| o Parti           | ners for Affordable Energy          | 231 Weet Lima Street  |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
|                   | FAX                                 | P.O. Box 1793<br>Findlay OH 45839-1793<br>419. 425.8860<br>Fax 419 425.8862 |
| Facsimile         | e Cover Sheet                       | www.chiopartners.org  |
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| Fax #             | 614-466-0313                        |   |
| From:             | Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy |   |
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## BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

In the Matter of the Application of Ohio ) Edison Company, The Cleveland Electric ) Illuminating Company and The Toledo ) Edison Company for Approval of a New Rider ) and Revision of an Existing Rider. )

Case No. 10-176-EL-ATA

# DIRECT TESTIMONY OF STACIA HARPER ON BEHALF OF OHIO PARTNERS FOR AFFORDABLE ENERGY

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David C. Rinebolt Trial Attorney Colleen L. Mooney Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy 231 West Lima Street P.O. Box 1793 Findlay, OH 45839-1793 Telephone: (419) 425-8860 FAX: (419) 425-8862 e-mail: <u>drinebolt@ohiopartners.org</u> cmooney2@columbus.rr.com

Counsel for Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy

January 7, 2011

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| 1  | Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, TITLE, AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.                    |           |
|----|--|-----------|
| 2  | A. My name is Stacia Harper. My business address is 231 West Lima Stre     | et,       |
| 3  | Findlay, Ohio 45840. I am the Director of Regulatory Affairs and Energy    | / Policy  |
| 4  | for Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy (OPAE), and I appear in this cas   | e as a    |
| 5  | witness on its behalf.   |           |
| 6  |  |           |
| 7  | Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR BACKGROUND AND QUALIFICATIONS F                    | OR        |
| 8  | YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING.   |           |
| 9  | A. My career has covered a broad spectrum of activities in the energy indu | istry     |
| 10 | including policy analysis at both the federal and state levels; experience | in        |
| 11 | wholesale market activities; extensive involvement with RTOs and ISOs      | ; trading |
| 12 | experience in PJM/ECAR; and the development of national energy mod         | leling    |
| 13 | methods and systems. I have worked with alternative fuel implementation    | on and    |
| 14 | distributed generation and have extensive knowledge of energy and          |           |
| 15 | environmental policy, including renewable energy development and           |           |
| 16 | sustainability.  |           |
| 17 |  |           |
| 18 | I have a Bachelor of Arts degree with dual majors in Political Science a   | Ind       |
| 19 | Economics from West Virginia University (1995) and Master of Science       | degree in |
| 20 | Resource and Applied Economics (2000), with a specialization in Energ      | y         |
| 21 | Economics from the University of Alaska Fairbanks. I have also comple      | eted all  |
| 22 | required coursework towards a Ph.D. in Environmental and Resource E        | conomics  |
| 23 | at West Virginia University. I have been employed in the energy indust     | ny since  |

1 1998, first with the University of Alaska Fairbanks (Graduate Resource Assistant, 2 1998-200), then Science Applications International Corporation ("SAIC") and the 3 U.S. Department of Energy National Energy Technology Center ("DOE/NETL") asa Project Manager from 2001-2004. From 2004-2006, i was employed by 4 5 American Electric Power ("AEP") as an Associate in Commercial Operations and 6 joined Direct Energy as a Senior Analyst from 2006-2008. Before joining Ohio 7 Partners for Affordable Energy ("OPAE") in October of 2010, I was employed by 8 the Ohio Consumers Counsel as the Federal Policy Advisor (2008-2010). 9 While at University of Alaska, I focused on alternative energy for 10 distributed generation applications, my Master's thesis was polymer electrolytic 11 membrane ("PEM") fuel cells for distributed generation in Alaskan villages. At 12 SAIC, a subcontractor to the DOE/NETL, my areas of specialization included valuation of environmental benefits from new technology system implementation 13 14 in coal plants, demand and supply estimation for both renewable and fossil fuel 15 based energy, as well as price forecast for production and delivered product. Many of my responsibilities involved working directly with national energy models 16 17 such as the National Energy Modeling System (NEMS) to assist in reviewing and 18 recommended forecast methodology, baseline assumptions that were used in 19 determining forecasted demand, supply, and energy prices associated with 20 electric power generation (coal, natural gas, wind, solar, biomass). As Project 21 Manager with the DOE/NETL I was in charge of alternative fuel implementation 22 for vehicles in India, a joint U.S. Agency for International Development project. 23 Through my experiences at AEP and Direct Energy I was directly involved with

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| 1              |    | wholesale market operations gaining experience to the various PJM                  |  |
|----------------|----|--|--|
| 2              |    | administered wholesale markets, long-term contracts, and portfolio management.     |  |
| 3              |    | My role as the Federal Energy Policy Advisor with the Office of the Ohio           |  |
| 4              |    | Consumers' Counsel required direct involvement in the development and review       |  |
| 5              |    | of new and existing energy policy.   |  |
| б              |    | :  |  |
| 7              |    | I attach my resume listing my testimony and publications as SH-Exhibit 1.          |  |
| 8              |    |  |  |
| 9              | Q. | HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY TESTIFIED BEFORE THE OHIO PUBLIC UTILITIES                     |  |
| 10             |    | COMMISSION ("PUCO" or "Commission")?   |  |
| 11             | А. | No.  |  |
| 12             |    |  |  |
| 13             | Q. | PLEASE DESCRIBE THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY.                                     |  |
| 14             | Α. | The purpose of my testimony is to offer a potential model for a long-term solution |  |
| 15             |    | to the need to provide all electric customers of the FirstEnergy operating         |  |
| 16             |    | companies – The Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, Ohio Edison               |  |
| 17             |    | Company, and The Toledo Edison Company - with affordable electric service          |  |
| 18             |    | using an alternative procurement method.   |  |
| 1 <del>9</del> |    | !  |  |
| 20             | Q. | PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.                             |  |
| 21             | Α. | I recommend that the Commission authorize a pilot program as described below       |  |
| 22             |    | that would continue to provide all-electric customers of the FirstEnergy operating |  |
| 23             |    | companies who participate in the Percentage Income Payment Plan, also known        |  |

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1 as PIPP Plus, with a declining block rate similar to the current rate structure 2 under which they are served and weatherization services to reduce usage. The 3 pilot program would be used to determine whether an expansion of the approach 4 would be an effective mechanism to continue to provide all-electric customers 5 with affordable rates while minimizing the shifting of costs to other customers. 6 7 Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE CURRENT STATUS OF RATES FOR 8 FIRSTENERGY'S ALL ELECTRIC CUSTOMERS. 9 Α. All electric customers in the FirstEnergy operating companies' service territories 10 have long been provided service under a declining block rate structure which 11 makes electric heating affordable, providing service at a cost that is comparable 12 to other heating fuels. With the move to electric rates determined through an 13 auction process, the Commission authorized the Companies to alter the 14 residential tariffs to charge a single rate for energy based on the auction price. 15 In response to a public outcry opposing this change, the Commission 16 reintroduced the declining block rate structure to eliminate the rate shock caused 17 by charging all-electric customers the same rate charged to customers that do 18 not heat with electricity. 19 WHAT IS THE IMPACT OF CHARGING ALL ELECTRIC CUSTOMERS A 20 Q. 21 REDUCED RATE? 22 Α. When rates are reduced for one group of residential consumers below the cost

23 of the electricity, the lost revenue – the delta between the actual cost of

-

| 1  |    | electricity and the rate charged those customers - is spread across all residential     |
|----|----|---|
| 2  |    | customers. This results in higher rates for customers that do not heat with             |
| 3  |    | electricity and also raises the cost of electricity in the first block of power used by |
| 4  |    | all electric households. Put another way, FirstEnergy customers that do not heat        |
| 5  |    | with electricity subsidize the lower rates charged customers that do heat with          |
| 6  |    | electricity. The cost savings the declining block rate provides to all electric         |
| 7  |    | customers is effectively shifted to all customers.                                      |
| 8  |    |   |
| 9  | Q. | IS THERE A MECHANISM WHICH COULD PROVIDE ALL ELECTRIC                                   |
| 10 |    | CUSTOMERS WITH LOWER PRICED POWER WHILE MINIMIZING THE                                  |
| 11 |    | SHIFTING OF COSTS TO OTHER RESIDENTIAL CUSTOMERS?                                       |
| 12 | A. | One approach that could ameliorate this problem is to secure generation at a            |
| 13 |    | price below that set by the auction. The FirstEnergy operating companies would          |
| 14 |    | execute a power purchase agreement ("PPA") to secure this power. The lower              |
| 15 |    | cost electricity would be dedicated to serve all electric customers.                    |
| 16 |    |   |
| 17 | Q. | HOW CAN FIRSTENERGY SECURE POWER AT A PRICE LOWER THAN                                  |
| 18 |    | THAT PRODUCED BY AN AUCTION?  |
| 19 | А. | There are a number of generation resources that can provide power at a lower            |
| 20 |    | cost than that set by an auction because the auction price represents a market          |
| 21 |    | clearing price. Some conventional generation has a lower cost than the ultimate         |
| 22 |    | market clearing price. However, the wholesale market does not take into                 |
| 23 |    | account the revenues streams produced by the sale of renewable energy credits,          |

1 investment tax credits, accelerated depreciation, renewable production credits, 2 and other tax and economic development incentives which are available to 3 promote the development of renewable energy power projects. The alternative I 4 am proposing is to build a new power plant using solar photovoltaic and wind 5 turbine technologies that produces power at a rate lower than market as a result 6 of these other revenue streams, and dedicate the output from that plant to serve all electric customers. In addition, excess revenue from the power project would 7 be dedicated to weatherize the homes of all electric customers, further reducing 8 the bills for these customers by reducing the amount of electricity they use. 9

10

# 11 Q. HOW CAN A NEW POWER PLANT PRODUCE POWER AT A PRICE BELOW 12 THE MARKET?

13 Α. Ohio has passed a law, SB 221, which requires generation suppliers to ensure 14 that a percentage of the power they sell comes from advanced energy 15 resources. The law requires that a portion of the advanced energy come from instate solar resources. Because Ohio has little installed solar capacity, the 16 17 market price for this type of resource is quite high. In a typical transaction 18 involving solar power, the renewable attributes of the electricity generated from solar resources is stripped off and sold as a solar renewable energy certificate. 19 20 When stripped of its environmental attributes the actual electricity produced by 21 the solar installation is referred to as "brown power". FirstEnergy would commit 22 to purchase the brown power through a power purchase agreement, and enter 23 into a contract to purchase the solar renewable energy certificates. In addition,

1 solar power installations are eligible for a number of incentives including 2 production credits, investment tax credits, and accelerated depreciation. When 3 the value of the renewable energy certificates, the tax advantages, and other 4 incentives are subtracted from the cost of producing power from solar resources, 5 the brown power produced at the facility costs less than the auction price which 6 is the basis of rates charged by the FirstEnergy operating companies. My 7 calculations indicate that building a solar power plant and selling the renewable 8 energy certificates can result in a brown power cost of \$40-50/mWh, which is 9 below the auction price which is the basis for residential power costs in the 10 service territories of the FirstEnergy operating companies. Additionally, a portion 11 of the revenue from the project would be used to weatherize the homes of all 12 electric customers.

13

### 14 Q. WHAT ACTION DO YOU RECOMMEND THE COMMISSION TAKE?

I recommend that the Commission order the Companies to develop a pilot 15 Α. 16 project along the lines described above to prove the concept that energy can be 17 delivered at a price lower than that provided through the auction process. The 18 output from the pilot project should be dedicated to all electric customers that 19 participate in PIPP Plus because all ratepayers subsidize the rates paid by these 20 customers. PIPP Plus customers represent approximately 10% of all electric 21customers and the load associated with these customers can be met by a single 22 pilot project. In addition, the Commission should require that any excess 23 revenue produced by the pilot be spent to weatherize the homes of customers

.

participating in the pilot. Weatherization will reduce the amount of electricity
used by an all electric home by an average of 22 percent. The combination of
weatherization and lower cost power should lower the bills of all electric
customers to the point where bills are affordable and the cost shift to residential
customers is minimized.

7 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY

8 A. Yes

# CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing Testimony of Stacia Harper was served by regular U.S. Mail upon the following parties identified below in this case on this 7th day of January 2011.

vie) CRI

David C. Rinebolt

James W. Burk FirstEnergy Service Company 76 South Main Street Akron, OH 44308

David A. Kutik Jones Day North Point, 901 Lakeside Avenue Cleveland, OH 44114-1190

Grant W. Garber Jones Day PO Box 165017 Columbus, OH 43216-5017

John Jones Public Utilities Section Public Utilities Commission of Ohio 180 East Broad Street Columbus, OH 43215 Richard L.Sites
 Ohio Hospital Association
 155 East Broad St., 15<sup>th</sup> Floor
 Columbus, OH 43215-3620

Kevin Corcoran Corcoran & Associates Co., LPA 8501 Woodbridge Court North Ridgeville, OH 44039

M. Howard Petricoff Vorys, Sater, Seymour and Pease PO Box 1008 Columbus, OH 43216-1008

Henry H. Phillips-Gary Gregory Price Attorney Examiners Public Utilities Commission of Ohio 180 East Broad Street Columbus, OH 43215 Thomas J. O'Brien Bricker & Eckler LLP 100 South Third Street Columbus, OH 43215-4291

Jeffrey L. Small Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel 10 West Broad Street, Suite 1800 Columbus, OH 43215-3485

Cynthia Fonner Brady Constellation Energy Group, Inc. 550 W. Washington St., Suite 300 Chicago, IL 60661

Samuel C. Randazzo McNees Wallace & Nurick 21 East State Street, Suite 1700 Columbus, OH 43215

| Alternative/Renewable Energy<br>Cap and Trade           | Transmission Cost Allocation<br>Retail and LMP Pricing | Spatial Analysis/ArcView/GIS<br>Least Cost Optimization |
|---|--|---|
| SmartGrid/AMI   | Auction Design   | Analysis of State and Federal                           |
| Legislation   | 0  | •   |
| Over 10 years of increasing                             | ly responsible experience in f                         | he energy profession applying a                         |
|   |  | engineering, and public policy                          |
|   |  | •   |
| ÷ ÷   | ng term sustainable energy po                          |   |
| لاستنبا والمتحد والمتحد والمحد والانجاز الأراجا والأراج | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  |   |

to design and implement long term sustainable energy policies. Expert knowledge in distributed generation, spatial analysis for long-term planning, demand response, PRD, SmartGrid, AMI, rate design. Active participant in state and national collaboratives and organizations. Experience at FERC, DOE, EIA, NERC, state Commissions, PIOs/NGOs, RTOs, deregulated and regulated utilities. Effective at facilitating and managing coalitions.

# **Professional Experience**

## Ohio Partners for Affordable Energy- Columbus, Ohio

Director Regulatory Affairs and Energy Policy

- Develop, coordinate, and manage alternative energy projects for community energy development working with utilities, industrials, community action agencies, federal funding partners
- Represent low income consumers interests in all SmartGrid cases in Ohio, advocate at national level, member of Demand Response Coordinating Committee, SmartGrid Interoperability Committee.
- Develop, coordinate, and advocate regulatory strategy with local, state, and federal officials and Commission staff.

### Office of the Ohio Consumers' Counsel – Columbus, Ohio Senior Energy Policy Advisor

- Coordinate company participation in trade associations, develop strategic alliances and collaborative efforts at state and national levels (AEP, FE, DP&L/ SmartGrid/AMI/PRD/DR)
- Manage participation in regulatory proceedings including outside counsel and consultants

2379 Sonnington Dr

**Summary of Qualifications:** 

Dublin, OH 43016

Long-Term Planning

Portfolio Optimization

Transmission Expansion

power)

Integrated Resource Planning

Non-Transmission Alternatives

Exhibit SH-1

# Stacia J. Harper

Tel: (614) 282-5260 stacia.harper@gmail.com

Modelling

Demand/Supply Forecasting

Cost Benefit Analysis

Econometrics/Statistics

Market Fundamentals (gas and

2008 - 2010

2010 - Present

Energy Economist and policy expert with specialized experience in the following fields:

Wholesale Markets

Resource adequacy/RPM

Demand Side Management

Price Responsive Demand

**RTO/Stakeholder Governance** 

- Subject matter expert on, electric power industry restructuring and competitive market design long-term planning, including but not limited to: demand response/PRD, Transmission/NTAs planning, SmartGrid/AMI, climate change, and alternative/renewable energy, auction design
- Active participant in committees, symposiums, panels, and task forces at NASUCA, MISO, PJM, OPSI, OMS, NARUC

### Direct Energy – Dublin, OH

Sr. Analyst Pricing and Portfolio Management

- Gross margin management and product development of retail energy products for C&I customers
  - Implemented portfolio planning and sector analysis concepts
- Responsible for forecasting energy trends (commodity pricing, LMP, demand, supply, carbon legislation, emerging market opportunities)
- Recognized natural gas and electricity fundamentals expert
- Responsible for development and implementation of new billing system to accommodate smart metering

### American Electric Power Company – Columbus, OH

Associate Commercial Operations

- Hourly trader in ECAR/PJM
- Structured commodity pricing development for municipal and large industrials
- Experience with LMP pricing, capacity requirements, and ancillary charges
- Development of forecasts for weekly US gas storage injections
- Development of pricing models for both RT and DA power markets
- Provide market forecasts with day ahead and monthly traders

# U.S. Department of Energy, National Energy Technology Laboratory/SAIC - Morgantown, WV 2001-2004

Economist / Project Manager

- Project Manager alternative fuels implementation program in association with USEPA Clean Cities and USAID
- Senior economic modeler for carbon trading strategies and national energy forecasting models
- Authored non-market valuation methodology techniques
- State inventory of carbon trading programs
- Social benefit analysis of Title IV of Clean Air Acts
- Assessment of natural gas infrastructure constraints
- Work directly with EIA in generating and updating energy market forecast

### **Organization Involvement**

PJM/ Organization of PJM States (OPSI)

- Long-Term Capacity Evolution Advisory Committee
- Demand Response Task Force
- Markets and Reliability Committee
- Scarcity Pricing Working Group
- Market Implementation Committee
- Members Committee
- Governance Assessment Special Team
- SMART Transmission Study Stakeholders Group

### MISO/ Organization of MISO States (OMS)

Demand Response Working Group

2006 - 2008

2004-2006

- Planning Committee
- Eastern Interconnection Planning Committee
- RECB Task Force
- EISPÇ
- CARP
- MAWDRI

### NASUC/ FERC/NARUC/NIST/NERC

- Electricity Committee
- Transmission SubCommittee
- Smart Grid Task Force
- Smart Grid Clearinghouse
- SGIC Advisory Committee
- Electricity Sector Steering Group (ESSG)

### Academic Experience

West Virginia University, Department of Resource and Environmental Economics (2005)PhD candidate

- GIS/ArcView analysis of social/economic impact of Section 401 of the Federal Clean Water Act for coal producing regions
- GIS/ArcView feasibility study of fly-ash disposal in abandoned mine sites along the Allegheny River in the Northern Appalachian coal basin (Transmission Network Planning)
- University of Alaska Fairbanks, Department of Resource and Applied Economics (2000) M.S.
  - Implementation assessment of PEM fuel cells for distributed power generation
  - Cost benefit analysis of alternative fuel implementation for distributed generation
  - Cost benefit analysis of Mackenzie Delta natural gas pipeline project

Ohio State University - Biochemistry (1991-1993)

- Ice core sampling of carbon deposition with Loni Thompson West Virginia University - Political Science and Economics (1995)

₿.A.