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1
         BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO
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3
     In the Matter of the
    Application of Ohio Edison:
    Company, The Cleveland
    Electric Illuminating
    Company, and The Toledo : Case No. 10-176-EL-ATA
5
    Edison Company for
6
    Approval of a New Rider :
    and Revision of an
7
    Existing Rider.
8
9
                          PROCEEDINGS
10
    before Mr. Gregory Price and Ms. Mandy Willey,
    Attorney Examiners, at the Public Utilities
11
12
    Commission of Ohio, 180 East Broad Street, Room 11-A,
13
    Columbus, Ohio, called at 10 a.m. on Wednesday,
    February 16, 2011.
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                            VOLUME I
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                 Association.
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Wednesday Morning Session, February 16, 2011.

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2.2

EXAMINER WILLEY: The Public Utilities

Commission of Ohio has called for hearing at this

time and place Case No. 10-176-EL-ATA, being In the

Matter of the Application of Ohio Edison Company, The

Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, and The

Toledo Edison Company For Approval of a New Rider and

Revision of an Existing Rider.

My name is Mandy Willey and with me is Gregory Price and we are the attorney examiners assigned by the Commission to hear this case.

I would like to begin by taking appearances of the parties. On behalf of the companies.

MR. BURK: On behalf of the companies

James W. Burk, Carrie Dunn, 76 South Main Street,

Akron, Ohio 44308. Also appearing on behalf of the

companies are David Kutik and Jeff Saks of the Jones

Day law firm, North Point, 901 Lakeside Avenue,

Cleveland, Ohio 44114. And also appearing on behalf

of the companies is Grant Garber, also of the Jones

Day law firm, and his business address is 325 John H.

McConnell, Columbus, Ohio 43215.

```
EXAMINER WILLEY: On behalf of OCC.
 1
 2
                 MR. SMALL: Thank you, your Honor. On
    behalf of the residential customers of the
 3
 4
     FirstEnergy electric distribution utilities, Janine
 5
    Migden-Ostrander, Consumers' Counsel, I'm Jeffrey L.
     Small, counsel of record.
 6
                 Also Maureen Grady and Chris Allwein,
 7
 8
    Assistant Consumers' Counsel, Office of the Ohio
 9
     Consumers' Counsel, 10 West Broad Street, Columbus,
    Ohio 43215.
10
                 EXAMINER WILLEY: On behalf of the CKAP
11
12
    parties.
13
                 MR. CORCORAN: Thank you. On behalf Sue
     Steigerwald, CKAP, and Bob Schmitt Homes, Inc., I'm
14
15
    Kevin Corcoran, 8501 Woodbridge Court, North
16
    Ridgeville, Ohio 44039.
                 EXAMINER WILLEY: On behalf of
17
    Constellation.
18
19
                 MS. KALEPS-CLARK: Thank you, I would
20
     like to enter the appearance of Lija Kaleps-Clark, M.
21
    Howard Petricoff, Vorys, Sater, Seymour and Pease, 52
22
    East Gay Street, Columbus, Ohio 43216. I would like
23
    to note that we will not be attending the entire
24
    hearing, and we don't have any witnesses or any
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cross-examination, but we would like to reserve the

25

right to enter any post-hearing reply briefs or briefs.

2.2

MS. MOONEY: On behalf of the Ohio

Partners for Affordable Energy, I'm Colleen Mooney

and David C. Rinebolt, 231 West Lima Street, Findlay,

Ohio.

MR. O'BRIEN: On behalf of the Ohio
Manufacturers Association, Thomas J. O'Brien. I'm
with the law firm of Bricker & Eckler, LLP, 100 South
Third Street, Columbus Ohio 43215. I would also like
to enter the appearance of Richard L. Sites of the
Ohio Hospital Association, 150 East Broad Street,
Columbus, Ohio 43215, and Thomas J. O'Brien of the
law firm of Bricker & Eckler also appearing on behalf
of the Ohio Hospital Association.

MR. ELISAR: Scott Elisar appearing on behalf of the Industrial Energy Users of Ohio, McNees Wallace & Nurick, 21 East State Street, 17th Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215. Also entering on behalf of the Industrial Energy Users is Sam Randazzo with McNees Wallace & Nurick.

MR. JONES: On behalf of the Public
Utilities Commission staff, Attorney General Mike
DeWine, Assistant Attorneys General Tom Lindgren,
Vern Margard, John Jones, 180 East Broad Street,

Columbus Ohio 43215.

2.2

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Thank you.

Before we take our first witness we have a number of preliminary matters. There is a pending motion for interlocutory appeal filed by FirstEnergy on December 27, 2010. Memoranda contra to the interlocutory appeal was filed by OCC and the CKAP parties on January 3, 2011. At this time certification will be denied. The attorney examiners find they do not present a new or novel question of law or policy and there was no demonstration of undue prejudice or expense.

In addition, we had a discovery conference last month at which OCC provided for in camera review a number of documents. At this time the Bench would like to return the copies of those documents to Ms. Grady who will acknowledge receipt on the record.

MS. GRADY: Thank you, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Mr. Kutik, any further matters?

MR. KUTIK: Yes, your Honor. Your Honor, at this time the companies would like to present several motions to strike relating to the public hearing testimony in this case. And we'll do it in

two phases.

2.2

First, your Honor, I will address the issue of the testimony of certain parties who were either -- or certain witnesses who were either a founder, leaders, or members of CKAP. I will then yield the floor to Mr. Saks who will address other objections that we have on other evidentiary grounds.

I will then be prepared to address, your Honor, the companies' position on certain documents that were moved as exhibits into the record at the public hearing -- public hearings in this case.

Your Honor, perhaps it would be helpful with respect to our motions with respect to public hearings to provide the Bench with a copy of the transcripts and Mr. Saks is --

EXAMINER PRICE: Certainly would be.

MR. KUTIK: -- doing that now.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, I would also like to provide the Bench with a copy of the deposition of Ms. Steigerwald.

EXAMINER PRICE: I have mine.

23 Ms. Willey, do you need a copy of the deposition?

EXAMINER WILLEY: I do.

MR. KUTIK: There were two volumes.

EXAMINER PRICE: You're correct, I only have the first volume.

2.2

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, as Attorney
Examiner Phillips-Gary put it at not one but two
public hearings, the public hearings were not for the
testimony by the companies, by the staff of the
Commission, or by any intervenors. He said that both
at the Maumee hearing on page 5 and at the Sandusky
hearing also on page 5.

There is a fundamental due process aspect to our motion. And that is if CKAP wanted as they do to be part of this case as an Intervenor, then they should be subject to discovery and to the evidentiary rules and to the proceedings set forth by the Commission for an evidentiary hearing.

Certainly the Bench is well aware the companies were unaware of any members of CKAP certainly before January and certainly before they were ordered to provide us with information about that and certainly before we were able to take the deposition of Ms. Steigerwald with respect to that.

So at the hearings the companies certainly were not in a position to make any objections with respect to the fact that some witnesses were founders, leaders, or members of CKAP.

And so CKAP has specifically moved in this case for the opportunity to present live testimony at this case in this proceeding today, tomorrow, the next day and whatever and not have it prefiled. Certainly we should have had the opportunity to know who those witnesses were and to be able to take discovery of those witnesses.

Subsequently what we have determined, your Honor, and found in our discovery is that certain people who testified at the hearings were a founder or leaders or members of CKAP and I would like to go through those witnesses at this time.

EXAMINER PRICE: You are going to break out founders by category?

MR. KUTIK: Yes.

2.2

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

MR. KUTIK: The founder, your Honor, one of the founders along with Ms. Steigerwald of CKAP, a gentleman named Richard Jordan, and Ms. Steigerwald makes that admission in her deposition at page 37, line 15 to page 38, line 2.

Mr. Jordan testified in the Kirtland public hearing and his testimony is at line 9 -- page 94, line 1 to page 102, line 12, so we would move to exclude Mr. Jordan's testimony on the grounds he is a

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founder of CKAP, and if he wanted to testify, he should have testified in this hearing and been subject to discovery and cross-examination in this proceeding.
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There are 11 other people, your Honor, that have been identified by Mr. Steigerwald as leaders of CKAP. And those -- and those individuals -- and those -- that identification of these parties that I will identify to you in a moment.

It appears at Ms. Steigerwald's deposition at pages 41 and 42 and then pages 201 to 211. And those individuals are as follows: At the Maumee hearing Michael Roetter, R-O-E-T-T-E-R, testified starting at page 12, line 5, to page 19, line 21. At the North Ridgeville public hearing there were four witnesses who were identified as leaders of CKAP and they are Edward Bueche, B-U-E-C-H-E, who testified at line -- at page 77, line 17, to page 85, line 2; Linda Jankura, J-A-N-K-U-R-A, who testified at page 35, line 24, to page 46, line 1; Rita Lockhart, L-O-C-K-H-A-R-T, who testified at page 26, line 24, to page 35, line 20; and Charles Negeju, N-E-G-E-J-U, at page 34, line 10, to page 138, line 10.

1 At the Strongsville hearing there were 2 six individuals identified as leaders of CKAP by Ms. Steigerwald. These individuals are as follows: 3 4 John Carney, C-A-R-N-E-Y, who testified at page 55, 5 line 11, to page 69, line 16; Michael Carney who 6 testified at page 66, line 23, to page 69, line 16; 7 William Imblum, I-M-B-L-U-M, who testified at page 8 186, line 25, to page 191, line 3; Jim Jankura, same 9 spelling as Linda, page 13, line 21, to page 20, line 10 25; Ed Oliverous, O-L-I-V-E-R-O-U-S, who testified at page 178, line 11 to page 182, line 9; and finally 11 12 Bill Sass, S-A-S-S, who testified at page 108, line 13 3; to page 114, line 25. Those are the leaders of 14 CKAP who testified. 15 There were also 33 individuals who are 16 identified by Ms. Steigerwald as -- as members of 17 CKAP who testified at the various hearings. At the Strongsville hearing there were 14 such persons. And 18 19 they were as follows: Donald Blankenship who 20 testified at line 118 -- excuse me, page 118, line 21 16, to page 123, line 22; William Bruton, 22 B-R-U-T-O-N, who testified at line 27 -- page 27, 23 line 23, to page 34, line 20; Roseann Cyngier,

C-Y-N-G-I-E-R, who testified at page 150, line 17, to

page 157, line 3; Gary Damert, D-A-M-E-R-T, who

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25

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testified at line -- page 77 line 7, to page 90, line
1
2
     9; Caroline Dragics, D-R-A-G-I-C-S, she testified at
3
    page 171, line 14, to page 178, line 5; Dennis Kolar,
4
    K-O-L-A-R, who testified at page 144, line 17, to
5
    page 150, line 12; and Linda Kranak, K-R-A-N-A-K, who
6
    testified at page 162, line 23, to page 164, line 25;
7
    Brock Landers who testified at page 23, line 12, to
8
    page 27, line 19. Tim LaSalva, L-A-S-A-L-V-A, who
     testified at page 52, line 21, to page 55, line 7;
9
     Thomas Logan who testified at page 124, line 3, to
10
11
    page 127, line 2; Michael Nemann, N-E-M-A-N-N, who
12
    testified at page 69, line 20, to page 77, line 3;
13
    Carol Nussel, N-U-S-S-E-L, who testified at page 38,
14
     line 13, page 42, line 18. Paul Ruic, R-O --
    R-U-I-C, who testified at page 206, line 13, to page
15
16
     210, line 6; Bill Vassel, V-A-S-S-E-L, who testified
17
    at page 35, line 6, to page 38, line 8.
18
                 At the Maumee hearing there was one
19
     individual who was identified by Ms. Steigerwald in
20
    her deposition as a member, and by the way, these
21
    members were identified in Ms. Steigerwald's
    deposition at pages 197 to 211. At the Maumee
22
23
    hearing the individual who testified who was a member
24
    of CKAP was James Ehlinger, E-H-L-I-N-G-E-R, who
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testified at page 22, line 15, to page 29, line 17.

25

1 At the North Ridgeville hearing there were six individuals who were identified members of 2 3 CKAP, Teryl Bishop. Mr. Bishop testified at page 115, line 18 to page 119, line 12; Eileen Campo, 4 C-A-M-P-O, page 99, line 5, to page 108, line 17; 5 6 Fred Hickok, H-I-C-K-O-K, who testified at page 119, 7 line 12 -- 21 to page 120, line 25; Franz Jager, 8 J-A-G-E-R, who testified at page 70, line 12, to page 9 77, line 13; Brenda Coscar, C-O-S-C-A-R, who testified at page 130, line 8, to page 134, line 4; 10 11 Shirley Yunkers, Y-U-N-K-E-R-S, who testified at page 124, line 5, to page 129, line 18. 12 13 At the Kirtland hearing there were 12 individuals identified as members of CKAP, Candace 14 15 Arcaro, A-R-C-A-R-O, who testified at page 108, line 16 14, to page 115, line 1; Eileen Fisco, F-I-S-C-O, who 17 testified at page 115, line 7, to page 117, line 8; Thomas Garvey who testified at page 24, line 1 to 18 19 page 25, line 19; Richard Gift who testified at page 20 130, line 4, to page 136, line 10; Kim Kossick, 21 K-O-S-S-I-C-K, who testified at page 34, line 4, to page 36, line 12; Brian Kurz, K-U-R-Z, who testified 22 23 at page 143, line 3, to page 147, line 23; Steve 24 Martony, M-A-R-T-O-N-Y, who testified at page 165, 25 line 10, to page 168, line 12; James McMeecham,

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1
   M-c-M-E-E-C-H-A-N, who testified at page 105, line
2
    12, to page 108, line 8; Michael Payne, P-A-Y-N-E,
3
   who testified at page 85, line 15, and page 89, line
    24; Patricia Rickettson, R-I-C-K-E-T-T-S-O-N, who
4
5
   testified at page 168, line 15, to page 172, line 17;
6
   Dee Reilly who testified at page 137, line 20, to
   page 142, line 9; R.G. Wardlaw who testified at page
7
8
    148, line 19, page 158, line 21.
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Your Honor, those are the individuals who testified and were at the public hearing who are members of the CKAP, and for the reasons stated we move to restrict the testimony of those witnesses.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Kutik, if you recall at our discovery conferences, CKAP withheld or sought to withhold communications between CKAP members who they identified as part of their control group or leadership team of the individuals you identified as founders or leaders. Did CKAP seek to withhold any communications in discovery as part of their control group of those specific individuals?

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, in terms of the materials that we received, and now I am going from memory, so I'll just go to ones I am fairly certain of, we received e-mail communications between Ms. Steigerwald and at least the following people

```
Mr. Jordan --
1
2
                 EXAMINER PRICE: I mentioned the one --
3
    never mind because we can do it by process of
4
     elimination. Thank you.
5
                 MR. KUTIK: Or I can just say yes and sit
6
    down, or I can go through the ones.
7
                 EXAMINER PRICE: I am interested in ones
8
    they withheld on the basis they were control --
9
     communications within their control group.
10
                 MR. KUTIK: Well, your Honor, I guess at
11
    this point, since I did not receive a privileged log,
12
     I don't know which ones I haven't seen. I can tell
    you which ones they made objections to which were
13
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EXAMINER PRICE: Okay.

overruled and we saw.

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MR. KUTIK: And that's what I was proceeding to do.

EXAMINER PRICE: That's okay. Let's go ahead and take CKAP's response. This is a fairly discrete issue, there is no reason we can't take CKAP's response and then move on to Mr. Saks's issues.

MR. KUTIK: Yes. That was our intention.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Mr. Corcoran.

MR. CORCORAN: Well, you know, your

Honor, at the beginning of this we had a discussion who was going to testify and who wasn't going to testify and who the attorney examiners would like to see testify at public hearings or not.

And we had a discussion about the named parties, specifically Sue Steigerwald, Joan Heginbotham, Bob Schmitt Homes, and CKAP being represented by Sue Steigerwald as being withheld as people that weren't going to testify at those public hearings, and we followed that completely.

They did not -- none of those people testified and we were going to have them testify, you know, here at this hearing. The other people -- there is different reasons as to why somebody was considered to be a leader in CKAP. You know, some of those reasons are not very significant to some of their testimony that they gave, and the company had plenty of opportunity to ask them at the hearings whether they were a member of CKAP or whether they were a leader of CKAP.

EXAMINER PRICE: Just so the record is clear, you've established an attorney/client relationship with everybody that Mr. Kutik named; is that correct?

MR. CORCORAN: Yes, that's correct.

1 EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. 2 MR. CORCORAN: As members of CKAP, yes. 3 EXAMINER PRICE: I understand. 4 Does any other party care to make an 5 argument on this issue? 6 MR. SMALL: Yes, your Honor. I'll just 7 emphasize the last point that Mr. Corcoran made which 8 is FirstEnergy is representing that they had no 9 ability until after the local public hearings to determine the association by these individuals with 10 11 That's not true. These witnesses were all CKAP. 12 available for cross-examination. 13 The Bench made it clear in each local 14 public hearing that these parties were subject to cross-examination. Limited cross-examination was 15 16 conducted including by me. 17 FirstEnergy had that opportunity and did not avail themselves of it for the most part. There 18 19 was limited cross-examination by FirstEnergy so 20 they -- FirstEnergy had an opportunity to explore 21 this matter and make these objections at the local 2.2 public hearings. 23 Your Honor, may I respond? MR. KUTIK: 24 EXAMINER PRICE: You may. 25 MR. KUTIK: May I approach?

EXAMINER PRICE: You may.

2.2

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, I would like to show you two exhibits which we will mark ultimately in this case as Company Exhibit 23 and Company Exhibit 16. And they were marked respectively in Ms. Steigerwald's deposition as Exhibits I believe 31 and 24.

What you'll see, your Honor, in Exhibit 31 or what has been marked in Ms. Steigerwald's deposition as Exhibit 31 is an e-mail communication from the Public Utilities Commission to Ms. Steigerwald warning her about attempting to contact the Commission and otherwise act as a citizen, so to speak, and telling her since she had been identified as a party in this case through her motion to intervene, she had to participate in the more formal means.

I asked her about that in her deposition at pages 312 to 313. In her deposition she said that she then set about to warn people not to identify themselves as members of CKAP because then they would get similar letters or similar warnings and would have to participate in the proceedings in a formal way.

Now, the document that was Exhibit 24 in

Ms. Steigerwald's deposition which we have marked Companies' Exhibit 16 is an e-mail that she sent, Ms. Steigerwald sent, to her CKAP friends, that is, the members of CKAP and towards the end -- by the way this is the memo that we attached in one of our prior motions where Ms. Steigerwald is coaching individuals on what to say in the public hearings.

2.2

Towards the end of this document she indicates that, this is now in the last page, CKAP's motion to intervene in the all electric case was officially approved PUCO this week. This means CKAP represented by our attorney Kevin Corcoran are official parties to the case. Since my name is specified in the motion to intervene and Kevin is the attorney, neither one of us is permitted to testify at the local hearings.

In other words, they knew by the status of their intervention that it was in their interest not to identify themselves as members of CKAP.

Certainly even if we had the opportunity and asked individuals whether they were members of CKAP, the fact that they were parties should have allowed us to bring them down here to cross-examine them after we had an opportunity for discovery. We didn't have that opportunity. For that reason we move to strike.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

2.2

MR. CORCORAN: Your Honor --

EXAMINER PRICE: I think we can move on. We are going to defer ruling on this question until we have had a chance to think it over.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, Mr. Saks will address our other motions.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Saks.

MR. SAKS: Your Honor, we have several motions related to the testimony at the public hearings. What I've attempted to do is to divide them into discrete categories where possible. And there are two such categories of testimony.

The first one is testimony where various witnesses of the public hearing as homeowners testified about the value of their homes declining or that their homes would not be sellable. This testimony is objectionable because it's improper expert testimony and it's also lacking foundation.

As a predicate matter, these witnesses, the basis for their knowledge appears to be from Ms. Steigerwald who on several different occasions sent e-mails to members of CKAP in which she instructed them about home value being an issue and telling them in various forms either in sending

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1
     complaints via e-mail to the Commission or in giving
2
    public hearing testimony, essentially instructing
     them to say their home values would be reduced, their
3
    homes would not be sellable, including a number that
4
5
     she -- that she generated which was offered
     repeatedly at these hearings, if you recall, home
6
7
    values declining by 30 percent or more.
8
                 Ms. Steigerwald testified at her
9
     deposition that she has no expertise when it comes to
10
    property valuation and, therefore, we would submit
11
     that there is absolutely no basis for this testimony
12
     coming in. I'll direct you to pages 228, lines 6
13
     through 9, of Ms. Steigerwald's deposition where she
14
    made that concession.
15
                 I am prepared now to run through by
16
    witness where this testimony appears in the record,
17
     if I may.
18
                 EXAMINER PRICE: You may.
19
                 MR. SAKS: At the Sandusky --
20
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Before -- let me take a
21
     step back.
                How many witnesses are you talking about?
2.2
                 MR. SAKS: I apologize. Somehow I have
23
    gotten out of sorts here.
                 Upwards of 35, I would say.
24
25
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Please proceed.
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If it was 435, I might have thought of a different
1
    way to do this, but 35 is fine.
2
3
                 MR. SAKS:
                           Roger Kenny -- I'm sorry, I am
4
     starting at the Sandusky hearing, date order.
5
                 Roger Kenny, page 18, lines 19 through
6
     23; John Kempton, page 21, line 13, through page 22,
     line 8; Sue McCartney, page 24, lines 12 through 15;
7
8
    Jude Febert, page 33, line 12 through 17; Cora Neal,
9
    page 44, lines 1 through 3; Andrew Cosis, C-O-S-I-S,
    page 83, lines 11 through 13; Rosa Marie Ridey,
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    R-I-D-E-Y, page 90, line 20, through page 91, line 4;
11
12
    Dick Barns, page 96, line 23, through page 97, line
     3; Sue Daugherty, D-A-U-G-H-E-R-T-Y, page 115, line
13
14
     17, through page 116, line 3.
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                 At the Strongsville hearing Tim Randall,
16
    page 8, line 21 through 25; Dennis Kucinich, page 11,
17
     line 10 through 21; Jim Jankura, page 17, line 24,
    through page 18, line 14; Brock Landers, page 26,
18
19
     line 24, through page 27, line 6; William Bruton,
20
    page 30, line 7 through 21; Carol Nussel, page 40,
21
     line 20, through page 41, line 3; Reaz Ansri,
    A-N-S-R-I, page 45, line 13, through page 46, line 1;
22
23
    Gerald Grissom, G-R-I-S-S-O-M, page 52, line 7
24
    through 12; Tim LaSalva, page 54, line 14 through 20;
25
    Gary Damert, page 86, line 3 through 15; Matt Patten,
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P-A-T-T-E-N, page 95, line 5 through 12; Thomas
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2
     Patten, page 102, line 7, through 104, line 2; Bill
     Sass, page 112, line 20, through page 113, line 4,
3
     and also page 113, line 23, through page 114, line 9;
4
5
    Diana Saul, page 116, line 11 through 13; Donald
6
    Blankenship, page 121, line 13 through 18; Dale
7
    Findlay, page 143, line 2 through 21; Roseann
8
    Cyngier, page 155, line 21, through page 156, line 3;
9
     Paul Marnechesk, M-A-R-N-E-C-H-E-S-K, page 161, line
     21, through page 162, line 2; Linda Kranak, 164, line
10
     16 through 20; Joe Hayes, Jr., 169, line 11, through
11
12
    page 170, line 12; Caroline Dragics, page 173, line
     20, through page 174, line 14; Ed Oliverous, page
13
     179, line 20, through page 180, line 8; William
14
15
     Imblum, page 188, lines 1 through 7.
16
                 At the Maumee hearing there was one
17
    witness Michael Roetter, page 17, lines 10 through 20
     and also lines 21 through 24.
18
19
                 At the North Ridgeville hearing, David
20
    Kos, K-O-S, page 19, line 25 through page 20, line
21
     15; Linda Jankura, page 43, line 15 through 20; Hazel
22
    Ferry, F-E-R-R-Y, page 68, line 2 through 7; Rita
23
    Lockhart, page 34, line 4 through 21; Franz Jager,
24
    page 73, line 5, through page 74, line 12; Edward
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Bueche, page 83, line 11, through 84, line 12; Mark

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1
     Lammon, L-A-M-M-O-N, page 87, line 1 through 10;
2
    Leonard School, 91, 10 through 15; Eileen Campo, page
     103, line 17, through 104, line 2 and also 107, line
3
     4 through 5; Mark Griffiths, G-R-I-F-F-I-T-H-S, page
4
5
     122, line 4 through 8; Carl Silky, page 142, line 20
     through page 143, line 1; and also 143, line 15
6
7
    through 20; Dennis Boose, B-O-O-S-E, page 155, line
8
     18, through page 157, line 9; David Urig, U-R-I-G,
9
    page 159, line 2 through 7.
10
                 Finally Kirtland public hearing, Lorain
     Fende, F-E-N-D-E, page 13, line 2 through 8; Mark
11
12
    Schneider, S-C-H-N-E-I-D-E-R, page 19, line 22,
13
    through page 20, line 3, and page 20, line 14 through
14
     23; Tom Garvey, page 24, line 24, through page 25,
15
     line 6; Tim Kossick, page 35, line 13 through 17; Tim
16
    Grendell, page 80, line 14, through page 81 line 11;
17
    Candace Arcaro, page 111, line 21, through page 112,
18
     line 1; Eileen Fisco, page 116, lines 2 through 5,
19
     Tom Walter Meyer, page 129, lines 1 through 4;
20
    Richard Gift, page 133, lines 1 through 11, and also
21
    page 136, lines 35; Ryan Kurz, page 144, lines 2
    through 6, and finally Caitlin Abraham, page 183,
22
23
     lines 2 through 4.
24
                                  Thank you.
                 EXAMINER PRICE:
                                              And vour
25
     second group.
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MR. SAKS: Also second group we put together in one group was testimony made by various witnesses about First Energy's financial condition and the financial impact of FirstEnergy of these rates. That testimony is without foundation and irrelevant.
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From the Sandusky hearing Jude Febert, page 31, line 3, through page 32, line 8. At the Strongsville hearing Dennis Kucinich, page 10, line 24, through page 11, line 9; William Bruton, page 32, line 15, through page 33, line 25; Louis Viksoni, V-I-K-S-O-N-I, page 47, line 14, through page 48, line 8; Gary Damert, page 82, line 5, through page 84, line 17; Thomas Logan, page 126, lines 11 through 19.

At the Maumee hearing James Ehlinger, page 25, line 22, through page 26, line 7. At the North Ridgeville hearing Matt Lundy, page 24, line 21, through page 25, line 16; Thomas Sweeney, page 54, lines 12 through 13, and page 57, lines 14 through 18; Edward Bueche, page 81, line 4 through page 82, line 8.

At the Kirtland hearing Annie Klosinski, K-L-O-S-I-N-S-K-I, page 27, line 10, through page 28, line 23, page 30, line 5 through page 31, line 32;

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Tim Grendell, page 68, line 18, through page 63, line 22, and also page 78, line 13, through page 79, line 17, and also page 80, line 10 through 13. The last witness in this regard is Richard Gift, page 134, lines 8 through 18.
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EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

MR. SAKS: There are some additional objections that we have that would be in the nature of about I would say 30 or so that didn't fall into any one discrete category, if I may, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: You may.

MR. SAKS: At the Sandusky public hearing Marcy Kaptur, K-A-P-T-U-R, testified at pages 9, lines 3 through 23, she made an analogy about a "Peanuts" cartoon and gave testimony about promises that were supposedly made by FirstEnergy to its customers. This testimony has no foundation and is hearsay.

Also in Ms. Kaptur's testimony, page 11, line 7, through page 12, line 25, she provided testimony about FirstEnergy's acquisition of Allegheny Power and FirstEnergy's annual revenues, which is irrelevant.

Also at Sandusky, Jude Febert at page 27, line 4 through 9, provided testimony that electric

homes would not have been built or sold without the discounted rate. There is no foundation for that and it's improper expert testimony from Ms. Febert.

2.2

Cora Neal testified at the Sandusky
hearing page 44, line 13, through page 45, line 18,
in which she read into the record from her neighbor
Bob Biggs who is a retired builder. That's hearsay.
Also at pages 45, line 19, through 49, line 4,
Ms. Neal read into the record another letter from
another neighbor Deborah Lincolnbach, which is
hearsay.

Excuse me, your Honor. The last objection related to Sandusky is Robert K. Brown, page 93, line 6, through page 94, line 5, who provided calculations comparing the cost of gas and electricity, which we submit which is without foundation and is improper testimony.

Mr. Burk has noted we would like to inquire of the Bench how you would like us to proceed or if you would like me to proceed in this manner with these objections because they do cover various diverse topics.

EXAMINER PRICE: I think this is -- this is a good way for you to make your record and we'll -- I think it's best to continue proceeding

this way. After you've run through your objections then we'll allow the other parties to respond if they wish, and then we'll move from there.

2.2

MR. SAKS: At the Strongsville hearing William Bruton, page 28, lines 12 through 16, provided testimony about FirstEnergy making promises to builders that discounted rates would be permanent. That's without foundation.

Bill Vassel, page 37, line 14, through page 38, line 8, provided testimony about a CNN report on a problem with white ash in Beaver, Pennsylvania. There is no foundation. It's hearsay and it's also irrelevant.

Carol Nussel, page 39, lines 5 through 7, provided testimony about a deal or arrangement made between FirstEnergy and builders, no foundation.

Louis Viksoni, page 48, lines 19 through 23, provided testimony about the substance of a Plain Dealer newspaper article, which is hearsay. John Carney, page 60, line 15, through page 61, line 23, provided testimony that in his opinion electric rates were the reason for the lack of sales of condominiums. That is improper expert testimony and lacks foundation.

Michael Carney, page 68, line 14 through

21, testified that in his opinion electric rates were the reasons for vacancy in apartments and his testimony about the impact on the business of downtown Cleveland. No foundation and improper expert testimony.

2.2

Diana Saul, page 117, line 10, through page 118, line 4, provided testimony on a statement made to her by a potential homebuyer about interest in an all electric home, hearsay.

Eugene Moore, page 133, line 22, through page 137, line 5, provided testimony in which he related a story about his meter being replaced and his general view or suspicion that First Energy had done something wrong in that regard. That's irrelevant.

Dennis Kolar, page 146, line 15 through 19, he testified about what he was told by a realtor and neighbors about their electric bills. That is hearsay.

Roseann Cyngier, page 151, line 25 through 152, line 10, she testified about what one of her customers told her about electric bills and what the customers said First Energy allegedly said to the customer. That is hearsay.

Caroline Dragics, page 74, line 21,

through page 175, line 21, she provided testimony about statements from a Plain Dealer online newspaper article as well as blogger comments to that newspaper article. That is hearsay.

2.2

Wendy Bauer, page 185, line 5 through 13, provided testimony about FirstEnergy having a supposed special arrangement with the Cleveland Clinic. That lacks foundation and that is also irrelevant.

Done Keen, page 197, line 20, through page 203, line 24, provided testimony that I think best can be summed up in his view is wrongdoings in society and what's wrong with society today. That is irrelevant.

At the Maumee hearing Michael Roetter, page 15, lines 14 through 18, testified about statements from a Toledo Blade article regarding rates. That is hearsay. James Ehlinger, page 268 through 15, provided testimony about calculations about a comparison of electric heat and natural gas. Improper expert testimony and lacking foundation.

John Haley, page 35, line 15, through page 36, line 2, he provided testimony about the electric company preserving its rolling capacity to avoid having to build extra additional power plants

but lacks foundation.

2.2

Joe Morgan, page 46, line 1, through page 47, line 4, provided testimony about a letter from the Ottowa County Residential Electric Government Aggregation Program. That is hearsay.

At the North Ridgeville hearing David

Kos, page 20, line 16, through page 21, line 6,

provided testimony about the financial impact on Avon

lake related to the rates. Improper expert testimony
and lacks foundation.

Matt Lundy, page 23, line 16, through page 24, line 17, he provided testimony of what other consumers said at other public hearings. That is hearsay. Rita Lockhart, page 34, line 4 through 21 -- I'm sorry, provided her testimony earlier. That has to do with home value.

Linda Jankura, page 41, line 5, through page 42, line 17, she provided testimony about government required disclosures for other types of businesses. That is irrelevant. Page 44, line 12 through 18, she provided testimony that a contract existed. That lacks foundation.

Edward Bueche, page 84, line 7 through 15, he provided testimony about FirstEnergy's supposed guarantee. It lacks foundation. Mark

Lammon, page 87, line 21, through page 88 through 24, he testified about the impact on Ohio economy because young professionals will not live in Ohio's cities absent the electric discounted rate. That's improper expert testimony and without foundation.

2.2

Leonard Skulini, page 94, line 13, through page 95, line 15, he provided some general criticism of FirstEnergy including the restructuring of FirstEnergy Solutions and its relationship to the Cleveland Clinic. Lacks foundation and also is irrelevant.

Eileen Campo, page 105, line 22, through page 106, line 7, she provided testimony about the Commission taking five months to decide the OCC's request to investigate FirstEnergy's marking practices but only taking four hours to grant FirstEnergy's motion for continuance. That testimony lacks foundation and also is not relevant.

Teryl Bishop, page 118, line 3 through 6, testified that no rates were ever eliminated without grandfathering customers. There is no foundation for that testimony. Page 118, line 3 through 14, Mr. Bishop also testified that all Ohio Edison residential marketing divisions had to periodically check with grandfathered customers to see if a better

rate was available to them. That testimony also is without foundation.

Mark Griffiths, page 121, line 22, through page 122, line 3, he testified that gas lines were not installed in his neighborhood, the reason being the promise of a permanently discounted heating rate. That lacks foundation.

Brenda Kosavar, page 130, 19 through page 130, line 4, she read a statement from another individual into the record. That is hearsay. Carl Silski, page 143, line 15 through line 20, testified about the unsaleability of other people's homes.

Finally at the Kirtland hearing, Lorain

Fendy, page 11, line 10 through page 12, line 17, she

testified about what constituents supposedly told

her. That is hearsay. Page 14, line 13 through 24,

Ms. Fende also testified about the Perry Nuclear

Power Plant and First Energy's light bulb program.

That is both lacking foundation and irrelevant.

Chester Karchefsky, K-A-R-C-H-E-F-S-K-Y, page 41, line 2 through 25, he provided testimony that in his opinion the all electric rate customers were not subsidized by the standard rate customers. That lacks foundation.

There are several items of testimony of

Tim Grendell, page 65, line 16, through page 66, line 1 2 25, he provided testimony about statements made by Teryl Bishop. That is hearsay. Page 72, line 13 3 through 23, he provided testimony about statements in 4 5 a letter made by Apple Heating, and Apple Heating 6 supposedly was told by others. That is hearsay. Page 74, line 25, through page 75, line 25, provided 7 8 testimony about statements from his constituents 9 about their economic situations. That is hearsay. Page 76, line 1 through 18, he provided testimony 10 about a letter from an entity calls The Schipper 11 12 Group about commercial customers' concerns. That is 13 hearsay.

Page 78, line 6 through 17, provided testimony about statements about promises made to customers and incentives given to builders. That is both hearsay and lacks foundation.

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The entirety of the testimony of Richard Jordan, which I realize has been moved to be stricken on other grounds, page 95, line 1 through page 102, line 4, also is objectionable the entirety of his testimony is introducing 75 documents spanning 50 years of marketing materials that were obtained from the Plain Dealer archives.

And as far as the exhibits themselves,

Mr. Kutik will address those, but as far as the substance of his testimony into the record, the newspaper articles are hearsay and there is lacking authentication.

Candace Arcaro, page 11 line 12 through 17, she testified about the cost of converting to a gas furnace. There is no foundation. Brian Kurz, page 147, line 4 through 14, also provided testimony in this case, it was the estimate for converting an entire subdivision to gas heat. There is no foundation and would be improper expert testimony.

Last is H.G. Wardlaw, page 152, line 20, through page 153, line 2, he provided testimony about statements that were made by the president of the Meadowwood Association about bills paid by others.

That is double hearsay.

And last, page 154, line 7, through page 157, line 7, also Mr. Wardlaw's testimony provided a summary of a column in the Plain Dealer called "Road Rant," which is hearsay.

Thank you, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. At this time we will take arguments in opposition to the motion to strike with respect to the testimony regarding home values. And then we'll go on to the other areas.

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                 MR. CORCORAN: Would you like me to
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     start, your Honor?
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                 EXAMINER PRICE: That would be fine.
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                 MR. CORCORAN: Okay. As I'm sure you're
 5
     aware, landowners have always been allowed to testify
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     as to their values. Specifically owners of property
 7
    and officers of business have been presumed to have
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     special knowledge about matters such as the value of
 9
     their property and they are qualified to provide a
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     lay opinion on those subjects.
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                 There is many cases that support that.
     If you would like me to read them all, I can do that.
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13
     First one would be Shane versus Shane 891 F2d 976,
14
     982 (1st Circuit 1989); Allied Systems, Limited
15
    versus Teamsters Transport, Local 604 304 F3d, 785,
16
     792, (8th Circuit 2002).
17
                 Malloy versus Monahan, 73 F3d, 1012 1016
     (10th Circuit 1996), Loughridge,
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19
     L-O-U-G-H-R-I-R-I-D-G-E, versus Chiles, C-H-I-L-E-S,
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     Power Supply Company, Inc., 431 F3d, 1268, 1281 (10th
21
     Circuit 2005); Robinson versus Watts Detective
    Agency, Inc., 685, F2d, 729 1st (Circuit 1982); South
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23
    Central Livestock Dealers versus Securities State
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    Bank, 614 F2d, 1056, 1061 (5th Circuit 1980); In re
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     Petrella, P-E-T-R-E-L-L-A, 230 BR 829, 834, Note 5,
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(Bankr. North Northern District of Ohio 199)9.

2.2

Rule 701 talks about opinion testimony of lay witnesses, and if the witness is not testifying as an expert, the witness's testimony in form of opinions is limited to those opinions or inferences which they are based on the perception of the witness that are helpful to a clear understanding of the witness's testimony or determination of a fact in issue, not based on scientific or technical knowledge within the scope of Rule 702.

These people that testified at these hearings were living in neighborhoods where their neighbors were going through these issues. They were well aware of what was happening around them. And they had plenty of knowledge to testify on them. The basis of land values whether or not it's been repeated multiple times or not really has no significance.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Any other opposition to the motion to

Mr. Small?

strike?

MR. SMALL: Yes, your Honor. I'm sorry.

Here we go. Your Honor, first of all, the type of

motions made by FirstEnergy essentially would destroy

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the concept of local public hearings as they are held not only in this case but in other cases including cases where statutes require the holding of local public hearings in locations near the -- where the service is provided.
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2.2

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small, you need to speak -- kind of line up the microphone because you keep cutting in and out.

MR. SMALL: I'm sorry.

EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go off the record.

(Discussion off the record.)

MR. SMALL: Sorry, your Honor, I have lost a little bit of my voice. I don't think this is working.

MR. KUTIK: It is.

MR. SMALL: In addition to destroying the concept of local public hearings, determinations were made at the local public hearings that rulings on certain documents would be finally -- the documents presented by the witnesses would be determined in Columbus at this hearing.

However, that was -- there was nothing about striking the testimony or determining whether the testimony would be admitted at the -- in the Columbus hearings as far as the testimony itself, so

with regard to anything other than the documents presented by these witnesses --

2.2

EXAMINER PRICE: Do you have some authority for the idea they had to make their motion to strike at the public hearing and not now? It's not timely somehow?

MR. SMALL: Well, not timely in the sense that that is -- that is the manner in which the Bench in local public hearings that I attended former Chairman Schriber conducted the hearings, yes. That it was only the documents that would be dealt with.

EXAMINER PRICE: I don't think we ever talked about whether motions to strike had to be filed at the -- or made at the time of the hearing or not at all. I think you are expanding the scope of what I recall that we ruled upon. Can you point to in the transcript that says motions to strike need to be made now or not at all?

In all fairness they at the public hearings don't have any opportunity to do prior discovery. They don't necessarily know what a witness is going to say and certainly they should have an opportunity to review what the witness said and make the arguments that they care to make, shouldn't they?

MR. SMALL: They certainly had an opportunity -- I will go back to my previous argument which was they certainly had an opportunity to inquire and I'll make this -- I know that we are only on the first item at which has to do with property values, but there have been a lot of declarations about what -- characterizing the testimony.

It's difficult and I made this -- the OCC made this point in its motion to quash the subpoena earlier in this proceeding that the opportunity -- the best opportunity to examine these matters on what -- how to properly characterize it, the testimony, for instance, was it hearsay or wasn't it hearsay or so forth, is examination of the witness who is available at the time and not to come back --

EXAMINER PRICE: If a witness reads a newspaper article into the record. You're -- what further examination needs to be made? It's either hearsay or it's not. Whether it comes in or not we can talk about but that's clearly hearsay.

MR. SMALL: I am just saying there were plenty of opportunities despite the fact that the FirstEnergy and the OCC as well as other parties didn't know what these --

EXAMINER PRICE: I understand, but I

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    would like you to try to hone your arguments as
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    Mr. Corcoran did as to authority that's relevant to
    what's going on here and let's not talk about
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     sweeping generalizations about how this might impact
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    public hearings. But if you could just address the
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     issues that FirstEnergy raised and whether you have
    any authority in opposition to their issues, I would
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    appreciate it.
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                 MR. SMALL: I think they did have an
     opportunity to inquire of these witnesses and make
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     their objections known on the record.
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                 EXAMINER PRICE:
                                  I understand. So my
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     question is since they had that opportunity are you
     arguing that they waived their ability to make a
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    motion to strike now?
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                 MR. SMALL: Yes.
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                 EXAMINER PRICE: And what would your
    basis for that be?
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                 MR. SMALL: Well, if you could give me
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                    I think I do have material on that
     just a moment.
21
     subject matter.
2.2
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Take your time.
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MR. SMALL: Okay. Strongsville

sorry, 91 and 92, starting at line 10 of page 91, at the time PUCO Chairman Schriber, what I would like to reiterate is if you choose not to testify or you are tired and you choose not to hang around but you have -- but you have testimony, you could do one of two things, you could hand the testimony to Shana, it will be on the record. I emphasize it will be on the record. And the alternative if you don't have anything written but you would like to make a statement or you would like to have a statement on the record, I emphasize have a statement on the record, but you don't want to hang around to wait to make that statement, you have got over 30 people waiting at least so far, then mail your testimony -mail the letter, mail your thoughts to the Public Utilities Commission at 180 East Broad Street, it's on the literature, in Columbus. You can put it to my attention. I'll make sure it's gets on the docket as part of the record. I emphasize as part of the record.

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So you've got choices, you can obviously come up here and testify. You are more than welcome or if you have written testimony, give it to Shana, which I believe is the PUCO's representative, again back into the transcript, or you can write whatever

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    you wish, write what your thoughts are, send them to
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    me at the Commission and they will be docketed, okay?
                 EXAMINER PRICE: And where does Mr. --
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    Dr. Schriber indicate that FirstEnergy needs to make
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    motions to strike now or they will waive that
6
    opportunity?
7
                 MR. SMALL: The point I am making, your
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    Honor, is Chairman Schriber, who was presiding
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     officer at the local public hearing, is making a
    determination that these things would be on the
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11
     record.
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                 So, again, if there are objections, I
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    believe Mr. Corcoran has addressed most of the
    concern, but if there are objections, certainly the
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15
    PUCO has an opportunity or has the authority to admit
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    this into the record and Dr. -- and former Chairman
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     Schriber presiding over these --
                 EXAMINER PRICE: You can call him
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19
     "Chairman Schriber," that's fine.
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                 MR. SMALL: All right. Chairman Schriber
21
    presiding over the proceedings made that
2.2
    determination is my argument.
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                 EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Thank you.
                 MR. SAKS: May I respond, your Honor?
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25
                 EXAMINER PRICE: You may.
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MR. SAKS: Relating to the arguments made by Mr. Small, if they want the testimony to be sworn testimony and admitted, it should be subject to the same rules. And just because of the statements by Chairman Schriber being part of the docket, that is not the same thing as it being sworn testimony to which FirstEnergy has the right to object.

2.2

Regarding the argument advanced by

Mr. Corcoran, I would note, first of all, all of the
authority he cited was federal case law and not Ohio
case law. But moreover even accepting the concept
advanced in those cases, the concept of the owner is
that the owner is perceived to have some knowledge
about his or her property and, therefore, is
permitted to give layperson testimony on it.

In this case as Mr. Kutik's motion mentioned and as I will reiterate, noting in Company Exhibit 16 which is Steigerwald 24, the testimony particularly about valuation is not a matter of a homeowner going out, investigating the value of their property, and then providing layperson testimony about that.

But what the testimony uniformly shows is part of an e-mail blitz, Ms. Steigerwald sent e-mails, a number of them, to her CKAP members in

which she told them say your home values have gone down by 30 or 40 percent. Say that you will not be able to sell your homes.

2.2

This is not a matter of the homeowner having independent lay knowledge. It's a matter of the homeowner merely parroting what Ms. Steigerwald, who admittedly has no expertise on this matter, has told her to say.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Saks, you don't have any evidence -- although these e-mails were sent to the homeowners, you don't have any evidence that these homeowners actually read them or didn't have that opinion already. Your point is just you feel they are being coached?

MR. SAKS: Yes, sir.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

MR. SAKS: Your Honor, the only other point I would like to make --

EXAMINER PRICE: I think we are done, Mr. Saks, because you will have an opportunity to argue this again later.

As to these 35 witnesses, the motion to strike will be denied. The Commission has long experience with properly assessing the weight of testimony received at public hearings, and

FirstEnergy will have an opportunity on their brief to argue before the Commission the weight that the Commission should give to this testimony.

2.2

Do we have any arguments with respect to in opposition to the motion to strike with respect to the FirstEnergy financials?

MR. SMALL: Your Honor, I repeat the same argument that I made before, that it's my opinion and from reading the -- maybe I can spare you this argument every time, but this in my -- from my reading of the transcript that this determination that these matters would be made part of the record was already made by the presiding officer at the local public hearing and this is the way the local public hearings proceeded and I might add without objection from FirstEnergy.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Corcoran.

MR. CORCORAN: Nothing further.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Saks.

MR. SAKS: Reiterate our same argument regarding Mr. Small's same argument.

EXAMINER PRICE: Consistent with our earlier ruling, the motion to strike with respect to the testimony regarding FirstEnergy financials will be denied. The Commission is perfectly capable of

assessing the proper weight to be given to this testimony when it makes its decision.

2.2

Next we have various objections related to, if I could summarize, relevance, foundation, hearsay, improper expert testimony, and questions regarding authentication.

Any objection to the motion to strike regarding those various areas? Beyond what you have already said, Mr. Small?

MR. SMALL: I'll make a record of making the same argument that this has already been determined, and the Bench should make the same determination about determining the weight of the evidence.

And also I would make -- you know, you have kind of lumped these things together but there may be some distinctions. For instance, to the extent we need to continue to argue, for instance, exploration of whether something was hearsay or not, there may be -- you may be able to determine that from the record but you may not because of the --

EXAMINER PRICE: Is there any instance you can point to where we could not make the determination based upon the transcript as it stands?

MR. SMALL: Not being familiar with the

```
1
     transcripts line by line as presented by Mr. Saks,
    no, I don't.
 2
 3
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Do you need additional
 4
     time?
 5
                             All I am saying is that
                 MR. SMALL:
 6
     the -- there are instances where --
 7
                 EXAMINER PRICE: I understand that,
 8
    Mr. Small. But if you are going to make that
 9
     argument, I want you to make it specifically.
10
    very carefully went through a line-by-line summary of
     their specific objections and I think it's -- they're
11
12
     entitled to a specific we disagree that they can make
13
     the determination now, and if you are not prepared to
     do that, I am prepared to give you additional time.
14
15
                 MR. SMALL: I will rest on the argument
16
     that such objections should have been made at the
17
     local public hearings where we had the witnesses to
     examine, not only FirstEnergy but also other parties
18
19
     that cared to attend, but basically the argument is
20
     this determination has already been made by the
21
    presiding officer and that it should be done for the
22
    weight of the evidence.
23
                 EXAMINER PRICE:
                                  Thank you.
24
                 Mr. Corcoran.
25
                 MR. CORCORAN: Hearsay based on the fact
```

the company is deprived of the confrontation rights when discussing these matters and the company had the opportunity to --

EXAMINER PRICE: Not if it was hearsay, Mr. Corcoran. That's the point, if it was hearsay, then they didn't have a right, ability to confront that witness because that witness -- the person making the statement wasn't there. It was somebody related to them. That's the problem.

MR. CORCORAN: We could have addressed those issues at the hearing. They had the opportunity. In addition, going back to the argument that I made about Rule 701, you know, opinion testimony is permitted by lay witnesses.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Mr. Saks.

2.2

MR. SAKS: Your Honor, as you noted, the problem with the hearsay is that it's an out-of-court statement and confrontation, there was nothing FirstEnergy could have done to ameliorate the hearsay.

It's very clear on the transcript when a witness is reading a letter from somebody else and the witness is reading into the record or making comments into the record about a newspaper article

written by somebody else, that is black letter hearsay. And we would submit that as to hearsay as well as the other objections, they are all clear on the record and they were not waived. Thank you.

2.2

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Consistent with our earlier decisions we are going to deny the motion to strike with respect to these other various objections, specifically relevance, foundation, hearsay, improper expert testimony, and authentication.

FirstEnergy is certainly able to argue before the Commission on their briefs regarding the weight that should be given to this testimony and the other parties should be prepared to make comparable arguments.

I would like to note, however, in denying the motion to strike I am not agreeing with OCC's contention that this is an improper motion to strike or that the comments made by the Chairman at the time somehow foreclosed the motion to strike.

Mr. Kutik, I believe you have got another motion to strike for us?

MR. KUTIK: Yes, your Honor. At this time actually our motion or comments are objections to the exhibits that were marked and I believe moved

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at the public hearings. I believe we have a set of the objectionable exhibits that Mr. Garber can provide the Bench.
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EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. Well, just on the off chance this might shortcut some of this, why don't we ask OCC and CKAP, I am not sure CKAP moved for the admission of any of these, I believe OCC mostly moved.

MR. SMALL: I believe there was at least one.

EXAMINER PRICE: Are there any of these documents that you intend to withdraw your motion for admission, or are you going to renew those motions for submission anyways?

MR. SMALL: OCC's motions for the documents stand.

EXAMINER PRICE: Always hopeful we can get some things informally resolved.

Mr. Kutik.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, what I intend to do is to go through the exhibits with respect to the public hearing in date order of the public hearings starting with Sandusky.

Sandusky Exhibit A is a multi-page document which begins with a depiction of something

```
1
     that says "Good Cents Construction Specifications."
2
                 Our motion is fairly narrow with respect
3
    to this one, your Honor, and that is it's directed
     actually to the document or the page that it's third
4
5
     from the end. And our objection simply is this is
     illegible, and therefore, is inappropriate for
6
    admission under Article IX of the Rules of Evidence.
7
8
                 MR. SMALL: Not entirely clear what
9
     document we are talking about, so.
10
                 MR. KUTIK: It's the third from the end.
11
                 MR. SMALL: Well, I have just been handed
12
    the documents.
                     I have all the exhibits in a little
13
    different fashion here, so.
14
                 MR. KUTIK: I have given them to you in
15
    the order I am addressing them.
16
                 EXAMINER PRICE: I believe, Mr. Kutik,
17
    the top line says "Retro to October Read Date"?
     that the document you are talking about?
18
19
                 MR. KUTIK:
                            Yes.
20
                 EXAMINER PRICE:
                                  Thank you.
21
                 MR. KUTIK: In handwriting, yes.
2.2
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small, I am not
23
    asking for argument. I am just asking --
24
                 MR. SMALL: Yes, I am on that page.
25
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Thank you.
```

On to your next one, Mr. Kutik.

MR. KUTIK: So are we going to go exhibit by exhibit or?

EXAMINER PRICE: We are going to go exhibit by exhibit. I suspect that we will probably defer ruling on this but let's make our record now and that will allow us time to consider your arguments.

MR. KUTIK: Okay. Very good. Your Honor, our next objection --

MR. SMALL: Your Honor, it might be a little bit difficult to -- if they are all -- if the objections are all on different bases, it might be difficult to address them all together. I would suggest maybe we should handle it document by document but.

EXAMINER PRICE: I don't want to prejudice your ability to argue on these documents, so we'll go ahead and take your arguments on this document.

MR. SMALL: I mean there may be some documents but, you know, to the extent that, you know, this is a readable document and you can read portions of it despite the fact that this appears to have been photocopied by the -- by the court reporter

and then perhaps taken off of docketing and reproduced again for your Honor today. I can still read part of this document.

2.2

And the other thing is I am not sure this isn't just a photocopying problem. We don't have the actual document that was handed to the court reporter.

EXAMINER PRICE: Well, you indicated you had brought all the exhibits separately. Do you have any more legible copy of this one?

MR. SMALL: No. My versions are prints from the PUCO's docketing information.

EXAMINER PRICE: So you do not have a more legible version of this document?

MR. SMALL: I have a version that's very similar to what was handed to me.

EXAMINER PRICE: With respect to your argument, it's partially legible, isn't it a document completeness problem? There might be something that is relevant and exculpatory to FirstEnergy that we can't read because it's not legible?

MR. SMALL: In order to make this determination at the very least we would have to have the actual document handled by the witness before us.

MR. KUTIK: Well, your Honor, that's the

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very problem with -- that's pointed out by the Rules
of Evidence with respect to use of copies. If there
is a problem with respect to the copies that are
being used, and there is no question that this is
illegible, then the document should be excluded
unless there is an original presented. There wasn't
so it should be excluded.
```

2.2

MR. SMALL: That argument is about a problem that does not extend to whether the problem was created by the recording process of the -- of the forum. Mr. Kutik is taking a giant leap by assuming that the document that was handed to the PUCO was not legible.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, I don't have the burden of establishing the foundation of the propriety of the document. If the document that I have is illegible, if the document that Mr. Small has is illegible, then it shouldn't be used.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Mr. Corcoran, any arguments regarding this that we haven't already heard?

MR. CORCORAN: Yeah. I don't have a problem reading this at all. It just seems to be the backside of this bled through on the photocopying but all the relevant information is there and readable.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. As I indicated earlier, I think we are most likely going to defer ruling on these on a case-by-case basis, so let's move on to the next one.

2.2

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, our next document or next objection is directed to the Strongsville exhibits starting with Strongsville Exhibit 1.

Strongsville Exhibit 1 is a fairly voluminous document which was presented by Mr. Carney, one of the CKAP leaders.

And our motion -- our objection specifically is directed to Exhibit D, and since these are not -- no pagination to this exhibit, I am at a loss to explain exactly what it is other than it's approximately by my copy about a quarter of the way in.

EXAMINER PRICE: You have helpfully paper-clipped it for the Bench, so we are there.

MR. KUTIK: Very good. It says "Exhibit D Downtown Cleveland Alliance Analysis of All-Electric Buildings."

MS. GRADY: Can we have a moment, your Honor, to find it? We don't have the paperclip on our submission.

MR. KUTIK: You do. On the version I

```
1
    presented to you, you do.
 2
                 MR. CORCORAN: Actually I don't have --
 3
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Garber -- if you
 4
     remove the binder clip, you might be able to find the
 5
    paperclip.
                 MS. GRADY: I think I found it.
 6
 7
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Okay, thank you.
 8
                 Mr. Kutik, please proceed.
 9
                 MR. KUTIK: Yes, your Honor. This
10
     document purports to be an analysis of electric
11
     rates, payments, and so forth. This obviously is
12
    hearsay. It's from other folks. It's improper
13
     opinion testimony to the extent it intends to do some
14
     type of calculations that we're not privy to.
15
                 Also have similar objections, your Honor,
16
     that follows on Exhibit E which are -- which is
17
     labeled "Electric Bills Bridgeview Apartments Unit
     230 (1427SF)." Again, we have some type of
18
19
     calculations, some type of display. This document is
20
    hearsay and improper opinion and expert testimony.
21
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.
2.2
                 Mr. Small or Mr. Corcoran?
23
                 MR. SMALL: A moment, if I may, your
24
    Honor. During the Strongsville hearing I did take
```

occasion to cross-examine Mr. Carney and ask about

25

his personal knowledge about these matters, to which
he testified that he had personal knowledge
concerning the contents of whatever this is,
Strongsville Exhibit --

## EXAMINER PRICE: 1.

2.2

MR. SMALL: 1, and it's not obvious from the documents D and E that this is hearsay, that he doesn't have personal knowledge of the matters in these exhibits and, again, if upon questioning by the OCC whether the individual had personal knowledge concerning this, FirstEnergy should have done -- performed its cross-examination at the Strongsville hearing.

EXAMINER PRICE: Doesn't this get back to the issues raised by Mr. Kutik, the first motion to strike regarding CKAP members and Mr. Carney is a CKAP member?

FirstEnergy had no opportunity to seek through discovery what documents Mr. Carney might put on, what statements he might make, and so you are asking them to be prepared to cross-examine on a 30-second basis a rather voluminous document that may or may not contain information that he may or may not have personal knowledge of.

MR. CORCORAN: Your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Corcoran.

2.2

MR. CORCORAN: He was not testifying as a member of CKAP in this capacity. He was testifying through his own personal knowledge of his own personal projects and nothing --

EXAMINER PRICE: I am not sure if I can understand the distinction between testifying as a member of CKAP and testifying as something else. I mean, all CKAP members are all testifying on their own personal situations, I think.

MR. CORCORAN: Right, and they were testifying as individuals. So whether or not they were CKAP members or not is irrelevant.

why that's not relevant. Again, it's not even -Mr. Carney has not even been identified as a member
of CKAP. I believe Mr. Kutik identified Mr. Carney
as a leader of CKAP. And so my question is, is it
fair to present FirstEnergy with a situation where
they need to dispute a document that they have had no
opportunity to conduct discovery upon?

Certainly if we were in a rate case, OCC would not be happy if FirstEnergy sent its employees to testify at public hearings regarding their rate schedules and the underlying information behind that

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and sought to have it admitted. And evidentiary rules before this Commission need to work both ways.
```

2.2

MR. KUTIK: May I respond, your Honor?

EXAMINER PRICE: You may.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, may I approach?

EXAMINER PRICE: You may.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, I would like to provide the Bench with copies of 64 and 65 of the transcript of the Strongsville hearing where

Mr. Small made his "examination" of Mr. Carney. The examination says nothing about personal knowledge.

In fact, all it says is what are these documents essentially, and Mr. Carney says this is basically everything I pulled out of my files. That's not personal knowledge. That's not proper foundation.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small.

MR. SMALL: I would like to address

your -- I would like to address your comment about

the conducting local public hearings, which is if we

took that approach suggested by FirstEnergy to the

testimony of local public hearings, then, for

instance, the OCC representing residential customers

in rate cases or whatever proceeding we wouldn't

have -- it would completely destroy the concept of -
EXAMINER PRICE: I think that's your

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opinion, Mr. Small. I don't think that's necessarily
the Commission's opinion. So why don't we try to
narrow our arguments a little more specifically to
this case.
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2.2

I know you want to argue you represent all residential customers and so by analogy that would mean that no residential customers would be able to testify at a public hearing, and I think that is far more sweeping than the arguments that Mr. Kutik is making here.

And if you could respond to his argument regarding the questions you asked Mr. Carney at the public hearing.

MR. SMALL: I'm sorry, what page do we have it on? Mr. Kutik did not present me with the pages.

MR. KUTIK: 64 and 65.

MR. SMALL: Would you give me the pages?

MR. KUTIK: 64 and 65.

EXAMINER PRICE: Is it somewhere else in the transcript where you ask him about his personal knowledge?

MR. SMALL: I'm having a hard time following here. I don't have this as being Mr. Carney. Wrong hearing.

```
1
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Time presses, Mr. Small.
 2
                 MR. SMALL: I'm sorry, your Honor.
                 EXAMINER PRICE: We are getting pressed
 3
 4
     for time.
 5
                 MR. SMALL: 54 was the beginning of his
 6
     testimony. I am trying to find his
 7
    cross-examination. It appears to be on page 65.
 8
                 EXAMINER PRICE: I call upon you on page
 9
     64 at line 2.
10
                 MR. SMALL: As far as the hearsay, Mr. --
11
     the basis of the hearsay objection is the fear of
12
    unreliable testimony. This is a member of the
    public. He's combed -- he states at the bottom of
13
    page 64 he's combed his files, come up with the items
14
15
    that he presents and --
16
                 EXAMINER PRICE: But certainly you're not
17
     arguing it's not possible for his documents to
     contain documents prepared by other persons.
18
19
                 MR. SMALL:
                             No.
20
                 EXAMINER PRICE: That's the basis of his
21
     argument.
2.2
                 MR. SMALL: I am making the argument for
23
    admission of it regardless of whether it's hearsay or
24
    not.
25
                 EXAMINER PRICE: So you withdraw your
```

previous comment that you asked for his knowledge.

2.2

MR. SMALL: To the extent it comes from his knowledge. That's the personal knowledge he acknowledges.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Thank you.

Mr. Kutik, next document, please.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, briefly with respect to Strongsville Exhibit 2, this is a document obviously that would be further discussed in this case, is my understanding.

OCC provided us with copies of certain exhibits that they say they intend to introduce at this phase of the proceeding, so in reliance on that representation I'll defer my argument with respect to this document when and if OCC should seek to introduce a similar document as an exhibit in this case. I assume through the testimony of Mr. Andreatta who I understand is here.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, at this point we would move to the exhibits at the North Ridgeville public hearing. And our first objection, your Honor, is with respect to Ms. Lockhart's Exhibit No. 1. This is Rita Lockhart. Basically this is supposedly presented to her by someone else. This isn't her

```
70
 1
    bills. Exhibit 1, North Ridgeville.
 2
                 EXAMINER PRICE: I'm sorry. Somehow I
 3
    got out of order.
 4
                 MR. KUTIK: I'm sorry skipped the Maumee
 5
     exhibits on reliance on what we had discussed
 6
     earlier, that OCC wanted a chance to look at those
    exhibits.
 7
 8
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Oh, okay.
 9
                 MR. KUTIK: I skipped the Maumee
    exhibits. I apologize.
10
11
                 EXAMINER PRICE: That's okay.
12
                 MR. KUTIK: So I am now addressing North
13
    Ridgeville Exhibit 1.
14
                 MS. GRADY: Is there some -- some of
15
    these have numbers on the top. Is that -- is there a
16
    number on the top of that one, because I can't find
17
     it.
                 MR. KUTIK: Actually it says PUCO 11 --
18
19
     it's stamped. Exhibit stamp is PUCO 11/22/10, and
20
    it's detailed statement of account with Ohio Edison
21
     logo at the top.
                 EXAMINER PRICE: I have it now. Thank
2.2
23
    you.
24
                 Please proceed, Mr. Kutik.
25
                 MR. KUTIK: Yes, your Honor, as I
```

```
indicated, Ms. Lockhart testified about this document
 1
 2
    and her testimony basically is this is something she
    was -- given to her by her neighbor so we --
 3
 4
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.
 5
    understand.
                 MR. KUTIK: -- on that basis --
 6
                 EXAMINER PRICE: I understand.
 7
 8
                 Mr. Small. Mr. Corcoran.
 9
                 MR. CORCORAN: According to the
     information on the right-hand side of the paper, this
10
     information came directly from FirstEnergy's call
11
12
     center.
                 EXAMINER PRICE: And so I'm not sure -- I
13
14
     am not completely grasping your point.
15
                 MR. CORCORAN: I'm arguing that it's an
16
     exception to hearsay.
17
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Mr. Kutik,
18
     respond to that?
19
                 MR. KUTIK: Yes. If the individual who
20
     received this document initially was the person who
21
    presented it, we could examine her on whether this
2.2
    was -- this, in fact, came from the call center as
23
     opposed to a document she created.
24
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. Let's move
25
     on to the next exhibit.
```

```
1
                 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, the next exhibit
2
    we object to is North Ridgeville Exhibit No. 2,
3
    another document presented by Ms. Lockhart. This is
4
     an e-mail or appears to be an e-mail from someone
5
    named Brenda Wakeman to somebody named Dave. And
6
    this is -- we have at least one level of hearsay with
7
    respect to that.
8
                 It is further hearsay so we are at least
9
     a double, perhaps triple hearsay in that this
10
     apparently Ms. Wakeman purports to say what a seller
     is telling her. So on the fact that it is at least
11
12
     double hearsay, if not more levels of hearsay, we
13
    would object.
14
                 EXAMINER PRICE:
                                  Opposition?
15
                 MR. SMALL: It should go to the weight of
    the evidence, your Honor.
16
17
                 EXAMINER PRICE:
                                 Thank you.
18
                 Mr. Kutik.
19
                 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, I will skip I
```

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, I will skip I think in your package there is North Ridgeville Exhibit 3 which appears to be some bills. We will skip that one if it's in your packet. Oh, it is not in the packet. Then our next we object to is North Ridgeville 7.

MR. SMALL: I'm sorry.

20

21

22

23

24

25

```
1
                 EXAMINER PRICE: 7.
2
                 MR. SMALL: North Ridgeville.
3
                 MR. KUTIK: 7.
                                 This document is a
4
     document that's a cover "The Neighborhood Builders
5
    Bob Schmitt Homes affordable custom designed homes."
6
     This is hearsay, your Honor.
7
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Corcoran.
8
    Mr. Small. Anybody have a response to this?
9
                 MR. SMALL: Well, I don't think we
    have -- because this is a document presented by a
10
11
    member of the public regarding a business brochure, I
    don't think we have a question regarding -- there
12
13
    shouldn't be a serious question about the accuracy of
     it, but the real question is what point was it that
14
15
    the witness was making by submitting this?
16
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Well, you marked and
17
    moved its admission. What is the relevance of this
     document to the terms in this case?
18
19
                 MR. SMALL: Well, relevance in my mind in
20
    moving it would be that --
21
                 EXAMINER PRICE: It shows that Bob
2.2
    Schmitt marketed all electric homes.
23
                 MR. SMALL: No, that's not the point.
24
    believe I would use it for -- it's the type of
25
    housing and the situation that these people present
```

```
themselves.
```

2.2

For instance, to -- to the argument that all we need to do for all electric customers is to insulate their homes a little bit better or address it in that fashion, this document addresses the manner in which these homes were constructed and to argue against that these people have a durable stock which cannot be altered simply to take care of the matter that's been before us.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Mr. Kutik, 11 response?

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, do you want me to respond to that or next exhibit?

EXAMINER PRICE: It's up to you.

MR. KUTIK: Well, I'll do both.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay.

MR. KUTIK: With respect to this exhibit, your Honor, again, there is no foundation laid with respect to what it is. It's -- there is no foundation it is an exception to the hearsay rule in any way, shape, or form, and indeed it is also irrelevant that -- the fact that Bob Schmitt markets all electric homes is irrelevant to any issue in this case.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

```
1
                 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, our next exhibit
2
     that we object to is Exhibit No. 8 at the North
    Ridgeville hearing. Again, this is -- at least the
3
4
     first two pages of this are another brochure
5
     apparently from Bob Schmitt Homes and so we would
6
    object to the first two pages of this exhibit on the
    same grounds we object to Exhibit No. 7.
7
8
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. Let's go off
    the record for one minute.
9
                 (Discussion off the record.)
10
11
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go back on the
12
     record.
13
                 Exhibit 9?
14
                 MR. KUTIK: Should I with respect to
15
    Exhibit 9? Your Honor, again, this is another
16
    document which is a Bob Schmitt -- apparently Bob
17
    Schmitt document not presented by Bob Schmitt, by an
     individual by the name of Leonard Cline.
18
19
                 Further, your Honor, it at least on the
20
     first page appears to be incomplete in that it ends
21
    with sent -- in the middle of a sentence, and we
2.2
     don't know what the rest of the sentence is.
23
                 I also would object on the grounds of
24
    relevance, particularly with respect to the second
```

page with respect to I suppose the checklist, what

that's relevant to.

2.2

EXAMINER PRICE: Arguments and response?

MR. SMALL: Same argument, your Honor.

In particular there was considerable local public testimony regarding the -- whether individuals were in Bob Schmitt Homes and this document, a commercial document, reliability is not really subject to question as far as it being an authentic document, the type of homes that these individuals are living in which was the subject of extensive testimony at the local public hearings.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Mr. Kutik.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, just to respond to that and to be clear, one of our objections with respect to this is hearsay. With respect to the idea that it's obviously authentic, well, that's the say so of counsel. We have nothing in the record to determine what it is or whether it's genuine, and we know it's incomplete.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

MR. KUTIK: Our next exhibit, your Honor, is Exhibit 12 -- excuse me, Exhibit 10. Again, this appears to be the document not with respect to FirstEnergy. Also appears to be a document that's from Bob Schmitt and, therefore, it's hearsay. It's

also irrelevant.

2.2

2 EXAMINER PRICE: It's also what?

MR. KUTIK: Irrelevant.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Mr. Small.

MR. SMALL: If I could have a moment to review the document.

I'll just state with regard to all these documents of this nature individuals were invited -- or invited by the Public Utilities Commission and entry --

EXAMINER PRICE: I understand that, but these are documents that are not -- as I -- unless I am incorrect, Mr. Kutik is only talking about documents that OCC or CKAP specifically moved the admission of.

So I understand that people brought a lot of things to these public hearings, but you thought this document relevant enough that you specifically moved its admission as opposed to any number of other documents that were brought to the public hearing so I don't think it's fair to put the onus, well, the PUCO invited people to just come and testify. OCC thought this was a particularly relevant document, that's why you moved its admission.

1 MR. SMALL: Well, this document documents 2 the existence of the optional heating rate which is the part that is marked and highlighted. 3 4 EXAMINER PRICE: I don't think there is 5 any question in this proceeding that there was an 6 optional heating rate at one time. 7 Okay. Mr. Corcoran. 8 MR. CORCORAN: I don't have anything to say on that. 9 10 EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Mr. Kutik. 11 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, the next exhibit 12 that we object to is Exhibit No. 11, which appears to 13 be a comparison of gas and electric billing. This was a document that was testified -- presented by 14 15 Ms. Campo. We do not have a basis to understand 16 where these numbers come from. It's -- therefore, 17 it's hearsay. There is no foundation laid that any of 18 19 this information falls within any exceptions to the 20 hearsay rule. It's also improper expert opinion 21 testimony. 2.2 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small. 23 MR. SMALL: The OCC and nobody has

maintained that this individual is testifying as an

expert witness. However, the witness can and should

24

be permitted to testify concerning their understanding of the relationship between gas and electric heating.

2.2

It is the subject matter -- it is at least partially the subject matter of Mr. Ridmann's testimony. So as far as relevance is concerned in this individual, while not testifying as an expert, is testifying concerning their understanding concerning these relationships.

EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go back to the rule that Mr. Corcoran cited, Ohio Evidence Rule 701, I believe. Could you explain -- 701 states if the witness is not testifying as an expert, the witness testimony in the form of opinions or inferences is limited to those opinions or inferences which are, one, rationally based on the perception of the witness and, two, helpful to a clear understanding of the witness's testimony or the determination of a fact in issue.

Can you explain how this document is rationally based on the perception of the witness? We'll give you some leeway on number two.

MR. SMALL: Only to the extent that it appears to be based on observations from the witness's own electric situation.

EXAMINER PRICE: It even says on here data in boxes comes from OCC. That can't be based on her perceptions.

MR. SMALL: OCC simply asks for admission of these things and the Attorney Examiner has stated from the Bench let this -- to the extent people want to brief it and cite it.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Fair enough.

Mr. Kutik.

MR. KUTIK: Well, if I could just respond to that, your Honor, the point of the rule is to say if there are things that are normally within the competence of a lay witness, they can testify about it. The car went fast. He was drunk as opposed to the Dominion rate was X.

And the fact that they want to compare this to Mr. Ridmann's testimony, Mr. Ridmann's testimony is subject to thorough cross-examination, thorough discovery, workpapers and so forth, shows the error of trying to admit this document.

EXAMINER PRICE: I understand.

MR. KUTIK: Our next objection, your Honor, is directed to North Ridgeville Exhibit 13, another series of Bob Schmitt Home documents, for the same basis we noted earlier, it's hearsay, it's

```
81
 1
     irrelevant.
 2
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Response?
 3
                 MR. SMALL: Is this just 13?
 4
                 EXAMINER PRICE: I think we are just at
 5
     13 now.
 6
                 MR. KUTIK: Just to be clear, Exhibit
 7
     13 --
 8
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Four documents, four
 9
    pages in Exhibit 13.
10
                 MR. KUTIK: Thank you, your Honor. I was
11
    just going to point that out.
12
                 EXAMINER PRICE: All four pages in
    Exhibit 13.
13
14
                 MR. KUTIK: I would also note, your
15
    Honor, the document appears to be incomplete as well.
                 EXAMINER PRICE: It does skip from page 1
16
17
     to page 5, and page 5 does to appear to be the end of
18
     the document.
19
                 MR. SMALL: Same argument.
20
                 EXAMINER PRICE: I will assume you are
21
     going to make the same argument. Just in order to
22
     expedite things if you have anything different as to
     any document while we go through this, I would
23
24
     appreciate it.
25
                 Mr. Kutik.
```

```
1
                 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, the next
 2
     objection is to North Ridgeville Exhibit 17. This
 3
     is -- this appears to be a chart, one page,
 4
     "Electricity" and then there is a hole punch "and
 5
     Cost" and it says at the bottom by Chuck Nagy
 6
     2/15/2010.
 7
                 As with the earlier document that we
 8
     discussed with respect to Ms. Campo, this is a
 9
     document that contains hearsay, it is improper
10
     opinion testimony and, therefore, we would object to
11
     its admission.
12
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. Kirtland
13
    Exhibit 1.
14
                 MR. KUTIK: Yes, your Honor.
15
                 MR. SMALL: An identification of who
16
     Chuck Nagy is?
17
                 MR. KUTIK: I apologize, I can't hear
18
     you, Mr. Small.
19
                 EXAMINER PRICE: He asked if there is an
20
     identification as to who Chuck Nagy is.
21
                 MR. KUTIK: Mr. Nagy was a witness at the
    North Ridgeville hearing.
22
23
                 EXAMINER PRICE: And he has also been
     identified as a leader of CKAP.
24
                 MR. KUTIK: Yes, your Honor, he was.
25
```

1 EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go off the record. 2 (Discussion off the record.) 3 EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Let's go back on the record. 4 5 Kirtland Exhibit 1. MR. KUTIK: Yes, your Honor. This is 6 7 another multi-page document and our basis, your 8 Honor, with respect to this document is that certain 9 documents within this document appear to be incomplete. 10 11 And specifically, your Honor, for 12 example, five pages in there's a handwriting which presents additional authentication problems "FAQ on 13 14 LGS." And it appears to be starting at question 27, 15 so we don't know what the rest of the questions are. 16 There's also on the next page, which is 17 "LGS Air Conditioner Plus Fact & Testimonial Sheet," that's another one where it says at the bottom "see 18 19 reverse side for customer comments," and we don't 20 really have that document. 21 And then finally with respect to the 22 completeness objections, your Honor, on the last page 23 it indicates at the bottom of the page "over," and 24 there's no over.

We would also object, your Honor, on the

```
1
    basis of relevance. This is about a lead generation
2
     sales program, in other words an employee gets --
3
    gets another person to sign up to be an electric
4
     customer, they get some incentive. We think that's
5
     irrelevant.
6
                 EXAMINER PRICE:
                                 Thank you.
7
                 Response? Okay.
8
                 MR. SMALL: No additional argument, your
9
    Honor.
10
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Kutik, Kirtland 2.
11
                 MR. KUTIK: Yes, your Honor. This is one
12
    that has completeness issues. For example, the last
    two -- I'm sorry. The last two pages said this is
13
14
    one page of a numerous page internal report. The
15
     last two documents have that notation and so on that
16
    grounds we would object on the basis that it is
     incomplete. That's our objection.
17
```

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Response?

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

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25

MR. SMALL: The company certainly at normal hearings would have an opportunity to ask for a complete document. The problem here is that we don't know whether the individual had these pages or not at the local public hearing. And had they been asked for a complete copy, that might have been --

they might or might not have been able to provide a complete copy of that for the record.

EXAMINER PRICE: But isn't that fatal to the document, Mr. Small? Let's assume for the sake of argument that on the last page it says rates are not guaranteed for all time, which I believe is one of the arguments that the intervenors have made, that these rates were promised for all time.

By not providing a complete copy of the document FirstEnergy is not able to rely upon that hypothetical exculpatory information.

MR. SMALL: I suggest that the reason why we have to -- no, I am not going to argue because we have to conjecture exactly what happened and this is the problem about doing the conjecturing in Columbus rather than the --

EXAMINER PRICE: But isn't that why the evidence rules say that you need to file complete documents? I mean, isn't that the underlying policy?

MR. SMALL: I would characterize the rule as saying that the party is entit -- that the entire document is not necessary but the opposing side is entitled to that complete document.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. So, again, doesn't that make it fatal for this document because

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you're willing to acknowledge they are entitled to
see the complete document and they can't in this
case?
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MR. SMALL: Which they didn't ask for. EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Mr. Kutik,

response?

2.2

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, just to respond to that, we're not required to ask the questions to lay a proper foundation for a document. If the document is defective, we are not required to cure it. The party moving the document is required to do that.

If there is a question about the document, we have raised questions about the completeness of the document, then a copy of the document is inadmissible under Article IX of the Rules of Evidence.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. Let's move on to the third exhibit.

MR. KUTIK: Yes, your Honor. This is another document that has completeness problems. On the third page, your Honor, there's a notation that says "Every testimonial has a backside like this one but only first one scanned to show as example. Each one gave specifics on customer's bill." So for that

reason, your Honor, we would object to the admission of this portion of this exhibit.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Response?

2.2

MR. SMALL: The witness was simply trying to prevent the cumulative evidence on the same matter. That's the only purpose apparently served by the notation of the treatment of the document.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Kutik.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, our next objection is directed to Kirtland Exhibit No. 4.

This appears to be a number of different documents, some of which -- many of which are incomplete.

For example, it says at the beginning, the document is entitled "Fast Facts," and as you see at the bottom of the document, the bottom right, the document ends in the middle of the paragraph, and we don't know whether, for example, what appears on the next page is the continuation of that document.

With respect to the third page of this document, that also is a document that appears to end in the middle of a sentence. If we go to the third document from the end, a document which is labeled "1996 Illuminating Company Electric Space Heating Programs," you at the -- at the bottom right, it's

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continued on the back and we don't have the back so
1
2
    on those grounds, your Honor, we object.
3
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small.
4
                 MR. SMALL: No additional arguments.
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.
5
6
                 Mr. Kutik.
                 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, our next
7
8
    objections go to Exhibits 5 through 15. And I
9
    believe, your Honor, each one of these exhibits is
10
    hearsay. They were exhibits that were offered via
11
    the testimony of Mr. Grendell and each one is either
12
    a document authored by Mr. Grendell or document
13
     received by the company from Mr. Grendell.
14
                 For example, Exhibit No. 5 is a letter
15
     from the PUCO to a Jim Davis. We would argue that
16
    that's hearsay. Exhibit No. 6 is an e-mail -- should
17
     I slow down, your Honor?
18
                 EXAMINER PRICE: No, you're fine.
19
                 MR. KUTIK: Is an e-mail from Sue -- from
20
     Teryl Bishop to Sue Steigerwald, again, that's not an
     e-mail that Mr. Grendell received or wrote. Exhibit
21
2.2
     5 is another document that Mr. Grendell hasn't
23
    testified that he received or where it came from.
24
                 Exhibit 8, again, is the Andreatta
```

supposed letter, and I will withhold further comment

on that document. Exhibit 9 is a document that says "For service rendered on or after April 18, 1996," we will not argue that this is hearsay, your Honor, but we would argue that this is incomplete due to the fact that it refers to "bill computation on the back" and we don't have that back.

2.2

Exhibit 10 appears to be an e-mail from Paul Fisher to Mr. Grendell. This is obviously hearsay with respect to the statements made by Mr. Fisher. So we would object with respect to the first two documents.

There are also numerous handwriting on the other documents and so obviously since those aren't part of any objections or any document that was provided by the companies, we would object with respect to that -- that part of the document.

Finally we would object to the last two documents on this -- this exhibit as again being documents not from Mr. Grendell but apparently from Claridon Heating and Cooling to Paul Fisher, so these documents are certainly hearsay and, therefore, we will object with respect to 10.

11, your Honor, is -- excuse me. Exhibit

11 is another letter from a Paul -- excuse me, Tom -
Thomas Weise, W-E-I-S-E, of The Schipper,

```
1
     S-C-H-I-P-P-E-R, Group to Mr. Grendell.
2
    hearsay. Exhibit 12 is a -- purports to be a letter
3
     from Concord Township to the PUCO. Again, that is
4
     also hearsay.
5
                 Exhibit 13 is a document from Bill,
6
    appears to be a letter from Bill Arcuri to Tim
7
    Grendell, and so we would object on the basis of
8
    hearsay with respect to that part of the document and
9
    with respect to the rest of the document, frankly,
10
     since obviously it is not a document Mr. Grendell
11
     received.
12
                 Exhibit 14 is a -- appears to be an
13
    e-mail from Dr. and Mrs. Richard Gift to a
14
    Ms. Gilbert. Certainly we don't know who Ms. Gilbert
15
         We don't know who Dr. and Mrs. Gift is,
```

And finally on the series, your Honor, there is Exhibit 15 which is a letter from Judy and Ron Neuger, N-E-U-G-E-R, to Mr. Grendell, but that also is hearsay.

presented by Mr. Grendell, is clearly improper and

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Any response?

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

25

hearsay.

MR. SMALL: Only with respect to some of these documents, for example, No. 5 which is a

```
business record, 7 which is a document out of the Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company. Other than that, no additional arguments, your Honor.
```

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Kutik, any response or move on to the next one?

MR. KUTIK: I'm sorry, I didn't hear the first document counsel referred to.

EXAMINER PRICE: 5. Contended it was a business record from the PUCO.

MR. KUTIK: Again, there is no foundation laid this is a business record, that this was a part of the regular records of the PUCO, that this was a document that was written by an individual authorized to make these type of statements for the duty to record information accurately and so forth.

I believe his other one was, Exhibit

10 -- 7, excuse me, which we indicated there is no
foundation laid with respect to how Mr. Grendell got
this document.

We also believe, by the way, it's going to be the subject of other witness testimony in this case, so given the fact that it's going to be other witnesses', we would move if they want to present it for a proper witness, they can.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. 17.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, this appears to be a compilation of documents, some of which are illegible and some of which are not documents that in any way, shape, or form come from FirstEnergy or FirstEnergy companies, so we would object essentially on those grounds.

2.2

Specifically walking through the document on the fifth page of the document which begins in the upper left-hand corner, "Flameless electric add-on heat and cool pump," parts of this document, particularly in the comments in the upper right-hand corner are illegible, so we will object on those grounds.

About three pages later there is a document that has in the upper right-hand corner the words "The heat bump is ideally suited for new homes." The document is illegible on the right-hand side of the page.

About 11 pages later within a brochure that is entitled the "Amazing Electric Heat Pump," there is another document and it starts in the upper left-hand corner "How to get the most value from your new electric water heater."

Are you there, your Honor? EXAMINER PRICE: Uh-huh.

```
MR. KUTIK: That document also is
1
2
     illegible toward the middle of the page.
3
                 11 pages later there is another document
     and this one is entitled "You and your electric
4
5
     service, Ohio Edison."
6
                 I apologize. We are on doc -- after that
7
    document, there is another document questions and
8
    answers and about three -- excuse me, five pages in
9
     from that document there is another document that
10
     says "You'll benefit these eight ways when you buy
11
     and build a total electric home with flameless
12
    electric heating." That document is also illegible
13
     on the right-hand corner of the document.
                 Are you there, your Honor?
14
15
                 EXAMINER PRICE: I think so.
16
                 MR. KUTIK: It's this document that I am
17
    holding up.
18
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Okay.
19
                 MR. SMALL: Your Honor, we don't --
20
    again, I will make the point we don't know the source
21
    of the problem as far as --
2.2
                 MR. KUTIK: Well, I am not finished with
23
    my objection.
24
                 MR. SMALL: I'm sorry.
25
                 MR. KUTIK: When I am finished, I will
```

sit down.

2.2

EXAMINER PRICE: Please proceed.

MR. KUTIK: About four pages after that, your Honor, in a document that says "The load management options, your choice, your control," and then four pages in in a document that starts in the upper right-hand corner "Types of load meters," and "pay monthly" on the right-hand side of the page, particularly parts of the -- I guess parts of the questions and then some parts of the answers apparently are illegible.

Then, your Honor, at the end of what I might call the either Ohio Edison or CEI documents there begins a series of documents that starts with at the heading, it says "RF Bob Schmitt." We would object on that document on the grounds of hearsay.

Following that, your Honor, there is a number of pages that are -- that purport to be gas versus electric cost comparisons. And so with respect to those, your Honor, we would object on the grounds that it's improper hearsay and it's improper expert testimony.

Following the large set of tables, if you are still following me, there is a smaller typeset of tables which began Appendix A, "Bob Schmitt Homes,

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388 Home Electric Use Study." Again, we don't know
1
    where this document comes from and certainly no
2
     foundation has been laid for this document as well.
3
4
     So, therefore, it's hearsay.
5
                 Your Honor, following that document there
6
    begins, at least in my copy, a handwritten date
    stamped that says "Exhibit for Strongsville hearing
7
     10-27-10."
8
9
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Keep going, we'll catch
10
    up.
11
                 MR. KUTIK:
                             I'm waiting for you.
12
                 Okay?
13
                 EXAMINER PRICE:
14
                 MR. KUTIK: There is a document following
15
     that which appears to be a document from The
16
     Illuminating Company which is two pages and then
17
     following that residential applications how
     geothermal heating and cooling works, and it then
18
19
     continues on for four pages and appears to be a
20
     copyright of something called "The Geothermal Heat
21
     Pump Consortium, Inc., " and we would argue and we
2.2
     object on the grounds that the document is hearsay.
23
                 Your Honor, following that document
24
     appears to be a series of other documents that may or
25
    may not be the company documents. It starts with
```

"Take charge of your electricity load management option."

We are not objecting to those six or seven documents but then we come to a document in here which is a receipt, purports to be a receipt from Bob Schmitt Homes apparently to Donald and Doris Truly, and then following that document there are another series of other documents. We would object on the grounds that that's hearsay as well.

And lastly, your Honor, last set of materials in this exhibit, and again, we are just going on what we have from the docket in this case, and we are assuming this has all been marked as one exhibit, it may or may not be, but following that is we have two statements from two individuals which we will not object to those two. I believe actually the one or both of those actually read their statements into the record.

But then follows some series of documents which appear to be documents that are from Bob Schmitt Homes for the other vendors and on that basis, your Honor, we'd argue -- we would object to the extent the documents are not FirstEnergy documents, documents of CEI, Toledo Edison, Ohio Edison, that they are hearsay. On those grounds,

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your Honor, we would object to their admission.
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EXAMINER PRICE: Did you get all that,

Mr. Small?

2.2

MR. SMALL: I'll be -- I'll make limited additional comments, which is, first of all, there have been some objections to the companies' own documents, own business record documents.

And the other thing is that some of the points that I made earlier, which is if the source of the readability in some of these instances is the copying that was made as part of the transcript, then it's not the problem of the witness or the OCC that moved these.

In fact, we have much more legible or completely legible copies of these same documents which were provided to the FirstEnergy in discovery. We have it as Bates stamp 186 and beyond as far as our discovery where we provided Mr. Payne's documents as being a completely legible copy, and I have no reason to believe he didn't present the same material at the PUCO, at the hearing.

EXAMINER PRICE: So which version are you going to move for admission in the one that --

MR. SMALL: Well, I'm arguing that it's a photocopying problem that came with the court

reporter transmitting it and making it part of the record, that that's not a fault of the witness or the OCC and not a grounds for -- for objection as far as its admissibility. I can create -- I can provide the legible copies of those same documents and which were provided in discovery to FirstEnergy.

2.2

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Kutik.

MR. KUTIK: The fact that we received the document after the fact that may or may not be legible, I hardly dispute Mr. Small's characterization that they are completely legible because they are not is not the point. The point is based upon the document that's been filed is the document legible or not, and certainly the Bench can make that determination.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. Move to the next exhibit.

MR. KUTIK: Yes, your Honor. Exhibit 21

I believe, your Honor, is the next exhibit. Your

Honor, this is a set of materials that apparently was presented by Mr. Jordan but I believe that this actually was not compiled by Mr. Jordan, but his testimony -- but it was compiled by Ms. Steigerwald, but in any event there are -- throughout this document there are copies of newspaper articles and

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our objection, your Honor, is to the newspaper articles as classic hearsay.
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We are not objecting, your Honor, to the advertisements themselves. But we are objecting to anything that appears to be a newspaper article given it's hearsay and, your Honor, given the breadth and the width of the document, the length of the document, I will defer from going through that, unless you believe I need to do that.

EXAMINER PRICE: Just to make the record clear, you're not objecting to -- in Exhibit 18 you are not objecting to any advertising, solely the replication of the newspaper articles?

MR. KUTIK: Yes. As an example, your
Honor --

EXAMINER PRICE: I guess four pages in there is a newspaper article.

MR. KUTIK: Is it four? Yeah. Well, there's document that starts out "1950 the DeSotos are rolling off the line." That's not relevant.

What about five -- five pages in from the DeSotos is a document which appears in lower right-hand corner "Amazing new electric heat pump heats and cools" and so on and so forth and the logo of The Illuminating Company, that part of that

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exhibit we would not object to.
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2.2

But like on the prior page there is a -there is what appears to be a newspaper article which
on the right side of the page if you are looking at
it longways, it says "First Costs on Heat Pump Giving
Year-Round Service." We would object to that as an
example.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Mr. Small.

MR. SMALL: Newspaper articles are self-authenticating documents and the cure to the problem presented by hearsay is that you call the author of it. You can hardly call the author of articles that appear in newspaper -- newspapers, and that's the reason why we have a concern on self-authenticating documents.

MR. KUTIK: Can counsel cite the rule?

EXAMINER PRICE: That should have been my question, Mr. Kutik, so.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, I don't believe there is a rule that says newspapers are self-authenticating. That's my response.

EXAMINER PRICE: I will inquire.

Mr. Small, cite the rule, please.

MR. KUTIK: The rule about

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self-authenticate is Rule 902.
1
2
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Since you are citing, I
3
     suspect that's not going to help Mr. Small.
4
                 MR. KUTIK: It's entitled
5
    self-authentication.
                 Your Honor, at this point we'll withdraw
6
    our objections, just to move on.
7
8
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Might as well let
    Mr. Ridmann go to lunch now because I think we are
9
    going to be taking him after lunch.
10
11
                 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, our -- we'll -- I
12
    think Exhibit 21 is in your packet. We'll -- we'll
    waive on Exhibit 21.
13
14
                 Same for Exhibit 19. Exhibit 23, your
15
    Honor.
                 EXAMINER PRICE: I'm sorry, I don't have
16
17
    19 or 23.
                 MR. KUTIK: All right.
18
19
                 EXAMINER PRICE: My next one after 21 is
```

21 MR. KUTIK: Yes, okay, your Honor.

MR. SMALL: I'm sorry, are you saying

23 your next one meaning --

20

24.

24 EXAMINER PRICE: Packet they gave us.

MR. KUTIK: Right, yes. This is, your

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1
     Honor, a document which purports to provide cost
 2
     figures to convert to natural gas from electricity,
     electric service on this document as with similar
 3
 4
     compilations with respect to gas versus electric
 5
     costs on his hearsay and it's improper opinion
 6
     testimony.
 7
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.
 8
                 Mr. Small.
 9
                 MR. SMALL: On 24 no additional
10
     arguments.
11
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. 25.
12
                 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, with respect to
13
    Exhibit 25 our objection is directed to materials
14
     that start after the second page. It appears to be
    some handwritten notes of undetermined origin. Also
15
    to be irrelevant to the extent it refers to things
16
17
     like former consultant to Enron and things like that.
18
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.
19
                 Mr. Small.
20
                 MR. SMALL: No additional arguments, your
21
     Honor.
2.2
                 EXAMINER PRICE: And the last one I have
23
     is 26.
24
                 MR. KUTIK: That's the last one that I
25
    will respond to, your Honor. Your Honor, this
```

appears to be an e-mail to some unknown individual
from H.G. Wardlaw who is a witness in the hearing.

And it -- what follows is what must only be
determined to be a bizarre collection of documents
relating to things like Three Mile Island, MacKenzie
Company, Road Rants of the Plain Dealer, blackouts,
et cetera.

2.2

This document contains numerous documents that are hearsay. They appear to be articles of some type. Some are copied from magazines. Some are copied off the internet. So this is classic hearsay and besides being irrelevant.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small, would you care to address the relevance of these?

MR. SMALL: I know you haven't cared so far for my broader arguments, but the OCC's position is basically that the -- that the Commission invited individuals to bring their documents with them to the local public hearings and we on that basis --

EXAMINER PRICE: I understand, Mr. Small. This is a document that you specifically marked.

Unless I am incorrect, the only documents we are dealing with today are documents that OCC specifically marked and moved -- moved its admission. And so I am asking what about these documents that

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     you marked and moved for admission do you think is
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    relevant today?
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                 MR. SMALL: The OCC supported the
    residential customers coming to the local public
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    hearings and bringing their documents with them.
                                                        In
6
     that respect they moved for the admission of that
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    document.
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                 EXAMINER PRICE: But you didn't move for
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     admission of all the documents that were brought. We
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    had hundreds of documents come in. You selected from
    each -- from each hearing you had a subset of
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12
    documents that you moved to submission on.
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                 MR. SMALL: I believe we amended to move
    all the documents.
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                 EXAMINER PRICE: At Kirtland?
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                 MR. SMALL: Ms. Grady was at Kirtland.
17
                 MS. GRADY:
                             Yes.
                 MR. SMALL: And says affirmative, yes.
18
19
                 EXAMINER PRICE: So at Kirtland you moved
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     the admission of 26 documents, and you were not
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     selective, you simply moved the admission of
2.2
    everything at Kirtland?
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                 MS. GRADY: That's correct.
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                 MR. SMALL: I believe that's true.
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                 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small is arguing for
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 1
    Ms. Grady.
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                 MR. SMALL: I believe that's true, your
 3
    Honor.
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                 EXAMINER PRICE: So your argument then is
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     anything a residential customer brought is relevant
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     to this proceeding?
                 MR. SMALL: Well, it's -- it's important
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 8
     since to the extent individuals --
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                 EXAMINER PRICE: You need to speak up,
    Mr. Small, or speak into the thing.
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11
                 MR. SMALL: -- entered into the record.
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     Individuals can cite to or not cite to it as far as
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     its importance or importance to the record, but.
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                 EXAMINER PRICE: Seriously, Mr. Small,
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     you have moved its admission. You need to show some
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     relevance here beyond a customer brought it. That's
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    not the way any of these other hearings proceeded.
     Certainly that wasn't the conduct at Sandusky,
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19
     Strongsville, Springfield.
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                 MR. SMALL: I think that was our
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     intention in the hearings. But, you know, to the
22
     extent the Bench has a problem with what is it, North
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    Ridgeville Exhibit 26 --
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                 EXAMINER PRICE: Kirtland.
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MR. SMALL: Kirtland Exhibit 26, I'm not

going to make an argument for its particular relevance to this proceeding.

EXAMINER PRICE: Okay.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, I could beg your indulgence, if you would allow me, I would like to withdraw my waiver with respect to Exhibit 18 and this is why. I'm willing to concede the point that a newspaper article may or may not be authentic. But that doesn't mean that it's admissible simply because it's authentic.

The document also has to be -- a document must also satisfy the hearsay rules or the nonhearsay rules, as the case may be. Whether the document is authentic, it still is hearsay, and on that grounds we would I guess resuscitate our objection.

EXAMINER PRICE: Would you care to,
Mr. Small, address the issue of hearsay, whether
there is a hearsay exception in Exhibit 18?

MR. SMALL: No. The argument I make is that the real question about hearsay, the purpose of the rule, not just the four corners of the rule but the purpose of the rule is to define or to question problems of whether authentic material is being presented to the -- to the --

EXAMINER PRICE: No, Mr. Small. The

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    purpose of hearsay is whether the party can properly
    contest the truth in the material. How can
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3
    FirstEnergy contest the truth of material contained
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     in a newspaper article whose author is not here to
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    attest to it?
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                 MR. SMALL: That would be impossible to
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     find such an individual to cross-examine or to place
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    on the stand.
9
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Right. But you're
     sponsoring -- you're sponsoring this document.
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11
                             I'm arguing for the authority
                 MR. SMALL:
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    of the PUCO and the Bench to admit such materials.
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                 EXAMINER PRICE: Do you have a specific
    hearsay exception that you believe this at least
14
15
    arguably falls within?
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                 MR. SMALL: You are referring to the
17
    newspaper articles.
                 EXAMINER PRICE: I believe that's what we
18
19
    are talking about.
20
                 MR. SMALL:
                             Well, no, your Honor.
21
                 EXAMINER PRICE: No, okay.
2.2
                 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, other than the
    Maumee exhibits and other than the exhibits that we
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24
     specifically indicated that we would defer our
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argument in anticipation they would be offered by the

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    parties -- the other parties later in this case, that
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    concludes our objections to the public hearing
    exhibits.
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                 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. What we will
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     do, there certainly has been a lot of material
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    presented to the Bench to review. I suspect -- well,
    we will defer ruling on that material. I suspect we
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8
    will not be prepared, in light of the hearing today
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    and hearing tomorrow that we won't be prepared to
    rule on that until Friday, so if that possesses a
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    problem for any party, I need to know now.
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                 Okay. Let's go off the record.
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                 (Discussion off the record.)
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                 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small, would you
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    like to call your first witness?
                 MR. SMALL: Yes, thank you, your Honor.
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17
    The OCC calls Mr. Elio Andreatta to the stand.
18
                 (Witness sworn.)
19
                 EXAMINER PRICE: One minute, please, go
20
    off the record.
21
                 (Discussion off the record.)
22
                 EXAMINER PRICE: Please state your name
23
    and address for the record.
24
                 THE WITNESS: Elio Andreatta, 5922 Mill
25
    Creek Boulevard, Youngstown, Ohio.
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	10	9
1	EXAMINER PRICE: Please proceed,	
2	Mr. Small.	
3		
4	ELIO ANDREATTA	
5	being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was	
6	examined and testified as follows:	
7	DIRECT EXAMINATION	
8	By Mr. Small:	
9	Q. Mr. Andreatta, is it correct that you	
10	worked for one of the FirstEnergy electric	
11	distribution utilities, either Ohio Edison, Cleveland	
12	Electric Illuminating, or Toledo Edison?	
13	A. Yes, Ohio Edison.	
14	Q. And during what period of time did you	
15	work for Ohio Edison?	
16	A. 1985 to 1989.	
17	Q. And can you tell me when you departed,	
18	what month in 1989?	
19	A. I started this job in August so I am	
20	going to say probably in July.	
21	Q. What was your position at Ohio Edison?	
22	A. It was residential representative.	
23	Q. Would that be a sales representative?	
24	A. Yeah.	
25	Q. And did you have direct contact with	

residential customers in your work for Ohio Edison?

A. Yes.

2.2

- Q. What were your basic responsibilities as a residential sales representative?
- A. People building new houses you talk to them about the current programs. Deal with heating dealers.
- Q. During your work for Ohio Edison did you have occasion -- did you have occasion to meet
  Mr. Thomas Logan?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And how did you -- how did you meet Mr. Logan?
- A. You know, I can't remember if he actually called in or if it came from one of the dealers that we dealt with as a lead.
- Q. And when you refer to "a lead," what are you referring to as a --
- A. Either the homeowner would call in for questions or the heating dealer would ask us to go with him on a sales call.
- Q. So the vendor would ask the company representative to go with them on a sales call; is that --
  - A. On occasion, yes.

- Q. And do you call -- recall what you discussed with Mr. Logan?
- A. You know, that was 23 years ago, so I'm going to say probably, you know, equipment, but I really can't say for sure.
- Q. During your employment, time of employment with Ohio Edison, did Ohio Edison have a program referred to as Alternative Plus?
  - A. Yeah.

2.2

- Q. And what was the program?
- A. It was to promote electric add-on heat pumps or total electric heat pumps to the customers.
- Q. Okay. I have here what's been marked at Strongsville local public hearing as Strongsville Exhibit 2.
  - MR. SMALL: Your Honor. May I approach?

    EXAMINER PRICE: You may.
- MR. SMALL: Your Honor, I have a limited number of color copies which Mr. Jones and I made during the break, so I'll just ask if . . .
- Q. Mr. Andreatta, I provided you with a letter dated June 18, 1988, it's marked as Strongs -- as Strongsville Exhibit 2 at the top that was provided to the Commission by Mr. Logan at the Strongsville local public hearing. Do you recognize

the stationery on -- upon which the letter is written?

A. Yes, I do.

- Q. Is that stationery that was used during your work for Ohio Edison?
- A. Yeah. That was the letterhead that was used on the program.
- Q. And the program you are referring to is the Alternative Plus Program that you mentioned earlier?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Now, the letter at the bottom is signed Elio. Do you see that?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And did you sign your name in that fashion during your work for Ohio Edison?
- A. You know, back in those days there was only one person named Elio so it was pretty safe to sign things that way.
- Q. And you signed your name in that fashion meaning your first name as opposed to your entire name?
  - A. Yeah.
- Q. Okay. Is this your signature on -- do you recognize your signature on this letter?

- A. You know, that's a -- I could say yeah, it looks like my signature. I don't remember signing it though.
- Q. Okay. I'm not asking whether you remember specifically this letter but whether you recognize your signature.

2.2

- A. That looks like the way I would have signed my name back then.
- Q. And did you write letters during this period, approximately 1988, which is the date of this letter, did you write letters directly to residential customers during your work for Ohio Edison?
- A. You know, that's not a common practice, no. It wasn't a daily activity.
- Q. It wasn't a daily activity. Did you write some letters?
- A. Without putting a number on it there might have been one or two. Like I said, not a common practice.
- Q. And did you respond to residential inquiries during your work for Ohio Edison?
  - A. When you say "respond to" --
  - Q. Inquiries by residential customers.
- A. Oh, yeah, that was part -- that was part of the job, if they had questions, you did your best

to answer them.

2.2

- Q. Now, I have a few questions concerning your office procedure. Did you have an individual who typed -- typed your letters at Ohio Edison?
  - A. We did have a secretary, yes.
- Q. And who would have typed letters that you drafted?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And if you were to send a -- when you sent letters to -- outside the company was there an individual at Ohio Edison, one or more individuals at Ohio Edison who reviewed your work before it went outside the company?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And who -- what was -- what was the position of that person?
  - A. He would have been my direct supervisor.
- Q. Okay. Did you have more than one supervisor during the period that you worked for Ohio Edison?
- A. You know going back, in those days there was actually a residential -- residential supervisor and then there was a superintendent and then the division manager, so there was actually three levels in Youngstown at the time.

- Q. And what levels would have reviewed your work before they went outside the company?
- A. Just -- just my residential supervisor because I -- you know, obviously hadn't been there that long. The other two probably wouldn't have seen it.
- Q. Let's turn to the contents of the letter itself. This second paragraph I'm looking at the -- at the letter itself. This is a three-page exhibit with a two-page attachment. I am looking at the letter itself. The second paragraph refers to -- sorry. The second paragraph, the third line refers to Power Commander. Do you see that?
  - A. Yes.

2.2

- Q. Are you familiar -- familiar with the Power Commander Program?
- A. I vaguely remember how that operated, yeah.
  - Q. And what was that about?
- A. You know, it involved either add-on heat pumps or water heating or a combination of both that customers would get that and they would get a discount on their electric bill.
- Q. And in the next sentence it refers to it says "Next came the new heat pump." Do you see?

A. Yes.

2.2

- Q. Do you recall discussing a new heat pump with Mr. Logan?
  - A. I can't say that I remember the day that that happened but.
  - Q. I mean the general topic, not the specific.
    - A. Oh, yeah.
  - Q. Next I'm here on the second paragraph, fourth line at the end, it says "and finally the new rate." Do you see that?
    - A. Yes.
  - Q. Do you recall having contact with Mr. Logan concerning the new rate?
- A. You know, I can't actually pinpoint that, no.
  - Q. As far as the specific conversation or the subject matter?
  - A. As far as the specific wording of the conversation, but the new rate would lead to, you know, the all electric rate.
  - Q. Okay. Let's turn to the attachments to the letter. And this is a two-page tariff sheet effective March 18, 1988. Were you familiar during your work for Ohio Edison with the, as it says at the

top, optional heating rate?

A. Yes.

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- O. And what was that?
- A. I'm sorry, I don't understand.
- Q. What -- what was the optional heating rate? Who did it apply to?
- A. Electrically heated homes with electric space heating that you heat the home with.
- Q. And do you recall whether this was a heating rate that was available to Mr. Logan?
  - A. Yes, yes, it was.
- Q. Now, the word "experimental" is shown at the top of the attachment. It says "Optional Heating Rate" and then "(Experimental)." Do you see that?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And that word also appears in the first sentence of the -- or I'm sorry, the second sentence of the letter itself.
  - A. Okay.
- Q. Okay. What was your understanding of during your work for Ohio Edison of how the word "experimental" was used?
- A. Experimental being that the company had the ability at any time to stop offering the rate.
  - Q. And what would happen to the customer

after the tariff was withdrawn?

2.2

- A. It was -- you know, it was my understanding that they couldn't offer it to new customers but people that were signed up on it would be able to keep that rate.
- Q. And was this Ohio Edison's normal practice while you worked for the company?
- A. You know, I can't comment on that because what I can do is relate to the supervisor who had the discussions with us. So whether it was company policy or not, you know, I can't.
- Q. I see. So as far as you're concerned, your work and through your supervisor, that was the policy that you were asked to represent?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. I am going to ask you to look at this -- at this letter and ignore the marks that have been placed on it. The Exhibit 2 which was placed on it by a court reporter, the stamp. If you would ignore the word "copy," if you would ignore the handwritten word "save," and the -- and the bold block on the letter. If you would ignore those markings on the letter.

Excluding those matters do you have any reason to believe that this letter and its

attachments were not accurate copies of correspondence that you had with Mr. Logan?

A. You know, not word for word but it does look like something that could have been sent from our office, you know, with the supervisor's approval. Can't be sure about the exact wording but it looks like something that would have gone out, yes.

MR. SMALL: Your Honor, the witness is available for cross-examination.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Corcoran?

MR. CORCORAN: Nothing, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. O'Brien?

MR. O'BRIEN: I have no questions, your

Honor.

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EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Randazzo?

MR. RANDAZZO: Just a couple.

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## CROSS-EXAMINATION

19 By Mr. Randazzo:

Q. Mr. Andreatta, would you look at the document that counsel for OCC has asked you about, and specifically the tariff sheet. Do you have that in front of you, sir?

A. Yes, I do.

Q. Okay. If you look down the tariff sheet,

do you see the thing -- see the item that's designated "PIP Arrearage Adjustment"?

- A. The second highlighted topic from the bottom, sir?
  - Q. Yes, sir, that's correct.
  - A. Okay.

2.2

- Q. Yeah.
- A. Okay.
- Q. If this rate were eliminated based upon the understanding you described earlier, would the --would the customers that were subject to this rate on an experimental basis continue to pay the PIP arrearage charge that's designated there?
  - A. I don't know that, sir.
- Q. How about on the fuel adjustment item that's the next one down?
  - A. You know, I don't know that either, sir.
- Q. How about on the, turning the page, you see at the top of the next tariff sheet the construction work in progress adjustment.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. If I were to ask you the same question about that item, would customers that signed up for this rate schedule continue to pay that charge even if this rate schedule were eliminated?

- 1 Α. And I would answer the same way, I don't 2 know, sir. 3 Ο. Are you aware of whether or not the fuel 4 adjustment mechanism and the PIP arrearage adjustment 5 were eliminated by operation of state law? 6 No, I don't. Α. 7 MR. RANDAZZO: Okay. Thank you very 8 much. 9 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. Mr. Kutik. 10 11 MR. KUTIK: Thank you, your Honor. 12 13 CROSS-EXAMINATION 14 By Mr. Kutik: 15 Q. Good afternoon, sir. 16 Α. Good afternoon. 17 Q. It's correct, is it not, that you don't recall writing this letter? 18 19 Α. That's true.
  - Q. In fact, you don't recall talking to

    Mr. Logan about the general subject of the longevity

    or the effective date of rates?
    - A. That's true also.

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Q. In fact, you don't recall talking with any customer on that subject, correct?

- A. Twenty-three years ago, you're absolutely right, sir.
- Q. Now, would you say that you were a good Ohio Edison employee?
- A. You know, you would like to think so, yes.
  - Q. You try to do a good job for the company?
  - A. That's true.
  - Q. And you took pride in your work?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And so it would be fair to say that your work product would not be work product that would show numerous errors or mistakes, correct?
- A. You know, you tried your best, so I'm going to say, yeah, that's probably a fair statement.
- Q. Okay. Now, I want to ask you about some of the issues in this letter. And let's start with some of the basics, like the date.
  - A. Okay.
- Q. The date is June 18, 1988. The Bench can take administrative notice and I will ask you to assume that June 18, 1988 was a Saturday. Are you with me so far?
  - A. Okay.
  - Q. You said that you only wrote one or two

ARMSTRONG & OKEY, INC., Columbus, Ohio (614) 224-9481

letters, correct?

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- A. Yeah, it wasn't a regular practice.
- Q. Right. And the letters would have to be typed up by a secretary.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. All right. And was it the case that you normally were in the office writing letters on Saturdays?
- A. The -- I had availability to the office if you needed it on Saturday. We had keys. We could go in if we needed to. It wasn't every Saturday but on occasion.
- Q. But in terms of staff to help you write letters, that wasn't a normal thing that went on that you recall, correct?
  - A. No.
- Q. Now, let me talk about another thing that might be basic about this letter, and that's your title.
  - A. Okay.
- Q. It says on this letter that you were senior residential representative, correct?
- A. Yes.
- Q. You were never a senior represent -residential rep, correct?

- A. I don't recall ever being that, no.
  - Q. Now, you said that one of the things that you would do and the one or two letters that you recall writing was that you would share that with your supervisor, correct?
    - A. That's true.

2.2

- Q. And so you and your supervisor, particularly if you are writing about rates, would it be fair to infer from that that you and he or she would go and look at the particular rates that you might be writing about, correct?
  - A. I'm sorry, I didn't hear what --
- Q. Sure. I mean, would it be fair for us to assume if you are writing a letter about rates, that you and your supervisor would go look at the particular rates that you may be writing about?
- A. No. I don't think we would pull a rate book out to, you know, go over that. I took his -- once a rate came out, you know, we will discuss it either individually or as a group, usually both.
- If I gave him this, whatever changes he made, you know, they will either come back for me to see it or it would have went right to the girl to type it up. We wouldn't sit and study the rate.
  - Q. You were familiar with the rates, were

you not?

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- A. Yes.
- Q. And you had access to them to look them up if you had a question about them?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And the same was true for your supervisor.
  - A. True.
- Q. Now, the rate sheets that are attached to what purports to be a letter is this first revised sheet No. 1, correct?
  - A. Okay.
- Q. That's what it says, right? You have to answer orally.
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And on the second page it says "Rules and Regulations: The Company's Standard Rules and Regulations shall apply to the installation and use of electric service." Do you see that?
    - A. Yes.
- 21 Q. And you were familiar with the company's 22 rules and regulations, correct?
- 23 A. Yes.
- MR. KUTIK: May I approach the witness, your Honor?

EXAMINER PRICE: You may.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, we would like to have marked as Company Exhibit 46 a document that on the first page is Original Sheet 4.1 Replacing Fourth Revised Sheet 4-1, and the second page is First Revised Sheet 4-1 Canceling Original Sheet 4.1.

EXAMINER PRICE: It will be so marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- Q. Mr. Andreatta, I have handed you what has been marked for identification as Company Exhibit 46. Do you recognize this as some of the rules and regulations, first page was effective December 17, 1985, the second page effective February 24, 1989, correct?
  - A. Yes.

2.2

- Q. And you would agree with that these appear to be parts of the rules and regulations, the standard rules and regulations, at least the first page, that were in effect on January 18, 1988, correct?
  - A. I would have to say yes.
- Q. Now, this document paragraph D under Roman Numeral II talks about the term of the contract, correct?
  - A. Yes.

Q. It says "Unless otherwise provided therein a service contract shall be for a term of one year or as specified in the applicable rate schedule," correct?

A. Okay.

2.2

- Q. And with respect to revisions which appears in the general provisions No. 1, paragraph B, it says "The Company's Schedule of Rates and the Standard Rules and Regulations as herein contained may be terminated, amended, supplemented or otherwise changed from time to time only in accordance with law and the rules promulgated thereunder by The Public Utilities Commission of Ohio. No agent, representative, or employee of the Company has any right to modify or alter any provision of the Company's standard --" excuse me, "Schedule of Rates or the Standard Rules and Regulations." Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do.
  - Q. And you are aware of that, correct?
- A. It's written. I am sure at one point in our employment we did go over that.
- Q. Okay. And under title or Roman Numeral II, paragraph C, it says "Service contract, the entire agreement: The service contract shall

constitute the entire agreement between the customer and the Company and no promise, agreement, or representation of any agent, representative or employee of the Company shall be binding upon it unless the same shall be incorporated in the service contract." Do you see that?

A. Yes, I do.

2.2

- Q. And I assume you were generally familiar with that rule as well? Fair to say?
- A. I am going to say it was probably something that was gone over, yes.
- Q. So to the extent that you were doing your job, to the extent your supervisor was aware of these rules and regulations, your supervisor wouldn't or you wouldn't do something that was knowingly in violation or contrary to the rules and regulations of the company, correct?
  - A. I think that's a fair statement, yes.
- Q. And any document that would be contrary to that would not likely be a document that would come from you, correct?
- A. I'm sorry, I don't understand that question.
- MR. KUTIK: Withdraw the question. No further questions.

1 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. 2 Staff? 3 MR. JONES: No questions, your Honor. 4 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small, redirect? 5 MR. SMALL: No questions, your Honor. Αt 6 this time the OCC would renew its motion to admit Strongsville Exhibit 2, having been presented by 7 8 Mr. Logan with personal knowledge as the person 9 receiving it and further supported by the testimony 10 of Mr. Andreatta, the purported author of the -- of 11 the letter and its -- and its accompanying enclosure. 12 EXAMINER PRICE: Well, the Bench might have questions for the witness first. 13 14 MR. SMALL: Oh, I'm sorry. Just stop me 15 there. 16 EXAMINER PRICE: We'll come back to that. 17 Do you have any questions? 18 EXAMINER WILLEY: No. 19 20 EXAMINATION 21 By Examiner Price: 2.2 Q. You have no recollection of writing this 23 letter, do you? 24 No, I can't recall, you know, the day or Α. 25 time that that happened, no.

- Q. Is it fair to say that you only wrote a handful -- if you ever wrote letters like this if this is your letter, you only wrote a handful of them?
  - A. Yeah, that wasn't a common practice.
  - Q. Less than six?
- A. You know, I don't know if I could say less than six.
  - Q. Less than 12?
- 10 A. You know, I don't think I could answer 11 that.
  - Q. Very small number.
  - A. Yeah.

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- Q. Rarely wrote them?
- A. You know, being there for four years and dealing with so many people, you know, it would be hard to say what "small" would be.
- 18 EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. Fair enough.
- Okay. Thank you, you are excused. Have a safe drive back to Youngstown. Thank you for participating.
- 21 Mr. Small, we will take up your motion 22 again, you don't have to repeat it.
- MR. SMALL: I renew our -- the OCC's motion to admit Strongsville Exhibit 2.
- 25 EXAMINER PRICE: Any objections to the

admission of Strongsville Exhibit 2?

inconsistent with the policies.

2.2

MR. KUTIK: Yes, your Honor. We object.

EXAMINER PRICE: Grounds, Mr. Kutik.

MR. KUTIK: We think there are substantial questions with respect to the genuineness of this letter. This witness could not verify this letter. Did not recall reviewing it. At best he could say it looked like his signature and that this was the letterhead. There are numerous basic errors which he said was inconsistent with his practice,

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small, response?

MR. SMALL: Yes, your Honor. The witness -- first of all, we have the sworn testimony of Mr. Thomas Logan that he received this letter.

It's his personal knowledge of receiving this letter from Mr. Andreatta. That should have been sufficient in the OCC -- is the OCC's position.

But in addition to that we put on Mr. Andreatta who's confirmed the -- and I don't think Mr. Andreatta can be faulted for not remembering a single letter addressed to an individual, Mr. Logan, 23 years ago or roughly 23 years ago, as he said.

But the cross-examination of

Mr. Andreatta indicated that he -- that the contents, the form, the stationery, the program that's being promoted here, the manner in which he signed his name, the fact that he did have customer contact like this, that the promised enclosures in the letter are consistent with the enclosures that are attached as part of the exhibit, all -- even though he can't recall, and one could understand, Mr. Logan was a particular customer so he would have specific knowledge concerning the one item that was important to him when he received contact from Ohio Edison, Mr. Andreatta is in a different situation not only was it a long time ago but he was dealing with a -- as a customer representative and with a much larger base of people.

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But not only did he -- did he confirm the basic contents of the letter but also he remembers Mr. Logan. He remembers these contacts, and I don't think there is -- any -- has anybody ever put a date on a letter which was not the actual date when it was transmitted? Minor things.

There's no suggestion that this was not a company representative writing a letter on company stationery concerning a company program, and as

Mr. Andreatta represented, shown -- would have been

approved by a supervisor before being transmitted to the customer.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Kutik, would you like to respond?

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MR. KUTIK: Yes, your Honor. It's telling that in making an objection or responding to my objection that counsel has embellished what the witness has said.

The witness never said that the content of this letter was similar to what he said or similar to what he was aware of. As elucidated from your questions, he rarely wrote letters. It would probably be an event that he would remember if he wrote the letter.

The fact that it has such basic errors as a date, as his title, the fact that it contradicts the rules and regulations not once, not twice, but at least three times, and supposedly was reviewed by a supervisor, calls into great question the voracity of this letter.

In addition, your Honor, we believe that Mr. Logan, as we can present evidence on that topic if you wish, had certain animus against the company and so his testimony that he received the document is in no way reliable.

MR. SMALL: Your Honor, I have one other thing that I would like to mention/argue, which is Mr. Kutik is representing that the -- that there are portions of this letter which perhaps go against the provisions or the manner in which these utilities were regulated by the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, but it is the OCC's position that there were representations and supported by testimony in the local public hearings that the representations were made by representatives of Ohio Edison not always in writing but representations were made that were inconsistent with the manner in which these companies were regulated by the Public Utilities Commission.

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So the mere fact that the company is out there making contact with customers in a manner that's inconsistent with the regulation including other tariff provisions does not -- does not dismiss the importance, in fact, it highlights the importance of this --

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small, I think you are getting way beyond admissibility of this particular document.

MR. SMALL: I am just saying I hear the argument because it conflicts with a company policy it can be authentic and that is --

1 EXAMINER PRICE: That's a different 2 argument. You can make that but you don't need to 3 make your whole argument about what you are going to 4 arque later on. 5 We are going to -- we are going to go 6 ahead and admit Strongsville Exhibit No. 2. The 7 company is certainly free to make any arguments it 8 wishes to make regarding the weight the Commission 9 should ascribe to a particular document. With 10 respect to any bias Mr. Logan has against the 11 company, that's the companies' decision to put that 12 on or not. 13 MR. KUTIK: Thank you. 14 (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.) 15 EXAMINER PRICE: At this time we will 16 take our lunch. Please, I know that we are behind today. Let's please be back by 2:30. We will take 17 18 Mr. Ridmann and then we'll at least begin Mr. Yankel. 19

Thank you, we are off the record.

(Discussion off the record.)

EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go back on the

2.2 record.

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Mr. Kutik, before lunch you had a motion you'd like to make?

MR. KUTIK: Yes, your Honor. The company

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      moves for admission of Company Exhibit 46.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Any objection to the
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      admission of Company Exhibit 46?
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                  Seeing none, it will be admitted.
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                   (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Now we are off the
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      record.
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                  (Lunch recess taken at 1:30 p.m.)
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                                Wednesday Afternoon Session,
                                February 16, 2011.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Go back on the record.
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                  At this time we'll take the testimony of
 6
      Mr. Ridmann on behalf of FirstEnergy.
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                  Mr. Ridmann.
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                  (Witness sworn.)
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Please state your name
      and business address for the record.
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                  THE WITNESS: My name is William Ridmann.
      My business address is 76 South Main Street, Akron,
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13
      Ohio.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.
                  Mr. Kutik.
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                  (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)
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17
                        WILLIAM R. RIDMANN
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      being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was
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      examined and testified as follows:
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                        DIRECT EXAMINATION
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     By Mr. Kutik:
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                  Mr. Ridmann, do you have in front of you
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      what's been marked as Company Exhibit 1 entitled
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      "Direct Testimony of William R. Ridmann on behalf of
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- Ohio Edison Company, The Cleveland Electric

  Illuminating Company, and Toledo Edison -- and Toledo

  Edison Company"?
  - A. Yes, I do.

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- Q. And what is that?
- A. It's my direct testimony in this case.
- Q. Do you have any additions or corrections to make to that document?
  - A. I do not.
- Q. If I asked you the questions that appear in that document, would your answers be as appear in that document?
  - A. Yes, they would.
- Q. In this document you make a proposal on behalf of the companies. Can you describe the status of the proposal that the companies made in the application in light of your proposal in this testimony?
- EXAMINER PRICE: Could we go off the record for one moment?
- 21 (Discussion off the record.)
- 22 EXAMINER PRICE: Back on the record.
- I'm sorry, Mr. Kutik. Please proceed.
- MR. KUTIK: I think I finished my
- 25 question, if the court reporter could read my

1 question. 2 EXAMINER PRICE: Please. 3 (Record read.) 4 I think what the company proposed in the Α. 5 application as filed in February of 2010, the 6 proposal actually ought to be withdrawn because what's happened is that the Commission, subsequent to 7 8 that application, issued an order which went a 9 different direction, as you will see in terms of what 10 was -- what was ordered for the companies to do going 11 forward at least for the current winter period. 12 And we have basically come up with the 13 proposal in the -- my testimony pretty much addresses 14 where -- what should happen going forward now from 15 this state. Therefore, my testimony really contains 16 the companies' proposal in this case. 17 MR. KUTIK: No further questions. 18 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Mr. Elisar.

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MR. ELISAR: No questions.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. O'Brien.

MR. O'BRIEN: No questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small, do you have a

preference to go before or after Mr. Corcoran?

MR. SMALL: I believe I should go first,

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your Honor. Is that agreeable?
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                  MR. CORCORAN: That's fine.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small.
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                  MR. SMALL: Thank you, your Honor.
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     matter -- I'm sorry. Preliminary matter, motions to
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      strike, your Honor.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Please proceed.
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                  MR. SMALL: The OCC moves to strike a
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     portion of Mr. Ridmann's testimony located on page
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      13, line 14, and proceeding to the end of the
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      sentence which is on line 14, the word -- ending with
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     the word "conservation."
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                  In this portion of Mr. Ridmann's
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     testimony Mr. Ridmann interprets Ohio law. He is not
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     an attorney. He is not qualified to state an opinion
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     as an expert on the subject matter contained in this
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     portion of his testimony.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. Your motion
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     to strike will be denied. Mr. Ridmann is well
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     qualified to testify as to the regulatory matters,
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      and I am sure he would acknowledge that he is not
      rendering a legal opinion on these matters.
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                  THE WITNESS: Correct.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE:
                                   Thank you.
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MR. SMALL: Before I start the -- my

cross -- the remainder of my cross-examination, I just wanted to make it be clear about your clarifying statement on the stand. Was your statement that the companies' proposal should be seen as that which is contained in your testimony and not in the application submitted by -- originally submitted by the company in this case; was that the gist of your testimony?

THE WITNESS: That's correct.

MR. SMALL: Thank you.

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## CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Small:

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- Q. Mr. Ridmann, if you would please turn to page 13 of your testimony. And at the same portion which was just the motion -- the subject of the motion to strike concerning policy after Senate Bill 221, as you understand it, does state policy as it existed after Senate Bill 221 was enacted support reasonably priced retail electric service?
- A. I would think possibly that's a policy of the state that we would support reasonably priced electric service.
- Q. Also does Ohio state policy support the protection of at-risk populations?

- A. Again, I would think that would seem like a reasonable policy of the state.
- Q. Are you familiar with Senate Bill 3 which you ushered in competitive electric service, generation service?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And was Senate Bill 3 passed in 1999?
- A. Yes, it was.
- Q. Was there a policy after the enactment of Senate Bill 3 but before Senate Bill 221 took effect that supported conservation and energy efficiency?
- A. I presume there were state policies that supported energy efficiency during that time frame.
- Q. Did CEI, to your knowledge did CEI and Toledo Edison have programs to reduce demand and energy during the 1990s?
  - A. How do you define "programs"?
- Q. Matters either tariff or nontariff items that promoted the reduction and energy usage and/or peak demand.
- A. Yes. The companies had tariff programs or I can think of at least Centerior had some incentive programs to reduce energy and demand. I think what changed though with Senate Bill 221, we never had mandates for targets and penalties for not

achieving energy reductions or demand reductions and that's really what changed with Senate Bill 221.

2.2

- Q. Did Cleveland Electric Illuminating and Toledo Edison have such programs as refrigerator pickup programs during the '90s?
- A. Yes, they did. Again, with no hard targets to achieve through those programs.
- Q. Okay. I would like to go back towards the -- more towards the beginning of your testimony. From 1991 -- I'm on page 2, approximately lines 15 through 18, where you discuss your background.

From 1991 to 1996, you worked for Centerior Energy Corporation in various marketing positions; is that correct?

- A. Yes. Actually -- actually through -EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go off the record.

  (Discussion off the record.)
- A. I think I was going to say that actually --
- Q. We aren't back on the record.

  EXAMINER PRICE: We weren't but we will now. Go ahead.
- A. I think I was about to say that actually
  I had marketing positions through part of 1997 at
  Centerior. It didn't end in 1996.

- Q. And at Centerior Energy Corporation your responsibilities involved marketing for both CEI and Toledo Edison, correct?
- A. Yes, when I was in the director of marketing position.

2.2

- Q. And marketing as a Centerior activity involved at various times the development of programs, meeting with large customers, communications, and including advertising, economic development, and various economic studies, correct?
- A. At various parts in time, yes. There were times when, for instance, communication did not report to me in that time frame. And also I think economic development at some point did not report to me, but so it changed throughout the time period of 1991 through about October of 1997 the responsibilities changed, as you might expect in a large corporation.
- Q. And by communications, you referred to responsibilities over communications, that was primarily advertising, correct?
- A. Yes. As I -- yes. It was primarily advertising.
- Q. Now, the sales function during this time that you worked in marketing involved more direct

contact with customers as opposed to the marketing activities you just described, correct?

- A. That's correct. The sales function had the primary responsibility with meeting with customers. But they would pull in marketing people as needed.
- Q. Okay. And I am -- now, I am page 2, line 17 through 18 of your testimony, and it states that you became executive director of marketing for FirstEnergy Service Corporation. Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do.

2.2

- Q. And did that position involve marketing for CEI, Toledo Edison, Ohio Edison, and Penn Power?
  - A. Yes, it did.
- Q. And your responsibilities changed when you took that position so you didn't have as much responsibility for communications and economic development; is that correct?
- A. That's correct. Those were not part of the marketing organization in FirstEnergy.
- Q. Okay. Let's turn to page 4 of your testimony, lines 3 through 5. And you use the term "electric heating customers." Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do.
  - Q. Okay. You use that term in your

testimony to mean those customers who primarily heat their homes with electricity, correct?

A. Correct.

2.2

- Q. And I'm moving to page 10, line 4 of your testimony. At that point in your testimony you referred to revenue requirements for the companies.

  Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Okay. The revenue requirement that you mentioned in your testimony, that's only determined at the time when rate cases are filed, correct? Or during the course of a rate case?
- A. I would say total revenue requirements are determined at a time of a rate case.
- Q. And there aren't any determinations of that in between the rate cases, correct?
- A. I would say not in terms of -- generally not in terms of total revenue requirements. There may be special -- well, for instance, a fuel rider as such which had revenue requirements associated with that would be determined in the fuel case, but in terms of overall rates generally, it would be determined at the time of the base rate case.
- Q. Before passage of Senate Bill 3, CEI, Cleveland Electric Illuminating, and Toledo Edison

were unable to obtain the revenue requirements supported in their rate case applications in Case 95-299 and 95-300, correct?

MR. KUTIK: May I have those case numbers, please?

EXAMINER PRICE: Can you provide the case numbers?

(Record read.)

2.2

A. The company for a -- the company proved a higher revenue requirement basically than what the company asked for in the case is a way to put it than what it actually got out of the case. So it didn't get its full revenue requirement.

I will add I can't think of a case where
I was involved at least where the company ever got
its, what it would call its total revenue requirement
out of a base rate case.

EXAMINER PRICE: Except 07-551, of course.

THE WITNESS: We didn't get everything we asked for in that case.

EXAMINER PRICE: Everything you earned, everything you deserved.

MR. KUTIK: That's a different question.

Q. Well, let's be careful about the cases I

refer to in my question, Case 95-299 and 95-300, those were -- are properly referred to as the Centerior rate case -- the Centerior rate case combined. Are you familiar with that term?

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- A. Well, I'm familiar with Centerior rate cases.
- Q. Okay. And in that case the revenue requirement that was determined by the Commission was higher than what was actually put into rates; is that correct?
- A. I'm not actually positive of that. I'm not certain. Could be. I mean because I think the amount that the company asked for was a fair amount below the revenue requirements it proved so it could be that the Commission came up with something in between. I just don't remember offhanded.
- Q. Okay. Let's turn to page 12 of your testimony, lines 4 through 6. And here you refer to the companies' cost structure on page 12, line 4. Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. And this cost structure that you refer to in your testimony refers to prices that the companies pay to lending suppliers for supplying generation to the companies as a result of auctions, correct?

- A. Yes, that's primarily what we are talking about in this aspect.
- Q. And do you know what a descending clock auction is?
  - A. Yes, I do.

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- Q. And such an auction moves from higher prices to lower prices, correct?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. And that process deals with lower prices until there is just enough supply to meet the load or the demanded load, correct?
- THE WITNESS: Could you repeat the question.
- 14 (Record read.)
- EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small, maybe you better rephrase that question.
- MR. SMALL: All right.
- 18 Let me try it one more time.
- 19 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.
  - Q. The descending clock auction process deals with lower prices until there is just enough supply to meet the load, correct?
- A. It ends basically when there is enough supply to meet the demand.
  - Q. And as part of the auction process and

communicating --

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- A. And there is no excess, I should say.
- Q. As part of the auction process and preparation for the bidding, load shape information is provided to bidders as part of the auction process, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Let's turn to page 13, lines 15 through 16. And here you refer to the cost of generation service. Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. You're not referring -- you are not referring in your testimony at this point to the cost of generation service to the winning bidders in the auction, correct?

MR. KUTIK: Objection.

EXAMINER PRICE: Grounds?

18 MR. KUTIK: I think it's vague, your

Honor. I am not sure what the question means.

EXAMINER PRICE: He can answer it if he understands it.

THE WITNESS: Could you repeat the question.

(Record read.)

A. No. I'm talking about the cost of

generation or the cost of purchased power to the FirstEnergy Ohio utilities.

- Q. And you don't know the cost of generation service by the winning bidders in the auctions,
  - A. I do not.

2.2

Q. Okay. You mention on page 13, line 16, of your testimony that you believe electric heating customers, and I quote, "receive an appropriately low price signal." Do you see that?

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small, can you reread that? You misspoke.

MR. SMALL: I'm sorry?

EXAMINER PRICE: You misspoke, I don't think you got the "inappropriately" out.

MR. SMALL: Let me try it again.

- Q. I'm sorry, I am not -- I don't know exactly how that went but let's try page 13, line 16, and you state that you believe that electric heating customers "receive an inappropriately low price signal"; is that correct?
  - A. That's correct.

MR. SMALL: I'm sorry, your Honor, I
thought that's what you said.

EXAMINER PRICE: It might have been me.

I might have picked up incorrectly.

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- Q. Has, Mr. Ridmann, has any auction been conducted that determines the cost of generation service for FirstEnergy's residential electric heating customers separate and apart from the cost of generation service for other customers?
- A. No. Basically the total load of the company is -- is auctioned.
  - Q. And so there has been --
- A. There's no separate for residential or for that matter residential electric heat. It's included in the overall pricing the supplier supplies.
- Q. Suppose hypothetically that the FirstEnergy electric distribution utilities purchased the generation service for its electric heating, residential electric heating customers in organized power markets. Do the price in organized power markets vary over the hours of the day?
- A. If you mean the location marginal pricing that's posted for the RTOs vary over the time of day, yes, they do.
- Q. And do the prices vary in organized power markets from season to season?
  - A. Yes.

Q. And are prices generally higher during the summer than they are in the winter?

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- A. At least for the RTO that we are in they are, which is why we reflected it in one -- one of the reasons why it's reflected in our seasonal rates.
- Q. Do you have any reason to believe -- I'm sorry. Was the RTO that you are referring to the MidWest ISO?
  - A. Yes. And also I think it's also for PJM.
- Q. All right. I think you anticipated my question. Okay.

Have you conducted a cost of service study using metering data that reveals load for residential heating customers?

- A. What time frame?
- Q. Have you conducted one in connection with your work in this case?
- A. No, I have not conducted a cost service study in this case other than I would think the generation that we are paying or the price we are paying for the purchased power of generation that's the cost of generation, the purchased power for these companies.
- Q. Does FirstEnergy collect metering data sufficient to support cost of service studies for --

from residential customers that distinguishes between electric heat and nonelectric heat customers?

- A. In what time frame?
- Q. Currently.

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A. Not that I'm aware of.

MR. SMALL: Your Honor, I would like a two-page document marked as OCC Exhibit 2.

EXAMINER PRICE: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MR. SMALL: May I approach?

EXAMINER PRICE: You may.

MR. SMALL: For the Bench's information I've marked it -- I have asked that it be marked as OCC Exhibit 2 and we are reserving OCC Exhibit 1 for Mr. Yankel's testimony.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

- Q. Mr. Ridmann, what's been marked as OCC Exhibit 2 is OCC interrogatory 57. Do you recall seeing this discovery request?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. And you are the person who is responsible for responding to it?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And this discovery request asks for the raw usage data load research data on customers; is

that correct?

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- A. Yes.
- Q. And the response is that the company, similar to your response on the stand that the company doesn't collect this information; is that correct?
- A. Yeah. We went back through our files to see what we had done previously and we don't have the raw data. We have -- obviously we had to have some summary information to do the cost service study in the 07-551 case, but in terms of raw data it no longer exists based on our review of all of our files.
- Q. And in -- I'm sorry. What was the reference, 09-551?
  - A. 07.
  - Q. 07-551, I'm sorry.
- Cost of service study was done on total residential customer class, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. There was no distinguish between electric heat customers and standard residential customers?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And did the company at that time have information that could distinguish between the

standard and the electric heat customers?

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- A. Not that I'm aware of.
- Q. Okay. Would you please turn to page 20, line 13 of your testimony, and there you make a reference to "generation service for free." Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And do you arrive at this conclusion in your testimony based upon adding the RDC, EDR, and RGC credits at various usage levels and comparing it with the generation service charge for residential customers who don't receive the credits?
- A. Yes. Essentially looking at all three credits that the customers are currently getting.
- Q. But the RDC is a distribution credit, correct?
- A. The RDC is a credit off the distribution rate, that's correct. But all I'm stating here is when you add up all the credits, that basically exceeds the -- the amount that's -- we're being charged, the companies are being charged for generation.

If you exclude the RDC, which is the distribution credit, in your calculations so you just have the EDR and RGC, is the sum of the EDR and the

RGC credits greater than the generation charge for residential customers who don't receive these credits?

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A. If you could hold on one minute.

I would say for CEI it's very close because the EDR above 500-kilowatt hours usage is 1.9 cents credit and the RGC is 4.2 cents credit, so that's 4.61 credit which is close to the generation rate for Ohio Edison.

The EDR credit above 500-kilowatt is again 1.9 cents, in the RGC credit is 3.9 cents, which adds up to 5.8 cents which is pretty much, again, almost wipes out the costs that the companies are paying for generation.

And for Toledo Edison, again, the EDR rate is above 500-kilowatt 1.9 cents and the RGC rate for Toledo depends on the rate you are on but it goes from some point it's 1.8 cents for the apartment rate, it's 3.1 cents and, of course, the credit starts with the RGC is at various levels depending on the company.

For example, CEI the RGC begins basically at the first kilowatt hour for Ohio Edison as far as the 450-kilowatt hour point and for Toledo Edison generally starts at around 2,000 kilowatt hours. So,

you know, in summary at least for CEI pretty much wipes out the generation charge and for the others it approximates it.

- Q. Would you please turn to page 22, lines 2 through 6 of your testimony. And begin -- are you there, Mr. Ridmann?
  - A. Yes, I am.

2.2

- Q. And beginning on line 2, you state that "Rates paid by most CEI electric heating customers at present are less than they were in December, 2008."

  Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. Didn't the Public Utilities Commission order CEI to file an RGC rate that would provide all electric customers would bill impacts commensurate with bills in December of 2008?
  - A. Are you reading from the specific order?
- Q. I believe I'm not reading from a specific order. I believe I'm characterizing it, but.
- A. I think generally the order said something about put the rates back to the two thousand -- you know, 2008 level. But in complying with the order we were basically told how to interpret that language and we designed rates to follow the instructions we were given by how to

interpret that.

2.2

And given those instructions there are, as I state in my testimony, examples of customers who are paying less than they were in 2008, in December of 2008.

- Q. And the -- did you use the word "instructions"? Is that the word you used?
  - A. Yes.
  - O. And those instructions came from whom?
  - A. Tammy Turkenton and Bob Fortney.
- Q. In other words, staff -- PUCO staff members?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And so when in your reference on line 2 of page 22, that most CEI electric heating customers use that term, is that because some customers would be at the rates for December, 2008 but others would be at lower rates than December, 2008?
  - A. That's correct.
  - Q. Please turn to page 28 of your testimony.

Now, on -- I'm on page 28, line 5, and here with reference to the average customer that you refer to at that point did you use the average usage for the winter periods of 2007 and 2008 for electrically space heated homes?

- A. Yeah. We used the 2002 -- 2007 and 2008 data for electrically heated homes and at the time I gave my deposition, I thought it was across all three companies but it's actually for Ohio Edison.
  - Q. Ohio Edison only?

2.2

- A. Yes, yes, that's correct.
- Q. Okay. You identify customers have electric space heating based upon identification codes from Ohio Edison's customer records, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And customers who are coded by the company being on a load management rate weren't considered for purposes of determining whether the residents was electrically heated, correct?
- A. That's correct. We really tried to pick a schedule that was strictly related to space -- electric space conditioning.
- Q. And your calculations did not include customers in apartments if the customer was on an apartment rate, correct?
- A. That's right. We tried, again, because of the schedule we picked it was primarily homes that -- space heating that didn't have add-on heat pumps, et cetera. We were trying to keep the data as pure as we could.

- Q. But there might be customers who are in apartments that were part of the calculations but only if they weren't on an apartment rate, correct?
  - A. The possibility could exist.

2.2

- Q. There are apartments that are located on nonapartment tariff schedules or being served off of nonapartment tariff schedules, correct?
- A. I don't know that for certain but it wouldn't surprise me.
- Q. Okay. What other customers were excluded in the calculations?
- MR. KUTIK: Objection. There is no testimony that any customer was excluded from the calculation.
- A. I don't think I excluded any. I think we picked a rate schedule that was basically electric heating for electric heating customers.
- Q. Okay. I am trying to determine the exclusions that you had of customers in order to determine that group of customers, so. Were there other exclusions of residential customers?
- MR. KUTIK: Objection. Mischaracterizes his testimony.
- EXAMINER PRICE: Sustained. Please rephrase.

1 Ο. Let's move on to page 28, lines 21 2 through 22. 3 Α. Did you say lines 21 and 22, Mr. Small? 4 Q. Yes. 5 Thank you. Α. 6 In here I am referring to the conversion Ο. 7 factors. Do you see that that's split between lines 21 and 22? 8 9 Yes, I do. Α. 10 And you use the 200 percent efficiency Q. 11 for electric heating systems in your calculations, 12 correct? 13 That's correct. 14 MR. SMALL: Your Honor, I would like a 15 one-page exhibit marked as OCC Exhibit 3. 16 EXAMINER PRICE: So marked. 17 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 18 MR. SMALL: Approach? 19 EXAMINER PRICE: You may. 20 Mr. Ridmann, do you recognize the exhibit Q. 21 that the OCC just had marked as OCC Exhibit 3 as a 2.2 one-page document from your workpapers that were

A. Yes.

January 24?

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provided to the OCC as part of your deposition on

Q. And in the table it lists approximately
efficiency for electric systems ranging from
98 percent to 330 percent, correct?
THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, could you reread

THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, could you rereact the question?

(Record read.)

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MR. KUTIK: One more time, may I have the question read one more time.

EXAMINER PRICE: Please.

(Record read.)

- A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. And the 200 percent assumption is the number that you used in your calculations as close to the 196 percent shown for the air source heat pump; is that correct?
- A. Yes, that's -- we used 200 percent which is basically based on the air source heat pump and it basically agrees with what manufacturers have been telling us and actually agrees with what Bob Schmitt Homes had used pretty much in documents they provided to us.
- Q. Do you know how many heat pumps as opposed to other forms of electric heating are used by the electric heating customers?
  - A. I do not, but my analysis basically when

I use the gas I used a high efficiency gas furnace so that apples and apples would be compared, if you will. So I used a high efficiency -- I used heat pump of 200 and I used very high efficiency gas unit 90 percent, which is what's required to get the Energy Star rating for a gas furnace, and we used those to be comparable, basically.

- Q. Okay. Would you please turn to page 30 of your testimony. And lines 17 through 19. In here you state that "The Companies did not have a policy -- and could not have a policy -- under which the Companies guaranteed a continuing availability of any rate schedule or charge or credit." Do you see that?
  - A. Yes.

- Q. At the time of your -- that you have -- at the date of your prefiled -- when your testimony was prefiled, had you read the testimony from the local public hearings from the former employees of the FirstEnergy electric distribution utilities?
- A. I think I read their testimony subsequent to that time. Subsequent to the date of my filing my testimony.
- Q. Would you please turn to page 34 of your testimony, lines 6 through 7.

A. Yes.

2.2

- Q. You proposed to retain the seasonal rate design for generation charges; is that correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. The price coming out of the auction is a single price without seasonality; is that correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And the seasonal rates that you referred to on page 34 were approved by the Commission under the new provisions of Senate Bill 221; is that correct?
- A. The season rates that are in place today for generation basically reflect an option that under -- under an ESP plan that came out in the ESP plans were part of Senate Bill 221.
- Q. The Commission also approved as part of the standard service offer cases involving

  FirstEnergy a smart meter pilot project, correct?

  THE WITNESS: Could you reread the

question, please.

(Record read.)

A. Quibble over words a little bit. In the first ESP basically part of the agreement was to work with the DOE, file a request with the DOE to get

funding for a Smart Grid application and we did so and then subsequent to that there's been discussions with the Commission staff and DOE to actually come to agreement on the Smart Grid project. Just to bring clarity to what's happened in this time frame.

- Q. And is currently the intention of the FirstEnergy electric distribution utilities to proceed with a pilot program in the CEI service territory? Is that correct?
  - A. Yes, it is.
- Q. And as part of that pilot program,
  would -- is it CEI's intention and plan to evaluate
  different rate designs?
  - A. Yes.

2.2

- Q. All right. Let's move to page 35 through -- actually 35 through 40 of your testimony where you discuss a proposed process for removing customers and those who would receive the RGC credits. Is that a general summary of that portion of your testimony?
- A. I talk about basically customers that should be removed from the RGC.
- Q. Okay. And your proposal only applies to eligibility for RGC credit, correct?
  - A. That's correct.

MR. SMALL: Your Honor, OCC would like to have a single-page document marked as OCC Exhibit 4.

EXAMINER PRICE: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MR. SMALL: Approach?

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EXAMINER PRICE: You may.

- Q. Mr. Ridmann, do you recognize what I've -- we've just had marked as OCC Exhibit 4 as a workpaper from -- workpaper 4 that was provided to the OCC before your deposition on January 24?
  - A. I recognize this as one of my workpapers.
- Q. Your estimate of the numbers of customers by electric distribution utility are shown on workpaper 4, correct? I'm referring to the totals at the bottom of --
- A. Yeah, the totals reflect our estimations of nonheating customers and those who are heating customers based on the various rates sheet numbers, if you will, in the third column from the left.
- Q. And are these figures by electric distribution utility summed and rounded produce the 159,000 customers shown on page 39, line 2 of your testimony? Looking at the bottom of OCC Exhibit 4 and comparing it with page 39, line 2 of your testimony?

MR. KUTIK: May I have the question read, please?

EXAMINER PRICE: Please.

(Record read.)

2.2

- A. The -- you know, my testimony in line 2, page 39 refers to nonelectric heating customers 159,000 and that corresponds to nonheating customers on my workpaper 4 of 158,700.
- Q. I'm sorry, so you pointed out the number on workpaper 4, OCC Exhibit 4, which was the middle number at the bottom, correct, 158,700?
- A. Correct. Those are the nonheating customers, our estimation of it.
- Q. And that number has been rounded for purposes of your testimony to 159,000 on page 39, line 2; is that correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. So Exhibit 4, OCC Exhibit 4, workpaper 4 is the supporting documentation for the numbers that appear concerning your customer counts in your testimony, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. So this workpaper also shows the breakdown by electric distribution utilities CEI and Ohio Edison and Toledo Edison, correct?

A. Correct.

2.2

Q. Okay. Let's go to page 39. Question and answer 33. I believe that it folds over to the top of page 40.

Now, in this portion of your testimony you refer to two communications with customers regarding their loss of RGC credit, at line 13 you refer to a postcard, lines 22 and 23, you refer to a follow-up with a second communication. Do you see that?

- A. Yes.
- Q. A customer did not respond by -- I assume that these communications would have a specified date where the customer would be asked to respond to the companies?
- A. Yeah. We would probably ask them, although we haven't devised obviously the communication, I would expect it to include some date asking it to respond by.
- Q. And if a customer didn't respond by that specified date in those communications but could later prove to the company that the electricity was a primary source for the customer residence, would the customer then again be eligible for the RGC credit?
  - A. Yes. If they showed us that they -- that

they were heating electrically, we would make them eligible for the RGC credit.

- Q. And would you propose to make that retroactive to the period when they lost the RGC credit as part of the postcard and other communication proposal that you have?
- A. I haven't thought a whole lot about it but I would think we would probably make it retroactive. Again, we would hope a lot of customers would respond one way or the other with two programs. So there would be minimal numbers who would have to come back and ask for to say that they were all electric when they respond to prior communications.
- Q. Okay. You state on page 40, lines 19 through 20 of your testimony that "The rider RGC credit amount for the upcoming winter beginning September 1 will be determined." Do you see that portion of your testimony?
  - A. Yes.

2.2

- Q. Does your testimony contain the blocking that you estimate would be used for the winter seasons?
- A. Either my testimony or the workpapers do.

  MR. SMALL: All right. The OCC would

  like a single-page document, it's labeled Workpaper

6, and we would like it marked as OCC Exhibit 5.

EXAMINER PRICE: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MR. SMALL: Approach?

EXAMINER PRICE: You may.

- Q. Mr. Ridmann, do you recognize the exhibit that has just been marked as OCC Exhibit 5 as a page from your workpapers that were provided to the OCC in connection with your deposition on January 24?
  - A. Yes.

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Q. And this exhibit shows the RGC credits that you estimated would result in the adjustment from the adjustment to the R -- strike that, your Honor.

Mr. Ridmann, what's been marked as OCC Exhibit 5, that provides the blocking that you estimate would be used for the winter seasons, correct?

- A. Our estimate -- our estimation based on the companies' proposal.
- Q. Okay. And there was a little bit of confusion earlier -- my earlier examination. This is not shown in your testimony but it's in your workpaper, correct?
  - A. Correct.

- Q. And the RGC credits for winter, 2011, to 2012, there is that line for each one of the companies, those were used to develop the typical bills that are located in your testimony as Attachment WRR-7, correct?
- A. Yes, for the 2011 and 2012 time period. The 7 doesn't go out through '14. It was used for the time periods that were contained in Attachment WRR-7. That only goes out, you know, through the winter of 2011-2012.
- Q. What you're confirming WRR-7 does not contain the winters after 2011-2012, correct?
  - A. That's correct.

2.2

Q. But the -- but the blocking and the credits that are shown for 2011-2012, those correspond to the -- to the typical bill analysis that you do have in your testimony, correct?

THE WITNESS: Could you reread the question, please.

(Record read.)

- Q. Okay. Let's go to page 46 of your testimony. And on page 46, question and answer 41, you discuss your proposal to collect costs, correct?
- A. Yeah, I talk about the companies' proposal for recovering the costs associated with the

RGC.

2.2

- Q. And on lines 13 and 14 you discuss deferrals arising each year starting at -- on September 1, 2011, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And these annual deferrals that you are referring to are costs that result from the RGC credits during winter periods, correct?
- A. Again, I may quibble here slightly and say the interest -- there is interest that would go on just not for the winter period. In other words, it goes on annually but other than that the RGC credits basically are as a result of discounts in the winter period.
- Q. Is your response that the costs are from the winter period but there are also interest charges during the nonwinter periods; is that --
- A. Yes, to the extent the deferrals exist the interest would be charged, calculated during the nonwinter months also.
- Q. And the first of these winter periods begins on September 1, 2011, and ends on May 31, 2012, correct?
- A. Yes, it starts September 1, 2001 and goes through May 31, 2012.

- Q. And have you reviewed Mr. Fortney's proposal to freeze rates in -- for this first winter of 2011-2012?
  - A. Yes, I did.

2.2

Q. And for this first winter period 2011-2012, are the costs associated with your proposal more or less than the costs associated with Mr. Fortney's proposal?

THE WITNESS: Could you reread the question.

(Record read.)

MR. KUTIK: Are we talking about the amount of the credit?

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small, are you talking about the amount of the credit?

MR. SMALL: I am talking about the amount of the -- well, this all relates back to lines 13 and 14 referring to the deferrals arising each year starting at September 1, 2011 so I'm talking about the first winter period and the deferrals that he is referring to. I'll ask a preliminary question.

Q. Mr. Ridmann, would Mr. Fortney's proposal, there would also be a deferral associated with the first winter 2011-2012. Is that your understanding?

A. That's correct.

2.2

- Q. And can you compare the two of them, the one associated with your proposal for the first winter, 2011-2012, with Mr. Fortney's proposal and tell me which would create the greater deferral?
  - A. Just give me one minute.

I believe the companies' would create less deferrals because the companies' proposal is to increase the rates at 12 percent per year and Mr. Fortney's was to -- and what results from that basically the RGC credit going down. And Mr. Fortney's proposal was basically to keep the rates frozen for the first year.

- Q. And your response, I take it, takes into consideration all the changes in rates that are expected to go through the -- that first winter period, that is through the end of the winter period 2011-2012, correct?
- A. My response took into account the fact that we've estimated basically what the other -- what the riders would do as a result of the ESP-2, if you will, and takes that into consideration.
- Q. And the conclusion after considering all those factors including other rates that would be changing is that the companies' proposal would result

in lower deferrals, correct?

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A. For that -- for that first year. If you assume that Mr. Fortney's by keeping the rates constant, if you will, that that would be applied against the prior deferrals.

MR. SMALL: Okay. I am still on page 46, question and answer 41. I would like a three-page document labeled by the company as Workpaper 7 marked as OCC Exhibit 6.

EXAMINER PRICE: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MR. SMALL: Approach?

EXAMINER PRICE: You may.

- Q. Mr. Ridmann, do you recognize the exhibit that has just been marked as OCC Exhibit 6?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. That was a work -- one of your workpapers provided to the OCC in preparation for the January 24 deposition?
  - A. Yes, it was.
- Q. Now, the reason why this is a three-page document is it's -- has one page for each of the electric distribution utilities; Cleveland Electric Illuminating on the first page, Ohio Edison on the second page, and Toledo Edison on the third page,

correct?

2.2

- A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. On page 46 of your testimony, line 20, you refer to a recovery mechanism. Do you see that?
  - A. Just give me one minute, please.
  - Q. I'm sorry?
- A. Give me one minute to get to the page. Page 46, what lines?
- Q. Line 20, and the words are "recovery mechanism."
  - A. Yes, yes, I see that.
  - Q. The rates shown -- now, going back to OCC Exhibit 6, the rates shown in column C, this would be column C of each one of the pages for each one of the EDUs, those show your estimated RGC recovery charges; is that correct?
    - A. That's correct.
  - Q. And that's -- those -- those recovery charges are a part of the recovery mechanism that you describe that you mentioned at the bottom of page 46 of your testimony, correct?
    - A. That's correct.
- Q. All right. The RGC recovery charges for 2012 that are shown on OCC Exhibit 6, were used to

develop the typical bills that are located in your Attachment WRR-7, correct?

2.2

- A. Yes, again, for the time period, you know, that corresponds to the Attachment WRR-7.
- Q. Right. And we established you are making that qualification because there is only one year in WRR-7, correct?
- A. There is one winter season under the proposed. That would be '11 and '12.
- Q. And what were the estimated deferral amounts through May 31, 2011 that you used to determine the rates that are stated in your -- in what I have as OCC Exhibit 6?
- A. I believe the total deferrals through May -- estimated total deferrals through May 31, 2011, is approximately \$106 million.
- Q. And do you have those figures by operating company?
  - A. I do not have those with me.
- Q. Now, the rates shown on OCC Exhibit -- when you provided the \$106 million figure, did that include carrying charges?
  - A. Yes, it did.
- Q. Do you have the amount of the carrying charges that were included in that?

- A. I believe, subject to check, it was \$6 million and I think in my previous answer I think I gave 106 million, I think it may be 102 million, subject to check in total.
- Q. So you believe that the number is 102 million including \$6 million in carrying charges.
  - A. Right. Subject to check.
- Q. Now, the rates that you show in column C of what's been marked as OCC Exhibit 6, those rates depend upon a forecast of sales for customers that are shown in column B, correct?
  - A. That's correct.

2.2

MR. SMALL: At this time the OCC would like marked a five-page document marked as OCC Exhibit 7.

EXAMINER PRICE: So marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MR. SMALL: Approach?

EXAMINER PRICE: You may.

- Q. Mr. Ridmann, do you recognize what's been marked as OCC Exhibit 7 as exhibits containing schedule 1 information from Case 10-388?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. You sponsored this schedule 1 information in the -- as part of the application in the case

10-388, correct?

2.2

- A. Yes.
- Q. Now, I am going to ask you to keep the former exhibit handy. Handier than I have apparently kept it. You will have to pardon me. Yes.

I would like you to -- again, and again, what has been marked as OCC Exhibit 7 has multiple pages but they are -- have a separate page for each one of the operating companies. The first one is CE -- Cleveland Electric Illuminating, second one is Ohio Edison, third one is Toledo Edison, correct?

- A. That's correct.
- Q. Okay. So let's take a comparison between what I've marked as OCC Exhibit 6 which shows the rates that you project for recovery of RGC and the values for -- and compare that with the schedule 1 information.

And here I am at -- all right. So the forecasted sales figure that you show on Exhibit -- that are shown on Exhibit 6 are higher than those shown on the schedule 1 information on OCC Exhibit 7. Do you see that?

I am talking about total kWh sales

total -- residential -- let me give you a specific

example. It will make it a little bit more clear.

For instance, for CEI on OCC Exhibit 7 the total kW sales figures there for residential customers is 4.9 billion kWh, correct?

A. Correct.

2.2

- Q. And the figure in OCC Exhibit 6 regarding your RGC recovery is 5.44 billion, correct?
  - A. Correct. Correct.
- Q. All right. The question is what is the source of your -- the forecast that you use to arrive at the numbers shown on OCC Exhibit 6?
- A. I believe it's the company forecast, subject to check.
- Q. When you refer to "the company forecast," are you referring to the forecast of residential sales as shown in the long-term forecast report filed by FirstEnergy EDUs with the Commission?
- A. Or it may have been updated subsequent to that.
  - Q. So there --
- A. We continually update forecasts basically.
- Q. And when was the forecast performed that you're referring to as the companies' forecast?
- A. I don't exactly know what the date was that they pulled in terms of the calculation.

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                  The forecast that you are referring to
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     would not be a forecast any later than the one that
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     was filed in the FirstEnergy's long-term forecast
      report in 2010, would it?
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                  Could have been, because the testimony
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     was developed in the November/December, you know,
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     time frame in the -- the long-term forecasts was
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      filed in April of 2010, probably would have been
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     based on an October of 2009 estimate at that point.
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     So there -- there could be up to a year difference.
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                  But you're using either the 2010 LTFR
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      forecast or a subsequent one?
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             Α.
                  Or subsequent.
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                  MR. SMALL: Okay. That completes my
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     cross-examination. Thank you, Mr. Ridmann.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.
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                  Mr. Corcoran.
                  MR. CORCORAN: No questions, your Honor.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE:
                                   Staff?
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                  MR. JONES: No questions, your Honor.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Redirect?
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                  MR. KUTIK: May we have a few minutes,
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     your Honor?
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: You may. Let's take a
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break until 4:00 o'clock. Let's go off the record.

183 (Discussion off the record.) 1 2 (Recess taken.) 3 EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go back on the 4 records. 5 Mr. Kutik, redirect? 6 MR. KUTIK: Yes, your Honor. 7 8 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 9 By Mr. Kutik: 10 Q. Mr. Ridmann, you were asked some 11 questions comparing certain forecasted sales figures 12 that appear in OCC Exhibits 6 and 7. Could you 13 describe -- could you describe or contrast or compare 14 those figures and where they came from, please? 15 Yes, I can. The OCC Exhibit No. 7 which Α. 16 was filed as part of the 10-388 case is basically --17 not basically, it is based on six months actual/six 18 months forecasts for 2009. The information on OCC 19 Exhibit No. 6 in terms of the kilowatt hours is based 20 on the companies' long-term forecast report that was 21 filed in April of 2010. 2.2 MR. KUTIK: No further questions. 23 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. 24 Recross, Mr. Elisar? 25 MR. ELISAR: No questions.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. O'Brien.

MR. O'BRIEN: No questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small?

MR. SMALL: No questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Corcoran?

MR. CORCORAN: No questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Staff?

MR. JONES: No questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: I have a couple of brief

questions, actually maybe only one.

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## EXAMINATION

By Examiner Price:

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Q. If you can turn in your testimony to page 46 that we had been discussing. Now, the companies' proposal is to recover the costs that have been deferred for future recovery solely from residential customers. Can you explain your rationale as to why you believe this should be recovered from residential customers only?

A. Well, I think the benefit -- historical benefits that accrued from the previously discounted rates before deregulation, if you will, went to the benefit of residential customers and I think, quite frankly, the GSGB customers are currently being very

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generous in funding the EDR credits that accrue to the electric heating customers, and I think it's only fair that since the prior benefits went to the residential customers that they now pay basically for the credits that will be given under the RGC.
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- Q. The residential distribution credit rider, the credits, from whom are the costs incurred by those credits recovered?
- A. They are recovered from the residential customers.
- Q. So your proposal would be consistent with recovering -- RGC would be consistent with recovering the?
  - A. RDC.

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- Q. That's correct.
- EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you, you are excused.
  - MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, at this time the company moves the admission of Company Exhibit 1.
- EXAMINER PRICE: Any objection to the admission of Company Exhibit 1?
- Seeing none, it will be admitted.
- 23 (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
- MR. SMALL: Your Honor, OCC moves for admission of OCC's Exhibits 2 through 7.

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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Any objection to the
     admission of OCC Exhibits 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7?
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                  MR. KUTIK: No objection.
                  EXAMINER PRICE: They will be admitted.
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5
                  (EXHIBITS ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go off the record
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      for one moment.
8
                  (Discussion off the record.)
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go back on the
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      record.
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                  MR. KUTIK: Just to anticipate your move
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     to your left, we have an additional set of evidence
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     that we would like to submit at this time.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE:
                                   Okay.
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                  MR. KUTIK: Before we anticipated your
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     movement over to OCC and Mr. Yankel, and that is as
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     we advised the parties we were advised that
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     Ms. Steigerwald who initially had been on CKAP's
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     witness list would not be testifying.
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                  In light of that we now are prepared to
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     admit into evidence, seek to admit into evidence
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     certain excerpts from Ms. Steigerwald's deposition.
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                  As the Bench is aware, rules before the
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     Commission, particularly Rule 9011.21(N) says that
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depositions can be used in these proceedings as they

would be used in courts and the courts of record.

And pursuant to the rules of court.

Rule 32A of the Rules of Civil Procedure say that depositions may be used by a -- depositions of a party may be used by an adverse party against that party for any purpose.

Normally in a court proceeding, as I am sure the Bench is aware, to introduce a deposition would mean reading the deposition into the record. And to spare the Bench and the parties and counsel that burden, our proposal is simply to mark the excerpts from Volumes 1 and 2 as Company Exhibits 3A and 3B, so we request that those be marked at this time.

EXAMINER PRICE: Those excerpts will be so marked.

(EXHIBITS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MR. KUTIK: May I approach, your Honor?

EXAMINER PRICE: Yes. You said 3A and

3B; is that correct?

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MR. KUTIK: Yes. What we have done for the convenience of the Court or the Bench and the record is we have, after the cover page of each exhibit, indicated the specific lines and pages which constitute the excerpts to follow. At this time --

MR. SMALL: Excuse me. I haven't been provided a copy.

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MR. KUTIK: Concurrent with our introduction, your Honor, of that testimony we move for the admission of certain documents which were marked in those -- that portion of the deposition and I can either walk the Bench through the specific exhibits at the -- at the Bench's pleasure or I could just mark them and we can move on.

EXAMINER PRICE: Do you have a summary document that you could mark as an exhibit and say that would or --

MR. KUTIK: Not at this time but I could prepare one.

EXAMINER PRICE: That would probably be the most expeditious.

MR. KUTIK: Okay. We will do that. Let me at this time provide for the Bench and the parties with what we will mark as Company Exhibits 4 through 44.

(EXHIBITS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

MR. KUTIK: So, your Honor, with -- and so at this time or if we are premature in our motion we would move for the admission of Exhibits 3A, 3B, and 4 through 44.

1 EXAMINER PRICE: Is there any objection 2 to the admission of Exhibits 3A, 3B, and 4 through 3 44? 4 MR. KUTIK: I'm sorry, 4 through 44. ЗA 5 3B, 4 through 44. 6 EXAMINER PRICE: That's what I said one more time. 7 8 MR. KUTIK: I might have misspoke. 9 EXAMINER PRICE: One more time, for the 10 Company Exhibit 3A, Exhibit 3B, Exhibit Company 4 11 through 44. Any objection to their admission? 12 MR. SMALL: Yes, your Honor. 13 EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small. Grounds? 14 MR. SMALL: Well, if it was just a simple 15 matter of taking a deposition and not having 16 called -- call a witness to the stand, we would have 17 lots of -- lots of depositions being entered into the records and no witnesses appearing for 18 19 cross-examination by person -- by attorneys such as 20 myself. 21 I haven't had an opportunity to -- I 2.2 don't have any opportunity to examine the witness 23 associated with this testimony. Attorney examiners' 24 instructions at the prehearing conference were clear

that the parties could not call any witnesses who

were not on the witness list that were filed in December.

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Now, I understand that Ms. Steigerwald was on the CKAP witness list and that CKAP apparently has decided not to call her to the witness stand.

That's my understanding from e-mails that I have received somewhat -- sometime before January 7, a previous hearing date.

Subsequent to that the company had ample opportunity to subpoena Ms. Steigerwald to have her appear at today's hearing and to request -- to amend their witness list.

In fact, the OCC asked FirstEnergy
Attorney Burk if we could do exactly that as far as sparing Mr. Andreatta down here from Youngstown so that we could have an agreed-to deposition held in Akron and have him -- his deposition transcript entered rather than having him required to come down to Columbus, to which the company never agreed, so requiring the OCC to continue and to subpoena
Mr. Andreatta time and time again to make sure that we were subpoenaing him for the correct time period, and always at least five days before the hearing date as provided for in the Commission's rules.

The company is -- has decided it does

not -- has decided, despite the ample opportunity, that it is not going to subpoena Ms. Steigerwald, and therefore, there should be no testimony by Ms. Steigerwald either live or through deposition transcripts. And the same thing having to do with the same thing applies to the exhibits that were used during the deposition of Ms. Steigerwald.

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EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Corcoran.

MR. CORCORAN: Your Honor, we were notified this morning as to which exhibits were -they were going to introduce so I haven't had a chance to look at those exhibits at all. So I am not prepared to make a comment to any of those.

But along the lines of Mr. Small, Mrs.-Ms. Steigerwald's testimony at this point would be
hearsay. And in order to have an exception under
hearsay there needs to be shown a reasonable good,
fair effort to procure attendance, and that hasn't
happened.

I have a case for you if you would like me to cite to it.

EXAMINER PRICE: That's okay.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Just wait, Mr. Kutik.

The use of deposition transcripts as substantive

evidence in lieu of a witness is a highly contentious issue at this Commission. This is not the first time this has come up. And I have to admit that our rules on this are less than crystal clear.

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We are going to take this under advisement and give you an answer on the admission -- we'll hold off on the exhibits until you have a chance to look at them, Mr. Corcoran, but as to the deposition transcripts, we will take this under advisement and we will have an answer for you hopefully tomorrow.

On the other hand, it would be great if parties would work this out, because I will tell you, if I come back and say no, we are not going to let you admit the deposition transcripts, I am going to waive the subpoena rule and I will entertain a subpoena for Ms. Steigerwald.

So rather than doing this pointlessly, I think the parties need to think about getting together and seeing if they can work out the admission of this, but if we have to issue a subpoena for Ms. Steigerwald, she's a named intervenor and certainly I would be willing to waive the subpoena rule, the time rule, in order to accommodate her testifying.

And if we have to extend out to next week to accommodate her schedule, we'll extend out to next week to accommodate her schedule.

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So we can take this under advisement but I would strongly advise the parties to sit down, look at the deposition transcripts, look at the exhibits, and come back with an amicable resolution before I have to render a decision.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, I understand your comments, but just for the purpose of allowing me to make my record, may I be heard in response to comments of counsel?

EXAMINER PRICE: You may.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, we believe that rules of the Commission are clear in terms of what we are allowed to do. We believe, as I indicated earlier, that the rules say you use a deposition like rules that are -- as are rules allow you in court, particularly Rules of Civil Procedure.

We did not have to, as Mr. Small and Mr. Corcoran suggest, have to subpoena
Ms. Steigerwald under the Commission's rules and that's why we elected not to.

In contrast since Mr. Andreatta is not a party, we believe that it is important that we have

the right to cross-examine him before you and, therefore, we didn't -- we wanted to have that opportunity, and it's not a violation of any rules affecting complying with our rights.

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So there isn't any equivalence between what happened with Mr. Andreatta and what happens with Ms. Steigerwald by the fact that she is a party and he is not.

equivalence between the two situations. Again, this is not the first time this issue has come up. It is -- although you can certainly interpret our rules in the manner in which you would like to interpret our rules, it is not a common practice before the Commission, as Mr. Small has pointed out.

You know, my goal is to cure this and so, again, if we come back and don't allow the depositions directly, we will require Ms. Steigerwald to attend and be subject to your questions and you will have a chance to ask her those questions again live.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, subject to your ruling and potential further proceedings with respect to that testimony and subject to further argument with respect to the exhibits that we have just

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      submitted and further subject to our motion on
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     Company Exhibit 2, the notice of publication, that
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     concludes the presentation of our direct case.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.
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                  Mr. Small, while we contemplate these
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     other matters would you care to call your witness --
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     your next witness.
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                  MR. SMALL: Thank you. Let me reorganize
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     my desk here a little bit.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go off the record
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     one minute, please.
12
                  (Discussion off the record.)
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go back on the
     record.
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15
                  (Witness sworn.)
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Please be seated.
17
     your name and business address for the record.
18
                  THE WITNESS: Anthony Yankel,
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     Y-A-N-K-E-L, 29814 Lake Road, Bay Village, Ohio.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.
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                  MR. SMALL: Your Honor, if we could --
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: I'm sorry, the Bench
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     needs to get caught up in his paper organization as
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     well.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Please proceed,
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      Mr. Small.
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                  MR. SMALL: The OCC calls Mr. Anthony
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      Yankel to the stand and we would like the prepared
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      testimony marked as OCC Exhibit 1.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: So marked.
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                  (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)
 7
                  EXAMINER PRICE: Please proceed.
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                  MR. SMALL: Mr. Yankel, would you please
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      state your full name and business address -- maybe if
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      you have done that.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: I've done that.
                  MR. SMALL: I'm sorry, I missed that.
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                        ANTHONY J. YANKEL
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      being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was
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      examined and testified as follows:
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                        DIRECT EXAMINATION
     By Mr. Small:
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                  By whom are you regularly employed?
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             Α.
                 Yankel and Associates, Incorporated.
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                 That's a consulting company?
             Q.
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             Α.
                 Yes, it is.
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                  And are you the Anthony Yankel whose
             Ο.
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      prepared testimony was filed on January 10, 2011 in
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      this case?
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- A. Yes.
- 2 Q. And on whose behalf do you appear?
  - A. The Ohio Office of Consumers' Counsel.
    - Q. And do you have your prepared testimony with you on the stand?
      - A. Yes, I do.
    - Q. And that's been marked as OCC Exhibit 1.

      Did you prepare the testimony OCC Exhibit 1 or have
      it prepared at your direction?
      - A. Yes.
    - Q. Do you have any changes or corrections to your prepared testimony?
  - A. I have one.
- Q. And what is that change?
- 15 A. Exhibit 3, page 3.
- 16 EXAMINER PRICE: Just to clarify, page
- 17 AJY.

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- 18 A. AJY-3.
- 19 Q. And what page was that?
- 20 A. Page 3 of 3.
- 21 Q. 3 of 3?
- A. The title right now says "CEI Residential Bills." It should say "TE Residential Bills."
- Q. So AJY-3 has one page for each company and one of them was mislabeled; is that your

correction?

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- A. That is correct.
- Q. Do you have any other changes or corrections?
  - A. None that I'm aware.
- Q. If I asked you today the same questions found in your prepared testimony as modified by your single correction on this, would your answers be the same?
  - A. Yes, they would.

MR. SMALL: The OCC tenders the witness for cross-examination.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Corcoran.

MR. CORCORAN: No questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. O'Brien.

MR. O'BRIEN: Thank you, your Honor. I just have a few questions.

MR. KUTIK: Well, your Honor, before counsel begins will the Bench entertain motions to strike at this time?

EXAMINER PRICE: Yes.

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, the companies move to strike the following testimony and the testimony is based upon the same grounds. The testimony is -- starts at page 3, line 15, to page 5,

line 9. Basically the question and answer to No. 6. And then starting at page 32, line 17, going to page 41, line 2, questions and answers 32 to 42.

MR. SMALL: Maybe I could ask counsel to repeat, that was a fairly extensive.

MR. KUTIK: Sure. There are two parts.

The first part is page 3, line 15, to page 5, line 9,

question and answer 6. The second part begins at

page 3 --

MR. SMALL: 32, okay.

MR. KUTIK: Line 17, and continues through page 41, line 2, the ten questions and answers starting with question 32 and ending with 42. I guess that's 11 questions.

The basis of our motion, your Honor, is the principle of collateral estoppel. As the Bench is aware, where there is an administrative proceeding of judicial nature and the parties have had an adequate opportunity to litigate issues involved in that proceeding.

The document of collateral estoppel applies cite the cases of Superiors Grand Meats, Inc. versus Lindley 82 Ohio State Second 133, 1980 case.

Also Ohio Consumers' Counsel versus Public Utilities

Commission, 111, Ohio State Third 300, 2006. And

that concludes, your Honor, matters that are concluded by settlement.

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We would cite Scott versus East Cleveland 16 Ohio State Third 429, 1984 Case. The stipulation once entered into and filed by, accepted by an administrative body or a court is binding upon the parties and is in fact deemed adjudicated for the purposes of determining the remaining issues in the case.

Cite Foreigner versus Whitta, Seneca
Court of Appeals, March 16, 1994, 1994 Westlaw
114881. And Shanklands versus Loman 2011 Ohio 255
Third District. The party who has agreed to a
stipulation cannot retract or withdraw it.

Whitehall Ex Rel Henessey versus Bambi Motel 131 Ohio Ap Third 374 Tenth District 1988. The consistency, your Honor, that collateral estoppel mandates applies to this Commission.

And this Commission has recognized the binding natures -- binding nature of stipulation to prevent parties like OCC from changing its position as it seeks to here.

And we would point to the case of Dayton Power & Light Case No. 05-1090-EL-ATA. And in that case DP&L filed an application to implement a new

rider to recover storm damage expenses. OCC sought to intervene, to oppose that.

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The DP&L opposed OCC's stance in that case by pointing out there were two stipulations in their cases, ETP stipulation and the RSP stipulation, which recognized that OCC had agreed that the companies' distribution rates would remain frozen but for the adjustments permitted in the ETP stipulation including storm damage expenses.

The Commission in rejecting OCC's attempt to change from the position that it took in the stipulation noted as follows: The OCC was a signatory party to both the ETP stipulation and RSP stipulation. OCC claimed that the RSP stipulation as a package benefited ratepayers in the public interest.

Moreover, the OCC represented to the Commission that the RSP stipulation did not violate any important regulatory principle. If OCC pleads the adjustments to the distribution rate freeze for recovery of storm damage expense could be made only by application for an increase in rates rather than through an application for tariff approval, OCC could have and should have raised that issue with the Commission at the time the RSP stipulation was

submitted to the Commission for approval.

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Just as in that case, OCC is attempting to walk away from stipulations that it had reached previously. We are prepared to provide the Bench with copies of those stipulations.

In the RCP case the parties both in the initial stipulation and in supplemental stipulation recognize and agree that discount rates, special rates, would no longer be available to electric heating customers coming to the premises that is that new customers would not be eligible for those rates.

Similarly in the ESP case the -- there was a stipulation in that case where the parties again agreed that the availability and eligibility for the discounted rates that would be available as a result of the ESP case would be available only under the eligibility rules as established in the RCP case.

Your Honor, Mr. Yankel recommends, among other things, that the discount be available to all customers, new customers and so forth. And so to the extent that his recommendation and also supported by OCC contradicts the OCC's position, and taking in the stip — in the stipulation of both of those cases collateral estoppel bars him or bars OCC from presenting his evidence on that issue. Based on that

we move to strike.

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MR. ELISAR: Your Honor, IEU joins that motion, if we may.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. Please.

MR. ELISAR: Specifically the OCC agreed in the RSP, as my colleague pointed out, that they would be bound by the stipulation, and furthermore, they agreed that they would not contest the stipulation in any form.

Unfortunately, what we have here today, your Honor, is that the OCC is engaged in contesting that stipulation, as my colleague discussed earlier in this very forum.

Again, under collateral estoppel the IEU would urge this body and your Honor to consider striking his testimony, as Mr. Yankel is an agent for OCC and OCC has agreed to these terms.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Mr. O'Brien.

MR. O'BRIEN: Your Honor, I would just like to add to this that in the stipulation under discussion both the OMA and OHA agreed to a continuation of rider EDR on the strength of the terms and conditions that were struck underneath that stipulation.

It is our position that the OCC, through Mr. Yankel's testimony, is changing the significant terms and conditions of that stipulation. I just wanted to add that for the record.

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EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Mr. Corcoran, would you like to join the collateral estoppel motion?

MR. CORCORAN: No, thank you, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Small, would you

care to respond?

MR. SMALL: Yes, your Honor. The matter of collateral estoppel and its application on matters of rate -- rate-related matters before the Commission is, of course, and has been, as you've characterized it earlier, a matter of great discussion, matter of litigation.

In fact, the OCC as an example was unsuccessful in arguing collateral estoppel against the FirstEnergy EDUs in trying to enforce the electric transition plan ETP stipulation that was signed under circumstances where FirstEnergy sought changes to the resolution of the terms of the stipulation in the ETP case as part of Case 03-2144, which is commonly referred to at the Commission as the rate stabilization plan case.

You can find the OCC's objection in the person of Kim Bojko, the OCC's counsel, FirstEnergy's RSP Case 03-2144 transcript at 52 April 21, 2004, where FirstEnergy applied for and was successful in altering terms of its ETP stipulation as part of the rate stabilization plan argued against by the OCC unsuccessfully.

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The position of the Commission has been that past stipulations and as well as the Commission's decisions itself are matters of concern. However, the circumstances of individual cases and the change in circumstances would be between when the stipulations, or in the case of Commission order, that the date of the order change in circumstances may require that collateral estoppel and res judicata not apply in those circumstances.

This is exactly that kind of circumstance. What a large part of the argument concerning the striking of the testimony revolves around forgets that the company made an application early 2010 and Commission acted to change the rates for residential customers for the end of the winter season 2010 -- 2009-2010. The latter part of that period.

The essence of this proceeding now that

that action has been taken, those rates have been changed and you can't really separate the collateral estoppel argument from the res judicata argument because the same argument would apply. The Commission has changed the rates.

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And the argument would be that the Commission didn't have the ability to make those changes but, in fact, the Commission did make those changes, and the essence of this proceeding is what to do next, how to deal with the situation that is the so-called long-term solution.

The immediate term solution the

Commission chose to change the rates for the winter

season 2010-2011. Now, the question before -- for

this proceeding is what to do for the longer term,

which is the subject matter of Mr. Yankel's testimony

as well as others, such as Mr. Ridmann and

Mr. Fortney, so there is precedent for going -- for

not applying collateral estoppel under these

circumstances.

And I would argue these are exactly the circumstances when they don't apply when the Commission has already acted to change the rates that were approved in prior decisions.

EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Kutik?

MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, one thing that I didn't hear in the comments from Mr. Small was that the testimony and the proposal from Mr. Yankel was somehow consistent or not a violation of a stipulation. So we should take that at this point as a given.

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Given that it does conflict, then the issue is crystal clear before the Commission, will the Commission allow a party to walk away from the deal? Now, Mr. Small thinks, well, gee, the landscape has changed. Well, it hasn't. The parties are still bound by that stipulation.

The Commission on an emergency or contingent basis can issue orders, but in terms

Mr. Small indicates on a long-term solution all the parties that signed those stipulations are still bound by those stipulations and collateral principle applies.

EXAMINER PRICE: Anybody else care to respond to Mr. Small? Mr. Elisar?

MR. ELISAR: Yes, if I could, agree with what the gentleman had to say. I would also like to point out specifically in answer 41 of Mr. Yankel's testimony it was a change what is agreed to and it is a detriment to the parties, specifically the

industrial parties who have agreed to this stipulation and signed it and are bound to it per the terms of this agreement, as they state specifically we shall be bound to it as signatories of that agreement.

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Furthermore, we said we would not contest it, as I stated earlier, in any form, which is what we are doing here today.

MR. SMALL: I would like to make one more point, which is it's interesting that the parties that are supporting the motion to strike have no objection to -- and had no objection to Mr. Ridmann's testimony, which suffers the same frailty if you take the logic of it.

So what you really have here is a situation where parties want to tell one part of the story despite the fact that the stipulations in those same cases have not been followed by -- well, by anybody.

The testimony of FirstEnergy's witness Ridmann, Mr. Yankel, and the prefiled testimony of -- of Mr. Fortney all depart from the stipulations and the orders of the Commission in the past on this subject matter.

So as a matter of fairness, if this

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proceeding is to have any validity, you have to hear the different sides of how to move forward in this case, not just to strike one party's testimony.
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EXAMINER PRICE: But in all fairness as to the OMA and IEU-Ohio, to the extent Mr. Yankel does not impose any costs on their clients, they have no interest in enforcing the stipulation because they are held harmless; isn't that right?

MR. SMALL: Well, I understand their interest. I am saying as a matter of --

EXAMINER PRICE: And as to the staff, I am trying to recall correctly, it was my recollection that staff was not on the RCP stipulation. Am I incorrect in that?

MR. SMALL: I will a give an example -- I've lost my mic.

I will give an example: Mr. Fortney in his testimony proposes to do away with the EDR credit. Well, that's a -- that's a change from the -- from the ESP stipulation.

MR. JONES: I don't think staff was -- I don't think we were.

EXAMINER PRICE: That's fine. I was

1 wrong. Staff is not on all the stipulations. Okay. 2 I don't think anybody is going to be surprised it is an evidentiary matter, we are going 3 4 to deny the motion to strike. 5 The parties who seek to enforce the 6 stipulation have every right to raise this in their 7 brief and to raise it as a legal matter before the 8 Commission, but we are going to hear the testimony of 9 Mr. Yankel on this topic. 10 MR. SMALL: Thank you, your Honor. 11 EXAMINER PRICE: So we are back -- any 12 further motions to strike? 13 MR. KUTIK: No, your Honor, that's it. 14 EXAMINER PRICE: Anybody else? 15 Mr. O'Brien? 16 MR. O'BRIEN: Thank you, your Honor. 17 18 CROSS-EXAMINATION 19 By Mr. O'Brien: Good afternoon, Mr. Yankel. 20 Q. 21 Good afternoon. Α. Could you please turn your attention to 2.2 Q. 23 the aforementioned Q and A 41, on page 40 of your 24 testimony. Can you hear me okay? 25 Α. Well enough.

Q. Thank you for that endorsement here. I will get a microphone.

Have you found that question and answer?

A. I'm there, yes.

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- Q. Okay. Well, in that answer you make reference to the fact that you believe the all electric customers should generally benefit the system with high usage during times of low energy costs. What benefits are you referring to in that sentence?
- A. Maybe one of the easiest ways to do it would be to look at Mr. Ridmann's testimony.

  Mr. Ridmann has some quotes in his testimony that talk about revenues coming from all electric customers exceeding their costs of service.

He also talks about reduced operating expenses, cycling of units, economic operation of the facilities, basically what I would consider EFC costs, the costs of fuel, to me that would be the types of efficiencies I am talking about.

- Q. So you didn't do any independent analysis to see what the auction results would have been in the absence of that all electric, I am going to characterize it as off-peak usage, did you?
  - A. That is correct.

Q. Would the benefit that's -- that we are talking about here be any different for a non-all electric customers' off-peak usage as well? Would the benefit be any different?

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A. It's only a matter of degree. The electric space heating customers tends to have a great deal of off-peak usage so, therefore, there is a great deal of benefit.

If there is another customer, customer group that has off-peak usage, depending on, again, how much of that off-peak usage there is, it may or may not be as much of a benefit. One would be street lights, street lights are pretty much -- pretty much off peak. They are not totally off peak but pretty much off peak, so that would be another example.

- Q. Do all electric customers use energy on peak as well?
  - A. Yes, they do.
- Q. Would the benefits provided by customers that use usually only off peak be greater than the benefits provided by the all electric customers?

THE WITNESS: Could I have that reread.

EXAMINER PRICE: Please.

(Record read.)

A. I would think so, yes, assuming that you

1 are talking about, say, street lighting customers,
2 yes.

MR. O'BRIEN: Thank you. I have no further questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Mr. Elisar?

MR. ELISAR: Just one, your Honor.

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## CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Elisar:

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- Q. The benefits that you just covered, Mr. Yankel, are they related to the generation functions?
- A. I was thinking of them at the moment as generation functions, yes. There would be also distribution function as well, but I think as I was speaking I was speaking on generation.

MR. ELISAR: So if I may.

EXAMINER PRICE: You may.

- Q. Do you believe that that benefit then would be available to customers who shop for their electricity?
- A. I'm not sure what you mean by "would be available." Are you looking for the RGC discounts to be available or something different? I just don't follow the question.

EXAMINER PRICE: I think what he is
saying is do customers who shop for their generation
receive any benefit by the load profile of the all
electric customers?

MR. ELISAR: Thank you.

EXAMINER PRICE: Sometimes it's easier to

MR. ELISAR: Thank you, sir.

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do up here.

A. I'm not sure how the shopping is arranged. I would assume that if the shopping is arranged such that you do know that there are all electric customers versus non-all electric customers, that that would to some extent influence the marketer. To what extent, I don't know what the -- you know, I am not a marketer, I don't know how much they take that into account.

EXAMINER PRICE: You've not modeled this?

THE WITNESS: No, I certainly have not.

EXAMINER PRICE: You have not talked to retail marketers about this?

THE WITNESS: No, I have not.

EXAMINER PRICE: Have you relied on any studies in the literature regarding retail marketers? In the pricing strategies?

THE WITNESS: No. I just know that

basically off-peak energy is usually much less
expensive than nonpeak energy and then there is the
amount of plants necessary for the off peak versus
the on peak.

So it's 30 years worth of knowledge along
those lines, but, no, I have not done a specific
study.

EXAMINER PRICE: Sorry, Mr. Elisar.

EXAMINER PRICE: Sorry, Mr. Elisar.

MR. ELISAR: That's all right. Thank

- Q. (By Mr. Elisar) Would the benefit -- or do you know if the benefit would show up in the auction price for default customers?
- A. I would assume if I was putting together a bid, that I would certainly be taking that into account, the fact that there was valley filling or not valley filling, as the case may be. If there was not valley filling, it would certainly be different. The price that I would offer would certainly be higher.

MR. ELISAR: Thank you.

EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you.

Mr. Kutik?

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you.

25 CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Kutik:

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- Q. Mr. Yankel, in developing your proposal and before you prepared your testimony you spoke with others outside of OCC, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And among the folks you spoke with are Sue Steigerwald and Kevin Corcoran, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. In terms of your expertise, sir, you don't hold yourself out as an expert in real estate valuation, do you?
  - A. No, I do not.
- Q. In terms of your proposal, would it be fair to say that basically what you are saying is that you believe that residential electric heating rates, or I will use your term, residential all electric customers rates, should be 65 percent of the standard residential customers rate plus or minus a band of 5 percent?
- A. That's not quite right, and actually the proposal I have for 65 percent is at the 3,500 kWh mark, actually that percentage would decrease if you got to 2,000, it would probably increase if you got to, you know, much higher usage levels. So that's how I put it together, but basically it's 65 percent

at the 3,500 level, yes.

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- Q. Plus or minus 5 percent.
- A. Yes.
- Q. And that would include charging customers, electric heating customers two/thirds of a rider?
- A. I'm not following what you're talking about there.
- Q. Well, isn't it true that your proposal would include charging all electric customers two/thirds of any rider?
- A. If a rider went up, there would be a tendency to have a discount as there is a discount now, as there was a discount 10, 15 years ago for the EFC rider, for example, or the PIP rider, there was a discount that was taken into account.

So effectively the overall bill as I am proposing would be similar to what it used to be is the 65 percent, yes. Two/thirds.

- Q. So the answer to my question would be that there would be a charge to all electric customers the charge of a rider, all electric customers would be two/thirds of the rider, correct?
- A. The impact on the bill would be two/thirds of a rider, yes.

- Q. Now, you also believe that the discount should apply to what we'll call nonstandard, nonelectric heating customers, correct?
- A. Yes. I lump them as the mix. I basically did not address them in any detail, yes.
- Q. But your proposal includes they get this discount as well?
  - A. Yes, at this time, yes.
- Q. And your proposal is the discount should be indefinite.
  - A. That is correct.

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- Q. In fact, you believe on a long-term basis it should be permanent.
- A. I don't know if I ever said "permanent" then, but I think I said infinity is an awful long time, for a long time, yes.
- Q. Now, it would be appropriate to -- to denominate or describe your proposal as an in effect declining rate, correct?
- A. One could look at it as a declining block rate because it's cheaper, it's essentially two/thirds of the standard rate, or one can look at it simply as its own rate.
- It does have the rider that's taking
  place in my scheme of things at the at least this

particular part of the rider at the 1,000 kWh level so it could be viewed as a declining block depending how you want to look at it.

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- Q. Again, it could be looked at or described or referred to as a type of declining block rate, correct?
- A. Has the same impact as a declining block rate, yes.
- Q. And I am not sure you said this, but you would agree that basically declining block rates, the more you use, the less you pay.
- A. You pay at a lower rate and I believe I said that you still pay more. It's just that you're paying at a lower rate per kilowatt hour.
- Q. So the more you use on a -- on a dollar per kWh basis, it's less?
- A. No. You're charged different rates again. In my case at the thousand kWh level you begin to be charged a lower rate. That rate stays the same throughout. Your bill would continue to go up and just not go up as fast as if it was on the standard rate.
- Q. Well, isn't it true in general a declining block rate would tend to increase usage?
  - A. Lower prices in general would tend to

increase usage as would higher prices in general would tend to decrease usage.

- Q. So the answer to my question is yes?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. Now, you are not aware, are you, sir, whether the companies are subject to any mandates proposed by statute for reduction in usage benchmarks, for reduction in usage, correct?
- A. I'm generally aware but not specifically aware.
- Q. But you couldn't tell me, for example, what those are and how those compare to your proposals, correct?
- A. No, and I don't believe my proposal would be addressing those -- those standards.
- Q. Well, isn't it true that you don't know whether your proposal is consistent or inconsistent with the benchmarks?
- A. I don't see my proposal as one that is increasing costs -- excuse me, increasing usage or proposal as the cost may be.
- Q. Isn't it true you don't know whether your proposal is consistent or inconsistent with the statutory benchmarks with respect to reduction of usage?

1 I don't know -- my understanding, and it Α. 2 is limited, is that there are conservation standards. 3 I don't believe that the intent was to charge 4 everybody twice as much for electricity in order to 5 reduce energy, so I believe the standards were for a 6 different purpose than that. 7 Again, I don't know specifically what the 8 standards are, but I think they are to reduce 9 energy -- I think conservation is what they are to 10 promote. 11 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, or let me ask 12 Mr. Yankel. 13 Do you have a copy of your deposition Q. 14 handy? 15 Α. Yes, I do. 16 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, may I approach 17 the Bench? 18 EXAMINER PRICE: You may. I have a copy 19 of his deposition. 20 MR. KUTIK: Of his deposition? EXAMINER PRICE: Yes. January 20? 21 2.2 MR. KUTIK: Yes, your Honor. 23 EXAMINER PRICE: Okay. 24 Ο. Mr. Yankel, let me refer you to page 77 25 of your deposition. Do you recall I did take your

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deposition on January 20, 2010, correct -- 2011, correct?
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- A. Yes. I'm on page 77. Is that?
- Q. Yes. And isn't it true I asked you these questions and you gave these answers starting on line 16: Are you aware of whether the companies in this case are subject to a statutory mandate to meet reduction around usage benchmarks?

Answer: I don't know if they have that statutory requirement.

Question: Assuming that --

Answer: I don't know that there has been, you know, a push for energy, I know that there has been, you know, a push for energy conservation.

I don't know if there's really a requirement.

Question: Okay. So you don't know whether if there is such a requirement your proposal is consistent or inconsistent with that requirement, correct?

Answer: I don't know -- if I don't know what the requirement is, I can't answer that.

Question: Right, so you don't know, correct?

Answer: Correct.

You gave that testimony in your

deposition, did you not?

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- A. Yes, I did.
- Q. Now, the primary reason that you proposed this discount in this fashion is that you believe that it is cheaper to serve electric heating customers than it is to serve other residential customers, correct?
- A. Other residential and other customers. I won't just leave it as residential, but, yes.
- Q. And in coming to that conclusion in terms of a cost of service study with respect to the companies, the document that you looked at was a cost of service study from Case No. 99-1212-EL-RTP, correct?
- A. They appeared there but they were also -I actually from cases prior to that 95 to 99 and
  95-300 and whatnot, but they also appeared in
  99-1212. The same studies.
- Q. Now, that document included costs from CEI and from Toledo Edison from 1995, correct?
- A. The two I mentioned, yes, and there was another one from Ohio Edison, yes.
- Q. And the Ohio Edison costs were reflected as of 1989, correct?
  - A. That is correct.

Q. Now, you are aware that the companies have had a distribution case more recently than 1999, correct?

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- A. My understanding is there was at least one in 2007.
- Q. Now, is it your belief, sir, that when the rate -- the special rates for electric heating customers were first introduced they were cost based?
- A. I cannot answer that with respect to CEI and Toledo Edison. I believe from the time I was looking at them, which was much later, I think those two were introduced around 1970, approximately. I don't have any information back that far.

But the information I have closer to 1990, also the information for the Ohio Edison numbers for 1989, yes, I believe those are cost based at that time.

- Q. So is your best belief that you believe that on introduction of at least the Ohio Edison rates that they were cost based?
- A. Yes. And it seems to be so testified by the company. Again, I just -- that's when they were introduced by Ohio Edison. I just don't have information going back further for CEI and Toledo as to whether or not they were cost based originally.

Q. And isn't it the case that you don't know whether today the companies' rates are cost based or not?

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- A. I have no direct information but I also have no reason to believe that there was any major change in cost of service principles.
- Q. Okay. You don't know whether they are cost based or not, correct?
- A. I have no basis for assuming there is a difference at this time.
- Q. You don't know whether they are cost based or not, isn't that correct?
- A. I have no basis for giving a number -EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Yankel, I think that
  he is asking a questioning that tends for a "yes" or
  "no" answer, so I would appreciate it if you can
  answer "yes" or "no" or explain perhaps why you
  cannot answer "yes" or "no."

Please repeat the question, Mr. Kutik.

- Q. Sure. You don't know whether the companies' rates today are cost based or not?
- A. I do not know because I have not done a study, yes, correct.
- Q. Now, let me refer you to page 11 of your testimony. And specifically the sentence that begins

on line 19 and goes to line 21. Are you there, sir?

A. Yes.

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- Q. You refer to certain costs there, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And the specific costs that you are referring to there would be distribution-related costs, would they not?
- A. As I would refer to those, they're distribution to some extent, I guess I refer to them a little more customer-related, yes, distribution. But they are not really the poles going up and down the street distribution.
- Q. They will normally be recovered through distribution rates, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Let me now refer you to page 12 of your testimony. And the sentence that begins on line 6 and goes through or to line 8. It says "Thus, fixed costs of meters, poles, and wires will generally be recovered over more units usage by these customers, i.e., at a lower rate per kWh." Do you see that?
  - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. And those are distribution-related costs as well, correct?

A. Yes, and those again would be more the distribution you see going up and down the streets, the poles, and wires going up and down street.

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- Q. Now, it would be fair to say you don't know what percentage of an electric heating customer's bill represents distribution costs, correct?
  - A. I've not done that study, no.
- Q. And your answer would be the same with respect to the percentage of an average residential customer, in other words, you don't know what percentage of an average residential customer represents distribution costs?
  - A. Again, I have not done that study.
  - Q. So you don't know?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Now, you would agree with me, would you not, sir, that the generation portion of the companies' rates is market based?
  - A. Yes, they're competitively bid, yes.
- Q. And you believe that the what we'll call the change or at least they were market based as of the late 2000s, correct?
  - A. That is correct.
  - Q. And you don't know how the companies

currently effective generation rate was set?

- A. I'm not sure what you mean "currently effective." It came out of the auction, I know that, and I know there was whatever seasonality to it, but the specifics, no.
- Q. So in terms of how the rates that are currently in effect, the generation rates that are currently in effect, you don't know how those are set, correct?
  - A. No, I have not looked into that.
- Q. Okay. And you don't know if rider GEN has been set through a competitive bidding process?
  - A. I assume it has.
  - Q. You don't know that, correct?
- A. We have been on competitive bid for I think a while now. A year or two, a couple of years, so I am assuming there is.
  - Q. Let me refer you to your deposition, sir.
  - A. Okay.
    - Q. Page 57.
- A. Yes.

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- Q. Let me direct you to line 15. Did I ask you these questions and did you give the following answers:
- Question: The rider GEN is the cost of

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generation, correct?
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Answer: Yes. I believe that's how it's referred to, yes.

Question: That's the cost or the rate that's been set through the competitive bidding process, correct?

Answer: I don't know. I didn't look into that specifically.

Is that your testimony, sir?

- A. That was my testimony then, yes.
- Q. Now, you know that the companies no longer own generation facilities, correct? By "the companies" I am talking about the three companies that are applicants in this case.
- A. That is correct. They haven't owned them for a decade.
- Q. And the companies' generation cost is based upon what they pay their generation suppliers?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. They pay those suppliers on a dollar per kilowatt hour basis, correct?
  - A. That would be my understanding.
- Q. Okay. And the generation costs for companies would be considered a variable cost, correct?

- A. As they pay that cost one could call it a variable cost, yes.
- Q. Now, with respect to Mr. Ridmann's calculations regarding the amount of the discounts, the change in the discounts, and the amount of what represents the charge through rider GEN, you have no reason to dispute those numbers, do you?
- A. I have no reason to dispute the calculations. Again, I think maybe the basis of the calculations is a little -- you know, it includes things like distribution costs and whatnot but, yes, the numbers are -- I agree with the numbers.
- Q. Now, you believe it's a requirement in setting rates that customers that are cheaper to serve should pay lower rates, correct?
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. And we might call you a follower in that regard of the principle of cost causation, correct?
  - A. I quess.
- Q. In other words, that cost should be recovered from those segments of the companies' customers that cause those costs, correct?

  Generally?
  - A. Generally, yes.
  - Q. Now, you would advocate that as long as

it's demonstrated that it costs less to serve electric heating customers than standard residential customers, that electric heating customers should pay less than standard residential customers, correct?

A. Yes.

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- Q. But you also believe that even if it could be proven that it costs more for or the same to serve electric heating customers than other residential customers, that electric heating customers should still pay a lower rate, fair to say?
- A. Two different principles, yes. First of all, I believe there is cost causation which we should follow. I believe that that cost causation is that it is cheaper for all electrics to be served.

Should things turn upside-down, something happen, I have no idea what, you know, could take many years, who knows, and if that does change and goes upside-down, at that point I think there is a different problem, and that's just back to the principle of gradualism.

I don't think you can just change out these people instantly because there has been change. They can't change that quickly, but two different principles are involved.

Q. Again, if it's proven that it costs the

same to serve electric heating customers as other residential customers, you will not be in favor of eliminating the rates -- eliminating the discounts, correct?

A. Could you either --

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- Q. Sure, let me try again. If it could be shown that the cost to companies is the same to serve electric heating customers as it does other customers, including standard residential customers, you would not be in favor of eliminating the discounts for electric heating customers, correct?
- A. It depends on whether or not I agree with the analysis, but, yes, if I agree with the analysis I -- I think again back to principles of cost of service, I would not see any reason for a discount.
- Q. Okay. So that if it could be shown that it cost the companies the same to serve electric heating customers as other companies, you will be in favor of eliminating the discount?
- A. That would be difficult under today's situation where everything has been blended by the company, but if it could be shown that, yes, that's where I stand.
- Q. Now, you are proposing that, as I think we mentioned earlier, that nonstandard, nonelectric

heating customers get the same credit as electric heating customers, correct?

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- A. As they have been getting presently and again with that caveat because there's water heating customers and whatnot, they are getting something different but basically as they are presently getting discounted, yes.
- Q. And you didn't make an analysis whether it costs to serve nonstandard customers or electric heating customers the same, in other words, you didn't do an analysis of how the cost serves nonheating nonstandard customers jives with either the cost to serve electric heating companies or other residential customers?
- A. Correct, I focused on the all electric customers only.
- Q. The recommendation you have with respect to the size of the discount would be fair to say represents the size of the discount you believe that electric heating customers have enjoyed historically with respect to the three companies.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And to make your analysis on that point you look at one electric heating rate, one residential electric heating rate for each company,

correct?

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- A. At two different times, but, yes.
- Q. We'll get to the time periods in a minute, but I just want to know the focus of your -- the electric heating part of your analysis as opposed to the standard residential customer cost analysis dealt with one heating rate for each company.
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Correct? For Ohio Edison you used rate
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. For CEI you used RES-H?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And for Toledo Edison you used R7, correct?
  - A. R07, but, yes.
  - Q. Okay. And with respect to each of those companies there are other rates, other electric heating rates than those three rates, correct?
  - A. Yes, but those primary larger rate schedules.
  - Q. Now, in coming up with your purported historical relationship, because I think you mentioned you only looked at the relationship in two distinct periods of time or two specific periods of

time, correct?

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- A. Correct.
- Q. You didn't do a historical average over time, correct?
- A. Not when I wrote my testimony. I have done one since but, yes.
- Q. And in terms of the two points that you looked at, one point for all three companies was 2008, correct?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. And for Ohio Edison it was 19 -- the other point was 1992, correct?
- A. Correct.
- Q. And for Ohio Edison and Toledo Edison it was 1996.
- 16 A. CEI.
- 17 | O. CEI and Toledo Edison was 1996?
- 18 A. Yes.
  - Q. And the reason you used 1992 for Ohio Edison and 1996 for the other two companies is because those represented the earliest most accessible tariffs you could find.
    - A. Correct.
- Q. And you didn't make an effort to research any rates that were available to these customers that

is electric heating customers prior to that date, correct?

- A. I made an effort. It was not a Herculean effort. I did make an effort. That's what I relied on because it was easy enough.
- Q. Let's take something that might be easy, like asking OCC whether they could get you additional rates. You didn't do that, right?
  - A. I don't know if I asked them or not.
- Q. Okay. Let me refer you to your deposition, page 50. Are you there, sir?
  - A. No. I'm there.
- Q. Let me ask you if I asked you the following questions and you gave the following answers starting at line 9.

Question: Did you ask the OCC to get any tariffs prior to 1996 for CEI or Toledo Edison?

Answer: I don't recall.

Question: Would your answer be the same for getting an Ohio Edison tariff prior to 1992?

I don't recall. I don't recall asking

22 them.

Is that your testimony?

A. Yeah, that's just what I said now, isn't it?

Q. I don't know, is it?

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- A. I thought I said "I don't recall."
- Q. So you don't know whether you did or not or you just didn't do it?
  - A. I don't recall if I asked them.
- Q. Okay. Now, you don't know how the size of the rate differential between electric heating customers and standard residential customers, what that rate differential was before 1992 for Ohio Edison or before 1996 for CEI or Toledo Edison, correct?
- A. I didn't at the time. Obviously Mr. Ridmann has supplied that information.
- Q. For purposes of your study you did not look at that, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. Now, you observe in your testimony that the relationship between electric heating customers and standard residential rates remained intact for almost 10 years throughout the period of deregulation, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And you have a general understanding of what happened to the companies' rates in the mid-1990s to the present, correct?

A. Correct.

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- Q. And the companies had rate freezes in effect, correct?
- A. Yes, I am not sure when but they did have rate freezes in effect.
- Q. You anticipated my next question. You don't know when the rate freezes were in effect but sometime during that time?
  - A. I remember rate freezes, rate moratorium.
- Q. The rate freezes, at least as far as you know, have been in effect since the year 2000, correct? Do you know that -- whatever period of time they started it's -- rate freezes have been in effect since 2000?
- A. There have been rate freezes in effect.

  I'm not -- I -- the way it sounded when you said that it was like it has been frozen forever. And that wouldn't be the case.
- Q. Now, you are not real familiar with the companies' cases during the early part of deregulation, correct?
- A. I did not testify in the companies' cases as I recall in the early part of deregulation.
- Q. For example, with respect to the rate certainty plan, you don't know what the purpose of

that case was, right?

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- A. I have no general ideas, but again, I did testify. I did not participate in it so, therefore, my knowledge is very limited.
- Q. Well, isn't it true that you don't know what the purpose of that case was?
  - A. Nothing that I could testify to, no.
- Q. Now, you also didn't determine the rate differential between nonstandard nonelectric heating customers and residential customers for any point in time in preparation for your testimony, correct?
- A. That is correct. All I did was the electric space heating customers, all electric space heating customers versus standard, yes.
- Q. The discount you propose, and I think as you mentioned earlier, is based upon these two historical points that we mentioned earlier. And based upon a usage level of 3,500 kilowatt hours per month, correct?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. And you don't know how many customers have usage level -- have that usage level, correct?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. And you don't know whether that's a majority of electric heating customers, correct?

- A. I don't know how many so I couldn't tell you if it was majority.
- Q. And you don't know the average winter monthly usage for electric heating customers, do you?
  - A. No, I don't.

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- Q. And you don't know whether 3,500 kilowatts is typical monthly usage for electric heating companies, correct?
- A. Well, we are talking winter. You've also got a lot of winter months May and whatnot, April, so that they are not much in the way of winter months although they are considered winter as far as the tariff goes. No, I do not.
- Q. I think as you said earlier if you used a lower usage period to look at the historical relationships, would it be fair to say that you would come up with a different and perhaps lower discount?
- A. A lower nonusage period, the lower usage level?
- Q. Yes, if you use a lower usage level, the discount that would result would be a lower discount than the one you recommend?
- A. Yes, mathematically if I were to use, say, 2,000, I will get a lower discount but then I would have to match that lower discount to the 2,000

number. I could match it to all the numbers. I would have to match it to the 2,000 number.

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That would end up producing a rate similar to what I've suggested and that rate would probably come out very close to where I am at. The point at which I chose needs to be matched to the percentage that I chose.

If I would have chosen 10,000, for example, it may have worked as well. I would have had a very high percentage but only at the 10,000 mark. The impact wouldn't have been nearly as great at 3,500.

- Q. Mathematically if you are using a lower discount, a differential you would have calculated would have been a lower number than the one you did calculate.
- A. Can we do it again, the question?

  MR. KUTIK: Sure. Could you read it, please.

(Record read.)

A. No. Because, again, I would have had to use that lower discounts -- when you are saying "discount," I am assuming you mean discount percentage.

EXAMINER PRICE: I think the word was

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"differential." In other words, that if you used a lower number to calculate your historical rate differential, your calculated differential would be less as a matter of math, correct?
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- A. At that point in which you were doing it, the -- I think our math is -- we are talking two different sets of math here.
  - Q. Let me just refer to your deposition.
  - A. Okay.

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- Q. Let me refer you to page 70.
  - MR. SMALL: I'm sorry, what page?
- 12 MR. KUTIK: 70.
- 13 MR. SMALL: 70?
- MR. KUTIK: Yes.
- 15 Q. Let me know when you are there.
- 16 A. I'm there.
  - Q. Did I ask the following questions and did you give the following answers at line, starting at line 8.
    - Question: Well, for example, if you used a lower usage number, would the percentages be different and lower?
- Answer: Percentages would be.
- Question: And we're talking the
- 25 percentage different -- percentage differences,

right?

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Answer: If I use the lower number, the percentages would be closer to that of the standard residential; is that clear?

Answer: Right.

Question: Right, so that if we're going to look at a usage level below 3,500 kilowatt hours per month and use that as a basis for what's going forward, we would be going -- the relationship to be going forward, then the discounts would be less, correct?

Answer: That is correct. And if I picked a higher number, it would have been a larger discount.

That was your testimony on January 20, 2011, was it not?

- A. With respect to percentages, yes.
- Q. Okay. Now, with respect to the 3,500 number, would it be fair to say also you don't know whether that number reflects the -- reflects or is typical of the monthly usage levels for nonstandard nonelectric customers?
- A. I would assume it would be higher, but again, it was a place marker. It wasn't reflective of standard or average usage necessarily.

- Q. Now, you propose that the discounts begin at 1,000 kilowatt hours per month.
  - A. Yes, for all three companies.
- Q. And you don't know what percentage of an average electric heating customer's winter usage represents heating, correct?
  - A. No.

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- Q. And you don't know if 1,000 kilowatt hours a month represents base loads for a typical electric heating customer, correct?
- A. First, 1,000 I was assuming was basically base load for one of these customers, it was the assumption I made.
- Q. It's an assumption but you don't know, correct?
  - A. That is correct.
- Q. You believe that all customers who did not receive the discount should pay for it, correct?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And that the credit cost recovery charge, we'll call it, should be nonbypassable?
- A. That's what I said in the decision.

  After we went round and round it occurred to me I had a thought process that these customers were also not allowed to shop. I don't know what your assumption

was in shopping as far as that goes.

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Assuming that these customers could not shop, which I think is historically how they were, then I think it should be nonbypassable.

- Q. One of the basis for your belief that all customers who don't receive the credit should pay for that is the cost of service study that is attached to your testimony as Exhibit AJY-2, correct?
  - A. One of the reasons, yes.
- Q. And that's the study for Case No. 99-1212-EL-ETP, I think I said RTP earlier; is that correct?
  - A. I don't recall but, yes, the 99-1212.
- Q. Okay. And that case was not a case for an application for an increase in rates, correct?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. That was not what we might call a traditional ratemaking case where there was a revenue requirement being generated, correct?
- A. It seems like it was sort of a requirement not for the company but just internally for each one of the rate groups and whatnot that was targets to be met but not -- not for the company, so it wasn't a general rate case, no.
  - Q. In fact, Case 99-1212 was a case that

involved the unbundling of rates, correct?

- A. Yes. And, again, I think the intent was to keep basically rates about where they were and there was just a challenge doing that.
- Q. So they weren't setting, say, a new revenue requirement.
  - A. Correct. Not for the company.
- Q. Right. In terms of the impact of your proposal you have not determined what the percentage change in a customer's bill would be, correct?
- A. Regarding paying for this reduction meaning the other customers?
  - Q. Yes?

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- A. No, I have not.
- Q. And nor have you determined what you might call the overall costs of your proposal?
- A. No, I have not. It's obviously less than what they are presently paying because it's probably about a third of the cost of where it's presently at, the RGC, but no, I have not done a calculation.
- Q. So you don't know what the cost is, correct?
- A. No, I never made that calculation.

  MR. KUTIK: May I have a minute, your

  Honor?

247 1 EXAMINER PRICE: You may. 2 MR. KUTIK: That's all the questions I 3 have. Thank you. 4 EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. 5 Staff. MR. JONES: No questions, your Honor. 6 EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go off the record. 7 8 (Discussion off the record.) 9 EXAMINER PRICE: Let's go back on the 10 record. 11 Mr. Small. Thank you, your Honor. 12 MR. SMALL: 13 14 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 15 By Mr. Small: 16 Mr. Yankel, do you recall Mr. Kutik's 17 questions concerning your position or your position concerning cost causation concepts? 18 19 Α. Yes. 20 And is your testimony or is your position Q. 21 as reflected in your prefiled testimony based on the 2.2 cost of generation service to the company or the cost 23 to serve the customers that are the subject matter of 24 your testimony? It's based upon the cost to serve the 25 Α.

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     customers, it's not based on costs to serve the
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     company. I am looking at, you know, the overall
     costs that usually go through cost of service study
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     and also the Commission's ability to recognize the
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     fact that it's cheaper to serve or energy is cheaper
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     at certain times than it is as others.
                  The companies are being charged at this
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     point in time on a per-kilowatt-hour basis, but
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     that's not necessarily how they should be charged by
     the Commission.
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                  MR. SMALL: I have no further questions,
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     your Honor.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Recross, Mr. Corcoran?
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                  MR. CORCORAN: None, your Honor.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. O'Brien?
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                  MR. O'BRIEN: None, your Honor.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE:
                                   IEU-Ohio?
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                  MR. ELISAR: None, your Honor.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Mr. Kutik?
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                  MR. KUTIK: One minute.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Please proceed.
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                       RECROSS-EXAMINATION
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    By Mr. Kutik:
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             Q. Mr. Yankel, isn't it true with respect to
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wholesale suppliers in today's market, particularly that supply FirstEnergy utility companies in Ohio that their prices are not based on a regulated rate subject to traditional rate -- regulated ratemaking, correct?

- A. They are rates that they can change, I'm sorry. I missed the question.
  - Q. Sure.

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MR. KUTIK: Please repeat the question. (Record read.)

- A. That is correct.
- Q. Those prices are market based, are they not?
- A. Those prices are market based but they reflect the cost that those companies incur which sometimes are very large and sometimes very small.
- Q. Do they not reflect what the market brings?
- A. Sometimes the market has actually negative prices where people have to sell and actually pay people to take the electricity right now, so in that case it's certainly there's some upside-down going on in the market.
- Q. But they are based upon what the market is dictating, not upon the cost, correct?

- A. It's based upon the cost but the suppliers and marketers what their overall costs are for meeting every hour of the year.
- Q. Aren't market prices based upon supply and demand, sir?
  - A. Yes.

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MR. KUTIK: No further questions.

EXAMINER PRICE: Staff?

MR. JONES: No questions, your Honor.

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## EXAMINATION

By Examiner Price:

- Q. Mr. Yankel, you're inferring that wholesale suppliers take into account in setting their bids at the auction that all electric customers are cheaper to serve; is that correct?
- A. They have an overall load profile they have to serve. They are not necessarily looking at a particular class of customers. They are looking at the overall load if that load isn't filled up in certain, you know, all the time effectively it's going to cost different because the supplier -- it's going to cost the supplier different.
- Q. Let me rephrase it. You are inferring there is a benefit to all the ratepayers because of

the all electric discount, that's why you are saying because of the all electric load profile?

A. Yes.

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- Q. That's why you are saying there should be a discount?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Have you ever worked for a wholesale supplier?
  - A. No.
  - Q. Ever consulted with a wholesale supplier?
- A. Just on the gas sides, not on electric sides.
- Q. Have you discussed this issue with any wholesale suppliers?
  - A. No.
- Q. Have you conducted a study of bidding strategies for wholesale suppliers?
  - A. No.
- Q. Can you quantify --
- A. I look at prices, you know, hourly prices, but, no.
  - Q. Can you quantify the impact of the all electric customers on wholesale suppliers biding -- bidding strategies?
- A. I have not done a study like that. No.

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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you. You are
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     excused.
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                  Mr. Small?
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                  MR. SMALL: Before we adjourn, your
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     Honor, the OCC moves for the admission of OCC Exhibit
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      1.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Any objection to the
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     admission of OCC's Exhibit 1 subject to, I am sure,
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     the continuing motions to strike made by FirstEnergy
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     and supported by IEU-Ohio and OMA?
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                  MR. KUTIK: For the record, your Honor,
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     we do make our objection based upon those grounds.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Then subject to the
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     continuing motions to strike, the OCC Exhibit 1 will
     be admitted.
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                  (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: Anything else before we
     adjourn for the hearing?
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                  Yes, Mr. O'Brien.
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                  MR. O'BRIEN: I think you were going to
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      say it next, reconvene time tomorrow.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: We will reconvene
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     tomorrow at 10:00 o'clock.
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                  MR. O'BRIEN: Thank you.
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                  EXAMINER PRICE: At that time we will
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      take Mr. Frawley; is that correct?
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                  MR. CORCORAN: Yes.
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                   EXAMINER PRICE: Thank you, see you
      tomorrow at 10.
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                   (Hearing was adjourned at 5:34 p.m.)
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Case No(s). 10-0176-EL-ATA

Summary: Transcript Transcript of Ohio Edison Company hearing held on 02/16/10. Volume I electronically filed by Mrs. Jennifer Duffer on behalf of Armstrong & Okey, Inc. and Gibson, Karen Sue Mrs.