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        BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO
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     In the Matter of the
    Application of Duke
    Energy Ohio for Approval:
    of a Market Rate Offer to :
5
    Conduct a Competitive
    Bidding Process for : Case No. 10-2586-EL-SSO
    Standard Service Offer
6
    Electric Generation
7
    Supply, Accounting
    Modifications, and Tariffs:
    for Generation Service. :
8
9
10
                          PROCEEDINGS
11
    before Ms. Katie Stenman and Ms. Christine M.T.
12
    Pirik, Hearing Examiners, at the Public Utilities
    Commission of Ohio, 180 East Broad Street, Room 11-A,
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14
    Columbus, Ohio, called at 9:00 a.m. on Friday,
15
    January 14, 2011.
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1 Friday Morning Session, 2 January 14, 2011. 3 4 EXAMINER STENMAN: Let's go on the 5 record. This is the continuation of the hearing 6 7 in In the Matter of the Application of Duke 8 Energy-Ohio, Inc. for Approval of a Market Rate Offer 9 to Conduct a Competitive Bidding Process for a Standard Service Offer Electric Generation Supply, 10 Accounting Modifications, and Tariffs for Generation 11 12 Service, Case No. 10-2586-EL-SSO. 13 As we did yesterday, let's just go around 14 the table and have the attorneys introduce themselves 15 and state their affiliations. 16 MR. PETRICOFF: Thank you, your Honor. 17 On behalf of Constellation NewEnergy, Constellation 18 Energy Commodities Group, and the Retail Energy 19 Suppliers Association, Howard Petricoff and Lija 20 Kaleps-Clark of the law firm of Vorys, Sater, Seymour 21 & Pease. 2.2 MR. D'ASCENZO: On behalf of Duke 23 Energy-Ohio, Rocco D'Ascenzo. 24 MS. SPILLER: Good morning, your Honors. 25 Amy Spiller also on behalf of Duke Energy-Ohio.

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MS. WATTS: Good morning. On behalf of
 1
 2
     Duke Energy-Ohio, Elizabeth Watts.
 3
                 MR. HAYDEN: Good morning, your Honors.
    On behalf of FirstEnergy Solutions, Mark Hayden, will
 4
 5
    be joining me later today David Kutik and Grant
     Garber from the law firm of Jones Day.
 6
                 MR. KURTZ: Good morning. Mike Kurtz
 7
 8
     from the Ohio Energy Group.
 9
                 MS. KYLER: Jody Kyler for Ohio
    Consumers' Counsel.
10
11
                 MR. REESE: Rick Reese from the Ohio
12
    Consumers' Counsel.
13
                 MS. HOTZ: Ann Hotz, Ohio Consumers'
    Counsel.
14
15
                 MR. YURICK: Mark Yurick on behalf of the
16
    Kroger Company.
17
                 MR. OLIKER: On behalf of Industrial
    Energy Users-Ohio, Joseph Oliker and also Sam
18
19
    Randazzo.
20
                 MR. BEELER: Steve Beeler on behalf of
21
     the staff of the Public Utilities Commission.
22
                 MR. JONES: On behalf of the Commission
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724 EXAMINER STENMAN: I believe we left off 1 2 yesterday with the company. 3 MS. WATTS: Good morning. Duke Energy-Ohio would call Dan Jones to the stand, 4 5 please. EXAMINER STENMAN: Would you raise your 6 7 right hand. 8 (Witness sworn.) 9 EXAMINER STENMAN: Thank you. Have a 10 seat. 11 MS. WATTS: Your Honor, may we have 12 Mr. Jones's testimony marked as Duke Energy-Ohio 13 Exhibit 18, please? 14 EXAMINER STENMAN: It will be so marked. 15 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 16 DANIEL L. JONES 17 being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was 18 19 examined and testified as follows: 20 DIRECT EXAMINATION 21 By Ms. Watts: 2.2 Mr. Jones, would you state your name for Q. 23 the record, please? Yes. Daniel L. Jones. 24 Α. And, Mr. Jones, by whom are you employed? 25 Q.

- A. I'm employed by Duke Energy-Ohio, Inc.
- Q. And in what capacity, please?
- A. I am the senior account manager of Customer Choice.
- Q. And do you have before you what's been marked as Duke Energy-Ohio Exhibit 18?
 - A. I do.

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- Q. Would you identify that, please?
- A. It's the direct testimony of Daniel L.

 Jones on behalf of Duke Energy-Ohio, Inc.
- Q. And is that testimony which you prepared and caused to be filed in this case?
 - A. Yes, I did.
 - Q. And if I were to ask you the questions contained in that testimony again today, would your responses be the same?
- 17 A. Yes, they would.
- MS. WATTS: Duke Energy tenders Mr. Jones
 for cross-examination.
- 20 EXAMINER STENMAN: Thank you.
- 21 Mr. Petricoff?
- 22 MR. PETRICOFF: No questions, your Honor.
- 23 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Hayden?
- MR. HAYDEN: No questions.
- 25 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Kurtz?

1 No questions, your Honor. MR. KURTZ: 2 MR. REESE: Yes, your Honor, I have 3 several questions. 4 5 CROSS-EXAMINATION 6 By Mr. Reese: 7 Q. Good morning, Mr. Jones.

A. Good morning.

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- Q. I'm Rick Reese with the Ohio Consumers'
 Counsel. They've flown me in from the Yukon to ask a
 few questions today.
 - A. Good for you.
- Q. Are you aware that Duke Energy-Ohio intends to conduct an auction to supply a portion of its SSO customer load?
 - A. I am aware of that.
- Q. Okay. Witness Lee has agreed that Duke Energy-Ohio or another Duke affiliate can participate in the auction and that Duke Energy-Ohio will have the final say regarding whether or not sanctions for failure to comply with the bidding rules will be applied to itself or any of the Duke Energy affiliates.

Can you point to any provision in Duke's corporate separation plan that guards against Duke

Energy-Ohio attempting to give an unfair advantage to an affiliate by not administering sanctions to that entity?

- A. I cannot -- I'm not an attorney so I cannot interpret the corporate separation plan for the scenario that you've described.
- Q. You can't interpret the corporate separation plan?

2.2

- A. Well, as far as saying whether it violates the corporate separation plan or not, that's a legal determination.
- Q. Do you know of any witnesses for the company, either that have testified prior to this or are about to who could answer that question?
- A. I can't tell you with any certainty who could answer that question, but as I said, I'm not directly involved in the auction process. I facilitate and administer the gas and electric customer choice programs for the company. And I'm more involved on the retail side of things versus the wholesale side.
- Q. So just so I can understand, you're sponsoring the exhibit with the corporate separation plan attached but you're really not familiar with its terms.

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                 I'm sponsoring it from the standpoint
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    that it's something that's followed by my area very
3
    closely, we live it every day, and the purpose of my
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     testimony is there's a requirement to be met by an
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    MRO filing to indicate that a corporate separation
6
    plan does exist, and in my testimony it says whether
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    we've had waivers or not, the answer to that was no,
8
    and, you know, what the future plans are for the
9
    corporate separation plan are in terms of revision
    and those were the major points requirements for the
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11
    MRO filing.
12
                 MR. REESE: No further questions.
13
                 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Yurick?
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                 MR. YURICK: I have no questions, thank
15
    you, your Honor.
16
                 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Oliker?
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                 MR. OLIKER: Your Honor, on further
     review we have no questions for the witness.
18
19
                 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Hart?
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                 MR. HART: No questions.
21
                 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Jones?
2.2
                 MR. JONES: Thank you, your Honor.
23
24
                       CROSS-EXAMINATION
25
    By Mr. Jones:
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- Q. Good morning, Mr. Jones.
- A. Good morning.

- Q. Duke has their most current corporate separation plan as the second amended corporate separation plan that's attached to your testimony.
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And that's pending Commission order in that case?
 - A. It is.
- Q. Does the company at this time anticipate any amendments or revisions to that plan?
- A. There are a couple of areas that we want to just update and that would be for service agreements, update the affiliates, and a little bit more information about the corporate separation training. And, you know, depending on what comes out in the Commission order, we'll interpret that and determine what other revisions need to be made to the plan.
- Q. Okay. Now, Duke, they can't -- Duke cannot sell or transfer its generating assets without prior Commission approval; is that correct?
 - A. I'm sorry, repeat the question.
- Q. Duke cannot sell or transfer its legacy assets unless they have prior Commission approval,

correct?

2.2

- A. In my reading of, yeah, corporate separation plan, that is what it says, it takes Commission approval to transfer the assets.
- Q. And with the sale or transfer of those assets would the company intend, then, to revise or amend its corporate separation plan?
- A. I know that that particular area of the plan would have to be revised. There's a section that says "generation" in the back of the plan, I think it's about page 51 or so, and, you know, that indicates that we're -- we haven't transferred to an EWG yet so I would think that area would have to be revised, but once again, I think that would be a legal determination as to, you know, what all needs to be updated.

MR. JONES: That's all I have, thank you.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Jones, I just have
a question for you. Assuming that Duke either
retains its generation assets or sells them off to an
affiliated company, do you think there's a conflict
between the auction process where Duke has a desire
to sell its generation capacity at market and the
Commission's requirements that Duke provide effective
peak demand in reduction and energy efficiency

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 1
     programs?
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                 THE WITNESS: As I said, I'm not involved
 3
     in the wholesale area of the company, I'm involved in
 4
     the retail area so I don't think I'm qualified or the
 5
     expert to answer that question on behalf of Duke
 6
     Energy-Ohio.
 7
                 EXAMINER STENMAN: Okay.
 8
                 Redirect?
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                 MS. WATTS: If I might have a moment,
     your Honor.
10
11
                 EXAMINER STENMAN:
                                     Sure.
12
                 (Discussion off the record.)
13
14
                      REDIRECT EXAMINATION
15
     By Ms. Watts:
16
                 Mr. Jones, would you turn to your
17
     testimony in this matter to Dan Jones Attachment 1,
     page 37 of 56, please.
18
19
                 Okay, I am there.
            Α.
20
                 And before I ask you a question about
            Q.
21
     that would you describe what this attachment is?
2.2
            Α.
                 Well, the particular section is a
23
     description of any joint advertising and/or joint
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marketing activities between the utility and

24

25

affiliate.

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Q. And is that partial -- is that a part of the amended corporate separation plan that you've attached --
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- A. Yes, this is part of -- the entire plan that's attached is the amended corporate separation plan.
- Q. And to be clear, what you just referred to me isn't where I'm trying to direct your attention, so perhaps we're on the wrong page here.
 - A. Okay.

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- Q. Would you look at page 37 of 56?
- A. I'll look at the exhibit you handed me, then.
 - Q. And, Mr. Jones, the page reference is at the very top of the page as opposed to on the bottom.
 - A. Okay. The page that had "37" is actually 39 of the exhibit. Okay.
- Q. All right. Do you now have page 37 of 56?
 - A. 37 of 56, I am there, thank you.
 - Q. And would you refer, please, to item No.
 6 on that page and take a moment to refresh your
 recollection about that.
 - A. Okay.
 - Q. In response to some questions by

Mr. Reese you indicated that you weren't sure in the corporate separation plan there was a reference to what protections would exist if the company were to allow its affiliate to participate in the competitive bid process; isn't that correct?

A. I did.

2.2

- Q. Does this help you recall where that would be in the corporate separation plan?
 - A. Yes, it does.
- Q. And could you describe how this would allow -- what about this provision would protect consumers against any subsidies, inappropriate subsidies?
- A. Well, basically the rule is that the, you know, Duke Energy-Ohio shall avoid anticompetitive subsidies flowing from the noncompetitive retail electric service to a competitive retail electric service, so in other words the distribution company remains the distribution company and the generation side of the business is strictly for generation.
- Q. And so Mr. Reese also asked you about sanctions that might be imposed, I believe. Would the imposition of sanctions or the withholding of sanctions constitute an improper subsidy that would be prohibited under the terms of this provision?

- A. As far as -- you're indicating -- let me understand the question here. You're indicating that the noncompetitive side of the company is --
- Q. Let me clarify my question because I don't think I phrased it very well.
 - A. Okay.

2.2

Q. Let's look at the hypothetical situation where the company has a competitive bid procurement and participating in that competitive bid is Duke Energy-Ohio as well as Duke Energy Retail. And let's further assume that Duke Energy Retail has conducted itself in such a way as to be subject to sanctions under the terms of the competitive bid rules.

Are you with me so far?

- A. Okay.
- Q. If Duke Energy-Ohio were not to impose those sanctions on its affiliate, would that be a violation of its corporate separation rules?
- A. In my humble businessperson opinion I would say yes. You know, I would go to my attorney and report that because that's what I'm required to do by my training if I'm ever aware of anything that looks like a violation.
- Q. And would you otherwise anticipate that Duke Energy-Ohio would consistently comply with all

corporate separation rules in the conduct of its competitive bid process?

A. Absolutely. That's what this plan is all about. The training that all of our employees take with regard to corporate separation, it has to remain separated.

MS. WATTS: Thank you. I have nothing further.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Recross?

MR. REESE: Yes, your Honor, I have a

11 question.

2.2

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RECROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Reese:

Q. Ms. Watts just referenced -- gave you a hypothetical concerning separations issues and sanctions. Is there anything in the material on page 37 of 56 that references sanctions?

A. Well, the purpose of this is that, in Ms. Watts' example, Duke Energy Retail cannot gain a competitive advantage from any actions of Duke Energy-Ohio, so I would think in general you can't be doing something different for the affiliate than what you're doing for all the other suppliers in the program.

Q. So which specific provision there would prevent Duke Energy-Ohio from giving unfair advantage by not administering sanctions?

2.2

- A. Well, as I said, I don't think it's specifically addressed, but as I read it the intent is there not to provide a competitive advantage, not to mix noncompetitive and competitive services.
- Q. So it's really not addressed in the corporate separation plan.

MS. WATTS: Objection. That's not what the witness testified.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Objection overruled.

THE WITNESS: Could you repeat the question, please?

(Record read.)

- A. You know, there's 56 pages here in this corporate separation plan and not that I have all those in my head, and I think to truly answer, you know, I'd have to really study it more closely.
- Q. Well, Mr. Jones, you sponsored the corporate separation plan, so you must be fairly familiar with it.
- A. I'm familiar with its intent. As I say, on the retail side of things my area has to follow it on a daily basis. And as I said, the purpose that

this is even in this case is just the reasons that I mentioned before.

Q. So at this point you can't provide me any direction as to specifically where anything regarding sanctions and their proper use or administration of sanctions, you can't provide me any specificity with the location --

THE REPORTER: I'm sorry, I couldn't hear you.

MR. REESE: Let me say it in English.

- Q. You can't point to any specific provision regarding sanctions.
- A. I can't point to any specific provision regarding sanctions, but I believe there's areas within this corporate separation plan in several places that indicate you can't be mixing the noncompetitive side with the competitive side. In other words, the regulated side of the company cannot provide a competitive advantage for the nonreg side.

MR. REESE: No further questions.

MR. YURICK: Nothing, your Honor, thank you.

MR. OLIKER: I have one question, your Honor.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Oliker:

2.2

- Q. Good morning, Mr. Jones.
- A. Good morning.
- Q. Based upon your understanding of Ohio's corporate separation requirements, do you believe it is appropriate for the generation side of Duke's business and Duke's shareholders to enjoy the financial benefits of the move to PJM and for Duke Energy-Ohio's distribution customers to be responsible for the costs of the Midwest ISO exit fees, PJM integration costs, and duplicative transmission costs?

MS. WATTS: And, your Honor, I object to this question, it's way beyond the scope of the direct and cross we've just had.

MR. OLIKER: Your Honor, he's testifying about the intent of the corporate separation plan, he's talking about providing competitive advantage, it's directly relevant to the line of redirect.

EXAMINER STENMAN: The objection will be overruled.

THE WITNESS: Could you repeat the question, please?

(Record read.)

MS. WATTS: And, your Honor, one additional objection to the question assumes facts not in evidence. If Mr. Oliker wants to state it as a hypothetical, we can go with it that way.

2.2

MR. OLIKER: I would put forward that the facts are in the evidence and if you look at IEU-Ohio Exhibits 1 through 6, 8, 9, and 10, that seems to be the company's position and -- but we would settle for a hypothetical answer as well.

EXAMINER STENMAN: The objection will be overruled. You can answer the question.

- A. Okay, from my perspective my answer would be maybe and maybe not, and in order to get an interpretation I would go to my legal area of the company to find out, you know, what violates corporate separation and what doesn't. I'm not here to interpret the corporate separation plan.
- Q. (By Mr. Oliker) Could you give a "yes" or "no" answer, please?
- A. My yes would be yes, I would go to my Legal department.
- MR. OLIKER: That's fine, your Honor. No further questions.
- 24 EXAMINER STENMAN: Thank you.
- MR. HART: Just a couple.

- -

CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Hart:

2.2

- Q. Mr. Jones.
- A. Yes.
 - Q. The paragraph that Ms. Watts pointed you to, paragraph 6 on page 37 of 56.
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Does that address your transactions between Duke Energy-Ohio generation business and Duke Energy Retail?
 - A. My understanding of this is that the noncompetitive retail electric service is the distribution company, Duke Energy-Ohio, Inc. I am not certain about whether you're talking about -- because you're talking about other subsidiaries of the company that are nonregulated subsidiaries, generation is and also Duke Energy Retail is.
 - Q. Right, that's the point of my question. You're saying the distribution business is subject to this, it cannot give the competitive advantage to the affiliate that's nonregulated.
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Is there anything else where in the corporate separation plan that governs transactions

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between Duke Energy-Ohio generation business and nonregulated affiliates?
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2.2

- A. That's something I'm not involved in on a daily basis, but our corporate separation plan does contain the service agreements among various entities at Duke Energy Corp., it may or may not be covered in there but I'm not prepared to speak to that.
- Q. Okay. One final thing. On page 11 of your testimony you address briefly this Rider SCR which the company proposes become nonbypassable under certain conditions. Could you reconcile for me making that rider nonbypassable with paragraph 6 on page 37 of 56 that prohibits subsidies between distribution and generation?

MS. WATTS: I'm sorry, I wasn't able to hear that whole question, I wonder if we could have it read back.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Can you read it back.

EXAMINER PIRIK: I think we need to use microphones, Mr. Hart.

(Record read.)

MS. WATTS: Your Honor, I object, first of all, because the question is way beyond the scope of the direct examination, and secondly, I don't think I could understand the question, I don't know

if the witness can or not.

2.2

EXAMINER STENMAN: Are you able to answer the question?

THE WITNESS: To a certain degree I can answer the question, yes.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Objection's overruled.

- A. Let me gather my thoughts together again. Repeat the question, if you would.
- Q. (By Mr. Hart) I'll try to. You've interpreted paragraph 6 on this page 37 of 56 as precluding the regulated side of the business from subsidizing the unregulated side of the business.

 I'm just asking how you reconcile that approach with the proposal that Rider SCR become nonbypassable under certain conditions.
- A. Well, first of all, I'm not the expert in that area, that would be someone from our Rates area that that question could have been asked of in previous days here at the hearing.

My general understanding, business understanding of this, is that Duke Energy-Ohio, Inc. is the provider of last resort so there are expenses associated with being the provider of last resort and if all else fails, Duke Energy-Ohio, Inc. has to find that generation, you know, to keep the lights on.

So from that perspective it is my understanding that there are certain nonbypassable riders that allow for that, you know, provider of last resort responsibility.

- Q. You understand that the costs that would go into Rider SCR are costs that arise from the generation business. That they would be collected from distribution customers that don't take generation service. Do you understand that?
 - A. Okay.

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Q. Could you answer with that fact in mind?

MS. WATTS: Your Honor, I object to that statement as an incorrect description of the rider.

EXAMINER STENMAN: It will be overruled. The witness is free to correct.

A. As far as Rider SCR, you know, I've seen it in the others' testimonies. I haven't been directly involved in it, so, you know, what methodologies are being used to allocate the costs, whether they be for a rider that's nonbypassable or bypassable, I haven't been involved in the methodology and calculations of how those costs get allocated.

MR. HART: That's all. Thank you.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Anything from staff?

744 1 MR. JONES: Nothing, your Honor. 2 EXAMINER STENMAN: Thank you, Mr. Jones. 3 THE WITNESS: Okay. Thank you. 4 MS. WATTS: Your Honor, we would move for 5 admission of Duke Energy-Ohio Exhibit 18. 6 EXAMINER STENMAN: Any objections? 7 (No response.) 8 EXAMINER STENMAN: Duke Energy-Ohio Exhibit 18 will be admitted. 9 MS. WATTS: Thank you. 10 11 (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.) 12 EXAMINER STENMAN: You can call your next 13 witness. 14 Thank you, your Honor. MS. SPILLER: 15 Duke Energy-Ohio would call as its final witness in 16 this proceeding, Mr. Keith Trent. 17 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Trent, please raise your right hand. 18 19 (Witness sworn.) 20 EXAMINER STENMAN: Thank you. 21 MS. SPILLER: Your Honor, I would ask 22 that Duke Energy-Ohio Exhibit No. 19 be reflected to 23 be the direct testimony of James E. Rogers filed in 24 this proceeding, and also, your Honor, that Duke

Energy-Ohio Exhibit 20 be reflected as the direct

745 1 testimony of B. Keith Trent in this proceeding. 2 EXAMINER STENMAN: They'll be so marked. 3 (EXHIBITS MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 4 MS. SPILLER: Your Honor, may I approach? 5 EXAMINER STENMAN: You may. 6 MS. SPILLER: Thank you. 7 8 B. KEITH TRENT 9 being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was examined and testified as follows: 10 11 DIRECT EXAMINATION 12 By Ms. Spiller: Q. Good morning, Mr. Trent. 13 14 A. Good morning. 15 Could you introduce yourself and state Q. 16 your name for the record, please. 17 Α. Yes, my name is Keith Trent. And what is your business address, sir? 18 Q. 19 526 South Church, Charlotte, North Α. 20 Carolina. 21 By whom are you employed, and in what capacity, please? 22 23 Employed by Duke Energy Business 24 Services, and I am a group executive and president of 25 the commercial businesses.

- Q. Mr. Trent, do you have in front of you two documents, the first of which has been labeled Duke Energy-Ohio Exhibit No. 19?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And could you identify that for the record, please?
- 7 A. That is the direct testimony of James E. 8 Rogers.
 - Q. And do you also have in front of you, sir, a document that has been identified as Duke Energy-Ohio Exhibit 20 to this proceeding?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And could you identify that for the record, please.
- 15 A. Yes, that's the direct testimony of B.
 16 Keith Trent.
 - Q. And, Mr. Trent, through Exhibit 20 do you adopt the direct testimony of Mr. Jim Rogers?
 - A. Yes, I do.
 - Q. And with regard to Exhibits 19 and 20, sir, do you have any changes to either of those direct testimonies?
- A. No, I do not.
- Q. And if you were asked the questions today, sir, that are set forth in Exhibits 19 and 20,

would your answers be the same today as set forth in those direct testimonies?

A. Yes, they would be.

MS. SPILLER: Thank you. Your Honor, the witness is available for cross-examination.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Thank you.

Mr. Petricoff?

MR. PETRICOFF: No questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Kurtz?

CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Kurtz:

- Q. Good morning, Mr. Trent.
- A. Good morning.
- Q. Very quickly, Mr. Rogers testified that he thought that reregulation would be a superior form of regulation versus an ESP or an MRO. Did I accurately paraphrase that?
 - A. Yes, I think so.
 - Q. Why is that, in your opinion?
- A. Well, in the environment that we're in today we're really in no man's land in that we're not operating as a fully merchant operation and we're subjected to really unlimited downside in the way we operate today, but we do have to stand ready to serve

such that if customers switch away from us today because market prices are lower, but then if market prices go up above our standard service offer rate they can switch back to us, not at the market rate but at the ESP rate.

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That asymmetry is I guess compounded by the SEET or the earnings test that's in place and so we're in a no man's land right now and what we've tried to do is to evaluate what are the options.

One is an MRO, one is reregulation, and as you probably know, our company as a whole is more regulated and dominated by regulated businesses, when I say "dominated," 75 percent of our businesses are regulated, it fits well with our shareholder value proposition and in general we think that that's a good system not only for shareholders, but also for customers because it provides more certainty and enables very efficient investment of capital in that we can get access to capital more cheaply, which I think is better for customers as well.

So I think the sort of overall certainty and the lower cost of being able to do business we think is good for customers and good for our shareholders.

Q. Since this testimony was filed there was

the announcement of the merger with Progress.

A. Right.

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- Q. Does the merger with Progress make your position on a reregulation more or less -- more or less compelling?
- A. You know, I'm not sure if it makes it more or less compelling. It certainly doesn't reduce the view that reregulation would be better. If the merger with Progress is closed, the percentage will go from 75/25 mix to about an 85/15 mix so we'll become even more regulated. But I would say it doesn't necessarily impact the view here.
- Q. This always puzzled me about the Rogers testimony and now your testimony, you say that you would prefer reregulation, but since you can't have it you're going to do the exact polar opposite and go to an MRO complete deregulation. Wasn't there an ESP alternative that was sort of closer to reregulation or more of a middle ground?
- A. Actually, we think the middle ground is the worst place to be for the reasons I've said, and we were not comfortable that we could get to a place in an ESP that would effectively take us out of the middle ground, because as far as we could tell that middle ground would always have an asymmetrical risk

concept in it that really was not a viable business model from our standpoint.

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So as we looked at it we said, you know, reregulation is something that would make sense to us and we would support. We don't think that we can get that under the current structure, so the best that we can do, we think right now, is to get into a more pure market situation where at least the risks -- we get out of this asymmetrical risk situation we're in now.

- Q. Didn't the first year of your ESP work okay?
- A. You know, the first year of the ESP the pricing began, you know, to drop at that point and so we started seeing switching. The financial impacts weren't as significant the first year, but clearly we started seeing the impacts of that switching.
- Q. What type of return on equity is Duke Energy-Ohio going to experience for 2010 as a result of all the switching and everything else that has happened, with the appropriate adjustments for the acquisition premium on Duke, et cetera, taking that into account?

MS. SPILLER: I'm just going to object to the extent our significantly excessive earnings for

2010 are not an issue in this proceeding.

MR. KURTZ: And I'm not trying to make them, I just want to understand the financial implications of reregulation versus MRO versus ESP.

EXAMINER STENMAN: The objection will be overruled.

- A. To be honest, I don't know what the ROEs are in '10 yet. You know, we haven't closed the books yet. I haven't seen the final earnings numbers and I haven't seen the runs on that, so I really don't have an answer for you in '10.
- Q. What were they for the first nine months? Any idea?
- A. I wasn't calculating ROEs in nine months. I tried to take a snapshot at more on an annualized basis, so I just don't know.
- Q. If you could redo your ESP and knowing what you know now about the precipitous decline in market pricing, what would you have done differently?

MS. SPILLER: Objection, your Honor.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Basis?

MS. SPILLER: Well, what we would have redone in an ESP that was approved by this Commission on December 17, 2008, is not relevant to the application before this Commission for approval of an

MRO effective January 1, 2012.

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MR. KURTZ: Let me restate it a little bit.

- Q. How could you have adjusted your current ESP to make it more like the reregulation that you testify to?
- A. You know, I'm not certain that we could, and I'm not going to profess to be deep in the details of ESP architecture, so I'm probably not the best witness to talk about this, but I'm not sure that we could.

You know, clearly the more nonbypassable sort of charges that are incorporated into an ESP the more you get a reduced risk for us. But as I appreciate it, there are limitations in that regard and so I'm not sure that there are any mechanisms that would really get us comfortable as I appreciate it under the ESP.

Q. If the Commission approved your application and you essentially went to a hundred percent market for your SSO load, the hundred percent auction and everyone would have a right to shop after two years and I guess five months. If market prices stay really low like where they are right now and your environmental costs continue to go up, market

prices stay low because natural gas stays low, the L and P clearing price stays low, wouldn't that -- your costs go up for environmental or fuel or other things, wouldn't that put you in a bad situation where you're --

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A. There's certainly responsibilities that under, you know, just a pure market based system that your returns in a given year time period could be lower than under other structures.

The difference, though, is this: If you look historically for folks in the merchant business, some years are very, very good and then some years are not as good, and those, you know, those peaks help to justify the valleys, if you will, in terms of returns.

Also, you're in a position to evaluate risk on a longer term basis with more, I guess more of a pure business model so you also have flexibility in terms of how you want to manage that investment and, you know, whether you want to, for example, take some money off the bed, if you will, or not.

And so it's in part more about a long-term view and it's in part about flexibility to be able to deal with your assets in an efficient way.

Q. If your application is granted, do you

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expect to build any new baseload plants in Ohio that would be owned by -- well, just new baseload plants in Ohio?
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A. You know, it will depend on market conditions. What I would tell you is that we're finding it's very difficult to build new plants in nonregulated jurisdictions absent the availability of long-term power purchase agreements to backstop those. I really don't see much being built at all in Ohio today, and I think that's in part because of the uncertainty that exists here in the regulatory environment.

And so difficult to say what we would or wouldn't do and we would have to understand, you know, what the market looks like going forward, but it is difficult to build here. We are building, in our other jurisdictions, as I said, where we have regulated jurisdictions. We're also building renewables across the United States and those are in nonregulated jurisdictions but they're typically backed by long-term power purchase agreements.

So it depends on what the market's willing to do and what's available to us.

MR. KURTZ: Thank you, Mr. Trent.
Thank you, your Honors.

755 1 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Hayden, did you 2 have any questions for this witness? 3 MR. HAYDEN: I'm sorry. I do not. 4 EXAMINER STENMAN: OCC? 5 MS. HOTZ: No. EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Yurick? 6 7 MR. YURICK: I do have a few, your Honor, 8 if I might. 9 10 CROSS-EXAMINATION 11 By Mr. Yurick: 12 Q. Good morning, sir. 13 Α. Good morning. How are you? A little cold here in Ohio, 14 Q. 15 hopefully the weather is a little better where you 16 are. 17 Α. I think it's about the same but I think I've brought a cold with me, unfortunately. 18 19 Well, take that back when you leave, Q. 20 okay? 21 Okay, I'll do that. Α. 2.2 Q. Sir, you refer to the current regulatory 23 environment as a "no man's land"; is that right? 24 Α. Yes. 25 Q. Okay. And in your position are you

familiar with Duke's financial position generally?

- A. That's a pretty broad question.
- Q. Well, you can answer it broadly.
- A. At a high level I am. I'm certainly not the CFO, so . . .
- Q. I understand. But are you generally familiar with the financial condition of Duke Energy-Ohio at least if they were distressed or if they were about to file for, say, bankruptcy or something of that nature, you'd know about it, right?
 - A. I would hope so.
 - Q. So that's a "yes"?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And are you generally familiar with the position of Duke Energy-Ohio's competitors here in Ohio?
 - A. At a much, much higher level.
- Q. Let me ask you this: If one of those utilities were in financial distress or was not making an adequate return on its assets to the point where it was going to file bankruptcy or go under, you'd probably know about that, wouldn't you?
 - A. I don't know if I would or wouldn't.
- Q. Okay. Let me ask you this: Do you know at this point whether any Ohio utilities are in

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     financial distress or about to file bankruptcy? Do
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     you have any knowledge that that's going to occur?
                 MS. SPILLER: Objection, your Honor.
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     This is well outside the scope of Mr. Trent's direct
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     examination.
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                 MR. YURICK: He's testified that the
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     current regulatory regime in Ohio is a no man's land
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     and I just want to explore the wilderness, your
 9
    Honor.
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                 EXAMINER STENMAN: The objection will be
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     overruled.
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                 MR. YURICK:
                              Thank you.
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            Α.
                 Can you repeat the question?
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                 MR. YURICK: Could the court reporter
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    please read the question back?
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                 (Record read.)
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            Α.
                 I don't have any knowledge of that.
                 Okay. Do you think you would have
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            Q.
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     knowledge of that in your position if that were a
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     condition that was going to occur?
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            Α.
                 Not necessarily.
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            Q.
                 Let me ask you specifically, do you know
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    whether AEP made money with their ESP plan?
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                 MS. SPILLER: Your Honor, again,
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objection.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Overruled.

- A. I have not studied AEP's financials, I have not heard that they didn't make money and I have heard that their returns have been reported as being good.
- Q. "Good" meaning, in the opinion of some, maybe the Ohio Commission, even significantly excessive?
- A. I haven't studied any actions with respect to AEP that come out of the Ohio Commission.
- Q. Okay. But you would agree with the general statement that it is possible for a utility to make money in Ohio's current regulatory regime.
- A. What I would say is historically that is the case --
- Q. I'm sorry, sir. Really this is my -- I don't mean to cut you off. You can explain your question but if you would answer the question "yes" or "no" first and then go ahead and explain. I don't mean to be impolite.
- A. I don't think that's a "yes" or "no" question, to be honest with you. What I was going to say was --
 - Q. Hang on one second.

 MR. YURICK: Could the court reporter

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1 read the question back, please?
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MS. SPILLER: Mark, the witness is entitled to --

EXAMINER STENMAN: Ms. Spiller, do you have an objection?

MS. SPILLER: I do have an objection in that Mr. Trent is certainly entitled to answer the question and if he can't answer it with a "yes" or "no" then he can so describe that to Mr. Yurick.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Let's read the question back. Let's start again.

(Record read.)

MR. YURICK: And I do not mean to cut the witness's answer off, I just would like him to answer does he agree with that statement generally "yes" or "no."

EXAMINER STENMAN: Please answer the question, you'll have an opportunity on redirect to ask additional questions.

- A. Could you clarify in terms of whether we're looking historically or in the future?
 - Q. (By Mr. Yurick) Historically.
- A. Historically I think that certainly I can speak on behalf of Duke's experience here, and we have been able to make a profit here historically.

- Q. So Duke Energy-Ohio has made a profit here in Ohio, correct?
 - A. Historically.

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- Q. Historically. And, in fact, Duke, the parent company, is also doing fairly well, aren't they?
 - A. Hard to define "fairly well." I mean, we're pleased with the results that we saw this year so far. I haven't seen the final numbers.
 - Q. For example, though, Duke, your parent company, did make or has made an offer to buy Progress Energy for a substantial amount of money; isn't that correct?
 - A. No, not a substantial amount of money. It's a share transaction where new shares will be issued.
 - Q. And those shares have value, correct?

 MS. SPILLER: Your Honor, I'm sorry,
 we've gone beyond the hinterland here in Ohio to now
 corporate structures in Charlotte which are well
 beyond the scope of the direct testimony in this
 case.
 - MR. YURICK: I apologize. My understanding of this witness's testimony is that now and into the future it's going to be very difficult

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for a company to make money under Ohio's current regulatory no man's land, and I think I should be able to demonstrate for the record that both North Carolina and Duke Energy the parent are doing fairly well.
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EXAMINER STENMAN: The objection will be overruled.

THE WITNESS: And I'm sorry, I can't remember the question now.

MR. YURICK: I'm not sure I can either.

Could I get a little help.

(Record read.)

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- A. Yeah, and I was just trying to distinguish within between a cash deal because sometimes deals are cash deals and typically when I think of money, I think of cash. But I mean yeah, these shares, new shares will be issued I think at an exchange ratio of 2.6125.
- Q. And do you have any idea what a ballpark figure for the amount of the offer would be?
- A. In terms of just the equity piece, I think it's in the range of \$13 billion.
 - O. 13 billion with a "B".
- A. Yes. And that's in shares, just the market cap value of progress is in that same range,

very low premium deal, so it's consistent with what the market is kind of valuing them at.

MR. YURICK: I appreciate your candor and your answers and I have no further questions of this witness at this time. Thank you very much, sir.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Oliker?

MR. OLIKER: Thank you, your Honor.

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CROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Oliker:

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- Q. Good morning, Mr. Trent.
- 12 A. Good morning.
 - Q. In preparing your testimony and preparation for cross-examination today what documents did you review?
 - A. I looked at the testimony of Mr. Rogers and my testimony. I also looked very briefly at some TRC-related documents, I think all of which have already been marked as exhibits as I appreciate it. And I looked very briefly at a couple of letters between me and John Bear.
 - Q. Okay. So I assume you also looked at the Duke Energy-Ohio responses to interrogatories and requests for production of documents in this proceeding?

- A. No, I did not.
- Q. Okay. I believe you have some documents in front of you right now, IEU-Ohio Exhibits 1 through 5. I believe they're 1 through 5A, actually.
 - A. Okay.

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- Q. Are you familiar with those documents? You just mentioned them a moment ago.
- A. Well, I didn't mention all of them, I said some of the documents. Let me see.

I'm familiar with 1A and 2A. 3A I've seen. I can't recall whether I have seen this before this proceeding. I may or may not have. 4A I am familiar with. 5A I believe I've seen, yes.

- Q. So, Mr. Trent, are these the documents, the transaction review committee relied upon to support its recommendations to exit the Midwest ISO and join PJM?
- A. Certainly the White Papers and the PowerPoint are things that the TRC had in front of them and looked at, you know, I wouldn't say that we relied on every aspect of what's in there but this is information that was presented to us during the review.
- Q. Are there any other documents that you relied upon in making that decision to exit the

Midwest ISO?

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- A. Not documents that I remember.
- Q. Would you agree that the business case to evaluate whether to exit the Midwest ISO and join PJM was an integrated analysis that evaluated EBITDA and after tax discounted cash flow on a total company basis rather than discrete business units?

MS. SPILLER: I'm sorry, can I have that question read back, I couldn't hear it.

(Record read.)

MS. SPILLER: Thank you.

- Q. And to clarify, "EBITDA" means earnings before tax, depreciation, and amortization.
- A. Yeah. I didn't view this as -- here's how I viewed it being presented to us. We had a joint presentation from the Transmission and Distribution function and from the Generation function presenting to us together a series of issues relating to different topics including benefits to the customers, including design features of the markets, and also giving us a potential scenario in terms of financial impacts that are included in the White Paper.

So it was much broader than I interpret your question.

- Q. But you did review the total company impact; is that correct?
 - A. We reviewed what was in the White Paper.
- Q. Moving on. Is it correct that Duke Energy-Ohio requested approval from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission to withdraw from the Midwest ISO in Docket No. ER10-1562-000?
- A. You know, I can't remember the docket number but I'll take your word for it. But we did make a filing at FERC.
- Q. Are you aware that in the course of the pleadings that were filed at FERC some correspondence between the Midwest ISO and Duke was included?
 - A. I think that I was aware of that, yes.

MR. OLIKER: Your Honors, I'd like to mark for identification as IEU-Ohio Exhibit 12 the Duke Energy answer and motion for leave answer that Duke filed, and Duke Energy-Kentucky filed on August 10th, 2010 to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

EXAMINER STENMAN: It will be so marked.

(EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.)

- O. Mr. Trent?
- A. Yes.

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Q. Is IEU-Ohio Exhibit 12 a complete and

- accurate copy of Duke Energy's answered motion for leave to answer that Duke Energy-Ohio and Duke Energy-Kentucky filed on August 10th, 2010, at the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission?
 - A. It appears to be. I was not directly involved with the process of this and I don't know that I've ever reviewed the filing that was actually made, but it appears to be.
 - Q. Could you please turn to Attachment A in that document.
 - A. Sure. Okay.

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- Q. Is the letter from John Bear dated May 4, 2010, that was included in IEU-Ohio Exhibit 12 a complete and accurate copy of the letter you received from John Bear?
 - A. Yes, it appears to be.
- Q. And if you look at Attachment B in that exhibit, is the letter dated May 14, 2010, a complete and accurate copy of the letter that was sent to Mr. Bear in response to his May 4th, 2010, letter?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Did you have any further communications with Mr. Bear after the May 4th letter other than your letter in response?
 - A. I do not recall having any further

conversations with him.

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- Q. Did Mr. Bear make any further communications to you after the May 4th letter?
 - A. I do not believe so.
- Q. Are you familiar with Ohio's corporate separation requirements for electric utilities?
- A. At a very high level, but not in any detail, no.
- Q. Are you familiar with Duke Energy-Ohio's corporate separation plan that's been approved by the PUCO?
- A. Again, I'm aware that one exists. I'm aware that is a significant amount of training and emphasis on making that sure that it is complied with. But I don't have knowledge of its details.
- Q. Are you familiar with Duke Energy-Ohio's pending corporate separation plan?
- A. Again, I would say the same thing. I'm aware of the fact that there were reviews of that going on but I'm not aware of the specific details.
- Q. How did you become familiar with the corporate separation plans?
- A. Just at a high level understanding that there was a plan in existence. I can't recall how I first became aware that there was one.

- Q. And have you received any formal training on Duke Energy-Ohio's corporate separation requirements under Ohio law?
- A. You know, I believe that I have. I can't recall specifically. I get a lot of training in terms of, you know, FERC and state codes of conduct and standards of conduct and making sure that we are complying with all state and federal laws. As I sit here today I can't tell you specifically, but I expect that I have.
- Q. Can you give me a ballpark time of the last time you had training?
- 13 A. I can't.

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- MR. OLIKER: I have no further questions, your Honor.
- 16 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Hart?
- MR. HART: Yes, thank you.

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19 CROSS-EXAMINATION

20 By Mr. Hart:

- Q. Mr. Trent, could you explain a little about what businesses you manage, you said I believe you're in charge of the commercial businesses.
- A. Sure. They fall -- there are five pockets. One is the midwest generation business, one

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is our international business which is primarily in
Latin America and primarily there and Brazil and
Peru. One is our renewables business which is
focused right now on wind and solar.
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We also have what we call an on site business where we're building generation, building and/or operating generation inside the fence of customers for customers. And then we also have a small telecom business.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Just a second.

Mr. Trent, is your microphone on?

THE WITNESS: I don't know.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Here, why don't you pass it over. There you go.

THE WITNESS: Thanks.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Thank you.

THE WITNESS: It is now.

- Q. One of the businesses you mentioned was midwest generation. As I understand it that's a component of Duke Energy-Ohio?
- A. It, from a corporate structure standpoint, falls under Duke Energy-Ohio, yes.
- Q. Do you have any responsibility for Duke Energy-Ohio outside of the generation business?

A. No.

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- Q. Okay. Do you also have responsibility for Duke Energy Retail Sales?
 - A. That is under the umbrella, yes.
- Q. Okay. And both midwest generation and Duke Energy Retail are managed by Mr. Whitlock; is that correct?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. He reports directly to you?
- A. He does.
- Q. Are you familiar with the ESP case that

 Duke filed in 2008?
 - A. Generally familiar, yes.
- Q. And do you understand how the pricing was established under that plan?
- 15 A. You know, only at a very, very high level.
 - Q. Tell me the extent of your understanding, then. What was that high level?
 - A. My understanding is that there was -there were submissions that addressed pricing and
 that based on that an ESP price was established.
 - Q. Okay. Are you familiar with the concept that the pricing was no longer cost based?
- A. My understanding under the ESP is that
 the price should be in the aggregate better than the

- MRO. Is that -- does that help or not?
- Q. I think we're talking about two different things.
 - A. Okay.

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- Q. You understand in a rate of return regime that Mr. Rogers' testimony addresses is that generation rates would actually be based on costs.
- A. Correct. No; I understand that, and I understand that ESP doesn't have that cost.
- Q. In the ESP it's based on market principles, correct?
 - A. Market principles as I appreciate it modified by the statutory regime that's been established within the MRO.
 - Q. Okay. If we go back to 2008, fair to say that Duke Energy-Ohio was not experiencing very much competition for generation service in Ohio?
 - A. Did you say in 2008 --
 - Q. Yes.
 - A. -- or prior to?
 - I cannot remember how much load had switched by 2008. I just can't remember specifically. It's certainly not anywhere near what we're experiencing today.
 - Q. If there was any, it was fairly minor; is

that fair?

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- A. I don't know.
- Q. How about prior to 2008?
- A. You know, prior to 2008 I don't have great knowledge either but I know that there have been various swings along the way where there's been more switching at certain times and less switching at other times, and, you know, I think at times switching approached, as I appreciate it, in the 20 percent kind of range which, as I appreciate it, is sort of a mark that has been recognized as a level at which competition is ongoing and effective.
- Q. Okay. But you understand that in the ESP case Duke's rates were set based on a theoretical competitive price that was presented by expert testimony.
- A. My understanding is that the price was set based on expert testimony.
- Q. Okay. And at that time Duke's ESP price was below market, correct?
 - A. At the time that it was set?
 - Q. Yes.
 - A. I'm not sure.
- Q. Okay. Today the market has dropped so that the market price is below Duke's price, correct?

A. That is correct.

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- Q. So when you talk about this customer option, you're saying that the customer can select Duke's ESP service or they can go to a market provider, correct?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. And when the market price was above Duke's ESP price, that customer option was underwater, right?
- A. Yeah, at that given point in time the option would have been, yes.
- Q. Kind of like a stock option if the strike price is higher than the market price, there's no reason to exercise the option.
- A. Yeah, the difference is in a stock situation someone's paying for the option, and I don't think that anyone's paying for the option here.
- Q. Are there not components of the ESP price to compensate Duke for standby capacity?
- A. You know, not that are fair in our opinion, no.
- Q. So Duke accepted an unfair deal in the ESP case?
- MS. SPILLER: Objection.
 - A. You know the ESP case --

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                 EXAMINER STENMAN: Hold on.
                 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry.
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                 EXAMINER STENMAN: Do you have an
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     objection?
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                 MS. SPILLER: I do have an objection.
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     think we're getting well beyond into, now we're
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    talking about the terms of an ESP, to borrow from
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    Mr. Jones's commentary yesterday, that were part of a
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     stipulated recommendation or a stipulated settlement
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     that was approved by this Commission. The assumption
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     that there was one concession taken out of context
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     regarding prices doesn't give credence to the other
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     elements of that stipulation, so I think this is an
     improper characterization of the ESP and all of its
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    pricing components.
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                 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Hart.
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                 MR. HART: I'm just exploring the
    background of Duke's position in this case that the
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     terms of the ESP are no longer viable for it.
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                 EXAMINER STENMAN: The objection will be
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    overruled.
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            Α.
                 Okay. I apologize. Could you read that
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     last question?
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                 Let me just rephrase it.
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Α.

Okay.

- Q. Is it your testimony that Duke accepted what it felt was an unfair deal in the ESP case?
- A. You know, at the time I think that Duke was comfortable with the overarching package. There were certainly, I would think, components of that package that we didn't like and there were components of the package that we did like, but from an overarching standpoint we felt that that was a reasonable thing for us to do at the time.

You know, the market and the environment, though, has changed dramatically since then and we're in a really different place now.

- Q. Okay. Let's talk about that. Now the market price is below the ESP price, correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. And so the customer option is now in the money.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And many customers have opted to switch to alternative suppliers, correct?
 - A. They have, yes.
 - Q. And one of those alternative suppliers is Duke Retail, isn't it?
- A. Correct.
 - Q. Okay. And I think -- let me ask, have

- you been present for any of the prior sessions of this hearing?
 - A. Yes, I have been present for portions.
 - Q. When were you here?
 - A. Did we start on Tuesday or Monday?
 - Q. It seems like a long time but it was only Tuesday.
 - A. Tuesday. I was here Tuesday and Wednesday, I think most of the time, and then I was not here yesterday.
- 11 Q. So you were here when Mr. Whitlock
 12 testified.
- 13 A. Yes, I was.

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- Q. Okay. You understand that approximately 60 percent of Duke's load has moved to alternative suppliers?
- 17 A. Correct.
 - Q. And of that 60 percent about 60 percent of them are served by Duke Retail?
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. Okay. Now, when those customers shift, when that load shifted from Duke Energy-Ohio, is it fair to say Duke Energy-Ohio continued to produce power and sell that to market?
 - A. Yes, our generation plants continued to

run.

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- Q. And you were able to sell that at prevailing market prices?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And in this case where you're seeking to go to a market rate offer, are those the same prevailing prices that Duke would sell its power at?
 - A. You mean are they the same today.
- Q. Not necessarily the same numbers, but the same process establishes what those prices are?
- A. They could be. I mean, you know, if you have -- if you're able to go fully to market, you can choose to sell, you know, on the market, I suppose you could also potentially enter into some long-term bilateral contracts that might have a different type of market price, it's to be market based but it might be a bit different.

But certainly on a go-forward base you would be serving -- generating and selling your power on the market.

- Q. Okay. So the fact that the customer has an option to switch has not impaired Duke

 Energy-Ohio's ability to sell its power at market,
 has it?
- A. Well, it has impaired our ability to act

as a true market participant for the reasons I've already said. First of all, you know, we got this ability to switch, which is good for customers, but we have the standby obligation so if the market changes and the price goes above market, above -- if the market price goes above our ESP and they switch back to us, not at market but at the ESP, so we have this standby obligation.

If we're fully market, we would not have this standby obligation and we would be able to take advantage of those upward market swings as well as the downward market swings.

When I said "no man's land," what I'm talking about is that today you're subjected to the down sides of the market, but you really don't have full ability to take advantage of the up sides of the market, and that feels like no man's land to me.

- Q. And the reason you don't have an up side is because of the SEET test?
- A. Well, a combination. One, the SEET test, and then two, the fact that customers can switch back and you're required to serve at this ESP price as opposed to at the market price.
- Q. Okay. Now, in the proposed auction process is it true that bidders who participate in

that process are also going to take on the obligation to serve customers who have switched away from Duke?

- A. I think that's correct, yes.
- Q. So that same standby requirement is present for anyone who wants to participate.
- A. Yes, and they're going to determine how much of that they want, right, whereas today we don't really have an opportunity to determine how much of that we want.
- Q. Well, when you say how much of that they want, they can select the number of tranches they bid on.
 - A. Correct.

- Q. But with each tranche comes that return risk, doesn't?
- A. Yeah, and so they can decide if they want one tranche or if they want a lot more tranches.
- Q. But if they pick one tranche currently there's a risk that 2-1/2 times the current load would come back to them.
- A. Yeah, I'll have to do the math. I think you and Mr. Whitlock were doing the math on this before and I would trust his math probably more than my own.
 - Q. Well, let's briefly repeat that. You're

currently serving 40 percent of wired load, correct?

A. Right.

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- Q. So if all the load came back and you had a hundred percent, that's 2-1/2 times today's load.
 - A. Correct.
- Q. So all the bidders in the auction are taking on that risk that the load would return to them.
- A. I think you're right. I only give that caveat in that, you know, I haven't studied the auction parameters that deeply, but I don't have any reason to disagree with your math there.
- Q. Okay. And one way that Duke corporate has responded to the change in the market price is to have Duke Retail go out and market to Duke Energy-Ohio's customers, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And Duke Energy Retail is free to sell at prevailing market price even if it includes Duke Energy-Ohio's ESP price.
- A. If the market -- yeah. They're free to sell at market you're saying?
 - O. Yes.
- A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. They don't have any regulatory

- boundaries as to the prices they can charge.
- 2 A. Not that I'm aware of.
- 3 Q. Okay. Were you here for
- 4 Mr. Whitlock's -- you were here for Mr. Whitlock's testimony.
 - A. I was.
 - Q. Are you familiar with how much of Duke Energy-Ohio's -- strike that -- Duke Energy Retail generation service is obtained through bilateral agreements with Duke Energy-Ohio?
 - A. I'm not.
- 12 Q. You've not discussed that with
- 13 Mr. Whitlock?

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- 14 A. I don't believe so.
- 15 Q. Okay.
- MR. HART: That's all I have. Thank you.
- 17 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Jones, Mr. Beeler?
- 18 MR. JONES: No questions, your Honor.
- 19 EXAMINER STENMAN: At this point let's
- 20 take a about 15-minute break and we'll come back with
- 21 redirect.
- MS. SPILLER: Thank you, your Honor.
- 23 (Recess taken.)
- 24 EXAMINER JONES: Redirect?
- MS. SPILLER: Thank you, your Honor.

Just briefly.

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By Ms. Spiller

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

Q. Mr. Trent, both Mr. Kurtz and Mr. Yurick were asking you questions about financial circumstances, profitability of companies here in Ohio. Focusing first on Duke Energy-Ohio, are you comfortable in a going-forward position or forward-looking with regard to Duke Energy-Ohio's earnings and earnings profile?

A. No, we are not. As we look forward, especially in the '12 through '14 time range, the returns that we're projecting are well below what we would expect from a regulated rate of return. And in a market such as this where you have the risks that you have, we would expect to be earning several hundred basis points above a regulated return, and that's not what we're seeing for this business.

Q. More specifically with regard to
Mr. Yurick's line of questioning, he was asking you
to compare and contrast the Ohio electric
distribution utilities. Do you know, sir, the
percentage of switching that the other distribution
utilities experience in their respective territories?

- A. No, I do not.
- Q. Do you know, sir, whether any of the Ohio distribution utilities perhaps have large fuel deferrals?
 - A. I do not know.
- Q. Do you know, sir, the extent of the nonbypassable charges that those other distribution utilities may have?
 - A. I do not know.
- Q. Mr. Trent, do you still have in front of you the IEU exhibit which is Duke Energy's answer and motion for relief to answer that was filed at the FERC?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. With regard to what was Attachment B to that filing, that is the letter that you sent to John Bear of the Midwest ISO, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And on the date that you sent that letter, Mr. Trent, had Jim Rogers approved the recommendation from the transaction review committee for Duke Energy-Ohio to withdraw from the Midwest ISO?
- A. He had not in writing approved, but he had indicated to me that he was comfortable with the

decision to transfer.

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- Q. And Mr. Hart was asking you, sir, about Duke Energy-Ohio's generation business and the fact that it has the ability today to sell generation at the market. Do you recall his questions?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And although Duke Energy-Ohio may have the ability to sell its generation into the market today, are there any constraints with that ability?
- A. Yes. In the situation we are today we do not have the flexibility or ability to consider and enter into long-term contracts which is something we definitely would want to consider and have the opportunity to do, and in fact in other parts of our nonregulated business we do enter into long-term contracts as part of our business strategy.

MS. SPILLER: Thank you, sir.

No further questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Recross?

MR. HAYDEN: No thank you.

MR. KURTZ: No, your Honor.

MR. YURICK: I just have a couple.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Sure.

RECROSS-EXAMINATION

By Mr. Yurick:

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- Q. Good morning, again.
- A. Yes.
- Q. You just testified on redirect that you expect that Duke Energy-Ohio should make profits or a rate of return several hundred basis points above a regulated rate, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Are you familiar with other distribution units within Duke Energy, the parent?
- A. Yes, generally. Well, the rest of our companies are actually integrated, so we don't operate as distribution units. They're integrated, vertically integrated utilities.
 - Q. Okay. So --
- A. Other than the businesses that are in my shop, but my commercial businesses don't have distribution businesses.
- Q. Okay. Are you familiar generally with the rates of return of other distribution companies in, I think you said you weren't necessarily familiar with rates of return for other distribution companies in Ohio, correct?
 - A. Yes. But if I could clarify, when I was

talking about unacceptable returns, I'm talking about on the generation assets. I don't know if that helps you or not.

- Q. Okay. It helps me look dumb, but --
- A. That was not the intention.
- Q. Well, it's not hard.

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Okay, so let me ask it this way, okay, on the generation side, I guess you said that your other businesses are integrated so you don't really have generation arms; is that right?

- A. I do have other generation arms on the commercial side. I don't have distribution.
- Q. So you have -- how many other generation businesses do you have?
- A. Primarily two. I've got the renewables business which is wind and solar, about a thousand megawatts of wind and approximately 20 megawatts of solar, and then we've got an international business that has got 4,000 megawatts.
- Q. And are those concentrated in a region or are those nationwide or, what's the geographic area where the generation assets are?
- A. The international are in seven countries but the bulk of the generation is in Brazil and Peru.
 - Q. Any nonrenewable generation in the United

States?

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- A. Midwest generation.
- Q. Okay. And where does that operate?
- A. The midwest generation operates primarily here in Ohio.
- Q. Okay. And the renewable arm, is that geographically centered also or not?
- A. No, it's not geographically centered.

 It's probably focused more in the west but we also have generation in the east.
- Q. Okay. Are you familiar with the rates of return of other electric generation companies in Ohio?
 - A. Not specifically, no.
 - Q. Are you familiar with the rates of return of generation companies in other states?
 - A. Well, certainly the generation that I've referenced.
 - Q. Okay.
 - A. And I would say that what state you're in doesn't dictate what kind of return that you expect.

 And I would say that's across our industry. What returns expectations are driven by more are risk profiles.
 - Q. But isn't a state regulatory regime part

of your risk profile?

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- A. Sure.
- Q. Okay. So it does have an impact, wouldn't you agree?
 - A. It has an impact.
- Q. And I guess what I'm -- if I could just have a second.

Let me ask it this way: What rates of return are you currently realizing on your renewables business?

A. I'd feel more comfortable giving you a range because this is competitive information, but I think I can give you a range.

First of all, I would say to you that the return on equity unlevered is several hundred basis points above a regulated rate of return, and with regulated rate of returns I'm comparing with what we have in our regulated returns which range from 10-1/2 to 11-1/2 percent. So several hundred basis points above that, and on a levered basis they actually get into the mid to high teens, and those returns are returns we expect, even though we have long-term 20 to 25-year power purchase agreements backstopping those with very strong creditworthy customers.

Q. But just so we're clear, in terms of

your -- when you say your other regulated returns, those are returns on combined companies, not generation only.

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- A. They're vertically integrated companies, correct.
- Q. So you don't have another company in the Duke portfolio of companies that is exactly like the midwest generation.
- A. No. I've got companies that have actually lower risk profiles that I'm requiring them to earn even more.
- Q. I understand you want to explain your answer, but you don't have -- you don't have any specific generation companies to compare Ohio's returns against.
- A. I think that I do. I mean, I think all of the other companies that are generation companies I compare against the Ohio generation.
- Q. So you're comparing the renewables business against Ohio generation?
- A. Absolutely. What I compare is relative risk to expected returns. And I look at the renewables business on that basis, I look at the midwest GEN on that basis as well.
 - Q. And these other, the vertically

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integrated companies, you look at that too?
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- A. The vertically integrated companies are simply, I guess a mark that you look at in terms of typically those are viewed as the lowest risk profile in our company. And so --
- Q. Why do you say they're the lowest risk profile in your company?
- A. Well, because you're not really exposed to merchant risk and market risk. It's a regulated monopoly.
- MR. YURICK: I don't think I have any further questions of this witness at this point.

 Thanks.
- 14 EXAMINER STENMAN: Thank you.
- MR. OLIKER: No further questions, your

16 Honor.

MR. HART: Just a few.

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CROSS-EXAMINATION

20 By Mr. Hart:

- Q. Mr. Trent, your counsel asked you about your ability to enter into long-term contracts. If in the context we're talking here are you talking about long-term contracts to sell power?
- 25 A. Yes.

Q. Correct me if I'm wrong, but a long-term contract would fix the pricing for some period of time?

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- A. It could fix it. You could be, you know, have some sort of indexing or other floating parameters.
- Q. Okay. Now, it's true that Duke Energy-Ohio's not prohibited from entering into long-term contracts, only if it does so it's at the risk of having to supply power to returning customers.
- A. What I would say is it pretty much binds our hands because of the risk associated with doing that, and I would tell you it effectively takes away that option for us in the way that we view the business.
- Q. Because if you sell your capacity to some other party, you have to acquire capacity to supply those customers if they come back.
- A. Capacity and energy from my perspective in terms of what I'm thinking about. Maybe in the scenario I have customers coming back, maybe that's correct.
- Q. Is it your view that the competitive market prices are bottomed out right now?

A. I hope so. I don't know. What I would tell you is that gas prices have I think primarily been the driver for power prices and certain of the shale gas phenomenon has driven gas prices very, very low, and my sense is that the cost of production for shale gas is such that you would not expect gas prices to drop too much from where they have been in the last several months or last couple years I would say.

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- Q. Isn't one of the fundamental premises of this case is that Duke predicts an up market over the next few years?
- A. There's certainly been testimony that, from Mr. Rose, that you could see a convergence of the market price to our ESP price, I think he's also said that there's a plausible scenario where the market prices could remain below the ESP price out in the 2014 time frame. But under either of the scenarios you are seeing some trend toward an upward movement in price.
- Q. Is it fair to say that a long-term contract in the market doesn't make a lot of sense if it's not tied to market price?
- A. Well, I mean a long-term contract very much can make sense. I mean, you know, you can set

different parameters of the pricing. I mean, the near-term pricing, you can set different near-term and long-term, you can do some sort of averaging.

You can have all kind of contracting constructs and so long-term contracts still can make sense in these pricing environments.

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- Q. Yes, but you wouldn't want to do it at current prices.
- A. I don't think you'd lock in current prices for a long term.
- Q. Okay. And just one final question. What Duke really wants out of this case is the opportunity to sell power at prices that end up being higher than its current ESP price, correct?
- A. I think what Duke wants to do in this case is to get out of what I described as this no man's land where we can go to a fully merchant position and in that position we can have the flexibility to operate as a merchant operator, including making decisions about the level of investment.
- Q. The scenario where market prices rise above Duke's ESP price, Duke wants the opportunity to sell at those market prices if that happens, correct?
 - A. You would want the opportunity to benefit

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from upward movements in price knowing that you are exposed to potential downward movements in price.
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- Q. And as you discussed earlier, as long as the market price is less than Duke's ESP price, Duke is still free to sell at market prices.
- A. I would say not on a long-term basis we're effectively not, no.
- Q. But what you cannot do is sell before the ESP price.
 - A. Today?
 - O. Correct. Under --
- 12 A. Under ESP?
 - Q. Yes.

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A. That's my understanding.

MR. HART: Thank you. That's all I have.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Anything from staff?

MR. JONES: No questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Thank you, Mr. Trent.

THE WITNESS: Thank you.

MS. SPILLER: Your Honor, Duke

Energy-Ohio would move for admission into evidence
Duke Energy-Ohio Exhibit No. 19, which is the direct
testimony of James E. Rogers filed on November 15,
2010, as well as Exhibit No. 20, the direct testimony

of B. Keith Trent filed in this proceeding on January

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    4, 2011.
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                 EXAMINER STENMAN: Any objections to the
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    admission of Duke 19 or 20?
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                 (No response.)
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                 EXAMINER STENMAN: They'll be admitted.
                 (EXHIBITS ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
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                 MS. SPILLER: Thank you, your Honor.
                 MR. OLIKER: IEU-Ohio would move to admit
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    IEU-Ohio Exhibit 12 into evidence.
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                 EXAMINER STENMAN: Any objections?
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                 MS. SPILLER: No, your Honor.
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                 EXAMINER STENMAN: IEU 12 will also be
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    admitted.
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                 (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
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                 EXAMINER STENMAN: Does this complete
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    your direct case?
                 MS. SPILLER: Yes, your Honor, it does,
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    thank you.
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                 EXAMINER STENMAN: Thank you.
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                 FirstEnergy, are your witnesses
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    available?
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                 MR. KUTIK: Yes, your Honor, they are.
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                 EXAMINER STENMAN: You may call your
    first witness.
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                 MR. KUTIK: May we go off the record
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796 1 first? 2 EXAMINER STENMAN: Sure. 3 (Discussion off the record.) 4 EXAMINER STENMAN: Let's go back on the 5 record. 6 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, FirstEnergy Solutions for its first witness calls Michael J. 7 8 Swartz. 9 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Swartz, please raise your right hand. 10 11 (Witness sworn.) 12 EXAMINER STENMAN: Thank you. 13 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, at this time FirstEnergy Solutions would like to mark as 14 15 FirstEnergy Solutions Exhibit 1 the document entitled 16 Direct Testimony of Michael J. Swartz on behalf of 17 FirstEnergy Solutions, Corp. 18 EXAMINER STENMAN: It will be so marked. 19 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 20 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, at this time we'd 21 also like to mark as FirstEnergy Solutions Exhibit 2 2.2 direct testimony of Michael J. Swartz, Case No. 23 10-2586-EL-SS errata sheet. 24 EXAMINER STENMAN: That will also be 25 marked.

797 1 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 2 MR. KUTIK: May I proceed, your Honor? 3 EXAMINER STENMAN: You may. 4 5 MICHAEL J. SWARTZ 6 being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was examined and testified as follows: 7 8 DIRECT EXAMINATION 9 By Mr. Kutik: 10 Please introduce yourself. Q. 11 Michael Swartz. I'm the corporate credit 12 risk manager employed by FirstEnergy Service Company. 13 Mr. Swartz, do you have before you what's Q. been marked for identification as FirstEnergy 14 Solutions Exhibit 1? 15 16 Α. I do. 17 Q. What is that, please? My direct testimony. 18 Α. 19 Do you also have before you what's been marked for identification as FirstEnergy Solutions 20 21 Exhibit 2? 2.2 Α. I do. 23 What is that? Q. 24 Α. The errata sheet. Do you have any additions or corrections 25 Q.

to make to your testimony that's displayed in Exhibit 1 2 1 other than the errata or the changes that are marked in Exhibit 2? 3 4 I do. Α. 5 Please tell us what changes you have. Q. On page 1 of my direct testimony, line 6 21, there should be a quotation mark after "S&P." 7 8 Q. Do you have any further changes? 9 I do not. Α. 10 If I asked you the questions that appear Q. 11 in Exhibit 1 as modified by any changes that may be 12 in Exhibit 2, would your answers be the same as 13 appear in Exhibit 1 as modified by Exhibit 2? 14 Α. Yes, they would. 15 MR. KUTIK: I have no further questions. 16 EXAMINER STENMAN: Thank you. 17 Cross, Mr. Petricoff? MR. PETRICOFF: No questions, your Honor. 18 19 EXAMINER STENMAN: Ms. Spiller? 20 MS. SPILLER: Yes, thank you, your Honor. 21 2.2 CROSS-EXAMINATION 23 By Ms. Spiller: 24 Ο. Good morning, Mr. Swartz. 25 Α. Good morning.

- Q. You do not offer any testimony in this proceeding in opposition to Duke Energy-Ohio's proposed market rate offer, correct?
- A. My testimony outlines four areas around the credit provisions that I seek modification, three of which modifications to Witness Northrup's testimony were made, so on three of those I do agree with his revised testimony now.
- Q. So you are not disputing that the competitive bidding process plans as a whole and as proposed by Duke Energy-Ohio in this filing is not open, fair, and transparent, are you?
 - A. No.

2.2

- Q. And, sir, you are not offering any opinion in this case with regard to Duke Energy-Ohio's ability to recover FERC approved costs, are you, sir?
 - A. No.
- Q. Mr. Swartz, you are not disputing through your testimony that PJM Interconnection, LLC is an independent regional transmission organization approved by the FERC, are you, sir?
 - A. No.
- Q. And you are not offering an opinion as to whether the blending period to which Duke Energy-Ohio

is subject under its proposed market rate offer complies with the law, are you, sir?

A. No.

2.2

- Q. With regard to your testimony, you've indicated, Mr. Swartz, that you are the manager for corporate credit risk for the FirstEnergy Solutions company or FirstEnergy Corporation?
- A. I'm employed by FirstEnergy Service Company.
- Q. And in that capacity you assist

 FirstEnergy's business teams in striking the right

 balance in mitigating the credit risk of its

 counterparties, I believe you said at competitive and

 reasonable cost, correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And in that instance, sir, are you rendering service and guidance on behalf of the regulated utilities within FirstEnergy?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Would you agree with me, sir, that it's reasonable for a regulated utility, in considering the credit requirements of its counterparties, to also consider whether its ratepayers would be exposed to additional cost?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. And in fact, sir, the FirstEnergy companies would have done that in compiling the master service agreement that they utilized as part of their competitive bidding process, correct?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. With regard to Duke Energy-Ohio's proposed master service agreement, you're aware that a supplier can post collateral in the form of cash or a letter of credit, correct?
 - A. Yes.

2.2

- Q. And I believe, sir, it's your recommendation that Duke Energy-Ohio also incorporate into its master service agreement the ability of a supplier to post first mortgage bonds as a form of collateral, correct?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. In the FirstEnergy master service agreement first mortgage bonds did not function as a primary or first form of collateral, did they, sir?
 - A. No, they did not.
- Q. And, in fact, they were surplus margin over margin of I believe \$400 million?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. And so, sir, would that mean that the first mortgage bond would be a secondary form of

collateral under the FirstEnergy master service agreement applicable only after a certain monetary amount was triggered?

- A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. Are you recommending, sir, a similar provision here within Duke Energy-Ohio's master service agreement?
 - A. I'm not opposed to having a limit.
- Q. So you would not be opposed that if the Commission were to accept your recommendation, they would modify that to make the first mortgage bond a secondary form of collateral?
 - A. Yes.

2.2

- Q. If Duke Energy-Ohio had to call upon a first mortgage bond because of supplier default, would it have to initiate a foreclosure proceeding on that bond?
- A. Not necessarily. Like any bond, it can be redeemed or it can be sold.
- Q. Is there the potential, though, for foreclosure proceeding?
 - A. In an extreme circumstance, yes.
- Q. If there's not such a circumstance, sir,

 Duke Energy-Ohio would have to call upon cash.
 - A. That's correct.

- Q. And there's also not such a circumstance of a foreclosure proceeding if Duke Energy-Ohio would have to call upon a letter of credit that was posted as collateral, correct?
 - A. Yes, that's correct.

2.2

- Q. So there are additional costs unique to a letter of -- I'm sorry, additional costs unique to a first mortgage bond that are not applicable with regard to collateral in the form of cash or a letter of credit, correct?
- A. Yes. All forms of collateral have some form of cost.
- Q. Is it fair to say, sir, that the costs attributed to a first mortgage bond, was that one of the considerations with the FirstEnergy companies in having that as a second form of -- a secondary form of collateral?
- A. Yeah, but the primary benefit of having the first mortgage bond is it offers a supplier some flexibility and optionality in the collateral that it can provide. Given the recent credit crisis I think we're all aware of, the capital markets were sometimes difficult for suppliers to be able to get letters of credit or cash or even issue bonds, and the market currently, still credit is tight.

So what this offers suppliers is another form where they can fully utilize their assets to use those as a form of collateral with minimal cost with the exception being doing evaluation of the assets that the bonds would be issued against.

- Q. But the utility company, Duke
 Energy-Ohio, is exposed to costs unique to calling
 upon a first mortgage bond if the supplier should
 default, correct?
- A. Possibly. In an extreme circumstance, yes.
 - Q. And with regard to the utility company's exposure to that cost, would you find it reasonable, sir, for the company to establish a rider through which to recover supplier default costs related to the competitive bidding process?
 - A. Yes.

2.2

- Q. And, in fact, sir, the FirstEnergy distribution utility companies currently have a similar rider approved by this Commission in the form of I believe it's their rider GCR? A generation --
 - A. I believe that's correct.
- Q. Do you know, sir, whether Duke
 Energy-Ohio is proposing a similar rider in this
 proceeding?

- A. I believe they are.
- Q. And you have no opposition to such a rider, do you, sir?
 - A. I do not.
- 5 If the Commission, Mr. Swartz, does not Q. 6 accept your recommendation to include a first 7 mortgage bond as a form of collateral, in Duke 8 Energy-Ohio's master service agreement, are you still 9 of the opinion that that master service agreement as 10 revised through Attachment F.1 to Exhibit 3 of the 11 company's filing should be approved by the 12 Commission?
- 13 A. Yes.
- MS. SPILLER: Thank you, sir. Nothing
- 15 further.

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- 16 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Kurtz?
- MR. KURTZ: No questions, your Honor.
- 18 EXAMINER STENMAN: OCC?
- MS. HOTZ: No.
- 20 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Yurick?
- MR. YURICK: Nothing, thank you, your
- 22 Honor.
- 23 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Oliker?
- 24 MR. OLIKER: No questions, your Honor.
- 25 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Hart?

MR. HART: Nothing.

MR. JONES: No questions, your Honor.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Redirect?

REDIRECT EXAMINATION

By Mr. Kutik:

- Q. Mr. Swartz, you mentioned the phrase several times "extreme circumstances." Could you describe what you mean by that?
- A. With regard to the first mortgage bond and going through a foreclosure process, first there would be need to be an event of default and then at that point the bond would need to be redeemed or sold.

In the event that it was redeemed, the interests of the supplier posting the first mortgage bond has a strong vested interest to find other ways to compensate for that default because the first mortgage bonds are pledged against their assets.

We're in the business of supplying power, so as those assets become encumbered, that's not good for the power supplier.

Q. Does a company that would post a first mortgage bond as security have an additional incentive not to default over other types of -- as

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1
     opposed to posting other types of collateral?
 2
            Α.
                 Absolutely. I would say even more so.
 3
                 MR. KUTIK: No further questions.
                 EXAMINER STENMAN: Recross?
 4
 5
                 MS. SPILLER: No, your Honor.
 6
                 EXAMINER STENMAN: Thank you, Mr. Swartz.
 7
                 THE WITNESS: Thank you.
 8
                 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, FirstEnergy
 9
     Solutions moves for the admission of Exhibits 1 and
10
     2.
11
                 EXAMINER STENMAN: Any objections?
12
                 MS. SPILLER: No, your Honor.
13
                 EXAMINER STENMAN: FirstEnergy Exhibits 1
    and 2 will be admitted.
14
15
                 (EXHIBITS ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.)
16
                 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, for our next
17
    witness we call Louis D'Alessandris.
18
                 EXAMINER STENMAN: Please raise your
19
    right hand.
20
                 (Witness sworn.)
21
                 EXAMINER STENMAN: Thank you.
2.2
                 MR. KUTIK: Your Honor, at this time we
23
    would like to have marked as FirstEnergy Solutions
24
    Exhibit 3 a document entitled Direct Testimony of
25
    Louis D'Alessandris on behalf of FirstEnergy
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808 1 Solutions Corp. 2 EXAMINER STENMAN: It will be so marked. 3 (EXHIBIT MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION.) 4 5 LOUIS D'ALESSANDRIS 6 being first duly sworn, as prescribed by law, was examined and testified as follows: 7 8 DIRECT EXAMINATION 9 By Mr. Kutik: 10 Q. Good morning, sir. Please introduce 11 yourself. 12 Α. My name is Lou D'Alessandris. I'm the 13 manager of Market Intelligence for FirstEnergy 14 Solutions, Corp. 15 Sir, do you have in front of you what's Q. 16 been marked for identification as FirstEnergy 17 Solutions Exhibit 3? 18 T do. Α. 19 What is that? Q. 20 It is my direct testimony in this case. Α. 21 Do you have any additions or corrections 22 to make to that testimony today? 23 Α. I do not. 24 If I asked you the questions that appear 25 in Exhibit 3, would your answers be the same as

Duke Energy Ohio Volume IV 809 1 appear in Exhibit 3? 2 Α. Yes. MR. KUTIK: No further questions. 3 4 EXAMINER STENMAN: Any cross? 5 MR. PETRICOFF: No, your Honor. 6 MS. SPILLER: Briefly, thank you, your 7 Honor. 8 9 CROSS-EXAMINATION 10 By Ms. Spiller: 11 Good morning, Mr. D'Alessandris. 0. 12 Α. Good morning. 13 Sir, you do not oppose the market rate Q. structure that has been offered by Duke Energy-Ohio 14 15 in its filing, do you, sir? 16 I do not oppose the structure itself, I 17 do have three specific issues. 18 Sure, and we'll get to those. Q. 19 Α. Okay. 20 But you are not disputing that Duke Q. 21 Energy-Ohio's proposed competitive bidding process 22 plan is open, fair, and transparent, correct?

And you are not offering an opinion in this case with regard to Duke Energy-Ohio's ability

Correct. Sorry, correct.

23

24

25

Α.

to recover FERC approved costs, correct?

A. Correct.

2.2

- Q. Sir, I'd like to refer to your testimony on page 6. The question that begins on line 1 concerns your proposal or recommendation to the Commission that it utilize an eight-quarter average for purposes of arriving at the FPP rate that would be incorporated into the company's Rider GEN, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. I'm just curious, sir, as to why you selected eight quarters, or two years, versus the full term of the company's ESP.
- A. We felt that eight years was a reasonable enough of an approximation of the term length excuse me, eight years, eight quarters. Eight quarters may not be the absolute correct answer, maybe it is six quarters, maybe it is ten quarters, but the important point we're trying to make is Rider FPP has been highly volatile over the past several years and we're looking for a way to mitigate that volatility and come up with a value that's fair and reasonable to all parties.
- Q. What eight quarters would you recommend be utilized?

- A. The eight quarters prior to the plan going into place, so it would be calendar year 2010 and calendar year 2011.
- Q. Do you know how that eight-quarter average would compare to the projected FPP rates that Duke Energy has for its fourth quarter -- I'm sorry, for December 2011?
 - A. I do not.

2.2

Q. Your proposal, sir, to utilize an eight-quarter average, is that applicable only to the extent Duke Energy-Ohio has a 29th blending period after which it is fully at market after the MRO.

MR. KUTIK: Can I have the questioned read, please.

EXAMINER STENMAN: Please read that back. (Record read.)

- A. That eight-quarter average would only apply during the blending period. After that there would be no need for it.
- Q. Under the blending period if Duke
 Energy-Ohio were to make adjustments for fuel and
 purchased power, how would your proposal prevent what
 you describe as volatility in the fuel prices?

THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, could you reread
the question, please?

(Record read.)

2.2

A. It wouldn't. Our only concern with the way that Rider FPP is being treated in Rider GEN is that that rate is frozen for 29 months. If it's allowed to fluctuate up or down, we would be okay with it. Our concern is simply that Duke is holding the fuel rider that happens to be in place in the fourth quarter of 2011 constant for 29 months.

There's no guarantee that that rider wouldn't be unusually high or unusually low during that period. If it's allowed to fluct- -- continue to fluctuate up or down, we would be okay with that.

- Q. If we could switch topics, sir, I'd like to talk about the payment priority rules. You offer testimony on that as well, correct?
 - A. Yes, I do.
- Q. And you're aware, sir, that the payment priority rules for electric accounts are not the same as the Commission's payment priority rules for natural gas accounts, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Your recommendation as set forth in your testimony is that Duke Energy-Ohio's current waiver regarding payment priorities be revoked, correct?
 - A. Correct.

- Q. And pursuant to that waiver, sir, just for clarity in the record, Duke Energy-Ohio utilizes one payment priority set of rules, that set of rules being those derived from the gas side.
 - A. Correct.

2.2

- Q. And you know that Duke Energy-Ohio is the only distribution -- electric distribution utility that also offers natural gas service, correct?
 - A. To the best of my understanding, yes.
- Q. If Duke Energy-Ohio were to implement the recommendation that you are proposing and operate under two different sets of payment priorities, do you know what it would have to do to reconcile its billing systems?
 - A. No, I do not.
- Q. You are aware, sir, that it would incur some cost in accommodating your proposal, correct?
- A. I would assume there would be costs, correct.
- Q. Well, you've reviewed the docket that the company filed in 2003 when it first obtained this waiver, correct?
 - A. Yes, I have.
- Q. And in the company's application in that case, Case No. 02-564, the company submitted that at

a minimum and on the conservative side it would incur initial costs of \$5 million if it had to conform to two different payment priority rules, correct?

- A. I believe that's correct, yes.
- Q. And you have no reason to dispute that 2003 estimate, do you, sir?
 - A. I do not.
 - 0. 2002.

2.2

And you have no reason to dispute, sir, that Duke Energy-Ohio would incur significant costs today to accommodate your proposal of utilizing two different payment priority rules, correct?

- A. Correct.
- Q. If Duke Energy-Ohio were to incur significant costs in modifying its billing systems to accommodate for two different payment priority rules, do you have an opinion on who should bear the expense of that undertaking?
 - A. I have no opinion on that, no.
- Q. You have offered an opinion, sir, that

 Duke Energy-Ohio's current practice of conforming

 just to the gas payment priority rules has diminished

 retail competition in its service territory, correct?
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. And to be clear, the competition there

would be the retail competition on the electric side, correct?

A. That's correct.

2.2

- Q. Sir, is it your opinion that switching percentages of 60 percent are not representative of a developed competitive market?
- A. Well, I can't comment on that. I can only speak from FirstEnergy Solutions' experience, and that being exposed to the partial payment priority that is separate from the state law for electric utilities means that we have to aggressively credit-screen customers to ensure that we get paid. As such, that limits our pool of customers that we can go after and thereby would limit competition for those customers.
- Q. You further describe the other limitation, if I may, as Duke's current purchase of accounts receivable from alternative suppliers, correct?
 - A. Correct.
- Q. Are you familiar with how Duke Energy-Ohio treats accounts receivable from alternative suppliers on its gas side?
 - A. I am not, no.
 - Q. Sir, I would ask you to assume that Duke

Energy-Ohio witness Jim Ziolkowski testified

yesterday that with regard to natural gas accounts,

the company purchases the accounts from

competitive -- or, I'm sorry, alternative suppliers

at no discount, that it pays those suppliers on the

20th day of the day following the month in which

they're billed.

A. Okay.

2.2

Q. Would such a proposal further -- strike that.

Would such a proposal as how Duke

Energy-Ohio treats alternative suppliers' accounts
receivable on the gas side, is that a workable
solution for you?

- A. I believe so. We are in several other electric markets, as shown in my Exhibit 2 of my testimony, where there are zero percent discounts and we do participate in all of those.
- Q. And, sir, in that circumstance neither Duke Energy-Ohio nor its ratepayers would be exposed to incurring significant expense in revising billing systems to accommodate two different payment priority rules, correct?
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. You've just referenced the exhibit to

your testimony.

2.2

- A. Yes.
- Q. The Exhibit LMD-2. Is Duke Energy-Ohio the only utility in Ohio that has a purchase of accounts receivable for CRES providers?
 - A. Yes, they are.
- Q. Going back to the circumstance that we described with aligning the treatment of certified supplier accounts receivable on the electric side with that to how Duke Energy-Ohio handles accounts receivable from suppliers on the gas side, would you, sir, support the implementation of an uncollectible expense rider for Duke Energy-Ohio?

THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, could you repeat the question?

(Record read.)

- Q. And I can be more specific.
- A. Yes.
- Q. An uncollectible expense rider to cover those uncollectible costs associated with the accounts receivable that the company has purchased from competitive suppliers.
 - A. Yeah, we would not object to that.
- Q. Would you agree with me, sir, that such a rider would have to be nonbypassable?

1 Α. Yes. 2 Q. And if the Commission does not accept the 3 recommendations as outlined in your direct testimony, 4 would you as the manager of Market Intelligence for 5 FirstEnergy Solutions still recommend that the 6 Commission approve Duke Energy-Ohio's market rate 7 offer? 8 THE WITNESS: I'm sorry, could you 9 restate the question, please, or could you reread it, 10 please? 11 (Record read.) 12 Α. We certainly would like to see those three issues changed prior to approval. 13 14 But you still support the concept of the 0. 15 market rate offer, correct? 16 The concept of the market rate offer, Α. 17 yes, we do support that. 18 MS. SPILLER: Thank you. Nothing 19 further. 20 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Kurtz? 21 MR. KURTZ: No questions, your Honor. 2.2 EXAMINER STENMAN: OCC.

MS. HOTZ: (Shakes head.)

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EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Yurick?

MR. YURICK: No questions, thank you,

819 1 your Honor. 2 EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Oliker? 3 MR. OLIKER: No questions, your Honor. EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Hart? 4 5 MR. HART: No questions. EXAMINER STENMAN: Mr. Jones? 6 7 MR. JONES: No questions, your Honor. 8 EXAMINER STENMAN: Redirect? 9 MR. KUTIK: None, your Honor. 10 EXAMINER STENMAN: Thank you. 11 MR. KUTIK: At this time, your Honor, we 12 move for the admission of FirstEnergy Solutions Exhibit 3. 13 14 EXAMINER STENMAN: Any objections? 15 (No response.) 16 EXAMINER STENMAN: FirstEnergy 3 will be 17 admitted. (EXHIBIT ADMITTED INTO EVIDENCE.) 18 19 EXAMINER STENMAN: Let's go off the 20 record. 21 (Discussion off the record.) 2.2 EXAMINER STENMAN: Go back on briefly. 23 We're adjourned for the day. We'll reconvene on Tuesday at 9 a.m. Thank you. 24 25 (The hearing adjourned at 11:27 a.m.)

CERTIFICATE

I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of the proceedings taken by me in this matter on Friday, January 14, 2011, and carefully compared with my original stenographic notes.

Maria DiPaolo Jones, Registered Diplomate Reporter and CRR and Notary Public in and for the State of Ohio.

My commission expires June 19, 2011.

11 (MDJ-3777)

2.3

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Summary: Transcript Transcript of Duke Energy Ohio for Approval of a Market Rate Offer hearing held on 01/14/11. electronically filed by Mrs. Jennifer Duffer on behalf of Armstrong & Okey, Inc. and Jones, Maria DiPaolo Mrs.