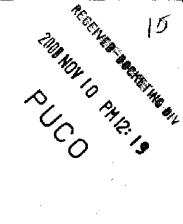
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BEFORE

THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION OF OHIO

In the Matter of the Application of)Columbus Southern Power Company for)Approval of its Electric Security Plan; an)Amendment to its Corporate Separation)Plan; and the Sale or Transfer of Certain)Generating Assets)In the Matter of the Application of)Ohio Power Company for Approval of its)Electric Security Plan; and an Amendment)to its Corporate Separation Plan)

Case No. 08-917-EL-SSO

Case No. 08-918-EL-SSO

PREPARED TESTIMONY

Of

Daniel R. Johnson Policy and Market Analysis Division Public Utilities Commission of Ohio

STAFF EXHIBIT

November 10, 2008

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	1	1.	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
	2		A.	My name is Daniel R. Johnson. I am employed by the Public Utilities
	3			Commission of Ohio, 180 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio 43266-0573.
	4			
	5	2.	Q.	What is your current position and what are your responsibilities?
	6		A:	I am a Public Utilities Administrator III, Chief of the Policy and Market
	7			Analysis Division. My responsibilities include directing the division staff in
	8			monitoring and assessing markets in transition to or from competition.
	· 9			
x	10	3.	Q.	What are your qualifications for this position?
	11		A:	I hold an MBA from the University of Pittsburgh, and a Master of Energy
	12			Resources from the University of Pittsburgh. Prior to joining the Staff of the
	13			Commission I was employed by Battelle, Pacific Northwest Laboratory, as a
	14			Research Scientist. In that position, I performed technology assessments and
	15			R&D appraisals in order to assist the United States Department of Energy
	16			with funding allocations for research. I have also led projects on technology
	17			innovation and diffusion into the marketplace.
	18			
	19			I joined the Staff of the Commission in October of 1986 as a Utilities
	20			Examiner III, in which capacity I helped shape the Integrated Resource
	21			Planning process and rules. In November 1998 I was promoted to Public
	22			Utilities Administrator III, Chief of the Policy and Market Analysis Division.
	23			In that capacity I have monitored the development of wholesale and retail

1		-	electricity markets, and I have led staff teams in the development of rules
2			implementing Senate Bill 3 and Senate Bill 221.
3			
4	4.	Q.	What is the purpose of your testimony?
5		A:	The purpose of my testimony is to review the Companies' market price
6			estimate, which is sponsored by J. Craig Baker. I recommend that certain
7	-		cost components of the companies' market price calculation be revalued.
8			The components, to which I refer, are identified on page 13 of Mr. Baker's
9			testimony. All of the adjustments I recommend are shown in Exhibit 1.
10			
11	5	Q:	What is the basis of your recommendations?
12		A:	There are four bases for adjusting or revaluing the cost components used by
13			Mr. Baker to construct a market price. First, it was impossible for the
14			companies to submit an application that reflects today's forward market
15			prices, which have changed significantly from the time when they calculated
16			them. Unlike a rate case, there is no date certain in an ESP case. In periods
17			of significant price movements, the forward price and cost components that
18			are affected by forward prices should be updated in order to provide to the
19			record a best projection of the future. I provide such an update.
20	,		
21			Second, there are certain cost components identified by Mr. Baker, which are
22			recovered by the companies in their Transmission Cost Recovery Riders.
23			While these components may often be included in market price calculations
			`

in other contexts, it is inappropriate to include them here because they would not be recovered in a standard service offer that resulted from this ESP proceeding. They are not part of the ESP proposal. Because the reason for calculating a market price in the first place is to provide a basis for comparison to the ESP package, it is appropriate to compare on an apples to apples basis.

8 Third, I identify some issues with valuing capacity requirements according to 9 the PJM RPM auction results. The Companies do not purchase their capacity 10 requirements from the RPM auction. Rather, they self-supply capacity under 11 PJM's FPP option. This can affect a competitive procurement such as would 12 be conducted under an MRO construct.

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Fourth, it is inappropriate to include some Retail Administrative Costs either because they would be incurred only by retail competitive suppliers, or because they might be included in other cost categories identified by Mr. Baker. A retail competitor cannot provide the standard service offer. Only a utility can provide the standard service offer. Generator profit margins are already included in the ATC Simple Swap price.

- 20
- 21 6 Q: How did you update the cost components of the companies' price to account
 22 for changed market conditions?

1 A: Mr. Baker indicates the companies used an average of forward prices for the 2 term of the ESP from fifteen different days - the first five days of each of the 3 first, second, and third quarters of 2008 - to calculate the ATC Simple Swap 4 price. I reproduced a calculation of ATC prices for the term of the ESP using 5 cleared settlement forward on peak and off peak quotes from ICE for those same fifteen davs.¹ 6 7 8 I then calculated an updated average of ATC Swap price using quotes from the most recent 15 days available at the time of analysis, ending with October 9 10 31, 2008. The average of recent ATC prices were 83.4% of the average of 11 ATC prices from the sample of days from the first, second and third quarter. 12 I therefore applied that percentage to those cost components on page 13 of 13 Mr. Baker's testimony, which are a function of forward prices. Those 14 components are the ATC Simple Swap, Load Shape and Following, Losses, 15 and Transaction Risk Adder. The results are shown in Exhibit DRJ-1 in the 16 "adjusted" columns.

17

18 7 Q: What about costs that are recovered through the Transmission Cost Recovery
19 Rider?

¹ The settlement data available to me from ICE includes forward on peak prices for the AD Hub for only two years into the future (i.e., 2009 and 2010), and no off-peak prices for the AD Hub. However, data from the Cinergy Hub was available for the full 3 years of the term of the ESP, and included both on and off peak data. As demonstrated in Exhibits DRJ-2 and DRJ-3, the AD Hub prices are highly correlated with the Cinergy Hub prices, thus validating the use of Cinergy Hub data to determine the relative difference in prices between the two time periods at the AD Hub. I therefore used the Cinergy data for the full term of the ESP.

1		A:	These costs include Ancillary Services and the ARR Credit. As stated above,
2			those costs are recovered through a mechanism that is separate from, and
3			independent of the ESP. ² They are not in the ESP proposed package, and
4			should not be included in the market price projection. I have therefore
5			adjusted those costs to zero.
6			
7	8	Q:	What about capacity costs, which are valued in the companies' price estimate
8			according to the PJM RPM auction results?
9		A:	The companies do not participate in the RPM auction for nearly the entirety
10			of their Ohio load. They self-supply capacity under PJM's FPP option.
11			Presumably the companies have chosen the FPP option because it is cost
12			advantageous to do so. In concept, the cost advantage could be as much as
13			the difference between the RPM value of capacity and the companies'
14			depreciated book value of the capacity. I have, however, found no place
15			where the companies identify the cost advantage to them of taking the FPP
16			option.
17			
18			AEP is widely recognized as a low cost provider of energy. The cost
19			advantage of the FPP option instead of the RPM option with regard to
20			meeting PJM capacity requirements would give AEP generation an extra
21			edge in a competitive procurement pursuant to an MRO.
22			

² See Case No. 08-1202-EL-UNC, Exhibit 2.

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1 Assuming that AEP generation would participate in any procurement the 2 companies might undertake pursuant to an MRO, and if such a procurement 3 were highly competitive, AEP may likely use its FPP advantage to flex its 4 offer price downward in order to capture a greater percentage of SSO load. 5 At least some of the companies' cost advantage of self-supplying PJM's 6 capacity requirements would then be reflected in the resulting MRO price. 7 8 Given that I do not know the value of the cost advantage, or the extent to 9 which competition might induce AEP to flex its bid prices to reflect this cost 10 advantage, I have not adjusted the PJM Capacity Requirement cost 11 component. 12 13 However, my adjusted price estimate, like Mr. Baker's market price estimate, 14 and any other estimate or projection, falls within a range of uncertainty. I 15 suggest that the cost advantage of the FPP option would cause my price 16 estimate to be in the high part of the range. That is, due to the FPP cost 17 advantage, the probability is greater that an actual market price will turn out 18 to be lower than my adjusted price than the probability that it will turn out to 19 be higher.

20

21 9. Q: What do you recommend with respect to Retail Administration costs?

A: Retail Administration costs are described as including marketing, personnel,
overhead, taxes and profit. I have reviewed the direct testimony of Lee

Smith on behalf of the Office of Consumers' Counsel and I generally agree with his assessment.

Marketing costs may apply to a situation in which a retail provider were supplying power to end use customers. However, marketing costs, would likely not apply to an MRO based SSO in which the suppliers would be wholesale sellers only, not retailers, who would be responding to a competitive bid solicitation.

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Participants in a wholesale competitive bid process may include entities that 10 11 own generation and are responding to the bid by offering that generation, or 12 they may include intermediary broker entities that would bid in response to 13 the solicitation, and then procure the power to fulfill the obligation if they 14 were a successful bidder. In the case of generation owners, the profit and 15 overheads for the generation function are built-in to the Simple Swap price. 16 Otherwise there would be no willing seller and the swap would not be 17 offered.

18

Wholesale brokers may require personnel and a profit margin over and above that which is built into the swap price, but their overheads would apply to office and trading operations, not directly tied to generation facilities. On the basis of these factors I have adjusted the \$5.00 Administrative adder to \$2.50.

1			
2	10	Q:	Taken together, what impact do your adjustments have on the companies'
3			market price projection?
4		A:	It lowers the market price projection for CSP by a little more than 15%, from
5			\$88.15 to \$74.71. It lowers the market price projection for OP by almost
6			14%, from \$85.32 to \$73.59.
7			
8	11.	Q:	What effect do your recommended adjusted prices have on the ESP?
9		A:	As may be seen in exhibit JEH-1 sponsored by staff witness J. Edward Hess,
10			it reduces the benefits claimed for the ESP.
11			
12	12.	Q:	Does this conclude your testimony?
13		A:	Yes, it does,

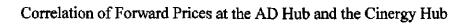
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Adjusted CSP Estimated Full Requirements Service Price for Calendary								
	Year 2009 - 2011 ⁻	Ferm						
	5.5.3 ·	and the state of a state of a state of the	*#####################################					

	Residential Resi	dential Commercial	Commercial	Industrial	Industrial
Cost Components	(Baker) Adji	usted (Baker)	Adjusted	(Baker)	Adjusted
ATC Simple Swap	\$57.84	\$48,24 \$57.84	\$48.24	\$57.84	\$48.24
Basis	\$0.51	\$0.51 \$0.51	\$0.51	\$0.51	\$0.51
Load Shape and Following	\$9.59	\$8,00 \$5.33	St. 45	\$2.31	\$1.93
Retail Administration	\$5.00	\$2.50 \$5.00	\$2.50	\$5.00	\$2.50
Ancillary Services	\$1.19	\$0.00 \$1.19	\$0.00	\$1.19	\$0.00
Losses	\$4.01	\$3.34 \$2.53	\$2.11	\$0.91	\$0.76
PJM Capacity Requirements	\$15.78	\$15.78 \$11.80	\$11.80	\$7.86	\$7.86
ARR Credit	-\$2.73	\$0.00 -\$2.05	\$0.00	-\$1.40	\$0.00
Transaction Risk Adder	\$5.47	\$4.56 \$4.93	\$4.11	\$4. 4 5	\$3.71
Class Total	\$96.66	\$82.93 \$87.08	\$73.72	\$78.67	\$65.51
CSP System	\$8	8.15	E. MARSE	\$74,71	
Total Adjustment	\$13.44				·····
Percentage Adjustment	15.24%				

Adjusted OP Estimated Full Requirements Service Price for Calendary Year 2009 - 2011 Term

	Residential	Residential	Commercial	Commercial	Industrial	Industrial
Cost Components	(Baker)	Adjusted	(Baker)	Adjusted	(Baker)	Adjusted
ATC Simple Swap	\$57.84	548.24	\$57.84	\$48.24	\$57.84	\$48.24
Basis	\$0.51	\$0,51	\$0.51	\$0.51	\$0.51	\$0.51
Load Shape and Following	\$7.66	\$6.39	\$6.06	\$5.05	\$2.58	\$2.15
Retail Administration	\$5.00	\$2.50	\$5.00	\$2.50	\$5.00	\$2,50
Ancillary Services	\$1.19	\$0.00	\$1.19	\$0.00	\$1.19	\$0.00
Losses	\$1.28	\$1.07	\$4.46	\$2.11	\$2.49	\$2.08
PJM Capacity Requirements	\$13.47	\$13.47	\$12.51	\$12.51	\$8.15	\$8.15
ARR Credit	-\$2.42	\$0.00	-\$2.16	\$0.00	-\$1.41	\$0.00
Transaction Risk Adder	\$5.07	\$4.23	\$5.13	\$4.28	\$4.58	\$3.82
Class Total	\$89.60	\$76.40	\$90.54	\$75.20	\$80.93	\$67.45
CSP System		\$85.32	100 10000		\$73.59	
Total Adjustment	\$11.73			2.00	aanaan aanaattaa 11778	
Adjustment Percentage	13.74%					



CiNergy vs AD Forward Prices

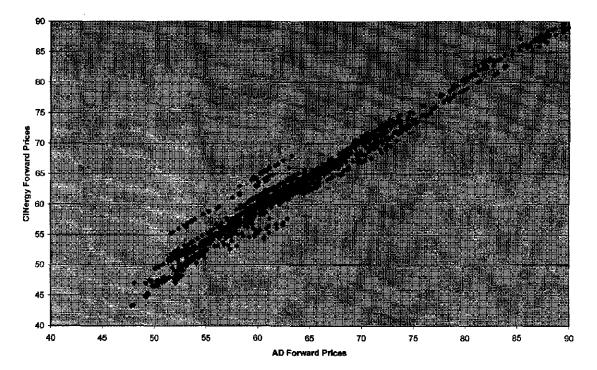
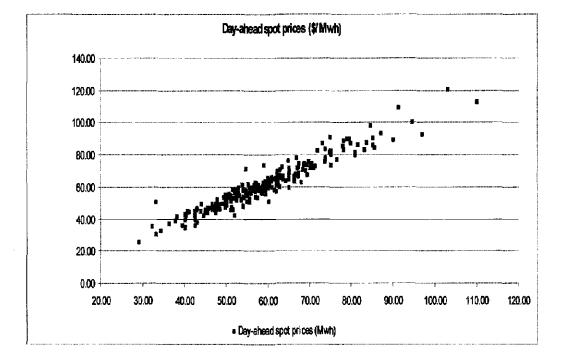


Exhibit DRJ-3



Correlation of Day-Ahead Prices at AD Hub and Cinergy Hub

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PROOF OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that true copy of the foregoing Testimony submitted on behalf of the Staff of the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio, was served by regular U.S. mail, postage prepaid, hand-delivered, and/or delivered via electronic mail, upon the following parties of record, this 10th day of November, 2008.

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