are for periods 4 and 5. These pages show that starting June 2016 the
15		blending process is complete at that time. Thus, the generation rates for SSO load will
16		be 100% CB and 0% ESP for periods 4 and 5 during the ESP.
17	<u>Q.</u>	What is contained on Schedule 5 and how did it change from the October 5, 2012
18		filing?

Fage 22 01 20

A. Schedule 5 depicts a projection of the CBP results and shows how those prices would be blended over the rate blending period. Although the expected CBP results did not change, the CB rate changed as a result of a change in demand billing determinants for the secondary, primary, primary-substation, and high voltage tariff classes and updates to the fuel rate.

Q. What is contained on Schedule 6?

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A. Schedule 6 shows the Blended SSO rates that will be in effect during each of the five periods during the ESP plan. This schedule takes the ESP rates contained on Schedule 4 and blends them with the CB rate that is contained on Schedule 5 based on the ESP to CB percentages. In other words, column C shows the SSO rate that would be in effect January 1, 2013 through May 31, 2014, assuming the CBP results in the rate that was used in Schedule 5 for illustrative purposes.

Q. What is contained on Schedule 7?

A. Schedule 7 shows a summary of SSO rates that are not part of the blending process.

SSO rates that are not part of the blending process are: 1) the Reconciliation Rider,

(RR), 2) the Competitive Bid True-up (CBT) Rider, 3) the Transmission Cost

Recovery Rider - Non-bypassable (TCRR-N₇), 4) the Service Stability Rider (SSR), 5)

the Alternative Energy Rider (AER), and 6) the Alternative Energy Rider –

Nonbypassable (AER-N).

Q. Please describe Schedule 8.

- A. Schedule 8 shows the revenues associated from this ESP plan. Some of the revenues are based on distribution billing determinants and others are based on SSO billing determinants. Not all revenues contained on Schedule 8 are DP&L revenues.
- Q. Can one compare the current revenues contained on Schedule 1B to revenues

 contained on Schedule 8 and draw any relevant conclusions about the impact of

 this filing on DP&L revenues?

- A. No. The revenues contained on Schedule 1B reflect what DP&L revenues would be if current rates are applied to current billing determinants. The revenues contained on Schedule 8 are projected revenues under the ESP plan; however there are several things that make the Schedule 8 revenues not comparable to Schedule 1B revenues. First, the transmission revenues reflected on Schedule 8 are applied to distribution level billing determinants (where the transmission revenues on Schedule 1 are applied only to SSO billing determinants). This difference is because the majority of TCRR costs are moving from bypassable to non-bypassable charges. Second, the revenues on Schedule 8 associated with the empetitive biddingCB rate do not reflect DP&L revenues but instead are revenues that will be provided to the winning bidders of the CBP. Finally, the revenues associated with the Reconciliation RiderRR on Schedule 8 are to recover new costs associated with implementing the CBP and the competitive retail enhancements.
- Q. What is the impact of this plan on DP&L's generation revenues?

1 A. DP&L's generation revenues decrease by approximately \$5246 M as shown on 2 Workpaper 8.1 page 1. 3 What is the impact of this plan on DP&L's transmission revenues? Q. 4 The impact on transmission revenues can be found on Workpaper 8.1 page 2. As Α. 5 DP&L is proposing to implement a non-bypassable TCRR-N to recover the majority 6 of its transmission costs, DP&L's current transmission revenues shift from wholesale 7 revenues received from CRES Providers to retail revenues received from retail 8 customers through the TCRR-N. Current transmission revenues cannot readily be 9 compared to proposed transmission revenues because of this change. X. 10 **TARIFFS** What is contained on Tariff Sheet Nos. G10 - G18? 11 Q. 12 A. Tariff Sheet Nos. G10 - G18 contain DP&L's Base Generation rates. These rates are 13 the ESP rates that will be phased out as part of the CBP. These rates are the sum of 14 base generation rates and EIR rates that are in place today, as phased out per the ESP 15 percentage. 16 Why are they contained on their own tariff sheets? Q. 17 DP&L's base generation rates have historically been provided on their own separate A. 18 tariff sheets by tariff class. DP&L contemplated rolling into one single rate, all of the

rate/rider components that are part of the blending process; however, we decided

against doing so, because there are several components that make up the Blended SSO

19

l		rate that are still subject to true-up. It is easier administratively to track and true-up
2		revenues collected verses versus expenses by rate/rider if each rate/rider continues to
3	i	be separately stated. Therefore, we separately stated each rate/rider that is part of the
4		Blended SSO rate.
5	Q.	What is contained on Tariff Sheet No. G31?
6	A.	Tariff Sheet No. G31 is the placeholder tariff for DP&L's Alternative Energy Rider –
7		Nonbypassable (AER-N). This rate will be initially set at zero and the Company plans
8		to file cost support to establish this charge within 6 months of Commission order
9		approving the Company's ESP filing in this case.
10	Q.	Are DP&L's Distribution Tariffs impacted by any proposal the Company has
11		made in this filing?
12	A.	Yes. DP&L's Distribution Tariffs may be impacted by the new riders that DP&L has
13		proposed in this filing. Distribution tariffs are also impacted by DP&L's proposal to
14		phase-out the maximum charge provision.
15	Q.	Did DP&L file its proposed changes to the Distribution Tariffs?
16	A.	No. Including all the Distribution Tariff in this filing would make the filing
17		unnecessarily voluminous. Once an order is issued in this case, DP&L anticipates that
18		the Commission will give DP&L an opportunity to file proposed tariffs to implement
19		the order. For example, assuming the Commission's order approves the maximum
20	_	charge phase-out plan, DP&L would file Distribution tariffs in redline form to

- Page 26 of 26
- implement that provision. Likewise, the Distribution tariffs currently list all riders that
- 2 apply to customers taking distribution service from the Company. That list of riders
- would have to be modified assuming the Commission approves any new riders
- 4 proposed in this case such as the Reconciliation Rider, the SSR and the AER-N.
- 5 Q. Did DP&L file its proposed changes to Tariff Sheets Nos. G7, G8, and G9?
- 6 A. No. The only changes the Company is proposing to those Tariffs is to remove the
- 7 minimum stay and return to firm tariff provisions and add the new generation riders.
- 8 Assuming the Commission approves the Company's proposal, the Company will re-
- 9 file those tariffs in redline form showing exactly what provisions have changed.
- 10 XI. CONCLUSION
- 11 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
- 12 A. Yes, it does.

1	BEFORE		Page 1
2		OMMICCION OF OUTO	
	THE PUBLIC UTILITIES CO		
3		x	
4	In the Matter of the		
5	Application of The Dayton	: 12-426-EL-SSO	
6	Power and Light Company for	:	
7	Approval of Its Electric	:	
8	Security Plan	:	
9		x	
10	In the Matter of the	: Case No.	
11	Application of The Dayton	: 12-427-EL-ATA	
12	Power and Light Company for	:	
13	Approval of Revised Tariffs	:	
14		x	
15	In the Matter of the	: Case No.	
16	Application of The Dayton	: 12-428-EL-AAM	
17	Power and Light Company for	:	
18	Approval of Certain	:	
19	Accounting Authority	:	
20		x	
21	(Caption continued on following	g page.)	
22	Deposition of JAM	MES WILSON	
23	Bethesda, Mai	ryland	
24	Monday, March 11, 20	013, 9:37 a.m.	
25	Reported By: Lee Bursten, RMR	, CRR	
1			

1	(Contion continued from proceeding page)	Page 2	
1	(Caption continued from preceding page.)		
2	X		
3	In the Matter of the : Case No.		
4	Application of The Dayton : 12-429-EL-WVR		
5	Power and Light Company for :	·	
6	the Waiver of Certain :		
7	Commission Rules :		
8			
9	In the Matter of the : Case No.		
10	Application of The Dayton : 12-672-EL-RDR		
11	Power and Light Company to :		
12	Establish Tariff Riders :		
13	x		
14	Deposition of JAMES WILSON, held at the		
15	offices of:		
16	WILSON ENERGY ECONOMICS		
17	4800 Hampden Lane		
18	Suite 200		
19	Bethesda, Maryland 20814		
20	(240) 482-3737		
21	Pursuant to Notice, before Lee Bursten,		
22	Registered Merit Reporter, Certified Realtime		
23	Reporter, and Notary Public in and for the State of		
24	Maryland, who officiated in administering the oath to		
25	the witness.		

	1 APPEARANCES	Page 3
	ON BEHALF OF THE DAYTON POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY:	
	JEFFREY S. SHARKEY, ESQUIRE	
	4 FARUKI IRELAND & COX PLL	
	5 500 Courthouse Plaza SW	
	6 10 North Ludlow Street	
	7 Dayton, Ohio 45402	
	8 (937) 227-3700	
	9 (Present via telephone)	
1	0	
1	ON BEHALF OF THE STAFF OF THE PUBLIC UTILITIES	
1	2 COMMISSION OF OHIO:	
1	MELISSA R. YOST, ESQUIRE	
1	4 Assistant Consumers' Counsel	'
1	5 OFFICE OF THE OHIO CONSUMERS' COUNSEL	
1	6 10 West Broad Street	
1	7 Suite 1800	
1	8 Columbus, Ohio 43215	
1	9 (614) 466-8574	
2	0 (Present via telephone)	
2	1	
2	2	
2	3	
2	4	
2	5	
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2	EXAMINATION OF JAMES WILSON	PAGE	
3	By Mr. Sharkey	5	
4			
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6			
7	EXHIBITS		
8	(None marked)		
9			
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25			

		Page 5
1	PROCEEDINGS	_
2	JAMES WILSON,	
3	having been duly sworn, testified as follows:	,
4	EXAMINATION BY COUNSEL FOR	
5	THE DAYTON POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY	
. 6	BY MR. SHARKEY:	
7	Q Mr. Wilson, as I believe you know, my name	
8	is Jeff Sharkey, and I represent Dayton Power and	
9	Light Company in this matter. Can you state your	
10	name for the record, please?	
11	A James F. Wilson.	
12	Q Do you have with you testimony that you	
13	filed in this matter?	
14	A Yes, I do.	
15	Q And that testimony reflects you're a	
16	principal of Wilson Energy Economics, correct?	
17	A Correct.	
18	Q What is the nature of Wilson Energy	
19	Economics's business?	
20	A I'm a consultant, and I'm doing business as	
21	Wilson Energy Economics. I'm independent.	
22	Q Are there any other persons in Wilson	
23	Energy Economics besides yourself?	
24	A No.	
25	Q And how long has Wilson Energy Economics	

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Page 6
    been an operating business?
                Since October 2009.
 2
                Okay. And then during all of that time
 3
     you've been operating as a consultant?
 5
          Α
                Yes.
                What did you do before 2009?
                I was a principal at LECG.
                What's LECG?
                A consulting firm.
          Α
10
                And did it similarly provide consulting
          Q
     relating to electrical utility related issues?
11
12
                Yes. LECG Consultants were involved in
    many industries. But yes, my work has always been
13
14
    primarily in the energy industry.
15
          Q
                Okay. On page 2 you mention that you
     testified in two other PUCO cases.
16
17
          Α
                Yes.
                What was the first one about, the 12/30
18
19
     EL-SSO case, which was the First Energy case?
20
                Yes, that was First Energy's 2009
21
     application for a market rate offer.
22
                Okay. And what opinions did you sponsor?
23
                I don't recall the details. I know it had
     to do with some aspects of their proposed market rate
24
25
     offer.
```

- Okay. And I'm sorry, you're talking about
- 2 the 2009 case there, First Energy's application for a
- 3 market rate offer?
- 4 A Yes.
- 5 Q And you also testified in a 2012 case
- 6 relating to First Energy?
- 7 A Yes.
- 8 Q Do you recall what the subject of your
- 9 testimony in the 2012 case was?
- 10 A Yes. I recall one aspect of it was the
- 11 duration of the contracts for the competitive bidding
- 12 process.
- 13 Q Okay. And on both of those occasions were
- 14 you testifying on behalf of OCC?
- 15 A That's correct.
- 16 Q Let me step back. Do you do work in other
- 17 jurisdictions besides Ohio where you're submitting
- 18 testimony?
- 19 A Yes.
- 20 Q And is that work done purely on behalf of
- 21 residential advocates like OCC?
- 22 A No.
- 23 Q Can you give me a general sense of, say,
- 24 projects you've been working on this year that are --
- 25 I'll start the question from the beginning. Can you

- 1 describe for me generally the nature of the projects
- 2 you've been working on this year, just to get a sense
- 3 of what work you're doing?
- 4 A I'm working one project having to do with
- 5 natural gas storage.
- 6 Q Who are you representing there?
- 7 A A group of parties, including shippers.
- 8 I'm working another project having to do with gas
- 9 distribution incentive mechanisms.
- 10 Q Who are you representing there?
- 11 A Consumer advocate.
- 12 Q Okay.
- 13 A I'm working another project for G&G, a
- 14 public power entity, generation and transmission
- 15 co-op.
- 16 Q And who are you representing? Are you
- 17 representing the co-op there?
- 18 A I'm consulting to the co-op, yes.
- 19 Q Can you describe for me the materials that
- 20 you read before you submitted your testimony?
- 21 A I reviewed the second revised application
- 22 and some of the testimony relevant to the questions
- 23 that I addressed, Ms. Marrinan's testimony. And to
- 24 an extent I followed her numbers through Ms. Rabb and
- 25 Mr. Malinak's testimony. I reviewed auction reports

- Page 9
- 1 that are cited in my testimony. I reviewed part of
- 2 the Senate bill that I referred to.
- 3 I also asked for and reviewed forward
- 4 prices.
- 5 Q The forward prices that you referred to,
- 6 were those received from the Dayton Power and Light
- 7 Company, or were they other forward prices?
- 8 A OCC subscribes to a service.
- 9 Q Okay. You mentioned that you reviewed Jeff
- 10 Malinak's testimony. I don't remember seeing his
- 11 testimony cited in your testimony, but correct me if
- 12 I'm wrong.
- 13 A I thought that was where I saw the actual
- 14 blending of the two rates. Yes. On page 7, answer
- 15 11.
- 16 Q Okay. Thank you for correcting me. Your
- 17 testimony sponsors the opinion that DP&L should move
- immediately to 100 percent competitive bidding; is
- 19 that right?
- 20 A Yes.
- 21 Q Sorry, Mr. Wilson. Because we're on the
- 22 phone, I can't tell if you're looking for something
- 23 on your papers. Are you going to be responding to my
- 24 question?
- 25 A I responded yes.

- 1 Q Oh. That would explain the long silence,
- 2 because I didn't hear that. Thank you. And you
- 3 understand that that is a more rapid rate than is
- 4 available under the MRO statute?
- 5 A No, I'm not aware of.
- 6 Q Did you -- strike that. Are you aware of
- 7 the differences between an ESP and an MRO?
- 8 A Just in broad terms. I'm not aware of all
- 9 the details, no.
- 10 Q Okay. What distinctions between those
- 11 two -- what distinctions between an ESP and an MRO
- 12 are you familiar with?
- 13 A I'm not going to speculate on that. I
- 14 don't have any particular ones I can describe at this
- 15 time, no.
- 16 Q Okay. Do you agree that the Public
- 17 Utilities Commission of Ohio, in setting rates and
- 18 establishing rate plans, should consider the
- 19 interests of consumers, the utility, and third
- 20 parties?
- 21 A I'll agree.
- Q Okay. Do you agree that a utility's
- 23 ability to provide stable service is important to
- 24 consumers?
- 25 A Yes.

- 1 Q Sorry, there's paper shuffling. I thought
- 2 I heard you say yes. Can you confirm that?
- 3 A I did say yes.
- 4 Q Okay. And do you agree that a utility's
- 5 ability to maintain financial integrity is similarly
- 6 important to consumers?
- 7 A Yes.
- 8 Q It's true, isn't it, that you do not
- 9 sponsor any testimony regarding the effect of your
- 10 proposal upon DP&L's ability to maintain stable
- 11 service?
- 12 A That's correct.
- 13 Q And you don't sponsor any testimony
- 14 regarding whether the effect of your proposal would
- 15 affect DP&L's ability to maintain its financial
- 16 integrity, right?
- 17 A Correct.
- 18 Q Do you believe that a more rapid
- 19 movement -- strike that. Your testimony identifies
- 20 certain price benefits to customers if DP&L were to
- 21 move more rapidly to a 100 percent competitive
- 22 bidding, right?
- 23 A Correct.
- Q Do you believe that in addition to those
- 25 specific price benefits that you identify, that there

- 1 are nonquantifiable benefits associated with a more
- 2 rapid move to 100 percent competitive bidding?
- 3 A That's a rather vague question, but I think
- 4 almost anything can be quantified. I guess I can
- 5 answer yes.
- 6 Q Just to be clear, when you say anything can
- 7 be quantified, some things are easier to quantify,
- 8 like price differences; and other things can be quite
- 9 difficult to quantify, is that right?
- 10 A I agree.
- 11 Q And, for example, do you believe that the
- 12 more rapid transition to competitive bidding would
- 13 promote the business climate within Dayton Power and
- 14 Light Company's service territory?
- 15 A Promote the business climate? I believe it
- 16 would enhance the competitiveness of the retail
- 17 market.
- 18 Q And it would enhance the competitiveness of
- 19 the retail market beyond merely lowering the price;
- 20 is that right?
- 21 A Yes.
- 22 Q And that's a benefit of a more rapid move
- 23 to competition that would be very difficult to
- 24 quantify?
- 25 A Yes.

- 1 Q I think the answer to this question is
- 2 pretty clear from your earlier answer, but it's true,
- 3 isn't it, that you don't sponsor any testimony on
- 4 whether DP&L's ESP is more favorable in the aggregate
- 5 than an MRO?
- 6 A Yes.
- 7 Q At any time were you asked to conduct any
- 8 analysis to determine whether DP&L's ESP is more
- 9 favorable than an MRO?
- 10 A No.
- 11 Q Did you read Jeff Malinak's testimony, the
- 12 portion of it addressing his opinion that an ESP is
- 13 in fact more favorable than an MRO?
- 14 A No.
- 15 Q Give me just a moment here, Mr. Wilson.
- 16 You cite on page 4 of your testimony, answer 7, the
- 17 Duke and First Energy auctions.
- 18 A Yes.
- 19 Q Did you consider -- strike that. First of
- 20 all, did you review the Commission's decision in the
- 21 AEP ESP proceeding?
- 22 A I've reviewed parts of it, yes.
- 23 Q Did you review the parts of it that address
- 24 the competitive bidding percentages that the
- 25 Commission approved for AEP?

- 1 A I think I did at one time, yes.
- 2 Q And are you aware that the Commission
- 3 approved an ESP for AEP that did not transition to
- 4 100 percent competitive bidding in year one?
- 5 A Yes.
- 6 Q Why didn't you address the AEP decision in
- 7 your testimony?
- 8 MS. YOST: I'm going to object. To the
- 9 extent that answer involves the provision of
- 10 information which is protected by attorney-client
- 11 privilege, I'm going to instruct you not to answer.
- 12 BY MR. SHARKEY:
- 13 Q Can you answer that question without
- 14 revealing communications between yourself and
- 15 Ms. Yost?
- 16 A In that question I noted that two other
- 17 utilities were transitioning very rapidly, and AEP
- 18 was slower. It was not -- it was not notable with
- 19 regard to the question of other utilities that are
- 20 transitioning more quickly.
- 21 Q Do you have an understanding that DP&L has
- 22 made requests for certain charges in this case that
- 23 are intended to allow DP&L to maintain its financial
- 24 integrity?
- 25 A Yes.

Page 15 And you don't have -- strike that. 1 0 don't sponsor any testimony suggesting that DP&L's requests for those charges are unreasonable or 3 unfounded, correct? Α Correct. Would you agree with me that your proposal for 100 percent competitive bidding in year one would 7 be expected to adversely affect DP&L's financial integrity? 10 Α I haven't evaluated that. 11 Would you agree it would be expected to 0 12 affect DP&L's revenue and profitability? Α That would seem to be -- to reasonably 13 14 But I haven't evaluated that. Do you believe -- actually, strike that. 15 16 The Duke auction that you referred to in your 17 testimony, do you know if that was a result of a 18 stipulation that was entered into in the Duke case? 19 I don't recall specifically, no. 20 The First Energy auction that you referred to in your testimony, do you know if it was First 21 22 Energy's proposal to have 100 percent competitive 23 bidding? 24 I don't recall, no. 25 MR. SHARKEY: Mr. Wilson, that is all the

Page 16 questions that I have for you. Can we go off the 1 2 record? (Discussion off the record.) 3 MS. YOST: If the company does order a copy 5 of the deposition transcript, Lee, I would ask that I be the person to receive that. 6 MR. SHARKEY: Lee, just so we're clear, DP&L will order a copy of the transcript, and we 8 would like it to be e-mailed to me by close of 10 business Thursday. And I know that Mr. Wilson has certain rights to review the transcript. I don't 11 12 know if you would make that available to him in 13 Bethesda, Maryland or not. Melissa, I'm not sure if 14 you're ordering the transcript or not. 15 MS. YOST: Not at this time. Mr. Wilson 16 does assert his right to read and make any and all 17 necessary corrections. If one can be provided to him 18 for his review, how do you go about doing that? 19 THE REPORTER: We can send Mr. Wilson a copy to review. But, Ms. Yost, I'm still confused as 20 21 to whether you are actually ordering a copy or not. Are you ordering a copy for yourself? 22 23 MS. YOST: No. 24 (Signature having not been waived, the 25 deposition of JAMES WILSON was concluded at 9:58 a.m.)

		Page 17
1	ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF DEPONENT	
2	I, JAMES WILSON, do hereby acknowledge the	
3	I have read and examined the foregoing testimony, and	d
4	the same is a true, correct and complete	
5	transcription of the testimony given by me, and any	
6	corrections appear on the attached Errata sheet	
7	signed by me.	
8		
9	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
10	(DATE) (SIGNATURE)	
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Page 18 CERTIFICATE OF SHORTHAND REPORTER-NOTARY PUBLIC 2 I, Lee Bursten, the officer before whom the 3 foregoing deposition was taken, do hereby certify that the foregoing transcript is a true and correct 4 5 record of the testimony given; that said testimony was taken by me stenographically and thereafter 6 reduced to typewriting under my direction; and that I am neither counsel for, related to, nor employed by 8 9 any of the parties to this case and have no interest, 10 financial or otherwise, in its outcome. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my 11 12 hand and affixed my notarial seal this 14th day of 13 March, 2013. My commission expires April 23, 2013. 14 15 16 17 18 19 LEE BURSTEN 2.0 NOTARY PUBLIC IN AND FOR 21 THE STATE OF MARYLAND 22 23 24 25

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3		Light Company	
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1	ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF DEPONENT	!
2	I, JAMES WILSON, do hereby acknowledge that	
3	I have read and examined the foregoing testimony, and	
4	the same is a true, correct and complete	
5	transcription of the testimony given by me, and any	
6	corrections appear on the attached Errata sheet	
7	signed by me.	
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The Dayton Power and Light Company Case No. 13-804-EL-RDR Summary of Projectory Jurisdictional Net Costs January 2012 - April 2014 (Revenue) Expense in \$

Schedule B-1 Page 1 of 1

Data: Actual and Forecasted Type of Filing: Original

Work Paper Reference No(s).; WPB-1

(22,955) 9,719,098 24,933 (418,334) 45,528 902,736 11,708 Total Costs/Revenues 1 Jan 12-40: 14 (F) = (D) + (E) (67,783) (67,783) 1,681,826 1,141,280 298,961 9,628 (4,282,148) 8,284,958 4,780,106 248,086 71,285 95,636 3,779,017 29,597,526 43,318 30,077,082 5,136,748 20,867,12 5.083,31 \$ 6,411,809 1,003 Projected Potential Reconcitation May 13-Apr 14 Jan 12-Apr 13 (D) (E) Schedule C-3b Cd (C) Cd (C) 21,540,037 \$ 8,437,048 1.070,501 \$ 1,073,712 \$ 8,411,809 1,070,501 21,285,717 (4,262,148) 8,264,958 4,022,811 43,437 4,066,248 1,003 1,855,158 (67,783) 1,691,280 1,141,280 1,142,280 1,780,108 1,780,108 1,71,285 7,1,285 95,835 (23,865) 9,719,066 24,833 (418,334) 43,528 902,735 4,078,448 Demand - 1 CP Demand - 1 CP Reactive Demand Energy
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TO Scheduling System Control and Displatch Service Change
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Non-Firm PTP Transmission Service Clarge RPM Auction Charge/Credit Locational Relability Charge DR & ILR Compliance Penalty Credit Capacity Resource Deficiency Credit Generation Resource Relling Test Credit Peak Hour Period Availability Charge/Credit Reactive Services Charge Other Supporting Fedities Charge Rest-Time Economic Load Response Charge Gross Revenue Conversion Factor (MPB-1) Gross Revenue Conversion Factor (WPB-1) Description (B) Reliability Pricing Model (RPM) Rider Load Management Test Failure Credit Errargency Load Response Charge SubTotal PJM RPM Deferral carrying costs. TCRR Deferral carrying costs ARR Auction Credit SubTotal Subfoul SubTota **ब**€

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STAFF ______ REPORT OF _____ INVESTIGATION ____

In the Matter of the Application of
The Dayton Power and Light Company
for Authority to Amend its Filed Tariffs
to Increase the Rates and Charges for
Electric Service.

Case No. 91-414-EL-AIR

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	THE
•	PUBLIC UTILITIES
	COMMISSION OF OHIO

Equal Opportunity Employer

Residential Customer Cost Determination

Inasmuch as costs occur as a result of customers connected to the utility's system, regardless of usage, Staff believes it appropriate that such costs should be represented in the design or structure of rates. In previous proceedings, Staff has utilized an approach which requires little or no judgment with respect to customer related expenses and which is minimally compensatory with respect to these costs. Table 11 shows the Staff's method for determining the Residential customer charge.

Exhibit A

Residential <u>Customer Cost Assignment</u> (\$000)

Plant Accounts

Account <u>Number</u>	Account Title	Account Balance
369 370	Services Meters	\$ 26,067 10,401
	Total Customer Related Distribution Plant	\$ 36,468

Expense Accor	<u>unts</u>		
Account Number	Account Title		count ance
586	Meters	\$	1,075
587	Customer Installation		1,687
597	Maintenance of Meters		72
901	Supervision (Customer Acct.)		0
902	Meter Reading		1,721
903	Customer Records, Collection	·	8,548
907	Supervision (Cust. Ser. & Coll.)		0
908	Customer Assistance		10,274
909	Information and Instruction		373
	Total Customer Related Expenses	<u>\$</u>	23,750
Customer Rela	ated Distribution Plant		
Carrying Cos	t (36,468 * 26.52%)		9,671
Plus: Custome	r Related Expenses		23,750
Total Custome	r Cost/Year		33,421
Number of Cu	stomer Bills/Year		4,917
Customer Cos	t/Bill	\$	6.80

THE DAYTON POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY MacGregor Park
1065 Woodman Dr.
Dayton, Ohio 45432

Second Revised Sheet No. D31 Cancels First Revised Sheet No. D31 Page 1 of 2

P.U.C.O. No. 17 ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION SERVICE BILLING COST RECOVERY RIDER

The Billing Cost Recovery Rider shall be assessed on a bills rendered basis at the rate stated below as such charge coincides with the Customer's Voltage Level of Service.

CHARGES:

Residential		
Energy Charge (0-750 kWh)	\$0.0010477	/kWh
Energy Charge (over 750 kWh)	\$0.0008905	/kWh
Residential Heating - Rate A		
Energy Charge (0-750 kWh)	\$0.0010477	/kWh
Energy Charge (over 750 kWh) Summer	\$0.0008905	/kWh
Energy Charge (over 750 kWh) Winter	\$0.0006116	/kWh
Residential Heating - Rate B		
Energy Charge (0-750 kWh)	\$0.0010477	/kWh
Energy Charge (over 750 kWh) Summer	\$0.0008905	/kWh
Energy Charge (over 750 kWh) Winter	\$0.0002997	/ kWh
Secondary		
Energy Charge (0-1,500 kWh)	\$0.0014344	/ kWh
Energy Charge (1,501 - 125,000 kWh)	\$0.0003027	/kWh
Energy Charge (over 125,000 kWh)	\$0.0002114	/ kWh
Max Charge	\$0.0032130	/ kWh
Primary		
Energy Charge	\$0.0000042	/kWh
Max Charge	\$0.0000757	/kWh
Primary-Substation		
Energy Charge	\$0.0000029	/kWh
High Voltage		
Energy Charge	\$0.0000044	/kWh
Private Outdoor Lighting		
7,000 Lumens Mercury	\$0.0496138	/ lamp/month
21,000 Lumens Mercury	\$0.1018736	/ lamp/month
2,500 Lumens Incandescent	\$0.0423371	/ lamp/month
7,000 Lumens Fluorescent	\$0.0436601	/ lamp/month
4,000 Lumens Post Top Mercury	\$0.0284452	/ lamp/month
•		-

Filed pursuant to the Opinion and Order in Case No. 05-792-EL-ATA dated March 1, 2006 of the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio.

Issued March 1, 2006

Effective March 2, 2006

THE DAYTON POWER AND LIGHT COMPANY MacGregor Park
1065 Woodman Dr.
Dayton, Ohio 45432

Second Revised Sheet No. D31 Cancels First Revised Sheet No. D31 Page 2 of 2

P.U.C.O. No. 17 ELECTRIC DISTRIBUTION SERVICE BILLING COST RECOVERY RIDER

CHARGES: (Continued)

School

\$0.0000904

/kWh

Street Lighting

\$0.0000315

/kWh

The Billing Cost Recovery Rider shall be assessed until the Company's expenses including billing system modification, auditing costs, and carrying charges are recovered.

Filed pursuant to the Opinion and Order in Case No. 05-792-EL-ATA dated March 1, 2006 of the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio.

Issued March 1, 2006

Effective March 2, 2006