

### **Teijin Aramid**

# Engineering with aramid fibers for RTP applications



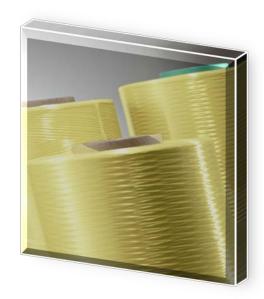
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API 15S Meeting Houston, TX 26<sup>th</sup> June 2012



### Content

- Teijin Aramid
- Background applications
- Quality control properties
- Long-term properties
  - Static loading
  - External influences





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### **Teijin Aramid BV - Market**

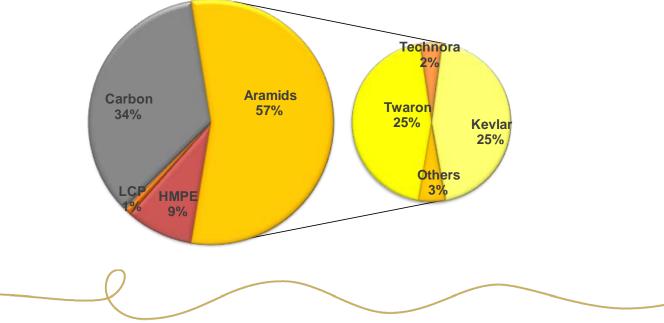
#### Some fiber market volumes:

Glass fiber (E-glass) :

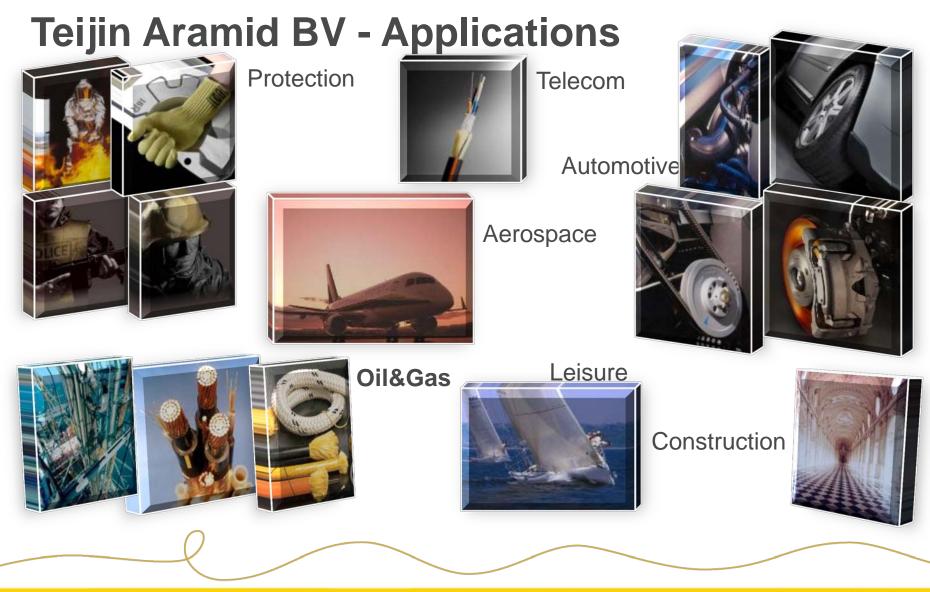
Total synthetic fiber market:

#### High performance fibers: ~

- ~ 3.000.000 tons / yr (99% composites)
- ~ 45.000.000 tons / yr (>90% clothing)
- Industrial synthetic fibers: ~ 2.500.000 tons / yr (PET, PA66 etc)
  - 100.000 tons / yr







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## Teijin Aramid BV – Oil&Gas

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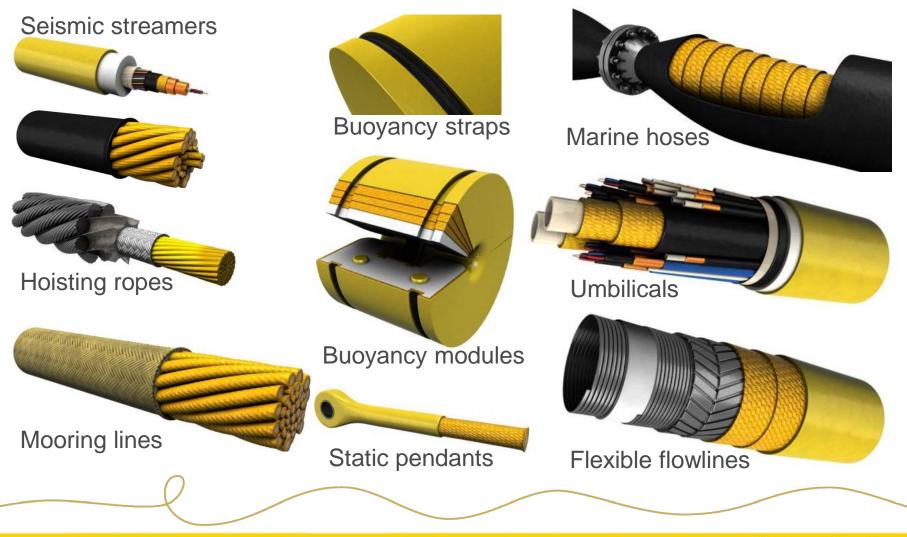
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### Teijin Aramid BV – Oil&Gas



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## Background (1)

#### • Many synthetics move to replacing steel

- Steel has history of ~200 years
- Dataset of material behavior required to compete successfully

### High performance synthetics should last long

- Offering a <u>reliable</u> and sustainable solution
- Prediction required how material performs on long term

### → Reliability = Predictable performance development over time



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## Background (2)

### Prediction important for many applications

- Construction:
  - Geo-grids
  - Tower guys
  - Antenna guys
  - Crane pendants
  - Bridges
  - Concrete reinforcement









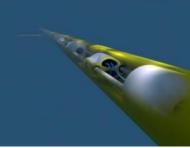
### Background (3)

#### Prediction important for many applications

- Oil&Gas:
  - Ropes & cables
  - Mooring tendons
  - Hoses and pipes
  - Umbilicals
  - Orbit straps









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## Background (4)

#### Transmission towers/cables

- Collserola tower, Barcelona (1991)
- Sutro tower, San Francisco (2007)
- Many smaller others
- ADSS





## Background (5) – hoses/pipes

### **Riser / flowline anti-birdcaging**

- Many years experience, aramids used since 80's as anti-bird-caging material. Typical design life is again 20 years.
- The new **API 17J** is including testing requirements for aramids as one of the polymer materials. (Elevated temperature in low pH-environments).

### Hydraulic hose reinforcement in umbilicals

- Aramids are used since 70's as. Proven track record (20 years design life), typically in contact with water.
- API 17E (hydraulic hoses) requirement: cycling 200.000 pressure cycles in a 180° bend at 1.33x MWP.
- Temperature =  $55^{\circ}C$  (API) up to  $90^{\circ}C$  (SAE J343)



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## Background (6) – hydraulic hoses

#### **Transferrable know-how**

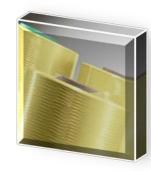
- >35 years of industry experience
- Big revision of API 17E in 1980s
- Smaller sizes, higher pressures: 35kpsi (1") / 60kpsi (1/4")
- Safety factor = 4
- Survival test requires very good material fatigue life
- Elevated temperatures, 20 years design life
  - Temperature = 55°C (API 17E) up to 90°C (SAE J343)
- Aramid is the only used/certified material, next to steel

## **Quality control properties (1)**

### **Standard property determination:**

- Used for quality control & property datasheets
  - Strength (force at break)
  - Modulus (stiffness between certain stress levels)
  - EAB (Elongation at break)
  - FASE (Force at specified elongation)
  - Miscellaneous (moisture/finish content, yarn count etc)
- → Properties of 'as produced' material
- → According to standards (ASTM, BISFA, company standard)





astd	D	885
Designat	ion:	D 7269







### **Quality control properties (2)**



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## **Quality control properties (3)**

**Non-standard properties:** 

- Required for engineering purposes
- Different conditions
- Lateral compression
- Dynamic properties
- Failure modes

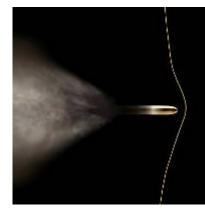
Without Twaron\*

- $\rightarrow$  High / low temp, rate, time
- $\rightarrow$  'pin-loop' strength
- $\rightarrow$  creep, **modulus**, hysteresis
- $\rightarrow$  Time to rupture, tension-tension, chemicals, etc

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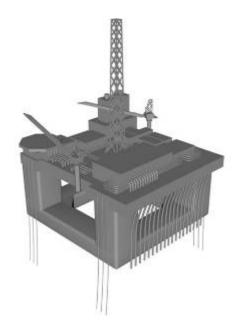


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### Long-term properties (1)

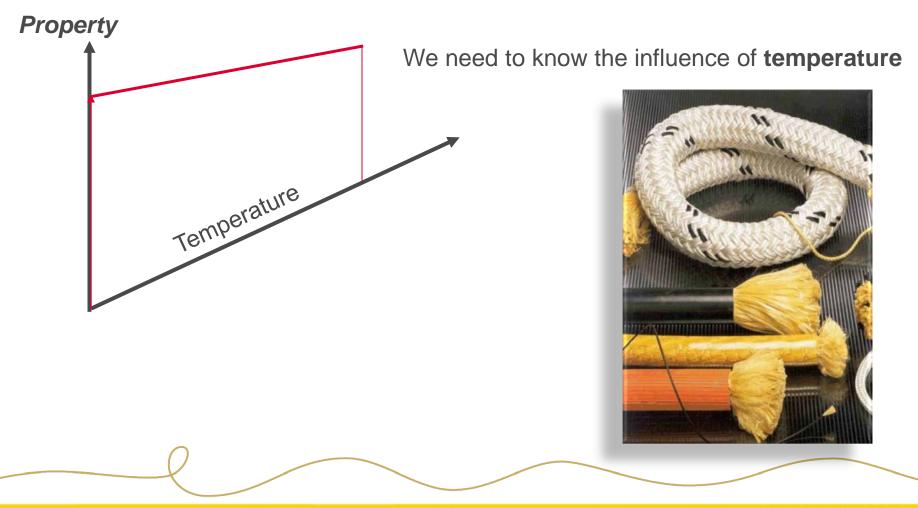
- How to perform reliable engineering?
  - Understanding the materials behavior
  - Temperature and time influence
  - Other influences
  - Translation from raw materials to actual product
  - Many safety rules based on steel material properties

#### → Synthetics have other <u>failure modes</u> than steel!





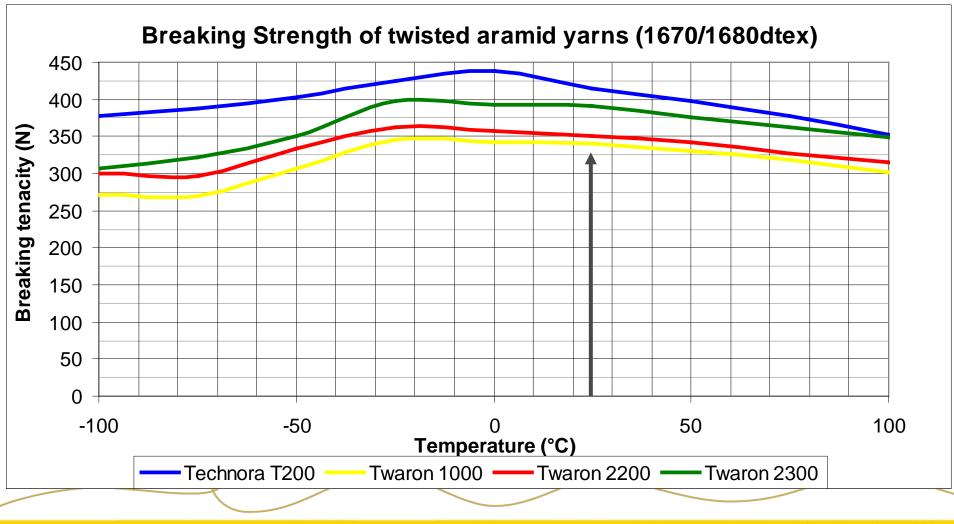
### Long-term properties (2)



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### Long-term properties (3)



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### Static – Long-term BL (1)

### Long-term Breaking Load (LTBL):

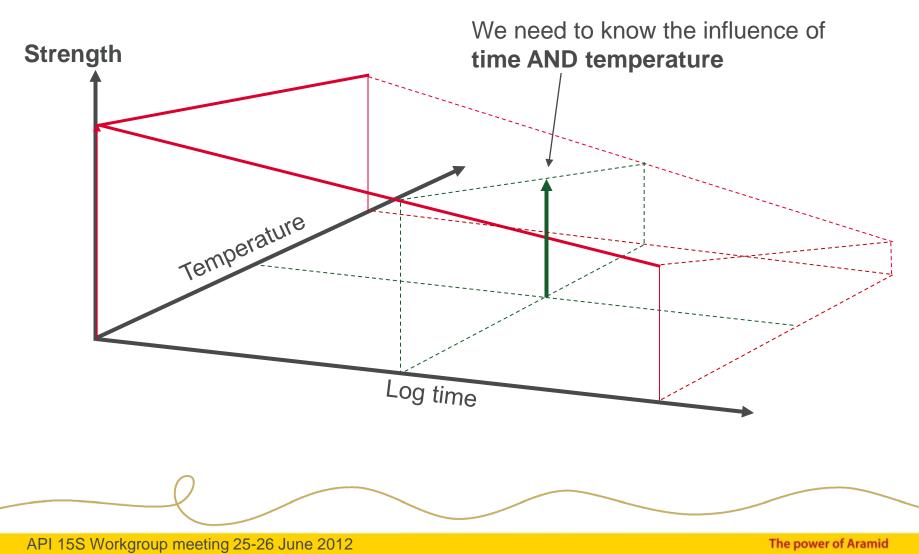
- All materials fail after certain time at high sustained load
  - The reason may be different
- Teijin Aramid did extensive tests to study this behavior for aramids.
  - Mathematical model is used to predict longer periods
  - Regression lines are used for engineering



→ This property is called Long-term Breaking Load (LTBL) (also called Time-to-failure)

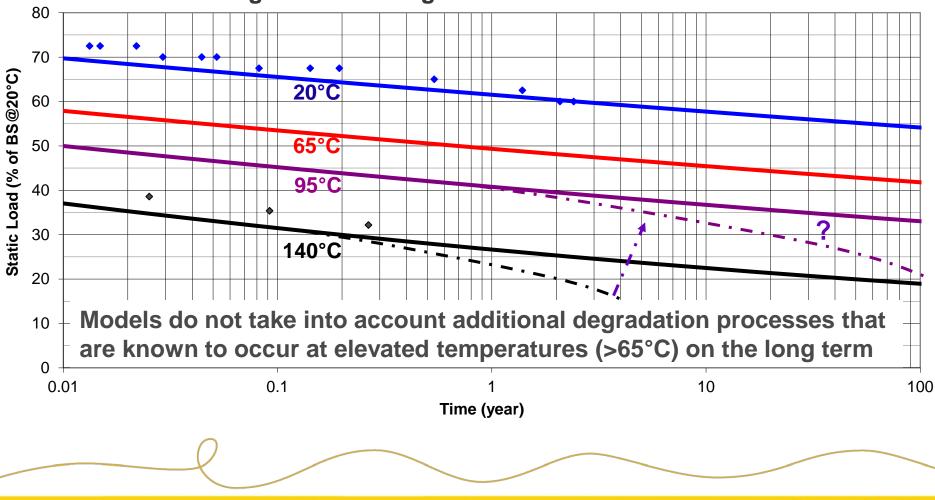


### Static – Long-term BL (2)



### Static – Long-term BL (3)

Long Term Breaking Load of Aramid B



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The power of Aramid



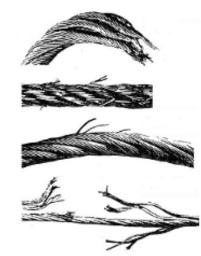
### **External – Engineering conditions**

#### **External factors**

- Chemicals / UV
- Temperature / Fire
- Mechanical

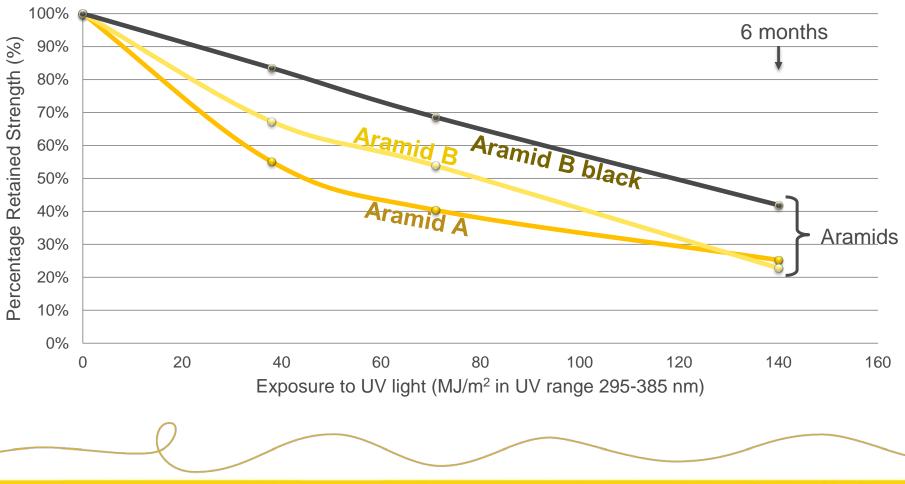
- -> external influences
- -> heat degradation
- -> external wear / impact





### External – UV (1)

Outdoor UV exposure / sunlight test Florida



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### External – Chemicals (1)

#### Aramid long term strength is influenced by:

- Strong acids and bases
- Long term UV exposure (should be protected)
- Hydrolysis  $\rightarrow$  Water + temperature or H<sub>2</sub>O + >80°C
  - Hydrolysis Aramid B at 50°C is negligible
    - → Residual BS is >97% after 2 years in 50°C water

→ Hydrolysis is no issue at ambient temperatures, even for design life of >50 years



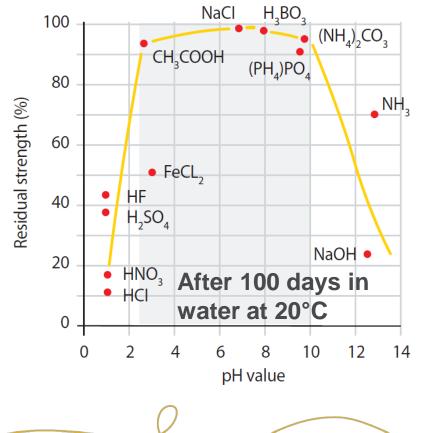






### External – Chemicals (2)

#### **Chemical resistance of Aramid B:**



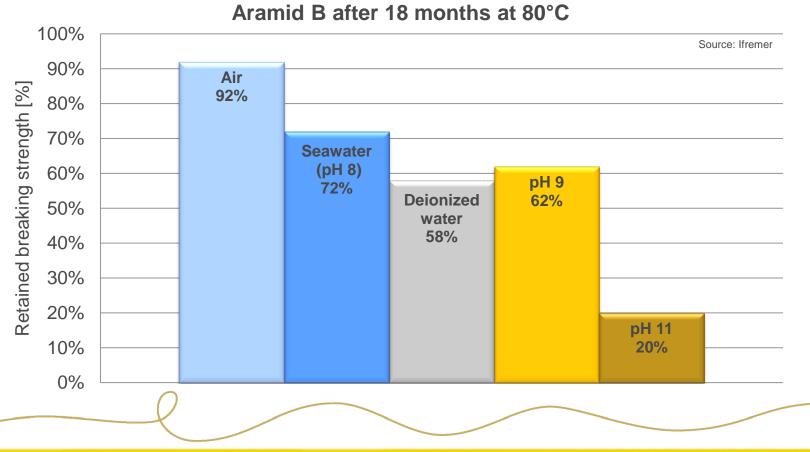
Crude Brent at 60°C:
Twaron immersed in
Crude Brent:
60°C
30% load of its BS
→ no measureable
degradation after 240
days (0,66 years)

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### External – Chemicals (3)

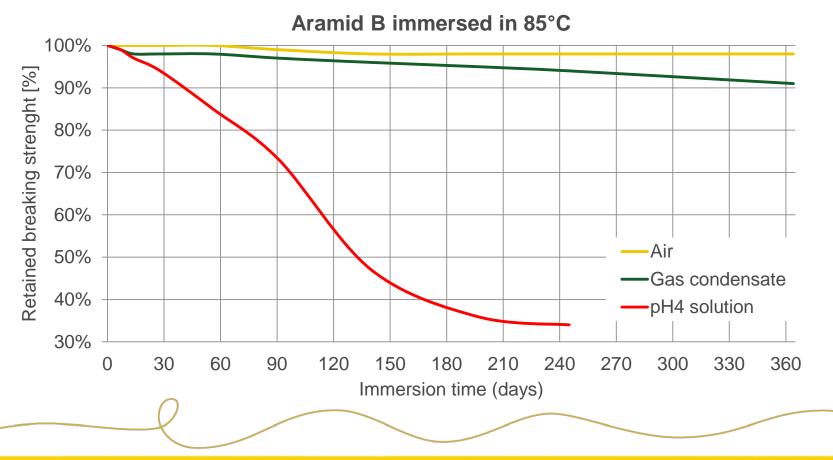
#### Hydrolysis resistance of aramid:





### External – Chemicals (4)

#### Hydrolysis resistance of aramids at low pH:

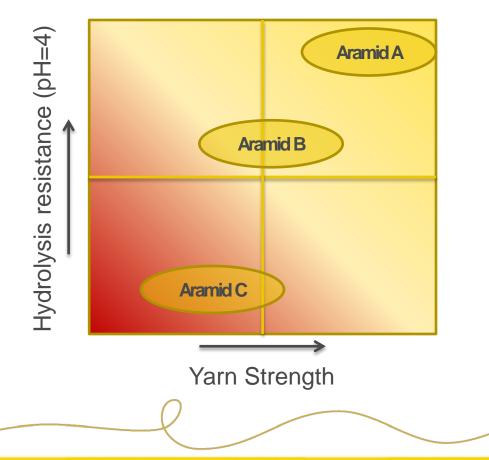


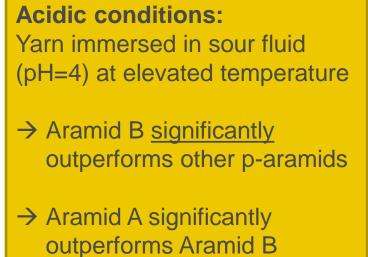
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### External – Chemicals (5)

#### Hydrolysis resistance of aramids at low pH:

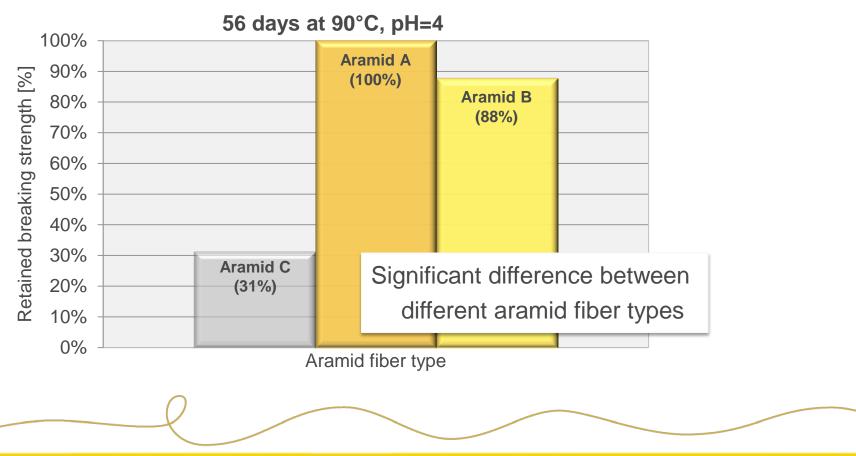






### External – Chemicals (6)

#### Hydrolysis resistance of aramids at low pH:



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### **External – Temperature / Fire**

#### Breaking strength <u>at</u> 250°C:

 $\rightarrow$  ~50% of BS@20°C for Aramid A&B

#### Residual BS@20°C after 550 hours @150°C (e.g. heat):

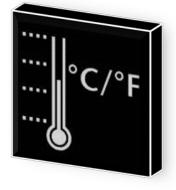
• Aramid B: 80%

#### Residual BS@20°C after 1 hour @250°C (e.g. fire):

- Aramid A: 99%
- Aramid B: 87%

#### Residual BS@20°C after 1 hour @350°C (e.g. fire):

- Aramid A: 80%
- Aramid B : 65%





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### Conclusions

#### Aramids are durable, but some are more durable

- Aramid types can significantly differ on long-term performance
- Aramids are widely used in long-term applications

### Aramids have long-term track record in pipes/hoses

- >30 years experience in hydraulic hoses, aramids are the only synthetic material used in umbilical hoses
- >20 years experience in flowline applications
- >10 years experience in RTP applications



## Safety – Reliability – Confidence

