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1
        BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO
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    In the Matter of:
                              : Case No. 12-1230-EL-SSO
4
    The Application of The
                              :
    Ohio Edison Company,
5
    The Cleveland Electric
    Illuminating Company,
6
    and The Toledo Edison
    Company for Authority to
7
    Provide for a Standard
    Service Offer Pursuant to :
    R. C. Section 4928.143 in :
    the Form of an Electric :
9
    Security Plan.
10
11
                          PROCEEDINGS
12
    before Mr. Gregory Price and Ms. Mandy L. Willey,
13
    Hearing Examiners, at the Public Utilities Commission
14
    of Ohio, 180 East Broad Street, Room 11-C, Columbus,
15
    Ohio, on June 6, 2012, called at 10:00 a.m.
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1 Wednesday Morning Session, 2 June 6, 2012 3 4 EXAMINER WILLEY: Let's go ahead and go 5 on the record. The Public Utilities Commission has 6 called for hearing at this time and place case No. 7 12-1230-EL-SSO, being In the Matter of the 8 Application of the Ohio Edison Company, the Cleveland 9 Electric Illuminating Company, and the Toledo Edison Company for Authority to Provide for a Standard 10 11 Service Offer Pursuant to Section 4928.143, Revised 12 Code, in the Form of an Electric Security Plan. 13 Let the record reflect this is the third 14 day of hearing. 15 Before we proceed today, would any of the 16 parties like to make any motions? 17 MR. KUTIK: Yes, your Honor. EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Kutik. 18 19 MR. KUTIK: Earlier in this case, your 20 Honor, we had asked the Bench to take administrative 21

notice of the records on which our application is based, and particularly the records in the 10-388 and 09-906 case. Our application specifically refers to the record in the 10-388 case, and the 10-388 case, in turn, relies on certain documents in the record in

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09-906.

2.2

The admonition we received from the Bench was that it was the Bench's preference rather than designate the entire record, that we be somewhat surgical in determining what we wanted to have the Bench and the Commission rely upon in its — in their collective decisions in this case, and so we have done that.

So at this time, your Honor, we have passed around a list indicating the documents that we wish the Bench to take administrative notice of, and they are as follows: Starting in Case No. 09-906, we seek to have the Bench and the Commission take administrative notice of Company Exhibits 1 through 7, which comprise the application in that case and the attachments to the application, the various exhibits, and supporting exhibits and testimony in support of the application. Those are Company Exhibits 1 through 7.

We also ask that the Bench and Commission take administrative notice of two pages from the transcript in that case, both from Volume IV, and those being pages 493 and 586.

With respect to Case No. 10-388, we request that the Bench and the Commission take  $\frac{10-388}{10-388}$ 

administrative notice of Joint Exhibit 1, which is
the stipulation in that case, as well as Company
Exhibits 1 through 3 and Company Exhibit 12. Company
Exhibits 1 through 3 are the application,
stipulation, Mr. Ridmann's initial testimony in
support of the stipulation, as well as various errata
and attachments. Exhibit 12 is Mr. Ridmann's

8 testimony in support of the supplemental stipulations 9 in that case.

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We also ask that the Commission and the Bench take administrative notice of Staff Exhibits 1 through 4, which are the prefiled testimony and the testimony that was, in fact, admitted into the record of Staff Witness Choueiki, Tarkenton, and two for Mr. Fortney.

We also ask the Bench and the Commission to take administrative notice of IEU Exhibit 2, which was the testimony of IEU Witness D'Angelo. We also ask that the Commission and the Bench take administrative notice of several pages from the transcript in that case, those being Volume I, page 317; from Volume II, pages 483 and 484; and from Volume III, pages 579 and 775.

And we so move at this time.

EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you. Does any

party have a response to Mr. Kutik's motion for the Bench to take administrative notice?

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MR. DORTCH: Yes, your Honor. AEP Retail does object to the motion made by Mr. Kutik. AEP Retail has no particular issue if the Bench wishes to take notice of administrative orders — administrative entries or even orders of the Commission that were entered in that case. But what we have here is really an attempt to move wholesale entire blocks of evidence submitted in these prior cases into this case.

Now, AEP Retail, first of all, we don't believe that's proper. If the company wished to put on evidence in this case, it should do so. But, secondly, and equally important, AEP Retail was not a party to this prior proceeding. It has not had the opportunity to evaluate the witnesses' testimony, cross-examine those witnesses, or to consider putting its own witnesses on in response to those witnesses.

If I understand what is meant by administrative notice in this particular motion, effectively the -- effectively the result will be no different than if -- if these items which, at least without the docket in front of me for these cases, look to be a pretty wholesale inclusion of the record

made in these prior cases. It's really effectively no different than moving those into evidence. We don't believe that's proper, and we oppose the motion.

2.2

EXAMINER WILLEY: So, Mr. Dortch, are you objecting to the Bench taking administrative notice of the entirety of the documents or did you have certain --

MR. DORTCH: The entirety of the documents, your Honor. In fact, as I said, any entries or orders are certainly fair game for administrative notice, but this is — this is tran — you know, just to refer to the last four items, that appears to me to be three or four days — I'm sorry, these are — initially — I'm sorry, Mr. Kutik, I misunderstood. Those, I believed, were four days' worth of transcripts. I do now see that they are particular pages from the transcript.

MR. KUTIK: Five to be exact.

MR. DORTCH: I'm sorry?

MR. KUTIK: Five pages to be exact.

MR. DORTCH: Five pages to be exact. It really doesn't change my objection, your Honor. It's still an attempt to introduce evidence in this proceeding that was submitted in another proceeding

that AEP Retail has not had an opportunity to respond to.

Your Honor, if, you know, if the company -- or if the companies intended to utilize this and wished to add, you know, put it in, explain why they are asking that it be used so it can be examined on an item-by-item basis, it might perhaps be different, but moving things in wholesale is what we do object to.

EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you, Mr. Dortch.

MR. WARNOCK: NOPEC objects for similar reasons and some other ones in addition to what I'm going to call kind of Constitution issue with due process and confrontation issues that Mr. Dortch

okay, you know, with the stipulation, I believe, from

highlighted. You know, these cases and also we're

the 10-388, which case has already been taken

Mr. Warnock.

19 administrative notice of. The orders and entries,

20 | that's fine.

2.2

But, you know, we have testimony trying to be admitted for folks that did not testify in this hearing, and, you know, what's kind of lost in this is there is a separate application and a separate ESP proposal that are pending in this case that need to

be analyzed, you know, under the statute the ESP versus MRO test, but also the three-part test for a stipulation.

That stand-alone application is what's at issue here, not what's gone on in these prior proceedings. Regardless of how you want to characterize this, as an alleged continuation of a prior case, it's not. It's a separate proceeding so we have — we also object to all of these except for the 10-388 stipulation.

EXAMINER WILLEY: Okay. Thank you,

12 Mr. Warnock.

Mr. Sauer.

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MR. SAUER: OCC would join in both the NOPEC and AEP Retail's objections to admitting or taking administrative notice of these items at this time.

EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Dortch, do you have something to add?

MR. DORTCH: Yes, your Honor, I would like to amend my objection. I did not recognize the stipulation and I should have. I have no objection to the stipulation being recognized through administrative notice from the 10-388 case.

EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you.

Mr. Petricoff.

MR. PETRICOFF: Yes, your Honor. RESA would like to join in the objection as well with the exception of we don't object to the 10-388 stipulation. The reason we don't object to that is that it's clear what the relevance is. It is not clear, for example, what the relevance is from these days of hearing, what's in those days of hearing or from prior testimony. And in order to get into the record, it's got to be relevant and there's got to be some showing of that.

EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you.

MR. KAPLA: Objection. Sierra Club joins in as well, your Honor.

MR. VICKERS: ELPC also joins.

MR. HAYS: NOAC also joins the

objections.

2.2

MR. KUTIK: May I be heard, your Honor?

EXAMINER WILLEY: Yes.

MR. KUTIK: The administrative notice of portions of the record is a routine proceeding that is recognized in other proceedings. And, in fact, AEP Retail's affiliate has regularly offered these types of documents and evidence as on administrative notice in proceedings in their cases.

The parties were certainly on notice that the companies intended to rely upon the 10-388 record. That was part of our application, and being a party in a prior case is not a requirement for administrative notice. The documents are what they are. The evidence is what it is, and it's indisputable with respect to those two facts. That's the requirement for administrative notice.

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With respect to the objections of NOAC or NOPEC, I just note that those — they were signatory parties to the 10-388 case and certainly can't claim any prejudice with respect to that.

With respect to why the record of 09-906 is relevant, those documents contain, among other things, the various competitive bid process supporting documents, the master service supply agreement, communication protocols, and the credit requirements and other things that are basic nut and bolts of what will go into what -- what is widely regarded as a highly successful process that we hope the Commission will support.

EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you, Mr. Kutik.

I'm going to reserve ruling on your motion until later today. During the time being, if you feel the need to mark any of the exhibits, we can

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    certainly mark those exhibits as needed.
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                 MR. LAVANGA: Your Honor.
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                 EXAMINER WILLEY: Yes, Mr. Lavanga.
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                 MR. LAVANGA: I just wanted to -- first
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     of all, I support the company's motion to take
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    administrative notice of the record in the previous
    two proceedings. I would also request that in
7
8
    addition to the materials that were listed, that we
    include Nucor Exhibit 1 from Case 09-906, which is
9
    the direct testimony of Nucor's witness Dennis Goins.
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                 EXAMINER WILLEY: Did you say that was
12
    Nucor Exhibit 6?
13
                 MR. LAVANGA: Nucor Exhibit 1.
                 EXAMINER WILLEY: Nucor Exhibit 1. And
14
15
    that was the direct testimony of?
16
                 MR. LAVANGA: Dr. Dennis Goins.
17
                 EXAMINER WILLEY: I'll also reserve
18
    ruling on your motion.
19
                 Does any party have a response to that?
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                 MR. DORTCH: Same objection, your Honor.
21
                 EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Warnock.
2.2
                 MR. HAYS: Same objection.
23
                 MR. SAUER: Same objection.
24
                 MR. PETRICOFF: Same objection.
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                 EXAMINER WILLEY: I will reserve ruling
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20 1 on that motion. 2 All right. Is there anything else we 3 need to discuss before we proceed with Mr. Frye? 4 Mr. Warnock, is this your witness? 5 MR. WARNOCK: This is my witness. 6 EXAMINER WILLEY: You may proceed. 7 MR. WARNOCK: NOAC and NOPEC jointly call 8 Mark Frye to the stand. 9 10 MARK L. FRYE 11 being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was 12 examined and testified as follows: 13 DIRECT EXAMINATION 14 By Mr. Warnock: 15 Q. Good morning, Mr. Frye. 16 Good morning. Α. 17 Could you please state your name and Q. business address for the record. 18 19 Mark Frye, F-R-Y-E, Palmer Energy Α. 20 Company, 241 North Superior Street, Toledo, Ohio. 21 And for whom are you currently employed? 2.2 Α. I'm the president of Palmer Energy 23 Company. MR. WARNOCK: Your Honor, may I approach? 24

EXAMINER WILLEY: You may.

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$  WARNOCK: I am going to have marked as Joint NOPEC/NOAC Exhibit 1 the testimony of Mark Frye.

2.2

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MR. WARNOCK: And just for clarification purposes, in talking with counsel for FirstEnergy, the document that I'm handing out to Mr. Frye and the parties was previously filed under seal and protective order was granted for it.

Since that time, an agreement has been reached that it's not confidential, so the version that I'm handing out, it was previously filed under seal, confidential, but will be used for purposes of this hearing as a public document.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, just to be clear, and I'm not suggesting that counsel has misrepresented anything in any way, but just to be clear, the specific piece of information that appears in Mr. Frye's prefiled testimony that was previously redacted for public view we believe is not confidential. However, the information by which Mr. Frye took this and what was provided to NOPEC and NOAC in discovery, that does remain to be confidential.

MR. WARNOCK: And thank you for the

- 4 line -- I'm sorry. It was MRF Exhibit 3 and page 9,
  5 line 25, that were previously redacted.
  - Q. (By Mr. Warnock) Mr. Frye, do you have what was previously marked as Joint NOPEC/NOAC Exhibit 1 before you?
  - A. I do.

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- Q. Could you please identify that exhibit?
- 11 A. This is my testimony in this particular 12 case.
- Q. And was this testimony prepared by you or under your direction and supervision?
- 15 A. It was.
- Q. Do you have any changes or corrections to that testimony today?
- 18 A. T do.
- 19 Q. And what are those changes?
- 20 A. On page 6, line 10.
- Q. And what is the change?
- A. The exhibit where I have listed "MRF-5" should be listed as "MRF-6."
- Q. Do you have any other changes to your testimony?

1 Α. No, I do not. 2 Q. If I were to ask you the same questions 3 today that are in your direct testimony, would the 4 answers be the same? 5 Α. They would. 6 MR. WARNOCK: Your Honor, at this time I 7 would tender the witness for cross. 8 EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you. 9 Begin with Mr. Sauer. 10 MR. SAUER: No questions, your Honor. 11 EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Dortch. 12 MR. DORTCH: No questions, your Honor. 13 EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Royer. 14 MR. ROYER: No questions. 15 EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Vickers? 16 MR. VICKERS: No questions, your Honor. 17 EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Kapla. 18 MR. KAPLA: No questions, your Honor. 19 EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Lavanga. 20 MR. LAVANGA: No questions, your Honor. 21 MS. KYLER: Jody Kyler, on behalf of the 22 Ohio Energy Group. No questions. 23 EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you. 24 Mr. Petricoff.

MR. PETRICOFF: No questions, your Honor.

24 1 EXAMINER WILLEY: And, Mr. Kutik. 2 MR. KUTIK: Thank you, your Honor. 3 4 CROSS-EXAMINATION By Mr. Kutik: 5 6 Good morning, Mr. Frye. 0. 7 Good morning. Α. 8 Q. Mr. Frye, you have a fairly regular 9 relationship with NOAC and NOPEC, do you not? 10 Α. Yes. 11 NOAC you are on retainer for, correct? 0. 12 I have an energy consulting relationship with -- with NOAC communities. 13 14 And you are on a retainer; you get a retainer for that? 15 16 I get paid by the various consumers who 17 are participants in the NOAC communities aggregations. 18 19 Q. Isn't that true; isn't that a retainer? 20 You can characterize it as a retainer. 21 It's part -- it's part of the supply contract with 2.2 the various suppliers and the various municipalities. 23 And these firms, that is, NOPEC and NOAC, 0. 24 represent about 10 to 20 percent of your business

from a revenue standpoint, correct?

- A. Approximately.
- Q. And NOAC is among your top five clients,
- 3 | correct?

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- 4 A. Correct.
- Q. And NOPEC is among your top 20 clients, correct?
- 7 A. Correct.
  - Q. Now, as far as you know, NOPEC and NOAC have had -- had the opportunity to participate in the negotiations in the ESP II case, correct?
- 11 A. Yes.
- Q. And as far as you know, NOPEC and NOAC
  were able to see draft versions of the stipulation
  that was being discussed in negotiations in that case
  before the stipulation was filed.
- MR. WARNOCK: Your Honor. I thought I heard you say ESP II.
- 18 MR. KUTIK: Yes.
- 19 MR. WARNOCK: The 10-388 case?
- MR. KUTIK: Yes, I am.
- A. I'm sorry, could you repeat the question, please, Mr. Kutik?
- Q. Sure. That the -- these parties, NOAC and NOPEC, had an opportunity to review the stipulation or drafts of the stipulation that was

- being discussed in negotiations in the ESP II before
  those stip -- that stipulation was filed, correct?
  - A. To the best of my recollection, that's correct.
  - Q. And NOPEC and NOAC in that case had the opportunity to make comments on the stipulation as drafted in that case.
  - A. Are you talking -- you say "that case."

    Are we talking about this particular case, Mr. Kutik?
    - Q. No. I am still talking about ESP II.
    - A. Yes.
      - Q. And the same would be true for this case?
- 13 A. Yes.

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- Q. Now, you believe that since NOPEC and NOAC didn't have -- or didn't agree with the stipulation, it is not supported by broad residential representation, correct?
  - A. Are we now talking about this particular stipulation, Mr. Kutik?
    - Q. Yes, I am.
    - A. You are jumping back and forth.
- Q. I am not jumping around. I thought my questions were clear, but I will be glad to clarify them for you.
  - A. Thank you.

Q. With respect to this case because NOPEC and NOAC did not support the stipulation, the stipulation is not supported by broad residential representation, correct?

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- A. I believe my testimony, Mr. Kutik, is that the OCC, NOAC, and NOPEC did not sign on to the stipulated settlement and that, therefore, the settlement lacks broad residential representation.
- Q. Well, my question was specifically about you and your clients. Is it your testimony that because NOPEC and NOAC did not support the stipulation, that the stipulation is not supported by the broad representation broad residential representation? That's your testimony, isn't it?
  - A. No, I don't believe so, Mr. Kutik.
- Q. All right. Well, don't you believe that if NOPEC and NOAC had agreed to the stipulation, that the stipulation would be supported by broad residential representation?
- A. Yes, I would say that's a fair assessment.
- Q. Okay. And you believe that because NOAC and NOPEC represent municipalities that represent residential customers, correct?
  - A. Yes and no. The NOAC communities are a

coalition of individual municipalities who work together to secure governmental aggregation supply contracts and provide those governmental aggregation offers to residential and small business consumers.

NOPEC, on the other hand, is a council of governments, and while there are municipalities who agree to participate in NOPEC, it's my understanding that NOPEC stands as a CRES in its own right as a governmental aggregator, and NOPEC, therefore, directly makes that offer through their contracts with various suppliers.

Q. Well, isn't it true, though, that you believe because municipalities can represent residential customers, that NOPEC and NOAC's agreement would represent broad residential support?

MR. WARNOCK: Objection. I don't believe Mr. Frye ever testified about municipalities representing residential customers.

EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Kutik, do you have a response?

MR. KUTIK: I am not characterizing his testimony. I am just asking, "Isn't that your view, sir."

EXAMINER WILLEY: I am going to overrule.

A. Could you repeat the question again,

Mr. Kutik?

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- Q. Sure. Isn't it your view that you would -- you believe that if NOPEC and NOAC supported the stipulation, the stipulation would have support from broad residential representation because you believe that NOAC and NOPEC represent municipalities that represent residential customers?
- A. No. I believe that NOAC and NOPEC have governmental aggregations, which as representing those governmental aggregation consumers, those municipalities represent broad broad residential representation.
- Q. So municipalities may have an interest and may be able to represent residential customers, correct?
- A. If that's who they are attempting to represent, potentially, yes.
- Q. Okay. Now, from your dealings with NOPEC and NOAC and otherwise, you do have knowledge about shopping and various shopping levels and shopping activity within the state of Ohio, do you not?
  - A. T do.
- Q. And would it be fair to say that you believe the shopping levels within the FirstEnergy EDUs' territory is among the highest in the state?

- A. They are.
- Q. And with respect to government aggregation activity, would it also be true that there is more government aggregation activity within the FirstEnergy EDUs than anywhere else in the state?
- A. To the best of my recollection, that's correct.
- Q. And, further, you would believe or you understand that there are many CRES suppliers that are currently active in the FirstEnergy EDUs' territory?
- 12 A. Yes.

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- Q. Now, you've testified in a number of ESP cases, have you not?
- 15 A. I have.
  - Q. And you've testified in Case No. 08-935 regarding FirstEnergy.
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. You've testified in Case No. 08-917 20 regarding AEP Ohio.
- 21 A. Correct.
- Q. You've testified in 08-1094 regarding
  DP&L.
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. You've testified in Case No. 9 -- excuse

- me -- 09-906 regarding FirstEnergy again.
  - A. Correct.

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- Q. And you've testified in Case No. 11-346 regarding AEP again.
  - A. Correct.
- Q. And would it be fair to say that in none of those cases do you recall testifying on the subject of whether the ESP was more favorable in the aggregate than an MRO?
  - A. That's incorrect.
- Q. All right. Well, isn't it true that you can't recall testifying in the 08-935 case about that subject?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And isn't it true you cannot -- you also cannot recollect testifying on that subject in the 08-917 case?
  - A. That's correct.
- 19 Q. And isn't it true you can't recall
  20 testifying about that subject in the 08-1094 case?
  - A. That's correct.
  - Q. And isn't it also true you couldn't recall testifying about that in the 09-906 case?
- A. That's correct.
- Q. And isn't it true you couldn't recall

testifying about that, or you didn't believe you testified about that, in the 11-346 case?

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- A. My testimony in the 11-346 case does include some conversation about the aggregate test of an ESP versus an MRO.
- Q. All right. Well, in this case you're not testifying about whether the Commission should or should not approve the ESP, correct?
- A. My testimony in this case revolves around the fact that the quantitative test that FirstEnergy put forward includes RTEP charges, and when you exclude those RTEP charges, the quantitative test for an ESP versus an MRO has failed, and, therefore, because it fails, I was pointing out to the Commission that that failure was, in fact, there and that that should be taken under consideration when they're evaluating the ESP.
  - Q. Now, let's get to my question.
  - A. Fair enough.
- Q. Which is, you're not testifying on the subject of whether or not the Commission should adopt or approve the ESP, correct?
- A. I believe my testimony indicates that on page 7, lines 16 through 22 -- or my answers on line 18 through 22 talks about the fact the ESP fails the

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quantitative test, as I just mentioned, and doesn't provide sufficient benefits to residential and small business consumers.
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MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, I move to strike as nonresponsive.

EXAMINER WILLEY: Do you have a response, Mr. Warnock?

 $$\operatorname{MR.}$$  WARNOCK: I think he is explaining his answer. The question was about the test, and he is explaining --

MR. KUTIK: No. My question was about whether or not the Commission should approve the ESP as proposed.

MR. WARNOCK: I think that's up to the Commission, not up to the witness.

EXAMINER WILLEY: I am going to deny your motion to strike. I am going to give the witness some leeway in providing a full answer.

But, Mr. Frye, I would like you to please listen carefully to counsel's question and answer that question rather than elaborating.

THE WITNESS: Yes, your Honor.

Q. (By Mr. Kutik) Let's try it again. Isn't it true you are not testifying in this case, not rendering an opinion as to whether the Commission

- 1 | should or should not approve the ESP?
- A. The Commission can approve it or not approve it.
  - Q. That's not my question.
- 5 A. The test -- would you let me finish, 6 Mr. Kutik?
  - Q. Please, go ahead.

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- A. I'm not testifying whether or not the ESP should be necessarily approved by the Commission.

  The Commission has the ability to do that if they so choose.
- Q. So you're not rendering an opinion as to whether the Commission should or should not approve the ESP, correct?
  - A. My opinion is rendered in my testimony that the quantitative test has failed in the ESP III case.
  - Q. Again, you are not rendering an opinion as to whether the Commission shouldn't approve the ESP?
    - A. No, I am not.
- Q. All right. And isn't it true that you're not testifying in this case as to whether the ESP is more favorable than an MRO?
  - A. I'm testifying that the quantitative test

that the companies put forward fails the ESP versus the MRO test. As for the other potential factors that the Commission may consider, they're obviously welcome to do so. That's up to them.

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to do better.

- Q. So let's get back to my question. So you're not testifying in this case whether the ESP is more favorable than an MRO, correct?
- A. I don't know what the Commission would consider in the quantitative versus the qualitative question. I'm commenting in my testimony about the quantitative aspects of it. What the Commission chooses to take into account in the quan -- or the qualitative aspect of it is their decision.

interrupt you. I just want to tell you again, I would like you to please listen carefully to counsel's question and directly answer that question. You know, I will give you some leeway as far as giving a full reply, but I wouldn't like you to elaborate so far beyond the question that was asked.

THE WITNESS: Yes, your Honor. I'll try

EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you.

Q. (By Mr. Kutik) Mr. Frye, isn't it true that you're not rendering an opinion as to whether

the ESP is more favorable in the aggregate than an MRO?

A. That's correct.

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- Q. Now, although you've made some comments about the quantitative comparison of the ESP compared to an MRO, you're not taking a position as to whether the Commission should consider qual -- qualitative aspects, correct?
  - A. I am not.
- Q. In fact, you believe that the Commission could approve hypothetically an ESP that had rates higher than market rates, correct?
  - A. They could.
- Q. And you also believe that if the Commission approved an ESP that included rates below market rates, that that would be anti-competitive?
  - A. It may.
- Q. With regard to the DCR and your comments about the DCR and how that should be handled in the quantitative aspect of the ESP versus MRO test, you believe that the DCR should be included and considered as part of the ESP side of the ESP versus MRO test, correct?
- A. To the extent the companies included that in their test, yes.

- Q. Okay. You believe it's not appropriate, however, to consider the effect of similar re -- recovery of similar costs that might be collected by the DSR for evaluating an MRO, correct?
  - A. You mean the DCR?
  - Q. DCR, yes, thank you.
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. If the companies had a rate case in which and proposed to recover the type of costs that are being proposed to be recovered under the DCR, you would agree with me, would you not, that the likelihood that in the rate case the likelihood of the recovery of zero would be zero, that there would be a likelihood those costs would be recovered, correct?
- A. There's a likelihood that some costs would certainly be recovered.
- Q. Okay. In fact, you would expect that the companies' expenditure would likely be recovered, correct?
- MR. WARNOCK: Objection. This is entirely speculative about what would happen in a hypothetical rate case.
- EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Kutik, your
- 25 response?

MR. KUTIK: The ESP versus MRO is, in itself, a speculative exercise, your Honor. We are speculating about what a proposed MRO would be like, and so this is fair game for this witness.

EXAMINER WILLEY: Your objection is overruled.

- A. Could you repeat the question again,
  Mr. Kutik?
  - Q. Sure.

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- A. Thank you.
- Q. If the companies had a rate case and proposed to recover the type of costs proposed to be recovered here through the DCR, the likelihood of recovery in the rate case would not be zero, correct?
- A. I believe I testified a moment ago,
  Mr. Kutik, that they would likely receive some
  recovery.
- 18 Q. Right. So the answer to my question is 19 "yes"?
- 20 A. I believe they would receive some
  21 recovery. I don't know the likelihood of zero versus
  22 not zero.
- Q. Okay. Well, it's -- it is not likely that the recovery would be zero, correct?
  - A. In my judgment I would assume that the

- company would file for a rate increase if it needed it and it had proper justification; therefore, you are correct.
- Q. Thank you. In fact, you would expect that the companies' expenditures would likely be recovered.
- A. To some extent or another, they would likely be recovered.
- Q. Thank you. Now, you participated, as we mentioned just a little while ago, in the AEP Ohio ESP II case, Case No. 11-346, correct?
  - A. T did.

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- Q. And in that case AEP proposed a rider DIR, correct?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. And rider DIR and the rider proposed in this case, rider DCR, are similar in that both would recover incremental capital expenditures since the respective companies' last distribution rate cases, correct?
  - A. That's my general recollection.
- Q. And you are aware, are you not, since you participated in the 11-346 case, that the Commission expressed a view as to how the DIR should be -- should be considered as part of the ESP versus MRO

test, correct?

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- A. I didn't follow that particular section of the rate case, Mr. Kutik, so I don't recall what the Commission's judgment on that was.
- Q. With regard to Mr. Ridmann's calculations with respect to the effect of DCR-type recovery in a rate case, in terms of what's in his testimony, you don't know how he came up with his figures; is that correct?
  - A. Which figure? On the ESP or MRO side?
  - O. The MRO side.
- A. No, I do not.
  - Q. The DCR is currently part of the FirstEnergy EDUs rates, correct?
    - A. That's correct.
  - Q. And there are caps as to what the companies can recover in a year under rider DCR.
  - A. Under the stipulated settlement approved by the Commission, that's my understanding.
- Q. And these caps, as far as you understand it, increase by \$15 million per year; is that correct?
  - A. That's my general recollection.
- Q. And the companies propose in this case that the caps increase by a similar rate of \$15

million per year.

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- A. Beyond -- \$15 million a year above the prior levels in the current ESP.
  - Q. Yes.
  - A. Yes.
    - Q. The companies here have proposed essentially a two-year extension of the current DCR, correct?
      - A. I'm not sure how to answer that,
        Mr. Kutik. To the extent this is a separate case or
        a continuation of the existing ESP case, I'm not sure
        how to answer it. I understand the application is
        asking for a continuation of DCR rider.
        - Q. For two years.
        - A. For two additional years.
- Q. So the potential increases as a result of this ESP from current rates would be about \$45 million, correct?
- A. Yes. Both 30 million in the first year and 45 million in the second year.
- Q. Well, actually, it would be 15 million in the first year and 30 million in the second year, correct?
- A. No; because we're in the second year of the ESP currently, Mr. Kutik, not the third, so,

therefore, there's another 15 to take into account.

- Q. Fair enough. So from the end of the ESP, the additional caps would be 45 million, correct?
  - A. Total, yes.

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- Q. And of that \$45 million, not all of that would be paid by residential customers, correct?
- A. That's my general recollection, that's correct.
- Q. And the revenue requirement for the DCR rider for residential customers, or the allocation to residential customers, is less than half, correct?
  - A. That's my general recollection, yes.
- Q. I want to talk to you about some of the features of rider DCR, as you understand them. If the companies don't spend money, that would -- don't spend money, they don't recover it, correct?
  - A. Correct.
  - Q. And there's a quarterly filing.
  - A. That's my recollection, yes.
- Q. And there is a reconciliation between expenditures and charges recovered, correct?
  - A. I believe that there is, yes.
  - O. And there is an annual audit.
- A. I don't recall whether the audit is annual, but I do recall that there is some ability

for the Commission to audit.

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- Q. There is a regular audit.
- A. Regular audit, fair enough.
- Q. And that audit allows parties, other than the staff, an opportunity to review the audit and to make comments on the audit, correct?
  - A. To the best of my understanding, yes.
- Q. And you would agree with me that these are positive aspects of the DCR.
- A. The ability for other parties to -- to evaluate and consider it would be a positive aspect of the DCR, yes.
- Q. Okay. And the reconciliation is a positive aspect of the DCR.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And all of those things are proposed to be continued in the ESP III, correct?
  - A. To the best of my recollection, yes.
- Q. Now, with respect to RTEP costs and the recovery of RTEP costs or the nonrecovery of RTEP costs, you would agree with me, would you not, having the company forego those costs or recovery of those costs, as well as recovery of MISO exit fees, was a benefit to ESP II.
  - A. Yes.

- Q. And there was nothing that required the First -- FirstEnergy companies to have the same terms in this ESP as it had in the last ESP, correct?
- A. I'm not sure I understand your question,
  Mr. Kutik, in regards to "the same terms."
  - Q. Okay.

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MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, may I approach?

EXAMINER WILLEY: You may.

- Q. Mr. Frye, I noticed you didn't bring anything up on the stand with you, so I assume you do not have copies of your deposition; am I correct about that?
  - A. That's correct.
  - Q. Let me show you a copy.

Mr. Frye, I would like you to turn to page 58 of your deposition. Are you there, sir?

- A. Tam.
- Q. And directing your attention to line 19, did you testify as follows: "Question: I wanted to change topics now, Mr. Frye. Is there anything that required FirstEnergy to have the same terms in this ESP that it had in the last ESP?

23 "Answer: Not that I know of."
24 Is that your testimony, sir?

A. That's my testimony.

- Q. Now, the companies were also free to attempt to negotiate or renegotiate the terms from ESP II, correct?
- A. To the extent that they were able to get the parties and the Commission to agree to it, yes.
- Q. Okay. Now, let me change topics. You have not undertaken a forecast with regard to where energy prices may be over the proposed term of ESP III, correct?
  - A. Correct.

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- Q. And based on forward price curves, the marketplace anticipates that energy prices will be higher in the future, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And the forward curve shows a trend of prices increasing throughout the course of the proposed ESP, correct?
- A. In this particular marketplace, that's correct.
- Q. Now, in a similar situation in December of 2009, you recommended that the companies go out and auction a three-year product, correct?
  - A. I did.
- Q. And you testified that you believed in that case that electricity prices would increase

- every six months during a period from May, 2010, through May, 2012, correct?
  - A. That was my expectation.

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- Q. And you thus recommended that the companies purchase at that time 100 percent in 2010 for delivery to customers throughout the -- through May of 2014, correct?
- A. At that time that was my -- that was my testimony.
- Q. Now, you believe that capacity costs in ATSI for the planning year 2015-2016 will be \$357 per megawatt-day, correct?
- A. That's my understanding of the results of the BRA auction in PJM for ATSI.
- Q. Other than credits for curtail customers, you don't know whether there were any credits for anything else applied to that \$357 figure, correct?
  - A. Not that I know of.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, may I approach?

EXAMINER WILLEY: You may.

MR. KUTIK: And I only have one copy of this exhibit with me, your Honor, but it has already been marked and admitted into evidence, and that's Company Exhibit 6, which has at the title "2015/2016 Delivery Year Summary of Auction Results," and I will

show counsel a copy.

EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you.

- Q. Mr. Frye, let me show you what has been marked and admitted as Company Exhibit 6. Have you ever seen that before?
  - A. Not that I can recall.

    MR. KUTIK: May I approach, your Honor?

    EXAMINER WILLEY: You may.
  - Q. You say you haven't seen that before?
  - A. Not that I can recall.
- Q. So you don't know whether that's a document published by PJM?
- A. I don't recall seeing it in a document published by PJM.
- Q. Looking at the middle of the document, it refers to zonal CTR credit rates. Do you know what CTR means?
  - A. No.
- Q. Thank you. Now, you believe that the Commission should require the companies here to auction in October of this year and January of next year two products: One, a product for delivery beginning in May of -- excuse me -- June, 2013, to May of 2014, and then a two-year product beginning in June of 2014, correct?

A. Yes.

- Q. So part of the auction in October of 2012 January of 2013 would be for product or -- which would have delivery starting in June of 2014, correct?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. And you don't recall whether the Commission has stated any preference as to when auctions should be held relative to the beginning of delivery, correct?
  - A. I don't recall.
- Q. With regard to a competitive bidding process, you would agree with me, would you not, that in many cases it's prudent to use a product approach that minimizes the risk from unpredictability and volatility?
  - A. For some customers, yes.
- Q. And you've heard of the concept of hedging.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Hedging is a fairly accepted way to minimize the risks of volatility.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you're aware of the concept of laddering in the procurement of SSO load.

A. I am.

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- Q. And you're aware that laddering may be viewed as auctioning off different lengths of product that may overlap.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And laddering is an acceptable method to hedge risk in an energy market.
  - A. It's one method, yes.
- Q. To the extent that the companies want to use a product or a series of products that minimizes risks and volatility, laddering could be a reasonable thing to do.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. A mix of one-, two-, or three-year products may avoid large rate swings.
  - A. Yes, they may.
  - Q. And some customers may few relative stability in rates as a benefit. You recognize that.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Now, as part of your work for Palmer
  Energy, you have followed the FirstEnergy SSO
  auctions, correct?
- A. Generally.
- Q. You believe that those auctions have been successful.

- A. For the purposes in which they're intended, yes.
- Q. And among the purposes was the procurement of reliable power at reasonable prices.
  - A. To this point, yes.
- Q. And those auctions have attracted a sufficient number of bidders to garner a competitive price.
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. You agree that as far as procured power is concerned, the process should be revenue neutral to the companies.
  - A. By and large, yes.
- Q. And to the extent -- the companies incurred costs in terms of what they pay a supplier, the company should be able to recover those costs.
  - A. By and large, yes.
- Q. Now, the price -- if the price of products is averaged, as proposed by the companies, the companies' cost would not be less in the early part of the ESP, correct?
  - A. Based upon your application, Mr. Kutik?
- 23 O. Yes.
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. And if the supplier is charging an

average cost across the term of the product, that cost would be the companies' cost at any time.

A. Correct.

- Q. Now, you have not \*\*wholesale bidders bid directly involved with and SSO auction, correct?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. And you've -- and only one supplier -- one assignment -- excuse me -- in your career for wholesale supplier.
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And that didn't have anything to do with wholesale prices or wholesale contracts or competitive bidding processes, correct?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. Now, if you were a supplier participating in a competitive bidding process, nevertheless, and the competitive bidding process for a product of more than a year, you would expect that you, as a supplier, would recognize the time value of money, correct?
- A. I mean, one of the things I take into account, yes.
- Q. And that may be reflected in the supplier's prices in -- in the bidding process, correct?

A. It may be.

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- Q. Now, you have some criticism about using average costs in a climate of increasing costs, correct?
- A. To what are you referring, Mr. Kutik? My testimony?
- Q. Well, you say, do you not, that you believe that some customers under the companies' proposal would have a disadvantage by the fact that they may not be able to be around for the entire term of the ESP, correct?
  - A. To the extent, yes, yes.
- Q. That if a customer, for example, moves halfway through and they haven't gotten the benefit of the discounts they might receive later on, right?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. And isn't it true that we could think of a scenario where we would have customers benefit by having customers come in halfway through?
- 20 A. In that potential scenario, that would be 21 true.
  - Q. Or if the customer expands.
- A. That would be another potential scenario, yes.
  - Q. And it would be true that the issue you

53 1 raise could be applied to virtually all of 2 FirstEnergy's rates that are based upon average costs 3 over time. 4 Α. To the extent that those costs that they 5 would incur are rising, yes. 6 MR. KUTIK: May I have a minute, your 7 Honor? 8 EXAMINER WILLEY: You may. 9 MR. KUTIK: I have no further questions. 10 Thank you Mr. Frye. 11 EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you. 12 Mr. McNamee. 13 MR. McNAMEE: My points have already been 14 covered. Thank you. EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you. 15 16 Mr. Warnock. 17 MR. WARNOCK: Could we have just a minute? 18 19 EXAMINER WILLEY: Yes, you may. 20 (Discussion off the record.) 21 EXAMINER WILLEY: Go back on the record. 2.2 Mr. Warnock, are you ready? 23 MR. WARNOCK: I'm ready. 24 25 REDIRECT EXAMINATION

By Mr. Warnock:

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- Q. Mr. Frye, is it your position that this particular ESP before the Commission should be rejected?
  - A. It is.
  - Q. And, more specifically, is it your position that this particular ESP proposal before the Commission should be rejected because it fails the quantitative ESP versus MRO test?
  - A. As I indicated on page 7, lines 18 through 22, that's correct.
  - Q. Mr. Frye, do you remember the questions from counsel for the companies relating to rider DCR and the \$45 million proposed increase?
    - A. Yes.
  - Q. Can you please explain that and relate it to rider DCR as -- as approved as part of the ESP II case?
  - A. It's my understanding that the current ESP DCR has various caps for recovery that the companies can recover that expand by \$15 million a year and that the companies are proposing to keep going with the rider DCR with incremental \$15 million a year increases. That's where the \$45 million -- 15 million in the fist year incrementally compared to

the last year of the existing ESP and then \$30 million in the second year.

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As I understand the company's application, they would have the opportunity to recover a total of \$405 million, 45 million of which would be the incremental increases from the last year of the ESP -- of the existing ESP. Excuse me.

- Q. And I turn your attention to page 9 of your testimony, specifically lines 23 through 25. Whether the amount of capacity that comes that came out of the May 18 PJM BRA auction is \$294 a megawatt or \$357 per megawatt—day, does that change your testimony on lines 23 through 25?
- A. To the extent that number of \$101 million on there line 25 would be smaller because the \$294 megawatt-day charge, to the extent that's the actual charge the companies that the consumers would pay is lower than the 357, that number would clearly be lower, but that doesn't change the overall thought process of the testimony, which is you are pulling future moneys into closer into the present that consumers would pay.

MR. WARNOCK: No further questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Kutik, do you have

56 1 any recross? 2 MR. KUTIK: May I have a moment, your 3 Honor? 4 EXAMINER WILLEY: You may. 5 MR. KUTIK: No questions, your Honor. 6 Thank you. 7 EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you. 8 Examiner Price? 9 EXAMINER PRICE: No questions. 10 EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you, Mr. Frye. 11 You are excused. 12 MR. WARNOCK: Your Honor, at this time I would like to move into evidence Joint NOAC/NOPEC 13 14 Exhibit 1. 15 EXAMINER WILLEY: Is there any objection 16 to the admission of NOAC/NOPEC Exhibit 1? 17 Hearing none, NOPEC/NOAC Exhibit 1 will be admitted. 18 19 (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.) 20 EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Petricoff. 21 MR. PETRICOFF: Thank you, your Honor. 2.2 At this time RESA would like to call to the stand 23 Teresa Ringenbach. 24 25 TERESA L. RINGENBACH,

57 being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was 1 2 examined and testified as follows: 3 DIRECT EXAMINATION 4 By Mr. Petricoff: 5 Would you please state your name and Q. business address for the record. 6 7 Teresa L. Ringenbach. Business address Α. 8 is 9605 El Camino Drive, Plain City, Ohio. 9 And, Ms. Ringenbach, on whose behalf do Q. you appear today? 10 11 Α. RESA and Direct Energy. 12 MR. PETRICOFF: Your Honor, at this time I would like to have marked as RESA Exhibit 2 the --13 I believe it's -- sorry, RESA Exhibit 3, the direct 14 15 prepared testimony of Teresa Ringenbach. 16 EXAMINER WILLEY: So marked. (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 17 Ms. Ringenbach, do you have a copy of 18 Q. 19 what has just been marked as RESA Exhibit 3? 20 Yes, I do. Α. 21 And is that your direct prepared Ο. 22 testimony? 23 Α. Yes. 24 And was this done by or under your

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supervision?

orame rri

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- A. Yes.
- Q. And if I were -- do you have any
- 3 | corrections or changes to that document?
  - A. No.

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- Q. And if I were to ask you the same questions that are printed there, would your answers
- 7 be the same?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 MR. PETRICOFF: Your Honor, the witness
- 10 is available for cross-examination.
- 11 EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you. Let's begin
- 12 | with Mr. Sauer.
- MR. SAUER: No questions, your Honor.
- 14 EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Dortch.
- MR. DORTCH: No questions, your Honor.
- 16 EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Royer.
- MR. ROYER: No questions.
- 18 EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Vickers.
- MR. VICKERS: No questions, your Honor.
- 20 EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Kapla.
- MR. KAPLA: No questions, your Honor.
- 22 EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Lavanga.
- MR. LAVANGA: No questions.
- EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Clark.
- MR. CLARK: No questions.

Volume III FE

59 1 EXAMINER WILLEY: Mr. Burk. 2 MR. BURK: Thank you, your Honor. 3 EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you. 4 5 CROSS-EXAMINATION 6 By Mr. Burk: 7 Q. Good morning, Ms. Ringenbach. How are 8 you? 9 I'm good. Α. 10 My name is Jim Burk with FirstEnergy. Q. you recall I took your deposition last week? 11 12 Α. Yes. 13 Now, today you stated you are testifying on behalf of Direct Energy, but actually you are 14 15 filing on behalf of two Direct Energy entities. 16 Α. Yes. 17 Q. The first one is Direct Energy Services, LLC. 18 19 Α. Yes. 20 And the second one is Direct Energy Q. 21 Business, LLC. 2.2 Α. Yes. 23 And you're actually employed by Direct Q. 24 Energy Services, LLC, correct? 25 Α. Yes.

- Q. Okay. And Direct Energy Services, LLC, is a holding company, and you are a shared employee of that entity, correct?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And Direct Energy Services, LLC provides for retail generation service to residential customers, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. But at this time Direct Energy Services has no customers in the FirstEnergy utility service territories; is that correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And then Direct Energy Business provides retail generation service to nonresidential customers, correct?
- 16 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And you're generally familiar with

  Senate Bill 3, which was the legislation that

  introduced competition for retail electric service in

  Ohio, approximately 1999?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And you would agree that that service is now, in fact, referred to as competitive retail electric service.
- 25 A. Yes.

- Q. And you would agree that providers of that service are referred to as competitive retail electric service or CRES providers?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. Okay. That's typically how I am going to refer to them today.
  - A. Okay.
- Q. And you would agree CRES providers are certified through a PUCO process set up under that statute.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you would agree that CRES providers compete to provide competitive retail electric service to retail customers in Ohio.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you would agree that they have been doing so since the beginning of 2001.
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And that they continue to do so today.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. But at this time you don't know how many customers are shopping with CRES providers across the state of Ohio; is that correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. Now, throughout your testimony you

make a number of references to competition; is that a fair statement?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And you believe that an indicator of competition is the number of CRES providers listed as making offers on the PUCO Apples to Apples website at any given time; is that correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you believe that there is competition if enough suppliers are making offers, even if no customers have actually switched to any suppliers.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. But you do not believe that the number of customers that have actually switched to CRES providers is an indicator of whether there is competition for retail electric service in Ohio; is that correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. In fact, you would view that number of customers who have actually switched as being irrelevant to that determination.
  - A. In Ohio, yes.
- Q. In Ohio, yes. And you also do not believe that the number of CRES providers registered to provide competitive retail electric service in an

electric utility service territory, that that is also irrelevant as to whether there is competition for retail electric service, unless they are actively selling; is that correct?

A. Yes.

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- Q. But it's correct that a supplier that is actively selling or making offers may not actually be listed on the PUCO's Apples to Apples chart, particularly if they are marketing to commercial and industrial customers, correct?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. But you do agree that the number of suppliers actually supplying customers is an indicator of whether there is competition for retail generation service in Ohio; is that correct?
  - A. Could I have that question again?
- Q. You agree that the number of suppliers, CRES providers, actually supplying customers is an indicator of whether there is competition for electric retail service in Ohio.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. But you are not aware of any public utility commission has adopted what your opinion is of what is competition?
  - A. That's correct.

- Q. Now, do you believe that either of the Direct Energy entities on behalf of -- of who you are testifying today, do you believe they are at a competitive disadvantage in Ohio, as compared to other CRES providers because there's no purchase of receivable program in Ohio?
  - A. I believe that we're all on the same level playing field in that there is no purchase of receivables.
  - Q. And would you agree with me that only five states currently offer a purchase of receivable program for retail electric service in the United States?
    - A. Yes.

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- Q. And do you know how many states offer -- have competitive electric retail service within that state?
  - A. I believe there's maybe 15.
- Q. Now, one of the states that does offer at this time a purchase of receivables program is Pennsylvania, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you make a reference to that in your testimony.
  - A. Yes.

- Q. But in Pennsylvania the implementation of a purchase of receivable program, at least for Metropolitan Edison, Pennsylvania Electric Company, and Penn Power, came about as a result of a settlement agreement, correct?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. It was not mandated by the Commission that those companies implement a purchase of receivable program; is that right?
  - A. That's right.
- Q. Are you familiar with the term "subsidy" as its used in the electric utility context?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And would you agree that a subsidy is when a business expense of company A, for example, is paid for by others rather than company A including the business expense in its pricing?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you're also not aware of any provisions of public utility laws or rule in Ohio that talk about subsidies or prohibiting subsidies in Ohio?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Do you agree that uncollectible expense is a legitimate business expense?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And you would agree that most competitive businesses have collection risk?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you would agree that without a purchase of receivables program, if a CRES provider has uncollectible expense, that amount of uncollectible expense is either absorbed by the CRES provider or included in the CRES provider's pricing to its customers, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Now, switching gears, talking a little bit more specifically about your purchase of receivables program that you discuss in your testimony, you don't really have a specific recommendation on the character of the program; is that correct? Let me withdraw that.

You talk about two alternatives for a program; one, where there's a discount rate to the supplier, and the other program is a zero discount with an uncollectible generation nonbypassable rider; is that correct?

- A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And you agree that your
  preferred -- preferred approach would be where the

- electric utility purchases Direct Energy's receivables at a zero discount.
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. And so that means that Direct Energy would get 100 percent of the billings for its charges; is that correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Or 100 percent of the amount for its billing -- for its billings?
- A. The total amount of the bill would get paid, that total amount.
- Q. Exactly. So would you agree that under your preferred approach, you would have nonshopping customers paying at least part of the generation uncollectible expense that arose from service provided by a CRES provider?
  - A. They could, yes.
- Q. And it would also be true that shopping customers of CRES provider A would be paying part of the generation uncollectible expense rising from service provided by CRES provider B; is that also true?
  - A. Or the utility, yes.
- Q. Correct. Thank you. So you would agree that under your proposal the collection risk of

collecting all of the generation uncollectibles associated with shopping customers would shift from the CRES to the electric utility, correct?

- A. The -- ask that question again.
- Q. Okay. So you would agree that under your proposal, the collection risk of collecting all the generation uncollectibles associated with shopping customers would shift from CRES providers to the electric utility?
- A. The collection risk of uncollectibles would shift to --
  - Q. The utility from the CRES.
- A. But through a rider under -- under the rider approach. It would -- the utility would have that risk recovered through the rider.
- Q. Right. So -- so the risk would shift to the utility, and then the utility would collect those amounts through a nonbypassable rider.
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. And then ultimately the folks who pay the rider would actually be shifted to customers who actually pay the amounts through a nonbypassable generation uncollectible rider.
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. Okay. And would you agree that if your

proposal was adopted, that Direct Energy would effectively be indifferent as to whether the customer pays or not for the service provided by Direct Energy?

A. Yes.

2.2

- Q. And the nonbypassable generation rider that would be established under your preferred approach would be charged to all customers, whether or not they are shopping?
- A. All residential and small commercial customers.
  - Q. Okay. And you agree that this nonbypassable generation uncollectible rider would allow the electric utility to recover all of the generation uncollectible expenses arising from the service provided by the CRES provider to its customers.
    - A. Yes.
  - Q. Okay. Do you agree that FirstEnergy electric utilities currently have a bypassable generation uncollectible rider?
    - A. Yes.
- Q. But then under your proposal, that bypassable generation uncollectible rider would convert to a nonbypassable generation collectible

rider.

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- A. Yes.
- Q. And as part of your proposal, the electric utility would be authorized to disconnect customers for nonpayment of charges for services provided by the CRES provider?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. But you would also agree that presently the electric utility is prohibited from disconnecting customers for CRES provider charges; is that right?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And in your experience is the uncollectible expense of a CRES provider, while it may vary due to different circumstances, is in the range of 3 to 5 percent of amounts billed?
  - A. About the ability to shut off, yes.
  - Q. Or even as possibly as high as 6 percent?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you would agree that the total amount that could cause a customer to be disconnected would increase under your proposal. That's correct, right?
- A. To the extent that the utility doesn't currently have the ability to disconnect for the CRES commodity so their uncollectibles are focused only on the wires charge, yes. The total amount would go up

- because now you have commodity charges included in that.
- Q. Thank you. It's correct that Direct has done no studies or analyses of the effect the preferred approach of purchase of receivables program will have on lower income customers; is that correct?
  - A. Yes.

2.2

- Q. Do you agree that's something that should be taken into account by the Commission in determining whether to implement a purchase of receivables program?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you agree that uncollectible expense will rise under a purchase of receivables program for the utility because the utility is taking on the uncollectible expense of shopping customers.
  - A. The total dollars could increase.
  - Q. Yes.
- A. The percentage itself probably won't change.
- Q. Okay. Does Direct Energy Business currently have customers in the FirstEnergy Ohio territories?
  - A. Yes.
    - Q. Do you know if they have any collection

issues with customers?

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- A. I don't.
- Q. And you didn't really know about Direct Energy Services' uncollectible expense because you haven't really experienced that since you have been working for them.
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And you don't know what the debt collection practice of other CRES providers are serving customers in the FirstEnergy utilities territories.
  - A. Not currently, no.
- Q. And you don't know whether CRES providers that are currently active in Ohio have made the investment to keep track of and pursue collection of unpaid amounts from customers?
  - A. I don't.
- Q. And you don't know what the debt collection practices of other CRES providers are in other service territories without a purchase of receivables program?
  - A. No.
- Q. And you would also agree that Direct has not done any studies or analyses on the impact on the electric utility as far as costs of implementing and

administering a purchase of receivable program?

- A. Not for FirstEnergy, no.
- Q. Right. But you would agree that this is definitely a cost associated with implementing a purchase of receivables program, correct?
  - A. Yes.

2.2

- Q. And under your proposal, a CRES provider could choose either to participate or not participate in the purchase of receivables program; is that correct?
- A. We've recommended that it be -- if you use consolidated billing, you have to use POR with it, so their choice could be consolidated billing with POR or dual bills. To the extent that's the choice, yes.
- Q. And you would agree that Direct considers a number of factors when deciding to offer retail generation service in a territory?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. These factors would include whether you can provide dual fuel and service types of products, the size of the service territory, the makeup of the customers, the ability to continuously serve customers, those types of things?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. And do you recall that you've testified in FirstEnergy's first ESP Case no. 08-935-EL-SSO?
  - A. Yes.

2.2

- Q. Okay. And in that testimony do you recall you addressed the issue of purchase of receivables as well?
- A. Yes. I don't actually have the testimony in front of me, though.
- Q. I was really just asking for your recollection.
  - A. Okay.
- Q. But do you recall that the issue in that case -- your recommendation wasn't regarding acceptance of a purchase of receivable program, but rather if the companies' generation uncollectible rider was made bypassable, then the company should purchase a receivables program? Do you recall that?
  - A. I don't recall that.
- Q. Okay. But you recall that you didn't make any independent recommendation about a purchase of receivables program. Do you recall that?
- A. I recall we asked for a purchase of receivables program.
- Q. Now, switching gears a little bit, talk just briefly about supplier consolidated billing. In

your testimony you recommend to the Commission that supplier consolidated billing be implemented in Ohio after a workshop process in the FirstEnergy utility service territories?

- A. Yes.
- Q. Is that right?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. And supplier consolidated billing is a situation where the utility would send all billing information to a supplier, and the supplier would include that information on a bill that it, in turn, sends to the customer.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And the bill that the supplier sends to the customer would also include the supplier charges, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And under your proposal, and subject to any applicable PUCO rules, it would be the CRES provider deciding when a customer was to be disconnected, not the utilities.
- A. What I would recommend is we would work that out in the workshop, rules surrounding how a CRES provider could say when a disconnection would happen for the charges.

- Q. Okay. So none of those rules exist today, though, correct?
- A. There are rules that exist for the utility for disconnection, but not for the CRES provider.
- Q. Okay. And the bill provided by the supplier would also include the marketing of products for companies that are also owned by Direct Energy?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And there's a company called Clockwork, sells energy home warranties. Is that a subsidiary of Direct Energy?
- A. Yes. Clockwork sells home warranties.

  There's electricians that are actually on the ground.

  There's HVAC. There's plumbers, a number of

  companies underneath Clockwork, not just home

  warranties.
- Q. I got you. And these types of affiliated companies would be able to market their products on the customer bill, if Direct supplied -- if Direct provided the consolidated bill?
- A. I want to clarify. When you say market,
  I view that as selling the product. They would
  actually be able to, after the customers bought it,
  put that charge on the bill.

- Q. I understand. And that's one of the primary benefits that Direct sees to consolidated billing, correct?
  - A. That's one of them.
- Q. Well, to gain business advantages and to build brand loyalties?
- A. And to also be able to immediately put on the bill whatever electric product we can think of without being limited to what the utility system is capable of doing.
- Q. Now, you agree right now the only place Direct is currently providing supplier consolidated billing for residential customers is in Texas, correct?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And you would agree with me that Texas is truly a different model than all other states when it comes to their competitive framework, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you would agree that Direct -- but do you agree that Direct Energy in Ohio can directly bill its customers for the service it provides to them, correct? You don't have to use utility consolidated billing.
  - A. That's correct.

- Q. And if you did that, Direct would be able to customize their bill anyway they wanted to, correct?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And you could add new products and service offerings to that bill.
- A. But we still won't be able to shut off, which is a key part of this part of consolidated billing.
- Q. But you could design the bill format any way you wanted.
  - A. Yes, we can.

EXAMINER PRICE: Could I ask a question?

I'm sorry, Mr. Burk.

You want to be able to shut off for utility charges, or you want to be able to shut off for CRES charges, or you want to be able to shut off for affiliate charges?

THE WITNESS: We want to be able to shut off for utility and supplier commodity-related charges, not home warranty products, we're saying.

EXAMINER PRICE: So basically you want to change the current system and allow you to be able to directly cut off the commodity.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Thank you, Mr. Burk.

MR. BURK: Yeah, thank you, your Honor.

- Q. (By Mr. Burk) I think my last question was, you could design the bill format anyway you wanted to, correct?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And that there are no PUCO rules or regulations around the bill format when a CRES provider directly bills its customers, correct?
  - A. On a dual bill, that's correct.
- Q. Correct. And if Direct offered supplier consolidated billing in Ohio, that would be only for customers that it serves, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And a CRES provider could choose whether or not to provide supplier consolidated billing,
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And so if Direct offered supplier consolidated billing, you would expect its commitment to do so would be for the term of the contract with your customers.
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And that term with your customers is

typically one to two years.

A. Yes.

2.2

- Q. And you would agree that if Direct was the only CRES provider that wanted to provide consolidated billing, then the electric utility would also have to maintain all of its current billing system capabilities for everyone else.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. It would still be obligated to offer utility consolidated billing.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And the electric utility would have to maintain that capability for Direct as well as they may elect not to provide consolidated billing when their customer contracts expire.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Do you -- and you don't know today if there would be a charge from Direct to the electric utility for doing supplier consolidated billing?
- A. I don't believe, just in general, there would be. I believe in deposition we discussed there could be bill inserts and things we might charge the utility for, but, again, I expect all of that would be worked out in the workshop process.
  - Q. Okay. But today you don't know whether

- Direct would be looking for a charge for that?
- A. No.

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- Q. But, as you stated, you do believe there would be a charge from Direct to the utility for mandated bill inserts.
  - A. Yes. There potentially could be.
- Q. And the charge would be both for the billing insert itself and for the cost of placing the bill insert into the bill, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And presently Direct Energy has three employees who handle all compliance issues related to regulatory issues, billing issues, and to deal with Commission personnel, the companies, and customers for Direct's midwest region, correct?
- A. For -- we have three employees that dedicate to compliance.
  - Q. Correct.
- A. Which doesn't necessarily mean interacting with customers. We have a whole slew of employees that deal with customer complaints, things like that, so I want to be clear we have three who are dedicated to compliance issues.
- Q. Okay. So -- so if I took customers out of my question, it would be correct?

- A. Not -- our compliance people are the people who actually review all of our processes and make sure we are following all of the rules. They don't necessarily interact with Commission. That would be government affairs people, like myself.
  - Q. Okay.

- A. And in Ohio we have two of those people, myself and Joe.
- Q. Okay. And the midwest region covers
  Ohio, Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, and all
  of Canada, correct?
  - A. No, no.
- Q. That's what you testified. Isn't that stated in your testimony?
- A. No, no. All -- that was when I worked for Integrys, was Canada. The midwest region is Ohio, Illinois, Michigan, Pennsylvania, and Indiana and Kentucky.
- 19 EXAMINER PRICE: But none of Canada.
- THE WITNESS: No, none of Canada. I

  don't have any of Canada. I did when I was with

  Integrys, but not with Direct Energy.
  - Q. I misread your testimony.
  - A. But I put Indiana in there this time.
    - Q. And you're not aware of any studies or

- analyses that have been done as to the level of the cost incurred by the electric utility to implement supplier consolidated billing, correct?
- A. No. Only what I know from other cases that have implemented purchase of receivables programs.
- Q. Okay. One additional area that you briefly address in your testimony has to do with the company's proposal related to rider AER.
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. Now, you addressed the companies'
  proposal to extend it -- at, I think, page 15, line
  5, for just a testimony reference. As you understand
  it, the companies' proposal is to extend the recovery
  of the cost of renewable energy credits over the life
  of the proposed ESP III; is that correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. But it's correct that a CRES provider could structure their pricing to spread out the collection of its renewable energy credit costs over that period as well, correct?
  - A. Yes, they could.
- Q. And you would agree that customers who take generation service from the utility during the ESP III period could view the companies' proposal as

a benefit?

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- A. Actually, I believe what I had said in your deposition was that those customers may not view it as a benefit if they thought that they could save more, and they may not view it as a benefit if they choose not to switch but realize they are paying more than they would have if they just paid it in full up front.
- Q. We can go to your deposition, but do you agree that in your deposition you -- you stated that customers who take service during the entirety of the ESP III period could view the company's proposal as a benefit?
  - A. They could.
- MR. BURK: I think that's all I have, your Honor.
- 17 EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you.
- 18 I believe we are to Mr. McNamee
- 19
- 20 CROSS-EXAMINATION
- 21 By Mr. McNamee:
- Q. Good morning.
- A. Good morning.
- Q. You testified Texas is a different
- 25 framework.

A. Yes.

2.2

- Q. Could you describe that framework for me.
- A. So Texas, in general, there is not a default service provided by the utility. Instead what happens in Texas is if you don't make a choice of a supplier, you are assigned to a supplier, so your provider of last report is you are assigned to a provider based on the amount of market share that they have. Basically, if you're a big provider in Texas, you will be the provider of last resort. You are going to take on customers. So that's the first major difference.

The second one is in Texas, when we do —talk about supplier consolidated billing, the customer when they move or sign up for new service, or whatever it is, they contact a retail provider. The retail provider then sends the enrollment — and there are very specific things we have to say to the customer when they enroll with us, just beyond the normal here is your price, all right?

The supplier then sends that to ERCOT, where in Ohio we would send it to the utility for the enrollment. ERCOT, which is their RTO, their regional transmission operator, ERCOT then sends the information to the utility to start the meter, and

then the utility sends it back, the meter information, back to ERCOT, which sends it to the supplier.

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So there is sort of a middleman that you don't have in Ohio today, but in Texas when we issue that bill, while we can send a disconnection notice, there's rules surrounding it. So we are allowed to send a disconnection one day after the bill due date. Disconnection cannot actually occur for no less than 10 days from then.

We also have to offer the customer a levelized or average payment arrangements, different payment plans. There's switch holds that apply.

There's things that apply for critical care customers where we can't shut them off at all. There's what they call a soft disconnect, which means in the really hot summer months, you can sort of cycle their power, but you can't actually fully shut them off.

So they have smart meters all across

Texas, too, so some of these things wouldn't apply in

Ohio because we don't have the meter structure for

it. But at the end of the day the customer can be

shut off for not paying their supplier and not paying

their wires charges.

MR. McNAMEE: That's all I need. Thank

87 1 you. 2 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 3 EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you. 4 Mr. Petricoff. 5 MR. PETRICOFF: Could we have a moment 6 first, your Honor? 7 EXAMINER WILLEY: You may. MS. YOST: Your Honor. 8 9 EXAMINER PRICE: We will go off the record now. 10 11 (Discussion off the record.) 12 EXAMINER WILLEY: Let's go back on the 13 record. 14 MR. PETRICOFF: Okay, your Honor, we are 15 ready. 16 17 REDIRECT EXAMINATION By Mr. Petricoff: 18 19 Ms. Ringenbach, you remember when 20 Mr. Burk asked you about supplier consolidated 21 billing, and under the favored proposal where we have 2.2 the bad debt track, or collection, what would happen 23 if a customer -- I'm sorry -- if a CRES supplier 24 elected to use dual billing? Would they also --25 their customers have to pay the bad debt track. Or

would that be bypassable?

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- A. If they use dual billing, they would avoid the bad debt tracker because they wouldn't you wouldn't want a customer to be paying bad debt for a commodity service to the utility and also be paying bad debt for a commodity that they are actually receiving from their supplier so they wouldn't get double dinged.
- Q. Were you envisioning a different tracker than what exists today?
  - A. Under POR?
  - Q. Yes.
  - A. No.
- Q. And then there was -- in your cross-examination by Mr. Burk, there were questions on the subject of supplier consolidated billing. How would shutoffs be handled in Direct's view under consolidated billing by the CRES?
- A. So in our view, while this would all be worked out in the workshop, all of the existing protections that are there today for utility customers would remain in place, and then there might be additional protections in relation to what -- when and how a CRES could request a disconnection.
  - Q. And who would do the actual turn-off?

A. It would be the utility, so everything that exists today where you have to have, you know payment plans and the customer, you know, the disconnection happening at the door and be able to take money and all of that would still remain.

MR. PETRICOFF: Thank you, your Honor. I have no further redirect.

EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you,

Mr. Petricoff.

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Mr. Burk?

MR. BURK: Just a couple, your Honor.

## RECROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Burk:

- Q. Ms. Ringenbach, when you say the rider would be no different the generation uncollectible rider would be no different between what it is today and under your proposal, I mean, in fact, it would be different. It would be nonbypassable rather than bypassable, correct?
- A. Yes, that's right. It would be nonbypassable because the utilities would be purchasing the receivable, so the uncollectible would not be the utilities' uncollectible, the customer should be paying it because they are not paying the

price.

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- Q. Right. And it would also be because it would collect suppliers' uncollectible amounts, where today it does not, correct?
  - A. That's correct.

6 MR. BURK: Okay. I think that's all I have. Thank you.

EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you.

Mr. McNamee.

MR. McNAMEE: No, thank you.

EXAMINER WILLEY: Examiner Price.

EXAMINER PRICE: Yes, I have a couple.

13

## 14 EXAMINATION

15 By Examiner Price:

- Q. If we went to a situation of supplier consolidated billing, you would like to preserve the right to do disconnects, right?
- A. To request that the utility still.
- Q. The utility.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Do utilities in this state charge disconnect fees?
- A. I believe that they charge a fee when you're disconnected and then get reconnected.

- Q. Who would get that fee then?
- A. The --

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- Q. Would it stay with the utility?
- A. Yes. All the trip charges would stay with the utility because they are the ones that are actually sending people out and doing all that, yes.
- Q. Okay. If a customer wanted to make a payment to the utility representative that came to disconnect them, how would that transaction be handled under supplier consolidated billing?
- A. The utility would then send our portion of that money to the supplier.
  - Q. And keep their own portion?
  - A. Exactly.
    - Q. The money flowing the other way.
- A. Yes.
  - Q. You recommend the Commission form a working group to support supplier consolidated billing. Has the Commission ever formed a work group to work prior to consolidated billing?
    - A. There was a working group way, way back.
  - Q. Don't say that. Many people in this room --
- A. I was there, too.
  - Q. -- were at that working group. It was

the OSPO working group.

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A. Yes. I think the working group was actually ending right around the time I came on board at Integrys, but it sort of fell apart. And we have to keep in mind that was when across the country electric competition was just taking off. Retail suppliers were just getting their footing.

The market is very different today than it was back then. Back then suppliers were more concerned about getting rate ready billing up and running to get that price out there to customers than they were concerned about creating differentiating processes.

- Q. But there were a number of issues that were unresolved by that working group, weren't there?
- A. I believe so because I don't think we ever really delved into supplier consolidated billing.
- Q. Supplier consolidated billing was one of those issues that was unresolved.
- A. To be fair, everyone was saying we want ready billing. Let's get up and running and then maybe bill ready. Nobody was really thinking about supplier consolidated billing at that point.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Thank you.

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That's all I have.

EXAMINER WILI
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EXAMINER WILLEY: I have no questions.

You may step down.

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Mr. Petricoff.

5 MR. PETRICOFF: Yes, your Honor. At this 6 time we would move to admit RESA Exhibit 3 into the 7 record.

EXAMINER WILLEY: Are there any objections to the admission of RESA Exhibit 3?

Hearing none, RESA Exhibit 3 will be admitted

(EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)

EXAMINER WILLEY: Thank you. Let's go off the record.

15 (Recess taken.)

EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go back on the record.

Consumers' Counsel.

MS. YOST: Thank you, your Honor. At this time I request that the Direct Testimony of Daniel J. Duann, be marked as OCC Exhibit 10.

EXAMINER PRICE: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MS. YOST: And I would like to enter a stipulation into the record. FirstEnergy, the PUCO

staff, OCC, and other intervenors stipulate that OCC Exhibit 10, which is the Direct Testimony of Daniel J. Duann be moved into evidence.

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EXAMINER PRICE: Does any party oppose the stipulation?

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, the stipulation is we have no objection to the stipulation.

EXAMINER PRICE: Oh, okay. With that clarification, does any party have an objection to the stipulation?

Seeing none, OCC Exhibit 10 will be admitted into the record.

MS. YOST: Thank you, your Honor.

(EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)

EXAMINER PRICE: Call your next witness.

MR. SAUER: The OCC would call Mr. Wilson Gonzalez to the stand, and I would like to have his direct testimony marked as OCC Exhibit 11.

EXAMINER PRICE: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MR. SAUER: There is also a brief errata sheet I would like to have marked as OCC Exhibit 11A.

EXAMINER PRICE: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

25 (Witness sworn.)

95 1 EXAMINER PRICE: Please be seated and 2 state your name and business address for the record. 3 THE WITNESS: My name is Wilson Gonzalez. I'm employed at 10 West Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio. 4 5 6 WILSON GONZALEZ, being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was 7 examined and testified as follows: 8 9 DIRECT EXAMINATION 10 By Mr. Sauer: 11 And, Mr. Gonzalez, are you the same 12 Wilson Gonzalez who's direct testimony was filed in 13 this case? 14 Yes, I am. Α. 15 EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go off the record 16 for one moment. 17 (Discussion off the record.) 18 EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go back on the 19 record. 20 Mr. Sauer, please proceed. 21 MR. SAUER: All right. 2.2 Q. And on whose behalf do you appear here 23 today? 24 I appear on behalf of the Ohio -- the Α. Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel. 25

- Q. And do you have your prepared testimony with you on the stand?
  - A. Yes, I do.

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- Q. And did you prepare the testimony or have it prepared at your direction?
  - A. Yes, I did.
- Q. And do you have any changes or corrections to your direct testimony?
- A. Yes. I have several changes to my testimony.
  - Q. And are those changes contained on the document that was marked as OCC Exhibit 11A?
    - A. Yes.
  - Q. And if I asked you today the same questions found in your direct testimony in OCC Exhibit 11, would your answers be the same, except for the items noted on the errata sheet marked OCC Exhibit 11A?
    - A. Yes.
  - MR. SAUER: OCC moves for the admission of Exhibit 11 and 11A and tender the witness for cross-examination.
- 23 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.
- Mr. Warnock.
- MR. WARNOCK: No questions, your Honor.

97 1 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Hays. 2 MR. HAYS: No questions. 3 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Dortch. 4 MR. DORTCH: No questions, your Honor. 5 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Royer. 6 MR. ROYER: No questions. 7 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Vickers. 8 MR. VICKERS: No questions. 9 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Lavanga. 10 MR. LAVANGA: Just a couple, your Honor. 11 12 CROSS-EXAMINATION 13 By Mr. Lavanga: 14 Q. Good morning, Mr. Gonzalez. 15 Α. Good morning, Mr. Lavanga. 16 Ο. How are you? 17 Α. Good, thank you. 18 Q. Could you go to page 41 of your 19 testimony, please. Are you there? 20 Α. Yes. 21 Now, in response to the question, answer Ο. 2.2 to question 47, you state that rider ELR and OLR 23 should be considered in the companies' energy 24 efficiency and peak demand reduction portfolio 25 proceeding; is that correct?

A. Yes, I do.

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- Q. Isn't it true that the current ELR and OLR riders were approved by the companies' last ESP case, 10-388?
  - A. Yes, they were.
- Q. Okay. And before that, these rates were approved in the companies' initial ESP case, which was 08-935?
- A. That's correct, but that's because the energy efficiency standards were just coming into being. So I'm saying, you know, that bill went into effect in 2008. We've had a number of years, and, according to my understanding, is if you look at 49 the rules in 4913.9 that deal with energy efficiency and peak demand, it's best, I feel, to migrate it could be migrated into that particular proceeding.

MR. LAVANGA: Your Honor, could I move to strike everything after "that's correct."

MR. KUTIK: We join, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Granted.

- Q. Now, you are aware that rider ELR provides for economic interruption, correct?
- A. Yes.
  - Q. And would you agree that this means that

when the market price of energy gets above a certain percentage or -- strike that.

Would you agree that this means that when the market price of energy gets a certain percentage above the SSO price, an economic interruption is triggered, and the customer has the option of curtailing or buying through the interruption at the market price?

A. Yes, I do.

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- Q. Now, if a supplier in an SSO auction knows that it won't have to serve interruptible load at the SSO price when market prices get high, isn't it possible that the supplier would bid in a lower price than if the interruptible load were not available?
  - A. That's possible.
- Q. So would you agree that the existence of ELR interruptible load could lead to a lower SSO generation price?
- A. Everything else being equal, it could, yes.
  - Q. Okay. And in that case, wouldn't this be a benefit to all SSO customers?
- A. Yes, the same way the residential direct load control programs are.

1 Now, if an emergency interruption is Ο. 2 called under ELR, and this interruption avoids a capacity shortfall or blackout, doesn't that provide 3 4 a benefit to all customers? 5 Α. Yes. In fact, it would provide a benefit to 6 0. 7 all of the utilities' customers, whether they were 8 shopping or nonshopping, wouldn't it? 9 Α. Yes; for reliability, yes. 10 MR. LAVANGA: No further questions. 11 Thank you. 12 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. 13 Mr. Petricoff. 14 MR. PETRICOFF: No questions, your Honor. 15 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Kutik. 16 MR. KUTIK: Thank you, your Honor. 17 18 CROSS-EXAMINATION 19 By Mr. Kutik: 20 Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Gonzalez. 21 Good afternoon, Mr. Kutik. Α. 2.2 You have participated in each of

- Q. You have participated in each of
  FirstEnergy's ESP cases as part of the OCC team,
  correct?
- 25 A. That's correct.

- Q. And with respect to the first two ESPs, you were part of the negotiating team for OCC?
  - A. I was part of the case, correct.
  - Q. And in this case as well.
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. In the prior two cases, or at least excuse me. With respect to the stipulation or stipulations that were reached in the prior cases, OCC had an opportunity to review those stipulations before they were filed and to present comments on them, correct?
  - A. I believe so, yes.
- Q. And OCC had a similar opportunity in this case, correct?
  - A. Much limited opportunity.
- Q. Well, you had the opportunity to review the stipulation and to make comments, did you not?
- A. I would say, again, compared to other ESPs, prior ESPs, we had a much more limited opportunity.
  - Q. But you had the opportunity nevertheless?
  - A. Yes, we did.
- Q. Now, it would also be fair to say that many of the positions that you take in this case you or OCC took in the ESP II case, correct?

- A. I would -- I would disagree. There's some that I took similar positions and there are others -- other places where I didn't.
- Q. All right. Let's talk about the ones that appear to be repeats. You take a position here that since OCC didn't sign the stipulation, the stipulation is not supported by broad residential representation, correct?
  - A. That's correct.

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- Q. And you took that position in the prior case, the ESP II case, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And, nevertheless, the Commission approved the stipulation.
  - A. That's correct also.
- Q. You took the position -- you take the position here that the DCR should not be adopted, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you took the position that the DCR shouldn't be adopted as proposed in the ESP II, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. The Commission approved the stipulation with the DCR as proposed, correct?

- A. The Commission did, yes.
- Q. You take the position here that lost distribution revenues should not be collected, correct?
- A. No. I don't take that position in this case.
  - Q. Okay. Do you have your deposition?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. Do you need a copy, Mr. Gonzalez?
- 10 A. I have it.
  - Q. Mr. Gonzalez, do you have your deposition?
  - A. Yes, I do.
    - Q. Let me try the question again. You propose in the ESP II case -- or that you opposed that. You opposed the company's proposal to collect lost distribution revenues without a cap, correct?
      - A. Yes, I believe that's the case.
- Q. And there is no such cap in the ESP II, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
  - Q. You take the position in this case that interruptible rate discounts should not be collected from residential customers, correct?
  - A. That's correct.

- Q. And you took that position in the ESP II, correct?
  - A. That's correct.

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- Q. And, nevertheless, the Commission approved the stipulation with the recovery of the ESP -- of those discounts from all customers -- all customer classes, correct?
- A. Yes. The Commission made a decision based on the totality of the record.
- Q. Now, in both this case and the ESP II case, you took the position that PIPP generation load should be bid out, correct?
- A. There's a subtle difference that we talked about. In this particular case, my testimony speaks to -- there's no difference between offering a PIPP discount in an MRO or an ESP, so that's different than what you alluded to in my last testimony where I did make a -- an example -- a recommendation that if it had been bid out at a greater discount than 6 percent, the -- that would have impacted Witness Ridmann's Exhibit 1.
- Q. So you testified in both cases, or you testified in the past case, you testified in this case that you think it's feasible for the PIPP load to be bid out, correct?

A. It's feasible, yes.

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- Q. And the Commission didn't accept your recommendation in ESP II on that issue, correct?
  - A. I believe, yeah, they did not.
- Q. All right. I want to talk to you about each of those positions, or at least most of them.

  You believe, do you not, that no stipulation not signed by OCC should be approved by the Commission.
  - A. No, I don't.
  - Q. You don't take that position?
- A. No. I take the position in this case that since we don't have -- that we don't have broad residential participation or representation in the stipulation there. I oppose the first prong.
- Q. Well, is it your view that no stipulation that is not signed by OCC should be approved by the Commission?
  - A. No. I think that's an extreme position.
  - Q. So -- so it is possible.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And so it's possible that if OCC doesn't sign, there could be broad residential representation without OCC, correct?
  - A. I didn't go that far.
  - Q. All right. So would it be fair to say

that you believe that if OCC is in a case and it doesn't sign the stipulation, that you don't believe that the stipulation could pass the three-prong test because there's not broad -- there's not support from broad residential representation, correct?

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- A. I would agree with the last part, that there wasn't -- that piece I still agree there wasn't broad residential participation. However, the Commission has and probably will continue to apply the three-prong test and render a decision approving a settlement.
- Q. Well, I am not asking you for your understanding what the Commission has done. I'm asking you about your personal view.

Isn't it your view that the Commission cannot approve a stipulation in a case where OCC is a party because without OCC, there would not be broad -- broad residential representation?

A. I would say there wouldn't be broad residential representation, but that's a subsector — subsection of the first prong, reasonable, knowledgeable, and so on. So it's — for that piece of the first prong test, we would — we would say it wouldn't meet that subsection. Whether it meets the full subsection of the first prong test is

supposition.

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- Q. So the answer to my question is "yes."
- A. I would have to -
  THE WITNESS: If you could reread it,

  please, the question.

(Record read.)

- A. My answer to that would be no, based on my discussion.
- Q. So you believe the Commission could approve a stipulation in a case that OCC is not a party -- or is a party, excuse me, where OCC doesn't sign the stipulation, and pass the three-prong test, correct?
- A. I would say us not being on a settlement is a -- I would say an important consideration for the Commission, but they can still approve, you know, could still pass the three-prong test.
- Q. Thank you. Because there are other parties that are participating in cases that do represent consumers, correct?
  - A. There could be.
- Q. Okay. And, in fact, OCC has called -- or termed some of the parties that are participating in this case as consumers or representing consumers, correct?

- A. Can you be more specific, please?
- Q. I certainly will be.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, may I approach?

EXAMINER PRICE: You may.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, I would like to have marked as I believe it's Company Exhibit 9 a multi-page document.

EXAMINER PRICE: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- A. Can I take a look at it?
- Q. Yes, please.

12 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Kutik, I believe you

13 left us short one.

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MR. KUTIK: Oh, I'm sorry.

MR. DORTCH: Your Honor, may I have the exhibit number again?

MR. McNAMEE: 9.

EXAMINER PRICE: 9.

MR. KUTIK: I believe I misstated. It should be Exhibit 10.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. It will be marked as Company Exhibit 10.

Q. Now actually I need a copy.

Mr. Gonzalez, I've handed you a

25 multi-page document which actually it's a series of

documents. It's not, just two. Do you recognize them, correct, as two documents?

- A. Yeah, I recognize the two documents.
- Q. Okay. Let's just make sure we understand what the documents are.
  - A. Okay.

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- Q. There are two documents. The first document, which is two pages, appears to be a letter from Gregory J. Poulos, Assistant Consumers' Counsel; appears to be on Office of Consumer's Counsel letterhead to Renee J. Jenkins, Secretary of the Docketing Division. It's basically the FirstEnergy EDUs cases, Case No. 08-935-EL-SSO; am I correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And the letter is signed by a number of parties, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And the number -- and the parties are identified to this letter as the Ohio Consumer and Environmental Advocates, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And among those parties that are listed as Ohio Consumer and Environmental Advocates are the Northwest Ohio Aggregation Coalition, Citizen Power, Neighborhood Environmental Coalition, Cleveland

Network Housing, the Empowerment Center of Greater Cleveland.

Do you see all those, among others, correct?

A. That's correct.

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- Q. Okay. And all these -- all these entities that are listed on this letter are deemed by OCC as being part of Ohio Consumer and Environmental Advocates, correct?
- A. At this specific time that this letter was written, that's correct.
- Q. Right. And you were part of the OCC team, were you not, in Case 08-935?
  - A. Yes, I was.
- Q. Okay. Let's turn to the second document. Do you recognize this as comments in support of application of the Ohio Consumer and Environmental Advocates in Case No. 09-641-EL-ATA, which referred to the FirstEnergy EDUs' Application for Approval of a Residential Distribution Deferral Rider. Do you see that?
- A. I see that, but I wasn't part of this particular case.
- Q. And that also lists, does it not, as part of the Ohio Consumer and Environmental Advocates,

Neighborhood Environmental Coalition, the Empowerment Center of Greater Cleveland, United Clevelanders Against Poverty, Cleveland Housing Network, and The Consumers for Fair Utility Rates represented by Joseph Meissner, correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. You don't doubt that with respect to the second of these two documents that comprise Exhibit 10, that this document was something that was filed by the Office of Consumers' Counsel in the docket 09-641, do you?
  - A. It looks official.
- Q. Okay. So the answer to my question is "yes"?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay.
- MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, may I approach again?
- 19 EXAMINER PRICE: You may.
- 20 A. Can I keep these?
  - Q. You may.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, I would like to have marked as Company Exhibit 11 a multi-page document entitled Motion to Stay Implementation of Residential Stage 2 Tariffs, by the Office of

Consumers' Counsel, The City of Cleveland, The
Neighborhood Environmental Coalition, The Empowerment
Center of Greater Cleveland, Cleveland Housing
Network, Consumers for Fair Utility Rates, and Ohio
Partners for Affordable Energy.

EXAMINER PRICE: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- Q. Mr. Gonzalez, I have handed you what has been marked for identification as Company Exhibit 11.

  Do you recognize this as a filing in Case No.

  07-829-GA-AIR, among others, correct?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And that's a case involving Dominion East Ohio, correct?
  - A. I believe it's a rate case, yes.
- Q. Yes. And you did participate on the team in that case, did you not?
  - A. I believe I was on the case team.
- Q. I remember you, Mr. Gonzalez. Now, this is a filing by a number of parties. Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. And I want to refer you to the second page of the document, and in the first paragraph after it introduces the parties, the document then states "collectively 'Joint Consumer Advocates.'" Do

113 1 you see that? 2 Α. Yes, I do. 3 0. And among the consumer advocates would be the City of Cleveland, correct? 4 5 Α. Yes. And the Cleveland Housing Network? 6 0. 7 Α. Yes. 8 Q. And the Empowerment Center of Greater 9 Cleveland? 10 Α. That's correct. 11 Q. And Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy? 12 Α. That's correct. 13 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, may we go off the 14 record? 15 EXAMINER PRICE: You may. 16 (Discussion off the record.) 17 EXAMINER PRICE: At this time we will take our break for lunch and for the Commission 18 19 meeting, and we will resume at 2 o'clock. Thank you 20 all. 21 (Thereupon, at 12:40 p.m., a lunch recess 22 was taken until 2:00 p.m.) 23 24 25

114 1 Wednesday Afternoon Session, 2 June 6, 2012. 3 4 EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go back on the 5 record. 6 Mr. Kutik, please proceed. 7 MR. KUTIK: Thank you. 8 9 WILSON GONZALEZ, previously sworn, as prescribed by law, was examined 10 11 and testified further as follows: 12 CROSS-EXAMINATION (Continued) 13 By Mr. Kutik: 14 Mr. Gonzalez, before the break we were 15 talking about some consumer groups, and I want to 16 talk to you about some payments made to some of the 17 those groups, some of those groups under the stipulation, particularly payments proposed to be 18 19 made to the Consumer Protection Association, the 20 Empowerment Center, and Cleveland Housing Network. 21 You refer to those -- part of that 22 agreement -- agreement between those parties and the 23 companies in reference to NOAC, NOPEC, EnerNOC Set 1, No. 1, your testimony page 9 and your footnote 6, 24

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correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. And you also attached the response to your testimony, correct?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And this interrogatory response is explaining how the moneys are to be paid out as a result of the stipulation in this case, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. This isn't setting out an agreement that provides some additional payment above and beyond what the stipulation calls for, correct?
  - A. That's what I'm saying.
- Q. And essentially what we see in the agreement that's attached to the interrogatory response is that it just allocates the payment to specific tasks or components, such as administration, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And these moneys, as you understand it, will come from shareholders, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
  - Q. And these wouldn't be described as transfer payments.
- A. That's correct.
- Q. I want to talk to you a little bit about

the DCR now. We agree, can't we, that DCR-type recovery is permitted under SB 221?

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- A. Yes. And I cite the particular statute that sets that out.
- Q. And you cite -- well, I will just call it 143(B)(2)(h) correct?
  - A. Excuse me. Yes, I do.
- Q. And the Commission previously has approved the DCR without reference to that particular statute, correct?
- A. Yes. You pointed that out at the last at my deposition.
- Q. Now, with regard to that particular part of the statute, that is, 143(B)(2)(h), that statute doesn't say anything about the company needing to come forward with -- with evidence or information about reliability, rather, it provides that the Commission needs to examine those things, correct?
- A. I would say it's part of the 143, you know, Senate Bill 221. You know, the ESP is an application made by the company, so I would think that, generally speaking I'm not an attorney, but, generally speaking, the application and the burden of proof is on the company.
  - Q. But the statute directs, that particular

- statute directs, the Commission to examine issues relating to reliability as set out in 143(B)(2)(h), correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Now, in this case Mr. Baker did that, correct?
  - A. Yes. Mr. Baker used cited that particular part of the statute and presented information.
- Q. And he used the companies' reliability data, correct?
- 12 A. Yes.

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- Q. Compared that to the applicable reliability standards, correct?
- 15 A. The reliability standard as it stands 16 now, yes.
  - Q. And he also referenced certain consumers' surveys for customer expectation with respect to reliability, correct?
- A. Yes. He had a -- he cited a 2008 survey, correct.
- Q. And you understand now that survey was from 2008; is that correct?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Now, you've corrected your initial

testimony to reflect the stipulation that was reached in case 09-759, which is the FirstEnergy EDUs' reliability standards case, correct?

- A. Yes; and that's contained if my errata.
- Q. And so we can understand, that the stipulation provided that if the companies failed two of potentially six applicable criteria, then the companies would have to come forward by 2014 with a new application for reliability standards, correct?
  - A. That's correct.

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- Q. And as we sit here today, the company has not failed two or more of those applicable criteria, correct?
  - A. To my understanding, they haven't.
- Q. So as we sit here today, the company has no obligation under the stipulation to come forward with a new application for reliability standards as of 2014, correct?
  - A. Based on that settlement, that's correct.
- Q. And you are not aware of any other obligation apart from the settlement that the companies have made with respect to coming in for a new application regarding reliability standards, correct?
  - A. I don't know if there is one.

Q. You are not aware of any.

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- A. I am not aware of any, no.
- Q. We can also agree, can we not, that the DCR is part of the companies' current rates, can we not?
  - A. Yes, from the ESP II.
- Q. All right. And so with respect to an increase from current rates, the ESP III does not represent an increase of \$405 million, correct, with respect to DCR? Let me ask you it again.

The companies' proposal under the ESP III regarding DCR does not represent an increase from current rates of \$405 million, correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. And you were in the room when I had discussion with Mr. Frye about the caps, were you not?
  - A. I was in the room.
- Q. And do you agree with Mr. Frye that the caps increase currently at a rate of \$15 million a year?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And do you agree that the ESP III proposal is to increase that rate of increase -- or to keep that rate of increase, that is, \$15 million a

year?

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- A. Yes.
- Q. And the ESP III proposal relates to two particular years for the DCR, basically the year beginning in June, 2013, and the year beginning in excuse me, the year beginning June, 2014, and the year beginning, June, 2015, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. So the caps or the proposed increases in caps from the ESP II represent a \$45 million increase in the caps, correct?
- A. Represents a \$45 million increase over the existing DCR.
  - Q. Thank you. But not all of the -- that \$45 million increase is paid by the RS rate -- rate schedule customers, correct?
  - A. That's correct. We pay a good percentage, but --
    - Q. You pay less than half.
    - A. That's true.
  - Q. I want to talk to you now about lost distribution revenues.
  - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. You testified -- you've testified about the recovery of lost distribution revenues as a

result of energy efficiency programs in a number of cases, have you not?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. You testified in Case No. 04-571-GA-AIR regarding Vectren, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. You testified in Case No. 05-474-GA-ATA regarding Dominion, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And you testified in Case No.
- 11 07-829-GA-AIR regarding Dominion again, correct?
- 12 A. Yes.

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- Q. And in each of these cases you testified that successful energy efficiency programs result in lost distribution revenue, correct?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. In each of those cases you testified that lost distribution revenues recovery provides incentives for companies to put energy efficiency programs in place, correct?
- 21 A. I may have stated something like that.
- I'd like to state it more, it removes the disincentive. It removes the barrier.
- Q. But that's what you testified in each of those cases we just mentioned.

- A. In each of those cases, yes.
- Q. And those two propositions that you testified about in each of these three cases, those two propositions apply to gas companies and electric companies, correct?
  - A. Roughly, yes.
- Q. Now, your calculation of lost distribution revenue impact appears on page 38 of your testimony, correct?
  - A. Yes, it does.
- Q. Okay. And it also is shown on footnote 59, correct?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And your calculation takes figures off of the companies' responses to OCC Set 1, Interrogatory 1, attachment 1, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And that is the last attachment to your testimony, correct?
  - A. Yes. Yes, it is.
- Q. And Mr. Ridmann testified about the chart that appears in that attachment, correct?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Now, your testimony or your calculation assumes that each year's figures in that chart are

- incremental, that is, just for that year, not
  including pre -- prior years, correct?
- A. Are you talking about my figures as corrected?
  - Q. Did you correct those figures?
  - A. Yes. That's part of my errata.

MR. SAUER: Do you need a copy of that?

MR. KUTIK: I thought it was the old one.

I have it. I have it.

MR. SAUER: You've got it?

MR. KUTIK: I have a copy. Thanks very

much.

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- Q. Okay. So we've changed your numbers in light of Mr. Ridmann's testimony, correct?
- A. In light of, yeah, my review -- re-review of his testimony.
  - Q. Right.
  - A. Based on what he said on the stand.
- Q. Right. And what he said on the stand was the numbers were not incremental; the numbers were cumulative, correct?
  - A. Right.
- Q. And given that, you changed each year's potential cost of the lost revenue recovery from 6.8 million to 11.1 million, correct?

A. That's correct.

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- Q. And you've gone in your footnote 59 from 75.6 to 49.9 million.
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Now, that makes the calculation of lost distribution revenues starting from year 2012, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. So if we just looked at the period of the ESP III, the calculation would boil down to 22.2 million, correct?
- A. Be half of 2014's, another -- all of 2015, and half of the 2016 number, yes.
  - Q. 22.2.
- A. Yeah. Although -- although I will say that in the current stipulation there's no -- you know, there's no caveat at the end of that. They can still -- the way the stipulation is written, they can still continue to collect lost revenues. It's an open issue.
- Q. But I asked about the period of the stipulation, and your calculation would be 22.2 million for the period of the stipulation.
- A. For the period of the stipulation, but it just doesn't end.

- Q. Now, I want to turn your attention now to a different subject, and that's the subject of demand response being bid in at the BRA. You're familiar with a case, Case No. 12-814, correct?
- A. I'm familiar with that case, but I didn't -- my testimony I don't believe treated --
- Q. Are you familiar with that, sir? That's all I asked you.
  - A. Yes, I'm familiar with that case.
- Q. And that case was In the Matter of the Commission's Review of the Participation of The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, The Ohio Edison Company, and The Toledo Edison Company in the May, 2012, PJM Reliability Pricing Model Auction, correct?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And you worked on the OCC team that was on that case, correct?
  - A. I was on that team, yes.
- Q. And in that case the companies filed some comments in response -- or a report in response to the Commission's initial order in that case, correct?
  - A. Yes, they did.
- Q. And in that case the -- among other things, the companies were attempting to seek some

assurances that they would be compensated for any risks they took in bidding those type of resources meaning DR -- DR resources, correct?

- A. That's my understanding.
- Q. And OCC filed comments after the companies filed their papers, correct?
  - A. Yes, we filed comments.
- Q. And OCC did not suggest that the Commission provide the companies with any assurances regarding the risks that might be taken in bidding DR resources, correct?
- A. I don't have our comments before us so I would -- you would have to refresh my memory.
  - Q. Let me help you out in that regard.

    MR. KUTIK: May I approach, your Honor?

    EXAMINER PRICE: You may.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, I would like to have marked as Company Exhibit 12 a Motion to Intervene and Comments by The Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel --

EXAMINER PRICE: So marked.

MR. KUTIK: -- in Case No. 12-814-EL-UNC.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go off the record.

(Discussion off the record.)

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EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go back on the record.

- Q. Mr. Gonzalez, excuse me, I have handed you what has been marked for identification as Company Exhibit 12. Do you recognize that as a filing by OCC in case 12-814?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And having had a chance -- have you had a chance to review this?
- A. I'm up to about a page and a half. I think I get the gist.
- Q. Okay. My question to you, sir, was would it be fair to say these comments in these comments OCC did not suggest that the Commission provide the company with assurances about potential risks of bidding demand response resources into the base residual auction?

MR. SAUER: Could I have the question reread, please.

EXAMINER PRICE: You may.

(Record read.)

- Q. And the rates being -- we are talking about is the risk of recovery.
- A. So you're talking about our comments on page 5?

- Q. I am talking about your comments generally.
- A. Where we state the risks appear to be greatly exaggerated?
- Q. Sir, is there anything in there that said OCC supports providing the companies assurances for any risk -- of recovery relating to the demand resource bids into the BRA? They did not, did they?
  - A. I just want to make sure.

    Yeah, I believe that's correct.
- Q. Okay. Now, I want to talk to you a little bit about the settlement process for a couple of minutes. You would agree with me, would you not, that each settlement is unique?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And that in terms of cases before the Commission, each stipulation is unique from prior stipulations.
  - A. Unique to the facts of the case, yes.
- Q. Okay. And all parties are perfectly free to enter into a brand new deal, correct?
- A. I would say that if parties are aware of a stipulation before it's filed, they can. But if it's filed after it and it has a certain momentum, it becomes more problematic.

1 Okay. Let me refer you to your Q. 2 deposition, page 57. Are you there, sir? 3 Α. Yes. 4 Q. And did you testify as follows starting 5 at line 2: Question --6 MS. YOST: Would you hold on for just a 7 second? We are just trying to locate it so we can 8 follow along. 9 MR. SAUER: Page 57? 10 MR. KUTIK: Page 57. 11 MR. SAUER: Thank you. 12 Q. At line 2 did you testify as follows: 13 "Question: So they can -- all parties are perfectly 14 free to enter into a new deal, correct?" "Answer: Yes." 15 Α. 16 0. Did you testify that way in your 17 deposition, sir? 18 Yes. And I basically --Α. 19 Q. Thank you. 20 Just --Α. 21 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Kutik, please allow him to finish his answer, and then you can do what 2.2

MR. KUTIK: Thank you, your Honor. I apologize to you, and I apologize to the witness.

you feel like you need to do.

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EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Gonzalez, would you like to finish your answer?

- A. I'm just saying I don't disagree. I don't think what I said is inconsistent with what I said here. I just qualified it.
- Q. Well, the record will reflect and the Bench will make up its mind as to whether you are right or I am right.

Now, would it be also fair to say that just because the parties took or supported a position in one case, that doesn't necessarily mean that that party is bound to the same position in the second case as far as the stipulation is concerned.

- A. I believe that's true.
- Q. Okay. Now, let me talk to you a little bit about the ESP versus MRO test, and I want to talk to you about the treatment of rider DCR. You are aware, are you not, that Mr. Fortney expressed a view as to how DCR revenues, costs should be covered that could be recovered under the DCR could be treated for purposes of the ESP versus MRO test, correct?
  - A. Yes.

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Q. And Mr. Fortney noted that since dollars would be recovered either through the DCR or

- potentially through a rate case, the DCR in an ESP would have no effect on the ESP versus MRO test, correct?
- A. That's Mr. Fortney's testimony. I disagree.

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- Q. I understand that. And Mr. Fortney cited the Commission's December 14, 2011, decision in Case No. 11-346, the AEP Ohio's ESP II case, to support his view, correct?
  - A. The case has since been rescinded, yes.
- Q. But Mr. Fortney correctly expressed what the Commission determined in that opinion and order, did he not?
- A. Yeah, in that opinion and order that was rescinded, yes.
- EXAMINER PRICE: Excuse me. I don't think "rescinded" is the proper word.
- THE WITNESS: Okay. I am not an attorney, so.
- 20 EXAMINER PRICE: Well, then perhaps you shouldn't make legal opinions.
- 22 MR. KUTIK: You anticipated my next series of questions, your Honor.
- Q. Now, when you said that the Commission "rescinded" its order, isn't it true that what the

- Commission subsequently determined is to reject or not approve the ESP that was at issue in that case, correct?
- A. I would stand corrected and use that terminology.
- Q. And when -- when the Commission decided that it was -- it felt compelled to reject that ESP, the Commission made no mention about the DCR or the DIR in that case or how those revenues should be considered as part of the ESP versus MRO test, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Now, you reviewed the calculations of the ESP versus MRO test that were done by Mr. Ridmann, correct?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And you understand that the methodology that Mr. Ridmann followed in this case was the methodology that Mr. Ridmann presented and that Mr. Fortney commented on in the ESP II case, correct?
- A. I don't recall the second part of your question.
- Q. All right. So let me break it down. You recall that Mr. Ridmann used the same methodology that he used in this case in the ESP II case,

correct?

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- A. Yes. It was an accepted methodology.
- Q. So the Commission accepted that methodology.
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Now, I want to talk to you about PIPP load and bidding PIPP load. I believe there was an exhibit that OCC offered, it was admitted into evidence, that showed that PIPP load represents between 2 and 3 -- or around 2 and 3 percent of each companies' total sales. Is my recollection correct?
  - A. Yes, roughly.
- Q. And you're not proposing that there could be the same type of auction for PIPP load that there is for SSO load, correct?
  - A. Not necessarily.
  - Q. Okay.
- A. It could be an RFP or some type of mechanism.
- Q. Because you understand if we had a declining clock, declining clock auction, or the type of thing that's used with competitive bidding processes for SSO load now, that if the product that is bid out small, that may inhibit the number of bidders and, therefore, make potentially higher bid

prices. You understand that, correct?

- A. Everything else equal, yes.
- Q. Now, if we're going to have some type of competitive bidding process like an RFP, or whatever, you would envision that for the PIPP load bidders' offers, in whatever format we're talking about, would have to be capped at 6 percent off of the competitive bid price, correct?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. So bidders that would participate in that SSO -- excuse me -- in that PIPP load auction would have to agree up front that they were going to take something less than market rates, correct?
  - A. Yeah, the same way FES does.
- Q. And would it be fair to say that OCC undertook some discovery on whether bidders would be -- whether wholesalers or CRES suppliers would be interested in bidding on that, correct?
  - A. Yes. We tried to gauge that.
- Q. And the best you could determine is that some companies said that they may have considered it, correct?
  - A. Yes. The word is "may."
- Q. Thank you.
  - A. Given the short timeframe and everything

else.

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- Q. And you're not aware of any competitive bid process for PIPP load for electricity, correct?
- A. I'm aware of it for gas but not electricity, you're right.
- Q. Now, you are aware, are you not, that the Commission has determined in comparing an ESP versus an MRO, it may consider qualitative benefits and quantitative benefits, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And you don't disagree with that, the Commission looks at qualitative and quantitative benefits.
- A. I think they look at the whole -- all the benefits in the case, quantitative and qualitative.
- Q. I understand you understand they do that.

  My question is you don't disagree with that, do you?
- A. In my testimony I place a great value on the quantitative benefit as a -- we would want to pass that.
- Q. Isn't it true you don't disagree the Commission can consider quantitative and qualitative benefits?
  - A. Yes. I don't disagree with that.
  - Q. Okay. Now, I want to talk to you about

some things you don't consider to be benefits. Isn't it true that you don't consider the fact that the ESP III would keep RS-based distribution rates constant as a benefit?

- A. I see that related to the DCR so I look at the base -- the base -- the RS was constant or fixed and the DCR increased a lot. I see those two as costs or charges for delivery services, so I see it as a totality. I don't see -- I see it as a package.
- Q. All right. Let me have you turn to your deposition, sir, page 93. Are you there, sir? Are you there, sir?
  - A. Okay.

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- Q. Mr. Wilson -- Mr. Gonzalez, are you there? I've got Wilsons on the brain. I'm sorry.
  - A. I'm trying to read it.
- Q. Sure. Did you testify at page 93 as follows, starting at line 4: "So you can't say -
  "Answer: No, I can't.

"Question: -- sitting here today -- let me finish my question. Would it be fair to say that you can't say that customers get a benefit due to the fact that RS base rates are not scheduled to increase during the proposed ESP term. Fair to say?

"Answer: Fair to say. I would say
that."

Is that your testimony, sir?

- A. I can't say no; I can't yeah because of the total package, page 92.
- Q. Thank you. And the fact -- and you also agree that the fact that under an ESP, the Commission would periodically review the SSO process. You also do not agree that that's a benefit, correct?
- A. Can you point to that in my deposition testimony?
- Q. Well, I am not asking you yet about your deposition. I may.
  - A. Okay.

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- Q. But, right now, I'm asking you, isn't it true -- isn't it a fact that you don't believe that it's a benefit that under an ESP the Commission would have the opportunity to periodically review the SSO process?
  - A. As opposed to an MRO?
  - O. Correct.
- A. No. I would think the best result would benefit customers the most.
- Q. I am not sure you answered my question, sir. Isn't it true that you can't say that the fact

that under an ESP the Commission would review -- or can review periodically the SSO process is a benefit?

- A. No. I would think that whichever -- again, whichever --
  - Q. I'm sorry?

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- A. Whichever yielded the best result, I would say that's what the MRO-ESP test is about.
- Q. Let's go to your deposition, sir, since you don't want to answer that question. Let's see if we can look at your deposition. Let's start at page 94, line 24. Did you testify as follows:

"Question: Right. And if we assume that the typical term for an SSO or an ESP, excuse me, is about ever three years, that would mean the Commission is reviewing the SSO process for an EDU about every three years, correct?

"Answer: Yes.

"Question: And would that be a benefit of an ESP versus an MRO, that the Commission can review the SSO process every three years or so?

"Answer: I couldn't say. I couldn't say yes. I think it's because the SSO brings a lot of other costs that an MRO wouldn't, so I would have to balance that with your question.

"Question: So the answer is you don't

know?

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"Answer: Probably -- I would be maybe stronger, I would probably say no."

Did you testify that way, sir?

- A. Yes.
- Q. Thank you.
- A. And for the reasons stated in the sentence before.
- Q. Now, I want to talk to you about the DCR and some maybe potential benefits under the DCR. You heard me talk with Mr. Frye about the DCR, did you not?
  - A. Yes, I did.
- Q. And would you agree that he -- with what he agreed to, is that if moneys aren't spent, the companies don't get to charge for it, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And that the DCR includes a quarterly reconciliation process, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And there's a detailed annual audit with the ability of parties, like OCC, to participate, correct?
  - A. Yes, that's true.
- Q. And, in fact, OCC has taken the

opportunity to participate in the DCR audits relating to the FirstEnergy Ohio utilities, correct?

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- A. I believe so. I'm not involved in that case, but I understand that we are.
- Q. And you would agree with me that with respect to those things, those wouldn't be something that we would see in a rate case, correct?
- A. You wouldn't see it in a rate case, you are saying?
- Q. Yes, a detailed audit like what happens in the DCR.
- A. Yeah, I don't know -- I don't know if the Commission has a right to audit the companies' application in a rate case.
  - Q. So you don't know.
  - A. I don't know, yes.
- Q. All right. How about with respect to quarterly reconciliation, you don't get that in a rate case, do you?
- A. No. You get what the Commission authorizes in a rate case, whatever your revenue requirement is.
- Q. Right. So if the company spends less, they still get to keep the money, right?
  - A. Subject to a SEET test, perhaps.

- Q. Okay. Now, there's also a cap on how much the companies can recover under the DCR, correct?
  - A. Yes, a very high cap.
  - Q. But it's a cap, nonetheless.
  - A. Yes, it is.

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- Q. And you would agree with me that there really isn't a cap on how much the company can request for recovery in a rate case, correct, with respect to capital improvements?
- A. I believe the company can make its application.
- Q. Okay. So the answer to my question is "yes"?
  - A. Yeah. Within -- within reason.
- Q. Sure. Now, you would agree with me also, would you not, that customers also get benefits if the increase they see in their rates is gradual as opposed to steep?
- A. The rise is gradual, yeah. I think -- I think gradual increases, that's a principle in ratemaking, gradual.
- Q. That's a good thing.
- A. Could be.
  - Q. Okay. And OCC in the past has suggested

laddering or staggering of products for an auction for SSO load, correct?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And that's -- that was done to reduce risk of going out to bid your whole load at one time, correct?
  - A. It's a common strategy.
- Q. You just anticipated my next question, that staggering or laddering is an accepted tool to reduce the risk of -- to reduce risk and volatility, correct?
- A. It has been used like that in the past, yes.
- Q. Now, you would agree with me, would you not, that the FirstEnergy SSO auctions have been successful?
- A. I would say there was an issue with the first SSO when the company rejected the Commission order and they went out and bid on their own. I think we filed testimony, and so I would say that —there was some problems with that particular.
- Q. Let me then change it, change my question. With respect to all of the SSO load auctions that have been done under an approved ESP, those have been successful, have they not?

- A. Those have been certified by the Commission and have been approved by the auction managers so, yes.
- Q. You would agree they have been successful.

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- A. To the extent they've yielded market price, yes.
- Q. Okay. And, in fact, OCC has made some laudatory comments about those auctions; isn't that correct?
- A. I can't say about every auction, but I would anticipate that in the past we have when auctions have yielded low prices, market prices, yes, we probably have made some comments.
- Q. Do you recall OCC calling one of the results of the FirstEnergy auctions "a great outcome for consumers in northern Ohio"?
  - A. Does the quote say who said it?
  - O. Pardon?
  - A. Is that a quote?
- Q. I am asking you if you recall OCC issuing a press release saying that the result of the FirstEnergy auctions was "a great outcome for consumers in Northern Ohio"?
  - A. I could have read that, yes.

Q. Pardon?

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- 2 A. I could have read that.
  - Q. Let me see if I can refresh your recollection, sir.

5 MR. KUTIK: May I approach, your Honor?
6 EXAMINER PRICE: You may.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, I would like to have marked as Company Exhibit 13 a news release from the Office of Consumers' Counsel for immediate release, contact Ryan, I guess it's, Lippe. The headline, Ohio Consumers' Counsel, Auction Brings Lower Rates to FirstEnergy Customers.

## (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- Q. Mr. Gonzalez, I have handed you what has been marked for identification as Company Exhibit 13.

  Do you recognize this as a press release?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. And one press release that's dated May 14, 2009?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Another press release that's dated
  May 29, 2009?
  - A. I see that.
- Q. Is that correct, sir?
- 25 A. Yes.

Q. And May 14, 2009, third paragraph, it says, "'This is a great outcome for consumers in Northern Ohio, who have struggled with high rates for too long. While utility rates are increasing around the state, a rate decrease is welcome news,' said Consumers' Counsel Janine Migden-Ostrander."

Did I read that correctly?

A. Yes.

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- Q. And on May 29, 2009, does this press release quote Ms. Migden-Ostrander saying, "This is good news for customers throughout northern Ohio" this is in the second paragraph "who receive the benefits of the recent auction beginning with their June electric bill." Is that correct?
- A. These are after-the-fact comments in a press release.
- Q. And these were press releases from the Ohio Consumers' Counsel?
- A. Yes, after -- after an auction has taken place and we know what the results are.
  - Q. Right.

EXAMINER PRICE: You don't normally issue press releases for unsuccessful auctions, do you, lauding the outcome of unsuccessful auctions, do you?

THE WITNESS: We probably would not.

- Q. So the FirstEnergy ESPs, as they have been structured in terms of the competitive bidding processes, have yielded good results for customers; would that be fair to say?
- A. I would say the first two auction prices, yes.

MR. DORTCH: Your Honor, could the witness be admonished to raise the level of his voice a bit?

10 EXAMINER PRICE: Admonish is a bit harsh.

But I will ask, Mr. Gonzalez, if you could strive to raise your voice for counsel who are fighting our heating and cooling system.

THE WITNESS: I apologize.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, I have no further questions.

MR. DORTCH: I could have asked that a while ago.

19 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. McNamee.

MR. McNAMEE: Thank you.

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## CROSS-EXAMINATION

23 By Mr. McNamee:

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Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Gonzalez. It's true
the OCC has served at least six sets of

interrogatories on the company in the case. Isn't that right?

- A. Yes, I believe that's my understanding.
- Q. Okay. Let me turn to a different topic. Your recommendation regarding the ELR/OLR program costs.
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. If the -- if your recommendation were adopted, that would have the effect of increasing the costs imposed on the members of those classes, isn't that right?
- A. You're saying of the remaining members that are picking up the cost for that.
  - Q. Yes.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. That would raise their cost of doing business.
- A. Yes; but it would give our customers more disposable income to spend to generate more business.
- Q. Okay. Would raising the cost of an industrial's operations increase or decrease its competitiveness?
- A. Everything else being equal, it would -you know, depending what was said, it would tend to
  decrease their competitive price.

MR. KUTIK: Now, I would join Mr. Dortch in asking the witness to raise his voice, and I'm almost like right next to him.

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EXAMINER PRICE: Please attempt to raise your voice, Mr. Gonzalez.

- A. Okay. If -- I'll just qualify my answer. Can you hear me? I would say everything else being equal, a higher cost would hurt their competitiveness unless they are a monopoly. If they are a monopoly, it wouldn't have that effect.
- Q. I see. Do you know the magnitude of the effect of the adoption of your recommendation, the magnitude of the effect that it would have on the members of that class?
- A. I believe we have discovery how much we are being charged. I think it's -- I don't know exactly, but there's a discovery response, I believe it's over the three companies, ballpark, maybe 15 million, 12 million dollars. So however many kilowatt-hours are involved in the class, I don't -- I haven't done the math, but I don't think it's -- it would be a big per kilowatt-hour charge.

MR. McNAMEE: Okay. All right. That's all I need. Thank you.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Sauer, redirect?

149 1 MR. SAUER: Could we have a few minutes, 2 your Honor? 3 EXAMINER PRICE: You may. Let's go off 4 the record. 5 (Recess taken.) 6 EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Let's go back on 7 the record. 8 Mr. Sauer, redirect? 9 MR. SAUER: Yes, a couple of questions, your Honor. Thank you. 10 11 12 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 13 By Mr. Sauer: 14 Mr. Gonzalez, do you remember when 15 Mr. Kutik was asking you some questions about lost 16 distribution revenues and you cited some natural gas 17 cases that involved OCC's participation in those 18 cases? 19 A. Yes, I remember. 20 Are you aware of other cases that have Q. 21 involved lost distribution revenues that you have 2.2 been involved in? 23 Yes. I filed testimony also in Dayton Α.

was -- I was very adamant that there be a cap on lost

Power & Light's ESP 08-1094, I believe, and there I

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revenues because of the cumulative effect of that.

I also filed in Case 11-351, the AEP distribution rate case. I expressed concern about growing levels of cumulative lost distribution revenues, especially as the benchmarks for energy efficiency increase. So -- so -- so, yes, I have testified on those issues in other cases besides the ones Mr. Kutik mentioned.

- Q. And Mr. Kutik was looking at your testimony, I believe it's footnote 59, where you've got the -- the calculation of what the lost distribution revenues may be.
  - A. That's correct.

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- Q. And you focused on the years of this ESP III term and calculated, I believe, 22.2 million as the effect, and is it your opinion that that's a conservative result?
- A. Yes. Mine was very conservative because I just took the cumulative total through 2012 as in the exhibit. While we know 2013 the company has to meet a .9 percent of its total sales, you know, the three-year rolling average, in 2014, it has to meet another percent; in 2015 it has to meet another percent; and then in 20, you know, 16 it would be half of the 1 percent.

So that's 3.5 percent of the company's total sales that it has to meet in energy efficiency, so that's a lot of lost revenues that the company has not — the company has not documented in this particular case.

- Q. And Mr. Kutik asked you some questions regarding the DCR. Do you recall that line of questions?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And he was comparing the DCR to a rate case?
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. In your opinion is the DCR annual review comparable to a review in a rate case?
    - A. No.
- 16 Q. And --

17 EXAMINER PRICE: Excuse me, Mr. Sauer.

You testified earlier you did not participate in the audit.

THE WITNESS: In -- I'm not participating in the current audit in this case.

EXAMINER PRICE: So what's your basis for saying the audit is not comparable to the rate case audit?

THE WITNESS: I believe my understanding

of the rate case is you have a Staff Report, a review, and there's use and useful issues that can come up, pudency issues that can come up. I think in the stipulation the DCR is more of a reasonable standard.

EXAMINER PRICE: But you don't have any actual knowledge of what did -- was involved in the DCR audit.

THE WITNESS: I haven't been in this DCR audit, that's correct, but I have been in rate cases so -- and I read the stipulation.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Thank you. Thank you, Mr. Sauer.

- Q. (By Mr. Sauer) And the stipulation you are referring to is the ESP III stipulation and its description of the review or whatever is in the stipulation that discusses --
  - A. Correct.
  - Q. -- the annual review?

    EXAMINER PRICE: If I could follow-up,

21 Mr. Sauer. I'm sorry.

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You indicated in a rate case audit, it would look at property that was used and useful. Do you believe that the company is billing under the DCR for property that's not used and useful and that the

auditor missed that fact?

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THE WITNESS: I don't know. I haven't been involved in the case.

MR. KUTIK: I'm sorry. What was the case?

THE WITNESS: I don't know.

EXAMINER PRICE: He doesn't know. I'm sorry, Mr. Sauer.

- Q. (By Mr. Sauer) If you -- if you look at the DCR, Mr. Gonzalez, and the company spends a significant amount of money to improve their distribution facilities, would you anticipate that that may result in lower operating and maintenance costs as the older equipment is replaced?
- A. Yes. I think that's the difference with the rate case also. A rate case looks at both costs and savings, and the DCR just looks at the company's costs.
- Q. Mr. Gonzalez, do you recall that
  Mr. Kutik had asked you some questions regarding
  OCC's participation in cases with Ohio Partners for
  Affordable Energy, for example?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Do you know who Ohio Partners for

  Affordable Energy represent or what their interests

are in this case?

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A. Yeah. I believe OPAE interests in this case is -- is to protect their members, partly to protect -- not protect but to -- they provide weatherization services.

MR. SAUER: Your Honor, I would like to mark an exhibit OCC Exhibit No. 12, which would be the Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy motion to intervene in this case and the motion to intervene filed on behalf of the Empowerment Center, the Cleveland Housing Network, and the Consumer Protection Association.

EXAMINER PRICE: Why do you want to mark motions that were filed in the docket in this proceeding?

MR. SAUER: To just make them part of the record.

EXAMINER PRICE: They are part of the record.

MR. SAUER: Yeah.

EXAMINER PRICE: They are part of the record. They have been filed in this proceeding.

MR. SAUER: They are in the docket, but they are not in the record of this case.

25 EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. I'll mark it. So

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2 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MS. YOST: Your Honor, could we mark the motion to intervene, the second one, as No. 13, for clarity?

EXAMINER PRICE: The second one is which party?

MR. SAUER: That is the Empowerment Center, the Cleveland Housing Network, and the Consumer Protection Association.

EXAMINER PRICE: It is so marked.

MR. SAUER: Thank you.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- Q. Mr. Gonzalez, if you could -- do you have a copy of the Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy's motion to intervene?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Did I give you a copy? And on page 2, does it state who -- what their primary interest is at the very bottom of that page?

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, I object.

22 EXAMINER PRICE: Grounds?

MR. KUTIK: The document says what it says. As the Bench has already pointed out, it is in the record. They can brief it. Mr. Gonzalez doesn't

need to read it. He has no independent knowledge with respect to what their interest is, or at least it hasn't been established as that.

EXAMINER PRICE: We will give Mr. Sauer a little leeway on this and allow him to proceed.

MR. SAUER: Thank you, your Honor.

- Q. (By Mr. Sauer) Could you read what their interests are, Mr. Gonzalez.
- A. Yeah. It says, "OPAE's primary interests in this case is to protect the interests of low and moderate income Ohioans and OPAE members whose provision of electric service will be affected by this proceeding."
- Q. And on OCC Exhibit No. 13, do you have a copy of the Empowerment Center and the Cleveland Housing Network and the Consumer Protection Association's motion to intervene?
  - A. Yes.

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Q. And on page 4, do they state in the second full paragraph what their interests are in this case?

MR. KUTIK: Objection.

EXAMINER PRICE: I understand your continuing objection.

MR. SAUER: Thank you, your Honor.

- Q. Could you read for the record what the interest of that organization and their members are in the case?
- A. "Thus the Citizens Coalition and the low-income families represented by the Coalition have 'a real and substantial interest' in the outcome of this current set of cases, as required by OAC 4901-1-11(A)."

And then it says, "While other parties to this proceeding may also be concerned about the issues that affect low-income families, they have other sets of customer groups which they must also represent, which may impact their legal assistance to low-income families."

- Q. And in the paragraph starting, "the Citizens Coalition," you understand the Citizens Coalition to be the Empowerment Center of Greater Cleveland, the Cleveland Housing Network, and the Consumer Protection Association?
  - A. Yes.

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MR. SAUER: No further questions.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Gonzalez.

THE WITNESS: Yes.

EXAMINER PRICE: The low-income families represented by the coalition, do you believe they are

158 residential customers or commercial or industrial 1 2 customers? 3 THE WITNESS: I believe they are mainly 4 residential customers, yes. 5 EXAMINER PRICE: And the low and moderate income Ohians OPAE refers to, are they residential 6 7 customers? 8 THE WITNESS: I would say they 9 predominantly provide services to -- weatherization 10 services to residential. 11 EXAMINER PRICE: Do you know Consumers' 12 Counsel opposed the intervention of these parties 13 based upon them misstating their interests in this 14 proceeding? 15 THE WITNESS: I'm not aware. 16 EXAMINER PRICE: Redirect, Mr. --17 recross, Mr. Warnock? 18 MR. WARNOCK: I have no questions, your 19 Honor. 20 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Dortch. 21 MR. DORTCH: No questions, your Honor. 2.2 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Royer. 23 MR. ROYER: No, thanks. 24 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Vickers. 25 MR. VICKERS: No questions, your Honor.

159 1 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Lavanga. 2 MR. LAVANGA: No questions, your Honor. 3 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Kapla. 4 MR. KAPLA: No questions, your Honor. 5 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Petricoff. 6 MR. PETRICOFF: No questions, your Honor. 7 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Kutik. 8 9 RECROSS-EXAMINATION By Mr. Kutik: 10 11 OPAE provides services, either directly 12 or indirectly, to residential customers, do they not? 13 Α. Yes. 14 With respect to the Cleveland Housing 15 Network, you don't have any experience to really know 16 what they do, do you? 17 Α. No. 18 Ο. And with respect to the Empowerment 19 Center, same thing, you don't know what they do 20 either. 21 Not specifically. 2.2 Okay. Thank you. I must have missed Q. 23 something, Mr. Gonzalez, in your testimony about the 24 lost distribution revenues on page 39 and 40, I

missed any recommendation about cap. There is none,

is there?

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- A. My recommendation is to treat it in the -- in the portfolio case.
- Q. There is none, no recommendation about a cap, correct?
- A. There's -- if you look at my page 38, it says, "The problem arising from FirstEnergy's proposal" --
- EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Gonzalez, I hate to interrupt you.
- 11 THE WITNESS: Okay. Go head.
  - EXAMINER PRICE: If -- it seems to me,

    Mr. Kutik has asked you a "yes" or "no" question. If

    you could simply answer "yes" or "no" or explain why

    you cannot, I would appreciate it.
    - A. I discuss the cap, but I don't see a formal recommendation besides the one I made.
      - Q. Is the word "cap" even used?
    - A. Yes. I'll read it to you, "The problem arising from" --
      - Q. What page are you on, sir?
- 22 A. Page 38, starting on line 16.
- 23 Q. Okay.
- A. "The problem arising from FirstEnergy's proposal is if the lost revenue calculation is not

- capped by either a dollar amount or time period, the balances can grow quite large."
- Q. Okay. And your recommendation is that the DCR be rejected, not capped, correct?

MR. SAUER: Object. We're talking about lost distribution revenues, not DCR.

MR. KUTIK: I'm sorry. Thank you.

A. You threw me off there.

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- Q. You're recommending that the lost distribution revenue as part of the ESP III proposal be rejected, correct?
- A. I formally state that I would like it treated in another case, so.
  - Q. And that would be rejected in this case.
  - A. I would say so, yes.
- Q. Okay. There's no recommendation that it be capped as a modification to the company's proposal. That's nowhere in your proposal.
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Now, let me talk to you a little bit about DCR. I think I got that right this time.
  - A. Okay.
- Q. Who is the auditor for the companies in the DCR audit? Do you know that?
  - A. The only reason I know that is you

- brought it up in deposition, but, otherwise, like I said, I am not in that particular case.
  - Q. And you have had no interaction with them?
    - A. No, I have not.
  - Q. Do you know whether they have issued a report?
    - A. I said I'm not -- I'm not in that case.
    - Q. So you don't know.
    - A. I don't know, that's correct.
    - Q. And you don't know what they looked at.
- 12 A. No.

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- Q. You don't know what recommendations they made?
- 15 A. No, I don't.
- Q. You don't know what criteria they used.
- 17 A. I'm not in the case so I don't know.
- Q. You don't know.
- 19 A. I don't know. I've stated that.
- 20 Q. You don't know what their recommendations
- 21 were?
- MS. YOST: Objection. Asked and
- answered.
- 24 EXAMINER PRICE: I don't think he asked
- 25 about --

MS. YOST: Could you read it back?

MR. KUTIK: I think I asked criteria;

now, I am asking recommendations.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. I will overrule the objection. If I am wrong, the record will reflect that. That will be my mistake.

Please answer the question, Mr. Gonzalez.

- A. So did they -- I'm not familiar with the recommendations, yes.
- Q. Nor are you familiar whether OCC agreed with the overwhelming part of the recommendations made by the auditor, correct?
- A. I was not part of the case so I don't know.
- Q. Nor are you aware whether OCC has made any objection to the process of the criteria used by the auditor in that case, correct?
  - A. They may have; they may not have.
  - Q. You don't --
  - A. I don't know.

MR. KUTIK: No further questions.

22 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Mr. McNamee.

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MR. McNAMEE: No questions.

25 EXAMINER PRICE: Any questions?

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EXAMINER WILLEY: No.

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EXAMINATION

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By Examiner Price:

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by Examiner Fire.

- Q. Mr. Gonzalez, do you have a concern that FirstEnergy's reliability will improve too much based upon the improvements funded by the DCR rider?
  - A. My concern is more alignment between --
- Q. No. You have got to answer my questions straight. Do you have a concern that their reliability will improve too much based upon the improvements funded by rider DCR? "Yes" or "no"?
  - A. As an economist, yes.
- Q. You have concerns it will improve too much.
  - A. I have a concern --
- Q. I understand. And OCC's position in this case fundamentally, or one of your positions in this case, is to preserve the existing bid schedule from 10-388-EL-SSO, which provides for one-year bids in October of this -- of 2012 and I think January of 2013; is that right?
- A. That was Mr. Wilson's testimony, so I believe his testimony is a one-year product until some of the uncertainty perhaps clears up and then

165 1 maybe --2 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, can the witness 3 speak up? 4 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Gonzalez needs to 5 speak up in his answer. 6 MR. DORTCH: Can we have the response 7 read back. 8 EXAMINER PRICE: Let's have the response back, and then I'll go on. 9 10 (Record read.) 11 (By Examiner Price) But you oppose that 0. 12 schedule in 10-388. 13 I oppose going to a ladder product. Α. 14 oppose --15 In 10-388. Q. 16 Α. I don't recall. 17 Q. You don't recall. 18 Α. Yes. 19 You opposed the ESP in 10-388? Q. 20 Α. Yes. 21 You personally testified against it. Q. 2.2 Α. Yes, I did. 23 With respect to the PIPP bid, you 0. 24 indicate that the Commission should not count that as 25 a benefit under the ESP because DOD could bid this

- out separately under an MRO; is that correct?
- A. That's partly correct, but also just under an MRO the same arrangement could be made.
- Q. Is there a guarantee that under an MRO FES would be free to provide a 6 percent discount?
  - A. I don't think there is a guarantee, no.
- Q. Isn't it possible they could find some other market for their power if the Commission rejected this proposal?
  - A. They could.

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- Q. Would you collect economic development programs through riders DSE1 and DSE2; would I be correct -- I'm sorry. Do you think it's advisable for the Commission to collect economic development program costs through riders DSE1 and DSE2?
- A. My inclination would be no because those that are  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{--}}$ 
  - Q. Energy efficiency?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. Do you disagree that riders ELR and OLR have an economic development component to them, promote manufacturing in this state?
  - A. Yeah, I believe they do.
- Q. So would it be inappropriate to collect them through riders DSE1 and DSE2?

A. Yes.

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- Q. My last question is, in 10-388 you assessed a value for the RTEP costs that the company was willing to eat as zero.
- A. Yes. There were three factors of uncertainty I assessed the probability of zero, yes.
- Q. So that was a zero benefit in your view of 10-388, zero-dollar benefit?
- A. That -- that was my testimony, as opposed to 100 percent, what the staff witness stated, so we were at polar ends.
  - Q. You were at zero.
  - A. Correct.
- Q. Do you think it's a benefit now, the fact that the company is eating \$360 million of RTEP costs?
- A. I've stated so in my -- in my testimony there's a figure that they've collected through the date of their interrogatory, about 18 percent of what they said they are going to collect, but it is a benefit that they have --
- Q. You didn't give them credit in 10-388. Don't you think you should give them credit now?
- A. In my footnote I give them partial credit, 18 percent versus what they estimated they

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1 would get.

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- Q. So the Commission should consider 18 percent as a benefit under this ESP?
- A. Not under this ESP. That's a benefit of the last ESP.
  - Q. The last ESP you gave them zero.
  - A. Yes.
    - Q. So now ex post facto?
  - A. After the fact.
    - Q. You are giving them that number.
- A. You know, we both had estimates of what was going to happen.
- 13 EXAMINER PRICE: That's all I have got.
- 14 Thank you. You are excused.
- 15 Mr. Sauer.
- MR. SAUER: Thank you, your Honor. I
- move for the admission of OCC Exhibits 10, 11, 12 --
- 18 or 11, 12, and 13.
- 19 EXAMINER PRICE: You need to speak up,
- 20 Mr. Sauer.
- 21 MR. SAUER: I would ask for the admission
- of OCC Exhibits 11, 12, and 13, your Honor.
- MR. KUTIK: How about 11A?
- MR. SAUER: Pardon me?
- 25 MR. KUTIK: 11A.

1 MR. SAUER: And 11A.

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MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, we have no objection to 11 or 11A. We do object to 12 and 13.

EXAMINER PRICE: We will take administrative notice of 12 and 13, but they will not be admitted.

(EXHIBITS ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, at this time the company moves for the admission of Company Exhibits 10, 11, 12, and 13.

EXAMINER PRICE: Actually, I think administrative notice is appropriate of Company Exhibit 10, 11, 12, and 13 also, so I will take administrative notice of those.

MR. KUTIK: 13, your Honor, is the press release, which I'm not sure is a part of the public docket.

EXAMINER PRICE: You're right. You're right. That's correct. We will not take administrative notice of 13. We will admit 13.

(EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)

MS. YOST: I'm sorry. What was --

MR. DORTCH: Your Honor, if I could have repeated back to what the ruling was on the admissions.

EXAMINER PRICE: I'm sorry. I'll start over again. On the company exhibits, Company Exhibit 10 we will take administrative notice of. Company Exhibit 11 we'll take administrative notice of. And Company Exhibit 13 will be admitted.

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MR. KUTIK: And with respect to Company Exhibit 12, that's also administratively noticed?

EXAMINER PRICE: Yes.

\*\*\*\*Okay. At this time we are going to rule on the companies' pending request to take administrative notice of a number of documents that are -- I am not going to read into the record but are enumerated on -- in the filing the company handed out today.

Under existing case law, the Commission may take administrative notice of facts that the complaining parties have had an opportunity to prepare, respond to the evidence, and they are not prejudiced by its introduction.

In this case, FirstEnergy provided notice to all parties in its application that it intended to seek administrative notice of all documents in 10-388-EL-SSO, which also had previously taken administrative notice of all the documents in 09-906-EL-SSO.

Therefore, all the parties have had the opportunity to conduct discovery of any evidence presented in those proceedings. They have had the opportunity to request FirstEnergy to specifically identify the evidence in the record of those proceedings that they intend to seek -- intend to rely upon in this proceeding. They had the ability to request a subpoena to compel witnesses from those proceedings to appear for further cross-examination of this hearing. They had the opportunity to cross-examine the witnesses at this hearing regarding any issues raised in those proceedings, and they had the opportunity to present testimony at this hearing to explain or rebut any of the evidence in the record of that proceeding.

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Therefore, we find that the parties are not prejudiced by the taking administrative notice of the documents listed by FirstEnergy, and we will go ahead and take administrative notice at this time.

MR. LAVANGA: Your Honor --

EXAMINER PRICE: And we'll also take administrative notice of the document Mr. Lavanga referenced in the discussion this morning.

MR. LAVANGA: Thank you, your Honor.

MS. YOST: Your Honor, in regards to some

of the documents that were listed on FE -- what they provided this morning, you spoke of facts in regards to Commission precedent. So that would exclude any opinions that are listed in regards to these --

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EXAMINER PRICE: All the documents that are listed we've taken administrative notice, whether it's facts or opinion. I think we -- the rationale that I explained applies equally to facts as -- to opinion as it would to facts.

MR. WARNOCK: Your Honor, NOPEC would like to renew its objection to the ruling and would also request -- you cited some Commission precedent. Was that reflected under specific references that you might be able to provide?

EXAMINER PRICE: Sure. You might want to look at In the Matter of the Application of The Ohio Edison Company, The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, and The Toledo Edison Company for Authority to Establish a Standard Service Offer Pursuant to Section 4928.143, Revised Code, in the Form of an Electric Security Plan, Case No. 10-388-EL-SSO, Commission entry on rehearing dated May 13, 2010, at 6 and 7, which is citing to Canton Storage and Transfer Company versus Public Utilities Commission, (1995) 72 Ohio St. 3d 1 at 8, which was citing to

Allen versus Public Utilities Commission (1988) 40
Ohio St. 3d 184, 186.

MR. WARNOCK: Thank you, your Honor.

MR. SAUER: Your Honor, OCC would renew our objections to this as well.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. Noted.

MR. DORTCH: Renewed --

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. Noted.

MR. DORTCH: -- our objections as well,

your Honor.

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MR. VICKERS: ELPC renews its objections.

EXAMINER PRICE: You all can raise them in your brief without renewing your objections. You are all free to raise this in your brief.

Okay. Let's go off the record

MR. SAUER: Before that, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Let's stay on the

record.

MR. SAUER: Please. We had asked earlier that we have the opportunity to reserve the right to file rebuttal testimony that we are preparing — or providing, would be willing to provide by the close of business on Monday, June 11, and resume the hearing on Tuesday at 1:00 o'clock, and we would filing surrebuttal to the company's rebuttal

testimony we would see at the close of business today, if that's -- if we determine it's necessary.

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EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Kutik.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, I think the request is, at best, premature and is most likely improper. We have the burden in this case, and we have the opportunity — the burden of going forward, and we should have the opportunity of closing. There has been no demonstration that surrebuttal is necessary, and I think we should all wait and see what we get in rebuttal testimony, and if they feel that there is some circumstances that suggest that there is a need for surrebuttal, they can make it at the end of the examination of any and all witnesses that we present on rebuttal.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Sauer, would you care to respond to Mr. Kutik?

MR. SAUER: The point is we haven't -- we haven't seen the sur -- their rebuttal yet, so we don't know what's coming. We just want to make sure the right is there in the event we need to file the testimony. They have told us only that there are three witnesses. They have had our testimony since May 21. We don't know what the testimony is going to entail, what they're addressing. We don't have any

of the issues that may come up.

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EXAMINER PRICE: I'm still not sure if you're asking to reserve the right to seek surrebuttal testimony, or if you are asking me now for the right to present surrebuttal testimony.

MR. SAUER: The latter.

EXAMINER PRICE: Do you have a copy of FirstEnergy's rebuttal testimony?

MR. SAUER: I do not.

EXAMINER PRICE: Then how do you know if you need to rebut it?

MS. YOST: Clearly there is going to be at least two new witnesses to this proceeding.

MR. KUTIK: So what?

EXAMINER PRICE: I don't follow the logic there. It seems to me that it sounds like you are intending to do something to bolster your previous witnesses rather than rebut testimony you haven't heard yet.

MS. YOST: Well, we are just offering the filing time and the time for the hearing. If you don't want to agree to that now or the parties don't want to agree to that now, we can wait, but it will postpone things. If right — as long as we reserve our right to ask later, I guess tomorrow or Friday we

can proceed then.

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EXAMINER PRICE: I think it makes more sense to take this up after you have heard from the FirstEnergy rebuttal witnesses, and then at that point you may decide that you don't need to file it, and we'll have wasted the poor court reporter's time on this, so we will defer ruling on your request at this time.

Anything else we need to address?

MS. YOST: May we ask when we are going to receive that testimony? Will it be electronic?

When will it be?

MR. KUTIK: It will be electronic.

EXAMINER PRICE: I believe the company committed they will have it to you by the close of business today.

MR. KUTIK: That's --

MS. YOST: What time does their business close?

MR. KUTIK: My time in terms of when the testimony and the status of the testimony is about two hours old, and I'm not in a position to give a time, nor would I, if I knew.

EXAMINER PRICE: I generally believe close of business adheres to the Commission time,

177 1 which I believe is 6 o'clock, although in this proceeding it's been later than that, so I expect the 2 3 company to tender this by 6 o'clock tonight. 4 MR. KUTIK: We will endeavor to do that, 5 your Honor. MR. LAVANGA: Your Honor. 6 7 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Lavanga. 8 MR. LAVANGA: Are we still scheduled to 9 start up at 1:00 tomorrow? EXAMINER PRICE: We are still scheduled 10 11 to start up at 1:00 tomorrow to hear one witness on 12 rebuttal. 1.3 Anything else? 14 Then we are adjourned for the day. Thank 15 you all. 16 (Thereupon, at 3:42 p.m., the hearing was 17 adjourned.) 18 19 20 21 2.2 23 24 25

CERTIFICATE I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the proceedings taken by me in this matter on Wednesday, June 6, 2012, and carefully compared with my original stenographic notes. Karen Sue Gibson, Registered Merit Reporter. (KSG - 5540)

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Summary: Transcript of the Application of The Ohio Edison Company, The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company and The Toledo Edison Company hearing held on 06/06/12 - Volume III electronically filed by Mrs. Jennifer Duffer on behalf of Armstrong & Okey, Inc. and Gibson, Karen Sue Mrs.