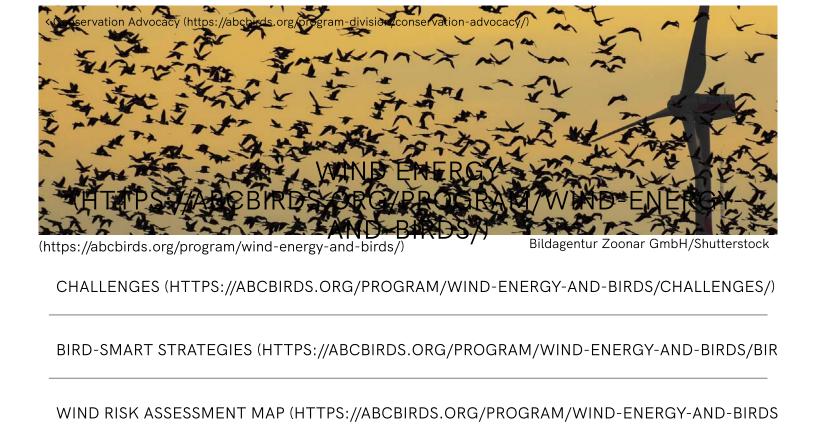
$\ll$ Details Legend Important Bird Areas Critical Importance: ESA Critical Habitat; Globally Important Bird Area; Key GREENLAND Habitat Area Beaufort High Importance: Globally Important Bird Area High Importance: Key Habitat Area; Key Migration Corridor; Key Marine Area UNITED STATES Hudson Bay CANADA JAPAN. Atlantic MÉXICO Ocean Pacific. Ocean Pacific Ocean VENEZUELA COLOMBIA AMAZON BASIN PERU BRAZIL BOLIVIA ALIA ARGENTINA 500 1000mi

Pacific

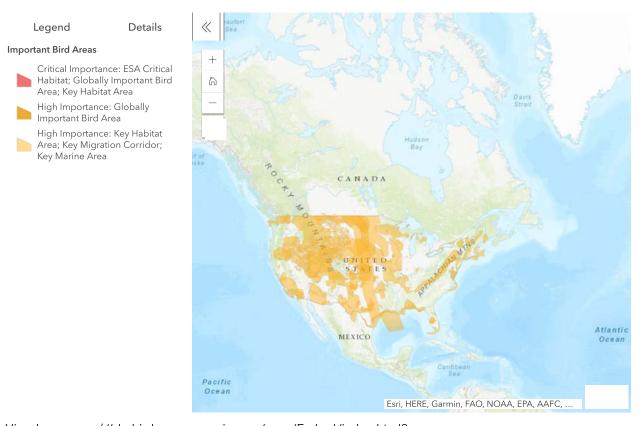


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### WIND RISK ASSESSMENT MAP

Our Wind Risk Assessment Map promotes Bird-Smart Wind Energy development by highlighting areas of importance to birds that should be avoided or approached with caution by wind energy developers.



View larger map (//abcbirds.maps.arcgis.com/apps/Embed/index.html? webmap=e668d22600e24e52bd510c070800c04e&extent=-180,-15.9078,55.0745,78.2895&home=true&zoom=true&scale=' We encourage wind energy developers, consultants, and resource management agencies to use this map as a tool to inform the initial stages of site evaluation, subsequent site-specific field studies, and risk assessments. For example, if a search shows that an area being considered for wind energy development is important for a species of conservation concern, intensive surveys should be conducted to assess the presence of this species and its habitat.

#### How to Use the Map

To zoom in and out, use the "+" and "-" buttons in the map's upper left corner. Turbine locations become visible at or near the level of viewing an individual state (i.e., if turbine locations are not visible, zoom in further). To adjust the viewing area, simply click and drag the map. A different basemap (e.g. aerial imagery) can be selected by clicking the "Basemap" icon in the upper left, below the zoom buttons.

Clicking the double arrow in the upper left corner shows the legend (under the "Legend" tab). This also provides more in-depth information about data sources used for the map and the polygon types under the "Details" tab.

Information about a given red or orange polygon can be obtained by clicking within that polygon. This will open a window providing additional information about the area and its importance. Scrolling down in this window will lead to a "More information" hyperlink. Clicking the link will open a document with more in-depth information.

Information about individual turbines and wind energy facilities can similarly be obtained by clicking on a given turbine location. This will provide information about the turbine and any associated development.



Whooping Crane, Connie Barr/Shutterstock

# Red Areas: Critically Important

Red areas on the map are crucial breeding and wintering habitat, parks, and other public lands important to birds. These should be avoided as sites for wind project development, or approached with extreme caution. Project consideration in these areas would carry a high likelihood of a location failing feasibility assessment. Any projects considered would require an exhaustive risk assessment, carry high likelihood of the need to avoid key areas, and be likely to require greater minimization and mitigation measures for development. These areas include:

- Important Bird Areas with congregations of 500,000 or more migratory birds at some point during the year.
- Important Bird Areas for the rarest WatchList birds (https://abcbirds.org/birds/watchlist/) or those that have very specific and limited habitat requirements and/or are especially likely to be vulnerable to wind-related mortality or habitat impacts.
- Critical Habitat designated for bird species listed under the Endangered Species Act (ESA).
- Important habitat for bird species listed under the ESA for which ESA Critical Habitat has not yet been designated.
- The highest-importance "bottleneck areas" for migrant birds, such as those where 500,000 or more birds are present seasonally.



Ferruginous Hawk, Thomas Barrat/Shutterstock

# Orange Areas of High Importance: Use Caution

Solid orange on our map signifies Globally Important Bird Areas. Areas shown with transparent orange are one of the following:

- Key Migration Corridors where bird risk will differ from season to season and may also differ from year to year among specific locations within the corridor.
- Key Habitat Areas for birds on the Red WatchList (https://abcbirds.org/birds/watchlist/) plus both widespread eagle species and Ferruginous Hawk, where the species may not be present year round. Birds are likely to be most at risk from wind development where their optimal habitat is found within the tinted area.
- Marine Important Bird Areas where bird usage is also seasonal.

Wind energy development may be possible within some of these areas if key habitat and bird use areas are avoided, and/or appropriate minimization and mitigation measures are incorporated.



Bald Eagle, Sergey Uryadnikov/Shutterstock

#### About the Data

ABC released the first version of its Wind Risk Map in 2015. For the current version (2020), the data were cleaned and updated, current wind turbine locations were added, and the map was given a more user-friendly interface.

Wind turbine locations and data are from the U.S. Wind Turbine Database (https://eerscmap.usgs.gov/uswtdb/), representing a collaboration by the U.S. Geological Survey, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, and American Wind Energy Association. Wind turbine data is regularly updated in the database, and automatically populates in the ABC Wind Risk Assessment Map.

The distribution of areas of importance to birds is derived from a variety of sources, including The American Bird Conservancy Guide to the 500 Most Important Bird Areas in the United States (https://www.amazon.com/American-Conservancy-Important-United-States/dp/0812970365/ref=tmm\_pap\_swatch\_0?\_encoding=UTF8&qid=&sr=). Data on key habitat areas of the Greater Sage-Grouse is from the U.S. Bureau of Land Management (https://www.blm.gov/). Data on the migration

corridor of the Whooping Crane (https://pubs.usgs.gov/of/2015/1166/ofr2015-1166.pdf) is from the U.S. Fish

and Wildlife Service (USFWS). "Critical Habitat" designated by USFWS, as authorized by the Endangered Species Act (ESA), was downloaded from USFWS's Environmental Conservation Online System (https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/report/table/critical-habitat.html).

Area boundaries are derived from existing federal, or other, GIS layers, or produced by the American Bird Conservancy (ABC) using the best available data, maps, and expert staff opinion. At present, insufficient quantitative data exist to establish firm boundaries for most migration corridors, and boundaries may also shift from year to year depending on weather and other conditions. The boundaries of these areas are based on ABC's expert judgment on where the greatest concentration of birds will be present during regular migration periods. Animated migration maps (https://ebird.org/science/status-and-trends) produced by the Cornell Laboratory of Ornithology are another useful resource on migration patterns. Boundaries for Key Habitat Areas are based on greatest breeding densities from Breeding Bird Survey (BBS) maps combined with ABC expert staff opinion. For the few Red WatchList species where BBS data were unavailable, entire species range boundaries were used.

This map does not, nor is it intended to encompass all areas of importance to birds, and is not a substitute for on-the-ground survey data. Further, we note that bird use data are scarce in many offshore locations on the coasts and in the Great Lakes, so populations in any such location should be thoroughly evaluated for any development being considered.

GIS analysis for the original Wind Risk Assessment Map was conducted on behalf of ABC by Eric Wengert, a graduate student at Mississippi State University. We remember Jason Berry, an ABC colleague who was instrumental in this initial effort. ABC thanks Sarah Sienaert for transitioning this data to the updated platform, conducting data analyses, and creating the associated story map.

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